使用Catalyst 9800 WLC配置DNA空間捕獲門戶

目錄

簡介 必要條件 需求 採用元件 背景資訊 設定 網路圖表 將9800控制器連線到思科DNA空間 在DNA空間上建立SSID 9800控制器上的ACL和URL過濾器配置 DNA空間上沒有RADIUS伺服器的強制網路門戶 <u>9800控制器上的Web身份驗證引數對映配置</u> 在9800控制器上建立SSID 在9800控制器上配置策略配置檔案 在9800控制器上配置策略標籤 在DNA空間上具有RADIUS伺服器的強制網路門戶 9800控制器上的Web身份驗證引數對映配置 9800控制器上的RADIUS伺服器配置 在9800控制器上建立SSID 在9800控制器上配置策略配置檔案 在9800控制器上配置策略標籤 配置全域性引數對映 在DNA Spaces上建立入口 在DNA空間上配置強制網路門戶規則 從DNA空間獲取特定資訊 DNA Spaces使用哪些IP地址? DNA Spaces登入門戶使用的URL是什麼? DNA Spaces的RADIUS伺服器詳細資訊是什麼? 驗證 疑難排解 常見問題 永遠線上跟蹤 條件式偵錯和無線電主動式追蹤 成功嘗試的示例

簡介

本文檔介紹如何在Cisco DNA Spaces上配置強制網路門戶。

必要條件

本檔案允許Catalyst 9800無線LAN控制器(C9800 WLC)上的使用者端使用DNA Spaces作為外部 Web驗證登入頁面。

需求

思科建議您瞭解以下主題:

- 對9800無線控制器的命令列介面(CLI)或圖形使用者介面(GUI)訪問
- Cisco DNA Space

採用元件

本文中的資訊係根據以下軟體和硬體版本:

•9800-L控制器版本16.12.2s

本文中的資訊是根據特定實驗室環境內的裝置所建立。文中使用到的所有裝置皆從已清除(預設))的組態來啟動。如果您的網路運作中,請確保您瞭解任何指令可能造成的影響。

背景資訊

Web驗證是一種簡單的第3層驗證方法,不需要請求方或客戶端實用程式。這可以做到

a)使用C9800 WLC上的內部頁面(原樣或進行修改)

b)自訂登入套件上傳到C9800 WLC

c)外部伺服器上託管的自定義登入頁面

利用DNA Spaces提供的捕獲型門戶本質上是為C9800 WLC上的客戶端實施外部Web身份驗證的一 種方式。

外部webauth程式詳述: <u>https://www.cisco.com/c/en/us/td/docs/wireless/controller/9800/config-guide/web-authentication/b-configuring-web-based-authentication-on-cisco-catalyst-9800-series-controllers/m-external-web-authentication-configuration.html</u>

在C9800 WLC上,虛擬IP位址定義為全域引數映像,通常為192.0.2.1

設定

網路圖表



將9800控制器連線到思科DNA空間

控制器需要使用任何選項 — 直接連線、通過DNA空間聯結器或CMX Tethering連線到DNA空間。

在本示例中,雖然強制網路門戶的配置方式對所有設定都相同,但直接連線選項仍在使用中。

若要將控制器連線到Cisco DNA Spaces,它必須能夠通過HTTPS訪問Cisco DNA Spaces Cloud。 有關如何將9800控制器連線到DNA空間的詳細資訊,請參閱以下連結:<u>DNA Spaces - 9800</u> <u>Controller Direct Connect</u>

在DNA空間上建立SSID

步驟1.在DNA Spaces的控制面板中按一下Captive Portals:

■ Cisco DNA Spaces A



步驟2.開啟強制網路門戶特定選單,按一下頁面左上角的三行圖示,然後按一下SSID:

← → ୯ ŵ	0	https:// dnaspaces.io /captiveportal/portal	
Cisco DNA Space	es	Captive Portals	
Portal		Imp	port Portal
 Captive Portal Rules SSIDs 			
Reports	>	• • •	
👌 User Management		No portal Created	
🖉 Access Code		Invite new Portal Members or modify permissions for existing ones from the Portal section	
Settings		PORTALS	

步驟3.按一下**Import/Configure SSID**,選擇CUWN(CMX/WLC)作為「Wireless Network」型別並輸 入SSID名稱:



9800控制器上的ACL和URL過濾器配置

在完成身份驗證之前,不允許來自無線客戶端的流量進入網路。進行Web驗證時,為了完成驗證 ,無線客戶端連線到此SSID,收到IP地址,然後將客戶端策略管理器狀態移至**Webauth_reqd**狀態 。由於客戶端尚未通過身份驗證,因此除了DHCP、DNS和HTTP(被攔截並重定向)之外,所有來

自客戶端IP地址的流量都會被丟棄。

預設情況下,當設定web-auth WLAN時,9800會建立硬式編碼預先驗證ACL。這些硬式編碼ACL允許DHCP、DNS和流量到達外部Web身份驗證伺服器。所有其餘部分像任何http流量一樣被重定向。 但是,如果您需要允許特定非HTTP流量型別通過,則可以配置預身份驗證ACL。然後,您需要模仿

現有的硬式編碼預先驗證ACL的內容(在本節的步驟1中),並將其擴充到符合您的需要。

步驟1.驗證目前的硬式編碼ACL

CLI配置:

Andressi-9800L#show ip access list

Extended IP access list WA-sec-34.235.248.212 10 permit tcp any host 34.235.248.212 eq www 20 permit tcp any host 34.235.248.212 eq 443 30 permit tcp host 34.235.248.212 eq 443 40 permit tcp host 34.235.248.212 eq 443 any 50 permit tcp any any eq domain 60 permit udp any any eq domain 70 permit udp any any eq bootpc 80 permit udp any any eq bootps 90 deny ip any any

Extended IP access list WA-v4-int-34.235.248.212 10 deny tcp any host 34.235.248.212 eq www 20 deny tcp any host 34.235.248.212 eq 443 30 permit tcp any any eq www 40 permit tcp any host 192.0.2.1 eq 443 之所以這樣呼叫WA-sec-34.235.248.212,是因為它是自動Web驗證(WA)安全(sec)ACL或入口ip「 34.235.248.212」。安全ACL定義了允許的(允許時)或丟棄的(拒絕時)內容

Wa-v4-int是攔截ACL,即點選ACL或重定向ACL,並定義將哪些內容傳送到CPU進行重定向(在允 許時)或傳送到資料平面(在拒絕時)。

WA-v4-int34.235.248.212首先應用於來自客戶端的流量,並將指向DNA空間門戶IP 34.235.248.212的HTTP流量保留在資料平面上(尚未丟棄或轉發操作,只需切換到資料平面即可)。它將所有HTTP(s)流量傳送到CPU(除了由Web伺服器服務的虛擬IP流量以外的重定向)。其 他型別的流量會提供給資料平面。

WA-sec-34.235.248.212允許流向在Web驗證引數對映中配置的DNA空間IP 34.235.248.212的 HTTP和HTTPS流量,還允許DNS和DHCP流量並丟棄其餘流量。要攔截的HTTP流量在到達此 ACL之前已遭攔截,因此無需此ACL涵蓋這些流量。

