

排除Catalyst 9000交換機上的控制平面操作故障

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簡介

本文檔介紹如何對運行Cisco IOS® XE的Catalyst 9000系列交換機上的控制層面運行狀況進行故障排除和驗證。

背景資訊

交換機的主要工作是儘快轉發資料包。大多數資料包在硬體中轉發，但某些型別流量必須由系統CPU處理。到達CPU的流量會儘快得到處理。預計在CPU上會看到一定量的流量，但是過多的流量會導致操作問題。Catalyst 9000系列交換器預設結合強大的控制層面管制(CoPP)機制，以防止CPU的流量過度飽和所產生的問題。

在某些使用情形中，由於正常操作，會出現意想不到的問題。因果關係有時並不明顯，使問題難以解決。本文檔提供了驗證控制平面運行狀況的工具，並提供了有關如何處理涉及控制平面點焊或插入路徑問題的工作流。它還根據現場出現的問題提供了幾種常見方案。

請記住，CPU傳送路徑是有限的資源。現代硬體轉發交換機可以處理呈指數級成長的流量。Catalyst 9000系列交換機在任何給定時間的CPU上支援約19,000個每秒資料包(pps)。超出此閾值，則傳送的流量會受到無權值管制。

技術

- 轉發引擎驅動程式(FED)：這是Cisco Catalyst交換機的核心，負責所有硬體程式設計/轉發
- IOSd：這是在Linux核心上運行的Cisco IOS守護程式。它作為核心中的軟體進程運行
- 封包交付系統(PDS)：這是將封包傳輸到各個子系統或從各個子系統傳出的架構和程式。例如，它控制資料包如何從FED傳送到IOSd，反之亦然
- 控制平面(CP)：控制平面是一個通用術語，用於將涉及Catalyst交換機CPU的功能和流量組合在一起。這包括目的地為交換器或從交換器傳送的流量，例如跨距樹狀目錄通訊協定(STP)、熱待命路由器通訊協定(HSRP)和路由通訊協定。這也包括必須由CPU處理的應用層協定，如安全外殼(SSH)和簡單網路管理協定(SNMP)
- 資料層面(DP)：通常，資料層麵包含硬體ASIC和轉發流量，而無需控制層面的協助
- 傳送：在傳送到CP以處理的DP上截獲的入口協定控制資料包
- 插入：CP生成的協定資料包傳送到DP以從IO介面輸出
- LSMPI：Linux共用記憶體傳送介面

Catalyst 9000 CoPP

CoPP是Catalyst 9000系列交換機上CPU保護的基礎。使用CoPP時，系統生成的服務品質(QoS)策略應用於CPU傳送/插入路徑。CPU繫結流量分為許多不同的類，並隨後對映到與CPU關聯的各個硬體監察器。監察器可防止特定流量類別導致CPU過飽和。

CoPP實施

CPU密集型流量被歸類為隊列。這些隊列/類是系統定義的，不可由使用者配置。監察器是在硬體中配置的。Catalyst 9000系列支援32個隊列的32個硬體監察器。

具體值因平台而異。一般而言，有32個系統定義的佇列。這些隊列與類對映相關，類對映與監察器索引相關。監察器索引具有預設監察器速率。此速率可由使用者配置，不過對預設CoPP策略的更改會增加對意外服務影響的敏感性。

CoPP的系統定義值

類對映名稱	管制器索引 (管制器編號)	CPU佇列 (佇列編號)
system-cpp-police-data	WK_CPP_POLICE_DATA(0)	WK_CPU_Q_ICMP_GEN(3) WK_CPU_Q_BROADCAST(12) WK_CPU_Q_ICMP_REDIRECT(6)
system-cpp-police-l2-控制	WK_CPP_POLICE_L2_CONTROL(1)	WK_CPU_Q_L2_CONTROL(1)

類對映名稱	管制器索引 (管制器編號)	CPU佇列 (佇列編號)
system-cpp-police-routing-control	WK_CPP_POLICE_ROUTING_CONTROL(2)	WK_CPU_Q_ROUTING_CONTROL(4) WK_CPU_Q_LOW_LATENCY (27)
system-cpp-police-control-低優先順序	WK_CPP_POLICE_CONTROL_LOW_PRI(3)	WK_CPU_Q_GENERAL_PUNT(25)
system-cpp-police-punt-webauth	WK_CPP_POLICE_PUNT_WEBAUTH(7)	WK_CPU_Q_PUNT_WEBAUTH(22)
system-cpp-police-topology-control	WK_CPP_POLICE_TOPOLOGY_CONTROL(8)	WK_CPU_Q_TOPOLOGY_CONTROL(15)
system-cpp-police-multicast	WK_CPP_POLICE_MULTICAST(9)	WK_CPU_Q_TRANSIT_TRAFFIC(18) WK_CPU_Q_MCAST_DATA(30)
system-cpp-police-sys-資料	WK_CPP_POLICE_SYS_DATA(10)	WK_CPU_Q_LEARNING_CACHE_OVFL(13) WK_CPU_Q_CRYPTO_CONTROL(23) WK_CPU_Q_EXCEPTION(24) WK_CPU_Q_EGR_EXCEPTION(28) WK_CPU_Q_NFL_SAMPLED_DATA(26) WK_CPU_Q_GOLD_PKT(31) WK_CPU_Q_RPF_FAILED(19)
system-cpp-police-dot1x-auth	WK_CPP_POLICE_DOT1X(11)	WK_CPU_Q_DOT1X_AUTH(0)

類對映名稱	管制器索引 (管制器編號)	CPU佇列 (佇列編號)
system-cpp-police-protocol-snooping	WK_CPP_POLICE_PR(12)	WK_CPU_Q_PROTO_SNOOPING(16)
system-cpp-police-sw-forward	WK_CPP_POLICE_SW_FWD (13)	WK_CPU_Q_SW_FORWARDING_Q(14) WK_CPU_Q_LOGGING(21) WK_CPU_Q_L2_LVX_DATA_PACK(11)
system-cpp-police-forus	WK_CPP_POLICE_FORUS(14)	WK_CPU_Q_FORUS_ADDR_RESOLUTION WK_CPU_Q_FORUS_TRAFFIC(2)
system-cpp-police-multicast-end-station	WK_CPP_POLICE_MULTICAST_SNOOPING(15)	WK_CPU_Q_MCAST_END_STA_SERVICE
system-cpp-default	WK_CPP_POLICE_DEFAULT_POLICER(16)	WK_CPU_Q_DHCP_SNOOPING(17) WK_CPU_Q_UNUSED(7) WK_CPU_Q_EWLC_CONTROL(9) WK_CPU_Q_EWLC_DATA(10)
system-cpp-police-stackwise-virt-control	WK_CPP_STACKWISE_VIRTUAL_CONTROL(5)	WK_CPU_Q_STACKWISE_VIRTUAL_CON (29)
system-cpp-police-l2lvx-control	WK_CPP_L2_LVX_CONT_PACK(4)	WK_CPU_Q_L2_LVX_CONT_PACK(8)

