show access-group mode interface

To display the ACL configuration on a Layer 2 interface, use the **show access-group mode interface** command.

show access-group mode interface [interface interface-number]

Syntax Description

•	interface	(Optional) Interface type; valid values are ethernet , fastethernet , gigabitethernet , tengigabitethernet , and port-channel .
-	interface-number	(Optional) Interface number.

Command Default

This command has no default settings.

Command Modes

Privileged EXEC mode

Command History

Release	Modification
12.1(19)EW	This command was introduced on the Catalyst 4500 series switch.
12.2(25)EW	Support for the 10-Gigabit Ethernet interface was introduced on the Catalyst 4500 series switch.

Usage Guidelines

The valid values for the port number depend on the chassis used.

Examples

The following example shows how to display the ACL configuration on the Fast Ethernet interface 6/1:

Switch# show access-group mode interface fa6/1

Interface FastEthernet6/1:
 Access group mode is: merge
Switch#

Command	Description
access-group mode	Specifies the override modes (for example, VACL overrides PACL) and the non-override modes (for example, merge or strict mode).

show adjacency

To display information about the Layer 3 switching adjacency table, use the **show adjacency** command.

show adjacency [{interface interface-number} | {**null** interface-number} | {**port-channel** number} | {**vlan** vlan-id} | **detail** | **internal** | **summary**]

Syntax Description

interface	(Optional) Interface type; possible valid values are ethernet , fastethernet , gigabitethernet , tengigabitethernet , pos , ge-wan , and atm .
interface-number	(Optional) Module and port number; see the "Usage Guidelines" section for valid values.
null interface-number	(Optional) Specifies the null interface; the valid value is 0 .
port-channel number	(Optional) Specifies the channel interface; valid values are a maximum of 64 values ranging from 1 to 256.
vlan vlan-id	(Optional) Specifies the VLAN; valid values are from 1 to 4094.
detail	(Optional) Displays the information about the protocol detail and timer.
internal	(Optional) Displays the information about the internal data structure.
summary	(Optional) Displays a summary of CEF-adjacency information.

Command Default

This command has no default settings.

Command Modes

EXEC

Command History

Release	Modification
12.2(25)EW	Extended to include the 10-Gigabit Ethernet interface.

Usage Guidelines

The *interface-number* argument designates the module and port number. Valid values for *interface-number* depend on the specified interface type and the chassis and module that are used. For example, if you specify a Gigabit Ethernet interface and have a 48-port 10/100BASE-T Ethernet module that is installed in a 13-slot chassis, valid values for the module number are from 1 to 13, and valid values for the port number are from 1 to 48.

Hardware Layer 3 switching adjacency statistics are updated every 60 seconds.

The following information is contained in the **show adjacency** command:

- Protocol interface.
- Type of routing protocol that is configured on the interface.
- Interface address.
- Method of adjacency that was learned.

- MAC address of the adjacent router.
- Time left before the adjacency rolls out of the adjacency table. After it rolls out, a packet must use the same next hop to the destination.

Examples

The following example shows how to display adjacency information:

Switch# show adjacency
Protocol Interface Address
IP FastEthernet2/3 172.20.52.1(3045)
IP FastEthernet2/3 172.20.52.22(11)
Switch#

The following example shows how to display a summary of adjacency information:

Switch# show adjacency summary
Adjacency Table has 2 adjacencies
Interface Adjacency Count
FastEthernet2/3 2
Switch#

The following example shows how to display protocol detail and timer information:

Switch# show adjacency detail Protocol Interface Address FastEthernet2/3 172.20.52.1(3045) 0 packets, 0 bytes 00000000FF92000038000000000000 00605C865B2800D0BB0F980B0800 03:58:12 ΤP FastEthernet2/3 172.20.52.22(11) 0 packets, 0 bytes 00000000FF920000380000000000000 00801C93804000D0BB0F980B0800 ARP 03:58:06 Switch#

The following example shows how to display adjacency information for a specific interface:

```
Switch# show adjacency fastethernet2/3
Protocol Interface Address
IP FastEthernet2/3 172.20.52.1(3045)
IP FastEthernet2/3 172.20.52.22(11)
Switch#
```

Command	Description
debug adjacency	Displays information about the adjacency debugging.

show ancp multicast

To display multicast streams activated by Access Node Control Protocol (ANCP), use the **show ancp multicast** command.

show ancp multicast [group groupaddr] [source sourceaddr] | [interface interfacename]

Syntax Description

group groupaddr	(Optional) Specifies a multicast group address.
source sourceaddr	(Optional) Specifies a multicast source address.
interface interfacename	(Optional) Specifies a multicast flowing on a specific interface.

Command Default

Displays all the multicast streams activated with ANCP.

Command Modes

Privileged EXEC

Command History

Release	Modification
12.2(50)SG	This command was introduced on the Catalyst 4500 series switch.

Examples

The following example shows how to display multicast streams activated by ANCP:

ANCP-Client# show ancp mul

ANCP Multicast Streams
ClientID VLAN Interface Joined on
Group 235.3.2.1

0x01060004000A0703 10 Fa7/3 18:27:35 UTC Sat Sep 13 2008
0x0106000400140703 20 Fa7/3 18:27:35 UTC Sat Sep 13 2008
0x01060004000A0704 10 Fa7/4 18:25:43 UTC Sat Sep 13 2008
0x0106000400140704 20 Fa7/4 18:25:43 UTC Sat Sep 13 2008
Group 238.1.2.3

0x01060004000A0703 10 Fa7/3 18:27:37 UTC Sat Sep 13 2008
0x0106000400140703 20 Fa7/3 18:27:37 UTC Sat Sep 13 2008
0x0106000400140703 20 Fa7/3 18:27:35 UTC Sat Sep 13 2008
0x01060004000A0704 10 Fa7/4 18:25:43 UTC Sat Sep 13 2008
0x0106000400140704 20 Fa7/4 18:25:43 UTC Sat Sep 13 2008
0x0106000400140704 20 Fa7/4 18:25:43 UTC Sat Sep 13 2008
0x0106000400140704 20 Fa7/4 18:25:43 UTC Sat Sep 13 2008
ANCP-Client#

show arp access-list

To display detailed information on an ARP access list, use the show arp command.

show arp access-list

Syntax Description

This command has no arguments or keywords.

Command Default

This command has no default settings.

Command Modes

EXEC

Command History

Release	Modification
12.1(19)EW	This command was introduced on the Catalyst 4500 series switch.

Examples

The following example shows how to display the ARP ACL information for a switch:

Switch# show arp access-list

ARP access list rose permit ip 10.101.1.1 0.0.0.255 mac any permit ip 20.3.1.0 0.0.0.255 mac any

Command	Description
access-group mode	Specifies the override modes (for example, VACL overrides PACL) and the non-override modes (for example, merge or strict mode).
arp access-list	Defines an ARP access list or adds clauses at the end of a predefined list.
ip arp inspection filter vlan	Permits ARPs from hosts that are configured for static IP when DAI is enabled, defines an ARP access list, and applies the access list to a VLAN.

show authentication

To display the Auth Manager information, use the **show authentication** command in EXEC or Privileged EXEC mode.

show authentication {interface interface | registrations | sessions [session-id session-id] [handle handle] [interface interface] [mac mac] [method method] [interface interface [details | policy]]

Syntax Description

interface interface	Displays all of the Auth Manager details associated with the specified interface.
registrations	Displays details of all methods registered with the Auth Manager.
sessions	Displays details of the current Auth Manager sessions (for example, client devices). If you do not enter any optional specifiers, all current active sessions are displayed. You can enter the specifiers singly or in combination to display a specific session (or group of sessions).
session-id session-id	(Optional) Specifies an Auth Manager session.
handle handle	(Optional) Specifies the particular handle for which Auth Manager information is displayed. Range is 1 to 4294967295.
mac mac	(Optional) Displays Auth Manager session information for a specified MAC address.
method method	(Optional) Displays all clients authorized by a specified authentication method. Valid values are as follows: • dot1x
	• mab
	• webauth
interface interface details	(Optional) Displays detailed information.
<pre>interface interface policy]</pre>	(Optional) Displays policies applied on the interface.

Command Default

This command has no default settings.

Command Modes

EXEC

Command History

Release	Modification
12.2(50)SG	This command was introduced.

Usage Guidelines

Do not enter the **show authentication sessions** and the **clear authentication sessions** commands in succession and repeatedly - it causes the switch to shutdown. These commands must not be used this way in scripts either. If you have to enter the commands again, wait for one minute between repetitions.

Table 2-13 describes the significant fields shown in the show authentication display.



The possible values for the status of sessions are given below. For a session in terminal state, "Authz Success" or "Authz Failed" are displayed. "No methods" is displayed if no method has provided a result.

Table 2-13 show authentication Command Output

Field	Description
Idle	The session has been initialized and no methods have run yet.
Running	A method is running for this session.
No methods	No method has provided a result for this session.
Authc Success	A method has resulted in authentication success for this session.
Authc Failed	A method has resulted in authentication fail for this session.
Authz Success	All features have been successfully applied for this session.
Authz Failed	A feature has failed to be applied for this session.

Table 2-14 lists the possible values for the state of methods. For a session in terminal state, "Authous Success," "Authous Failed," or "Failed over" are displayed (the latter indicates a method ran and failed over to the next method which did not provide a result. "Not run" is displayed in the case of sessions that are synchronized on standby.

Table 2-14 State Method Values

Method State	State Level	Description
Not run	Terminal	The method has not run for this session.
Running	Intermediate	The method is running for this session.
Failed over	Terminal	The method has failed and the next method is expected to provide a result.
Authc Success	Terminal	The method has provided a successful authentication result for the session.
Authc Failed	Terminal	The method has provided a failed authentication result for the session.

Examples

The following example shows how to display authentication methods registered with Auth Manager:

Switch# show authentication registrations

Auth Methods registered with the Auth Manager:

Handle Priority Name
3 0 dot1x

2 1 mab

1 2 webauth

Switch#

The following example shows how to display Auth Manager details for a specific interface:

Switch# show authentication interface gigabitethernet1/23

Client list:

MAC Address Domain Status Handle Interface

000e.84af.59bd DATA Authz Success 0xE0000000 GigabitEthernet1/0/23

```
Available methods list:
Handle Priority Name
3 0 dot1x
Runnable methods list:
Handle Priority Name
3 0 dot1x
Switch#
```

The following example shows how to display all Auth Manager sessions on the switch:

Switch# show authentication sessions

```
        Interface
        MAC Address
        Method
        Domain
        Status
        Session ID

        Gi3/45
        (unknown)
        N/A
        DATA
        Authz Failed
        0908140400000007003651EC

        Gi3/46
        (unknown)
        N/A
        DATA
        Authz Success
        09081404000000080057C274
```

The following example shows how to display all Auth Manager sessions on an interface:

```
Switch# show authentication sessions int gi 3/46
```

```
Interface: GigabitEthernet3/46
         MAC Address: Unknown
          IP Address: Unknown
              Status: Authz Success
             Domain: DATA
      Oper host mode: multi-host
    Oper control dir: both
       Authorized By: Guest Vlan
         Vlan Policy: 4094
     Session timeout: N/A
       Idle timeout: N/A
    Common Session ID: 0908140400000080057C274
     Acct Session ID: 0x0000000A
             Handle: 0xCC000008
Runnable methods list:
      Method State
      dot1x Failed over
```

The following example shows how to display Auth Manager session for a specified MAC address:

```
Switch# show authentication sessions mac 000e.84af.59bd
```

```
Interface: GigabitEthernet1/23
MAC Address: 000e.84af.59bd
Status: Authz Success
Domain: DATA
Oper host mode: single-host
Authorized By: Authentication Server
Vlan Policy: 10
Handle: 0xE0000000
Runnable methods list:
Method State
dot1x Authc Success
Switch#
```

The following example shows how to display all clients authorized via a specified auth method:

Switch# show authentication sessions method mab

```
No Auth Manager contexts match supplied criteria
Switch# show authentication sessions method dot1x
MAC Address Domain Status Handle Interface
000e.84af.59bd DATA Authz Success 0xE0000000 GigabitEthernet1/23
Switch#
```

The following example displays the policies applied on interface e0/0:

```
AUTH# show authentication sessions interface e0/0 policy
```

Interface: Ethernet0/0 MAC Address: aabb.cc01.ff00 IPv6 Address: Unknown IPv4 Address: Unknown User-Name: qupn Status: Authorized Domain: DATA Security Policy: Should Secure Security Status: Unsecure Oper host mode: multi-host Oper control dir: both Session timeout: N/A Common Session ID: 0D010233000000D0003329A Acct Session ID: Unknown Handle: 0x6F000002 Current Policy: POLICY_Et0/0 Local Policies: Template: SVC_1 (priority 10) Idle timeout: 500 sec TAG: blue URL Redirect: www.a.com URL Redirect ACL: a Template: SVC_3 (priority 20) Idle timeout: 300 sec TAG: red URL_Redirect: www.b.com URL-Redirect ACL: b Server Policies: Idle timeout: 800 sec Resultant policies: Idle timeout: 500 sec TAG: blue URL Redirect: www.a.com URL Redirect ACL: а TAG: red Method status list: Method State dot1x Authc Success

Command	Description
authentication control-direction	Changes the port control to unidirectional or bidirectional.
authentication critical recovery delay	Configures the 802.1X critical authentication parameters.
authentication event	Configures the actions for authentication events.
authentication fallback	Enables the Webauth fallback and specifies the fallback profile to use when failing over to Webauth.
authentication host-mode	Defines the classification of a session that will be used to apply the access-policies using the host-mode configuration.

Command	Description
authentication open	Enables open access on this port.
authentication order	Specifies the order in which authentication methods should be attempted for a client on an interface.
authentication periodic	Enables reauthentication for this port.
authentication port-control	Configures the port-control value.
authentication priority	Specifies the priority of authentication methods on an interface.
authentication timer	Configures the authentication timer.
authentication violation	Specifies the action to be taken when a security violation exists on a port.

show auto install status

To display the status of an automatic installation, use the **show auto install status** command.

show auto install status

Syntax Description

This command has no arguments or keywords.

Command Default

This command has no default settings.

Command Modes

Privileged EXEC mode

Command History

Release	Modification
12.2(20)EW	This command was introduced on the Catalyst 4500 series switch.

Examples

The following example shows how to display the IP address of the TFTP server and to display whether or not the switch is currently acquiring the configuration file on the TFTP server:

Switch# show auto install status

Status : Downloading config file

DHCP Server : 20.0.0.1
TFTP Server : 30.0.0.3
Config File Fetched : Undetermined

The first IP address in the display indicates the server that is used for the automatic installation. The second IP address indicates the TFTP server that provided the configuration file.

show auto qos

To display the automatic quality of service (auto-QoS) configuration that is applied, use the **show auto qos** user EXEC command.

show auto qos [interface [interface-id]] [{begin | exclude | include}] expression]

Syntax Description

interface interface-id	(Optional) Displays auto-QoS information for the specified interface or for all interfaces. Valid interfaces include physical ports.
begin	(Optional) Begins with the line that matches the expression.
exclude	(Optional) Excludes lines that match the expression.
include	(Optional) Includes lines that match the specified expression.
expression	(Optional) Expression in the output to use as a reference point.

Command Modes

Privileged EXEC mode

Command History

Release	Modification
12.1(19)EW	This command was introduced on the Catalyst 4500 series switch.

Usage Guidelines

The **show auto qos interface** *interface-id* command displays the auto-QoS configuration; it does not display any user changes to the configuration that might be in effect.

To display information about the QoS configuration that might be affected by auto-QoS on a non-Supervisor Engine 6-E, use one of these commands:

- show qos
- show qos map
- show qos interface interface-id
- show running-config

Expressions are case sensitive. For example, if you enter **exclude output**, the lines that contain *output* do not appear, but the lines that contain *Output* appear.

Examples

The following example shows output from the **show auto qos** command when auto-QoS is enabled:

Switch# **show auto qos**GigabitEthernet1/2
auto qos voip cisco-phone
Switch#

Command	Description
auto qos voip	Automatically configures quality of service (auto-QoS) for Voice
	over IP (VoIP) within a QoS domain.

show auto security

To display the auto security (configuration), use the show auto security command.

show auto security [configuration]

Syntax Description

configuration	Displays the CLIs that are	e applied with AS.
---------------	----------------------------	--------------------

Command Default

This command has no default settings.

Command Modes

Privileged EXEC mode

Command History

Release	Modification
3.6.0E	This command was introduced on the Catalyst 4500 series switch.

Examples

The following example shows the output of the **show auto security** command when AS is disabled globally:

```
Switch# show auto security
Auto Secure is Disabled globally

AutoSecure is Enabled on below interface(s):
-----
none
Switch#
```

The following example shows how to enable auto security on an uplink port:

The following example shows how to enable auto security on an access port:

```
Switch# conf t
Enter configuration commands, one per line. End with CNTL/Z.
Switch(config)# int g1/0/18
Switch(config-if)# auto security-port host
Switch(config-if)# end
Switch#
Apr 5 22:16:41.725: %SYS-5-CONFIG_I: Configured from console by consolesh auto security
```

```
Switch# show auto security
Auto Secure is Enabled globally
AutoSecure is Enabled on below interface(s):
_____
  GigabitEthernet1/0/2
  GigabitEthernet1/0/3
  GigabitEthernet1/0/15
  GigabitEthernet1/0/18
The following example shows how to display the CLIs that are applied with AS:
Switch# show auto security configuration
%AutoSecure provides a single CLI config 'auto secure'
to enable Base-line security Features like
DHCP snooping, ARP inspection and Port-Security
Auto Secure CLIs applied globally:
______
ip dhcp snooping
ip dhcp snooping vlan 2-1005
no ip dhcp snooping information option
ip arp inspection vlan 2-1005
Auto Secure CLIs applied on Access Port:
switchport port-security maximum 2
switchport port-security maximum 1 vlan access
switchport port-security maximum 1 vlan voice
switchport port-security violation restrict
switchport port-security aging time 2
switchport port-security aging type inactivity
switchport port-security
ip arp inspection limit rate 100
ip dhcp snooping limit rate 100
```

Auto Secure CLIs applied on Trunk Port:
----ip dhcp snooping trust
ip arp inspection trust
switchport port-security maximum 100
switchport port-security violation restrict

switchport port-security

show bootflash:

To display information about the bootflash: file system, use the **show bootflash:** command.

show bootflash: [all | chips | filesys]

Syntax Description

all	(Optional) Displays all possible Flash information.
chips	(Optional) Displays Flash chip information.
filesys	(Optional) Displays file system information.

Command Default

This command has no default settings.

Command Modes

EXEC

Command History

Release	Modification
12.1(8a)EW	This command was introduced on the Catalyst 4500 series switch.

Examples

The following example shows how to display file system status information:

Switch> show bootflash: filesys

```
----- FILE SYSTEM STATUS-----
 Device Number = 0
DEVICE INFO BLOCK: bootflash
 Magic Number
                     = 6887635 File System Vers = 10000
                                                          (1.0)
                               Sector Size = 40000
 Length
                     = 1000000
 Programming Algorithm = 39
                                Erased State
                                                = FFFFFFFF
 File System Offset = 40000
                                Length = F40000
 MONLIB Offset
                    = 100
                               Length = C628
 Bad Sector Map Offset = 3FFF8
                                Length = 8
 Squeeze Log Offset = F80000
                              Length = 40000
 Squeeze Buffer Offset = FC0000
                                Length = 40000
 Num Spare Sectors
   Spares:
STATUS INFO:
 Writable
 NO File Open for Write
 Complete Stats
 No Unrecovered Errors
 No Squeeze in progress
USAGE INFO:
               = 917CE8 Bytes Available = 628318
 Bytes Used
 Bad Sectors = 0
                        Spared Sectors = 0
 OK Files
               = 2
                        Bytes = 917BE8
 Deleted Files = 0
                        Bytes = 0
 Files w/Errors = 0
                        Bytes = 0
Switch>
```

The following example shows how to display system image information:

```
Switch> show bootflash:
-# - ED --type-- --crc-- -seek-- nlen -length- -----date/time----- name

1 .. image 8C5A393A 237E3C 14 2063804 Aug 23 1999 16:18:45 c4-boot-mz

2 .. image D86EE0AD 957CE8 9 7470636 Sep 20 1999 13:48:49 rp.halley
Switch>
```

The following example shows how to display all bootflash information:

```
Switch> show bootflash: all
-# - ED --type-- --crc-- -seek-- nlen -length- ----date/time---- name
1 .. image
            8C5A393A 237E3C 14 2063804 Aug 23 1999 16:18:45 c4-boot-
            D86EE0AD 957CE8
2 .. image
                               9 7470636 Sep 20 1999 13:48:49 rp.halley
6456088 bytes available (9534696 bytes used)
----- FILE SYSTEM STATUS-----
 Device Number = 0
DEVICE INFO BLOCK: bootflash
 Magic Number
                    = 6887635 File System Vers = 10000
                     = 1000000 Sector Size = 40000
                               Erased State
 Programming Algorithm = 39
                                                = FFFFFFFF
 File System Offset = 40000 Length = F40000
                               Length = C628
 MONLIB Offset = 100
Bad Sector Map Offset = 3FFF8
                                 Length = 8
 Squeeze Log Offset = F80000
                                 Length = 40000
 Squeeze Buffer Offset = FC0000 Length = 40000
 Num Spare Sectors
                     = 0
   Spares:
STATUS INFO:
 Writable
 NO File Open for Write
 Complete Stats
 No Unrecovered Errors
 No Squeeze in progress
USAGE INFO:
              = 917CE8 Bytes Available = 628318
 Bytes Used
 Bad Sectors = 0 Spared Sectors = 0
 OK Files = 2
                       Bytes = 917BE8
 Deleted Files = 0 Bytes = 0
Files w/Errors = 0 Bytes = 0
Switch>
```

show bootvar

To display BOOT environment variable information, use the **show bootvar** command.

show bootvar

Syntax Description

This command has no arguments or keywords.

Command Default

This command has no default settings.

Command Modes

Privileged EXEC mode

Command History

Release	Modification
12.1(8a)EW	This command was introduced on the Catalyst 4500 series switch.

Examples

The following example shows how to display BOOT environment variable information:

Switch# show bootvar
BOOT variable = sup:1;
CONFIG_FILE variable does not exist
BOOTLDR variable does not exist
Configuration register is 0x0
Switch#

show cable-diagnostics tdr

To display the test results for the TDR cable diagnostics, use the **show cable-diagnostics tdr** command.

show cable-diagnostics tdr {interface {interface interface-number}}



This command will be deprecated in future Cisco IOS releases; use the **diagnostic start** command instead.

Syntax Description

interface interface	Interface type; valid values are fastethernet and gigabitethernet .
interface-number	Module and port number.

Command Default

This command has no default settings.

Command Modes

Privileged EXEC mode

Command History

Release	Modification
12.2(25)SG	This command was introduced on the Catalyst 4500 series switch.

Usage Guidelines

The TDR test is supported on Catalyst 4500 series switch running Cisco IOS Release 12.2(25)SG for the following line cards only:

- WS-X4548-GB-RJ45
- WS-X4548-GB-RJ45V
- WS-X4524-GB-RJ45V
- WS-X4013+TS
- WS-C4948
- WS-C4948-10GE

The distance to the fault is displayed in meters (m).

Examples

The following example shows how to display information about the TDR test:

Switch# show cable-diagnostics tdr interface gi4/13

Interface	Speed	Local	pair	Cable	length	Remote	channel	Status
Gi4/13	0Mbps	1-2		102	+-2m	Unknov	m	Fault
		3-6		100	+-2m	Unknov	m	Fault
		4-5		102	+-2m	Unknov	vn	Fault
		7-8		102	+-2m	Unknov	vn	Fault

Switch#

Table 2-15 describes the fields in the show cable-diagnostics tdr command output.

Table 2-15 show cable-diagnostics tdr Command Output Fields

Field	Description
Interface	Interface tested.
Speed	Current line speed.
Pair	Local pair name.
Cable Length	Distance to the fault in meters (m).
Channel	Pair designation (A, B, C, or D).
Status	Pair status displayed is one of the following:
	Terminated—The link is up.
	• Fault—Cable fault (open or short)

Command	Description
test cable-diagnostics tdr	Tests the condition of copper cables on 48-port 10/100/1000 BASE-T modules.

show call-home

To display the configured CallHome information, use the **show call-home** command in privileged EXEC mode.

show call-home [alert-group | detail | mail-server | profile {all | name} | statistics]

Syntax Description

alert-group	(Optional) Displays the available alert group.
detail	(Optional) Displays the CallHome configuration in detail.
mail-server	(Optional) Displays the CallHome mail server-related information.
profile all	(Optional) Displays configuration information for all existing profiles.
profile name	(Optional) Displays configuration information for a specific destination profile.
statistics	(Optional) Displays the CallHome statistics.

Command Default

This command has no default settings.

Command Modes

Privileged EXEC (#)

Command History

Release	Modification
12.2(52)SG	This command was introduced on the Catalyst 4500 series switch,
	Supervisor Engine 6-E, and Catalyst 4900M chassis.

Examples

The following example displays the configured CallHome settings:

```
Switch# show call-home

Current call home settings:
    call home feature : disable
    call home message's from address: switch@example.com
    call home message's reply-to address: support@example.com

vrf for call-home messages: Not yet set up

contact person's email address: technical@example.com

contact person's phone number: +1-408-555-1234
    street address: 1234 Picaboo Street, Any city, Any state, 12345
    customer ID: ExampleCorp
    contract ID: X123456789
    site ID: SantaClara
    Mail-server[1]: Address: smtp.example.com Priority: 1
    Mail-server[2]: Address: 192.168.0.1 Priority: 2
    Rate-limit: 20 message(s) per minute
```

```
Available alert groups:
   Keyword
                        State Description
   _____
   configuration
                        Disable configuration info
   diagnostic
                       Disable diagnostic info
   environment
                       Disable environmental info
                        Enable inventory info
   inventory
                        Disable syslog info
   syslog
Profiles:
   Profile Name: campus-noc
   Profile Name: CiscoTAC-1
Switch#
Configured CallHome Information in Detail
Switch# show call-home detail
Current call home settings:
   call home feature : disable
   call home message's from address: switch@example.com
   call home message's reply-to address: support@example.com
   vrf for call-home messages: Not yet set up
   contact person's email address: technical@example.com
   contact person's phone number: +1-408-555-1234
   street address: 1234 Picaboo Street, Any city, Any state, 12345
   customer ID: ExampleCorp
   contract ID: X123456789
   site ID: SantaClara
   Mail-server[1]: Address: smtp.example.com Priority: 1
   Mail-server[2]: Address: 192.168.0.1 Priority: 2
   Rate-limit: 20 message(s) per minute
Available alert groups:
   Keyword
                         State Description
   ______
   configuration
                        Disable configuration info
                        Disable diagnostic info
   diagnostic
   environment
                         Disable environmental info
   inventory
                         Enable inventory info
   syslog
                        Disable syslog info
Profiles:
Profile Name: campus-noc
   Profile status: ACTIVE
   Preferred Message Format: long-text
   Message Size Limit: 3145728 Bytes
   Transport Method: email
   Email address(es): noc@example.com
   HTTP address(es): Not yet set up
   Alert-group
                         Severity
   _____
   inventory
                          normal
   Syslog-Pattern
                        Severity
   _____
Profile Name: CiscoTAC-1
   Profile status: ACTIVE
   Preferred Message Format: xml
```

```
Message Size Limit: 3145728 Bytes
   Transport Method: email
   Email address(es): callhome@cisco.com
   HTTP address(es): https://tools.cisco.com/its/service/oddce/services/DDCEService
   Periodic configuration info message is scheduled every 1 day of the month at 09:27
   Periodic inventory info message is scheduled every 1 day of the month at 09: 12
                           Severity
   Alert-group
    ______
   diagnostic
                          minor
                          warning
   inventory
                          normal
   Syslog-Pattern
                       Severity
                           major
Switch#
```

Available Call Home Alert Groups

Switch# show call-home alert-group

Available alert groups:

Keyword	State	Description
configuration diagnostic environment inventory	Disable Disable	configuration info diagnostic info environmental info inventory info
syslog		syslog info
Sysiog	DISable	Sysiog IIIIO

Switch#

E-Mail Server Status Information

Switch# show call-home mail-server status Please wait. Checking for mail server status ... Translating "smtp.example.com" Mail-server[1]: Address: smtp.example.com Priority: 1 [Not Available] Mail-server[2]: Address: 192.168.0.1 Priority: 2 [Not Available]

Switch#

<u>Information for All Destination Profiles (Predefined and User-Defined)</u>

Switch# show call-home profile all

```
Profile Name: CiscoTAC-1
   Profile status: ACTIVE
   Preferred Message Format: xml
   Message Size Limit: 3145728 Bytes
   Transport Method: email
   Email address(es): callhome@cisco.com
   HTTP address(es): https://tools.cisco.com/its/service/oddce/services/DDCEService
   Periodic configuration info message is scheduled every 1 day of the month at 09:27
   Periodic inventory info message is scheduled every 1 day of the month at 09:12
                          Severity
   Alert-group
   _____
   diagnostic
                        minor
                        warning
   environment
   inventory
                       normal
   Syslog-Pattern
                          Severity
   _____
                          major
```

Switch#

Information for a User-Defined Destination Profile

```
Switch# show call-home profile CiscoTAC-1
Profile Name: CiscoTAC-1
   Profile status: INACTIVE
   Preferred Message Format: xml
   Message Size Limit: 3145728 Bytes
   Transport Method: email
   Email address(es): callhome@cisco.com
   HTTP address(es): https://tools.cisco.com/its/service/oddce/services/DDCEService
   Periodic configuration info message is scheduled every 11 day of the month at 11:25
   Periodic inventory info message is scheduled every 11 day of the month at 11:10
   Alert-group
                           Severity
   diagnostic
                           minor
   environment
                           warning
   inventory
                           normal
   Syslog-Pattern
                          Severity
   _____
                            major
```

Call Home Statistics

Switch# show call-home statistics

Message Types	Total	Email	HTTP
Total Success	0	0	0
Config	0	0	0
Diagnostic	0	0	0
Environment	0	0	0
Inventory	0	0	0
SysLog	0	0	0
Test	0	0	0
Request	0	0	0
Send-CLI	0	0	0

Total In-Queue	0	0	0
Config	0	0	0
Diagnostic	0	0	0
Environment	0	0	0
Inventory	0	0	0
SysLog	0	0	0
Test	0	0	0
Request	0	0	0
Send-CLI	0	0	0
Total Failed	0	0	0
Config	0	0	0
Diagnostic	0	0	0
Environment	0	0	0
Inventory	0	0	0
SysLog	0	0	0
Test	0	0	0
Request	0	0	0
Send-CLI	0	0	0
Total Ratelimit			
-dropped	0	0	0
Config	0	0	0
Diagnostic	0	0	0
Environment	0	0	0
Inventory	0	0	0
SysLog	0	0	0
Test	0	0	0
Request	0	0	0
Send-CLI	0	0	0

Last call-home message sent time: n/a

Command	Description
call-home (global configuration)	Enters call-home configuration mode.
call-home send alert-group	Sends a specific alert group message.
service call-home (refer to Cisco IOS documentation)	Enables or disables call home.

show cdp neighbors

To display detailed information about the neighboring devices that are discovered through CDP, use the **show cdp neighbors** command.

show cdp neighbors [type number] [detail]

Syntax Description

type	(Optional) Interface type that is connected to the neighbors about which you want information; possible valid values are ethernet , fastethernet , gigabitethernet , tengigabitethernet , port-channel , and vlan .
number	(Optional) Interface number that is connected to the neighbors about which you want information.
detail	(Optional) Displays detailed information about a neighbor (or neighbors) including network address, enabled protocols, hold time, and software version.

Command Default

This command has no default settings.

Command Modes

Privileged EXEC mode

Command History

Release	Modification
12.2(25)EW	Extended to include the 10-Gigabit Ethernet interface.

Usage Guidelines

The **vlan** keyword is supported in Catalyst 4500 series switch that are configured with a Supervisor Engine 2.

The **port-channel** values are from 0 to 282; values from 257 to 282 are supported on the CSM and the FWSM only.

Examples

The following example shows how to display the information about the CDP neighbors:

Switch# show cdp neighbors

Capability Code	s: R - Router, T -	Trans Brid	lge, B - Sourc	e Route Br	idge
	S - Switch, H -	Host, I -	IGMP, r - Rep	eater, P -	Phone
Device ID	Local Intrfce	Holdtme	Capability	Platform	Port ID
lab-7206	Eth 0	157	R	7206VXR	Fas 0/0/0
lab-as5300-1	Eth 0	163	R	AS5300	Fas 0
lab-as5300-2	Eth 0	159	R	AS5300	Eth 0
lab-as5300-3	Eth 0	122	R	AS5300	Eth 0
lab-as5300-4	Eth 0	132	R	AS5300	Fas 0/0
lab-3621	Eth 0	140	R S	3631-telc	oFas 0/0
008024 2758E0	Eth 0	132	T	CAT3000	1/2
Switch#					

Table 2-16 describes the fields that are shown in the example.

Table 2-16 show cdp neighbors Field Descriptions

Field	Definition
Device ID	Configured ID (name), MAC address, or serial number of the neighbor device.
Local Intrfce	(Local Interface) The protocol that is used by the connectivity media.
Holdtme	(Holdtime) Remaining amount of time, in seconds, that the current device holds the CDP advertisement from a transmitting router before discarding it.
Capability	Capability code that is discovered on the device. This device type is listed in the CDP Neighbors table. Possible values are as follows:
	R—Router
	T—Transparent bridge
	B—Source-routing bridge
	S—Switch
	H—Host
	I—IGMP device
	r—Repeater
	P—Phone
Platform	Product number of the device.
Port ID	Protocol and port number of the device.

The following example shows how to display detailed information about your CDP neighbors:

```
Switch# show cdp neighbors detail
```

```
_____
Device ID: lab-7206
Entry address(es):
 IP address: 172.19.169.83
Platform: cisco 7206VXR, Capabilities: Router
Interface: Ethernet0, Port ID (outgoing port): FastEthernet0/0/0
Holdtime : 123 sec
Version :
Cisco Internetwork Operating System Software
IOS (tm) 5800 Software (C5800-P4-M), Version 12.1(2)
Copyright (c) 1986-2002 by Cisco Systems, Inc.
advertisement version: 2
Duplex: half
Device ID: lab-as5300-1
Entry address(es):
 IP address: 172.19.169.87
Switch#
```

Table 2-17 describes the fields that are shown in the example.

Table 2-17 show cdp neighbors detail Field Descriptions

Field	Definition		
Device ID	Name of the neighbor device and either the MAC address or the serial number of this device.		
Entry address(es)	List of network addresses of neighbor devices.		
[network protocol] address	Network address of the neighbor device. The address can be in IP, IPX, AppleTalk, DECnet, or CLNS protocol conventions.		
Platform	Product name and number of the neighbor device.		
Capabilities	Device type of the neighbor. This device can be a router, a bridge, a transparent bridge, a source-routing bridge, a switch, a host, an IGMP device, or a repeater.		
Interface	Protocol and port number of the port on the current device.		
Holdtime	Remaining amount of time, in seconds, that the current device holds the CDP advertisement from a transmitting router before discarding it.		
Version:	Software version running on the neighbor device.		
advertisement version:	Version of CDP that is being used for CDP advertisements.		
Duplex:	Duplex state of connection between the current device and the neighbor device.		

Command	Description
show cdp (refer to Cisco IOS documentation)	Displays global CDP information, including timer and hold-time information.
show cdp entry (refer to Cisco IOS documentation)	Displays information about a specific neighboring device discovered using Cisco Discovery Protocol (CDP).
show cdp interface (refer to Cisco IOS documentation)	Displays information about the interfaces on which Cisco Discovery Protocol (CDP) is enabled.
show cdp traffic (refer to Cisco IOS documentation)	Displays traffic information from the CDP table.

show class-map

To display class map information, use the **show class-map** command.

show class_map class_name

Syntax Description

class_name	Name of the class map.
------------	------------------------

Command Default

This command has no default settings.

Command Modes

Privileged EXEC mode

Command History

Release	Modification
12.1(8a)EW	This command was introduced on the Catalyst 4500 series switch.
12.2(25)SG	Displays results from the full-flow option.

Examples

The following example shows how to display class map information for all class maps:

Switch# show class-map

```
Class Map match-any class-default (id 0)
Match any
Class Map match-any class-simple (id 2)
Match any
Class Map match-all ipp5 (id 1)
Match ip precedence 5
Class Map match-all agg-2 (id 3)
Switch#
```

The following example shows how to display class map information for a specific class map:

```
Switch# show class-map ipp5
Class Map match-all ipp5 (id 1)
   Match ip precedence 5
Switch#
```

Assume there are two active flows as shown below on Fast Ethernet interface 6/1:

SrcIp	DstIp	IpProt	SrcL4Port	DstL4Port
192.168.10.10	192.168.20.20	20	6789	81
192.168.10.10	192.168.20.20	20	6789	21

With following configuration, each flow will be policed to a 1000000 bps with an allowed 9000-byte burst value.



If you use the **match flow ip source-address/destination-address** command, these two flows are consolidated into one flow and they have the same source and destination address.

```
Switch# config terminal
Enter configuration commands, one per line. End with CNTL/Z.
Switch(config) # class-map c1
Switch(config-cmap) # match flow ip source-address ip destination-address ip protocol 14
source-port 14 destination-port
Switch(config-cmap) # exit
Switch(config)# policy-map p1
Switch(config-pmap)# class c1
Switch(config-pmap-c)# police 1000000 9000
Switch(config-pmap-c)# exit
Switch(config-pmap)# exit
Switch(config)# interface fastEthernet 6/1
Switch(config-if)# service-policy input p1
Switch(config-if)# end
Switch# write memory
Switch# show policy-map interface
FastEthernet6/1
class-map c1
   match flow ip source-address ip destination-address ip protocol 14 source-port 14
destination-port
policy-map p1
    class c1
      police 1000000 bps 9000 byte conform-action transmit exceed-action drop
interface FastEthernet 6/1
  service-policy input p1
Switch# show class-map c1
Class Map match-all c1 (id 2)
   Match flow ip source-address ip destination-address ip protocol 14 source-port 14
destination-port
Switch#
```

Command	Description
class-map	Creates a class map to be used for matching packets to the class whose name you specify and to be used enter class-map configuration mode.
show policy-map	Displays information about the policy map.
show policy-map interface	Displays the statistics and configurations of the input and output policies that are attached to an interface.

show device-sensor cache

To display Device Sensor cache entries, use the **show device-sensor cache** command in privileged EXEC mode.

show device-sensor cache {mac mac-address | all}

Syntax Description

mac	Specifies the MAC address of the device for which the sensor cache entries are to be
mac-address	displayed.
all	Displays sensor cache entries for all devices.

Command Default

There are no defaults for this command.

Command Modes

Privileged EXEC

Command History

Release	Modification
IOS XE 3.4.0SG and	Command introduced on the Catalyst 4500 Series switch.
IOS 15.1(2)SG)	

Usage Guidelines

Use the **show device-sensor cache** command to display a list of TLV fields or options received from a particular device or from all devices.

Examples

The following is sample output from the **show device-sensor cache mac** mac-address command:

Router# show device-sensor cache mac 0024.14dc.df4d

Device: 0024.14dc.df4d on port GigabitEthernet1/0/24

Proto	Type:Name	Len	772	1,,,														
					0.0	1.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0				
cdp	26:power-available-type		00															F.F.
cdp	22:mgmt-address-type	17	00	16	00	11	00	00	00	01	01	01	CC	00	04	09	1В	65
			ΟE															
cdp	11:duplex-type	5	00	0В	00	05	01											
cdp	9:vtp-mgmt-domain-type	4	00	09	00	04												
cdp	4:capabilities-type	8	00	04	00	08	00	00	00	28								
cdp	1:device-name	14	00	01	00	0E	73	75	70	70	6C	69	63	61	6E	74		
11dp	0:end-of-11dpdu	2	00	00														
11dp	8:management-address	14	10	0C	05	01	09	1B	65	0E	03	00	00	00	01	00		
11dp	7:system-capabilities	6	0E	04	00	14	00	04										
11dp	4:port-description	23	08	15	47	69	67	61	62	69	74	45	74	68	65	72	6E	65
			74	31	2F	30	2F	32	34									
11dp	5:system-name	12	0A	0A	73	75	70	70	6C	69	63	61	6E	74				
dhcp	82:relay-agent-info	20	52	12	01	06	00	04	00	18	01	18	02	08	00	06	00	24
			14	DC	DF	80												
dhcp	12:host-name	12	0C	0A	73	75	70	70	6C	69	63	61	6E	74				
dhcp	61:client-identifier	32	3D	1E	00	63	69	73	63	6F	2D	30	30	32	34	2E	31	34
			64	63	2E	64	66	34	64	2D	47	69	31	2F	30	2F	32	34

```
dhcp 57:max-message-size 4 39 02 04 80
```

The following is sample output from the **show device-sensor cache all** command:

Router# show device-sensor cache all

```
Device: 001c.0f74.8480 on port GigabitEthernet2/1
______
                                Len Value
Proto Type:Name
      60:class-identifier
                                3 34 01 03
dhcp
                               11 3C 09 64 6F 63 73 69 73 31 2E 30
dhcp
dhcp
      55:parameter-request-list
                                8 37 06 01 42 06 03 43 96
dhcp
      61:client-identifier
                               27 3D 19 00 63 69 73 63 6F 2D 30 30 31 63 2E 30 66
                                    37 34 2E 38 34 38 30 2D 56 6C 31
dhcp
      57:max-message-size
                                 4 39 02 04 80
Device: 000f.f7a7.234f on port GigabitEthernet2/1
_____
     Type:Name
                                 Len Value
Proto
      22:mgmt-address-type
                                 8 00 16 00 08 00 00 00 00
cdp
cdp
      19:cos-type
                                 5 00 13 00 05 00
cdp
      18:trust-type
                                5 00 12 00 05 00
cdp
      11:duplex-type
                                5 00 0B 00 05 01
                                6 00 0A 00 06 00 01
cdp
      10:native-vlan-type
       9:vtp-mgmt-domain-type
cdp
                                9 00 09 00 09 63 69 73 63 6F
```

The following table describes the significant fields shown in the display:

Field	Description
Device	MAC address of the device and the interface which it is connected to.
Proto	Protocol from which the endpoint device data is being gleaned.
Type	Type of TLV.
Name	Name of the TLV.
Len	Length of the TLV.
Value	Value of the TLV.

Command	Description
debug device-sensor	Enables debugging for Device Sensor.
device-sensor accounting	Adds the Device Sensor protocol data to accounting records and generates additional accounting events when new sensor data is detected.
device-sensor filter-list	Creates a CDP or LLDP filter containing a list of options that can be included or excluded in the Device Sensor output.
device-sensor filter-list dhcp	Creates a DHCP filter containing a list of options that can be included or excluded in the Device Sensor output.
show device-sensor cache	Displays Device Sensor cache entries.

show diagnostic content

To display test information about the test ID, test attributes, and supported coverage test levels for each test and for all modules, use the **show diagnostic content** command.

show diagnostic content module {all | num}

Syntax Description

all	Displays all the modules on the chassis.	
num	Module number.	

Command Default

This command has no default settings.

Command Modes

EXEC

Command History

Release	Modification
12.2(20)EWA	This command was introduced on the Catalyst 4500 series switch.

Examples

The following example shows how to display the test suite, monitoring interval, and test attributes for all the modules of the chassis:

Switch# show diagnostic content module all

module 1:

```
Diagnostics test suite attributes:

B/* - Basic ondemand test / NA

P/V/* - Per port test / Per device test / NA

D/N/* - Disruptive test / Non-disruptive test / NA

S/* - Only applicable to standby unit / NA

X/* - Not a health monitoring test / NA

F/* - Fixed monitoring interval test / NA

E/* - Always enabled monitoring test / NA

A/I - Monitoring is active / Monitoring is inactive

m/* - Mandatory bootup test, can't be bypassed / NA

o/* - Ongoing test, always active / NA
```

			Testing Interval
ID	Test Name	Attributes	(day hh:mm:ss.ms)
====	=======================================	=========	: ==========
1)	<pre>supervisor-bootup></pre>	**D****I**	not configured
2)	<pre>packet-memory-bootup></pre>	**D****I**	not configured
3)	<pre>packet-memory-ongoing></pre>	**N****I*o	not configured

module 6:

```
Diagnostics test suite attributes:
   B/* - Basic ondemand test / NA
 P/V/* - Per port test / Per device test / NA
 D/N/* - Disruptive test / Non-disruptive test / NA
   \ensuremath{\mathrm{S}/^{\star}} - Only applicable to standby unit / NA
   \ensuremath{\mathrm{X}/^*} - Not a health monitoring test / NA
   F/* - Fixed monitoring interval test / NA
   {\rm E}/{\rm *} - Always enabled monitoring test / NA
   A/I - Monitoring is active / Monitoring is inactive
   \mbox{m/*} - Mandatory bootup test, can't be bypassed / NA
   o/* - Ongoing test, always active / NA
                                                         Testing Interval
ID Test Name
                                                         (day hh:mm:ss.ms)
                                              Attributes
1) linecard-online-diag -----> **D****I** not configured
```

Switch#

Command	Description
show diagnostic result module	Displays the module-based diagnostic test results.
show diagnostic result module test 2	Displays the results of the bootup packet memory test.
show diagnostic result module test 3	Displays the results from the ongoing packet memory test.

show diagnostic result module

To display the module-based diagnostic test results, use the show diagnostic result module command.

show diagnostic result module [slot-num | all] [test [test-id | test-id-range | all]] [detail]

Syntax Description

slot-num	(Optional) Specifies the slot on which diagnostics are displayed.
all	(Optional) Displays the diagnostics for all slots.
test	(Optional) Displays selected tests on the specified module.
test-id	(Optional) Specifies a single test ID.
test-id-range	(Optional) Specifies a range of test IDs.
all	(Optional) Displays the diagnostics for all tests.
detail	(Optional) Displays the complete test results.

Command Default

A summary of the test results for all modules in the chassis is displayed.

Command Modes

Privileged EXEC mode

Command History

Release	Modification
12.2(18)EW	This command was introduced on the Catalyst 4500 series switch.

Examples

The following example shows how to display the summary results for all modules in the chassis:

Switch# show diagnostic result module

1) linecard-online-diag -----> .

```
module 5:
  Overall diagnostic result: PASS
  Diagnostic level at card bootup: minimal
  Test results: (. = Pass, F = Fail, U = Untested)
   1) linecard-online-diag -----> .
module 6:
  Overall diagnostic result: PASS
 Diagnostic level at card bootup: minimal
  Test results: (. = Pass, F = Fail, U = Untested)
   1) linecard-online-diag -----> .
The following example shows how to display the online diagnostics for module 1:
Switch# show diagnostic result module 1 detail
Current bootup diagnostic level: minimal
module 1:
 Overall diagnostic result: PASS
 Diagnostic level at card bootup: minimal
 Test results: (. = Pass, F = Fail, U = Untested)
  1) supervisor-bootup -----> .
        Error code -----> 0 (DIAG_SUCCESS)
        Total run count -----> 0
        Last test execution time ----> n/a
        First test failure time ----> n/a
        Last test failure time -----> n/a
        Last test pass time -----> n/a
        Total failure count ----> 0
        Consecutive failure count -----> 0
Power-On-Self-Test Results for ACTIVE Supervisor
Power-on-self-test for Module 1: WS-X4014
Port/Test Status: (. = Pass, F = Fail)
Reset Reason: PowerUp Software/User
Port Traffic: L2 Serdes Loopback ...
0: . 1: . 2: . 3: . 4: . 5: . 6: . 7: . 8: . 9: . 10: . 11: .
12: . 13: . 14: . 15: . 16: . 17: . 18: . 19: . 20: . 21: . 22: . 23: .
24: . 25: . 26: . 27: . 28: . 29: . 30: . 31: .
Port Traffic: L2 Asic Loopback ...
0: . 1: . 2: . 3: . 4: . 5: . 6: . 7: . 8: . 9: . 10: . 11: .
```

```
12: . 13: . 14: . 15: . 16: . 17: . 18: . 19: . 20: . 21: . 22: . 23: .
24: . 25: . 26: . 27: . 28: . 29: . 30: . 31: .
Port Traffic: L3 Asic Loopback ...
0: . 1: . 2: . 3: . 4: . 5: . 6: . 7: . 8: . 9: . 10: . 11: .
12: . 13: . 14: . 15: . 16: . 17: . 18: . 19: . 20: . 21: . 22: . 23: .
24: . 25: . 26: . 27: . 28: . 29: . 30: . 31: . au: .
Switch Subsystem Memory ...
1: . 2: . 3: . 4: . 5: . 6: . 7: . 8: . 9: . 10: . 11: . 12: .
13: . 14: . 15: . 16: . 17: . 18: . 19: . 20: . 21: . 22: . 23: . 24: .
25: . 26: . 27: . 28: . 29: . 30: . 31: . 32: . 33: . 34: . 35: . 36: .
37: . 38: . 39: . 40: . 41: . 42: . 43: . 44: . 45: . 46: . 47: . 48: .
49: . 50: . 51: . 52: . 53: . 54: .
Module 1 Passed
  2) packet-memory-bootup -----> .
       Error code -----> 0 (DIAG SUCCESS)
       Total run count -----> 0
       Last test execution time ----> n/a
       First test failure time -----> n/a
       Last test failure time -----> n/a
       Last test pass time -----> n/a
       Total failure count ----> 0
       Consecutive failure count ----> 0
packet buffers on free list: 64557 bad: 0 used for ongoing tests: 979
Number of errors found: 0
Cells with hard errors (failed two or more tests): 0
Cells with soft errors (failed one test, includes hard): 0
Suspect bad cells (uses a block that tested bad): 0
total buffers: 65536
bad buffers: 0 (0.0%)
good buffers: 65536 (100.0%)
Bootup test results:1
No errors.
  3) packet-memory-ongoing ----> U
       Error code -----> 0 (DIAG_SUCCESS)
       Total run count -----> 0
       Last test execution time -----> n/a
       First test failure time -----> n/a
       Last test failure time -----> n/a
        Last test pass time ----> n/a
       Total failure count -----> 0
       Consecutive failure count ----> 0
packet buffers on free list: 64557 bad: 0 used for ongoing tests: 979
Packet memory errors: 0 0
```

Catalyst 4500 Series Switch Cisco IOS Command Reference—Release XE 3.11.xE

```
Current alert level: green
Per 5 seconds in the last minute:
  0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
  0 0
Per minute in the last hour:
  0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
    \  \, 0\  \, 0\  \, 0\  \, 0\  \, 0\  \, 0\  \, 0\  \, 0\  \, 0
   0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
   0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
   0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
Per hour in the last day:
   0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
   0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
   0 0 0 0
Per day in the last 30 days:
  0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
   0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
   Direct memory test failures per minute in the last hour:
  0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
  0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
   0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
   0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
  0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
Potential false positives: 0 0
 Ignored because of rx errors: 0 0
 Ignored because of cdm fifo overrun: 0 0
 Ignored because of oir: 0 0
 Ignored because isl frames received: 0 0
 Ignored during boot: 0 0
 Ignored after writing hw stats: 0 0
 Ignored on high gigaport: 0
Ongoing diag action mode: Normal
Last 1000 Memory Test Failures:
Last 1000 Packet Memory errors:
First 1000 Packet Memory errors:
```

Switch#

show diagnostic result module test

To display the results of the bootup packet memory test, use the **show diagnostic result module test** command. The output indicates whether the test passed, failed, or was not run.

show diagnostic result module [N | all] [test test-id] [detail]

Syntax Description

N	(Optional) Specifies the module number.	
all	(Optional) Specifies all modules.	
test test-id	(Optional) Specifies the number for the tdr test on the platform.	
detail	(Optional) Specifies the display of detailed information for analysis.	
	This option is recommended.	

Command Default

Non-detailed results.

Command Modes

EXEC mode

Command History

Release	Modification
12.2(25)SG	This command was introduced on the Catalyst 4500 series switch.

Usage Guidelines

The **detail** keyword is intended for use by Cisco support personnel when analyzing failures.

Examples

The following example shows how to display the results of the bootup packet memory tests:

Switch# show diagnostic result module 6 detail

```
module 6:
```

```
Overall diagnostic result:PASS

Test results:(. = Pass, F = Fail, U = Untested)
```

1) linecard-online-diag -----> .

```
Slot Ports Card Type
                                    Diag Status
                                                Diag Details
6 48 10/100/1000BaseT (RJ45)V, Cisco/IEEE Passed
                                             None
Detailed Status
_____
               U = Unknown
. = Pass
L = Loopback failure S = Stub failure
\begin{array}{lll} \mbox{I = Ilc failure} & \mbox{P = Port failure} \\ \mbox{E = SEEPROM failure} & \mbox{G = GBIC integrity check failure} \end{array}
Ports 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16
Ports 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32
Ports 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41 42 43 44 45 46 47 48
  2) online-diag-tdr:
  Port 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24
  ______
      Port 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41 42 43 44 45 46 47 48
      Error code -----> 0 (DIAG_SUCCESS)
       Total run count -----> 1
       Last test execution time -----> Jan 22 2001 03:01:54
       First test failure time -----> n/a
       Last test failure time -----> n/a
       Last test pass time -----> Jan 22 2001 03:01:54
       Total failure count -----> 0
       Consecutive failure count ----> 0
Detailed Status
TDR test is in progress on interface Gi6/1
```

Switch#

Command	Description
diagnostic start	Runs the specified diagnostic test.

show diagnostic result module test 2

To display the results of the bootup packet memory test, use the **show diagnostic result module test 2** command. The output indicates whether the test passed, failed, or was not run.

show diagnostic result module N test 2 [detail]

Syntax Description

N	Specifies the module number.
detail	(Optional) Specifies the display of detailed information for analysis.

Command Default

Non-detailed results.

Command Modes

EXEC mode

Command History

Release	Modification
12.2(18)EW	This command was introduced on the Catalyst 4500 series switch.

Usage Guidelines

The detail keyword is intended for use by Cisco support personnel when analyzing failures.

Examples

The following example shows how to display the results of the bootup packet memory tests:

```
Switch# show diagnostic result module 1 test 2
```

```
Test results: (. = Pass, F = Fail, U = Untested)
2) packet-memory-bootup -----> .
```

The following example shows how to display detailed results from the bootup packet memory tests:

Switch# show diagnostic result module 2 test 2 detail

```
Test results: (. = Pass, F = Fail, U = Untested)
```

```
Number of errors found: 0
Cells with hard errors (failed two or more tests): 0
Cells with soft errors (failed one test, includes hard): 0
Suspect bad cells (uses a block that tested bad): 0
total buffers: 65536
bad buffers: 0 (0.0%)
good buffers: 65536 (100.0%)
Bootup test results:
No errors.
```

Command	Description
diagnostic monitor action	Directs the action of the switch when it detects a packet memory failure.
show diagnostic result module test 3	Displays the results from the ongoing packet memory test.

show diagnostic result module test 3

To display the results from the ongoing packet memory test, use the **show diagnostic result module test 3** command. The output indicates whether the test passed, failed, or was not run.

show diagnostic result module N test 3 [detail]

Syntax Description

N	Module number.	
detail	(Optional) Specifies the display of detailed information for analysis.	

Command Default

Non-detailed results.

Command Modes

EXEC mode

Command History

Release	Modification
12.2(18)EW	This command was introduced on the Catalyst 4500 series switch.

Usage Guidelines

The detail keyword is intended for use by Cisco support personnel when analyzing failures.

Examples

The following example shows how to display the results from the ongoing packet memory tests:

```
Switch# show diagnostic result module 1 test 3
```

The following example shows how to display the detailed results from the ongoing packet memory tests:

Switch# show diagnostic result module 1 test 3 detail

```
Test results: (. = Pass, F = Fail, U = Untested)
```

```
Packet memory errors: 0 0
Current alert level: green
Per 5 seconds in the last minute:
    0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
    0 0
Per minute in the last hour:
    0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
    0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
    0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
     \  \, 0\  \, 0\  \, 0\  \, 0\  \, 0\  \, 0\  \, 0\  \, 0\  \, 0
    0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
Per hour in the last day:
    0 \ 0 \ 0 \ 0 \ 0 \ 0 \ 0 \ 0 \ 0
    0 0 0 0
Per day in the last 30 days:
    0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
Direct memory test failures per minute in the last hour:
    0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
    0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
     \  \  \, 0\  \  \, 0\  \  \, 0\  \  \, 0\  \  \, 0\  \  \, 0\  \  \, 0\  \  \, 0
Potential false positives: 0 0
  Ignored because of rx errors: 0 0 \,
  Ignored because of cdm fifo overrun: 0 0
  Ignored because of oir: 0 0
  Ignored because isl frames received: 0 0
  Ignored during boot: 0 0
  Ignored after writing hw stats: 0 0
  Ignored on high gigaport: 0
Ongoing diag action mode: Normal
Last 1000 Memory Test Failures: v
Last 1000 Packet Memory errors:
First 1000 Packet Memory errors:
```

Command	Description
diagnostic monitor action	Directs the action of the switch when it detects a packet memory failure.
show diagnostic result module test 2	Displays the results of the bootup packet memory test.

show dot1x

To display the 802.1X statistics and operational status for the entire switch or for a specified interface, use the **show dot1x** command.

show dot1x [interface interface-id] | [statistics [interface interface-id]] | [all]

Syntax Description

interface interface-id	(Optional) Displays the 802.1X status for the specified port.	
statistics	(Optional) Displays 802.1X statistics for the switch or the specified interface.	
all	(Optional) Displays per-interface 802.1X configuration information for all interfaces with a nondefault 802.1X configuration.	

Command Default

This command has no default settings.

Command Modes

Privileged EXEC mode

Command History

Release	Modification
12.1(12c)EW	This command was introduced on the Catalyst 4500 series switch.
12.1(19)EW	Display enhanced to show the guest-VLAN value.
12.2(25)EW	Support for the 10-Gigabit Ethernet interface was introduced on the Catalyst 4500 series switch.
12.2(25)EWA	Support for currently assigned reauthentication timer (if the timer is configured to honor the Session-Timeout value) was added.
12.2(31)SG	Support for port direction control and critical recovery was added.
12.2(32)SG	The output of the show dot1x interface command was modified; It no longer displays port status.

Usage Guidelines

If you do not specify an interface, the global parameters and a summary are displayed. If you specify an interface, the details for that interface are displayed.

If you enter the **statistics** keyword without the **interface** option, the statistics are displayed for all interfaces. If you enter the **statistics** keyword with the **interface** option, the statistics are displayed for the specified interface.

Expressions are case sensitive. For example, if you enter **exclude output**, the lines that contain *output* are not displayed, but the lines that contain *Output* are displayed.

The **show dot1x** command displays the currently assigned reauthentication timer and time remaining before reauthentication, if reauthentication is enabled.

To display port authorization state information, enter the **show authentication sessions interface** *type number* command and the **show authentication** interface command for interface summary information.

Examples

The following example shows how to display the output from the **show dot1x** command:

Switch# show dot1x
Sysauthcontrol = Disabled
Dot1x Protocol Version = 2
Dot1x Oper Controlled Directions = Both
Dot1x Admin Controlled Directions = Both
Critical Recovery Delay = 500
Critical EAP = Enabled
Switch#

Command	Description
dot1x critical	Enables the 802.1X critical authentication on a port.
dot1x critical eapol	Enables sending EAPOL success packets when a port is critically authorized partway through an EAP exchange.
dot1x critical recovery delay	Sets the time interval between port reinitializations.
dot1x critical vlan	Assigns a critically authenticated port to a specific VLAN.
dot1x guest-vlan	Enables a guest VLAN on a per-port basis.
dot1x max-reauth-req	Sets the maximum number of times that the switch will retransmit an EAP-Request/Identity frame to the client before restarting the authentication process.
dot1x port-control	Enables manual control of the authorization state on a port.
mac-address-table notification	Enables MAC address notification on a switch.

show eigrp plugins

To display general information including the versions of the Enhanced Interior Gateway Routing Protocol (EIGRP) protocol features that are currently running, use the **show eigrp plugins** command in user EXEC or privileged EXEC mode.

show eigrp plugins [plugin-name] [detailed]

Syntax Description

plugin-name	(Optional) Name of an EIGRP plugin to display.
detailed	(Optional) Displays detailed information about EIGRP features.

Command Modes

User EXEC (>)
Privileged EXEC (#)

Command History

Release	Modification
15.2(5)E2	Support for EVN/vNets is introduced.

Usage Guidelines

Use the **show eigrp plugins** command in user EXEC or privileged EXEC mode to determine if a particular EIGRP feature is available in your Cisco IOS image. This command displays a summary of information about EIGRP service families and address families.

This command is useful when contacting Cisco technical support.

Table 18 describes the significant fields shown in the display.

Examples

The following example shows how to display EIGRP plugin information:

```
Sup7e#show eigrp plugins
EIGRP feature plugins:::
   eigrp-release
                      : 20.00.00 : Portable EIGRP Release
                         1.01.18 : Source Component Release(rel20)
                         2.02.00 : EIGRP Parser Support
   parser
   igrp2
                        2.00.00 : Reliable Transport/Dual Database
                      :
   eigrp-nsf
                     : 2.01.00 : Platform Support
   Spatial Reuse Prot: 1.01.00: Platform Support
   bfd
                     : 2.00.00 : BFD Platform Support
   EVN/vNets
                     : 1.00.00 : Easy Virtual Network (EVN/vNets)
   ipv4-af
                         2.01.01 : Routing Protocol Support
                     :
                          1.02.00 : Service Distribution Support
   ipv4-sf
                     :
   ipv6-af
                         2.01.01 : Routing Protocol Support
    ipv6-sf
                         2.01.00 : Service Distribution Support
                        1.00.00 : EIGRP vNets Parse Support
   vNets-parse
                          2.00.00 : SNMP/SNMPv2 Agent Support
   snmp-agent
```

Table 18 show eigrp plugins Field Descriptions

Field	Description	
eigrp release	Displays the portable EIGRP release version.	
igrp2	Displays the reliable transport and dual database version.	
bfd	Displays the EIGRP-BFD feature version.	
EVN/vNets	Displays the EVN/vNets version.	
ipv4-af	Displays the EIGRP IPv4 routing protocol feature version.	
ipv4-sf	Displays the EIGRP IPv4 service distribution feature version.	
ipv6-af	Displays the EIGRP IPv6 routing protocol feature version.	
ipv6-sf	Displays the EIGRP IPv6 service distribution feature version.	
snmp-agent	Displays the EIGRP SNMP and SNMPv2 Agent Support version.	

show environment

To display the environment alarm, operational status, and current reading for the chassis, use the **show environment** command.

show environment [alarm] | [status [chassis | fantray | powersupply | supervisor]] | [temperature]

Syntax Description

alarm	(Optional) Specifies the alarm status of the chassis.
status	(Optional) Specifies the operational status information.
chassis	(Optional) Specifies the operational status of the chassis.
fantray	(Optional) Specifies the status of the fan tray, and shows fan tray power consumption.
powersupply	(Optional) Specifies the status of the power supply.
supervisor	(Optional) Specifies the status of the supervisor engine.
temperature	(Optional) Specifies the current chassis temperature readings.

