

配置ASA IPsec VTI Connection Amazon Web Services

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简介

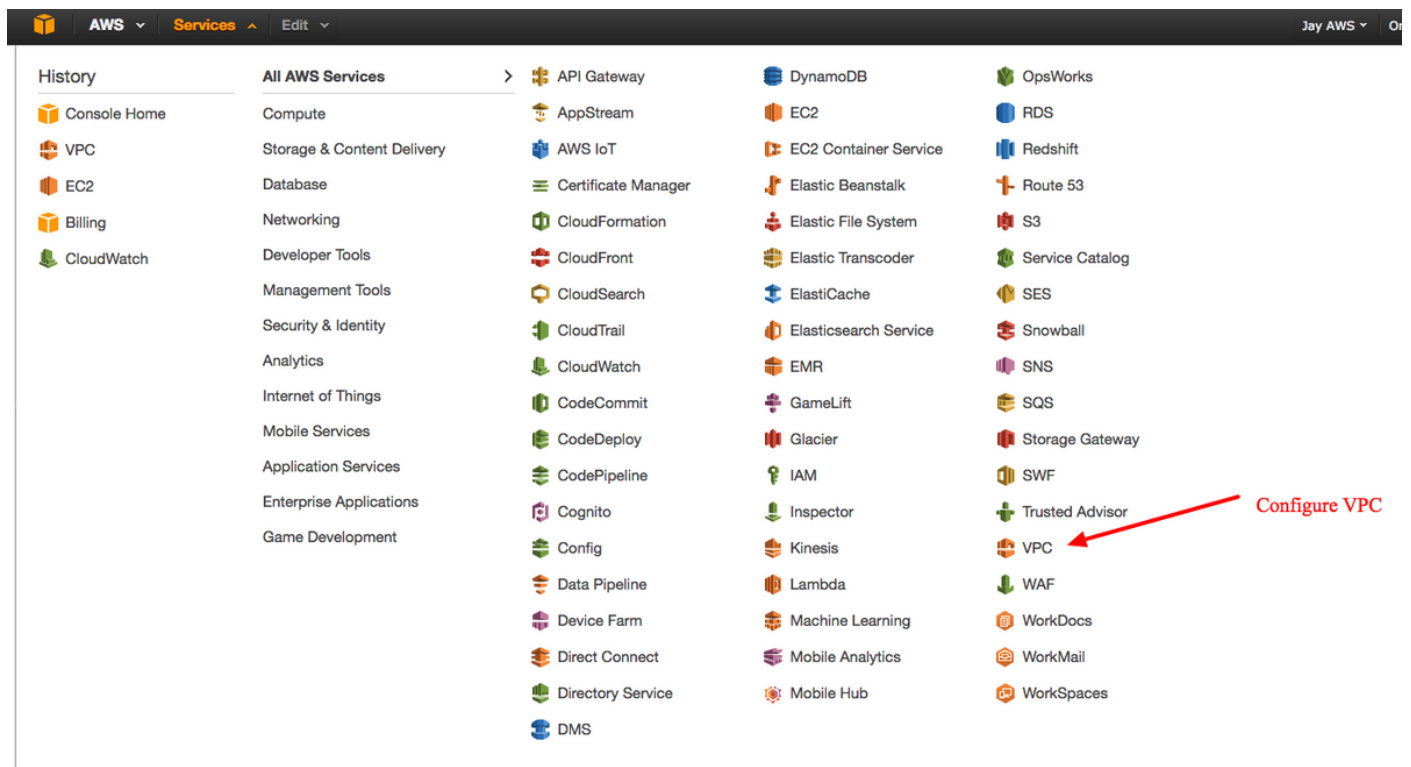
本文档介绍如何配置自适应安全设备(ASA)IPsec虚拟隧道接口(VTI)连接。在ASA 9.7.1中，引入了IPsec VTI。 此版本中仅限于使用IKEv1的sVTI IPv4 over IPv4。 这是ASA连接到Amazon Web Services(AWS)的配置示例。

注意：目前，VTI仅在单情景路由模式下受支持。

配置AWS

步骤1:

登录AWS控制台并导航至VPC面板。



导航至VPC控制面板

第二步：

确认已创建虚拟私有云(VPC)。默认情况下，会创建一个172.31.0.0/16的VPC。这是虚拟机(VM)的连接位置。

The screenshot shows the AWS VPC Dashboard. On the left, the 'Your VPCs' link is circled in red. The main area displays a table of VPCs with the following data:

Name	VPC ID	State	VPC CIDR	DHCP options set	Route table	Network ACL	Tenancy	Default VPC
	vpc-e1e00786	available	172.31.0.0/16	dopt-58d5b13c	rtb-3a3f9e5d	acl-f6844591	Default	Yes

Below the table, the details for the VPC 'vpc-e1e00786 (172.31.0.0/16)' are shown. A red arrow points from the text 'Default VPC already created' to the 'VPC CIDR' field in the table above.

Summary

- VPC ID: vpc-e1e00786
- State: available
- VPC CIDR: 172.31.0.0/16
- DHCP options set: dopt-58d5b13c
- Route table: rtb-3a3f9e5d
- Network ACL: acl-f6844591
- Tenancy: Default
- DNS resolution: yes
- DNS hostnames: yes
- ClassicLink DNS Support: no

