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Unified Messaging Guide for Cisco Unity Connection Release 11.x

Americas Headquarters

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CONTENTS

CHAPTER 1

CHAPTER 2

Introduction to Unified Messaging 1 Overview 1 Single Inbox 2 Storing Voicemails for Single Inbox Configuration 2 Single Inbox with ViewMail for Outlook 2 Single Inbox without ViewMail for Outlook or with Other Email Clients 3 Accessing Secure Voicemails in the Exchange/ Office 365 Mailbox 3 Transcription of Voicemails Synchronized Between Unity Connection and Exchange/ Office 365 Mailbox 3 Transcription of Voicemails in Secure and Private Messages 5 Synchronization with Outlook Folders 5 Enabling the Sent Items Folder Synchronization 6 Working of Message Routing Using SMTP Domain Name 7 Location for Deleted Messages 7 Types of Messages Not Synchronized with Exchange/ Office 365 8 Affect of Disabling and Re-enabling Single Inbox 8 Synchronization of Read/Heard Receipts, Delivery Receipts, and Non-delivery Receipts 9 Text-to-Speech 10 Calendar and Contact Integration 11 About Calendar Integration 12 About Contact Integrations 12 **Configuring Unified Messaging** 13 Configuring Unified Messaging 13 Overview of Unity Connection Communication with Exchange Server 13

Prerequisites for Configuring Unified Messaging 17

	Task List for Configuring Unified Messaging17
	Task List for Configuring Unified Messaging with Exchange 2013, Exchange 2016 or Exchange 2019 17
	Task List for Configuring Unified Messaging with Office 36518
	Task for Configuring Unified Messaging 21
	Configuring Unified Messaging in Active Directory 21
	Granting Permissions 22
	Confirming Authentication and SSL Settings 22
	Configuring Paged View Functionality in Unity Connection for Exchange 2013, Exchange 2016 or Exchange 2019 24
	Accessing Office 365 Using Remote Exchange Management Power Shell 25
	Assigning Application Impersonation Role for Office 365 25
	Creating a Unified Messaging Service to Access Mail Server 26
	Uploading CA Public Certificates for Exchange and Active Directory 27
	Uploading Certificates for Office 365 and Cisco Unity Connection 28
	Settings Configured on Unity Connection Users 29
	Unified Messaging Account for Users 29
	Test Unified Messaging Configuration 30
CHAPTER 3	Configuring Text-to-Speech 33
	Configuring Text-to-Speech 33
	Overview 33
	Task List for Configuring Text-to-Speech33
	Configuring the Text-to-Speech Feature 33
	Configuring TTS on Office 365, Exchange 2019, Exchange 2016, Exchange 2013 or Exchange 2010 33
CHAPTER 4	Configuring Calendar and Contact Integration 35
	Configuring Calendar and Contact Integration 35
	Overview 35
	Configuring Calendar and Contact Integration with Exchange or Office 365 Servers 35
	Configuring Office 365, Exchange 2019, Exchange 2016, Exchange 2013 or Exchange 2010 for Calendar and Contact Integration 36
	Configuring Unity Connection for Calendar and Contact Integration 38

I

I

C

C

Configuring Unity Connection Users for Calendar and Contact Integration 38
Testing Calendar Integration with Exchange or Office 365 Servers 39
Configuring Calendar and Contact Integration with Cisco Unified MeetingPlace or Cisco Unified
MeetingPlace Express 40
Configuring Cisco Unified MeetingPlace for Calendar Integration 40
Configuring Cisco Unified MeetingPlace Express for Calendar Integration 41
Configuring Unity Connection for Calendar Integration 42
Configuring Unity Connection Users for Calendar Integration 42
Testing Calendar Integration with Cisco Unified MeetingPlace or Cisco Unified MeetingPlace Express 43
ng and Restoring Exchange Mailboxes 45
Moving and Restoring Exchange Mailboxes 45
Overview 45
Updating User Settings After Moving Exchange Mailboxes 45
Moving Exchange Mailboxes to a New Exchange Server 46
Depleting Units Connection Unified Massesing Accounts After Maxing Eacharge Mailhouse

CHAPTER 5

Movi

Replacing Unity Connection Unified Messaging Accounts After Moving Exchange Mailboxes 46

Restoring Exchange Mailboxes 47

Task List for Restoring Microsoft Exchange Mailboxes 47

Disabling Single Inbox Before Restoring Exchange Mailboxes 48

Behavior of Synchronization Cache when Single Inbox is Disabled 48

Behavior of Synchronization Cache when Single Inbox is Enabled 49

Disabling Single Inbox for Unity Connection 49

Contents

I



CHAPTER

Introduction to Unified Messaging

- Overview, on page 1
- Single Inbox, on page 2
- Text-to-Speech, on page 10
- Calendar and Contact Integration, on page 11

Overview

The unified messaging feature provides a single storage for different types of messages, such as voicemails and emails that are accessible from a variety of devices. For example, a user can access a voicemail either from the email inbox using computer speakers or directly from the phone interface.

The following are the supported mail server with which you can integrate Unity Connection to enable unified messaging:

- Microsoft Exchange (2007, 2010, 2013 and 2016) servers
- Microsoft Office 365
- Cisco Unified MeetingPlace

Integrating Unity Connection with an Exchange or Office 365 server provides the following functionalities:

- Synchronization of voicemails between Unity Connection and Exchange/ Office 365 mailboxes.
- Text-to-speech (TTS) access to Exchange/ Office 365 email.
- Access to Exchange/ Office 365 calendars that allows users to do meeting-related tasks by phone, such as, hear a list of upcoming meetings and accept or decline meeting invitations.
- Access to Exchange/ Office 365 contacts that allows users to import Exchange/ Office 365 contacts and use the contact information in personal call transfer rules and when placing outgoing calls using voice commands.
- Transcription of Unity Connection voicemails.

Integrating Unity Connection with Cisco Unified MeetingPlace provides the following functionalities:

- Join a meeting that is in progress.
- · Hear a list of the participants for a meeting.

- Send a message to the meeting organizer and meeting participants.
- Set up immediate meetings.
- Cancel a meeting (applied to meeting organizers only).

Single Inbox

The synchronization of user messages between Unity Connection and Exchange/Office 365 mailboxes is known as single inbox. When the single inbox feature is enabled on Unity Connection, voice mails are first delivered to the user mailbox in Unity Connection and then the mails are replicated to the user mailbox on Exchange/Office 365 server. For information on configuring the single inbox or unified messaging feature in Unity Connection, see the "Configuring Unified Messaging" chapter.



- The single inbox feature is supported with both IPv4 and IPv6 addresses. However, single inbox over IPv6 is supported only with Office 365 and Exchange 2007, 2010, and 2013 servers.
- When the single inbox feature is enabled for a user, the Outlook rules may or may not work for single inbox messages.
- Unity Connection 9.1(2) and later supports maximum of 8000 Office 365 users. For more information see the section "Specification for Virtual Platform Overlays" of the *Cisco Unity Connection 11.x Supported Platform* List at

https://www.cisco.com/c/en/us/td/docs/voice_ip_comm/connection/11x/supported_platforms/b_11xcucspl.html

Storing Voicemails for Single Inbox Configuration

All Unity Connection voicemails, including those sent from Cisco ViewMail for Microsoft Outlook, are first stored in Unity Connection and are immediately replicated to the Exchange/ Office 365 mailbox for the recipient.

Single Inbox with ViewMail for Outlook

Consider the following points if you want to use Outlook for sending, replying, and forwarding voicemails and to synchronize the messages with Unity Connection:

- Install ViewMail for Outlook on user workstations. If ViewMail for Outlook is not installed, the voicemails
 that are sent by Outlook are treated as .wav file attachments by Unity Connection. For more information
 on installing ViewMail for Outlook, see the *Release Notes for Cisco ViewMail for Microsoft Outlook*for the latest release at http://www.cisco.com/en/US/products/ps6509/prod release notes list.html.
- Make sure to add SMTP proxy addresses for unified messaging users in Unity Connection. The SMTP
 proxy address of a user specified in Cisco Unity Connection Administration must match the Exchange/
 Office 365 email address specified in the unified messaging account in which single inbox is enabled.
- Associate an email account of each user in the organization with a Unity Connection server domain.

The Outlook Inbox folder contains both voicemails and the other messages stored in Exchange/ Office 365. The voicemails also appear in the Web Inbox of a user.

A single inbox user has a **Voice Outbox** folder added to the Outlook mailbox. Unity Connection voicemails sent from Outlook do not appear in the Sent Items folder.



Private messages cannot be forwarded.

Single Inbox without ViewMail for Outlook or with Other Email Clients

If you do not install ViewMail for Outlook or use another email client to access Unity Connection voicemails in Exchange/ Office 365:

- The email client treats voicemails as emails with .wav file attachments.
- When a user replies to or forwards a voicemail, the reply or forward also is treated as an email even if the user attaches a .wav file. Message routing is handled by Exchange/ Office 365, not by Unity Connection, so the message is never sent to the Unity Connection mailbox for the recipient.
- Users cannot listen to secure voicemails.
- It may be possible to forward private voicemails. (ViewMail for Outlook prevents private messages from being forwarded).

Accessing Secure Voicemails in the Exchange/ Office 365 Mailbox

To play secure voicemails in the Exchange/ Office 365 mailbox, users must use Microsoft Outlook and Cisco ViewMail for Microsoft Outlook. If ViewMail for Outlook is not installed, users accessing secure voicemails see only text in the body of a decoy message which briefly explains the secure messages.

Transcription of Voicemails Synchronized Between Unity Connection and Exchange/ Office 365 Mailbox

A system administrator can enable the single inbox transcription functionality by configuring the unified messaging services and the SpeechView transcription services on Unity Connection.

For information on configuring unified messaging services in Unity Connection, see the Creating a Unified Messaging Service to Access Mail Server section.

For information on configuring SpeechView transcription service, see the "SpeechView" chapter of the *System* Administration Guide for Cisco Unity Connection, Release 11.x, available at https://www.cisco.com/c/en/us/td/docs/voice_ip_comm/connection/11x/administration/guide/b_cucsag.html.

"Synchronization of multiple forward messages" service is not supported with Unity Connection, if configured with single inbox:

In single inbox, the transcription of voicemails is synchronized with Exchange in the following ways:

• When sender sends voicemail to a user through Web Inbox or touchtone conversation user interface and the user views voicemail through various email clients, then the transcription of voicemails are synchronized as shown in the Table 1.

When Sender Sends Voice Mail through Web Inbox or Touchtone Conversation User Interface

Scenarios	Web Inbox	Outlook WebMail Access/ Outlook without VMO	ViewMail for Outlook
Successful delivery of voicemails	The text of the transcription gets displayed in the reading pane of the email.		The text of the transcription gets displayed in the reading pane of the email and is also displayed in the transcription panel.
Failure or Response Time-out	The "Failure or Response Timeout" text gets displayed in the reading pane of the email.	The "Failure or Response Timeout" text gets displayed in the reading pane of the email.	The "Failure or Response Timeout" text gets displayed in the reading pane of the email and is also displayed in the transcription panel.
Transcription in Progress	The "Transcription in Progress" text gets displayed in the reading pane of the email.	The reading pane of the email is blank .text.	The "Transcription in Progress" text gets displayed in the transcription panel.

Table 1: When Sender Sends Voice Mail through Web Inbox or Touchtone Conversation User Interface

• When sender sends voicemail to a Unity Connection user through ViewMail for Outlook and the Unity Connection user views voicemail through various email clients, then the transcription of voicemails are synchronized, as shown in the Table 2:

When Sender Sends Voicemaill through ViewMail for Outlook

Table 2: When Sender Sends Voicemaill through ViewMail for Outle	ook
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Scenarios	Web Inbox	Outlook WebMail Access/ Outlook without VMO	ViewMail for Outlook
Successful delivery of voicemails	The text of transcription gets displayed in the reading pane of the email.	The text of the transcription is the part of transcript file "Transcription.txt".	The text of the transcription is the part of transcript file "Transcription.txt" and is also displayed in the transcription panel.
Failure or Response Time-out	The "Failure or Response Timeout" text gets displayed in the reading pane of the email.	The "Failure or Response Time-out" text is the part of transcript file "Trancription.txt" attached in the voicemail.	The "Failure or Response Time-out" text is the part of transcript file "Trancription.txt" attached in the voicemail and is also displayed in the transcription panel.

Scenarios	Web Inbox	Outlook WebMail Access/ Outlook without VMO	ViewMail for Outlook
Transcription in Progress	The "Transcription in Progress" text gets displayed in the reading pane of the email.	The attachment "Transcription_pending.txt" indicates the progress of transcription.	The attachment "Transcription_pending.txt" indicates the progress of transcription and the text "Transcription in Progress" is also displayed in transcription panel.



Note The message body of the voicemails composed using ViewMail for Outlook and received by Unity Connection are either blank or contain text.

• When a sender sends a voicemail to Unity Connection through third party email clients, the receiver can view the voicemail through various clients after synchronizing the transcription of voicemails.

