

Localization Support

This chapter describes the localization support in Cisco Unified Communications Manager Express (Cisco Unified CME) for languages other than English and network tones and cadences not specific to the United States.

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Information About Localization

Localization Enhancements in Cisco Unified CME

Cisco Unified CME supports the French locale but some phrases in France French and Canadian French differ. In Cisco Unified CME 9.5, Canadian French is supported as a user-defined locale on Cisco Unified SIP IP phones and Cisco Unified SCCP IP phones when the correct locale package is installed.



Note Some abbreviations such as BLF, SNR, and CME are not localized.

Prerequisites

- Cisco Unified CME 9.5 or later version
- Locale package version 9.5.2.6 is required



Restriction All the localization enhancements are supported in Cisco Unified CME only. They are not supported in Cisco Unified SRST. Table 1: Language Codes for User-Defined Locales, on page 2 shows the language codes used in the filenames of locale files.

Table 1: Language Codes for User-Defined Locales

| Language | Language Code |
|--------------------|------------------|
| Canadian French | fr_CA |

For configuration information, see Install User-Defined Locales, on page 9.

System-Defined Locales

Cisco Unified CME provides built-in, system-defined localization support for 12 languages including English and 16 countries including the United States. Network locales specify country-specific tones and cadences; user locales specify the language to use for text displays.

Configuring system-defined locales depends on the type of IP phone:

- Cisco Unified IP Phone 7905, 7912, 7940, and 7960—System-defined network locales and user locales are preloaded into Cisco IOS software. No external files are required. Use the network-locale and user-locale commands to set the locales for these phones.
- Cisco Unified IP Phone 6921, 6945, 7906, 7911, 7921, 7931, 7941, 7961, 7970, 7971, 8941, 8945, and Cisco IP Communicator—You must download locale files to support the system-defined locales and store the files in flash memory, slot 0, or on an external TFTP server. See Install System-Defined Locales for Cisco Unified IP Phone 6921, 6945, 7906, 7911, 7921, 7931, 7941, 7961, 7970, 7971, and Cisco IP Communicator, on page 5.
- Cisco Unified 3905, 6941, 6945, 8961, 9951, and 9971 SIP IP Phones—You must download locale files to support the system-defined locales and store the files in flash memory, slot 0, or on an external TFTP server.



Note TFTP aliases for localization are not automatically created for Cisco Unified SIP IP phones in a Cisco Unified CME system. For more information on how to manually create TFTP aliases, see Install System-Defined Locales for Cisco Unified IP Phone 8961, 9951, and 9971, on page 19.

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Note

Cisco Unified CME 10.5 Release onwards, the System defined locales are deprecated and User-defined locales are recommended.

Cisco Unified 3905 SIP IP Phones and Cisco Unified 6945, 8941, and 8945 SCCP IP Phones have support for all locales up to Cisco Unified CME 8.8.

Localization Support for Cisco Unified SIP IP Phones

Cisco Unified CME 8.6 provides localization support for 12 languages including English and 16 countries including the United States. Network locales specify country-specific tones and cadences; user locales specify the language to use for text displays. Create additional localization support with user-defined locales. For more information about user-defined locales, see User-Defined Locales, on page 3.

In Cisco Unified CME 9.0 and later versions, localization is enhanced to support Cisco Unified 6941 and 6945 SIP IP Phones.

The load command supports both user-defined and system-defined locales.



The locale files must be stored in the same location as the configuration files.

User-Defined Locales

The user-defined locale feature allows you to support network and user locales other than the system-defined locales that are predefined in Cisco IOS software. For example, if your site has phones that must use the language and tones for Traditional Chinese, which is not one of the system-defined choices, you must install the locale files for Traditional Chinese.

In Cisco Unified CME 4.0 and later versions, you can download files to support a particular user and network locale and store the files in flash memory, slot 0, or an external TFTP server. These files cannot be stored in the system location. User-defined locales can be assigned to all phones or to individual phones.

User-defined language codes for user locales are based on ISO 639 codes, which are available at the Library of Congress website at http://www.loc.gov/standards/iso639-2/. User-defined country codes for network locales are based on ISO 3166 codes.

For configuration information, see Install User-Defined Locales, on page 9.

Localization Support for Phone Displays

On the Cisco Unified IP Phone 8961, 9951, and 9971, menus and prompts that are managed by the locale file for the IP phone type (.jar) or the Cisco Unified CME dictionary file are localized. Display options configured through Cisco IOS commands are not localized.

The following display items are localized by the IP phone (.jar file):

- System menus accessed with feature buttons (for example, messages, directories, services, settings, and information)
- Call processing messages
- Softkeys (for example, Redial and CFwdALL)

The following display items are localized by the dictionary file for Cisco Unified CME:

- Directory Service (Local Directory, Local Speed Dial, and Personal Speed Dial)
- Status Line

Display options configured through Cisco IOS commands are not localized and can only be displayed in English. For example, this includes features such as:

- Caller ID
- Header Bar
- Phone Labels
- System Message

Multiple Locales

In Cisco Unified CME 8.6 and later versions, you can specify up to five user and network locales and apply different locales to individual ephones or groups of ephones using ephone templates. For example, you can specify French for phones A, B, and C; German for phones D, E, and F; and English for phones G, H, and I. Only one user and network locale can be applied to each phone.

Each of the five user and network locales that you can define in a multilocale system is identified by a locale tag. The locale identified by tag 0 is always the default locale, although you can define this default to be any supported locale. For example, if you define user locale 0 to be JP (Japanese), the default user locale for all phones is JP. If you do not specify a locale for tag 0, the default is US (United States).

To apply alternative locales to different phones, you must use per-phone configuration files to build individual configuration files for each phone. The configuration files automatically use the default user-locale 0 and network-locale 0. You can override these defaults for individual phones by configuring alternative locale codes and then creating ephone-templates to assign the locales to individual ephones.

For configuration information, see Configure Multiple Locales on SCCP Phones, on page 15.

Locale Installer for Cisco Unified SCCP IP Phones

Before Cisco Unified CME 7.0(1), configuring localization required up to 16 steps, most of which were manual and some of which required filename changes. In Cisco Unified CME 7.0(1) and later versions, the following enhancements for installing locales are supported:

- Locale installer that supports a single procedure for all SCCP IP phones.
- Cisco Unified CME parses new firmware-load text files and automatically creates the TFTP aliases for localization, eliminating the requirement for you to manually create up to five aliases for files in the TAR file. To use this feature in Cisco Unified CME 7.0(1), you must use the complete filename, including the file suffix, when you configure the **load** command for phone firmware versions later than version 8-2-2 for all phone types. For example:

```
Router(config-telephony) # load 7941 SCCP41.8-3-3S.loads
```



Note In Cisco Unified CME 4.3 and earlier versions, you do not include the file suffix for any phone type except Cisco ATA and Cisco Unified IP Phone 7905 and 7912. For example:

Router(config-telephony) # load 7941 SCCP41.8-2-2SR2S

Backward compatibility with the configuration method in Cisco Unified CME 7.0 and earlier versions.

For configuration information, see Use the Locale Installer in Cisco Unified CME 7.0(1) and Later Versions, on page 12.

Locale Installer for Cisco Unified SIP IP Phones

Cisco Unified CME 9.0 and later versions support the following enhancements for installing locales for Cisco Unified SIP IP phones:

- · Locale installer that supports a single procedure for all Cisco Unified SIP IP phones.
- New **load** keyword that requires you to use the complete filename, including the file suffix (.tar), when you configure the **user-locale** command for all Cisco Unified SIP IP phone types. The command syntax is **user-locale** [*user-locale-tag*] {[*user-defined-code*] country-code} [**load** TAR-filename]. For example,

```
Router(config-register-global)#user-locale 2 DE load CME-locale-de_DE-German-8.6.3.0.tar
```

With the locale installer, you do not need to perform manual configuration. Instead, you copy the locale file using the **copy** command in privileged EXEC configuration mode.



```
Note
```

You must copy the locale file into the /its directory (flash:/its or slot0:/its) when you store the locale files on the Cisco Unified CME router.

For example,

Router# copy tftp://12.1.1.100/CME-locale-de_DE-German-8.6.3.0.tar flash:/its

For configuration information, see Use the Locale Installer in Cisco Unified CME 9.0 and Later Versions, on page 22.

Configure Localization Support on SCCP Phones

Install System-Defined Locales for Cisco Unified IP Phone 6921, 6945, 7906, 7911, 7921, 7931, 7941, 7961, 7970, 7971, and Cisco IP Communicator

Network locale files allow an IP phone to play the proper network tone for the specified country. You must download and install a tone file for the country you want to support.

User locale files allow an IP phone to display the menus and prompts in the specified language. You must download and install JAR files and dictionary files for each language you want to support.

To download and install locale files for system-defined locales, perform the following steps.



Tip The locale installer simplifies the installation and configuration of system- and user-defined locales in Cisco Unified CME 7.0(1) and later versions. To use the locale installer in Cisco Unified CME 7.0(1) and later versions, see Use the Locale Installer in Cisco Unified CME 7.0(1) and Later Versions, on page 12.

