# show access-group mode interface

To display the ACL configuration on a Layer 2 interface, use the **show access-group mode interface** command.

**show access-group mode interface** [interface interface-number]

#### **Syntax Description**

interface	(Optional) Interface type; valid values are <b>ethernet</b> , <b>fastethernet</b> , <b>gigabitethernet</b> , <b>tengigabitethernet</b> , <b>and port-channel</b> .
interface-numbe	er (Optional) Interface number.

#### Defaults

This command has no default settings.

#### **Command Modes**

Privileged EXEC

#### **Command History**

Release	Modification
12.1(19)EW	Support for this command was introduced on the Catalyst 4500 series switch.
12.2(25)EW	Support for the 10-Gigabit Ethernet interface was introduced on the Catalyst 4500 series switch.

#### **Usage Guidelines**

The valid values for the port number depend on the chassis used.

#### Examples

This example shows how to display the ACL configuration on the Fast Ethernet interface 6/1:

Switch# show access-group mode interface fa6/1

Interface FastEthernet6/1:
 Access group mode is: merge
Switch#

#### **Related Commands**

access-group mode

# show adjacency

To display information about the Layer 3 switching adjacency table, use the **show adjacency** command.

**show adjacency** [{interface interface-number} | {**null** interface-number} | {**port-channel** number} | {**vlan** vlan-id} | **detail** | **internal** | **summary**]

#### **Syntax Description**

interface	(Optional) Interface type; possible valid values are <b>ethernet</b> , <b>fastethernet</b> , <b>gigabitethernet</b> , <b>tengigabitethernet</b> , <b>pos</b> , <b>ge-wan</b> , and <b>atm</b> .
interface-number	(Optional) Module and port number; see the "Usage Guidelines" section for valid values.
null interface-number	(Optional) Specifies the null interface; the valid value is <b>0</b> .
port-channel number	(Optional) Specifies the channel interface; valid values are a maximum of 64 values ranging from 1 to 256.
vlan vlan-id	(Optional) Specifies the VLAN; valid values are from 1 to 4094.
detail	(Optional) Displays the information about the protocol detail and timer.
internal	(Optional) Displays the information about the internal data structure.
summary	(Optional) Displays a summary of CEF-adjacency information.

#### **Defaults**

This command has no default settings.

#### **Command Modes**

**EXEC** 

#### **Command History**

Release	Modification
12.2(25)EW	Extended to include the 10-Gigabit Ethernet interface.

#### **Usage Guidelines**

The *interface-number* argument designates the module and port number. Valid values for *interface-number* depend on the specified interface type and the chassis and module that are used. For example, if you specify a Gigabit Ethernet interface and have a 48-port 10/100BASE-T Ethernet module that is installed in a 13-slot chassis, valid values for the module number are from 1 to 13, and valid values for the port number are from 1 to 48.

Hardware Layer 3 switching adjacency statistics are updated every 60 seconds.

The following information is contained in the **show adjacency** command:

- Protocol interface.
- Type of routing protocol that is configured on the interface.
- Interface address.
- Method of adjacency that was learned.

- MAC address of the adjacent router.
- Time left before the adjacency rolls out of the adjacency table. After it rolls out, a packet must use the same next hop to the destination.

#### **Examples**

This example shows how to display adjacency information:

# Switch# show adjacency Protocol Interface Address IP FastEthernet2/3 172.20.52.1(3045) IP FastEthernet2/3 172.20.52.22(11) Switch#

This example shows how to display a summary of adjacency information:

```
Switch# show adjacency summary
Adjacency Table has 2 adjacencies
Interface Adjacency Count
FastEthernet2/3 2
Switch#
```

This example shows how to display protocol detail and timer information:

```
Switch# show adjacency detail
Protocol Interface
                             Address
       FastEthernet2/3
                             172.20.52.1(3045)
                             0 packets, 0 bytes
                             00000000FF92000038000000000000
                             00605C865B2800D0BB0F980B0800
                                      03:58:12
ΤP
       FastEthernet2/3
                             172.20.52.22(11)
                             0 packets, 0 bytes
                             00000000FF92000038000000000000
                             00801C93804000D0BB0F980B0800
                             ARP
                                      03:58:06
Switch#
```

This example shows how to display adjacency information for a specific interface:

```
Switch# show adjacency fastethernet2/3
Protocol Interface Address
IP FastEthernet2/3 172.20.52.1(3045)
IP FastEthernet2/3 172.20.52.22(11)
Switch#
```

#### **Related Commands**

debug adjacency

# show arp access-list

To display detailed information on an ARP access list, use the show arp command.

show arp access-list

**Syntax Description** 

This command has no arguments or keywords.

Defaults

This command has no default settings.

**Command Modes** 

**EXEC** 

#### **Command History**

Release	Modification
12.1(19)EW	Support for this command was introduced on the Catalyst 4500 series switch.

#### **Examples**

This example shows how to display the ARP ACL information for a switch:

Switch# show arp access-list
ARP access list rose
 permit ip 10.101.1.1 0.0.0.255 mac any
 permit ip 20.3.1.0 0.0.0.255 mac any

#### **Related Commands**

access-group mode arp access-list ip arp inspection filter vlan

### show auto install status

To display the status of an automatic installation, use the show auto install status command.

#### show auto install status

**Syntax Description** 

This command has no arguments or keywords.

Defaults

This command has no default settings.

**Command Modes** 

Privileged EXEC

#### **Command History**

Release	Modification
12.2(20)EW	Support for this command was introduced on the Catalyst 4500 series switch.

#### **Examples**

This example shows how to display the IP address of the TFTP server and to display whether or not the switch is currently acquiring the configuration file on the TFTP server:

Switch# show auto install status

Status : Downloading config file

DHCP Server : 20.0.0.1
TFTP Server : 30.0.0.3
Config File Fetched : Undetermined

The first IP address in the display indicates the server that is used for the automatic installation. The second IP address indicates the TFTP server that provided the configuration file.

### show auto qos

To display the automatic quality of service (auto-QoS) configuration that is applied, use the **show auto qos** user EXEC command.

show auto qos [interface [interface-id]] [{begin | exclude | include}} expression]

#### **Syntax Description**

interface interface-id	(Optional) Displays auto-QoS information for the specified interface or for all interfaces. Valid interfaces include physical ports.
begin	(Optional) Begins with the line that matches the expression.
exclude	(Optional) Excludes lines that match the expression.
include	(Optional) Includes lines that match the specified expression.
expression	(Optional) Expression in the output to use as a reference point.

#### **Command Modes**

Privileged EXEC

#### **Command History**

Release	Modification
12.1(19)EW	Support for this command was introduced on the Catalyst 4500 series switch.

#### **Usage Guidelines**

The **show auto qos interface** *interface-id* command displays the auto-QoS configuration; it does not display any user changes to the configuration that might be in effect.

To display information about the QoS configuration that might be affected by auto-QoS, use one of these commands:

- show gos
- show qos map
- show qos interface interface-id
- show running-config

Expressions are case sensitive. For example, if you enter **exclude output**, the lines that contain *output* do not appear, but the lines that contain *Output* appear.

#### **Examples**

This example shows output from the **show auto qos** command when auto-QoS is enabled:

```
Switch# show auto qos

00:00:55:qos

00:00:56:qos map cos 3 to dscp 26

00:00:57:qos map cos 5 to dscp 46

00:00:58:qos map dscp 16 to tx-queue 1

00:00:58:qos map dscp 32 to tx-queue 1

00:00:58:qos dbl

00:00:59:policy-map autoqos-voip-policy

00:00:59: class class-default

00:00:59: dbl

00:00:59:interface GigabitEthernet1/1
```

```
00:00:59: qos trust device cisco-phone

00:00:59: qos trust cos

00:00:59: tx-queue 3

00:00:59: priority high

00:00:59: shape percent 70

00:00:59: service-policy output autoqos-voip-policyend
```

This example shows output from the **show auto qos interface** command when the **auto qos voip cisco-phone** interface configuration command is entered:

```
Switch# show auto gos interface
Initial configuration applied by AutoQoS:
interface GigabitEthernet1/1
qos trust device cisco-phone
gos trust cos
tx-queue 3
priority high
shape percent 70
service-policy output autogos-voip-policy
interface GigabitEthernet1/2
qos trust device cisco-phone
qos trust cos
tx-queue 3
priority high
shape percent 70
service-policy output autoqos-voip-policy
```

This example shows output from the **show auto qos interface gigabitethernet1/1** command when the **auto qos voip cisco-phone** interface configuration command is entered:

```
Switch# show auto qos interface gigabitethernet1/1
Initial configuration applied by AutoQoS:
!
interface GigabitEthernet1/1
qos trust device cisco-phone
qos trust cos
tx-queue 3
priority high
shape percent 70
service-policy output autoqos-voip-policy
```

This example shows output from the **show auto qos** command when auto-QoS is disabled:

```
Switch# show auto qos
AutoQoS is disabled
```

**Related Commands** 

auto gos voip

### show bootflash:

To display information about the bootflash: file system, use the **show bootflash:** command.

show bootflash: [all | chips | filesys]

#### **Syntax Description**

all	(Optional) Displays all possible Flash information.
chips	(Optional) Displays Flash chip information.
filesys	(Optional) Displays file system information.

**Defaults** 

This command has no default settings.

#### **Command Modes**

**EXEC** 

#### **Command History**

Release	Modification
12.1(8a)EW	Support for this command was introduced on the Catalyst 4500 series switch.

#### **Examples**

This example shows how to display file system status information:

Switch> show bootflash: filesys

```
----- FILE SYSTEM STATUS-----
 Device Number = 0
DEVICE INFO BLOCK: bootflash
 Magic Number
                     = 6887635 File System Vers = 10000
                                                          (1.0)
                     = 1000000 Sector Size = 40000
 Length
 Programming Algorithm = 39
                                Erased State
                                                = FFFFFFFF
 File System Offset = 40000
                                Length = F40000
 MONLIB Offset
                    = 100
                                Length = C628
 Bad Sector Map Offset = 3FFF8
                                Length = 8
 Squeeze Log Offset = F80000
                               Length = 40000
 Squeeze Buffer Offset = FC0000
                                Length = 40000
 Num Spare Sectors
   Spares:
STATUS INFO:
 Writable
 NO File Open for Write
 Complete Stats
 No Unrecovered Errors
 No Squeeze in progress
USAGE INFO:
              = 917CE8 Bytes Available = 628318
 Bytes Used
 Bad Sectors = 0
                        Spared Sectors = 0
 OK Files
              = 2
                        Bytes = 917BE8
 Deleted Files = 0
                        Bytes = 0
 Files w/Errors = 0
                        Bytes = 0
Switch>
```

This example shows how to display system image information:

```
Switch> show bootflash:
-# - ED --type-- --crc-- -seek-- nlen -length- -----date/time----- name

1 .. image 8C5A393A 237E3C 14 2063804 Aug 23 1999 16:18:45 c4-boot-mz

2 .. image D86EE0AD 957CE8 9 7470636 Sep 20 1999 13:48:49 rp.halley
Switch>
```

This example shows how to display all bootflash information:

```
Switch> show bootflash: all
-# - ED --type-- --crc-- -seek-- nlen -length- ----date/time----- name
1 .. image
             8C5A393A 237E3C 14 2063804 Aug 23 1999 16:18:45 c4-boot-
2 .. image
             D86EE0AD 957CE8 9 7470636 Sep 20 1999 13:48:49 rp.halley
6456088 bytes available (9534696 bytes used)
------FILE SYSTEM STATUS-----
 Device Number = 0
DEVICE INFO BLOCK: bootflash
 Magic Number
                    = 6887635 File System Vers = 10000
                                                          (1.0)
                     = 1000000 Sector Size = 40000
 Programming Algorithm = 39 Erased State
                                                 = FFFFFFFF
 File System Offset = 40000 Length = F40000
 MONLIB Offset = 100 Length = C628
Bad Sector Map Offset = 3FFF8 Length = 8
  Squeeze Log Offset = F80000
                                  Length = 40000
 Squeeze Buffer Offset = FC0000 Length = 40000
 Num Spare Sectors
                   = 0
   Spares:
STATUS INFO:
 Writable
 NO File Open for Write
 Complete Stats
 No Unrecovered Errors
 No Squeeze in progress
USAGE INFO:
             = 917CE8 Bytes Available = 628318
 Bytes Used
 Bad Sectors = 0 Spared Sectors = 0
           = 2
                        Bytes = 917BE8
 OK Files
 Deleted Files = 0 Bytes = 0
Files w/Errors = 0 Bytes = 0
Switch>
```

### show bootvar

To display BOOT environment variable information, use the **show bootvar** command.

show bootvar

**Syntax Description** 

This command has no arguments or keywords.

Defaults

This command has no default settings.

**Command Modes** 

Privileged EXEC

**Command History** 

Release	Modification
12.1(8a)EW	Support for this command was introduced on the Catalyst 4500 series switch.

#### Examples

This example shows how to display BOOT environment variable information:

Switch# show bootvar
BOOT variable = sup:1;
CONFIG\_FILE variable does not exist
BOOTLDR variable does not exist
Configuration register is 0x0
Switch#

### show cable-diagnostics tdr

To display the test results for the TDR cable diagnostics, use the show cable-diagnostics tdr command.

**show cable-diagnostics tdr** { *interface* { *interface interface-number* } }



This command will be deprecated in future Cisco IOS releases. Please use the **diagnostic start** command.

#### **Syntax Description**

interface interface	Interface type; valid values are <b>fastethernet</b> and <b>gigabitethernet</b> .
interface-number	Module and port number.

#### Defaults

This command has no default settings.

#### **Command Modes**

Privileged EXEC

#### **Command History**

Release	Modification
12.2(25)SG	Support for this command was introduced on the Catalyst 4500 series switch.

#### **Usage Guidelines**

The TDR test is supported on Catalyst 4500 series switches running Cisco IOS Release 12.2(25)SG for the following line cards only:

- WS-X4548-GB-RJ45
- WS-X4548-GB-RJ45V
- WS-X4524-GB-RJ45V
- WS-X4013+TS
- WS-C4948
- WS-C4948-10GE

The distance to the fault is displayed in meters (m).

#### **Examples**

This example shows how to display information about the TDR test:

#### Switch# show cable-diagnostics tdr interface gi4/13

Interface	Speed	Local pair	Cable length	Remote channel	Status
Gi4/13	0Mbps	1-2	102 + -2m	Unknown	Fault
		3-6	100 + -2m	Unknown	Fault
		4-5	102 + -2m	Unknown	Fault
		7-8	102 + -2m	Unknown	Fault
Switch#					

Table 2-13 describes the fields in the show cable-diagnostics tdr command output.

Table 2-13 show cable-diagnostics tdr Command Output Fields

Field	Description	
Interface	Interface tested.	
Speed	Current line speed.	
Pair	Local pair name.	
Cable Length	Distance to the fault in meters (m).	
Channel	Pair designation (A, B, C, or D).	
Status	Pair status displayed is one of the following:	
	• Terminated—The link is up.	
	• Fault—Cable fault (open or short)	

test cable-diagnostics tdr

# show cdp neighbors

To display detailed information about the neighboring devices that are discovered through CDP, use the **show cdp neighbors** command.

show cdp neighbors [type number] [detail]

#### **Syntax Description**

type	(Optional) Interface type that is connected to the neighbors about which you want information; possible valid values are <b>ethernet</b> , <b>fastethernet</b> , <b>gigabitethernet</b> , <b>tengigabitethernet</b> , <b>port-channel</b> , and <b>vlan</b> .
number	(Optional) Interface number that is connected to the neighbors about which you want information.
detail	(Optional) Displays detailed information about a neighbor (or neighbors) including network address, enabled protocols, hold time, and software version.

#### Defaults

This command has no default settings.

#### **Command Modes**

Privileged EXEC

#### **Command History**

Release	Modification
12.2(25)EW	Extended to include the 10-Gigabit Ethernet interface.

#### **Usage Guidelines**

The **vlan** keyword is supported in Catalyst 4500 series switches that are configured with a Supervisor Engine II.

The **port-channel** values are from 0 to 282; values from 257 to 282 are supported on the CSM and the FWSM only.

#### **Examples**

This example shows how to display the information about the CDP neighbors:

#### Switch# show cdp neighbors

Capability Codes	s: R - Router, T -	Trans Brid	lge, B - Sourc	e Route Br	idge
	S - Switch, H -	Host, I -	IGMP, r - Rep	eater, P -	Phone
Device ID	Local Intrfce	Holdtme	Capability	Platform	Port ID
lab-7206	Eth 0	157	R	7206VXR	Fas 0/0/0
lab-as5300-1	Eth 0	163	R	AS5300	Fas 0
lab-as5300-2	Eth 0	159	R	AS5300	Eth 0
lab-as5300-3	Eth 0	122	R	AS5300	Eth 0
lab-as5300-4	Eth 0	132	R	AS5300	Fas 0/0
lab-3621	Eth 0	140	R S	3631-telc	oFas 0/0
008024 2758E0	Eth 0	132	T	CAT3000	1/2
Switch#					

Table 2-14 describes the fields that are shown in the example.

Table 2-14 show cdp neighbors Field Descriptions

Field	Definition
Device ID	Configured ID (name), MAC address, or serial number of the neighbor device.
Local Intrfce	(Local Interface) The protocol that is used by the connectivity media.
Holdtme	(Holdtime) Remaining amount of time, in seconds, that the current device holds the CDP advertisement from a transmitting router before discarding it.
Capability	Capability code that is discovered on the device. This device type is listed in the CDP Neighbors table. Possible values are as follows:
	R—Router
	T—Transparent bridge
	B—Source-routing bridge
	S—Switch
	H—Host
	I—IGMP device
	r—Repeater
	P—Phone
Platform	Product number of the device.
Port ID	Protocol and port number of the device.

This example shows how to display detailed information about your CDP neighbors:

```
Switch# show cdp neighbors detail
_____
Device ID: lab-7206
Entry address(es):
 IP address: 172.19.169.83
Platform: cisco 7206VXR, Capabilities: Router
Interface: Ethernet0, Port ID (outgoing port): FastEthernet0/0/0
Holdtime: 123 sec
Version :
Cisco Internetwork Operating System Software
IOS (tm) 5800 Software (C5800-P4-M), Version 12.1(2)
Copyright (c) 1986-2002 by Cisco Systems, Inc.
advertisement version: 2
Duplex: half
Device ID: lab-as5300-1
Entry address(es):
 IP address: 172.19.169.87
Switch#
```

Table 2-15 describes the fields that are shown in the example.

Table 2-15 show cdp neighbors detail Field Descriptions

Field	Definition
Device ID	Name of the neighbor device and either the MAC address or the serial number of this device.
Entry address(es)	List of network addresses of neighbor devices.
[network protocol] address	Network address of the neighbor device. The address can be in IP, IPX, AppleTalk, DECnet, or CLNS protocol conventions.
Platform	Product name and number of the neighbor device.
Capabilities	Device type of the neighbor. This device can be a router, a bridge, a transparent bridge, a source-routing bridge, a switch, a host, an IGMP device, or a repeater.
Interface	Protocol and port number of the port on the current device.
Holdtime	Remaining amount of time, in seconds, that the current device holds the CDP advertisement from a transmitting router before discarding it.
Version:	Software version running on the neighbor device.
advertisement version:	Version of CDP that is being used for CDP advertisements.
Duplex:	Duplex state of connection between the current device and the neighbor device.

show cdp (refer to Cisco IOS documentation)
show cdp entry (refer to Cisco IOS documentation)
show cdp interface (refer to Cisco IOS documentation)
show cdp traffic (refer to Cisco IOS documentation)

# show class-map

To display class map information, use the **show class-map** command.

show class-map class\_name

#### **Syntax Description**

class_name	Name of the class map.	
------------	------------------------	--

#### Defaults

This command has no default settings.

#### **Command Modes**

Privileged EXEC

#### **Command History**

Release	Modification
12.1(8a)EW	Support for this command was introduced on the Catalyst 4500 series switch.
12.2(25)SG	Displays results from the full flow option.

#### **Examples**

This example shows how to display class map information for all class maps:

#### Switch# show class-map

```
Class Map match-any class-default (id 0)
Match any
Class Map match-any class-simple (id 2)
Match any
Class Map match-all ipp5 (id 1)
Match ip precedence 5
Class Map match-all agg-2 (id 3)
Switch#
```

This example shows how to display class map information for a specific class map:

```
Switch# show class-map ipp5
Class Map match-all ipp5 (id 1)
```

Match ip precedence 5

Switch#

Assume there are two active flows as shown below on Fast Ethernet interface 6/1:

SrcIp	DstIp	IpProt	SrcL4Port	DstL4Port
192.168.10.10	192.168.20.20	20	6789	81
192.168.10.10	192.168.20.20	20	6789	21

With following configuration, each flow will be policed to a 1000000 bps with an allowed 9000-byte burst value.



If you use the **match flow ip source-address/destination-address** command, these two flows are consolidated into one flow and they have the same source and destination address.

```
Switch# config terminal
Enter configuration commands, one per line. End with \mathtt{CNTL}/\mathtt{Z}.
Switch(config) # class-map c1
Switch(config-cmap)# match flow ip source-address ip destination-address ip protocol 14
source-port 14 destination-port
Switch(config-cmap) # exit
Switch(config) # policy-map p1
Switch(config-pmap) # class c1
Switch(config-pmap-c)# police 1000000 9000
Switch(config-pmap-c)# exit
Switch(config-pmap)# exit
Switch(config)# interface fastEthernet 6/1
Switch(config-if)# service-policy input p1
Switch(config-if)# end
Switch# write memory
Switch# show policy-map interface
FastEthernet6/1
class-map c1
   match flow ip source-address ip destination-address ip protocol 14 source-port 14
destination-port
policy-map p1
    class c1
       police 1000000 bps 9000 byte conform-action transmit exceed-action drop
interface FastEthernet 6/1
 service-policy input p1
Switch# show class-map c1
Class Map match-all c1 (id 2)
   Match flow ip source-address ip destination-address ip protocol 14 source-port 14
destination-port
Switch#
```

class-map show policy-map show policy-map interface

### show diagnostic content

To display test information about the test ID, test attributes, and supported coverage test levels for each test and for all modules, use the **show diagnostic content** command.

show diagnostic content module {all | num}

#### **Syntax Description**

all	Displays all the modules on the chassis.
num	Module number.