Do the following steps to synchronize the new voicemails between Unity Connection and Exchange/ Office 365 mailboxes for a unified messaging user with SpeechView transcription service:

- 1. Navigate to Cisco Personal Communications Assistant and select Messaging Assistant.
- 2. In the Messaging Assistant tab, select **Personal Options** and enable the **Hold till transcription received** option.



Note

By default, the Hold till transcription received option is disabled.

3. The **Hold till transcription received** option enables the synchronization of voicemail between Unity Connection and Exchange only when Unity Connection receives time-out/ failure transcription response from the third party external service.

Transcription of Voicemails in Secure and Private Messages

- Secure Messages: The secure messages are stored only on the Unity Connection server. Secure messages are transcribed only if the user belongs to a class of service for which the Allow Transcriptions of Secure Messages option are enabled. This option, however, does not allow the synchronization of transcribed secure messages on the Exchange server integrated with the Unity Connection server.
- Private Messages: The transcription of private messages is not supported.

Synchronization with Outlook Folders

The voicemails of a user are visible in the Outlook Inbox folder. Unity Connection synchronizes voicemails in the following Outlook folders with the Unity Connection Inbox folder for the user:

· Subfolders under the Outlook Inbox folder

- · Subfolders under the Outlook Deleted Items folder
- The Outlook Junk Email folder

Messages in the Outlook Deleted Items folder appear in the Unity Connection Deleted Items folder. If the user moves voicemails (except secure voicemails) into Outlook folders that are not under the Inbox folder, the messages are moved to the deleted items folder in Unity Connection. However, the messages can still be played using ViewMail for Outlook because a copy of the message still exists in the Outlook folder. If the user moves the messages back into the Outlook Inbox folder or into an Outlook folder that is synchronized with the Unity Connection Inbox folder, and:

- If the message is in the deleted items folder in Unity Connection, the message is synchronized back into the Unity Connection Inbox for that user.
- If the message is not in the deleted items folder in Unity Connection, the message is still playable in Outlook but not resynchronized into Unity Connection.

Unity Connection synchronizes voicemails in the Sent Items folder of Outlook with the Exchange/ Office 365 Sent Items folder for the user. However, the changes to the subject line, the priority, and the status (for example, from unread to read) are replicated from Unity Connection to Exchange/ Office 365 only on an hourly basis. When a user sends a voicemail from Unity Connection to Exchange/ Office 365 or vice versa, the voicemail in the Unity Connection Sent Items folder remains unread and the voicemail in the Exchange/ Office 365 Sent Items folder is marked as read.

By default, the synchronization of voicemails in the Exchange/ Office 365 Sent Items folder with the Unity Connection Sent Items folder is not enabled.

Enabling the Sent Items Folder Synchronization

Secure voicemails behave differently. When Unity Connection replicates a secure voicemail to Exchange/ Office 365 mailbox, it replicates only a decoy message that briefly explains secure messages; only a copy of the voicemail remains on the Unity Connection server. When a user plays a secure message using ViewMail for Outlook, ViewMail retrieves the message from the Unity Connection server and plays it without ever storing the message in Exchange/ Office 365 or on the computer of the user.

If a user moves a secure message to an Outlook folder that is not synchronized with the Unity Connection Inbox folder, only the copy of the voicemail is moved to the Deleted Items folder in Unity Connection. Such secure messages cannot be played in Outlook. If the user moves the message back into the Outlook Inbox folder or into an Outlook folder that is synchronized with the Unity Connection Inbox folder, and:

- If the message exists in the Deleted items folder in Unity Connection, the message is synchronized back into the Unity Connection Inbox of the user and the message becomes playable again in Outlook.
- If the message does not exisit in the Deleted items folder in Unity Connection, the message is not resynchronized into Unity Connection and can no longer be played in Outlook.
- Step 1 In Cisco Unity Connection Administration, expand System Settings > Advanced, select Messaging.
- **Step 2** On the Messaging Configuration page, enter a value greater than zero in the Sent Messages: Retention Period (in Days) field.
- Step 3 Select Save.

Note When a user sends the voicemail to the Exchange/ Office 365 voice mailbox, the voicemail is not synchronized with the Sent Items folder in Exchange/ Office 365 server. The voicemail remains in the Unity Connection Sent Items folder.

Working of Message Routing Using SMTP Domain Name

Unity Connection uses SMTP domain name to route messages between digitally networked Unity Connection servers and to construct the SMTP address of the sender on outgoing SMTP messages. For each user, Unity Connection creates an SMTP address of <Alias>@<SMTP Domain>. This SMTP address is displayed on the Edit User Basics page for the user. Examples of outgoing SMTP messages that use this address format include messages sent by users on this server to recipients on other digitally networked Unity Connection servers and messages that are sent from the Unity Connection phone interface or Messaging Inbox and relayed to an external server based on the Message Actions setting of the recipient.

Unity Connection also uses the SMTP Domain to create sender VPIM addresses on outgoing VPIM messages, and to construct the From address for notifications that are sent to SMTP notification devices.

When Unity Connection is first installed, the SMTP Domain is automatically set to the fully qualified host name of the server.

Make sure that the SMTP domain of Unity Connection is different from the Corporate Email domain to avoid issues in message routing for Unity Connection.

Some scenarios in which you may encounter issues with the same domain are listed below:

- Routing of the voice messages between digitally networked Unity Connection servers.
- · Relaying of the messages.
- Replying and Forwarding of the voice messages using ViewMail for Outlook.
- Routing of the SpeechView messages to Cisco Unity Connection server.
- Sending the SMTP message Notifications.
- Routing of the VPIM messages.



Note

Unity Connection requires a unique SMTP domain for every user, which is different from the corporate email domain. Due to same domain name configuration on Microsoft Exchange and Unity Connection, the users who are configured for Unified Messaging may face issues in adding recipient while composing, replying and forwarding of messages. For more information on resolving domain name configuration issues, see the Resolving SMTP Domain Name Configuration Issues section

Location for Deleted Messages

By default, when a user deletes a voicemail in Unity Connection, the message is sent to the Unity Connection deleted items folder and synchronized with the Outlook Deleted Items folder. When the message is deleted from the Unity Connection Deleted Items folder (you can either do this manually or configure message aging to do it automatically), it is also deleted from the Outlook Deleted Items folder.

When a user deletes a voicemail from any Outlook folder, the message is not permanently deleted but it is moved to the Deleted Items folder. No operation in Outlook causes a message to be permanently deleted in Unity Connection.

To permanently delete messages using Web Inbox or Unity Connection phone interface, you must configure Unity Connection to permanently delete messages without saving them in the Deleted Items folder.

When Unity Connection synchronizes with Exchange/ Office 365, the message is moved to the Unity Connection Deleted items folder but not permanently deleted.

Note

We can also permanently delete messages from the Unity Connection Deleted Items folder using Web Inbox.

To permanently delete messages from the Unity Connection Deleted Items folder, do either or both of the following steps:

- Configure message aging to permanently delete messages in the Unity Connection Deleted Items folder.
- Configure message quotas so that Unity Connection prompts users to delete messages when their mailboxes approach a specified size.

Types of Messages Not Synchronized with Exchange/ Office 365

The following types of Unity Connection messages are not synchronized:

- Draft messages
- Messages configured for future delivery but not yet delivered
- Broadcast messages
- · Unaccepted dispatch messages



When a dispatch message is accepted by a recipient, it becomes a normal message and is synchronized with Exchange/ Office 365 for the user who accepted it and deleted for all other recipients. Until someone in the distribution list accepts a dispatch message, the message waiting indicator for everyone in the distribution list remains on, even when users have no other unread messages.

Affect of Disabling and Re-enabling Single Inbox

When you configure unified messaging, you can create one or more unified messaging services. Each unified messaging service has a set of specific unified messaging features enabled. You can create only one unified messaging account for each user and associate it with a unified messaging service.

Single inbox can be disabled in the following three ways:

• Entirely disable a unified messaging service in which single inbox is enabled. This disables all enabled unified messaging features (including single inbox) for all users that are associated with the service.

- Disable only the single inbox feature for a unified messaging service, which disables only the single inbox feature for all users that are associated with that service.
- Disable single inbox for a unified messaging account, which disables single inbox only for the associated user.

If you disable and later re-enable single inbox using any of these methods, Unity Connection resynchronizes the Unity Connection and Exchange/ Office 365 mailboxes for the affected users. Note the following:

- If users delete messages in Exchange/ Office 365 but do not delete the corresponding messages in Unity Connection while single inbox is disabled, the messages gets resynchronized into the Exchange mailbox when single inbox is re-enabled.
- If messages are hard deleted from Exchange/ Office 365 (deleted from the Deleted Items folder) before single inbox is disabled, the corresponding messages that are still in the deleted items folder in Unity Connection when single inbox is re-enabled are resynchronized into the Exchange/ Office 365 Deleted Items folder.
- If users hard delete the messages in Unity Connection but do not delete the corresponding messages in Exchange/Office 365 while single inbox is disabled, the messages remain in Exchange/Office 365 when single inbox is re-enabled. Users must delete the messages from Exchange/Office 365 manually.
- If users change the status of messages in Exchange/ Office 365 (for example, from unread to read) while single inbox is disabled, the status of Exchange/ Office 365 messages is changed to the current status of the corresponding Unity Connection messages when single inbox is re-enabled.
- When you re-enable single inbox, depending on the number of users associated with the service and the size of their Unity Connection and Exchange/ Office 365 mailboxes, resynchronization for existing messages may affect synchronization performance for new messages.
- When you re-enable single inbox, depending on the number of users associated with the service and the size of their Unity Connection and Exchange/ Office 365 mailboxes, resynchronization for existing messages may affect synchronization performance for new messages.

Synchronization of Read/Heard Receipts, Delivery Receipts, and Non-delivery Receipts

Unity Connection can send read/heardreceipts, delivery receipts, and non-delivery receipts to Unity Connection users who send voicemails. If the sender of a voicemail is configured for single inbox, the applicable receipt is sent to the Unity Connection mailbox of the sender. The receipt is then synchronized into the Exchange/ Office 365 mailbox of the sender.

Note the following.

• Read/heard receipts: When sending a voicemail, a sender can request a read/heard receipt.

Do the following steps to prevent Unity Connection to respond to requests for read receipts:

- In Unity Connection Administration, either expand Users and select Users, or expand Templates and select User Templates.
- If you selected **Users**, then select an applicable user and open the Edit User Basics page. If you selected **User Templates**, then select an applicable template and open the Edit User Template Basics page.

- On the Edit User Basics page or the Edit User Template Basics page, select Edit > Mailbox.
- On the Edit Mailbox page, uncheck the **Respond to Requests for Read Receipts** check box.
- *Delivery receipts:* A sender can request a delivery receipt only when sending a voicemail from ViewMail for Outlook. You cannot prevent Unity Connection from responding to a request for a delivery receipt.
- Non-delivery receipts (NDR): A sender receives an NDR when a voicemail cannot be delivered.

Do the following steps to prevent Unity Connection to send an NDR when a message is not delivered:

- In Unity Connection Administration, either expand Users and select Users, or expand Templates and select User Templates.
- If you selected **Users**, then select an applicable user and open the Edit User Basics page. If you selected **User Templates**, then select an applicable template and open the Edit User Template Basics page.
- On the Edit User Basics page or the Edit User Template Basics page, uncheck theSend Non-Delivery Receipts for Message Failed Delivery check box and select Save.



Note

- When the sender accesses Unity Connection using the TUI, the NDR includes the original voicemail that allows the sender to resend the message at a later time or to a different recipient.
- When the sender accesses Unity Connection using Web Inbox, the NDR includes the original voicemail but the sender cannot resend it.
- When the sender uses ViewMail for Outlook to access Unity Connection voicemails that have been synchronized into Exchange, the NDR is a receipt that contains only an error code, not the original voicemail, so the sender cannot resend the voicemail.
- When the sender is an outside caller, NDRs are sent to Unity Connection users on the Undeliverable Messages distribution list. Verify that the Undeliverable Messages distribution list includes one or more users who regularly monitors and reroutes undelivered messages.

Text-to-Speech

The Text-to-Speech feature allows the unified messaging users to listen to their emails when they sign in to Unity Connection using phone.

Unity Connection supports text-to-speech feature with the following mailbox stores:

- Office 365
- Exchange 2013
- Exchange 2010
- Exchange 2007



Note Text-to-Speech over Office 365, Exchange 2013, Exchange 2010, and Exchange 2007 supports both the IPv4 and IPv6 addresses. However, the IPv6 address works only when Unity Connection platform is compatible and configured in dual (IPv4/IPv6) mode.

Unity Connection can be configured to deliver transcriptions to an SMS device as a text message or to an SMTP address as an email message. The fields to turn on transcription delivery are located on the SMTP and SMS Notification Device pages where you set up message notification. For more information on notification devices, see the "Configuring Notification Devices" section in the "Notification" chapter of the *System Administration Guide for Cisco Unity Connection, Release 11.x*, available at https://www.cisco.com/c/en/us/td/docs/voice ip comm/connection/11x/administration/guide/b cucsag.html.

Following are the considerations for effective use of transcription delivery:

- In the **From** field, enter the number you dial to reach Unity Connection when you are not dialing from the desk phone. If you have a text-compatible mobile phone, can initiate a callback to Unity Connection in the event that you want to listen to the message.
- You must check the **Include Message Information in Message Text** check box to include call information, such as caller name, caller ID (if available), and the time that the message was received. If the check box is unchecked, the message received does not indicate the call information.