第三步：

创建“客户网关”。这是代表ASA的终端。

字段

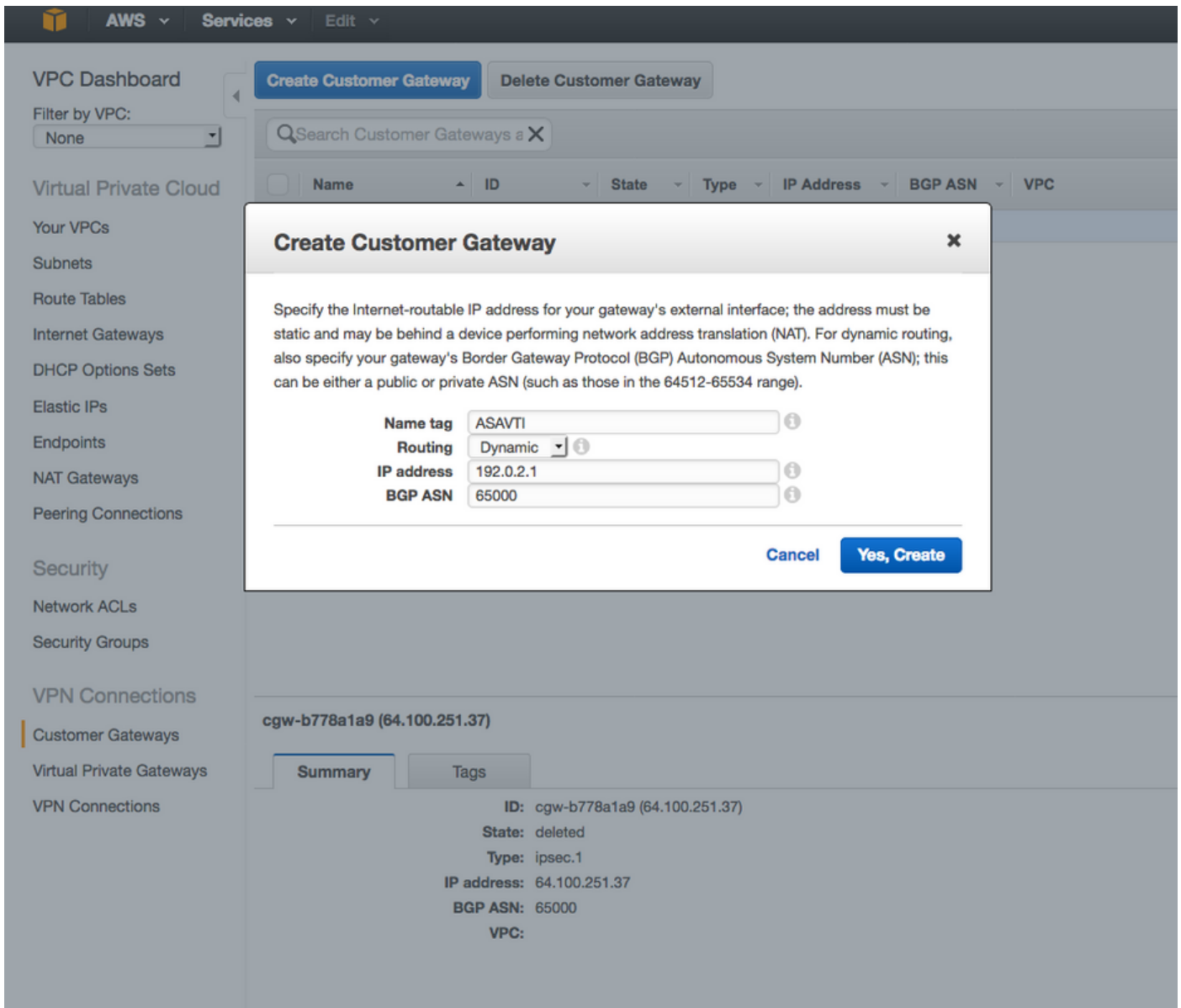
价值

名称标记 这只是个可识别ASA的可读名称。

路由 动态 — 这意味着将使用边界网关协议(BGP)来交换路由信息。

IP Address 这是ASA外部接口的公有IP地址。

BGP ASN BGP进程的自治系统(AS)编号，比在ASA上运行的编号。使用65000，除非您的组织有公共AS号。

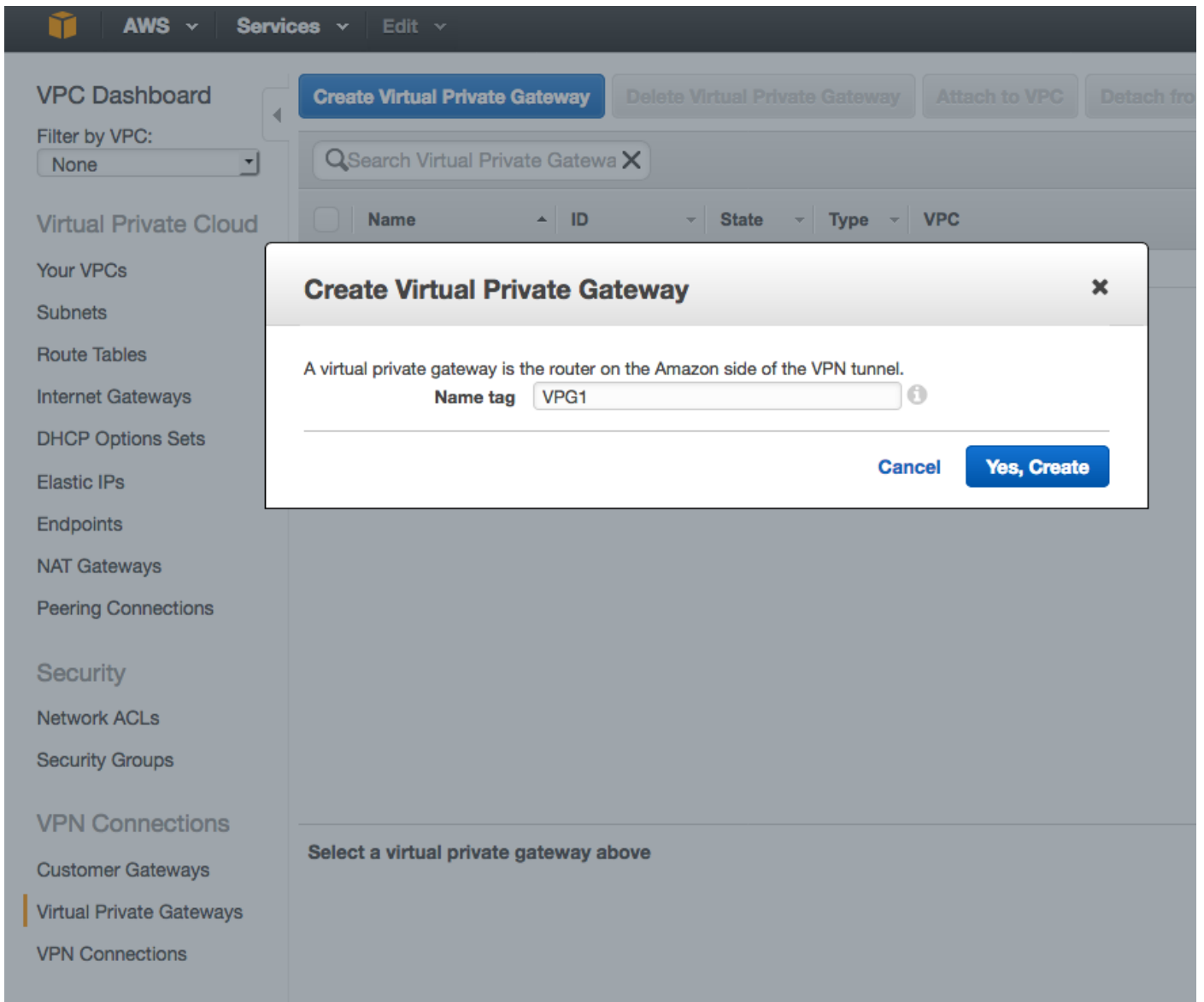


第四步：

创建虚拟专用网关(VPG)。这是一台模拟路由器，它托管于AWS，终止IPsec隧道。

字段 价值

