

# 优化Microsoft Office 365/Webex的AnyConnect拆分隧道

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## 简介

本文档介绍如何使用设置配置ASA，以从VPN连接中排除发往Microsoft Office 365(Microsoft Teams)和Cisco Webex的流量。

## 背景信息

配置自适应安全设备(ASA)还为支持ASA的AnyConnect客户端引入网络地址排除和基于动态完全限定域名(FQDN)的排除。

## Split Tunneling

需要将ASA配置为排除要从隧道中排除的指定IPv4和IPv6目标列表。遗憾的是，地址列表是动态的，可能会发生变化。请参阅Python脚本的“配置”部分，以及指向可用于检索列表和生成示例配置的在线python读取评估打印循环(REPL)的链接。

## 动态拆分隧道

除了拆分排除网络地址列表之外，Windows和Mac版的AnyConnect 4.6中还添加了动态拆分隧道。动态拆分隧道使用FQDN来确定连接能否通过隧道。python脚本还确定要添加到自定义AnyConnect属性的终端的FQDN。

## 配置

在Python 3 REPL中运行此脚本，或在公共REPL环境(例如[AnyConnectO365DynamicExclude](#))中运行此脚本

```
import urllib.request
import uuid
```

```

import json
import re

def print_acl_lines(acl_name, ips, section_comment):
    slash_to_mask = (
        "0.0.0.0",
        "192.0.2.1",
        "192.0.2.1",
        "10.224.0.0",
        "10.240.0.0",
        "10.248.0.0",
        "10.252.0.0",
        "10.254.0.0",
        "10.255.0.0",
        "10.255.128.0",
        "10.255.192.0",
        "10.255.224.0",
        "10.255.240.0",
        "10.255.248.0",
        "10.255.252.0",
        "10.255.254.0",
        "10.255.255.0",
        "10.255.255.128",
        "10.255.255.192",
        "10.255.255.224",
        "10.255.255.240",
        "10.255.255.248",
        "10.255.255.252",
        "10.255.255.254",
        "10.255.255.255",
        "10.255.255.255",
        "10.255.255.255",
        "10.255.255.255",
        "10.255.255.255",
        "10.255.255.255",
        "10.255.255.240",
        "10.255.255.248",
        "10.255.255.252",
        "10.255.255.254",
        "10.255.255.255",
    )
    print(
        "access-list {acl_name} remark {comment}".format(
            acl_name=acl_name, comment=section_comment
        )
    )
    for ip in sorted(ips):
        if ":" in ip:
            # IPv6 address
            print(
                "access-list {acl_name} extended permit ip {ip} any6".format(
                    acl_name=acl_name, ip=ip
                )
            )
        else:
            # IPv4 address. Convert to a mask
            addr, slash = ip.split("/")
            slash_mask = slash_to_mask[int(slash)]
            print(
                "access-list {acl_name} extended permit ip {addr} {mask} any4".format(
                    acl_name=acl_name, addr=addr, mask=slash_mask
                )
            )

```

```

# Fetch the current endpoints for O365
http_res = urllib.request.urlopen(
    url="https://endpoints.office.com/endpoints/worldwide?clientrequestid={}".format(
        uuid.uuid4()
    )
)
res = json.loads(http_res.read())
o365_ips = set()
o365_fqdns = set()
for service in res:
    if service["category"] == "Optimize":
        for ip in service.get("ips", []):
            o365_ips.add(ip)
        for fqdn in service.get("urls", []):
            o365_fqdns.add(fqdn)

# Generate an acl for split excluding For instance
print("##### Step 1: Create an access-list to include the split-exclude networks\n")
acl_name = "ExcludeSass"
# O365 networks
print_acl_lines(
    acl_name=acl_name,
    ips=o365_ips,
    section_comment="v4 and v6 networks for Microsoft Office 365",
)
# Microsoft Teams
# https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/office365/enterprise/office-365-vpn-implement-split-tunnel#configuring-split-tunneling
print_acl_lines(
    acl_name=acl_name,
    ips=["10.107.60.1/32"],
    section_comment="v4 address for Microsoft Teams"
)
# Cisco Webex - Per https://help.webex.com/en-us/WBX000028782/Network-Requirements-for-Webex-Teams-Service
webex_ips = [
    "10.68.96.1/19",
    "10.114.160.1/20",
    "10.163.32.1/19",
    "192.0.2.1/18",
    "192.0.2.2/19",
    "198.51.100.1/20",
    "203.0.113.1/19",
    "203.0.113.254/19",
    "203.0.113.2/19",
    "172.29.192.1/19",
    "203.0.113.1/20",
    "10.26.176.1/20",
    "10.109.192.1/18",
    "10.26.160.1/19",
]
print_acl_lines(
    acl_name=acl_name,
    ips=webex_ips,
    section_comment="IPv4 and IPv6 destinations for Cisco Webex",
)

# Edited. April 1st 2020
# Per advice from Microsoft they do NOT advise using dynamic split tunneling for their properties related to
#
print(
    "\n\n##### Step 2: Create an Anyconnect custom attribute for dynamic split excludes\n"
)