In addition, if you have a text-compatible mobile phone, you can initiate a callback when the caller ID is included with the transcription.

- In the **Notify Me Of** section, if you turn on notification for voice or dispatch messages, you are notified when a message arrives and the transcription soon follows. If you do not want notification before the transcription arrives, do not select the voice or dispatch message options.
- Email messages that contain transcriptions have a subject line that is identical to notification messages. So, if you have notification for voice or dispatch messages turned on, you have to open the messages to determine which one contains the transcription.



Note

te For information on configuring the text-to-speech feature in Unity Connection, see the "Configuring Text-to-Speech" chapter.

Calendar and Contact Integration

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For information on configuring calendar and contact integration in Unity Connection, see the "Configuring Calendar and Contact Integration" chapter.

About Calendar Integration

The calendar integration feature enables the unified messaging users to do the following tasks over phone:

- Hear a list of upcoming meetings (Outlook meetings only).
- Join a meeting that is in progress (MeetingPlace and MeetingPlace Express meetings only).
- Hear a list of the participants for a meeting.
- · Send a message to the meeting organizer.
- Send a message to the meeting participants.
- Accept or decline meeting invitations (Outlook meetings only).
- Set up immediate meetings (MeetingPlace and MeetingPlace Express meetings only).
- Cancel a meeting (meeting organizers only).

Unity Connection supports calendar applications when integrated with the following mail servers:

- Office 365
- Exchange 2013
- Exchange 2010
- Exchange 2007
- Cisco Unified MeetingPlace/ Cisco Unified MeetingPlace Express.

For listing, joining, and scheduling meetings, see the "Cisco Unity Connection Phone Menus and Voice Commands" chapter of the User Guide for the Cisco Unity Connection Phone Interface, Release 11.x, available at http://www.cisco.com/en/US/docs/voice_ip_comm/connection/11x/user/guide/phone/b_11xcucugphone.html.

For using Personal Call Transfer Rules, see the *User Guide for the Cisco Unity Connection Personal Call Transfer Rules Web Tool, Release 11.x*, available at http://www.cisco.com/en/US/docs/voice ip comm/connection/11x/user/guide/pctr/b 11xcucugpctr.html.

About Contact Integrations

Unity Connection allows users to import Exchange contacts and use the contact information in Personal Call Transfer Rules and when placing outgoing calls using voice commands. Unity Connection supports contact applications when integrated with the following mail servers:

- Office 365
- Exchange 2013
- Exchange 2010
- Exchange 2007

For importing Exchange contacts, see the "Managing Your Contacts" chapter of the User Guide for the Cisco Unity Connection Messaging Assistant Web Tool, Release 11.x, available at http://www.cisco.com/en/US/docs/voice_ip_comm/connection/11x/user/guide/assistant/b_11xcucugasst.html.



Configuring Unified Messaging

Cisco Unity Connection can be integrated with Microsoft Exchange 2019, 2016, 2013, Office 365, and Cisco Unified MeetingPlace to deploy the unified messaging feature.

• Configuring Unified Messaging, on page 13

Configuring Unified Messaging

Cisco Unity Connection can be integrated with Microsoft Exchange 2019, 2016, 2013, Office 365, and Cisco Unified MeetingPlace to deploy the unified messaging feature.

Overview of Unity Connection Communication with Exchange Server

When you add a unified messaging service that defines the communication between Unity Connection and Exchange, you can select whether you want Unity Connection to communicate directly with a specific Exchange server or you want Unity Connection to search for Exchange servers.

The choice you make determines which Exchange mailboxes Unity Connection can access:

- If you select a specific Exchange 2013 client access server, Unity Connection can access all Exchange 2013 mailboxes in the Exchange organization, but cannot access Exchange 2016 mailboxes or Exchange 2019 mailboxes.
- If you select a specific Exchange 2016 client access server, Unity Connection can access all Exchange 2016, Exchange 2013 mailboxes in the Exchange organization, but cannot access Exchange 2019 mailboxes.
- If you select a specific Exchange 2019 client access server, Unity Connection can access all Exchange 2019, Exchange 2016 mailboxes and Exchange 2013 mailboxes in the Exchange organization.
- If you allow Unity Connection to search for Exchange servers, you need to give permissions to the Exchange servers. See the below section to grant permissions to the applicable Exchange server:

Granting Permissions for Exchange 2013, Exchange 2016 or Exchange 2019, on page 22



Note If you want to select a specific Exchange server when you add a unified messaging service, you may need to add more than one unified messaging service to allow Unity Connection to access all mailboxes in the Exchange organization. Table 1 explains when you need to add more than one unified messaging service.

Table 5. Auuling Ullineu Wessaging Services Daseu un versions of Exchange	Table 3: Adding	Unified Messagin	q Services Based o	n Versions of Exchange
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Exchange 2013	Exchange 2016	Exchange 2019	Office 365	Create the Following Unified Messaging Services
No	No	No	Yes	One for Office 365 server that you wan Unity Connection to be able to access.
Yes	No	Yes	Yes	 One for Exchange 2019. One for Office 365 server that you want Unity Connection to be able to access.
No	Yes	Yes	Yes	 One for Exchange 2019. This service can also access Exchange 2016 mailboxes. One for Office 365 server that you want Unity Connection to be able to access.

Exchange Versions with Mailboxes That You Want Unity Connection to be Able to Access				
Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	 One for Exchange 2019. This service can also access Exchange 2016 and Exchange 2013 mailboxes. One for Office 365 server that you want Unity Connection to be able to access.
No	Yes	No	Yes	 One for Exchange 2016. One for Office 365 server that you want Unity Connection to be able to access.
No	Yes	No	No	One for Exchange 2016. This service can also access Exchange 2013 mailboxes.
Yes	Yes	No	Yes	 One for Exchange 2016. This service can also access Exchange 2013 mailboxes. One for Office 365 server that you want Unity Connection to be able to access.

Exchange Ve	rsions with Mailbox	es That You Want Unit	ty Connection to be Abl	e to Access
Yes	No	No	Yes	 One for Exchange 2013. One for Office 365 server that you want Unity Connection to be able to access.

- If you select to allow Unity Connection to search for Exchange servers, Unity Connection automatically detects when you move mailboxes from one version of Exchange to another, and automatically update Unity Connection user settings.
- If you select a specific Exchange server, Unity Connection sometimes detects when you move mailboxes from one Exchange server to another, and automatically access the Exchange mailbox in new location. When Unity Connection cannot detect the new mailbox, you must manually update unified messaging services or unified messaging accounts:
 - *If you moved all the Exchange mailboxes accessed by a unified messaging service:* Update the unified messaging service to access a different Exchange server.
 - If you moved only some of the Exchange mailboxes accessed by a unified messaging service: Update unified messaging account settings to use a unified messaging service that accesses mailboxes in the new location.

Table 2 identifies when Unity Connection automatically detect mailbox moves between Exchange servers. For information on updating Unity Connection user settings when Unity Connection cannot detect mailbox moves, see the "Moving and Restoring Exchange Mailboxes" chapter.

If you select a specific	Unity Connection can automatically detect mailbox moves between the following Exchange versions			e following		
	2013 and 2013	2013 and 2016	2013 and 2019	2016 and 2016	2016 and 2019	2019 and 2019
Exchange 2013 server	Yes	No	No	No	No	No
Exchange 2016 server	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	No	No
Exchange 2019 server	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes

Table 4: Choosing a Specific Exchange Server: When Unity Connection Detect Moving a Mailbox Between Exchange Servers

If Unity Connection is not configured to use DNS, you must select a specific Exchange server. If this does not allow you to access all the Exchange mailboxes in the organization as described earlier in this section, you must create more than one unified messaging service.

If you select a specific Exchange server and that server stops functioning, Unity Connection cannot access any Exchange mailboxes. If you select to allow Unity Connection to search for Exchange servers and if the Exchange server that Unity Connection is currently communicating with stops functioning, Unity Connection searches for another Exchange server and begins accessing mailboxes through that server.

Prerequisites for Configuring Unified Messaging

Following prerequisites should be met before configuring unified messaging with any supported mail servers:

- 1. Review the "Requirements for Using Unified Messaging Features" section in the *System Requirements for Cisco Unity Connection Release 11.x* at https://www.cisco.com/c/en/us/td/docs/voice ip comm/connection/11x/requirements/b 11xcucsysreqs.html.
- 2. Ensure that you have sufficient licenses for the voicemail users:
 - a. Navigate to Cisco Unity Connection Administration, expand System Settings and select Licenses.
 - b. On the Licenses page, in the License Usage section, check Total number of Voicemail Users.
- **3.** *If Unity Connection is integrated with an LDAP directory:* Navigate to Cisco Unity Connection Administration and verify the following:
 - Expand **System Settings** and select **LDAP Directory Configuration**. Select the applicable LDAP directory configuration. On the LDAP Directory Configuration page, make sure the **Mail ID** field in **Cisco Unified Communications Manager User Fields** is synchronized with the mail in **LDAP Attribute**.

This causes values in the **LDAP mail** field to appear in the **Corporate Email Address** field of the LDAP imported user.

- Expand Users and select Users. Select the applicable user. On the Edit User Basics page, enter the Corporate Email Address.
- Select Edit on the user page and then select Unified Messaging Account. On the Unified Messaging Account page of the user, make sure value in the Email Address field is specified.

Task List for Configuring Unified Messaging

Task List for Configuring Unified Messaging with Exchange 2013, Exchange 2016 or Exchange2019

- **Step 1** Make sure that you have met the prerequisites before configuring unified messaging. See the Prerequisites for Configuring Unified Messaging section.
- **Step 2** Create an Active Directory account for unified messaging users to communicate with Exchange 2013, Exchange 2016 or Exchange 2019. For more information on creating unified messaging services account in Active Directory and granting permissions, see the Configuring Unified Messaging in Active Directory section.
- Step 3 Decide whether you want Unity Connection to be able to search for and communicate with different Exchange 2013, Exchange 2016 or Exchange 2019 server, or you want Unity Connection to communicate with a specific Exchange 2013, Exchange 2016 or Exchange 2019 server in case the hostname or the IP Address of the specific server is known. Do the following steps:

- a) Granting Permissions for Exchange 2013, Exchange 2016 or Exchange 2019
- b) (Optional) Confirming Exchange 2013, Exchange 2016 or Exchange 2019 Authentication and SSL Settings
 - **Note** Unity Connection determines whether to use the HTTP or HTTPS protocol and whether to validate certificates based on settings specified in the associated unified messaging service.
- **Step 4** If Unity Connection is not configured to use DNS, use the following CLI commands to configure DNS:
 - set network dns

set network dns options

Note We recommend that you configure Unity Connection to use the same DNS environment in which the Active Directory environment is publishing its records.

For more information on the CLI commands, see the applicable *Command Line Interface Reference Guide for Cisco Unified Communications Solutions* at http://www.cisco.com/en/US/products/ps6509/prod_maintenance_guides_list.html.

- **Step 5** (*Selected configurations only*): In either or both of the following conditions, you need to upload SSL certificates on the Unity Connection server to encrypt communication between Unity Connection and Exchange and between Unity Connection and Active Directory:
 - If you have configured Exchange to use HTTPS in Step 3 b, configure unified messaging services to validate certificates for Exchange servers.
 - If you have configured Unity Connection to search for and communicate with different Exchange servers, to use LDAPS to communicate with domain controllers, and to validate certificates for domain controllers.
 - **Caution** When you allow Unity Connection to search for and communicate with different Exchange servers, Unity Connection communicates with Active Directory servers using Basic authentication. By default, the username and password of the unified messaging services account and all other communication between the Unity Connection and Active Directory servers is sent in clear text. If you want this data to be encrypted, you must configure unified messaging services to communicate with Active Directory domain controllers using the secure LDAP (LDAPS) protocol.

For more information, see the Uploading CA Public Certificates for Exchange and Active Directory section.

- **Step 6** Configure one or more unified messaging services on Unity Connection. For more information, see the Granting Permissions section.
- **Step 7** Update the settings for unified messaging users. For more information, see the Settings Configured on Unity Connection Users section.
- **Step 8** Configure one or more unified messaging accounts to link the Unity Connection users with the mail server with which they are communicating. For more information, see the Unified Messaging Account for Users section.
- **Step 9** Test unified messaging configuration. For more information, see the Test Unified Messaging Configuration section.

Task List for Configuring Unified Messaging with Office 365

- **Step 1** Make sure that you have met the prerequisites before configuring unified messaging. See the Prerequisites for Configuring Unified Messaging section.
- **Step 2** Create an Active Directory account to be used by Unity Connection unified messaging users to communicate with Office 365. For more information on creating unified messaging services account in Active Directory and granting permissions, see the Configuring Unified Messaging in Active Directory section.