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|--------|---|--|--|--|--|
| | Restriction | Localization is not supported for SIP phones. Phone firmware, configuration files, and locale files must be in the same directory, except the directory file for Japanese and Russian, which must be in flash memory. | | | |
| | | | | | |
| | Befo | ore you begin | | | |
| | • | Cisco Unified CME 4.0(2) or a later version. | | | |
| | • | You must create per-phone configuration files as described in Define Per-Phone Configuration Files and Alternate Location for SCCP Phones. | | | |
| | • | You must have an account on Cisco.com to download locale files. | | | |
| Step 1 | Go to http://w | ww.cisco.com/cgi-bin/tablebuild.pl/CME-Locale. | | | |
| | You must hav you have forg instructions th | e an account on Cisco.com to access the Software Download Center. If you do not have an account or if otten your username or password, click the appropriate button at the login dialog box and follow the nat appear. | | | |
| Step 2 | Navigate to D Cisco Unified Set and select | ownloads Home > Products > Unified Communications > Call Control > Mid-Market Call Control > l Communications Manager Express > Unified Communications Manager Express Individual File your version of Cisco Unified CME. | | | |
| Step 3 | Step 3 Select the TAR file for the locale you want to install. Each TAR file contains locale files for a specific la country and uses the following naming convention: CME-locale- <i>language_country-CMEversion</i> | | | | |
| | Example: | | | | |
| | For example, | CME-locale-de_DE-4.0.2-2.0 is German for Germany for Cisco Unified CME 4.0(2). | | | |
| Step 4 | Download the firmware requ | TAR file to a TFTP server that is accessible to the Cisco Unified CME router. Each file contains all the irred for all phone types supported by that version of Cisco Unified CME. | | | |
| Step 5 | 5 Use the archive tar command to extract the files to flash memory, slot 0, or an external TFTP server. | | | | |
| | Example: | | | | |
| | Router# arc | hive tar /xtract source-urlflash:/file-url | | | |
| | Example: | | | | |
| | For example, memory, use | to extract the contents of CME-locale-de_DE-4.0.2-2.0.tar from TFTP server 192.168.1.1 to router flash this command: | | | |
| | Router# arc flash: | hive tar /xtract tftp://192.168.1.1/cme-locale-de_DE-4.0.2-2.0.tar | | | |
| Step 6 | See Table 2: I Locales, on pa | Phone-Type Codes for Locale JAR Files, on page 7 and Table 3: System-Defined User and Network age 7 for a description of the codes used in the filenames and the list of supported directory names. | | | |
| | Each phone ty | /pe has a JAR file that uses the following naming convention: | | | |
| | language-pho | ne-sccp.jar | | | |
| | Example: | Example: | | | |

For example, de-td-sccp.jar is for German on the Cisco Unified IP Phone 7970.

Each TAR file also includes the file g3-tones.xml for country-specific network tones and cadences.

| Phone Type | Phone Code |
|------------|------------|
| 6921 | rtl |
| 6945 | rtl |
| 7906/7911 | tc |
| 7931 | gp |
| 7941/7961 | mk |
| 7970/7971 | td |
| 8941/8945 | gh |
| CIPC | ipc |

Table 2: Phone-Type Codes for Locale JAR Files

Table 3: System-Defined User and Network Locales

| Language | Language Code | User-Locale | Country Code | Network-Locale |
|-----------------------|---------------|------------------------------------|--------------|----------------|
| | | Directory Name | | Directory Name |
| English | en | English_United_States ¹ | US | United_States |
| | | English_United_Kingdom | UK | United_Kingdom |
| | | | СА | Canada |
| Danish | dk | Danish_Denmark | DK | Denmark |
| Dutch | nl | Dutch_Netherlands | NL | Netherlands |
| French | fr | French_France | FR | France |
| | | | СА | Canada |
| German | de | German_Germany | DE | Germany |
| | | | AT | Austria |
| | | | СН | Switzerland |
| Italian | it | Italian_Italy | IT | Italy |
| Japanese ² | јр | Japanese_Japan | JP | Japan |
| Norwegian | no | Norwegian_Norway | NO | Norway |
| Portuguese | pt | Portuguese_Portugal | PT | Portugal |

| Language | Language Code | User-Locale | Country Code | Network-Locale |
|----------|---------------|----------------|--------------|--------------------|
| | | Directory Name | | Directory Name |
| Russian | ru | Russian_Russia | RU | Russian_Federation |
| Spanish | es | Spanish_Spain | ES | Spain |
| Swedish | se | Swedish_Sweden | SE | Sweden |

¹ English for the United States is the default language. You do not need to install the JAR file for U.S. English unless you assign a different language to a phone and then want to reassign English.

² Katakana is supported by Cisco Unified IP Phone 7905, 7912, 7940, and 7960. Kanji is supported by Cisco Unified IP Phone 7911, 7941, 7961, 7970, and 7971.

Step 7 If you store the locale files in flash memory or slot 0 on the Cisco Unified CME router, create a TFTP alias for the user locale (text displays) and network locale (tones) using this format:

Example:

Router(config)# tftp-server flash:/jar_filealias directory_name/td-sccp.jar

Router(config)# tftp-server flash:/g3-tones.xml aliasdirectory name/g3-tones.xml

Use the appropriate directory name shown in Table 3: System-Defined User and Network Locales, on page 7 and remove the two-letter language code from the JAR file name. For example, the TFTP aliases for German and Germany for the Cisco Unified IP Phone 7970 are:

```
Router(config)# tftp-server flash:/de-td-sccp.jar alias German Germany/td-sccp.jar
```

Router(config)# tftp-server flash:/g3-tones.xml alias Germany/g3-tones.xml

- Note On Cisco 3800 series routers, you must include /its in the directory name (flash:/its or slot0:/its). For example, the TFTP alias for German for the Cisco Unified IP Phone 7970 is: Router# tftp-server flash:/its/de-td-sccp.jar alias German_Germany/td-sccp.jar
- **Step 8** If you store the locale files on an external TFTP server, create a directory under the TFTP root directory for each user and network locale.

Use the appropriate directory name shown in Table 3: System-Defined User and Network Locales, on page 7 and remove the two-letter language code from the JAR file name.

Example:

For example, the user-locale directory for German and the network-locale directory for Germany for the Cisco Unified IP Phone 7970 are:

TFTP-Root/German Germany/td-sccp.jar TFTP-Root/Germany/g3-tones.xml

- **Step 9** For Russian and Japanese, you must copy the UTF8 dictionary file into flash memory to use special phrases.
 - Only flash memory can be used for these locales. Copy russian_tags_utf8_phrases for Russian; Japanese_tags_utf8_phrases for Japanese.
 - Use the user-locale jp and user-locale ru command to load the UTF8 phrases into Cisco Unified CME.
- **Step 10** Assign the locales to phones. To set a default locale for all phones, use the **user-locale** and **network-locale** commands in telephony-service configuration mode.
- **Step 11** To support more than one user or network locale, see Configure Multiple Locales on SCCP Phones, on page 15.

- **Step 12** Use the **create cnf-files** command to rebuild the configuration files.
- **Step 13** Use the **reset** command to reset the phones and see the localized displays.

Install User-Defined Locales

You must download XML files for locales that are not predefined in the system. To install up to five user-defined locale files to use with phones, perform the following steps.



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Note From Cisco Unified CME 10.5 Release onwards, the System defined locales are deprecated and User-defined locales are recommended. However, the older locale packages can be still used but some phrases may be displayed in English.

Restriction

- User-defined locales are not supported on the Cisco Unified IP Phone 7920 or 7936.
- User-defined locales are not supported if the configuration file location is "system:".
- When you use the setup tool from the **telephony-service setup** command to provision phones, you can only choose a default user locale and network locale and you are limited to selecting a locale code that is supported in the system. You cannot use multiple locales or user-defined locales with the setup tool.
- When using a user-defined locale, the phone normally displays text using the user-defined fonts, except for any strings that are interpreted by Cisco Unified CME, such as "Cisco/Personal Directory," "Speed Dial/Fast Dial," and so forth.

Before you begin

- Cisco Unified CME 4.0(3) or a later version.
- You must create per-phone configuration files as described in Define Per-Phone Configuration Files and Alternate Location for SCCP Phones.
- You must have an account on Cisco.com to download locale files.

Step 1 Go to http://www.cisco.com/cgi-bin/tablebuild.pl/CME-Locale.

You must have an account on Cisco.com to access the Software Download Center. If you do not have an account or if you have forgotten your username or password, click the appropriate button at the login dialog box and follow the instructions that appear.

- Step 2
 Navigate to Downloads Home > Products > Unified Communications > Call Control > Mid-Market Call Control > Cisco Unified Communications Manager Express > Unified Communications Manager Express Individual File Set and select your version of Cisco Unified CME.
- **Step 3** Select the TAR file for the locale that you want to install. Each TAR file contains locale files for a specific language and country and uses the following naming convention: CME-locale-*language country-CMEversion-fileversion*.

Example:

For example, CME-locale-zh_CN-4.0.3-2.0 is Traditional Chinese for China for Cisco Unified CME 4.0(3).