Command Default

This command has no default settings.

Command Modes

Privileged EXEC mode

Command History

Release	Modification
12.1(8a)EW	This command was introduced on the Catalyst 4500 series switch.
12.1(12c)EW	Support for the ability to display generic environment information with the show environment command was added.

Examples

The following example shows how to display information about the environment alarms, operational status, and current temperature readings for the chassis:

Switch# show environment

no alarm

Chassis Temperature = 32 degrees Celsius Chassis Over Temperature Threshold = 75 degrees Celsius Chassis Critical Temperature Threshold = 95 degrees Celsius

Power				Fan	L	
Supply	Model N	0	Type	Sta	tus	Sensor
PS1	PWR-C45	-1400AC	AC 140	0W god	d	good
PS2	none					
Power S	upply	Max	Min	Max	Min	Absolute
(Nos in	Watts)	Inline	Inline	System	System	Maximum
PS1		0	0	1360	1360	1400
PS2						

```
Power supplies needed by system: 1
Chassis Type: WS-C4507R
Supervisor Led Color: Green
Fantray: good
Fantray removal timeout: 240
Power consumed by Fantray: 50 Watts
```

The following example shows how to display information about the environment alarms:

```
Switch# show environment alarm no alarm
Switch#
```

The following example shows how to display information about the power supplies, chassis type, and fan trays:

Switch# show environment status Power Fan Supply Model No Type Status Sensor PS1 PWR-C45-1400AC AC 1400W good good --PS2 none Power Supply Max Min Max Min Absolute (Nos in Watts) Inline Inline System System Maximum 0 1360 1360 PS1 0 1400 ----PS2 ___ Power supplies needed by system: 1 Chassis Type : WS-C4507RSupervisor Led Color : Green Fantray : good Power consumed by Fantray: 50 Watts Switch#

The following example shows how to display information about the chassis:

```
Switch# show environment status chassis Chassis Type :WS-C4507R Switch#
```

The following example shows how to display information about the fan tray:

```
Switch# show environment status fantray
Fantray : good
Power consumed by Fantray : 50 Watts
Switch#
```

The following example shows how to display information about the power supply:

Switch#	show environment	status pow	ersupply	
Power				Fan
Supply	Model No	Туре	Status	Sensor
PS1	WS-X4008	AC 400W	good	good
PS2	WS-X4008	AC 400W	good	good
PS3	none			
Switch#				

The following example shows how to display information about the supervisor engine:

```
Switch# show environment status supervisor
Supervisor Led Color :Green
Switch#
```

The following example shows how to display information about the temperature of the chassis:

```
Switch# show environment temperature

Chassis Temperature = 32 degrees Celsius

Chassis Over Temperature Threshold = 75 degrees Celsius

Chassis Critical Temperature Threshold = 95 degrees Celsius

Switch#
```

show errdisable detect

To display the error disable detection status, use the **show errdisable detect** command.

show errdisable detect

Syntax Description

This command has no arguments or keywords.

Command Default

This command has no default settings.

Command Modes

Privileged EXEC mode

Command History

Release	Modification
12.1(8a)EW	This command was introduced on the Catalyst 4500 series switch.
12.1(19)EW	Display includes the status of storm control.

Usage Guidelines

A displayed gbic-invalid error reason refers to an invalid small form-factor pluggable (SFP) module.

The error-disable reasons in the command output are listed in alphabetical order. The mode column shows how error disable is configured for each feature.

You can configure error-disabled detection in these modes:

- port mode—The entire physical port is error disabled if a violation occurs.
- vlan mode—The VLAN is error disabled if a violation occurs.
- port/vlan mode—The entire physical port is error disabled on some ports and per-VLAN error disabled on other ports.

Examples

This is an example of output from the show errdisable detect command:

Switch> show errdisa	ble detect	
ErrDisable Reason	Detection	Mode
arp-inspection	Enabled	port
bpduguard	Enabled	vlan
channel-misconfig	Enabled	port
community-limit	Enabled	port
dhcp-rate-limit	Enabled	port
dtp-flap	Enabled	port
gbic-invalid	Enabled	port
inline-power	Enabled	port
invalid-policy	Enabled	port
12ptguard	Enabled	port
link-flap	Enabled	port
loopback	Enabled	port
lsgroup	Enabled	port
pagp-flap	Enabled	port

psecure-violation	Enabled	port/vlan
security-violatio	Enabled	port
sfp-config-mismat	Enabled	port
storm-control	Enabled	port
udld	Enabled	port
vmps	Enabled	port

Command	Description
errdisable detect cause	Enables error-disabled detection for a specific cause or all causes.
show errdisable recovery	Displays error-disabled recovery timer information.
show interfaces status	Displays interface status or a list of interfaces in error-disabled state.

show errdisable recovery

Use the **show errdisable recovery** user EXEC command to display the error-disabled recovery timer information.

show errdisable recovery

Syntax Description

This command has no arguments or keywords.

Command Default

This command has no default settings.

Command Modes

Privileged EXEC mode

Command History

Release	Modification
12.1(8a)EW	This command was introduced on the Catalyst 4500 series switch.
12.1(19)EW	Display includes the status of storm control.

Usage Guidelines

A *gbic-invalid error-disable* reason refers to an invalid small form-factor pluggable (SFP) module interface.

Examples

This is an example of output from the show errdisable recovery command:

Switch> show errdisable recovery

ErrDisable Reason	Timer Status	
udld	Disabled	
bpduguard	Disabled	
security-violatio	Disabled	
channel-misconfig	Disabled	
vmps	Disabled	
pagp-flap	Disabled	
dtp-flap	Disabled	
link-flap	Enabled	
12ptguard	Disabled	
psecure-violation	Disabled	
gbic-invalid	Disabled	
dhcp-rate-limit	Disabled	
unicast-flood	Disabled	
storm-control	Disabled	
arp-inspection	Disabled	
loopback	Disabled	
Timer interval:300 seconds		

Interfaces that will be enabled at the next timeout:

Interface	Errdisable reason	Time left(sec)
Gi1/0/2	link-flap	279



Though visible in the output, the unicast-flood field is not valid.

Command	Description
errdisable recovery	Configures the recover mechanism variables.
show errdisable detect	Displays error-disabled detection status.
show interfaces status	Displays interface status or a list of interfaces in error-disabled state.

show etherchannel

To display EtherChannel information for a channel, use the show etherchannel command.

show ether channel [channel-group] {port-channel | brief | detail | summary | port | load-balance | protocol}

Syntax Description

channel-group	(Optional) Number of the channel group; valid values are from 1 to 64.	
port-channel	Displays port-channel information.	
brief	Displays a summary of EtherChannel information.	
detail	Displays detailed EtherChannel information.	
summary	Displays a one-line summary per channel group.	
port	Displays EtherChannel port information.	
load-balance	Displays load-balance information.	
protocol	Displays the enabled protocol.	

Command Default

This command has no default settings.

Command Modes

Privileged EXEC mode

Command History

Release	Modification	
12.1(8a)EW	This command was introduced on the Catalyst 4500 series switch.	
12.1(13)EW	Support for LACP was added to this command.	

Usage Guidelines

If you do not specify a channel group, all channel groups are displayed.

In the output below, the Passive port list field is displayed for Layer 3 port channels only. This field means that the physical interface, which is still not up, is configured to be in the channel group (and indirectly is in the only port channel in the channel group).

Examples

The following example shows how to display port-channel information for a specific group:

```
Ports in the Port-channel:
Index Load Port
_____
Switch#
```

The following example shows how to display load-balancing information:

```
Switch# show etherchannel load-balance
Source XOR Destination mac address
Switch#
```

Switch# show etherchannel 1 brief

Group state = L3 Ports: 2 Maxports = 8

The following example shows how to display a summary of information for a specific group:

```
port-channels: 1 Max port-channels = 1
The following example shows how to display detailed information for a specific group:
Switch# show etherchannel 1 detail
Group state = L3
Ports: 2 Maxports = 8
Port-channels: 1 Max Port-channels = 1
            Ports in the group:
Port: Fa5/4
          = EC-Enbld Down Not-in-Bndl Usr-Config
Port state
Port-channel = null
                                          Psudo-agport = Po1
                    Load = 0x00
Port indx = 0
Flags: S - Device is sending Slow hello. C - Device is in Consistent state.
      A - Device is in Auto mode. P - Device learns on physical port.
Timers: H - Hello timer is running.
                                   Q - Quit timer is running.
      S - Switching timer is running. I - Interface timer is running.
Local information:
                           Hello
                                   Partner PAgP
                                                  Learning Group
        Flags State Timers Interval Count Priority Method Ifindex
Port
Fa5/4
        d U1/S1
                           1s
                                   0
                                          128
                                                    Any
Age of the port in the current state: 02h:33m:14s
Port: Fa5/5
Port state
          = EC-Enbld Down Not-in-Bndl Usr-Config
Gcchange = 0
                                         Psudo-agport = Po1
Port indx
          = 0
                      Load = 0x00
Flags: S - Device is sending Slow hello. C - Device is in Consistent state.
     A - Device is in Auto mode. P - Device learns on physical port.
Timers: H - Hello timer is running.
                                   Q - Quit timer is running.
      S - Switching timer is running. I - Interface timer is running.
Local information:
                           Hello Partner PAgP
```

Flags State Timers Interval Count Priority Method Ifindex

128

0

1s

Port.

Fa5/5 d U1/S1

Learning Group

Any

```
Age of the port in the current state: 02h:33m:17s
          Port-channels in the group:
             -----
Port-channel: Po1
_____
Age of the Port-channel = 02h:33m:52s
Logical slot/port = 10/1 Number of ports in agport = 0
                              HotStandBy port = null
                = 0x00000000
Passive port list = Fa5/4 Fa5/5
Port state
                = Port-channel L3-Ag Ag-Not-Inuse
Ports in the Port-channel:
Index Load Port
______
Switch#
```

The following example shows how to display a one-line summary per channel group:

```
Switch# show etherchannel summary
                 P - bundled in port-channel
Flags: D - down
       I - stand-alone s - suspended
       H - Hot-standby (LACP only)
       R - Layer3 S - Layer2
U - in use f - failed to allocate aggregator
       M - not in use, minimum links not met
       u - unsuitable for bundling
       w - waiting to be aggregated
       d - default port
Number of channel-groups in use: 2
Number of aggregators:
Group Port-channel Protocol
                               Ports
1 Po1(SD) LACP Gi1/23(H) Gi1/24(H)
Switch#
```

The following example shows how to display EtherChannel port information for all ports and all groups:

```
Switch# show etherchannel port
               Channel-group listing:
Group: 1
_____
              Ports in the group:
Port: Fa5/4
Port state = EC-Enbld Down Not-in-Bndl Usr-Config
Channel group = 1 Mode = Desirable Gcchange = 0
Port-channel = null
                           GC = 0x00000000
                                               Psudo-agport = Po1
Port indx
             = 0
                           Load = 0x00
Flags: S - Device is sending Slow hello. C - Device is in Consistent state.
       A - Device is in Auto mode. P - Device learns on physical port. H - Hello timer is running. Q - Quit timer is running.
Timers: H - Hello timer is running.
        S - Switching timer is running. I - Interface timer is running.
Local information:
                                Hello Partner PAgP
                                                           Learning Group
```

```
Flags State Timers Interval Count Priority Method Ifindex
Port
          d U1/S1
                         1s 0
Fa5/4
                                                    128
                                                               Any
                                                                        0
Age of the port in the current state: 02h:40m:35s
Port: Fa5/5
-----
Port state = EC-Enbld Down Not-in-Bndl Usr-Config
Channel group = 1 Mode = Desirable
                                                  Gcchange = 0
Port-channel = null
                             GC = 0x00000000
                                                   Psudo-agport = Po1
                             Load = 0x00
Port indx = 0
Flags: S - Device is sending Slow hello. C - Device is in Consistent state.
A - Device is in Auto mode. P - Device learns on physical port.

Timers: H - Hello timer is running. Q - Quit timer is running.

S - Switching timer is running. I - Interface timer is running.
<...output truncated...>
Switch#
```

The following example shows how to display the protocol enabled:

```
Switch# show etherchannel protocol
```

Channel-group listing:
------Group: 12
-----Protocol: PAgP

Group: 24

Switch#

Protocol: - (Mode ON)

Command	Description
channel-group	Assigns and configures an EtherChannel interface to an EtherChannel group.
interface port-channel	Accesses or creates a port-channel interface.

show fabric domain

To display your fabric domain configuration, use the show fabric domain command.

show fabric domain

Command Default

Default domain and default context.

Command Modes

Privileged EXEC

Command History

Release	Modification
3.9.01E	This command was introduced on the Catalyst 4500-E series switch using a
	Supervisor Engines 8-E and 8L-E.

Usage Guidelines

Use the command to display a summary of the fabric domain.

Examples

This is sample output for the show fabric domain command, for an edge device.

```
device#show fabric domain
Fabric Domain : "default"
Role : Edge
Control-Plane Service: Disabled
Number of "Control-Plane" node(s): 2
IP Address
                    Auth-key
192.168.1.4
                    example-key1
192.168.1.5
                     example-key2
Number of "Border" node(s): 1
IP Address
192.168.1.6
Number of context(s): 2
Codes: * - Not Configured
Name
                     ID
                               Host-pools
default
                     0
                     10
                                1
example-context
```

show fabric context

To display your fabric domain configuration, use the show fabric domain command.

show fabric context [default | name]

Syntax Description

default	The default context
name	Specifies a context in the fabric domain

Command Default

Default context

Command Modes

Privileged EXEC

Command History

Release	Modification	
3.9.01E	This command was introduced on the Catalyst 4500-E series switch using a Supervisor Engines 8-E and 8L-E.	

Usage Guidelines

Use the command to display a summary of the context configuration in your fabric domain.

Examples

This is sample output for the **show fabric context** command:

^{* -} Not Configured

show fabric host-pool

To display your fabric domain configuration, use the show fabric domain command.

show fabric host-pool name

•	_	_	-	
•	mtav	Hacc	PIN	tion
3	yntax	DCOL	, , , , ,	uvu

The name of	the host-p	oool
	The name of	The name of the host-p

Command Default

None

Command Modes

Privileged EXEC

Command History

Release	Modification	
3.9.01E	This command was introduced on the Catalyst 4500-E series switch using a	
	Supervisor Engines 8-E and 8L-E.	

Usage Guidelines

Use the command to display a summary of the specified host-pool configuration.

Examples

This is sample output for the **show fabric host-pool** command:

```
device# show fabric host-pool
Fabric Domain : "default"

context: default

Number of host-pools : 0

name vlan prefix gateway use-dhcp

context: example-context

Number of host-pools : 1

name vlan prefix gateway use-dhcp

VOICE_DOMAIN 10 192.168.1.0/24 192.168.1.254 209.65.201.6
```

show flowcontrol

To display the per-interface status and statistics related to flow control, use the **show flowcontrol** command.

show flowcontrol [module slot | interface interface]

Syntax Description

module slot	(Optional) Limits the display to interfaces on a specific module.
interface interface	(Optional) Displays the status on a specific interface.

Command Default

This command has no default settings.

Command Modes

Privileged EXEC mode

Command History

Release	Modification
12.1(8a)EW	This command was introduced on the Catalyst 4500 series switch.
12.2(25)EW	Support for the 10-Gigabit Ethernet interface was introduced on the Catalyst 4500 series switch.

Usage Guidelines

Table 2-19 describes the fields in the **show flowcontrol** command output.

Table 2-19 show flowcontrol Command Output

Field	Description
Port	Module and port number.
Send-Flowcontrol-Admin	Flow-control administration. Possible settings: on indicates the local port sends flow control to the far end; off indicates the local port does not send flow control to the far end; desired indicates the local end sends flow control to the far end if the far end supports it.
Send-Flowcontrol-Oper	Flow-control operation. Possible setting: disagree indicates the two ports could not agree on a link protocol.
Receive-Flowcontrol-Admin	Flow-control administration. Possible settings: on indicates the local port requires the far end to send flow control; off indicates the local port does not allow the far end to send flow control; desired indicates the local end allows the far end to send flow control.
Receive-Flowcontrol-Oper	Flow-control operation. Possible setting: disagree indicates the two ports could not agree on a link protocol.
RxPause	Number of pause frames received.
TxPause	Number of pause frames transmitted.

Examples

The following example shows how to display the flow control status on all the Gigabit Ethernet interfaces:

Switch# sh	ow flowco	ntrol				
Port	Send Flo	wControl	Receive	FlowControl	RxPause	TxPause
	admin	oper	admin	oper		
Te1/1	off	off	on	off	0	0
Te1/2	off	off	on	off	0	0
Gi1/3	off	off	desired	on	0	0
Gi1/4	off	off	desired	on	0	0
Gi1/5	off	off	desired	on	0	0
Gi1/6	off	off	desired	on	0	0
Gi3/1	off	off	desired	off	0	0
Gi3/2	off	off	desired	off	0	0
Gi3/3	off	off	desired	off	0	0
Gi3/4	off	off	desired	off	0	0
Gi3/5	off	off	desired	off	0	0
Gi3/6	off	off	desired	off	0	0
Switch#						

The following example shows how to display the flow control status on module 1:

Switch#	show flow	vcontrol m	module 1			
Port	Send Flow	vControl	Receive E	FlowControl	RxPause	TxPause
	admin	oper	admin	oper		
Gi1/1	desired	off	off	off	0	0
Gi1/2	on	disagree	on	on	0	0
Switch#						

The following example shows how to display the flow control status on Gigabit Ethernet interface 3/4:

Switch#	show flo	wcontrol	interface	gigabitethe	rnet3/4	
Port	Send Flo	wControl	Receive :	FlowControl	RxPause	TxPause
	admin	oper	admin	oper		
Gi3/4 Switch#	off	off	on	on	0	0

The following example shows how to display the flow control status on 10-Gigabit Ethernet interface 1/1:

Switch# sh	ow flowco	ntrol int	erface t	engigabiteth	ernet1/1	
Port		wControl oper		FlowControl oper	RxPaus	e TxPause
Te1/1 Switch#	off	off	on	off	0	0

Command	Description
channel-group	Configures a Gigabit Ethernet interface to send or receive pause frames.
show interfaces status	Displays the interface status or a list of interfaces in error-disabled state.

show hw-module port-group

To display how the X2 holes on a module are grouped, use the **show hw-module port-group** command.

show hw-module module number port-group

Syntax Description

module	Specifies a line module.	
number	Specifies a slot or module number.	
port-group	Specifies a port-group on a switch.	

Command Default

X2 mode.

Command Modes

Global configuration mode

Command History

Release	Modification
12.2(40)SG	Support for WS-X4606-10GE-E Twin Gigabit converter introduced.

Usage Guidelines

When a TwinGig converter is enabled or disabled, the number and type of ports on the line card change dynamically. The terminology must reflect this behavior. In Cisco IOS, 10-Gigabit ports are named TenGigabit and 1-Gigabit ports are named Gigabit. Starting with Cisco IOS Release 12.2(40)SG, to avoid having ports named TenGigabit1/1 and Gigabit1/1, the 10-Gigabit and 1-Gigabit port numbers are independent. The WS-X4606-10GE-E module with six X2 ports are named TenGigabit<slot-num>/<1-6>, and the SFP ports are named Gigabit<slot-num>/<7-18>.

On Supervisor Engine 6-E, Supervisor Engine 6L-E, Catalyst 4900M, Catalyst 4948E, and Catalyst 4948E-F, the ports are connected to the switching engine through a stub ASIC. This stub ASIC imposes some limitations on the ports: Gigabit and 10-Gigabit ports cannot be mixed on a single stub ASIC; they must either be all 10-Gigabit (X2), or all Gigabit (TwinGig converter and SFP). The faceplates of X2 modules show this stub-port grouping, either with an actual physical grouping, or a box drawn around a grouping.

Examples

The following example shows to determine how the X2 holes on a module are grouped on a WS-X4606-10GE-E:

Switch#	show hw-modul	le module 1	l port-group
Module	Port-group	Active	Inactive
1	1	Te1/1-3	Gi1/7-12
1	2	Te1/4-6	Gi1/13-18
Switch#			

Command	Description	
hw-module port-group	Selects either Gigabit Ethernet or Ten Gigabit Ethernet	
	interfaces on your module.	

show hw-module system max-port-num-mode

To display the current mode in which a system is running as well as a message informing you that linecards beyond the 5th slot are unsupported, use the **show hw-module system max-port-num-mode** command.

show hw-module system max-port-num-mode

Command Default

none

Command Modes

Privileged EXEC mode

Command History

Release	Modification
Release IOS XE	This command was introduced on the Catalyst 4500 series switch.
3.5.0E and IOS	
15.2(1)E	

Usage Guidelines

The CLI shall be visible only on a 10-slot chassis or if 10-slot chassis is present in VSS.

Examples

The following example shows the output of the **show hw-module system max-port-num-mode** command on the standalone switch:

```
{\tt Switch\#\ show\ hw-module\ system\ max-port-num-mode}
```

Active max-port-num-mode configuration is 2 In this mode, Line cards inserted in last 3 slots (8,9 and 10) will not be active

The following example shows the output of the **show hw-module system max-port-num-mode** command in switch virtual mode:

Switch1# show hw-module system max-port-num-mode

```
Executing the command on VSS member switch role = VSS Active, id = 1
Active max-port-num-mode configuration is 1 (Default)
Executing the command on VSS member switch role = VSS Standby, id = 2
Active max-port-num-mode configuration is 2
In this mode, Line cards inserted in last 3 slots (8,9 and 10) will not be active
```

show hw-module uplink

To display the current uplink mode, use the show hw-module uplink command.

show hw-module uplink

Command Default

This command has no default settings.

Command Modes

Privileged EXEC mode

Command History

Release	Modification
12.2(25)EW	This command was introduced on the Catalyst 4500 series switch.

Usage Guidelines

If the active uplink mode is different than configured mode, the output displays the change.

By default, the current (operational) uplink selection is displayed.

Examples

The following example shows the output displaying the current (active) uplinks:

Switch# show hw-module uplink

Active uplink configuration is TenGigabitEthernet

The following example shows the output for redundant systems in SSO mode if the 10-Gigabit Ethernet uplinks are active, and the Gigabit Ethernet uplinks are selected:

Switch# show hw-module uplink

Active uplink configuration is TenGigabitEthernet
(will be GigabitEthernet after next reload)
A 'redundancy reload shelf' or power-cycle of chassis is required to
apply the new configuration

The following example shows the output for redundant systems in RPR mode if the 10-Gigabit Ethernet uplinks are active, and the Gigabit Ethernet uplinks are selected:

Switch# show hw-module uplink

Active uplink configuration is TenGigabitEthernet (will be GigabitEthernet after next reload)
A reload of active supervisor is required to apply the new configuration.

Command	Description
hw-module uplink select	Selects the 10-Gigabit Ethernet or Gigabit Ethernet uplinks on the Supervisor Engine V-10GE within the W-C4510R chassis.

show idprom

To display the IDPROMs for the chassis, supervisor engine, module, power supplies, fan trays, clock module, and multiplexer (mux) buffer, use the **show idprom** command.

show idprom {all | chassis | module [mod] | interface int_name | supervisor | power-supply number | fan-tray}

Syntax Description

all	Displays information for all IDPROMs.
chassis	Displays information for the chassis IDPROMs.
module	Displays information for the module IDPROMs.
mod	(Optional) Specifies the module name.
interface int_name	Displays information for the GBIC or SFP IDPROMs.
supervisor	Displays information for the supervisor engine IDPROMs.
power-supply number	Displays information for the power supply IDPROMs.
fan-tray	Displays information for the fan tray IDPROMs.

Command Default

This command has no default settings.

Command Modes

Privileged EXEC mode

Command History

Release	Modification
12.1(8a)EW	This command was introduced on the Catalyst 4500 series switch.
12.1(12c)EW	Support for the power-supply , fan-tray , clock-module , and mux-buffer keywords was added.
12.1(13)EW	Support for interface keyword was added.
12.2(18)EW	Enhanced the show idprom interface output to include the hexadecimal display of the GBIC/SFP SEEPROM contents.
12.2(25)EW	Support for the 10-Gigabit Ethernet interface was introduced on the Catalyst 4500 series switch.

Usage Guidelines

When you enter the **show idprom interface** command, the output lines for Calibration type and Rx (receive) power measurement may not be displayed for all GBICs.

Examples

The following example shows how to display IDPROM information for module 4:

```
Switch# show idprom module 4
Module 4 Idprom:
 Common Block Signature = 0xABAB
 Common Block Version = 1
 Common Block Length = 144
 Common Block Checksum = 4199
 Idprom Size = 256
 Block Count = 2
 FRU Major Type = 0x4201
 FRU Minor Type = 303
 OEM String = Cisco Systems, Inc.
 Product Number = WS-X4306
 Serial Number = 00000135
 Part Number = <tbd>
Hardware Revision = 0.2
Manufacturing Bits = 0x0000
 Engineering Bits = 0x0000
 Snmp OID = 0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0
 Power Consumption = 0
 RMA Failure Code = 0 0 0 0
Linecard Block Signature = 0x4201
Linecard Block Version = 1
 Linecard Block Length = 24
 Linecard Block Checksum = 658
Feature Bits = 0x0000000000000000
 Card Feature Index = 50
MAC Base = 0010.7bab.9830
MAC Count = 6
Switch#
```

The following example shows how to display IDPROM information for the GBICs on the Gigabit Ethernet interface 1/2:

```
Switch# show idprom interface gigabitethernet1/2
```

```
GBIC Serial EEPROM Contents:
Common Block:
 Identifier
                  = GBIC [0x1]
                  = Not specified/compliant with defined MOD_DEF [0x0]
 Extended Id
                  = SC connector [0x1]
 Connector
 Transceiver
 Speed
                  = Not available [0x0]
 Media
                  = Not available [0x0]
 Technology
                  = Not available [0x0]
 Link Length
                  = Not available [0x0]
  GE Comp Codes
                  = Not available [0x0]
  SONET Comp Codes = Not available [0x0]
 Encoding
                 = 8B10B [0x1]
                 = 130000000 MHz
 BR, Nominal
Length(9u) in km = GBIC does not support single mode fibre, or the length
                    must be determined from the transceiver technology.
 Length(9u)
                  = > 25.4 \text{ km}
 Length (50u)
                  = GBIC does not support 50 micron multi-mode fibre, or the
                    length must be determined from the transceiver technology.
 Length(62.5u)
                  = GBIC does not support 62.5 micron multi-mode fibre, or
                    the length must be determined from transceiver technology.
 Length (Copper)
                  = GBIC does not support copper cables, or the length must
                    be determined from the transceiver technology.
 Vendor name
                  = CISCO-FINISAR
 Vendor OUI
                  = 36965
 Vendor Part No. = FTR-0119-CSC
 Vendor Part Rev. = B
Wavelength
                  = Not available
```

```
CC_BASE
                = 0x1A
Extended ID Fields
              = Loss of Signal implemented TX_FAULT signal implemented TX_DISABLE is
Options
implemented and disables the serial output [0x1A]
BR, max = Unspecified
BR, min
               = Unspecified
Vendor Serial No. = K1273DH
Date code = 030409
Diag monitoring = Implemented
Calibration type = Internal
Rx pwr measuremnt = Optical Modulation Amplitude (OMA)
Address change = Required
CC_EXT
               = 0xB2
Vendor Specific ID Fields:
SEEPROM contents (hex) size 128:
0x0000 01 00 01 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 01 0D 00 00 FF
0x0010 00 00 00 00 43 49 53 43 4F 2D 46 49 4E 49 53 41
                                                 ....CISCO-FINISA
0x0020 52 20 20 20 00 00 90 65 46 54 52 2D 30 31 31 39 R ...^PefTR-0119
0 \times 0030 2D 43 53 43 20 20 20 20 42 20 20 20 00 00 01 A -CSC B ....
                                                 ....K1273DH
0x0040 00 1A 00 00 4B 31 32 37 33 44 48 20 20 20 20 20
0x0050 20 20 20 20 30 33 30 34 30 39 20 20 64 00 00 B2
                                                   030409 d..2
0x0060 29 00 02 80 22 33 38 3D C7 67 83 E8 DF 65 6A AF
                                                 )..^@"38=Gg^C._ej.
0x0070 1A 80 ED 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 38 23 3C 1B
                                                 .^@m....8#<.
Switch#
```

The following example shows how to display IDPROM information for the 10-Gigabit Ethernet interface 1/1:

```
Switch# show idprom interface tengigabitethernet1/1
X2 Serial EEPROM Contents:
Non-Volatile Register (NVR) Fields
X2 MSA Version supported
                                      :0xA
NVR Size in bytes
                                      :0x100
Number of bytes used
                                      :0xD0
Basic Field Address
                                      :0xB
Customer Field Address
                                      :0x77
Vendor Field Address
                                      :0xA7
Extended Vendor Field Address
                                      :0x100
Reserved
                                      :0x0
Transceiver type
                                      :0x2 = X2
Optical connector type
                                      :0x1 = SC
                                      :0x1 = NRZ
Bit encoding
Normal BitRate in multiple of 1M b/s :0x2848
Protocol Type
                                      :0x1 = 10GgE
Standards Compliance Codes :
10GbE Code Byte 0
                                      \cdot 0 \times 2 = 10 GBASE - LR
 10GbE Code Byte 1
                                      :0x0
 SONET/SDH Code Byte 0
                                      :0x0
 SONET/SDH Code Byte 1
                                      :0x0
 SONET/SDH Code Byte 2
                                      :0x0
 SONET/SDH Code Byte 3
                                      .0x0
 10GFC Code Byte 0
                                      :0x0
10GFC Code Byte 1
                                      :0x0
 10GFC Code Byte 2
                                      :0x0
                                      :0x0
10GFC Code Byte 3
Transmission range in 10m
                                      :0x3E8
Fibre Type :
```

```
Fibre Type Byte 0
                                 :0x40 = NDSF only
Fibre Type Byte 1
                                 :0x0 =Unspecified
Centre Optical Wavelength in 0.01nm steps - Channel 0 :0x1 0xFF 0xB8
Centre Optical Wavelength in 0.01nm steps - Channel 1 :0x0 0x0 0x0
Centre Optical Wavelength in 0.01nm steps - Channel 2:0x0 0x0 0x0
Centre Optical Wavelength in 0.01 nm steps - Channel 3:0x0~0x0
Package Identifier OUI :0xC09820
Transceiver Vendor OUI :0x3400800
Transceiver vendor name :CISCO-OPNEXT, INC
Part number provided by transceiver vendor
                                           :TRT5021EN-SMC-W
Revision level of part number provided by vendor :00
Vendor serial number
                           :ONJ08290041
Vendor manufacturing date code :2004072000
Reserved1: 00 02 02 20 D1 00 00
Basic Field Checksum :0x10
Customer Writable Area :
 0x00: 58 32 2D 31 30 47 42 2D 4C 52 20 20 20 20 20 20
 0x10: 20 20 20 20 20 4F 4E 4A 30 38 32 39 30 30 34 31
 0x20: 31 30 2D 32 30 33 36 2D 30 31 20 20 41 30 31 20
Vendor Specific :
 0x30: 00 00 00 00 11 E2 69 A9 2F 95 C6 EE D2 DA B3 FD
 0x40: 9A 34 4A 24 CB 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 EF FC
 0x50: F4 AC 1A D7 11 08 01 36 00
Switch#
```

The following example shows how to display IDPROM information for the supervisor engine:

```
Supervisor Idprom:
Common Block Signature = 0xABAB
Common Block Version = 1
Common Block Length = 144
Common Block Checksum = 4153
 Idprom Size = 256
Block Count = 2
FRU Major Type = 0x4101
FRU Minor Type = 333
OEM String = Cisco Systems, Inc.
Product Number = WS-X4014
 Serial Number = JAB05320CCE
 Part Number = 73-6854-04
 Part Revision = 05
Manufacturing Deviation String = 0
Hardware Revision = 0.4
Manufacturing Bits = 0x0000
 Engineering Bits = 0x0000
 Snmp OID = 0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0
Power Consumption = 0
 RMA Failure Code = 0 0 0 0
 Supervisor Block Signature = 0x4101
 Supervisor Block Version = 1
 Supervisor Block Length = 24
 Supervisor Block Checksum = 548
```

Card Feature Index = 95
MAC Base = 0007.0ee5.2a44

MAC Count = 2

Switch# show idprom supervisor

Switch#

The following example shows how to display IDPROM information for the chassis:

```
Switch# show idprom chassis
Chassis Idprom:
Common Block Signature = 0xABAB
Common Block Version = 1
Common Block Length = 144
Common Block Checksum = 4285
 Idprom Size = 256
 Block Count = 2
 FRU Major Type = 0x4001
 FRU Minor Type = 24
OEM String = Cisco Systems, Inc.
 Product Number = WS-C4507R
 Serial Number = FOX04473737
 Part Number = 73-4289-02
 Part Revision = 02
Manufacturing Deviation String = 0x00
Hardware Revision = 0.2
Manufacturing Bits = 0x0000
 Engineering Bits = 0x0000
 Snmp OID = 0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0
Chassis Block Signature = 0x4001
Chassis Block Version = 1
Chassis Block Length = 22
Chassis Block Checksum = 421
Feature Bits = 0x0000000000000000
MAC Base = 0004.dd42.2600
MAC Count = 1024
Switch#
```

The following example shows how to display IDPROM information for power supply 1:

```
Switch# show idprom power-supply 1
Power Supply 0 Idprom:
Common Block Signature = 0xABAB
Common Block Version = 1
Common Block Length = 144
Common Block Checksum = 10207
 Idprom Size = 256
Block Count = 1
FRU Major Type = 0xAB01
 FRU Minor Type = 8224
 OEM String = Cisco Systems, Inc.
 Product Number = WS-CAC-1440W
Serial Number = ACP05180002
Part Number = 34-XXXX-01
Part Revision = A0
Manufacturing Deviation String =
Hardware Revision = 1.1
Manufacturing Bits = 0x0000
 Engineering Bits = 0x3031
 Snmp OID = 9.12.3.65535.65535.65535.65535
 Power Consumption = -1
RMA Failure Code = 255 255 255 255
 Power Supply Block Signature = 0xFFFF
 PowerSupply Block Version = 255
 PowerSupply Block Length = 255
 PowerSupply Block Checksum = 65535
Feature Bits = 0x00000000FFFFFFFF
Current @ 110V = -1
 Current @ 220V = -1
```

```
StackMIB OID = 65535
Switch#
```

The following example shows how to display IDPROM information for the fan tray:

```
Switch# show idprom fan-tray
Fan Tray Idprom :
Common Block Signature = 0xABAB
Common Block Version = 1
Common Block Length = 144
Common Block Checksum = 19781
 Idprom Size = 256
Block Count = 1
 FRU Major Type = 0x4002
 FRU Minor Type = 0
OEM String = "Cisco Systems"
Product Number = WS-X4502-fan
Serial Number =
 Part Number =
Part Revision =
Manufacturing Deviation String =
Hardware Revision = 0.1
Manufacturing Bits = 0xFFFF
 Engineering Bits = 0xFFFF
Snmp OID = 65535.65535.65535.65535.65535.65535.65535
Power Consumption = -1
RMA Failure Code = 255 255 255 255
Switch#
```

show interfaces

To display traffic on a specific interface, use the **show interfaces** command.

 $show\ interfaces\ [\{\{fastethernet\ mod/interface-number\}\mid \{gigabitethernet\ mod/interface-number\}\mid \{tengigabitethernet\ mod/interface-number\}\mid \{null\ interface-number\}\mid \{vlan\ vlan_id\}\mid status\}]$

Syntax Description

fastethernet mod/interface-number	(Optional) Specifies the Fast Ethernet module and interface.
gigabitethernet mod/interface-number	(Optional) Specifies the Gigabit Ethernet module and interface.
tengigabitethernet mod/interface-number	(Optional) Specifies the 10-Gigabit Ethernet module and interface.
null interface-number	(Optional) Specifies the null interface; the valid value is 0.
vlan vlan_id	(Optional) Specifies the VLAN; valid values are from 1 to 4094.
status	(Optional) Displays status information.

Command Default

This command has no default settings.

Command Modes

Privileged EXEC mode

Command History

Release	Modification
12.1(8a)EW	This command was introduced on the Catalyst 4500 series switch.
12.1(12c)EW	Support for extended VLAN addresses was added.
12.2(25)EW	Support for the 10-Gigabit Ethernet interface was introduced on the Catalyst 4500 series switch.
12.2(31)SGA	Support for auto-MDIX reflected in command output.
12.2(52)SG	Added support for per-VLAN error-disable detection.

Usage Guidelines

The statistics are collected per VLAN for Layer 2 switched packets and Layer 3 switched packets. The statistics are available for both unicast and multicast. The Layer 3 switched packet counts are available for both the ingress and egress directions. The per-VLAN statistics are updated every 5 seconds.

In some cases, the duplex mode that is displayed by the **show interfaces** command is different than that displayed by the **show running-config** command. The duplex mode that is displayed in the **show interfaces** command is the actual duplex mode that the interface is running. The **show interfaces** command shows the operating mode for an interface, but the **show running-config** command shows the configured mode for an interface.

If you do not enter any keywords, all counters for all modules are displayed.

Line cards that support auto-MDIX configuration on their copper media ports include: WS-X4124-RJ45, WS-X4148-RJ with hardware revision 3.0 or later, and WS-X4232-GB-RJ with hardware revision 3.0 or later.

Examples

The following example shows how to display traffic for Gigabit Ethernet interface 2/5:

```
Switch# show interfaces gigabitethernet2/5
GigabitEthernet9/5 is up, line protocol is up (connected) (vlan-err-dis)
Hardware is C4k 1000Mb 802.3, address is 0001.64f8.3fa5 (bia 0001.64f8.3fa5)
Internet address is 172.20.20.20/24
MTU 1500 bytes, BW 1000000 Kbit, DLY 10 usec,
reliability 255/255, txload 1/255, rxload 1/255
Encapsulation ARPA, loopback not set
Keepalive set (10 sec)
Full-duplex, 1000Mb/s
ARP type: ARPA, ARP Timeout 04:00:00
Last input 00:00:00, output never, output hang never
Last clearing of "show interface" counters never
Queueing strategy: fifo
Output queue 0/40, 0 drops; input queue 0/75, 0 drops
5 minute input rate 1000 bits/sec, 2 packets/sec
5 minute output rate 0 bits/sec, 0 packets/sec
L2 Switched: ucast: 8199 pkt, 1362060 bytes - mcast: 6980 pkt, 371952 bytes
L3 in Switched: ucast: 0 pkt, 0 bytes - mcast: 0 pkt, 0 bytes mcast
L3 out Switched: ucast: 0 pkt, 0 bytes - mcast: 0 pkt, 0 bytes
300114 packets input, 27301436 bytes, 0 no buffer
Received 43458 broadcasts, 0 runts, 0 giants, 0 throttles
0 input errors, 0 CRC, 0 frame, 0 overrun, 0 ignored
O input packets with dribble condition detected
15181 packets output, 1955836 bytes, 0 underruns
O output errors, O collisions, 3 interface resets
0 babbles, 0 late collision, 0 deferred
0 lost carrier, 0 no carrier
O output buffer failures, O output buffers swapped out
Switch#
```

The following example shows how to display traffic for 10-Gigabit Ethernet interface 1/1:

```
Switch# show interfaces tengigabitethernet1/1
```

```
Name: Tengigabitethernet1/1
Switchport: Enabled
Administrative Mode: private-vlan promiscuous trunk
Operational Mode: private-vlan promiscuous (suspended member of bundle Pol)
Administrative Trunking Encapsulation: negotiate
Operational Trunking Encapsulation: native
Negotiation of Trunking: Off
Access Mode VLAN: none
Trunking Native Mode VLAN: none
Administrative Native VLAN tagging: enabled
Voice VLAN: none
Administrative private-vlan host-association: none
Administrative private-vlan mapping: 202 (VLAN0202) 303 (VLAN0303) 304 (VLAN0304)
Administrative private-vlan trunk native VLAN: none
Administrative private-vlan trunk
Native VLAN tagging: enabled
Administrative private-vlan trunk encapsulation: 802.1q
Administrative private-vlan trunk normal VLANs: none
Administrative private-vlan trunk private VLANs: none
Administrative private-vlan mapping trunk: New 202 (VLAN0202) 303 (VLAN0303) 304
(VLAN0304) 204 (VLAN0204) 305 (VLAN0305) 306 (VLAN0306)
```

```
Operational private-vlan: 202 (VLAN0202) 303 (VLAN0303) 304 (VLAN0304)
Trunking VLANs Enabled: ALL
Pruning VLANs Enabled: 2-1001
Capture Mode Disabled
Capture VLANs Allowed: ALL
Switch#
```

The following example shows how to verify the status of auto-MDIX on an RJ-45 port:



You can verify the configuration setting and the operational state of auto-MDIX on the interface by entering the **show interfaces** EXEC command. This field is applicable and appears only on the **show interfaces** command output for 10/100/1000BaseT RJ-45 copper ports on supported linecards including WS-X4124-RJ45, WS-X4148-RJ with hardware revision 3.0 or later, and WS-X4232-GB-RJ with hardware revision 3.0 or later.

```
FastEthernet6/3 is up, line protocol is up (connected)
  Hardware is Fast Ethernet Port, address is 0003.6ba8.ee68 (bia 0003.6ba8.ee68)
  MTU 1500 bytes, BW 100000 Kbit, DLY 100 usec,
    reliability 255/255, txload 1/255, rxload 1/255
  Encapsulation ARPA, loopback not set
  Keepalive set (10 sec)
  Full-duplex, 100Mb/s, link type is auto, media type is 10/100BaseTX
  input flow-control is unsupported output flow-control is unsupported
Auto-MDIX on (operational: on)
ARP type: ARPA, ARP Timeout 04:00:00
  Last input never, output never, output hang never
  Last clearing of "show interface" counters never
  Input queue: 0/2000/0/0 (size/max/drops/flushes); Total output drops: 0
  Queueing strategy: fifo
  Output queue: 0/40 (size/max)
  5 minute input rate 0 bits/sec, 0 packets/sec
  5 minute output rate 0 bits/sec, 0 packets/sec
     0 packets input, 0 bytes, 0 no buffer
     Received 0 broadcasts (0 multicasts)
     0 runts, 0 giants, 0 throttles
     0 input errors, 0 CRC, 0 frame, 0 overrun, 0 ignored
     0 input packets with dribble condition detected
     157082 packets output, 13418032 bytes, 0 underruns
     O output errors, O collisions, O interface resets
     0 babbles, 0 late collision, 0 deferred
     1 lost carrier, 0 no carrier
     0 output buffer failures, 0 output buffers swapped out
Switch#
```

The following example shows how to display status information for Gigabit Ethernet interface 1/2:

Switch# show interfaces gigabitethernet1/2 status

```
Port Name Status Vlan Duplex Speed Type
Gi1/2 notconnect 1 auto 1000 1000-XWDM-RXONLY
Switch#
```

The following example shows how to display status information for the interfaces on the supervisor engine:

Switch# show interfaces status

Port	Name	Status	Vlan	Duplex	Speed Type
Te1/1		connected	1	full	10G 10GBase-LR
Te1/2		connected	1	full	10G 10GBase-LR
Switch#					

show interfaces (virtual switch)

To display traffic that is seen by a specific interface, use the **show interfaces** command in EXEC mode.

show interfaces [interface iswitch-num/mod/port]

Syntax Description

interface	(Optional) Specifies interface type	
switch-num	Specifies port number.	
/mod	Specifies module number	
/port	Specifies port number	

Command Default

This command has no defaults settings.

Command Modes

Privileged EXEC mode

Command History

Release	Modification
Cisco IOS XE 3.4.0SG and 15.1(2)SG	This command was introduced on the Catalyst 4500 series switch.

Usage Guidelines

Statistics are collected on a per-VLAN basis for Layer 2-switched packets and Layer 3-switched packets. Statistics are available for both unicast and multicast traffic. The Layer 3-switched packet counts are available for both ingress and egress directions. The per-VLAN statistics are updated every 5 seconds.

In some cases, you might see a difference in the duplex mode that is displayed between the **show interfaces** (**virtual switch**) command and the **show running-config switch** (**virtual switch**) command. In this case, the duplex mode that is displayed in the **show interfaces** (**virtual switch**) command is the actual duplex mode that the interface is running. The **show interfaces** (**virtual switch**) command shows the operating mode for an interface, while the **show running-config switch** (**virtual switch**) command shows the configured mode for an interface.

If you do not specify an interface, the information for all interfaces is displayed.

The output of the **show interfaces GigabitEthernet** command displays an extra 4 bytes for every packet that is sent or received. The extra 4 bytes are the Ethernet frame CRC in the input and output byte statistics.

Examples

The following example shows how to display traffic for a specific interface:

```
Router# show interfaces GigabitEthernet switch 1/3/3
GigabitEthernet1/3/3 is up, line protocol is up (connected)
  Hardware is C6k 1000Mb 802.3, address is 000f.2305.49c0 (bia 000f.2305.49c0)
  MTU 1500 bytes, BW 1000000 Kbit, DLY 10 usec,
     reliability 255/255, txload 1/255, rxload 1/255
  Encapsulation 802.1Q Virtual LAN, Vlan ID 1., loopback not set
  Keepalive set (10 sec)
  Full-duplex, 1000Mb/s, media type is LH
  input flow-control is off, output flow-control is on
  Clock mode is auto
  ARP type: ARPA, ARP Timeout 04:00:00
  Last input 00:00:19, output 00:00:00, output hang never
  Last clearing of "show interface" counters never
  Input queue: 0/75/0/0 (size/max/drops/flushes); Total output drops: 0
  Queueing strategy: fifo
  Output queue: 0/40 (size/max)
  5 minute input rate 0 bits/sec, 0 packets/sec
  5 minute output rate 0 bits/sec, 0 packets/sec
  L2 Switched: ucast: 360 pkt, 23040 bytes - mcast: 0 pkt, 0 bytes
  L3 in Switched: ucast: 0 pkt, 0 bytes - mcast: 0 pkt, 0 bytes mcast
  L3 out Switched: ucast: 0 pkt, 0 bytes mcast: 0 pkt, 0 bytes
     437 packets input, 48503 bytes, 0 no buffer
     Received 76 broadcasts (0 IP multicast)
     0 runts, 0 giants, 0 throttles
     0 input errors, 0 CRC, 0 frame, 0 overrun, 0 ignored
     0 watchdog, 0 multicast, 0 pause input
     0 input packets with dribble condition detected
     86 packets output, 25910 bytes, 0 underruns
     O output errors, O collisions, O interface resets
     0 babbles, 0 late collision, 0 deferred
     0 lost carrier, 0 no carrier, 0 PAUSE output
     0 output buffer failures, 0 output buffers swapped out
Router#
```

Command	Description		
interface (virtual switch)	Selects an interface to configure and enters the interface configuration mode.		

show interfaces counters

To display the traffic on the physical interface, use the **show interfaces counters** command.

show interfaces counters [all | detail | errors | storm-control | trunk] [module mod]

Syntax Description

all	(Optional) Displays all the interface counters including errors, trunk, and detail.	
detail	(Optional) Displays the detailed interface counters.	
errors	(Optional) Displays the interface error counters.	
storm-control	(Optional) Displays the number of packets discarded due to suppression on the interface.	
trunk	(Optional) Displays the interface trunk counters.	
module mod	(Optional) Limits the display to interfaces on a specific module.	

Command Default

This command has no default settings.

Command Modes

Privileged EXEC mode

Command History

Release	Modification
12.1(8a)EW	This command was introduced on the Catalyst 4500 series switch.
12.1(19)EW	Support for storm control.
12.2(18)EW	Support for the display of total suppression discards.

Usage Guidelines

If you do not enter any keywords, all the counters for all modules are displayed.

The display for the **storm-control** keyword includes the suppressed multicast bytes.

Examples

The following example shows how to display the error counters for a specific module:

 ${\tt Switch \# \ \, show \ \, interfaces \ \, counters \ \, errors \ \, module \ \, 1}}$

Port	Align-Err	FCS-Err	Xmit-Err	Rcv-Err	UnderSize		
Gi1/1	0	0	0	0	0		
Gi1/2	0	0	0	0	0		
Port	Single-Col Mu	lti-Col La	te-Col Exce	ess-Col Car	rri-Sen	Runts	Giants
Gi1/1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Gi1/2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Switch#							

The following example shows how to display the traffic that is seen by a specific module:

Switch# show interfaces counters module 1

Port	InOctets	InUcastPkts	InMcastPkts	InBcastPkts
Gi1/1	0	0	0	0
Gi1/2	0	0	0	0
Port	OutOctets	OutUcastPkts	OutMcastPkts	OutBcastPkts
Gi1/1	0	0	0	0
Gi1/2	0	0	0	0
Switch#				

The following example shows how to display the trunk counters for a specific module:

Switch# show interfaces counters trunk module 1

Port	TrunkFramesTx	TrunkFramesRx	WrongEncap
Gi1/1	0	0	0
Gi1/2	0	0	0
Switch#			

The following example shows how to display the number of packets that are discarded due to suppression:

Switch# show interfaces counters storm-control

Multicast Suppression : Enabled

Port	BcastSuppLevel	TotalSuppressionDiscards
Fa5/35	10.00%	6278550
Curitah#		

Command	Description		
show interfaces (virtual switch)	Displays the interface capabilities for an interface or for all the interfaces on a switch.		

show interfaces counters (virtual switch)

To display the traffic that the physical interface sees, use the **show interfaces counters** command in EXEC mode.

show interfaces [interface switch-num/mod/port] **counters** [**errors** | **etherchannel** | **protocol** status | **storm-control**]

Syntax Description

interface	(Optional) Specifies the interface type.
switch-num	Specifies the switch number; valid values are 1 and 2.
/mod	Specifies the module number.
/port Specifies the port number.	
errors (Optional) Displays the interface error counters.	
etherchannel	(Optional) Displays information about the EtherChannel interface.
protocol status	(Optional) Displays information about the current status of the enabled protocols.
storm-control (Optional) Displays the discard count and the level settings for ea	

Command Default

This command has no default settings.

Command Modes

Privileged EXEC mode

Command History

Release	Modification
12.2(52)SG	This command was introduced on the Catalyst 4500 series switch.

Usage Guidelines

The **show interfaces counters** command displays the number of all of the packets arriving and includes the number of packets that may be dropped by the interface due to the storm-control settings. To display the total number of dropped packets, you can enter the **show interfaces counters storm-control** command.

The **show interfaces counters storm-control** command displays the discard count and the level settings for each mode. The discard count is a total of all three modes.

If you do not enter any keywords, all counters for all modules are displayed.

If you do not specify an interface, the information for all interfaces is displayed.

When you enter the **show interfaces interface counters etherchannel** command, follow these guidelines:

- If interface specifies a physical port, the command displays the message "Etherchannel not enabled on this interface."
- If interface is omitted, the command displays the counters for all port channels (in the system) and for their associated physical ports.

• If interface specifies a port channel, the command displays the counters for the port channel and all of the physical ports that are associated with it. In addition, when you enter the command specifying the primary aggregator in a Link Aggregation Control Protocol (LACP) port channel with multiple aggregators, the output includes the statistics for all of the aggregators in the port channels and for the ports that are associated with them.

Examples

The following example shows how to display the error counters for a specific:

Router# show	interfaces gig	abitethernet	2/4/47 coun	ters errors			
Port	Align-Err	FCS-Err	Xmit-Err	Rcv-Err Under	Size	OutDiscar	ds
Gi2/4/47	0	0	0	0	0		0
Port	Single-Col Mu	lti-Col Lat	te-Col Excess	-Col Carri-Se	en	Runts	s
Gi2/4/47	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Port	SQETest-Err	Deferred-Tx	IntMacTx-Err	IntMacRx-Err	Symb	ool-Err	
Gi2/4/47	0	0	0	()	0	
Router#							

The following example shows how to display traffic that is seen by a specific interface:

Router# show	interfaces g	gigabitethernet	1/2/5 counter	s
Port	InOctets	InUcastPkts	${\tt InMcastPkts}$	InBcastPkts
Gi1/2/5	0	0	0	0
Port	OutOctets	OutUcastPkts	OutMcastPkts	OutBcastPkts
Gi1/2/5	0	0	0	0
Router#				

The following example shows how to display the counters for all port channels (in the system) and their associated physical ports:

Router# show interfaces counters etherchannel						
Port	InOctets	InUcastPkts	InMcastPkts	InBcastPkts		
Po1	0	0	0	0		
Po3	0	0	0	0		
Po10	16341138343	77612803	12212915	14110863		
Gi1/4/1	15628478622	77612818	7525970	14110865		
Gi1/4/2	712662881	0	4686951	5		
Po20	33887345029	88483183	11506653	14101212		
Gi2/4/1	33326378013	88491521	7177393	14101663		
Gi2/4/2	562904837	0	4330030	6		
Port	OutOctets	OutUcastPkts	OutMcastPkts	OutBcastPkts		
Po1	0	0	0	0		
Po3	0	0	0	0		
Po10	33889238079	14101204	99999327	0		
Gi1/4/1	33326354634	14101205	95669326	0		
Gi1/4/2	562904707	7	4330029	0		
Po20	16338422056	14353951	89573339	0		
Gi2/4/1	15628501864	14232410	85017290	0		
Gi2/4/2	712663011	121541	4565416	0		
Router#						

The following example shows how to display the counters for all port channels (in the system) and their associated physical ports in Cisco IOS Release 12.2(50)SY and later releases:

Router#	Router# show interfaces counters etherchannel							
Port		InOctets	InUcastPkts	InMcastPkts	InBcastPkts			
Po1		0	0	0	0			
Po3		0	0	0	0			
Po10		16341138343	77612803	12212915	14110863			
Gi1/4/1		15628478622	77612818	7525970	14110865			
Gi1/4/2		712662881	0	4686951	5			
Po20		33887345029	88483183	11506653	14101212			
Gi2/4/1		33326378013	88491521	7177393	14101663			

Gi2/4/2 562904837 0 4330030 6 Router#

The following example shows how to display the protocols enabled for a specific interface:

Router# show interfaces gigabitethernet 1/2/5 counters protocol status Protocols allocated:
GigabitEthernet1/2/5: Other, IP
Router#

The following example shows how to display the discard count and the level settings for each mode for a specific interface:

Router#	show	interfaces	gigab	itethernet	1/2/5	counters	stori	n-control
Port		UcastSupp	8	McastSupp	용	BcastSupp) %	TotalSuppDiscards
Gi1/2/5		100	. 0	100	. 0	100	0.0	0
Router#								

Command	Description
clear counters	Clears the interface counters.

show interfaces description

To display a description and status of an interface, use the **show interfaces description** command.

show interfaces [interface] description

Syntax Description

interface	(Optional) Type	of interface.

Command Default

This command has no default settings.

Command Modes

Privileged EXEC mode

Command History

Release	Modification
12.1(8a)EW	This command was introduced on the Catalyst 4500 series switch.

Examples

The following example shows how to display information for all interfaces:

Switch# show interfaces description

Interface	Status	Protocol	Description
PO0/0	admin down	down	First interface
PO0/1	admin down	down	
Gi1/1	up	up	GigE to server farm
Switch#			

Command	Description
description (refer to Cisco IOS	Includes a specific description about the digital signal
documentation)	processor (DSP) interface.

show interfaces link

To display how long a cable has been disconnected from an interface, use the **show interfaces link** command:

show interfaces link [module *mod_num*]

Syntax Description

mo	dul	e	mod	num

(Optional) Limits the display to interfaces on a module.

Command Default

This command has no default settings.

Command Modes

Privileged EXEC mode

Command History

Release	Modification
12.2(18)EW	This command was introduced on the Catalyst 4500 series switch.

Usage Guidelines

If the interface state is up, the command displays 0:00. If the interface state is down, the time (in hours, minutes, and seconds) is displayed.

Examples

The following example shows how to display active link-level information:

Switch# show interfaces link

Port	Name	Down Time
Gi1/1		00:00:00
Gi1/2		00:00:00
Gi3/1		00:00:00
Gi3/2		00:00:00
Fa4/1		00:00:00
Fa4/2		00:00:00
Fa4/3		00:00:00
Fa4/4		00:00:00

The following example shows how to display inactive link-level information:

Switch# show interfaces link

Port	Name	Do	own Time	9	
Gi3/4		1	minute	28	secs
Gi3/5		1	minute	28	secs
Gi3/6		1	minute	28	secs
Gi4/1		1	minute	28	secs

In this example, the cable has been disconnected from the port for 1 minute and 28 seconds.

show interfaces mtu

To display the maximum transmission unit (MTU) size of all the physical interfaces and SVIs on the switch, use the **show interfaces mtu** command.

show interfaces mtu [module mod]

•	_		
Syntay	Hac	crin	tion
Syntax 5 4 1	DES	ԵՐՐԻ	LIVII

(Optional) Limits the display to interfaces on a specific module.

Command Default

This command has no default settings.

Command Modes

EXEC

Command History

Release	Modification
12.1(13)EW	This command was introduced on the Catalyst 4500 series switch.

Examples

The following example shows how to display the MTU size for all interfaces on module 1:

Switch> show interfaces mtu module 1

Port	Name	MTU
Gi1/1		1500
Gi1/2		1500
Switch>		

Command	Description
mtu	Enables jumbo frames on an interface by adjusting the
	maximum size of a packet or maximum transmission unit
	(MTU).

show interfaces private-vlan mapping

To display PVLAN mapping information for VLAN SVIs, use the **show interfaces private-vlan mapping** command.

show interfaces private-vlan mapping [active]

•		_	
~1	/ntay	Descr	ıntı∩n
•	IIILUA	DUJUI	puon

active	(Optional)	Displays	active	interfaces	only.
--------	------------	----------	--------	------------	-------

Command Default

This command has no default settings.

Command Modes

Privileged EXEC mode

Command History

Release	Modification
12.1(8a)EW	This command was introduced on the Catalyst 4500 series switch.

Usage Guidelines

This command displays SVI information only.

Examples

The following example shows how to display PVLAN mapping information:

${\tt Switch\#\ show\ interfaces\ private-vlan\ mapping}$

Interface Secondary VLAN Type

vlan2	301	isolated
vlan2	302	isolated
Switch#		

Command	Description
private-vlan	Configures private VLANs and the association between a private VLAN and a secondary VLAN.
private-vlan mapping	Creates a mapping between the primary and the secondary VLANs so that both share the same primary VLAN SVI.

show interfaces status

To display the interface status or a list of interfaces in error-disabled state, use the **show interfaces status** command.

show interfaces status [err-disabled | inactive] [module {module}]

Syntax Description

err-disabled	(Optional) Displays interfaces in error-disabled state.
inactive	(Optional) Displays interfaces in inactive state.
module module	(Optional) Displays interfaces on a specific module.

Command Default

This command has no default settings.

Command Modes

Privileged EXEC mode

Command History

Release	Modification
12.1(8a)EW	This command was introduced on the Catalyst 4500 series switch.
12.2(40)SG	Support for WS-X4606-10GE-E Twin Gigabit converter introduced.
12.2(52)SG	Support for per-VLAN error-disable was introduced by adding Err-Disabled VLAN column to output.

Usage Guidelines

When at least one VLAN on a port is error-disabled the output for the **show interfaces status** command will display *vl-err-dis* in the VLAN column.

Examples

The following example shows how to display the status of all interfaces:

Switch# show interfaces status

Port	Name	Status	Vlan	Duplex	Speed	Type
Te1/1		connected	1	full	10G	10GBase-LR
Te1/2		connected	vl-err-dis	full	10G	10GBase-LR
Switch#						

The following example shows how to display the status of interfaces in an error-disabled state:

Switch# show interfaces status err-disabled

Port	Name	Status	Reason	Err-Disabled VLANs
Fa9/4		notconnect	link-flap	
Fa9/5		err-disabled	psecure_violation	3-5
Fa9/6		connected	psecure_violation	10,15
Switch#				

The following example shows how to display the Gigabit Ethernet interfaces on a WS-X4606-10GE-E switch using the TwinGig Convertor:

```
Switch# show interfaces status module 1
Port Name Status Vlan Duplex Speed Type
Te1/1 inactive 1 full 10G No X2
Te1/2 inactive 1 full 10G No X2
Te1/3 inactive 1 full 10G No X2
Te1/4 notconnect 1 full 10G No X2
Te1/5 notconnect 1 full 10G No X2
Te1/6 notconnect 1 full 10G No X2
Gi1/7 notconnect 1 full 1000 No Gbic
Gi1/8 notconnect 1 full 1000 No Gbic
\mathrm{Gi}1/9 notconnect 1 full 1000 No Gbic
Gi1/10 notconnect 1 full 1000 No Gbic
Gil/11 notconnect 1 full 1000 No Gbic
Gi1/12 notconnect 1 full 1000 No Gbic
Gi1/13 inactive 1 full 1000 No Gbic
Gi1/14 inactive 1 full 1000 No Gbic
Gi1/15 inactive 1 full 1000 No Gbic
Gi1/16 inactive 1 full 1000 No Gbic
Gi1/17 inactive 1 full 1000 No Gbic
Gi1/18 inactive 1 full 1000 No Gbic
Switch#
```

Command	Description
errdisable detect cause	Enables error-disable detection.
hw-module port-group	Selects either Gigabit Ethernet or Ten Gigabit Ethernet interfaces on your module.
show errdisable recovery	Displays error-disable recovery timer information.

show interfaces switchport

To display the administrative and operational status of a switching (nonrouting) port, use the **show interfaces switchport** command.

show interfaces [interface-id] **switchport** [**module** mod]

Syntax Description

interface-id	(Optional) Interface ID for the physical port.
module mod	(Optional) Limits the display to interfaces on the specified module; valid values are from 1 to 6.

Command Default

This command has no default settings.

Command Modes

Privileged EXEC mode

Command History

Release	Modification
12.1(8a)EW	This command was introduced on the Catalyst 4500 series switch.
12.1(19)EW	Support for per-interface display.
12.2(18)EW	Support for displaying the status of native VLAN tagging in the command output.
15.1.0 SG	Support for PVLAN modes over EtherChannel. Modes include: private-vlan host, private-vlan promiscuous, private-vlan trunk secondary, and private-vlan trunk promiscuous.