#### Defaults

This command has no default settings.

#### **Command Modes**

**EXEC** 

#### **Command History**

Release	Modification
12.2(20)EWA	Support for this command was introduced on the Catalyst 4500 series switch.

#### **Examples**

This example shows how to display the test suite, monitoring interval, and test attributes for all the modules of the chassis:

Switch# show diagnostic content module all

module 1:

```
Diagnostics test suite attributes:

B/* - Basic ondemand test / NA

P/V/* - Per port test / Per device test / NA

D/N/* - Disruptive test / Non-disruptive test / NA

S/* - Only applicable to standby unit / NA

X/* - Not a health monitoring test / NA

F/* - Fixed monitoring interval test / NA

E/* - Always enabled monitoring test / NA

A/I - Monitoring is active / Monitoring is inactive

m/* - Mandatory bootup test, can't be bypassed / NA

o/* - Ongoing test, always active / NA
```

				resting interval
1	ID Test Name		Attributes	(day hh:mm:ss.ms)
=	==== ==================================		=========	===========
	1)	<pre>supervisor-bootup&gt;</pre>	**D****I**	not configured
	2)	<pre>packet-memory-bootup&gt;</pre>	**D****I**	not configured
	3)	<pre>packet-memory-ongoing&gt;</pre>	**N****I*o	not configured

```
module 6:
Diagnostics test suite attributes:
    B/* - Basic ondemand test / NA
  P/V/* - Per port test / Per device test / NA
  D/N/* - Disruptive test / Non-disruptive test / NA
    \ensuremath{\mathrm{S}/^*} - Only applicable to standby unit / NA
    X/* - Not a health monitoring test / NA
    F/* - Fixed monitoring interval test / NA
    E/* - Always enabled monitoring test / NA
    A/I - Monitoring is active / Monitoring is inactive
    \ensuremath{\text{m}/\text{*}} - Mandatory bootup test, can't be bypassed / NA
    o/* - Ongoing test, always active / NA
                                                         Testing Interval
                                                         (day hh:mm:ss.ms)
 ID Test Name
                                             Attributes
 1) linecard-online-diag -----> **D****I** not configured
Switch#
```

show diagnostic result module show diagnostic result module test 2 show diagnostic result module test 3

# show diagnostic result module

To display the module-based diagnostic test results, use the show diagnostic result module command.

show diagnostic result module [slot-num | all] [test [test-id | test-id-range | all]] [detail]

#### **Syntax Description**

slot-num	(Optional) Specifies the slot on which diagnostics are displayed.
all	(Optional) Displays the diagnostics for all slots.
test	(Optional) Displays selected tests on the specified module.
test-id	(Optional) Specifies a single test ID.
test-id-range	(Optional) Specifies a range of test IDs.
all	(Optional) Displays the diagnostics for all tests.
detail	(Optional) Displays the complete test results.

#### **Defaults**

A summary of the test results for all modules in the chassis is displayed.

#### **Command Modes**

Privileged EXEC

#### **Command History**

Release	Modification
12.2(18)EW	Support for this command was introduced on the Catalyst 4500 series switch.

#### **Examples**

This example shows how to display the summary results for all modules in the chassis:

Switch# show diagnostic result module

```
module 5:
 Overall diagnostic result: PASS
 Diagnostic level at card bootup: minimal
 Test results: (. = Pass, F = Fail, U = Untested)
   1) linecard-online-diag -----> .
module 6:
 Overall diagnostic result: PASS
 Diagnostic level at card bootup: minimal
 Test results: (. = Pass, F = Fail, U = Untested)
   1) linecard-online-diag -----> .
This example shows how to display the online diagnostics for module 1:
Switch# show diagnostic result module 1 detail
Current bootup diagnostic level: minimal
module 1:
Overall diagnostic result: PASS
Diagnostic level at card bootup: minimal
Test results: (. = Pass, F = Fail, U = Untested)
  1) supervisor-bootup -----> .
        Error code -----> 0 (DIAG_SUCCESS)
        Total run count -----> 0
        Last test execution time ----> n/a
        First test failure time ----> n/a
        Last test failure time ----> n/a
        Last test pass time -----> n/a
        Total failure count ----> 0
        Consecutive failure count ----> 0
Power-On-Self-Test Results for ACTIVE Supervisor
Power-on-self-test for Module 1: WS-X4014
Port/Test Status: (. = Pass, F = Fail)
Reset Reason: PowerUp Software/User
Port Traffic: L2 Serdes Loopback ...
0: . 1: . 2: . 3: . 4: . 5: . 6: . 7: . 8: . 9: . 10: . 11: .
12: . 13: . 14: . 15: . 16: . 17: . 18: . 19: . 20: . 21: . 22: . 23: .
24: . 25: . 26: . 27: . 28: . 29: . 30: . 31: .
Port Traffic: L2 Asic Loopback ...
0: . 1: . 2: . 3: . 4: . 5: . 6: . 7: . 8: . 9: . 10: . 11: .
```

```
12: . 13: . 14: . 15: . 16: . 17: . 18: . 19: . 20: . 21: . 22: . 23: .
24: . 25: . 26: . 27: . 28: . 29: . 30: . 31:
Port Traffic: L3 Asic Loopback ...
0: . 1: . 2: . 3: . 4: . 5: . 6: . 7: . 8: . 9: . 10: . 11: .
12: . 13: . 14: . 15: . 16: . 17: . 18: . 19: . 20: . 21: . 22: . 23: .
24: . 25: . 26: . 27: . 28: . 29: . 30: . 31: . au: .
Switch Subsystem Memory ...
1: . 2: . 3: . 4: . 5: . 6: . 7: . 8: . 9: . 10: . 11: . 12: .
13: . 14: . 15: . 16: . 17: . 18: . 19: . 20: . 21: . 22: . 23: . 24: .
25: . 26: . 27: . 28: . 29: . 30: . 31: . 32: . 33: . 34: . 35: . 36: .
37: . 38: . 39: . 40: . 41: . 42: . 43: . 44: . 45: . 46: . 47: . 48: .
49: . 50: . 51: . 52: . 53: . 54: .
Module 1 Passed
  2) packet-memory-bootup -----> .
       Error code -----> 0 (DIAG SUCCESS)
       Total run count -----> 0
       Last test execution time ----> n/a
       First test failure time -----> n/a
       Last test failure time ----> n/a
       Last test pass time -----> n/a
       Total failure count ----> 0
       Consecutive failure count ----> 0
packet buffers on free list: 64557 bad: 0 used for ongoing tests: 979
Number of errors found: 0
Cells with hard errors (failed two or more tests): 0
Cells with soft errors (failed one test, includes hard): 0
Suspect bad cells (uses a block that tested bad): 0
total buffers: 65536
bad buffers: 0 (0.0%)
good buffers: 65536 (100.0%)
Bootup test results:1
No errors.
  3) packet-memory-ongoing ----> U
       Error code -----> 0 (DIAG_SUCCESS)
       Total run count -----> 0
       Last test execution time ----> n/a
       First test failure time -----> n/a
       Last test failure time -----> n/a
        Last test pass time ----> n/a
       Total failure count -----> 0
       Consecutive failure count ----> 0
packet buffers on free list: 64557 bad: 0 used for ongoing tests: 979
Packet memory errors: 0 0
```

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```
Current alert level: green
Per 5 seconds in the last minute:
  0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
  0 0
Per minute in the last hour:
  0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
    \  \, 0\  \, 0\  \, 0\  \, 0\  \, 0\  \, 0\  \, 0\  \, 0\  \, 0
   0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
   0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
   0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
Per hour in the last day:
  0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
   0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
   0 0 0 0
Per day in the last 30 days:
  0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
   0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
   Direct memory test failures per minute in the last hour:
  0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
  0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
   0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
   0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
  0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
Potential false positives: 0 0
 Ignored because of rx errors: 0 0
 Ignored because of cdm fifo overrun: 0 0
 Ignored because of oir: 0 0
 Ignored because isl frames received: 0 0
 Ignored during boot: 0 0
 Ignored after writing hw stats: 0 0
 Ignored on high gigaport: 0
Ongoing diag action mode: Normal
Last 1000 Memory Test Failures:
Last 1000 Packet Memory errors:
First 1000 Packet Memory errors:
```

Switch#

### show diagnostic result module test

To display the results of the bootup packet memory test, use the **show diagnostic result module test** command. The output indicates whether the test passed, failed, or was not run.

show diagnostic result module  $[N \mid all]$  [test test-id] [detail]

#### **Syntax Description**

N	Specifies the module number.	
all	Specifies all modules.	
test test-id	Specifies the number for the tdr test on the platform.	
detail	il (Optional) Specifies the display of detailed information for analysis	
	This option is recommended.	

**Defaults** 

Non-detailed results

**Command Modes** 

EXEC mode

#### **Command History**

Release	Modification
12.2(25)SG	This command was introduced on the Catalyst 4500 series switch.

#### **Usage Guidelines**

The **detail** keyword is intended for use by Cisco support personnel when analyzing failures.

#### **Examples**

This example shows how to display the results of the bootup packet memory tests:

Switch# show diagnostic result module 6 detail

```
module 6:
```

```
Overall diagnostic result:PASS

Test results:(. = Pass, F = Fail, U = Untested)
```

1) linecard-online-diag ----->

```
Slot Ports Card Type
                                    Diag Status
                                                Diag Details
6 48 10/100/1000BaseT (RJ45)V, Cisco/IEEE Passed
                                             None
Detailed Status
_____
               U = Unknown
. = Pass
L = Loopback failure S = Stub failure
\begin{array}{lll} \mbox{I = Ilc failure} & \mbox{P = Port failure} \\ \mbox{E = SEEPROM failure} & \mbox{G = GBIC integrity check failure} \end{array}
Ports 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16
Ports 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32
Ports 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41 42 43 44 45 46 47 48
  2) online-diag-tdr:
  Port 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24
  ______
      Port 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41 42 43 44 45 46 47 48
      Error code -----> 0 (DIAG_SUCCESS)
       Total run count -----> 1
       Last test execution time -----> Jan 22 2001 03:01:54
       First test failure time -----> n/a
       Last test failure time -----> n/a
       Last test pass time -----> Jan 22 2001 03:01:54
       Total failure count -----> 0
       Consecutive failure count ----> 0
Detailed Status
TDR test is in progress on interface Gi6/1
```

Switch#

**Related Commands** 

diagnostic start

### show diagnostic result module test 2

To display the results of the bootup packet memory test, use the **show diagnostic result module test 2** command. The output indicates whether the test passed, failed, or was not run.

show diagnostic result module N test 2 [detail]

#### **Syntax Description**

N	Specifies the module number.
detail	(Optional) Specifies the display of detailed information for analysis.

#### Defaults

Non-detailed results

#### **Command Modes**

EXEC mode

#### **Command History**

Release	Modification
12.2(18)EW	This command was introduced on the Catalyst 4500 series switch.

#### **Usage Guidelines**

The detail keyword is intended for use by Cisco support personnel when analyzing failures.

#### **Examples**

This example shows how to display the results of the bootup packet memory tests:

```
Switch# show diagnostic result module 1 test 2
```

```
Test results: (. = Pass, F = Fail, U = Untested)
2) packet-memory-bootup -----> .
```

This example shows how to display detailed results from the bootup packet memory tests:

Switch# show diagnostic result module 2 test 2 detail

```
Test results: (. = Pass, F = Fail, U = Untested)
```

```
Number of errors found: 0
Cells with hard errors (failed two or more tests): 0
Cells with soft errors (failed one test, includes hard): 0
Suspect bad cells (uses a block that tested bad): 0
total buffers: 65536
bad buffers: 0 (0.0%)
good buffers: 65536 (100.0%)
Bootup test results:
No errors.
```

diagnostic monitor action show diagnostic result module test 3

### show diagnostic result module test 3

To display the results from the ongoing packet memory test, use the **show diagnostic result module test 3** command. The output indicates whether the test passed, failed, or was not run.

show diagnostic result module N test 3 [detail]

#### **Syntax Description**

N	Module number.
detail	(Optional) Specifies the display of detailed information for analysis.

#### Defaults

Non-detailed results

#### **Command Modes**

EXEC mode

#### **Command History**

Release	Modification
12.2(18)EW	This command was introduced on the Catalyst 4500 series switch.

#### **Usage Guidelines**

The detail keyword is intended for use by Cisco support personnel when analyzing failures.

#### **Examples**

This example shows how to display the results from the ongoing packet memory tests:

```
{\tt Switch\#\ show\ diagnostic\ result\ module\ 1\ test\ 3}
```

This example shows how to display the detailed results from the ongoing packet memory tests:

Switch# show diagnostic result module 1 test 3 detail

```
Test results: (. = Pass, F = Fail, U = Untested)
```

```
Packet memory errors: 0 0
Current alert level: green
Per 5 seconds in the last minute:
    0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
    0 0
Per minute in the last hour:
    0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
    0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
     \  \  \, 0\  \  \, 0\  \  \, 0\  \  \, 0\  \  \, 0\  \  \, 0\  \  \, 0\  \  \, 0
    0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
Per hour in the last day:
     \  \  \, 0\  \  \, 0\  \  \, 0\  \  \, 0\  \  \, 0\  \  \, 0\  \  \, 0\  \  \, 0
    0 0 0 0
Per day in the last 30 days:
    0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
Direct memory test failures per minute in the last hour:
    0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
    0 \ \ 0 \ \ 0 \ \ 0 \ \ 0 \ \ 0 \ \ 0 \ \ 0 \ \ 0
    0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
     \  \, 0\  \, 0\  \, 0\  \, 0\  \, 0\  \, 0\  \, 0\  \, 0\  \, 0
Potential false positives: 0 0
  Ignored because of rx errors: 0 0
  Ignored because of cdm fifo overrun: 0 0
  Ignored because of oir: 0 0
  Ignored because isl frames received: 0 0
  Ignored during boot: 0 0
  Ignored after writing hw stats: 0 0
  Ignored on high gigaport: 0
Ongoing diag action mode: Normal
Last 1000 Memory Test Failures: v
Last 1000 Packet Memory errors:
First 1000 Packet Memory errors:
```

diagnostic monitor action show diagnostic result module test 2

### show dot1x

To display the 802.1X statistics and operational status for the entire switch or for a specified interface, use the **show dot1x** command.

show dot1x [interface interface-id] | [statistics [interface interface-id]] | [all]

#### **Syntax Description**

interface interface-id	(Optional) Displays the 802.1X status for the specified port.
statistics	(Optional) Displays 802.1X statistics for the switch or the specified interface.
all	(Optional) Displays per-interface 802.1X configuration information for all interfaces with a non-default 802.1X configuration.

**Defaults** 

This command has no default settings.

#### **Command Modes**

Privileged EXEC

#### **Command History**

Release	Modification
12.1(12c)EW	Support for this command was introduced on the Catalyst 4500 series switch.
12.1(19)EW	Display enhanced to show the guest-VLAN value.
12.2(25)EW	Support for the 10-Gigabit Ethernet interface was introduced on the Catalyst 4500 series switch.
12.2(25)EWA	Support for currently-assigned reauthentication timer (if the timer is configured to honor the Session-Timeout value) was added.

#### **Usage Guidelines**

If you do not specify an interface, the global parameters and a summary are displayed. If you specify an interface, the details for that interface are displayed.

If you specify the **statistics** keyword without the **interface** option, the statistics are displayed for all interfaces. If you specify the **statistics** keyword with the **interface** option, the statistics are displayed for the specified interface.

Expressions are case sensitive. For example, if you enter **exclude output**, the lines that contain *output* are not displayed, but the lines that contain *Output* are displayed.

The **show dot1x** command displays the currently-assigned reauthentication timer and time remaining before reauthentication, if reauthentication is enabled.

#### **Examples**

This example shows how to display the output from the **show dot1x** command:

Switch# show dot1x
Sysauthcontrol = Disabled
Dot1x Protocol Version = 1
Dot1x Oper Controlled Directions = Both
Dot1x Admin Controlled Directions = Both
Switch#

This example shows how to display the 802.1X statistics for a specific port:

```
Switch# show dot1x interface fa6/1
Supplicant MAC <Not Applicable>
  AuthSM State
                  = N/A
                  = N/A
  BendSM State
                 = 3600 Seconds (Locally Configured)
  ReAuthPeriod
  ReAuthAction = Reauthenticate
  TimeToNextReauth = N/A
PortStatus
            = N/A
                = 2
MaxReq
MaxAuthReq
               = 2.
HostMode
                = Single
           = Auco
= 60 Seconds
PortControl
QuietPeriod
Re-authentication = Enabled
               = 3600 Seconds
ReAuthPeriod
ServerTimeout = 30 Seconds
SuppTimeout
              = 30 Seconds
TxPeriod
               = 30 Seconds
Guest-Vlan
              = 0
Switch#
```



Table 2-16 provides a partial list of the displayed fields. The remaining fields in the display show internal state information. For a detailed description of these state machines and their settings, refer to the 802.1X specification.

Table 2-16 show dot1x interface Field Description

Field	Description
PortStatus	Status of the port (authorized or unauthorized). The status of a port is displayed as authorized if the <b>dot1x port-control</b> interface configuration command is set to <b>auto</b> and has successfully completed authentication.
Port Control	Setting of the <b>dot1x port-control</b> interface configuration command.
MultiHosts	Setting of the <b>dot1x multiple-hosts</b> interface configuration command (allowed or disallowed).

This is an example of output from the **show dot1x statistics interface gigabitethernet1/1** command. Table 2-17 describes the fields in the display.

Switch# show dot1x statistics interface gigabitethernet1/1

```
PortStatistics Parameters for Dot1x

TxReqId = 0  TxReq = 0  TxTotal = 0

RxStart = 0  RxLogoff = 0  RxRespId = 0  RxResp = 0

RxInvalid = 0  RxLenErr = 0  RxTotal = 0

RxVersion = 0  LastRxSrcMac 0000.0000.0000

Switch#
```

Table 2-17 show dot1x statistics Field Descriptions

Field	Description
TxReq/TxReqId	Number of EAP-request/identity frames that have been sent.
TxTotal	Number of EAPOL frames of any type that have been sent.

Table 2-17 show dot1x statistics Field Descriptions (continued)

Field	Description	
RxStart	Number of valid EAPOL-start frames that have been received.	
RxLogoff	Number of EAPOL-logoff frames that have been received.	
RxRespId	Number of EAP-response/identity frames that have been received.	
RxResp	Number of valid EAP-response frames (other than response/identity frames) that have been received.	
RxInvalid	Number of EAPOL frames that have been received and have an unrecognized frame type.	
RxLenError	Number of EAPOL frames that have been received in which the packet body length field is invalid.	
RxTotal	Number of valid EAPOL frames of any type that have been received.	
RxVersion	Protocol version number carried in the most recently received EAPOL frame.	
LastRxSrcMac	Source MAC address carried in the most recently received EAPOL frame.	

dot1x guest-vlan dot1x max-reauth-req dot1x port-control

### show environment

To display the environment alarm, operational status, and current reading for the chassis, use the **show environment** command.

show environment [alarm] | [status [chassis | fantray | powersupply | supervisor]] | [temperature]

#### **Syntax Description**

alarm	(Optional) Specifies the alarm status of the chassis.	
status	(Optional) Specifies the operational status information.	
chassis	(Optional) Specifies the operational status of the chassis.	
fantray	(Optional) Specifies the status of the fan tray, and shows fan tray power consumption.	
powersupply	(Optional) Specifies the status of the power supply.	
supervisor	(Optional) Specifies the status of the supervisor engine.	
temperature	(Optional) Specifies the current chassis temperature readings.	

#### Defaults

This command has no default settings.

#### **Command Modes**

Privileged EXEC

#### **Command History**

Release	Modification
12.1(8a)EW	Support for this command was introduced on the Catalyst 4500 series switch.
12.1(12c)EW	Support for the ability to display generic environment information with the <b>show environment</b> command was added.

#### **Examples**

This example shows how to display information about the environment alarms, operational status, and current temperature readings for the chassis:

Switch# show environment no alarm

Chassis Temperature = 32 degrees Celsius Chassis Over Temperature Threshold = 75 degrees Celsius Chassis Critical Temperature Threshold = 95 degrees Celsius

Power				Far	1	
Supply	Model N	0	Type	Sta	atus	Sensor
PS1	PWR-C45-1400AC		AC 1400W goo		od	good
PS2	none					
Power S	upply	Max	Min	Max	Min	Absolute
(Nos in	Watts)	Inline	Inline	System	System	Maximum
PS1		0	0	1360	1360	1400
PS2						

```
Power supplies needed by system : 1
Chassis Type : WS-C4507R
Supervisor Led Color : Green
Fantray : good
```

Power consumed by Fantray: 50 Watts

This example shows how to display information about the environment alarms:

```
Switch# show environment alarm
no alarm
Switch#
```

This example shows how to display information about the power supplies, chassis type, and fan trays:

#### Switch# show environment status Power Fan Supply Model No Type Status Sensor PWR-C45-1400AC AC 1400W good PS1 good PS2 none Max Min Power Supply Max Min Absolute (Nos in Watts) Inline Inline System System Maximum

Power supplies needed by system : 1

Chassis Type : WS-C4507R

Supervisor Led Color : Green

Fantray : good

Power consumed by Fantray: 50 Watts

Switch#

This example shows how to display information about the chassis:

```
Switch# show environment status chassis
Chassis Type :WS-C4006
Switch#
```

This example shows how to display information about the fan tray:

```
Switch# show environment status fantray
Fantray : good
Power consumed by Fantray : 50 Watts
Switch#
```

This example shows how to display information about the power supply:

Switch#	show environment	status pow	ersupply	
Power				Fan
Supply	Model No	Type	Status	Sensor
PS1	WS-X4008	AC 400W	good	good
PS2	WS-X4008	AC 400W	good	good
PS3	none			
Switch#				

This example shows how to display information about the supervisor engine:

```
Switch# show environment status supervisor
Supervisor Led Color :Green
Switch#
```

This example shows how to display information about the temperature of the chassis:

```
Switch# show environment temperature

Chassis Temperature = 2 32 degrees Celsius

Chassis Over Temperature Threshold = 75 degrees Celsius

Chassis Critical Temperature Threshold = 95 degrees Celsius

Switch#
```

### show errdisable detect

To display the error disable detection status, use the **show errdisable detect** command.

#### show errdisable detect

**Syntax Description** 

This command has no arguments or keywords.

Defaults

This command has no default settings.

**Command Modes** 

Privileged EXEC

#### **Command History**

Release	Modification
12.1(8a)EW	Support for this command was introduced on the Catalyst 4500 series switch.
12.1(19)EW	Display includes the status of storm control.

#### **Examples**

This example shows how to display the error disable detection status:

#### Switch# show errdisable detect

ErrDisable Reason	Detection status
udld	Enabled
bpduguard	Enabled
security-violatio	Enabled
channel-misconfig	Disabled
psecure-violation	Enabled
vmps	Enabled
pagp-flap	Enabled
dtp-flap	Enabled
link-flap	Enabled
12ptguard	Enabled
gbic-invalid	Enabled
dhcp-rate-limit	Enabled
unicast-flood	Enabled
storm-control	Enabled
ilpower	Enabled
arp-inspection	Enabled
Switch#	

#### **Related Commands**

errdisable detect errdisable recovery show interfaces status

# show errdisable recovery

To display error disable recovery timer information, use the **show errdisable recovery** command.

#### show errdisable recovery

#### **Syntax Description**

This command has no arguments or keywords.

Defaults

This command has no default settings.

**Command Modes** 

Privileged EXEC

#### **Command History**

Release	Modification
12.1(8a)EW	Support for this command was introduced on the Catalyst 4500 series switch.
12.1(19)EW	Display includes the status of storm control.

#### **Examples**

This example shows how to display recovery timer information for error disable:

#### Switch# show errdisable recovery

ErrDisable Reason	Timer Status
udld	Disabled
bpduguard	Disabled
security-violatio	Disabled
channel-misconfig	Disabled
vmps	Disabled
pagp-flap	Disabled
dtp-flap	Disabled
link-flap	Disabled
12ptguard	Disabled
psecure-violation	Disabled
gbic-invalid	Disabled
dhcp-rate-limit	Disabled
unicast-flood	Disabled
storm-control	Disabled
arp-inspection	Disabled

Timer interval:30 seconds

Interfaces that will be enabled at the next timeout:

Interface	Errdisable reason	Time left(sec)
Fa7/32	arp-inspect	13

#### **Related Commands**

errdisable detect errdisable recovery show interfaces status

### show etherchannel

To display EtherChannel information for a channel, use the **show etherchannel** command.

 $show\ ether channel\ [\mathit{channel-group}]\ \{port\text{-}channel\ |\ brief\ |\ detail\ |\ summary\ |\ port\ |\ load\text{-}balance} \\ |\ protocol\}$ 

#### **Syntax Description**

channel-group	(Optional) Number of the channel group; valid values are from 1 to 64.
port-channel	Displays port-channel information.
brief	Displays a summary of EtherChannel information.
detail	Displays detailed EtherChannel information.
summary	Displays a one-line summary per channel group.
port	Displays EtherChannel port information.
load-balance	Displays load-balance information.
protocol	Displays the enabled protocol.

Defaults

This command has no default settings.

#### **Command Modes**

Privileged EXEC

#### **Command History**

Release	Modification
12.1(8a)EW	Support for this command was introduced on the Catalyst 4500 series switch.
12.1(13)EW	Support for LACP was added to this command.

#### **Usage Guidelines**

If you do not specify a channel group, all channel groups are displayed.

In the output below, the Passive port list field is displayed for Layer 3 port channels only. This field means that the physical interface, which is still not up, is configured to be in the channel group (and indirectly is in the only port channel in the channel group).

#### **Examples**

This example shows how to display port-channel information for a specific group:

```
Ports in the Port-channel:
Index Load Port
------
Switch#
```

This example shows how to display load-balancing information:

```
Switch# show etherchannel load-balance
Source XOR Destination mac address
Switch#
```

This example shows how to display a summary of information for a specific group:

```
Switch# show etherchannel 1 brief
Group state = L3
Ports: 2   Maxports = 8
port-channels: 1 Max port-channels = 1
Switch#
This example shows how to display detailed information for a specific group:
Switch# show etherchannel 1 detail
Group state = L3
```

```
Group state = L3
Ports: 2 Maxports = 8
Port-channels: 1 Max Port-channels = 1
            Ports in the group:
Port: Fa5/4
          = EC-Enbld Down Not-in-Bndl Usr-Config
Port state
Psudo-agport = Po1
Port indx
           = 0
                      Load = 0x00
Flags: S - Device is sending Slow hello. C - Device is in Consistent state.
      A - Device is in Auto mode. P - Device learns on physical port.
Timers: H - Hello timer is running.
                                  Q - Quit timer is running.
      S - Switching timer is running. I - Interface timer is running.
Local information:
                           Hello
                                  Partner PAgP
                                                 Learning Group
        Flags State Timers Interval Count Priority Method Ifindex
Port
Fa5/4
       d U1/S1
                           1s
                                  0
                                         128
                                                  Anv
```

```
Age of the port in the current state: 02h:33m:14s Port: Fa5/5
```

```
Flags: S - Device is sending Slow hello. C - Device is in Consistent state.

A - Device is in Auto mode. P - Device learns on physical port.

Timers: H - Hello timer is running. Q - Quit timer is running.

S - Switching timer is running. I - Interface timer is running.
```

#### Local information:

```
Hello Partner PAgP Learning Group
Port Flags State Timers Interval Count Priority Method Ifindex
Fa5/5 d U1/S1 1s 0 128 Any 0
```

```
Age of the port in the current state: 02h:33m:17s
          Port-channels in the group:
               -----
Port-channel: Po1
_____
Age of the Port-channel = 02h:33m:52s
Logical slot/port = 10/1 Number of ports in agport = 0
                                 HotStandBy port = null
                  = 0x00000000
Passive port list = Fa5/4 Fa5/5
Port state
                  = Port-channel L3-Ag Ag-Not-Inuse
Ports in the Port-channel:
Index Load Port
-----
Switch#
This example shows how to display a one-line summary per channel group:
Switch# show etherchannel summary
U-in use I-in port-channel S-suspended D-down i-stand-alone d-default
Group Port-channel Ports
                                 _____
    Po1(U) Fa5/4(I) Fa5/5(I)
Po2(U) Fa5/6(I) Fa5/7(I)
2
Switch#
This example shows how to display EtherChannel port information for all ports and all groups:
Switch# show etherchannel port
               Channel-group listing:
               ______
Group: 1
              Ports in the group:
               -----
Port: Fa5/4
Port state = EC-Enbld Down Not-in-Bndl Usr-Config
Channel group = 1 Mode = Desirable Gcchange = 0
Port-channel = null GC = 0x00000000 Psudo-agport = Pol
Port indx
           = 0
                         Load = 0x00
Flags: S - Device is sending Slow hello. C - Device is in Consistent state.
A - Device is in Auto mode. 
 P - Device learns on physical port. 
 Timers: H - Hello timer is running. 
 Q - Quit timer is running.
       S - Switching timer is running. I - Interface timer is running.
Local information:
                            Hello Partner PAgP
                                                     Learning Group
Port
        Flags State Timers Interval Count Priority Method Ifindex
        d U1/S1
                             1s
                                 0
                                                      Any
Age of the port in the current state: 02h:40m:35s
Port: Fa5/5
Port state = EC-Enbld Down Not-in-Bndl Usr-Config
Channel group = 1 Mode = Desirable Gcchange = 0
Port-channel = null GC = 0 \times 000000000 Psudo-agport = Pol
Port indx = 0 Load - 0 \times 00
Port indx = 0
                         Load = 0x00
```

```
Flags: S - Device is sending Slow hello. C - Device is in Consistent state.

A - Device is in Auto mode. P - Device learns on physical port.

Timers: H - Hello timer is running. Q - Quit timer is running.

S - Switching timer is running. I - Interface timer is running.

<...output truncated...>

Switch#
```

This example shows how to display the protocol enabled:

```
Switch# show etherchannel protocol

Channel-group listing:

Group: 12

Protocol: PAgP

Group: 24

Protocol: - (Mode ON)
```

#### **Related Commands**

channel-group interface port-channel

Switch#

# show flowcontrol

To display the per-interface status and statistics related to flow control, use the **show flowcontrol** command.

**show flowcontrol** [module slot | interface interface]

#### **Syntax Description**

module slot	(Optional) Limits the display to interfaces on a specific module.
interface interface	(Optional) Displays the status on a specific interface.

#### Defaults

This command has no default settings.

#### **Command Modes**

Privileged EXEC

#### **Command History**

Release	Modification
12.1(8a)EW	Support for this command was introduced on the Catalyst 4500 series switch.
12.2(25)EW	Support for the 10-Gigabit Ethernet interface was introduced on the Catalyst 4500 series switch.

#### **Usage Guidelines**

Table 2-18 describes the fields in the **show flowcontrol** command output.

Table 2-18 show flowcontrol Command Output

Field	Description
Port	Module and port number.
Send-Flowcontrol-Admin	Flow-control administration. Possible settings: <b>on</b> indicates the local port sends flow control to the far end; <b>off</b> indicates the local port does not send flow control to the far end; <b>desired</b> indicates the local end sends flow control to the far end if the far end supports it.
Send-Flowcontrol-Oper	Flow-control operation. Possible setting: <b>disagree</b> indicates the two ports could not agree on a link protocol.
Receive-Flowcontrol-Admin	Flow-control administration. Possible settings: <b>on</b> indicates the local port requires the far end to send flow control; <b>off</b> indicates the local port does not allow the far end to send flow control; <b>desired</b> indicates the local end allows the far end to send flow control.
Receive-Flowcontrol-Oper	Flow-control operation. Possible setting: <b>disagree</b> indicates the two ports could not agree on a link protocol.
RxPause	Number of pause frames received.
TxPause	Number of pause frames transmitted.

#### **Examples**

This example shows how to display the flow control status on all the Gigabit Ethernet interfaces:

#### Switch# show flowcontrol

Port		owControl			RxPause TxPaus	
	admin	oper	admin	oper		
Te1/1	off	off	on	off	0	0
Te1/2	off	off	on	off	0	0
Gi1/3	off	off	desired	on	0	0
Gi1/4	off	off	desired	on	0	0
Gi1/5	off	off	desired	on	0	0
Gi1/6	off	off	desired	on	0	0
Gi3/1	off	off	desired	off	0	0
Gi3/2	off	off	desired	off	0	0
Gi3/3	off	off	desired	off	0	0
Gi3/4	off	off	desired	off	0	0
Gi3/5	off	off	desired	off	0	0
Gi3/6	off	off	desired	off	0	0
Switch#						

This example shows how to display the flow control status on module 1:

Switch#	show flow	wcontrol :	module 1			
Port	Send Flow	wControl	Receive	FlowControl	RxPause	TxPause
	admin	oper	admin	oper		
Gi1/1	desired	off	off	off	0	0
Gi1/2	on	disagree	on	on	0	0

This example shows how to display the flow control status on Gigabit Ethernet interface 3/4:

Switch#	show flo	wcontrol	interface	gigabitethe	rnet3/4	
Port	Send Flo	wControl	Receive :	FlowControl	RxPause	TxPause
	admin	oper	admin	oper		
Gi3/4 Switch#	off	off	on	on	0	0

This example shows how to display the flow control status on 10-Gigabit Ethernet interface 1/1:

#### Switch# show flowcontrol interface tengigabitethernet1/1

Port	Send Flow	wControl	Receive	FlowControl	RxPause	e TxPause
	admin	oper	admin	oper		
Te1/1 Switch#	off	off	on	off	0	0

#### **Related Commands**

flowcontrol

Switch#

show interfaces status

# show hw-module uplink

To display the current uplink mode, use the **show hw-module uplink** command.

show hw-module uplink

**Defaults** 

None

**Command Modes** 

Privileged EXEC

#### **Command History**

Release	Modification
12.2(25)EW	Support for this command was introduced on the Catalyst 4500 series switch.

#### **Usage Guidelines**

If the active uplink mode is different than configured mode, the output displays the change.

By default, the current (operational) uplink selection is displayed.

#### **Examples**

This example shows the output displaying the current (active) uplinks:

Switch# show hw-module uplink

Active uplink configuration is TenGigabitEthernet

This example shows the output for redundant systems in SSO mode if the 10-Gigabit Ethernet uplinks are active, and the Gigabit Ethernet uplinks are selected:

#### Switch# show hw-module uplink

Active uplink configuration is TenGigabitEthernet (will be GigabitEthernet after next reload)
A 'redundancy reload shelf' or power-cycle of chassis is required to apply the new configuration

This example shows the output for redundant systems in RPR mode if the 10-Gigabit Ethernet uplinks are active, and the Gigabit Ethernet uplinks are selected:

#### Switch# show hw-module uplink

Active uplink configuration is TenGigabitEthernet (will be GigabitEthernet after next reload)
A reload of active supervisor is required to apply the new configuration.

#### **Related Commands**

hw-module uplink select

# show idprom

To display the IDPROMs for the chassis, supervisor engine, module, power supplies, fan trays, clock module, and multiplexer (mux) buffer, use the **show idprom** command.

show idprom {all | chassis | module [mod] | interface int\_name | supervisor | power-supply
 number | fan-tray}

#### **Syntax Description**

all	Displays information for all IDPROMs.
chassis	Displays information for the chassis IDPROMs.
module	Displays information for the module IDPROMs.
mod	(Optional) Specifies the module name.
interface int_name	Displays information for the GBIC or SFP IDPROMs.
supervisor	Displays information for the supervisor engine IDPROMs.
power-supply number	Displays information for the power supply IDPROMs.
fan-tray	Displays information for the fan tray IDPROMs.

#### **Defaults**

This command has no default settings.

#### **Command Modes**

Privileged EXEC

#### **Command History**

Release	Modification
12.1(8a)EW	Support for this command was introduced on the Catalyst 4500 series switch.
12.1(12c)EW	Support for the <b>power-supply</b> , <b>fan-tray</b> , <b>clock-module</b> , and <b>mux-buffer</b> keywords was added.
12.1(13)EW	Support for interface keyword was added.
12.2(18)EW	Enhanced the <b>show idprom interface</b> output to include the hexadecimal display of the GBIC/SFP SEEPROM contents.
12.2(25)EW	Support for the 10-Gigabit Ethernet interface was introduced on the Catalyst 4500 series switch.

#### **Usage Guidelines**

When you enter the **show idprom interface** command, the output lines for Calibration type and Rx (receive) power measurement may not be displayed for all GBICs.

#### **Examples**

This example shows how to display IDPROM information for module 4:

Switch# show idprom module 4  $\,$ 

Module 4 Idprom:

Common Block Signature = 0xABAB

Common Block Version = 1

Common Block Length = 144

```
Common Block Checksum = 4199
 Idprom Size = 256
Block Count = 2
FRU Major Type = 0x4201
FRU Minor Type = 303
OEM String = Cisco Systems, Inc.
Product Number = WS-X4306
Serial Number = 00000135
Part Number = <tbd>
Hardware Revision = 0.2
Manufacturing Bits = 0x0000
Engineering Bits = 0x0000
Snmp OID = 0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0
Power Consumption = 0
RMA Failure Code = 0 0 0 0
Linecard Block Signature = 0x4201
Linecard Block Version = 1
Linecard Block Length = 24
Linecard Block Checksum = 658
Feature Bits = 0x0000000000000000
Card Feature Index = 50
MAC Base = 0010.7bab.9830
MAC Count = 6
Switch#
```

This example shows how to display IDPROM information for the GBICs on the Gigabit Ethernet interface 1/2:

```
{\tt Switch\#\ show\ idprom\ interface\ gigabitethernet1/2}
GBIC Serial EEPROM Contents:
Common Block:
 Identifier
                  = GBIC [0x1]
Extended Id
                 = Not specified/compliant with defined MOD_DEF [0x0]
Connector
                 = SC connector [0x1]
 Transceiver
 Speed
                  = Not available [0x0]
  Media
                  = Not available [0x0]
 Technology
                  = Not available [0x0]
                 = Not available [0x0]
 Link Length
 GE Comp Codes = Not available [0x0]
 SONET Comp Codes = Not available [0x0]
 Encoding
                 = 8B10B [0x1]
 BR, Nominal
                  = 1300000000 MHz
 Length(9u) in km = GBIC does not support single mode fibre, or the length
                    must be determined from the transceiver technology.
 Length(9u)
                   = > 25.4 \text{ km}
 Length(50u)
                  = GBIC does not support 50 micron multi-mode fibre, or the
                    length must be determined from the transceiver technology.
                 = GBIC does not support 62.5 micron multi-mode fibre, or
 Length (62.5u)
                    the length must be determined from transceiver technology.
                = GBIC does not support copper cables, or the length must
 Length(Copper)
                    be determined from the transceiver technology.
 Vendor name
                  = CTSCO-FINISAR
 Vendor OUI
                  = 36965
                  = FTR-0119-CSC
 Vendor Part No.
 Vendor Part Rev. = B
 Wavelength
                  = Not available
CC_BASE
                  = 0x1A
Extended ID Fields
Options
                   = Loss of Signal implemented TX_FAULT signal implemented TX_DISABLE is
implemented and disables the serial output [0x1A]
BR, max
                  = Unspecified
```

BR, min

= Unspecified

```
Vendor Serial No. = K1273DH
Date code = 030409
Diag monitoring = Implemented
Calibration type = Internal
Rx pwr measuremnt = Optical Modulation Amplitude (OMA)
Address change = Required
CC_EXT
                = 0xB2
Vendor Specific ID Fields:
20944D30 29 00 02 80 22 33 38 3D C7 67 83 E8 DF 65 6A AF )..."38=Gg^Ch_ej/
SEEPROM contents (hex) size 128:
0x0000 01 00 01 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 01 0D 00 00 FF
0x0010 00 00 00 00 43 49 53 43 4F 2D 46 49 4E 49 53 41
                                                  ....CISCO-FINISA
0x0020 52 20 20 20 00 00 90 65 46 54 52 2D 30 31 31 39
                                                  R ..^PeFTR-0119
0×0030
      2D 43 53 43 20 20 20 20 42 20 20 20 00 00 01 1A
                                                  -CSC B
0x0040 00 1A 00 00 4B 31 32 37 33 44 48 20 20 20 20 20
                                                  ....K1273DH
0x0050 20 20 20 20 30 33 30 34 30 39 20 20 64 00 00 B2
                                                     030409 d..2
0x0060 29 00 02 80 22 33 38 3D C7 67 83 E8 DF 65 6A AF
                                                 )..^@"38=Gg^C._ej.
0x0070 1A 80 ED 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 38 23 3C 1B
                                                  .^@m....8#<.
Switch#
```

This example shows how to display IDPROM information for the 10-Gigabit Ethernet interface 1/1:

```
X2 Serial EEPROM Contents:
Non-Volatile Register (NVR) Fields
                                       :0xA
X2 MSA Version supported
NVR Size in bytes
                                       :0x100
Number of bytes used
                                       :0xD0
 Basic Field Address
                                       :0xB
 Customer Field Address
                                      :0x77
                                      :0xA7
 Vendor Field Address
 Extended Vendor Field Address
                                      :0x100
Reserved
                                      :0x0
Transceiver type
                                      :0x2 = X2
 Optical connector type
                                      :0x1 = SC
                                      :0x1 =NRZ
Bit encoding
Normal BitRate in multiple of 1M b/s :0x2848
 Protocol Type
                                       :0x1 = 10GgE
Standards Compliance Codes :
10GbE Code Byte 0
                                      :0x2 = 10GBASE-LR
10GbE Code Byte 1
                                      :0x0
 SONET/SDH Code Byte 0
                                      :0x0
 SONET/SDH Code Byte 1
                                      :0x0
 SONET/SDH Code Byte 2
                                      :0x0
 SONET/SDH Code Byte 3
                                      :0x0
 10GFC Code Byte 0
                                       \cdot 0 \times 0
 10GFC Code Byte 1
                                       :0x0
 10GFC Code Byte 2
                                       :0x0
10GFC Code Byte 3
                                       :0x0
Transmission range in 10m
                                      :0x3E8
Fibre Type :
 Fibre Type Byte 0
                                      :0x40 = NDSF only
Fibre Type Byte 1
                                      :0x0 =Unspecified
 Centre Optical Wavelength in 0.01nm steps - Channel 0 :0x1 0xFF 0xB8
 Centre Optical Wavelength in 0.01nm steps - Channel 1 :0x0 0x0 0x0
 Centre Optical Wavelength in 0.01nm steps - Channel 2 :0x0 0x0 0x0
```

Centre Optical Wavelength in 0.01nm steps - Channel 3 :0x0 0x0 0x0

Package Identifier OUI :0xC09820

Switch# show idprom interface tengigabitethernet1/1