- **Step 4** Download the TAR file to a TFTP server that is accessible to the Cisco Unified CME router. Each file contains all the firmware required for all phone types supported by that version of Cisco Unified CME.
- **Step 5** Use the **archive tar** command to extract the files to slot 0, flash memory, or an external TFTP server.

Example:

Router# archive tar /xtract source-urlflash:/file-url

For example, to extract the contents of CME-locale-zh_CN-4.0.3-2.0.tar from TFTP server 192.168.1.1 to router flash memory, use this command:

Router# archive tar /xtract tftp://192.168.1.1/cme-locale-zh_CN-4.0.3-2.0.tar flash:

- **Step 6** For Cisco Unified IP Phone 7905, 7912, 7940, or 7960, go to Step 11, on page 12. For Cisco Unified IP Phone 7911, 7941, 7961, 7970, or 7971, go to Step 7, on page 10.
- **Step 7** Each phone type has a JAR file that uses the following naming convention: *language-type-sccp.jar*

Example:

For example, zh-td-sccp.jar is Traditional Chinese for the Cisco Unified IP Phone 7970.

See Table 4: Phone-Type Codes for Locale Files, on page 10 and Table 5: Language Codes for User-Defined Locales, on page 10 for a description of the codes used in the filenames.

Table 4: Phone-Type Codes for Locale Files

| Phone Type | Code |
|------------|------|
| 6921 | rtl |
| 6945 | rtl |
| 7906/7911 | tc |
| 7931 | gp |
| 7941/7961 | mk |
| 7970/7971 | td |
| 8941/8945 | gh |
| CIPC | ipc |

Table 5: Language Codes for User-Defined Locales

| Language | Language Code |
|-----------|---------------|
| Bulgarian | bg |
| Chinese | zh^{3} |
| Croation | hr |

| Language | Language Code |
|--------------------|---------------|
| Czech Republic | cs |
| Finnish | fi |
| Greek | el |
| Hungarian | hu |
| Korean | ko |
| Polish | pl |
| Portugese (Brazil) | pt |
| Romanian | ro |
| Serbian | sr |
| Slovakian | sk |
| Slovenian | sl |
| Turkish | tr |

³ For Cisco Unified IP Phone 7931, code for Chinese Simplified is chs; Chinese Traditional is cht.

Step 8 If you store the locale files in flash memory or slot 0 on the Cisco Unified CME router, create a TFTP alias using this format:

Example:

Router(config)# tftp-server flash:/jar_filealias directory_name/td-sccp.jar

Remove the two-letter language code from the JAR filename and use one of five supported directory names with the following convention:

user define number, where number is 1 to 5

For example, the alias for Chinese on the Cisco Unified IP Phone 7970 is:

Router(config)# tftp-server flash:/zh-td-sccp.jar alias user_define_1/td-sccp.jar

Note On Cisco 3800 series routers, you must include /its in the directory name (flash:/its or slot0:/its). For example, the TFTP alias for Chinese for the Cisco Unified IP Phone 7970 is:

Router(config)# tftp-server flash:/its/zh-td-sccp.jar alias user_define_1/td-sccp.jar

Step 9 If you store the locale files on an external TFTP server, create a directory under the TFTP root directory for each locale.

Remove the two-letter language code from the JAR filename and use one of five supported directory names with the following convention:

user_define_number, where number is 1 to 5

Example:

For example, for Chinese on the Cisco Unified IP Phone 7970, remove "zh" from the JAR filename and create the "user_define_1" directory under TFTP-Root on the TFTP server:

TFTP-Root/user_define_1/td-sccp.jar

- **Step 10** Go to Step 13, on page 12.
- **Step 11** Download one or more of the following XML files depending on your selected locale and phone type. All required files are included in the JAR file.

Example:

```
7905-dictionary.xml
7905-font.xml
7905-kate.xml
7920-dictionary.xml
7960-dictionary.xml
7960-font.xml
7960-kate.xml
7960-tones.xml
SCCP-dictionary.utf-8.xml
SCCP-dictionary.xml
```

Step 12 Rename these files and copy them to flash memory, slot 0, or an external TFTP server. Rename the files using the format user_define_*number_filename* where *number* is 1 to 5.

Example:

For example, use the following names if you are setting up the first user-locale:

```
user_define_1_7905-dictionary.xml
user_define_1_7905-font.xml
user_define_1_7905-kate.xml
user_define_1_7920-dictionary.xml
user_define_1_7960-dictionary.xml
user_define_1_7960-font.xml
user_define_1_7960-kate.xml
user_define_1_7960-tones.xml
user_define_1_SCCP-dictionary.utf-8.xml
user_define_1_SCCP-dictionary.xml
```

- **Step 13** Copy the *language*_tags_file and *language*_utf8_tags_file to the location of the other locale files (flash memory, slot 0, or TFTP server). Rename the files to user_define_*number*_tags_file and user_define_*number*_utf8_tags_file respectively, where*number* is 1 to 5 and matches the user-defined directory.
- **Step 14** Assign the locales to phones. See Configure Multiple Locales on SCCP Phones, on page 15.
- **Step 15** Use the **create cnf-files** command to rebuild the configuration files.
- **Step 16** Use the **reset** command to reset the phones and see the localized displays.

Use the Locale Installer in Cisco Unified CME 7.0(1) and Later Versions

To install and configure locale files to use with SCCP phones in Cisco Unified CME, perform the following steps.



Tip Cisco Unified CME 7.0(1) provides backward compatibility with the configuration method in Cisco Unified CME 4.3/7.0 and earlier versions. To use the same procedures as you used with earlier versions of Cisco Unified CME, see Install System-Defined Locales for Cisco Unified IP Phone 6921, 6945, 7906, 7911, 7921, 7931, 7941, 7961, 7970, 7971, and Cisco IP Communicator, on page 5.

| (| |
|-------------|---|
| Restriction | • When using an external TFTP server, you must manually create the user locale folders in the root directory This is a limitation of the TFTP server. |
| | • Locale support is limited to phone firmware versions that are supported by Cisco Unified CME. |
| | • User-defined locales are not supported on the Cisco Unified IP Phone 7920 or 7936. |
| | • User-defined locales are not supported if the configuration file location is system. |
| | • When you use the setup tool from the telephony-service setup command to provision phones, you can only choose a default user locale and network locale, and you are limited to selecting a locale code that is supported in the system. You cannot use multiple locales or user-defined locales with the setup tool. |
| | • When using a user-defined locale, the phone normally displays text using the user-defined fonts, except for any strings that are interpreted by Cisco Unified CME, such as "Cisco/Personal Directory," and "Speed Dial/Fast Dial." |
| | • If you install and configure a user-defined locale using country codes U1-U5 and then you install a new locale using the same label, the phone retains the original language locale even after the phone is reset. This is a limitation of the IP phone. To work around this limitation, you must configure the new package using a different country code. |
| | • Each user-defined country code (U1-U5) can be used for only one user-locale-tag at a time. For example: |
| | Router(config-telephony)# user-locale 2 U2 load Finnish.pkg Router(config-telephony)# user-locale 1 U2 load Chinese.pkg LOCALE ERROR: User Defined Locale U2 already exists on locale index 2. |
| Befo | re you begin |
| • | Cisco Unified CME 7.0(1) or a later version. |
| • | You must configure Cisco Unified CME for per-phone configuration files. See Define Per-Phone Configuration Files and Alternate Location for SCCP Phones. |

- When the storage location specified by the **cnf-file location** command is flash memory, sufficient space must be on the flash file system for extracting the contents of the locale TAR file.
- You must have an account on Cisco.com to download locale files.

Step 1 Go to http://www.cisco.com/cgi-bin/tablebuild.pl/CME-Locale.

You must have an account on Cisco.com to access the Software Download Center. If you do not have an account or have forgotten your username or password, click the appropriate button at the login dialog box and follow the instructions that appear.

- Step 2
 Navigate to Downloads Home > Products > Unified Communications > Call Control > Mid-Market Call Control > Cisco Unified Communications Manager Express > Unified Communications Manager Express Individual File Set and select your version of Cisco Unified CME.
- **Step 3** Select the TAR file for the locale you want to install. Each TAR file contains locale files for a specific language and country and uses the following naming convention: CME-locale-*language_country-CMEversion*

Example:

For example, CME-locale-de_DE-7.0.1.0 is German for Germany for Cisco Unified CME 7.0(1).

Step 4 Download the TAR file to the location previously specified by the **cnf-file location** command. Each file contains all the firmware required for all phone types supported by that version of Cisco Unified CME.