每個隊列與流量型別或特定功能集相關。此清單並非詳盡無遺：

CPU佇列和相關功能

CPU佇列 (佇列編號)	功能
WK_CPU_Q_DOT1X_AUTH(0)	IEEE 802.1x連線埠型驗證
WK_CPU_Q_L2_CONTROL(1)	動態Trunk通訊協定(DTP) VLAN中繼線通訊協定(VTP) 連線埠彙總通訊協定(PAgP) 使用者端資訊訊號通訊協定(CISP) 消息會話中繼協定 多個VLAN註冊通訊協定(MVRP) 都會行動網路(MMN) 連結層級探索通訊協定(LLDP) 單向連結偵測(UDLD) 連結彙總控制通訊協定(LACP) 思科探索通訊協定(CDP) 生成樹通訊協定(STP)
WK_CPU_Q_FORUS_TRAFFIC(2)	主機，例如Telnet、Pingv4和Pingv6以及SNMP Keepalive/環回檢測 Initiate-Internet Key Exchange (IKE)協定 (IPSec)
WK_CPU_Q_ICMP_GEN(3)	ICMP -無法到達目的地 ICMP-TTL已過期
WK_CPU_Q_ROUTING_CONTROL(4)	路由資訊通訊協定第1版(RIPv1) RIPv2 內部閘道路由通訊協定 (IGRP)

CPU佇列 (佇列編號)	功能
	邊界閘道通訊協定(BGP) PIM-UDP 虛擬路由器備援通訊協定(VRRP) 熱待命路由器通訊協定第1版(HSRPv1) HSRPv2 閘道負載平衡通訊協定(GLBP) 標籤發佈通訊協定(LDP) 網路快取通訊協定(WCCP) 路由資訊協定下一代(RIPng) 開放最短路徑優先(OSPF) 開放最短路徑優先版本3(OSPFv3) 增強型內部閘道路由通訊協定(EIGRP) 增強型內部閘道路由通訊協定第6版(EIGRPv6) DHCPv6 通訊協定無關多點傳送(PIM) 通訊協定無關多點傳送版本6 (PIMv6) 熱待命路由器通訊協定下一代(HSRPng) IPv6控制 通用路由封裝(GRE) Keepalive 網路位址翻譯(NAT)傳送 中間系統到中間系統(IS IS)
WK_CPU_Q_FORUS_ADDR_RESOLUTION(5)	位址解析通訊協定(ARP) IPv6鄰居通告和鄰居請求
WK_CPU_Q_ICMP_REDIRECT(6)	網際網路控制訊息通訊協定(ICMP)重新導向

CPU佇列 (佇列編號)	功能
WK_CPU_Q_INTER_FED_TRAFFIC(7)	用於內部通訊的第2層網橋域。
WK_CPU_Q_L2_LVX_CONT_PACK(8)	交換ID (XID)封包
WK_CPU_Q_EWLC_CONTROL(9)	嵌入式無線控制器(eWLC) [無線存取點的控制與布建(CAPWAP) (UDP 5246)]
WK_CPU_Q_EWLC_DATA(10)	eWLC資料包 (CAPWAP資料 , UDP 5247)
WK_CPU_Q_L2_LVX_DATA_PACK(11)	為對映請求傳送了未知的單播資料包。
WK_CPU_Q_BROADCAST(12)	所有型別的廣播
WK_CPU_Q_OPENFLOW(13)	學習快取溢位 (第2層+第3層)
WK_CPU_Q_CONTROLLER_PUNT(14)	資料-存取控制清單(ACL)已滿 資料- IPv4選項 資料- IPv6逐跳 資料-資源不足/全部捕獲 資料-反向路徑轉送(RPF)未完成 收集資料包
WK_CPU_Q_TOPOLOGY_CONTROL(15)	生成樹通訊協定(STP) 彈性以太網路通訊協定(REP) 共用跨距樹狀目錄通訊協定(SSTP)
WK_CPU_Q_PROTO_SNOOPING(16)	動態ARP檢測(DAI)的地址解析協定(ARP)監聽
WK_CPU_Q_DHCP_SNOOPING(17)	DHCP監聽
WK_CPU_Q_TRANSIT_TRAFFIC(18)	這用於由NAT傳送的資料包，這些資料包需要

CPU佇列 (佇列編號)	功能
	在軟體路徑中處理。
WK_CPU_Q_RPF_FAILED(19)	資料- mRPF (組播RPF) 失敗
WK_CPU_Q_MCAST_END_STATION_SERVICE(20)	網際網路群組管理通訊協定(IGMP)/多點傳送接聽程式探索(MLD)控制
WK_CPU_Q_LOGGING(21)	存取控制清單(ACL)記錄
WK_CPU_Q_PUNT_WEBAUTH(22)	Web驗證
WK_CPU_Q_HIGH_RATE_APP(23)	廣播
WK_CPU_Q_EXCEPTION(24)	IKE指示 IP學習違規 IP連線埠資安違規 IP靜態位址違規 IPv6範圍檢查 遠端複製協定(RCP)異常 單播RPF失敗
WK_CPU_Q_SYSTEM_CRITICAL(25)	媒體訊號/無線代理ARP
WK_CPU_Q_NFL_SAMPLED_DATA(26)	Netflow抽樣資料和媒體服務代理(MSP)
WK_CPU_Q_LOW_LATENCY(27)	雙向轉發檢測(BFD)、精確時間協定(PTP)
WK_CPU_Q_EGR_EXCEPTION(28)	出口解析異常
WK_CPU_Q_STACKWISE_VIRTUAL_CONTROL(29)	前端堆疊協定，即SVL

CPU佇列 (佇列編號)	功能
WK_CPU_Q_MCAST_DATA(30)	資料- (S , G)建立 資料-本地聯接 資料- PIM註冊 資料- SPT切換 資料-組播
WK_CPU_Q_GOLD_PKT(31)	金牌

預設原則

預設情況下，系統生成的CoPP策略應用於傳送/插入路徑。使用常見的基於MQC的命令可以檢視預設策略。它也可以在交換機配置中檢視。唯一允許在CPU/控制平面的入口或出口應用的策略是系統定義的策略。

使用show policy-map control-plane檢視應用於控制平面的策略：

```
<#root>
```

```
Catalyst-9600#
```

```
show policy-map control-plane
```

```
Control Plane
```

```
Service-policy input: system-cpp-policy
```

```

Class-map: system-cpp-police-ios-routing (match-any)
  0 packets, 0 bytes
  5 minute offered rate 0000 bps, drop rate 0000 bps
  Match: none
  police:
    rate 17000 pps, burst 4150 packets
    conformed 95904305 bytes; actions:
      transmit
    exceeded 0 bytes; actions:
      drop

```

```
<snip>
```

```

Class-map: class-default (match-any)
  0 packets, 0 bytes
  5 minute offered rate 0000 bps, drop rate 0000 bps
  Match: any

```

調整CoPP

CoPP監察器速率可由使用者配置。使用者還可以停用隊列。

此示例演示如何調整單個監察器值。在本示例中，調整的類是「system-cpp-police-protocol-snooping」。

```
<#root>
Device>
enable

Device#
configure terminal

Device(config)#
policy-map system-cpp-policy

Device(config-pmap)#
Device(config-pmap)#
class system-cpp-police-protocol-snooping

Device(config-pmap-c)#
Device(config-pmap-c)#
police rate 100 pps

Device(config-pmap-c-police)#
Device(config-pmap-c-police)#
exit

Device(config-pmap-c)#
exit

Device(config-pmap)#
exit

Device(config)#
Device(config)#
control-plane
```

```
Device(config-cp)#
```

```
Device(config)#
```

```
control-plane
```

```
Device(config-cp)#
```

```
service-policy input system-cpp-policy
```

```
Device(config-cp)#
```

```
Device(config-cp)#
```

```
end
```

```
Device#
```

```
show policy-map control-plane
```

此示例演示如何完全停用隊列。停用隊列時請小心，因為這樣可能會導致CPU過飽和。

```
<#root>
```

```
Device>
```

```
enable
```

```
Device#
```

```
configure terminal
```

```
Device(config)#
```

```
policy-map system-cpp-policy
```

```
Device(config-pmap)#
```

```
Device(config-pmap)#
```

```
class system-cpp-police-protocol-snooping
```

```
Device(config-pmap-c)#
```

```
Device(config-pmap-c)#
```

```
no police rate 100 pps
```

```
Device(config-pmap-c)#
```

```
end
```