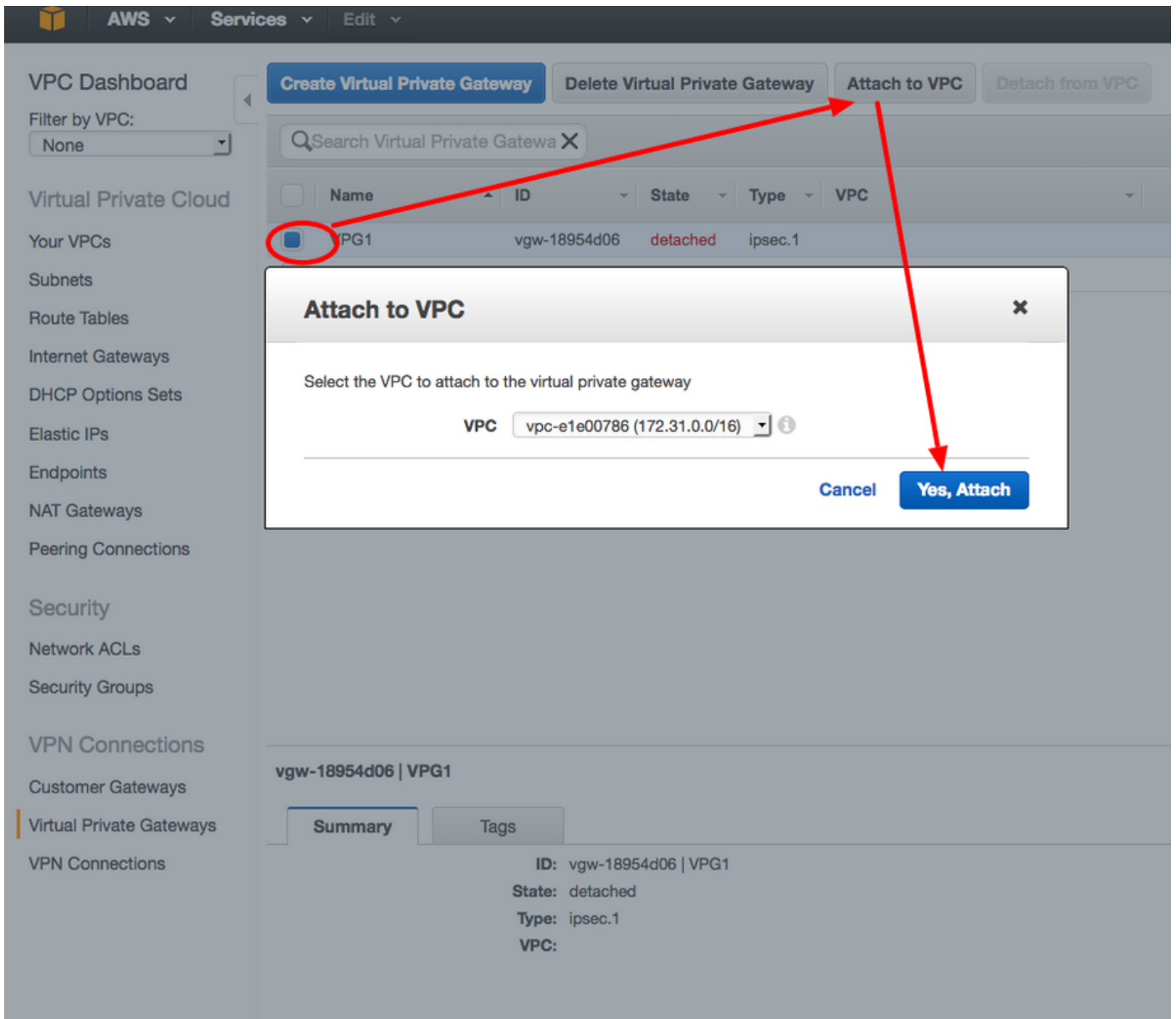
名称标记 识别VPG的可读名称。



第五步：

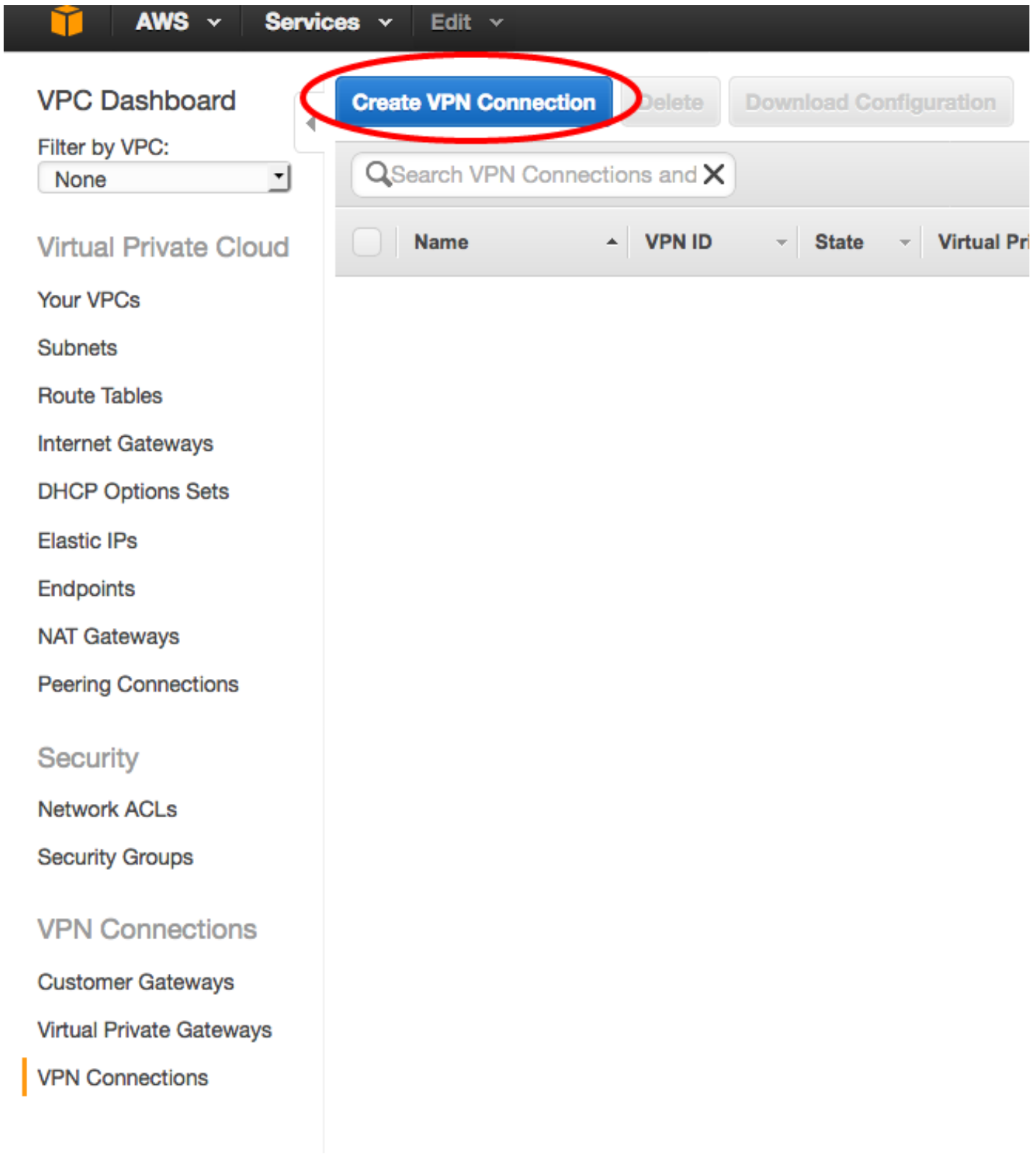
将VPG连接到VPC。

选择虚拟专用网关，点击**连接到VPC**，从VPC下拉列表中选择VPC，然后点击**是，连接**。



第六步：

创建VPN连接。



字段	价值
名称标记	AWS和ASA之间VPN连接的可读标签。
虚拟专用网关	选择刚创建的VPG。
客户网关	单击 Existing 单选按钮，然后选择ASA的网关。
路由选项	单击“ Dynamic(requires BGP) ”单选按钮。