- a) If the cnf-file location is flash memory: Copy the TAR file to the flash:/its directory.
- b) If the cnf-file location is slot0: Copy the TAR file to the slot0:/its directory.
- c) If the cnf-file location is tftp: Create a folder in the root directory of the TFTP server for each locale using the following format and then copy the TAR file to the TFTP-Root folder. **TFTP-Root**/*TAR-filename*

Example:

For system-defined locales, use the locale folder name as shown in Table 6: System-Defined and User-Defined Locales, on page 14. For example, create the folder for system-defined German as follows:

TFTP-Root/de DE-7.0.1.0.tar

For up to five user-defined locales, use the User_Define_*n* folder name as shown in Table 6: System-Defined and User-Defined Locales, on page 14. A user-defined locale is a language other than the system-defined locales that are predefined in Cisco IOS software. For example, create the folder for user-defined locale Chinese (User_Define_1) as follows:

TFTP-Root/CME-locale-zh_CN-7.0.1.0.tar

Note For a list of user-defined languages supported in Cisco Unified CME, see Cisco Unified CME Localization Matrix.

| Language | Locale Folder Name | Country Code |
|-----------------------|------------------------|--------------|
| English | English_United_States | US |
| | English_United_Kingdom | UK |
| | | СА |
| Danish | Danish_Denmark | DK |
| Dutch | Dutch_Netherlands | NL |
| French | French_France | FR |
| | | СА |
| German | German_Germany | DE |
| | | AT |
| | | СН |
| Italian | Italian_Italy | IT |
| Japanese ⁴ | Japanese_Japan | JP |
| Norwegian | Norwegian_Norway | NO |

Table 6: System-Defined and User-Defined Locales

| Language | Locale Folder Name | Country Code |
|-----------------|----------------------------|-----------------|
| Portuguese | Portuguese_Portugal | РТ |
| Russian | Russian_Russia | RU |
| Spanish | Spanish_Spain | ES |
| Swedish | Swedish_Sweden | SE |
| Un ⁵ | User_Define_n ² | Un ² |

⁴ Katakana is supported by Cisco Unified IP Phone 7905, 7912, 7940, and 7960. Kanji is supported by Cisco Unified IP Phone 7911, 7941, 7961, 7970, and 7971.

⁵ Where "n" is a number from 1 to 5.

Step 5 Use the user-locale [*user-locale-tag*] country-codeload *TAR-filename* command in telephony-service configuration mode to extract the contents of the TAR file. For country codes, see Table 6: System-Defined and User-Defined Locales, on page 14.

Example:

For example, to extract the contents of the CME-locale-zh_CN-7.0.1.0.tar file when U1 is the country code for user-defined locale Chinese (User_Define_1), use this command:

Router (telephony-service) # user-locale U1 load CME-locale-zh_CN-7.0.1.0.tar

- **Step 6** Assign the locales to phones. See Configure Multiple Locales on SCCP Phones, on page 15.
- **Step 7** Use the **create cnf-files** command to rebuild the configuration files.
- **Step 8** Use the **reset** command to reset the phones and see the localized displays.

Verify User-Defined Locales

See Verify Multiple Locales on SCCP Phones, on page 19.

Configure Multiple Locales on SCCP Phones

To define one or more alternatives to the default user and network locales and apply them to individual phones, perform the following steps.



- Multiple user and network locales are not supported on the Cisco Unified IP Phone 7902G, 7910, 7910G, or 7920, or the Cisco Unified IP Conference Stations 7935 and 7936.
 - When you use the setup tool from the **telephony-service setup** command to provision phones, you can only choose a default user locale and network locale and you must select a locale code that is predefined in the system. You cannot use multiple or user-defined locales with the setup tool.

Before you begin

- Cisco Unified CME 4.0 or a later version.
- To specify alternative user and network locales for individual phones in a Cisco Unified CME system, you must use per-phone configuration files. For more information, see Define Per-Phone Configuration Files and Alternate Location for SCCP Phones.
- You can also use user-defined locale codes as alternative locales after you download the appropriate XML files. See Install User-Defined Locales, on page 9.

SUMMARY STEPS

- 1. enable
- 2. configure terminal
- 3. telephony-service
- **4. user-locale** [*user-locale-tag*] { [*user-defined-code*] *country-code* }
- 5. network-locale network-locale-tag [user-defined-code] country-code
- 6. create cnf-files
- 7. exit
- 8. ephone-template template-tag
- **9. user-locale** *user-locale-tag*
- **10.** network-locale network-locale-tag
- **11.** exit
- **12.** ephone phone-tag
- **13.** ephone-template template-tag
- 14. exit
- 15. telephony-service
- **16.** reset {all [time-interval] | cancel | mac-address mac-address | sequence-all}
- 17. end

DETAILED STEPS

| | Command or Action | Purpose |
|--------|---|--|
| Step 1 | enable | Enables privileged EXEC mode. |
| | Example: | • Enter your password if prompted. |
| | Router> enable | |
| Step 2 | configure terminal | Enters global configuration mode. |
| | Example: | |
| | Router# configure terminal | |
| Step 3 | telephony-service | Enters telephony-service configuration mode. |
| | Example: | |
| | Router(config)# telephony-service | |
| Step 4 | user-locale [user-locale-tag] { [user-defined-code] country-code } | Specifies a language for phone displays. |

| | Command or Action | Purpose |
|---------|--|---|
| | Example: Router(config-telephony)# user-locale 1 U1 ZH | <i>user-locale-tag</i>—Assigns a locale identifier to the locale. Range is 0 to 4. Default: 0. This argument is required when defining some locale other than the default (0). <i>user-defined-code</i>—(Optional) Assigns one of the user-defined codes to the specified country code. Valid codes are U1, U2,U3, U4, and U5. <i>country-code</i>—Type ? to display a list of system-defined codes. Default: US (United States). You can assign any valid ISO 639 code to a user-defined code (U1 to U5). |
| Step 5 | <pre>network-locale network-locale-tag [user-defined-code] country-code Example: Router(config-telephony)# network-locale 1 FR</pre> | Specifies a country for tones and cadences. <i>network-locale-tag</i>—Assigns a locale identifier to the country code. Range is 0 to 4. Default: 0. This argument is required when defining some locale other than the default (0). <i>user-defined-code</i>—(Optional) Assigns one of the user-defined codes to the specified country code. Valid codes are U1, U2,U3, U4, and U5. <i>country-code</i>—Type ? to display a list of system-defined codes. Default: US (United States). You can assign any valid ISO 3166 code to a user-defined code (U1 to U5). |
| Step 6 | <pre>create cnf-files Example: Router(config-telephony)# create cnf-files</pre> | Builds the required XML configuration files for IP phones. Use this command after you update configuration file parameters such as the user locale or network locale. |
| Step 7 | exit Example: Router(config-telephony)# exit | Exits telephony-service configuration mode. |
| Step 8 | <pre>ephone-template template-tag Example: Router(config)# ephone template 1</pre> | Enters ephone-template configuration mode. <i>template-tag</i>—Unique sequence number that identifies this template during configuration tasks. |
| Step 9 | <pre>user-locale user-locale-tag Example: Router(config-ephone-template)# user-locale 2</pre> | Assigns a user locale to this ephone template. • <i>user-locale-tag</i> —A locale tag that was created in Step 4, on page 16. Range is 0 to 4. |
| Step 10 | network-locale network-locale-tag Example: | Assigns a network locale to this ephone template. |

| | Command or Action | Purpose |
|---------|---|---|
| | Router(config-ephone-template)# network-locale | <i>network-locale-tag</i>—A locale tag that was created in Step 5, on page 17. Range is 0 to 4. |
| Step 11 | exit | Exits ephone-template configuration mode. |
| | Example: | |
| | Router(config-ephone-template)# exit | |
| Step 12 | ephone phone-tag | Enters ephone configuration mode. |
| | Example: | • <i>phone-tag</i> —Unique sequence number that identifies |
| | Router(config)# ephone 36 | this ephone during configuration tasks. |
| Step 13 | ephone-template template-tag | Applies an ephone template to an ephone. |
| | Example: | • <i>template-tag</i> —Number of the template to apply to |
| | Router(config-ephone)# ephone-template 1 | this ephone. |
| Step 14 | exit | Exits ephone configuration mode. |
| | Example: | |
| | Router(config-ephone)# exit | |
| Step 15 | telephony-service | Enters telephony-service configuration mode. |
| | Example: | |
| | Router(config)# telephony-service | |
| Step 16 | reset {all [time-interval] cancel mac-address | Performs a complete reboot of all phones or the specified |
| | Frample: | for the latest configuration information. |
| | Router(config-telephony)# reset all | • all—All phones in the Cisco Unified CME system. |
| | | • <i>time-interval</i> —(Optional) Time interval, in seconds, between each phone reset. Range is 0 to 60. Default is 15. |
| | | • <i>cancel</i> —Interrupts a sequential reset cycle that was started with a reset sequence-all command. |
| | | • mac-address mac-address—A specific phone. |
| | | • sequence-all —Resets all phones in strict one-at-a-time order by waiting for one phone to reregister before starting the reset for the next phone. |
| Step 17 | end | Returns to privileged EXEC mode. |
| | Example: | |
| | Router(config-telephony)# end | |

Verify Multiple Locales on SCCP Phones

Step 1 Use the **show telephony-service tftp-bindings** command to display a list of configuration files that are accessible to IP phones using TFTP, including the dictionary, language, and tone configuration files.