疑難排解

方法

CPU使用率受兩個基本活動（進程和中斷）的影響。進程是CPU執行的結構化活動，而中斷是指在資料平面上截獲並傳送到CPU以供操作的資料包。這些活動共同構成了CPU的總使用率。由於預設情況下啟用CoPP，服務影響並不一定與高CPU利用率相關。如果CoPP完成工作，CPU利用率不會受到很大影響。考慮CPU的整體利用率很重要，但總體利用率並不能反映整個情況。本部分中的show命令和實用程式用於快速評估CPU的運行狀況和辨識有關計算密集型流量的相關詳細資訊。

準則：

- 確定問題是否與控制平面有關。大多數中轉流量都透過硬體轉發。只有某些流量型別和某些場景涉及CPU和控制平面，因此在整個調查過程中請記住這一點。
- 瞭解您的利用率基線。瞭解正常使用率的情況很重要，這樣才能確定與標準值的偏差。
- 驗證進程和中斷的總體利用率。確定佔用意外量CPU週期的所有進程。如果利用率落在預期範圍之外，這可能會導致問題。瞭解系統的平均利用率很重要，這樣才能辨識標準之外的偏差。請記住，僅使用率並不能全面反映控制平面的運行狀況。
- 確定CoPP中是否存在主動遞增的丟包數。CoPP丟包數並不總是表示存在問題，但如果您對與主動監察的流量類相關的問題進行故障排除，則這是一個表明相關性的強有力指標。

實用的Show命令

該交換機可快速監控CPU運行狀況和CoPP統計資訊。還有實用的CLI，可快速確定計算密集型流量的入口點。

確定總體利用率和歷史利用率

- Show processes cpu sorted用於檢視整體CPU使用率。「sorted」引數根據使用百分比對進程輸出進行排序。使用更多CPU資源的進程位於輸出頂部。因中斷造成的使用率也以百分比表示。

```
<#root>
```

```
Catalyst-9600#
```

```
show processes cpu sorted
```

```
CPU utilization for five seconds: 92%/13%; one minute: 76%; five minutes: 73%
```

```
<<<--- Utilization is displayed for 5 second (both process and interrupt), 1 minute and 5 minute intervals
```

```
92% refers to the CPU utilization for the last five seconds
```

```
The 13% value refers to the CPU utilization for the last one minute
```

```

PID Runtime(ms)   Invoked    uSecs   5Sec   1Min   5Min  TTY  Process
<<<--- Runtime statistics, as well as utilization averages are displayed here. The process is also ident

344  547030523  607054509      901  38.13% 30.61% 29.32%  0  SISF Switcher Th
345  394700227  615024099      641  31.18% 22.68% 21.66%  0  SISF Main Thread
 98  112308516  119818535      937   4.12%  4.76%  5.09%  0  Crimson flush tr
247  47096761  92250875       510   2.42%  2.21%  2.18%  0  Spanning Tree
123  35303496  679878082        51   1.85%  1.88%  1.84%  0  IOSXE-RP Punt Se
234      955      1758       543   1.61%  0.71%  0.23%  3  SSH Process
547   5360168   5484910       977   1.04%  0.46%  0.44%  0  DHCPD Receive
229  27381066  963726156        28   1.04%  1.34%  1.23%  0  IP Input
 79  13183805  108951712       121   0.48%  0.55%  0.55%  0  IOSD ipc task
  9   1073134   315186      3404   0.40%  0.06%  0.03%  0  Check heaps
 37  11099063  147506419        75   0.40%  0.54%  0.52%  0  ARP Input
312   2986160  240782059        12   0.24%  0.12%  0.14%  0  DAI Packet Proce
<snip>
565      0      1      0  0.00%  0.00%  0.00%  0  LICENSE AGENT
566     14    1210     11  0.00%  0.00%  0.00%  0  DHCPD Timer
567     40     45    888  0.00%  0.00%  0.00%  0  OVLD SPA Backgro
568     12    2342      5  0.00%  0.00%  0.00%  0  DHCPD Database
569      0     12      0  0.00%  0.00%  0.00%  0  SpanTree Flush
571      0      1      0  0.00%  0.00%  0.00%  0  EM Action CNS
572     681   140276      4  0.00%  0.00%  0.00%  0  Inline power inc

```

- 「Show processes cpu history」提供過去60秒、5分鐘和72小時的CPU使用率歷史圖表。

```
<#root>
```

```
Catalyst-9600#
```

```
show processes cpu history
```

```
999777776666688888666677777777788888777766666999998888866
```

```
<<<--- The numbers at the top of each column represent the highest value seen throughout the time period
```

```
222555559999944444444440000088888888881111177777333335555500
```

```
It is read top-down. "9" over "2" in this example means "92%" for example.
```

```

100
90  *** *****
80  ***** *****
70  *****
60  *****
50  *****
40  *****
30  *****
20  *****
10  *****

```

```
<<<--- The "*" represents the highest value during the given time period. This relates to a momentary sp
```

```
0....5....1....1....2....2....3....3....4....4....5....5....6
```


檢查控制層面策略

- 使用show platform hardware fed <switch> active qos queue stats internal cpu policer可以檢視聚合CoPP統計資訊和有關隊列/監察器結構的其他資訊。此輸出提供了自上次重置控制平面以來監察器統計資訊的歷史檢視。這些計數器也可以手動清除。通常，由監察器提供的控制平面丟棄證據會指向相關隊列/類的問題，但確保在問題發生時丟棄主動增加。多次運行該命令以觀察增加隊列丟棄值的情況。

<#root>

Catalyst9500#

```
show platform hardware fed active qos queue stats internal cpu policer
```

CPU Queue Statistics

```
=====
                                (default) (set)   Queue      Queue
QId PlcIdx Queue Name           Enabled  Rate    Rate      Drop(Bytes) Drop(Frames)
<-- The top section of this output gives a historical view of CoPP drops. Run the command several times
```

CPU queues correlate with a Policer Index (PlcIdx) and Queue (QId).

0	11	DOT1X Auth	Yes	1000	1000	0	0
---	----	------------	-----	------	------	---	---

Note that multiple policer indices map to the same queue for some classes.

1	1	L2 Control	Yes	2000	2000	0	0
2	14	Forus traffic	Yes	4000	4000	0	0
3	0	ICMP GEN	Yes	750	750	0	0
4	2	Routing Control	Yes	5500	5500	0	0
5	14	Forus Address resolution	Yes	4000	4000	83027876	1297199
6	0	ICMP Redirect	Yes	750	750	0	0
7	16	Inter FED Traffic	Yes	2000	2000	0	0
8	4	L2 LVX Cont Pack	Yes	1000	1000	0	0
9	19	EWLC Control	Yes	13000	13000	0	0
10	16	EWLC Data	Yes	2000	2000	0	0
11	13	L2 LVX Data Pack	Yes	1000	1000	0	0
12	0	BROADCAST	Yes	750	750	0	0
13	10	Openflow	Yes	250	250	0	0
14	13	Sw forwarding	Yes	1000	1000	0	0
15	8	Topology Control	Yes	13000	16000	0	0
16	12	Proto Snooping	Yes	2000	2000	0	0
17	6	DHCP Snooping	Yes	500	500	0	0
18	13	Transit Traffic	Yes	1000	1000	0	0
19	10	RPF Failed	Yes	250	250	0	0
20	15	MCAST END STATION	Yes	2000	2000	0	0
21	13	LOGGING	Yes	1000	1000	769024	12016
22	7	Punt Webauth	Yes	1000	1000	0	0
23	18	High Rate App	Yes	13000	13000	0	0
24	10	Exception	Yes	250	250	0	0
25	3	System Critical	Yes	1000	1000	0	0
26	10	NFL SAMPLED DATA	Yes	250	250	0	0