Examples

The following example shows how to display switch-port information using the **begin** output modifier:

Switch# show interfaces switchport | include VLAN

Name: Fa5/6

Access Mode VLAN: 200 (VLAN0200)
Trunking Native Mode VLAN: 1 (default)

Trunking VLANs Enabled: ALL Pruning VLANs Enabled: ALL

Switch#

The following example shows how to display switch-port information for module 1:

Switch# show interfaces switchport module 1

Name:Gi1/1

Switchport: Enabled

Administrative Mode:dynamic auto

Operational Mode:down

Administrative Trunking Encapsulation:negotiate

Negotiation of Trunking:On

Access Mode VLAN:1 (default)

Trunking Native Mode VLAN:1 (default)

Administrative private-vlan host-association:none

Administrative private-vlan mapping:none

Operational private-vlan:none

Trunking VLANs Enabled:ALL

Name:Gi1/2
Switchport:Enabled
Administrative Mode:dynamic auto
Operational Mode:down
Administrative Trunking Encapsulation:negotiate
Negotiation of Trunking:On
Access Mode VLAN:1 (default)
Trunking Native Mode VLAN:1 (default)
Administrative private-vlan host-association:none
Administrative private-vlan mapping:none
Operational private-vlan:none
Trunking VLANs Enabled:ALL
Pruning VLANs Enabled:2-1001
Switch#

The following example shows how to display the status of native VLAN tagging on the port:

Switch# show interfaces f3/1 switchport

Pruning VLANs Enabled: 2-1001

```
show interface f3/1 switchport
Name: Fa3/1
Switchport: Enabled
Administrative Mode: private-vlan promiscuous
Operational Mode: private-vlan trunk secondary
Administrative Trunking Encapsulation: negotiate
Operational Trunking Encapsulation: dot1q
Negotiation of Trunking: On
Access Mode VLAN: 1 (default)
Trunking Native Mode VLAN: 1 (default)
Administrative Native VLAN tagging: enabled
Voice VLAN: none
Administrative private-vlan host-association: none
Administrative private-vlan mapping: none
Administrative private-vlan trunk native VLAN: 1
Administrative private-vlan trunk Native VLAN tagging: enabled
Administrative private-vlan trunk encapsulation: dot1q
Administrative private-vlan trunk normal VLANs: 1
Administrative private-vlan trunk associations: none
Administrative private-vlan trunk mappings:
    10 (VLAN0010) 100 (VLAN0100)
Operational private-vlan:
  10 (VLAN0010) 100 (VLAN0100)
Trunking VLANs Enabled: ALL
Pruning VLANs Enabled: 2-1001
Capture Mode Disabled
Capture VLANs Allowed: ALL
Unknown unicast blocked: disabled
Unknown multicast blocked: disabled
Appliance trust: none
Switch#
```

Command	Description
show interfaces (virtual switch)	Displays the interface capabilities for an interface or for all the interfaces on a switch.
show interfaces counters	Displays the traffic on the physical interface.

show interfaces transceiver

To display diagnostic-monitoring data for all interfaces that have transceivers installed, use the **show interfaces transceiver** command.

show interfaces $\{\{[int_name] \text{ transceiver } \{[detail]\} \mid \{transceiver [module <math>mod] \mid detail [module \ mod]\}\}$

Syntax Description

int_name	(Optional) Interface name.
detail	(Optional) Displays the calibrated values and the A2D readouts if the readout values differ from the calibrated values. Also displays the high-alarm, high-warning, low-warning, and low-alarm thresholds.
module mod	(Optional) Limits the display to interfaces on a specific module.

Command Default

The noninterface-specific versions of the show interfaces transceiver command are enabled by default.

The interface-specific versions of these commands are enabled by default if the specified interface has a transceiver (GBIC or SFP) that is configured for diagnostic monitoring, and the transceiver is in a module that supports diagnostic monitoring.

Command Modes

Privileged EXEC mode

Command History

Release	Modification
12.1(20)EW	This command was introduced on the Catalyst 4500 series switch.
12.2(18)EW	Support for the calibration keyword was withdrawn.

Usage Guidelines

The **show interfaces transceiver** command provides useful information under the following conditions:

- At least one transceiver is installed on a chassis that is configured for diagnostic monitoring.
- The transceiver is in a module that supports diagnostic monitoring.

If you notice that the alarm and warning flags have been set on a transceiver, reenter the command to confirm.

Examples

The following example shows how to display diagnostic monitoring data for all interfaces with transceivers installed on the switch:

Switch# show interfaces transceiver

If device is externally calibrated, only calibrated values are printed. ++ : high alarm, + : high warning, - : low warning, -- : low alarm. NA or N/A: not applicable, Tx: transmit, Rx: receive. mA: milliamperes, dBm: decibels (milliwatts).

				Optical	Optical
	Temperature	Voltage	Current	Tx Power	Rx Power
Port	(Celsius)	(Volts)	(mA)	(dBm)	(dBm)
Gi1/1	48.1	3.30	0.0	8.1 ++	N/A
Gi1/2	33.0	3.30	1.8	-10.0	-36.9
Gi2/1	43.7	5.03	50.6 +	-16.7	N/A
Gi2/2	39.2	5.02	25.7	0.8	N/A
Switch#					



The value for the Optical Tx Power (in dBm) equals ten times log (Tx Power in mW). If the Tx Power value is 3 mW, then the Optical Tx Power value equals 10 * log (3), which equals 10 * .477 or 4.77 dBm. The Optical Rx Power value behaves similarly. If the Tx Power or the Rx Power is zero, then its dBm value is undefined and is shown as N/A (not applicable).

The following example shows how to display detailed diagnostic monitoring data, including calibrated values, alarm and warning thresholds, A2D readouts, and alarm and warning flags. The A2D readouts are reported separately in parentheses only if they differ from the calibrated values:

Switch# show interfaces transceiver detail

mA: milliamperes, dBm: decibels (milliwatts), NA or N/A: not applicable. ++ : high alarm, + : high warning, - : low warning, -- : low alarm. A2D readouts (if they differ), are reported in parentheses. The threshold values are calibrated.

	Temperature (Celsius)	(Celsius)	Threshold (Celsius)	Threshold (Celsius)	Low Alarm Threshold (Celsius)
	48.1	100.0			
Gi1/2	34.9	100.0	100.0	0.0	0.0
Gi2/1	43.5	70.0	60.0	5.0	0.0
Gi2/2	39.1	70.0	60.0	5.0	0.0
		High Alarm	High Warn	Low Warn	Low Alarm
	Voltage	Threshold	Threshold	Threshold	Threshold
Port	(Volts)	(Volts)	(Volts)	, ,	
Gi1/1	3.30		6.50		N/A
Gi1/2	3.30	6.50	6.50	N/A	N/A
Gi2/1	5.03	5.50	5.25	4.75	4.50
Gi2/2	5.02	5.50	5.25	4.75	4.50
		High Alarm	High Warn	Low Warn	Low Alarm
	Current	Threshold	Threshold	Threshold	Threshold
Port	(milliamperes)	(mA)			
Gi1/1	0.0		130.0		N/A
Gi1/2	1.7	130.0	130.0	N/A	N/A
Gi2/1	50.6 +	60.0	40.0	10.0	5.0
Gi2/2	25.8	60.0	40.0	10.0	5.0

Port	Optical Transmit Power (dBm)	High Alarm Threshold (dBm)	-	Low Warn Threshold (dBm)	Threshold
Gi1/1	8.1 ++	8.1	8.1	N/A	N/A
Gi1/2	-9.8	8.1	8.1	N/A	N/A
Gi2/1	-16.7 (-13.0)	3.4	3.2	-0.3	-0.5
Gi2/2	0.8 (5.1)	3.4	3.2	-0.3	-0.5
	Optical	High Alarm	High Warn	Low Warn	Low Alarm
	Receive Power	Threshold	Threshold	Threshold	Threshold
Port	(dBm)	(dBm)	(dBm)	(dBm)	(dBm)
Gi1/1	N/A	8.1	8.1	N/A	N/A
Gi1/2	-30.9	8.1	8.1	N/A	N/A
Gi2/1	N/A (-28.5)	5.9	-6.7	-28.5	-28.5
Gi2/2	N/A (-19.5)	5.9	-6.7	-28.5	-28.5
Switch#					

The following example shows how to display the monitoring data for the interfaces that have transceivers installed on module 2:

Switch# show interfaces transceiver module 2

```
If device is externally calibrated, only calibrated values are printed. ++ : high alarm, + : high warning, - : low warning, -- : low alarm. NA or N/A: not applicable, Tx: transmit, Rx: receive. mA: milliamperes, dBm: decibels (milliwatts).
```

				Optical	Optical
	Temperature	Voltage	Current	Tx Power	Rx Power
Port	(Celsius)	(Volts)	(mA)	(dBm)	(dBm)
Gi2/1	43.7	5.03	50.6 +	-16.7	N/A
Gi2/2	39.2	5.02	25.7	0.8	N/A
Switch#					

The following example shows how to display the detailed monitoring data for the interfaces that have transceivers installed on module 2:

Switch# show interfaces transceiver detail module 2

```
mA: milliamperes, dBm: decibels (milliwatts), NA or N/A: not applicable. ++ : high alarm, + : high warning, - : low warning, -- : low alarm. A2D readouts (if they differ), are reported in parentheses. The threshold values are calibrated.
```

		High Alarm	High Warn	Low Warn	Low Alarm
	Temperature	Threshold	Threshold	Threshold	Threshold
Port	(Celsius)	(Celsius)	(Celsius)	(Celsius)	(Celsius)
Gi2/1	43.5	70.0	60.0	5.0	0.0
Gi2/2	39.1	70.0	60.0	5.0	0.0
		High Alarm	High Warn	Low Warn	Low Alarm
	Voltage	High Alarm Threshold	High Warn Threshold	Low Warn Threshold	Low Alarm Threshold
Port	Voltage (Volts)	_	9		
Port	<u> </u>	Threshold	Threshold	Threshold	Threshold
Port Gi2/1	-	Threshold	Threshold	Threshold	Threshold
	(Volts)	Threshold (Volts)	Threshold (Volts)	Threshold (Volts)	Threshold (Volts)

Port	Current (milliamperes)	High Alarm Threshold (mA)	Threshold	Threshold	Threshold (mA)
	50.6 + 25.8				5.0
Port	Optical Transmit Power (dBm)	Threshold	Threshold	Threshold	Threshold
Gi2/1	-16.7 (-13.0) 0.8 (5.1)	3.4	3.2	-0.3 -0.3	
Port	Optical Receive Power (dBm)	High Alarm Threshold (dBm)	5	Low Warn Threshold (dBm)	
	N/A (-28.5) N/A (-19.5)		-6.7 -6.7		

The following example shows how to display the monitoring data for the transceivers on interface Gi1/2:

```
Switch# show interfaces g1/2 transceiver
```

```
ITU Channel 23 (1558.98 nm),
Transceiver is externally calibrated.

If device is externally calibrated, only calibrated values are printed.
++: high alarm, +: high warning, -: low warning, --: low alarm.

NA or N/A: not applicable, Tx: transmit, Rx: receive.

mA: milliamperes, dBm: decibels (milliwatts).
```

				Optical	Optical
	Temperature	Voltage	Current	Tx Power	Rx Power
Port	(Celsius)	(Volts)	(mA)	(dBm)	(dBm)
Gi2/1	43.7	5.03	50.6 +	-16.7	N/A
Switch#					

The following example shows how to display detailed the monitoring data for the transceivers on interface Gi1/2:

Switch# show interfaces g1/2 transceiver detail

```
ITU Channel 23 (1558.98 nm),
Transceiver is externally calibrated.
mA: milliamperes, dBm: decibels (milliwatts), NA or N/A: not applicable.
++ : high alarm, + : high warning, - : low warning, -- : low alarm.
A2D readouts (if they differ), are reported in parentheses.
The threshold values are calibrated.
```

Port	Temperature (Celsius)	High Alarm Threshold (Celsius)	High Warn Threshold (Celsius)	Low Warn Threshold (Celsius)	Low Alarm Threshold (Celsius)
Gi2/1	43.5	70.0	60.0	5.0	0.0
Port	Voltage (Volts)	High Alarm Threshold (Volts)	High Warn Threshold (Volts)	Low Warn Threshold (Volts)	Low Alarm Threshold (Volts)
Gi 2/1	5.03	5.50	5.25	4.75	4.50

	Port	Current (milliamperes)	High Alarm Threshold (mA)	Threshold	Low Warn Threshold (mA)	
	Gi2/1	50.6 +	60.0	40.0	10.0	5.0
	Port	Optical Transmit Power (dBm)	High Alarm Threshold (dBm)	Threshold	Low Warn Threshold (dBm)	
	Gi2/1	-16.7 (-13.0)	3.4	3.2	-0.3	-0.5
	Port	Optical Receive Power (dBm)	High Alarm Threshold (dBm)	High Warn Threshold (dBm)	Low Warn Threshold (dBm)	
Swi	Gi2/1 tch#	N/A (-28.5)	5.9	-6.7	-28.5	-28.5

Command	Description
show idprom	Displays the IDPROMs for the chassis.
show interfaces status	Displays the interface status or a list of interfaces in error-disabled state.

show interfaces trunk

To display port and module interface-trunk information, use the show interfaces trunk command.

show interfaces trunk [module mod]

_		-	-		
~ v	ntax	IIAC	CIL	ntin	ın
υv	IIILAA	DES	UII	มแบ	ш

module mod	(Optional) Limits the display to interfaces on the specified module; valid values are
	from 1 to 6.

Command Default

This command has no default settings.

Command Modes

Privileged EXEC mode

Fa5/9

1-1005

Command History

Release	Modification
12.1(8a)EW	This command was introduced on the Catalyst 4500 series switch.

Usage Guidelines

If you do not specify a keyword, only information for trunking ports is displayed.

Examples

The following example shows how to display interface-trunk information for module 5:

 ${\tt Switch\#\ show\ interfaces\ trunk\ module\ 5}$

Port	Mode	Encapsulation	Status	Native vlan
Fa5/1	routed	negotiate	routed	1
Fa5/2	routed	negotiate	routed	1
Fa5/3	routed	negotiate	routed	1
Fa5/4	routed	negotiate	routed	1
Fa5/5	routed	negotiate	routed	1
Fa5/6	off	negotiate	not-trunking	10
Fa5/7	off	negotiate	not-trunking	10
Fa5/8	off	negotiate	not-trunking	1
Fa5/9	desirable	n-isl	trunking	1
Fa5/10	desirable	negotiate	not-trunking	1
Fa5/11	routed	negotiate	routed	1
Fa5/12	routed	negotiate	routed	1
Fa5/48	routed	negotiate	routed	1
Port	Vlans allowe	d on trunk		
Fa5/1	none			
Fa5/2	none			
Fa5/3	none			
Fa5/4	none			
Fa5/5	none			
Fa5/6	none			
Fa5/7	none			
Fa5/8	200			

```
Fa5/10
         none
Fa5/11
         none
Fa5/12
         none
Fa5/48
         none
         Vlans allowed and active in management domain
Port
Fa5/1
         none
Fa5/2
         none
Fa5/3
         none
Fa5/4
         none
Fa5/5
         none
Fa5/6
         none
Fa5/7
         none
Fa5/8
         200
         Fa5/9
02,850,917,999,1002-1005
Fa5/10
        none
Fa5/11
         none
Fa5/12
         none
Fa5/48
         none
Port
         Vlans in spanning tree forwarding state and not pruned
Fa5/1
         none
Fa5/2
         none
Fa5/3
         none
Fa5/4
         none
Fa5/5
         none
Fa5/6
         none
Fa5/7
         none
Fa5/8
         1-6,10,20,50,100,152,200,300,303-305,349-351,400,500,521,524,570,801-8
Fa5/9
02,850,917,999,1002-1005
Fa5/10
        none
Fa5/11
         none
Fa5/48
         none
Switch#
```

The following example shows how to display trunking information for active trunking ports:

Switch# show interfaces trunk

```
Port
      Mode
               Encapsulation Status
                                   Native vlan
Fa5/9
      desirable
              n-isl
                         trunking
                                   1
Port.
      Vlans allowed on trunk
Fa5/9
      1-1005
Port
      Vlans allowed and active in management domain
      Fa5/9
02,850,917,999,1002-1005
Port
      Vlans in spanning tree forwarding state and not pruned
Fa5/9
      02,850,917,999,1002-1005
Switch#
```

show ip arp inspection

To show the status of dynamic ARP inspection for a specific range of VLANs, use the **show ip arp inspection** command.

show ip arp inspection {[statistics] vlan vlan-range | interfaces [interface-name]}

Syntax Description

statistics	(Optional) Displays statistics for the following types of packets that have been processed by this feature: forwarded, dropped, MAC validation failure, and IP validation failure.
vlan vlan-range	(Optional) When used with the statistics keyword, displays the statistics for the selected range of VLANs. Without the statistics keyword, displays the configuration and operating state of DAI for the selected range of VLANs.
interfaces interface-name	(Optional) Displays the trust state and the rate limit of ARP packets for the provided interface. When the interface name is not specified, the command displays the trust state and rate limit for all applicable interfaces in the system.

Command Default

This command has no default settings.

Command Modes

Privileged EXEC mode

Command History

Release	Modification
12.1(19)EW	This command was introduced on the Catalyst 4500 series switch.

Examples

The following example shows how to display the statistics of packets that have been processed by DAI for

VLAN 3:

Switch# show ip arp inspection statistics vlan 3

Vlan	Forwarded		Dropped	DHCP Drop	s i	ACL Drops
3	31753		102407	10240	·	0
3	31733		102407	10240	7	U
Vlan	DHCP Permits	ACL	Permits	Source MAC	Failur	es
3	31753		0		(0
Vlan	Dest MAC Failu	res	IP Valid	ation Failure	:S	
3		0		0		
Switch#						

The following example shows how to display the statistics of packets that have been processed by DAI for all active VLANs:

Switch# show ip arp inspection statistics

Vlan	Forwarded	Dropped	DHCP Drops	ACL Drops
1	0	0	0	0
2	0	0	0	0
3	68322	220356	220356	0
4	0	0	0	0
100	0	0	0	0
101	0	0	0	0
1006	0	0	0	0
1007	0	0	0	0
Vlan	DHCP Permits A	CL Permits	Source MAC Fai	lures
1	0	0		0
2	0	0		0
3	68322	0		0
4	0	0		0
100	0	0		0
101	0	0		0
1006	0	0		0
1007	0	0		0
Vlan	Dest MAC Failures		ation Failures	
1	0		0	
2	0		0	
3	0		0	
4	0		0	
100	0		0	
101	0		0	
1006	0		0	
1007	0		0	
Switch#				

The following example shows how to display the configuration and operating state of DAI for VLAN 1:

```
Switch# show ip arp inspection vlan 1
Source Mac Validation : Disabled
Destination Mac Validation : Disabled
IP Address Validation : Disabled
      Configuration Operation ACL Match
Vlan
        Enabled
   1
                      Active
                   DHCP Logging
Vlan
        ACL Logging
```

Static ACL

Deny

Switch#

1

The following example shows how to display the trust state of Fast Ethernet interface 6/1:

Switch# show ip arp inspection interfaces fastEthernet 6/1

Deny

Interface	Trust State	Rate (pps)	Burst Interval
Fa6/1	Untrusted	20	5
Switch#			

The following example shows how to display the trust state of the interfaces on the switch:

Switch# show	v ip arp inspection	interfaces	
Interface	Trust State	Rate (pps)	
Gi1/1	Untrusted	15	
Gi1/2	Untrusted	15	
Gi3/1	Untrusted	15	
Gi3/2	Untrusted	15	
Fa3/3	Trusted	None	
Fa3/4	Untrusted	15	
Fa3/5	Untrusted	15	
Fa3/6	Untrusted 15		
Fa3/7	Untrusted 15		
Switch#			

Command	Description
arp access-list	Defines an ARP access list or adds clauses at the end of a predefined list.
clear ip arp inspection log	Clears the status of the log buffer.
show ip arp inspection log	Displays the status of the log buffer.

show ip arp inspection log

To show the status of the log buffer, use the **show ip arp inspection log** command.

show ip arp inspection log

Syntax Description

This command has no arguments or keywords.

Command Default

This command has no default settings.

Command Modes

Privileged EXEC mode

Command History

Release	Modification
12.1(19)EW	This command was introduced on the Catalyst 4500 series switch.

Examples

The following example shows how to display the current contents of the log buffer before and after the buffers are cleared:

Switch# show ip arp inspection log Total Log Buffer Size : 10 Syslog rate : 0 entries per 10 seconds.

Interface	Vla	n Sender MAC	Sender IP	Num of Pkts
Fa6/3	1	0002.0002.0002	10.1.1.2	1(12:02:52 UTC Fri Apr 25 2003)
Fa6/3	1	0002.0002.0002	10.1.1.3	1(12:02:52 UTC Fri Apr 25 2003)
Fa6/3	1	0002.0002.0002	10.1.1.4	1(12:02:52 UTC Fri Apr 25 2003)
Fa6/3	1	0002.0002.0002	10.1.1.5	1(12:02:52 UTC Fri Apr 25 2003)
Fa6/3	1	0002.0002.0002	10.1.1.6	1(12:02:52 UTC Fri Apr 25 2003)
Fa6/3	1	0002.0002.0002	10.1.1.7	1(12:02:52 UTC Fri Apr 25 2003)
Fa6/3	1	0002.0002.0002	10.1.1.8	1(12:02:52 UTC Fri Apr 25 2003)
Fa6/3	1	0002.0002.0002	10.1.1.9	1(12:02:52 UTC Fri Apr 25 2003)
Fa6/3	1	0002.0002.0002	10.1.1.10	1(12:02:52 UTC Fri Apr 25 2003)
Fa6/3	1	0002.0002.0002	10.1.1.11	1(12:02:52 UTC Fri Apr 25 2003)
==			==	5(12:02:52 UTC Fri Apr 25 2003)
Switch#				

The following example shows how to clear the buffer with the clear ip arp inspection log command:

Switch# clear ip arp inspection log Switch# show ip arp inspection log Total Log Buffer Size : 10 Syslog rate : 0 entries per 10 seconds. No entries in log buffer. Switch#

Command	Description
arp access-list	Defines an ARP access list or adds clauses at the end of a predefined list.
clear ip arp inspection log	Clears the status of the log buffer.

show cef exact-route platform

To display the exact Cisco Express Forwarding (CEF) route for a hardware session, use the **show cef exact-route platform** command in user EXEC or privileged EXEC mode.

show {ip | ipv6} cef exact-route platform {ipv4-source-address | ipv6-source-address} {src-port port-number} {destination-address} {dest-port port-number}

Syntax Description

ip	IP address.	
ipv6	IPv6 address.	
platform	Specifies the exact route for a hardware session.	
source-address	Network source address.	
src-port port-number	(Optional) Specifies a Layer 4 port number for the source IP address. Valid values for the <i>port-number</i> argument are from 0 to 65535.	
destination-address	Network destination address.	
dest-port port-number	(Optional) Specifies a Layer 4 port number for the destination IP address. Valid values for the <i>port-number</i> argument are from 0 to 65535.	

Command Modes

User EXEC (>)

Privileged EXEC (#)

Command History

Release	Modification
Cisco IOS XE Release 3.10.1E	This command was introduced.

Usage Guidelines

If there are multiple parallel paths to a destination, traffic to that destination is load-balanced across these paths. The **show cef exact-route platform** command provides the final forwarding path decision.

Use the **show cef exact-route platform** command to display the next-hop address for a given source/destination address pair and source/destination port.

Examples

The following is a sample output from the **show ip cef exact-route platform** command:

Device# show ip cef exact-route platform 172.16.1.3 172.16.1.2

172.16.1.3 -> 172.16.1.2 =>IP adj out of Vlan55, addr 172.17.25.1

Table 2-20 describes the significant fields shown in the display:

Table 2-20 show ip cef exact-route platform Field Descriptions

Field	Description
172.16.1.3 -> 172.16.1.2	From source IP address 172.16.1.3 to destination IP address 172.16.1.2.

Field	Description
IP adj out of Vlan55	Next-hop interface is VLAN interface 55.
addr 172.17.25.1	Next-hop IP address is 172.17.25.1.

The following is a sample output from the **show ipv6 cef exact-route platform** command:

Device# show ipv6 cef exact-route platform 2001:DB8:1::1 2001:DB8:1::2

2001:DB8:1::1 -> 2001:DB8:1::2 =>IPV6 adj out of Vlan77, addr 2001:DB8:0:ABCD::1

Table 2-21 describes the significant fields shown in the display:

Table 2-21	show ipv6 cef exact-route platform Field Descriptions
Field	Description
2001:DB8:1::1 -> 2001:DB8:1::2	From source IPv6 address 2001:DB8:1::1 to destination IPv6 address 2001:DB8:1::2.
IPV6 adj out of Vlan77	Next-hop interface is VLAN interface 77.
addr 2001:DB8:0:ABCD::1	Next-hop IPv6 address is 2001:DB8:0:ABCD::1.

show ip cef vlan

To view IP CEF VLAN interface status and configuration information and display the prefixes for a specific interface, use the **show ip cef vlan** command.

show ip cef vlan vlan_num [detail]

Syntax Description

vlan_num	Number of the VLAN.
detail	(Optional) Displays detailed information.

Command Default

This command has no default settings.

Command Modes

Privileged EXEC mode

Command History

Release	Modification
12.1(8a)EW	This command was introduced on the Catalyst 4500 series switch.

Examples

The following example shows how to display the prefixes for a specific VLAN:

Switch# show ip cef	vlan 1003	
Prefix	Next Hop	Interface
0.0.0.0/0	172.20.52.1	FastEthernet3/3
0.0.0.0/32	receive	
10.7.0.0/16	172.20.52.1	FastEthernet3/3
10.16.18.0/23	172.20.52.1	FastEthernet3/3
Switch#		

The following example shows how to display detailed IP CEF information for a specific VLAN:

Switch# show ip cef vlan 1003 detail

```
IP Distributed CEF with switching (Table Version 2364), flags=0x0 1383 routes, 0 reresolve, 0 unresolved (0 old, 0 new) 1383 leaves, 201 nodes, 380532 bytes, 2372 inserts, 989 invalidations 0 load sharing elements, 0 bytes, 0 references universal per-destination load sharing algorithm, id 9B6C9823 3 CEF resets, 0 revisions of existing leaves refcounts: 54276 leaf, 51712 node
```

Adjacency Table has 5 adjacencies Switch#

show ip dhcp snooping

To display the DHCP snooping configuration, use the show ip dhcp snooping command.

show ip dhcp snooping

Syntax Description

This command has no arguments or keywords.

Command Default

This command has no default settings.

Command Modes

Privileged EXEC mode

Command History

Release	Modification
12.1(12c)EW	This command was introduced on the Catalyst 4500 series switch.
12.2(25)EWA	Support for option 82 on untrusted ports was added.

Examples

The following example shows how to display the DHCP snooping configuration:

Switch# show ip dhcp snooping

Switch DHCP snooping is enabled

 ${\tt DHCP}$ snooping is configured on following VLANs:

500,555

DHCP snooping is operational on following VLANs:

500,555

DHCP snooping is configured on the following L3 Interfaces:

Insertion of option 82 is enabled

circuit-id default format: vlan-mod-port

remote-id: switch123 (string)

Option 82 on untrusted port is not allowed Verification of hwaddr field is enabled DHCP

snooping trust/rate is configured on the following Interfaces:

Interface Trusted Rate limit (pps)

----- -----

 ${\tt FastEthernet5/1~yes~100}$

Custom circuit-ids:

VLAN 555: customer-555

FastEthernet2/1 no unlimited

Custom circuit-ids:

VLAN 500: customer-500

Switch#

show ip dhcp snooping binding

Command	Description
ip dhcp snooping	Globally enables DHCP snooping.
ip dhcp snooping information option	Enables DHCP option 82 data insertion.
ip dhcp snooping limit rate	Configures the number of the DHCP messages that an interface can receive per second.
ip dhcp snooping trust	Enables DHCP snooping on a trusted VLAN.
ip dhcp snooping vlan	Enables DHCP snooping on a VLAN or a group of VLANs.

To display the DHCP snooping binding entries, use the **show ip dhcp snooping binding** command.

show ip dhcp snooping binding [ip-address] [mac-address] [**vlan** vlan_num] [**interface**_num]

Syntax Description

ip-address	(Optional) IP address for the binding entries.
mac-address	(Optional) MAC address for the binding entries.
vlan vlan_num	(Optional) Specifies a VLAN.
interface interface_num	(Optional) Specifies an interface.

Command Default

If no argument is specified, the switch will display the entire DHCP snooping binding table.

Command Modes

Privileged EXEC mode

Command History

Release	Modification
12.1(12c)EW	This command was introduced on the Catalyst 4500 series switch.

Usage Guidelines

DHCP snooping is enabled on a VLAN only if both the global snooping and the VLAN snooping are enabled

To configure a range of VLANs, use the optional *last_vlan* argument to specify the end of the VLAN range.

Examples

The following example shows how to display the DHCP snooping binding entries for a switch:

Switch# show ip dhcp snooping binding

MacAddress	IP Address	Lease (seconds)	Type	VLAN	Interface
0000.0100.0201 Switch#	10.0.0.1	1600	dhcp-snooping	100	FastEthernet3/1

The following example shows how to display an IP address for DHCP snooping binding entries:

Switch# show ip dhcp snooping binding 172.100.101.102

MacAddress	IP Address	Lease (seconds)	Туре	VLAN	Interface
0000.0100.0201	172.100.101.10	2 1600	dhcp-snooping	100	FastEthernet3/1
Switch#					

The following example shows how to display the MAC address for the DHCP snooping binding entries:

Switch# show ip dhcp snooping binding 55.5.5.2 0002.b33f.3d5f

MacAddress	IpAddress	Lease(sec)	Type	VLAN	Interface
00:02:B3:3F:3D:5F	55.5.5.2	492	dhcp-snooping	99 E	FastEthernet6/36
Switch#					

The following example shows how to display the DHCP snooping binding entries' MAC address for a specific VLAN:

Switch# show ip dhcp snooping binding 55.5.5.2 0002.b33f.3d5f vlan 99

MacAddress	IpAddress	Lease(sec)	Туре	VLAN	Interface
00:02:B3:3F:3D:5F Switch#	55.5.5.2	479	dhcp-snooping	99	FastEthernet6/36

The following example shows how to display the dynamic DHCP snooping binding entries:

Switch# show ip dhcp snooping binding dynamic

MacAddress	IP Address	Lease (seconds)	Type	VLAN	Interface
0000.0100.0201	10.0.0.1	1600	dhcp-snooping	100	FastEthernet3/1
Cwitch#					

The following example shows how to display the DHCP snooping binding entries on VLAN 100:

Switch# show ip dhcp snooping binding vlan 100'

MacAddress	IP Address	Lease (seconds)	Туре	VLAN	Interface
0000.0100.0201 Switch#	10.0.0.1	1600	dhcp-snooping	100	FastEthernet3/1

The following example shows how to display the DHCP snooping binding entries on Ethernet interface 0/1:

Switch# show ip dhcp snooping binding interface fastethernet3/1

MacAddress	IP Address	Lease (seconds)	Type	VLAN	Interface
0000.0100.0201	10.0.0.1	1600	dhcp-snooping	100	FastEthernet3/1
Switch#					

Table 2-22 describes the fields in the **show ip dhcp snooping** command output.

Table 2-22 show ip dhcp snooping Command Output

Field	Description
Mac Address	Client hardware MAC address.
IP Address	Client IP address assigned from the DHCP server.
Lease (seconds)	IP address lease time.
Type	Binding type; statically configured from CLI or dynamically learned.
VLAN	VLAN number of the client interface.
Interface	Interface that connects to the DHCP client host.

Command	Description
ip dhcp snooping information option	Enables DHCP option 82 data insertion.
ip dhcp snooping limit rate	Configures the number of the DHCP messages that an interface can receive per second.
ip dhcp snooping trust	Enables DHCP snooping on a trusted VLAN.
ip dhcp snooping vlan	Enables DHCP snooping on a VLAN or a group of VLANs.
ip igmp snooping	Enables IGMP snooping.
ip igmp snooping vlan	Enables IGMP snooping for a VLAN.

show ip dhcp snooping database

To display the status of the DHCP snooping database agent, use the show ip dhcp snooping database command.

show ip dhcp snooping database [detail]

Syntax Description

detail	(Optional)	Provides additional	operating state a	and statistics information.
--------	------------	---------------------	-------------------	-----------------------------

Command Default

This command has no default settings.

Command Modes

Privileged EXEC mode

Command History

Release	Modification
12.1(12c)EW	This command was introduced on the Catalyst 4500 series switch.
12.1(19)EW	Added support of state and statistics information.

Examples

The following example shows how to display the DHCP snooping database:

```
Switch# show ip dhcp snooping database
```

```
Agent URL :
Write delay Timer: 300 seconds
Abort Timer: 300 seconds
Agent Running : No
Delay Timer Expiry : Not Running
Abort Timer Expiry : Not Running
Last Succeded Time : None
Last Failed Time : None
Last Failed Reason : No failure recorded.
Total Attempts
                          0 Startup Failures:
                         0 Failed Transfers :
Successful Transfers :
                                                       0
Successful Reads :
                          0 Failed Reads :
                                                       0
Successful Writes :
                         0
                               Failed Writes :
Media Failures
```

Switch#

The following example shows how to view additional operating statistics:

```
Switch# show ip dhcp snooping database detail
Agent URL: tftp://10.1.1.1/directory/file
Write delay Timer : 300 seconds
Abort Timer: 300 seconds
Agent Running: No
Delay Timer Expiry: 7 (00:00:07)
Abort Timer Expiry : Not Running
Last Succeded Time : None
Last Failed Time: 17:14:25 UTC Sat Jul 7 2001
Last Failed Reason : Unable to access URL.
Total Attempts
                          21
                              Startup Failures :
                                                       0
Successful Transfers :
                          0 Failed Transfers :
                                                      21
Successful Reads :
                          0 Failed Reads :
Successful Writes
                          O Failed Writes :
                                                      21
Media Failures
                           0
First successful access: Read
Last ignored bindings counters :
Binding Collisions : 0
                                Expired leases
Invalid interfaces
                           0
                                                         0
                                Unsupported vlans :
                    :
Parse failures
                            0
                    :
Last Ignored Time : None
Total ignored bindings counters:
Binding Collisions : 0
                                Expired leases
                                                         0
Invalid interfaces :
                        0
                                Unsupported vlans :
Parse failures
Switch#
```

Command	Description
ip dhcp snooping	Globally enables DHCP snooping.
ip dhcp snooping database	Stores the bindings that are generated by DHCP snooping.
ip dhcp snooping information option	Enables DHCP option 82 data insertion.
ip dhcp snooping limit rate	Configures the number of the DHCP messages that an interface can receive per second.
ip dhcp snooping trust	Enables DHCP snooping on a trusted VLAN.
ip dhcp snooping vlan	Enables DHCP snooping on a VLAN or a group of VLANs.

show ip igmp interface

To view IP IGMP interface status and configuration information, use the **show ip igmp interface** command.

show ip igmp interface [fastethernet *slot/port* | **gigabitethernet** *slot/port* | **tengigabitethernet** *slot/port* | **null** *interface-number* | **vlan** *vlan_id* |

Syntax Description

fastethernet slot/port	(Optional) Specifies the Fast Ethernet interface and the number of the slot and port.
gigabitethernet slot/port	(Optional) Specifies the Gigabit Ethernet interface and the number of the slot and port; valid values are from 1 to 9.
tengigabitethernet slot/port	(Optional) Specifies the 10-Gigabit Ethernet interface and the number of the slot and port; valid values are from 1 to 2.
null interface-number	(Optional) Specifies the null interface and the number of the interface; the only valid value is 0 .
vlan vlan_id	(Optional) Specifies the VLAN and the number of the VLAN; valid values are from 1 to 4094.

Command Default

If you do not specify a VLAN, information for VLAN 1 is shown.

Command Modes

Privileged EXEC mode

Command History

Release	Modification
12.1(8a)EW	This command was introduced on the Catalyst 4500 series switch.
12.1(12c)EW	Added support for extended VLAN addresses.
12.2(25)EW	Added support for the 10-Gigabit Ethernet interface.

Usage Guidelines

If you omit the optional arguments, the **show ip igmp interface** command displays information about all interfaces.

Examples

The following example shows how to view IGMP information for VLAN 200:

Switch# show ip igmp interface vlan 200
IGMP snooping is globally enabled
IGMP snooping is enabled on this Vlan
IGMP snooping immediate-leave is disabled on this Vlan
IGMP snooping mrouter learn mode is pim-dvmrp on this Vlan
IGMP snooping is running in IGMP-ONLY mode on this VLAN
Switch#

Command	Description Deletes the IGMP group cache entries.		
clear ip igmp group			
show ip igmp snooping mrouter	Displays information on the dynamically learned and manually configured multicast switch interfaces.		

show ip igmp profile

To view all configured IGMP profiles or a specified IGMP profile, use the **show ip igmp profile** privileged EXEC command.

show ip igmp profile [profile number]

Syntax Description

profile number	(Optional) IGMP profile number to be displayed; valid ranges are from
	1 to 4294967295.

Command Default

This command has no default settings.

Command Modes

Privileged EXEC mode

Command History

Release	Modification
12.1(11b)EW	This command was introduced on the Catalyst 4500 series switch.

Usage Guidelines

If no profile number is entered, all IGMP profiles are displayed.

Examples

The following example shows how to display IGMP profile 40:

```
Switch# show ip igmp profile 40
IGMP Profile 40
    permit
    range 233.1.1.1 233.255.255.255
Switch#
```

The following example shows how to display all IGMP profiles:

```
Switch# show ip igmp profile
IGMP Profile 3
    range 230.9.9.0 230.9.9.0
IGMP Profile 4
    permit
    range 229.9.9.0 229.255.255.255
```

Command	Description
ip igmp profile	Creates an IGMP profile.

show ip igmp snooping

To display information on dynamically learned and manually configured VLAN switch interfaces, use the **show ip igmp snooping** command.

show ip igmp snooping [querier | groups | mrouter] [vlan vlan_id] a.b.c.d [summary | sources | hosts] [count]

Syntax Description

querier	(Optional) Specifies that the display will contain IP address and version information.
groups	(Optional) Specifies that the display will list VLAN members sorted by group IP addresses.
mrouter	(Optional) Specifies that the display will contain information on dynamically learned and manually configured multicast switch interfaces.
vlan vlan_id	(Optional) Specifies a VLAN; valid values are from 1 to 1001 and from 1006 to 4094.
a.b.c.d	Group or multicast IP address.
summary	(Optional) Specifies a display of detailed information for a v2 or v3 group.
sources	(Optional) Specifies a list of the source IPs for the specified group.
hosts	(Optional) Specifies a list of the host IPs for the specified group.
count	(Optional) Specifies a display of the total number of group addresses learned by the system on a global or per-VLAN basis.

Command Default

This command has no default settings.

Command Modes

EXEC

Command History

Release	Modification
12.1(8a)EW	This command was introduced on the Catalyst 4500 series switch.
12.1(19)EW	Support for extended addressing was added.
12.1(20)EW	Added support to display configuration state for IGMPv3 explicit host tracking.

Usage Guidelines

You can also use the **show mac-address-table multicast** command to display the entries in the MAC address table for a VLAN that has IGMP snooping enabled.

You can display IGMP snooping information for VLAN interfaces by entering the **show ip igmp snooping** command.

Examples

The following example shows how to display the global snooping information on the switch:

```
Switch# show ip igmp snooping
Global IGMP Snooping configuration:
IGMP snooping : Enabled IGMPv3 snooping : Enabled
Report suppression : Enabled TCN solicit query : Disabled
                            : Disabled
TCN flood query count : 2
Vlan 1:
_____
                                   : Enabled
IGMP snooping
IGMP snooping : Enabled IGMPv2 immediate leave : Disabled Explicit host tracking : Enabled
Multicast router learning mode : pim-dvmrp
CGMP interoperability mode : IGMP_ONLY
Vlan 2:
IGMP snooping
                                    : Enabled
IGMPv2 immediate leave : Disabled Explicit host tracking : Enabled
Multicast router learning mode : pim-dvmrp
CGMP interoperability mode : IGMP_ONLY
```

The following example shows how to display the snooping information on VLAN 2:

Switch>

The following example shows how to display IGMP querier information for all VLANs on a switch:

Switch#	show ip igm	mp snooping	querier	
Vlan	IP Addres	ss IGMP	Version	Port
2	10.10.10.	1 v2		Router
3	172.20.50).22 v3		Fa3/15
Switch>				

The following example shows how to display IGMP querier information for VLAN 5 when running IGMPv2:

```
Switch# show ip igmp snooping querier vlan 5
```

IP address :5.5.5.10
IGMP version :v2
Port :Fa3/1
Max response time :10s
Switch>

The following example shows how to display IGMP querier information for VLAN 5 when running IGMPv3:

Switch# show ip igmp snooping querier vlan 5

IP address :5.5.5.10
IGMP version :v3
Port :Fa3/1
Max response time :10s
Query interval :60s
Robustness variable :2
Switch>

The following example shows how to display snooping information for a specific group:

Switch# show ip igmp snooping group

Vlan	Group	Version	Ports
2	224.0.1.40	v3	Router
2	224.2.2.2	v3	Fa6/2
Switch>			

The following example shows how to display the group's host types and ports in VLAN 1:

Switch# show ip igmp snooping group vlan 1

Vlan	Group	Host Type	Ports	
1	229.2.3.4	v3	fa2/1 fa2/3	
1	224.2.2.2	v3	Fa6/2	
Switch>				

The following example shows how to display the group's host types and ports in VLAN 1:

Switch# show ip igmp snooping group vlan 10 226.6.6.7

Vlan	Group	Version	Ports
10	226.6.6.7	v3	Fa7/13, Fa7/14
Cturi + ch >			

The following example shows how to display the current state of a group with respect to a source IP address:

${\tt Switch\#\ show\ ip\ igmp\ snooping\ group\ vlan\ 10\ 226.6.6.7\ sources}$

Source information for group 226.6.6.7:

Timers: Expired sources are deleted on next IGMP General Query

SourceIP	Expires	Uptime	Inc	Hosts	Exc	Hosts
2.0.0.1		00:03:48			0	
2.0.0.2 Switch>	00:03:04	00:02:07	2		0	

The following example shows how to display the current state of a group with respect to a host MAC address:

```
Switch# show ip igmp snooping group vlan 10 226.6.6.7 hosts IGMPv3 host information for group 226.6.6.7 Timers: Expired hosts are deleted on next IGMP General Query
```

Host (MAC/IP)	Filter mode	Expires	Uptime	# Sources
175.1.0.29	INCLUDE	stopped	00:00:51	2
175.2.0.30	INCLUDE	stopped	00:04:14	2
Switch>				

The following example shows how to display summary information for a v3 group:

Switch# show ip igmp snooping group vlan 10 226.6.6.7 summary

```
Group Address (Vlan 10) : 226.6.6.7

Host type : v3

Member Ports : Fa7/13, Fa7/14

Filter mode : INCLUDE

Expires : stopped

Sources : 2

Reporters (Include/Exclude) : 2/0

Switch>
```

The following example shows how to display multicast router information for VLAN 1:

```
Switch# show ip igmp snooping mrouter vlan 1
vlan ports

1 Gi1/1,Gi2/1,Fa3/48,Router
Switch#
```

The following example shows how to display the total number of group addresses learned by the system globally:

```
Switch# show ip igmp snooping group count
Total number of groups: 54
Switch>
```

The following example shows how to display the total number of group addresses learned on VLAN 5:

```
Switch# show ip igmp snooping group vlan 5 count Total number of groups: 30 Switch>
```

Command	Description
ip igmp snooping	Enable IGMP snooping.
ip igmp snooping vlan immediate-leave	Enable IGMP immediate-leave processing.
ip igmp snooping vlan mrouter	Configures a Layer 2 interface as a multicast router interface for a VLAN.
ip igmp snooping vlan static	Configures a Layer 2 interface as a member of a group.
show ip igmp interface	Displays the information about the IGMP-interface status and configuration.

Command	Description	
show ip igmp snooping mrouter	Displays information on the dynamically learned and manually configured multicast switch interfaces.	
show mac-address-table multicast	Displays information about the multicast MAC address table.	

show ip igmp snooping membership

To display host membership information, use the show ip igmp snooping membership command.

show ip igmp snooping membership [interface interface_num] [vlan vlan_id] [reporter a.b.c.d] [source a.b.c.d group a.b.c.d]

Syntax Description

interface interface_num	(Optional) Displays IP address and version information of an interface.
vlan vlan_id	(Optional) Displays VLAN members sorted by group IP address of a VLAN; valid values are from 1 to 1001 and from 1006 to 4094.
reporter a.b.c.d	(Optional) Displays membership information for a specified reporter.
source a.b.c.d	(Optional) Specifies a reporter, source, or group IP address.
group a.b.c.d	(Optional) Displays all members of a channel (source, group), sorted by interface or VLAN.

Command Default

This command has no default settings.

Command Modes

Privileged EXEC mode

Command History

Release	Modification
12.1(20)EW	This command was introduced on the Catalyst 4500 series switch.
12.2(25)EW	Added support for the 10-Gigabit Ethernet interface.

Usage Guidelines

This command is valid only if explicit host tracking is enabled on the switch.

Examples

The following example shows how to display host membership for the Gigabit Ethernet interface 4/1:

Switch# show ip igmp snooping membership interface gigabitethernet4/1
#channels: 5
#hosts : 1
Source/Group Interface Reporter Uptime Last-Join Last-Leave

40.40.40.2/224.10.10.10 Gi4/1 20.20.20.20 00:23:37 00:06:50 00:20:30
40.40.40.4/224.10.10.10Gi4/1 20.20.20.20 00:39:42 00:09:17 Switch#

The following example shows how to display host membership for VLAN 20 and group 224.10.10.10:

Switch# show ip igmp snooping membership vlan 20 source 40.40.40.2 group 224.10.10.10 #channels: 5 #hosts : 1 Source/Group Interface Reporter Uptime Last-Join Last-Leave 40.40.40.2/224.10.10.10 Gi4/1 20.20.20.20 00:23:37 00:06:50 00:20:30 Switch#

The following example shows how to display host membership information for VLAN 20 and to delete the explicit host tracking:

Switch# show ip igmp snooping membership vlan 20

Snooping Membership Summary for Vlan 20

Total number of channels:5
Total number of hosts :4

Source/Group	Interface	Reporter	Uptime Last-Join/	Last-Leave
40.0.0.1/224.1.1.1	Fa7/37	0002.4ba0.a4f6	00:00:04 00:00:04 /	
40.0.0.2/224.1.1.1	Fa7/37	0002.fd80.f770	00:00:17 00:00:17 /	-
40.0.0.2/224.1.1.1	ra//3/	0002.1000.1770	00:00:17 00:00:17 7	-
40.0.0.3/224.1.1.1	Fa7/36	20.20.20.20	00:00:04 00:00:04 /	-
40.0.0.4/224.1.1.1	Fa7/35	20.20.20.210	00:00:17 00:00:17 /	_
40.0.0.5/224.1.1.1	Fa7/37	0002.fd80.f770	00:00:17 00:00:17 /	

Switch# clear ip igmp snooping membership vlan 20 Switch#

Command	Description
clear ip igmp snooping membership	Clears the explicit host tracking database.
ip igmp snooping vlan explicit-tracking	Enables per-VLAN explicit host tracking.
show ip igmp snooping	Displays information on dynamically learned and manually configured VLAN switch interfaces.

show ip igmp snooping mrouter

To display information on the dynamically learned and manually configured multicast switch interfaces, use the **show ip igmp snooping mrouter** command.

show ip igmp snooping mrouter [vlan vlan-id]

Syntax Description

vlan vlan-id (Optional) Specifies a VLAN; valid values are from 1 to 1001 and from 1006 to 4094.

Command Default

This command has no default settings.

Command Modes

Privileged EXEC mode

Command History

Release	Modification
12.1(8a)EW	This command was introduced on the Catalyst 4500 series switch.
12.1(19)EW	Added support for extended VLAN addresses.

Usage Guidelines

You can also use the **show mac-address-table multicast** command to display entries in the MAC address table for a VLAN that has IGMP snooping enabled.

You can display IGMP snooping information for the VLAN interfaces by entering the **show ip igmp interface vlan** *vlan-num* command.

Examples

The following example shows how to display snooping information for a specific VLAN:

Switch#	show	ip	igmp	snooping	mrouter	vlan	1
vlan			port	S			
+							
1		Gi1	1/1,G	i2/1,Fa3/	48,Switcl	n	
Switch#							

Command	Description
ip igmp snooping vlan mrouter	Statically configures a Layer 2 interface as a multicast router interface for a VLAN.
show ip igmp interface	Displays the information about the IGMP-interface status and configuration.
show mac-address-table multicast	Displays information about the multicast MAC address table.

show ip igmp snooping vlan

To display information on the dynamically learned and manually configured VLAN switch interfaces, use the **show ip igmp snooping vlan** command.

show ip igmp snooping vlan vlan_num

Syntax Description

vlan_num	Number of the VLAN; valid values are from 1 to 1001 and from 1006 to 4094.	
----------	--	--

Command Default

This command has no default settings.

Command Modes

Privileged EXEC mode

Command History

Release	Modification
12.1(8a)EW	This command was introduced on the Catalyst 4500 series switch.
12.1(12c)EW	Support for extended addressing was added.

Usage Guidelines

You can also use the **show mac-address-table multicast** command to display the entries in the MAC address table for a VLAN that has IGMP snooping enabled.

Examples

The following example shows how to display snooping information for a specific VLAN:

```
Switch# show ip igmp snooping vlan 2 vlan 2
```

IGMP snooping is globally enabled
IGMP snooping TCN solicit query is globally enabled
IGMP snooping global TCN flood query count is 2
IGMP snooping is enabled on this Vlan
IGMP snooping immediate-leave is disabled on this Vlan
IGMP snooping mrouter learn mode is pim-dvmrp on this Vlan
IGMP snooping is running in IGMP_ONLY mode on this Vlan
Switch#

Command	Description
ip igmp snooping	Enable IGMP snooping.
ip igmp snooping vlan immediate-leave	Enable IGMP immediate-leave processing.
ip igmp snooping vlan mrouter	Statically configures a Layer 2 interface as a multicast router interface for a VLAN.
ip igmp snooping vlan static	Configures a Layer 2 interface as a member of a group.
show ip igmp interface	Displays the information about the IGMP-interface status and configuration.
show ip igmp snooping mrouter	Displays information on the dynamically learned and manually configured multicast switch interfaces.
show mac-address-table multicast	Displays information about the multicast MAC address table.

show ip interface

To display the usability status of interfaces that are configured for IP, use the **show ip interface** command.

show ip interface [type number]

Syntax Description

type	(Optional) Interface type.
number	(Optional) Interface number.

Command Default

This command has no default settings.

Command Modes

EXEC

Command History

Release	Modification
12.2(25)EW	Extended to include the 10-Gigabit Ethernet interface.

Usage Guidelines

The Cisco IOS software automatically enters a directly connected route in the routing table if the interface is usable. A usable interface is one through which the software can send and receive packets. If the software determines that an interface is not usable, it removes the directly connected routing entry from the routing table. Removing the entry allows the software to use dynamic routing protocols to determine backup routes to the network, if any.

If the interface can provide two-way communication, the line protocol is marked "up." If the interface hardware is usable, the interface is marked "up."

If you specify an optional interface type, you see information only on that specific interface.

If you specify no optional arguments, you see information on all the interfaces.

When an asynchronous interface is encapsulated with PPP or Serial Line Internet Protocol (SLIP), IP fast switching is enabled. The **show ip interface** command on an asynchronous interface that is encapsulated with PPP or SLIP displays a message indicating that IP fast switching is enabled.

Examples

The following example shows how to display the usability status for a specific VLAN:

Switch# show ip interface vlan 1

Vlan1 is up, line protocol is up
Internet address is 10.6.58.4/24
Broadcast address is 255.255.255.255
Address determined by non-volatile memory
MTU is 1500 bytes
Helper address is not set
Directed broadcast forwarding is disabled
Outgoing access list is not set
Inbound access list is not set
Proxy ARP is enabled

```
Local Proxy ARP is disabled
  Security level is default
  Split horizon is enabled
  ICMP redirects are always sent
  ICMP unreachables are always sent
  ICMP mask replies are never sent
  IP fast switching is enabled
  IP fast switching on the same interface is disabled
  IP Flow switching is disabled
  IP CEF switching is enabled
  IP Fast switching turbo vector
  IP Normal CEF switching turbo vector
  IP multicast fast switching is enabled
  IP multicast distributed fast switching is disabled
  IP route-cache flags are Fast, CEF
  Router Discovery is disabled
  IP output packet accounting is disabled
  IP access violation accounting is disabled
  TCP/IP header compression is disabled
  RTP/IP header compression is disabled
  Probe proxy name replies are disabled
  Policy routing is disabled
  Network address translation is disabled
  WCCP Redirect outbound is disabled
  WCCP Redirect inbound is disabled
  WCCP Redirect exclude is disabled
  BGP Policy Mapping is disabled
  Sampled Netflow is disabled
  IP multicast multilayer switching is disabled
  Netflow Data Export (hardware) is enabled
Switch#
```

Table 2-23 describes the fields that are shown in the example.

Table 2-23 show ip interface Field Descriptions

Field	Description
Ethernet0 is up	If the interface hardware is usable, the interface is marked "up." For an interface to be usable, both the interface hardware and line protocol must be up.
line protocol is up	If the interface can provide two-way communication, the line protocol is marked "up." For an interface to be usable, both the interface hardware and line protocol must be up.
Internet address and subnet mask	IP address and subnet mask of the interface.
Broadcast address	Broadcast address.
Address determined by	Status of how the IP address of the interface was determined.
MTU	MTU value that is set on the interface.
Helper address	Helper address, if one has been set.
Secondary address	Secondary address, if one has been set.
Directed broadcast forwarding	Status of directed broadcast forwarding.
Multicast groups joined	Multicast groups to which this interface belongs.
Outgoing access list	Status of whether the interface has an outgoing access list set.
Inbound access list	Status of whether the interface has an incoming access list set.

Table 2-23 show ip interface Field Descriptions (continued)

Field	Description
Proxy ARP	Status of whether Proxy Address Resolution Protocol (ARP) is enabled for the interface.
Security level	IP Security Option (IPSO) security level set for this interface.
Split horizon	Status of split horizon.
ICMP redirects	Status of the redirect messages on this interface.
ICMP unreachables	Status of the unreachable messages on this interface.
ICMP mask replies	Status of the mask replies on this interface.
IP fast switching	Status of whether fast switching has been enabled for this interface. Fast switching is typically enabled on serial interfaces, such as this one.
IP SSE switching	Status of the IP silicon switching engine (SSE).
Router Discovery	Status of the discovery process for this interface. It is typically disabled on serial interfaces.
IP output packet accounting	Status of IP accounting for this interface and the threshold (maximum number of entries).
TCP/IP header compression	Status of compression.
Probe proxy name	Status of whether the HP Probe proxy name replies are generated.
WCCP Redirect outbound is enabled	Status of whether packets that are received on an interface are redirected to a cache engine.
WCCP Redirect exclude is disabled	Status of whether packets that are targeted for an interface are excluded from being redirected to a cache engine.
Netflow Data Export (hardware) is enabled	NDE hardware flow status on the interface.

show ip mfib

To display all active Multicast Forwarding Information Base (MFIB) routes, use the **show ip mfib** command.

show ip mfib [all | counters | log [n]]

Syntax Description

all	(Optional) Specifies all routes in the MFIB, including those routes that are used to accelerate fast switching but that are not necessarily in the upper-layer routing protocol table.
counters	(Optional) Specifies the counts of MFIB-related events. Only nonzero counters are shown.
log	(Optional) Specifies a log of the most recent number of MFIB-related events. The most recent event is first.
n	(Optional) Number of events.

Command Default

This command has no default settings.

Command Modes

Privileged EXEC mode

Command History

Release	Modification
12.1(8a)EW	This command was introduced on the Catalyst 4500 series switch.
12.2(40)SG	Support for command introduced on the Supervisor Engine 6-E and Catalyst 4900M chassis.

Usage Guidelines

In the Supervisor Engine 6-E, Supervisor Engine 6L-E, Catalyst 4900M, Catalyst 4948E, and Catalyst 4948E-F, the output of the **show ip mfib** command does not display any hardware counters.

The MFIB table contains a set of IP multicast routes; each route in the MFIB table contains several flags that associate to the route.

The route flags indicate how a packet that matches a route is forwarded. For example, the IC flag on an MFIB route indicates that some process on the switch needs to receive a copy of the packet. These flags are associated with MFIB routes:

- Internal Copy (IC) flag—Set on a route when a process on the switch needs to receive a copy of all packets matching the specified route.
- Signaling (S) flag—Set on a route when a switch process needs notification that a packet matching the route is received. In the expected behavior, the protocol code updates the MFIB state in response to having received a packet on a signaling interface.
- Connected (C) flag—When set on a route, the C flag has the same meaning as the S flag, except that the C flag indicates that only packets sent by directly connected hosts to the route should be signaled to a protocol process.

A route can also have a set of flags associated with one or more interfaces. For an (S,G) route, the flags on interface 1 indicate how the ingress packets should be treated and whether packets matching the route should be forwarded onto interface 1. These per-interface flags are associated with the MFIB routes:

- Accepting (A)—Set on the RPF interface when a packet that arrives on the interface and that is marked as Accepting (A) is forwarded to all Forwarding (F) interfaces.
- Forwarding (F)—Used with the A flag as described above. The set of forwarding interfaces together form a multicast olist or output interface list.
- Signaling (S)—Set on an interface when a multicast routing protocol process in Cisco IOS needs to be notified of ingress packets on that interface.
- Not Platform (NP) fast-switched—Used with the F flag. A forwarding interface is also marked as
 Not Platform fast-switched whenever that output interface cannot be fast-switched by the platform
 hardware and requires software forwarding.

Examples

The following example shows how to display all active MFIB routes:

```
Switch# show ip mfib
IP Multicast Forwarding Information Base
Entry Flags: C - Directly Connected, S - Signal,
             IC - Internal Copy
Interface Flags: A - Accept, F - Forward, NS - Signal,
            NP - Not platform switched
Packets: Fast/Partial/Slow Bytes: Fast/Partial/Slow:
(171.69.10.13, 224.0.1.40), flags (IC)
   Packets: 2292/2292/0, Bytes: 518803/0/518803
  Vlan7 (A)
  Vlan100 (F NS)
  Vlan105 (F NS)
(*, 224.0.1.60), flags ()
   Packets: 2292/0/0, Bytes: 518803/0/0
  Vlan7 (A NS)
(*, 224.0.1.75), flags ()
  Vlan7 (A NS)
(10.34.2.92, 239.192.128.80), flags ()
   Packets: 24579/100/0, 2113788/15000/0 bytes
  Vlan7 (F NS)
  Vlan100 (A)
(*, 239.193.100.70), flags ()
   Packets: 1/0/0, 1500/0/0 bytes
  Vlan7 (A)
Switch#
```

Command	Description
clear ip mfib counters	Clears the global MFIB counters and the counters for all active MFIB routes.

show ip mfib fastdrop

To display all currently active fast-drop entries and to show whether fast drop is enabled, use the **show** ip mfib fastdrop command.

show ip mfib fastdrop

Syntax Description

This command has no arguments or keywords.

Command Default

This command has no default settings.

Command Modes

Privileged EXEC mode

Command History

Release	Modification
12.1(8a)EW	This command was introduced on the Catalyst 4500 series switch.

Examples

The following example shows how to display all currently active fast-drop entries and whether fast drop is enabled.

Switch# show ip mfib fastdrop
MFIB fastdrop is enabled.
MFIB fast-dropped flows:
(10.0.0.1, 224.1.2.3, Vlan9) 00:01:32
(10.1.0.2, 224.1.2.3, Vlan9) 00:02:30
(1.2.3.4, 225.6.7.8, Vlan3) 00:01:50
Switch#

Command	Description
clear ip mfib fastdrop	Clears all the MFIB fast-drop entries.

show ip mroute

To display IP multicast routing table information, use the **show ip mroute** command.

show ip mroute [interface_type slot/port | host_name | host_address [source] | **active** [kbps | interface_type num] | **count** | **pruned** | **static** | **summary**]

Syntax Description

summary	(Optional) Displays a one-line, abbreviated summary of each entry in the IP multicast routing table.
static	(Optional) Displays the static multicast routes.
pruned	(Optional) Displays the pruned routes.
count	(Optional) Displays the route and packet count information.
kbps interface_type num	(Optional) Minimum rate at which active sources are sending to multicast groups; active sources sending at this rate or greater will be displayed. Valid values are from 1 to 4294967295 kbps.
active	(Optional) Displays the rate that active sources are sending to multicast groups.
host_address source	(Optional) IP address or name of a multicast source.
host_name	(Optional) Name or IP address as defined in the DNS hosts table.
interface_type slot/port	(Optional) Interface type and number of the slot and port; valid values for <i>interface type</i> are fastethernet , gigabitethernet , tengigabitethernet , null , and vlan .

Command Default

This command has no default settings.

Command Modes

Privileged EXEC mode

Command History

Release	Modification
12.1(8a)EW	This command was introduced on the Catalyst 4500 series switch.
12.2(25)EW	Added support for the 10-Gigabit Ethernet interface.

Usage Guidelines

If you omit all the optional arguments and keywords, the **show ip mroute** command displays all the entries in the IP multicast routing table.

The **show ip mroute active** *kbps* command displays all the sources sending at a rate greater than or equal to *kbps*.

The multicast routing table is populated by creating source, group (S,G) entries from star, group (*,G) entries. The star refers to all source addresses, the "S" refers to a single source address, and the "G" refers to the destination multicast group address. In creating (S,G) entries, the software uses the best path to that destination group found in the unicast routing table (through Reverse Path Forwarding (RPF).