註:要獲取ACL中允許的DNA空間的IP地址,請在ACL配置部分下**在DNA空間上建立SSID一 節的步驟3中建立的SSID中按一下Configure Manually**選項。在文檔末尾的「DNA空間使用的 IP地址是什麼」一節中有一個示例。

DNA Spaces使用2個IP位址,而步驟1中的機制僅允許一個入口IP。若要允許預先驗證存取更多 HTTP資源,您需要使用URL過濾器,此過濾器會針對您在URL過濾器中輸入其URL的網站,動態 地在擷取(重新導向)和安全(preauth)ACL中建立漏洞。DNS請求被動態探聽,以使9800獲知這些 URL的IP地址並將其動態新增到ACL。 步驟2.配置URL過濾器以允許DNA空間域。導覽至Configuration > Security > URL Filters,按一下 +Add並設定清單名稱,選擇PRE-AUTH作為型別,選擇PERMIT作為URLsplash.dnaspaces.io(如 果使用EMEA入口網站,則為.eu):

Add URL Filte	r	
List Name*	DNASpaces	
Туре	PRE-AUTH 🗸	
Action		
URLs	Enter a URL every new lin	
	splash.dnaspaces.io	
		V
Cancel		Apply to

CLI配置:

Andressi-9800L(config)#urlfilter list

Andressi-9800L(config-urlfilter-params)#action permit

Andressi-9800L(config-urlfilter-params)#url splash.dnaspaces.io

可以將SSID配置為使用RADIUS伺服器或不使用RADIUS伺服器。如果在**強制網路門戶規則配置操** 作部分中配置了會話持續時間、頻寬限制或無縫調配Internet,則需要使用RADIUS伺服器配置 SSID,否則無需使用RADIUS伺服器。兩種配置都支援DNA Spaces上的各種入口。

DNA空間上沒有RADIUS伺服器的強制網路門戶

9800控制器上的Web身份驗證引數對映配置

步驟1.導覽至Configuration > Security > Web Auth,然後按一下+Add以建立一個新的引數映像。在 彈出的視窗中,配置引數對映名稱,然後選擇Consent作為型別:

Create Web Auth Paran	neter	
Parameter-map name*	DNASpaces-PM	
Maximum HTTP connections	1-200	
Init-State Timeout(secs)	60-3932100	
Туре	consent 🔹	
\times Close		✓ Apply to Device

步驟2.按一下上一步中配置的引數對映,導航到**高級**頁籤,然後輸入針對登入URL的重新導向、針 對AP MAC地址的追加、針對客戶端MAC地址的追加、針對WLAN SSID和入口IPv4地址的追加,如 圖所示,按一下**更新和應用:** General Advanced

Redirect to external server	
Redirect for log-in	https://splash.dnasp
Redirect On-Success	
Redirect On-Failure	
Redirect Append for AP MAC Address	ap_mac
Redirect Append for Client MAC Address	client_mac
Redirect Append for WLAN SSID	wlan
Portal IPV4 Address	34.235.248.212
Portal IPV6 Address	XIXIXIXIX
Customized page	
Login Failed Page	Ø
Login Page	Ø
Logout Page	Ø
Look Consect Deer	07

注意:要獲取啟動顯示頁面URL和IPv4重定向地址,請按一下DNA空間SSID頁面中的 **Configure Manually**(手動配置)選項。本文檔末尾的「DNA Spaces portal使用的URL是什 麼?」中對此進行了說明

註:Cisco DNA Spaces門戶可以解析為兩個IP地址,但9800控制器僅允許配置一個IP地址,選 擇其中任何IP地址,並在引數對映上將其配置為門戶IPv4地址。

註:確保 虛擬IPv4和IPv6地址都在全域性Web身份驗證引數對映中配置。如果未配置虛擬 IPv6,客戶端有時會被重定向到內部門戶,而不是配置的DNA空間門戶。這就是必須始終配 置虛擬IP的原因。「192.0.2.1」可以配置為虛擬IPv4,FE80:0:0:903A::11E4配置為虛擬 IPV6。除了這些IP,很少有或根本沒有理由使用其他IP。

CLI配置:

Andressi-9800L(config)**#parameter-map type webauth** Andressi-9800L(config-params-parameter-map)**#type consent** Andressi-9800L(config-params-parameter-map)**#timeout init-state sec 600** Andressi-9800L(config-params-parameter-map)**#redirect for-login**

Andressi-9800L(config-params-parameter-map)#redirect append ap-mac tag ap_mac Andressi-9800L(config-params-parameter-map)#redirect append wlan-ssid tag wlan Andressi-9800L(config-params-parameter-map)#redirect append client-mac tag client_mac Andressi-9800L(config-params-parameter-map)#redirect portal ipv4

Andressi-9800L(config-params-parameter-map)#logout-window-disabled Andressi-9800L(config-params-parameter-map)#success-window-disabled

在9800控制器上建立SSID

步驟1.導覽至Configuration > Tags & Profiles > WLANs,然後按一下+Add。配置配置檔名稱、 SSID並啟用WLAN。確保SSID名稱與在DNA空間中建立SSID 一節的步驟3中配置的名稱相同。

Add WLAN				×
General Sec	curity Advanced			
Profile Name*	9800DNASpaces	Radio Policy	All 🔹	
SSID*	9800DNASpaces	Broadcast SSID		
WLAN ID*	3			
Status				
Cancel				Apply to Device

步驟2.導覽至**Security > Layer2。**將Layer 2 Security Mode(第2層安全模式)設定為**None(無**),確 保MAC Filtering(MAC過濾)已禁用。

Add WLAN	J						×
General	Security	Advanced					
Layer2	Layer3	AAA					
Lover 2 See	surity Mode		None	Fast Tr	ansition	Adaptive Enabled -]
Layer 2 Sec	unity mode		None V	Over th	ne DS		
MAC Filterin	ng			Reasso	ciation Timeout	20	
Transition M	lode WLAN II	D	0				
ື Cancel						Apply to De	vice

步驟3.導覽至**Security > Layer3。**啟用Web策略,配置Web身份驗證引數對映。按一下**Apply to Device**。

Edit WLA	N			×
General	Security	Advanced	Add To Policy Tags	
Layer2	Layer3	AAA		
Web Po	licy		Show Advanced Settings >>>	
Web Au	th Parameter	Мар	DNASpacesPM v	
Authenti	ication List		Select a value 🔻	
For Loca the confi exists or	l Login Method iguration 'aaa a h the device	d List to work, plea authorization netwo	ise make sure ork default local'	

在9800控制器上配置策略配置檔案

步驟1.導航到Configuration > Tags & Profiles > Policy,然後建立新的策略配置檔案或使用預設策略 配置檔案。在訪問策略頁籤中,配置客戶端VLAN並新增URL過濾器。