27	2	Low Latency	Yes	5500	5500	0	0
28	10	EGR Exception	Yes	250	250	0	0
29	5	Stackwise Virtual OOB	Yes	8000	8000	0	0
30	9	MCAST Data	Yes	500	500	0	0
31	3	Gold Pkt	Yes	1000	1000	0	0

* NOTE: CPU queue policer rates are configured to the closest hardware supported value

CPU Queue Policer Statistics

```
=====
```

Policer Index	Policer Accept Bytes	Policer Accept Frames	Policer Drop Bytes	Policer Drop Frames
0	59894	613	0	0
1	15701689	57082	0	0
2	5562892	63482	0	0
3	3536	52	0	0
4	0	0	0	0
5	0	0	0	0
6	0	0	0	0
7	0	0	0	0
8	2347194476	32649666	0	0
9	0	0	0	0
10	0	0	0	0
11	0	0	0	0
12	0	0	0	0
13	577043	8232	769024	12016
14	719225176	11182355	83027876	1297199
15	132766	1891	0	0
16	0	0	0	0
17	0	0	0	0
18	0	0	0	0
19	0	0	0	0

Second Level Policer Statistics

<-- Second level policer information begins here. Catalyst CoPP is organized with two policers to allow

```
=====
```

20	2368459057	32770230	0	0
21	719994879	11193091	0	0

Policer Index Mapping and Settings

```
-----
```

level-2	:	level-1	(default)	(set)
PlcIndex	:	PlcIndex	rate	rate
20	:	1 2 8	13000	17000
21	:	0 4 7 9 10 11 12 13 14 15	6000	6000

```
=====
```

Second Level Policer Config

```
=====
```

QId	level-1 PlcIdx	level-2 PlcIdx	Queue Name	level-2 Enabled
0	11	21	DOT1X Auth	Yes
1	1	20	L2 Control	Yes
2	14	21	Forus traffic	Yes
3	0	21	ICMP GEN	Yes
4	2	20	Routing Control	Yes
5	14	21	Forus Address resolution	Yes
6	0	21	ICMP Redirect	Yes

7	16	-	Inter FED Traffic	No
8	4	21	L2 LVX Cont Pack	Yes
9	19	-	EWLC Control	No
10	16	-	EWLC Data	No
11	13	21	L2 LVX Data Pack	Yes
12	0	21	BROADCAST	Yes
13	10	21	Openflow	Yes
14	13	21	Sw forwarding	Yes
15	8	20	Topology Control	Yes
16	12	21	Proto Snooping	Yes
17	6	-	DHCP Snooping	No
18	13	21	Transit Traffic	Yes
19	10	21	RPF Failed	Yes
20	15	21	MCAST END STATION	Yes
21	13	21	LOGGING	Yes
22	7	21	Punt Webauth	Yes
23	18	-	High Rate App	No
24	10	21	Exception	Yes
25	3	-	System Critical	No
26	10	21	NFL SAMPLED DATA	Yes
27	2	20	Low Latency	Yes
28	10	21	EGR Exception	Yes
29	5	-	Stackwise Virtual OOB	No
30	9	21	MCAST Data	Yes
31	3	-	Gold Pkt	No

CPP Classes to queue map

<-- Information on how different traffic types map to different queues are found here.

=====

PlcIdx	CPP Class	Queues
0	system-cpp-police-data	: ICMP GEN/ BROADCAST/ ICMP Redirect/
10	system-cpp-police-sys-data	: Openflow/ Exception/ EGR Exception/ NFL SAMPLED DATA/
13	system-cpp-police-sw-forward	: Sw forwarding/ LOGGING/ L2 LVX Data Pack/ Transit Tra
9	system-cpp-police-multicast	: MCAST Data/
15	system-cpp-police-multicast-end-station	: MCAST END STATION /
7	system-cpp-police-punt-webauth	: Punt Webauth/
1	system-cpp-police-l2-control	: L2 Control/
2	system-cpp-police-routing-control	: Routing Control/ Low Latency/
3	system-cpp-police-system-critical	: System Critical/ Gold Pkt/
4	system-cpp-police-l2lvx-control	: L2 LVX Cont Pack/
8	system-cpp-police-topology-control	: Topology Control/
11	system-cpp-police-dot1x-auth	: DOT1X Auth/
12	system-cpp-police-protocol-snooping	: Proto Snooping/
6	system-cpp-police-dhcp-snooping	: DHCP Snooping/
14	system-cpp-police-forus	: Forus Address resolution/ Forus traffic/
5	system-cpp-police-stackwise-virt-control	: Stackwise Virtual OOB/
16	system-cpp-default	: Inter FED Traffic/ EWLC Data/
18	system-cpp-police-high-rate-app	: High Rate App/
19	system-cpp-police-ewlc-control	: EWLC Control/
20	system-cpp-police-ios-routing	: L2 Control/ Topology Control/ Routing Control/ Low La
21	system-cpp-police-ios-feature	: ICMP GEN/ BROADCAST/ ICMP Redirect/ L2 LVX Cont Pack/

收集有關傳送流量的資訊

這些命令用於收集有關傳送到CPU的流量的資訊，包括流量的型別和入口的物理點。

- Show platform software fed <switch> active punt cpuq all或「Show platform software fed <switch> active punt cpuq <0-31 Queue ID>」可用於檢視與所有或特定CPU隊列有關的統計資訊。

<#root>

C9300#

show platform software fed switch active punt cpuq all

Punt CPU Q Statistics

=====

```
CPU Q Id           : 0
CPU Q Name         : CPU_Q_DOT1X_AUTH
Packets received from ASIC : 964
Send to IOSd total attempts : 964
Send to IOSd failed count : 0
RX suspend count   : 0
RX unsuspend count : 0
RX unsuspend send count : 0
RX unsuspend send failed count : 0
RX consumed count  : 0
RX dropped count    : 0
RX non-active dropped count : 0
RX conversion failure dropped : 0
RX INTACK count    : 964
RX packets dq'd after intack : 0
Active RxQ event   : 964
RX spurious interrupt : 0
RX phy_idb fetch failed: 0
RX table_id fetch failed: 0
RX invalid punt cause: 0
```

```
CPU Q Id           : 1
CPU Q Name         : CPU_Q_L2_CONTROL
Packets received from ASIC : 80487
Send to IOSd total attempts : 80487
Send to IOSd failed count : 0
RX suspend count   : 0
RX unsuspend count : 0
RX unsuspend send count : 0
RX unsuspend send failed count : 0
RX consumed count  : 0
RX dropped count    : 0
RX non-active dropped count : 0
RX conversion failure dropped : 0
RX INTACK count    : 80474
RX packets dq'd after intack : 16
Active RxQ event   : 80474
RX spurious interrupt : 9
RX phy_idb fetch failed: 0
RX table_id fetch failed: 0
RX invalid punt cause: 0
```

```
CPU Q Id           : 2
CPU Q Name         : CPU_Q_FORUS_TRAFFIC
Packets received from ASIC : 176669
Send to IOSd total attempts : 176669
Send to IOSd failed count : 0
```

```
RX suspend count          : 0
RX unsuspend count       : 0
RX unsuspend send count  : 0
RX unsuspend send failed count : 0
RX consumed count        : 0
RX dropped count         : 0
RX non-active dropped count : 0
RX conversion failure dropped : 0
RX INTACK count          : 165584
RX packets dq'd after intack : 12601
Active RxQ event         : 165596
RX spurious interrupt    : 11851
RX phy_idb fetch failed: 0
RX table_id fetch failed: 0
RX invalid punt cause: 0
<snip>
```