Examples

The following example shows how to display all the entries in the IP multicast routing table:

Switch# show ip mroute

```
IP Multicast Routing Table
Flags:D - Dense, S - Sparse, s - SSM Group, C - Connected, L - Local,
       P - Pruned, R - RP-bit set, F - Register flag, T - SPT-bit set,
      J - Join SPT, M - MSDP created entry, X - Proxy Join Timer Running
      A - Advertised via MSDP, U - URD, I - Received Source Specific Host
           Report.
Outgoing interface flags:H - Hardware switched
Timers:Uptime/Expires
Interface state: Interface, Next-Hop or VCD, State/Mode
(*, 230.13.13.1), 00:16:41/00:00:00, RP 10.15.1.20, flags:SJC
  Incoming interface:GigabitEthernet4/8, RPF nbr 10.15.1.20
  Outgoing interface list:
 GigabitEthernet4/9, Forward/Sparse-Dense, 00:16:41/00:00:00, H
(*, 230.13.13.2), 00:16:41/00:00:00, RP 10.15.1.20, flags:SJC
 Incoming interface: GigabitEthernet4/8, RPF nbr 10.15.1.20, RPF-MFD
  Outgoing interface list:
    GigabitEthernet4/9, Forward/Sparse-Dense, 00:16:41/00:00:00, H
(10.20.1.15, 230.13.13.1), 00:14:31/00:01:40, flags:CJT
 Incoming interface: GigabitEthernet4/8, RPF nbr 10.15.1.20, RPF-MFD
  Outgoing interface list:
    GigabitEthernet4/9, Forward/Sparse-Dense, 00:14:31/00:00:00, H
(132.206.72.28, 224.2.136.89), 00:14:31/00:01:40, flags:CJT
  Incoming interface: GigabitEthernet4/8, RPF nbr 10.15.1.20, RPF-MFD
Outgoing interface list:Null
Switch#
```

The following example shows how to display the rate that the active sources are sending to the multicast groups and to display only the active sources that are sending at greater than the default rate:

Switch# show ip mroute active

```
Active IP Multicast Sources - sending > = 4 kbps

Group: 224.2.127.254, (sdr.cisco.com)
    Source: 146.137.28.69 (mbone.ipd.anl.gov)
    Rate: 1 pps/4 kbps(1sec), 4 kbps(last 1 secs), 4 kbps(life avg)

Group: 224.2.201.241, ACM 97
    Source: 130.129.52.160 (webcast3-e1.acm97.interop.net)
    Rate: 9 pps/93 kbps(1sec), 145 kbps(last 20 secs), 85 kbps(life avg)

Group: 224.2.207.215, ACM 97
    Source: 130.129.52.160 (webcast3-e1.acm97.interop.net)
    Rate: 3 pps/31 kbps(1sec), 63 kbps(last 19 secs), 65 kbps(life avg)

Switch#
```

The following example shows how to display route and packet count information:

```
Switch# show ip mroute count
IP Multicast Statistics
56 routes using 28552 bytes of memory
13 groups, 3.30 average sources per group
Forwarding Counts:Pkt Count/Pkts per second/Avg Pkt Size/Kilobits per second
Other counts:Total/RPF failed/Other drops(OIF-null, rate-limit etc)
Group:224.2.136.89, Source count:1, Group pkt count:29051
    Source:132.206.72.28/32, Forwarding:29051/-278/1186/0, Other:85724/8/56665
Switch#
```

The following example shows how to display summary information:

Table 2-24 describes the fields shown in the output.

Table 2-24 show ip mroute Field Descriptions

Field	Description
Flags:	Information about the entry.
D - Dense	Entry is operating in dense mode.
S - Sparse	Entry is operating in sparse mode.
s - SSM Group	Entry is a member of an SSM group.
C - Connected	Member of the multicast group is present on the directly connected interface.
L - Local	Switch is a member of the multicast group.
P - Pruned	Route has been pruned. This information is retained in case a downstream member wants to join the source.
R - Rp-bit set	Status of the (S,G) entry; is the (S,G) entry pointing toward the RP. The R - Rp-bit set is typically a prune state along the shared tree for a particular source.
F - Register flag	Status of the software; indicates if the software is registered for a multicast source.
T - SPT-bit set	Status of the packets; indicates if the packets been received on the shortest path source tree.

Table 2-24 show ip mroute Field Descriptions (continued)

Field	Description		
J - Join SPT	For (*, G) entries, indicates that the rate of traffic flowing down the shared tree is exceeding the SPT-Threshold set for the group. (The default SPT-Threshold setting is 0 kbps.) When the J - Join SPT flag is set, the next (S,G) packet received down the shared tree triggers an (S,G) join in the direction of the source causing the switch to join the source tree.		
	For (S, G) entries, indicates that the entry was created because the SPT-Threshold for the group was exceeded. When the J - Join SPT flag is set for (S,G) entries, the switch monitors the traffic rate on the source tree and attempts to switch back to the shared tree for this source if the traffic rate on the source tree falls below the group's SPT-Threshold for more than one minute.		
	The switch measures the traffic rate on the shared tree and compares the measured rate to the group's SPT-Threshold once every second. If the traffic rate exceeds the SPT-Threshold, the J- Join SPT flag is set on the (*, G) entry until the next measurement of the traffic rate. The flag is cleared when the next packet arrives on the shared tree and a new measurement interval is started.		
	If the default SPT-Threshold value of 0 Kbps is used for the group, the J- Join SPT flag is always set on (*, G) entries and is never cleared. When the default SPT-Threshold value is used, the switch immediately switches to the shortest-path tree when traffic from a new source is received.		
Outgoing interface flag:	Information about the outgoing entry.		
H - Hardware switched	Entry is hardware switched.		
Timer:	Uptime/Expires.		
Interface state:	Interface, Next-Hop or VCD, State/Mode.		
(*, 224.0.255.1) (198.92.37.100/32, 224.0.255.1)	Entry in the IP multicast routing table. The entry consists of the IP address of the source switch followed by the IP address of the multicast group. An asterisk (*) in place of the source switch indicates all sources.		
	Entries in the first format are referred to as (*,G) or "star comma G" entries. Entries in the second format are referred to as (S,G) or "S comma G" entries. (*,G) entries are used to build (S,G) entries.		
uptime	How long (in hours, minutes, and seconds) the entry has been in the IP multicast routing table.		
expires	How long (in hours, minutes, and seconds) until the entry is removed from the IP multicast routing table on the outgoing interface.		

Table 2-24 show ip mroute Field Descriptions (continued)

Field	Description		
RP	Address of the RP switch. For switches and access servers operating in sparse mode, this address is always 0.0.0.0.		
flags:	Information about the entry.		
Incoming interface	Expected interface for a multicast packet from the source. If the packet is not received on this interface, it is discarded.		
RPF neighbor	IP address of the upstream switch to the source. "Tunneling" indicates that this switch is sending data to the RP encapsulated in Register packets. The hexadecimal number in parentheses indicates to which RP it is registering. Each bit indicates a different RP if multiple RPs per group are used.		
DVMRP or Mroute	Status of whether the RPF information is obtained from the DVMRP routing table or the static mroutes configuration.		
Outgoing interface list	Interfaces through which packets are forwarded. When the ip pim nbma-mode command is enabled on the interface, the IP address of the PIM neighbor is also displayed.		
Ethernet0	Name and number of the outgoing interface.		
Next hop or VCD	Next hop specifies downstream neighbor's IP address. VCD specifies the virtual circuit descriptor number. VCD0 indicates that the group is using the static-map virtual circuit.		
Forward/Dense	Status of the packets; indicates if they are they forwarded on the interface if there are no restrictions due to access lists or the TTL threshold. Following the slash (/), mode in which the interface is operating (dense or sparse).		
Forward/Sparse	Sparse mode interface is in forward mode.		
time/time (uptime/expiration time)	Per interface, how long (in hours, minutes, and seconds) the entry has been in the IP multicast routing table. Following the slash (/), how long (in hours, minutes, and seconds) until the entry is removed from the IP multicast routing table.		

Command	Description
ip multicast-routing (refer to Cisco IOS documentation)	Enables IP multicast routing.
ip pim (refer to Cisco IOS documentation)	Enables Protocol Independent Multicast (PIM) on an interface.

show ip source binding

To display IP source bindings that are configured on the system, use the **show ip source binding** EXEC command.

show ip source binding [ip-address] [mac-address] [**dhcp-snooping** | **static**] [**vlan** vlan-id] [**interface** interface-name]

Syntax Description

ip-address	(Optional) Binding IP address.	
mac-address	(Optional) Binding MAC address.	
dhcp-snooping	(Optional) DHCP-snooping type binding.	
static	(Optional) Statically configured binding.	
vlan vlan-id	(Optional) VLAN number.	
interface interface-name	(Optional) Binding interface.	

Command Default

Displays both static and DHCP snooping bindings.

Command Modes

Privileged EXEC mode

Command History

Release	Modification
12.1(19)EW	This command was introduced on the Catalyst 4500 series switch.

Usage Guidelines

The optional parameters filter the display output result.

Examples

The following example shows how to display the IP source bindings:

Switch# show ip source binding

MacAddress	IpAddress	Lease(sec)	Type	VLAN	Interface
00:00:00:0A:00:0B	11.0.0.1	infinite	static	10	FastEthernet6/10

Switch#

The following example shows how to display the static IP binding entry of IP address 11.0.01:

Switch# show ip source binding 11.0.0.1 0000.000A.000B static vlan 10 interface Fa6/10

 show ip source binding 11.0.0.1 0000.000A.000B static vlan 10 interface Fa6/10

 MacAddress
 IpAddress
 Lease(sec)
 Type
 VLAN
 Interface

 00:00:00:00:00:00:00:00:00
 11.0.0.1
 infinite
 static
 10
 FastEthernet6/10

 Switch#

Command	Description		
ip source binding	Adds or deletes a static IP source binding entry.		

show ip verify source

To display the IP source guard configuration and filters on a particular interface, use the **show ip verify source** command.

show ip verify source [interface interface_num]

Syntax Description

interface *interface_num* (Optional) Specifies an interface.

Command Default

This command has no default settings.

Command Modes

Privileged EXEC mode

Command History

Release	Modification
12.1(19)EW	This command was introduced on the Catalyst 4500 series switch.

Examples

These examples show how to display the IP source guard configuration and filters on a particular interface with the **show ip verify source interface** command:

• This output appears when DHCP snooping is enabled on VLANs 10–20, interface fa6/1 has IP source filter mode that is configured as IP, and an existing IP address binding 10.0.0.1 is on VLAN 10:

Interface	Filter-type	Filter-mode	IP-address	Mac-address	Vlan
fa6/1	ip	active	10.0.0.1		10
fa6/1	ip	active	deny-all		11-20



The second entry shows that a default PVACL (deny all IP traffic) is installed on the port for those snooping-enabled VLANs that do not have a valid IP source binding.

• This output appears when you enter the **show ip verify source interface fa6/2** command and DHCP snooping is enabled on VLANs 10–20, interface fa6/1 has IP source filter mode that is configured as IP, and there is an existing IP address binding 10.0.0.1 on VLAN 10:

Interface	Filter-type	Filter-mode	IP-address	Mac-address	Vlan	
fa6/2	in	inactive-trust-port				

• This output appears when you enter the **show ip verify source interface fa6/3** command and the interface fa6/3 does not have a VLAN enabled for DHCP snooping:

Interface	Filter-type	Filter-mode	IP-address	Mac-address	Vlan
fa6/3	ip	inactive-no-snooping-vlan			

• This output appears when you enter the **show ip verify source interface fa6/4** command and the interface fa6/4 has an IP source filter mode that is configured as IP MAC and the existing IP MAC that binds 10.0.0.2/aaaa.bbbb.cccc on VLAN 10 and 11.0.0.1/aaaa.bbbb.cccd on VLAN 11:

Interface	Filter-type	Filter-mode	IP-address	Mac-address	Vlan
fa6/4	ip-mac	active	10.0.0.2	aaaa.bbbb.cccc	10
fa6/4	ip-mac	active	11.0.0.1	aaaa.bbbb.cccd	11
fa6/4	ip-mac	active	deny-all	deny-all	12-20

• This output appears when you enter the **show ip verify source interface fa6/5** command and the interface fa6/5 has IP source filter mode that is configured as IP MAC and existing IP MAC binding 10.0.0.3/aaaa.bbbb.ccce on VLAN 10, but port security is not enabled on fa6/5:

Interface	Filter-type	Filter-mode	IP-address	Mac-address	Vlan
fa6/5	ip-mac	active	10.0.0.3	permit-all	10
fa6/5	ip-mac	active	denv-all	permit-all	11-20



Enable port security first because the DHCP security MAC filter cannot apply to the port or VLAN.

• This output appears when you enter the **show ip verify source interface fa6/6** command and the interface fa6/6 does not have IP source filter mode that is configured:

DHCP security is not configured on the interface fa6/6.

The following example shows how to display all the interfaces on the switch that have DHCP snooping security and IP Port Security tracking enabled with the **show ip verify source** command.

The output is an accumulation of per-interface show CLIs:

Interface	Filter-type	Filter-mode	IP-address	Mac-address	Vlan
fa6/1	ip	active	10.0.0.1		10
fa6/1	ip	active	deny-all		11-20
fa6/2	ip	inactive-tru	st-port		
Fa6/3	ip trk	active	40.1.1.24		10
Fa6/3	ip trk	active	40.1.1.20		10
Fa6/3	ip trk	active	40.1.1.21		10
fa6/4	ip-mac	active	10.0.0.2	aaaa.bbbb.cccc	10
fa6/4	ip-mac	active	11.0.0.1	aaaa.bbbb.cccd	11
fa6/4	ip-mac	active	deny-all	deny-all	12-20
fa6/5	ip-mac	active	10.0.0.3	permit-all	10
fa6/5	ip-mac	active	deny-all	permit-all	11-20

Command	Description
ip dhcp snooping information option	Enables DHCP option 82 data insertion.
ip dhcp snooping limit rate	Configures the number of the DHCP messages that an interface can receive per second.
ip dhcp snooping trust	Enables DHCP snooping on a trusted VLAN.
ip igmp snooping	Enables IGMP snooping.
ip igmp snooping vlan	Enables IGMP snooping for a VLAN.
ip source binding	Adds or deletes a static IP source binding entry.
ip verify source	Enables IP source guard on untrusted Layer 2 interfaces.
show ip source binding	Displays the DHCP snooping binding entries.

show ip wccp

To display the Web Cache Communication Protocol (WCCP) global configuration and statistics, use the **show ip wccp** command in user EXEC or privileged EXEC mode.

show ip wccp [service-number [view | detail] | interfaces [cef | counts | detail] | web-cache]

Syntax Description

service-number	(Optional) Identification number of the web cache service group being controlled
	by the cache. The number can be from 0 to 254. For web caches using Cisco cache
	engines, the reverse proxy service is indicated by a value of 99.
interfaces	(Optional) WCCP redirect interfaces.
cef	(Optional) CEF interface statistics, including the number of input, output, dynamic, static, and multicast services.
counts	(Optional) WCCP interface count statistics, including the number of CEF and process-switched output and input packets redirected.
detail	(Optional) WCCP interface configuration statistics, including the number of input, output, dynamic, static, and multicast services.
web-cache	(Optional) Statistics for the web cache service.
view	(Optional) Other members of a particular service group, have or have not been detected.
detail	(Optional) Information about the router and all web caches.

Command Modes

User EXEC (>)
Privileged EXEC (#)

Command History

Release	Modification
15.0(2)SG	This command was introduced on Catalyst 4900M, Catalyst 4948E,
	Supervisor Engine 6-E, and Supervisor Engine 6L-E.

Usage Guidelines

Use the **clear ip wccp** command to reset the counter for the "Packets Redirected" information.

Use the **show ip wccp** *service-number* command to get the "Total Packets S/W Redirected" count. The "Total Packets S/W Redirected" count is the number of packets redirected in software.

Use the **show ip wccp** *service-number* **detail** command to get the "Packets Redirected" count. The "Packets Redirected" count is the number of packets redirected in software.

Use the **show ip wccp web-cache detail** command to get an indication of which traffic is redirected to which cache engine.

Use the **show ip wccp** command to show the configured WCCP services and a summary of their current state.

For cache-engine clusters using Cisco cache engines, the reverse proxy *service-number* is indicated by a value of 99.

All the packet statistics correspond to packets switched in software.

Examples

This section contains examples and field descriptions for the following forms of this command:

- **show ip wccp** service-number
- show ip wccp service-number view
- show ip wccp service-number detail
- show ip wccp interfaces
- show ip wccp web-cache
- · show ip wccp web-cache detail
- show ip wccp

show ip wccp service-number

The following is sample output from the **show ip wccp** *service-number* command:

```
Switch# show ip wccp 90
```

```
Global WCCP information:
    Router information:
        Router Identifier:
                                              100.1.1.16
        Protocol Version:
                                              2.0
    Service Identifier: 90
        Number of Service Group Clients:
        Number of Service Group Routers:
        Total Packets s/w Redirected:
                                              0
          Process:
                                              0
          CEF:
        Redirect Access-list:
                                              -none-
        Total Packets Denied Redirect:
                                              0
        Total Packets Unassigned:
                                              0
        Group Access-list:
                                              -none-
        Total Messages Denied to Group:
        Total Authentication failures:
                                              0
        Total Bypassed Packets Received:
                                              0
```

Table 25 describes the significant fields shown in the display.

 Table 25
 show ip wccp service-number Field Descriptions

Field	Description	
Router information	A list of routers detected by the current router.	
Protocol Version	The version of WCCP being used by the router in the service group.	
Service Identifier	Indicates which service is detailed.	
Number of Service Group Clients:	The number of clients that are visible to the router and other clients in the service group.	
Number of Service Group Routers	The number of routers in the service group.	
Total Packets s/w Redirected	Total number of packets s/w redirected by the router.	
Redirect Access-list	The name or number of the access list that determines which packets will be redirected.	
Total Packets Denied Redirect	Total number of packets that were not redirected because they did not match the access list.	

Table 25 show ip wccp service-number Field Descriptions (continued)

Field	Description
Total Packets Unassigned	Number of packets that were not redirected because they were not assigned to any cache engine. Packets may not be assigned during initial discovery of cache engines or when a cache is dropped from a cluster.
Group Access-list	Indicates which cache engine is allowed to connect to the router.
Total Messages Denied to Group	Indicates the number of packets denied by the <i>group-list</i> access list.
Total Authentication failures	The number of instances where a password did not match.
Total Bypassed Packets Received	The number of packets that have been bypassed. Process, fast, and Cisco Express Forwarding (CEF) are switching paths within Cisco IOS software.

show ip wccp service-number view

The following is sample output from the **show ip wccp** service-number **view** command for service group 1:

Switch# show ip wccp 1 view

```
WCCP Router Informed of:
10.168.88.10
10.168.88.20

WCCP Cache Engines Visible
10.168.88.11
10.168.88.12

WCCP Cache Engines Not Visible:
-none-
```



The number of maximum service groups that can be configured is 256.

If any web cache is displayed under the WCCP Cache Engines Not Visible field, the router needs to be reconfigured to map the web cache that is not visible to it.

Table 26 describes the significant fields shown in the display.

Table 26 show ip wccp service-number view Field Descriptions

Field	Description
WCCP Router Informed of	A list of routers detected by the current router.
WCCP Clients Visible	A list of clients that are visible to the router and other clients in the service group.
WCCP Clients Not Visible	A list of clients in the service group that are not visible to the router and other clients in the service group.

show ip wccp service-number detail

The following example displays WCCP client information and WCCP router statistics that include the type of services:

```
Switch# show ip wccp 91 detail
```

```
WCCP Client information:
                           10.10.10.2
      WCCP Client ID:
                           2.0
       Protocol Version:
                           Usable
       State:
       Redirection:
                           L2
      Packet Return:
                           GRE
       Packets Redirected: 0
       Connect Time: 00:05:23
       Assignment:
                         MASK
       Mask SrcAddr DstAddr
                              SrcPort DstPort
                              _____
       0000: 0x00000000 0x00000001 0x0000 0x0000
       Value SrcAddr DstAddr SrcPort DstPort CE-IP
       0000: 0x00000000 0x00000000 0x0000 0x0000 0x0A0A0A02 (10.10.10.2)
       0001: 0x00000000 0x00000001 0x0000 0x0000 0x0A0A0A02 (10.10.10.2)
```

show ip wccp interfaces

The following is sample output from the **show ip wccp interfaces** command:

```
Switch# show ip wccp interfaces
```

```
WCCP interface configuration:
FastEthernet10/4
Output services: 2
Input services: 3
Mcast services: 1
Exclude In: FALSE
```

Table 27 describes the significant fields shown in the display.

Table 27 show ip wccp interfaces Field Descriptions

Field Description		
Output services	Indicates the number of output services configured on the interface.	
Input services	Indicates the number of input services configured on the interface.	
Mcast services	Indicates the number of multicast services configured on the interface.	
Exclude In	Displays whether traffic on the interface is excluded from redirection.	

show ip wccp web-cache

The following is sample output from the **show ip wccp web-cache** command:

```
Switch# show ip wccp web-cache
```

```
Global WCCP information: Router information:
```

```
10.10.11.10
    Router Identifier:
   Protocol Version:
                                         2.0
Service Identifier: web-cache
   Number of Service Group Clients:
   Number of Service Group Routers:
                                        1
   Total Packets Redirected:
                                         Ω
     Process:
                                         0
     CEF:
     Platform:
   Redirect access-list:
                                        no_linux
   Total Packets Denied Redirect:
                                        0
   Total Packets Unassigned:
   Group access-list:
                                         -none-
   Total Messages Denied to Group:
   Total Authentication failures:
                                         0
   Total Bypassed Packets Received: 0
```

Table 28 describes the significant fields shown in the display.

Table 28 show ip wccp web-cache Field Descriptions

Field	Description	
Protocol Version	Indicates that WCCPv2 is enabled.	
Service Identifier	Indicates which service is detailed.	
Number of Service Group Clients	Number of clients using the router as their home router.	
Number of Service Group Routers	The number of routers in the service group.	
Total Packets s/w Redirected	Total number of packets s/w redirected by the router.	
Redirect access-list	The name or number of the access list that determines which packets will be redirected.	
Total Packets Denied Redirect Total number of packets that were not redirected because not match the access list.		
Total Packets Unassigned	Number of packets that were not redirected because they were not assigned to any cache engine. Packets may not be assigned during initial discovery of cache engines or when a cache is dropped from a cluster.	
Group access-list	Indicates which cache engine is allowed to connect to the router.	
Total Messages Denied to Group	Indicates the number of packets denied by the <i>group-list</i> access list.	
Total Authentication failures	The number of instances where a password did not match.	

show ip wccp web-cache detail

The following example displays web cache engine information and WCCP router statistics for the web cache service:

Switch# show ip wccp web-cache detail

```
WCCP Client information:

WCCP Client ID: 10.10.10.2

Protocol Version: 2.0

State: Usable

Redirection: L2

Packet Return: GRE
```

Table 29 describes the significant fields shown in the display.

Table 29 show ip wccp web-cache detail Field Descriptions

Field	Description	
WCCP Client Information	The header for the area that contains fields for information on clients.	
WCCP Client ID	The IP address of the cache engine in the service group.	
Protocol Version	The version of WCCP being used by the cache engine in the service group.	
State	Indicates whether the cache engine is operating properly and can be contacted by a router and other cache engines in the service group.	
Packets Redirected	The number of packets that have been redirected to the cache engine.	
Connect Time	The amount of time the cache engine has been connected to the router.	

show ip wccp

```
Switch# show ip wccp
Global WCCP information:
   Router information:
       Router Identifier:
                                            10.10.11.10
       Protocol Version:
                                            2.0
    Service Identifier: web-cache
       Number of Service Group Clients:
       Number of Service Group Routers:
                                            1
       Total Packets s/w Redirected:
                                            Ω
         Process:
                                            0
         CEF:
        Redirect access-list:
                                             -none-
       Total Packets Denied Redirect:
                                            0
       Total Packets Unassigned:
                                            Ω
       Group access-list:
                                            -none-
       Total Messages Denied to Group:
       Total Authentication failures:
                                            0
       Total Bypassed Packets Received:
                                            0
    Service Identifier: 91
       Number of Service Group Clients:
       Number of Service Group Routers:
```

Total Packets s/w Redirected: 0 Process: 0 CEF: 0 Redirect access-list: -none-Total Packets Denied Redirect: 0 Total Packets Unassigned: 0 Group access-list: -none-Total Messages Denied to Group: 0 Total Authentication failures: 0 Total Bypassed Packets Received: 0

Command	Description	
clear ip wccp	Clears the counter for packets redirected using WCCP.	
ip wccp	Enables support of the WCCP service for participation in a service group.	
ip wccp redirect	Enables packet redirection on an outbound or inbound interface using WCCP.	

show ipc

To display IPC information, use the **show ipc** command.

show ipc {nodes | ports | queue | status}

Syntax Description

nodes	Displays the participating nodes.
ports	Displays the local IPC ports.
queue	Displays the contents of the IPC retransmission queue.
status	Displays the status of the local IPC server.

Command Default

This command has no default settings.

Command Modes

Privileged EXEC mode

Command History

Release	Modification
12.1(12c)EW	This command was introduced on the Catalyst 4500 series switch.

Examples

The following example shows how to display the participating nodes:

Switch# show ipc nodes

```
There are 3 nodes in this IPC realm.
   ID
         Type
                               Name
                                                          Last Last
                                                          Sent Heard
   10000 Local
                    IPC Master
                                                             0
                                                                    0
 2010000 Local
                                                             0
                    GALIOS IPC:Card 1
                                                                    0
2020000 Ethernet
                    GALIOS IPC:Card 2
                                                             12
                                                                    26
Switch#
```

The following example shows how to display the local IPC ports:

Switch# show ipc ports

There are 11 ports defined.

Port ID	Type	Name	(current	/peak/total)	
			(Cullenc	/peak/cocai/	
10000.1	unicast	IPC Master:Zone			
10000.2	unicast	IPC Master:Echo			
10000.3	unicast	IPC Master:Control			
10000.4	unicast	Remote TTY Server Por	ct		
10000.5	unicast	GALIOS RF :Active			
index = 0	seat_id =	0x2020000 last sent	= 0	heard = 1635	0/1/1635
10000.6	unicast	GALIOS RED:Active			
index = 0	seat_id =	0x2020000 last sent	= 0	heard = 2	0/1/2
2020000.3	unicast	GALIOS IPC:Card 2:Cor	ntrol		
2020000.4	unicast	GALIOS RFS :Standby			
2020000.5	unicast	Slave: Remote TTY Cli	ient Port		
2020000.6	unicast	GALIOS RF :Standby			
2020000.7	unicast	GALIOS RED:Standby			

```
RPC packets: current/peak/total 0/1/17 Switch#
```

The following example shows how to display the contents of the IPC retransmission queue:

```
Switch# show ipc queue

There are 0 IPC messages waiting for acknowledgement in the transmit queue.

There are 0 IPC messages waiting for a response.

There are 0 IPC messages waiting for additional fragments.

There are 0 IPC messages currently on the IPC inboundQ.

There are 0 messages currently in use by the system.

Switch#
```

The following example shows how to display the status of the local IPC server:

```
Switch# show ipc status
IPC System Status:
This processor is the IPC master server.
6000 IPC message headers in cache
3363 messages in, 1680 out, 1660 delivered to local port,
1686 acknowledgements received, 1675 sent,
0 NACKS received, 0 sent,
0 messages dropped on input, 0 messages dropped on output
0 no local port, 0 destination unknown, 0 no transport
O missing callback or queue, O duplicate ACKs, O retries,
0 message timeouts.
0 ipc_output failures, 0 mtu failures,
0 msg alloc failed, 0 emer msg alloc failed, 0 no origs for RPC replies
0 pak alloc failed, 0 memd alloc failed
0 no hwq, 1 failed opens, 0 hardware errors
No regular dropping of IPC output packets for test purposes
Switch#
```

show ipv6 dhcp-ldra

To display configuration details and statistics for a Lightweight DHCPv6 Relay Agent (LDRA), use the **show ipv6 dhcp-ldra** command in user EXEC or privileged EXEC mode.

show ipv6 ldra [statistics]

Syntax Description

statistics	(Optional) Displays LDRA-related statistics.	
------------	--	--

Command Modes

User EXEC (>)

Privileged EXEC (#)

Command History

Release	Modification
Cisco IOS	This command was introduced on the Catalyst 4500 series switch.
Release 15.2(5)E2	

Usage Guidelines

Use this command to view the number and type of DHCPv6 packets received or processed, the number and type of DHCPv6 messages dropped, error counters, and the interface state (client-facing trusted interface, server-facing interface, and so on).

You can also view LDRA configuration details, such as the type of LDRA configuration and the interface or VLAN where the LDRA is configured.

Examples

The following sample output displays LDRA configuration details. The fields in the example below are self-explanatory.

```
Device # show ipv6 dhcp-ldra
```

```
DHCPv6 LDRA is Enabled.

DHCPv6 LDRA policy: client-facing-disable
    Target: none

DHCPv6 LDRA policy: client-facing-trusted
    Target: vlan 5

DHCPv6 LDRA policy: client-facing-untrusted
    Target: none

DHCPv6 LDRA policy: server-facing
    Target: Gi1/0/7
```

The following sample output displays LDRA configuration details after initiating a DHCP session. The fields in the example below are self-explanatory.

Device # show ipv6 dhcp-ldra statistics

DHCPv6 LDRA client facing statistics.

Messages received 2
Messages sent 2
Messages discarded 0

Messages Received SOLICIT 1
REQUEST 1

Messages Sent RELAY-FORWARD 2

DHCPv6 LDRA server facing statistics.

Messages received 2
Messages sent 2
Messages discarded 0

Messages Received

RELAY-REPLY 2

Messages Sent ADVERTISE 1 1 REPLY 1

Command	Description
ipv6 dhcp-ldra	Enables LDRA functionality on an access node.
ipv6 dhcp ldra attach-policy (VLAN)	Enables LDRA functionality on a VLAN.
ipv6 dhcp-ldra attach-policy	Enables LDRA functionality on an interface.

show ipv6 snooping counters

To display the number of packets dropped per port due to RA Guard, use the **show ipv6 snooping counters** *interface* command.

show ipv6 snooping counters interface

	Descri	

	interface	Specifies the interface.
--	-----------	--------------------------

Command Default

None

Command Modes

Interface mode

Command History

Release	Modification
12.2(54)SG	The show ipv6 first-hop counters command was introduced on the Catalyst 4500 series switch.
15.0(2)SG, XE 3.3.0SG	Same behavior, new syntax; show ipv6 snooping counters

Examples

This example provides a sample output for the **show ipv6 snooping counters** command on interface Gi2/49:

Switch# show ipv6 snooping counters int gi 2/48

Received messages on Gi2/48: Protocol message Protocol ICMPv6 RS RA NS NA REDIR CPS CPA Bridged messages from Gi2/48: Protocol Protocol message ICMPv6 REDIR CPA RS RA NS NA CPS 0 Dropped messages on Gi2/48: Feature/Message RS NS NA REDIR CPS CPA

Dropped reasons on Gi2/48: Switch#



Only RA (Router Advertisement) and REDIR (Router Redirected packets) counters are supported in Cisco IOS Release 12.2(54)SG.

Command	Description
dynamic-eid	Configures access control.

show ipv6 mld snooping

To display IP version 6 (IPv6) Multicast Listener Discovery (MLD) snooping configuration of the switch or the VLAN, use the **show ipv6 mld snooping** command.

show ipv6 mld snooping [vlan vlan-id]

Syntax Description

vlan vlan-id	(Optional) Specifies a V	VLAN; the range is 1 to 1001 and 1006 to 4094.	
---------------------	--------------------------	--	--

Command Modes

User EXEC mode

Command History

Release	Modification
12.2(40)SG	This command was introduced on the Catalyst 4500.

Usage Guidelines

Use this command to display MLD snooping configuration for the switch or for a specific VLAN.

VLAN numbers 1002 through 1005 are reserved for Token Ring and FDDI VLANs and cannot be used in MLD snooping.

Examples

This is an example of output from the **show ipv6 mld snooping vlan** command. It shows snooping characteristics for a specific VLAN.

```
Switch> show ipv6 mld snooping vlan 100 Global MLD Snooping configuration:
```

MLD snooping : Enabled
MLDv2 snooping (minimal) : Enabled
Listener message suppression : Enabled
TCN solicit query : Disabled
TCN flood query count : 2
Robustness variable : 3

Robustness variable : 3
Last listener query count : 2
Last listener query interval : 1000

Vlan 100:

MLD snooping : Disabled
MLDv1 immediate leave : Disabled
Explicit host tracking : Enabled
Multicast router learning mode : pim-dvmrp
Robustness variable : 3

Last listener query count : 2
Last listener query interval : 1000

This is an example of output from the **show ipv6 mld snooping** command. It displays snooping characteristics for all VLANs on the switch.

Switch> show ipv6 mld snooping
Global MLD Snooping configuration:

MLD snooping : Enabled MLDv2 snooping (minimal) : Enabled Listener message suppression : Enabled TCN solicit query : Disabled TCN flood query count : 2 Robustness variable : 3 : 2 Last listener query count Last listener query interval : 1000 Vlan 1: _____ MLD snooping : Disabled MLDv1 immediate leave : Disabled Explicit host tracking : Enabled Multicast router learning mode : pim-dvmrp Robustness variable : 1 Last listener query count : 2 : 1000 Last listener query interval <output truncated> Vlan 951: MLD snooping : Disabled MLDv1 immediate leave : Disabled Explicit host tracking : Enabled : pim-dvmrp Multicast router learning mode Robustness variable : 3
Last listener query count : 2
Last listener query interval : 1000

Command	Description
ipv6 mld snooping	Enables IP version 6 (IPv6) Multicast Listener Discovery
	(MLD) snooping globally or on the specified VLAN.

show ipv6 mld snooping mrouter

To display dynamically learned and manually configured IP version 6 (IPv6) Multicast Listener Discovery (MLD) switch ports for the switch or a VLAN, use the **show ipv6 mld snooping mrouter** command.

show ipv6 mld snooping mrouter [vlan vlan-id]

Syntax Description

vlan vlan-id (Optional) Specifies a VLAN; the range is 1 to 1001 and 1006 to 4094.
--

Command Modes

User EXEC mode

Command History

Release	Modification
12.2(40)SG	This command was introduced on Catalyst 4500.

Usage Guidelines

Use this command to display MLD snooping switch ports for the switch or for a specific VLAN.

VLAN numbers 1002 through 1005 are reserved for Token Ring and FDDI VLANs and cannot be used in MLD snooping.

Examples

This is an example of output from the **show ipv6 mld snooping mrouter** command. It displays snooping characteristics for all VLANs on the switch that are participating in MLD snooping.

```
Switch> show ipv6 mld snooping mrouter
```

```
Vlan ports
----
2 Gi1/0/11(dynamic)
72 Gi1/0/11(dynamic)
200 Gi1/0/11(dynamic)
```

This is an example of output from the **show ipv6 mld snooping mrouter vlan** command. It shows multicast switch ports for a specific VLAN.

```
Switch> show ipv6 mld snooping mrouter vlan 100
Vlan ports
----
2 Gi1/0/11(dynamic)
```

Command Description	
ipv6 mld snooping Enables IP version 6 (IPv6) Multicast Liste (MLD) snooping globally or on the specifie	
ipv6 mld snooping vlan	Configures IP version 6 (IPv6) Multicast Listener Discovery (MLD) snooping parameters on the VLAN interface.

show ipv6 mld snooping querier

To display IP version 6 (IPv6) Multicast Listener Discovery (MLD) snooping querier-related information most recently received by the switch or the VLAN, use the **show ipv6 mld snooping querier** command.

show ipv6 mld snooping querier [vlan vlan-id]

Syntax Description

vlan vlan-id	Optional) Specifiesa VL	LAN; the range is 1 to	1001 and 1006 to 4094.
--------------	-------------------------	------------------------	------------------------

Command Modes

User EXEC mode

Command History

Release	Modification
12.2(40)SG	This command was introduced on the Catalyst 4500.

Usage Guidelines

Use the **show ipv6 mld snooping querier** command to display the MLD version and IPv6 address of a detected device that sends MLD query messages, which is also called a *querier*. A subnet can have multiple multicast switches but has only one MLD querier. The querier can be a Layer 3 switch.

The **show ipv6 mld snooping querier** command output also shows the VLAN and interface on which the querier was detected. If the querier is the switch, the output shows the *Port* field as *Router*. If the querier is a router, the output shows the port number on which the querier is learned in the *Port* field.

The output of the **show ipv6 mld snoop querier vlan** command displays the information received in response to a query message from an external or internal querier. It does not display user-configured VLAN values, such as the snooping robustness variable on the particular VLAN. This querier information is used only on the MASQ message that is sent by the switch. It does not override the user-configured robustness variable that is used for aging out a member that does not respond to query messages.

VLAN numbers 1002 through 1005 are reserved for Token Ring and FDDI VLANs and cannot be used in MLD snooping.

Examples

This is an example of output from the show ipv6 mld snooping querier command:

This is an example of output from the show ipv6 mld snooping querier vlan command:

```
Switch> show ipv6 mld snooping querier vlan 2
IP address : FE80::201:C9FF:FE40:6000
MLD version : v1
Port : Gi3/0/1
Max response time : 1000s
```

Command	Description
ipv6 mld snooping	Enables IP version 6 (IPv6) Multicast Listener Discovery (MLD) snooping globally or on the specified VLAN.
ipv6 mld snooping last-listener-query-count	Configures IP version 6 (IPv6) Multicast Listener Discovery Mulitcast Address Specific Queries (MASQs) that will be sent before aging out a client.
ipv6 mld snooping last-listener-query-interval	Configures IP version 6 (IPv6) MLD snooping last-listener query interval on the switch or on a VLAN.
ipv6 mld snooping robustness-variable	Configures the number of IP version 6 (IPv6) MLD queries that the switch sends before deleting a listener that does not respond.
ipv6 mld snooping tcn	Configures IP version 6 (IPv6) MLD Topology Change Notifications (TCNs).

show issu capability

To display the ISSU capability for a client, use the show issu capability command.

show issu capability {entries | groups | types} [client_id]

Syntax Description

entries	Displays a list of Capability Types and Dependent Capability Types that are included in a single Capability Entry. Types within an entry can also be independent.
groups	Displays a list of Capability Entries in priority order (the order that they will be negotiated on a session).
types	Displays an ID that identifies a particular capability.
client_id	(Optional) Identifies the client registered to the ISSU infrastructure.
	To obtain a list of client IDs, use the show issu clients command.

Command Default

This command has no default settings.

Command Modes

User EXEC mode

Command History

Release	Modification
12.2(31)SGA	This command was introduced on the Catalyst 4500 series switch.

Usage Guidelines

Capability is a functionality that an ISSU client can support and is required to interoperate with peers.

When an ISSU-aware client establishes its session with the peer, an ISSU negotiation takes place. The ISSU infrastructure uses the registered information to negotiate the capabilities and the message version to be used during the session.

Examples

The following example shows how to display the ISSU capability types for the IP host ISSU client (clientid=2082):

```
Switch# show issu capability types 2082
Client_ID = 2082,    Entity_ID = 1 :
        Cap_Type = 0
Switch#
```

The following example shows how to display the ISSU capabilities entries for the IP host ISSU client (clientid=2082):

The following example shows how to display the ISSU capabilities groups for the IP host ISSU client (clientid=2082):

```
Switch# show issu capability groups 2082
Client_ID = 2082,    Entity_ID = 1 :
        Cap_Group = 1 :
        Cap_Entry = 1
        Cap_Type = 0
Switch#
```

Command	Description
show issu clients	Displays the ISSU clients.

show issu clients

To display the ISSU clients, use the **show issu clients** command.

show issu clients [peer_uid]

Syntax Description

peer_uid	(Optional) Displays a list of clients registered to ISSU infrastructure at the
	peer supervisor engine.

Command Default

Displays a list of clients registered to the ISSU infrastructure at the supervisor engine where the command is entered.

Command Modes

User EXEC mode

Command History

Release	Modification
12.2(31)SGA	This command was introduced on the Catalyst 4500 series switch.

Usage Guidelines

To implement ISSU versioning functionality, a client must first register itself, client capability, and client message information with the ISSU infrastructure during the system initialization.

Examples

The following example shows how to display the ISSU clients:

```
Client_ID = 2, Client_Name = ISSU Proto client, Entity_Count = 1
Client_ID = 3, Client_Name = ISSU RF, Entity_Count = 1
```

Switch# show issu clients

```
Client_ID = 4, Client_Name = ISSU CF client, Entity_Count = 1
Client_ID = 5,
               Client_Name = ISSU Network RF client, Entity_Count = 1
Client_ID = 7,
               Client_Name = ISSU CONFIG SYNC, Entity_Count = 1
Client_ID = 8, Client_Name = ISSU ifIndex sync, Entity_Count = 1
Client_ID = 9, Client_Name = ISSU IPC client, Entity_Count = 1
Client ID = 10, Client Name = ISSU IPC Server client, Entity Count = 1
Client_ID = 11, Client_Name = ISSU Red Mode Client, Entity_Count = 1
Client_ID = 100, Client_Name = ISSU rfs client, Entity_Count = 1
Client_ID = 110, Client_Name = ISSU ifs client, Entity_Count = 1
Client_ID = 200, Client_Name = ISSU Event Manager client, Entity_Count = 1
Client_ID = 2002, Client_Name = CEF Push ISSU client, Entity_Count
Client_ID = 2003, Client_Name = ISSU XDR client,
                                                 Entity_Count = 1
Client_ID = 2004, Client_Name = ISSU SNMP client,
                                                  Entity_Count = 1
Client_ID = 2010, Client_Name = ARP HA, Entity_Count = 1
Client_ID = 2012, Client_Name = ISSU HSRP Client, Entity_Count = 1
Client_ID = 2021, Client_Name = XDR Int Priority ISSU client, Entity_Count = 1
Client_ID = 2022, Client_Name = XDR Proc Priority ISSU client, Entity_Count = 1
Client_ID = 2023, Client_Name = FIB HWIDB ISSU client, Entity_Count = 1
Client_ID = 2024, Client_Name = FIB IDB ISSU client, Entity_Count = 1
Client_ID = 2025, Client_Name = FIB HW subblock ISSU client, Entity_Count = 1
Client_ID = 2026,
                  Client_Name = FIB SW subblock ISSU client, Entity_Count = 1
Client_ID = 2027,
                  Client_Name = Adjacency ISSU client, Entity_Count = 1
Client_ID = 2028, Client_Name = FIB IPV4 ISSU client, Entity_Count = 1
```

```
Client_ID = 2054, Client_Name = ISSU process client, Entity_Count = 1
Client_ID = 2058, Client_Name = ISIS ISSU RTR client, Entity_Count = 1
Client_ID = 2059, Client_Name = ISIS ISSU UPD client, Entity_Count = 1
Client_ID = 2067, Client_Name = ISSU PM Client, Entity_Count = 1
Client_ID = 2068, Client_Name = ISSU PAGP_SWITCH Client, Entity_Count = 1
 Client_ID = 2070, Client_Name = ISSU Port Security client, Entity_Count = 1
Client_ID = 2071, Client_Name = ISSU Switch VLAN client, Entity_Count = 1
 Client_ID = 2072, Client_Name = ISSU dot1x client, Entity_Count = 1
Client_ID = 2073, Client_Name = ISSU STP, Entity_Count = 1
Client_ID = 2077, Client_Name = ISSU STP MSTP, Entity_Count = 1
Client_ID = 2078, Client_Name = ISSU STP IEEE, Entity_Count = 1
Client_ID = 2079, Client_Name = ISSU STP RSTP, Entity_Count = 1
Client_ID = 2081, Client_Name = ISSU DHCP Snooping client, Entity_Count = 1
Client_ID = 2082, Client_Name = ISSU IP Host client, Entity_Count = 1
Client_ID = 2083, Client_Name = ISSU Inline Power client, Entity_Count = 1
Client_ID = 2084, Client_Name = ISSU IGMP Snooping client, Entity_Count = 1
 Client_ID = 4001, Client_Name = ISSU C4K Chassis client, Entity_Count = 1
 Client_ID = 4002, Client_Name = ISSU C4K Port client, Entity_Count = 1
 Client_ID = 4003, Client_Name = ISSU C4K Rkios client, Entity_Count = 1
 Client_ID = 4004, Client_Name = ISSU C4K HostMan client, Entity_Count = 1
Client_ID = 4005, Client_Name = ISSU C4k GaliosRedundancy client, Entity_Count = 1
Base Clients:
Client_Name = ISSU Proto client
 Client_Name = ISSU RF
Client_Name = ISSU CF client
 Client_Name = ISSU Network RF client
 Client_Name = ISSU CONFIG SYNC
 Client_Name = ISSU ifIndex sync
 Client_Name = ISSU IPC client
Client_Name = ISSU IPC Server client
Client Name = ISSU Red Mode Client
Client_Name = ISSU rfs client
Client_Name = ISSU ifs client
 Client_Name = ISSU Event Manager client
 Client_Name = CEF Push ISSU client
 Client_Name = ISSU XDR client
 Client_Name = ARP HA
 Client_Name = XDR Int Priority ISSU client
 Client_Name = XDR Proc Priority ISSU client
 Client Name = FIB HWIDB ISSU client
 Client_Name = FIB IDB ISSU client
 Client_Name = FIB HW subblock ISSU client
 Client_Name = FIB SW subblock ISSU client
 Client_Name = Adjacency ISSU client
 Client_Name = FIB IPV4 ISSU client
 Client_Name = ISSU process client
 Client_Name = ISSU PM Client
Client_Name = ISSU C4K Chassis client
Client_Name = ISSU C4K Port client
Client_Name = ISSU C4K Rkios client
 Client_Name = ISSU C4K HostMan client
 Client_Name = ISSU C4k GaliosRedundancy client
```

Command	Description
show issu capability	Displays the ISSU capability for a client.
show issu entities	Displays the ISSU entity information.

show issu comp-matrix

To display information regarding the In Service Software Upgrade (ISSU) compatibility matrix, use the **show issu comp-matrix** command.

show issu comp-matrix {negotiated | stored | xml}

Syntax Description

negotiated	Displays negotiated compatibility matrix information.		
stored	Displays stored compatibility matrix information.		
xml	Displays negotiated compatibility matrix information in XML format.		

Command Default

This command has no default settings.

Command Modes

User EXEC mode

Command History

Release	Modification
12.2(31)SGA	This command was introduced on the Catalyst 4500 series switch.

Usage Guidelines

Before attempting an ISSU, you should know the compatibility level between the old and the new Cisco IOS software versions on the active and the standby supervisor engines. ISSU will not work if the two versions are incompatible.

The compatibility matrix is available on Cisco.com so that you can also veiw in advance whether an upgrade can be performed with the ISSU process. The compatibility matrix during the ISSU process and later by entering the **show issu comp-matrix** command. To display information on the negotiation of the compatibility matrix data between two software versions on a given system, use the **show issu comp-matrix negotiated** command.

Compatibility matrix data is stored with each Cisco IOS software image that supports ISSU capability. To display stored compatibility matrix information, use the **show issu comp-matrix stored** command.

The compatibility matrix information are built-in any Cisco IOS ISSU image. The ISSU infrastructure performs a matrix lookup as soon as the communication with the standby supervisor engine is established. There are three possible results from the lookup operation:

- Compatible—The Base-level system infrastructure and all optional HA-aware subsystems are compatible. In-service upgrade or downgrade between these versions will succeed with minimal service impact.
- Base-Level Compatible—One or more of the optional HA-aware subsystems are not compatible. Although an in-service upgrade or downgrade between these versions will succeed, some subsystems will not be able to maintain their state during the switchover. Prior to attempting an in-service upgrade or downgrade, the impact of this on operation and service of the switch must be considered carefully.

• Incompatible—A set of core system infrastructure must be able to execute in a stateful manner for SSO to function correctly. If any of these "required" features or subsystems is not compatible in two different Cisco IOS images, the two versions of the Cisco IOS images are declared "Incompatible". This means that an in-service upgrade or downgrade between these versions is not possible. The systems operates in RPR mode during the period when the versions of Cisco IOS at the active and standby supervisor engines differ.

Examples

This example displays negotiated compatibility matrix information:

Switch# show issu comp-matrix negotiated

CardType: WS-C4507R(112), Uid: 2, Image Ver: 12.2(31)SGA
Image Name: cat4500-ENTSERVICES-M

Cid	Eid	Sid =======	pSid	pUid 	Compatibility
2	1	262151	3	1	COMPATIBLE
3	1	262160	5	1	COMPATIBLE
4	1	262163	9	1	COMPATIBLE
5	1	262186	25	1	COMPATIBLE
7	1	262156	10	1	COMPATIBLE
8	1	262148	7	1	COMPATIBLE
9	1	262155	1	1	COMPATIBLE
10	1	262158	2	1	COMPATIBLE
11	1	262172	6	1	COMPATIBLE
100	1	262166	13	1	COMPATIBLE
110	113	262159	14	1	COMPATIBLE
200	1	262167	24	1	COMPATIBLE
2002	1	_	_	_	UNAVAILABLE
2003	1	262185	23	1	COMPATIBLE
2004	1	262175	16	1	COMPATIBLE
2008	1	262147	26	1	COMPATIBLE
2008	1	262168	27	1	COMPATIBLE
2010	1	262171	32	1	COMPATIBLE
2012	1	262180	31	1	COMPATIBLE
2021	1	262170	41	1	COMPATIBLE
2022	1	262152	42	1	COMPATIBLE
2023	1	_	-	_	UNAVAILABLE
2024	1	_	-	_	UNAVAILABLE
2025	1	_	-	_	UNAVAILABLE
2026	1	_	_	_	UNAVAILABLE
2027	1	_	_	_	UNAVAILABLE
2028	1	-	-	_	UNAVAILABLE
2054	1	262169	8	1	COMPATIBLE
2058	1	262154	29	1	COMPATIBLE
2059	1	262179	30	1	COMPATIBLE
2067	1	262153	12	1	COMPATIBLE
2068	1	196638	40	1	COMPATIBLE
2070	1	262145	21	1	COMPATIBLE
2071	1	262178	11	1	COMPATIBLE
2072	1	262162	28	1	COMPATIBLE
2073	1	262177	33	1	COMPATIBLE
2077	1	262165	35	1	COMPATIBLE
2078	1	196637	34	1	COMPATIBLE
2079	1	262176	36	1	COMPATIBLE
2081	1	262150	37	1	COMPATIBLE
2082	1	262161	39	1	COMPATIBLE
2083	1	262184	20	1	COMPATIBLE
2084	1	262183	38	1	COMPATIBLE
4001	101	262181	17	1	COMPATIBLE
4002	201	262164	18	1	COMPATIBLE

4003 4004 4005	301 401 1	262182 262146 262149	19 1 22 1 4 1	<u>.</u>	COMPATI COMPATI	IBLE
Message Cid	group s Eid	ummary: GrpId	Sid	pSid	pUid	Nego Result
2	1	1	262151	3	1	У
3	1	1	262160	5	1	Y
4	1	1	262163	9	1	Y
5	1	1	262186	25	1	Y
7	1	1	262156	10	1	Y
8	1	1	262148	7	1	Y
9	1	1	262155	1	1	Y
10	1	1	262158	2	1	Y
11	1	1	262172	6	1	Y
100 110	1 113	1 115	262166 262159	13 14	1 1	Y Y
200	1	1	262167	24	1	Y Y
2002	1	2	-	_	_	N - did not negotiate
2003	1	1	262185	23	1	Y
2004	1	1	262175	16	1	Y
2008	1	1	262147	26	1	Y
2008	1	2	262168	27	1	Y
2010	1	1	262171	32	1	Y
2012	1	1	262180	31	1	Y
2021	1	1	262170	41	1	Y
2022	1	1	262152	42	1	Y
2023	1	1	-	-	-	N - did not negotiate
2024	1	1	-	_	-	N - did not negotiate
2025	1	1	-	-	-	N - did not negotiate
2026	1	1	-	=	-	N - did not negotiate
2027	1	1	-	-	-	N - did not negotiate
2028	1	1	-	-	-	N - did not negotiate
2054	1	1 1	262169	8	1 1	Y Y
2058 2059	1	1	262154 262179	29 30	1	Y Y
2059	1	1	262173	12	1	Y Y
2068	1	1	196638	40	1	Y
2070	1	1	262145	21	1	Y
2071	1	1	262178	11	1	Y
2072	1	1	262162	28	1	Y
2073	1	1	262177	33	1	Y
2077	1	1	262165	35	1	Y
2078	1	1	196637	34	1	Y
2079		1	262176	36	1	Y
2081	1	1	262150		1	Y
		1	262161		1	Y
2083	1	1	262184		1	Y
		1	262183		1	Y
		1	262181		1	Y
4002	201	1	262164		1	Y
4003 4004		1	262182		1	Y
4004	401 1	1	262146 262149		1 1	Y Y
	Clients	:	202149			•
			=======		======	
2			ient			
3	ISSU			Base		
4			t DD1'	Base		
5			RF client			
7	ISSU	CONFIG S	YINC	Base		

```
8
         ISSU ifIndex sync
                                 Base
         ISSU IPC client
9
                                 Base
         ISSU IPC Server client Base
10
11
         ISSU Red Mode Client
                                 Base
100
        ISSU rfs client
110
        ISSU ifs client
                                 Base
200
         ISSU Event Manager clientBase
2002
         CEF Push ISSU client Base
2003
         ISSU XDR client
                                 Base
2004
         ISSU SNMP client
                                 Non-Base
                                Base
2008
         ISSU Tableid Client
2010
         ARP HA
                                 Base
2012
         ISSU HSRP Client
                                Non-Base
         XDR Int Priority ISSU cliBase
2021
2022
         XDR Proc Priority ISSU clBase
         FIB HWIDB ISSU client Base
2023
         FIB IDB ISSU client
2024
                                 Base
2025
         FIB HW subblock ISSU clieBase
2026
         FIB SW subblock ISSU clieBase
2027
         Adjacency ISSU client
2028
         FIB IPV4 ISSU client
                                 Base
         ISSU process client
                                Base
2054
2058
         ISIS ISSU RTR client
                                Non-Base
2059
        ISIS ISSU UPD client Non-Base
2067
         ISSU PM Client
                                 Base
2068
         ISSU PAGP_SWITCH Client Non-Base
2070
         ISSU Port Security clientNon-Base
2071
         ISSU Switch VLAN client Non-Base
2072
         ISSU dot1x client
                                 Non-Base
2.073
         ISSU STP
                                 Non-Base
2077
         ISSU STP MSTP
                                Non-Base
2078
        ISSU STP IEEE
                                Non-Base
2079
        ISSU STP RSTP
                                Non-Base
2081
        ISSU DHCP Snooping clientNon-Base
         ISSU IP Host client Non-Base
2082
         ISSU Inline Power client Non-Base
2083
2084
         ISSU IGMP Snooping clientNon-Base
4001
         ISSU C4K Chassis client Base
4002
         ISSU C4K Port client
                                 Base
         ISSU C4K Rkios client
4003
                                 Base
4004
         ISSU C4K HostMan client Base
         ISSU C4k GaliosRedundancyBase
4005
```

This example displays stored compatibility matrix information:

```
Switch> show issu comp-matrix stored
```

Command	Description
show issu clients	Displays the ISSU clients.
show issu sessions	Displays ISSU session information for a specified client.

show issu endpoints

To display the ISSU endpoint information, use the **show issu endpoints** command.

show issu endpoints

Syntax Description

This command has no arguments or keywords

Command Default

This command has no default settings.

Command Modes

User EXEC mode

Command History

Release	Modification
12.2(31)SGA	This command was introduced on the Catalyst 4500 series switch.

Usage Guidelines

Endpoint is an execution unit within a redundancy domain. There are only 2 endpoints on the Catalyst 4500 series switch redundant chassis: 1 and 2. The endpoints correspond to the slot numbers for the supervisor engine. The ISSU infrastructure communicates between these two endpoints to establish session and to perform session negotiation for ISSU clients.

Examples

The following example shows how to display the ISSU endpoints:

```
My\_Unique\_ID = 1/0x1, Client\_Count = 46
This endpoint communicates with 1 peer endpoints :
  Peer_Unique_ID
                    CAP
                               VER
                                      XFORM
                                                  ERP
                                                             Compatibility
         2/0x2
                      1
                                1
                                        1
                                                  1
                                                                     Same
 Shared Negotiation Session Info :
   Nego_Session_ID = 15
```

Nego_Session_Name = shared nego session

Switch# show issu endpoints

Transport_Mtu = 4096 $Ses_In_Use = 2$

Switch#

Command	Description
show issu clients	Displays the ISSU clients.

show issu entities

To display the ISSU entity information, use the show issu entities command.

show issu entities [client_id]

Syntax Description

Command Default

This command has no default settings.

Command Modes

User EXEC mode

Command History

Release	Modification
12.2(31)SGA	This command was introduced on the Catalyst 4500 series switch.

Usage Guidelines

Entity is a logical group of sessions with some common attributes (like capability list and message type). Currently, most ISSU clients on the Catalyst 4500 series switch have only one entity.

Examples

The following example shows how to display the entity information for a specified ISSU client:

```
{\tt Switch\#show~issu~entities~2072}
```

Command	Description
show issu clients	Displays the ISSU clients.

show issu fsm



This command is not intended for end-users.

To display the ISSU finite state machine (FSM) information corresponding to an ISSU session, use the **show issu fsm** command.

show issu fsm [session_id]

Syntax Description

session_id	(Optional) Provides detailed information about the FSM for the specified
	session.

Command Default

This command has no default settings.

Command Modes

User EXEC mode

Command History

Release	Modification
12.2(31)SGA	This command was introduced on the Catalyst 4500 series switch.

Examples

The following example displays and verifies the ISSU state after LOADVERSION:

Switch# show issu fsm 26

Session_ID = 26: FSM_Name Curr_State Old_State Error_Reason FSM_L1 TRANS A_VER none FSM_L2_HELLO EXIT RCVD none FSM_L2_A_CAP A_EXIT A_RSP none FSM_L2_P_CAP P_INIT unknown none FSM_L2_A_VER A_EXIT A_RES_RSP none FSM_L2_P_VER P_INIT unknown none FSM_L2_TRANS COMP COMP none Current FSM is FSM_L2_TRANS Session is compatible

Negotiation started at 00:01:07.688, duration is 0.148 seconds Switch#

Command	Description
show issu clients	Displays the ISSU clients.
show issu sessions	Displays ISSU session information for a specified client.

show issu message

To display checkpoint messages for a specified ISSU client, use the show issu message command.

show issu message {groups | types} [client_id]

Syntax Description

groups	Displays information on Message Group supported by the specified client.
types	Displays information on all Message Types supported by the specified client.
client_id	(Optional) Specifies a client ID.

Command Default

If client ID is not specified, displays message groups or message types information for all clients registered to the ISSU infrastructure.

Command Modes

User EXEC mode

Command History

Release	Modification
12.2(31)SGA	This command was introduced on the Catalyst 4500 series switch.

Usage Guidelines

Messages are sync-data (also known as checkpoint data) sent between two endpoints.

When an ISSU-aware client establishes its session with a peer, an ISSU negotiation takes place. The ISSU infrastructure uses the registered information to negotiate the capabilities and the message version to be used during the session.

Examples

The following example shows how to display the message groups for Client_id 2082:

The following example shows how to display the message types for Client_id 2082:

```
Switch#show issu message types 2082
Client_ID = 2082, Entity_ID = 1 :

Message_Type = 1, Version_Range = 1 ~ 2

Message_Ver = 1, Message_Mtu = 12

Message_Ver = 2, Message_Mtu = 8

Message_Type = 2, Version_Range = 1 ~ 2

Message_Ver = 1, Message_Mtu = 32

Message_Ver = 2, Message_Mtu = 28

Switch#
```

Command	Description
show issu clients	Displays the ISSU clients.

show issu negotiated

To display the negotiated capability and message version information of the ISSU clients, use the **show issu negotiated** command.

show issu negotiated {capability | version} [session_id]

Syntax Description

capability	Displays all negotiated capabilities.	
version	Displays details of all negotiated messages.	
session_id	(Optional) Specifies the ISSU session ID for which the capability or version information is displayed.	

Command Default

Displays negotiated capability or version information for all ISSU sessions.

Command Modes

User EXEC mode

Command History

Release	Modification
12.2(31)SGA	This command was introduced on the Catalyst 4500 series switch.

Examples

The following example shows how to display the message types for a specific group:

Command	Description
show issu sessions	Displays ISSU session information for a specified client.

show issu rollback-timer

To display ISSU rollback-timer status, use the show issu rollback-timer command.

show issu rollback-timer

Syntax Description

This command has no arguments or keywords.

Command Default

This command has no default settings.

Command Modes

Priviledged EXEC mode

Command History

Release	Modification
12.2(31)SGA	This command was introduced on the Catalyst 4500 series switch.

Examples

The following example shows how to display the rollback-timer status:

Switch#show issu rollback-timer

Rollback Process State = Not in progress Configured Rollback Time = 45:00

Switch#

Command	Description
issu acceptversion	Halts the rollback timer and ensures that the new Cisco IOS software image is not automatically stopped during the ISSU process.
issu runversion	Forces a change from the active supervisor engine to the standby supervisor engine and causes the newly active supervisor engine to run the new image specified in the issu loadversion command.

show issu sessions

To display ISSU session information for a specified client, use the show issu sessions command.

show issu sessions [client_id]

Syntax Description

client_id (Optional) Specifies the ISSU client ID.	
--	--

Command Default

Displays session information for all clients registered to the ISSU infrastructure.

Command Modes

User EXEC mode

Command History

Release	Modification
12.2(31)SGA	This command was introduced on the Catalyst 4500 series switch.

Usage Guidelines

Session is bidirectional and a reliable connection is established between two endpoints. Sync-data and negotiation messages are sent to the peer endpoint through a session. On a Catalyst 4500 series switch, each ISSU-aware client has a maximum of one session at each endpoint.

When an ISSU-aware client establishes its session with the peer, an ISSU negotiation takes place. The ISSU infrastructure uses the registered information to negotiate the capabilities and the message version to be used during the session.

Examples

The following example shows how to display the rollback-timer status:

```
Switch#show issu sessions 2072
Client_ID = 2072, Entity_ID = 1 :
 *** Session_ID = 26, Session_Name = dot1x :
    Peer
           Peer Negotiate Negotiated
                                        Cap
                                                  Msg
                                                          Session
  UniqueID Sid
                  Role
                             Result GroupID
                                               GroupID Signature
            2.6
                 PRIMARY
                           COMPATIBLE
                                          1
                                                   1
                           (no policy)
    Negotiation Session Info for This Message Session:
        Nego_Session_ID = 26
        Nego_Session_Name = dot1x
         Transport_Mtu = 17884
Switch#
```

Command	Description		
show issu clients	Displays the ISSU clients.		

show issu state

To display the ISSU state and current booted image name during the ISSU process, use the **show issu state** command.

show issu state [*slot_number*] [**detail**]

Syntax Description

slot_number	(Optional) Specifies the slot number whose ISSU state needs to be displayed (1 or 2).
detail	(Optional) Provides detailed information about the state of the active and standby supervisor engines.