Example:

Router(config) # show telephony-service tftp-bindings

```
tftp-server system:/its/SEPDEFAULT.cnf

tftp-server system:/its/SEPDEFAULT.cnf alias SEPDefault.cnf

tftp-server system:/its/XMLDefault.cnf.xml alias XMLDefault.cnf.xml

tftp-server system:/its/ATADefault.onf.xml

tftp-server system:/its/XMLDefault7960.cnf.xml alias SEP00036B54BB15.cnf.xml

tftp-server system:/its/germany/7960-font.xml alias German_Germany/7960-font.xml

tftp-server system:/its/germany/7960-dictionary.xml alias German_Germany/7960-dictionary.xml

tftp-server system:/its/germany/7960-kate.xml alias German_Germany/7960-kate.xml

tftp-server system:/its/germany/SCCP-dictionary.xml alias German_Germany/SCCP-dictionary.xml

tftp-server system:/its/germany/7960-tones.xml alias German_Germany/7960-tones.xml
```

Step 2 Ensure that per-phone configuration files are defined with the **cnf-file perphone** command.

- **Step 3** Use the **show telephony-service ephone-template** command to check the user locale and network locale settings in each ephone template.
- **Step 4** Use the show telephony-service ephone command to check that the correct templates are applied to phones.
- Step 5 If the configuration file location is not TFTP, use the debug tftp events command to see which files Cisco Unified CME is looking for and whether the files are found and opened correctly. There are usually three states ("looking for x file," "opened x file," and "finished x file"). The file is found when all three states are displayed. For an external TFTP server you can use the logs from the TFTP server.

Configure Localization Support on SIP Phones

Install System-Defined Locales for Cisco Unified IP Phone 8961, 9951, and 9971

Network locale files allow an IP phone to play the proper network tone for the specified country. You must download and install a tone file for the country you want to support.

User locale files allow an IP phone to display the menus and prompts in the specified language. You must download and install JAR files and dictionary files for each language you want to support.

To download and install locale files for system-defined locales, perform the following steps.

C)

Restriction Phone firmware, configuration files, and locale files must be in the same directory.

Before you begin

 Cisco Unified CME 8.6 or a later version. For Cisco Unified IP Phone 9971, Cisco Unified CME 8.8 or a later version. • You must have an account on Cisco.com to download locale files.

Step 1 Go to http://www.cisco.com/cgi-bin/tablebuild.pl/CME-Locale.

You must have an account on Cisco.com to access the Software Download Center. If you do not have an account or if you have forgotten your username or password, click the appropriate button at the login dialog box and follow the instructions that appear.

- Step 2
 Navigate to Downloads Home > Products > Unified Communications > Call Control > Mid-Market Call Control > Cisco Unified Communications Manager Express > Unified Communications Manager Express Individual File Set and select your version of Cisco Unified CME.
- **Step 3** Select the TAR file for the locale you want to install. Each TAR file contains locale files for a specific language and country and uses the following naming convention: CME-locale-*language_country-CMEversion*

Example:

For example, CME-locale-de_DE-8.6 is German for Germany for Cisco Unified CME 8.6.

- **Step 4** Download the TAR file to a TFTP server that is accessible to the Cisco Unified CME router. Each file contains all the firmware required for all phone types supported by that version of Cisco Unified CME.
- **Step 5** Use the **archive tar** command to extract the files to flash memory, slot 0, or an external TFTP server.

Example:

Router# archive tar /xtract source-urlflash:/file-url

For example, to extract the contents of CME-locale-de_DE-8.6.tar from TFTP server 192.168.1.1 to router flash memory, use this command:

Router# archive tar /xtract tftp://192.168.1.1/cme-locale-de DE-8.6.tar flash:

Step 6 See Table 7: Phone-Type Codes for Locale JAR Files, on page 20 and Table 8: System-Defined User and Network Locales , on page 21 for a description of the codes used in the filenames and the list of supported directory names.

Each phone type has a JAR file that uses the following naming convention:

language-phone-sip.jar

Example:

For example, de-gh-sip.jar is for German on the Cisco Unified IP Phone 8961.

Each TAR file also includes the file g4-tones.xml for country-specific network tones and cadences.

Table 7: Phone-Type Codes for Locale JAR Files

| Phone Type | Phone Code |
|------------|------------|
| 3905 | cin |
| 6941 | rtl |
| 6945 | rtl |
| 8961 | gh |
| 9951 | gd |

| Phone Type | Phone Code |
|------------|------------|
| 9971 | gd |

Table 8: System-Defined User and Network Locales

| Language | Language Code | User-Locale | Country Code | Network-Locale |
|------------|---------------|------------------------------------|--------------|--------------------|
| | | Directory Name | | Directory Name |
| English | en | English_United_States ⁶ | US | United_States |
| | | English_United_Kingdom | UK | United_Kingdom |
| | | | GB | United_Kingdom |
| | | | СА | Canada |
| | | | AU | Australia |
| Danish | dk | Danish_Denmark | DK | Denmark |
| Dutch | nl | Dutch_Netherlands | NL | Netherlands |
| French | fr | French_France | FR | France |
| | | | СА | Canada |
| German | de | German_Germany | DE | Germany |
| | | | AT | Austria |
| | | | СН | Switzerland |
| Italian | it | Italian_Italy | IT | Italy |
| Japanese | јр | Japanese_Japan | JP | Japan |
| Norwegian | no | Norwegian_Norway | NO | Norway |
| Portuguese | pt | Portuguese_Portugal | РТ | Portugal |
| Russian | ru | Russian_Russia | RU | Russian_Federation |
| Spanish | es | Spanish_Spain | ES | Spain |
| Swedish | se | Swedish_Sweden | SE | Sweden |

⁶ English for the United States is the default language. You do not need to install the JAR file for U.S. English unless you assign a different language to a phone and then want to reassign English.

Step 7 If you store the locale files in flash memory or slot 0 on the Cisco Unified CME router, create a TFTP alias for the user locale (text displays) and network locale (tones) using this format:

Example:

| | Router(config)# tftp-server flash:/ jar_file alias directory_name /gh-sip.jar Router(config)# tftp-server flash:/g4-tones.xml alias directory_name /g4-tones.xml |
|---------|--|
| | Use the appropriate directory name shown in Table 7: Phone-Type Codes for Locale JAR Files, on page 20 and remove the two-letter language code from the JAR file name. |
| | For example, the TFTP aliases for German and Germany for the Cisco Unified IP Phone 8961 are: |
| | Router(config)# tftp-server flash:/de-gh-sip.jar alias German_Germany/ Router(config)# tftp-server flash:/g4-tones.xml alias Germany/g4-tones.xml |
| Step 8 | If you store the locale files on an external TFTP server, create a directory under the TFTP root directory for each user and network locale. |
| | Use the appropriate directory name shown in Table 7: Phone-Type Codes for Locale JAR Files, on page 20 and remove the two-letter language code from the JAR file name. |
| | Example: |
| | For example, the user-locale directory for German and the network-locale directory for Germany for the Cisco Unified IP Phone 8961 are: |
| | TFTP-Root/German_Germany/gh-sip.jar TFTP-Root/Germany/g4-tones.xml |
| Step 9 | Assign the locales to the phones. To set a default locale for all phones, use the user-locale and network-locale commands in voice register global configuration mode. |
| Step 10 | To support more than one user or network locale, see Verify Multiple Locales on SIP Phones, on page 28. |
| Step 11 | Use the create profile command to rebuild the configuration files. |
| Step 12 | Use the reset command to reset the phones and see the localized displays. |

Use the Locale Installer in Cisco Unified CME 9.0 and Later Versions



Restriction

- When using an external TFTP server, you must manually create the user locale folders in the root directory. This is a limitation of the TFTP server.
 - Locale support is limited to phone firmware versions that are supported by Cisco Unified CME.
 - User-defined locales are not supported if the configuration file location is "system:".
 - If you install and configure a user-defined locale using country codes U1-U5 and then you install a new locale using the same label, the phone retains the original language locale even after the phone is reset. This is a limitation of the IP phone. To work around this limitation, you must configure the new package using a different country code.
 - Each user-defined country code (U1-U5) can be used for only one user-locale-tag at a time. For example:

Router(config-register-global)# user-locale 2 U2 load Finnish.pkg Router(config-register-global)# user-locale 1 U2 load Chinese.pkg LOCALE ERROR: User Defined Locale U2 already exists on locale index 2.

Before you begin

- Cisco Unified CME 9.0(1) or a later version.
- When the storage location specified by the **cnf-file location** command is flash memory, sufficient space must be on the flash file system for extracting the contents of the locale TAR file.
- You must have an account on Cisco.com to download locale files.

Step 1 Go to http://www.cisco.com/cgi-bin/tablebuild.pl/CME-Locale

You must have an account on Cisco.com to access the Software Download Center. If you do not have an account or have forgotten your username or password, click the appropriate button at the login dialog box and follow the instructions that appear.

- Step 2
 Navigate to Downloads Home > Products > Unified Communications > Call Control > Mid-Market Call Control > Cisco Unified Communications Manager Express > Unified Communications Manager Express Individual File Set and select your version of Cisco Unified CME.
- **Step 3** Select the TAR file for the locale you want to install. Each TAR file contains locale files for a specific language and country and uses the following naming convention: CME-locale-*language_country-CMEversion*.tar

Example:

For example, CME-locale-de_DE-German-8.6.3.0.tar is German for Germany for Cisco Unified CME 9.0.

Step 4 Download the TAR file to the location previously specified by the **cnf-file location** command. Each file contains all the firmware required for all phone types supported by that version of Cisco Unified CME.