```
Transceiver Vendor OUI :0x3400800
Transceiver vendor name :CISCO-OPNEXT, INC
Part number provided by transceiver vendor
                                        :TRT5021EN-SMC-W
Revision level of part number provided by vendor :00
Vendor serial number
                         :ONJ08290041
Vendor manufacturing date code :2004072000
Reserved1 : 00 02 02 20 D1 00 00
Basic Field Checksum :0x10
Customer Writable Area:
 0x00: 58 32 2D 31 30 47 42 2D 4C 52 20 20 20 20 20 20
 0x10: 20 20 20 20 20 4F 4E 4A 30 38 32 39 30 30 34 31
 0x20: 31 30 2D 32 30 33 36 2D 30 31 20 20 41 30 31 20
Vendor Specific :
 0x30: 00 00 00 00 11 E2 69 A9 2F 95 C6 EE D2 DA B3 FD
 0x40: 9A 34 4A 24 CB 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 EF FC
 0x50: F4 AC 1A D7 11 08 01 36 00
Switch#
```

This example shows how to display IDPROM information for the supervisor engine:

```
Switch# show idprom supervisor
Supervisor Idprom:
Common Block Signature = 0xABAB
Common Block Version = 1
Common Block Length = 144
 Common Block Checksum = 4153
 Idprom Size = 256
Block Count = 2
FRU Major Type = 0x4101
FRU Minor Type = 333
OEM String = Cisco Systems, Inc.
 Product Number = WS-X4014
 Serial Number = JAB05320CCE
 Part Number = 73-6854-04
Part Revision = 05
Manufacturing Deviation String = 0
Hardware Revision = 0.4
Manufacturing Bits = 0x0000
 Engineering Bits = 0x0000
Snmp OID = 0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0
 Power Consumption = 0
 RMA Failure Code = 0 0 0 0
 Supervisor Block Signature = 0x4101
 Supervisor Block Version = 1
 Supervisor Block Length = 24
 Supervisor Block Checksum = 548
 Feature Bits = 0x0000000000000000
Card Feature Index = 95
MAC Base = 0007.0ee5.2a44
MAC Count = 2
Switch#
```

This example shows how to display IDPROM information for the chassis:

```
Switch# show idprom chassis
Chassis Idprom:
 Common Block Signature = 0xABAB
Common Block Version = 1
Common Block Length = 144
Common Block Checksum = 4285
Idprom Size = 256
Block Count = 2
FRU Major Type = 0x4001
 FRU Minor Type = 24
OEM String = Cisco Systems, Inc.
 Product Number = WS-C4006
 Serial Number = FOX04473737
Part Number = 73-4289-02
Part Revision = 02
Manufacturing Deviation String = 0x00
Hardware Revision = 0.2
Manufacturing Bits = 0x0000
Engineering Bits = 0x0000
Snmp OID = 0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0
Chassis Block Signature = 0x4001
Chassis Block Version = 1
Chassis Block Length = 22
Chassis Block Checksum = 421
Feature Bits = 0x0000000000000000
MAC Base = 0004.dd42.2600
MAC Count = 1024
Switch#
```

This example shows how to display IDPROM information for power supply 1:

```
Switch# show idprom power-supply 1
Power Supply 0 Idprom:
Common Block Signature = 0xABAB
Common Block Version = 1
Common Block Length = 144
Common Block Checksum = 10207
Idprom Size = 256
Block Count = 1
FRU Major Type = 0xAB01
FRU Minor Type = 8224
OEM String = Cisco Systems, Inc.
Product Number = WS-CAC-1440W
Serial Number = ACP05180002
Part Number = 34-XXXX-01
Part Revision = A0
Manufacturing Deviation String =
Hardware Revision = 1.1
Manufacturing Bits = 0x0000
Engineering Bits = 0x3031
Snmp OID = 9.12.3.65535.65535.65535.65535
Power Consumption = -1
RMA Failure Code = 255 255 255 255
Power Supply Block Signature = 0xFFFF
PowerSupply Block Version = 255
PowerSupply Block Length = 255
PowerSupply Block Checksum = 65535
Feature Bits = 0x0000000FFFFFFFF
Current @ 110V = -1
Current @ 220V = -1
StackMIB OID = 65535
Switch#
```

This example shows how to display IDPROM information for the fan tray:

```
Switch# show idprom fan-tray
Fan Tray Idprom :
Common Block Signature = 0xABAB
Common Block Version = 1
Common Block Length = 144
Common Block Checksum = 19781
Idprom Size = 256
Block Count = 1
FRU Major Type = 0x4002
FRU Minor Type = 0
OEM String = "Cisco Systems"
 Product Number = WS-X4502-fan
Serial Number =
Part Number =
Part Revision =
Manufacturing Deviation String =
Hardware Revision = 0.1
Manufacturing Bits = 0xFFFF
Engineering Bits = 0xFFFF
Snmp OID = 65535.65535.65535.65535.65535.65535.65535
Power Consumption = -1
RMA Failure Code = 255 255 255 255
Switch#
```

### show interfaces

To display traffic on a specific interface, use the **show interfaces** command.

show interfaces [{{fastethernet mod/interface-number} | {gigabitethernet
 mod/interface-number} | {tengigabitethernet mod/interface-number} | {null
 interface-number} | vlan vlan\_id} | status}]

#### **Syntax Description**

fastethernet mod/interface-number	(Optional) Specifies the Fast Ethernet module and interface.
gigabitethernet mod/interface-number	(Optional) Specifies the Gigabit Ethernet module and interface.
tengigabitethernet mod/interface-number	(Optional) Specifies the 10-Gigabit Ethernet module and interface.
null interface-number	(Optional) Specifies the null interface; the valid value is 0.
vlan vlan_id	(Optional) Specifies the VLAN; valid values are from 1 to 4094.
status	(Optional) Displays status information.

#### **Defaults**

This command has no default settings.

#### **Command Modes**

Privileged EXEC

#### **Command History**

Release	Modification
12.1(8a)EW	Support for this command was introduced on the Catalyst 4500 series switch.
12.1(12c)EW	Support for extended VLAN addresses was added.
12.2(25)EW	Support for the 10-Gigabit Ethernet interface was introduced on the Catalyst 4500 series switch.

#### **Usage Guidelines**

The statistics are collected on a per-VLAN basis for Layer 2-switched packets and Layer 3-switched packets. The statistics are available for both unicast and multicast. The Layer 3-switched packet counts are available for both the ingress and egress directions. The per-VLAN statistics are updated every 5 seconds.

In some cases, you might see a difference in the duplex mode that is displayed between the **show interfaces** command and the **show running-config** commands. The duplex mode that is displayed in the **show interfaces** command is the actual duplex mode that the interface is running. The **show interfaces** command shows the operating mode for an interface, while the **show running-config** command shows the configured mode for an interface.

If you do not enter any keywords, all counters for all modules are displayed.

#### **Examples**

This example shows how to display traffic for a Gigabit Ethernet interface 2/5:

```
Switch# show interfaces gigabitethernet2/5
GigabitEthernet9/5 is up, line protocol is up
Hardware is C4k 1000Mb 802.3, address is 0001.64f8.3fa5 (bia 0001.64f8.3fa5)
Internet address is 172.20.20.20/24
MTU 1500 bytes, BW 1000000 Kbit, DLY 10 usec,
reliability 255/255, txload 1/255, rxload 1/255
Encapsulation ARPA, loopback not set
Keepalive set (10 sec)
Full-duplex, 1000Mb/s
ARP type: ARPA, ARP Timeout 04:00:00
Last input 00:00:00, output never, output hang never
Last clearing of "show interface" counters never
Oueueing strategy: fifo
Output queue 0/40, 0 drops; input queue 0/75, 0 drops
5 minute input rate 1000 bits/sec, 2 packets/sec
5 minute output rate 0 bits/sec, 0 packets/sec
L2 Switched: ucast: 8199 pkt, 1362060 bytes - mcast: 6980 pkt, 371952 bytes
L3 in Switched: ucast: 0 pkt, 0 bytes - mcast: 0 pkt, 0 bytes mcast
L3 out Switched: ucast: 0 pkt, 0 bytes - mcast: 0 pkt, 0 bytes
300114 packets input, 27301436 bytes, 0 no buffer
Received 43458 broadcasts, 0 runts, 0 giants, 0 throttles
0 input errors, 0 CRC, 0 frame, 0 overrun, 0 ignored
0 input packets with dribble condition detected
15181 packets output, 1955836 bytes, 0 underruns
O output errors, O collisions, 3 interface resets
O babbles, O late collision, O deferred
0 lost carrier, 0 no carrier
O output buffer failures, O output buffers swapped out
Switch#
```

This example shows how to display traffic for a 10-Gigabit Ethernet interface 1/1:

```
Switch# show interfaces tengigabitethernet1/1
TenGigabitEthernet1/1 is up, line protocol is up (connected)
  Hardware is Ten Gigabit Ethernet Port, address is 0004.dd46.7700 (bia 0004.dd46.7700)
  MTU 1500 bytes, BW 10000000 Kbit, DLY 10 usec,
     reliability 255/255, txload 1/255, rxload 1/255
  Encapsulation ARPA, loopback not set
  Keepalive set (10 sec)
  Full-duplex, 10Gb/s, link type is auto, media type is 10GBaseL
  input flow-control is off, output flow-control is off
  ARP type: ARPA, ARP Timeout 04:00:00
  Last input never, output never, output hang never
  Last clearing of "show interface" counters never
  Input queue: 0/2000/0/0 (size/max/drops/flushes); Total output drops: 0
  Queueing strategy: fifo
  Output queue: 0/40 (size/max)
  5 minute input rate 0 bits/sec, 0 packets/sec
  5 minute output rate 0 bits/sec, 0 packets/sec
     0 packets input, 0 bytes, 0 no buffer
     Received 0 broadcasts (0 multicast)
     0 runts, 0 giants, 0 throttles
     0 input errors, 0 CRC, 0 frame, 0 overrun, 0 ignored
     0 input packets with dribble condition detected
     0 packets output, 0 bytes, 0 underruns
     O output errors, O collisions, O interface resets
     O babbles, O late collision, O deferred
     0 lost carrier, 0 no carrier
     O output buffer failures, O output buffers swapped out
Switch#
```

This example shows how to display status information for Gigabit Ethernet interface 1/2:

# Switch# show interfaces gigabitethernet1/2 status Port Name Status Vlan Duplex Speed Type Gi1/2 notconnect 1 auto 1000 1000-XWDM-RXONLY Switch#

This example shows how to display status information for the interfaces on the supervisor engine:

#### Switch# show interfaces status

Port	Name	Status	Vlan	Duplex	Speed Type
Te1/1		connected	1	full	10G 10GBase-LR
Te1/2		connected	1	full	10G 10GBase-LR
Switch#					

# show interfaces capabilities

To display the interface capabilities for an interface or for all the interfaces on a switch, use the **show interfaces capabilities** command.

show interfaces capabilities [{module mod}]

show interfaces [interface interface-number] capabilities

#### **Syntax Description**

module mod	(Optional) Display information for the specified module only.				
interface	(Optional) Interface type; valid values are <b>fastethernet</b> , <b>gigabitethernet</b> , <b>tengigabitethernet</b> , and <b>port-channel</b> .				
interface-number	(Optional) Port number.				

Defaults

This command has no default settings.

#### **Command Modes**

Privileged EXEC

#### **Command History**

Release	Modification
12.1(19)EW	Support for this command was introduced on the Catalyst 4500 series switch.
12.2(25)EW	Support for the 10-Gigabit Ethernet interface was introduced on the Catalyst 4500 series switch.

#### **Usage Guidelines**

The *interface-number* argument designates the module and port number. Valid values for *interface-number* depend on the chassis and module used. For example, if you have a 48-port 10/100-Mbps Fast Ethernet RJ-21 (telco connector) switching module installed in a Catalyst 4507 chassis, valid values for the slot number are from 2 to 13 and valid values for the port number are 1 to 48.

#### **Examples**

This example shows how to display the interface capabilities for a module:

#### Switch# show interfaces capabilities module 1

GigabitEthernet1/1

Model: WS-X4516-Gbic
Type: Unsupported GBIC

Speed: 1000
Duplex: full
Trunk encap. type: 802.1Q,ISL

Trunk mode: on,off,desirable,nonegotiate

Channel: yes

Broadcast suppression:percentage(0-100), hw

Flowcontrol: rx-(off,on,desired),tx-(off,on,desired)

VLAN Membership: static, dynamic

Fast Start: yes

Queuing: rx-(N/A), tx-(4q1t, Sharing/Shaping)

```
CoS rewrite:
                      yes
 ToS rewrite:
                      yes
 Inline power:
                      no
 SPAN:
                      source/destination
 UDLD
                       yes
 Link Debounce:
                      no
 Link Debounce Time: no
 Port Security
                      yes
 Dot1x
                       yes
GigabitEthernet1/2
 Model:
                      WS-X4516-Gbic
 Type:
                      Unsupported GBIC
                      1000
 Speed:
 Duplex:
                      full
 Trunk encap. type: 802.1Q, ISL
 Trunk mode: on, off, desirable, nonegotiate
 Channel:
                      yes
 Broadcast suppression:percentage(0-100), hw
                   rx-(off,on,desired),tx-(off,on,desired)
 Flowcontrol:
 VLAN Membership:
                      static, dynamic
 Fast Start:
                      yes
                      rx-(N/A), tx-(4q1t, Sharing/Shaping)
 Oueuing:
 CoS rewrite:
                      ves
 ToS rewrite:
                      yes
 Inline power:
                      no
 SPAN:
                      source/destination
 UDLD
                      yes
 Link Debounce:
                      no
 Link Debounce Time:
 Port Security
                       yes
 Dot1x
                       yes
Switch#
```

This example shows how to display the interface capabilities for the 10-Gigabit Ethernet interface 1/1:

#### Switch# show interfaces tengigabitethernet1/1 capabilities

```
TenGigabitEthernet1/1
 Model:
                        WS-X4517-X2
 Type:
                        10GBase-LR
                        10000
 Speed:
 Duplex:
                        full
                       802.1Q, ISL
 Trunk encap. type:
 Trunk mode:
                        on, off, desirable, nonegotiate
 Channel:
                        ves
 Broadcast suppression: percentage(0-100), hw
 Flowcontrol: rx-(off,on),tx-(off,on)
 VLAN Membership:
                      static, dynamic
 Fast Start:
                       yes
 Queuing:
                       rx-(N/A), tx-(1p3q1t, Sharing/Shaping)
 CoS rewrite:
                        ves
  ToS rewrite:
                        yes
  Inline power:
                        no
 SPAN:
                        source/destination
 IIDI'D:
                        yes
 Link Debounce:
                        no
 Link Debounce Time:
                       no
 Port Security:
                       yes
 Dot1x:
                        yes
 Maximum MTU:
                        9198 bytes (Jumbo Frames)
 Multiple Media Types: no
 Diagnostic Monitoring: N/A
Switch#
```

This example shows how to display the interface capabilities for Gigabit Ethernet interface 1/1:

```
Switch# show interfaces gigabitethernet1/1 capabilities
GigabitEthernet1/1
 Model:
                       WS-X4014-Gbic
                       No Ghic
 Type:
                       1000
 Speed:
                       full
 Duplex:
 Trunk encap. type: 802.1Q, ISL
 Trunk mode:
                      on, off, desirable, nonegotiate
 Channel:
                       yes
 Broadcast suppression:percentage(0-100), hw
                   rx-(off,on,desired),tx-(off,on,desired)
 Flowcontrol:
 VLAN Membership:
                       static, dynamic
 Fast Start:
                       yes
                       rx-(N/A), tx-(4q1t, Sharing/Shaping)
 Queuing:
 CoS rewrite:
                       ves
 ToS rewrite:
                       yes
 Inline power:
                       no
 SPAN:
                      source/destination
 UDLD:
                       yes
 Link Debounce:
                       no
 Link Debounce Time:
                       no
 Port Security:
                       ves
 Dot1x:
                       yes
 MTU Supported:
                       jumbo frames, baby giants
Switch#
```

This example shows how to display the interface capabilities for Fast Ethernet interface 3/1:

```
10/100BaseTX
Type:
                     10,100,auto
Speed:
Duplex:
                     half, full, auto
Trunk encap. type:
                    802.1Q,ISL
Trunk mode:
                     on, off, desirable, nonegotiate
Channel:
                     yes
Broadcast suppression:percentage(0-100), sw
Flowcontrol:
                   rx-(none),tx-(none)
VLAN Membership:
                    static, dynamic
Fast Start:
                    yes
                    rx-(N/A), tx-(4q1t, Shaping)
Oueuing:
CoS rewrite:
                     yes
ToS rewrite:
                     yes
Inline power:
                     no
SPAN:
                     source/destination
UDLD:
                     yes
```

no

yes

yes

no jumbo frames, baby giants

Switch# show interfaces fastethernet3/1 capabilities

WS-X4148-RJ-RJ-45

Related Commands

show interfaces counters

Link Debounce:

Port Security:

MTU Supported:

Dot1x:

Switch#

Link Debounce Time: no

FastEthernet3/1
 Model:

### show interfaces counters

To display the traffic on the physical interface, use the **show interfaces counters** command.

show interfaces counters [all | detail | errors | storm-control | trunk] [module mod]

#### **Syntax Description**

-11	(Ontional) Displays all the interfere country including among topological detail			
all	(Optional) Displays all the interface counters including errors, trunk, and detail.			
detail	(Optional) Displays the detailed interface counters.			
errors	(Optional) Displays the interface error counters.			
storm-control	(Optional) Displays the number of packets discarded due to suppression on th interface.			
trunk	(Optional) Displays the interface trunk counters.			
module mod	(Optional) Limits the display to interfaces on a specific module.			

#### **Defaults**

This command has no default settings.

#### **Command Modes**

Privileged EXEC

#### **Command History**

Release	Modification
12.1(8a)EW	Support for this command was introduced on the Catalyst 4500 series switch.
12.1(19)EW	Support for storm control.
12.2(18)EW	Support for the display of total suppression discards.

#### **Usage Guidelines**

If you do not enter any keywords, all the counters for all modules are displayed.

The display for the **storm-control** keyword includes the suppressed multicast bytes.

#### **Examples**

This example shows how to display the error counters for a specific module:

 ${\tt Switch \# \ \, show \ \, interfaces \ \, counters \ \, errors \ \, module \ \, 1}}$ 

Port	Align-Err	FCS-Err	Xmit-Err	Rcv-Err Un	derSize		
Gi1/1	0	0	0	0	0		
Gi1/2	0	0	0	0	0		
Port	Single-Col Mu	lti-Col La	ate-Col Exce	ess-Col Carri	-Sen	Runts	Giants
Gi1/1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Gi1/2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Switch#							

This example shows how to display the traffic that is seen by a specific module:

 ${\tt Switch\#\ show\ interfaces\ counters\ module\ 1}$ 

Port InOctets InUcastPkts InMcastPkts InBcastPkts

Gi1/1	0	0	0	0
Gi1/2	0	0	0	0
Port	OutOctets	OutUcastPkts	OutMcastPkts	OutBcastPkts
Gi1/1	0	0	0	0
Gi1/2	0	0	0	0
Switch#				

This example shows how to display the trunk counters for a specific module:

#### Switch# show interfaces counters trunk module 1

Port	TrunkFramesTx	TrunkFramesRx	WrongEncap
Gi1/1	0	0	0
Gi1/2	0	0	0
Switch#			

This example shows how to display the number of packets that are discarded due to suppression:

Switch# show interfaces counters storm-control

Multicast Suppression : Enabled

Port BcastSuppLevel TotalSuppressionDiscards Fa5/35 10.00% 6278550 Switch#

**Related Commands** 

show interfaces capabilities

# show interfaces description

To display a description and status of an interface, use the show interfaces description command.

 $show\ interfaces\ [\it interface]\ description$ 

•	-	
Syntax	Decri	ntınn
OVIILUA	DUSUII	NUVII

interface (Optional) Type of interface.

Defaults

This command has no default settings.

**Command Modes** 

Privileged EXEC

#### **Command History**

Release	Modification
12.1(8a)EW	Support for this command was introduced on the Catalyst 4500 series switch.

#### **Examples**

This example shows how to display information for all interfaces:

#### Switch# show interfaces description

	Interface	Status	Protocol	Description
	PO0/0	admin down	down	First interface
	PO0/1	admin down	down	
	Gi1/1	up	up	${\tt GigE} \ {\tt to} \ {\tt server} \ {\tt farm}$
5	Switch#			

#### **Related Commands**

**description** (refer to Cisco IOS documentation)

### show interfaces link

To display how long a cable has been disconnected from an interface, use the **show interfaces link** command:

show interfaces link [module mod\_num]

#### **Syntax Description**

<b>module</b> mod num	mo	dule	mod	num
-----------------------	----	------	-----	-----

(Optional) Limits the display to interfaces on a module.

**Defaults** 

This command has no default settings.

**Command Modes** 

Privileged EXEC

#### **Command History**

Release	Modification
12.2(18)EW	Support for this command was introduced on the Catalyst 4500 series switch.

#### **Usage Guidelines**

If the interface state is up, the command displays 0:00. If the interface state is down, the time (in hours, minutes, and seconds) is displayed.

#### **Examples**

This example shows how to display active link-level information:

Switch# show interfaces link

Port	Name	Down Time
Gi1/1		00:00:00
Gi1/2		00:00:00
Gi3/1		00:00:00
Gi3/2		00:00:00
Fa4/1		00:00:00
Fa4/2		00:00:00
Fa4/3		00:00:00
Fa4/4		00:00:00

This example shows how to display inactive link-level information:

#### Switch# show interfaces link

Port	Name	D	own Time	€	
Gi3/4		1	minute	28	secs
Gi3/5		1	minute	28	secs
Gi3/6		1	minute	28	secs
Gi4/1		1	minute	28	secs

In this example, the cable has been disconnected from the port for 1 minute and 28 seconds.

# show interfaces mtu

To display the maximum transmission unit (MTU) size of all the physical interfaces and SVIs on the switch, use the **show interfaces mtu** command.

show interfaces mtu [module mod]

•	_	_	-	
51	/ntax	Desci	rın	tion

modul	A	mod

(Optional) Limits the display to interfaces on a specific module.

#### Defaults

This command has no default settings.

#### **Command Modes**

**EXEC** 

#### **Command History**

Release	Modification
12.1(13)EW	Support for this command was introduced on the Catalyst 4500 series switch.

#### **Examples**

This example shows how to display the MTU size for all interfaces on module 1:

Switch> show interfaces mtu module 1

Port	Name	MTU
Gi1/1		1500
Gi1/2		1500
Switch>		

#### **Related Commands**

mtu

# show interfaces private-vlan mapping

To display PVLAN mapping information for VLAN SVIs, use the **show interfaces private-vlan mapping** command.

show interfaces private-vlan mapping [active]

•		-	
<b>~</b> 1	/ntav	Descri	ntınn
•	IIIUA	DUSUII	puon

active	(Optional)	) Displays	active	interfaces	only.
ucui c	Optional	Dispings	active	miceriaces	OIII,

Defaults

This command has no default settings.

**Command Modes** 

Privileged EXEC

#### **Command History**

Release	Modification
12.1(8a)EW	Support for this command was introduced on the Catalyst 4500 series switch.

#### **Usage Guidelines**

This command displays SVI information only.

#### **Examples**

This example shows how to display PVLAN mapping information:

#### Switch# show interfaces private-vlan mapping

Interface Secondary VLAN Type
-----vlan2 301 isolated
vlan2 302 isolated
Switch#

#### **Related Commands**

private-vlan private-vlan mapping

### show interfaces status

To display the interface status or a list of interfaces in error-disabled state, use the **show interfaces status** command.

show interfaces status [err-disabled]

#### **Syntax Description**

err-disabled (Optional) Displays interfaces in error-disabled state.

Defaults

This command has no default settings.

**Command Modes** 

Privileged EXEC

#### **Command History**

Release	Modification
12.1(8a)EW	Support for this command was introduced on the Catalyst 4500 series switch.

#### **Examples**

This example shows how to display the status of all interfaces:

#### Switch# show interfaces status

Port	Name	Status	Vlan	Duplex	Speed	Type
Gi1/1		disabled	routed	full	1000	missing
Gi1/2		notconnect	1	full	1000	unknown (4)
Fa5/1		disabled	routed	auto	auto	10/100BaseTX
Fa5/2		disabled	routed	auto	auto	10/100BaseTX
Fa5/3		disabled	routed	auto	auto	10/100BaseTX
Fa5/4		disabled	routed	auto	auto	10/100BaseTX
Fa5/15		disabled	routed	auto	auto	10/100BaseTX
Fa5/16		disabled	routed	auto	auto	10/100BaseTX
Fa5/17		disabled	routed	auto	auto	10/100BaseTX
Switch#						

This example shows how to display the status of interfaces in an error-disabled state:

#### Switch# show interfaces status err-disabled

Port	Name	Status	Reason
Fa9/4		notconnect	link-flap

informational error message when the timer expires on a cause  $% \left( 1\right) =\left( 1\right) \left( 1\right$ 

 $5d04h: PM-SP-4-ERR_RECOVER: Attempting to recover from link-flap err-disable state on Fa9/4 Switch#$ 

#### **Related Commands**

errdisable detect show errdisable recovery

# show interfaces switchport

To display the administrative and operational status of a switching (nonrouting) port, use the **show interfaces switchport** command.

**show interfaces** [interface-id] **switchport** [**module** mod]

#### **Syntax Description**

interface-id	(Optional) Interface ID for the physical port.
module mod	(Optional) Limits the display to interfaces on the specified module; valid values are from 1 to 6.

#### **Defaults**

This command has no default settings.

#### **Command Modes**

Privileged EXEC

#### **Command History**

Release	Modification
12.1(8a)EW	Support for this command was introduced on the Catalyst 4500 series switch.
12.1(19)EW	Support for per-interface display.
12.2(18)EW	Support for displaying the status of native VLAN tagging in the command output.

#### **Examples**

This example shows how to display switch-port information using the **begin** output modifier:

Switch# show interfaces switchport | include VLAN

Name: Fa5/6

Access Mode VLAN: 200 (VLAN0200)

Trunking Native Mode VLAN: 1 (default)

Trunking VLANs Enabled: ALL Pruning VLANs Enabled: ALL

Switch#

This example shows how to display switch-port information for module 1:

Switch# show interfaces switchport module 1

Name:Gi1/1

Switchport: Enabled

Administrative Mode:dynamic auto

Operational Mode:down

Administrative Trunking Encapsulation:negotiate

Negotiation of Trunking:On

Access Mode VLAN:1 (default)

Trunking Native Mode VLAN:1 (default)

Administrative private-vlan host-association:none

Administrative private-vlan mapping:none

Operational private-vlan:none

Trunking VLANs Enabled:ALL

Pruning VLANs Enabled: 2-1001

Name:Gi1/2

Switchport:Enabled