Command Default

The command displays the ISSU state and current booted image name of both the active and standby supervisor engines.

Command Modes

Privileged EXEC mode

Command History

Release	Modification
12.2(31)SGA	This command was introduced on the Catalyst 4500 series switch.

Usage Guidelines

It might take several seconds after the **issu loadversion** command is entered for Cisco IOS software to load onto the standby supervisor engine and the standby supervisor engine to transition to SSO mode. If you enter the **show issu state** command too soon, you might not see the information you need.

Examples

The following example displays and verifies the ISSU state after LOADVERSION:

```
Switch# show issu state detail
```

```
Slot = 1
         RP State = Active
      ISSU State = Load Version
   Boot Variable = bootflash:old_image,12
  Operating Mode = Stateful Switchover
 Primary Version = bootflash:old_image
Secondary Version = bootflash:new_image
 Current Version = bootflash:old_image
             Slot = 2
         RP State = Standby
       ISSU State = Load Version
   Boot Variable = bootflash:new_image,12;bootflash:old_image,12
   Operating Mode = Stateful Switchover
 Primary Version = bootflash:old image
Secondary Version = bootflash:new_image
  Current Version = bootflash:new_image
```

Switch#

Command	Description
issu abortversion	Cancels the ISSU upgrade or the downgrade process in progress and restores the switch to its state before the start of the process.
issu acceptversion	Halts the rollback timer and ensures that the new Cisco IOS software image is not automatically stopped during the ISSU process.
issu commitversion	Loads the new Cisco IOS software image into the new standby supervisor engine.
issu loadversion	Starts the ISSU process.
issu runversion	Forces a change from the active supervisor engine to the standby supervisor engine and causes the newly active supervisor engine to run the new image specified.

show |2protocol-tunnel

To display information about the Layer 2 protocol tunnel ports, use the **show l2protocol-tunnel** command. This command displays information for the interfaces with protocol tunneling enabled.

show l2protocol-tunnel [interface *interface-id*] [[**summary**] | {**begin** | **exclude** | **include**} *expression*]

Syntax Description

interface interface-id	(Optional) Specifies the interface for which protocol tunneling information appears. Valid interfaces are physical ports and port channels; the port channel range is 1 to 64.		
summary	(Optional) Displays only Layer 2 protocol summary information.		
begin	(Optional) Displays information beginning with the line that matches the <i>expression</i> .		
exclude	(Optional) Displays information that excludes lines that match the <i>expression</i> .		
include	(Optional) Displays the lines that match the specified expression.		
expression	(Optional) Expression in the output to use as a reference point.		

Command Modes

User EXEC mode

Command History

Release	Modification
12.2(18)EW	This command was first introduced on the Catalyst 4500 series switch.
12.2(25)EW	Added support for the 10-Gigabit Ethernet interface.

Usage Guidelines

After enabling Layer 2 protocol tunneling on an access or 802.1Q tunnel port with the **l2protocol-tunnel** command, you can configure some or all of these parameters:

- Protocol type to be tunneled
- Shutdown threshold
- · Drop threshold

If you enter the **show l2protocol-tunnel** [**interface** *interface-id*] command, only information about the active ports on which all the parameters are configured appears.

If you enter the **show l2protocol-tunnel summary** command, only information about the active ports on which some or all of the parameters are configured appears.

Expressions are case sensitive. For example, if you enter | **exclude output**, the lines that contain *output* do not appear, but the lines that contain *Output* appear.

Examples

This is an example of output from the **show l2protocol-tunnel** command:

Switch> show 12protocol-tunnel
COS for Encapsulated Packets: 5

Port	Protocol		_	Encapsulation Counter	_	Drop Counter
Fa0/10						
	stp			9847	1866	0
	vtp			77	12	0
	pagp			859	860	0
	lacp			0	0	0
	udld			219	211	0
Fa0/11	cdp	1100		2356	2350	0
	stp	1100		116	13	0
	vtp	1100		3	67	0
	pagp		900	856	5848	0
	lacp		900	0	0	0
	udld		900	0	0	0
Fa0/12	cdp			2356	0	0
	stp			11787	0	0
	vtp			81	0	0
	pagp			0	0	0
	lacp			849	0	0
	udld			0	0	0
Fa0/13	cdp			2356	0	0
	stp			11788	0	0
	vtp			81	0	0
	pagp			0	0	0
	lacp			849	0	0
	udld			0	0	0
Switch#						

This is an example of output from the show l2protocol-tunnel summary command:

Switch> show 12protocol-tunnel summary COS for Encapsulated Packets: 5

Port Protocol	Threshold (cdp/stp/vtp)	Drop Threshold (cdp/stp/vtp) (pagp/lacp/udld)	Status
Fa0/10 stp vtp	/	/	up
pagp lacp udld	/	/	
Fa0/11 cdp stp vtp	1100/1100/1100	/	up
pagp lacp udld	/	900/ 900/ 900	
Fa0/12 cdp stp vtp	/	/	up
pagp lacp udld	/	/	
Fa0/13 cdp stp vtp	/	/	up
pagp lacp udld	/	/	
Fa0/14 cdp stp vtp	/	/	down
pagp udld	/	/	
Fa0/15 cdp stp vtp	/	/	down
pagp udld	/	/	
Fa0/16 cdp stp vtp	/	/	down
pagp lacp udld	/	/	
Fa0/17 cdp stp vtp	/	/	down
pagp lacp udld	/	/	
Switch#			

Command	Description
12protocol-tunnel	Enables protocol tunneling on an interface.
l2protocol-tunnel cos	Configures the class of service (CoS) value for all tunneled Layer 2 protocol packets.

show lacp

To display LACP information, use the **show lacp** command.

show lacp [channel-group] {counters | internal | neighbors | sys-id}

Syntax Description

channel-group	(Optional) Number of the channel group; valid values are from 1 to 64.
counters	Displays the LACP statistical information.
internal	Displays the internal information.
neighbors	Displays the neighbor information.
sys-id	Displays the LACP system identification.

Command Default

This command has no default settings.

Command Modes

Privileged EXEC mode

Command History

Release	Modification
12.1(13)EW	This command was introduced on the Catalyst 4500 series switch.

Usage Guidelines

If you do not specify a *channel-group* value, all channel groups are displayed.

You can enter the optional *channel-group* value to specify a channel group for all keywords, except the **sys-id** keyword.

Examples

The following example shows how to display LACP statistical information for a specific channel group:

Switch# show lacp 1 counters						
	LAC	CPDUs	Ma	rker	LACPE)Us
Port	Sent	Recv	Sent	Recv	Pkts	Err
Channel	group: 1					
Fa4/1	8	15	0	0	3	0
Fa4/2	14	18	0	0	3	0
Fa4/3	14	18	0	0	0	
Fa4/4	13	18	0	0	0	
Switch#						

The output displays the following information:

- The LACPDUs Sent and Recv columns display the LACPDUs sent and received on each specific interface.
- The LACPDUs Pkts and Err columns display the marker protocol packets.

The following example shows how to display internal information for the interfaces belonging to a specific channel:

```
Switch# show lacp 1 internal
Flags: S - Device sends PDUs at slow rate. F - Device sends PDUs at fast rate.
       A - Device is in Active mode. P - Device is in Passive mode.
Channel group 1
                         LACPDUs
                                   LACP Port
                                               Admin
                                                       Oper
                                                              Port
                                                                      Port
                                 Priority
                         Interval
        Flags
Port
                State
                                               Key
                                                      Key
                                                              Number
                                                                      State
                                   32768
Fa4/1
        saC
                bndl
                         30s
                                               100
                                                      100
                                                              0xc1
                                                                      0x75
Fa4/2
        saC
                bndl
                         30s
                                   32768
                                              100
                                                    100
                                                                      0x75
                                                              0xc2
Fa4/3
        saC
                bndl
                         30s
                                   32768
                                               100
                                                      100
                                                              0xc3
                                                                      0x75
                bndl
Fa4/4
         saC
                         30s
                                   32768
                                              100
                                                      100
                                                              0xc4
                                                                      0x75
Switch#
```

Table 2-30 lists the output field definitions.

Table 2-30 show lacp internal Command Output Fields

Field	Description		
State	State of the specific port at the current moment is displayed; allowed values are as follows:		
	• <i>bndl</i> —Port is attached to an aggregator and bundled with other ports.		
	• <i>susp</i> —Port is in a suspended state; it is not attached to any aggregator.		
	• <i>indep</i> —Port is in an independent state (not bundled but able to switch data traffic. In this case, LACP is not running on the partner port).		
	• hot-sby—Port is in a hot-standby state.		
	• down—Port is down.		
LACPDUs Interval	Interval setting.		
LACP Port Priority	Port priority setting.		
Admin Key	Administrative key.		
Oper Key	Operator key.		
Port Number	Port number.		
Port State	State variables for the port encoded as individual bits within a single octet with the following meaning [1]:		
	• bit0: LACP_Activity		
	• bit1: LACP_Timeout		
	• bit2: Aggregation		
	• bit3: Synchronization		
	• bit4: Collecting		
	• bit5: Distributing		
	• bit6: Defaulted		
	• bit7: Expired		

The following example shows how to display LACP neighbors information for a specific port channel:

```
Switch# show lacp 1 neighbor
Flags: S - Device sends PDUs at slow rate. F - Device sends PDUs at fast rate.
        A - Device is in Active mode.
                                              P - Device is in Passive mode.
Channel group 1 neighbors
          Partner
                                   Partner
                                   Port Number
Port
          System ID
                                                     Age
                                                             Flags
Fa4/1
          8000,00b0.c23e.d84e
                                   0x81
                                                     29s
                                                             Ρ
          8000,00b0.c23e.d84e
                                                     0s
                                                             Р
Fa4/2
                                   0x82
Fa4/3
          8000,00b0.c23e.d84e
                                   0x83
                                                     0s
                                                             Ρ
Fa4/4
          8000,00b0.c23e.d84e
                                    0x84
                                                     0s
          Port
                         Admin
                                    Oper
                                              Port
          Priority
                         Key
                                    Key
                                              State
          32768
Fa4/1
                         200
                                    200
                                              0 \times 81
          32768
                                    200
Fa4/2
                         200
                                              0x81
Fa4/3
          32768
                         200
                                    200
                                              0x81
Fa4/4
          32768
                         200
                                    200
                                              0x81
Switch#
```

In the case where no PDUs have been received, the default administrative information is displayed in braces

The following example shows how to display the LACP system identification:

```
Switch> show lacp sys-id 8000,AC-12-34-56-78-90 Switch>
```

The system identification is made up of the system priority and the system MAC address. The first two bytes are the system priority, and the last six bytes are the globally administered individual MAC address associated to the system.

Command	Description
lacp port-priority	Sets the LACP priority for the physical interfaces.
lacp system-priority	Sets the priority of the system for LACP.

show license

To display information about the software license, use the **show license** command.

.show license [agent [counters | session] [all | detail [feature-name] | feature | file | statistics | status | udi | right-to-use | summary | permanent | in-use | image levels | evaluation | expiring]

Syntax Description

agent	Shows information about the software license agent.
all	Shows information about all licenses in the system.
detail feature-name	Shows detailed information about a specified licensed feature or about all licenses.
feature	Shows a list of licensed features available in an image
file	Shows license entries stored in the license file.
statistics	Shows license statistics information.
status	Shows information about supported license types and license operations, and provides device status.
udi	Shows all the unique device identifier (UDI) values that can be licensed in a system
right-to-use	Shows all PRTU licenses.
summary	Shows a brief summary of all licenses.
permanent	Show all available permanent licenses
in-use	Show all available in-use licenses
image levels	Shows license image levels
evaluation	Shows all evaluation licenses.
expiring	Shows all available expiring licenses.

Command Default

License-related information is not displayed

Command Modes

Privileged EXEC mode

Command History

Release	Modification
IOS XE 3.1.0	Support for show license introduced on the Catalyst 4500 series switch.
IOS XE 3.4.2	Keyword right-to-use introduced on the Catalyst 4500 series switch

Usage Guidelines

Use this command to display license information and to help with troubleshooting issues related to Cisco IOS software licenses. It displays all the licenses in the system.

This command also displays those features that are available but not licensed to execute (i.e., multiple license can be active but not in use (execute) simulteously). Only one type license can be used at a given time. Output is grouped according to how the features are stored in license storage (i.e., .where license information is stored on the device).

Examples).

These are examples of output from the show license agent command:

```
Switch# show license agent counters
License Agent Counters
Request Messages Received:0: Messages with Errors:0
Request Operations Received:0: Operations with Errors:0
Notification Messages Sent:1: Transmission Errors:0
Switch# show license agent session
License Agent Sessions: 0 open, maximum is 9
Switch# show license ?
agent show license agent
all Displays All The License(s).
call-home Show license call-home information
detail Displays Details Of A Given License.
evaluation Displays Evaluation License(s)
expiring Displays Expiring License(s).
feature Displays License Enabled Features.
file Displays All The License File(s).
handle show license handle
image show license image level
in-use Displays License That Are In-Use.
permanent Displays Permanent License(s)
right-to-use show permanent right-to-use licenses
statistics Displays License Statistics.
status Displays License Status.
summary Displays Brief Summary Of All License(s).
udi Displays UDI Value
```

This is an example of output from the **show license detail** command:

```
Switch# show license detail
Index: 1 Feature: entservices Version: 1.0
License Type: Evaluation
Evaluation total period: 8 weeks 4 days
Evaluation period left: 8 weeks 3 days
License State: Active, Not in Use, EULA accepted
License Count: Non-Counted
License Priority: Low
Store Index: 0
Store Name: Dynamic Evaluation License Storage
Index: 2 Feature: entservices Version: 1.0
License Type: PermanentRightToUse
License State: Inactive
License Count: Non-Counted
Store Index: 1
Store Name: Dynamic Evaluation License Storage
Index: 3 Feature: ipbase Version: 1.0
License Type: PermanentRightToUse
License State: Active, Not in Use, EULA accepted
License Count: Non-Counted
Store Index: 3
Store Name: Dynamic Evaluation License Storage
Index: 4 Feature: ipbase Version: 1.0
License Type: Evaluation
Evaluation total period: 8 weeks 4 days
Evaluation period left: 8 weeks 3 days
License State: Inactive
License Count: Non-Counted
License Priority: Low
Store Index: 2
Store Name: Dynamic Evaluation License Storage
```

This is an example of output from the **show license detail entservices** command:

Switch# show license detail entservices

Feature: entservices Period Left: 8 weeks 3 days

```
Index: 1 Feature: entservices Version: 1.0
License Type: Evaluation
Evaluation total period: 8 weeks 4 days
Evaluation period left: 8 weeks 3 days
License State: Active, Not in Use, EULA accepted
License Count: Non-Counted
License Priority: Low
Store Index: 0
Store Name: Dynamic Evaluation License Storage
Index: 2 Feature: entservices Version: 1.0
License Type: PermanentRightToUse
License State: Inactive
License Count: Non-Counted
Store Index: 1
Store Name: Dynamic Evaluation License Storage
This is an example of output from the show license feature command:
Switch# show license feature
Feature name Enforcement Evaluation Clear Allowed Enabled Right...
entservices true true true false true
ipbase true true true true
lambase false false true false false
internal_service true false true false false
This is an example of output from the show license file command:
Switch# show license file
License Store: Primary License Storage
License Index: 1
License: 11 ipbase 1.0 LONG NORMAL STANDALONE EXCL INFINITE_KEYS INFINITE_KEYS NEVER NEVER
NiL SLM_CODE CL_ND_LCK NiL *1DELA9XDSFSJXAH400 NiL NiL 5_MINS WS-C4507R+EFOX1327G52D
5wsZSX1HZiXwOd9RHp3mjmnhxFDnS0e6UxjgXgqvV:$AQEBIf8B///kh4dluXv+U+xjUPlzoc3++jpV9d8He4jOuba
fbkmmOtaOYAoB3inJLnlLyv50VCuRqwInXo3s+nsLU7rOtdOxoIxYZAo3LYmUJ+MFzsqlhKoJVlPyEvQ8H21MNUjVb
hoN0gyIWsyiJaM8AQIkVBQFzhr10GYolVzdzfJfEPQIx6tZ++/Vtc/q3SF/5Ko8XCY=
Comment:
Hash: Z+EY3ce1csQ1VpRGc5NNy5ypmds=
License Store: Dynamic License Storage
License Store: Primary License Storage
License Store: Dynamic License Storage
License Index: 0
License: 11 entservices 1.0 LONG TRIAL DISABLED 1440 DISABLED STANDALONE ADD INFINITE_KEYS
INFINITE_KEYS NEVER NEVER Nil SLM_CODE DEMO Nil Nil Nil Nil Nil Nil 5_MINS Nil
BGf3gQnLuroDmnnMJMwWVa2ukR8kP2JZyinKpmOXpa32jwPuSBmHvcSRiSSaqBngV8$AQEBIQAB///FTlc+Qu1Xlg2
sqlhKoJV1PyEvQ8H21MNUjVbhoN0gyIWsyiJaM8AQIkVBQFzhr10GYolVzdzfJfEPQIx6tZ++/Vtc/q3SF/5Ko8XCY
Comment:
Hash: RmO9Kumi8BFKq0wCAx2CcUDE6rg=
License Index: 1
License: 12 entservices 1.0 LONG TRIAL DISABLED DISABLED DISABLED STANDALONE ADD
INFINITE_KEYS INFINITE_KEYS 1 JAN 2006 1 JAN 2035 NIL NIL SLM_CODE DEMO NIL NIL NI NIL NIL
5_MINS NOTLOCKEDNOTLOCKEDHBL
llnG2zXePlBt,ifk7ZReL80LqzvzgRUCelWrBp41FC3jOKer6ZMT7XC4834W3Ev7fm1eXoWaK58t:oDeH5RI1V3dVE
2VpAnyb7WiKDz9En8PfrI7vewhayNbschEXBD9:tfPfir6GaALUFwsLxcqYzHuL2$AQEBIf8B///mCSo9+7kn+8zTC
3 \texttt{WX1YS9if} + \texttt{g0e8AjRRu1Jq3Kye4y8wv4c} + \texttt{Y9FHJ7Ro/mw7ERwqRqwInXo3s} + \texttt{nsLU7rOtd0xoIxYZAo3LYmUJ} + \texttt{MFzsquarmar} +
```

lhKoJVlPyEvQ8H21MNUjVbhoN0gyIWsyiJaM8AQIkVBQFzhr10GYolVzdzfJfEPQIx6tZ++/Vtc/q3SF/5Ko8XCY=

Hash: 9w09jAFGBzi2w6XQCljLOBe2p+Y=

Comment:

```
License Index: 2
License: 11 ipbase 1.0 LONG TRIAL DISABLED 1440 DISABLED STANDALONE ADD INFINITE_KEYS
INFINITE_KEYS NEVER NEVER Nil SLM_CODE DEMO Nil Nil Nil Nil 5_MINS Nil
YXNJUtpFJiC2Rpdt1SJNVQBCpQUBNt59tdkJJTgKwmLTKj:vmp,sVkMiiRYLfMHQfj$AQEBIf8B//kagzg0R7bT5rn
6dVYVPUFmxB1UsblGgbkInHYo55DJzHE/Bqnlf9keNdSyzPbUhSRqwInXo3snsLU7rOtdOxoIxYZAo3LYmUJ+MFzsq
lhKoJVlPyEvQ8H21MNUjVbhoN0qyIWsyiJaM8AQIkVBQFzhr10GYolVzdzfJfEPQIx6tZ++/Vtc/q3SF/5Ko8XCY=
Comment:
Hash: H6zsXVLv9TF1mTfFGm0tK4VHJ2Q=
License Index: 3
License: 12 ipbase 1.0 LONG TRIAL DISABLED DISABLED DISABLED STANDALONE ADD INFINITE_KEYS
INFINITE_KEYS 1 JAN 2006 1 JAN 2035 NiL NiL SLM_CODE DEMO NiL NiL Ni NiL NiL 5_MINS
NOTLOCKEDNOTLOCKEDHBL
{\tt Zh0GdIANT1XwW6LJgQ95LB0aCazzbsjSOL4HUaqcySLcOvcLq,d04oTgS8pJbHI03BaD0tgELHog9egQWj9bCJ3,sm}
2jRaJkgkhYKO9BrbWYLOA, mO3Qe2E, TPJou8fms:LtvrfctzLbujmB0XcB68MPLm$AQEBIf8B//+O8JwRWipzfjtWl
lhKoJVlPyEvQ8H21MNUjVbhoN0gyIWsyiJaM8AQIkVBQFzhr10GYolVzdzfJfEPQIx6tZ++/Vtc/q3SF/5Ko8XCY=
Comment:
Hash: S3Ks+G07ueugA9hMFPkXGTF12So=
```

This is an example of output from the **show license statistics** command:

```
Switch# show license statistics
Administrative statistics
Install success count: 4
Install failure count: 1
Install duplicate count: 0
Comment add count: 0
Comment delete count: 0
Clear count: 0
Save count: 0
Save cred count: 0
Client status Request success count 1 Request failure count 0 Release count 0 Global
Notify count 1
```

This is an example of output from the **show license status** command:

```
Switch# show license status
License Type Supported
permanent Non-expiring node locked license
extension Expiring node locked license
evaluation Expiring non node locked license
License Operation Supported install Install license clear Clear license annotate Comment
license save Save license revoke Revoke license call-home License call-home Call-home
Operation Supported show pak Display license pak via call-home install Install license via
call-home revoke Revoke license via call-home resend Fetch license via call-home Device
status Device Credential type: IMAGE Device Credential Verification: PASS Rehost Type:
DC_OR_IC
```

When you enter the **show license udi** command on WS-C4507R+E, this output appears:



The **show license udi** command output shows details on the current switch.

Displays all the Right to use licenses present on the device and their status. It contains license details: license state, licenses currently in use, and whether the EULA is accepted by the user.

```
Switch# show license right-to-use
License Store: Built-In License Storage
StoreIndex: 1 Feature: ipservices Version: 1.0
```

```
License Type: PermanentRightToUse
License State: Active, Not in Use, EULA accepted
Period used: 1 hour 50 minutes
License Priority: High
License Count: Non-Counted
```

This is an example of the **show license summary** command:

```
Switch# show license summary
Index 0 Feature: entservices
Period left: 8 weeks 3 days
License Type: Evaluation
License State: Active, Not in Use, EULA accepted
License Count: Non-Counted
License Priority: Low
Index 1 Feature: ipbase
Period left: Life time
License Type: Permanent
License State: Active, In Use
License Count: Non-Counted
License Priority: Medium
Index 2 Feature: lanbase
Period left: 0 seconds
Index 3 Feature: internal_service
Period left: 0 seconds
```

This is an example of the **show license evaluation** command:

```
Switch# show license evaluation
License Store: Primary License Storage
License Store: Dynamic License Storage
StoreIndex: 0 Feature: entservices Version: 1.0
License Type: Evaluation
Evaluation total period: 8 weeks 4 days
Evaluation period left: 8 weeks 3 days
License State: Active, Not in Use, EULA accepted
License Count: Non-Counted
License Priority: Low
StoreIndex: 2 Feature: ipbase Version: 1.0
License Type: Evaluation
Evaluation total period: 8 weeks 4 days
Evaluation period left: 8 weeks 4 days
License State: Inactive
License Count: Non-Counted
License Priority: None
```

This is an example of the **show license image levels** command:

This is an example of the show license expiring command

```
Switch# show license expiring
License Store: Primary License Storage
License Store: Dynamic License Storage
StoreIndex: 0 Feature: entservices Version: 1.0
```

```
License Type: Evaluation
Evaluation total period: 8 weeks 4 days
Evaluation period left: 8 weeks 3 days
License State: Active, Not in Use, EULA accepted
License Count: Non-Counted
License Priority: Low
StoreIndex: 2 Feature: ipbase Version: 1.0
License Type: Evaluation
Evaluation total period: 8 weeks 4 days
Evaluation period left: 8 weeks 4 days
License State: Inactive
License Count: Non-Counted
License Priority: None
Switch#
```

This is an example of the show license in-use command

Switch# show license in-use License Store: Primary License Storage StoreIndex: 1 Feature: ipbase Version: 1.0 License Type: Permanent License State: Active, In Use License Count: Non-Counted License Priority: Medium License Store: Dynamic License Storage

show link state group

To display link state group information, use the **show link state group** command in user EXEC or privileged EXEC mode.

show link state group detail

Syntax	116213	

detail	Displays detailed information about the group.
--------	--

Command Default

None

Command Modes

User EXEC (>)

Privileged EXEC (#)

Command History

Release	Modification
15.1(1)S	This command was introduced.

Examples

The following example displays the link-state group information:

Switch# enable

Switch# show link state group 1

Link State Group: 1 Status: Enabled, Down

Router> show link state group detail

(Up):Interface up (Dwn):Interface Down (Dis):Interface disabled

Link State Group: 1 Status: Enabled, Down Upstream Interfaces: Gi3/5(Dwn) Gi3/6(Dwn)

Downstream Interfaces: Gi3/1(Dis) Gi3/2(Dis) Gi3/3(Dis) Gi3/4(Dis)

Link State Group: 2 Status: Enabled, Down

 ${\tt Upstream\ Interfaces\ :\ Gi3/15\,(Dwn)\ Gi3/16\,(Dwn)\ Gi3/17\,(Dwn)}$

Downstream Interfaces : Gi3/11(Dis) Gi3/12(Dis) Gi3/13(Dis) Gi3/14(Dis)

(Up): Interface up (Dwn): Interface Down (Dis): Interface disabled

Command	Description
link state track	Configures the link state group and enables link state tracking.
link state group	Configures the link state group and interface, as either an upstream or downstream interface in the group.

show mab

To display MAC authentication bypass (MAB) information, use the **show mab** command in EXEC mode.

 $show\ mab\ \{interface\ \it interface\ \it interface-number\ |\ all\ \}\ [detail]$

Syntax Description

interface interface	Interface type; possible valid value is gigabitethernet .
interface-number	Module and port number.
all	Displays MAB information for all interfaces.
detail	(Optional) Displays detailed MAB information.

Command Default

None.

Command Modes

Privileged EXEC mode

Command History

Release	Modification
12.2(50)SG	This command was introduced.

Usage Guidelines

Table 2-31 lists the fields in the **show mab** command.

Table 2-31 show mab Command Output

Field	Description	
Mac-Auth-Bypass	MAB state	
Inactivity Timeout	Inactivity timeout	
Client MAC	Client MAC address	
MAB SM state	MAB state machine state	
Auth Status	Authorization status	

Table 2-32 lists the possible values for the state of the MAB state machine.

Table 2-32 MAB State Machine Values

State	State Level	Description	
Initialize	Intermediate	The state of the session when it initializes	
1 &		The state of the session when it is obtaining the client MAC address	

Table 2-32 MAB State Machine Values (continued)

Authorizing	Intermediate	The state of the session during MAC-based authorization	
Terminate	Terminal	The state of the session once a result has been obtained. For a session in terminal state, "TERMINATE" displays.	

Table 2-33 lists the possible displayed values for the MAB authorization status.

Table 2-33 MAB Authorization Status Values

Status	Description	
AUTHORIZED	The session has successfully authorized.	
UNAUTHORIZED	The session has failed to be authorized.	

Examples

The following example shows how to display MAB information:

```
Switch# show mab all
MAB details for GigaEthernet1/3
-------
Mac-Auth-Bypass = Enabled
Inactivity Timeout = None
Switch#
```

The following example shows how to display detailed MAB information:

```
Switch# show mab all detail

MAB details for GigaEthernet1/3
------
Mac-Auth-Bypass = Enabled
Inactivity Timeout = None

MAB Client List
-----
Client MAC = 000f.23c4.a401

MAB SM state = TERMINATE
Auth Status = AUTHORIZED
```

The following example shows how to display MAB information for a specific interface:

```
Switch# show mab interface GigaEthernet1/3
MAB details for GigaEthernet1/3
-----
Mac-Auth-Bypass = Enabled
Inactivity Timeout = None
```

The following example shows how to display detailed MAB information for a specific interface:

Switch# show mab interface gigabitethernet1/1 detail

MAB details for GigaEthernet1/1

Mac-Auth-Bypass = Enabled
Inactivity Timeout = None

MAB Client List

Client MAC = 000f.23c4.a401

MAB SM state = TERMINATE

Auth Status = AUTHORIZED

Switch#

Command	Description
mab	Enables and configures MAC authorization bypass (MAB) on a port.

show mac access-group interface

To display the ACL configuration on a Layer 2 interface, use the **show mac access-group interface** command.

show mac access-group interface [interface interface-number]

Syntax Description

interface	(Optional) Specifies the interface type; valid values are ethernet , fastethernet , gigabitethernet , tengigabitethernet , pos , atm , port-channel , and ge-wan .		
interface-number	(Optional) Specifies the port number.		

Command Default

This command has no default settings.

Command Modes

Privileged EXEC mode

Command History

Release	Modification
12.1(19)EW	This command was introduced on the Catalyst 4500 series switch.

Usage Guidelines

The valid values for the port number depend on the chassis used.

Examples

The following example shows how to display the ACL configuration on interface fast 6/1:

Switch# show mac access-group interface fast 6/1

 ${\tt Interface\ FastEthernet6/1:}\\$

Inbound access-list is simple-mac-acl
Outbound access-list is not set

Command	Description
access-group mode	Specifies the override modes (for example, VACL overrides PACL) and the non-override modes (for example, merge or strict mode).

show mac-address-table address

To display MAC address table information for a specific MAC address, use the **show mac-address-table address** command.

show mac-address-table address mac_addr [interface $type\ slot/port \mid protocol\ protocol\ vlan\ vlan_id$]

Syntax Description

mac_addr	48-bit MAC address; the valid format is H.H.H.		
interface type slot/port	(Optional) Displays information for a specific interface; valid values for <i>type</i> are fastethernet , gigabitethernet , and tengigabitethernet .		
protocol protocol	(Optional) Specifies a protocol. See the "Usage Guidelines" section for more information.		
vlan vlan_id	(Optional) Displays entries for the specific VLAN only; valid values are from 1 to 4094.		

Command Modes

Privileged EXEC mode

Command History

Release	Modification
12.1(8a)EW	This command was introduced on the Catalyst 4500 series switch.
12.1(12c)EW	Added support for extended VLAN addresses.
12.2(25)EW	Added support for the 10-Gigabit Ethernet interface.

Usage Guidelines

For the MAC address table entries that are used by the routed ports, the routed port name is displayed in the "vlan" column not the internal VLAN number.

The keyword definitions for the *protocol* variable are as follows:

- ip specifies the IP protocol.
- ipx specifies the IPX protocols.
- assigned specifies the assigned protocol entries.
- other specifies the other protocol entries.

Examples

The following example shows how to display MAC address table information for a specific MAC address:

Switch# show mac-address-table address 0030.94fc.0dff

vlan	mac address	type	protocols	port
1 Fa6/1	0030.94fc.0dff 0030.94fc.0dff 0030.94fc.0dff	static static	<pre>ip,ipx,assigned,other ip,ipx,assigned,other ip,ipx,assigned,other</pre>	Switch Switch

Command	Description
show mac-address-table aging-time	Displays MAC address table aging information.
show mac-address-table count	Displays the number of entries currently in the MAC address table.
show mac-address-table dynamic	Displays the dynamic MAC address table entries only.
show mac-address-table interface	Displays the MAC address table information for a specific interface.
show mac-address-table multicast	Displays information about the multicast MAC address table.
show mac-address-table protocol	Displays the MAC address table information that is based on the protocol.
show mac-address-table static	Displays the static MAC address table entries only.
show mac-address-table vlan	Displays information about the MAC address table for a specific VLAN.

show mac-address-table aging-time

To display the MAC address aging time, use the **show mac-address-table aging-time** command.

show mac-address-table aging-time [vlan vlan_id]

Syntax Description

vlan vlan_id	(Optional) Specifies a VLAN; valid values are from 1 to 4094.	
--------------	---	--

Command Modes

Privileged EXEC mode

Command History

Release	Modification
12.1(8a)EW	This command was introduced on the Catalyst 4500 series switch.
12.1(12c)EW	Support for extended addressing was added.

The following example shows how to display the currently configured aging time for all VLANs:

Switch#	show mac-address-table aging-time
Vlan	Aging Time
100	300
200	1000

Switch#

The following example shows how to display the currently configured aging time for a specific VLAN:

```
Switch# show mac-address-table aging-time vlan 100 Vlan Aging Time ---- -----------
```

100 300

Switch#

Command	Description
show mac-address-table address	Displays the information about the MAC-address table.
show mac-address-table count	Displays the number of entries currently in the MAC address table.
show mac-address-table dynamic	Displays the dynamic MAC address table entries only.
show mac-address-table interface	Displays the MAC address table information for a specific interface.
show mac-address-table multicast	Displays information about the multicast MAC address table.
show mac-address-table protocol	Displays the MAC address table information that is based on the protocol.
show mac-address-table static	Displays the static MAC address table entries only.
show mac-address-table vlan	Displays information about the MAC address table for a specific VLAN.

show mac-address-table count

To display the number of entries currently in the MAC address table, use the **show mac-address-table count** command.

show mac-address-table count [vlan vlan_id]

Syntax Description

vlan vlan_id	(Optional) Specifies a	VLAN; valid values are from 1 to 4094.
--------------	------------------------	--

Command Modes

Privileged EXEC mode

Command History

Release	Modification
12.1(8a)EW	This command was introduced on the Catalyst 4500 series switch.
12.1(12c)EW	Added support for extended VLAN addresses.

The following example shows how to display the entry count for a specific VLAN:

Switch# show mac-address-table count vlan 1

MAC Entries for Vlan 1:

Dynamic Unicast Address Count:

Static Unicast Address (User-defined) Count:

Static Unicast Address (System-defined) Count:

Total Unicast MAC Addresses In Use:

Total Unicast MAC Addresses Available:

Multicast MAC Address Count:

Total Multicast MAC Addresses Available:

Switch#

Command	Description	
show mac-address-table address	Displays the information about the MAC-address table.	
show mac-address-table aging-time	Displays MAC address table aging information.	
show mac-address-table dynamic	Displays the dynamic MAC address table entries only.	
show mac-address-table interface	Displays the MAC address table information for a specific interface.	
show mac-address-table multicast	Displays information about the multicast MAC address table.	
show mac-address-table protocol	Displays the MAC address table information that is based on the protocol.	
show mac-address-table static	Displays the static MAC address table entries only.	
show mac-address-table vlan	Displays information about the MAC address table for a specific VLAN.	

show mac-address-table dynamic

To display the dynamic MAC address table entries only, use the **show mac-address-table dynamic** command.

show mac-address-table dynamic [address mac_addr | **interface** type slot/port | **protocol** protocol | **vlan** vlan_id]

Syntax Description

address mac_addr	(Optional) Specifies a 48-bit MAC address; the valid format is H.H.H.
interface type slot/port	(Optional) Specifies an interface to match; valid values for <i>type</i> are fastethernet , gigabitethernet , and tengigabitethernet .
protocol protocol	(Optional) Specifies a protocol. See the "Usage Guidelines" section for more information.
vlan vlan_id	(Optional) Displays entries for a specific VLAN; valid values are from 1 to 4094.

Command Modes

Privileged EXEC mode

Command History

Release	Modification
12.1(8a)EW	This command was introduced on the Catalyst 4500 series switch.
12.1(12c)EW	Added support for extended VLAN addresses.
12.2(25)EW	Added support for the 10-Gigabit Ethernet interface.

Usage Guidelines

The keyword definitions for the *protocol* argument are as follows:

- assigned specifies assigned protocol entries.
- ip specifies IP protocol.
- ipx specifies IPX protocols.
- other specifies other protocol entries.

The **show mac-address-table dynamic** command output for an EtherChannel interface changes the port number designation (such as, 5/7) to a port group number (such as, Po80).

For the MAC address table entries that are used by the routed ports, the routed port name is displayed in the "vlan" column not the internal VLAN number.

Examples

The following example shows how to display all the dynamic MAC address entries:

Cr. ri + ah #	ahou	mac-address-table	dimania
DWT CCII#	SILOW	mac-address-capte	dynamic

Unicast vlan	Entries mac address	type	protocols	port
1	0000.0000.0201	dynamic	ip	FastEthernet6/15
1	0000.0000.0202	dynamic	ip	FastEthernet6/15
1	0000.0000.0203	dynamic	ip,assigned	FastEthernet6/15
1	0000.0000.0204	dynamic	ip,assigned	FastEthernet6/15
1	0000.0000.0205	dynamic	ip,assigned	FastEthernet6/15
2	0000.0000.0101	dynamic	ip	FastEthernet6/16
2	0000.0000.0102	dynamic	ip	FastEthernet6/16
2	0000.0000.0103	dynamic	ip,assigned	FastEthernet6/16
2	0000.0000.0104	dynamic	ip,assigned	FastEthernet6/16
2	0000.0000.0105	dynamic	ip,assigned	FastEthernet6/16
Switch#				

The following example shows how to display the dynamic MAC address entries with a specific protocol type (in this case, assigned):

Switch# show mac-address-table dynamic protocol assigned

vlan	Entries mac address	type +	protocols	port
1	0000.0000.0203		ip,assigned	FastEthernet6/15
1	0000.0000.0204	dynamic	ip,assigned	FastEthernet6/15
1	0000.0000.0205	dynamic	ip,assigned	FastEthernet6/15
2	0000.0000.0103	dynamic	ip,assigned	FastEthernet6/16
2	0000.0000.0104	dynamic	ip,assigned	FastEthernet6/16
2	0000.0000.0105	dynamic	ip,assigned	FastEthernet6/16
Switch#				

Command	Description
show mac-address-table protocol	Displays the MAC address table information that is based on the protocol.
show mac-address-table static	Displays the static MAC address table entries only.
show mac-address-table vlan	Displays information about the MAC address table for a specific VLAN.

show mac-address-table interface

To display the MAC address table information for a specific interface, use the **show mac-address-table interface** command.

show mac-address-table interface type slot/port

Syntax Description

type	Interface type; valid values are ethernet , fastethernet , gigabitethernet , and tengigabitethernet .
slot/port	Number of the slot and port.

Command Modes

Privileged EXEC mode

Command History

Release Modification	
12.1(8a)EW	This command was introduced on the Catalyst 4500 series switch.
12.2(25)EW	Added support for the 10-Gigabit Ethernet interface.

Usage Guidelines

For the MAC address table entries that are used by the routed ports, the routed port name is displayed in the "vlan" column not the internal VLAN number.

Examples

The following example shows how to display MAC address table information for a specific interface:

	ch# show mac-address-table interface fastethernet6/16			716
	mac address	type	protocols	port
2	0000.0000.0101	dynamic	other	FastEthernet6/16
2	0000.0000.0102	dynamic	other	FastEthernet6/16
2	0000.0000.0103	dynamic	other	FastEthernet6/16
2	0000.0000.0104	dynamic	other	FastEthernet6/16
2	0000.0000.0105	dynamic	other	FastEthernet6/16
2	0000.0000.0106	dynamic	other	FastEthernet6/16
Multicas	st Entries			
	mac address		ports 	
2 Switch#	ffff.ffff.ffff	system 1		

Command	Description
show mac-address-table address	Displays the information about the MAC-address table.
show mac-address-table aging-time	Displays MAC address table aging information.
show mac-address-table count	Displays the number of entries currently in the MAC address table.
show mac-address-table dynamic	Displays the dynamic MAC address table entries only.
show mac-address-table multicast	Displays information about the multicast MAC address table.
show mac-address-table protocol	Displays the MAC address table information that is based on the protocol.
show mac-address-table static	Displays the static MAC address table entries only.
show mac-address-table vlan	Displays information about the MAC address table for a specific VLAN.

show mac address-table learning

To display the status of MAC address learning for all VLANs or a specified VLAN, use the **show mac address-table learning** user EXEC command.

show mac address-table learning [vlan vlan-id] [| {begin | exclude | include}} expression]

Syntax Description

vlan vlan-id	(Optional) Displays information for a specific VLAN. The range is 1 to 4094.
begin	(Optional) Displays the line that matches the expression.
exclude	(Optional) Displays excluded lines that match the expression.
include	(Optional) Displays included lines that match the specified expression.
expression	(Optional) Specifies the expression in the output as a reference point.

Command ModesM

AC address learning is enabled on all VLANs User EXEC

Command History

Release	Modification
12.2(54)SG	This command was modified to support the learning disable feature on the
	Catalyst 4500 series switch.

Usage Guidelines

To display configured VLANs, and whether MAC address learning is enabled or disabled, use the **show mac address-table learning** command without keywords.

To display the learning status on an individual VLAN, use the command with a specific VLAN ID.

Expressions are case sensitive. For example, if you enter I **exclude output**, the lines that contain output do not appear, but the lines that contain Output appear.

Examples

The following example shows that MAC address learning is disabled on VLAN 200:

Switch>	show mac address-table learning
VLAN	Learning Status
1	yes
100	yes
200	no

Command	Description
mac-address-table learning vlan	Enables or disables MAC address learning on a VLAN.

show mac-address-table multicast

To display information about the multicast MAC address table, use the **show mac-address-table multicast** command.

show mac-address-table multicast [count | {igmp-snooping [count]} | {user [count]} | {vlan vlan_num}]

Syntax Description

count	(Optional) Displays the number of multicast entries.	
igmp-snooping	(Optional) Displays only the addresses learned by IGMP snooping.	
user	(Optional) Displays only the user-entered static addresses.	
vlan vlan_num	(Optional) Displays information for a specific VLAN only; valid values are from 1 to 4094.	

Command Modes

Privileged EXEC mode

Command History

Release	Modification	
12.1(8a)EW	This command was introduced on the Catalyst 4500 series switch.	
12.1(12c)EW	Added support for extended VLAN addresses.	

Usage Guidelines

For the MAC address table entries that are used by the routed ports, the routed port name is displayed in the "vlan" column not the internal VLAN number.

Examples

The following example shows how to display multicast MAC address table information for a specific VLAN:

${\tt Switch\#} \ \ \textbf{show mac-address-table multicast vlan 1}$

Multicast Entries

vlan mac address type ports

1 ffff.ffff system Switch,Fa6/15

Switch#

The following example shows how to display the number of multicast MAC entries for all VLANs:

Switch# show mac-address-table multicast count

MAC Entries for all vlans:
Multicast MAC Address Count: 141
Total Multicast MAC Addresses Available: 16384
Switch#

Command	Description
show mac-address-table address	Displays the information about the MAC-address table.
show mac-address-table aging-time	Displays MAC address table aging information.
show mac-address-table count	Displays the number of entries currently in the MAC address table.
show mac-address-table dynamic	Displays the dynamic MAC address table entries only.
show mac-address-table interface	Displays the MAC address table information for a specific interface.
show mac-address-table protocol	Displays the MAC address table information that is based on the protocol.
show mac-address-table static	Displays the static MAC address table entries only.
show mac-address-table vlan	Displays information about the MAC address table for a specific VLAN.

show mac-address-table notification

To display the MAC address table notification status and history, use the **show mac-address-table notification** command.

show mac-address-table notification [change] [interface [interface-id]] | [mac-move] | [threshold] | [learn-fail]

Syntax Description

change	(Optional) Displays the MAC address change notification status.		
interface	(Optional) Displays MAC change information for an interfaces.		
interface-id	(Optional) Displays the information for a specific interface. Valid interfaces include physical ports and port channels.		
mac-move	(Optional) Displays MAC move notification status.		
threshold	reshold (Optional) Displays the MAC threshold notification status.		
learn-fail	(Optional) Displays general information of hardware MAC learning failure notifications.		

Command Modes

Privileged EXEC mode

Command History

Release	Modification
12.2(31)SG	This command was introduced on the Catalyst 4500 series switch.
12.2(52)SG	Support for learn-fail keyword, Supervisor Engine 6-E, and Catalyst 4900M chassis added.

Usage Guidelines

Use the **show mac-address-table notification change** command to display the MAC change notification interval, the maximum number of entries allowed in the history table, the history table contents, and whether the MAC change feature is enabled or disabled.

Use the **interface** keyword to display the flags for all interfaces. If the *interface-id* is included, only the flags for that interface are displayed.

Examples

The following example shows how to display all the MAC address notification information:

```
Operation: Added Vlan: 1 MAC Addr: 1234.5678.9ab0 Dot1dBasePort: 323
History Index 2, Entry Timestamp 481834, Despatch Timestamp 481834

MAC Changed Message:
Operation: Added Vlan: 1 MAC Addr: 1234.5678.9ab1 Dot1dBasePort: 323
Operation: Added Vlan: 1 MAC Addr: 1234.5678.9ab2 Dot1dBasePort: 323
Operation: Added Vlan: 1 MAC Addr: 1234.5678.9ab3 Dot1dBasePort: 323
Operation: Added Vlan: 1 MAC Addr: 1234.5678.9ab4 Dot1dBasePort: 323
Operation: Added Vlan: 1 MAC Addr: 1234.5678.9ab4 Dot1dBasePort: 323
History Index 3, Entry Timestamp 484334, Despatch Timestamp 484334

MAC Changed Message:
Operation: Deleted Vlan: 1 MAC Addr: 1234.5678.9ab0 Dot1dBasePort: 323
Switch#
```

The following example shows how to display the MAC address change status on the FastEthernet interface 7/1:

Switch#

The following example shows how to display the MAC address move status:

```
Switch# show mac-address-table notification mac-move MAC Move Notification: Enabled Switch#
```

The following example shows how to display the MAC address table utilization status:

The following example shows how to display general information of MAC learning failure notifications:

```
Switch# show mac address-table notification learn-fail
Status limit Interval
-----disabled 2000 120
```

Command	Description
clear mac-address-table	Clears the address entries from the Layer 2 MAC address table.
mac-address-table notification	Enables MAC address notification on a switch.
snmp-server enable traps	Enables SNMP notifications (traps or informs).
snmp trap mac-notification change	Enables SNMP MAC address notifications.

show mac-address-table protocol

To display the MAC address table information that is based on the protocol, use the **show** mac-address-table protocol command.

show mac-address-table protocol {assigned | ip | ipx | other}

Syntax Description

assigned	Specifies the assigned protocol entries.
ip	Specifies the IP protocol entries.
ipx	Specifies the IPX protocol entries.
other	Specifies the other protocol entries.

Command Modes

Privileged EXEC mode

Command History

Release	Modification
12.1(8a)EW	This command was introduced on the Catalyst 4500 series switch.

Usage Guidelines

For the MAC address table entries that are used by the routed ports, the routed port name is displayed in the "vlan" column not the the internal VLAN number.

Examples

The following example shows how to display the MAC address table entries that have a specific protocol type (in this case, assigned):

Switch# show mac-address-table protocol assigned

vlan	mac address		-	-		ports
	+	+	+	+	+	
200	0050.3e8d.6400	static	assigned		Switch	
100	0050.3e8d.6400	static	assigned		Switch	
5	0050.3e8d.6400	static	assigned		Switch	
4092	0000.0000.0000	dynamic	assigned		Switch	
1	0050.3e8d.6400	static	assigned		Switch	
4	0050.3e8d.6400	static	assigned		Switch	
4092	0050.f0ac.3058	static	assigned		Switch	
4092	0050.f0ac.3059	dynamic	assigned		Switch	
1	0010.7b3b.0978	dynamic	assigned		Fa5/9	
Switc	h#					

The following example shows the other output for the previous example:

Switch# show mac-address-table protocol other Unicast Entries					
	mac address		protocols +	port	
	0000.0000.0201			FastEthernet6/15	
1	0000.0000.0202	dynamic	other	FastEthernet6/15	
1	0000.0000.0203	dynamic	other	FastEthernet6/15	
1	0000.0000.0204	dynamic	other	FastEthernet6/15	
1	0030.94fc.0dff	static	ip,ipx,assigned,other	Switch	
2	0000.0000.0101	dynamic	other	FastEthernet6/16	
2	0000.0000.0102	dynamic	other	FastEthernet6/16	
2	0000.0000.0103	dynamic	other	FastEthernet6/16	
2	0000.0000.0104	dynamic	other	FastEthernet6/16	
Fa6/1	0030.94fc.0dff	static	ip,ipx,assigned,other	Switch	
Fa6/2	0030.94fc.0dff	static	ip, ipx, assigned, other	Switch	
Multica	st Entries				
	mac address				
	ffff.ffff.ffff				
	ffff.ffff.ffff	_			
	ffff.ffff.ffff	system	140/10		
	ffff.ffff.ffff	system			
	ffff.ffff.ffff	system			
	ffff.ffff.ffff	system			
	ffff.ffff.ffff	-	Switch,Fa6/1		
	ffff.ffff.ffff	-	Switch,Fa6/2		
Switch#		System	DW10011,1 40/2		

Command	Description
show mac-address-table address	Displays the information about the MAC-address table.
show mac-address-table aging-time	Displays MAC address table aging information.
show mac-address-table count	Displays the number of entries currently in the MAC address table.
show mac-address-table dynamic	Displays the dynamic MAC address table entries only.
show mac-address-table interface	Displays the MAC address table information for a specific interface.
show mac-address-table multicast	Displays information about the multicast MAC address table.
show mac-address-table static	Displays the static MAC address table entries only.
show mac-address-table vlan	Displays information about the MAC address table for a specific VLAN.

show mac-address-table static

To display the static MAC address table entries only, use the show mac-address-table static command.

show mac-address-table static [address mac_addr | **interface** type number | **protocol** protocol | **vlan** vlan_id]

Syntax Description

address mac_addr	(Optional) Specifies a 48-bit MAC address to match; the valid format is H.H.H.
interface type number	(Optional) Specifies an interface to match; valid values for <i>type</i> are fastethernet , gigabitethernet , and tengigabitethernet .
protocol protocol	(Optional) Specifies a protocol. See the "Usage Guidelines" section for more information.
vlan vlan_id	(Optional) Displays the entries for a specific VLAN; valid values are from 1 to 4094.

Command Modes

Privileged EXEC mode

Command History

Release	Modification
12.1(8a)EW	This command was introduced on the Catalyst 4500 series switch.
12.1(12c)EW	Added support for extended VLAN addresses.
12.2(25)EW	Added support for the 10-Gigabit Ethernet interface.

Usage Guidelines

For the MAC address table entries that are used by the routed ports, the routed port name is displayed in the "vlan" column not the internal VLAN number.

The keyword definitions for the *protocol* argument are as follows:

- assigned specifies the assigned protocol entries.
- **ip** specifies the IP protocol.
- **ipx** specifies the IPX protocols.
- other specifies the other protocol entries.

Examples

The following example shows how to display all the static MAC address entries:

```
Switch# show mac-address-table static
Unicast Entries
vlan mac address
                     type
                                protocols
                                                      port
  1 0030.94fc.0dff static ip,ipx,assigned,other Switch
Fa6/1 0030.94fc.0dff static ip,ipx,assigned,other Switch
Fa6/2 0030.94fc.0dff static ip,ipx,assigned,other Switch
Multicast Entries
vlan mac address type
                            ports
     ffff.ffff.ffff system Switch,Fa6/15
  1
     ffff.ffff.ffff system Fa6/16
     ffff.ffff.ffff system
1002
1003
      ffff.ffff.ffff system
       ffff.ffff.ffff system
1004
       ffff.ffff.ffff system
1005
       ffff.ffff.ffff system Switch,Fa6/1
Fa6/1
Fa6/2
      ffff.ffff.ffff system Switch,Fa6/2
Switch#
```

The following example shows how to display the static MAC address entries with a specific protocol type (in this case, assigned):

Switch# show mac-address-table static protocol assigned Unicast Entries				
	mac address		protocols	port
1	0030.94fc.0dff	static	ip,ipx,assigned,other ip,ipx,assigned,other	Switch
Fa6/2	0030.94fc.0dff	static	ip,ipx,assigned,other	Switch
Multica	st Entries			
	mac address		ports 	
1	ffff.ffff.ffff	system S	Switch,Fa6/15	
2	ffff.ffff.ffff	system I	Fa6/16	
1002	ffff.ffff.ffff	system		
1003	ffff.ffff.ffff	system		
1004	ffff.ffff.ffff	system		
1005	ffff.ffff.ffff	system		
Fa6/1	ffff.ffff.ffff	system S	Switch,Fa6/1	
Fa6/2 Switch#	ffff.ffff.ffff	system S	Switch,Fa6/2	
PAT CCU#				

Command	Description
show mac-address-table address	Displays the information about the MAC-address table.
show mac-address-table aging-time	Displays MAC address table aging information.
show mac-address-table count	Displays the number of entries currently in the MAC address table.
show mac-address-table dynamic	Displays the dynamic MAC address table entries only.
show mac-address-table interface	Displays the MAC address table information for a specific interface.

Command	Description
show mac-address-table multicast	Displays information about the multicast MAC address table.
show mac-address-table protocol	Displays the MAC address table information that is based on the protocol.
show mac-address-table vlan	Displays information about the MAC address table for a specific VLAN.

show mac-address-table vlan

To display information about the MAC address table for a specific VLAN, use the **show** mac-address-table vlan command.

show mac-address-table [vlan vlan_id] [protocol protocol]

Syntax Description

vlan vlan_id	(Optional) Displays the entries for a specific VLAN; valid values are from 1 to 4094.
protocol protocol	(Optional) Specifies a protocol. See the "Usage Guidelines" section for more information.

Command Modes

Privileged EXEC mode

Command History

Release	Modification
12.1(8a)EW	This command was introduced on the Catalyst 4500 series switch.
12.1(12c)EW	Support for extended addressing was added.

Usage Guidelines

For the MAC address table entries used by the routed ports, the routed port name is displayed in the "vlan" column not the the internal VLAN number.

The keyword definitions for the *protocol* variable are as follows:

- assigned specifies the assigned protocol entries.
- **ip** specifies the IP protocol.
- ipx specifies the IPX protocols.
- other specifies the other protocol entries.

Examples

The following example shows how to display information about the MAC address table for a specific VLAN:

Switch# show mac-address-table vlan 1

vlan	Entries mac address	type	protocols	port
1 1 1 1	0000.0000.0201 0000.0000.0202 0000.0000.	dynamic dynamic dynamic dynamic	ip ip other	FastEthernet6/15 FastEthernet6/15 FastEthernet6/15 FastEthernet6/15 Switch
vlan	st Entries mac address + fffff.ffff.ffff		ports Switch,Fa6/15	

The following example shows how to display MAC address table information for a specific protocol type:

 ${\tt Switch\#}$ show mac-address-table vlan 100 protocol other

vlan	Entries mac address	type	protocols	port
1 1 1	0000.0000.0203 0000.0000.0204 0030.94fc.0dff	dynamic dynamic	other	FastEthernet6/15 FastEthernet6/15 Switch
vlan	st Entries mac address	type	ports	
		•	Switch, Fa6/15	

Command	Description
show mac-address-table address	Displays the information about the MAC-address table.
show mac-address-table aging-time	Displays MAC address table aging information.
show mac-address-table count	Displays the number of entries currently in the MAC address table.
show mac-address-table dynamic	Displays the dynamic MAC address table entries only.
show mac-address-table interface	Displays the MAC address table information for a specific interface.
show mac-address-table multicast	Displays information about the multicast MAC address table.
show mac-address-table protocol	Displays the MAC address table information that is based on the protocol.
show mac-address-table static	Displays the static MAC address table entries only.

show macro auto mac-address-group

Use the **show macro auto mac-address-group** command to display the configuration of MAC address group.

show macro auto mac-address-group

•	_	_	-	
V-1	/ntov	Desci	rın	tion
J	/IILAA	DESCI	up	uvu

No keywords

Command History

Release	Modification
12.2(54)SG	This command was introduced on the Catalyst 4500 series switch.

Examples

The following example shows how to displaythe configuration of the MAC address group:

 ${\tt Switch\#} \ \ \textbf{show} \ \ \textbf{macro} \ \ \textbf{auto} \ \ \textbf{address-group}$

MAC Address Group Configuration:

 Group Name
 OUI
 MAC ADDRESS

 testGroup
 2222.2222.2222

1111.1111.1111

show macro auto device

Use the **show macro auto device** global configuration command to display the default information for a device, including builtin function name and the parameters that can be provided for the commands when executing the builtin function.

show macro auto device device_id

•	_	_			
~ 1	ıntax	/	ecri	ntı	Λn
•	/IIIU/	v	JULI	vu	vII

Specifies the device ID.

Command Default

None

Command Modes

Global configuration

Command History

Release	Modification
12.2(54)SG	This command was introduced on the Catalyst 4500 series switch.

Usage Guidelines

This command displays the default values as well as the currently used values if configured.

Examples

The following example shows how to display the default information for the device access-point:

Switch# show macro auto device access-point

Device:access-point

Default Macro:CISCO_AP_AUTO_SMARTPORT Current Macro:CISCO_AP_AUTO_SMARTPORT Configurable Parameters:NATIVE_VLAN Defaults Parameters:NATIVE_VLAN=1 Current Parameters:NATIVE_VLAN=1

Command	Description
show macro auto event manager	Refer to the Command Reference in the IOS library
show macro auto interface	Display Auto SmartPorts status and the functions applied on an interface.

show macro auto interface

Use the **show macro auto interface** command to display Auto SmartPorts status and the functions applied on an interface.

 ${\bf show} \ {\bf macro} \ {\bf auto} \ {\bf interface} \ {\it interface_id}$

	Descri	

interface_	11
micr jacc_	_,

Specifies an interface ID.

Command Default

None

Command Modes

Global configuration

Command History

Release	Modification
12.2(54)SG	This command was introduced on the Catalyst 4500 series switch.

Examples

The following example shows how to display Auto SmartPorts status and the applied macros:

Switch# show macro auto int gi3/8 Global Auto Smart Port Status

Auto Smart Ports Enabled
Fallback: CDP Disabled, LLDP Disabled

Interface Auto Smart Port Fallback Macro Description(s)

Gi3/8 TRUE None CISCO_PHONE_EVENT

Related Commands

Command	Description

show macro auto device

show macro auto monitor clients

To display the clients using the device classifier facility on the switch, use the **show macro auto monitor clients** user EXEC command.

show macro auto monitor clients

Syntax Description

This command has no arguments or keywords.

Command Default

User EXEC Privileged EXEC

Auto Smart Ports

Command History

Release	Modification
Release IOS XE 3.3.0	This command was introduced on the Catalyst 4500 series switch.
SG (15.1(1)SG)	

Usage Guidelines

Device classifier (DC) is enabled by default when you enable a client application (for example, Auto Smartports) that uses its functionality. Use the **show macro auto monitor clients** command to display the clients that are using the DC feature on the switch.

As long as any clients are using the DC, you cannot disable it by using the **no macro auto monitor** command. If you attempt to disable the DC while a client is using it, an error message appears.

Examples

The following example shows how to use the **show macro auto monitor clients** privileged EXEC command to view the clients using the DC on the switch:

Switch# show macro auto monitor clients Client Name

The following example shows the error message that appears when you attempt to disable DC while a client is using it:

Switch(config)# no macro auto monitor

These subsystems should be disabled before disabling Device classifier Auto Smart Ports

% Error - device classifier is not disabled

Command	Description		
macro auto device	Configures macro default parameter values.		
macro auto execute (built-in function)	Configures mapping from an event trigger to a built-in macro.		
macro auto global processing	Enables Auto Smartports on a switch.		

Command	Description		
macro auto mac-address-group	Configures MAC address groups.		
macro auto sticky	Configures macro persistence.		
shell trigger	Creates event triggers.		
show macro auto monitor type	Displays all the device types recognized by the device classifier.		
show shell triggers	Displays information about event triggers and macros.		

show macro auto monitor device

To display the devices connected to a switch and their associated properties, use the **show macro auto monitor device** user EXEC command.

show macro auto monitor device [detail | filter string | interface interface_id | mac-address mac_address]

Syntax Description

detail	Displays detailed device classifier information.	
filter string	Displays information for devices that match the filter.	
interface interface_id	Displays information about devices attached to the specified interface.	
mac mac_address	Displays device information for the specified endpoint.	

Command Modes

User EXEC Privileged EXEC

Command History

Release	Modification
Release IOS XE 3.3.0 SG (15.1(1)SG)	This command was introduced on the Catalyst 4500 series switch.

Usage Guidelines

Use this command to display the devices connected to a switch. Use the **show macro auto device** privileged EXEC command to display the configurable parameters for a device.

Examples

The following example shows how to use the **show macro auto monitor device** privileged EXEC command with no optional keywords to view the devices connected to the switch:

Switch# show macro auto monitor device

MAC_Address	Port_I	d Profile Name
=========	======	=======================================
000a.b8c6.1e07	Gi1/0/2	Cisco-Device
001f.9e90.1250	Gi1/0/4	Cisco-AP-Aironet-1130

The following example shows how to use the **show macro auto monitor device** privileged EXEC command with the optional **mac-address** keyword to view summary information about the connected device with the specified MAC address:

Switch# show macro auto monitor device mac-address 001f.9e90.1250

=========	======	=======================================
001f.9e90.1250	Gi1/0/4	Cisco-AP-Aironet-1130
============	=========	=======================================

The following example shows how to use the **show macro auto monitor device** privileged EXEC command with the optional **mac-address** and **detail** keywords to view detailed information about the connected device with the specified MAC address:

The following example shows how to use the **show macro auto monitor device** privileged EXEC command with the optional **interface** keyword to view summary information about the device connected to the specified interface:

Switch# show macro	auto monit	or device	interface gi 1/0/2	
MAC_Address	Port_I	i e	Profile Name	
=========	======	=======	=======================================	
000a.b8c6.1e07	Gi1/0/2	Cisco-Dev	ice	

The following example shows how to use the **show macro auto monitor device** privileged EXEC command with the optional **interface** and **detail** keywords to view detailed information about the device connected to the specified interface:

Switch# show macro auto monitor device interface gi 1/0/2 detail MAC_Address Port_Id Certainty Parent ProfileType Profile Name Device_Name						
=========	======	======	= =====	=======	:=	
000a.b8c6.1e07 WS-C2960-48TT-L	Gi1/0/2	10	0	Default	Cisco-Device	cisco
=======================================	=======	=======	=======	========	:=========	========
======						

Command	Description
macro auto device	Configures macro default parameter values.
macro auto execute (built-in function)	Configures mapping from an event trigger to a built-in macro.
macro auto global processing	Enables Auto Smartports on a switch.
macro auto mac-address-group	Configures MAC address groups.
macro auto sticky	Configures macro persistence.
shell trigger	Creates event triggers.
show macro auto monitor clients	Displays all the device types recognized by the device classifier.
show macro auto monitor type	Displays all the device types recognized by the device classifier.
show shell triggers	Displays information about event triggers and macros.

show macro auto monitor type

To display all the device types recognized by the device classifier, use the **show macro auto monitor type** user EXEC command.

show macro auto monitor type [table [built-in | default] | **string** filter_string]

Syntax Description

table	Displays device classification in a table.
built-in	Displays device classification information from the built-in device table.
default	Displays device classification information from the default device table.
filter string	Displays information for devices that match the filter.