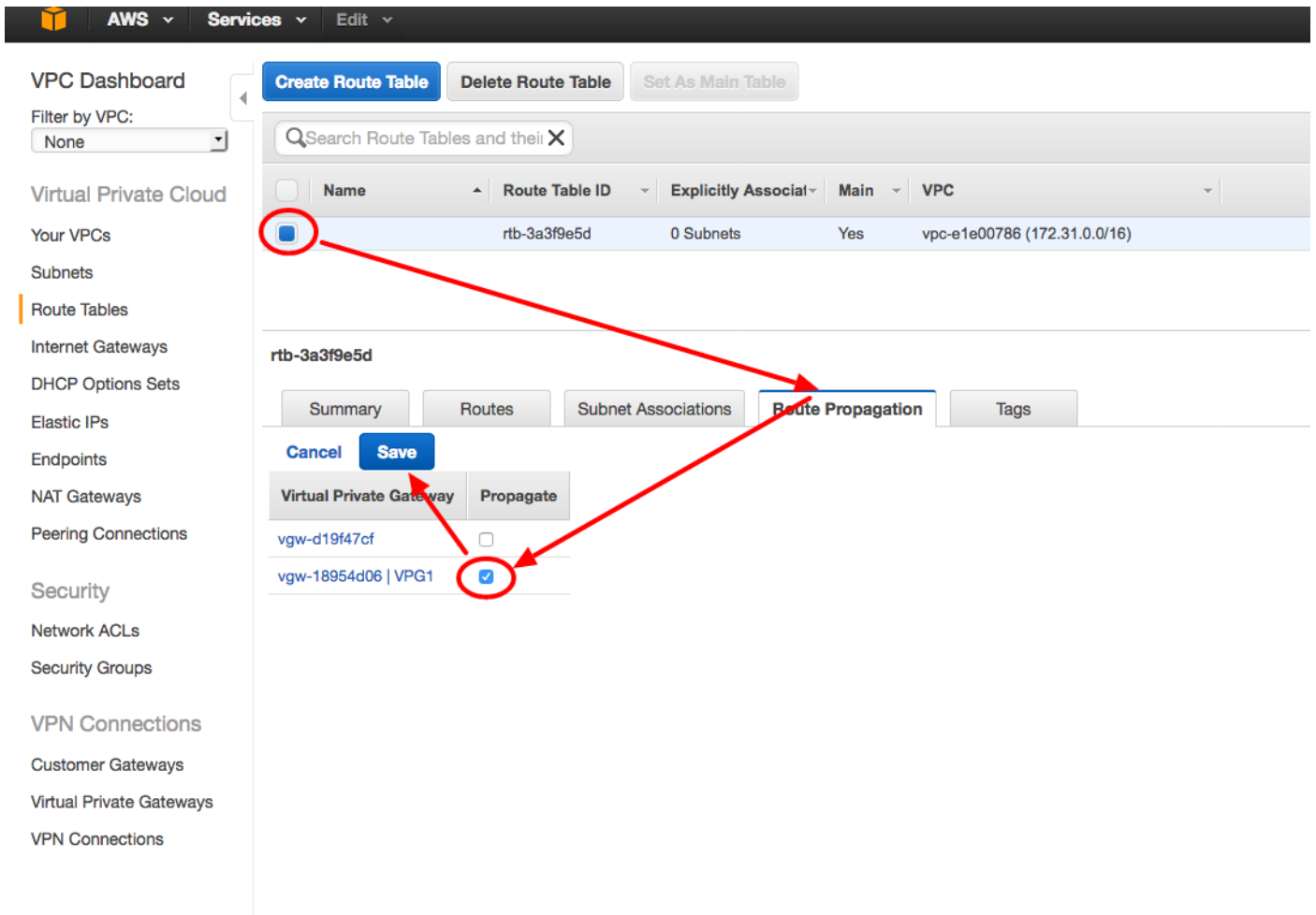
The screenshot shows the AWS Management Console interface for creating a VPN connection. The left sidebar contains navigation options like 'VPC Dashboard', 'Virtual Private Cloud', and 'VPN Connections'. The main area displays a 'Create VPN Connection' dialog box with the following fields and options:

- Name tag:** VPNtoASA
- Virtual Private Gateway:** vgw-18954d06 | VPG1
- Customer Gateway:** Existing (selected) / New. Selected: cgw-837fa69d (64.100.251.37) | ASAVTI
- Routing Options:** Dynamic (requires BGP) (selected) / Static

Buttons at the bottom of the dialog are 'Cancel' and 'Yes, Create'.

步骤 7.

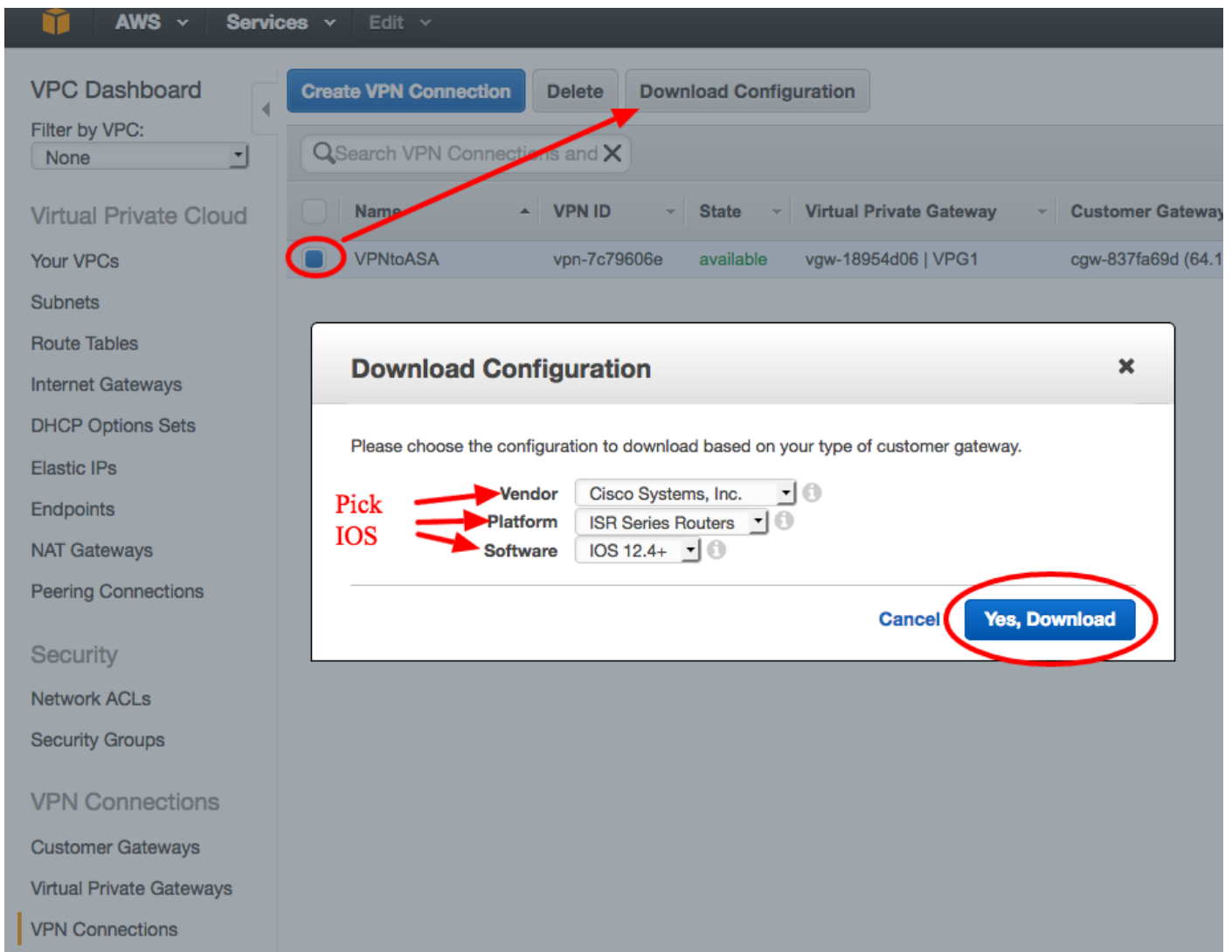
配置路由表，将从VPG（通过BGP）获知的路由传播到VPC。



步骤 8

下载建议的配置。选择以下值以生成VTI样式配置的配置。

字段	价值
供应商	Cisco Systems, Inc.
Platform	ISR系列路由器
软件	IOS 12.4+



配置 ASA

下载配置后，需要进行一些转换。

步骤1:

crypto isakmp policy to crypto ikev1 policy。 由于策略200和策略201相同，因此只需要一个策略。

建议的配置

```
crypto isakmp policy 200
  encryption aes 128
  authentication pre-share
  2
  lifetime 28800
  hash sha
```

```
crypto isakmp policy 201
  encryption aes 128
  authentication pre-share
  2
  lifetime 28800
```