With the locale installer, you do not need to perform manual configuration. Instead, you copy the locale file using the **copy** command in privileged EXEC configuration mode.

- **Note** You must copy the locale file into the /its directory (flash:/its or slot0:/its) when you store the locale files on the Cisco Unified CME router.
- a) If the cnf-file location is flash memory: Copy the TAR file to the flash:/its directory.

Example:

For example,

Router# copy tftp://12.1.1.100/CME-locale-de DE-German-8.6.3.0.tar flash:/its

- b) If the cnf-file location is slot0: Copy the TAR file to the slot0:/its directory.
- c) If the cnf-file location is tftp: Create a folder in the root directory of the TFTP server for each locale using the following format and then copy the TAR file to the TFTP-Root folder.

Example:

TFTP-Root/TAR-filename

For system-defined locales, use the locale folder name as shown in Table 9: System-Defined and User-Defined Locales, on page 24. For example, create the folder for system-defined German as follows:

TFTP-Root/de_DE-8.6.3.0.tar

For up to five user-defined locales, use the User_Define_n folder name as shown in Table 9: System-Defined and User-Defined Locales, on page 24. A user-defined locale is a language other than the system-defined locales that are predefined in Cisco IOS software. For example, create the folder for user-defined locale Chinese (User_Define_1) as follows:

TFTP-Root/CME-locale-zh_CN-Chinese-8.6.3.0.tar

Note For a list of user-defined languages supported in Cisco Unified CME, see Cisco Unified CME Localization Matrix.

| Language | Locale Folder Name | Country Code |
|-----------------|----------------------------|-----------------|
| English | English_United_States | US |
| | English_United_Kingdom | UK |
| | | СА |
| Danish | Danish_Denmark | DK |
| Dutch | Dutch_Netherlands | NL |
| French | French_France | FR |
| | | СА |
| German | German_Germany | DE |
| | | AT |
| | | СН |
| Italian | Italian_Italy | IT |
| Japanese | Japanese_Japan | JP |
| Norwegian | Norwegian_Norway | NO |
| Portuguese | Portuguese_Portugal | РТ |
| Russian | Russian_Russia | RU |
| Spanish | Spanish_Spain | ES |
| Swedish | Swedish_Sweden | SE |
| Un ^Z | User_Define_n ¹ | Un ¹ |

Table 9: System-Defined and User-Defined Locales

⁷ Where "n" is a number from 1 to 5.

Step 5 Use the user-locale [*user-locale-tag*] {[user-defined-code]*country-code*} [load *TAR-filename*] command in voice register global configuration mode to extract the contents of the TAR file. For country codes, see Table 9: System-Defined and User-Defined Locales , on page 24.

Note Use the complete filename, including the file suffix (.tar), when you configure the **user-locale** command for all Cisco Unified SIP IP phone types.

Example:

For example, to extract the contents of the CME-locale-zh_CN-Chinese-8.6.3.0.tar file when U1 is the country code for user-defined locale Chinese (User_Define_1), use this command:

Router(config-register-global)# user-locale U1 load CME-locale-zh_CN-Chinese-8.6.3.0.tar

- **Step 6** Assign the locales to the phones. See Configure Multiple Locales on SIP Phones, on page 25.
- **Step 7** Use the **create profile** command in voice register global configuration mode to generate the configuration profile files required for Cisco Unified SIP IP phones.
- **Step 8** Use the **reset** command to reset the phones and see the localized displays.

Configure Multiple Locales on SIP Phones

To define one or more alternatives to the default user and network locales and apply them to individual phones, perform the following steps.

```
(
```

```
Restriction
```

• Multiple user and network locales are supported only on Cisco Unified IP Phone 8961, 9951, and 9971.

Before you begin

- Cisco Unified CME 8.6 or a later version. For Cisco Unified IP Phone 9971, Cisco Unified CME 8.8 or a later version.
- To specify alternative user and network locales for individual phones in a Cisco Unified CME system, you must use per-phone configuration files. For more information, see Install System-Defined Locales for Cisco Unified IP Phone 6921, 6945, 7906, 7911, 7921, 7931, 7941, 7961, 7970, 7971, and Cisco IP Communicator, on page 5.

SUMMARY STEPS

- 1. enable
- 2. configure terminal
- 3. voice register global
- **4. user-locale** [*user-locale-tag*] { [*user-defined-code*] *country-code* }
- 5. network-locale network-locale-tag [user-defined-code] country-code
- 6. create profile
- 7. exit
- 8. voice register template template-tag
- 9. user-locale user-locale-tag
- **10.** network-locale network-locale-tag
- **11**. exit

- **12.** voice register pool pool-tag
- **13.** voice register template *template-tag*
- 14. exit
- 15. voice register global
- 16. reset
- 17. end

DETAILED STEPS

| | Command or Action | Purpose | |
|--------|--|---|--|
| Step 1 | enable | Enables privileged EXEC mode. | |
| | Example: | • Enter your password if prompted. | |
| | Router> enable | | |
| Step 2 | configure terminal | Enters global configuration mode. | |
| | Example: | | |
| | Router# configure terminal | | |
| Step 3 | voice register global | Enters voice register global configuration mode to set | |
| | Example: | parameters for all supported SIP phones in | |
| | Router(config)#voice register global | | |
| Step 4 | user-locale [user-locale-tag] { [user-defined-code] | Specifies a language for phone displays. | |
| | country-code } | • user-locale-tag—Assigns a locale identifier to the | |
| | Example: | locale. Range is 0 to 4. Default: 0. This argument is | |
| | Router(config-register-global)# user-locale 1 DE | default (0). | |
| | | • country-code—Type ? to display a list of | |
| | | system-defined codes. Default: US (United States). | |
| Step 5 | network-locale network-locale-tag [user-defined-code] | Specifies a country for tones and cadences. | |
| | country-code | • network-locale-tag—Assigns a locale identifier to | |
| | Example: | the country code. Range is 0 to 4. Default: 0. This argument is required when defining some locale other | |
| | Router(config-register-global)# network-locale 1 FR | than the default (0). | |
| | | • country-code—Type ? to display a list of | |
| | | system-defined codes. Default: US (United States). | |
| | | user-defined code (U1 to U5). | |
| | | | |
| Step 6 | create profile | Generates provisioning files required for SIP phones and writes the file to the location specified with the tftp. path | |
| | Example: | command. | |
| | Router(config-register-global)# create profile | | |

| | Command or Action | Purpose |
|---------|---|---|
| Step 7 | exit | Exits voice register global configuration mode. |
| | Example: | |
| | Router(config-telephony)# exit | |
| Step 8 | <pre>voice register template template-tag Example: Router(config)voice register template 10</pre> | Enters voice register template configuration mode to define a template of common parameters for SIP phones in Cisco Unified CME. • Range— 1 to 10. |
| Step 9 | user-locale user-locale-tag | Assigns a user locale to this ephone template. |
| | <pre>Example: Router(config-ephone-template)# user-locale 2</pre> | • <i>user-locale-tag</i> —A locale tag that was created in Step 4, on page 26. Range is 0 to 4. |
| Step 10 | network-locale network-locale-tag | Assigns a network locale to this ephone template. |
| | <pre>Example: Router(config-ephone-template)# network-locale 2</pre> | • <i>network-locale-tag</i> —A locale tag that was created in Step 5, on page 26. Range is 0 to 4. |
| Step 11 | exit | Exits voice register template configuration mode. |
| | Example: Router(config-ephone-template)# exit | |
| Step 12 | <pre>voice register pool pool-tag Example: Router(config)#voice register pool 5</pre> | Enters voice register pool configuration mode to set phone-specific parameters for a SIP phone. |
| Step 13 | <pre>voice register template template-tag Example: Router(config)voice register template 10</pre> | Enters voice register template configuration mode to define a template of common parameters for SIP phones in Cisco Unified CME. • Range— 1 to 10. |
| Step 14 | exit Example: Router(config-ephone)# exit | Exits voice register template configuration mode. |
| Step 15 | <pre>voice register global Example: Router(config)#voice register global</pre> | Enters voice register global configuration mode to set parameters for all supported SIP phones in Cisco Unified CME. |
| Step 16 | <pre>reset Example: Router(config-register-global)# reset</pre> | Performs a complete reboot of all phones or the specified phone, including contacting the DHCP and TFTP servers for the latest configuration information. |

| | Command or Action | Purpose |
|---------|-------------------------------------|----------------------------------|
| Step 17 | end | Returns to privileged EXEC mode. |
| | Example: | |
| | Router(config-register-global)# end | |

Verify Multiple Locales on SIP Phones

Step 1 Use the **show voice register tftp-bind** command to display a list of configuration files that are accessible to IP phones using TFTP, including the dictionary, language, and tone configuration files.