E	dit Policy Pro	ofile							×
_	General	Access Policies	QOS and AVC	Mobility	Advanced				
	RADIUS Profili	ing				WLAN ACL			
	Local Subscrib	ber Policy Name	Search or Sel	ect 🔻		IPv4 ACL	Search or Select	•	
	WLAN Loca	I Profiling				IPv6 ACL	Search or Select	•	
	Global State o Classification	f Device	Disabled (i)			URL Filters			
	HTTP TLV Cad	ching				Pre Auth	DNASpaces	•	
	DHCP TLV Ca	ching				Post Auth	Search or Select	•	
	VLAN								
	VLAN/VLAN G	àroup	VLAN2672	•					
	Multicast VLA	N	Enter Multic	ast VLAN					

在9800控制器上配置策略標籤

步驟1.導航到Configuration > Tags & Profiles > Policy。建立新的策略標籤或使用預設策略標籤。將 WLAN對映到策略標籤中的策略配置檔案。

Add Policy Tag			×			
Name*	DNASpaces-PT					
Description	Enter Description					
VULAN-POLICY	VULAN-POLICY Maps: 1					
+ Add $ imes$ Delete						
WLAN Profile		V Policy Profile	×.			
9800DNASpaces		DNASpaces-PP				
4 4 1 ⊨ ⊨	10 🔻 items per page		1 - 1 of 1 items			
RLAN-POLICY	Maps: 0					
Cancel			Apply to Device			

步驟2.將Policy Tag(策略標籤)應用於AP以廣播SSID。導航到**Configuration > Wireless > Access Points**,選擇有問題的AP並新增策略標籤。這會導致AP重新啟動其CAPWAP隧道並返回到9800控 制器:

Edit AP

General Interfaces	High Availability Inven	tory Advanced	
General		Version	
AP Name*	9117-andressi	Primary Software Version	16.12.2.132
Location*	default location	Predownloaded Status	N/A
Base Radio MAC	0cd0.f894.f2c0	Predownloaded Version	N/A
Ethernet MAC	0cd0.f894.118c	Next Retry Time	N/A
Admin Status	ENABLED	Boot Version	1.1.2.4
AP Mode	Local	IOS Version	16.12.2.132
Operation Status	Registered	Mini IOS Version	0.0.0.0
Fabric Status	Disabled	IP Config	
LED State		CAPWAP Preferred Mode IPv6	ŝ
LED Brightness Level	8 🔻	SLAAC IPv6 Address 200	1:172:16:30:ed0:f8ff:fe94:118c
CleanAir <u>NSI Key</u>		Static IP (IPv4/IPv6)	
Tags		Time Statistics	
Changing Tags will cause tags of the second se	the AP to momentarily lose	Up Time	11 days 22 hrs 49 mins 12 secs
		Controller Association Latency	3 mins 44 secs
Policy	DNASpaces-PT v		
Site	default-site-tag 🔻		

CLI配置:

RF

Andressi-9800L(config)#wlan

```
Andressi-9800L(config-wlan)#no security wpa
Andressi-9800L(config-wlan)#no security wpa akm dot1x
Andressi-9800L(config-wlan)#no security wpa wpa2 ciphers aes
Andressi-9800L(config-wlan)#security web-auth
Andressi-9800L(config-wlan)#security web-auth parameter-map
Andressi-9800L(config-wlan)#no shutdown
```

default-rf-tag

Ŧ

```
Andressi-9800L(config-wireless-policy)#vlan <id>
Andressi-9800L(config-wireless-policy)#urlfilter list pre-auth-filter
```

Andressi-9800L(config-wireless-policy)#no shutdown

Andressi-9800L(config)#wireless tag policy

Andressi-9800L(config-policy-tag)#wlan

在DNA空間上具有RADIUS伺服器的強制網路門戶

注意: DNA Spaces RADIUS伺服器僅支援來自控制器的PAP身份驗證。

9800控制器上的Web身份驗證引數對映配置

步驟1.建立web auth引數映像。導覽至Configuration > Security > Web Auth,按一下+Add,然後設定引數圖名稱,然後選擇webauth作為型別:

Create Web Auth Paran	neter
Parameter-map name*	DNASpaces-PM
Maximum HTTP connections	1-200
Init-State Timeout(secs)	60-3932100
Туре	webauth 🔻
\times Close	

步驟2.按一下在步驟1中配置的引數對映,按一下**Advanced**,然後輸入用於登入的重新導向、 Append for AP MAC Address、Append for Client MAC Address、Append for WLAN SSID and portal IPv4 Address。按一下「**Update & Apply**:

General Advanced

Redirect to external server	
Redirect for log-in	https://splash.dnasp
Redirect On-Success	
Redirect On-Failure	
Redirect Append for AP MAC Address	ap_mac
Redirect Append for Client MAC Address	client_mac
Redirect Append for WLAN SSID	wlan
Portal IPV4 Address	34.235.248.212
Portal IPV6 Address	XIXIXIXIX
Customized page	
Login Failed Page	Ø
Login Page	Ø
Logout Page	Ø
Look Consect Deer	07

註:要獲取啟動顯示頁面URL和IPv4重定向地址,請分別在在WLC直接連線中建立SSID一節 建立訪問控制清單配置一節的在DNA空間上建立SSID步驟3中建立的SSID中按一下Configure Manually選項。

注意:Cisco DNA Spaces門戶可以解析為兩個IP地址,但9800控制器僅允許配置一個IP地址 ,其中一個案例選擇引數對映中要配置的任何一個IP地址作為門戶IPv4地址。

附註:確保在全域性Web身份驗證引數對映中同時配置虛擬IPv4和IPv6地址。如果未配置虛擬IPv6,客戶端有時會被重定向到內部門戶,而不是配置的DNA空間門戶。這就是必須始終配置虛擬IP的原因。「192.0.2.1」可以配置為虛擬IPv4,FE80:0:0:903A::11E4配置為虛擬IPv6。除了這些IP,很少有或根本沒有理由使用其他IP。

CLI配置:

Andressi-9800L(config)**#parameter-map type webauth** Andressi-9800L(config-params-parameter-map)**#type webauth** Andressi-9800L(config-params-parameter-map)**#timeout init-state sec 600** Andressi-9800L(config-params-parameter-map)**#redirect for-login**

Andressi-9800L(config-params-parameter-map)**#redirect append ap-mac tag ap_mac** Andressi-9800L(config-params-parameter-map)**#redirect append wlan-ssid tag wlan** Andressi-9800L(config-params-parameter-map)**#redirect append client-mac tag client_mac** Andressi-9800L(config-params-parameter-map)**#redirect portal ipv4**

Andressi-9800L(config-params-parameter-map)#logout-window-disabled Andressi-9800L(config-params-parameter-map)#success-window-disabled

9800控制器上的RADIUS伺服器配置

步驟1.配置RADIUS伺服器。Cisco DNA Spaces充當RADIUS伺服器以進行使用者身份驗證,它可 以在兩個IP地址上做出響應。導覽至**Configuration > Security > AAA**,按一下**+Add**,然後設定兩個 RADIUS伺服器:

Q Search Menu Items	Configuration * > Security * > AAA				
Dashboard	+ AAA Wizard				
Monitoring >	Servers / Groups AAA Method List /	AAA Advanced			
Configuration >	+ Add				
() Administration >	RADIUS	Server Groups			
💥 Troubleshooting	TACACS+				
	Create AAA Radius Server	×			
	Name*	DNASpaces1			
	IPv4 / IPv6 Server Address*	34.197.146.105			
	PAC Key				
	Кеу Туре	0 •			
	Key*				
	Confirm Key*				
	Auth Port	1812			
	Acct Port	1813			
	Server Timeout (seconds)	1-1000			
	Retry Count	0-100			
	Support for CoA	ENABLED			
	Cancel	Apply to Device			

註:要獲取主伺服器和輔助伺服器的RADIUS IP地址和金鑰,請按一下在DNA空間上建立 SSID部分步驟3中建立的SSID中的Configure Manually選項,然後導航至RADIUS Server Configuration部分。

步驟2.配置RADIUS伺服器組並新增兩個RADIUS伺服器。導覽至**Configuration > Security > AAA > Servers / Groups > RADIUS > Server Groups**,按一下**+add,**設定Server Group name,將MAC-Delimiter設定為**連字元,將MAC-Filtering設定為MAC**,然後分配兩個RADIUS伺服器:

Configuration - > Security - > AAA							
+ AAA Wizard							
Servers / Groups AAA Meth	od List AAA Advanced						
+ Add C Delete							
RADIUS	Servers Server Gro	ups					
TACACS+							
LDAP	Name	Server 1	Server 2				
	Name*						
	Group Type	RADIUS					
	MAC-Delimiter	hyphen v					
	MAC-Filtering	mac 🗸					
	Dead-Time (mins)	1-1440					
	Available Servers	Assigned Servers					
		 DNASpaces1 DNASpaces2 					
	Cancel		Apply to Device				

步驟3.配置身份驗證方法清單。導航到Configuration > Security > AAA > AAA Method List > Authentication,**然後單**擊+add。配置方法清單名稱,選擇login作為型別並分配伺服器組:

	Configuration * > Security *	Configuration * > Security * > AAA					
Dashboard	+ AAA Wizard						
Monitoring >	Servers / Groups	Servers / Groups AAA Method List AAA Advanced					
Configuration >	Authentication						
 Administration > 	Authorization	+ Add X Delet					
	Accounting	Name	√. Туре	< Group Type <	Group1 ~	Group2	
M Housieshooting		default	dot1x	local	N/A	N/A	
		⊲ ⊲ 1 ⊳ ⊳	10 🔻 items per pag	je			
		uick Setup: AAA Auther	atication			×	
			lication	_			
		Method List Name*	DNASpaces				
		Type*	login	•			
		Group Type	group	•			
		Fallback to local					
		Available Server Groups	Assigned	Server Groups	-		
		radius		ASpaces	-		
		Idap tacacs+	>				
			<				
					-		
		"O Cancel			Apply	to Device	

步驟4.配置授權方法清單。導航到Configuration>Security>AAA>AAA Method List> Authorization,點選+add。配置方法清單名稱,選擇network作為型別並分配伺服器組:

Configuration - > Security -	> AAA					
+ AAA Wizard						
Servers / Groups AAA Method List AAA Advanced						
Authentication						
Authorization	+ Add Selecter					
Accounting	Name	√ Type √	Group Type 🛛 🖂	Group1 😪	Group2	
	MeshAP	credential-download	local	N/A	N/A	
	H 4 1 F H	10 🔻 items per page				
C	Quick Setup: AAA Authoriza	ation			×	
	Marked Line Marriet	DNAC				
	Method List Name*	DNASpaces				
	Type*	network 🔻				
	Group Type	group 🔻				
	Fallback to local					
	Authenticated					
	Available Server Groups	Assigned Serv	er Groups			
	radius Idap tacacs+	< DNASpace	ces			
	Cancel			Apply to [Device	

在9800控制器上建立SSID

步驟1.導覽至**Configuration > Tags & Profiles > WLANs**,然後按一下**+Add。**配置配置檔名稱、 SSID並啟用WLAN。確保SSID名稱與**在DNA空間中建立SSID** 一節的步驟3中配置的名稱相同。

Add WLAN				×
General Security	Advanced			
Profile Name*	9800DNASpaces	Radio Policy	All	
SSID*	9800DNASpaces	Broadcast SSID		
WLAN ID*	3			
Status				
Cancel				Apply to Device

步驟2.導覽至Security > Layer2。將第2層安全模式設定為None, 啟用MAC過濾並新增授權清單:

Add WLAN						×
General Security	Advanced					
Layer2 Layer3	AAA					
Lover 2 Security Mode		None	Fast Tra	ansition	Disabled	•
Layer 2 Security Mode	['		Over the	e DS		
MAC Filtering	~		Reasso	ciation Timeout	20	
Transition Mode WLAN ID		0				
Authorization List*	[DNASpaces 🔻				

Cancel

Apply to Device

步驟3.導覽至**Security > Layer3。**啟用Web策略,配置Web身份驗證引數對映和身份驗證清單。在 Mac過濾器失敗時啟用並新增預身份驗證ACL。按一下**Apply to Device**。

Add WLAN	×
General Security Advanced	
Layer2 Layer3 AAA	
Web Policy Web Auth Parameter Map DNASpaces-PM	<< Hide On Mac Filter Failure
Authentication List DNASpaces 🔻	Splash Web Redirect DISABLED Preauthentication ACL
For Local Login Method List to work, please make sure the configuration 'aaa authorization	IPv4 DNASpaces-ACL
network default local' exists on the device	IPv6 None 🔻
Cancel	Apply to Device

在9800控制器上配置策略配置檔案

步驟1.導航到Configuration > Tags & Profiles > Policy,然後建立新的策略配置檔案或使用預設策略 配置檔案。在訪問策略頁籤中,配置客戶端VLAN並新增URL過濾器。

Edit Policy Profile						;
General Access Policies	QOS and AVC Mobility	Advanced				
RADIUS Profiling			WLAN ACL			
Local Subscriber Policy Name	Search or Select 🔻		IPv4 ACL	Search or Select	•	
WLAN Local Profiling			IPv6 ACL	Search or Select	•	
Global State of Device Classification	Disabled (i)		URL Filters			
HTTP TLV Caching			Pre Auth	DNASpaces	•	
DHCP TLV Caching			Post Auth	Search or Select	•	
VLAN						
VLAN/VLAN Group	VLAN2672 •					
Multicast VLAN	Enter Multicast VLAN					

步驟2.在Advanced頁籤中, 啟用AAA Override並選擇性地配置記帳方法清單:

E	Edit Policy Profile							
	General	Access Policies	QOS and AVC	Mobility	Advanced			
	WLAN Time	out			Fabric Profile	Search or Select 🔻		
	Session Time	out (sec)	1800]	Umbrella Parameter Map	Not Configured v		
	Idle Timeout ((sec)	300]	mDNS Service	default-mdns-service 🔻		
	Idle Threshold	d (bytes)	0]	rolley	Clear		
	Client Exclusion	on Timeout (sec)	60		WLAN Flex Policy			
	DHCP				VLAN Central Switchir	ng		
	IPv4 DHCP R	equired	0		Split MAC ACL	Search or Select 🔻		
	DHCP Server	IP Address]	Air Time Fairness F	Policies		
s	Show more >>>				2.4 GHz Policy	Search or Select 🗸		
	AAA Policy				5 GHz Policy	Search or Select		
	Allow AAA Ov	verride						
	NAC State							
	Policy Name		default-aaa-policy x]				
	Accounting Li	ist	DNASpaces x v]				

在9800控制器上配置策略標籤

步驟1.導航到Configuration > Tags & Profiles > Policy。建立新的策略標籤或使用預設策略標籤。將 WLAN對映到策略標籤中的策略配置檔案。

Add Policy Tag			×	
Name*	DNASpaces-PT			
Description	Enter Description			
VULAN-POLICY Maps: 1				
+ Add $ imes$ Delete				
WLAN Profile		V Policy Profile	×.	
9800DNASpaces		DNASpaces-PP		
4 4 1 ⊨ ⊨	10 🔻 items per page		1 - 1 of 1 items	
RLAN-POLICY	Maps: 0			
Cancel			Apply to Device	

步驟2.將Policy Tag(策略標籤)應用於AP以廣播SSID。導航到**Configuration > Wireless > Access Points**,選擇有問題的AP並新增策略標籤。這會導致AP重新啟動其CAPWAP隧道並返回到9800控 制器:

Edit AP

General Interfaces	High Availability Invo	entory Advanced	
General		Version	
AP Name*	9117-andressi	Primary Software Version	16.12.2.132
Location*	default location	Predownloaded Status	N/A
Base Radio MAC	0cd0.f894.f2c0	Predownloaded Version	N/A
Ethernet MAC	0cd0.f894.118c	Next Retry Time	N/A
Admin Status		Boot Version	1.1.2.4
AP Mode	Local 🗸	IOS Version	16.12.2.132
Operation Status	Registered	Mini IOS Version	0.0.0.0
Fabric Status	Disabled	IP Config	
LED State		CAPWAP Preferred Mode IPv6	6
LED Brightness Level	8 🗸	SLAAC IPv6 Address 200	1:172:16:30:ed0:f8ff:fe94:118c
CleanAir <u>NSI Key</u>		Static IP (IPv4/IPv6)	
Tags		Time Statistics	
A Changing Tags will caus association wi	e the AP to momentarily lose th the Controller.	Up Time	11 days 22 hrs 49 mins 12 secs
		Controller Association Latency	3 mins 44 secs
Policy	DNASpaces-PT v		
Site	default-site-tag		

RF

CLI配置:

Andressi-9800L(config)#wlan

Andressi-9800L(config-wlan)#**ip** access-group web

default-rf-tag

•

```
Andressi-9800L(config-wlan)#no security wpa wpa2 ciphers aes
Andressi-9800L(config-wlan)#mac-filtering
```

```
Andressi-9800L(config-wlan)#security web-auth
Andressi-9800L(config-wlan)#security web-auth authentication-list
```

```
Andressi-9800L(config-wlan)#security web-auth on-macfilter-failure
Andressi-9800L(config-wlan)#security web-auth parameter-map
Andressi-9800L(config-wlan)#no shutdown
```

```
Andressi-9800L(config)#wireless profile policy
```

```
Andressi-9800L(config-wireless-policy)#aaa-override
Andressi-9800L(config-wireless-policy)#accounting-list
```

```
Andressi-9800L(config-wireless-policy)#vlan <id>
Andressi-9800L(config-wireless-policy)#urlfilter list pre-auth-filter
```

Andressi-9800L(config-wireless-policy)#no shutdown

Andressi-9800L(config)#wireless tag policy

Andressi-9800L(config-policy-tag)#wlan

配置全域性引數對映

不推薦的步驟:運行這些命令以允許HTTPS重定向,但是請注意,如果客戶端作業系統執行強制網 路門戶檢測並導致CPU使用率較高且始終拋出證書警告,則不需要在客戶端HTTPS流量中進行重定 向。因此,建議避免進行配置,除非需要針對非常特定的使用情形。 註:您必須擁有安裝在Cisco Catalyst 9800系列無線控制器中的虛擬IP的有效SSL證書。

步驟1.將副檔名為.p12的已簽署憑證檔案複製到TFTP伺服器,然後運行此指令來傳輸憑證並將其安 裝到9800控制器中:

Andressi-9800L(config)#crypto pki import

步驟2.若要將已安裝憑證對應到Web驗證引數對應,請執行以下命令:

```
Andressi-9800L(config)#parameter-map type webauth global
Andressi-9800L(config-params-parameter-map)#trustpoint
```

在DNA Spaces上建立入口

步驟1.在DNA Spaces的控制面板中按一下Captive Portals:

■ Cisco DNA Spaces ■



步驟2.按一下Create New,輸入門戶名稱並選擇可使用門戶的位置:



步驟3.選擇身份驗證型別,選擇是否要在門戶首頁上顯示資料捕獲和使用者協定,以及是否允許使 用者選擇接收消息。按一下「Next」:

	Portal Information	Authentication	3 Data Capture	4 User Agreements	×
SELECT THE AUTHENTICATION TYPE No Authentication		~			
Visitors do not need to verify their identity to access Visitors do not need to verify their identity to access Display Data Capture and User Agreen Allow users to Opt in to receive mes	the internet. nents on portal home page sage		-		

步驟4.配置資料捕獲元素。如果要從使用者捕獲資料,請選中Enable Data Capture框,然後按一下 +Add Field Element以新增所需的欄位。按一下「Next」:

Save ← Prev Next →



elecome Message tice tice tacapture Venue Map Velcome to Claco Mexico Velcome to Slopestore Velcome to Claco Mexico Velcome to Claco Mexico Velcome to Claco Mexico Velcome to Claco Mexico <td< th=""><th>rand Name</th><th></th><th>PORTAL PREVIEW</th></td<>	rand Name		PORTAL PREVIEW
tice First time visitor welcome text I Capture Venue Map Velcome to Cisco Mexico © Add a custom message for Repeat visitors If st(tristName) S(lastName), Welcome to Socation x Get Apps Get Internet Mode Mode Manuel of the message above are not available. We will default to the message Mode Manuel of the time visitors. If any variables used in the message above are not available. We will default to the message Mode Manuel of the time visitors. If any variables used in the message above are not available. We will default to the message If any variables used in the message above are not available. We will default to the message If any variables used in the message above are not available. We will default to the message If any variables used in the message above are not available. We will default to the message If any variables used in the message above are not available. We will default to the message If any variables used in the message above are not available. We will default to the message If any variables used in the message above are not available. We will default to the message If any variables used in the message above are not available. We will default to the message If any variables used in the message above are not available. We will default to the message If any variables used in the message above are not available. We will default to the message If any variables used in the message above are not available. We will default to the message If any variables used in the message above are not available. We will default to the message If any variables used in the message If	Velcome Message	WELCOME MESSAGE	K Home Screen
ta Capture ta Capture Venue Map Venue Map Videos Feedback - Add a custom message for Repeat visitors - Get Apps Get Internet xmos & Offers • Add Module Welcome to Cisco Mexico Welcome to Cisco Mexico Welcome to Cisco Mexico Sign-Up FOR WIFI mail Address Imail Address Imail Address Imail Address Imail Address Imail Address	otice	First time visitor welcome text	ACME Company
 Videos Feedback Add a custom message for Repeat visitors Get Apps Get Internet mos & Offers Add module Note Hany variables used in the message above are not available. We will default to the message Mote first time visitors. 	Venue Map	Welcome to Cisco Mexico	Welcome to Cisco Mexico
Add a custom message for Repeat visitors Add a custom message for Repeat visitors Add A custom message for Repeat visitors Hi S(fristName) S(lastName), Welcome to Stocation × Hi S(fristName) S(lastName), Welcome to Stocation × Mobile Number T P	Videos		SIGN-UP FOR WIFI
Get Apps Hi S(firstName) S(lastName), Welcome to Stocation × Mobile Number Mobile Number Mobile Number Image: State Stress and Stre	Help	Add a custom message for Repeat visitors	Email Address
Get Internet Image: Source of the state of the message above are not available. We will default to the message above are not available. We will default to the message shown for first time visitors.	Get Apps	Hi S(firstName) S(lastName), Welcome to Socation ×	Mobile Number
Note # Add Module Note If any variables used in the message above are not available. We will default to the message shown for first time visitors.	 Get Internet 		I 0
	• Add Module	Note If any variables used in the message above are not available. We will default to the message shown for first time visitors.	

在DNA空間上配置強制網路門戶規則

步驟1.在DNA Spaces的控制面板中按一下Captive Portals:

■ Cisco DNA Spaces (ACT)



步驟2.開啟強制網路門戶選單,然後按一下**強制網路門戶規則:**



步驟3.按一下「+ Create New Rule」。輸入規則名稱,選擇先前配置的SSID。

$\left(\leftarrow \right)$	Create Captive Portal Rule	RULE NAME: 9800DNASpaces]
Choo	se any or all of the options that apply to your r	rule below	
	When a user is on $_$ WiFi $_$ \checkmark and contained wifing \checkmark	nnected to 9800-DNASpaces1 ~	
I	OCATIONS - Where do you want the rule to fire?		
	At any of the following locations		
	Please select at-least one location		

步驟4.選擇門戶可用的位置。在LOCATIONS部分中按一下+ Add Locations。從位置層次結構中選 擇所需的一個。

Choose Locations

Location Hierarchy	Selected Locations
MEX-EAST-1	9800L-DirectConnect ×
+ 6 5508-1-CMX	
+ 🛛 5508-2-Connector	
W 5520-1-DirectConnect	
8800L-DirectConnect	

步驟5.選擇強制網路門戶的操作。在這種情況下,當規則被命中時,將顯示入口。按一下「Save & Publish」。

ACTIONS	PRODUCTION.
Show Captive Portal Choose a Portal to be dispayed to Users when they connect to the wifi.	SCHEDULE
9800DNASpaces1 ~	ACTION Show Captive Portal Portal : 9800DNASpaces1
Session Duration	
Bandwidth Limit	
Seamlessly Provision Internet Directly provision Internet without showing any authentication	
Deny Internet Stop users from accessing the internet	
Tags these users as Choose - Associate/Disassociate users to chosen tags.	
+ Add Tags	
Trigger API	
Save & Publish Save	

從DNA空間獲取特定資訊

DNA Spaces使用哪些IP地址?

要驗證您所在區域的DNA空間用於門戶的IP地址,請轉到DNA空間首頁上的Captival門戶頁面。按 一下左側選單中的**SSID**,然後按一下SSID下的**Configure manually**。ACL範例中會提到IP位址。這 些是ACL和webauth引數對映中使用的入口的IP地址。DNA Spaces將其他IP地址用於控制平面的整 體NMSP/雲連線。

E Cisco DNA Space	5			∷ 0 ⊖
	Claco Merali SSIDs		Import/Configure SSID	
	SSID Configuration You haven't asked any Casco Marsie SSDs yet. Sevent below to get stand			
	Cisco Aironet SSIDs			
	Guest	LAB-DNAS		
	Delete Configure Manually	Delete Configure Manual M		

在出現的彈出視窗的第一部分,步驟7顯示了ACL定義中提到的IP地址。您不需要執行這些說明並建 立任何ACL,只需記下IP地址即可。這些是您所在地區的門戶使用的IP

Creating t	he Acces	s Control List							
To create th	ne access (control list, perform the	following steps:						
1	Log in	to the WLC Direct Co	onnect with your WLC Direct Connect credenti	als.					
2 Choose Security > Access Control Lists > Access Control Lists.									
	For Fle	xConnect local mode,	choose Security > Access Control Lists > Flexe	Connect ACLs					
3 To add an ACL, click New.									
4	In the I	New page that appea	ars, enter the following:.						
	a. In th	a. In the Access Control List Name field, enter a name for the new ACL.							
	Notes								
	You can enter up to 32 alphanumeric characters.								
	b. Choose the ACL type as IPv4.								
	Note: This option is not available for FlexConnect ACLs.								
	c.Click	c.Click Apply.							
5 When the Access Control Lists page reappears, click the name of the new ACL.									
6	6 In the Edit page that appears, click Add New Rule. The Rules > New page appears.								
()	Config	ure a rule for this ACI	L with the following wall garden ranges.						
	No	Dir	Source IP Address/Netmask	Destination IP Address/Netmask	Protocol	Source Port Range	Dest Port Range	DSCP	Action
	1.	Any	0.0.0.0/0.0.0.0	54.77.207.183/255.255.255.255	TCP	Any	HTTPS	Any	Permit
	2.	Any	54.77.207.183/255.255.255.255	0.0.0.0/0.0.0.0	TCP	HTTPS	Any	Any	Permit
	3.	Any	0.0.0.0/0.0.0.0	34.252.175.120/255.255.255.255	TCP	Any	HTTPS	Any	Permit
	4.	Any	34.252.175.120/255.255.255.255	0.0.0.0/0.0.0.0	TCP	HTTPS	Any	Any	Permit

DNA Spaces登入門戶使用的URL是什麼?