至

```
crypto ikev1 enable outside
crypto ikev1 policy 10
  authentication pre-share
  AES
  hash sha
  2
  lifetime 28800
```

```
hash sha
```

第二步：

crypto ipsec transform-set到crypto ipsec ikev1 transform-set。 只需一个转换集，因为两个转换集是相同的。

建议的配置

```
crypto ipsec transform-set ipsec-prop-vpn-7c79606e-0 esp-aes 128 esp-sha-hmac
```

```
crypto ipsec transform-set ipsec-prop-vpn-7c79606e-1 esp-aes 128 esp-sha-hmac
```

至

```
crypto ipsec ikev1 transform-set AWS esp-aes esp-sha-hmac
```

第三步：

crypto ipsec profile到crypto ipsec profile。 只需一个配置文件，因为两个配置文件是相同的。

建议的配置

```
crypto ipsec profile ipsec-vpn-7c79606e-0
  set pfs group2
  set security-association lifetime seconds 3600
  set transform-set ipsec-prop-vpn-7c79606e-0
```

```
crypto ipsec profile ipsec-vpn-7c79606e-1
  set pfs group2
  set security-association lifetime seconds 3600
  set transform-set ipsec-prop-vpn-7c79606e-1
```

至

```
crypto ipsec profile AWS
  set ikev1 transform-set AWS
  set pfs group2
  set security-association lifetime seconds 3600
```

第四步：

加密密钥环和加密isakmp配置文件需要转换为每个隧道的隧道组。

建议的配置

```
crypto keyring keyring-vpn-7c79606e-0
  local-address 64.100.251.37
  52.34.205.227QZhh90Bjf
!
crypto isakmp profile isakmp-vpn-7c79606e-0
  local-address 64.100.251.37
  match identity address 52.34.205.227
  keyring keyring-vpn-7c79606e-0
!
```

```
crypto keyring keyring-vpn-7c79606e-1
  local-address 64.100.251.37
```

至

```
tunnel-group 52.34.205.227
  type ipsec-l2l
tunnel-group 52.34.205.227
  ipsec-attributes
    ikev1 pre-shared-key QZhh90Bjf
    isakmp keepalive threshold 10 retry 10
tunnel-group 52.37.194.100
  type ipsec-l2l
tunnel-group 52.37.194.100
  ipsec-attributes
    ikev1JjxCWy4Ae
```

52.37.194.219JjxCWy4Ae

```
!  
crypto isakmp profile isakmp-vpn-7c79606e-1          isakmp keepalive  
  local-address 64.100.251.37                        threshold 10 retry 10  
  match identity address 52.37.194.219  
  keyring keyring-vpn-7c79606e-1
```

第五步：

隧道配置几乎相同。ASA不支持ip tcp adjust-mss或ip virtual-reassembly命令。

建议的配置

```
Tunnel1  
  ip address 169.254.13.190 255.255.255.252  
  ip virtual-reassembly  
  64.100.251.37  
  52.34.205.227  
  ipsec ipv4  
  ipsecipsec-vpn-7c79606e-0  
  ip tcp adjust-mss 1387  
  no shutdown
```

```
!  
Tunnel2  
  ip address 169.254.12.86 255.255.255.252  
  ip virtual-reassembly  
  64.100.251.37  
  52.37.194.219  
  ipsec ipv4  
  ipsecipsec-vpn-7c79606e-1  
  ip tcp adjust-mss 1387  
  no shutdown
```

至

```
Tunnel1  
  nameif AWS1  
  ip address 169.254.13.190  
  255.255.255.252
```

```
  52.34.205.227  
  ipsec ipv4  
  IPSecAWS
```

```
!  
Tunnel2  
  nameif AWS2  
  ip address 169.254.12.86  
  255.255.255.252
```

```
  52.37.194.219  
  ipsec ipv4  
  IPSecAWS
```

第六步：

在本示例中，ASA将只通告内部子网(192.168.1.0/24)并接收AWS内的子网(172.31.0.0/16)。

建议的配置

```
router bgp 65000  
  neighbor 169.254.13.189 remote-as 7224  
  169.254.13.189 activate  
  169.254.13.18910 30 30  
  address-family ipv4 unicast  
    neighbor 169.254.13.189 remote-as 7224  
    169.254.13.18910 30 30  
    neighbor 169.254.13.189 default-originate  
    169.254.13.189 activate  
    neighbor 169.254.13.189 soft-reconfiguration  
inbound  
  network 0.0.0.0
```

至

```
router bgp 65000  
  bgp log-neighbor-changes  
  timers bgp 10 30 0  
  address-family ipv4 unicast  
    neighbor 169.254.12.85  
remote-as 7224  
  169.254.12.85 activate  
  neighbor 169.254.13.189  
remote-as 7224  
  169.254.13.189 activate  
  network 192.168.1.0  
  no auto-summary
```

```

router bgp 65000
 neighbor 169.254.12.85 remote-as 7224
 169.254.12.85 activate
 169.254.12.8510 30 30
 address-family ipv4 unicast
   neighbor 169.254.12.85 remote-as 7224
   169.254.12.8510 30 30 exit-address-family
   neighbor 169.254.12.85 default-originate
   169.254.12.85 activate
   neighbor 169.254.12.85 soft-reconfiguration
inbound
 network 0.0.0.0

```

验证和优化

步骤1:

确认ASA与AWS的两个终端建立IKEv1安全关联。SA的状态应为MM_ACTIVE。

```
ASA# show crypto ikev1 sa
```

```
IKEv1 SAs:
```

```

Active SA: 2
Rekey SA: 0 (A tunnel will report 1 Active and 1 Rekey SA during rekey)
Total IKE SA: 2