Example:

```
Router#sh voice register tftp-bind

tftp-server syncinfo.xml url system:/cme/sipphone/SIPDefault.cnf

tftp-server SIPDefault.cnf url system:/cme/sipphone/SIPDefault.cnf

tftp-server softkeyDefault_kpml.xml url system:/cme/sipphone/softkeyDefault_kpml

.xml

tftp-server softkeyDefault.xml url system:/cme/sipphone/softkeyDefault.xml

tftp-server softkey2_kpml.xml url system:/cme/sipphone/softkey2_kpml.xml

tftp-server softkey2.xml url system:/cme/sipphone/softkey2.xml

tftp-server featurePolicyDefault.xml url system:/cme/sipphone/featurePolicyDefau

lt.xml

tftp-server featurePolicy2.xml url system:/cme/sipphone/featurePolicy2.xml

tftp-server SEPACA016FDC1BD.cnf.xml url system:/cme/sipphone/SEPACA016FDC1BD.cnf

.xml
```

- **Step 2** Use the **show voice register template all** command to check the user locale and network locale settings in each ephone template.
- **Step 3** Use the **show voice register pool all** command to check that the correct templates are applied to phones.
- **Step 4** If the configuration file location is not TFTP, use the **debug tftp events** command to see which files Cisco Unified CME is looking for and whether the files are found and opened correctly. There are usually three states ("looking for x file," "opened x file," and "finished x file"). The file is found when all three states are displayed. For an external TFTP server, you can use the logs from the TFTP server.

Configuration Examples for Localization

Example for Configuring Multiple User and Network Locales

The following example sets the default locale of 0 to Germany, which defines Germany as the default user and network locale. Germany is used for all phones unless you apply a different locale to individual phones using ephone templates.

```
telephony service
    cnf-file location flash:
    cnf-file perphone
    user-locale 0 DE
    network-locale 0 DE
```

After using the previous commands to define Germany as the default user and network locale, use the following commands to return the default value of 0 to US:

```
telephony service
no user-locale 0 DE
no network-locale 0 DE
```

Another way to define Germany as the default user and network locale is to use the following commands:

```
telephony service
cnf-file location flash:
cnf-file perphone
user-locale DE
network-locale DE
```

After using the previous commands, use the following commands to return the default to US:

```
telephony service
no user-locale DE
no network-locale DE
```

The following example defines three alternative locales: JP (Japan), FR (France), and ES (Spain). The default is US for all phones that do not have an alternative applied using ephone templates. In this example, ephone 11 uses JP for its locales, ephone 12 uses FR, ephone 13 uses ES, and ephone 14 uses the default, US.

```
telephony-service
    cnf-file location flash:
     cnf-file perphone
    create cnf-files
     user-locale 1 JP
     user-locale 2 FR
    user-locale 3 ES
    network-locale 1 JP
    network-locale 2 FR
    network-locale 3 ES
     create cnf-files
    ephone-template 1
    user-locale 1
    network-locale 1
    ephone-template 2
    user-locale 2
     network-locale 2
    ephone-template 3
     user-locale 3
    network-locale 3
    ephone 11
    button 1:25
     ephone-template 1
    ephone 12
    button 1:26
     ephone-template 2
    ephone 13
    button 1:27
     ephone-template 3
    ephone 14
   button 1:28
```

Example for Configuring User-Defined Locales

The following example shows user-locale tag 1 assigned to code U1, which is defined as ZH for Traditional Chinese. Traditional Chinese is not predefined in the system so you must download the appropriate XML files to support this language.

In this example, ephone 11 uses Traditional Chinese (ZH) and ephone 12 uses the default, US English. The default is US English for all phones that do not have an alternative applied using ephone templates.

```
telephony-service
    cnf-file location flash:
    cnf-file perphone
    user-locale 1 U1 ZH
    network-locale 1 U1 CN
ephone-template 2
    user-locale 1
network-locale 1
ephone 11
button 1:25
ephone-template 2
ephone 12
button 1:26
```

Example for Configuring Chinese as the User-Defined Locale

The following is a sample output from the **user-locale** command when you configure the Chinese language as the user-defined locale in Cisco Unified CME:

```
Router(config-register-global) # user-locale U1 load chinese.pkg
Updating CNF files
LOCALE INSTALLER MESSAGE: VER:1
LOCALE INSTALLER MESSAGE: Langcode:zh
LOCALE INSTALLER MESSAGE: Language: Chinese
LOCALE INSTALLER MESSAGE: Filename: 7905-dictionary.xml
LOCALE INSTALLER MESSAGE: Filename: 7905-font.xml
LOCALE INSTALLER MESSAGE: Filename: 7905-kate.xml
LOCALE INSTALLER MESSAGE: Filename: 7960-tones.xml
LOCALE INSTALLER MESSAGE: Filename: mk-sccp.jar
LOCALE INSTALLER MESSAGE: Filename: td-sccp.jar
LOCALE INSTALLER MESSAGE: Filename: tc-sccp.jar
LOCALE INSTALLER MESSAGE: Filename: 7921-font.dat
LOCALE INSTALLER MESSAGE: Filename: 7921-kate.utf-8.xml
LOCALE INSTALLER MESSAGE: Filename: 7921-kate.xml
LOCALE INSTALLER MESSAGE: Filename: SCCP-dictionary.utf-8.xml
LOCALE INSTALLER MESSAGE: Filename: SCCP-dictionary.xml
LOCALE INSTALLER MESSAGE: Filename: SCCP-dictionary-ext.xml
LOCALE INSTALLER MESSAGE: Filename: 7921-dictionary.xml
LOCALE INSTALLER MESSAGE: Filename: g3-tones.xml
LOCALE INSTALLER MESSAGE: Filename: utf8 tags file
LOCALE INSTALLER MESSAGE: Filename: tags file
LOCALE INSTALLER MESSAGE: New Locale configured
Processing file:flash:/its/user define 1 tags file
Processing file:flash:/its/user define 1 utf8 tags file
```

CNF-FILES: Clock is not set or synchronized, retaining old versionStamps CNF files updating complete

Example for Configuring Swedish as the System-Defined Locale

The following is a sample output from the **user-locale** command when you configure the Swedish language as the system-defined locale in Cisco Unified CME:

```
Router(config-register-global) # user-locale SE load swedish.pkg
Updating CNF files
LOCALE INSTALLER MESSAGE: VER:1
LOCALE INSTALLER MESSAGE: Langcode:se
LOCALE INSTALLER MESSAGE: Language:swedish
LOCALE INSTALLER MESSAGE: Filename: g3-tones.xml
LOCALE INSTALLER MESSAGE: Filename: gp=sccp.jar
LOCALE INSTALLER MESSAGE: Filename: ipc-sccp.jar
LOCALE INSTALLER MESSAGE: Filename: mk-sccp.jar
LOCALE INSTALLER MESSAGE: Filename: tc-sccp.jar
LOCALE INSTALLER MESSAGE: Filename: td-sccp.jar
LOCALE INSTALLER MESSAGE: Filename: td-sccp.jar
LOCALE INSTALLER MESSAGE: New Locale configured
CNF-FILES: Clock is not set or synchronized, retaining old versionStamps
CNF files updating complete
```

Configuration Examples for Locale Installer on SCCP Phones

System-Defined Locale is the Default Applied to All Phones

The following example is the output from the **user-locale** command when you configure a system-defined locale for Cisco Unified CME and the locale is on the default locale index (user-locale-tag 0). The *user-locale-tag* argument is required only when using multiple locales; otherwise, the specified language is the default applied to all SCCP phones.

```
Router(config-telephony)# user-locale SE load CME-locale-sv SV-7.0.1.1a.tar
   Updating CNF files
   LOCALE INSTALLER MESSAGE: VER:1
   LOCALE INSTALLER MESSAGE: Langcode:se
   LOCALE INSTALLER MESSAGE: Language:swedish
   LOCALE INSTALLER MESSAGE: Filename: g3-tones.xml
   LOCALE INSTALLER MESSAGE: Filename: gp-sccp.jar
   LOCALE INSTALLER MESSAGE: Filename: ipc-sccp.jar
   LOCALE INSTALLER MESSAGE: Filename: mk-sccp.jar
   LOCALE INSTALLER MESSAGE: Filename: tc-sccp.jar
   LOCALE INSTALLER MESSAGE: Filename: td-sccp.jar
   LOCALE INSTALLER MESSAGE: New Locale configured
   CNF-FILES: Clock is not set or synchronized, retaining old versionStamps
   CNF files updating complete
   Router (config-telephony) # create cnf-files
   Router (config-telephony) # ephone 3
   Router(config-ephone) # reset
```