若要驗證您所在區域門戶使用的登入門戶URL DNA空間,請轉到DNA空間首頁上的Captival門戶頁 面。按一下左側選單中的**SSID**,然後按一下SSID下的**Configure manually**。

Cisco DNA Space	IS		∷ Ø ⊖
	Cisco Meraki SSIDs	Import/Configure SSD	
	SSID Configuration Tou haver added any Caco Marsel SSDs yet. Belet below to get stanted		
	Cisco Aironet SSIDs		
	Guest	LAB-DNAS	
	Delete Configure Manually.	Deleter Configure Manually	

在出現的彈出視窗中向下滾動,在第二部分中,步驟7顯示必須在9800上的引數對映中配置的 URL。

Creating the SSIDs in WLC Direct Connect

To create the	e SSIDs in the WLC Direct Connect, perform the following steps:
1	In the WLC Direct Connect main window, click the WLANs tab.
2	To create a WLAN, choose Create New from the drop-down list at the right side of the page, and click Go.
3	In the New page that appears, enter the WLAN details like Type, Profile Name, SSID, and so on.
4	Click Apply.
	The WLAN added appears in the WLANs page.
5	Click the WLAN you have newly created.
6	Choose Security > Layer 2, and configure the Layer 2 Security as None.
7	In the Layer 3 tab , do the following configurations:
	a.From the Layer 3 security drop-down list, choose Web Policy .
	b.Choose the Passthrough radio button.
	c.In the Preauthentication ACL area, from the IPv4 drop-down list, choose the ACL created earlier.
	d.Select the Enable check box for the Sleeping Client.
	e.Select the Enable check box for the Override Global Config.
	f.From the Web Auth Type drop-down list, choose External .
	g.In the URL field that appears, enter the Cisco DNA Spaces splash URL.
ł	ttps://splash.dnaspaces.eu/p2/emeabru2

DNA Spaces的RADIUS伺服器詳細資訊是什麼?

要瞭解您需要使用的RADIUS伺服器IP地址以及共用金鑰,請轉到DNA Space首頁上的Captival Portal頁面。按一下左側選單中的**SSID**,然後按一下SSID下的**Configure manually**。

■ Cisco DNA Spaces	s			ш 0 Ө
	Cisco Merali SSIDs		Import/Configure 550	
	SSID Configuration Via have added any Cace Merial SDDs yet Select before to get started			
	Cisco Aironet SSIDs			
	Guest	LAB-DNAS		
	Delete Configure Manually	Delete Configure Manuality		

在顯示的彈出視窗中,向下滾動第3部分(RADIUS),第7步為您提供IP/埠和用於RADIUS身份驗證的 共用金鑰。記帳是可選的,在步驟12中進行了說明。

Ú	in the new page that appears, enter the details of the ratios server for addressing such as server in address, port humber, and secret key, select the perfer platta as the det k experience and the hyperbolic server and the server in addressing server
	Host: 52.51.31.103,34.241.1.84
	Port: 1812
	Secret Key: emeab1299E2PqvUK
8	Choose Radius > Accounting.
	The Radius Accounting Servers page appears.
9	From the Acct Called Station ID Type, choose AP MAC Address:SSID.
10	From the MAC Delimiter drop-down list, choose Hyphen.
11	Click New.
12	In the New page that appears, enter the details of the radius server for accounting, such as server IP address, port number, and secret key, select the Server Status as Enabled, and click Apply.
	Host: 52.51.31.103,34.241.1.84
	Port: 1813
	Secret Key: emeab1299E2PqvUK

驗證

要確認連線到SSID的客戶端的狀態,請導航到**Monitoring > Clients**,按一下裝置的MAC地址並查詢 Policy Manager State:

ent					×
360 View General	QOS Statistics	ATF Statistics	Mobility History	Call Statistics	
Client Properties AP	Properties Se	curity Information	Client Statistics	QOS Properties	
Wireless LAN Id		1	_		
WLAN Profile Name		9800-DNASpaces1			
Wireless LAN Network Name	(SSID)	9800-DNASpaces1			
BSSID		10b3.d694.00ef	-		
Uptime(sec)		64 seconds			
Session Timeout		1800 sec (Remainin	g time: 1762 sec)		
Session Warning Time		Timer not running			
Client Active State		Active			
Power Save mode		OFF			
Current TxRateSet		m2 ss1			
Supported Rates		9.0,18.0,36.0,48.0,5	54.0		
Join Time Of Client		03/11/2020 17:47:2	25 Central		
Policy Manager State		Run			

疑難排解

常見問題

1.如果控制器上的虛擬介面未設定IP位址,則使用者端會重新導向到內部入口網站,而不是在引數 對映中設定的重新導向入口網站。

2.如果客戶端在重定向到DNA Spaces上的門戶時收到*503錯誤*,請確保在DNA Spaces的**位置層次** 中配置控制器。

永遠線上跟蹤

WLC 9800 提供永不間斷的追蹤功能。這可確保所有與客戶端連線相關的錯誤、警告和通知級別消 息持續記錄,並且您可以在發生事故或故障情況後檢視其日誌。

注意:根據生成的日誌量,您可以將時間從幾小時縮短到幾天。

若要檢視9800 WLC在預設情況下蒐集的追蹤,可以透過SSH/Telnet連線到9800 WLC,並執行這些 步驟(確保作業階段記錄到文字檔中)。

﹐步驟1.檢查控制器當前時間,這樣您就可以跟蹤問題發生時之前的日誌。

show clock

步驟2.根據系統配置的指示,從控制器緩衝區或外部系統日誌中收集系統日誌。這樣可以快速檢視 系統運行狀況和錯誤(如果有)。

show logging

步驟3.驗證是否已啟用任何調試條件。

show debugging Cisco IOS-XE Conditional Debug Configs:

Conditional Debug Global State: Stop

Cisco IOS-XE Packet Tracing Configs:

Packet Infra debugs:

Ip Address

or

Port

註:如果您看到列出了任何條件,則表示遇到啟用條件(mac地址、IP地址等)的所有進程的

跟蹤將記錄到調試級別。如此可能會增加記錄量。因此,建議您在未主動偵錯時清除所有條件 。

步驟4.如果測試的mac地址未作為步驟3中的條件列出,請收集特定mac地址的always-on通知級別 跟蹤。

show logging profile wireless filter { mac | ip } { <aaaa.bbbb.cccc> | <a.b.c.d> } to-file
always-on-<FILENAME.txt>

您可顯示作業階段中的內容,或可將檔案複製到外部 TFTP 伺服器。

more bootflash:always-on-<FILENAME.txt>

copy bootflash:always-on-<FILENAME.txt> tftp://a.b.c.d/path/always-on-<FILENAME.txt>

條件式偵錯和無線電主動式追蹤

如果永遠線上(always-on)跟蹤未為您提供足夠的資訊來確定所調查問題的觸發因素,則可以啟用條 件調試並捕獲無線活動(RA)跟蹤,該跟蹤為與指定條件(本例中為客戶端mac地址)互動的所有進 程提供調試級別跟蹤。要啟用條件調試,請執行以下步驟。