```

```

1  IKE Peer: 52.37.194.219
   Type      : L2L           Role       : initiator
   Rekey     : no           State      : MM_ACTIVE
2  IKE Peer: 52.34.205.227
   Type      : L2L           Role       : initiator
   Rekey     : no           State      : MM_ACTIVE

```

```
ASA#
```

第二步 :

确认ASA上已安装IPsec SA。每个对等设备应安装入站和出站SPI，并且应该有一些封顶和封装计数器。

```
ASA# show crypto ipsec sa
```

```
interface: AWS1
```

```
Crypto map tag: __vti-crypto-map-5-0-1, seq num: 65280, local addr: 64.100.251.37
```

```

access-list __vti-def-acl-0 extended permit ip any any
local ident (addr/mask/prot/port): (0.0.0.0/0.0.0.0/0/0)
remote ident (addr/mask/prot/port): (0.0.0.0/0.0.0.0/0/0)
current_peer: 52.34.205.227

```

```
#pkts encaps: 2234, #pkts encrypt: 2234, #pkts digest: 2234
```

#pkts decaps: 1234, #pkts decrypt: 1234, #pkts verify: 1234
#pkts compressed: 0, #pkts decompressed: 0
#pkts not compressed: 2234, #pkts comp failed: 0, #pkts decomp failed: 0
#pre-frag successes: 0, #pre-frag failures: 0, #fragments created: 0
#PMTUs sent: 0, #PMTUs rcvd: 0, #decapsulated frgs needing reassembly: 0
#TFC rcvd: 0, #TFC sent: 0
#Valid ICMP Errors rcvd: 0, #Invalid ICMP Errors rcvd: 0
#send errors: 0, #recv errors: 0

local crypto endpt.: 64.100.251.37/4500, remote crypto endpt.: 52.34.205.227/4500
path mtu 1500, ipsec overhead 82(52), media mtu 1500
PMTU time remaining (sec): 0, DF policy: copy-df
ICMP error validation: disabled, TFC packets: disabled
current outbound spi: 874FCCF3
current inbound spi : 5E653906

inbound esp sas:

spi: 0x5E653906 (1583692038)
transform: esp-aes esp-sha-hmac no compression
in use settings ={L2L, Tunnel, NAT-T-Encaps, PFS Group 2, IKEv1, VTI, }
slot: 0, conn_id: 73728, crypto-map: __vti-crypto-map-5-0-1
sa timing: remaining key lifetime (kB/sec): (4373986/2384)
IV size: 16 bytes
replay detection support: Y
Anti replay bitmap:
0xFFFFFFFF 0xFFFFFFFF

outbound esp sas:

spi: 0x874FCCF3 (2270153971)
transform: esp-aes esp-sha-hmac no compression
in use settings ={L2L, Tunnel, NAT-T-Encaps, PFS Group 2, IKEv1, VTI, }
slot: 0, conn_id: 73728, crypto-map: __vti-crypto-map-5-0-1
sa timing: remaining key lifetime (kB/sec): (4373986/2384)
IV size: 16 bytes
replay detection support: Y
Anti replay bitmap:
0x00000000 0x00000001

interface: AWS2

Crypto map tag: __vti-crypto-map-6-0-2, seq num: 65280, local addr: 64.100.251.37

access-list __vti-def-acl-0 extended permit ip any any
local ident (addr/mask/prot/port): (0.0.0.0/0.0.0.0/0/0)
remote ident (addr/mask/prot/port): (0.0.0.0/0.0.0.0/0/0)
current_peer: 52.37.194.219

#pkts encaps: 1230, #pkts encrypt: 1230, #pkts digest: 1230
#pkts decaps: 1230, #pkts decrypt: 1230, #pkts verify: 1230
#pkts compressed: 0, #pkts decompressed: 0
#pkts not compressed: 1230, #pkts comp failed: 0, #pkts decomp failed: 0
#pre-frag successes: 0, #pre-frag failures: 0, #fragments created: 0
#PMTUs sent: 0, #PMTUs rcvd: 0, #decapsulated frgs needing reassembly: 0
#TFC rcvd: 0, #TFC sent: 0
#Valid ICMP Errors rcvd: 0, #Invalid ICMP Errors rcvd: 0
#send errors: 0, #recv errors: 0

local crypto endpt.: 64.100.251.37/4500, remote crypto endpt.: 52.37.194.219/4500
path mtu 1500, ipsec overhead 82(52), media mtu 1500
PMTU time remaining (sec): 0, DF policy: copy-df
ICMP error validation: disabled, TFC packets: disabled
current outbound spi: DC5E3CA8
current inbound spi : CB6647F6

inbound esp sas:

```

spi: 0xCB6647F6 (3412477942)
transform: esp-aes esp-sha-hmac no compression
in use settings ={L2L, Tunnel, NAT-T-Encaps, PFS Group 2, IKEv1, VTI, }
slot: 0, conn_id: 77824, crypto-map: __vti-crypto-map-6-0-2
sa timing: remaining key lifetime (kB/sec): (4373971/1044)
IV size: 16 bytes
replay detection support: Y
Anti replay bitmap:
    0xFFFFFFFF 0xFFFFFFFF
outbound esp sas:
spi: 0xDC5E3CA8 (3697163432)
transform: esp-aes esp-sha-hmac no compression
in use settings ={L2L, Tunnel, NAT-T-Encaps, PFS Group 2, IKEv1, VTI, }
slot: 0, conn_id: 77824, crypto-map: __vti-crypto-map-6-0-2
sa timing: remaining key lifetime (kB/sec): (4373971/1044)
IV size: 16 bytes
replay detection support: Y
Anti replay bitmap:
    0x00000000 0x00000001

```

第三步：

在ASA上，确认已与AWS建立BGP连接。AWS向ASA通告172.31.0.0/16子网时，State/PfxRcd计数器应为1。

```
ASA# show bgp summary
```

```

BGP router identifier 192.168.1.55, local AS number 65000
BGP table version is 5, main routing table version 5
2 network entries using 400 bytes of memory
3 path entries using 240 bytes of memory
3/2 BGP path/bestpath attribute entries using 624 bytes of memory
1 BGP AS-PATH entries using 24 bytes of memory
0 BGP route-map cache entries using 0 bytes of memory
0 BGP filter-list cache entries using 0 bytes of memory
BGP using 1288 total bytes of memory
BGP activity 3/1 prefixes, 4/1 paths, scan interval 60 secs