User-Defined Locale is Default Language to be Applied to All Phones

The following example is the output from the **user-locale** command when you configure a user-defined locale for Cisco Unified CME and the locale is on the default locale index (user-locale-tag 0). The *user-locale-tag* argument is required when using multiple locales, otherwise the specified language is the default applied to all SCCP phones.

```
Router(config-telephone)# user-locale U1 load CME-locale-xh CN-7.0.1.1.tar
 Updating CNF files
 LOCALE INSTALLER MESSAGE: VER:1
 LOCALE INSTALLER MESSAGE: Langcode:fi
  LOCALE INSTALLER MESSAGE: Language:Finnish
 LOCALE INSTALLER MESSAGE: Filename: 7905-dictionary.xml
 LOCALE INSTALLER MESSAGE: Filename: 7905-kate.xml
 LOCALE INSTALLER MESSAGE: Filename: 7920-dictionary.xml
 LOCALE INSTALLER MESSAGE: Filename: 7960-dictionary.xml
 LOCALE INSTALLER MESSAGE: Filename: 7960-font.xml
 LOCALE INSTALLER MESSAGE: Filename: 7960-kate.xml
 LOCALE INSTALLER MESSAGE: Filename: 7960-tones.xml
 LOCALE INSTALLER MESSAGE: Filename: mk-sccp.jar
 LOCALE INSTALLER MESSAGE: Filename: tc-sccp.jar
 LOCALE INSTALLER MESSAGE: Filename: td-sccp.jar
 LOCALE INSTALLER MESSAGE: Filename: tags file
 LOCALE INSTALLER MESSAGE: Filename: utf8 tags file
 LOCALE INSTALLER MESSAGE: Filename: g3-tones.xml
 LOCALE INSTALLER MESSAGE: Filename: SCCP-dictionary.utf-8.xml
 LOCALE INSTALLER MESSAGE: Filename: SCCP-dictionary.xml
  LOCALE INSTALLER MESSAGE: Filename: ipc-sccp.jar
  LOCALE INSTALLER MESSAGE: Filename: gp-sccp.jar
 LOCALE INSTALLER MESSAGE: New Locale configured
  Processing file:flash:/its/user define 2 tags file
  Processing file:flash:/its/user define 2 utf8 tags file
  CNF-FILES: Clock is not set or synchronized, retaining old versionStamps
  CNF files updating complete
  Router(config-telephony) # create cnf-files
  Router(config-telephony) # ephone 3
  Router (config-ephone) # reset
```

Locale on a Non-default Locale Index

The following example is the output from the **user-locale** command if you configure a user-defined locale as an alternate locale for a particular SCCP phone (ephone 1) in Cisco Unified CME. The *user-locale-tag* argument is required only when using multiple locales. In this configuration, the locale is user-defined Finnish (U2) on user-locale index 2.

```
Router(config-telephony)# user-locale 2 U2 load CME-locale-fi_FI-7.0.1.1.tar
Updating CNF files
LOCALE INSTALLER MESSAGE: VER:1
LOCALE INSTALLER MESSAGE: Language:Finnish
LOCALE INSTALLER MESSAGE: Filename: 7905-dictionary.xml
LOCALE INSTALLER MESSAGE: Filename: 7905-kate.xml
LOCALE INSTALLER MESSAGE: Filename: 7920-dictionary.xml
LOCALE INSTALLER MESSAGE: Filename: 7960-dictionary.xml
```

```
LOCALE INSTALLER MESSAGE: Filename: 7960-font.xml
LOCALE INSTALLER MESSAGE: Filename: 7960-kate.xml
LOCALE INSTALLER MESSAGE: Filename: 7960-tones.xml
LOCALE INSTALLER MESSAGE: Filename: mk-sccp.jar
LOCALE INSTALLER MESSAGE: Filename: tc-sccp.jar
LOCALE INSTALLER MESSAGE: Filename: td-sccp.jar
LOCALE INSTALLER MESSAGE: Filename: tags file
LOCALE INSTALLER MESSAGE: Filename: utf8 tags file
LOCALE INSTALLER MESSAGE: Filename: g3-tones.xml
LOCALE INSTALLER MESSAGE: Filename: SCCP-dictionary.utf-8.xml
LOCALE INSTALLER MESSAGE: Filename: SCCP-dictionary.xml
LOCALE INSTALLER MESSAGE: Filename: ipc-sccp.jar
LOCALE INSTALLER MESSAGE: Filename: gp-sccp.jar
LOCALE INSTALLER MESSAGE: New Locale configured
Processing file:flash:/its/user define 2 tags file
Processing file:flash:/its/user define 2 utf8 tags file
CNF-FILES: Clock is not set or synchronized, retaining old versionStamps
CNF files updating complete
Router(config-telephony) # ephone-template 1
Router(config-ephone-template) # user-locale 2
Router(config-ephone-template) # ephone 1
Router(config-ephone) # ephone-template 1
The ephone template tag has been changed under this ephone, please restart or reset ephone
to take effect.
Router(config-ephone) # telephony-service
Router (config-telephony) # create cnf-files
Router(config-telephony) # ephone 1
Router (config-ephone) # reset
```

Examples for Configuring Multiple User and Network Locales on SIP Phones

The following example sets the default locale of 0 to Germany, which defines Germany as the default user and network locale. Germany is used for all phones unless you apply a different locale to individual phones using ephone templates.

```
voice register global
user-locale 0 DE
network-locale 0 DE
```

After using the previous commands to define Germany as the default user and network locale, use the following commands to return the default value of 0 to US:

```
voice register global
no user-locale 0 DE
no network-locale 0 DE
```

Another way to define Germany as the default user and network locale is to use the following commands:

```
voice register global
user-locale DE
network-locale DE
```

After using the previous commands, use the following commands to return the default to US:

voice register global no user-locale DE no network-locale DE

SIP: Alternative Locales

The following example defines three alternative locales: JP (Japan), FR (France), and ES (Spain). The default is US for all phones that do not have an alternative applied using ephone templates. In this example, ephone 11 uses JP for its locales, ephone 12 uses FR, ephone 13 uses ES, and ephone 14 uses the default, US.

```
voice register global
   create profile
   user-locale 1 JP
   user-locale 2 FR
   user-locale 3 ES
   network-locale 1 JP
   network-locale 2 FR
   network-locale 3 ES
   create profile
  voice register template 1
   user-locale 1
   network-locale 1
  voice register template 2
   user-locale 2
   network-locale 2
  voice register pool 1
   number 1 dn 1
    template 1
   user-locale 3
  network-locale 3
  voice register pool 2
   number 2 dn 2
    template 2
  voice register pool 6
    number 3 dn 3
     template 3
```

Example for Configuring Locale Installer on SIP Phones

The following example shows how the locale installer only requires you to copy the locale file using the **copy** command in privileged EXEC configuration mode to configure a locale on a Cisco Unified SIP IP phone. The example also shows that the locale file has been copied in the /its directory.

```
Router# copy tftp://100.1.1.1/CME-locale-de_DE-German-8.6.3.0.tar flash:/its
Destination filename [/its/CME-locale-de_DE-German-8.6.3.0.tar]?
Router# configure terminal
Enter configuration commands, one per line. End with CNTL/Z.
Router(config)# voice register global
Router(config-register-global)# user-locale DE load
CME-locale-de_DE-German-8.6.3.0.tar
LOCALE INSTALLER MESSAGE (SIP):Loading Locale Package...
LOCALE INSTALLER MESSAGE: VER:3
LOCALE INSTALLER MESSAGE: Langcode:de_DE
LOCALE INSTALLER MESSAGE: Langcode:de_DE
LOCALE INSTALLER MESSAGE: Langcode:de_DE
LOCALE INSTALLER MESSAGE: Langcode:de_DE
```

```
LOCALE INSTALLER MESSAGE: Filename: tags_file
LOCALE INSTALLER MESSAGE: Filename: utf8_tags_file
LOCALE INSTALLER MESSAGE: Filename: gd-sip.jar
LOCALE INSTALLER MESSAGE: Filename: gd-sip.jar
LOCALE INSTALLER MESSAGE: Filename: gd-tones.xml
LOCALE INSTALLER MESSAGE: New Locale configured
Router(config-register-global)#
```

Where to Go Next

Ephone Templates

For more information about ephone templates, see Templates.

Feature Information for Localization Support

The following table provides release information about the feature or features described in this module. This table lists only the software release that introduced support for a given feature in a given software release train. Unless noted otherwise, subsequent releases of that software release train also support that feature.

Use Cisco Feature Navigator to find information about platform support and Cisco software image support. To access Cisco Feature Navigator, go to www.cisco.com/go/cfn. An account on Cisco.com is not required.

| Feature Name | Cisco Unified CME Version | Feature Information |
|--|------------------------------|---|
| Localization Enhancements for Cisco Unified SIP IP Phones | 10.5 | Cisco Unified CME 10.5 provides support for additional languages. |
| Localization Enhancements for Cisco Unified SIP IP Phones | 9.0 | Provides the following enhanced localization support for Cisco Unified SIP IP phones: |
| | | • Localization support for Cisco Unified 6941 and 6945 SIP IP Phones. |
| | | • Locale installer that supports a single procedure for all Cisco Unified SIP IP phones. |
| Localization Enhancement | 8.8 | Adds localization support for Cisco Unified 3905 SIP and Cisco Unified 6945, 8941, and 8945 SCCP IP Phones. |
| Usability Enhancement | 8.6 | Adds localization support for SIP IP Phones. |

Table 10: Feature Information for Localization Support

| Feature Name | Cisco Unified CME Version | Feature Information |
|--|------------------------------|---|
| Cisco Unified CME Usability Enhancement | 7.0(1) | • Locale installer that supports a single procedure for all SCCP IP phones. |
| | | • Parses firmware-load text files and automatically creates the required TFTP aliases for localization. |
| | | • Backward compatibility with the configuration method in Cisco Unified CME 7.0 and earlier versions. |
| Multiple Locales | 4.0 | Multiple user and network locales were introduced. |
| User-Defined Locales | 4.0 | User-defined locales were introduced. |