```

```


)
print("SKIP. Per Microsoft as of April 2020 they advise not to dynamically split fqdn related to Office 365")
#print(
#    """
#webvpn
# anyconnect-custom-attr dynamic-split-exclude-domains description dynamic-split-exclude-domains
#
#anyconnect-custom-data dynamic-split-exclude-domains saas {}
#"".format(
#    ",".join([re.sub(r"^\*\.", "", f) for f in o365_fqdns])
#    )
#)
#
print("\n##### Step 3: Configure the split exclude in the group-policy\n")
print(
    """
group-policy GP1 attributes
split-tunnel-policy excludespecified
ipv6-split-tunnel-policy excludespecified
split-tunnel-network-list value {acl_name}
"".format(
    acl_name=acl_name
    )
)

```

---

 **注意:**Microsoft建议通过使用发布的IPv4和IPv6地址范围配置分割隧道，将发往关键Office 365服务的流量从VPN连接范围中排除。为了获得最佳性能并最有效地使用VPN容量，可以直接将流向这些与Office 365 Exchange Online、SharePoint Online和Microsoft Teams关联的专用IP地址范围（在Microsoft文档中称为“优化”类别）的流量路由到VPN隧道之外。有关此建议的更多详细信息，请参阅[使用VPN拆分隧道优化远程用户的Office 365连接](#)。

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 **注：**截至2020年4月初，Microsoft Teams有一个依赖关系，即必须从隧道中排除IP范围10.107.60.1/32。有关详细信息，请参阅[配置和保护Teams媒体流量](#)。

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## 确认

连接用户后，您会看到非安全路由填充了ACL中提供的地址以及Dynamic Tunnel Exclusion列表。



AnyConnect



VPN



System Scan



Roaming Security

## Virtual Private Network (VPN)

Statistics

Route Details

Firewall

Message History

### ▼ Non-Secured Routes (IPv4)

13.107.6.152/31

13.107.18.10/31

13.107.64.0/18

13.107.128.0/22

13.107.136.0/22

23.103.160.0/20

40.96.0.0/13

40.104.0.0/15

40.108.128.0/17

52.96.0.0/14

52.104.0.0/14

52.112.0.0/14

104.146.128.0/17

131.253.33.215/32

132.245.0.0/16

150.171.32.0/22

150.171.40.0/22

191.234.140.0/22

204.79.197.215/32

### ▼ Non-Secured Routes (IPv6)

2603:1006:0:0:0:0:0:0/40

2603:1016:0:0:0:0:0:0/36

2603:1026:0:0:0:0:0:0/36



AnyConnect



VPN



System Scan



Roaming Security

## Virtual Private Network (VPN)

Statistics

Route Details

Firewall

Message History

▼ Connection Information	
State:	Connected
Tunnel Mode (IPv4):	Split Exclude
Tunnel Mode (IPv6):	Split Exclude
Dynamic Tunnel Exclusion:	outlook.office.com sharepoint.com outloo...
Dynamic Tunnel Inclusion:	None
Duration:	00:00:42
Session Disconnect:	None
Management Connection State:	Disconnected (user tunnel active)
▼ Address Information	
Client (IPv4):	10.99.99.10
Client (IPv6):	2001:AAAA:0:0:0:0:1
Server:	172.18.229.149
▼ Bytes	
Sent:	120926
Received:	47394
▼ Frames	

Reset

Export Stats...

## 关于此翻译

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