```

Neighbor	V	AS	MsgRcvd	MsgSent	TblVer	InQ	OutQ	Up/Down	State/PfxRcd
169.254.12.85	4	7224	1332	1161	5	0	0	03:41:31	1
169.254.13.189	4	7224	1335	1164	5	0	0	03:42:02	1

第四步：

在ASA上，验证通向172.31.0.0/16的路由已通过隧道接口获知。此输出显示，从对等体169.254.12.85和169.254.13.189到172.31.0.0有两条路径。通向169.254.13.189的路径从隧道2(AWS)2)是首选，因为度量较低。

```
ASA# show bgp
```

```

BGP table version is 5, local router ID is 192.168.1.55
Status codes: s suppressed, d damped, h history, * valid, > best, i - internal,
               r RIB-failure, S Stale, m multipath
Origin codes: i - IGP, e - EGP, ? - incomplete

```

Network	Next Hop	Metric	LocPrf	Weight	Path
* 172.31.0.0	169.254.12.85	200		0	7224 i
*>	169.254.13.189	100		0	7224 i
*> 192.168.1.0	0.0.0.0	0		32768	i

ASA# **show route**

Codes: L - local, C - connected, S - static, R - RIP, M - mobile, B - BGP
D - EIGRP, EX - EIGRP external, O - OSPF, IA - OSPF inter area
N1 - OSPF NSSA external type 1, N2 - OSPF NSSA external type 2
E1 - OSPF external type 1, E2 - OSPF external type 2, V - VPN
i - IS-IS, su - IS-IS summary, L1 - IS-IS level-1, L2 - IS-IS level-2
ia - IS-IS inter area, * - candidate default, U - per-user static route
o - ODR, P - periodic downloaded static route, + - replicated route
Gateway of last resort is 64.100.251.33 to network 0.0.0.0

```
S*      0.0.0.0 0.0.0.0 [1/0] via 64.100.251.33, outside
C       64.100.251.32 255.255.255.224 is directly connected, outside
L       64.100.251.37 255.255.255.255 is directly connected, outside
C       169.254.12.84 255.255.255.252 is directly connected, AWS2
L       169.254.12.86 255.255.255.255 is directly connected, AWS2
C       169.254.13.188 255.255.255.252 is directly connected, AWS1
L       169.254.13.190 255.255.255.255 is directly connected, AWS1
B       172.31.0.0 255.255.0.0 [20/100] via 169.254.13.189, 03:52:55
C       192.168.1.0 255.255.255.0 is directly connected, inside
L       192.168.1.55 255.255.255.255 is directly connected, inside
```

第五步：

为确保从AWS返回的流量遵循对称路径，请配置路由映射以匹配首选路径，并调整BGP以更改通告的路由。

```
route-map toAWS1 permit 10
  set metric 100
  exit
!
route-map toAWS2 permit 10
  set metric 200
  exit
!
router bgp 65000
  address-family ipv4 unicast
    neighbor 169.254.12.85 route-map toAWS2 out
    neighbor 169.254.13.189 route-map toAWS1 out
```

第六步：

在ASA上，确认192.168.1.0/24已通告给AWS。

ASA# **show bgp neighbors 169.254.12.85 advertised-routes**

BGP table version is 5, local router ID is 192.168.1.55
Status codes: s suppressed, d damped, h history, * valid, > best, i - internal,
r RIB-failure, S Stale, m multipath
Origin codes: i - IGP, e - EGP, ? - incomplete

Network	Next Hop	Metric	LocPrf	Weight	Path
*> 172.31.0.0	169.254.13.189	100		0	7224 i
*> 192.168.1.0	0.0.0.0	0		32768	i

Total number of prefixes 2

ASA# **show bgp neighbors 169.254.13.189 advertised-routes**

```

BGP table version is 5, local router ID is 192.168.1.55
Status codes: s suppressed, d damped, h history, * valid, > best, i - internal,
               r RIB-failure, S Stale, m multipath
Origin codes: i - IGP, e - EGP, ? - incomplete

```

```

Network      Next Hop      Metric LocPrf Weight Path
*> 192.168.1.0  0.0.0.0      0          32768  i

```

Total number of prefixes 1

步骤 7.

在AWS中，确认VPN连接的隧道为UP，并从对等体获取路由。同时检查路由是否已传播到路由表中。

The screenshot shows the AWS Management Console interface for a VPN connection named 'VPNtoASA'. The 'Tunnel Details' tab is selected, displaying a table with the following data:

VPN Tunnel	IP Address	Status	Status Last Changed	Details
Tunnel 1	52.34.205.227	UP	2016-10-18 14:23 UTC	1 BGP ROUTES
Tunnel 2	52.37.194.219	UP	2016-10-18 14:23 UTC	1 BGP ROUTES



VPC Dashboard

Filter by VPC:

None

Virtual Private Cloud

Your VPCs

Subnets

Route Tables

Internet Gateways

DHCP Options Sets

Elastic IPs

Endpoints

NAT Gateways

Peering Connections

Security

Network ACLs

Security Groups

VPN Connections

Customer Gateways

Virtual Private Gateways

VPN Connections

Create Route Table

Delete Route Table

Set As Main Table

Search Route Tables and their

<input type="checkbox"/>	Name	Route Table ID	Explicitly Associat	Main	VPC
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>		rtb-3a3f9e5d	0 Subnets	Yes	vpc-e1e00786 (172.31.0.0/16)

rtb-3a3f9e5d

Summary

Routes

Subnet Associations

Route Propagation

Tags

Edit

Destination	Target	Status	Propagated
172.31.0.0/16	local	Active	No
0.0.0.0/0	igw-e5ad1481	Active	No
192.168.1.0/24	vgw-18954d06	Active	Yes