- Step 3Decide and select the type of authentication that you want Unity Connection to use to sign in to Office 365 client access
servers. To do this, navigate to Unified Messaging > Unified Messaging Services on Cisco Unity Connection
Administration and select Add New. On the New Unified Messaging Service page, select either of the following from
Web-Based Authentication Mode field:
 - Basic: Default authentication mode.
 - **NTLM**: Before switching to NTLM authentication mode, make sure that the same mode is configured on the Office 365 server.
 - OAuth2 (Applicable for Cisco Unity Connection 11.5(1) SU8 and later): OAuth 2.0 based authentication mode.

Cisco Unity Connection 11.5(1) SU8 and later supports OAuth2.0 based authentication mode when you select **OAuth2** for configuring Unified Messaging with Office 365. For using OAuth2 web authentication mode for configuring Unified Messaging, you must create and register an application on Microsoft Azure portal corresponding to the Unified Messaging Service. For more information, see Step 4.

For existing Unified Messaging Service, select the above settings on Edit Unified Messaging Service page.

Step 4 (*Applicable only for OAuth2 web authentication mode*) Do the following steps for registering the application on Azure portal.

a) Sign in to the Azure portal at portal.azure.com with Unified Messaging Service account.

Note It is recommended that for latest updates and link of Azure Portal, refer Microsoft updates.

- b) On the portal, select Azure Active Directory. A new window of Azure Active Directory appears.
- c) On Azure Active Directory window, select App registrations and create a new application using New registration field. After successfully registering the application, you get the values of Application (Client) ID and Directory ID that are used for configuring Unified Messaging.
- d) Select **Certificates & secrets** and create a new **Client Secret** that provides a Client Secret value, used for configuring Unified Messaging.
 - **Note** The value of Client Secret is no longer appear on the Azure Portal. Hence make sure to copy the value of Client secret at the time of creation otherwise you have to create a new Client Secret for the application.
- e) Select **API permissions** > **Add a permission** > **APIs my organization uses**.Enter **Office 365 Exchange Online** in search bar and select it. Click **Delegated permissions** and add below permissions in your application:

Features	Permissions
Calendars	Calendars.ReadWrite
Contacts	Contacts.ReadWrite
EWS	EWS.AccessAsUser.All
Mail	Mail.ReadWrite, Mail.Send

f) On API permissions window, select **Grant admin consent for Cisco Systems** to provide grant admin consent for the requested permissions.

For more information on registering Application on Azure portal, see https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/graph/auth-register-app-v2.

Step 5 (*Applicable only for OAuth2 web authentication mode*) Enter the values of below fields getting from the Azure portal in step 4:

- Application (Client) ID
- Directory ID
- Client Secret
- (Applicable for Cisco Unity Connection 11.5(1) SU9 and later) AD Authentication Endpoint Its default value is https://login.microsoftonline.com.
 - **Note** For other applicable AD Authentication Endpoints refer section Azure AD authentication endpoints in Microsoft documentation available at link https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/active-directory/ develop/authentication-national-cloud.
- (Applicable for Cisco Unity Connection 11.5(1) SU9 and later) Resource URI Its default value is https://outlook.office365.com.
- **Caution** Repeat Steps 4 and 5 for the following:
 - In case of multiple clusters, the above fields should be unique for each cluster configuration.
 - When configuring multiple Unified Messaging services in Unity Connection you must create a unique Client ID for each service.
- **Step 6** Do the following tasks on the Office 365 server to enable Auto Discovery functionality that enables Unity Connection to search for and communicate with different Office 365 servers:
 - a) Accessing Office 365 Using Remote Exchange Management Power Shell
 - b) Assigning Application Impersonation Role for Office 365
 - **Note** Unity Connection uses the HTTPS protocol to validate certificates based on the settings in the applicable unified messaging service.
- **Step 7** Synchronization threads configuration should be done based on latency between Unity Connection and Office 365 server. For more information, see the "Latency" section of the "Single Inbox" chapter in the *Design Guide for Cisco Unity Connection, Release 11.x,* available at:

https://www.cisco.com/c/en/us/td/docs/voice_ip_comm/connection/11x/design/guide/b_11xcucdg.html

- **Step 8** Run the following CLI commands to configure DNS:
 - set network dns
 - set network dns options
 - **Note** We recommend that you configure Unity Connection to use the same DNS environment in which the Active Directory environment is publishing its records.

For more information on the CLI commands, see the applicable *Command Line Interface Reference Guide for Cisco Unified Communications Solutions* at http://www.cisco.com/en/US/products/ps6509/prod maintenance guides list.html.

- **Step 9** (*Selected configurations only*): Upload SSL certificates on the Unity Connection server to encrypt the communication between Unity Connection and Office 365. Uploading certificates allows you to:
 - Validate the certificates for Exchange Servers. To do this, check the Validate Certificates for Exchange Servers check box on Unity Connection Administration.

	• Se 36	ecure communication when you have configured Unity Connection to search for and communicate with Office 55 servers.	
	For mo Certific	re information, see the Uploading the Public Certificates to the Unity Connection Server and Uploading cates for Office 365 and Cisco Unity Connection	
Step 10	Create one Unified Messaging Service and configure all the users with that service account.		
	Note	If Unity Connection server is being shared by tenants for voicemail service, then multiple Unified Messaging Service accounts are required.	
Step 11	Update Users s	the settings for unified messaging users. For more information, see the Settings Configured on Unity Connection ection.	
Step 12	Test the	e unified messaging service. For more information, see the Test Unified Messaging Configuration	

Task for Configuring Unified Messaging

Configuring Unified Messaging in Active Directory

Unity Connection accesses Exchange or Office 365 mailboxes using an Active Directory account called the unified messaging services account. After you create the account, you grant it the rights necessary for Unity Connection to perform operations on behalf of the user.

For Office 365, Exchange 2019, Exchange 2016 and Exchange 2013 operations are performed through Exchange Web Services (EWS). Uploading messages into Exchange mailboxes

- Tracking changes to messages in Exchange
- · Updating messages with changes made in Unity Connection
- Deleting messages in Exchange when the messages are deleted in Unity Connection, and so on.

You need to create one or more domain user accounts in the Active Directory forest that includes the Exchange servers with which you want Unity Connection to communicate.

Note the following points while configuring Unified Messaging in active directory:

- Give the account a name that identifies it as the unified messaging services account for Unity Connection.
- Do not create a mailbox for the domain user account. If you create a mailbox for the account, unified messaging does not function properly.



Caution Some newer Exchange versions need mailbox for domain user account. You need to create a mailbox for domain user account if you face any issue while testing Unified Messaging Service/Account.

- Do not add the account to any administrator group.
- Do not disable the account or Unity Connection cannot use it to access Exchange or Office 365 mailboxes.
- Specify a password that satisfies the password-security requirements of your company.



Note The password is encrypted with AES 128-bit encryption and stored in the Unity Connection database. The key that is used to encrypt the password is accessible only with root access, and root access is available only with assistance from Cisco TAC.

- When you are configuring unified messaging for a cluster, Unity Connection automatically uses the same unified messaging services account for both Unity Connection servers.
- When you are configuring unified messaging for intersite networking or for intrasite networking, you can use the same unified messaging services account for more than one Unity Connection servers. However, this is not a requirement and does not affect functionality or performance.

Granting Permissions

Granting Permissions for Exchange 2013, Exchange 2016 or Exchange 2019

- **Step 1** Sign in to a server on which Exchange Management Shell is installed using either an account that is a member of the Enterprise Admins group or an account that can grant permissions on Exchange objects in the configuration container.
- **Step 2** Run the following command in Exchange Management Shell to assign the Application Impersonation management role to the unified messaging services account for Exchange 2013, Exchange 2016 or Exchange 2019:

New-ManagementRoleAssignment -Name: <RoleName> -**Role:ApplicationImpersonation -User:** '<Account> ', where:

- *RoleName* is the name that you want to give the assignment, for example, Unity ConnectionUMServicesAcct. The name that you enter for *RoleName* appears when you run get-ManagementRoleAssignment.
- Account is the name of the unified messaging services account in domain\alias format.

If you have created more than one unified messaging services account, repeat Step 2 for the remaining accounts. Specify a different value for *RoleName* for each unified messaging services account.

Note When configuring unified messaging service account for Exchange 2013, Exchange 2016 or Exchange 2019 you need to assign the Application Impersonation management role to the unified messaging service account.

Confirming Authentication and SSL Settings

After choosing the Exchange server accessed by Unity Connection for unified messaging, confirm that the Exchange servers are configured to use the desired authentication mode (Basic, Digest, or NTLM) and web-based protocol (HTTPS or HTTP).

Unity Connection supports NTLMv2 based authentication when a user selects NTLM authentication mode for configuring unified messaging.

After configuring the authentication mode and web-based protocols on Exchange servers, create one or more Unity Connection unified messaging services. Select the same authentication mode and web-based protocol that you specify in the servers.

Confirming Exchange 2013, Exchange 2016 or Exchange 2019 Authentication and SSL Settings

Step 1	Decide the type of authentication (Basic or NTLM) you want Unity Connection to use to sign in to Exchange 2013, Exchange 2016 or Exchange 2019 client access servers. You must configure all Exchange 2013, Exchange 2016 or Exchange 2019 client access servers to use the same type of authentication.
Step 2	Decide whether you want the communication between Unity Connection and Exchange 2013, Exchange 2016 or Exchange 2019 client access servers to be SSL encrypted. If so, you must specify the same SSL setting on all the Exchange 2013, Exchange 2016 or Exchange 2019 client access servers.
Step 3	Sign in to a server that has access to the same Exchange 2013 client servers that is accessed by the Unity Connection. Use an account that is a member of the Local Administrators group.
Step 4	On the Windows Start menu, select Programs > Administrative Tools > Internet Information Services (IIS) Manager .

- Step 5 For the first Exchange 2013, Exchange 2016 or Exchange 2019 client access server for which you want to confirm settings, in the left pane, expand <servername> > Sites > Default Website>. You need to verify the authentication settings for both EWS and Autodiscover.
- Step 6 Under Default Website, select Autodiscover:
 - a) In the middle pane, in the **IIS** section, double-click Authentication.

Confirm that the Status column says **Enabled** for the type of authentication that you want the unified messaging services account to use to sign in to Exchange client access servers.

When you create a unified messaging services account, you configure Unity Connection to use the same type of authentication. Unity Connection supports only the following types of authentication:

- Basic
- NTLM
- b) If you have changed any settings, in the right pane, select Apply.
- c) In the left pane, select Autodiscover again.
- d) In the middle pane, double-click SSL Settings.
- e) On the SSL Settings page, if the **Require SSL** check box is checked:
 - You must select HTTPS for the web-based protocol while creating a unified messaging service in Unity Connection.
 - You must download SSL certificates from the Exchange server and install them on the Unity Connection server.
- f) If you changed any settings, in the right pane, select Apply.

Step 7 Under Default Website, select EWS:

a) In the middle pane, in the IIS section, double-click Authentication.

Confirm that the **Status** column displays **Enabled** for the type of authentication that you want the unified messaging services account to use to sign in to Exchange mailboxes. When you create a unified messaging services account, you configure Unity Connection to use the same type of authentication.

- **Caution** The unified messaging services account must use the same type of authentication for EWS that you specified for autodiscover.
- b) If you changed any settings, in the right pane, select **Apply**.
- c) In the left pane, select EWS again.
- d) In the middle pane, double-click SSL Settings.

- e) If the **Require SSL** check box is checked:
 - You must select HTTPS for the web-based protocol when you create a unified messaging service in Unity Connection.
 - You must download SSL certificates from the Exchange server and install them on the Unity Connection server.
 - **Caution** The unified messaging services account must use the same SSL settings for EWS that you specified for autodiscover in Step e.
- f) If you have changed any settings, in the right pane, select **Apply**.
- **Step 8** Repeat Step 5 through Step 6 for the other Exchange 2013, Exchange 2016 or Exchange 2019 client access servers that Unity Connection can access.
- Step 9 Close IIS Manager.

Configuring Paged View Functionality in Unity Connection for Exchange 2013, Exchange 2016 or Exchange 2019

If any unified user Exchange mailboxes have more than 1000 messages including voicemails and receipts, then enable the EWS paged view search functionality in Unity Connection server.

To enable the paged view functionality for messages, you must set the value of the 'System.Messaging.MbxSynch.MbxSynchUsePaging' parameter to 1.

Do the following to configure paged view functionality:

Step 1 Run the following CLI command:

run cuc dbquery unitydirdb execute procedure
csp ConfigurationModifyBool(pFullName='System.Messaging.MbxSynch.MbxSynchUsePaging',pvalue=1)

Note When a Unity Connection cluster is configured, you can run the command on publisher or subscriber server.

Step 2 To set the maximum limit of voicemails items that can be managed by Unity Connection with the Paged view search functionality, run the following CLI command:

run cuc dbquery unitydirdb execute procedure csp ConfigurationModify(pFullName='System.Messaging.MbxSynch.MbxSynchVoiceMailCountLimit',pvalue="newvalue")

where new value specifies the value of the voicemails count limit that you can view after the paging parameter is enabled. Unity Connection by default manages the first 25000 voicemails per mailbox which avoids any delay in message synchronization between Unity Connection and Exchange server. This voicemail count limit can be increased maximum up to 75000.

Note By default, the value of the parameter 'System.Messaging.MbxSynch.MbxSynchUsePaging' parameter is set to 1.