Command Modes

User EXEC Privileged EXEC

Command History

Release	Modification
Release IOS XE 3.3.0 SG (15.1(1)SG)	This command was introduced on the Catalyst 4500 series switch.

Usage Guidelines

This command displays all the device types recognized by the device classification engine. The number of available device types is the number of profiles stored on the switch. Because the number of profiles can be very large, you can use the **filter** keyword to limit the command output.

Examples

The following example shows how to use the **show macro auto monitor type** privileged EXEC command with no optional keywords to view the devices recognized by the device classifier:

Switch#	show	${\tt macro}$	auto	monitor	type	table
---------	------	---------------	------	---------	------	-------

Valid	I Type	Profile Name	min Conf	ID
======	==== ======	=======================================	======	====
Valid	l Default	Apple-Device	10	0
Valid	l Default	Aruba-Device	10	1
Valid	l Default	Avaya-Device	10	2
Valid	l Default	Avaya-IP-Phone	20	3
Valid	l Default	BlackBerry	20	4
Valid	l Default	Cisco-Device	10	5
Valid	l Default	Cisco-IP-Phone	20	6
Valid	l Default	Cisco-IP-Phone-7902	70	7
Valid	l Default	Cisco-IP-Phone-7905	70	8
Valid	l Default	Cisco-IP-Phone-7906	70	9
Valid	l Default	Cisco-IP-Phone-7910	70	10
Valid	l Default	Cisco-IP-Phone-7911	70	11
Valid	l Default	Cisco-IP-Phone-7912	70	12
Valid	l Default	Cisco-IP-Phone-7940	70	13
Valid	l Default	Cisco-IP-Phone-7941	70	14
Valid	l Default	Cisco-IP-Phone-7942	70	15

Valid	Default	Cisco-IP-Phone-7945	70	16
Valid	Default	Cisco-IP-Phone-7945G	70	17
Valid	Default	Cisco-IP-Phone-7960	70	18
Valid	Default	Cisco-IP-Phone-7961	70	19
Valid	Default	Cisco-IP-Phone-7962	70	20
Valid	Default	Cisco-IP-Phone-7965	70	21
Valid	Default	Cisco-IP-Phone-7970	70	22
Valid	Default	Cisco-IP-Phone-7971	70	23
Valid	Default	Cisco-IP-Phone-7975	70	24
Valid	Default	Cisco-IP-Phone-7985	70	25
Valid	Default	Cisco-IP-Phone-9971	70	26
Valid	Default	Cisco-WLC-2100-Series	40	27
Valid	Default	DLink-Device	10	28
Valid	Default	Enterasys-Device	10	29
Valid	Default	HP-Device	10	30
Valid	Default	HP-JetDirect-Printer	30	31
Valid	Default	Lexmark-Device	10	32
Valid	Default	Lexmark-Printer-E260dn	30	33
Valid	Default	Microsoft-Device	10	34
Valid	Default	Netgear-Device	10	35
Valid	Default	NintendoWII	10	36
Valid Valid	Default	Nortel-Device	10	37
Valid	Default	Nortel-IP-Phone-2000-Series	20	38
Valid	Default	SonyPS3	10	39
Valid	Default	XBOX360	20	40
Valid	Default	Xerox-Device	10	41
Valid	Default	Xerox-Printer-Phaser3250	30	42
Valid	Default	Aruba-AP	20	43
Valid	Default	Cisco-Access-Point	10	44
Valid	Default	Cisco-IP-Conference-Station-7935	70	45
Valid	Default	Cisco-IP-Conference-Station-7936	70	46
Valid	Default	Cisco-IP-Conference-Station-7937	70	47
Valid	Default	DLink-DAP-1522	20	48
Valid	Default	Cisco-AP-Aironet-1130	30	49
Valid	Default	Cisco-AP-Aironet-1240	30	50
Valid	Default	Cisco-AP-Aironet-1250	30	51
Valid	Default	Cisco-AIR-LAP	25	52
Valid	Default	Cisco-AIR-LAP-1130	30	53
Valid	Default	Cisco-AIR-LAP-1240	50	54
Valid	Default	Cisco-AIR-LAP-1250	50	55
Valid	Default	Cisco-AIR-AP	25	56
Valid	Default	Cisco-AIR-AP-1130	30	57
Valid	Default	Cisco-AIR-AP-1240	50	58
Valid	Default	Cisco-AIR-AP-1250	50	59
Invalid	Default	Sun-Workstation	10	60
Valid	Default	Linksys-Device	20	61
Valid	Default	LinksysWAP54G-Device	30	62
Valid	Default	HTC-Device	10	63
Valid	Default	MotorolaMobile-Device	10	64
Valid	Default	VMWare-Device	10	65
Valid	Default	ISE-Appliance	10	66
Valid	Built-in	Cisco-Device	10	0
Valid	Built-in	Cisco-Router	10	1
Valid	Built-in	Router	10	2
Valid Valid	Built-in	Cisco-IP-Camera	10	3
Valid	Built-in	Cisco-IP-Camera-2xxx	30	4
Valid	Built-in	Cisco-IP-Camera-2421	50	5
Valid	Built-in	Cisco-IP-Camera-2500	50	6
Valid	Built-in	Cisco-IP-Camera-2520	50	7
Valid	Built-in	Cisco-IP-Camera-2530	50	8
Valid	Built-in	Cisco-IP-Camera-4xxx	50	9
Valid	Built-in	Cisco-Transparent-Bridge	8	10
Valid	Built-in	Transparent-Bridge	8	11
Valid	Built-in	Cisco-Source-Bridge	10	12

Valid	Built-in	Cisco-Switch	10	13
Valid	Built-in	Cisco-IP-Phone	20	14
Valid	Built-in	IP-Phone	20	15
Valid	Built-in	Cisco-DMP	10	16
Valid	Built-in	Cisco-DMP-4305G	70	17
Valid	Built-in	Cisco-DMP-4310G	70	18
Valid	Built-in	Cisco-DMP-4400G	70	19
Valid	Built-in	Cisco-WLC-2100-Series	40	20
Valid	Built-in	Cisco-Access-Point	10	21
Valid	Built-in	Cisco-AIR-LAP	30	22
Valid	Built-in	Cisco-AIR-AP	30	23
Valid	Built-in	Linksys-Device	20	24

Command	Description
macro auto device	Configures macro default parameter values.
macro auto execute (built-in function)	Configures mapping from an event trigger to a built-in macro.
macro auto global processing	Enables Auto Smartports on a switch.
macro auto mac-address-group	Configures MAC address groups.
macro auto sticky	Configures macro persistence.
shell trigger	Creates event triggers.
show macro auto monitor clients	Displays all the device types recognized by the device classifier.
show macro auto monitor device	Displays all the device types recognized by the device classifier.

show module

To display information about the module, use the show module command.

show module [mod | all]

Syntax Description

mod	(Optional) Number of the module; valid values vary from chassis to chassis.
all	(Optional) Displays information for all modules.

Command Default

This command has no default settings.

Command Modes

Privileged EXEC mode

Command History

Release	Modification
12.1(8a)EW	This command was introduced on the Catalyst 4500 series switch.
12.2(25)EW	Enhanced the output of the show idprom interface command to include the 10-Gigabit Ethernet interface.

Usage Guidelines

In the Mod Sub-Module fields in the command output, the **show module** command displays the supervisor engine number but appends the uplink daughter card's module type and information.

If the PoE consumed by the module is more than 50 W above the administratively allocated PoE, the "Status" displays as "PwrOver." If the PoE consumed by the module is more than 50 W above the PoE module limit, the "Status" displays as "PwrFault."

Examples

The following example shows how to display information for all the modules.

The following example shows the **show module** command output for a system with inadequate power for all installed modules. The system does not have enough power for Module 5; the "Status" displays it as "PwrDeny."

Switch# show module all

		Card Type	Model	Serial No.
1		1000BaseX (GBIC) Supervisor(active)	WS-X4014	JAB054109GH
2	6	1000BaseX (GBIC)	WS-X4306	00000110
3	18	1000BaseX (GBIC)	WS-X4418	JAB025104WK
5	0	Not enough power for module	WS-X4148-FX-MT	0000000000
6	48	10/100BaseTX (RJ45)	WS-X4148	JAB023402RP

	MAC addresses			Hw	 Sw	Status
1 2 3	005c.9d1a.f9d0 0010.7bab.9920 0050.7356.2b36	to to to		0.5 0.2 1.0	12.1(20020313:00	
-	0050.0f10.28b0 tch#	to	0050.0f10.28df	1.0		Ok

The following example shows how to display information for a specific module:

Switch# show module mod2 Mod Ports Card Type Model Serial No. 2 2 Catalyst 4000 supervisor 2 (Active) WS-X6K-SUP2-2GE SAD04450LF1 Mod MAC addresses Hw Fw Sw Status 2 0001.6461.39c0 to 0001.6461.39c1 1.1 6.1(3) 6.2(0.97) 0k Mod Sub-Module Model Serial Hw Status

Switch#

The following example shows how to display information for all the modules on the switch:

1.1

2 Policy Feature Card 2 WS-F6K-PFC2 SAD04440HVU 1.0 Ok

2 Cat4k MSFC 2 daughterboard WS-F6K-MSFC2 SAD04430J9K

Switch# show module

Chassis Type : WS-C4506

Power consumed by backplane : 0 Watts

Mod Ports Card Type Model				
1 6 XG (X2), 1000BaseX (SFP) S 3 6 1000BaseX (GBIC)	Supervisor(ac WS-		00000110	
M MAC addresses	Hw Fw	Sw	Status	
1 0004.dd46.7700 to 0004.dd46.7705 3 0010.7bab.9920 to 0010.7bab.9925 Switch#	0.0 12.2(20r)EW	•	•	

show monitor

To display information about the SPAN session, use the **show monitor** command.

show monitor [session] [range session-range | local | remote | all | session-number] [detail]

Syntax Description

session	(Optional) Displays the SPAN information for a session.
range	(Optional) Displays information for a range of sessions.
session-range	(Optional) Specifies a range of sessions.
local	(Optional) Displays all local SPAN sessions.
remote	(Optional) Displays the RSPAN source and destination sessions.
all	(Optional) Displays the SPAN and RSPAN sessions.
session-number	(Optional) Session number; valid values are from 1 to 6.
detail	(Optional) Displays the detailed SPAN information for a session.

Command Default

The **detail** keyword only displays lines with a nondefault configuration.

Command Modes

Privileged EXEC mode

Command History

Release	Modification
12.1(8a)EW	This command was introduced on the Catalyst 4500 series switch.
12.1(13)EW	Added support for differing directions within a single user session.
12.1(19)EW	Output enhanced to display configuration status of SPAN enhancements.
12.1(20)EW	Added support to display configuration state for remote SPAN and learning.
12.2(20)EW	Added support to display ACLs that are applied to SPAN sessions.

Examples

The following example shows how to display whether ACLs are applied to a given SPAN session on a Catalyst 4500 series switch:

Switch# show monitor

Session 1

Type : Local Session

Source Ports

Both : Fa6/1
Destination Ports : Fa6/2
Encapsulation : Native
Ingress : Disabled
Learning : Disabled

Filter VLANs : 1 IP Access-group : 10 The following example shows how to display SPAN information for session 2:

```
Switch# show monitor session 2
Session 2
-----
Type: Remote Source Session
Source Ports:
    RX Only: Fa1/1-3
Dest RSPAN VLAN: 901
Ingress: Enabled, default VLAN=2
Learning: Disabled
Switch#
```

The following example shows how to display the detailed SPAN information for session 1:

```
Switch# show monitor session 1 detail
Session 1
Type
                 : Local Session
Source Ports
   RX Only
                : None
   TX Only
                : None
   Both
                : Gi1/1, CPU
Source VLANs
   RX Only
                : None
   TX Only
                : None
   Both
                 : None
Source RSPAN VLAN : Fa6/1
Destination Ports : Fa6/1
   Encapsulation : DOT1Q
        Ingress : Enabled, default VLAN = 2
Filter VLANs : None
 Filter Types RX : Good
 Filter Types TX : None
Dest Rspan Vlan : 901
Ingress : Enabled, default VLAN=2
Learning : Disabled
IP Access-group : None
Switch#
```

The following example shows how to display SPAN information for session 1 beginning with the line that starts with Destination:

```
Switch# show monitor session 1 | begin Destination
Destination Ports: None
Filter VLANs: None
Switch#
Switch#
```

Command	Description
monitor session	Enables the SPAN sessions on interfaces or VLANs.

show monitor capture

To display the capture point details, so that you can see what capture points are defined, what their attributes are, and whether they are active, use the **show monitor capture** command.

show monitor capture [name [parameter] | buffer [brief | detailed | dump]]

Syntax Description

name	Specifies the capture point name.
parameter	Reconstructs and displays the exec commands for specifying the capture point.
buffer [brief detailed dump]	Source the packets from the capture buffer, decode and display them in brief, detailed or dump mode.

Command Default

If the capture point name is not provided, the command displays all the capture point details.

If the display mode is not specified, the command defaults to brief mode.

Command Modes

Privileged EXEC mode

Command History

Release	Modification
IOS XE 3.3.0SG/	This command was introduced on the Catalyst 4500 series switch.
15.1(1)SG	

Usage Guidelines

When the command is issued with no parameters, it displays the details of all the capture points. When specified with a capture point name and no other parameters, it displays the details of the specific capture point name. With the **parameter** keyword, the command reconstructs the commands that describe the capture point and displays them.

The **buffer** option displays the packets from the capture buffer. This option is applicable only if the capture point directs the captured packets to the buffer. The packets can be decoded and displayed in either the brief, detailed, or dump mode. The default mode is **brief**.

Examples

Following are example of how to use the **show monitor capture** command:

Switch# show monitor capture mycap buffer brief

```
0.000000
           10.1.1.215 -> 20.1.1.2
                                      UDP Source port: 20001 Destination port: 20002
1.000000
           10.1.1.216 -> 20.1.1.2
                                      UDP Source port: 20001
                                                             Destination port: 20002
2.000000
           10.1.1.217 -> 20.1.1.2
                                      UDP Source port: 20001
                                                             Destination port: 20002
           10.1.1.218 -> 20.1.1.2
3.000000
                                      UDP Source port: 20001 Destination port: 20002
           10.1.1.219 -> 20.1.1.2
4.000000
                                      UDP Source port: 20001 Destination port: 20002
5.000000
           10.1.1.220 -> 20.1.1.2
                                      UDP Source port: 20001 Destination port: 20002
                                      UDP Source port: 20001 Destination port: 20002
6.000000
           10.1.1.221 -> 20.1.1.2
7.000000
          10.1.1.222 -> 20.1.1.2
                                      UDP Source port: 20001 Destination port: 20002
           10.1.1.223 -> 20.1.1.2
8.000000
                                      UDP Source port: 20001 Destination port: 20002
9.000000
           10.1.1.224 -> 20.1.1.2
                                      UDP Source port: 20001
                                                             Destination port: 20002
10.000000
           10.1.1.225 -> 20.1.1.2
                                      UDP Source port: 20001
                                                             Destination port: 20002
11.000000
           10.1.1.226 -> 20.1.1.2
                                      UDP Source port: 20001 Destination port: 20002
```

```
12.000000
            10.1.1.227 -> 20.1.1.2
                                      UDP Source port: 20001 Destination port: 20002
            10.1.1.228 -> 20.1.1.2
                                      UDP Source port: 20001 Destination port: 20002
 13.000000
                                      UDP Source port: 20001 Destination port: 20002
 14.000000
            10.1.1.229 -> 20.1.1.2
 15.000000
           10.1.1.230 -> 20.1.1.2
                                      UDP Source port: 20001 Destination port: 20002
 16.000000
           10.1.1.231 -> 20.1.1.2
                                      UDP Source port: 20001 Destination port: 20002
 17.000000
            10.1.1.232 -> 20.1.1.2
                                      UDP Source port: 20001 Destination port: 20002
            10.1.1.233 -> 20.1.1.2
 18.000000
                                      UDP Source port: 20001 Destination port: 20002
 19.000000
            10.1.1.234 -> 20.1.1.2
                                      UDP Source port: 20001 Destination port: 20002
 20.000000
            10.1.1.235 -> 20.1.1.2
                                      UDP Source port: 20001
                                                             Destination port: 20002
 21.000000
            10.1.1.236 -> 20.1.1.2
                                      UDP Source port: 20001 Destination port: 20002
Switch# show monitor capture mycap buffer detailed
Frame 1: 256 bytes on wire (2048 bits), 256 bytes captured (2048 bits)
   Arrival Time: Apr 15, 2012 15:50:02.398966000 PDT
    Epoch Time: 1334530202.398966000 seconds
    [Time delta from previous captured frame: 0.000000000 seconds]
    [Time delta from previous displayed frame: 0.000000000 seconds]
    [Time since reference or first frame: 0.00000000 seconds]
    Frame Number: 1
    Frame Length: 256 bytes (2048 bits)
    Capture Length: 256 bytes (2048 bits)
    [Frame is marked: False]
    [Frame is ignored: False]
    [Protocols in frame: eth:ip:udp:data]
Ethernet II, Src: 00:00:00:00:03:01 (00:00:00:00:03:01), Dst: 54:75:d0:3a:85:3f
(54:75:d0:3a:85:3f)
    Destination: 54:75:d0:3a:85:3f (54:75:d0:3a:85:3f)
       Address: 54:75:d0:3a:85:3f (54:75:d0:3a:85:3f)
        .... = IG bit: Individual address (unicast)
        .... ..0. .... (factory default)
    Source: 00:00:00:00:03:01 (00:00:00:00:03:01)
       Address: 00:00:00:00:03:01 (00:00:00:00:03:01)
        .... 0 .... = IG bit: Individual address (unicast)
        .... .0. .... = LG bit: Globally unique address (factory default)
Switch# show monitor capture mycap buffer dump
  0.000000 10.1.1.215 -> 20.1.1.2
                                     UDP Source port: 20001 Destination port: 20002
0000 54 75 d0 3a 85 3f 00 00 00 00 03 01 08 00 45 00
                                                      Tu.:.?.....E.
0010 00 ee 00 00 00 00 40 11 59 25 0a 01 01 d7 14 01
                                                      .....@.Y%.....
0020 01 02 4e 21 4e 22 00 da 6d e0 00 01 02 03 04 05
                                                      ..N!N"..m.....
0030 06 07 08 09 0a 0b 0c 0d 0e 0f 10 11 12 13 14 15
                                                      . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . .
0040 16 17 18 19 1a 1b 1c 1d 1e 1f 20 21 22 23 24 25
                                                      .....!"#$%
0050 26 27 28 29 2a 2b 2c 2d 2e 2f 30 31 32 33 34 35
                                                      &'()*+,-./012345
0060
     36 37 38 39 3a 3b 3c 3d 3e 3f 40 41 42 43 44 45
                                                      6789:;<=>?@ABCDE
     46 47 48 49 4a 4b 4c 4d 4e 4f 50 51 52 53 54 55
0070
                                                      FGHIJKLMNOPORSTU
0080
     56 57 58 59 5a 5b 5c 5d 5e 5f 60 61 62 63 64 65
                                                      VWXYZ[\]^_`abcde
0090
     66 67 68 69 6a 6b 6c 6d 6e 6f 70 71 72 73 74 75
                                                      fahijklmnoparstu
     76 77 78 79 7a 7b 7c 7d 7e 7f 80 81 82 83 84 85
00a0
                                                      vwxyz{|}~.....
00b0 86 87 88 89 8a 8b 8c 8d 8e 8f 90 91 92 93 94 95
                                                      . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . .
00c0 96 97 98 99 9a 9b 9c 9d 9e 9f a0 a1 a2 a3 a4 a5
                                                      . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . .
00d0 a6 a7 a8 a9 aa ab ac ad ae af b0 b1 b2 b3 b4 b5
00e0 b6 b7 b8 b9 ba bb bc bd be bf c0 c1 c2 c3 c4 c5
00f0 c6 c7 c8 c9 ca cb cc cd ce cf d0 d1 03 3e d0 33 \,
```

show monitor capture file

To decode and display packets from a previously captured .pcap file, use the **show monitor capture file** command.

show monitor capture file name [display-filter filter-string] [brief | detailed | dump]

Syntax Description

name	Specfies the filename.	
display-filter filter-string	ng Specifies the display filter string according to Wireshark's display-filte syntax.	
brief detailed dump	Determines the display mode.	
	brief—Displays a one line summary of the packet with key fields	
	detailed —Displays all the fields in the packet for the protocols supported and displays the payload in hexadecimal form.	
	dump —Displays a one line summary of the packet with key fields and also displays the packet in hexadecimal form.	

Command Default

brief

Command Modes

Privileged EXEC mode

Command History

Release	Modification
IOS XE 3.3.0SG/	This command was introduced on the Catalyst 4500 series switch.
15.1(1)SG	

Usage Guidelines

If no display filter is specified, then all the packets in the file are displayed. Because the display filter must observe the Wireshark display filter syntax, ensure that the display filter is accurate. Also, use a double quotes when specifying the filter.

Examples

The following example shows how to display packets from a .pcap file with a display filter:

 ${\tt Switch \#} \ \ \textbf{show monitor capture file bootflash:test.pcap display-filter}$

This example displays a brief output from a .pcap file:

Switch# show monitor capture file bootflash:mycap.pcap

1	0.000000	10.1.1.140 ->	20.1.1.2	UDP Source port:	20001	Destination port:
20002						
2	1.000000	10.1.1.141 ->	20.1.1.2	UDP Source port:	20001	Destination port:
20002						
3	2.000000	10.1.1.142 ->	20.1.1.2	UDP Source port:	20001	Destination port:
20002				_		_

4 3.000000	10.1.1.143 -> 20.1.1.2	UDP Source port: 20001	Destination port:
20002 5 4.000000	10.1.1.144 -> 20.1.1.2	UDP Source port: 20001	Destination port:
20002 6 5.000000	10.1.1.145 -> 20.1.1.2	UDP Source port: 20001	Destination port:
20002 7 6.000000 20002	10.1.1.146 -> 20.1.1.2	UDP Source port: 20001	Destination port:
8 7.000000 20002	10.1.1.147 -> 20.1.1.2	UDP Source port: 20001	Destination port:
9 8.000000 20002	10.1.1.148 -> 20.1.1.2	UDP Source port: 20001	Destination port:
10 9.000000 20002	10.1.1.149 -> 20.1.1.2	UDP Source port: 20001	Destination port:
11 10.000000 20002	10.1.1.150 -> 20.1.1.2	UDP Source port: 20001	Destination port:
12 11.000000 20002	10.1.1.151 -> 20.1.1.2	UDP Source port: 20001	Destination port:
13 12.000000 20002	10.1.1.152 -> 20.1.1.2	UDP Source port: 20001	Destination port:
14 13.000000 20002	10.1.1.153 -> 20.1.1.2	UDP Source port: 20001	Destination port:
15 14.000000 20002	10.1.1.154 -> 20.1.1.2	UDP Source port: 20001	Destination port:
16 15.000000 20002	10.1.1.155 -> 20.1.1.2	UDP Source port: 20001	Destination port:
17 16.000000 20002	10.1.1.156 -> 20.1.1.2	UDP Source port: 20001	Destination port:
18 17.000000 20002	10.1.1.157 -> 20.1.1.2	UDP Source port: 20001	Destination port:
19 18.000000 20002	10.1.1.158 -> 20.1.1.2	UDP Source port: 20001	Destination port:
20 19.000000 20002	10.1.1.159 -> 20.1.1.2	UDP Source port: 20001	Destination port:
21 20.000000 20002	10.1.1.160 -> 20.1.1.2	UDP Source port: 20001	Destination port:
22 21.000000 20002	10.1.1.161 -> 20.1.1.2	UDP Source port: 20001	Destination port:
23 22.000000 20002	10.1.1.162 -> 20.1.1.2	UDP Source port: 20001	Destination port:
24 23.000000 20002	10.1.1.163 -> 20.1.1.2	UDP Source port: 20001	Destination port:
25 24.000000 20002	10.1.1.164 -> 20.1.1.2	UDP Source port: 20001	Destination port:
26 25.000000 20002	10.1.1.165 -> 20.1.1.2	UDP Source port: 20001	Destination port:
27 26.000000 20002	10.1.1.166 -> 20.1.1.2	UDP Source port: 20001	Destination port:
28 27.000000 20002	10.1.1.167 -> 20.1.1.2	UDP Source port: 20001	Destination port:
29 28.000000 20002	10.1.1.168 -> 20.1.1.2	UDP Source port: 20001	Destination port:
30 29.000000 20002	10.1.1.169 -> 20.1.1.2	UDP Source port: 20001	Destination port:
31 30.000000 20002	10.1.1.170 -> 20.1.1.2	UDP Source port: 20001	Destination port:
32 31.000000 20002	10.1.1.171 -> 20.1.1.2	UDP Source port: 20001	Destination port:
33 32.000000 20002	10.1.1.172 -> 20.1.1.2	UDP Source port: 20001	Destination port:
34 33.000000 20002	10.1.1.173 -> 20.1.1.2	UDP Source port: 20001	Destination port:
35 34.000000 20002	10.1.1.174 -> 20.1.1.2	UDP Source port: 20001	Destination port:

```
36 35.000000
                 10.1.1.175 -> 20.1.1.2
                                            UDP Source port: 20001 Destination port:
20002
                 10.1.1.176 -> 20.1.1.2
37 36.000000
                                            UDP Source port: 20001
                                                                    Destination port:
20002
                 10.1.1.177 -> 20.1.1.2
38 37.000000
                                            UDP Source port: 20001
                                                                    Destination port:
20002
                 10.1.1.178 -> 20.1.1.2
39 38.000000
                                            UDP Source port: 20001
                                                                    Destination port:
20002
40 39.000000
                 10.1.1.179 -> 20.1.1.2
                                            UDP Source port: 20001 Destination port:
20002
 41 40.000000
                 10.1.1.180 -> 20.1.1.2
                                            UDP Source port: 20001 Destination port:
20002
42 41.000000
                 10.1.1.181 -> 20.1.1.2
                                            UDP Source port: 20001 Destination port:
20002
 43 42.000000
                 10.1.1.182 -> 20.1.1.2
                                            UDP Source port: 20001
                                                                   Destination port:
20002
                 10.1.1.183 -> 20.1.1.2
44 43.000000
                                            UDP Source port: 20001 Destination port:
20002
    44.000000
                 10.1.1.184 -> 20.1.1.2
                                            UDP Source port: 20001
 45
                                                                    Destination port:
20002
46 45.000000
                 10.1.1.185 -> 20.1.1.2
                                            UDP Source port: 20001 Destination port:
20002
47 46.000000
                 10.1.1.186 -> 20.1.1.2
                                            UDP Source port: 20001
                                                                    Destination port:
20002
                 10.1.1.187 -> 20.1.1.2
 48 47.000000
                                            UDP Source port: 20001
                                                                    Destination port:
20002
49 48.000000
                 10.1.1.188 -> 20.1.1.2
                                            UDP Source port: 20001 Destination port:
20002
                 10.1.1.189 -> 20.1.1.2
 50 49.000000
                                            UDP Source port: 20001 Destination port:
20002
                 10.1.1.190 -> 20.1.1.2
51 50.000000
                                            UDP Source port: 20001 Destination port:
20002
52 51.000000
                 10.1.1.191 -> 20.1.1.2
                                            UDP Source port: 20001 Destination port:
20002
                 10.1.1.192 -> 20.1.1.2
53 52.000000
                                            UDP Source port: 20001 Destination port:
20002
54 53.000000
                 10.1.1.193 -> 20.1.1.2
                                            UDP Source port: 20001 Destination port:
20002
55
    54.000000
                 10.1.1.194 -> 20.1.1.2
                                            UDP Source port: 20001 Destination port:
20002
                 10.1.1.195 -> 20.1.1.2
56 55.000000
                                            UDP Source port: 20001
                                                                    Destination port:
20002
57 56.000000
                 10.1.1.196 -> 20.1.1.2
                                            UDP Source port: 20001
                                                                    Destination port:
20002
58 57.000000
                 10.1.1.197 -> 20.1.1.2
                                            UDP Source port: 20001 Destination port:
20002
 59 58.000000
                 10.1.1.198 -> 20.1.1.2
                                            UDP Source port: 20001 Destination port:
20002
```

The following example shows how to display a detailed output from a .pcap file:

```
Switch# show monitor capture file bootflash:mycap.pcap detailed
Frame 1: 256 bytes on wire (2048 bits), 256 bytes captured (2048 bits)
Arrival Time: Mar 21, 2012 14:35:09.111993000 PDT
Epoch Time: 1332365709.111993000 seconds
[Time delta from previous captured frame: 0.0000000000 seconds]
[Time delta from previous displayed frame: 0.000000000 seconds]
[Time since reference or first frame: 0.0000000000 seconds]
Frame Number: 1
Frame Length: 256 bytes (2048 bits)
Capture Length: 256 bytes (2048 bits)
[Frame is marked: False]
[Frame is ignored: False]
```

```
[Protocols in frame: eth:ip:udp:data]
Ethernet II, Src: 00:00:00:00:03:01 (00:00:00:00:03:01), Dst: 54:75:d0:3a:85:3f
(54.75.d0.3a.85.3f)
    Destination: 54:75:d0:3a:85:3f (54:75:d0:3a:85:3f)
       Address: 54:75:d0:3a:85:3f (54:75:d0:3a:85:3f)
        .... = IG bit: Individual address (unicast)
        .... .0. .... = LG bit: Globally unique address (factory default)
    Source: 00:00:00:00:03:01 (00:00:00:00:03:01)
       Address: 00:00:00:00:03:01 (00:00:00:00:03:01)
        .... ...0 .... = IG bit: Individual address (unicast)
        .... .00 .... .... = LG bit: Globally unique address (factory default)
    Type: IP (0x0800)
    Frame check sequence: 0x03b07f42 [incorrect, should be 0x08fcee78]
Internet Protocol, Src: 10.1.1.140 (10.1.1.140), Dst: 20.1.1.2 (20.1.1.2)
   Header length: 20 bytes
   Differentiated Services Field: 0x00 (DSCP 0x00: Default; ECN: 0x00)
        0000 00.. = Differentiated Services Codepoint: Default (0x00)
        .... ..0. = ECN-Capable Transport (ECT): 0
        \dots 0 = ECN-CE: 0
    Total Length: 238
    Identification: 0x0000 (0)
    Flags: 0x00
        0... = Reserved bit: Not set
        .0.. .... = Don't fragment: Not set
        ..0. .... = More fragments: Not set
    Fragment offset: 0
    Time to live: 64
    Protocol: UDP (17)
    Header checksum: 0x5970 [correct]
       [Good: True]
        [Bad: False]
    Source: 10.1.1.140 (10.1.1.140)
    Destination: 20.1.1.2 (20.1.1.2)
User Datagram Protocol, Src Port: 20001 (20001), Dst Port: 20002 (20002)
   Source port: 20001 (20001)
   Destination port: 20002 (20002)
    Length: 218
    Checksum: 0x6e2b [validation disabled]
        [Good Checksum: False]
        [Bad Checksum: False]
Data (210 bytes)
0000 00 01 02 03 04 05 06 07 08 09 0a 0b 0c 0d 0e 0f
0010    10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 1a 1b 1c 1d 1e 1f
                                                       . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . .
     20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 2a 2b 2c 2d 2e 2f
                                                        !"#$%&'()*+,-./
0020
0.030
     30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 3a 3b 3c 3d 3e 3f
                                                        0123456789:;<=>?
0040
     40 41 42 43 44 45 46 47 48 49 4a 4b 4c 4d 4e 4f
                                                        @ABCDEFGHIJKLMNO
0050 50 51 52 53 54 55 56 57 58 59 5a 5b 5c 5d 5e 5f
                                                        PQRSTUVWXYZ[\]^_
0060 60 61 62 63 64 65 66 67 68 69 6a 6b 6c 6d 6e 6f
                                                        `abcdefghijklmno
0070 70 71 72 73 74 75 76 77 78 79 7a 7b 7c 7d 7e 7f
                                                       parstuvwxvz{|}~.
0080 80 81 82 83 84 85 86 87 88 89 8a 8b 8c 8d 8e 8f
0090 90 91 92 93 94 95 96 97 98 99 9a 9b 9c 9d 9e 9f
00a0 a0 a1 a2 a3 a4 a5 a6 a7 a8 a9 aa ab ac ad ae af
00b0 b0 b1 b2 b3 b4 b5 b6 b7 b8 b9 ba bb bc bd be bf
                                                        . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . .
00c0 c0 c1 c2 c3 c4 c5 c6 c7 c8 c9 ca cb cc cd ce cf
                                                        . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . .
00d0 d0 d1
    Data: 000102030405060708090a0b0c0d0e0f1011121314151617...
    [Length: 210]
Frame 2: 256 bytes on wire (2048 bits), 256 bytes captured (2048 bits)
   Arrival Time: Mar 21, 2012 14:35:10.111993000 PDT
```

show myr

Use the **show mvr** privileged EXEC command without keywords to display the following: the current Multicast VLAN Registration (MVR) global parameter values (including whether or not MVR is enabled), the MVR multicast VLAN, the maximum query response time, the number of multicast groups, and the MVR mode (dynamic or compatible).

show mvr

Syntax Description

This command has no arguments or keywords.

Command Modes

Privileged EXEC

Command History

Release	Modification
Release IOS XE 3.5.0E	This command was introduced on the Catalyst 4500 series switch.
and IOS 15.2(1)E	

Examples

This is an example of output from the **show mvr** command:

```
Switch# show mvr
MVR Running: TRUE
MVR multicast VLAN: 1
MVR Max Multicast Groups: 1500
MVR Current multicast groups: 0
MVR Global query response time: 5 (tenths of sec)
MVR Mode: compatible
```

In the preceding display, the maximum number of multicast groups is fixed at 500. The MVR mode is either compatible or dynamic.

Command	Description
mvr (global configuration)	Enables and configures multicast VLAN registration on the switch.
mvr (interface configuration)	Configures MVR ports.
show mvr interface	Displays the configured MVR interfaces, status of the specified interface, or all multicast groups to which the interface belongs when the interface and members keywords are appended to the command.
show mvr members	Displays all ports that are members of an MVR multicast group or, if there are no members, means the group is inactive.

show mvr interface

To display the Multicast VLAN Registration (MVR) receiver and source ports, use the **show mvr interface** privileged EXEC command without keywords. Use the command with keywords to display MVR parameters for a specific receiver port.

show mvr interface [interface-id [members [vlan vlan-id]]]

Syntax Description

interface-id	(Optional) Specifies the MVR type, status, and Immediate Leave setting for the interface.
	Valid interfaces include physical ports (including type, module, and port number).
members	(Optional) Displays all MVR groups to which the specified interface belongs.
vlan vlan-id	(Optional) Displays all MVR group members on this VLAN. The VLAN ID range is 1 to 1001 and 1006 to 4094.

Command Default

Output shows all MVR-enabled ports on the switch

Command Modes

Privileged EXEC

Command History

Release	Modification
Release IOS XE 3.5.0E	This command was introduced on the Catalyst 4500 series switch.
and IOS 15.2(1)E	

Usage Guidelines

If you enter only the **show mvr interface** command, the output shows all MVR-enabled ports on the switch.

If you enter the **show mvr interface** *interface-id* command and the specified port is non-MVR, the output displays NON MVR in the Type field. For active MVR ports, it displays the port type (RECEIVER or SOURCE), mode (access or trunk), VLAN, status, and Immediate-Leave setting.

If you enter the **members** keyword, all MVR group members on the interface are displayed. If you enter a VLAN ID, all MVR group members in the VLAN are displayed.

Examples

This is an example of output from the **show mvr interface** command:

Switch	# show mvr	interface			
Port	Type	Mode	VLAN	Status	Immediate Leave
Fa0/1	Receiver	Trunk	1	ACTIVE/UP	DISABLED
Fa0/1	Receiver	Trunk	2000	ACTIVE/DOWN	DISABLED
Fa0/2	Receiver	Trunk	2	ACTIVE/UP	DISABLED
Fa0/2	Receiver	Trunk	3000	ACTIVE/UP	DISABLED
Fa0/3	Receiver	Trunk	2	ACTIVE/UP	DISABLED

Fa0/3	Receiver	Trunk	3000	ACTIVE/UP	DISABLED
Fa0/10	Source	Access	10	ACTIVE/UP	DISABLED

In the preceding display, Status is defined as follows:

- Active means that the port is part of a VLAN.
- Up/Down means that the port is forwarding or nonforwarding.
- Inactive means that the port is not yet part of any VLAN.

This is an example of output from the **show mvr interface** interface-id command:

switch#	show mvr inter	face fa0/10			
Port	Туре	Mode	VLAN	Status	Immediate Leave
Fa0/10	RECEIVER	Trunk	201	ACTIVE/DOWN	DISABLED

This is an example of output from the **show mvr interface** interface-id **members** command:

```
Switch# show mvr interface fastethernet1/0/6 members
239.255.0.0 DYNAMIC ACTIVE
239.255.0.1
              DYNAMIC ACTIVE
239.255.0.2
              DYNAMIC ACTIVE
239.255.0.3
              DYNAMIC ACTIVE
239.255.0.4
              DYNAMIC ACTIVE
239.255.0.5
              DYNAMIC ACTIVE
239.255.0.6
              DYNAMIC ACTIVE
239.255.0.7
             DYNAMIC ACTIVE
239.255.0.8 DYNAMIC ACTIVE
239.255.0.9
             DYNAMIC ACTIVE
```

Command	Description
mvr (global configuration)	Enables and configures multicast VLAN registration on the switch.
mvr (interface configuration)	Configures MVR ports.
show mvr	Displays the global MVR configuration on the switch.
show mvr members	Displays all receiver ports that are members of an MVR multicast group.

show mvr members

To display all receiver and source ports that are currently members of an IP multicast group, use the **show mvr members** privileged EXEC command.

show mvr members [ip-address]

Syntax Description

ip-address	(Optional) Specifies the IP multicast address.
	If the address is entered, all receiver and source ports that are members of the multicast group are displayed.
	If no address is entered, all members of all Multicast VLAN Registration (MVR) groups are listed.
	If a group has no members, the group is listed as Inactive.

Command Default

Displays all the static and dynamic MVR members on the switch

Command Modes

Privileged EXEC

Command History

Release	Modification
Release IOS XE 3.5.0E	This command was introduced on the Catalyst 4500 series switch.
and IOS 15.2(1)E	

Usage Guidelines

The **show mvr members** command applies to receiver and source ports. For MVR compatible mode, all source ports are members of all multicast groups.

Examples

This is an example of output from the **show mvr members** command:

Switch# show	mvr membe	ers		
MVR Group	Status	Members	VLAN	Membership
239.1.1.1	ACTIVE	Fa0/1	1	Static
239.1.1.1	ACTIVE	Fa0/1	2000	Static
239.1.1.1	ACTIVE	Fa0/2	2	Static
239.1.1.1	ACTIVE	Fa0/2	3000	Static
239.1.1.2	ACTIVE	Fa0/1	1	Static
239.1.1.2	ACTIVE	Fa0/2	2	Static
<pre><output pre="" trunc<=""></output></pre>	cated>			
239.255.0.255	INACT	IVE	None	
239.255.1.0	INACT	IVE	None	

This is an example of output from the **show mvr members** *ip-address* command. It shows how to view the members of the IP multicast group 239.255.0.2.

Command	Description
mvr (global configuration)	Enables and configures multicast VLAN registration on the switch.
mvr (interface configuration)	Configures MVR ports.
show mvr	Displays the global MVR configuration on the switch.
show mvr interface	Displays the configured MVR interfaces, status of the specified interface, or all multicast groups to which the interface belongs when the members keyword is appended to the command.

show netflow-lite exporter



NetFlow-lite is only supported on the Catalyst 4948E and Catalyst 4948E-F Ethernet switches.

To displays information about the collector and global stats, use the **show netflow-lite exporter** command.

show netflow-lite exporter exporter-name

Syntax Description

exporter-name Specifies an exporter name.

Command Default

This command has no default settings.

Command Modes

Privileged EXEC mode

Command History

Release	Modification
15.0(2)SG	Command introduced on the Catalyst 4500 series switch.

Usage Guidelines

This command displays the total number of export packets sent.

Examples

The following example shows how to display information about the collector and global stats:

Switch# show netflow-lite exporter e1

```
Netflow-lite Exporter e1:
  Description:
                              Exporter
 Network Protocol Configuration:
   Destination IP address: 192.168.1.1
   VRF label:
                              cisc
   Source IP Address:
                              10.1.1.5
   DSCP:
                              0x1
   TTL:
                              30
   COS:
  Transport Protocol Configuration:
   Transport Protocol:
    Destination Port:
                              1234
   Source Port:
                              65535
  Export Protocol Configuration:
   Export Protocol:
                             netflow-v9
  Exporter Statistics:
    Export packets sent:
                              36
```

Command	Description
destination (netflow-lite exporter submode)	
vrf (netflow-lite exporter submode)	
cos (netflow-lite exporter submode)	Specifies a cos value for the NetFlow-lite collector.
source (netflow-lite exporter submode)	Specifies a source Layer 3 interface of the NetFlow-lite collector.
transport udp (netflow-lite exporter submode)	Specifies a UDP transport destination port for a NetFlow-lite collector.
ttl (netflow-lite exporter submode)	Specifies a ttl value for the NetFlow-lite collector.
dscp (netflow-lite exporter submode)	Specifies a cos value for the NetFlow-lite collector.
template data timeout (netflow-lite exporter submode)	Specifies a template data timeout for the NetFlow-lite collector.
options timeout (netflow-lite exporter submode)	Specifies an options timeout for the NetFlow-lite collector.
etr	Specifies the export protocol for the NetFlow-lite collector.

show netflow-lite monitor



NetFlow-lite is only supported on the Catalyst 4948E and Catalyst 4948E-F Ethernet switches.

To display information about a particular packet or per data source stats, use the **show netflow-lite monitor** command.

show netflow-lite monitor monitor-number interface interface-name

show netflow-lite monitor monitor-number vlan vlan-id

Syntax Description

monitor-number	Specifies a monitor name.
interface-name	Specifies an interface.
vlan-id	Specifies a VLAN.

Command Default

None

Command Modes

Privileged EXEC mode

Command History

Release	Modification
15.0(2)SG	Command introduced on the Catalyst 4500 series switch.

Usage Guidelines

This command displays information about a particular packet or per data source stats. The interface can be either a physical port or a VLAN.

This command displays the following packet sampling statistics:

- Total # of packet (samples) exported
- Total # of packet (samples) dropped due to lack of local resources
- Total# of packets seen at the data source

The packetsObserved statistic accounts for packets that are dropped by input ACL or QoS policer.

The exported packets only represent samples from the non-dropped packet population.

Examples

These examples show how to display information about a particular packet or per data source stats:

Switch# show netflow-lite monitor 1 interface gi1/3

```
Interface GigabitEthernet1/3:
  Netflow-lite Monitor-1:
   Active: TRUE
  Sampler: sampler1
  Exporter: exporter1
  Average Packet Size: 0
```

```
Statistics:
   Packets exported:
   Packets observed:
                         0
   Packets dropped:
   Average Packet Size observed: 64
   Average Packet Size used: 64
Switch# show netflow-lite monitor 1 vlan 2 \,
VlanID-2:
  Netflow-lite Monitor-1:
   Active:
                         TRUE
   Sampler:
                         sampler1
   Exporter:
                         exporter1
   Average Packet Size: 0
  Statistics:
                         0
   Packets exported:
   Packets observed:
                         0
   Packets dropped:
                         0
   Average Packet Size observed: 64
   Average Packet Size used: 64
```

Command	Description
sampler (netflow-lite monitor submode)	Activates sampling on an interface in netflow-lite monitor submode.
exporter (netflow-lite monitor submode)	Assigns an exporter in netflow-lite monitor submode.
average-packet-size (netflow-lite monitor submode)	Specifies the average packet size at the observation point.

show netflow-lite sampler



NetFlow-lite is only supported on the Catalyst 4948E and Catalyst 4948E-F Ethernet switches.

To display information about a sampler, use the show netflow-lite sampler command.

show netflow-lite sampler sampler-name

Syntax Description

sampler-name Specifies a sampler name.

Command Default

This command has no default settings.

Command Modes

Privileged EXEC mode

Command History

Release	Modification
15.0(2)SG	Command introduced on the Catalyst 4500 series switch.

Examples

The following example shows how to display information about a sampler,:

Switch# show netflow-lite sampler low-rate

Netflow-lite Sampler low-rate:

Description: Sampler
Sampling rate: 1 out of 256
Packet Section Size: 64 bytes
Packet offset: 0 bytes

Command	Description
packet-section size (netflow-lite sampler submode)	Specifies a sampled header size in netflow-lite submode.
packet-rate (netflow-lite sampler submode)	Specifies a packet sampling rate in netflow-lite sampler submode.
packet-offset (netflow-lite sampler submode)	Specifies a starting packet offset in netflow-lite submode.

show nmsp

To display the Network Mobility Services Protocol (NMSP) information for the switch, use the **show nmsp** command. This command is available only when your switch is running the cryptographic (encrypted) software image.

show nmsp {attachment suppress interface | capability | notification interval | statistics {connection | summary} | status | subscription {detail | summary}}

Syntax Description

attachment suppress interface	Displays attachment suppress interfaces.		
capability	Displays switch capabilities including the supported services and subservices.		
notification interval	Displays the notification intervals of the supported services.		
statistics connection summary	 Displays the NMSP statistics information. connection—Displays the message counters on each connection. summary—Displays the global counters. 		
status	Displays information about the NMSP connections.		
subscription detail summary	Displays the subscription information on each NMSP connection. • detail—Displays all services and subservices subscribed on each connection. • summary—Displays all services subscribed on each connection.		

Command Modes

Privileged EXEC mode

Command History

Release	Modification
12.2(52)SG	This command was introduced on the Catalyst 4500 series switch.

Examples

This is an example of output from the show nmsp attachment suppress interface command:

Switch# show nmsp attachment suppress interface NMSP Attachment Suppression Interfaces

GigabitEthernet1/1
GigabitEthernet1/2

Graduate Chernettiect/

Switch#

This is an example of output from the show nmsp capability command:

```
Switch# show nmsp capability

NMSP Switch Capability

------

Service Subservice

------

Attachment Wired Station
Location Subscription

Switch#
```

This is an example of output from the show nmsp notification interval command:

```
Switch# show nmsp notification interval

NMSP Notification Intervals

------

Attachment notify interval: 30 sec (default)

Location notify interval: 30 sec (default)

Switch#
```

This is an example of output from the **show nmsp statistics connection** and **show nmsp statistics summary** commands:

```
Switch# show nmsp statistics connection
NMSP Connection Counters
Connection 1:
 Connection status: UP
 Freed connection: 0
  Tx message count
                              Rx message count
  -----
                             ______
  Subscr Resp: 1
                              Subscr Req: 1
  Capa Notif: 1
                              Capa Notif: 1
  Atta Resp: 1
                              Atta Req: 1
  Atta Notif: 0
  Loc Resp: 1
                              Loc Req: 1
  Loc Notif: 0
                              Unsupported msg: 0
Switch#
Switch# show nmsp statistics summary
NMSP Global Counters
 Send too big msg: 0
 Failed socket write: 0
 Partial socket write: 0
 Socket write would block: 0
 Partial socket write: 0
 Failed socket read: 0
 Socket read would block: 0
 Transmit Q full: 0
 Max Location Nofity Msg: 0
 Max Attachement Notify Msg: 0
 Max TX Q Size: 0
Switch#
```

This is an example of output from the **show nmsp status** command:

This is an example of output from the **show nmsp show subscription detail** and **show nmsp show subscription summary** commands:

Switch# show nmsp subscription detail Mobility Services Subscribed by 172.19.35.109:

Services Subservices

Attachment: Wired Station
Location: Subscription

Switch# show nmsp subscription summary

Mobility Services Subscribed:
MSE IP Address Services

172.19.35.109 Attachment, Location

Switch#

Command	Description		
clear nmsp statistics	Clears the NMSP statistic counters.		
nmsp	Configures Network Mobility Services Protocol (NMSP) on the switch.		

show pagp

To display information about the port channel, use the show pagp command.

show pagp [group-number] {counters | dual-active | internal | neighbor}

Syntax Description

group-number	(Optional) Channel-group number; valid values are from 1 to 64.	
counters	Specifies the traffic counter information.	
dual-active	Specifies the dual-active information.	
internal	Specifies the PAgP internal information.	
neighbor	Specifies the PAgP neighbor information.	

Command Default

This command has no default settings.

Command Modes

Privileged EXEC mode

Command History

Release	Modification
12.1(8a)EW	This command was introduced on the Catalyst 4500 series switch.

Usage Guidelines

You can enter any **show pagp** command to display the active PAgP port-channel information. To display the nonactive information, enter the **show pagp** command with a group.

Examples

The following example shows how to display information about the PAgP counter:

Switch# show pagp counters

	Information		Fl:	Flush	
Port	Sent	Recv	Sent	Recv	
Channel	group: 1				
Fa5/4	2660	2452	0	0	
Fa5/5	2676	2453	0	0	
Channel	group: 2				
Fa5/6	289	261	0	0	
Fa5/7	290	261	0	0	
Switch#					

The following example shows how to display PAgP dual-active information:

Switch# show pagp dual-active

PAgP dual-active detection enabled: Yes

PAgP dual-active version: 1.1

```
Channel group 30
Dual-Active Partner Partner Partner
Port Detect Capable Name Port Version
Te3/1 Yes VS1-Reg2 Te1/1/7 1.1
Te4/1 Yes VS1-Reg2 Te2/2/8 1.1
Channel group 32
Dual-Active Partner Partner Partner
Port Detect Capable Name Port Version
Gi1/43 Yes VS3 Gi1/1/43 1.1
Gi1/44 Yes VS3 Gi1/1/44 1.1
Gi1/45 Yes VS3 Gi1/1/45 1.1
Gi1/46 Yes VS3 Gi2/1/46 1.1
Gi1/47 Yes VS3 Gi2/1/47 1.1
Gi1/48 Yes VS3 Gi2/1/48 1.1
Gi2/3 Yes VS3 Gi1/1/1 1.1
Gi2/4 Yes VS3 Gi2/1/1 1.1
Switch#
```

The following example shows how to display internal PAgP information:

```
Switch# show pagp 1 internal
Flags: S - Device is sending Slow hello. C - Device is in Consistent state.
        A - Device is in Auto mode.
Timers: H - Hello timer is running.
                                           Q - Quit timer is running.
                                           I - Interface timer is running.
        S - Switching timer is running.
Channel group 1
                                Hello
                                         Partner PAgP
                                                           Learning
Port
         Flags State
                        Timers Interval Count Priority Method
                                                                      IfIndx
Fa5/4
          SC
               U6/S7
                                30s
                                                 128
                                                           Any
                                                                        129
                                        1
                U6/S7
Fa5/5
                                30s
                                         1
                                                  128
                                                           Any
                                                                        129
Switch#
```

The following example shows how to display PAgP neighbor information for all neighbors:

```
Switch# show pagp neighbor
Flags: S - Device is sending Slow hello. C - Device is in Consistent state.
       A - Device is in Auto mode.
                                          P - Device learns on physical port.
Channel group 1 neighbors
         Partner
                              Partner
                                               Partner
                                                               Partner Group
                                                          Age Flags
Port
         Name
                              Device ID
                                               Port
                                                                       Cap.
         JAB031301
                              0050.0f10.230c
                                               2/45
                                                           2s SAC
Fa5/4
                                                                       2D
Fa5/5
         JAB031301
                              0050.0f10.230c
                                               2/46
                                                           27s SAC
                                                                       2D
Channel group 2 neighbors
         Partner
                              Partner
                                               Partner
                                                               Partner Group
                              Device ID
                                                          Age Flags
                                                                       Cap.
Port
         Name
                                               Port
Fa5/6
         JAB031301
                              0050.0f10.230c
                                               2/47
                                                          10s SAC
                                                                       2F
         JAB031301
                              0050.0f10.230c
                                               2/48
                                                          11s SAC
                                                                       2F
Fa5/7
Switch#
```

Command	Description
pagp learn-method	Learns the input interface of the incoming packets.
pagp port-priority	Selects a port in hot standby mode.

show pagp dual-active (virtual switch)

To display dual-active detection information, use the **show pagp dual-active** command in EXEC mode.

show pagp [group-number] dual-active

Syntax Description

group-number (Optional) Channel-group number. Range: 1 to 256 with a maximum of 64 values.

Command Default

This command has no default settings.

Command Modes

Privileged EXEC mode

Command History

Release	Modification
12.2(52)SG	This command was introduced on the Catalyst 4500 series switch.

Examples

The following example shows how to display dual-active detection information:

Router# show pagp dual-active

PAGP dual-active detection enabled: Yes PAgP dual-active version: 1.1 Channel group 1 Dual-Active trusted group: Yes Channel group 2 Dual-Active trusted group: Yes Channel group 3 dual-active detect capability w/nbrs Dual-Active trusted group: No

Dual-Active Partner Partner Partner Detect Capable Name Port. Port. Version Fa1/2/33 No None None N/A

Router#

The following example shows how to display dual-active detection information for a specific port

Router# show pagp dual-active

PAgP dual-active detection enabled: Yes

PAgP dual-active version: 1.1

Channel group 3 dual-active detect capability w/nbrs Dual-Active trusted group: No

Dual-Active Partner Partner Partner Port Detect Capable Name Port Version Fa1/2/33 No None N/A None

Channel group 4

Dual-Active trusted group: Yes

No interfaces configured in the channel group

Channel group 5

Dual-Active trusted group: Yes

Channel group 5 is not participating in PAGP

Channel group 10 dual-active detect capability w/nbrs Dual-Active trusted group: Yes

Dual-Active Partner Partner Partner Port. Detect Capable Name Port. Version

mr-rogers-nbr Gi1/5/1 Gi1/6/1

```
Gi2/5/1 Yes
                       mr-rogers-nbr
                                           Gi1/5/2
                                                   1.1
Channel group 11 dual-active detect capability w/nbrs Dual-Active trusted group: No
        Dual-Active Partner
                                          Partner Partner
Port
        Detect Capable Name
                                          Port
                                                    Version
               mr-rogers-nbr Gi1/3/1 1.1 mr-rogers-nbr Gi1/3/2 1.1
Gi1/6/2 Yes
Gi2/5/2 Yes
Channel group 12 dual-active detect capability w/nbrs Dual-Active trusted group: Yes
        Dual-Active Partner
                                          Partner Partner
Port
        Detect Capable Name
                                           Port
                                                    Version
                                           Fa1/2/13 1.1
Fa1/2/13 Yes
                       mr-rogers-nbr
Fa1/2/14 Yes
                       mr-rogers-nbr
                                          Fa1/2/14 1.1
                                          Fa1/2/15 1.1
Gi2/1/15 Yes
                       mr-rogers-nbr
Gi2/1/16 Yes
                       mr-rogers-nbr
                                           Fa1/2/16 1.1
Router#
```

The following example shows how to display dual-active detection information for a specific port channel:

```
Router# show pagp dual-active
PAgP dual-active detection enabled: Yes
PAgP dual-active version: 1.1
Channel group 3 dual-active detect capability w/nbrs
Dual-Active trusted group: No
         Dual-Active
                        Partner
                                              Partner
                                                       Partner
         Detect Capable Name
                                              Port
                                                       Version
Port
Fa1/2/33 No
                         None
                                             None
                                                       N/A
Router#
```

Command	Description
dual-active detection (virtual switch)	Enables and configures dual-active detection.

show policy-map

To display information about the policy map, use the show policy-map command.

show policy-map [policy_map_name]

Syntax Description

policy_map_name	(Optional) Name of the policy map.	
perior	(optional) I tallie of the policy map.	

Command Default

This command has no default settings.

Command Modes

Privileged EXEC mode

Command History

Release	Modification
12.1(8a)EW	This command was introduced on the Catalyst 4500 series switch.

Examples

The following example shows how to display information for all the policy maps:

```
Switch# show policy-map
Policy Map ipp5-policy
class ipp5
set ip precedence 6
Switch#
```

The following example shows how to display information for a specific policy map:

```
Switch# show policy ipp5-policy
Policy Map ipp5-policy
class ipp5
set ip precedence 6
Switch#
```

Command	Description
class-map	Creates a class map to be used for matching packets to the class whose name you specify and to enter class-map configuration mode
policy-map	Creates a policy map that can be attached to multiple ports to specify a service policy and to enter policy-map configuration mode
show class-map	Displays class map information.
show policy-map interface	Displays the statistics and configurations of the input and output policies that are attached to an interface.

show policy-map control-plane

To display the configuration either of a class or of all classes for the policy map of a control plane, use the **show policy-map control-plane** command.

show policy-map control-plane [input [class class-name] | [class class-name]]

Syntax Description

input	(Optional) Displays statistics for the attached input policy.
class class-name	(Optional) Displays the name of the class.

Command Default

This command has no default settings.

Command Modes

Privileged EXEC mode

Command History

Release	Modification
12.2(31)SG	This command was introduced on the Catalyst 4500 series switch.

Usage Guidelines

This command is not supported on Supervisor Engine 6-E, Supervisor Engine 6L-E, Catalyst 4900M, Catalyst 4948E, and Catalyst 4948E-F.

The **show policy-map control-plane** command displays information for aggregate control-plane services that control the number or rate of packets that are going to the process level.

Examples

The following example shows that the policy map TEST is associated with the control plane. This policy map polices traffic that matches the class-map TEST, while allowing all other traffic (that matches the class-map class-default) to go through as is. Table 2-34 describes the fields shown in the display.

Switch# show policy-map control-plane

```
Control Plane
```

```
Service-policy input: system-cpp-policy

Class-map: system-cpp-eapol (match-all)
    0 packets
    Match: access-group name system-cpp-eapol

Class-map: system-cpp-bpdu-range (match-all)
    0 packets
    Match: access-group name system-cpp-bpdu-range

Class-map: system-cpp-cdp (match-all)
    28 packets
    Match: access-group name system-cpp-cdp
    police: Per-interface
        Conform: 530 bytes Exceed: 0 bytes
```

```
Class-map: system-cpp-garp (match-all)
      0 packets
      Match: access-group name system-cpp-garp
    Class-map: system-cpp-sstp (match-all)
      0 packets
      Match: access-group name system-cpp-sstp
    Class-map: system-cpp-cgmp (match-all)
      0 packets
      Match: access-group name system-cpp-cgmp
    Class-map: system-cpp-ospf (match-all)
      0 packets
      Match: access-group name system-cpp-ospf
    Class-map: system-cpp-igmp (match-all)
      0 packets
      Match: access-group name system-cpp-igmp
    Class-map: system-cpp-pim (match-all)
      0 packets
      Match: access-group name system-cpp-pim
    Class-map: system-cpp-all-systems-on-subnet (match-all)
      0 packets
      Match: access-group name system-cpp-all-systems-on-subnet
    Class-map: system-cpp-all-routers-on-subnet (match-all)
      0 packets
      Match: access-group name system-cpp-all-routers-on-subnet
    Class-map: system-cpp-ripv2 (match-all)
      0 packets
      Match: access-group name system-cpp-ripv2
    Class-map: system-cpp-ip-mcast-linklocal (match-all)
      0 packets
      Match: access-group name system-cpp-ip-mcast-linklocal
    Class-map: system-cpp-dhcp-cs (match-all)
      Match: access-group name system-cpp-dhcp-cs
    Class-map: system-cpp-dhcp-sc (match-all)
      Match: access-group name system-cpp-dhcp-sc
    Class-map: system-cpp-dhcp-ss (match-all)
      0 packets
      Match: access-group name system-cpp-dhcp-ss
   Class-map: class-default (match-any)
      0 packets
      Match: any
        0 packets
Switch#
```

Table 2-34 show policy-map control-plane Field Descriptions

Field	Description
Fields Associated with Classes	or Service Policies
Service-policy input	Name of the input service policy that is applied to the control plane. (If configured, this field will also show the output service policy.)
Class-map	Class of traffic being displayed. Traffic is displayed for each configured class. The choice for implementing class matches (for example, match-all or match-any) can also appear next to the traffic class.
Match	Match criteria for the specified class of traffic.
	Note For more information about the variety of match criteria options available, refer to the chapter "Configuring the Modular Quality of Service Command-Line Interface" in the Cisco IOS Quality of Service Solutions Configuration Guide.
Fields Associated with Traffic	Policing
police	police command has been configured to enable traffic policing.
conformed	Action to be taken on packets conforming to a specified rate; displays the number of packets and bytes on which the action was taken.
exceeded	Action to be taken on packets exceeding a specified rate; displays the number of packets and bytes on which the action was taken.

Command	Description
control-plane	Enters control-plane configuration mode.
service-policy input (control-plane)	Attaches a policy map to a control plane for aggregate control plane services.

show policy-map interface

To display the statistics and configurations of the input and output policies that are attached to an interface, use the **show policy-map interface** command.

show policy-map interface [{fastethernet interface-number} | {gigabitethernet interface-number} | {port-channel number} | {vlan $vlan_id$ }] [input | output]

Syntax Description

fastethernet interface-number	(Optional) Specifies the Fast Ethernet 802.3 interface.
gigabitethernet interface-number	(Optional) Specifies the Gigabit Ethernet 802.3z interface.
port-channel number	(Optional) Specifies the port channel.
vlan vlan_id	(Optional) Specifies the VLAN ID; valid values are from 1 to 4094.
input	(Optional) Specifies input policies only.
output	(Optional) Specifies output policies only.

Command Default

This command has no default settings.

Command Modes

Privileged EXEC mode

Command History

Release	Modification	
12.1(8a)EW	This command was introduced on the Catalyst 4500 series switch.	
12.1(12c)EW	Added support for extended VLAN addresses.	
12.2(25)SG	Displays results for full flow policing.	