C9300#

```
show platform software fed switch active punt cpuq 16 <-- Queue ID 16 correlates with Protocol Snooping.
```

Punt CPU Q Statistics

```
=====
CPU Q Id          : 16
CPU Q Name        : CPU_Q_PROTO_SNOOPING
Packets received from ASIC : 55661
Send to IOSd total attempts : 55661
Send to IOSd failed count   : 0
RX suspend count          : 0
RX unsuspend count       : 0
RX unsuspend send count  : 0
RX unsuspend send failed count : 0
RX consumed count        : 0
RX dropped count         : 0
RX non-active dropped count : 0
RX conversion failure dropped : 0
RX INTACK count          : 55659
RX packets dq'd after intack : 9
Active RxQ event         : 55659
RX spurious interrupt    : 23
RX phy_idb fetch failed: 0
RX table_id fetch failed: 0
RX invalid punt cause: 0
```

Replenish Stats for all rxq:

```
-----
Number of replenish          : 4926842
Number of replenish suspend  : 0
Number of replenish un-suspend : 0
-----
```

- 使用show platform software fed <switch> active punt cause summary快速檢視CPU中發現的所有不同流量型別。請注意，僅顯示非零原因。

<#root>

C9300#

```
show platform software fed switch active punt cause summary
```

Statistics for all causes

Cause	Cause Info	Rcvd	Dropped
7	ARP request or response	142962	0
11	For-us data	490817	0
21	RP<->QFP keepalive	448742	0
24	Glean adjacency	2	0
55	For-us control	415222	0
58	Layer2 bridge domain data packe	3654659	0
60	IP subnet or broadcast packet	37167	0
75	EPC	17942	0
96	Layer2 control protocols	358614	0
97	Packets to LFTS	964	0
109	snoop packets	48867	0

- 使用命令 `show platform software fed <switch> active punt rates interfaces` 可快速檢視傳入系統的介面CPU的流量。此命令僅顯示具有非零輸入隊列的介面。

```
<#root>
```

```
C9300#
```

```
show platform software fed switch active punt rates interfaces
```

Punt Rate on Interfaces Statistics

Packets per second averaged over 10 seconds, 1 min and 5 mins

Interface Name	IF_ID	Recv 10s	Recv 1min	Recv 5min	Drop 10s	Drop 1min	Drop 5min
TenGigabitEthernet1/0/2	0x0000000a	5	5	5	0	0	0
TenGigabitEthernet1/0/23	0x0000001f	1	1	1	0	0	0

- 使用「`show platform software fed <switch> active punt rates interfaces <IF-ID>`」深入檢視和檢視介面的單個隊列。此命令顯示聚合統計資訊，並且可用於檢視歷史輸入隊列活動以及流量是否已受到管制。

```
<#root>
```

```
C9300#
```

```
show platform software fed switch active punt rates interfaces 0x1f <-- "0x1f" is the IF_ID of Te1/0/23
```

Punt Rate on Single Interfaces Statistics

Interface : TenGigabitEthernet1/0/23 [if_id: 0x1F]

Received

Dropped

```

-----
Total          : 1010652      Total          : 0
10 sec average : 1           10 sec average : 0
1 min average  : 1           1 min average  : 0
5 min average  : 1           5 min average  : 0

```

Per CPUQ punt stats on the interface (rate averaged over 10s interval)

Q no	Queue Name	Recv Total	Recv Rate	Drop Total	Drop Rate
0	CPU_Q_DOT1X_AUTH	0	0	0	0
1	CPU_Q_L2_CONTROL	9109	0	0	0
2	CPU_Q_FORUS_TRAFFIC	176659	0	0	0
3	CPU_Q_ICMP_GEN	0	0	0	0
4	CPU_Q_ROUTING_CONTROL	447374	0	0	0
5	CPU_Q_FORUS_ADDR_RESOLUTION	80693	0	0	0
6	CPU_Q_ICMP_REDIRECT	0	0	0	0
7	CPU_Q_INTER_FED_TRAFFIC	0	0	0	0
8	CPU_Q_L2LVX_CONTROL_PKT	0	0	0	0
9	CPU_Q_EWLC_CONTROL	0	0	0	0
10	CPU_Q_EWLC_DATA	0	0	0	0
11	CPU_Q_L2LVX_DATA_PKT	0	0	0	0
12	CPU_Q_BROADCAST	22680	0	0	0
13	CPU_Q_CONTROLLER_PUNT	0	0	0	0
14	CPU_Q_SW_FORWARDING	0	0	0	0
15	CPU_Q_TOPOLOGY_CONTROL	271014	0	0	0
16	CPU_Q_PROTO_SNOOPING	0	0	0	0
17	CPU_Q_DHCP_SNOOPING	0	0	0	0
18	CPU_Q_TRANSIT_TRAFFIC	0	0	0	0
19	CPU_Q_RPF_FAILED	0	0	0	0
20	CPU_Q_MCAST_END_STATION_SERVICE	2679	0	0	0
21	CPU_Q_LOGGING	444	0	0	0
22	CPU_Q_PUNT_WEBAUTH	0	0	0	0
23	CPU_Q_HIGH_RATE_APP	0	0	0	0
24	CPU_Q_EXCEPTION	0	0	0	0
25	CPU_Q_SYSTEM_CRITICAL	0	0	0	0
26	CPU_Q_NFL_SAMPLED_DATA	0	0	0	0
27	CPU_Q_LOW_LATENCY	0	0	0	0
28	CPU_Q_EGR_EXCEPTION	0	0	0	0
29	CPU_Q_FSS	0	0	0	0
30	CPU_Q_MCAST_DATA	0	0	0	0
31	CPU_Q_GOLD_PKT	0	0	0	0

檢查CPU繫結的流量

Catalyst 9000系列交換機提供用於監控和檢視計算密集型流量的實用程式。使用這些工具瞭解哪些流量被主動傳送到CPU。

內嵌式封包擷取(EPC)

控制平面上的EPC可在任一方向 (或兩者) 上完成。對於傳送的流量，捕獲入站。控制平面上的EPC可以儲存到緩衝區或檔案。

<#root>

C9300#

```
monitor capture CONTROL control-plane in match any buffer circular size 10
```

C9300#

```
show monitor capture CONTROL parameter <-- Check to ensure parameters are as expected.
```

```
    monitor capture CONTROL control-plane IN
    monitor capture CONTROL match any
    monitor capture CONTROL buffer size 10 circular
```

C9300#

```
monitor capture CONTROL start <-- Starts the capture.
```

Started capture point : CONTROL

C9300#

```
monitor capture CONTROL stop <-- Stops the capture.
```

Capture statistics collected at software:

```
    Capture duration - 5 seconds
    Packets received - 39
    Packets dropped - 0
    Packets oversized - 0
```