Accessing Office 365 Using Remote Exchange Management Power Shell

Step 1 Run Windows PowerShell as administrator and run the following command.

Set-ExecutionPolicy Unrestricted

Step 2 On a Windows PowerShell endpoint, run the following command and enter the Office 365 administrator account credentials for authentication in the popup window.

\$LiveCred = Get-Credential

Step 3 To establish a remote Windows PowerShell session with Office 365, use the New-PSSession Windows PowerShell cmdlet to connect with the generic remote Windows PowerShell endpoint at http://ps.outlook.com/powershell. Run the following command to create Remote Exchange Shell Session.

\$Session = New-PSSession -ConfigurationName Microsoft.Exchange -ConnectionUri https://ps.outlook.com/powershell/ -Credential \$LiveCred -Authentication Basic -AllowRedirection

Note The user account you use to connect to Office 365 Exchange Online must be enabled for remote shell.

Step 4 Run the following command to import all Remote Exchange Shell commands to the local client side session:

Import-PSSession \$Session

If it fails with an error message we may need to set the Execution policy to allow running remote PowerShell scripts.Run Get-ExecutionPolicy. If the value returned is anything other than RemoteSigned, you need to change the value to RemoteSigned running Set-ExecutionPolicy RemoteSigned

http://technet.microsoft.com/en-us/library/jj984289%28v=exchg.150%29.aspx

To use Import-PSSession, the execution policy in the current session cannot be Restricted or All signed, because the temporary module that Import-PSSession creates contains unsigned script files that are prohibited by these policies. To use Import-PSSession without changing the execution policy for the local computer, use the Scope parameter of Set-ExecutionPolicy to set a less restrictive execution policy for a single process.

http://community.office365.com/en-us/forums/158/t/71614.aspx.

Assigning Application Impersonation Role for Office 365

- **Step 1** To configure impersonation in Office 365, you must run a Windows PowerShell script.
- **Step 2** You must have the permission to run the New-ManagementRoleAssignment cmdlet. By default the administrators have this permission.

Use "New-ManagementRoleAssignment" Exchange Management Shell cmdlet to grant the service account permission to impersonate all the users in the organization.

new-ManagementRoleAssignment -</br>

where:

• *Name* parameter specifies the name of the new role assignment, for example, ConnectionUMServicesAcct. The name that you enter for RoleName appears when you run get-ManagementRoleAssignment.

- *Role* parameter indicates that the ApplicationImpersonation role is assigned to the user specified by the *User* parameter.
- User is the name of the unified messaging services account in alias@domain format.

for example,

New-ManagementRoleAssignment –Name "ConnectionUMServicesAcct" –Role "ApplicationImpersonation" –User serviceaccount@example.onmicrosoft.com

- **Step 3** If you created more than one unified messaging services account, repeat Step 2 for the remaining accounts. Specify a different value for RoleName for each unified messaging services account.
 - **Caution** If you have activated the Active Directory Synchronization feature and migrating from local Exchange server to Office 365, then the further user management is done through the on-premises Active Directory Services and it gets synchronized with Office 365 automatically. You must make sure the Application Impersonation Management role is given to your Office 365 server.

Creating a Unified Messaging Service to Access Mail Server

Do the following procedure to create one or more unified messaging services in Unity Connection to access the supported mail server.



Note If you configured the supported mail server to use HTTPS, you need to configure the unified messaging services to validate certificates for the mail servers. You need to upload certificates from the certification authority that issued the SSL certificates for mail server to both Tomcat-trust and Unity Connection-trust locations. For information on uploading SSL certificates, see the "Using SSL to Secure Client/Server Connections" chapter of the *Security Guide for Cisco Unity Connection Release 11.x*, available at https://www.cisco.com/c/en/us/td/docs/voice_ip_comm/connection/11x/security/b_11xcucsecx.html.

Creating Unified Messaging Services in Unity Connection

If you are configuring Unity Connection to communicate with individual mail servers, you need to configure unified messaging services for each mail server.

Step 1 In Cisco Unity Connection Administration, expand **Unified Messaging** and select **Unified Messaging Services**.

- **Step 2** On the Search Unified Messaging Services page, select **Add New** to create a new unified messaging services. You may also select an already created unified messaging services and modify its settings. The New Unified Messaging Services page or Edit Unified Messaging services page appears.
- **Step 3** Enter the values of the required fields to configure unified messaging services and select **Save** (For information on each field, see **Help> This Page** depending on the mail server you selected).

If you are configuring Unity Connection to communicate with individual mail servers, you need to configure unified messaging services for each mail server.

Uploading CA Public Certificates for Exchange and Active Directory

At the time of creating unified messaging services, if you selected to validate certificates for Exchange servers or for Active Directory domain controllers (DCs), you must upload the public certificates from the certification authority (CA) that signed the certificates on the Exchange servers and DCs.

The public certificates allow Unity Connection to communicate with Exchange servers or DCs and unified messaging functions properly.

- **1.** If you selected the option to validate certificates for Exchange servers, and if SSL certificates are not already installed on all of the following servers: Get and install certificates:
 - Exchange 2019, Exchange 2016 or Exchange 2013 client access servers.

In addition, if you selected the option to validate certificates for Active Directory domain controllers, and if SSL certificates are not already installed on your DCs, get and install certificates.

- 2. If you used an external CA (for example, Verisign) to issue the SSL certificates installed on the servers listed, and if you have the public certificates for the CA in .pem format: Save the files to a network location accessible to the Unity Connection server. Then skip to Task 6.
- **3.** If you used Microsoft Certificate Services or Active Directory Certificate Services to issue the SSL certificates, or if you used an external CA and you do not have the public certificate for the CA in .pem format: Download and install OpenSSL or another application that can convert public certificates to .pem format. Unity Connection cannot upload public certificates in other formats.
- 4. If you used Microsoft Certificate Services to issue the SSL certificates: Do the Saving the Public Certificate for Microsoft Certificate Services or Active Directory Certificate Services to a File.
- **5.** *If you used Microsoft Certificate Services, Active Directory Certificate Services, or an external CA, and if you do not have public certificates in .pem format:* Use the application that you have downloaded to convert the public certificate to .pem format, and save the file to a network location accessible to the Unity Connection server.
- 6. Upload the public certificates to the Unity Connection server. For more information, see the Uploading the Public Certificates to the Unity Connection Server. and Uploading Certificates for Office 365 and Cisco Unity Connection

Saving the Public Certificate for Microsoft Certificate Services or Active Directory Certificate Services to a File

- **Step 1** Sign in to the server on which you installed Microsoft Certificate Services and issued SSL certificates for the following servers:
 - Exchange 2019, Exchange 2016 or Exchange 2013 client access servers.
 - Active Directory domain controllers that the Unity Connection server might access.
- **Step 2** On the Windows Start menu, select **Programs** > **Administrative Tools** > **Certification Authority**.
- Step 3 In the left pane of the Certification Authority MMC, right-click the server name, and select Properties.
- **Step 4** In the *<servername>* **Properties** dialog box, on the General tab, select **View Certificate**.
- **Step 5** In the **Certificate** dialog box, select the **Details** tab.
- **Step 6** On the **Details** tab, select **Copy to File**.
- **Step 7** On the Welcome to the Certificate Export Wizard page, select **Next**.

- Step 8 On the Export File Format page, select Next to accept the default value of DER Encoded Binary X.509 (.CER).
- **Step 9** On the File to Export page, specify the full path of the public certificate, including a location that is accessible to the Unity Connection server, and a file name.
- Step 10 Select Next.
- **Step 11** On the Completing the Certificate Export Wizard page, select **Finish**.
- **Step 12** Select **OK** three times to close a message box and two dialog boxes.
- Step 13 Close the Certification Authority MMC.
- **Step 14** If you issued SSL certificates for all of the servers listed in Step 1 using the same installation of Microsoft Certificate Services, you are finished with this procedure. Return to the task list for this section.

If you issued SSL certificates for all of the servers listed in Step 1 using different installations of Microsoft Certificate Services, repeat Step 1 through Step 13 to get one public certificate for each instance of Microsoft Certificate Services. Then return to the task list for this section.

Uploading the Public Certificates to the Unity Connection Server

- **Step 1** In Cisco Unified Operating System Administration, expand Security and select **Certificate Management**.
- **Step 2** On the Certificate Management page, select **Upload Certificate**.
- **Step 3** In the Certificate Name list, select **tomcat-trust**.
- **Step 4** (*Optional*) Enter a description in the **Description** field and select **Browse**.
- **Step 5** Browse to the location where you saved the public certificates in .pem format, and select one of the converted certificates.
- Step 6 Select Upload File.
- **Step 7** Repeat Step 2 through Step 6, but select **Unity Connection-trust** in the Certificate Name list.
- **Step 8** If you have public certificates from more than one certification authority, repeat Step 2 through Step 7 for the remaining certificates.

Uploading Certificates for Office 365 and Cisco Unity Connection

At the time of creating unified messaging services, if you select "Validate Certificates for Exchange Servers" for Office 365, you must perform the following steps to upload Office 365 root certificate to the tomcat-trust of Cisco Unity Connection.

Step 1	Select the Office 365 EWS endpoint URL https://outlook.office365.com/EWS/Exchange.ASMX and download the Office 365 root certificate.
Step 2	In Cisco Unified Operating System Administration, expand Security and select Certificate Management.
Step 3	On the Certificate Management page, select Upload Certificate.
Step 4	In the Certificate Name list, select tomcat-trust.

- **Step 5** (*Optional*) Enter a description in the **Description** field and select Browse
- **Step 6** Browse to the location where you saved the Office 365 root certificate, and select the certificate.
- **Step 7** Select Upload File.



Caution

If Office 365 EWS endpoint URL communicates with Cisco Unity Connection through a different root certificate, the same must be uploaded to the tomcat-trust of Cisco Unity Connection.

Settings Configured on Unity Connection Users

Step 1	In Cisco Unity Connection Administration, expand Class of Service and select Class of Service . On the Search Class of Service page, select the class of service assigned to users in which you want to configure unified messaging. (For information on each field, see Help> This Page).		
Step 2	On the Edit Class of Service page, in the Licensed Features section, check the Allow Users to Access Voicemail Using an IMAP Client and/ or Single Inbox check box.		
Step 3	You must configure message aging or message quotas. For more information, see the "Message Storage" chapter of the <i>System Administration Guide for Cisco Unity Connection, Release 11.x</i> , available at https://www.cisco.com/c/en/us/td/docs/voice_ip_comm/connection/11x/administration/guide/b_cucsag.html.		
	Note	If you want to permanently delete the messages from Web Inbox, check the Delete Messages Without Saving to Deleted Items Folder check box in the Message Options section.	
Step 4	(<i>for Text-to-Speech feature only</i>): In the Licensed Features section, check the Allow Access to Advanced Features and the Allow Access to Exchange Email by Using Text to Speech (TTS) check boxes.		
Step 5	Select Save.		

Unified Messaging Account for Users

Unified Messaging Accounts and User Accounts Related for Unity Connection

Unified messaging accounts connect Unity Connection users to unified messaging services. Unified messaging accounts are separate objects from user accounts:

- When you create a user account, Unity Connection does not automatically create a unified messaging account for that user.
- You can create more than one unified messaging account for a user, but a user's unified messaging accounts cannot have overlapping features. For example, you cannot create two unified messaging accounts for the same user that both enable single inbox.
- Creating multiple unified messaging accounts for a user is one way to control access to unified messaging features. For example, if you want all users to have single inbox but only a few users to have text-to-speech access to Exchange email, you can create two unified messaging services. One activates single inbox and the other activates TTS. You then create unified messaging accounts for all users to give them access to single inbox, and you create a second unified messaging account for the users who you want to have TTS.
- When you add a unified messaging account, the associated user account is updated with a reference to the unified messaging account. The user account does not contain the information on the unified messaging account.

• When you delete a user account, all unified messaging accounts for that user are also deleted. However, when you delete a unified messaging account, the corresponding user account is not deleted. The user account is updated only to remove the reference to the unified messaging account.

Creating Unified Messaging Accounts for Users

You can create a large number of unified messaging accounts using Bulk Administration Tool. For information on creating, updating, or deleting unified messaging accounts using BAT tool, see the "Bulk Administration Tool" section of the "Tools" chapter of the *System Administration Guide for Cisco Unity Connection, Release 11.x*, available at

https://www.cisco.com/c/en/us/td/docs/voice_ip_comm/connection/11x/administration/guide/b_cucsag.html.

For information on synchronization behavior if you later disable single inbox in a unified messaging account, see the "Moving and Restoring Exchange Mailboxes" chapter.

Step 1 In Cisco Unity Connection Administration, expand Users and select Users. On the Search Users page, select Add New to create a new user or select an applicable user for which you want to create a unified messaging account.

Step 2 Configure unified messaging account (For information on each field, see **Help> This Page**):

- a) In the Edit menu, select Unified Messaging Accounts.
- b) On the Unified Messaging Accounts page, select Add New.
- c) On the New Unified Messaging Accounts page, enter the values of the required fields and select Save.
- **Step 3** To check the configuration for the user, select **Test**. The Task Execution Results window appears with the test results.