Examples

The following example shows how to display the statistics and configurations of all input and output policies attached to an interface:

Switch# show policy-map interface

```
FastEthernet6/1

service-policy input:ipp5-policy

class-map:ipp5 (match-all)
0 packets
match:ip precedence 5
set:
ip precedence 6

class-map:class-default (match-any)
0 packets
match:any
0 packets
```

```
service-policy output:ipp5-policy

class-map:ipp5 (match-all)
    0 packets
    match:ip precedence 5
    set:
        ip precedence 6

class-map:class-default (match-any)
    0 packets
    match:any
    0 packets
Switch#
```

The following example shows how to display the input policy statistics and configurations for a specific interface:

```
Switch# show policy-map interface fastethernet 5/36 input service-policy input:ipp5-policy

class-map:ipp5 (match-all)
        0 packets
        match:ip precedence 5
        set:
            ip precedence 6

class-map:class-default (match-any)
        0 packets
        match:any
        0 packets
Switch#
```

With the following configuration, each flow is policed to a 1000000 bps with an allowed 9000-byte burst value.



If you use the **match flow ip source-address/destination-address** command, these two flows are consolidated into one flow and they have the same source and destination address.

```
Switch# config terminal
Enter configuration commands, one per line. End with CNTL/Z.
Switch(config) # class-map c1
Switch (config-cmap) # match flow ip source-address ip destination-address ip protocol 14
source-port 14 destination-port
Switch(config-cmap)# exit
Switch(config) # policy-map p1
Switch(config-pmap) # class c1
Switch(config-pmap-c)# police 1000000 9000
Switch(config-pmap-c)# exit
Switch(config-pmap)# exit
Switch(config) # interface fastEthernet 6/1
Switch(config-if) # service-policy input p1
Switch(config-if)# end
Switch# write memory
Switch# show policy-map interface
FastEthernet6/1
class-map c1
   match flow ip source-address ip destination-address ip protocol 14 source-port 14
destination-port
policy-map p1
```

```
class c1
      police 1000000 bps 9000 byte conform-action transmit exceed-action drop
interface FastEthernet 6/1
  service-policy input p1
Switch# show policy-map p1
  Policy Map p1
    Class c1
      police 1000000 bps 9000 byte conform-action transmit exceed-action drop
Switch# show policy-map interface
 FastEthernet6/1
  Service-policy input: p1
    Class-map: c1 (match-all)
      15432182 packets
      Match: flow ip source-address ip destination-address ip protocol 14 source-port 14
destination-port
      police: Per-interface
        Conform: 64995654 bytes Exceed: 2376965424 bytes
    Class-map: class-default (match-any)
      0 packets
      Match: any
        0 packets
Switch#
```

Command	Description
class-map	Creates a class map to be used for matching packets to the class whose name you specify and to be used enter class-map configuration mode.
policy-map	Creates a policy map that can be attached to multiple ports to specify a service policy and to enter policy-map configuration mode.
show class-map	Displays class map information.
show qos	Displays QoS information.

show policy-map interface vlan

To show the QoS policy-map information applied to a specific VLAN on an interface, use the **show policy-map interface vlan** command.

show policy-map interface vlan interface-id vlan vlan-id

Syntax Description

interface interface-id	(Optional) Displays QoS policy-map information for a specific interface.
vlan vlan-id	(Optional) Displays QoS policy-map information for a specific VLAN.

Command Modes

Privileged EXEC mode

Command History

Release	Modification
12.1(13)EW	This command was introduced on the Catalyst 4500 series switch.

Examples

The following example show a configuration on a non-Supervisor Engine 6-E:

```
interface GigabitEthernet3/1
vlan-range 20,400
  service-policy input p1
vlan-range 300-301
  service-policy output p2
```

The following example shows how to display policy-map statistics on VLAN 20 on the Gigabit Ethernet 6/1 interface:

```
Switch# show policy-map interface gigabitEthernet 3/1 vlan 20
```

```
GigabitEthernet3/1 vlan 20
Service-policy input: p1

Class-map: class-default (match-any)
    0 packets
    Match: any
    0 packets
    police: Per-interface
        Conform: 0 bytes Exceed: 0 bytes
Switch#
```

The following example shows a configuration on a non-Supervisor Engine 6-E:

```
interface fastethernet6/1
vlan-range 100
  service-policy in p1
```

The following example shows how to display policy-map statistics on VLAN 100 on the FastEthernet interface:

Switch# show policy-map interface fastEthernet 6/1 vlan 100

```
FastEthernet6/1 vlan 100
Service-policy input: p1
```

```
Class-map: c1 (match-all)
0 packets
Match: ip dscp af11 (10)
police: Per-interface
Conform: 0 bytes Exceed: 0 bytes

Class-map: class-default (match-any)
0 packets
Match: any
0 packets
Switch#
```

The following example shows a configuration on a Supervisor Engine 6-E:

```
interface gigabitethernet3/1
  vlan-range 100
  service-policy in p1
```

The following example shows how to display policy-map statistics on VLAN 100 on the FastEthernet interface:

```
Switch# show policy-map interface gigabitethernet 3/1 vlan 100 GigabitEthernet3/1 vlan 100
```

Command	Description
service	Attaches a policy map to an interface.
show policy-map interface	Displays the statistics and configurations of the input and output policies that are attached to an interface.

show port-security

To display the port security settings for an interface or for the switch, use the **show port-security** command.

show port-security [address] [interface *interface-id*] [**interface** *port-channel port-channel-number*] [**vlan** *vlan-id*]

Syntax Description

address	(Optional) Displays all secure MAC addresses for all ports or for a specific port.	
interface interface-id	(Optional) Displays port security settings for a specific interface.	
interface port-channel port channel-number	(Optional) Displays port security for a specific port-channel interface.	
vlan vlan-id	(Optional) Displays port security settings for a specific VLAN.	

Command Modes

Privileged EXEC mode

Command History

Release	Modification	
12.1(13)EW	This command was introduced on the Catalyst 4500 series switch.	
12.2(18)EW	Support was enhanced to display sticky MAC addresses.	
12.2(25)EWA	Support was enhanced to display settings on a per-VLAN basis.	
12.2(31)SGA	Support was enhanced to display settings on EtherChannel interfaces.	

Usage Guidelines

If you enter the command without keywords, the output includes the administrative and operational status of all secure ports on the switch.

If you enter the *interface-id* value or *port-channel-interface* value, the **show port-security** command displays port security settings for the interface.

If you enter the **address** keyword, the **show port-security address** command displays the secure MAC addresses for all interfaces and the aging information for each secure address.

If you enter the *interface-id* value and the **address** keyword, the **show port-security address interface** command displays all the MAC addresses for the interface with aging information for each secure address. You can also use this command to display all the MAC addresses for an interface even if you have not enabled port security on it.

Sticky MAC addresses are addresses that persist across switch reboots and link flaps.

Examples

The following example shows how to display port security settings for the entire switch:

	port-security MaxSecureAddr (Count)	CurrentAddr (Count)	SecurityViolation (Count)	Security Action
Fa3/1	2	2	0	Restrict
Fa3/2	2	2	0	Restrict
Fa3/3	2	2	0	Shutdown
Fa3/4	2	2	0	Shutdown
Fa3/5	2	2	0	Shutdown
Fa3/6	2	2	0	Shutdown
Fa3/7	2	2	0	Shutdown
Fa3/8	2	2	0	Shutdown
Fa3/10	1	0	0	Shutdown
Fa3/11	1	0	0	Shutdown
Fa3/12	1	0	0	Restrict
Fa3/13	1	0	0	Shutdown
Fa3/14	1	0	0	Shutdown
Fa3/15	1	0	0	Shutdown
Fa3/16	1	0	0	Shutdown
Po2	3	1	0	Shutdown

Total Addresses in System (excluding one mac per port) : 8 Max Addresses limit in System (excluding one mac per port) :3072

Global SNMP trap control for port-security :20 (traps per second)

Switch#

The following example shows how to display port security settings for interface Fast Ethernet port 1:

Switch# show port-security interface fastethernet 5/1

Port Security : Enabled : Secure-up Port Status Violation Mode : Shutdown Aging Time : 0 mins Aging Type : Absolute SecureStatic Address Aging : Disabled Maximum MAC Addresses : 1 Total MAC Addresses : 1

Configured MAC Addresses : 0 Sticky MAC Addresses : 1

Last Source Address : 0000.0001.001a

Security Violation Count : 0

Switch#

The following example shows how to display all secure MAC addresses configured on all switch interfaces:

Switch# show port-security address

Secure Mac Address Table

Vlan	Mac Address	Туре	Ports	Remaining Age (mins)
1	0000.0001.0000	SecureConfigured	Fa3/1	15 (I)
1	0000.0001.0001	SecureConfigured	Fa3/1	14 (I)
1	0000.0001.0100	SecureConfigured	Fa3/2	-
1	0000.0001.0101	SecureConfigured	Fa3/2	=
1	0000.0001.0200	SecureConfigured	Fa3/3	=
1	0000.0001.0201	SecureConfigured	Fa3/3	=
1	0000.0001.0300	SecureConfigured	Fa3/4	=
1	0000.0001.0301	SecureConfigured	Fa3/4	-
1	0000.0001.1000	SecureDynamic	Fa3/5	=
1	0000.0001.1001	SecureDynamic	Fa3/5	-

```
1
    0000.0001.1100
                   SecureDynamic
                                     Fa3/6
    0000.0001.1101 SecureDynamic
                                    Fa3/6
1
   0000.0001.1200 SecureSticky
1
                                     Fa3/7
1
   0000.0001.1201 SecureSticky
                                     Fa3/7
    0000.0001.1300 SecureSticky
1
                                     Fa3/8
1
    0000.0001.1301 SecureSticky
                                     Fa3/8
    0000.0001.2000 SecureSticky
1
                                     Po2
```

Total Addresses in System (excluding one mac per port) :8
Max Addresses limit in System (excluding one mac per port) :3072

The following example shows how to display the maximum allowed number of secure MAC addresses and the current number of secure MAC addresses on interface Gigabitethernet1/1:

Switch# show port-security interface gigabitethernet1/1 vlan

Defau:	lt maximu	ım:	22	
VLAN	Maximum		Current	
2		22		3
3		22		3
4		22		3
5		22		1
6		22		2

The following example shows how to display the port security settings on interface Gigabitethernet1/1 for VLANs 2 and 3:

Switch# show port-security interface gigabitethernet1/1 vlan 2-3

Defau.	lt maximu	ım:	22	
VLAN	Maximum		Current	
2		22		3
3		22		3

The following example shows how to display all secure MAC addresses configured on interface Gigabitethernet1/1 with aging information for each address.

Switch# show port-security interface gigabitethernet1/1 address

Secure Mac Address Table

Vlan	Mac Address	Type	Ports	Remaining Age(mins)
2	0001.0001.0001	SecureConfigured	Gi1/1	_
2	0001.0001.0002	SecureSticky	Gi1/1	=
3	0001.0001.0001	SecureConfigured	Gi1/1	_
3	0001.0001.0002	SecureSticky	Gi1/1	-
3	0001.0001.0003	SecureSticky	Gi1/1	=
4	0001.0001.0001	SecureConfigured	Gi1/1	=
4	0001.0001.0003	SecureSticky	Gi1/1	-
6	0001.0001.0001	SecureConfigured	Gi1/1	=
6	0001.0001.0002	SecureConfigured	Gi1/1	_

Total Addresses: 12

The following example shows how to display all secure MAC addresses configured on VLANs 2 and 3 on interface Gigabitethernet1/1 with aging information for each address:

Switch# show port-security interface gigabitethernet1/1 address vlan 2-3

Secure Mac Address Table

Vlan	Mac Address	Туре	Ports	Remaining Age(mins)
2	0001.0001.0001	SecureConfigured	Gi1/1	=
2	0001.0001.0002	SecureSticky	Gi1/1	=

2	0001.0001.0003	SecureSticky	Gi1/1	-	
3	0001.0001.0001	SecureConfigured	Gi1/1	_	
3	0001.0001.0002	SecureSticky	Gi1/1	-	
3	0001.0001.0003	SecureSticky	Gi1/1	-	

Total Addresses: 12

Switch#

The following example shows how to display the maximum allowed number of secure MAC addresses and the current number of secure MAC addressees on Fast Ethernet port 1:

Switch# show port-security interface fastethernet5/1 vlan

Defaul	lt maximum:	22
VLAN	Maximum	Current
2	22	3
3	22	3
5	22	1
6	22	2
Switch	n#	

The following example shows how to display the port security settings on Fast Ethernet port 1 for VLANs 2 and 3:

```
Switch# show port-security interface fastethernet5/1 vlan 2-3
```

```
Default maximum: 22
VLAN Maximum Current
2 22 3
3 22 3
Switch#
```

The following example shows how to display all secure MAC addresses configured on Fast Ethernet port 1 with aging information for each address.

 ${\tt Switch\#\ show\ port-security\ interface\ fastethernet5/1\ address}$

Secure Mac Address Table

		m	Danka	Damadadaa 7 (1)
Vlan I	Mac Address	Type	Ports	Remaining Age(mins)
2	0001.0001.0001	SecureConfigured	Gi1/1	_
2	0001.0001.0002	SecureSticky	Gi1/1	-
2	0001.0001.0003	SecureSticky	Gi1/1	_
3	0001.0001.0001	SecureConfigured	Gi1/1	-
3	0001.0001.0002	SecureSticky	Gi1/1	_
3	0001.0001.0003	SecureSticky	Gi1/1	_
4	0001.0001.0001	SecureConfigured	Gi1/1	_
4	0001.0001.0002	SecureSticky	Gi1/1	_
4	0001.0001.0003	SecureSticky	Gi1/1	_
5	0001.0001.0001	SecureConfigured	Gi1/1	_
6	0001.0001.0001	SecureConfigured	Gi1/1	_
6	0001.0001.0002	SecureConfigured	Gi1/1	-

Total Addresses: 12

Switch#

The following example shows how to display all secure MAC addresses configured on VLANs 2 and 3 on

Fast Ethernet port 1 with aging information for each address:

Switch# show port-security interface fastethernet5/1 address vlan 2-3

2	0001.0001.0001	SecureConfigured	Gi1/1	-
2	0001.0001.0002	SecureSticky	Gi1/1	-
2	0001.0001.0003	SecureSticky	Gi1/1	-
3	0001.0001.0001	SecureConfigured	Gi1/1	-
3	0001.0001.0002	SecureSticky	Gi1/1	-
3	0001.0001.0003	SecureSticky	Gi1/1	=

Total Addresses: 12 Switch#

The following example shows how to display all secure MAC addresses configured on all switch interfaces:

 ${\tt Switch \# \ \, show \ \, port-security \ \, address}$

Secure Mac Address Table

Vlan	Mac Address	Туре	Ports	Remaining Age (mins)
1	0000.0001.0000	SecureConfigured	Fa3/1	15 (I)
1	0000.0001.0001	SecureConfigured	Fa3/1	14 (I)
1	0000.0001.0100	SecureConfigured	Fa3/2	-
1	0000.0001.0101	SecureConfigured	Fa3/2	=
1	0000.0001.0200	SecureConfigured	Fa3/3	=
1	0000.0001.0201	SecureConfigured	Fa3/3	=
1	0000.0001.0300	SecureConfigured	Fa3/4	=
1	0000.0001.0301	SecureConfigured	Fa3/4	-
1	0000.0001.1000	SecureDynamic	Fa3/5	=
1	0000.0001.1001	SecureDynamic	Fa3/5	=
1	0000.0001.1100	SecureDynamic	Fa3/6	=
1	0000.0001.1101	SecureDynamic	Fa3/6	=
1	0000.0001.1200	SecureSticky	Fa3/7	=
1	0000.0001.1201	SecureSticky	Fa3/7	-
1	0000.0001.1300	SecureSticky	Fa3/8	=
1	0000.0001.1301	SecureSticky	Fa3/8	=

Total Addresses in System (excluding one mac per port) :8
Max Addresses limit in System (excluding one mac per port) :3072
Switch#

The following example shows how to display the maximum allowed number of secure MAC addresses and the current number of secure MAC addresses on interface Gigabitethernet1/1:

 ${\tt Switch\#\ show\ port-security\ interface\ gigabitethernet1/1\ vlan}$

Default maximum:			22	
VLAN	Maximum		Current	
2		22		3
3		22		3
4		22		3
5		22		1
6		22		2
Switc	h#			

The following example shows how to display the port security settings on interface Gigabitethernet1/1 for VLANs 2 and 3:

Switch# show port-security interface gigabitethernet1/1 vlan 2-3 $\,$

```
Default maximum: 22
VLAN Maximum Current
2 22 3
3 3 22 3
Switch#
```

The following example shows how to display all secure MAC addresses configured on interface Gigabitethernet1/1 with aging information for each address.

Switch# show port-security interface gigabitethernet1/1 address

Secure Mac Add	ress Table			
Mac Address	Туре	Ports	Remaining Age(mins)	
0001.0001.0001	SecureConfigured	Gi1/1	-	
0001.0001.0002	SecureSticky	Gi1/1	-	
0001.0001.0001	SecureConfigured	Gi1/1	-	
0001.0001.0002	SecureSticky	Gi1/1	-	
0001.0001.0003	SecureSticky	Gi1/1	-	
0001.0001.0001	SecureConfigured	Gi1/1	-	
0001.0001.0003	SecureSticky	Gi1/1	-	
0001.0001.0001	SecureConfigured	Gi1/1	-	
0001.0001.0002	SecureConfigured	Gi1/1	-	
	Mac Address 0001.0001.0001 0001.0001.0002 0001.0001.	0001.0001.0001 SecureConfigured 0001.0001.0002 SecureSticky 0001.0001.0001 SecureConfigured 0001.0001.0002 SecureSticky 0001.0001.0003 SecureSticky 0001.0001.0001 SecureConfigured 0001.0001.0003 SecureSticky 0001.0001.0003 SecureSticky 0001.0001.0001 SecureConfigured	Mac Address Type Ports 0001.0001.0001 SecureConfigured Gi1/1 0001.0001.0001 SecureSticky Gi1/1 0001.0001.0001 SecureSticky Gi1/1 0001.0001.0002 SecureSticky Gi1/1 0001.0001.0003 SecureSticky Gi1/1 0001.0001.0001 SecureConfigured Gi1/1 0001.0001.0001 SecureSticky Gi1/1 0001.0001.0003 SecureSticky Gi1/1 0001.0001.0003 SecureSticky Gi1/1 0001.0001.0003 SecureSticky Gi1/1	Mac Address Type Ports Remaining Age (mins) 0001.0001.0001 SecureConfigured Gi1/1 - 0001.0001.0002 SecureSticky Gi1/1 - 0001.0001.0001 SecureConfigured Gi1/1 - 0001.0001.0002 SecureSticky Gi1/1 - 0001.0001.0003 SecureSticky Gi1/1 - 0001.0001.0001 SecureConfigured Gi1/1 - 0001.0001.0003 SecureSticky Gi1/1 - 0001.0001.0001 SecureConfigured Gi1/1 - 0001.0001.0001 SecureConfigured Gi1/1 -

Total Addresses: 12

Switch#

The following example shows how to display all secure MAC addresses configured on VLANs 2 and 3 on interface Gigabitethernet1/1 with aging information for each address:

Switch# show port-security interface gigabitethernet1/1 address vlan 2-3

	Secure Mac Add	ress Table		
Vlan	Mac Address	Туре	Ports	Remaining Age(mins)
2	0001.0001.0001	SecureConfigured	Gi1/1	_
2	0001.0001.0002	SecureSticky	Gi1/1	_
2	0001.0001.0003	SecureSticky	Gi1/1	_
3	0001.0001.0001	SecureConfigured	Gi1/1	_
3	0001.0001.0002	SecureSticky	Gi1/1	_
3	0001.0001.0003	SecureSticky	Gi1/1	-

Total Addresses: 12

Switch#

Command	Description
switchport port-security	Enables port security on an interface.

show power

To display information about the power status, use the **show power** command.

show power [available | capabilities | detail | inline {[interface] detail | consumption default | module mod detail}} | module | status | supplies]

Syntax Description

available	(Optional) Displays the available system power.
capabilities	(Optional) Displays the individual power supply capabilities.
detail	(Optional) Displays detailed information on power resources.
inline	(Optional) Displays the PoE status.
interface detail	(Optional) Detailed information on the PoE status for the interface
consumption default	(Optional) Displays the PoE consumption.
module mod default	(Optional) Displays the PoE consumption for the specified module.
status	(Optional) Displays the power supply status.
supplies	(Optional) Displays the number of power supplies needed by the system.

Command Default

This command has no default settings.

Command Modes

Privileged EXEC mode

Command History

Release	Modification
12.1(8a)EW	This command was introduced on the Catalyst 4500 series switch.
12.2(52)SG	Support to display detailed PoE consumption information on an interface/module.

Usage Guidelines

If a powered device is connected to an interface with external power, the switch does not recognize the powered device. The Device column in the output of the **show power inline** command displays as unknown.

If your port is not capable of supporting PoE, you will receive this message:

Power over Ethernet not supported on interface Admin

The **show power inline** *interface* | *module* command displays the amount of power that is used to operate a Cisco IP Phone. To view the amount of power requested, use the **show cdp neighbors** command.

Because FPGAs and other hardware components on the WS-X4548-RJ45V+ and WS-X4648-RJ45V+E modules consume PoE, the operating PoE consumption for an 802.3af-compliant module can be nonzero when there are no powered devices attached to the module. The operating PoE can vary by as much as 20 W because of fluctuations in the PoE that is consumed by the hardware components.

Examples

The following example shows how to display information about the general power supply:

Switch# show power

Power				Fan	Inline
Supply	Model No	Type	Status	Sensor	Status
PS1	PWR-C45-2800AC	AC 2800W	good	good	good
PS2	PWR-C45-1000AC	AC 1000W	err-disable	good	n.a.

*** Power Supplies of different type have been detected***

Power supplies needed by system :1 Power supplies currently available :1

Power Summary		Maximum	
(in Watts)	Used	Available	
System Power (12V)	328	1360	
Inline Power (-50V)	0	1400	
Backplane Power (3.3V)	10	40	
Total Used Switch#	338	(not to exceed	Total Maximum Available = 750)

The following example shows how to display the amount of available system power:

Switch# show power available

Power Summary

(in Watts)	Available	Used	Remaining
System Power	1360	280	1080
Inline Power	1400	0	1400
Maximum Power	2800	280	2520
Switch#			



The "Inline Power Oper" column displays the PoE consumed by the powered devices attached to the module in addition to the PoE consumed by the FPGAs and other hardware components on the module. The "Inline Power Admin" column displays only the PoE allocated by the powered devices attached to the module.

The following example shows how to display the power status information:

Switch# show power status

Power						Far	า	Inline
Supply	Model N	0	Тур	oe .	Status	Ser	nsor	Status
PS1	PWR-C45	-2800AC	AC	2800W	good	god	od	good
PS2	PWR-C45	-2800AC	AC	2800W	good	god	od	good
Power S	upply	Max	Min	Max	Min	Absol	lute	

Power Supply	Max	Min	Max	Min	Absolute
(Nos in Watts)	Inline	Inline	System	System	Maximum
PS1	1400	1400	1360	1360	2800
PS2	1400	1400	1360	1360	2800
Switch#					

The following example shows how to verify the PoE consumption for the switch:

Switch# show power inline consumption default Default PD consumption : 5000 mW Switch#

The following example shows how to display the status of inline power:

Switch# show power inline

Available:677(w) Used:117(w) Remaining:560(w)

Interface Admir	oper oper	Powe	r(Watts)	Device	Class
		From PS	To Device		
Fa3/1 auto	on	17.3	15.4	Ieee PD	0
Fa3/2 auto	on	4.5	4.0	Ieee PD	1
Fa3/3 auto	on	7.1	6.3	Cisco IP Phone 7960	0
Fa3/4 auto	on	7.1	6.3	Cisco IP Phone 7960	n/a
Fa3/5 auto	on	17.3	15.4	Ieee PD	0
Fa3/6 auto	on	17.3	15.4	Ieee PD	0
Fa3/7 auto	on	4.5	4.0	Ieee PD	1
Fa3/8 auto	on	7.9	7.0	Ieee PD	2
Fa3/9 auto	on	17.3	15.4	Ieee PD	3
Fa3/10 auto	on	17.3	15.4	Ieee PD	4
Fa3/11 auto	off	0	0	n/a	n/a
Fa3/12 auto	off	0	0	n/a	n/a
Fa3/13 auto	off	0	0	n/a	n/a
Fa3/14 auto	off	0	0	n/a	n/a
Fa3/15 auto	off	0	0	n/a	n/a
Fa3/16 auto	off	0	0	n/a	n/a
Fa3/17 auto	off	0	0	n/a	n/a
Fa3/18 auto	off	0	0	n/a	n/a
Totals:	10 on	117.5	104.6		

Switch#

The following example shows how to display the number of power supplies needed by the system:

Switch# show power supplies

Power supplies needed by system = 2 Switch#

The following example shows how to display the PoE status for Fast Ethernet interface 3/1:

Switch# show power inline fastethernet3/1

Available:677(w) Used:11(w) Remaining:666(w)

Interface	Admin	Oper		er(Watts) To Device	Device	Class
Fa3/1	auto	on	11.2	10.0	Ieee PD	0
Interface	AdminP (Wat		AdminConsu (Watts	-		
Fa3/1 Switch#		15.4		10.0		

The output of the commands **show power detail** and **show power module** display the supervisor engine's variable power consumption and its inline power summary:

Switch# show power detail

sh power detail

Power				Fan	Inline
Supply	Model No	Туре	Status	Sensor	Status
PS1	PWR-C45-1400DC	DCSP1400W	good	good	n.a.

PS1-1		12.5A	good	
PS1-2		15.0A	off	
PS1-3		15.0A	off	
PS2	none			

Power supplies needed by system : 1 Power supplies currently available : 1

Power Summary		Maximum
(in Watts)	Used	Available
System Power (12V)	360	360
Inline Power (-50V)	0	0
Backplane Power (3.3V)	0	40
Total	360	400

Module Inline Power Summary (Watts) (12V -> -48V on board conversion)

(12V -> -46V OII DOATH CONVERSION)

		Maxımum
Mod	Used	Available
1	5	25

		Watts Use	d of System Po	wer (12V)
Mod	Model	currently	out of reset	in reset
1	WS-X4013+TS	180	180	180
2	WS-X4506-GB-T	60	60	20
3	WS-X4424-GB-RJ45	90	90	50
	Fan Tray	30		
	Total	360	330	250

Watts used of Chassis Inline Power (-50V) Inline Power Admin Inline Power Oper

Mod	Model	PS	Device	PS	Device	Efficiency
2	WS-X4506-GB-T	0	0	0	0	89
3	WS-X4424-GB-RJ45	-	-	-	-	-
	Total	0	0	0	0	

Watts used of Module Inline Power (12V -> -50V)

1	WS-X4013+TS	6	5	3	3	90
Mod	Model	PS 	Device	PS	Device	Efficiency
		Inline F	Power Admin	Inline P	ower Oper	

Switch# show power module

sh power module

_		Watts Use	d of System Po	wer (12V)
Mod	Model	currently	out of reset	in reset
1	WS-X4013+TS	180	180	180
2	WS-X4506-GB-T	60	60	20
3	WS-X4424-GB-RJ45	90	90	50
	Fan Tray	30		
	Total	360	330	250

Watts used of Chassis Inline Power (-50V)

		Inline	Power Admin	Inline P	ower Oper	
Mod	Model	PS	Device	PS	Device	Efficiency
2	WS-X4506-GB-T	0	0	0	0	89
3	WS-X4424-GB-RJ45	_	_	-	-	-
	Total	0	0	0	0	
			ısed of Modul Power Admin		,	-> -50V)
Mod	Model	PS	Device	PS	Device	Efficiency
1	WS-X4013+TS	6	5	3	3	90

Switch#

Switch#

Switch# show module

The following example shows how to display detailed information on the PoE status for Gigabit interface 2/1:

```
Switch# show power inline g2/1 detail
Available:800(w) Used:71(w) Remaining:729(w)
 Interface: Gi2/1
 Inline Power Mode: auto
 Operational status: on
 Device Detected: yes
 Device Type: Cisco IP Phone 7970
 IEEE Class: 3
Discovery mechanism used/configured: Ieee and Cisco
Police: off
 Power Allocated
Admin Value: 20.0
 Power drawn from the source: 11.0
 Power available to the device: 10.3
Actual consumption
Measured at the port: 5.0
Maximum Power drawn by the device since powered on: 5.2
Absent Counter: 0
Over Current Counter: 0
 Short Current Counter: 0
 Invalid Signature Counter: 0
 Power Denied Counter: 0
```

The following example shows how to display the PoE status for all all ports of the module:

Ok

```
3 001e.7af1.f5d0 to 001e.7af1.f5ff 1.0
Switch# show power inline module 3 detail
Available:800(w) Used:0(w) Remaining:800(w)
Interface: Gi3/1
Inline Power Mode: auto
Operational status: off
Device Detected: no
Device Type: n/a
IEEE Class: n/a
Discovery mechanism used/configured: Ieee and Cisco
Police: off
 Power Allocated
 Admin Value: 20.0
 Power drawn from the source: 0.0
 Power available to the device: 0.0
Actual consumption
Measured at the port: 0.0
Maximum Power drawn by the device since powered on: 0.0
Absent Counter: 0
Over Current Counter: 0
 Short Current Counter: 0
 Invalid Signature Counter: 0
 Power Denied Counter: 0
Interface: Gi3/2
Inline Power Mode: auto
Operational status: off
Device Detected: no
Device Type: n/a
 IEEE Class: n/a
Discovery mechanism used/configured: Ieee and Cisco
 Power Allocated
Admin Value: 20.0
 Power drawn from the source: 0.0
 Power available to the device: 0.0
Actual consumption
Measured at the port: 0.0
Maximum Power drawn by the device since powered on: 0.0
Absent Counter: 0
Over Current Counter: 0
 Short Current Counter: 0
 Invalid Signature Counter: 0
 Power Denied Counter: 0
 Interface: Gi3/3
 Inline Power Mode: auto
 Operational status: off
Device Detected: no
Device Type: n/a
IEEE Class: n/a
Discovery mechanism used/configured: Ieee and Cisco
 Police: off
 Power Allocated
```

```
Admin Value: 20.0
Power drawn from the source: 0.0
Power available to the device: 0.0
Actual consumption
Measured at the port: 0.0
Maximum Power drawn by the device since powered on: 0.0
Absent Counter: 0
Over Current Counter: 0
Short Current Counter: 0
Invalid Signature Counter: 0
Power Denied Counter: 0
Interface: Gi3/4
Inline Power Mode: auto
Operational status: off
Device Detected: no
Device Type: n/a
IEEE Class: n/a
Discovery mechanism used/configured: Ieee and Cisco
Police: off
Power Allocated
Admin Value: 20.0
Power drawn from the source: 0.0
Power available to the device: 0.0
Actual consumption
Measured at the port: 0.0
Maximum Power drawn by the device since powered on: 0.0
Absent Counter: 0
Over Current Counter: 0
Short Current Counter: 0
Invalid Signature Counter: 0
Power Denied Counter: 0
Interface: Gi3/5
Inline Power Mode: auto
Operational status: off
Device Detected: no
Device Type: n/a
IEEE Class: n/a
Discovery mechanism used/configured: Ieee and Cisco
Police: off
Power Allocated
Admin Value: 20.0
Power drawn from the source: 0.0
Power available to the device: 0.0
Actual consumption
Measured at the port: 0.0
Maximum Power drawn by the device since powered on: 0.0
Absent Counter: 0
Over Current Counter: 0
Short Current Counter: 0
Invalid Signature Counter: 0
Power Denied Counter: 0
Interface: Gi3/6
Inline Power Mode: auto
```

Command	Description
power dc input	Configures the power DC input parameters on the switch.
power inline	Sets the inline-power state for the inline-power-capable interfaces.
power inline consumption	Sets the default power that is allocated to an interface for all the inline-power-capable interfaces on the switch.
power redundancy-mode	Configures the power settings for the chassis.

show power inline police

To display PoE policing and monitoring status, use the show power inline police command.

show power inline police [interfacename] [module n]

Syntax Description

interfacename	(optional) Displays PoE policing and monitoring status for a particular interface.
module n	(optional) Display PoE policing and monitoring status for all interfaces on this module.

Command Default

This command has no default settings.

Command Modes

Privileged EXEC mode

Command History

Release	Modification
12.2(50)SG	This command was introduced on the Catalyst 4500 series switch.

Usage Guidelines

The Oper Power field displays the true power consumption of the connected device.

The **show power inline police** command with no keywords displays PoE policing status for all interfaces in the chassis.

If this command is executed at the global level, the last line of the output under Oper Power field displays the total true inline power consumption of all devices connected to the switch.

Examples

The following example shows how to display PoE policing status for a interface GigabitEthernet 2/1:

Switch# show power inline police gigabitEthernet 2/1

Available: 421(w) Used: 44(w) Remaining: 377(w)

Interface	Admin State	-	Admin Police	Oper Police	Cutoff	-
Gi2/1	auto	on	errdisable	ok	22.6	9.6

Command	Description
power inline police	Configures PoE policing on a particular interface.

show pppoe intermediate-agent interface

To display PPPoE Intermediate Agent configuration and statistics (packet counters), use the **show pppoe intermediate-agent interface** command.

show ppoe intermediate-agent information interface interface

show ppoe intermediate-agent statistics interface interface

Syntax Description

interface interface

Interface for which information or statistics are displayed.

Command Default

This command has no default settings.

Command Modes

Privileged EXEC mode

Command History

Release	Modification
12.2(50)SG	This command was introduced on the Catalyst 4500 series switch.

Examples

The following example shows how to display PPPoE Intermediate Agent configuration:

```
Switch# show pppoe intermediate-agent information
```

```
Switch PPPoE Intermediate-Agent is enabled

PPPoE Intermediate-Agent trust/rate is configured on the following Interfaces:

Interface IA Trusted Vsa Strip Rate limit (pps)

GigabitEthernet3/4 no yes yes unlimited

PPPoE Intermediate-Agent is configured on following VLANs:

2-3

GigabitEthernet3/7 no no no unlimited

PPPoE Intermediate-Agent is configured on following VLANs:
```

The following example shows how to display PPPoE Intermediate Agent statistics on an interface:

Switch# show pppoe intermediate-agent statistics interface g3/7

```
Interface : GigabitEthernet3/7
Packets received
All = 3
PADI = 0 PADO = 0
PADR = 0 PADS = 0
PADT = 3
Packets dropped:
Rate-limit exceeded = 0
Server responses from untrusted ports = 0
Client requests towards untrusted ports = 0
Malformed PPPoE Discovery packets = 0
Vlan 2: Packets received PADI = 6 PADO = 0 PADR = 6 PADS = 0 PADT = 6
Vlan 3: Packets received PADI = 4 PADO = 0 PADR = 4 PADS = 0 PADT = 4
```

Command	Description
pppoe intermediate-agent (global)	Enables the PPPoE Intermediate Agent feature on a switch.
pppoe intermediate-agent format-type (global)	Sets the access-node-identifier, generic-error-message, and identifier-string for the switch.
pppoe intermediate-agent (interface)	Enables the PPPoE Intermediate Agent feature on an interface.
pppoe intermediate-agent format-type (interface)	Sets circuit-id or remote-id for an interface.

show qos

To display QoS information, use the show qos command.

show qos

Syntax Description

This command has no arguments or keywords.

Command Default

This command has no default settings.

Command Modes

Privileged EXEC mode

Command History

Release	Modification
12.1(8a)EW	This command was introduced on the Catalyst 4500 series switch.

Usage Guidelines

This command is not supported on Supervisor Engine 6-E, Supervisor Engine 6L-E, Catalyst 4900M, Catalyst 4948E, and Catalyst 4948E-F.

Examples

The following example shows the output that might be displayed if you do not enter any keywords:

Switch# **show qos** QoS is enabled globally
Switch#

Command	Description
qos account layer-all encapsulation	Globally enables QoS functionality on the switch.

show qos aggregate policer

To display QoS aggregate policer information, use the show qos aggregate policer command.

show qos aggregate policer [aggregate_name]

Syntax Description

aggregate_name	(Optional)	Named	aggregate policer.
	(0)	1 1011100	appropate pointer.

Command Default

This command has no default settings.

Command Modes

Privileged EXEC mode

Command History

Release	Modification
12.1(8a)EW	This command was introduced on the Catalyst 4500 series switch.

Usage Guidelines

This command is not supported on Supervisor Engine 6-E, Supervisor Engine 6L-E, Catalyst 4900M, Catalyst 4948E, and Catalyst 4948E-F.

The aggregate policer name is case sensitive.

Examples

The following example shows the output if you do not enter any keywords:

Switch# show qos aggregate policer

Policer aggr-1

 ${\tt Rate(bps):} 10000000 \ \ {\tt Normal-Burst(bytes):} 1000000$

conform-action:transmit exceed-action:policed-dscp-transmit

Policymaps using this policer:

ipp5-policy

Switch#

Command	Description
qos trust	Defines a named aggregate policer.

show qos dbl

To display global Dynamic Buffer Limiting (DBL) information, use the show qos dbl command.

show qos dbl

Syntax Description

This command has no arguments or keywords.

Command Default

This command has no default settings.

Command Modes

Privileged EXEC mode

Command History

Release	Modification
12.1(13)EW	This command was introduced on the Catalyst 4500 series switch.

Usage Guidelines

This command is not supported on Supervisor Engine 6-E, Supervisor Engine 6L-E, Catalyst 4900M, Catalyst 4948E, and Catalyst 4948E-F.

Examples

The following example shows how to display global DBL information:

```
Switch# show qos db1

DBL is enabled globally

DBL flow includes vlan

DBL flow includes 14-ports

DBL does not use ecn to indicate congestion

DBL exceed-action mark probability:15%

DBL max credits:15

DBL aggressive credit limit:10

DBL aggressive buffer limit:2 packets

DBL DSCPs with default drop probability:

1-10

Switch#
```

Command	Description
qos account layer-all encapsulation	Globally enables QoS functionality on the switch.

show qos interface

To display queueing information, use the **show qos interface** command.

show qos interface {**fastethernet** *interface-number* | **gigabitethernet** *interface-number*} | [**vlan** *vlan_id* | **port-channel** *number*]

Syntax Description

fastethernet interface-number	Specifies the Fast Ethernet 802.3 interface.	
gigabitethernet interface-number	Specifies the Gigabit Ethernet 802.3z interface.	
vlan vlan_id	(Optional) Specifies the VLAN ID; valid values are from 1 to 4094.	
port-channel number	(Optional) Specifies the port channel; valid ranges are from 1 to 64.	

Command Default

This command has no default settings.

Command Modes

Privileged EXEC mode

Command History

Release	Modification
12.1(8a)EW	This command was introduced on the Catalyst 4500 series switch.
12.1(13)EW	Added support for extended VLAN addresses.
12.1(19)EW	Display changed to include the Port Trust Device.

Usage Guidelines

This command is not supported on Supervisor Engine 6-E, Supervisor Engine 6L-E, Catalyst 4900M, Catalyst 4948E, and Catalyst 4948E-F.

Examples

The following example shows how to display queueing information:

Switch# show qos interface fastethernet 6/1

QoS is enabled globally Port QoS is enabled

Administrative Port Trust State: 'dscp'

Operational Port Trust State: 'untrusted'

Port Trust Device: 'cisco-phone'
Default DSCP:0 Default CoS:0

Tx-Queue	Bandwidth (bps)	ShapeRate (bps)	Priority	QueueSize (packets)
1	31250000	disabled	N/A	240
2	31250000	disabled	N/A	240
3	31250000	disabled	normal	240
4	31250000	disabled	N/A	240
Switch#				

Command	Description
show qos	Displays QoS information.
tx-queue	Configures the transmit queue parameters for an interface.

show qos maps

To display QoS map information, use the **show qos maps** command.

show qos maps [cos | dscp [policed | tx-queue]]

Syntax Description

cos	(Optional) Displays CoS map information.	
dscp	(Optional) Displays DSCP map information.	
policed	(Optional) Displays policed map information.	
tx-queue	(Optional) Displays tx-queue map information.	

Command Default

This command has no default settings.

Command Modes

Privileged EXEC mode

Command History

Release	Modification	
12.1(8a)EW	This command was introduced on the Catalyst 4500 series switch.	

Usage Guidelines

This command is not supported on Supervisor Engine 6-E, Supervisor Engine 6L-E, Catalyst 4900M, Catalyst 4948E, and Catalyst 4948E-F.

Examples

The following example shows how to display QoS map settings:

Switch# show qos maps

```
d1:d2 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9
      01 01 01 01 01 01 01 01 01 01
      01 01 01 01 01 01 02 02 02 02
 1:
      02 02 02 02 02 02 02 02 02 02
      02 02 03 03 03 03 03 03 03 03
      03 03 03 03 03 03 03 04 04
      04 04 04 04 04 04 04 04 04 04
      04 04 04 04
Policed DSCP Mapping Table (dscp = d1d2)
d1 :d2 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9
      00 01 02 03 04 05 06 07 08 09
      10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19
      20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29
      30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39
      40 41 42 43 44 45 46 47 48 49
      50 51 52 53 54 55 56 57 58 59
      60 61 62 63
```

DSCP-TxQueue Mapping Table (dscp = d1d2)

Command	Description
qos account layer-all encapsulation	Globally enables QoS functionality on the switch.

show redundancy

To display redundancy facility information, use the **show redundancy** command.

show redundancy {clients | counters | history | states}

Syntax Description

clients	(Optional) Displays information about the redundancy facility client.	
counters	(Optional) Displays information about the redundancy facility counter.	
history	(Optional) Displays a log of past status and related information for the redundancy facility.	
states	(Optional) Displays information about the redundancy facility state, such as disabled, initialization, standby, active.	

Command Default

This command has no default settings.

Command Modes

Privileged EXEC mode

Command History

Release	Modification
12.1.(13)EW	This command was introduced on the Catalyst 4500 series switch
12.2(31)SGA	Support for ISSU was introduced.

Examples

The following example shows how to display information about the redundancy facility:

```
Switch# show redundancy
Switch# show redundancy
4507r-demo#show redundancy
Redundant System Information :
______
      Available system uptime = 2 days, 2 hours, 39 minutes
Switchovers system experienced = 0
             Standby failures = 0
        Last switchover reason = none
                Hardware Mode = Duplex
    Configured Redundancy Mode = Stateful Switchover
     Operating Redundancy Mode = Stateful Switchover
             Maintenance Mode = Disabled
               Communications = Up
Current Processor Information :
              Active Location = slot 1
       Current Software state = ACTIVE
      Uptime in current state = 2 days, 2 hours, 39 minutes
                Image Version = Cisco Internetwork Operating System Software
IOS (tm) Catalyst 4000 L3 Switch Software (cat4000-I5S-M), Version 12.2(20)EWA(3
.92), CISCO INTERNAL USE ONLY ENHANCED PRODUCTION VERSION
Copyright (c) 1986-2004 by cisco Systems, Inc.
```

```
Compiled Wed 14-Jul-04 04:42 by esi
                        BOOT = bootflash:cat4000-i5s-mz.122_20_EWA_392,1
       Configuration register = 0x2002
Peer Processor Information:
______
             Standby Location = slot 2
       Current Software state = STANDBY HOT
      Uptime in current state = 2 days, 2 hours, 39 minutes
                Image Version = Cisco Internetwork Operating System Software
IOS (tm) Catalyst 4000 L3 Switch Software (cat4000-I5S-M), Version 12.2(20)EWA(3
.92), CISCO INTERNAL USE ONLY ENHANCED PRODUCTION VERSION
Copyright (c) 1986-2004 by cisco Systems, Inc.
Compiled Wed 14-Jul-04 0
                         BOOT = bootflash:cat4000-i5s-mz.122_20_EWA_392,1
       Configuration register = 0x2002
Switch#
```

The following example shows how to display redundancy facility client information:

The output displays the following information:

- clientID displays the client's ID number.
- clientSeq displays the client's notification sequence number.
- Current redundancy facility state.

The following example shows how to display the redundancy facility counter information:

```
Switch# show redundancy counters
Redundancy Facility OMs
               comm link up = 1
        comm link down down = 0
          invalid client tx = 0
          null tx by client = 0
               tx failures = 0
      tx msg length invalid = 0
      client not rxing msgs = 0
 rx peer msg routing errors = 0
          null peer msg rx = 0
        errored peer msg rx = 0
                 buffers tx = 1535
     tx buffers unavailable = 0
                 buffers rx = 1530
      buffer release errors = 0
 duplicate client registers = 0
  failed to register client = 0
       Invalid client syncs = 0
Switch#
```

The following example shows how to display redundancy facility history information:

```
Switch# show redundancy history
00:00:01 client added: RF_INTERNAL_MSG(0) seq=0
00:00:01 client added: RF_LAST_CLIENT(65000) seq=65000
00:00:01 client added: GALIOS_CONFIG_SYNC(28) seq=330
00:00:03 client added: Redundancy Mode RF(30) seq=135
00:00:03 *my state = INITIALIZATION(2) *peer state = DISABLED(1)
00:00:03 RF_PROG_INITIALIZATION(100) RF_INTERNAL_MSG(0) op=0 rc=11
00:00:03 RF_PROG_INITIALIZATION(100) Redundancy Mode RF(30) op=0 rc=11
00:00:03 RF_PROG_INITIALIZATION(100) GALIOS_CONFIG_SYNC(28) op=0 rc=11
00:00:03 RF_PROG_INITIALIZATION(100) RF_LAST_CLIENT(65000) op=0 rc=11
00:00:03 *my state = NEGOTIATION(3) peer state = DISABLED(1)
00:00:25 RF_EVENT_GO_ACTIVE(511) op=0
00:00:25 *my state = ACTIVE-FAST(9) peer state = DISABLED(1)
00:00:25 RF_STATUS_MAINTENANCE_ENABLE(403) Redundancy Mode RF(30) op=0
00:00:25 RF_STATUS_MAINTENANCE_ENABLE(403) GALIOS_CONFIG_SYNC(28) op=0
00:00:25 RF_PROG_ACTIVE_FAST(200) RF_INTERNAL_MSG(0) op=0 rc=11
00:00:25 RF_PROG_ACTIVE_FAST(200) Redundancy Mode RF(30) op=0 rc=11
00:00:25 RF_PROG_ACTIVE_FAST(200) GALIOS_CONFIG_SYNC(28) op=0 rc=11
00:00:25 RF_PROG_ACTIVE_FAST(200) RF_LAST_CLIENT(65000) op=0 rc=11
00:00:25 *my state = ACTIVE-DRAIN(10) peer state = DISABLED(1)
00:00:25 RF_PROG_ACTIVE_DRAIN(201) RF_INTERNAL_MSG(0) op=0 rc=11
00:00:25 RF_PROG_ACTIVE_DRAIN(201) Redundancy Mode RF(30) op=0 rc=11
00:00:25 RF_PROG_ACTIVE_DRAIN(201) GALIOS_CONFIG_SYNC(28) op=0 rc=11
00:00:25 RF_PROG_ACTIVE_DRAIN(201) RF_LAST_CLIENT(65000) op=0 rc=11
00:01:34 RF_PROG_PLATFORM_SYNC(300) RF_INTERNAL_MSG(0) op=0 rc=11
00:01:34 RF_PROG_PLATFORM_SYNC(300) Redundancy Mode RF(30) op=0 rc=11
00:01:34 RF_PROG_PLATFORM_SYNC(300) GALIOS_CONFIG_SYNC(28) op=0 rc=0
00:01:34 RF_EVENT_CLIENT_PROGRESSION(503) GALIOS_CONFIG_SYNC(28) op=1 rc=0
00:01:36 RF_EVENT_PEER_PROG_DONE(506) GALIOS_CONFIG_SYNC(28) op=300
00:01:36 RF_PROG_PLATFORM_SYNC(300) RF_LAST_CLIENT(65000) op=0 rc=0
00:01:36 RF_EVENT_CLIENT_PROGRESSION(503) RF_LAST_CLIENT(65000) op=1 rc=0
00:01:36 RF_EVENT_PEER_PROG_DONE(506) RF_LAST_CLIENT(65000) op=300
00:01:38 *my state = ACTIVE(13) *peer state = STANDBY COLD(4)
Switch#
```

The following example shows how to display information about the redundancy facility state:

```
Switch# show redundancy states
my state = 13 -ACTIVE
     peer state = 8 -STANDBY HOT
          Mode = Duplex
           Unit = Primary
        Unit ID = 2
Redundancy Mode (Operational) = Stateful Switchover
Redundancy Mode (Configured) = Stateful Switchover
     Split Mode = Disabled
   Manual Swact = Enabled
 Communications = Up
   client count = 21
 client_notification_TMR = 240000 milliseconds
          keep_alive TMR = 9000 milliseconds
        keep_alive count = 0
    keep\_alive threshold = 18
           RF debug mask = 0x0
Switch#
```

Command	Description
redundancy	Enters the redundancy configuration mode.
redundancy force-switchover	Forces a switchover from the active to the standby supervisor engine.

show redundancy config-sync

To display an ISSU config-sync failure or the ignored mismatched command list (MCL), if any, use the **show redundancy config-sync** command.

show redundancy config-sync {failures | ignored} {bem | mcl| prc}

show redundancy config-sync ignored failures mcl

Syntax Description

failures	Displays MCL entries or BEM/PRC failures.
ignored	Displays the ignored MCL entries.
bem	(Deprecated)
mcl	Displays commands that exist in the active supervisor engine's running configuration, but are not supported by the image on the standby supervisor engine.
prc	Displays a Parser Return Code (PRC) failure and forces the system to operate in RPR mode provided there is a mismatch in the return code for a command execution at the active and standby supervisor engine.

Command Default

This command has no default settings.

Command Modes

User EXEC mode

Command History

Release	Modification
12.2(31)SGA	This command was introduced on the Catalyst 4500 series switch.
12.2(44)SG	Updated command syntax from issu config-sync to redundancy config-sync.

Usage Guidelines

When two versions of Cisco IOS images are involved, the command sets supported by two images might differ. If any of those mismatched commands are executed on the active supervisor engine, the standby supervisor engine might not recognize those commands. This causes a config mismatch condition. If the syntax check for the command fails on standby supervisor engine during a bulk sync, the command is moved into the MCL and the standby supervisor engine is reset. To display all the mismatched commands, use the **show redundancy config-sync failures mcl** command.

To *clean* the MCL, follow these steps:

- **Step 1** Remove all mismatched commands from the active supervisor engines' running configuration.
- Step 2 Revalidate the MCL with a modified running configuration using the redundancy config-sync validate mismatched-commands command.
- **Step 3** Reload the standby supervisor engine.

Alternatively, you could ignore the MCL by following these steps:

- Step 1 Enter the redundancy config-sync ignore mismatched-commands command.
- **Step 2** Reload the standby supervisor engine; the system transitions to SSO mode.



If you ignore the mismatched commands, the *out-of-sync* configuration at the active supervisor engine and the standby supervisor engine still exists.

Step 3 You can verify the ignored MCL with the show redundancy config-sync ignored mcl command.

Each command sets a return code in the action function that implements the command. This return code indicates whether or not the command successfully executes. The active supervisor engine maintains the PRC after executing a command. The standby supervisor engine executes the command and sends PRC back to the active supervisor engine. PRC failure occurs if these two PRCs do not match. If a PRC error occurs at the standby supervisor engine either during bulk sync or LBL sync, the standby supervisor engine is reset. To display all PRC failures, use the **show redundancy config-sync failures prc** command.

To display best effort method (BEM) errors, use the **show redundancy config-sync failures bem** command.

Examples

The following example shows how to display the ISSU BEM failures:

```
Switch# show redundancy config-sync failures bem
BEM Failed Command List
-----
The list is Empty
Switch#
```

The following example shows how to display the ISSU MCL failures:

```
Switch# show redundancy config-sync failures mcl
Mismatched Command List
-----
The list is Empty
Switch#
```

The following example shows how to display the ISSU PRC failures:

Switch# show redundancy config-sync failures prc

PRC Failed Command List

interface FastEthernet3/2
! <submode> "interface"

- channel-protocol pagp
- ! </submode> "interface"

Command	Description
redundancy config-sync	Moves the active supervisor engine into the Mismatched
mismatched-commands	Command List (MCL) and resets the standby supervisor
	engine.

show running-config

To display the module status and configuration, use the show running-config command.

show running-config [module slot]

Syntax Description

module slot	(Optional) Specifies the module slot number; valid values are from 1 to 6.

Command Default

This command has no default settings.

Command Modes

Privileged EXEC mode

Command History

Release	Modification
12.1(8a)EW	This command was introduced on the Catalyst 4500 series switch.

Usage Guidelines

In some cases, you might see a difference in the duplex mode displayed when you enter the **show interfaces** command and the **show running-config** command. If you do see a difference, the duplex mode displayed in the **show interfaces** command is the actual duplex mode that the interface is running. The **show interfaces** command shows the operating mode for an interface, while the **show running-config** command shows the configured mode for an interface.

The **show running-config** command output for an interface may display a duplex mode configuration but no configuration for the speed. When no speed is displayed in the output, it indicates that the interface speed is configured to be auto and that the duplex mode shown becomes the operational setting once the speed is configured to something other than auto. With this configuration, it is possible that the operating duplex mode for that interface does not match the duplex mode shown with the **show running-config** command.

Examples

The following example shows how to display the module and status configuration for all modules:

```
Switch# show running-config
03:23:36:%SYS-5-CONFIG_I:Configured from console by consolesh runn
Building configuration...

Current configuration:3268 bytes
!
version 12.1
no service pad
service timestamps debug uptime
service timestamps log uptime
no service password-encryption
!
hostname Switch
!
!
power supplies required 1
ip subnet-zero
```

```
!
!
interface FastEthernet1
no ip address
shutdown
duplex auto
speed auto
Switch#
```

The following example shows the output for the **show running-config** command when you have enabled the **switchport voice vlan** command:

```
Switch# show running-config int fastethernet 6/1
Building configuration...

Current configuration:133 bytes
!
interface FastEthernet6/1
switchport voice vlan 2
no snmp trap link-status
spanning-tree portfast
channel-group 1 mode on
end

Switch#
```

show shell functions

Use the **show shell functions** command to display configurations for all builtin shell functions.

show shell functions

Syntax Description

No keywords

Command Default

None

Command Modes

Priviledged EXEC

Command History

Release	Modification
12.2(54)SG	This command was introduced on the Catalyst 4500 series switch.

Usage Guidelines

This command only displays the contents of builtin shell functions. To display the contents of user created functions, use the **show shell triggers** command.

Examples

This example illustrates how to display configurations included for all the shell functions:

Switch# show shell functions

Command	Description	
shell trigger		
show shell triggers	Configures a user defined trigger.	

show shell triggers

Use the **show shell triggers** command to display detail for all supported builtin and user created triggers. **show shell triggers**

Syntax Description

No keywords

Command Default

None

Command Modes

Privileged EXEC

Command History

Release	Modification
12.2(54)SG	This command was introduced on the Catalyst 4500 series switch.

Usage Guidelines

This command displays builtin triggers and user defined triggers (with their mapped functions).

Examples

This example illustrates how to display detail for all supported triggers:

Switch# show shell triggers
Trigger Id: testGroup
Trigger description: testGroup
Trigger environment:

Trigger environment:
Trigger mapping function:

Command	Description
shell trigger	
show shell functions	

show slavebootflash:

To display information about the standby bootflash file system, use the show slavebootflash: command.

show slavebootflash: [all | chips | filesys]

Syntax Description

all	(Optional) Displays all possible Flash information.
chips	(Optional) Displays Flash chip information.
filesys	(Optional) Displays file system information.

Command Default

This command has no default settings.

Command Modes

Privileged EXEC mode

Command History

Release	Modification
12.1(8a)EW	This command was introduced on the Catalyst 4500 series switch.

Examples

The following example shows how to display file system status information:

Switch# show slavebootflash: filesys

```
----- FILE SYSTEM STATUS-----
 Device Number = 0
DEVICE INFO BLOCK: bootflash
 Magic Number = 6887635 File System Vers = 10000
                                                         (1.0)
                    = 1000000 Sector Size = 40000
 Length
 Programming Algorithm = 39
                               Erased State
                                               = FFFFFFFF
 File System Offset = 40000
                               Length = F40000
 MONLIB Offset
                    = 100
                              Length = C628
 Bad Sector Map Offset = 3FFF8
                               Length = 8
 Squeeze Log Offset = F80000 Length = 40000
 Squeeze Buffer Offset = FC0000
                              Length = 40000
 Num Spare Sectors = 0
   Spares:
STATUS INFO:
 Writable
 NO File Open for Write
 Complete Stats
 No Unrecovered Errors
 No Squeeze in progress
USAGE INFO:
              = 917CE8 Bytes Available = 628318
 Bytes Used
 Bad Sectors = 0
                       Spared Sectors = 0
 OK Files
              = 2
                        Bytes = 917BE8
 Deleted Files = 0
                       Bytes = 0
 Files w/Errors = 0
                       Bytes = 0
Switch>
```

The following example shows how to display system image information:

```
Switch# show slavebootflash:
-# - ED --type-- --crc-- -seek-- nlen -length- -----date/time----- name

1 .. image 8C5A393A 237E3C 14 2063804 Aug 23 1999 16:18:45 c4-boot-mz

2 .. image D86EE0AD 957CE8 9 7470636 Sep 20 1999 13:48:49 rp.halley
Switch>
```

The following example shows how to display all bootflash information:

```
Switch# show slavebootflash: all
-# - ED --type-- --crc-- -seek-- nlen -length- ----date/time----- name
1 .. image
            8C5A393A 237E3C 14 2063804 Aug 23 1999 16:18:45 c4-boot-
2 .. image
            D86EE0AD 957CE8
                              9 7470636 Sep 20 1999 13:48:49 rp.halley
6456088 bytes available (9534696 bytes used)
------FILE SYSTEM STATUS-----
 Device Number = 0
DEVICE INFO BLOCK: bootflash
 Magic Number
                    = 6887635 File System Vers = 10000
                                                        (1.0)
                    = 1000000 Sector Size = 40000
 Programming Algorithm = 39 Erased State
                                               = FFFFFFFF
 File System Offset = 40000 Length = F40000
                              Length = C628
 MONLIB Offset
                    = 100
 Bad Sector Map Offset = 3FFF8
                                Length = 8
 Squeeze Log Offset = F80000
                                Length = 40000
 Squeeze Buffer Offset = FC0000 Length = 40000
                   = 0
 Num Spare Sectors
   Spares:
STATUS INFO:
 Writable
 NO File Open for Write
 Complete Stats
 No Unrecovered Errors
 No Squeeze in progress
USAGE INFO:
            = 917CE8 Bytes Available = 628318
 Bytes Used
 Bad Sectors = 0 Spared Sectors = 0
           = 2
                       Bytes = 917BE8
 OK Files
 Deleted Files = 0 Bytes = 0
 Files w/Errors = 0
                      Bytes = 0
Switch>
```

show slaveslot0:

To display information about the file system on the standby supervisor engine, use the **show slaveslot0:** command.

show slot0: [all | chips | filesys]

Syntax Description

all	(Optional) Displays all flash information including the output from the show slot0: chips and show slot0: filesys commands.
chips	(Optional) Displays flash chip register information.
filesys	(Optional) Displays file system status information.

Command Default

This command has no default settings.

Command Modes

Privileged EXEC mode

Command History

Release	Modification
12.1(8a)EW	This command was introduced on the Catalyst 4500 series switch.

Examples

The following example shows how to display a summary of the file system:

```
Switch# show slaveslot0:
-# - ED --type-- --crc-- -seek-- nlen -length- -----date/time----- name
1 .. image 6375DBB7 A4F144 6 10678468 Nov 09 1999 10:50:42 halley
5705404 bytes available (10678596 bytes used)
Switch>
```

The following example shows how to display flash chip information:

Switch# show slaveslot0: chips

```
****** Intel Series 2+ Status/Register Dump ******
ATTRIBUTE MEMORY REGISTERS:
 Config Option Reg (4000): 2
 Config Status Reg (4002): 0
 Card Status Reg (4100): 1
 Write Protect Reg (4104): 4
 Voltage Cntrl Reg (410C): 0
 Rdy/Busy Mode Reg (4140): 2
COMMON MEMORY REGISTERS: Bank 0
 Intelligent ID Code : 8989A0A0
 Compatible Status Reg: 8080
 Global Status Reg: B0B0
 Block Status Regs:
   0 : B0B0 B0B0 B0B0 B0B0
                             B0B0
                                  B0B0
                                       B0B0
                                            B0B0
   8 : B0B0 B0B0 B0B0 B0B0 B0B0 B0B0 B0B0
                                            B0B0
   24 : B0B0 B0B0 B0B0 B0B0
                             B0B0 B0B0 B0B0 B0B0
```

```
COMMON MEMORY REGISTERS: Bank 1
 Intelligent ID Code : 8989A0A0
 Compatible Status Reg: 8080
 Global
         Status Reg: B0B0
 Block Status Regs:
   0 : B0B0 B0B0 B0B0 B0B0 B0B0 B0B0 B0B0
   8 : B0B0 B0B0 B0B0
                      B0B0
                           B0B0 B0B0 B0B0
                                         B0B0
   16 : B0B0 B0B0 B0B0
                      B0B0
                           B0B0 B0B0 B0B0
                                         B0B0
   24 : B0B0 B0B0 B0B0 B0B0 B0B0 B0B0 B0B0
                                         B0B0
COMMON MEMORY REGISTERS: Bank 2
 Intelligent ID Code : 8989A0A0
 Compatible Status Reg: 8080
 Global
         Status Reg: B0B0
 Block Status Regs:
   8 : B0B0 B0B0 B0B0
                      B0B0
                           B0B0
                                вово вово
                                         B0B0
       вово вово
                 B0B0
                      B0B0
   16:
                           B0B0
                                B0B0
                                    B0B0
   24 : B0B0 B0B0 B0B0
                      B0B0
                           B0B0 B0B0 B0B0
                                         B0B0
COMMON MEMORY REGISTERS: Bank 3
 Intelligent ID Code : 8989A0A0
 Compatible Status Reg: 8080
 Global
         Status Reg: B0B0
 Block Status Regs:
   8 : B0B0 B0B0 B0B0
                      B0B0
                           B0B0
                                B0B0
                                    B0B0
   16:
       B0B0
            B0B0 B0B0 B0B0
                           B0B0
                                B0B0
                                    B0B0
                                          B0B0
   COMMON MEMORY REGISTERS: Bank 4
 Intelligent ID Code : FFFFFFF
   IID Not Intel -- assuming bank not populated
```

The following example shows how to display file system information:

```
Switch# show slaveslot0: filesys
------FILE SYSTEM STATUS-----
 Device Number = 0
DEVICE INFO BLOCK: slot0
                     = 6887635 File System Vers = 10000
 Magic Number
                                                           (1.0)
                                Sector Size
 Length
                     = 1000000
                                                = 20000
                                                = FFFFFFF
                                Erased State
 Programming Algorithm = 4
 File System Offset = 20000 Length = FA0000
 MONLIB Offset = 100
                               Length = F568
 Bad Sector Map Offset = 1FFF0
                              Length = 10
 Squeeze Log Offset = FC0000
                               Length = 20000
 Squeeze Buffer Offset = FE0000
                                Length = 20000
 Num Spare Sectors = 0
   Spares:
STATUS INFO:
 Writable
 NO File Open for Write
 Complete Stats
 No Unrecovered Errors
 No Squeeze in progress
USAGE INFO:
               = 9F365C Bytes Available = 5AC9A4
 Bytes Used
 Bad Sectors
               = 0
                        Spared Sectors = 0
               = 1
                        Bytes = 9F35DC
 OK Files
 Deleted Files = 0
                        Bytes = 0
 Files w/Errors = 0
                        Bytes =
Switch>
```

show slot0:

To display information about the slot0: file system, use the **show slot0:** command.

show slot0: [all | chips | filesys]

Syntax Description

all	(Optional) Displays all flash information including the output from the show slot0: chips and show slot0: filesys commands.
chips	(Optional) Displays flash chip register information.
filesys	(Optional) Displays file system status information.