Bytes dropped in ASIC - 0

Capture buffer will exist till exported or cleared

Stopped capture point : CONTROL

擷取結果可透過簡短或詳細的輸出來檢視。

<#root>

C9300#

```
show monitor capture CONTROL buffer brief
```

Starting the packet display Press Ctrl + Shift + 6 to exit

```
 1  0.000000 5c:5a:c7:61:4c:5f -> 00:00:04:00:0e:00 ARP 64 192.168.10.1 is at 5c:5a:c7:61:4c:5f
 2  0.030643 00:00:00:00:00:00 -> 00:06:df:f7:20:01 0x0000 30 Ethernet II
 3  0.200016 5c:5a:c7:61:4c:5f -> 00:00:04:00:0e:00 ARP 64 192.168.10.1 is at 5c:5a:c7:61:4c:5f
 4  0.400081 5c:5a:c7:61:4c:5f -> 00:00:04:00:0e:00 ARP 64 192.168.10.1 is at 5c:5a:c7:61:4c:5f
 5  0.599962 5c:5a:c7:61:4c:5f -> 00:00:04:00:0e:00 ARP 64 192.168.10.1 is at 5c:5a:c7:61:4c:5f
 6  0.800067 5c:5a:c7:61:4c:5f -> 00:00:04:00:0e:00 ARP 64 192.168.10.1 is at 5c:5a:c7:61:4c:5f
 7  0.812456 00:1b:0d:a5:e2:a5 -> 01:80:c2:00:00:00 STP 60 RST. Root = 0/10/00:1b:53:bb:91:00 Cost
 8  0.829809 10.122.163.3 -> 224.0.0.2 HSRP 92 Hello (state Active)
 9  0.981313 10.122.163.2 -> 224.0.0.13 PIMv2 72 Hello
10  1.004747 5c:5a:c7:61:4c:5f -> 00:00:04:00:0e:00 ARP 64 192.168.10.1 is at 5c:5a:c7:61:4c:5f
11  1.200082 5c:5a:c7:61:4c:5f -> 00:00:04:00:0e:00 ARP 64 192.168.10.1 is at 5c:5a:c7:61:4c:5f
12  1.399987 5c:5a:c7:61:4c:5f -> 00:00:04:00:0e:00 ARP 64 192.168.10.1 is at 5c:5a:c7:61:4c:5f
13  1.599944 5c:5a:c7:61:4c:5f -> 00:00:04:00:0e:00 ARP 64 192.168.10.1 is at 5c:5a:c7:61:4c:5f
```

<snip>

C9300#

show monitor capture CONTROL buffer detail | begin Frame 7

Frame 7: 60 bytes on wire (480 bits), 60 bytes captured (480 bits) on interface /tmp/epc_ws/wif_to_ts_p

Interface id: 0 (/tmp/epc_ws/wif_to_ts_pipe)
Interface name: /tmp/epc_ws/wif_to_ts_pipe
Encapsulation type: Ethernet (1)
Arrival Time: May 3, 2023 23:58:11.727432000 UTC
[Time shift for this packet: 0.000000000 seconds]
Epoch Time: 1683158291.727432000 seconds
[Time delta from previous captured frame: 0.012389000 seconds]
[Time delta from previous displayed frame: 0.012389000 seconds]
[Time since reference or first frame: 0.812456000 seconds]
Frame Number: 7
Frame Length: 60 bytes (480 bits)
Capture Length: 60 bytes (480 bits)
[Frame is marked: False]
[Frame is ignored: False]
[Protocols in frame: eth:llc:stp]

IEEE 802.3 Ethernet

Destination: 01:80:c2:00:00:00 (01:80:c2:00:00:00)
Address: 01:80:c2:00:00:00 (01:80:c2:00:00:00)
.... ..0. = LG bit: Globally unique address (factory default)
.... ...1. = IG bit: Group address (multicast/broadcast)
Source: 00:1b:0d:a5:e2:a5 (00:1b:0d:a5:e2:a5)
Address: 00:1b:0d:a5:e2:a5 (00:1b:0d:a5:e2:a5)
.... ..0. = LG bit: Globally unique address (factory default)
.... ...0. = IG bit: Individual address (unicast)

Length: 39
Padding: 00000000000000

Logical-Link Control

DSAP: Spanning Tree BPDU (0x42)
0100 001. = SAP: Spanning Tree BPDU
.... ...0 = IG Bit: Individual
SSAP: Spanning Tree BPDU (0x42)
0100 001. = SAP: Spanning Tree BPDU
.... ...0 = CR Bit: Command
Control field: U, func=UI (0x03)
000. 00.. = Command: Unnumbered Information (0x00)
.... ..11 = Frame type: Unnumbered frame (0x3)

Spanning Tree Protocol

Protocol Identifier: Spanning Tree Protocol (0x0000)
Protocol Version Identifier: Rapid Spanning Tree (2)
BPDU Type: Rapid/Multiple Spanning Tree (0x02)
BPDU flags: 0x3c, Forwarding, Learning, Port Role: Designated
0... = Topology Change Acknowledgment: No
.0.. = Agreement: No
..1. = Forwarding: Yes
...1 = Learning: Yes
.... 11.. = Port Role: Designated (3)
.... ..0. = Proposal: No
.... ...0 = Topology Change: No
Root Identifier: 0 / 10 / 00:1b:53:bb:91:00
Root Bridge Priority: 0
Root Bridge System ID Extension: 10
Root Bridge System ID: 00:1b:53:bb:91:00 (00:1b:53:bb:91:00)
Root Path Cost: 19
Bridge Identifier: 32768 / 10 / 00:1b:0d:a5:e2:80
Bridge Priority: 32768
Bridge System ID Extension: 10
Bridge System ID: 00:1b:0d:a5:e2:80 (00:1b:0d:a5:e2:80)
Port identifier: 0x8025
Message Age: 1
Max Age: 20

Hello Time: 2
Forward Delay: 15
Version 1 Length: 0

C9300#

```
monitor capture CONTROL buffer display-filter "frame.number==9" detailed <-- Most Wireshark display fil
```

Starting the packet display Press Ctrl + Shift + 6 to exit

Frame 9: 64 bytes on wire (512 bits), 64 bytes captured (512 bits) on interface /tmp/epc_ws/wif_to_ts_p

Interface id: 0 (/tmp/epc_ws/wif_to_ts_pipe)
Interface name: /tmp/epc_ws/wif_to_ts_pipe
Encapsulation type: Ethernet (1)
Arrival Time: May 4, 2023 00:07:44.912567000 UTC
[Time shift for this packet: 0.000000000 seconds]
Epoch Time: 1683158864.912567000 seconds
[Time delta from previous captured frame: 0.123942000 seconds]
[Time delta from previous displayed frame: 0.000000000 seconds]
[Time since reference or first frame: 1.399996000 seconds]

Frame Number: 9
Frame Length: 64 bytes (512 bits)
Capture Length: 64 bytes (512 bits)
[Frame is marked: False]
[Frame is ignored: False]
[Protocols in frame: eth:ethertype:vlan:ethertype:arp]

Ethernet II, Src: 5c:5a:c7:61:4c:5f (5c:5a:c7:61:4c:5f), Dst: 00:00:04:00:0e:00 (00:00:04:00:0e:00)

Destination: 00:00:04:00:0e:00 (00:00:04:00:0e:00)
Address: 00:00:04:00:0e:00 (00:00:04:00:0e:00)
.... ..0. = LG bit: Globally unique address (factory default)
.... ..0 = IG bit: Individual address (unicast)

Source: 5c:5a:c7:61:4c:5f (5c:5a:c7:61:4c:5f)
Address: 5c:5a:c7:61:4c:5f (5c:5a:c7:61:4c:5f)
.... ..0. = LG bit: Globally unique address (factory default)
.... ..0 = IG bit: Individual address (unicast)

Type: 802.1Q Virtual LAN (0x8100)
802.1Q Virtual LAN, PRI: 0, DEI: 0, ID: 10
000. = Priority: Best Effort (default) (0)
...0 = DEI: Ineligible
.... 0000 0000 1010 = ID: 10