If any part of the test fails, verify the configuration for the mail server, Active Directory, Unity Connection, and the Unity Connection user.

Test Unified Messaging Configuration

View the Summary of Unified Messaging Configuration

You can view a summary of the configuration for all of the unified messaging accounts on a Unity Connection server, including:

- Current status of Unity Connection configuration settings for each unified messaging account that indicates whether consistency problems with Unity Connection settings prevent unified messaging from functioning correctly. When you select the status icon for a unified messaging account, the Unified Messaging Account page appears, and the status area of the page lists both problems and possible problems, if any.
- You can also test whether a unified messaging account has connectivity with other servers using the Test Connectivity button on the Unified Messaging Account page.
- The alias of the user associated with the account. When you select the alias for a unified messaging account, the Edit Unified Messaging Account page appears, and the status area of the page lists problems and possible problems, if any.
- The display name of the user associated with the unified messaging account.
- The name of the unified messaging service that is associated with the unified messaging account. When you select the service name, the Unified Messaging Services page appears with the settings for the service.
- The current unified messaging settings for each unified messaging account.

Viewing a Summary of Configuration of Unified Messaging Accounts for Unity Connection

- **Step 1** In Cisco Unity Connection Administration, expand **Unified Messaging** and select **Unified Messaging Accounts Status**.
- **Step 2** To sort by the values in a column in ascending order, select the heading for the column. To sort in descending order, select the heading again.
- **Step 3** View the following settings:
 - To display the Unified Messaging Accounts page for an account, select the icon or the value of the Alias column in the applicable row.
 - To display the Unified Messaging Services page for an account, select the value of the **UM Services** column in the applicable row.

Testing System Configuration and Unified Messaging with Exchange and Unity Connection

You can run a Unity Connection system test that includes tests of the unified messaging configuration and that provides summary data on configuration problems, if any, for example, the number of accounts assigned to a specified unified messaging service that has configuration problems.

Do the following to check the system configuration and unified messaging configuration:

- Step 1 In Cisco Unity Connection Administration, expand Tools and select Task Management.
- Step 2 On the Task Definitions page, select Check System Configuration and select Run Now.
- **Step 3** Select **Refresh** to display links to the latest results.
- **Step 4** Review the results, resolve problems, if any, and re-run the **Check System Configuration** task until no more problems are found.

Testing Access to Calendars for Unity Connection

If you configured Unity Connection to calendars, do the following procedure to test the access to calendars.

- Step 1 Sign in to Outlook.
- Step 2 On the Go menu, select Calendar.
- Step 3 On the File menu, select New> Meeting Request.
- **Step 4** Enter values in the required fields to schedule a new meeting for the current time and invite a user who has an account on Unity Connection. Select **Send**.
- **Step 5** Sign in to the Unity Connection mailbox of the user that you invited to the Outlook meeting in Step 4.
- **Step 6** If the user account is configured for speech access, say **Play Meetings**.

If the user account is not configured for speech access, press **6** and follow the prompts to list meetings. Unity Connection reads the information about the meeting.

Resolving SMTP Domain Name Configuration Issues

When a single inbox user receives a voicemail, it is synchronized from Unity Connection to a mail server. The email address of sender/recipient has Unity Connection domain name, for example, userid@CUC-hostname. Due to this, email clients like Microsoft Outlook or IBM Lotus Notes adds the Unity Connection address as "recent contacts" in the address book. When a user replies to an email or adds recipient while composing an email, the user can enter/select the Unity Connection address, which may lead to NDR. You must follow the steps further if you want the email address of sender/recipient to be displayed as the corporate email address, for example, userid@corp-hostname, when the voicemail is synchronized for single inbox users from Unity Connection to the mail server.

Do the following procedure to resolve SMTP domain name configuration issues:

- **Step 1** In Cisco Unity Connection Administration, expand **System Settings > SMTP Configuration** and select **Smart Host**.
- Step 2On the Smart Host page, enter the values of the required fields and select Save (For information on each field, see Help>
This Page).
 - **Note** Microsoft Exchange server can be used as a smart host.
- **Step 3** Configure corporate email address of a user:
 - a) In Cisco Unity Connection Administration, expand Users and select Users. On the Search Users page, select an applicable user.
 - b) On the Edit User Basics page, enter value in the Corporate Email Address field and select Save.
- **Step 4** In Cisco Unity Connection Administration, expand **System Settings** and select **General Configuration**.
- **Step 5** On the General Configuration page, in the **When a recipient cannot be found** list, select **Relay message to smart host** so that if the Recipient is not found, the message is sent to the smart host and select **Save**.
- **Step 6** Configure message action for a user:
 - a) In Cisco Unity Connection Administration, expand Users and select Users. On the Search Users Basics page, select an applicable user.
 - b) On the Edit User Basics page, in the Edit menu, select Message Actions. On the Edit Message Actions page, select the Accept the Message option from the Voicemail drop- down list.
 - **Note** Make sure to select the **Relay the Message** option from the Email, Fax, and receipt drop -down lists.
- Step 7 Setup a recipient policy on the mail server so that the Unity Connection alias resolves to the Corporate Email Address ID:
 - For Exchange 2019, Exchange 2016 or Exchange 2013, see the following link:

http://technet.microsoft.com/en-us/library/bb232171.aspx



Configuring Text-to-Speech

• Configuring Text-to-Speech, on page 33

Configuring Text-to-Speech

Overview

The Text-to-Speech (TTS) feature allows the unified messaging users to listen to their emails when they sign in to Unity Connection using phone. For more information on text-to-speech, see the Text-to-Speech, page 1-10 section.

Task List for Configuring Text-to-Speech

With text-to-speech feature enabled in Unity Connection, you can play the emails through phone that are accessible either through Exchange or Office 365.

Configuring the Text-to-Speech Feature

Step 1 Follow the steps depending on the version of Exchange server accessed by unified messaging users:

• Configuring TTS on Office 365, Exchange 2019, Exchange 2016, Exchange 2013 or Exchange 2010

- **Step 2** Enable text-to-speech in Unity Connection on an existing or a new unified messaging service. Configure a unified messaging service following the steps as mentioned in the Creating a Unified Messaging Service to Access Mail Server, page 2-27 section.
 - **Note** Make sure the Access Exchange Email Using Text-to-Speech (TTS) check box under Service Capabilities is checked.

Configuring TTS on Office 365, Exchange 2019, Exchange 2016, Exchange 2013 or Exchange 2010

Create and install an SSL certificate on each Exchange server that unified messaging users want to access following the given steps:

- 1. Open the Exchange Management Shell on the Exchange server.
- **2.** Enter the following command:

new-exchangecertificate -generaterequest -domainname <*Exchange server*> -**friendlyname** <*friendly name*>-**path c:\csr.txt**

where <*Exchange server*> is the IP address or host name of the Exchange server and <*friendly name*> is the friendly name that you select for the Exchange server

The domain name for the Exchange server must be the IP address or the fully qualified DNS name (recommended) so that the Unity Connection server can successfully ping the Exchange server. Otherwise, users may not be able to access their emails in the external message store.

- **3.** Press the **Enter** key and a Certificate Signing Request (CSR) file with the name **Csr.txt** is created in the root directory.
- 4. Send the CSR file to a Certification Authority (CA) that generates and sends back a new certificate.



Note

You must have a copy of the CA public root certificate or public root certificate chain. This certificate is needed for configuring Unity Connection to trust the Exchange 2019, Exchange 2016, Exchange 2013, or Exchange 2010 server.

5. Enter the following command:

import-exchangecertificate -path <*path*>

where *<path>* is the location of the directory where the CA saves the new server certificate

6. Press the **Enter** key and enter the following command:

dir cert:\localmachine\my | fl

- 7. Press the Enter key and highlight the "thumbprint" property and copy it to the clipboard.
- 8. Perform either of the following actions:
 - If the class of service for unified messaging users is configured to access email and use calendar data from an external email server using IMAP, enter the following command:

enable-exchangecertificate -thumbprint <thumbprint> -services ''IIS,IMAP''

• If the class of service for unified messaging users is not configured to access calendar data from external email server using IMAP, enter the following command:

enable-exchangecertificate -thumbprint <thumbprint> -services "IIS"

• Press the Enter key.



Note

To use TTS over Office 365, you are not required to do any specific configuration.



Configuring Calendar and Contact Integration

Configuring Calendar and Contact Integration, on page 35

Configuring Calendar and Contact Integration

Overview

You can configure calendar and contact integration on Unity Connection with Exchange, Office 365, or Cisco Unified MeetingPlace servers. For more information on calendar and contact integration, see the Calendar and Contact Integration, page 1-11 section.

Configuring Calendar and Contact Integration with Exchange or Office 365 Servers

- 1. Review the system requirements to ensure that all the requirements for Exchange 2019, Exchange 2016, Exchange 2013, Exchange 2010, and Office 365 are met. For more information see the sections "Requirements for Accessing Calendar Information for Meetings" and "Requirements for Accessing Exchange Contact Information" of *System Requirements for Cisco Unity Connection, Release 11.x* at https://www.cisco.com/c/en/us/td/docs/voice_ip_comm/connection/11x/requirements/b_11xcucsysregs.html.
- **2.** Configure the Exchange server with which Unity Connection is integrated for calendar and contact integration. See the following sections:
 - Configuring Office 365, Exchange 2019, Exchange 2016, Exchange 2013 or Exchange 2010 for Calendar and Contact Integration
 - Configuring Unity Connection for Calendar and Contact Integration
- **3.** Configure Unity Connection for calendar and contact integration. See the Configuring Unity Connection for Calendar and Contact Integration.
- 4. (When enabling Personal Call Transfer Rules only) Verify that the users or templates are assigned to a class of service that enables them to use the personal call transfer rules feature.
- **5.** Configure the Unity Connection users for calendar and contact integration. See the Configuring Unity Connection Users for Calendar and Contact Integration.

6. Test the calendar integration. See the Testing Calendar Integration with Exchange or Office 365 Servers.

Configuring Office 365, Exchange 2019, Exchange 2016, Exchange 2013 or Exchange 2010 for Calendar and Contact Integration

Do the following tasks to configure Exchange 2019, Exchange 2016, Exchange 2013, Exchange 2010 for the calendar and contact integration:

- 1. Confirm that Client Access role has been enabled on Exchange 2019, Exchange 2016, Exchange 2013 and Exchange 2010 server.
- **2.** Do the Configuring Exchange 2019, Exchange 2016, Exchange 2013, Exchange 2010 for Calendar and Contact Integration.
- **3.** (*Optional*) If you are using SSL for secure access to the Exchange server, follow the steps mentioned in the section Configuring Secure Access to Exchange 2013, Exchange 2010.



Note If you have already configured secure IMAP with SSL on Exchange server and enabled the certificate for both IMAP and IIS, then follow the section Configuring Exchange 2019, Exchange 2016, Exchange 2013, Exchange 2010 for Calendar and Contact Integration.

Configuring Exchange 2019, Exchange 2016, Exchange 2013, Exchange 2010 for Calendar and Contact Integration

- **Step 1** On the Exchange server, open the **Internet Services (IIS) Manager** application.
- **Step 2** Go to Internet Information Services > <Exchange server name> > Web Sites > Default Web Site.
- **Step 3** Right-click Exchange and select **Properties**.
- **Step 4** In the **Exchange Properties** dialog box, select the **Virtual Directory** tab.
- Step 5 From the Content For This Resource Should Come From menu, select A Directory Located On This Computer
- **Step 6** Confirm the Local Path is set to **\\.\BackOfficeStorage**\<**your-domain.com**>**MBX**.
- **Step 7** Select the **Read** check box.
- **Step 8** Select the **Directory Security** tab.
- Step 9 From the Authentication and Access Control menu, select Edit.
- Step 10 In the Authenticated Access section of the Authentication Methods dialog box, check the check boxes for one or more of the following options:
 - Integrated Windows authentication (sometimes referred to as NTLM)
 - Basic Authentication
 - · Digest Authentication for Windows Domain Servers
- Step 11 Select OK.
- Step 12 In the Exchange Properties dialog box, select OK.
- **Step 13** Go to **Internet Information Services** > **<server name** > **> Web Service Extensions** .

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- Step 14 In the right-hand pane, select WebDav and confirm that the status is "Allowed." If the status is not "Allowed", click Allow.
- **Step 15** On the Exchange server, open the **Exchange Management Console**.
- **Step 16** Go to **Server Configuration > Mailbox**.
- **Step 17** Do the following for each mailbox that you want to configure for the calendar and contact integration:
 - a) In the upper middle pane, select the mailbox name.
 - b) In the lower middle pane, select the WebDav tab.
 - c) Right-click Exchange (Default Web Site) and select Properties.
 - d) In the Exchange (Default Web Site) Properties dialog box, select the Authentication tab.
 - e) Select Use One or More Standard Authentication Methods and select the same authentication method(s) that you configured in Step 10.
- Step 18 Click OK.
- Step 19 Open the Exchange Management Shell.
- **Step 20** In the **Exchange Management Shell**, enter the following command:

iisbreset /noforce

Step 21 Press Enter.