Command Default

This command has no default settings.

Command Modes

Privileged EXEC mode

Command History

Release	Modification
12.1(8a)EW	This command was introduced on the Catalyst 4500 series switch.

Examples

The following example shows how to display a summary of the file system:

```
Switch# show slot0:
-# - ED --type-- --crc-- -seek-- nlen -length- -----date/time----- name
1 .. image 6375DBB7 A4F144 6 10678468 Nov 09 1999 10:50:42 halley
5705404 bytes available (10678596 bytes used)
Switch>
```

The following example shows how to display flash chip information:

```
Switch# show slot0: chips
****** Intel Series 2+ Status/Register Dump ******
ATTRIBUTE MEMORY REGISTERS:
 Config Option Reg (4000): 2
 Config Status Reg (4002): 0
 Card Status Reg (4100): 1
 Write Protect Reg (4104): 4
 Voltage Cntrl Reg (410C): 0
 Rdy/Busy Mode Reg (4140): 2
COMMON MEMORY REGISTERS: Bank 0
 Intelligent ID Code : 8989A0A0
 Compatible Status Reg: 8080
 Global
       Status Reg: B0B0
 Block Status Regs:
  24 : B0B0 B0B0 B0B0 B0B0 B0B0 B0B0 B0B0
```

```
COMMON MEMORY REGISTERS: Bank 1
 Intelligent ID Code : 8989A0A0
 Compatible Status Reg: 8080
 Global
        Status Reg: B0B0
 Block Status Regs:
   8 : B0B0 B0B0 B0B0 B0B0 B0B0 B0B0 B0B0
                                           B0B0
   16 : B0B0 B0B0 B0B0 B0B0 B0B0 B0B0 B0B0
                                           B0B0
   24 : B0B0 B0B0 B0B0 B0B0 B0B0 B0B0 B0B0
                                           B0B0
COMMON MEMORY REGISTERS: Bank 2
 Intelligent ID Code : 8989A0A0
 Compatible Status Reg: 8080
 Global
         Status Reg: B0B0
 Block Status Regs:
   0 : B0B0 B0B0 B0B0 B0B0 B0B0 B0B0 B0B0
   8 : B0B0 B0B0 B0B0 B0B0 B0B0 B0B0 B0B0
                                           B0B0
   16 : B0B0 B0B0 B0B0
                       B0B0
                            B0B0 B0B0 B0B0
                                           B0B0
   24 : B0B0 B0B0 B0B0
                       B0B0
                            B0B0 B0B0 B0B0
COMMON MEMORY REGISTERS: Bank 3
 Intelligent ID Code : 8989A0A0
 Compatible Status Reg: 8080
 Global
         Status Reg: B0B0
 Block Status Regs:
   8 : B0B0 B0B0 B0B0
                       B0B0
                            B0B0 B0B0 B0B0
                                           B0B0
   16 : B0B0 B0B0 B0B0
                       B0B0
                            B0B0 B0B0 B0B0
   24 : B0B0 B0B0 B0B0
                       B0B0
                            B0B0 B0B0 B0B0
                                           B0B0
COMMON MEMORY REGISTERS: Bank 4
 Intelligent ID Code : FFFFFFF
   IID Not Intel -- assuming bank not populated
```

The following example shows how to display file system information:

```
Switch# show slot0: filesys
-----FILE SYSTEM STATUS-----
 Device Number = 0
DEVICE INFO BLOCK: slot0
                     = 6887635 File System Vers = 10000
 Magic Number
                                                          (1.0)
                               Sector Size
 Length
                     = 1000000
                                               = 20000
                                                = FFFFFFF
                                Erased State
 Programming Algorithm = 4
 File System Offset = 20000 Length = FA0000
 MONLIB Offset = 100
                               Length = F568
 Bad Sector Map Offset = 1FFF0 Length = 10
 Squeeze Log Offset = FC0000
                              Length = 20000
 Squeeze Buffer Offset = FE0000
                                Length = 20000
 Num Spare Sectors = 0
   Spares:
STATUS INFO:
 Writable
 NO File Open for Write
 Complete Stats
 No Unrecovered Errors
 No Squeeze in progress
USAGE INFO:
               = 9F365C Bytes Available = 5AC9A4
 Bytes Used
 Bad Sectors
              = 0
                        Spared Sectors = 0
               = 1
                        Bytes = 9F35DC
 OK Files
 Deleted Files = 0
                        Bytes = 0
 Files w/Errors = 0
                        Bytes = 0
Switch>
```

show spanning-tree

To display spanning-tree state information, use the **show spanning-tree** command.

show spanning-tree [bridge_group | active | backbonefast | bridge [id] | inconsistentports | interface type | root | summary [total] | uplinkfast | vlan vlan_id | pathcost method | detail]

Syntax Description

bridge_group	(Optional) Specifies the bridge group number; valid values are from 1 to 255.
active	(Optional) Displays the spanning-tree information on active interfaces only.
backbonefast	(Optional) Displays the spanning-tree BackboneFast status.
bridge	(Optional) Displays the bridge status and configuration information.
id	(Optional) Name of the bridge.
inconsistentports	(Optional) Displays the root inconsistency state.
interface type	(Optional) Specifies the interface type and number; valid values are fastethernet , gigabitethernet , tengigabitethernet , port-channel (1 to 64), and vlan (1 to 4094).
root	(Optional) Displays the root bridge status and configuration.
summary	(Optional) Specifies a summary of port states.
total	(Optional) Displays the total lines of the spanning-tree state section.
uplinkfast	(Optional) Displays the spanning-tree UplinkFast status.
vlan vlan_id	(Optional) Specifies the VLAN ID; valid values are from 1 to 4094.
pathcost method	(Optional) Displays the default path cost calculation method used.
detail	(Optional) Displays a summary of interface information.

Command Default

Interface information summary is displayed.

Command Modes

Privileged EXEC mode

Command History

Release	Modification
12.1(8a)EW	This command was introduced on the Catalyst 4500 series switch.
12.1(12c)EW	Support for extended addressing was added.
12.2(25)EW	Added support for the 10-Gigabit Ethernet interface.

Examples

The following example shows how to display spanning-tree information on the active interfaces only:

```
Switch# show spanning-tree active
UplinkFast is disabled
BackboneFast is disabled
 VLAN1 is executing the ieee compatible Spanning Tree protocol
 Bridge Identifier has priority 32768, address 0050.3e8d.6401
  Configured hello time 2, max age 20, forward delay 15
  Current root has priority 16384, address 0060.704c.7000
  Root port is 265 (FastEthernet5/9), cost of root path is 38
  Topology change flag not set, detected flag not set
  Number of topology changes 0 last change occurred 18:13:54 ago
  Times: hold 1, topology change 24, notification 2
         hello 2, max age 14, forward delay 10
  Timers: hello 0, topology change 0, notification 0
 Port 265 (FastEthernet5/9) of VLAN1 is forwarding
   Port path cost 19, Port priority 128, Port Identifier 129.9.
  Designated root has priority 16384, address 0060.704c.7000
   Designated bridge has priority 32768, address 00e0.4fac.b000
   Designated port id is 128.2, designated path cost 19
  Timers: message age 3, forward delay 0, hold 0
  Number of transitions to forwarding state: 1
   BPDU: sent 3, received 32852
Switch#
```

The following example shows how to display the spanning-tree BackboneFast status:

```
Switch# show spanning-tree backbonefast
BackboneFast is enabled

BackboneFast statistics
------

Number of transition via backboneFast (all VLANs) : 0
Number of inferior BPDUs received (all VLANs) : 0
Number of RLQ request PDUs received (all VLANs) : 0
Number of RLQ response PDUs received (all VLANs) : 0
Number of RLQ request PDUs sent (all VLANs) : 0
Number of RLQ response PDUs sent (all VLANs) : 0
Switch#
```

The following example shows how to display spanning-tree information for the bridge:

Switch# show spanning-tree bridge VI.AN1

```
Bridge ID Priority
                        32768
                        0050.3e8d.6401
            Hello Time
                        2 sec Max Age 20 sec Forward Delay 15 sec
VIJAN2
                        32768
  Bridge ID Priority
                        0050.3e8d.6402
            Address
            Hello Time
                        2 sec Max Age 20 sec Forward Delay 15 sec
ML'AN3
  Bridge ID Priority
                        32768
            Address
                        0050.3e8d.6403
             Hello Time
                        2 sec Max Age 20 sec Forward Delay 15 sec
Switch#
```

The following example shows how to display a summary of interface information:

```
Switch# show spanning-tree
```

VLAN1

```
Spanning tree enabled protocol ieee
 Root ID Priority 32768
           Address
                     0030.94fc.0a00
           This bridge is the root
           Hello Time 2 sec Max Age 20 sec Forward Delay 15 sec
 Bridge ID Priority 32768
                     0030.94fc.0a00
           Address
           Hello Time 2 sec Max Age 20 sec Forward Delay 15 sec
           Aging Time 300
Interface
                                           Designated
                   Port ID Prio Cost Sts Cost Bridge ID
Name
                                                                 Port ID
FastEthernet6/15
                   129.79 128 19 FWD 0 32768 0030.94fc.0a00 129.79
VLAN2
 Spanning tree enabled protocol ieee
 Root ID
          Priority 32768
           Address
                      0030.94fc.0a01
           This bridge is the root
           Hello Time 2 sec Max Age 20 sec Forward Delay 15 sec
 Bridge ID Priority 32768
                     0030.94fc.0a01
           Address
           Hello Time 2 sec Max Age 20 sec Forward Delay 15 sec
           Aging Time 300
Interface
                                           Designated
                   Port ID Prio Cost Sts Cost Bridge ID
Name
                                                                 Port ID
FastEthernet6/16
                   129.80 128 19 FWD
                                            0 32768 0030.94fc.0a01 129.80
```

The following example shows how to display spanning-tree information for Fast Ethernet interface 5/9:

```
Switch# show spanning-tree interface fastethernet5/9
```

```
Interface Fa0/10 (port 23) in Spanning tree 1 is ROOT-INCONSISTENT Port path cost 100, Port priority 128
Designated root has priority 8192, address 0090.0c71.a400
Designated bridge has priority 32768, address 00e0.1e9f.8940
Designated port is 23, path cost 115
Timers: message age 0, forward delay 0, hold 0
BPDU: sent 0, received 0
The port is in the portfast mode
Switch#
```

The following example shows how to display spanning-tree information for GigabitEthernet 3/13:

```
Switch# show spanning-tree interface gigabitethernet3/13 detail
```

```
Port 269 (GigabitEthernet3/13) of VLAN0002 is forwarding
Port path cost 4, Port priority 128, Port Identifier 128.269.
Designated root has priority 32770, address 0002.172c.f400
Designated bridge has priority 32770, address 0002.172c.f400
Designated port id is 128.269, designated path cost 0
Timers: message age 0, forward delay 0, hold 0
Number of transitions to forwarding state: 1
Link type is point-to-point by default
Loop guard is enabled by default on the port
The port is in the portfast network mode by default
BPDU: sent 2183, received 0
```

The following example shows how to display spanning-tree information for a specific VLAN:

Name

```
Switch# show spanning-tree vlan 1
VLAN1 is executing the ieee compatible Spanning Tree protocol
  Bridge Identifier has priority 32768, address 0030.94fc.0a00
  Configured hello time 2, max age 20, forward delay 15
  We are the root of the spanning tree
  Topology change flag not set, detected flag not set
  Number of topology changes 5 last change occurred 01:50:47 ago
          from FastEthernet6/16
  Times: hold 1, topology change 35, notification 2
          hello 2, max age 20, forward delay 15
  Timers:hello 0, topology change 0, notification 0, aging 300
 Port 335 (FastEthernet6/15) of VLAN1 is forwarding
   Port path cost 19, Port priority 128, Port Identifier 129.79.
   Designated root has priority 32768, address 0030.94fc.0a00
   Designated bridge has priority 32768, address 0030.94fc.0a00
   Designated port id is 129.79, designated path cost 0
   Timers:message age 0, forward delay 0, hold 0
   Number of transitions to forwarding state:1
   BPDU:sent 6127, received 0
Switch#
The following example shows how to display spanning-tree information for a specific bridge group:
Switch# show spanning-tree vlan 1
UplinkFast is disabled
 BackboneFast is disabled
Switch#
The following example shows how to display a summary of port states:
Switch# show spanning-tree summary
Switch is in rapid-pvst mode
Root bridge for: VLAN0199-VLAN0200, VLAN0128
EtherChannel misconfig guard is enabled
Extended system ID is enabled
Portfast Default is network
Portfast Edge BPDU Guard Default is disabled
Portfast Edge BPDU Filter Default is disabled
Loopguard Default is enabled
PVST Simulation Default is enabled but inactive in rapid-pvst mode
Bridge Assurance is enabled
UplinkFast is disabled
BackboneFast is disabled
Configured Pathcost method used is short
Name Blocking Listening Learning Forwarding STP Active
VLAN0199 0 0 0 5 5
VLAN0200 0 0 0 4 4
VLAN0128 0 0 0 4 4
3 vlans 0 0 0 13 13
The following example shows how to display the total lines of the spanning-tree state section:
Switch# show spanning-tree summary totals
Root bridge for: VLAN1, VLAN2.
PortFast BPDU Guard is disabled
EtherChannel misconfiguration guard is enabled
UplinkFast is disabled
BackboneFast is disabled
Default pathcost method used is short
```

Blocking Listening Learning Forwarding STP Active

2 VLANs 0 0 0 2 2 Switch#

The following example shows how to determine whether any ports are in root inconsistent state:

Switch# show spanning-tree inconsistentports

Name Interface Inconsistency
-----VLAN1 FastEthernet3/1 Root Inconsistent

Number of inconsistent ports (segments) in the system:1

Related Commands

Switch#

Command	Description
spanning-tree backbonefast	Enables BackboneFast on a spanning-tree VLAN.
spanning-tree bridge assurance	Enables Bridge Assurance
spanning-tree cost	Calculates the path cost of STP on an interface.
spanning-tree guard	Enables root guard.
spanning-tree pathcost method	Sets the path cost calculation method.
spanning-tree portfast	Enables PortFast by default on all access ports.
spanning-tree portfast (interface configuration mode)	Enables PortFast mode.
spanning-tree port-priority	Prioritizes an interface when two bridges compete for position as the root bridge.
spanning-tree uplinkfast	Enables the UplinkFast feature.
spanning-tree vlan	Configures STP on a per-VLAN basis.

show spanning-tree mst

To display MST protocol information, use the **show spanning-tree mst** command.

show spanning-tree mst [configuration]

show spanning-tree mst [instance-id] [detail]

show spanning-tree mst [instance-id] interface interface [detail]

Syntax Description

configuration	(Optional) Displays region configuration information.		
instance-id	(Optional) Instance identification number; valid values are from 0 to 15.		
detail	(Optional) Displays detailed MST protocol information.		
interface interface	(Optional) Interface type and number; valid values for type are fastethernet , gigabitethernet , tengigabitethernet , port-channel , and vlan . See the "Usage Guidelines" section for more information.		

Command Default

This command has no default settings.

Command Modes

Privileged EXEC mode

Command History

Release	Modification
12.1(12c)EW	This command was introduced on the Catalyst 4500 series switch.
12.2(25)EW	Added support for the 10-Gigabit Ethernet interface.

Usage Guidelines

In the output display of the **show spanning-tree mst configuration** command, a warning message might display. This message appears if you do not map secondary VLANs to the same instance as the associated primary VLAN. The display includes a list of the secondary VLANs that are not mapped to the same instance as the associated primary VLAN. The warning message is as follows:

See the **show spanning-tree** command for output definitions.

Examples

The following example shows how to display region configuration information:

The following example shows how to display additional MST protocol values:

```
Switch# show spanning-tree mst 3 detail
# # # # # # MST03 vlans mapped: 3,3000-3999
Bridge address 0002.172c.f400 priority 32771 (32768 sysid 3)
Root this switch for MST03
GigabitEthernet1/1 of MST03 is boundary forwarding
Port info port id 128.1 priority 128
cost 20000
Designated root address 0002.172c.f400 priority 32771
cost 0
Designated bridge address 0002.172c.f400 priority 32771 port
id 128.1
Timers: message expires in 0 sec, forward delay 0, forward transitions 1
Bpdus (MRecords) sent 4, received 0
FastEthernet4/2 of MST03 is backup blocking
Port info port id 128.194 priority 128 cost
200000
Designated root address 0002.172c.f400 priority 32771
cost 0
Designated bridge address 0002.172c.f400 priority 32771 port id
128.193
Timers: message expires in 2 sec, forward delay 0, forward transitions 1
Bpdus (MRecords) sent 3, received 252
Switch#
```

The following example shows how to display MST information for a specific interface:

```
Switch# show spanning-tree mst 0 interface fastethernet4/1 detail
Edge port: no (trunk) port guard : none
(default)
Link type: point-to-point (point-to-point) bpdu filter: disable
(default)
Boundary : internal bpdu guard : disable
(default)
FastEthernet4/1 of MST00 is designated forwarding
Vlans mapped to MST00 1-2,4-2999,4000-4094
Port info port id 128.193 priority 128 cost
200000
Designated root address 0050.3e66.d000 priority 8193
cost 20004
Designated ist master address 0002.172c.f400 priority 49152
Designated bridge address 0002.172c.f400 priority 49152 port id
Timers: message expires in 0 sec, forward delay 0, forward transitions 1
Bpdus sent 492, received 3
Switch#
```

Command	Description
spanning-tree mst	Sets the path cost and port-priority parameters for any MST instance.
spanning-tree mst forward-time	Sets the forward delay timer for all the instances.
spanning-tree mst hello-time	Sets the hello-time delay timer for all the instances.
spanning-tree mst max-hops	Specifies the number of possible hops in the region before a BPDU is discarded.
spanning-tree mst root	Designates the primary root.

show storm-control

To display the broadcast storm control settings on the switch or on the specified interface, use the **show storm-control** command.

show storm-control [interface-id | **broadcast**]

Supervisor Engine 6-E and Catalyst 4900M chassis

show storm-control [interface-id | broadcast | multicast]

Syntax Description

interface-id	(Optional) Specifies the interface ID for the physical port.
broadcast	(Optional) Displays the broadcast storm threshold setting.
multicast	(Optional) Displays the multicast storm threshold setting.

Command Default

This command has no default settings.

Command Modes

Privileged EXEC mode

Command History

Release	Modification
12.1(19)EW	This command was introduced on the Catalyst 4500 series switch.
12.2(25)EW	Added support for the 10-Gigabit Ethernet interface.
12.2(40)SG	Added support for the Supervisor Engine 6-E and Catalyst 4900M chassis.

Usage Guidelines

When you enter an interface ID, the storm control thresholds are displayed for the specified interface.

If you do not enter an interface ID, the settings are displayed for the broadcast traffic type for all ports on the switch.

Examples

This is an example of output from the **show storm-control** command when no keywords are entered. Because no traffic type keyword was entered, the broadcast storm control settings are displayed.

Switch# show storm-control

Interface	Filter State	Upper	Lower	Current
Gi2/1	Forwarding	30.00%	30.00%	N/A
Gi4/1	Forwarding	30.00%	30.00%	N/A
Gi4/3	Forwarding	30.00%	30.00%	N/A
Switch#				

This is an example of output from the **show storm-control multicast** command on a Supervisor Engine 6-E:

This is an example of output from the **show storm-control** command on a Supervisor Engine 6-E when no keywords are entered:

This is an example of output from the **show storm-control** command for a specified interface:

Switch# sh	ow storm-contro	l fasteth	ernet2/17
Interface	Filter State	Level	Current
Fa2/17	Forwarding	50.00%	0.00%
Switch#			

This is an example of output from the **show storm-control** command for a specified interface on a Supervisor Engine 6-E:

Switch# she	ow storm-contro	l interfac	e fastetherne	et6/1
Interface	Filter State	Broadcast	Multicast	Level
Fa6/1	Blocking	Enabled	Disabled	81%
Switch#				

Table 2-35 describes the fields in the **show storm-control** display.

Table 2-35 show storm-control Field Descriptions

Field	Description			
Interface	Displays the ID of the interface.			
Filter State	Displays the status of the filter:			
	Blocking—Storm control is enabled, and a storm has occurred.			
	• Forwarding—Storm control is enabled, and no storms have occurred.			
	• Inactive—Storm control is disabled.			
Level	Displays the threshold level set on the interface for broadcast traffic.			
Current	Displays the bandwidth utilization of broadcast traffic as a percentage of total available bandwidth. This field is valid only when storm control is enabled.			
	Note N/A is displayed for interfaces that do storm control in the hardware.			

Command	Description
storm-control	Enables broadcast storm control on a port and specifies what to do when a storm occurs on a port.
show interfaces counters	Displays the traffic on the physical interface.
show running-config	Displays the running configuration of a switch.

show switch virtual (virtual switch)

To display configuration and status information for a virtual switching system (VSS), use the **show** switch virtual command in EXEC mode.

show switch virtual [dual-active {pagp | fast-hello | summary} | link [counters | detail | port-channel | ports] | redundancy | role | slot-map]

Syntax Description

detail	(Optional) Displays detailed virtual switch information.
detail-active	(Optional) Displays virtual switch dual-active information.
pagp	Specifies a summary of dual-active PAgP information
fast-hello	Specifies a summary of dual-active fast-hello information,
summary	Specifies a summary of dual-active configuration information,
link	(Optional) Displays the virtual switch link information.
counters	(Optional) Displays VSL counter information
port-channel	(Optional) Displays VSL port channel information.
ports	(Optional) Displays VSL port information.
redundancy	(Optional) Displays the VSS redundancy status.
role	(Optional) Displays the VSS role information.
slot-map	(Optional) Displays the VSS slot map table.

Command Default

This command has no default settings.

Command Modes

Privileged EXEC mode

Command History

Release	Modification
12.2(52)SG	This command was introduced on the Catalyst 4500 series switch.
Release IOS XE 3.5.0E and IOS 15.2(1)SG	This command was introduced.

Usage Guidelines

Use this command to display configuration and status information for a VSS.

The **show switch virtual link detail** command displays the output of the **show switch virtual link** commands and the **show vslp lmp internal** commands. In the output, the entry "show int" is displayed for all the VSL members.

The **show switch virtual dual-active pagp** command displays dual-active trust mode status.

Examples

The following example shows how to display configuration and status information for the VSS:

• In virtual switch mode without skipping config-register:

Router# show switch virtual

```
Switch mode: Virtual Switch
Virtual switch domain number: 1
Local switch number: 2
Local switch operational role: Virtual Switch Active
Peer switch number: 1
Peer switch operational role: Virtual Switch Standby
Router#
```

• In virtual switch mode with skipping config-register but not yet rebooted:

Router# show switch virtual

```
Switch mode: Virtual Switch
Virtual switch domain number: 1
Local switch number: 2
Local switch operational role: Virtual Switch Active
Peer switch number: 1
Peer switch operational role: Virtual Switch Standby
Warning: Config-register set or will be set to skip configuration 0x2142 in the next reload.
Change config-register; otherwise, switch will be boot in Standalone mode with some default config.
Router#
```

• In standalone mode without skipping config-register:

```
Router# show switch virtual
Switch Mode : Standalone
Not in Virtual Switch mode due to:
Domain ID is not configured
Router#
```

• In standalone mode with skipping config-register:

```
Router# show switch virtual
Switch Mode: Standalone
Not in Virtual Switch mode due to:
   Domain ID is not configured
   Warning: config-register is set to skip parse 0x2142 in RP or SP
Use [show boot] on RP/SP to verify.
Router#
```

The following example shows how to display the virtual switch priority for local and peer switches:

Router# show switch virtual

```
Switch mode : Virtual Switch
Virtual switch domain number : 100
Local switch number : 1
Local switch operational role: Virtual Switch Active
Peer switch number : 2
Peer switch operational role : Virtual Switch Standby
Router#
```

The following example shows how to display the virtual switch link information:

Router# show switch virtual link

```
VSL Status : UP
VSL Uptime : 4 hours, 26 minutes
VSL SCP Ping : Pass (or Fail) OK (or Not OK)
```

```
VSL ICC (Ping) : Pass (or Fail)
VSL Control Link : Te1/3/1
Router#
```

The following example shows how to display the virtual switch link counter information:

Router# 8	show a	switch virtual	link c	ounters			
Port		InOctets	InU	JcastPkts	InMcastPkts	InBc	astPkts
Po10		66340451		190415	15637		112069
Te1/3/1		66981250		194528	15770		112072
Po20		42116619		92926	16406		128593
Te2/2/1		42117401		92932	16406		128593
Port		OutOctets	OutU	JcastPkts	OutMcastPkts	OutBc	astPkts
Po10		39030669		112680	105482		0
Te1/3/1		42133252		129182	108824		0
Po20		66948309		112069	210227		0
Te2/2/1		66957613		112070	210233		0
Port	Al:	ign-Err FCS-	Err	Xmit-Err	Rcv-Err Un	derSize	OutDiscards
Te1/3/1	0	0	0		0 0	0	
Po10	0	0	0		0 0	0	
Te1/3/1	0	0	0		0 0	0	
Po20	0	0	0		0 0	0	
Te2/3/1	0	0	0		0 0	0	
Router#							

The following example shows how to display the virtual switch link port-channel information:

Router# show switch virtual link port-channel

VSL Port Channel Information

```
Flags: D - down P - bundled in port-channel
I - stand-alone s - suspended
H - Hot-standby (LACP only)
R - Layer3 S - Layer2
U - in use N - not in use, no aggregation
f - failed to allocate aggregator

M - not in use, no aggregation due to minimum links not met
m - not in use, port not aggregated due to minimum links not met
```

The following example shows how to display the virtual switch link port information:

Router# show switch virtual link port

Gi1/1/2 No failure

u - unsuitable for bundlingw - waiting to be aggregated

```
VSL Link Info : Configured: 3 Operational: 1
```

Interface	State	Peer MAC	Peer Switch	Peer Interface		
Gi1/3/1 Gi1/5/4 Gi1/5/5	link_down operational link_down	- 0013.5fcb.148	0 2	- Gi1/6/4 -		
Interface	Last operation Failure state		urrent p	packet	Last Diag Result	Time since Last Diag
Gi1/1/1	No failure	 He	llo bid	ir	Never ran	7M:51S

No failure

7M:51S

Never ran

		Hel	lo Tx	(T4) ms	Hell	o Rx (T5	*) ms
Interface	State	Cfg	Cur	Rem	Cfg	Cur	Rem
Te1/1/1	operational	500	500	404	5000	5000	4916
Te1/1/2	link_down	500	-	_	500000	-	-
Te1/3/3	link_down	500	-	_	500000	-	_
Te1/3/4	operational	500	500	404	500000	500000	499916
*T5 = min_rx * multiplier							
Router#							

The following example shows how to display redundancy status information for each switch in the virtual switch:

```
Router# show switch virtual redundancy
My Switch Id = 1
Peer Switch Id = 2
Last switchover reason = user forced
Configured Redundancy Mode = sso
Operating Redundancy Mode = sso
Switch 1 Slot 5 Processor Information:
Current Software state = ACTIVE
Uptime in current state = 9 hours, 32 minutes
Image Version = Cisco IOS Software, s72033_rp Software
(s72033_rp-ADVENTERPRISEK9_WAN_DBG-VM), Version 12.2(SIERRA_INTEG_090405) INTERIM SOFTWARE
Synced to V122_32_8_11, 12.2(32.8.11)SR on rainier, Weekly 12.2(32.8.11)SX261
Technical Support: http://www.cisco.com/techsupport
Copyright (c) 1986-2009 by Cisco Systems, Inc.
Compiled Mon 06-Apr-09 02:54 by kchristi
BOOT = disk0:mz_good_image, 12;
CONFIG_FILE =
BOOTLDR =
Configuration register = 0x2
Fabric State = ACTIVE
Control Plane State = ACTIVE
Switch 1 Slot 6 Processor Information:
_____
Current Software state = RPR-Warm
Uptime in current state = 4 days, 17 hours, 36 minutes
Image Version =
BOOT = disk0:mz-rbh,12;
CONFIG_FILE =
BOOTLDR =
Configuration register = 0x2
Fabric State = RPR-Warm
Control Plane State = RPR-Warm
Switch 2 Slot 5 Processor Information:
Current Software state = STANDBY HOT (switchover target)
Uptime in current state = 9 hours, 24 minutes
Image Version = Cisco IOS Software, s72033_rp Software
(s72033_rp-ADVENTERPRISEK9_WAN_DBG-VM), Version 12.2(SIERRA_INTEG_090405) INTERIM SOFTWARE
Synced to V122_32_8_11, 12.2(32.8.11)SR on rainier, Weekly 12.2(32.8.11)SX261
Technical Support: http://www.cisco.com/techsupport
Copyright (c) 1986-2009 by Cisco Systems, Inc.
Compiled Mon 06-Apr-09 02:54 by kchristi
BOOT = disk0:mz_good_image,12;
CONFIG_FILE =
BOOTLDR =
Configuration register = 0x2
Fabric State = ACTIVE
Control Plane State = STANDBY
```

The following example shows how to display role and configuration and status information for each switch in the virtual switch:

Router# show switch virtual role

Switch	Switch Number	Status	Preempt	Priority	y Role	Sessio Local R		
Local	1	UP	TRUE	200	ACTIVE	0	0	
Remote	2	UP	FALSE	100	STANDBY	9272	271	

In dual-active recovery mode: No

Valid flag can be moved to detail SID

The following example shows how to display the virtual switch slot map table:

Router# show switch virtual slot-map

Virtual Slot to Remote Switch/Physical Slot Mapping Table:

Virtual	Remote /	Physical	Module
	Switch No		_
+ 17	+ 1	1	03:04:51
	1	2	
18 19	1	3	03:04:50
		3 4	03:00:25
20	1		03:04:53
21	1	5	03:04:59
22	1	0	_
23	1	0	=
24	1	0	-
25	1	0	_
26	1	0	_
27	1	0	-
28	1	0	-
29	1	0	-
30	1	0	_
31	1	0	-
32	1	0	-
33	2	1	02:59:25
34	2	2	02:59:23
35	2	3	02:59:23
36	2	4	02:59:27
37	2	5	03:03:17
38	1	0	_
39	1	0	=
40	1	0	=
41	1	0	=
42	1	0	_
43	1	0	_
		-	

44	1	0	_
45	1	0	-
46	1	0	-
47	1	0	-
48	1	0	-
49	1	0	_
Router#			

The following example shows how to display virtual switch priority for local and peer switches:

Router# show switch virtual

Switch mode : Virtual Switch

Virtual switch domain number : 100 Local switch number : 1

Local switch operational role: Virtual Switch Active

Peer switch number : 2

Peer switch operational role : Virtual Switch Standby

Router#

Command	Description
dual-active detection (virtual switch)	Enables and configures dual-active detection.
switch (virtual switch)	Configures the VSS domain number and enter the virtual switch domain configuration submode.

show system mtu

To display the global MTU setting, use the show system mtu command.

show system mtu

Syntax Description

This command has no arguments or keywords.

Command Default

This command has no default settings.

Command Modes

Privileged EXEC mode

Command History

Release	Modification	
12.1(12c)EW	This command was introduced on the Catalyst 4500 series switch.	

Examples

The following example shows how to display the global MTU setting:

Switch# show system mtu

Global Ethernet MTU is 1550 bytes.

Switch#

Command	Description
system mtu	Sets the maximum Layer 2 or Layer 3 payload size.

show tech-support

To display troubleshooting information for TAC, use the **show tech-support** command.

show tech-support [bridging | cef | ipmulticast | isis | password [page] | page]

Syntax Description

bridging	(Optional) Specifies bridging-related information.	
cef	(Optional) Specifies CEF-related information.	
ipmulticast	multicast (Optional) Specifies IP multicast-related information.	
isis	isis (Optional) Specifies CLNS and ISIS-related information.	
password	(Optional) Includes passwords and other security information in the output.	
page	age (Optional) Displays one page of information at a time in the output.	

Command Default

The defaults are as follows:

- Outputs are displayed without page breaks.
- Passwords and other security information are removed from the output.

Command Modes

Privileged EXEC mode

Command History

Release	Modification
12.1(8a)EW	This command was introduced on the Catalyst 4500 series switch.

Usage Guidelines

Output from the **show tech-support** command may be terminated in midstream with the key combination Ctrl+Alt+6. The command output is buffered so that the command terminates when output of the current subcommand running under this command completes.

Press the **Return** key to display the next line of output, or press the **Space** bar to display the next page of information. If you do not enter the **page** keyword, the output scrolls. It does not stop for page breaks.

If you enter the **password** keyword, password encryption is enabled, but only the encrypted form appears in the output.

If you do not enter the **password** keyword, the passwords and other security-sensitive information in the output are replaced in the output with the word "removed."

The **show tech-support** commands are a compilation of several **show** commands and the output can be quite lengthy. For a sample display of the output of the **show tech-support** command, see the individual **show** command listed.

If you enter the **show tech-support** command without arguments, the output displays the equivalent of these **show** commands:

- show version
- show running-config
- show stacks

- show interfaces
- show controllers
- show process memory
- show process cpu
- show buffers
- · show logging
- show module
- show power
- show environment
- · show interfaces switchport
- show interfaces trunk
- show vlan

If you enter the **ipmulticast** keyword, the output displays the equivalent of these **show** commands:

- show ip pim interface
- show ip pim interface count
- · show ip pim neighbor
- · show ip pim rp
- show ip igmp groups
- show ip igmp interface
- show ip mroute count
- show ip mroute
- show ip mcache
- show ip dvmrp route

Examples

For a sample display of the **show tech-support** command output, see the commands listed in the "Usage Guidelines" section for more information.

Related Commands

See the "Usage Guidelines" section.

show udld

To display the administrative and operational UDLD status, use the **show udld** priviledged EXEC command.

show udld *interface-id* | **neighbors** | **fast-hello** { *interface id* }

Syntax Description

interface id	nterface id Specifies the administrative and operational UDLD status for a specific interface.	
neighbors Specifies the UDLD neighbor summary.		
fast-hello Specifies Fast UDLD neighbor summary and interface specific status.		
interface-id Specifies the name of the interface.		

Command Default

None

Command Modes

Privileged EXEC

Command History

Release	Modification		
12.1(8a)EW	This command was introduced on the Catalyst 4500 series switch.		
12.2(25)EW	Added support for the 10-Gigabit Ethernet interface.		
12.2(54)SG	Added support for show udld fast-hello and show udld fast-hello interface id.		

Usage Guidelines

If you do not enter an *interface_id* value, the administrative and operational UDLD status for all interfaces is displayed.

Examples

To verify status for a particular link as reported by UDLD, enter the following command:

```
Switch# show udld g1/34
Interface Gi1/34
---
Port enable administrative configuration setting: Enabled / in aggressive mode
Port enable operational state: Enabled / in aggressive mode
Current bidirectional state: Bidirectional
Current operational state: Advertisement - Single neighbor detected
Message interval: 15000 ms
Time out interval: 5000 ms

Port fast-hello configuration setting: Disabled
Port fast-hello operational state: Disabled
```

Port fast-hello operational state: Disabled Neighbor fast-hello configuration setting: Disabled Neighbor fast-hello interval: Unknown

Entry 1

```
Expiration time: 43300 ms
Cache Device index: 1
Current neighbor state: Bidirectional
Device ID: FOX10430380
Port ID: Gi1/34
Neighbor echo 1 device: FOX104303NL
Neighbor echo 1 port: Gi1/34

TLV Message interval: 15 sec
No TLV fast-hello interval
TLV Time out interval: 5
TLV CDP Device name: Switch
```

To verify link status as reported by UDLD, enter the following command:

Switch# show udld neighbors

Port	Device Name	Device ID	Port ID	Neighbor State
Gi1/33	FOX10430380	1	Gi1/33	Bidirectional
Gi1/34	FOX10430380	1	Gi1/34	Bidirectional

To verify Fast UDLD configuration, enter the following command:

Switch# show udld fast-hello Total ports on which fast hello can be configured: 16 Total ports with fast hello configured: 3 Total ports with fast hello operational: 3 Total ports with fast hello non-operational: 0

Port-ID	Hello	Neighbor-Hello	Neighbor-Device	Neighbor-Port	Status
Gi1/45	200	200	FOX104303NL	Gi1/45	Operational
Gi1/46	200	200	FOX104303NL	Gi1/46	Operational
Gi1/47	200	200	FOX104303NL	Gi1/47	Operational

To verify status for a particular link as reported by Fast UDLD, enter the following command:

Switch# show udld fast-hello g1/33

```
Interface Gi1/33
Port enable administrative configuration setting: {\tt Enabled} / in aggressive mode
Port enable operational state: Enabled / in aggressive mode
Current bidirectional state: Bidirectional
Current operational state: Advertisement - Single neighbor detected
Message interval: 200 ms
Time out interval: 5000 ms
Port fast-hello configuration setting: Enabled
Port fast-hello interval: 200 ms
Port fast-hello operational state: Enabled
Neighbor fast-hello configuration setting: Enabled
Neighbor fast-hello interval: 200 ms
    Entry 1
    Expiration time: 500 ms
    Cache Device index: 1
    Current neighbor state: Bidirectional
    Device ID: FOX10430380
   Port ID: Gi1/33
   Neighbor echo 1 device: FOX104303NL
   Neighbor echo 1 port: Gi1/33
```

TLV Message interval: 15
TLV fast-hello interval: 200 ms
TLV Time out interval: 5
TLV CDP Device name: Switch

Command	Description
udld (global configuration mode)	Enables aggressive or normal mode in the UDLD protocol and sets the configurable message timer time.
udld (interface configuration mode)	Enables UDLD on an individual interface or prevents a fiber interface from being enabled by the udld (global configuration mode) command.

show vlan

To display VLAN information, use the show vlan command.

show vlan [brief | id vlan_id | name name]

show vlan private-vlan [type]

Syntax Description

brief	(Optional) Displays only a single line for each VLAN, naming the VLAN, status, and ports.
id vlan_id	(Optional) Displays information about a single VLAN identified by VLAN ID number; valid values are from 1 to 4094.
name name	(Optional) Displays information about a single VLAN identified by VLAN name; valid values are an ASCII string from 1 to 32 characters.
private-vlan	Displays private VLAN information.
type	(Optional) Private VLAN type.

Command Default

This command has no default settings.

Command Modes

Privileged EXEC mode

Command History

Release	Modification
12.1(8a)EW	This command was introduced on the Catalyst 4500 series switch.
12.1(12c)EW	Added support for extended VLAN addresses.

Examples

The following example shows how to display the VLAN parameters for all VLANs within the administrative domain:

Switch#	ghow	wlan
DWT CCII#	SILOW	VIan

VLAN	Name	Status	Ports
1	default	active	Fa5/9
2	VLAN0002	active	Fa5/9
3	VLAN0003	active	Fa5/9
4	VLAN0004	active	Fa5/9
5	VLAN0005	active	Fa5/9
6	VLAN0006	active	Fa5/9
10	VLAN0010	active	Fa5/9
20	VLAN0020	active	Fa5/9

<...Output truncated...>

917 999 1002 1003 1004	trcrf- fddine	917			act:	ive ive ive ive	Fa5/9 Fa5/9 Fa5/9 Fa5/9 Fa5/9 Fa5/9			
VLAN	Туре	SAID	MTU	Parent	RingNo	Bridge	No Stp	BrdgMode	Trans1	Trans2
1	enet	100001	1500	_					0	0
2	enet	100002	1500	_	_	_	_	_	0	0
3	enet	100003	1500	_	_	_	_	_	303	0
4	enet	100004	1500	_	_	_	_	_	304	0
5	enet	100005	1500	_	_	_	_	_	305	0
6	enet	100006	1500	_	_	_	_	_	0	0
10	enet	100010	1500	_	_	_	_	_	0	0
20	enet	100020	1500	-	-	-	-	_	0	0
50	enet	100050	1500	-	-	-	-	-	0	0
<(Output	truncated	>							
850	enet	100850	1500	_	_	_	_	_	0	0
917	enet	100917	1500	_	_	_	_	_	0	0
999	enet	100999	1500	_	_	_	_	_	0	0
1002	fddi	101002	1500	_	0	_	_	_	0	0
1003	trcrf	101003	4472	1005	3276	-	_	srb	0	0
1004	fdnet	101004	1500	-	-	-	ieee	_	0	0
1005	trbrf	101005	4472	-	-	15	ibm	-	0	0
VLAN	AREHor	os STEHops	Backup	CRF						
802	0	0	off							
1003			off							
Swite	ch#									

The following example shows how to display the VLAN name, status, and associated ports only:

Switch# show vlan brief

VLAN	Name	Status	Ports
1	default	active	Fa5/9
2	VLAN0002	active	Fa5/9
3	VLAN0003	active	Fa5/9
4	VLAN0004	active	Fa5/9
5	VLAN0005	active	Fa5/9
10	VLAN0010	active	Fa5/9
999	VLAN0999	active	Fa5/9
1002	fddi-default	active	Fa5/9
1003	trcrf-default	active	Fa5/9
1004	fddinet-default	active	Fa5/9
1005	trbrf-default	active	Fa5/9
Swite	ch#		

The following example shows how to display the VLAN parameters for VLAN 3 only:

Switch# show vlan id 3

```
VLAN Name Status Ports

3 VLAN0003 active Fa5/9

VLAN Type SAID MTU Parent RingNo BridgeNo Stp BrdgMode Trans1 Trans2

--- --- --- --- --- --- --- 303 0

Switch#
```

Table 2-36 describes the fields in the **show vlan** command output.

Table 2-36 show vlan Command Output Fields

Field	Description	
VLAN	VLAN number.	
Name	Name, if configured, of the VLAN.	
Status	Status of the VLAN (active or suspend).	
Ports	Ports that belong to the VLAN.	
Type	Media type of the VLAN.	
SAID	Security Association Identifier value for the VLAN.	
MTU	Maximum transmission unit size for the VLAN.	
Parent	Parent VLAN, if one exists.	
RingNo	Ring number for the VLAN, if applicable.	
BrdgNo	Bridge number for the VLAN, if applicable.	
Stp	Spanning Tree Protocol type used on the VLAN.	

The following example shows how to verify that the primary VLAN and secondary VLANs are correctly associated with each other and the same association also exists on the PVLAN port:

Switch# show vlan private-vlan

```
Primary Secondary Type Ports
-----
10 100 community Fa3/1, Fa3/2
```

The following example shows how to remove the VLAN association:

This example show how to verify PVLAN configuration on the interface:

Switch# show interface f3/2 status

Port Name Status Vlan Duplex Speed Type

Fa3/2 connected pvlan seco a-full a-100 10/100BaseTX

Switch# show interface f3/1 status

Port Name Status Vlan Duplex Speed Type

Fa3/1 connected pvlan prom a-full a-100 10/100BaseTX

Switch#

Command	Description
vlan (VLAN Database mode)	Configures a specific VLAN.
vlan database	Enters VLAN configuration mode.
vtp (global configuration mode)	Modifies the name of a VTP configuration storage file.

show vlan access-map

To display the contents of a VLAN access map, use the show vlan access-map command.

show vlan access-map [map-name]

•		_		
~ 1	/ntav	Desci	rın	tınn
U	/IILUA	DUSUI	up	uvu

map-name (Optional) Name of the	VLAN access map.
--------------------	---------------	------------------

Command Default

This command has no default settings.

Command Modes

Privileged EXEC mode

Command History

Release	Modification
12.1(12c)EW	This command was introduced on the Catalyst 4500 series switch.

Examples

This command shows how to display the contents of a VLAN access map:

Switch# show vlan access-map mordred

Vlan access-map "mordred" 1
match: ip address 13
action: forward capture
Switch#

Command	Description
vlan access-map	Enters VLAN access-map command mode to create a
	VLAN access map.

show vlan counters

To display the software-cached counter values, use the **show vlan counters** command.

show vlan [id vlanid] counters

Syntax Description

id vlanid (Optional) Displays the software-cached counter values for a specific VLAN
--

Command Default

This command has no default settings.

Command Modes

Privileged EXEC mode

Command History

Release	Modification
12.1(13)EW	This command was introduced on the Catalyst 4500 series switch.

Usage Guidelines

If you enter the **show vlan counters** command without specifying the VLAN ID, the software-cached counter values for all VLANs are displayed.

Examples

The following example shows how to display the software-cached counter values for a specific VLAN:

Switch# show vlan counters

* Multicast counters include broadcast packets

Vlan Id	:	1
L2 Unicast Packets	:	0
L2 Unicast Octets	:	0
L3 Input Unicast Packets	:	0
L3 Input Unicast Octets	:	0
L3 Output Unicast Packets	:	0
L3 Output Unicast Octets	:	0
L3 Output Multicast Packets	:	0
L3 Output Multicast Octets	:	0
L3 Input Multicast Packets	:	0
L3 Input Multicast Octets	:	0
L2 Multicast Packets	:	1
L2 Multicast Octets	:	94
Switch>		

Command	Description
clear vlan counters	Clears the software-cached counter values to start from
	zero again for a specified VLAN or all existing VLANs.

show vlan dot1q tag native

To display all the ports on the switch that are eligible for native VLAN tagging as well as their current native VLAN tagging status, use the **show vlan dot1q tag native** command.

show vlan dot1q tag native

Syntax Description

This command has no arguments or keywords.

Command Default

This command has no default settings.

Command Modes

User EXEC mode

Command History

Release	Modification
12.1(18)EW	This command was introduced on the Catalyst 4500 series switch.

Examples

This is an example of output from the **show vlan dot1q tag native** command:

Switch# show vlan dot1q tag native

 ${\tt dot1q}$ native vlan tagging is disabled globally

Per Port Native Vlan Tagging State

Port	Operational Mode	Native VLAN Tagging State
f3/2	trunk	enabled
f3/16	PVLAN trunk	disabled
f3/16	trunk	enabled

Command	Description
switchport mode	Sets the interface type.
vlan (global configuration) (refer to Cisco IOS documentation)	Enters global VLAN configuration mode.
vlan (VLAN configuration) (refer to Cisco IOS documentation)	Enters VLAN configuration mode.

show vlan group

To display the VLANs mapped to VLAN groups, use the **show vlan group** privildeged EXEC command.

show vlan group [**group-name** group-name]

Syntax Description

group-name	(Optional) Displays the VLANs mapped to the specified VLAN group.
group-name	

Command Default

None

Command Modes

Privileged EXEC

Command History

Release	Modification
12.2(54)SG	This command was modified to support user distribution on the Catalyst 4500 series switch.

Usage Guidelines

The **show vlan group** command displays the existing VLAN groups and lists the VLANs and VLAN ranges that are members of each VLAN group. If you use the **group-name** keyword, you display only the members of the VLAN group specified by the *group-name* argument.

Examples

The following example shows how to display the members of a specified VLAN group:

Switch# show vlan group group-name ganymede

Group Name Vlans Mapped
-----ganymede 7-9

Command	Description
vlan group	Creates or modifies a VLAN group.

show vlan internal usage

To display information about the internal VLAN allocation, use the show vlan internal usage command.

show vlan [id vlan-id] internal usage

Syntax Description

id vlan-id	(Optional) Displays internal VLAN allocation information for the specified VLAN;
	valid values are from 1 to 4094.

Command Default

This command has no default settings.

Command Modes

Privileged EXEC mode

Command History

Release	Modification
12.1(19)EW	This command was introduced on the Catalyst 4500 series switch.

Examples

The following example shows how to display information about the current internal VLAN allocation:

Switch# show vlan internal usage

1129 -

The following example shows how to display information about the internal VLAN allocation for a specific VLAN:

Switch# show vlan id 1030 internal usage

VLAN Usage
---1030 GigabitEthernet1/2

Command	Description
vlan internal allocation policy	Configures the internal VLAN allocation scheme.

show vlan mapping

Use the **show vlan mapping** privileged EXEC command to display information about VLAN mapping on trunk ports.

show vlan mapping [interface interface-id] [| {begin | exclude | include} | expression]

Syntax Description

interface interface-id	(Optional) Displays VLAN mapping information for the specified interface.	
begin	(Optional) Displays begins with the line that matches the expression.	
exclude	(Optional) Displays excludes lines that match the expression.	
include	(Optional) Displays includes lines that match the specified expression.	
expression	Specifies an expression in the output to use as a reference point.	

Command Default

None

Command Modes

Privileged EXEC

Command History

Release	Modification
12.2(54)SG	This command was introduced on the Catalyst 4500 series switch.

Usage Guidelines

Expressions are case sensitive. For example, if you enter I **exclude output**, the lines that contain *output* are not displayed, but the lines that contain *Output* are displayed.

Examples

This is a sample output from the **show vlan mapping** command:

Switch# show vlan mapping

Interface Fa0/5:	-	
VLANs on wire	Translated VLAN	Operation
default QinQ Interface Fa0/2:	1	selective QinQ
VLANs on wire	Translated VLAN	Operation
2	104	1-to-1 mapping

This is a sample output from the **show vlan mapping** command for an interface:

Switch# show vlan mapping interface fa0/6

Interface fa0/6:

VLAN on wire	Translated VLAN	Operation
1	11	1-to-1 mapping
12,16-18	100	selective QinQ
*	101	default QinQ

Command	Description
switchport vlan mapping	Configures VLAN mapping on an interface.

show vlan mtu

To display the minimum and maximum transmission unit (MTU) sizes of each VLAN, use the **show vlan mtu** command.

show vlan mtu

Syntax Description

This command has no arguments or keywords

Command Default

This command has no default settings.

Command Modes

Privileged EXEC mode

Command History

Release	Modification
12.1(13)EW	This command was introduced on the Catalyst 4500 series switch.

Usage Guidelines

The MTU_Mismatch column in the command output indicates whether all the ports in the VLAN have the same MTU. When "yes" is displayed in the MTU_Mismatch column, it means that the VLAN has a port with different MTUs, and packets might be dropped that are switched from a port with a larger MTU to a port with a smaller MTU. If the VLAN does not have an SVI, the hyphen (-) symbol is displayed in the SVI_MTU column.

For a VLAN, if the MTU-Mismatch column displays "yes," the names of the port with the MinMTU and the port with the MaxMTU are displayed. For a VLAN, if the SVI_MTU is bigger than the MinMTU, "TooBig" is displayed after the SVI_MTU.

Examples

This is an example of output from the show vlan mtu command:

Switch# show vlan mtu

VLAN	SVI_MTU	MinMTU(port)	MaxMTU(port)	MTU_Mismatch
1	1500	1500	1500	No
Swite	ch>			

mtu	Enables jumbo frames on an interface by adjusting the maximum size of a packet or maximum transmission unit (MTU).

show vlan private-vlan

To display private VLAN information, use the **show vlan private-vlan** command.

show vlan private-vlan [type]

Syntax Description

type	(Optional) Displays the private VLAN type; valid types are isolated, primary,
	community, twoway-community nonoperational, and normal.

Command Default

This command has no default settings.

Command Modes

Privileged EXEC mode

Command History

Release	Modification	
12.1(8a)EW	This command was introduced on the Catalyst 4500 series switch.	
12.2(20)EW	Support for community VLAN was added.	
15.1.0 SG	Support for PVLAN modes over EtherChannel. Modes include: private-vlan host, private-vlan promiscuous, private-vlan trunk secondary, and private-vlan trunk promiscuous.	

Usage Guidelines

When the **show vlan private-vlan type** command displays a VLAN type as normal, it indicates that a regular VLAN has been used in the private VLAN configuration. When normal is displayed, this indicates that two VLANs have been associated before the type was set, and the private VLAN is not operational. This information is useful for debugging purposes.

Examples

The following example shows how to display information about all currently configured private VLANs:

Switch# show vlan private-vlan

Primary	Secondary	Туре	Ports	
2	301	community	Fa5/3,	Fa5/25
2	302	community		
2	303	community	Fa5/3,	Po63
	10	community		
100	101	isolated		
150	151	non-operational		
	202	community		
	303	twoway-community		
401	402	non-operational		
Switch#				



A blank Primary value indicates that no association exists.

The following example shows how to display information about all currently configured private VLAN types:

Switch# show vlan private-vlan type

Table 2-37 describes the fields in the show vlan private-vlan command output.

Table 2-37 show vlan private-vlan Command Output Fields

Field	Description	
Primary	Number of the primary VLAN.	
Secondary	Number of the secondary VLAN.	
Secondary-Type	Secondary VLAN type is isolated or community.	
Ports	Indicates the ports within a VLAN.	
Туре	Type of VLAN; possible values are primary, isolated , community, nonoperational, or normal .	

Command	Description
private-vlan	Configures private VLANs and the association between a private VLAN and a secondary VLAN.
private-vlan mapping	Creates a mapping between the primary and the secondary VLANs so that both share the same primary VLAN SVI.

show vlan remote-span

To display a list of Remote SPAN (RSPAN) VLANs, use the show vlan remote-span command.

show vlan remote-span

Syntax Description

This command has no arguments or keywords.

Command Default

This command has no default settings.

Command Modes

Privileged EXEC mode

Command History

Release	Modification
12.1(12)EW	This command was introduced on the Catalyst 4500 series switch.

Examples

The following example shows how to display a list of RSPAN VLANs:

Router# show vlan remote-span

Remote SPAN VLANs

2,20

Command	Description
remote-span	Converts a VLAN into an RSPAN VLAN.
vlan (VLAN Database mode)	Configures a specific VLAN.

show vmps

To display the VLAN Query Protocol (VQP) version, reconfirmation interval, retry count, VLAN Membership Policy Server (VMPS) IP addresses, current servers, and primary servers, use the **show vmps** command.

show vmps [statistics]

Syntax Description

statistics

(Optional) Displays the client-side statistics.

Command Default

This command has no default settings.

Command Modes

Privileged EXEC mode

Command History

Release	Modification	
12.1(13)EW	This command was introduced on the Catalyst 4500 series switch.	

Examples

This is an example of output from the **show vmps** command:

```
Switch# show vmps

VQP Client Status:
------

VMPS VQP Version: 1

Reconfirm Interval: 60 min

Server Retry Count: 3

VMPS domain server: 172.20.50.120 (primary, current)

Reconfirmation status
------

VMPS Action: No Dynamic Port

Switch#
```

This is an example of output from the **show vmps statistics** command:

Switch# show vmps statistics VMPS Client Statistics

VQP Queries: 0
VQP Responses: 0
VMPS Changes: 0
VQP Shutdowns: 0
VQP Denied: 0
VQP Wrong Domain: 0
VQP Wrong Version: 0
VQP Insufficient Resource: 0
Switch#

Command	Description
vmps reconfirm (privileged EXEC)	Sends VLAN Query Protocol (VQP) queries to reconfirm all the dynamic VLAN assignments with the VLAN Membership Policy Server (VMPS).

show vslp (virtual switch)

To display Virtual Switch Link Protocol (VSLP) instance information, use the **show vslp** command in EXEC mode.

show vslp {lmp | rrp [type]} | {instances | lmp [type] | packet [counters] | rrp [type]}

Syntax Description

lmp	Specifies the Link Maintenance Protocol (LMP) information.	
rrp	Specifies the Role Resolution Protocol (RRP) information.	
type	Specifies the type of information; see the "Usage Guidelines" section for valid values.	
instances	Displays the VSLP instance mappings.	
packet	Displays the VSLP packet information.	
counters	(Optional) Displays the VSLP packet counter information.	

Command Default

This command has no default settings.

Command Modes

Privileged EXEC mode

Command History

Release	Modification
12.2(52)SG	This command was introduced on the Catalyst 4500 series switch.

Usage Guidelines

The valid values for the type argument are as follows:

- **counters**—Displays counter information.
- detail—Displays detailed information.
- **fsm**—Displays Finite State Machine (FSM) information.
- **neighbors**—Displays neighbor information (supported with the *lmp* keyword only).
- **status**—Displays status information.
- **summary**—Displays a summary of information.
- **timer**—Displays Tx and Rx hello timer values.

The timers already displayed in the show vslp lmp timers output are shown in the output of the show vslp lmp summary command.

The output of the **show vslp rrp detail** command includes the information from the following commands:

- show vslp rrp summary
- show vslp rrp counters
- show vslp rrp fsm

Examples

The following example shows how to display a summary of LMP information for a specific VSLP instance.

The following example shows how to displays the VSLP instance mappings.

The following example shows how to display LMP neighbor information:

```
Router# show vslp 2 lmp neighbors

LMP neighbors

Peer Group info: # Groups: 0

Router#
```

The following example shows how to display a summary of LMP information:

The following examples shows how to display the LMP Tx and Rx hello timer values:

The following example shows how to display VSLP packet information:

```
Router# show vslp packet
VSLP packet counters
Transmitted:
total = 1543
error = 0
err_cksum = 0
eobc = 0
```

Router# show vslp lmp timer

```
ibc
               = 0
   eobc[LMP] = 0
   eobc[RRP] = 0
   eobc[PING] = 0
  Received:
   total = 1564
error = 0
   err_cksum = 0
   eobc = 1564
ibc = 0
   total[LMP] = 0
   total[RRP] = 0
   total[PING] = 0
   eobc[LMP] = 1559
   eobc[RRP] = 5
   eobc[PING] = 0
Router#
```

The following example shows how to display VSLP packet counter information:

Router# show vslp packet counters

```
VSLP packet counters
 Transmitted:
   total = 28738
error = 0
   err_cksum = 0
   eobc
                  = 28738
    eobc[LMP] = 28701
     eobc[RRP] = 17
     eobc[PING] = 20
   ibc
                = 0
    ibc[LMP]
                = 0
     ibc[RRP]
                = 0
     ibc[PING]
                = 0
 Received:
   total = 28590
error = 0
   err\_cksum = 0
   eobc
               = 28590
    eobc[LMP] = 28552
     eobc[RRP] = 18
     eobc[PING] = 20
    ibc[LMP] = 0
ibc[RRP] = 0
     ibc[PING] = 0
```

The following example shows how to display a summary of RRP information:

show vtp

To display VTP statistics and domain information, use the **show vtp** command.

show vtp {counters | status}

Syntax Description

counters	Specifies the VTP statistics.
status	Specifies the VTP domain status.

Command Default

This command has no default settings.

Command Modes

Privileged EXEC mode

Command History

Release	Modification
12.1(8a)EW	This command was introduced on the Catalyst 4500 series switch.

Examples

The following example shows how to display the VTP statistics:

```
Switch# show vtp counters
```

VTP statistics:

Summary advertisements received : 1
Subset advertisements received : 1
Request advertisements received : 0
Summary advertisements transmitted : 31
Subset advertisements transmitted : 1
Request advertisements transmitted : 0
Number of config revision errors : 0
Number of config digest errors : 0
Number of V1 summary errors : 0

VTP pruning statistics:

Trunk Join Transmitted Join Received Summary advts received from non-pruning-capable device

Fa5/9 1555 1564 0

Switch#

The following example shows how to display the VTP domain status:

Switch# show vtp status

VTP Version : 2
Configuration Revision : 250
Maximum VLANs supported locally : 1005
Number of existing VLANs : 33
VTP Operating Mode : Server
VTP Domain Name : Lab_Network
VTP Pruning Mode : Enabled
VTP V2 Mode : Enabled
VTP Traps Generation : Disabled

```
MD5 digest : 0xE6\ 0xF8\ 0x3E\ 0xDD\ 0xA4\ 0xF5\ 0xC2\ 0x0E Configuration last modified by 172.20.52.18 at 9-22-99 11:18:20 Local updater ID is 172.20.52.18 on interface Vl1 (lowest numbered VLAN interface found) Switch#
```

The following example shows how to display only those lines in the **show vtp** output that contain the word Summary:

Table 2-38 describes the fields in the **show vtp** command output.

Table 2-38 show vtp Command Output Fields

Field	Description	
Summary advertisements received	Total number of summary advertisements received.	
Subset advertisements received	Total number of subset advertisements received.	
Request advertisements received	Total number of request advertisements received.	
Summary advertisements transmitted	Total number of summary advertisements transmitted.	
Subset advertisements transmitted	Total number of subset advertisements transmitted.	
Request advertisements transmitted	Total number of request advertisements transmitted.	
Number of config revision errors	Number of config revision errors.	
Number of config digest errors	Number of config revision digest errors.	
Number of V1 summary errors	Number of V1 summary errors.	
Trunk	Trunk port participating in VTP pruning.	
Join Transmitted	Number of VTP-Pruning Joins transmitted.	
Join Received	Number of VTP-Pruning Joins received.	
Summary advts received from non-pruning-capable device	Number of Summary advertisements received from nonpruning-capable devices.	
Number of existing VLANs	Total number of VLANs in the domain.	
Configuration Revision	VTP revision number used to exchange VLAN information.	
Maximum VLANs supported locally	Maximum number of VLANs allowed on the device.	
Number of existing VLANs	Number of existing VLANs.	
VTP Operating Mode	Indicates whether VTP is enabled or disabled.	
VTP Domain Name	Name of the VTP domain.	
VTP Pruning Mode	Indicates whether VTP pruning is enabled or disabled.	
VTP V2 Mode	Indicates the VTP V2 mode as server, client, or transparent.	
VTP Traps Generation	Indicates whether VTP trap generation mode is enabled or disabled.	
MD5 digest	Checksum values.	

Command	Description
vtp (global configuration mode)	Modifies the name of a VTP configuration storage file.
vtp client	Places a device in VTP client mode.
vtp domain	Configures the administrative domain name for a device.
vtp password	Creates a VTP domain password.
vtp pruning	Enables pruning in the VLAN database.
vtp server	Places the device in VTP server mode.
vtp transparent	Places device in VTP transparent mode.
vtp v2-mode	Enables version 2 mode.

show vtp