Type: ARP (0x0806)
Padding: 00000000000000000000000000000000
Trailer: 00000000

Address Resolution Protocol (reply)

Hardware type: Ethernet (1)
Protocol type: IPv4 (0x0800)
Hardware size: 6
Protocol size: 4
Opcode: reply (2)
Sender MAC address: 5c:5a:c7:61:4c:5f (5c:5a:c7:61:4c:5f)
Sender IP address: 192.168.10.1
Target MAC address: 00:00:04:00:0e:00 (00:00:04:00:0e:00)
Target IP address: 192.168.10.25

擷取結果可以直接寫入檔案，或從緩衝區匯出。

<#root>

C9300#

```
monitor capture CONTROL export location flash:control.pcap <-- Exports the current buffer to file. Exporter
```

Export Started Successfully

Export completed for capture point CONTROL

C9300#

C9300#

```
dir flash: | in control.pcap
```

```
475231 -rw-          3972   May 4 2023 00:00:38 +00:00 control.pcap
```

C9300#

FED CPU資料包捕獲

Catalyst 9000系列交換機支援調試實用程式，該實用程式允許增強與CPU之間的資料包的可視性。

```
C9300#debug platform software fed switch active punt packet-capture ?
```

```
buffer          Configure packet capture buffer
clear-filter    Clear punt PCAP filter
set-filter      Specify wireshark like filter (Punt PCAP)
start          Start punt packet capturing
stop           Stop punt packet capturing
```

```
C9300#$re fed switch active punt packet-capture buffer limit 16384
```

Punt PCAP buffer configure: one-time with buffer size 16384...done

```
C9300#show platform software fed switch active punt packet-capture status
```

Punt packet capturing: disabled. Buffer wrapping: disabled
Total captured so far: 0 packets. Capture capacity : 16384 packets

```
C9300#debug platform software fed switch active punt packet-capture start
```

Punt packet capturing started.

```
C9300#debug platform software fed switch active punt packet-capture stop
```

Punt packet capturing stopped. Captured 55 packet(s)

緩衝區內容包含用於輸出的簡短和詳細選項。

<#root>

C9300#

```
show platform software fed switch active punt packet-capture brief
```

Punt packet capturing: disabled. Buffer wrapping: disabled
Total captured so far: 55 packets. Capture capacity : 16384 packets

```
----- Punt Packet Number: 1, Timestamp: 2023/05/04 00:17:41.709 -----
```

```
interface : physical: TenGigabitEthernet1/0/2[if-id: 0x0000000a], pa1: TenGigabitEthernet1/0/2 [if-id:
metadata  : cause: 109 [snoop packets], sub-cause: 1, q-no: 16, linktype: MCP_LINK_TYPE_IP [1]
ether hdr : dest mac: 0000.0400.0e00, src mac: 5c5a.c761.4c5f
ether hdr : v1an: 10, ethertype: 0x8100
```

----- Punt Packet Number: 2, Timestamp: 2023/05/04 00:17:41.909 -----
interface : physical: TenGigabitEthernet1/0/2[if-id: 0x0000000a], pa1: TenGigabitEthernet1/0/2 [if-id:
metadata : cause: 109 [snoop packets], sub-cause: 1, q-no: 16, linktype: MCP_LINK_TYPE_IP [1]
ether hdr : dest mac: 0000.0400.0e00, src mac: 5c5a.c761.4c5f
ether hdr : v1an: 10, ethertype: 0x8100

----- Punt Packet Number: 3, Timestamp: 2023/05/04 00:17:42.109 -----
interface : physical: TenGigabitEthernet1/0/2[if-id: 0x0000000a], pa1: TenGigabitEthernet1/0/2 [if-id:
metadata : cause: 109 [snoop packets], sub-cause: 1, q-no: 16, linktype: MCP_LINK_TYPE_IP [1]
ether hdr : dest mac: 0000.0400.0e00, src mac: 5c5a.c761.4c5f
ether hdr : v1an: 10, ethertype: 0x8100

----- Punt Packet Number: 4, Timestamp: 2023/05/04 00:17:42.309 -----
interface : physical: TenGigabitEthernet1/0/2[if-id: 0x0000000a], pa1: TenGigabitEthernet1/0/2 [if-id:
metadata : cause: 109 [snoop packets], sub-cause: 1, q-no: 16, linktype: MCP_LINK_TYPE_IP [1]
ether hdr : dest mac: 0000.0400.0e00, src mac: 5c5a.c761.4c5f
ether hdr : v1an: 10, ethertype: 0x8100

----- Punt Packet Number: 5, Timestamp: 2023/05/04 00:17:42.509 -----
interface : physical: TenGigabitEthernet1/0/2[if-id: 0x0000000a], pa1: TenGigabitEthernet1/0/2 [if-id:
metadata : cause: 109 [snoop packets], sub-cause: 1, q-no: 16, linktype: MCP_LINK_TYPE_IP [1]
ether hdr : dest mac: 0000.0400.0e00, src mac: 5c5a.c761.4c5f
ether hdr : v1an: 10, ethertype: 0x8100

C9300#

show platform software fed switch active punt packet-capture detailed <-- Detailed provides the same info

Punt packet capturing: disabled. Buffer wrapping: disabled
Total captured so far: 55 packets. Capture capacity : 16384 packets

----- Punt Packet Number: 1, Timestamp: 2023/05/04 00:17:41.709 -----
interface : physical: TenGigabitEthernet1/0/2[if-id: 0x0000000a], pa1: TenGigabitEthernet1/0/2 [if-id:
metadata : cause: 109 [snoop packets], sub-cause: 1, q-no: 16, linktype: MCP_LINK_TYPE_IP [1]
ether hdr : dest mac: 0000.0400.0e00, src mac: 5c5a.c761.4c5f
ether hdr : v1an: 10, ethertype: 0x8100

Packet Data Hex-Dump (length: 68 bytes) :

```
000004000E005C5A C7614C5F8100000A 0806000108000604 00025C5AC7614C5F
COA80A0100000400 0E00COA80A190000 0000000000000000 0000000000000000
E9F1C9F3
```

Doppler Frame Descriptor :

fdFormat	= 0x4	systemTtl	= 0xe
loadBalHash1	= 0x20	loadBalHash2	= 0xc
spanSessionMap	= 0	forwardingMode	= 0
destModIndex	= 0	skipIdIndex	= 0
srcGpn	= 0x2	qosLabel	= 0x83
srcCos	= 0	ingressTranslatedVlan	= 0x7
bpdu	= 0	spanHistory	= 0
sgt	= 0	fpeFirstHeaderType	= 0
srcVlan	= 0xa	rcpServiceId	= 0x1
wccpSkip	= 0	srcPortLeIndex	= 0x1
cryptoProtocol	= 0	debugTagId	= 0
vrfId	= 0	saIndex	= 0
pendingAfdLabel	= 0	destClient	= 0x1
appId	= 0	finalStationIndex	= 0x74
decryptSuccess	= 0	encryptSuccess	= 0
rcpMiscResults	= 0	stackedFdPresent	= 0
spanDirection	= 0	egressRedirect	= 0
redirectIndex	= 0	exceptionLabel	= 0
destGpn	= 0	inlineFd	= 0x1

```

suppressRefPtrUpdate      = 0                suppressRewriteSideEffects = 0
cmi2                      = 0                currentRi                  = 0x1
currentDi                 = 0x527b          dropIpUnreachable         = 0
srcZoneId                 = 0                srcAsicId                  = 0
originalDi                = 0                originalRi                 = 0
srcL3IfIndex              = 0x27           dstL3IfIndex               = 0
dstVlan                   = 0                frameLength                 = 0x44
fdCrc                     = 0x97           tunnelSpokeId              = 0
isPtp                     = 0                ieee1588TimeStampValid    = 0
ieee1588TimeStamp55_48    = 0                lvxSourceRlocIpAddress    = 0
sgtCachingNeeded          = 0