Configuring Secure Access to Exchange 2013, Exchange 2010

Step 1	On the Exchange Server, open the Exchange Management Shell application.			
Step 2	Enter the following command, where <i>Exchange server></i> is the IP address or fully qualified domain name of the Exchange server and <i>friendly name</i> is the friendly name that you selected for the Exchange server:			
	 new-exchangecertificate -generaterequest -domainname <exchange server=""> -friendlyname</exchange> friendly name>-path c:\csr.txt 			
	Caution	The domain name for the Exchange server must be the IP address or the fully qualified domain name (recommended) so that the Unity Connection server can successfully ping the Exchange server. Otherwise, the calendar and contact integration may not function correctly.		
Step 3	Press Enter			
	A Certificate Signing Request (CSR) file with the name Csr.txt is created in the root directory.			
Step 4	Send the CSR file to a Certification Authority (CA), which generates and sends back a new certificate.			
	Note Y n	ou must have a copy of the CA public root certificate or public root certificate chain. This certificate is eeded for configuring Unity Connection to trust the Exchange server.		
Step 5	Save the new certificate in a location that is accessible to the Exchange server on which you want to import the certificate			
Step 6	On the Exchange Server, open the Exchange Management Shell application.			
Step 7	Enter the following command, where <path> is the full path of the new certificate that you received from the CA:</path>			
	import-exchangecertificate -path <path></path>			
Step 8	Press Enter .			
Step 9	Enter the following command:			

dir cert:\localmachine\my | fl

Step 10 Step 11 Step 12	Press Enter. Highlight the "thumbprint" property and press Ctrl-C to copy it to the clipboard. If Unity Connection is configured to use IMAP to access both email and calendar data from Exchange server, enter the following command, where <thumbprint> is the "thumbprint" that you copied in Step 11: enable-exchangecertificate -thumbprint <thumbprint> -services "IIS,IMAP" If Unity Connection is not configured to use IMAP but configured to use calendar data from Exchange server, enter the following command, where <thumbprint> is the "thumbprint" that you copied in Step 11: enable-exchangecertificate -thumbprint> is the "thumbprint" that you copied in Step 11: enable-exchangecertificate -thumbprint <thumbprint> -services "IIS"</thumbprint></thumbprint></thumbprint></thumbprint>	
Step 13	Press Enter.	
Step 14	If you want data transmitted as clear text, skip the remaining steps in this procedure and continue with the Configuring Unity Connection for Calendar and Contact Integration. Otherwise, open the IIS Manager application.	
Step 15	Go to IIS > <server name=""> > Web Sites > Default Web Site.</server>	
Step 16	Right-click Default Web Site and select Properties.	
Step 17	In the Properties dialog box, select the Directory Security tab.	
Step 18	From the Secure Communications menu, select Edit.	
Step 19	Check the Require Secure Channel check box.	
Step 20	Select OK .	
Step 21	In the Properties dialog box, select OK .	

Configuring Unity Connection for Calendar and Contact Integration

Step 1	In Cisc can mo	In Cisco Unity Connection Administration, expand Unified Messaging and select Unified Messaging Services . You can modify an existing unified messaging service or create a new service using Add New .		
Step 2	On the box to	New Unified Messaging Service page, in the Type list, select Exchange/BPOS-D and check the Enabled check enable the unified messaging service.		
Step 3	Enter th	ne details of the required fields and select Save. (For information on each field, see Help> This Page).		
	Note	Make sure to check the Access Exchange Calendars and Contacts check box under Service Capabilities menu.		
Step 4	Select 7 fails, fo	Test and a message appears indicating whether the configuration has been successfully verified. If the verification below the above configuration steps to ensure that they have been properly implemented.		

Configuring Unity Connection Users for Calendar and Contact Integration

After configuring the Unity Connection server for calendar and contact integration, you can configure the applicable users.



Note There must be a user account in Active Directory for each Unity Connection user configured for unified messaging. Also, there must be a corresponding mailbox for each user account in Exchange 2019, Exchange 2016, Exchange 2013, Exchange 2010 that communicates with the Unity Connection server.

- **Step 1** In Cisco Unity Connection Administration, expand Users and select Users. Select an applicable user.
- **Step 2** On the Edit User Basics page, in the **Edit** menu, select **Unified Messaging Accounts**.
- Step 3 On the Unified Messaging Accounts page, select Add New.
 - **Note** Make sure that a unified messaging service is configured before creating unified messaging accounts.

Step 4 On the New Unified Messaging Accounts page, select the following details:

- In Unified Messaging Service drop-down, select the unified messaging service created in the sectionConfiguring Unity Connection for Calendar and Contact Integration.
- From the Account Information menu, in the Use This Email Address field, enter the Exchange email address in Active Directory for the user.
- Step 5 In the Service Capabilities menu, check the Access Exchange Calendar and Contacts check box and select Save.
- **Step 6** Check the calendar and contact configuration for the user, selecting **Test**. The **Task Execution Results** window appears with the test results. If any part of the test fails, verify the configuration for Exchange 2019, Exchange 2016, Exchange 2013, or Exchange 2010, Active Directory, Unity Connection, and the user.
- **Step 7** Repeat Step 2 through Step 6 for all remaining users.

Testing Calendar Integration with Exchange or Office 365 Servers

- **Step 1** Sign in to Outlook.
- Step 2 On the Go menu, select Calendar.
- **Step 3** On the File menu, select New > Meeting Request.
- **Step 4** Enter values in the required fields to schedule a new meeting for the current time, and invite a user who has an account on Unity Connection. Select **Send**.
- **Step 5** Sign in to the Unity Connection mailbox of the user that you invited to the Outlook meeting:
 - If the user account is configured for speech access, say Play Meetings.
 - If the user account is not configured for speech access, press 6, and then follow the prompts to list meetings.

Unity Connection reads the information about the Exchange 2019, 2016, 2013, 2010 meetings.

Configuring Calendar and Contact Integration with Cisco Unified MeetingPlace or Cisco Unified MeetingPlace Express

- Review the system requirements to confirm that all requirements for Cisco Unified MeetingPlace and the Unity Connection server have been met. See the "Requirements for Accessing Calendar Information for Meetings" section of System Requirements for Cisco Unity Connection Release 11.x at https://www.cisco.com/c/en/us/td/docs/voice ip comm/connection/11x/requirements/b 11xcucsysreqs.html.
- 2. Configure Cisco Unified MeetingPlace or Cisco Unified MeetingPlace Express. See the following sections:
 - Configuring Cisco Unified MeetingPlace for Calendar Integration
 - Configuring Cisco Unified MeetingPlace Express for Calendar Integration
- 3. Configure Unity Connection. See the Configuring Unity Connection for Calendar Integration section.
- 4. If you configured Cisco Unified MeetingPlace to use HTTPS in step 2., and configured unified messaging services to validate certificates for MeetingPlace servers in step 3.: on the Unity Connection server, in Cisco Unified Communications Operating System, upload certificates from the certification authority that issued the SSL certificates for MeetingPlace servers to both tomcat-trust and Unity Connection-trust locations. For more information on SSL instructions, see the "Using SSL to Secure Client/Server Connections" chapter of the Security Guide for Cisco Unity Connection, Release 11.x, available at https://www.cisco.com/c/en/us/td/docs/voice_ip_comm/connection/11x/security/b_11xcucsecx.html.
- Configure the Unity Connection users. See the Configuring Unity Connection Users for Calendar Integration section.
- 6. Test the calendar integration. See the Testing Calendar Integration with Cisco Unified MeetingPlace or Cisco Unified MeetingPlace Express section.
- 7. To teach users how to list, join, and schedule meetings, see the "Phone Menus and Voice Commands" chapter of the *User Guide for the Cisco Unity Connection Phone Interface (Release 11.x)* at https://www.cisco.com/c/en/us/td/docs/voice_ip_comm/connection/11x/user/guide/phone/b_11xcucugphone.html.

Configuring Cisco Unified MeetingPlace for Calendar Integration

- **Step 1** Sign in to the Cisco Unified MeetingPlace Application Server as an administrator.
- **Step 2** Select User Configuration > User Profiles.
- Step 3 Select Add New.
- **Step 4** Enter the following values in the required fields to create a privileged service account:

First Name	Leave this field blank.
Last Name	Enter Cisco Unity Connection.
User ID	Enter cucsvc or another user ID that you want.
User Password	Enter the applicable password.
Profile Number	Enter the applicable profile number.

Profile Password	Enter the applicable profile password.
Type of User	Select System Administrator.

Note The values that you enter for the **User ID**, **User Password**, **Profile Number**, and **Profile Password** fields are used in the Configuring Unity Connection for Calendar Integration.

Step 5 Select Save.

- **Step 6** Sign out of Cisco Unified MeetingPlace.
- **Step 7** In the Address field of a web browser, if SSL is not enabled, enter the following URL (where <server> is the IP address or host name of the Cisco Unified MeetingPlace server):

http://<server>/webservices/services/meetingservice?wsdl

If SSL is enabled, enter the following URL:

https://<server>/webservices/services/meetingservice?wsdl

Step 8 Press Enter.

Step 9 When prompted to sign in, enter the user ID and password for the privileged service account.

The Cisco Unified MeetingPlace Web Services Description Language (WSDL) download page appears with the title "XFire Services".

Configuring Cisco Unified MeetingPlace Express for Calendar Integration

- Step 1 Sign in to Cisco Unified MeetingPlace Express and select Administration.
- **Step 2** Select User Configuration > User Profile Management.
- Step 3 Select Add New.
- **Step 4** Enter the following values in the required fields to create an API user:

First Name	Leave this field blank.
Last Name	Enter Cisco Unity Connection.
User ID	Enter cucsvc or another user ID that you want.
User Password	Enter the applicable password.
Profile Number	Enter the applicable profile number.
Type of User	Select API User.

Note The values that you enter for the **User ID**, **User Password**, and **Profile Number** fields are used in the Configuring Unity Connection Users for Calendar Integration.

Step 5 Select Save.

Step 6 Sign out of Cisco Unified MeetingPlace Express.

If you do not sign out of Cisco Unified MeetingPlace Express, the test fails in the Testing Calendar Integration with Cisco Unified MeetingPlace or Cisco Unified MeetingPlace Express.

Step 7 In the Address field of a web browser:

 if SSL is not enabled, enter the following URL (where <server> is the IP address or host name of the Cisco Unified MeetingPlace Express server):

http://<server>.com/webservices/services/meetingservice?wsdl

• If SSL is enabled, enter the following URL:

https://<server>.com/webservices/services/meetingservice?wsdl

Step 8 Press Enter.

Step 9 When prompted to sign in, enter the user ID and password for the API user.The Cisco Unified MeetingPlace Express WSDL download page appears with the title "XFire Services."

Configuring Unity Connection for Calendar Integration

Step 1	In Cisco Unity Connection Administration, expand Unified Messaging and select Unified Messaging Services.		
Step 2	Modify an existing unified messaging service or create a new service by selecting Add New.		
Step 3	On the box to e	New Unified Messaging Service page, in the Type list, select MeetingPlace 8.x and check the Enabled check nable unified messaging with Cisco Unified MeetingPlace server.	
Step 4	Enter the values of the required fields and select Save. (For information on each field, see Help> This Page).		
	Note	Make sure to check the User MeetingPlace Meetings and MeetingPlace Scheduling and Joining check boxes under Service Capabilities menu.	
Step 5	To chec	k the integration with Cisco Unified MeetingPlace, select Test. The Task Execution Results window appears	

Step 5 To check the integration with Cisco Unified MeetingPlace, select Test. The Task Execution Results window appears with the test results. If any part of the test fails, verify the configuration for Cisco Unified MeetingPlace and Unity Connection.

Configuring Unity Connection Users for Calendar Integration

Caution Cisco Unified MeetingPlace must have an end user for each Unity Connection user that you are configuring.

- Step 1 In Cisco Unity Connection Administration, expand Users and select Users. Select an applicable user.
- Step 2 On the Edit User Basics page, on the Edit menu, select Unified Messaging Accounts.
- Step 3 On the Unified Messaging Accounts page, select Add New. The New Unified Messaging Account page appears.
- Step 4On the New Unified Messaging Account page, select the Unified Messaging Service for Cisco Unified MeetingPlace.Enter the values of the required fields and select Save. (For information on each field, see Help> This Page).
 - Note Make sure to check the MeetingPlace Scheduling and Joining and Primary Meeting Service check boxes under the Service Capabilities menu.

Step 5 To check the calendar configuration for the user, select **Test**. The **Task Execution Results** window appears with the test results. If any part of the test fails, verify the configuration for Cisco Unified MeetingPlace, Unity Connection, and the user.

Step 6 Repeat Step 2 through Step 5 for all remaining users.

Testing Calendar Integration with Cisco Unified MeetingPlace or Cisco Unified MeetingPlace Express

Step 1	Sign in to Cisco Unified MeetingPlace as an end user.		
Step 2	Select Schedule.		
Step 3	Enter values in the required fields to schedule a new meeting for the current time, and invite a user who has an account on Unity Connection.		
Step 4	Sign in to the Unity Connection mailbox of the user that you invited to the Cisco Unified MeetingPlace meeting in Step 3.		
Step 5	If the user account is configured for speech access, say Play Meetings.		
	If the user account is not configured for speech access, press 6, and then follow the prompts to list meetings.		
Step 6	When you hear the system announce the Cisco Unified MeetingPlace meeting that you just scheduled, either say Join , or press the applicable keys on the phone keypad to join the meeting.		