步驟1.確保未啟用調試條件。

clear platform condition all 步驟2.為要監控的無線客戶端mac地址啟用調試條件。

以下命令會開始監控提供的 MAC 位址 30 分鐘(1800 秒)。您可選擇將此時間增加至 2085978494 秒。

debug wireless mac <aaaa.bbbb.cccc> {monitor-time <seconds>}

注意:若要一次監控多個使用者端,請對每個mac位址執行debug wireless mac <aaaa.bbb.cccc>命令。

注意:您看不到終端會話上客戶端活動的輸出,因為所有內容都在內部緩衝,供以後檢視。

步驟3.重現您要監控的問題或行為。

步驟4.如果在預設或配置的監控器時間開啟之前重現問題,則停止調試。

no debug wireless mac <aaaa.bbbb.cccc>
當監控時間結束或偵錯無線停止後,9800 WLC 會產生本機檔案,名稱如下:

ra_trace_MAC_aaaabbbbcccc_HHMMSS.XXX_timezone_DayWeek_Month_Day_year.log

步驟5. 收集 MAC 位址活動的檔案。 您可將 ra_trace.log 複製到外部伺服器,或將輸出內容直接 顯示於螢幕上。

檢查RA跟蹤檔案的名稱

dir bootflash: | inc ra_trace 將檔案複製到外部伺服器:

copy bootflash:ra_trace_MAC_aaaabbbbbcccc_HHMMSS.XXX_timezone_DayWeek_Month_Day_year.log
tftp://a.b.c.d/ra-FILENAME.txt
顯示內容:

more bootflash:ra_trace_MAC_aaaabbbbcccc_HHMMSS.XXX_timezone_DayWeek_Month_Day_year.log 步驟6.如果根本原因仍不明顯,請收集內部日誌,這些日誌是調試級別日誌的更詳細檢視。您無需 再次調試客戶端,因為我們只需進一步詳細檢視已收集並內部儲存的調試日誌。 # show logging profile wireless internal filter { mac | ip } { <aaaa.bbbb.cccc> | <a.b.c.d> }
to-file ra-internal-<FILENAME>.txt

注意:此命令輸出返回所有進程的所有日誌記錄級別的跟蹤,而且非常大。請聯絡 Cisco TAC 協助剖析此類追蹤。

您可將 ra-internal-FILENAME.txt 複製到外部伺服器,或將輸出內容直接顯示於螢幕上。

將檔案複製到外部伺服器:

copy bootflash:ra-internal-<FILENAME>.txt tftp://a.b.c.d/ra-internal-<FILENAME>.txt 顯示內容:

more bootflash:ra-internal-<FILENAME>.txt 步驟7.移除偵錯條件。

clear platform condition all

注意:請確保在故障排除會話後始終刪除調試條件。

成功嘗試的示例

這是RA_trace的輸出,表示在連線到沒有RADIUS伺服器的SSID時,在關聯/身份驗證過程中成功嘗 試識別每個階段。

802.11關聯/身份驗證:

```
Association received. BSSID 10b3.d694.00ee, WLAN 9800DNASpaces, Slot 1 AP 10b3.d694.00e0,
2802AP-9800L
Received Dot11 association request. Processing started,SSID: 9800DNASpaces1, Policy profile:
DNASpaces-PP, AP Name: 2802AP-9800L, Ap Mac Address: 10b3.d694.00e0 BSSID MAC0000.0000.0000 wlan
ID: 1RSSI: 0, SNR: 32
Client state transition: S_CO_INIT -> S_CO_ASSOCIATING
dot11 send association response. Sending association response with resp_status_code: 0
dot11 send association response. Sending assoc response of length: 144 with resp_status_code: 0,
DOT11_STATUS: DOT11_STATUS_SUCCESS
Association success. AID 1, Roaming = False, WGB = False, 11r = False, 11w = False
DOT11 state transition: S_DOT11_INIT -> S_DOT11_ASSOCIATED
Station Dot11 association is successful
IP學習流程:
```

IP-learn state transition: S_IPLEARN_INIT -> S_IPLEARN_IN_PROGRESS Client IP learn successful. Method: ARP IP: 10.10.30.42 IP-learn state transition: S_IPLEARN_IN_PROGRESS -> S_IPLEARN_COMPLETE Received ip learn response. method: IPLEARN_METHOD_AR 第3層身份驗證: Triggered L3 authentication. status = 0x0, Success Client state transition: S_CO_IP_LEARN_IN_PROGRESS -> S_CO_L3_AUTH_IN_PROGRESS L3 Authentication initiated. LWA Client auth-interface state transition: S_AUTHIF_L2_WEBAUTH_DONE -> S_AUTHIF_WEBAUTH_PENDING

Client auth-interface state transition: S_AUTHIF_L2_WEBAUTH_DONE -> S_AUTHIF_WEBAUTH_PENDING [webauth-httpd] [17798]: (info): capwap_90000005[34e1.2d23.a668][10.10.30.42]GET rcvd when in INIT state [webauth-httpd] [17798]: (info): capwap_90000005[34e1.2d23.a668][10.10.30.42]HTTP GET request [webauth-httpd] [17798]: (info): capwap_90000005[34e1.2d23.a668][10.10.30.42]Parse GET, src [10.10.30.42] dst [13.107.4.52] url [http://www.msftconnecttest.com/connecttest.txt] [webauth-httpd] [17798]: (info): capwap_90000005[34e1.2d23.a668][10.10.30.42]Retrieved useragent = Microsoft NCSI [webauth-httpd] [17798]: (info): capwap_90000005[34e1.2d23.a668][10.10.30.42]GET rcvd when in LOGIN state [webauth-httpd] [17798]: (info): capwap_90000005[34e1.2d23.a668][10.10.30.42]HTTP GET request [webauth-httpd] [17798]: (info): capwap_90000005[34e1.2d23.a668][10.10.30.42]Parse GET, src [10.10.30.42] dst [151.101.24.81] url [http://www.bbc.com/] [webauth-httpd] [17798]: (info): capwap_9000005[34e1.2d23.a668][10.10.30.42]Retrieved useragent = Mozilla/5.0 (Windows NT 10.0; WOW64; Trident/7.0; rv:11.0) like Gecko [webauth-httpd] [17798]: (info): capwap_90000005[34e1.2d23.a668][10.10.30.42]POST rcvd when in LOGIN state

第3層身份驗證成功,將客戶端移動到RUN狀態:

[34e1.2d23.a668:capwap_90000005] Received User-Name 34E1.2D23.A668 for client 34e1.2d23.a668 L3 Authentication Successful. ACL:[] Client auth-interface state transition: S_AUTHIF_WEBAUTH_PENDING -> S_AUTHIF_WEBAUTH_DONE %CLIENT_ORCH_LOG-6-CLIENT_ADDED_TO_RUN_STATE: Username entry (34E1.2D23.A668) joined with ssid (9800DNASpaces) for device with MAC: 34e1.2d23.a668 Managed client RUN state notification: 34e1.2d23.a668 Client state transition: S_CO_L3_AUTH_IN_PROGRESS -> S_CO_RU

關於此翻譯

思科已使用電腦和人工技術翻譯本文件,讓全世界的使用者能夠以自己的語言理解支援內容。請注 意,即使是最佳機器翻譯,也不如專業譯者翻譯的內容準確。Cisco Systems, Inc. 對這些翻譯的準 確度概不負責,並建議一律查看原始英文文件(提供連結)。