```

Doppler Frame Descriptor Hex-Dump :

```

0000000044004E04 000B40977B520000 0000000000000100 000000070A000000
0000000001000010 0000000074000100 0000000027830200 0000000000000000

```

有許多顯示過濾器可供使用。支援最常見的Wireshark顯示過濾器。

<#root>

C9300#

show platform software fed switch active punt packet-capture display-filter-help

FED Punct specific filters :

1. fed.cause FED punt or inject cause
2. fed.linktype FED linktype
3. fed.pal_if_id FED platform interface ID
4. fed.phy_if_id FED physical interface ID
5. fed.queue FED Doppler hardware queue
6. fed.subcause FED punt or inject sub cause

Generic filters supported :

7. arp Is this an ARP packet
8. bootp DHCP packets [Macro]
9. cdp Is this a CDP packet
10. eth Does the packet have an Ethernet header
11. eth.addr Ethernet source or destination MAC address
12. eth.dst Ethernet destination MAC address
13. eth.ig IG bit of ethernet destination address (broadcast/multicast)
14. eth.src Ethernet source MAC address
15. eth.type Ethernet type
16. gre Is this a GRE packet
17. icmp Is this a ICMP packet
18. icmp.code ICMP code
19. icmp.type ICMP type
20. icmpv6 Is this a ICMPv6 packet
21. icmpv6.code ICMPv6 code
22. icmpv6.type ICMPv6 type
23. ip Does the packet have an IPv4 header
24. ip.addr IPv4 source or destination IP address
25. ip.dst IPv4 destination IP address
26. ip.flags.df IPv4 dont fragment flag
27. ip.flags.mf IPv4 more fragments flag
28. ip.frag_offset IPv4 fragment offset
29. ip.proto Protocol used in datagram
30. ip.src IPv4 source IP address
31. ip.ttl IPv4 time to live
32. ipv6 Does the packet have an IPv4 header
33. ipv6.addr IPv6 source or destination IP address

34. ipv6.dst	IPv6 destination IP address
35. ipv6.hlim	IPv6 hop limit
36. ipv6.nxt	IPv6 next header
37. ipv6.plen	IPv6 payload length
38. ipv6.src	IPv6 source IP address
39. stp	Is this a STP packet
40. tcp	Does the packet have a TCP header
41. tcp.dstport	TCP destination port
42. tcp.port	TCP source OR destination port
43. tcp.srcport	TCP source port
44. udp	Does the packet have a UDP header
45. udp.dstport	UDP destination port
46. udp.port	UDP source OR destination port
47. udp.srcport	UDP source port
48. vlan.id	Vlan ID (dot1q or qinq only)
49. vxlan	Is this a VXLAN packet

C9300#

```
show platform software fed switch active punt packet-capture display-filter arp brief
```

```
Punt packet capturing: disabled. Buffer wrapping: disabled
Total captured so far: 55 packets. Capture capacity : 16384 packets
```

```
----- Punt Packet Number: 1, Timestamp: 2023/05/04 00:17:41.709 -----
interface : physical: TenGigabitEthernet1/0/2[if-id: 0x0000000a], pa1: TenGigabitEthernet1/0/2 [if-id:
metadata  : cause: 109 [snoop packets], sub-cause: 1, q-no: 16, linktype: MCP_LINK_TYPE_IP [1]
ether hdr  : dest mac: 0000.0400.0e00, src mac: 5c5a.c761.4c5f
ether hdr  : vlan: 10, ethertype: 0x8100
```

```
----- Punt Packet Number: 2, Timestamp: 2023/05/04 00:17:41.909 -----
interface : physical: TenGigabitEthernet1/0/2[if-id: 0x0000000a], pa1: TenGigabitEthernet1/0/2 [if-id:
metadata  : cause: 109 [snoop packets], sub-cause: 1, q-no: 16, linktype: MCP_LINK_TYPE_IP [1]
ether hdr  : dest mac: 0000.0400.0e00, src mac: 5c5a.c761.4c5f
ether hdr  : vlan: 10, ethertype: 0x8100
<snip>
```

過濾器也可以作為捕獲過濾器應用。

<#root>

C9300#

```
show platform software fed switch active punt packet-capture set-filter arp <-- Most common Wireshark fi
```

```
Filter setup successful. Captured packets will be cleared
```

```
C9300#e fed switch active punt packet-capture status
Punt packet capturing: disabled. Buffer wrapping: disabled
Total captured so far: 0 packets. Capture capacity : 16384 packets
Capture filter : "arp"
```

常見案例

對本地IP的間斷ICMP(Ping)丟失

轉發到交換機上的本地IP的流量在Forus (字面意思是「for us」) 隊列中傳送。Forus CoPP隊列中的增加與發往本地交換機的丟棄資料包有關。這相對直截了當，且易於概念化。

但在某些情況下，可能會丟失與Forus丟棄不完全相關的本地目標流量。

如果流量足夠多的CPU流量，則傳送路徑會變得過度飽和，超出了CoPP優先處理被管制流量的能力。流量以先入先出方式進行「靜默式」管制。

在此場景中，可以看到大量控制平面策略的證據，但是感興趣的流量型別 (在本示例中為Forus) 不一定會主動增加。

總之，如果存在異常高的CPU流量 (透過活動的CoPP管制進行證明並透過資料包捕獲或FED傳送調試進行演示)，則可能會出現與您正在故障排除的隊列不一致的丟失。在此場景中，確定超出CPU流量的原因，並採取措施減輕控制平面的負擔。

高ICMP重定向和DHCP運行緩慢

Catalyst 9000系列交換機上的CoPP可組織為32個硬體隊列。這32個硬體隊列與20個單獨的監察器索引一致。每個監察器索引都與一個或多個硬體隊列相關。

從功能上講，這意味著多個流量類共用一個監察器索引，並受一個通用聚合監察器值的約束。

在啟用了DHCP中繼代理的交換機上發現的一個常見問題是DHCP響應緩慢。客戶端可以偶爾獲得IP，但需要多次嘗試才能完成，並且某些客戶端會超時。

ICMP重新導向佇列和廣播佇列共用一個管制器索引，因此在同一交換器虛擬介面(SVI)上接收和路由輸出的大量流量會影響依賴廣播流量的應用程式。當交換機充當中繼代理時，這一點尤其明顯。

本文檔深入解釋了這一概念以及如何緩解：[排除Catalyst 9000 DHCP中繼代理上的DHCP故障](#)

其他資源

[對Catalyst 9000 DHCP中繼代理上的慢速或間歇性DHCP進行故障排除](#)

[在Catalyst 9000交換機上配置FED CPU資料包捕獲](#)

[Catalyst 9300交換機：配置控制層面策略](#)

[配置資料包捕獲-網路管理配置指南, Cisco IOS XE Bengaluru 17.6.x \(Catalyst 9300交換機 \)](#)

[操作Catalyst 9000交換機上的DHCP監聽並排除故障](#)

關於此翻譯

思科已使用電腦和人工技術翻譯本文件，讓全世界的使用者能夠以自己的語言理解支援內容。請注意，即使是最佳機器翻譯，也不如專業譯者翻譯的內容準確。Cisco Systems, Inc. 對這些翻譯的準確度概不負責，並建議一律查看原始英文文件（提供連結）。