Testing Calendar Integration with Cisco Unified MeetingPlace or Cisco Unified MeetingPlace Express



Moving and Restoring Exchange Mailboxes

Moving and Restoring Exchange Mailboxes, on page 45

Moving and Restoring Exchange Mailboxes

Overview

The mailboxes for unified messaging users in Cisco Unity Connection can be moved from one Exchange server to another. You may want to move the mailboxes from one Exchange server to another due to any reason. Consider an instance in which after adding the latest supported version of Exchange server to the existing Exchange environment of your organization, you want to move the user mailboxes to the latest version.

To move the user mailboxes from one version of Exchange to another, you need to update some specific settings for the Unity Connection users. This enables Unity Connection to automatically detect the migration of user mailboxes automatically. If Unity Connection fails to detect the migration of mailboxes, you need to manually replace the existing mailboxes of unified messaging users with new mailboxes on the migrated Exchange server.

Updating User Settings After Moving Exchange Mailboxes

As covered in the "Configuring Unified Messaging" chapter, the administrators can create one or more unified messaging services with Exchange. Following are the two settings that identify how Unity Connection manually updates user settings after the Exchange mailboxes are moved:

- Unity Connection searches for Exchange servers: If you select to allow Unity Connection to search for Exchange servers, Unity Connection automatically detects when you move mailboxes to another version of Exchange and automatically updates Unity Connection user settings.
- Unity Connection selects a specific Exchange server: If you select a specific Exchange server, either Unity Connection detects mailbox move from one Exchange server to another or it fails to detect. The administrator needs to manually replace the old unified messaging account with a new unified messaging account to access the specific Exchange server.



Table 5: When Unity Connection Detect Mailbox Moves Between Exchange servers lists the scenarios when Unity Connection can and cannot automatically detect mailbox moves between Exchange servers.

Table 5: When Unity Connection Detect Mailbox Moves Between Exchange servers

If you select a specific	Unity Connection can automatically detect mailbox moves between the following Exchange versions		
	2010 and 2010	2010 and 2013	2013 and 2013
Exchange 2010 server	Yes	No	No
Exchange 2013 server	Yes	Yes	Yes

Moving Exchange Mailboxes to a New Exchange Server

In an organization, you can add an Exchange server by moving the Exchange mailboxes to the new server. If the Exchange mailboxes are associated with Unity Connection users who are configured for single inbox, you must grant the permissions that Unity Connection requires before you move the mailboxes. Otherwise, Unity Connection users cannot access their voicemails from the new location. This is true regardless of whether you allow Unity Connection to search for Exchange servers or you configure Unity Connection to communicate with a specific Exchange server.

For information on granting the necessary permissions depending on the Exchange server, see the Configuring Unified Messaging in Active Directory, page 2-5 section.

Note

To access a new Exchange server, either you need to create a new unified messaging services account or grant necessary permissions to the existing unified messaging services account.

Replacing Unity Connection Unified Messaging Accounts After Moving Exchange Mailboxes

Following are the steps the administrators must do when Unity Connection cannot detect Exchange mailbox moves and cannot automatically update the location of the Exchange mailbox for a Unity Connection user:

- 1. Manually create a new unified messaging account that accesses the new mailbox location.
- 2. Delete the unified messaging account that accessed the old mailbox location.

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Caution Unity Connection does not synchronize voicemails with the corresponding Exchange mailboxes during the time you move the Exchange mailboxes and update Unity Connection settings for the affected users.

Do the following procedure to replace Unity Connection unified messaging accounts after moving exchange mailboxes:

- **Step 1** Review the Updating User Settings After Moving Exchange Mailboxes to determine whether Unity Connection can automatically detect mailbox moves for your Exchange configuration.
- **Step 2** Do either of the following steps:
 - If Unity Connection can detect mailbox moves, skip the rest of this procedure.
 - If Unity Connection cannot detect mailbox moves, continue with Step 3.
- Step 3 If you moved the Exchange mailbox to an Exchange server for which there is currently no unified messaging service in Unity Connection, create the service. For more information, see the Creating a Unified Messaging Service to Access Mail Server, page 2-27 section.
- **Step 4** Create a new unified messaging account for the user and select a unified messaging service that accesses the new Exchange server to which the mailbox was moved. For more information, see the Unified Messaging Account for Users, page 2-30 section.
- **Step 5** Delete the unified messaging account that accessed the old Exchange server from where the mailbox was moved:
 - a) In Cisco Unity Connection Administration, expand Users and select Users.
 - b) On the Search Users page, select the alias of a user.
 - c) On the Edit User Basics page, from the Edit menu, select Unified Messaging Accounts.
 - d) On the Unified Messaging Accounts page, check the check box to the left of the unified messaging account that you want to delete. Select **Delete Selected**.
- **Step 6** Repeat Step 3 through Step 5 for the other users whose Exchange mailboxes you moved.

Restoring Exchange Mailboxes

Restoring exchange mailboxes in Unity Connection requires you to take the backup of the current unified messaging accounts of the users. The following section shows how to restore unified messaging capabilities for individual users or multiple users. The most important aspect while restoring is to disable single inbox to stop the synchronization between Exchange and Unity Connection.

Task List for Restoring Microsoft Exchange Mailboxes

- Disable single inbox for selected users or for a unified messaging service. See the Disabling Single Inbox for Unity Connection section.
- 2. Restore Exchange mailboxes. For more information, see the applicable Microsoft documentation.
- 3. Re-enable single inbox selecting the applicable option:

- If you disabled single inbox for individual users using Unity Connection\\ Administration, repeat the Disable Single Inbox for Individual Users section, but check the Synchronize Unity Connection and Exchange Mailboxes (Single Inbox) check box.
- If you disabled single inbox for a unified messaging service, repeat the Disable Single Inbox for All Users, but check either the Synchronize Connection and Exchange Mailboxes (Single Inbox) check box or the Enabled check box, as applicable.
- If you disabled single inbox for individual users using the Bulk Administration Tool, repeat the Disable Single Inbox for a Large Numbers of Selected Users Using the Bulk Administration Tool, but change the value of enableMbxSynch to **1**.

Disabling Single Inbox Before Restoring Exchange Mailboxes

You must disable single inbox for the Unity Connection users whose Exchange mailboxes and other unified messaging service capabilities are being restored. If single inbox is not disabled, Unity Connection is unable to synchronize voicemails received from the time the backup initiates till the restore completes.

Behavior of Synchronization Cache when Single Inbox is Disabled

Unity Connection maintains a synchronization cache that tracks the voicemails already forwarded to Exchange. When you disable single inbox, the synchronization cache is automatically cleared.

Do the following steps to understand the behaviour of synchronization cache when single inbox is disabled:

- **1.** You take the backup of the Exchange server.
- 2. A new voicemail arrives.
- **3.** Unity Connection synchronizes the voicemail with the Exchange mailbox associated with the Unity Connection user.
- **4.** Unity Connection updates the synchronization cache for the user to indicate that the message has been synchronized with Exchange.
- 5. A hard disk in the Exchange server fails.
- 6. You disable single inbox for the Unity Connection user whose Exchange mailbox was on the failed hard disk.
- 7. Unity Connection clears the synchronization cache for that user.
- 8. You replace the hard disk and restore Exchange from the backup that you made in step1.
- 9. You re-enable single inbox for the user.
- **10.** Unity Connection performs a periodic comparison of the synchronization cache with the voicemails currently in Exchange.
- **11.** Because the cache is empty, Unity Connection concludes that voicemails that are in the Unity Connection mailbox but not in the Exchange mailbox have not yet been synchronized with Exchange.
- **12.** Unity Connection resynchronizes the Unity Connection mailbox with the Exchange mailbox and rebuilds the synchronization cache.

Behavior of Synchronization Cache when Single Inbox is Enabled

If you restore Exchange mailboxes without disabling single inbox for the Unity Connection users, Unity Connection deletes all voicemails received after the backup from which you are restoring. Do the following steps to understand the behaviour of synchronization cache with single inbox:

- 1. You can take the backup of the Exchange server.
- 2. A new voicemail arrives.
- **3.** Unity Connection synchronizes the voicemail with the Exchange mailbox associated with the Unity Connection user.
- 4. Unity Connection updates the synchronization cache for the user to indicate that the message has been synchronized with Exchange.
- 5. A hard disk in the Exchange server fails.
- 6. You replace the hard disk and restore Exchange from the backup that you made in 1.
- 7. Unity Connection performs a periodic comparison of the synchronization cache with the voicemails currently in Exchange. The voicemail that arrived in 2. is not in the Exchange mailbox for the associated Unity Connection user.
- **8.** Unity Connection concludes that the voicemail has already been synchronized with Exchange and does not resynchronize the message into the Exchange mailbox.

Disabling Single Inbox for Unity Connection

The first step in restoring Exchange mailboxes is to disable single inbox. Depending on the number of Exchange servers that you are restoring or the effect of restore on Unity Connection functionality, you can disable single inbox in either of the following ways:

Restoring Exchange Mailboxes for a Small Number of Users

If you are restoring Exchange mailboxes for a small number of users, you can disable single inbox on individual user accounts using Unity Connection\\ Administration. See the Disable Single Inbox for Individual Users.

Restoring Exchange Mailboxes for All the Unified Messaging Users or When Unity Connection Functionality is Not a Concern

You can disable the single inbox functionality of all unified messaging users in either of the following conditions:

- While you are restoring mailboxes for all of the users associated with a unified messaging service.
- While you are restoring mailboxes for selected users associated with a unified messaging service during non-business hours when interrupting single inbox functionality has less impact on users.

There are two ways to disable single inbox for a unified messaging service:

- Disable only single inbox for a unified messaging service: If you disable only single inbox, the Unity Connection conversation continues to play the options for the other unified messaging features. If a user selects one of these features while Exchange is unavailable, the Unity Connection conversation announces that access to messages is unavailable at this time.
- *Disable the entire unified messaging service*: If the unified messaging service has other unified messaging features enabled, such as text-to-speech or contact integration, and you disable the service, Unity

Connection conversation stops playing the options for those features until the unified messaging service is re-enabled, which could be confusing for users.

For more information, see the Disable Single Inbox for All Users.

Restoring Exchange Mailboxes for Some Users Associated with a Unified Messaging Service When Unity Connection Functionality is a Concern

When you are restoring Exchange mailboxes for a large number of users associated with a unified messaging service, you can use the Bulk Administration Tool to disable single inbox for individual users, if both the following conditions are true:

- The unified messaging service also includes users whose mailboxes you are not restoring.
- You are restoring the mailboxes during business hours, when you want to minimize the impact on users whose mailboxes you are not restoring.

Disable Single Inbox for Individual Users

- Step 1 In Cisco Unity Connection Administration, expand Users and select Users. On the Search Users page, select the alias of the user account that you want to modify.
 Step 2 On the Edit Users page, in the Edit menu, select Unified Messaging Accounts. Select the unified messaging account
- that enables single inbox for the user.
- **Step 3** Uncheck the **Synchronize Unity Connection and Exchange Mailboxes (Single Inbox)** check box.
- Step 4 Select Save.
- **Step 5** Repeat Step 1 through Step 4 for the remaining users.

Disable Single Inbox for All Users

To disable the entire unified messaging service, uncheck the **Enabled** check box.

- Step 1 In Unity Connection Administration, expand Unified Messaging and select Unified Messaging Services.
- **Step 2** On the Search Unified Messaging Services page, select the alias of the unified messaging service that you want to modify.
- Step 3To disable single inbox for the users associated with this unified messaging service, uncheck the Synchronize Connection
and Exchange Mailboxes (Single Inbox) check box.

To disable the entire unified messaging service, uncheck the Enabled check box.

- Step 4 Select Save.
- **Step 5** Repeat Step 1 through Step 4 for other unified messaging services for which you want to disable single inbox.

Disable Single Inbox for a Large Numbers of Selected Users Using the Bulk Administration Tool

- **Step 1** In Cisco Unity Connection Administration, expand **Tools** and select **Bulk Administration Tool**.
- Step 2 Under Select Operation, select Export.
- Step 3 Under Select Object Type, select Unified Messaging Accounts.

- **Step 4** Specify a filename for the CSV file to which unified messaging accounts are exported.
- Step 5 Select Submit.
- **Step 6** Follow the onscreen prompts to save the CSV file.
- **Step 7** Open the CSV file.
- **Step 8** For the users for whom you want to disable the single inbox feature, change the value of enableMbxSynch to **0**.
- **Step 9** In Cisco Unity Connection Administration, select **Tools** > **Bulk Administration Tool**.
- **Step 10** Under Select Operation, select **Update**.
- Step 11 Under Select Object Type, select Unified Messaging Accounts.
- **Step 12** Specify the name of the CSV file that you updated in Step 8.
- Step 13 Select Submit.

Disable Single Inbox for a Large Numbers of Selected Users Using the Bulk Administration Tool



INDEX

C

concept 45

Ε

Exchange 13

determining which servers you want Connection to communicate with 13 INDEX

I