```
Administrative Mode:dynamic auto
Operational Mode:down
Administrative Trunking Encapsulation:negotiate
Negotiation of Trunking:On
Access Mode VLAN:1 (default)
Trunking Native Mode VLAN:1 (default)
Administrative private-vlan host-association:none
Administrative private-vlan mapping:none
Operational private-vlan:none
Trunking VLANs Enabled:ALL
Pruning VLANs Enabled:2-1001
Switch#
```

This example shows how to display the status of native VLAN tagging on the port:

```
Switch# show interfaces g1/2 switchport
Name: Gi1/2
Switchport: Enabled
Administrative Mode: dynamic auto
Operational Mode: static access
Administrative Trunking Encapsulation: negotiate
Operational Trunking Encapsulation: native
Negotiation of Trunking: On
Access Mode VLAN: 1 (default)
Trunking Native Mode VLAN: 1 (default)
Native VLAN tagging: Disabled **
Voice VLAN: none
Administrative private-vlan host-association: none
Administrative private-vlan mapping: none
Administrative private-vlan trunk native VLAN: none
Administrative private-vlan trunk encapsulation: dot1q
Administrative private-vlan trunk normal VLANs: none
Administrative private-vlan trunk private VLANs: none
Administrative private-vlan trunk Native VLAN tagging: Disabled
Operational private-vlan: none
Trunking VLANs Enabled: ALL
Pruning VLANs Enabled: 2-1001
Capture Mode Disabled
Capture VLANs Allowed: ALL
Unknown unicast blocked: disabled
Unknown multicast blocked: disabled
```

#### **Related Commands**

show interfaces capabilities show interfaces counters

# show interfaces transceiver

To display diagnostic-monitoring data for all interfaces that have transceivers installed, use the **show interfaces transceiver** command.

show interfaces  $\{\{[int\_name] \text{ transceiver } \{[detail]\} \mid \{transceiver [module <math>mod]\}\}$ 

#### **Syntax Description**

int_name	(Optional) Interface.
detail	(Optional) Displays the calibrated values and the A2D readouts if the readout values differ from the calibrated values. Also displays the high-alarm, high-warning, low-warning, and low-alarm thresholds.
module mod	(Optional) Limits the display to interfaces on a specific module.

#### **Defaults**

The noninterface-specific versions of the show interfaces transceiver command are enabled by default.

The interface-specific versions of these commands are enabled by default if the specified interface has a transceiver (GBIC or SFP) that is configured for diagnostic monitoring, and the transceiver is in a module that supports diagnostic monitoring.

#### **Command Modes**

Privileged EXEC

#### **Command History**

Release	Modification
12.1(20)EW	Support for this command was introduced on the Catalyst 4500 series switch.
12.2(18)EW	Support for the calibration keyword was withdrawn.

#### **Usage Guidelines**

The **show interfaces transceiver** command provides useful information under the following conditions:

- At least one transceiver is installed on a chassis that is configured for diagnostic monitoring.
- The transceiver is in a module that supports diagnostic monitoring.

If you notice that the alarm and warning flags have been set on a transceiver, reenter the command to confirm.

#### **Examples**

This example shows how to display diagnostic monitoring data for all interfaces with transceivers installed on the switch:

#### Switch# show interfaces transceiver

If device is externally calibrated, only calibrated values are printed. ++ : high alarm, + : high warning, - : low warning, -- : low alarm. NA or N/A: not applicable, Tx: transmit, Rx: receive. mA: milliamperes, dBm: decibels (milliwatts).

	Temperature	Voltage	Current	Optical Tx Power	Rx Power
Port	(Celsius)	(Volts)	(mA)	(dBm)	(dBm)
Gi1/1	48.1	3.30	0.0	8.1 ++	N/A
Gi1/2	33.0	3.30	1.8	-10.0	-36.9
Gi2/1	43.7	5.03	50.6 +	-16.7	N/A
Gi2/2	39.2	5.02	25.7	0.8	N/A
Switch#					



The value for the Optical Tx Power (in dBm) equals ten times log (Tx Power in mW). If the Tx Power value is 3 mW, then the Optical Tx Power value equals 10 \* log (3), which equals 10 \* .477 or 4.77 dBm. The Optical Rx Power value behaves similarly. If the Tx Power or the Rx Power is zero, then its dBm value is undefined and is shown as N/A (not applicable).

This example shows how to display detailed diagnostic monitoring data, including calibrated values, alarm and warning thresholds, A2D readouts, and alarm and warning flags. The A2D readouts are reported separately in parentheses only if they differ from the calibrated values:

#### Switch# show interfaces transceiver detail

mA: milliamperes, dBm: decibels (milliwatts), NA or N/A: not applicable. ++ : high alarm, + : high warning, - : low warning, -- : low alarm. A2D readouts (if they differ), are reported in parentheses. The threshold values are calibrated.

Port	Temperature (Celsius)	Threshold	(Celsius)	Threshold (Celsius)	(Celsius)
Gi1/1	48.1		100.0		
Gi1/2	34.9	100.0	100.0	0.0	0.0
Gi2/1	43.5	70.0	60.0	5.0	0.0
Gi2/2	39.1	70.0	60.0	5.0	0.0
Port	Voltage (Volts)	Threshold (Volts)	High Warn Threshold (Volts)	Threshold (Volts)	Threshold (Volts)
Gi1/1	3.30		6.50		
Gi1/2	3.30	6.50	6.50	N/A	N/A
Gi2/1	5.03	5.50	5.25	4.75	4.50
Gi2/2	5.02	5.50	5.25	4.75	4.50
Port	Current (milliamperes)	Threshold	(mA)	Threshold (mA)	Threshold (mA)
Gi1/1	0.0		130.0		
Gi1/2	1.7	130.0	130.0	N/A	N/A
Gi2/1	50.6 +	60.0	40.0	10.0	5.0
Gi2/2	25.8	60.0	40.0	10.0	5.0

	-	cal smit Power		High Alarm Threshold	-	Low Warn Threshold	
Por				(dBm)	(dBm)	(dBm)	(dBm)
Gi1	1/1 8.	1	++	8.1	8.1	N/A	N/A
Gi1	L/2 -9.	8		8.1	8.1	N/A	N/A
Gi2	2/1 -16.	7 (-13.0)		3.4	3.2	-0.3	-0.5
Gi2	2/2 0.	8 ( 5.1)		3.4	3.2	-0.3	-0.5
	-	cal		High Alarm	9	Low Warn	
Por	Rece	cal ive Power )		High Alarm Threshold (dBm)	9		
Por  Gi1	Rece	ive Power )		Threshold	Threshold	Threshold	Threshold
 Gi1	Rece	ive Power )		Threshold (dBm)	Threshold (dBm)	Threshold (dBm)	Threshold (dBm)
 Gi1 Gi1	Rece rt (dBm	ive Power ) 		Threshold (dBm)	Threshold (dBm) 8.1 8.1	Threshold (dBm) N/A	Threshold (dBm) N/A N/A
 Gi1 Gi1	Rece rt (dBm  1/1 N/A 1/2 -30. 2/1 N/A	ive Power ) 		Threshold (dBm) 8.1 8.1	Threshold (dBm) 8.1 8.1	Threshold (dBm) N/A N/A -28.5	Threshold (dBm) N/A N/A -28.5

This example shows how to display the monitoring data for the interfaces that have transceivers installed on module 2:

#### Switch# show interfaces transceiver module 2

```
If device is externally calibrated, only calibrated values are printed. ++ : high alarm, + : high warning, - : low warning, -- : low alarm. NA or N/A: not applicable, Tx: transmit, Rx: receive. mA: milliamperes, dBm: decibels (milliwatts).
```

				Optical	Optical
	Temperature	Voltage	Current	Tx Power	Rx Power
Port	(Celsius)	(Volts)	(mA)	(dBm)	(dBm)
Gi2/1	43.7	5.03	50.6 +	-16.7	N/A
Gi2/2	39.2	5.02	25.7	0.8	N/A
Switch#					

This example shows how to display the detailed monitoring data for the interfaces that have transceivers installed on module 2:

#### Switch# show interfaces transceiver detail module 2

```
mA: milliamperes, dBm: decibels (milliwatts), NA or N/A: not applicable. ++ : high alarm, + : high warning, - : low warning, -- : low alarm. A2D readouts (if they differ), are reported in parentheses. The threshold values are calibrated.
```

Port	Temperature (Celsius)	High Alarm Threshold (Celsius)	High Warn Threshold (Celsius)	Low Warn Threshold (Celsius)	Low Alarm Threshold (Celsius)
Gi2/1	43.5	70.0	60.0	5.0	0.0
Gi2/2	39.1	70.0	60.0	5.0	
Port	Voltage (Volts)	High Alarm Threshold (Volts)	High Warn Threshold (Volts)	Low Warn Threshold (Volts)	Low Alarm Threshold (Volts)
Gi2/1	5.03	5.50	5.25	4.75	4.50
Gi2/2	5.02	5.50	5.25	4.75	4.50

Port	Current (milliamperes)		Threshold (mA)	Threshold (mA)	Threshold
Gi2/1		60.0	40.0	10.0	
Gi2/2	25.8	60.0	40.0	10.0	5.0
Post	Optical Transmit Power	Threshold	Threshold	Threshold	Threshold
Port	(dBm)				
Gi2/1	-16.7 (-13.0)	3.4	3.2	-0.3	-0.5
Gi2/2	0.8 ( 5.1)	3.4	3.2	-0.3	-0.5
Port	Optical Receive Power (dBm)	9	Threshold	Low Warn Threshold (dBm)	Threshold
	N/A / 20 E\	E 0	6 7	20 E	20 E
	N/A (-28.5) N/A (-19.5)				
Switch#	14/11 ( 15.5)	3.9	J. 7	20.5	20.5

This example shows how to display the monitoring data for the transceivers on interface Gi1/2:

#### Switch# show interfaces g1/2 transceiver

```
ITU Channel 23 (1558.98 nm),
Transceiver is externally calibrated.

If device is externally calibrated, only calibrated values are printed.
++: high alarm, +: high warning, -: low warning, --: low alarm.

NA or N/A: not applicable, Tx: transmit, Rx: receive.

mA: milliamperes, dBm: decibels (milliwatts).
```

	Temperature	Voltage	Current	Optical Tx Power	-
Port	(Celsius)	(Volts)	(mA)	(dBm)	(dBm)
 Gi2/1 Switch#	43.7	5.03	50.6 +	-16.7	N/A
SWI CCII#					

This example shows how to display detailed the monitoring data for the transceivers on interface Gi1/2:

#### Switch# show interfaces g1/2 transceiver detail

```
ITU Channel 23 (1558.98 nm),
Transceiver is externally calibrated.
mA: milliamperes, dBm: decibels (milliwatts), NA or N/A: not applicable.
++: high alarm, + : high warning, - : low warning, --: low alarm.
A2D readouts (if they differ), are reported in parentheses.
The threshold values are calibrated.
```

Port	Temperature (Celsius)	High Alarm Threshold (Celsius)	High Warn Threshold (Celsius)	Low Warn Threshold (Celsius)	Low Alarm Threshold (Celsius)
Gi2/1	43.5	70.0	60.0	5.0	0.0
Port	Voltage (Volts)	High Alarm Threshold (Volts)	High Warn Threshold (Volts)	Low Warn Threshold (Volts)	Low Alarm Threshold (Volts)
Gi2/1	5.03	5.50	5.25	4.75	4.50

Port	Current (milliamperes)	High Alarm Threshold (mA)	Threshold	Low Warn Threshold (mA)	
Gi2/1	50.6 +	60.0	40.0	10.0	5.0
Port	Optical Transmit Power (dBm)	High Alarm Threshold (dBm)	Threshold	Low Warn Threshold (dBm)	Threshold
POIC	(GDIII)	(abiii)	(GBIII)	(GBIII)	(GBIII)
Gi2/1	-16.7 (-13.0)	3.4	3.2	-0.3	-0.5
Port	Optical Receive Power (dBm)	High Alarm Threshold (dBm)	High Warn Threshold (dBm)	Low Warn Threshold (dBm)	
Gi2/1 Switch#	N/A (-28.5)	5.9	-6.7	-28.5	-28.5

Related Commands

show idprom show interfaces status

# show interfaces trunk

To display port and module interface-trunk information, use the show interfaces trunk command.

show interfaces trunk  $[module \ mod]$ 

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υı	/IILAA	DEG	U	มแบ	ш

module mod	(Optional) Limits the display to interfaces on the specified module; valid values are
	from 1 to 6.

Defaults

This command has no default settings.

**Command Modes** 

Privileged EXEC

#### **Command History**

Release	Modification
12.1(8a)EW	Support for this command was introduced on the Catalyst 4500 series switch.

#### **Usage Guidelines**

If you do not specify a keyword, only information for trunking ports is displayed.

#### Examples

This example shows how to display interface-trunk information for module 5:

Switch# show interfaces trunk module 5

Port	Mode	Encapsulation	Status	Native vlan
Fa5/1	routed	negotiate	routed	1
Fa5/2	routed	negotiate	routed	1
Fa5/3	routed	negotiate	routed	1
Fa5/4	routed	negotiate	routed	1
Fa5/5	routed	negotiate	routed	1
Fa5/6	off	negotiate	not-trunking	10
Fa5/7	off	negotiate	not-trunking	10
Fa5/8	off	negotiate	not-trunking	1
Fa5/9	desirable	n-isl	trunking	1
Fa5/10	desirable	negotiate	not-trunking	1
Fa5/11	routed	negotiate	routed	1
Fa5/12	routed	negotiate	routed	1
Fa5/48	routed	negotiate	routed	1
Port	Vlans allowed	d on trunk		
Fa5/1	none			
Fa5/2	none			
Fa5/3	none			
Fa5/4	none			
Fa5/5	none			
Fa5/6	none			
Fa5/7	none			
Fa5/8	200			
Fa5/9	1-1005			

```
Fa5/10
         none
Fa5/11
         none
Fa5/12
         none
Fa5/48
         none
         Vlans allowed and active in management domain
Port
Fa5/1
         none
Fa5/2
         none
Fa5/3
         none
Fa5/4
         none
Fa5/5
         none
Fa5/6
         none
Fa5/7
         none
Fa5/8
         200
         Fa5/9
02,850,917,999,1002-1005
Fa5/10
        none
Fa5/11
         none
Fa5/12
         none
Fa5/48
         none
Port
         Vlans in spanning tree forwarding state and not pruned
Fa5/1
         none
Fa5/2
         none
Fa5/3
         none
Fa5/4
         none
Fa5/5
         none
Fa5/6
         none
Fa5/7
         none
Fa5/8
         1-6,10,20,50,100,152,200,300,303-305,349-351,400,500,521,524,570,801-8
Fa5/9
02,850,917,999,1002-1005
Fa5/10
        none
Fa5/11
         none
Fa5/48
         none
Switch#
```

This example shows how to display trunking information for active trunking ports:

#### Switch# show interfaces trunk

```
Port
      Mode
               Encapsulation Status
                                   Native vlan
Fa5/9
      desirable
              n-isl
                         trunking
                                   1
Port.
      Vlans allowed on trunk
Fa5/9
      1-1005
Port
      Vlans allowed and active in management domain
      Fa5/9
02,850,917,999,1002-1005
Port
      Vlans in spanning tree forwarding state and not pruned
Fa5/9
      02,850,917,999,1002-1005
Switch#
```

# show ip arp inspection

To show the status of dynamic ARP inspection for a specific range of VLANs, use the **show ip arp inspection** command.

show ip arp inspection {[statistics] vlan vlan-range | interfaces [interface-name]}

Syntax Description	<b>Syntax</b>	Descript	ion
--------------------	---------------	----------	-----

statistics	(Optional) Displays statistics for the following types of packets that have been processed by this feature: forwarded, dropped, MAC validation failure, and IP validation failure.
vlan vlan-range	(Optional) When used with the <b>statistics</b> keyword, displays the statistics for the selected range of VLANs. Without the <b>statistics</b> keyword, displays the configuration and operating state of DAI for the selected range of VLANs.
interfaces interface-name	(Optional) Displays the trust state and the rate limit of ARP packets for the provided interface. When the interface name is not specified, the command displays the trust state and rate limit for all applicable interfaces in the system.

### Defaults

This command has no default settings.

#### **Command Modes**

Privileged EXEC

## **Command History**

Release	Modification
12.1(19)EW	Support for this command was introduced on the Catalyst 4500 series switch.

## Examples

This example shows how to display the statistics of packets that have been processed by DAI for VLAN 3:

 ${\tt Switch\#\ show\ ip\ arp\ inspection\ statistics\ vlan\ 3}$ 

Vlan	Forwarded	Dro	opped	DHCP Drop	os ACL	Drops
3	31753	10	02407	10240	)7	0
Vlan	DHCP Permits	ACL Per	rmits	Source MAC	Failures	
3	31753		0		0	
			-			
Vlan	Dest MAC Failu	res IP	Valida	tion Failure	es 	
3 Switch#		0		C	)	
O 1 CC1111						

This example shows how to display the statistics of packets that have been processed by DAI for all active VLANs:

Switch# show ip arp inspection statistics

Vlan	Forwarded	Dropped	DHCP Drops	ACL Drops
1	0	0	0	0
2	0	0	0	0
3	68322	220356	220356	0
4	0	0	0	0
100	0	0	0	0
101	0	0	0	0
1006	0	0	0	0
1007	0	0	0	0
Vlan	DHCP Permits	ACL Permits	Source MAC Fa	ilures
1	0	0		0
2	0	0		0
3	68322	0		0
4	0	0		0
100	0	0		0
101	0	0		0
1006	0	0		0
1007	0	0		0
Vlan	Dest MAC Failure		ation Failures	
1	0		0	
2	0		0	
3	0		0	
4	0		0	
100	0		0	
101	0		0	
1006	0		0	
1007	0		0	
Switch#				

This example shows how to display the configuration and operating state of DAI for VLAN 1:

```
Switch# show ip arp inspection vlan 1

Source Mac Validation : Disabled

Destination Mac Validation : Disabled

IP Address Validation : Disabled

Vlan Configuration Operation ACL Match Static ACL

1 Enabled Active

Vlan ACL Logging DHCP Logging

--- 1 Deny Deny

Switch#
```

This example shows how to display the trust state of Fast Ethernet interface 6/1:

## Switch# show ip arp inspection interfaces fastEthernet 6/1 Interface Trust State Rate (pps) Burst Interv

Interface	Trust State	Rate (pps)	Burst Interval
Fa6/1	Untrusted	20	5
Switch#			

This example shows how to display the trust state of the interfaces on the switch:

Switch# sho	w ip arp inspection	interfaces
Interface	Trust State	Rate (pps)
Gi1/1	Untrusted	15
Gi1/2	Untrusted	15
Gi3/1	Untrusted	15
Gi3/2	Untrusted	15
Fa3/3	Trusted	None
Fa3/4	Untrusted	15
Fa3/5	Untrusted	15
Fa3/6	Untrusted	15
Fa3/7	Untrusted	15
Switch#		

## **Related Commands**

arp access-list clear ip arp inspection log show ip arp inspection

# show ip arp inspection log

To show the status of the log buffer, use the **show ip arp inspection log** command.

show ip arp inspection log

**Syntax Description** 

This command has no arguments or keywords.

Defaults

This command has no default settings.

**Command Modes** 

Privileged EXEC

### **Command History**

Release	Modification
12.1(19)EW	Support for this command was introduced on the Catalyst 4500 series switch.

#### **Examples**

This example shows how to display the current contents of the log buffer before and after the buffers are cleared:

Switch# show ip arp inspection log Total Log Buffer Size : 10 Syslog rate : 0 entries per 10 seconds.

Interface	Vlan	Sender MAC	Sender IP	Num of Pkts
Fa6/3	 1	0002.0002.0002	1.1.1.2	1(12:02:52 UTC Fri Apr 25 2003)
Fa6/3	1	0002.0002.0002	1.1.1.3	1(12:02:52 UTC Fri Apr 25 2003)
Fa6/3	1	0002.0002.0002	1.1.1.4	1(12:02:52 UTC Fri Apr 25 2003)
Fa6/3	1	0002.0002.0002	1.1.1.5	1(12:02:52 UTC Fri Apr 25 2003)
Fa6/3	1	0002.0002.0002	1.1.1.6	1(12:02:52 UTC Fri Apr 25 2003)
Fa6/3	1	0002.0002.0002	1.1.1.7	1(12:02:52 UTC Fri Apr 25 2003)
Fa6/3	1	0002.0002.0002	1.1.1.8	1(12:02:52 UTC Fri Apr 25 2003)
Fa6/3	1	0002.0002.0002	1.1.1.9	1(12:02:52 UTC Fri Apr 25 2003)
Fa6/3	1	0002.0002.0002	1.1.1.10	1(12:02:52 UTC Fri Apr 25 2003)
Fa6/3	1	0002.0002.0002	1.1.1.11	1(12:02:52 UTC Fri Apr 25 2003)
				5(12:02:52 UTC Fri Apr 25 2003)
Switch#				

This example shows how to clear the buffer with the **clear ip arp inspection log** command:

Switch# clear ip arp inspection log Switch# show ip arp inspection log Total Log Buffer Size : 10 Syslog rate : 0 entries per 10 seconds. No entries in log buffer. Switch#

#### **Related Commands**

arp access-list clear ip arp inspection log

## show ip cef vlan

To view IP CEF VLAN interface status and configuration information and display the prefixes for a specific interface, use the **show ip cef vlan** command.

show ip cef vlan vlan\_num [detail]

### **Syntax Description**

vlan_num	Number of the VLAN.
detail	(Optional) Displays detailed information.

#### **Defaults**

This command has no default settings.

#### **Command Modes**

Privileged EXEC

### **Command History**

Release	Modification
12.1(8a)EW	Support for this command was introduced on the Catalyst 4500 series switch.

#### **Examples**

This example shows how to display the prefixes for a specific VLAN:

Switch# show ip cef	vlan 1003	
Prefix	Next Hop	Interface
0.0.0.0/0	172.20.52.1	FastEthernet3/3
0.0.0.0/32	receive	
10.7.0.0/16	172.20.52.1	FastEthernet3/3
10.16.18.0/23	172.20.52.1	FastEthernet3/3
Cwitch#		

This example shows how to display detailed IP CEF information for a specific VLAN:

#### Switch# show ip cef vlan 1003 detail

```
IP Distributed CEF with switching (Table Version 2364), flags=0x0 1383 routes, 0 reresolve, 0 unresolved (0 old, 0 new) 1383 leaves, 201 nodes, 380532 bytes, 2372 inserts, 989 invalidations 0 load sharing elements, 0 bytes, 0 references universal per-destination load sharing algorithm, id 9B6C9823 3 CEF resets, 0 revisions of existing leaves refcounts: 54276 leaf, 51712 node
```

Adjacency Table has 5 adjacencies Switch#

# show ip dhcp snooping

To display the DHCP snooping configuration, use the show ip dhcp snooping command.

show ip dhcp snooping

**Syntax Description** 

This command has no arguments or keywords.

**Defaults** 

This command has no default settings.

**Command Modes** 

Privileged EXEC

### **Command History**

Release	Modification
12.1(12c)EW	Support for this command was introduced on the Catalyst 4500 series switch.
12.2(25)EWA	Support for option 82 on untrusted ports was added.

#### **Examples**

This example shows how to display the DHCP snooping configuration:

Switch# show ip dhcp snooping

Switch DHCP snooping is enabled

 $\ensuremath{\mathsf{DHCP}}$  snooping is configured on the following VLANs:

5 10

Insertion of option 82 is enabled

Option82 on untrusted port is not allowed

Verification of hwaddr field is enabled

Interface Trusted Rate limit (pps)
-----FastEthernet6/11 no 10
FastEthernet6/36 yes 50
Switch#

#### **Related Commands**

ip dhcp snooping

ip dhep snooping information option

ip dhcp snooping limit rate

ip dhcp snooping trust

ip dhcp snooping vlan

## show ip dhcp snooping binding

To display the DHCP snooping binding entries, use the show ip dhcp snooping binding command.

**show ip dhcp snooping binding** [ip-address] [mac-address] [**vlan** vlan\_num] [**interface** interface\_num]

### **Syntax Description**

ip-address	(Optional) IP address for the binding entries.
mac-address	(Optional) MAC address for the binding entries.
vlan vlan_num	(Optional) Specifies a VLAN.
interface interface_num	(Optional) Specifies an interface.

### Defaults

If no argument is specified, the switch will display the entire DHCP snooping binding table.

#### **Command Modes**

Privileged EXEC

### **Command History**

Release	Modification
12.1(12c)EW	Support for this command was introduced on the Catalyst 4500 series switch.

#### **Usage Guidelines**

DHCP snooping is enabled on a VLAN only if both the global snooping and the VLAN snooping are enabled.

To configure a range of VLANs, use the optional *last\_vlan* argument to specify the end of the VLAN range.

### **Examples**

This example shows how to display the DHCP snooping binding entries for a switch:

### Switch# show ip dhcp snooping binding

MacAddress	IP Address	Lease (seconds)	Туре	VLAN	Interface
0000.0100.0201	10.0.0.1	1600	dhcp-snooping	100	FastEthernet3/1
Switch#					

This example shows how to display an IP address for DHCP snooping binding entries:

### Switch# show ip dhcp snooping binding 172.100.101.102

MacAddress	IP Address	Lease (seconds)	Type	VLAN	Interface
0000.0100.0201 Switch#	172.100.101.10	2 1600	dhcp-snooping	100	FastEthernet3/1

This example shows how to display the MAC address for the DHCP snooping binding entries:

#### Switch# show ip dhcp snooping binding 55.5.5.2 0002.b33f.3d5f

MacAddress	IpAddress	Lease(sec)	Type	VLAN	Interface
00:02:B3:3F:3D:5F	55.5.5.2	492	dhcp-snooping	99 E	FastEthernet6/36
Switch#					

This example shows how to display the DHCP snooping binding entries' MAC address for a specific VLAN:

#### Switch# show ip dhcp snooping binding 55.5.5.2 0002.b33f.3d5f vlan 99

MacAddress	IpAddress	Lease(sec)	Type	VLAN	Interface
00:02:B3:3F:3D:5F Switch#	55.5.5.2	479	dhcp-snooping	99	FastEthernet6/36

This example shows how to display the dynamic DHCP snooping binding entries:

#### Switch# show ip dhcp snooping binding dynamic

MacAddress	IP Address	Lease (seconds)	Type	VLAN	Interface
0000.0100.0201	10.0.0.1	1600	dhcp-snooping	100	FastEthernet3/1
Switch#					

This example shows how to display the DHCP snooping binding entries on VLAN 100:

#### Switch# show ip dhcp snooping binding vlan 100'

MacAddress	IP Address	Lease (seconds)	Type	VLAN	Interface
0000.0100.0201	10.0.0.1	1600	dhcp-snooping	100	FastEthernet3/1
Switch#					

This example shows how to display the DHCP snooping binding entries on Ethernet interface 0/1:

#### ${\tt Switch\#\ show\ ip\ dhcp\ snooping\ binding\ interface\ fastethernet3/1}$

MacAddress	IP Address	Lease (seconds)	Туре	VLAN	Interface
0000.0100.0201 Switch#	10.0.0.1	1600	dhcp-snooping	100	FastEthernet3/1

Table 2-19 describes the fields in the show ip dhcp snooping command output.

### Table 2-19 show ip dhcp snooping Command Output

Field	Description
Mac Address	Client hardware MAC address.
IP Address	Client IP address assigned from the DHCP server.
Lease (seconds)	IP address lease time.
Type	Binding type; statically configured from CLI or dynamically learned.
VLAN	VLAN number of the client interface.
Interface	Interface that connects to the DHCP client host.

## **Related Commands**

ip dhcp snooping information option

ip dhcp snooping limit rate

ip dhcp snooping trust

ip igmp snooping

ip igmp snooping vlan

## show ip dhcp snooping database

To display the status of the DHCP snooping database agent, use the **show ip dhcp snooping database** command.

show ip dhcp snooping database [detail]

#### **Syntax Description**

detail	(Optional	l) Provides additional	operating state and	statistics information.
--------	-----------	------------------------	---------------------	-------------------------

Defaults

This command has no default settings.

**Command Modes** 

Privileged EXEC

#### **Command History**

Release	Modification
12.1(12c)EW	Support for this command was introduced on the Catalyst 4500 series switch.
12.1(19)EW	Added support of state and statistics information.

#### **Examples**

This example shows how to display the DHCP snooping database:

```
Switch# show ip dhcp snooping database
```

```
Agent URL:
Write delay Timer : 300 seconds
Abort Timer: 300 seconds
Agent Running : No
Delay Timer Expiry : Not Running
Abort Timer Expiry: Not Running
Last Succeded Time : None
Last Failed Time : None
Last Failed Reason : No failure recorded.
Total Attempts
                          0 Startup Failures:
Successful Transfers :
                          0 Failed Transfers :
                                                       Ω
Successful Reads :
                          O Failed Reads :
                                                        0
Successful Writes :
                           0
                               Failed Writes :
Media Failures
```

Switch#

This example shows how to view additional operating statistics:

```
{\tt Switch\#\ show\ ip\ dhcp\ snooping\ database\ detail}
```

```
Agent URL: tftp://10.1.1.1/directory/file
Write delay Timer: 300 seconds
Abort Timer: 300 seconds

Agent Running: No
Delay Timer Expiry: 7 (00:00:07)
Abort Timer Expiry: Not Running
```

```
Last Succeded Time : None
Last Failed Time : 17:14:25 UTC Sat Jul 7 2001
Last Failed Reason : Unable to access URL.
Total Attempts :
Successful Transfers :
Successful Reads :
                         21 Startup Failures :
                                                        0
                         0 Failed Transfers :
                                                       21
                           O Failed Reads :
                                                        0
                  :
Successful Writes
                            0
                               Failed Writes
                                                       21
Media Failures :
                            0
First successful access: Read
Last ignored bindings counters :
Binding Collisions : 0
                                 Expired leases
                           0
Invalid interfaces :
                                Unsupported vlans :
                                                          0
Parse failures :
                           0
Last Ignored Time : None
Total ignored bindings counters:
Binding Collisions : 0
Invalid interfaces : 0
                                 Expired leases :
                                                          0
                                 Unsupported vlans :
Parse failures : 0
```

## **Related Commands**

ip dhcp snooping

Switch#

- ip dhcp snooping database
- ip dhcp snooping information option
- ip dhcp snooping limit rate
- ip dhcp snooping trust
- ip dhep snooping vlan

## show ip igmp interface

To view IP IGMP interface status and configuration information, use the **show ip igmp interface** command.

show ip igmp interface [fastethernet slot/port | gigabitethernet slot/port | tengigabitethernet slot/port | null interface-number | vlan vlan\_id]

### **Syntax Description**

fastethernet slot/port	(Optional) Specifies the Fast Ethernet interface and the number of the slot and port.
gigabitethernet slot/port	(Optional) Specifies the Gigabit Ethernet interface and the number of the slot and port; valid values are from 1 to 9.
tengigabitethernet slot/port	(Optional) Specifies the 10-Gigabit Ethernet interface and the number of the slot and port; valid values are from 1 to 2.
null interface-number	(Optional) Specifies the null interface and the number of the interface; the only valid value is <b>0</b> .
vlan vlan_id	(Optional) Specifies the VLAN and the number of the VLAN; valid values are from 1 to 4094.

#### Defaults

If you do not specify a VLAN, information for VLAN 1 is shown.

#### **Command Modes**

Privileged EXEC

#### **Command History**

Release	Modification
12.1(8a)EW	Support for this command was introduced on the Catalyst 4500 series switch.
12.1(12c)EW	Added support for extended VLAN addresses.
12.2(25)EW	Added support for the 10-Gigabit Ethernet interface.

### **Usage Guidelines**

If you omit the optional arguments, the **show ip igmp interface** command displays information about all interfaces.

#### **Examples**

This example shows how to view IGMP information for VLAN 200:

Switch# show ip igmp interface vlan 200
IGMP snooping is globally enabled
IGMP snooping is enabled on this Vlan
IGMP snooping immediate-leave is disabled on this Vlan
IGMP snooping mrouter learn mode is pim-dvmrp on this Vlan
IGMP snooping is running in IGMP-ONLY mode on this VLAN
Switch#

Related Commands clear ip igmp group

show ip igmp snooping mrouter

# show ip igmp profile

To view all configured IGMP profiles or a specified IGMP profile, use the **show ip igmp profile** privileged EXEC command.

**show ip igmp profile** [profile number]

### **Syntax Description**

profile number	(Optional) IGMP profile number to be displayed; valid ranges are from
	1 to 4294967295.

Defaults

This command has no default settings.

**Command Modes** 

Privileged EXEC

### **Command History**

Release	Modification
12.1(11b)EW	Support for this command was introduced on the Catalyst 4500 series switch.

## **Usage Guidelines**

If no profile number is entered, all IGMP profiles are displayed.

#### **Examples**

This example shows how to display IGMP profile 40:

```
Switch# show ip igmp profile 40
IGMP Profile 40
    permit
    range 233.1.1.1 233.255.255.255
Switch#
```

This example shows how to display all IGMP profiles:

```
Switch# show ip igmp profile
IGMP Profile 3
   range 230.9.9.0 230.9.9.0
IGMP Profile 4
   permit
   range 229.9.9.0 229.255.255.255
Switch#
```

## **Related Commands**

ip igmp profile

# show ip igmp snooping

To display information on dynamically learned and manually configured VLAN switch interfaces, use the **show ip igmp snooping** command.

**show ip igmp snooping [querier | groups | mrouter] [vlan** vlan\_id] a.b.c.d [summary | sources | hosts] [count]

### **Syntax Description**

querier	(Optional) Specifies that the display will contain IP address and version information.
groups	(Optional) Specifies that the display will list VLAN members sorted by group IP addresses.
mrouter	(Optional) Specifies that the display will contain information on dynamically learned and manually configured multicast switch interfaces.
vlan vlan_id	(Optional) Specifies a VLAN; valid values are from 1 to 1001 and from 1006 to 4094.
a.b.c.d	Group or multicast IP address.
summary	(Optional) Specifies a display of detailed information for a v2 or v3 group.
sources	(Optional) Specifies a list of the source IPs for the specified group.
hosts	(Optional) Specifies a list of the host IPs for the specified group.
count	(Optional) Specifies a display of the total number of group addresses learned by the system on a global or per-VLAN basis.

### Defaults

This command has no default settings.

### **Command Modes**

**EXEC** 

## **Command History**

Release	Modification
12.1(8a)EW	Support for this command was introduced on the Catalyst 4500 series switch.
12.1(19)EW	Support for extended addressing was added.
12.1(20)EW	Added support to display configuration state for IGMPv3 explicit host tracking.

## **Usage Guidelines**

You can also use the **show mac-address-table multicast** command to display the entries in the MAC address table for a VLAN that has IGMP snooping enabled.

You can display IGMP snooping information for VLAN interfaces by entering the **show ip igmp snooping** command.

### **Examples**

This example shows how to display the global snooping information on the switch:

```
Switch# show ip igmp snooping
Global IGMP Snooping configuration:
IGMP snooping
IGMPv3 snooping
                          : Enabled
                          : Enabled
Report suppression : Enabled
                          : Disabled
TCN solicit query
TCN flood query count : 2
Vlan 1:
_____
                                : Enabled
IGMP snooping
IGMP snooping : Enabled IGMPv2 immediate leave : Disabled Explicit host tracking : Enabled
Multicast router learning mode : pim-dvmrp
CGMP interoperability mode : IGMP_ONLY
Vlan 2:
IGMP snooping
                                 : Enabled
IGMPv2 immediate leave : Disabled Explicit host tracking : Enabled
Multicast router learning mode : pim-dvmrp
CGMP interoperability mode : IGMP_ONLY
Switch>
```

This example shows how to display the snooping information on VLAN 2:

This example shows how to display IGMP querier information for all VLANs on a switch:

Switch#	show ip igmp sr	nooping querier	
Vlan	IP Address	IGMP Version	Port
2	10.10.10.1	v2	Router
3	172.20.50.22	v3	Fa3/15
Switch>			

This example shows how to display IGMP querier information for VLAN 5 when running IGMPv2:

```
Switch# show ip igmp snooping querier vlan 5
```

IP address :5.5.5.10
IGMP version :v2
Port :Fa3/1
Max response time :10s
Switch>

This example shows how to display IGMP querier information for VLAN 5 when running IGMPv3:

#### Switch# show ip igmp snooping querier vlan 5

IP address :5.5.5.10
IGMP version :v3
Port :Fa3/1
Max response time :10s
Query interval :60s
Robustness variable :2
Switch>

This example shows how to display snooping information for a specific group:

#### Switch# show ip igmp snooping group

Vlan	Group	Version	Ports
2	224.0.1.40 224.2.2.2	v3 v3	Router Fa6/2
Switch>			

This example shows how to display the group's host types and ports in VLAN 1:

#### Switch# show ip igmp snooping group vlan 1

Vlan	Group	Host Type	Ports	
1	229.2.3.4	v3	fa2/1 fa2/3	
1	224.2.2.2	v3	Fa6/2	
Switch>				

This example shows how to display the group's host types and ports in VLAN 1:

#### Switch# show ip igmp snooping group vlan 10 226.6.6.7

Vlan	Group	Version	Ports
10	226.6.6.7	v3	Fa7/13, Fa7/14
Switch>			

This example shows how to display the current state of a group with respect to a source IP address:

### Switch# show ip igmp snooping group vlan 10 226.6.6.7 sources

Source information for group 226.6.6.7:

Timers: Expired sources are deleted on next IGMP General Query

SourceIP	Expires	Uptime	Inc	Hosts	Exc	Hosts	
2.0.0.1	00:03:04	00:03:48	2		0		
2.0.0.2	00:03:04	00:02:07	2		0		
Switch>							

This example shows how to display the current state of a group with respect to a host MAC address:

```
Switch# show ip igmp snooping group vlan 10 226.6.6.7 hosts IGMPv3 host information for group 226.6.6.7 Timers: Expired hosts are deleted on next IGMP General Query
```

Host (MAC/IP)	Filter mode	Expires	Uptime	# Sources
175.1.0.29	INCLUDE	stopped	00:00:51	2
175.2.0.30	INCLUDE	stopped	00:04:14	2
Switch>				

This example shows how to display summary information for a v3 group:

```
Switch# show ip igmp snooping group vlan 10 226.6.6.7 summary
Group Address (Vlan 10) : 226.6.6.7
Host type : v3
Member Ports : Fa7/13, Fa7/14
Filter mode : INCLUDE
```

Expires : stopped Sources : 2
Reporters (Include/Exclude) : 2/0

Switch>

This example shows how to display multicast router information for VLAN 1:

```
Switch# show ip igmp snooping mrouter vlan 1
vlan ports

1 Gi1/1,Gi2/1,Fa3/48,Router
Switch#
```

This example shows how to display the total number of group addresses learned by the system globally:

```
Switch# show ip igmp snooping group count
Total number of groups: 54
Switch>
```

This example shows how to display the total number of group addresses learned on VLAN 5:

```
Switch# show ip igmp snooping group vlan 5 count Total number of groups: 30 Switch>
```

#### **Related Commands**

```
ip igmp snooping
ip igmp snooping vlan immediate-leave
ip igmp snooping vlan mrouter
ip igmp snooping vlan static
show ip igmp interface
show ip igmp snooping mrouter
show mac-address-table multicast
```

## show ip igmp snooping membership

To display host membership information, use the **show ip igmp snooping membership** command.

**show ip igmp snooping membership [interface** interface\_num] [vlan vlan\_id] [reporter a.b.c.d] [source a.b.c.d group a.b.c.d]

## **Syntax Description**

interface interface_num	(Optional) Displays IP address and version information of an interface.
vlan vlan_id	(Optional) Displays VLAN members sorted by group IP address of a VLAN; valid values are from 1 to 1001 and from 1006 to 4094.
reporter a.b.c.d	(Optional) Displays membership information for a specified reporter.
source a.b.c.d	(Optional) Specifies a reporter, source, or group IP address.
group a.b.c.d	(Optional) Displays all members of a channel (source, group), sorted by interface or VLAN.

#### Defaults

This command has no default settings.

#### **Command Modes**

Privileged EXEC

### **Command History**

Release	Modification
12.1(20)EW	Support for this command was introduced on the Catalyst 4500 series switch.
12.2(25)EW	Added support for the 10-Gigabit Ethernet interface.

#### **Usage Guidelines**

This command is valid only if explicit host tracking is enabled on the switch.

#### **Examples**

This example shows how to display host membership for the Gigabit Ethernet interface 4/1:

Switch# show ip igmp snooping membership interface gigabitethernet4/1
#channels: 5
#hosts : 1
Source/Group Interface Reporter Uptime Last-Join Last-Leave

40.40.40.2/224.10.10.10 Gi4/1 20.20.20.20 00:23:37 00:06:50 00:20:30
40.40.40.4/224.10.10.10Gi4/1 20.20.20.20 00:39:42 00:09:17 Switch#

This example shows how to display host membership for VLAN 20 and group 224.10.10.10:

Switch# show ip igmp snooping membership vlan 20 source 40.40.40.2 group 224.10.10.10 #channels: 5 #hosts : 1
Source/Group Interface Reporter Uptime Last-Join Last-Leave

40.40.40.2/224.10.10.10 Gi4/1 20.20.20.20 00:23:37 00:06:50 00:20:30
Switch#

This example shows how to display host membership information for VLAN 20 and to delete the explicit host tracking:

Switch# show ip igmp snooping membership vlan 20

Snooping Membership Summary for Vlan 20

\_\_\_\_\_

Total number of channels:5
Total number of hosts :4

Source/Group	Interface	Reporter	Uptime Last-Join/	Last-Leave
40.0.0.1/224.1.1.1	Fa7/37	0002.4ba0.a4f6	00:00:04 00:00:04 /	
40.0.0.2/224.1.1.1	Fa7/37	0002.fd80.f770	00:00:17 00:00:17 /	_
40.0.0.3/224.1.1.1	Fa7/36	20.20.20.20	00:00:04 00:00:04 /	_
40.0.0.4/224.1.1.1	Fa7/35	20.20.20.210	00:00:17 00:00:17 /	_
40.0.0.5/224.1.1.1	Fa7/37	0002.fd80.f770	00:00:17 00:00:17 /	_
Switch# clear ip igmp snooping	membership	vlan 20		

### **Related Commands**

Switch#

clear ip igmp snooping membership ip igmp snooping vlan explicit-tracking show ip igmp snooping vlan

## show ip igmp snooping mrouter

To display information on the dynamically learned and manually configured multicast switch interfaces, use the **show ip igmp snooping mrouter** command.

**show ip igmp snooping mrouter** [{vlan vlan-id}]

### **Syntax Description**

vlan vlan-id (Optional) Specifies a VLAN; valid values are from 1 to 1001 and from 1006 to 4094.

#### Defaults

This command has no default settings.

#### **Command Modes**

Privileged EXEC

### **Command History**

Release	Modification
12.1(8a)EW	Support for this command was introduced on the Catalyst 4500 series switch.
12.1(19)EW	Added support for extended VLAN addresses.

### **Usage Guidelines**

You can also use the **show mac-address-table multicast** command to display entries in the MAC address table for a VLAN that has IGMP snooping enabled.

You can display IGMP snooping information for the VLAN interfaces by entering the **show ip igmp interface vlan** *vlan-num* command.

#### **Examples**

This example shows how to display snooping information for a specific VLAN:

Switch#	show	ip	igmp	snooping	mrouter	vlan	1
vlan			ports	5			
1		Gií	L/1,G	i2/1,Fa3/	48,Switch	n	
Switch#							

#### **Related Commands**

ip igmp snooping vlan mrouter show ip igmp interface show mac-address-table multicast

# show ip igmp snooping vlan

To display information on the dynamically learned and manually configured VLAN switch interfaces, use the **show ip igmp snooping vlan** command.

show ip igmp snooping vlan vlan\_num

### **Syntax Description**

vlan num	Number of the	VLAN; valid values	are from 1 to 1001	and from 1006 to 4094.
----------	---------------	--------------------	--------------------	------------------------

#### Defaults

This command has no default settings.

#### **Command Modes**

Privileged EXEC

### **Command History**

Release	Modification
12.1(8a)EW	Support for this command was introduced on the Catalyst 4500 series switch.
12.1(12c)EW	Support for extended addressing was added.

### **Usage Guidelines**

You can also use the **show mac-address-table multicast** command to display the entries in the MAC address table for a VLAN that has IGMP snooping enabled.

#### **Examples**

This example shows how to display snooping information for a specific VLAN:

```
Switch# show ip igmp snooping vlan 2 \,
```

vlan 2

\_\_\_\_\_

IGMP snooping is globally enabled

 ${\tt IGMP}$  snooping TCN solicit query is globally enabled

 ${\tt IGMP}$  snooping global TCN flood query count is 2

IGMP snooping is enabled on this Vlan

IGMP snooping immediate-leave is disabled on this Vlan

IGMP snooping mrouter learn mode is pim-dvmrp on this Vlan

 ${\tt IGMP}$  snooping is running in  ${\tt IGMP\_ONLY}$  mode on this  ${\tt Vlan}$ 

Switch#

#### **Related Commands**

ip igmp snooping

ip igmp snooping vlan immediate-leave

ip igmp snooping vlan mrouter

ip igmp snooping vlan static

show ip igmp interface

show ip igmp snooping mrouter

show mac-address-table multicast

## show ip interface

To display the usability status of interfaces that are configured for IP, use the **show ip interface** command.

**show ip interface** [type number]

## **Syntax Description**

type	(Optional) Interface type.
number	(Optional) Interface number.

#### Defaults

This command has no default settings.

#### **Command Modes**

**EXEC** 

### **Command History**

Release	Modification
12.2(25)EW	Extended to include the 10-Gigabit Ethernet interface.

#### **Usage Guidelines**

The Cisco IOS software automatically enters a directly connected route in the routing table if the interface is usable. A usable interface is one through which the software can send and receive packets. If the software determines that an interface is not usable, it removes the directly connected routing entry from the routing table. Removing the entry allows the software to use dynamic routing protocols to determine backup routes to the network, if any.

If the interface can provide two-way communication, the line protocol is marked "up." If the interface hardware is usable, the interface is marked "up."

If you specify an optional interface type, you see information only on that specific interface.

If you specify no optional arguments, you see information on all the interfaces.

When an asynchronous interface is encapsulated with PPP or Serial Line Internet Protocol (SLIP), IP fast switching is enabled. The **show ip interface** command on an asynchronous interface that is encapsulated with PPP or SLIP displays a message indicating that IP fast switching is enabled.

#### **Examples**

This example shows how to display the usability status for a specific VLAN:

### Switch# show ip interface vlan 1

Vlan1 is up, line protocol is up
Internet address is 10.6.58.4/24
Broadcast address is 255.255.255.255
Address determined by non-volatile memory
MTU is 1500 bytes
Helper address is not set
Directed broadcast forwarding is disabled
Outgoing access list is not set
Inbound access list is not set
Proxy ARP is enabled

```
Local Proxy ARP is disabled
  Security level is default
  Split horizon is enabled
  ICMP redirects are always sent
  ICMP unreachables are always sent
  ICMP mask replies are never sent
  IP fast switching is enabled
  IP fast switching on the same interface is disabled
  IP Flow switching is disabled
  IP CEF switching is enabled
  IP Fast switching turbo vector
  IP Normal CEF switching turbo vector
  IP multicast fast switching is enabled
  IP multicast distributed fast switching is disabled
  IP route-cache flags are Fast, CEF
  Router Discovery is disabled
  IP output packet accounting is disabled
  IP access violation accounting is disabled
  TCP/IP header compression is disabled
  RTP/IP header compression is disabled
  Probe proxy name replies are disabled
  Policy routing is disabled
  Network address translation is disabled
  WCCP Redirect outbound is disabled
  WCCP Redirect inbound is disabled
  WCCP Redirect exclude is disabled
  BGP Policy Mapping is disabled
  Sampled Netflow is disabled
  IP multicast multilayer switching is disabled
  Netflow Data Export (hardware) is enabled
Switch#
```

Table 2-20 describes the fields that are shown in the example.

Table 2-20 show ip interface Field Descriptions

Field	Description
Ethernet0 is up	If the interface hardware is usable, the interface is marked "up." For an interface to be usable, both the interface hardware and line protocol must be up.
line protocol is up	If the interface can provide two-way communication, the line protocol is marked "up." For an interface to be usable, both the interface hardware and line protocol must be up.
Internet address and subnet mask	IP address and subnet mask of the interface.
Broadcast address	Broadcast address.
Address determined by	Status of how the IP address of the interface was determined.
MTU	MTU value that is set on the interface.
Helper address	Helper address, if one has been set.
Secondary address	Secondary address, if one has been set.
Directed broadcast forwarding	Status of directed broadcast forwarding.
Multicast groups joined	Multicast groups to which this interface belongs.
Outgoing access list	Status of whether the interface has an outgoing access list set.
Inbound access list	Status of whether the interface has an incoming access list set.

Table 2-20 show ip interface Field Descriptions (continued)

Field	Description
Proxy ARP	Status of whether Proxy Address Resolution Protocol (ARP) is enabled for the interface.
Security level	IP Security Option (IPSO) security level set for this interface.
Split horizon	Status of split horizon.
ICMP redirects	Status of the redirect messages on this interface.
ICMP unreachables	Status of the unreachable messages on this interface.
ICMP mask replies	Status of the mask replies on this interface.
IP fast switching	Status of whether fast switching has been enabled for this interface. Fast switching is typically enabled on serial interfaces, such as this one.
IP SSE switching	Status of the IP silicon switching engine (SSE).
Router Discovery	Status of the discovery process for this interface. It is typically disabled on serial interfaces.
IP output packet accounting	Status of IP accounting for this interface and the threshold (maximum number of entries).
TCP/IP header compression	Status of compression.
Probe proxy name	Status of whether the HP Probe proxy name replies are generated.
WCCP Redirect outbound is enabled	Status of whether packets that are received on an interface are redirected to a cache engine.
WCCP Redirect exclude is disabled	Status of whether packets that are targeted for an interface are excluded from being redirected to a cache engine.
Netflow Data Export (hardware) is enabled	NDE hardware flow status on the interface.

# show ip mfib

To display all active Multicast Forwarding Information Base (MFIB) routes, use the **show ip mfib** command.

show ip mfib [all | counters | log [n]]

## **Syntax Description**

all	(Optional) Specifies all routes in the MFIB, including those routes that are used to accelerate fast switching but that are not necessarily in the upper-layer routing protocol table.
counters	(Optional) Specifies the counts of MFIB-related events. Only nonzero counters are shown.
log	(Optional) Specifies a log of the most recent number of MFIB-related events. The most recent event is first.
n	(Optional) Number of events.

#### **Defaults**

This command has no default settings.

#### **Command Modes**

Privileged EXEC

### **Command History**

Release	Modification
12.1(8a)EW	Support for this command was introduced on the Catalyst 4500 series switch.

#### **Usage Guidelines**

The MFIB table contains a set of IP multicast routes; each route in the MFIB table contains several flags that associate to the route.

The route flags indicate how a packet that matches a route is forwarded. For example, the IC flag on an MFIB route indicates that some process on the switch needs to receive a copy of the packet. These flags are associated with MFIB routes:

- Internal Copy (IC) flag—Set on a route when a process on the switch needs to receive a copy of all packets matching the specified route.
- Signaling (S) flag—Set on a route when a switch process needs notification that a packet matching the route is received. In the expected behavior, the protocol code updates the MFIB state in response to having received a packet on a signaling interface.
- Connected (C) flag—When set on a route, the C flag has the same meaning as the S flag, except that the C flag indicates that only packets sent by directly connected hosts to the route should be signaled to a protocol process.

A route can also have a set of flags associated with one or more interfaces. For an (S,G) route, the flags on interface 1 indicate how the ingress packets should be treated and whether packets matching the route should be forwarded onto interface 1. These per-interface flags are associated with the MFIB routes:

• Accepting (A)—Set on the RPF interface when a packet that arrives on the interface and that is marked as Accepting (A) is forwarded to all Forwarding (F) interfaces.

- Forwarding (F)—Used with the A flag as described above. The set of forwarding interfaces together form a multicast olist or output interface list.
- Signaling (S)—Set on an interface when a multicast routing protocol process in Cisco IOS needs to be notified of ingress packets on that interface.
- Not Platform (NP) fast-switched—Used with the F flag. A forwarding interface is also marked as
  Not Platform fast-switched whenever that output interface cannot be fast-switched by the platform
  hardware and requires software forwarding.

For example, the Catalyst 4006 switch with Supervisor Engine III cannot switch tunnel interfaces in hardware so these interfaces are marked with the NP flag. When an NP interface is associated with a route, a copy of every ingress packet arriving on an Accepting interface is sent to the switch software forwarding path for software replication and then forwarded to the NP interface.

#### **Examples**

This example shows how to display all active MFIB routes:

```
Switch# show ip mfib
IP Multicast Forwarding Information Base
Entry Flags: C - Directly Connected, S - Signal,
             IC - Internal Copy
Interface Flags: A - Accept, F - Forward, NS - Signal,
            NP - Not platform switched
Packets: Fast/Partial/Slow Bytes: Fast/Partial/Slow:
(171.69.10.13, 224.0.1.40), flags (IC)
  Packets: 2292/2292/0, Bytes: 518803/0/518803
  Vlan7 (A)
  Vlan100 (F NS)
  Vlan105 (F NS)
(*, 224.0.1.60), flags ()
   Packets: 2292/0/0, Bytes: 518803/0/0
  Vlan7 (A NS)
(*, 224.0.1.75), flags ()
   Vlan7 (A NS)
(10.34.2.92, 239.192.128.80), flags ()
  Packets: 24579/100/0, 2113788/15000/0 bytes
  Vlan7 (F NS)
  Vlan100 (A)
(*, 239.193.100.70), flags ()
  Packets: 1/0/0, 1500/0/0 bytes
  Vlan7 (A)
Switch#
```

#### **Related Commands**

clear ip mfib counters

# show ip mfib fastdrop

To show all currently active fast-drop entries and to show whether fast drop is enabled, use the **show ip mfib fastdrop** command.

#### show ip mfib fastdrop

**Syntax Description** 

This command has no arguments or keywords.

**Defaults** 

This command has no default settings.

**Command Modes** 

Privileged EXEC

#### **Command History**

Release	Modification
12.1(8a)EW	Support for this command was introduced on the Catalyst 4500 series switch.

#### **Examples**

This example shows how to display all currently active fast-drop entries and whether fast drop is enabled.

Switch# show ip mfib fasttdrop
MFIB fastdrop is enabled.
MFIB fast-dropped flows:
(10.0.0.1, 224.1.2.3, Vlan9 ) 00:01:32
(10.1.0.2, 224.1.2.3, Vlan9 ) 00:02:30
(1.2.3.4, 225.6.7.8, Vlan3) 00:01:50
Switch#

#### **Related Commands**

clear ip mfib fastdrop

## show ip mroute

To display IP multicast routing table information, use the **show ip mroute** command.

**show ip mroute** [interface\_type slot/port | host\_name | host\_address [source] | **active** [kbps | interface\_type num] | **count** | **pruned** | **static** | **summary**]

### **Syntax Description**

interface_type slot/port	(Optional) Interface type and number of the slot and port; valid values for <i>interface type</i> are <b>fastethernet</b> , <b>gigabitethernet</b> , <b>tengigabitethernet</b> , <b>null</b> , and <b>vlan</b> .				
host_name	(Optional) Name or IP address as defined in the DNS hosts table.				
host_address source	(Optional) IP address or name of a multicast source.				
active	(Optional) Displays the rate that active sources are sending to multicast groups.				
kbps interface_type num	(Optional) Minimum rate at which active sources are sending to multicast groups; active sources sending at this rate or greater will be displayed. Valid values are from 1 to 4294967295 kbps.				
count	(Optional) Displays the route and packet count information.				
pruned	(Optional) Displays the pruned routes.				
static	(Optional) Displays the static multicast routes.				
summary	(Optional) Displays a one-line, abbreviated summary of each entry in the IP multicast routing table.				

## Defaults

This command has no default settings.

#### **Command Modes**

Privileged EXEC

### **Command History**

Release	Modification
12.1(8a)EW	Support for this command was introduced on the Catalyst 4500 series switch.
12.2(25)EW	Added support for the 10-Gigabit Ethernet interface.

## **Usage Guidelines**

If you omit all the optional arguments and keywords, the **show ip mroute** command displays all the entries in the IP multicast routing table.

The **show ip mroute active** *kbps* command displays all the sources sending at a rate greater than or equal to *kbps*.

The multicast routing table is populated by creating source, group (S,G) entries from star, group (\*,G) entries. The star refers to all source addresses, the "S" refers to a single source address, and the "G" refers to the destination multicast group address. In creating (S,G) entries, the software uses the best path to that destination group found in the unicast routing table (through Reverse Path Forwarding (RPF).

### **Examples**

This example shows how to display all the entries in the IP multicast routing table:

Switch# show ip mroute

```
IP Multicast Routing Table
Flags:D - Dense, S - Sparse, s - SSM Group, C - Connected, L - Local,
       P - Pruned, R - RP-bit set, F - Register flag, T - SPT-bit set,
       J - Join SPT, M - MSDP created entry, X - Proxy Join Timer Running
       A - Advertised via MSDP, U - URD, I - Received Source Specific Host
           Report.
Outgoing interface flags:H - Hardware switched
Timers: Uptime/Expires
Interface state: Interface, Next-Hop or VCD, State/Mode
(*, 230.13.13.1), 00:16:41/00:00:00, RP 10.15.1.20, flags:SJC
  Incoming interface:GigabitEthernet4/8, RPF nbr 10.15.1.20
  Outgoing interface list:
 GigabitEthernet4/9, Forward/Sparse-Dense, 00:16:41/00:00:00, H
(*, 230.13.13.2), 00:16:41/00:00:00, RP 10.15.1.20, flags:SJC
 Incoming interface: GigabitEthernet4/8, RPF nbr 10.15.1.20, RPF-MFD
  Outgoing interface list:
    GigabitEthernet4/9, Forward/Sparse-Dense, 00:16:41/00:00:00, H
(10.20.1.15, 230.13.13.1), 00:14:31/00:01:40, flags:CJT
 Incoming interface:GigabitEthernet4/8, RPF nbr 10.15.1.20, RPF-MFD
  Outgoing interface list:
    GigabitEthernet4/9, Forward/Sparse-Dense, 00:14:31/00:00:00, H
(132.206.72.28, 224.2.136.89), 00:14:31/00:01:40, flags:CJT
  Incoming interface: GigabitEthernet4/8, RPF nbr 10.15.1.20, RPF-MFD
Outgoing interface list:Null
Switch#
```

This example shows how to display the rate that the active sources are sending to the multicast groups and to display only the active sources that are sending at greater than the default rate:

```
Switch# show ip mroute active
```

```
Active IP Multicast Sources - sending > = 4 kbps
Group: 224.2.127.254, (sdr.cisco.com)
    Source: 146.137.28.69 (mbone.ipd.anl.gov)
    Rate: 1 pps/4 kbps(1sec), 4 kbps(last 1 secs), 4 kbps(life avg)
Group: 224.2.201.241, ACM 97
    Source: 130.129.52.160 (webcast3-e1.acm97.interop.net)
    Rate: 9 pps/93 kbps(1sec), 145 kbps(last 20 secs), 85 kbps(life avg)
Group: 224.2.207.215, ACM 97
    Source: 130.129.52.160 (webcast3-e1.acm97.interop.net)
    Rate: 3 pps/31 kbps(1sec), 63 kbps(last 19 secs), 65 kbps(life avg)
Switch#
```

This example shows how to display route and packet count information:

```
Switch# show ip mroute count

IP Multicast Statistics

56 routes using 28552 bytes of memory

13 groups, 3.30 average sources per group

Forwarding Counts:Pkt Count/Pkts per second/Avg Pkt Size/Kilobits per second
```

```
Other counts:Total/RPF failed/Other drops(OIF-null, rate-limit etc)

Group:224.2.136.89, Source count:1, Group pkt count:29051

Source:132.206.72.28/32, Forwarding:29051/-278/1186/0, Other:85724/8/56665
Switch#
```

This example shows how to display summary information:

```
Switch# show ip mroute summary

IP Multicast Routing Table

Flags: D - Dense, S - Sparse, s - SSM Group, C - Connected, L - Local,
    P - Pruned, R - RP-bit set, F - Register flag, T - SPT-bit set,
    J - Join SPT, M - MSDP created entry, X - Proxy Join Timer Running
    A - Advertised via MSDP, U - URD, I - Received Source Specific Host
    Report

Outgoing interface flags: H - Hardware switched

Timers: Uptime/Expires
Interface state: Interface, Next-Hop or VCD, State/Mode

Switch#
```

Table 2-21 describes the fields shown in the output.

Table 2-21 show ip mroute Field Descriptions

Field	Description				
Flags:	Information about the entry.				
D - Dense	Entry is operating in dense mode.				
S - Sparse	Entry is operating in sparse mode.				
s - SSM Group	Entry is a member of an SSM group.				
C - Connected	Member of the multicast group is present on the directly connected interface.				
L - Local	Switch is a member of the multicast group.				
P - Pruned	Route has been pruned. This information is retained in case a downstream member wants to join the source.				
R - Rp-bit set  Status of the (S,G) entry; is the (S,G) entry pointing tow.  The R - Rp-bit set is typically a prune state along the sh for a particular source.					
F - Register flag	Status of the software; indicates if the software is registered for a multicast source.				
T - SPT-bit set  Status of the packets; indicates if the packets been received of shortest path source tree.					

Table 2-21 show ip mroute Field Descriptions (continued)

Field	Description				
J - Join SPT	For (*, G) entries, indicates that the rate of traffic flowing down the shared tree is exceeding the SPT-Threshold set for the group. (The default SPT-Threshold setting is 0 kbps.) When the J - Join SPT flag is set, the next (S,G) packet received down the shared tree triggers an (S,G) join in the direction of the source causing the switch to join the source tree.				
	For (S, G) entries, indicates that the entry was created because the SPT-Threshold for the group was exceeded. When the J - Join SPT flag is set for (S,G) entries, the switch monitors the traffic rate on the source tree and attempts to switch back to the shared tree for this source if the traffic rate on the source tree falls below the group's SPT-Threshold for more than one minute.				
	The switch measures the traffic rate on the shared tree and compares the measured rate to the group's SPT-Threshold once every second. If the traffic rate exceeds the SPT-Threshold, the J- Join SPT flag is set on the (*, G) entry until the next measurement of the traffic rate. The flag is cleared when the next packet arrives on the shared tree and a new measurement interval is started.				
	If the default SPT-Threshold value of 0 Kbps is used for the group, the J- Join SPT flag is always set on (*, G) entries and is never cleared. When the default SPT-Threshold value is used, the switch immediately switches to the shortest-path tree when traffic from a new source is received.				
Outgoing interface flag:	Information about the outgoing entry.				
H - Hardware switched	Entry is hardware switched.				
Timer:	Uptime/Expires.				
Interface state:	Interface, Next-Hop or VCD, State/Mode.				
(*, 224.0.255.1) (198.92.37.100/32, 224.0.255.1)	Entry in the IP multicast routing table. The entry consists of the IP address of the source switch followed by the IP address of the multicast group. An asterisk (*) in place of the source switch indicates all sources.				
	Entries in the first format are referred to as (*,G) or "star comma G" entries. Entries in the second format are referred to as (S,G) or "S comma G" entries. (*,G) entries are used to build (S,G) entries.				
uptime	How long (in hours, minutes, and seconds) the entry has been in the IP multicast routing table.				
expires	How long (in hours, minutes, and seconds) until the entry is removed from the IP multicast routing table on the outgoing interface.				

Table 2-21 show ip mroute Field Descriptions (continued)

Field	Description				
RP	Address of the RP switch. For switches and access servers operating in sparse mode, this address is always 0.0.0.0.				
flags:	Information about the entry.				
Incoming interface	Expected interface for a multicast packet from the source. If the packet is not received on this interface, it is discarded.				
RPF neighbor	IP address of the upstream switch to the source. "Tunneling" indicates that this switch is sending data to the RP encapsulated in Register packets. The hexadecimal number in parentheses indicates to which RP it is registering. Each bit indicates a different RP if multiple RPs per group are used.				
DVMRP or Mroute	Status of whether the RPF information is obtained from the DVMRP routing table or the static mroutes configuration.				
Outgoing interface list	Interfaces through which packets are forwarded. When the <b>ip pim nbma-mode</b> command is enabled on the interface, the IP address of the PIM neighbor is also displayed.				
Ethernet0	Name and number of the outgoing interface.				
Next hop or VCD	Next hop specifies downstream neighbor's IP address. VCD specifies the virtual circuit descriptor number. VCD0 indicates that the group is using the static-map virtual circuit.				
Forward/Dense	Status of the packets; indicates if they are they forwarded on the interface if there are no restrictions due to access lists or the TTL threshold. Following the slash (/), mode in which the interface is operating (dense or sparse).				
Forward/Sparse	Sparse mode interface is in forward mode.				
time/time (uptime/expiration time)  Per interface, how long (in hours, minutes, and second has been in the IP multicast routing table. Following the how long (in hours, minutes, and seconds) until the en removed from the IP multicast routing table.					

## **Related Commands**

ip multicast-routing (refer to Cisco IOS documentation)
ip pim (refer to Cisco IOS documentation)

# show ip source binding

To display IP source bindings that are configured on the system, use the **show ip source binding** EXEC command.

**show ip source binding** [ip-address] [mac-address] [**dhcp-snooping** | **static**] [**vlan** vlan-id] [**interface** interface-name]

### **Syntax Description**

ip-address	(Optional) Binding IP address.
mac-address	(Optional) Binding MAC address.
dhcp-snooping	(Optional) DHCP-snooping type binding.
static	(Optional) Statically configured binding.
vlan vlan-id	(Optional) VLAN number.
interface interface-name	(Optional) Binding interface.

#### **Defaults**

Displays both static and DHCP snooping bindings.

#### **Command Modes**

Privileged EXEC

## **Command History**

Release	Modification
12.1(19)EW	Support for this command was introduced on the Catalyst 4500 series switch.

## **Usage Guidelines**

The optional parameters filter the display output result.

### **Examples**

This example shows how to display the IP source bindings:

#### Switch# show ip source binding

MacAddress	IpAddress	Lease(sec)	Type	VLAN	Interface
00:00:00:0A:00:0B	11.0.0.1	infinite	static	10	FastEthernet6/10

Switch#

This example shows how to display the static IP binding entry of IP address 11.0.01:

Switch# show ip source binding 11.0.0.1 0000.000A.000B static vlan 10 interface Fa6/10

show ip source bind	ding 11.0.0.1 0000	0.000A.000B s	static vlan 10	interfa	ce Fa6/10
MacAddress	IpAddress	Lease(sec)	Type	VLAN	Interface
00:00:00:0A:00:0B Switch#	11.0.0.1	infinite	static	10	FastEthernet6/10

**Related Commands** 

ip source binding

## show ip verify source

To display the IP source guard configuration and filters on a particular interface, use the **show ip verify source** command.

show ip verify source [interface interface\_num]

### **Syntax Description**

**interface** *interface\_num* (Optional) Specifies an interface.

**Defaults** 

This command has no default settings.

**Command Modes** 

Privileged EXEC

### **Command History**

Release	Modification
12.1(19)EW	Support for this command was introduced on the Catalyst 4500 series switch.

#### **Examples**

These examples show how to display the IP source guard configuration and filters on a particular interface with the **show ip verify source interface** command:

• This output appears when DHCP snooping is enabled on VLANs 10–20, interface fa6/1 has IP source filter mode that is configured as IP, and an existing IP address binding 10.0.0.1 is on VLAN 10:

Interface	Filter-type	Filter-mode	IP-address	Mac-address	Vlan
fa6/1	ip	active	10.0.0.1		10
fa6/1	ip	active	deny-all		11-20



The second entry shows that a default PVACL (deny all IP traffic) is installed on the port for those snooping-enabled VLANs that do not have a valid IP source binding.

• This output appears when you enter the **show ip verify source interface fa6/2** command and DHCP snooping is enabled on VLANs 10–20, interface fa6/1 has IP source filter mode that is configured as IP, and there is an existing IP address binding 10.0.0.1 on VLAN 10:

Interface	Filter-type	Filter-mode	IP-address	Mac-address	Vlan
fa6/2	in	inactive-trust-nort			

• This output appears when you enter the **show ip verify source interface fa6/3** command and the interface fa6/3 does not have a VLAN enabled for DHCP snooping:

Interface	Filter-type	Filter-mode	IP-address	Mac-address	Vlan
fa6/3	ip	inactive-no-	snooping-vlan		

• This output appears when you enter the **show ip verify source interface fa6/4** command and the interface fa6/4 has an IP source filter mode that is configured as IP MAC and the existing IP MAC that binds 10.0.0.2/aaaa.bbbb.cccc on VLAN 10 and 11.0.0.1/aaaa.bbbb.cccd on VLAN 11:

Interface	Filter-type	Filter-mode	IP-address	Mac-address	Vlan
fa6/4	ip-mac	active	10.0.0.2	aaaa.bbbb.cccc	10
fa6/4	ip-mac	active	11.0.0.1	aaaa.bbbb.cccd	11
fa6/4	ip-mac	active	deny-all	deny-all	12-20

• This output appears when you enter the **show ip verify source interface fa6/5** command and the interface fa6/5 has IP source filter mode that is configured as IP MAC and existing IP MAC binding 10.0.0.3/aaaa.bbbb.ccce on VLAN 10, but port security is not enabled on fa6/5:

Interface	Filter-type	Filter-mode	IP-address	Mac-address	Vlan
fa6/5	ip-mac	active	10.0.0.3	permit-all	10
fa6/5	ip-mac	active	deny-all	permit-all	11-20



Enable port security first because the DHCP security MAC filter cannot apply to the port or VLAN.

• This output appears when you enter the **show ip verify source interface fa6/6** command and the interface fa6/6 does not have IP source filter mode that is configured:

DHCP security is not configured on the interface fa6/6.

This example shows how to display all the interfaces on the switch that have DHCP snooping security enabled with the **show ip verify source** command.

The output is an accumulation of per-interface show CLIs:

Interface	Filter-type	Filter-mode	IP-address	Mac-address	Vlan
fa6/1	ip	active	10.0.0.1		10
fa6/1	ip	active	deny-all		11-20
fa6/2	ip	inactive-tru	st-port		
fa6/3	ip	inactive-no-	inactive-no-snooping-vlan		
fa6/4	ip-mac	active	10.0.0.2	aaaa.bbbb.cccc	10
fa6/4	ip-mac	active	11.0.0.1	aaaa.bbbb.cccd	11
fa6/4	ip-mac	active	deny-all	deny-all	12-20
fa6/5	ip-mac	active	10.0.0.3	permit-all	10
fa6/5	ip-mac	active	deny-all	permit-all	11-20

#### **Related Commands**

ip dhcp snooping information option

ip dhcp snooping limit rate

ip dhcp snooping trust

ip igmp snooping

ip igmp snooping vlan

ip source binding

ip verify source vlan dhcp-snooping

show ip source binding

# show ipc

To display IPC information, use the **show ipc** command.

show ipc {nodes | ports | queue | status}

# **Syntax Description**

nodes	Displays the participating nodes.
ports	Displays the local IPC ports.
queue	Displays the contents of the IPC retransmission queue.
status	Displays the status of the local IPC server.

#### **Defaults**

This command has no default settings.

#### **Command Modes**

Privileged EXEC

# **Command History**

Release	Modification
12.1(12c)EW	Support for this command was introduced on the Catalyst 4500 series switch.

# **Examples**

This example shows how to display the participating nodes:

#### Switch# show ipc nodes

```
There are 3 nodes in this IPC realm.
   ID
         Type
                               Name
                                                          Last Last
                                                          Sent Heard
   10000 Local
                    IPC Master
                                                             0
                                                                    0
 2010000 Local
                                                             0
                    GALIOS IPC:Card 1
                                                                    0
                    GALIOS IPC:Card 2
2020000 Ethernet
                                                             12
                                                                    26
Switch#
```

This example shows how to display the local IPC ports:

#### Switch# show ipc ports

There are 11 ports defined.

Port ID	Type	Name	(current/	'peak/total)	
10000.1	unicast	IPC Master:Zone			
10000.2	unicast	IPC Master:Echo			
10000.3	unicast	IPC Master:Control			
10000.4	unicast	Remote TTY Server Por	t		
10000.5	unicast	GALIOS RF :Active			
index = 0	seat_id =	0x2020000 last sent	= 0	neard = 1635	0/1/1635
10000.6	unicast	GALIOS RED:Active			
index = 0	seat_id =	0x2020000 last sent	= 0	neard = 2	0/1/2
2020000.3	unicast	GALIOS IPC:Card 2:Con	itrol		
2020000.4	unicast	GALIOS RFS :Standby			
2020000.5	unicast	Slave: Remote TTY Cli	ent Port		
2020000.6	unicast	GALIOS RF :Standby			
2020000.7	unicast	GALIOS RED:Standby			

```
RPC packets: current/peak/total 0/1/17 Switch#
```

This example shows how to display the contents of the IPC retransmission queue:

```
Switch# show ipc queue

There are 0 IPC messages waiting for acknowledgement in the transmit queue.

There are 0 IPC messages waiting for a response.

There are 0 IPC messages waiting for additional fragments.

There are 0 IPC messages currently on the IPC inboundQ.

There are 0 messages currently in use by the system.

Switch#
```

This example shows how to display the status of the local IPC server:

```
Switch# show ipc status
IPC System Status:
This processor is the IPC master server.
6000 IPC message headers in cache
3363 messages in, 1680 out, 1660 delivered to local port,
1686 acknowledgements received, 1675 sent,
0 NACKS received, 0 sent,
0 messages dropped on input, 0 messages dropped on output
0 no local port, 0 destination unknown, 0 no transport
O missing callback or queue, O duplicate ACKs, O retries,
0 message timeouts.
0 ipc_output failures, 0 mtu failures,
0 msg alloc failed, 0 emer msg alloc failed, 0 no origs for RPC replies
0 pak alloc failed, 0 memd alloc failed
0 no hwq, 1 failed opens, 0 hardware errors
No regular dropping of IPC output packets for test purposes
Switch#
```

# show I2protocol-tunnel

To display information about the Layer 2 protocol tunnel ports, use the **show l2protocol-tunnel** command. This command displays information for the interfaces with protocol tunneling enabled.

**show 12protocol-tunnel [interface** *interface-id*] [[**summary**] | {**begin** | **exclude** | **include**} *expression*]

# **Syntax Description**

interface interface-id	(Optional) Specifies the interface for which protocol tunneling information appears. Valid interfaces are physical ports and port channels; the port channel range is 1 to 64.
summary	(Optional) Displays only Layer 2 protocol summary information.
begin	(Optional) Displays information beginning with the line that matches the <i>expression</i> .
exclude	(Optional) Displays information that excludes lines that match the <i>expression</i> .
include	(Optional) Displays the lines that match the specified expression.
expression	(Optional) Expression in the output to use as a reference point.

#### **Command Modes**

User EXEC

# **Command History**

Release	Modification
12.2(18)EW	This command was first introduced on the Catalyst 4500 series switch.
12.2(25)EW	Added support for the 10-Gigabit Ethernet interface.

# **Usage Guidelines**

After enabling Layer 2 protocol tunneling on an access or 802.1Q tunnel port with the **l2protocol-tunnel** command, you can configure some or all of these parameters:

- Protocol type to be tunneled
- Shutdown threshold
- Drop threshold

If you enter the **show l2protocol-tunnel** [**interface** *interface-id*] command, only information about the active ports on which all the parameters are configured appears.

If you enter the **show l2protocol-tunnel summary** command, only information about the active ports on which some or all of the parameters are configured appears.

Expressions are case sensitive. For example, if you enter | **exclude output**, the lines that contain *output* do not appear, but the lines that contain *Output* appear.

# **Examples**

This is an example of output from the **show l2protocol-tunnel** command:

Switch> show 12protocol-tunnel
COS for Encapsulated Packets: 5

Port	Protocol		_	Encapsulation Counter	-	Drop Counter
T-0/10						
Fa0/10					1066	
	stp				1866	0
	vtp				12	0
	pagp				860	0
	lacp			-	0	0
	udld			219	211	0
Fa0/11	cdp	1100		2356	2350	0
	stp	1100		116	13	0
	vtp	1100		3	67	0
	pagp		900	856	5848	0
	lacp		900	0	0	0
	udld		900	0	0	0
Fa0/12	cdp			2356	0	0
	stp			11787	0	0
	vtp			81	0	0
	pagp			0	0	0
	lacp			849	0	0
	udld			0	0	0
Fa0/13	cdp			2356	0	0
	stp			11788	0	0
	vtp			81	0	0
	pagp			0	0	0
	lacp			849	0	0
	udld			0	0	0
Switch#						

#### This is an example of output from the show 12protocol-tunnel summary command:

Switch> show 12protocol-tunnel summary COS for Encapsulated Packets: 5

Drop Port Protocol Shutdown Status Threshold Threshold (cdp/stp/vtp) (cdp/stp/vtp) (pagp/lacp/udld) (pagp/lacp/udld) Fa0/10 --- stp vtp ----/---- ----/---pagp lacp udld ----/----Fa0/11 cdp stp vtp 1100/1100/1100 ----/---up pagp lacp udld ----/---900/ 900/ 900 Fa0/12 cdp stp vtp ----/--------/----/---up pagp lacp udld ----/-------/----Fa0/13 cdp stp vtp ----/--------/---up pagp lacp udld ----/-------/----Fa0/14 cdp stp vtp ----/--------/---down pagp ---- udld ----/-------/----Fa0/15 cdp stp vtp ----/-------/---down pagp ---- udld ----/-------/----Fa0/16 cdp stp vtp ----/--------/---down pagp lacp udld ----/-------/----Fa0/17 cdp stp vtp ----/-------/---down

----/----

pagp lacp udld ----/---

Switch#

**Related Commands** 

clear I2protocol-tunnel counter (refer to Cisco IOS documentation)

l2protocol-tunnel l2protocol-tunnel cos

# show lacp

To display LACP information, use the **show lacp** command.

show lacp [channel-group] {counters | internal | neighbors | sys-id}

#### **Syntax Description**

channel-group	(Optional) Number of the channel group; valid values are from 1 to 64.
counters	Displays the LACP statistical information.
internal	Displays the internal information.
neighbors	Displays the neighbor information.
sys-id	Displays the LACP system identification.

#### Defaults

This command has no default settings.

#### **Command Modes**

Privileged EXEC

# **Command History**

Release	Modification
12.1(13)EW	Support for this command was introduced on the Catalyst 4500 series switches.

# **Usage Guidelines**

This command is not supported on systems that are configured with a Supervisor Engine I.

If you do not specify a *channel-group* value, all channel groups are displayed.

You can enter the optional *channel-group* value to specify a channel group for all keywords, except the **sys-id** keyword.

#### **Examples**

This example shows how to display LACP statistical information for a specific channel group:

#### Switch# show lacp 1 counters

	LA	CPDUs	Maı	rker	LACPDUs	
Port	Sent	Recv	Sent	Recv	Pkts Er	r
						-
Channel g	roup: 1					
Fa4/1	8	15	0	0	3 0	
Fa4/2	14	18	0	0	3 0	
Fa4/3	14	18	0	0	0	
Fa4/4	13	18	0	0	0	
Switch#						

The output displays the following information:

- The LACPDUs Sent and Recv columns display the LACPDUs sent and received on each specific interface.
- The LACPDUs Pkts and Err columns display the marker protocol packets.

This example shows how to display internal information for the interfaces belonging to a specific channel:

```
Switch# show lacp 1 internal
Flags: S - Device sends PDUs at slow rate. F - Device sends PDUs at fast rate.
       A - Device is in Active mode.
                                         P - Device is in Passive mode.
Channel group 1
                          LACPDUs
                                    LACP Port
                                                  Admin Oper
                                                                  Port
                                                                           Port
Port
         Flags
                  State
                          Interval Priority
                                                                  Number
                                                                           State
                                                  Key
                                                          Key
Fa4/1
        saC
                  bndl
                          30s
                                      32768
                                                   100
                                                          100
                                                                  0xc1
                                                                           0x75
                                                   100
Fa4/2
                  bndl
                          30s
                                      32768
                                                          100
                                                                           0x75
        saC
                                                                  0xc2
Fa4/3
         saC
                  bndl
                          30s
                                      32768
                                                   100
                                                          100
                                                                  0xc3
                                                                           0x75
Fa4/4
         saC
                  bndl
                          30s
                                      32768
                                                   100
                                                          100
                                                                  0xc4
                                                                           0x75
Switch#
```

Table 2-22 lists the output field definitions.

Table 2-22 show lacp internal Command Output Fields

Field	Description		
State	State of the specific port at the current moment is displayed; allowed values are as follows:		
	• <i>bndl</i> —Port is attached to an aggregator and bundled with other ports.		
	• <i>susp</i> —Port is in a suspended state; it is not attached to any aggregator.		
	• <i>indep</i> —Port is in an independent state (not bundled but able to switch data traffic. In this case, LACP is not running on the partner port).		
	• hot-sby—Port is in a Hot-standby state.		
	• down—Port is down.		
LACPDUs Interval	Interval setting.		
LACP Port Priority	Port priority setting.		
Admin Key	Administrative key.		
Oper Key	Operator key.		
Port Number	Port number.		
Port State	State variables for the port encoded as individual bits within a single octet with the following meaning [1]:		
	• bit0: LACP_Activity		
	• bit1: LACP_Timeout		
	• bit2: Aggregation		
	• bit3: Synchronization		
	• bit4: Collecting		
	• bit5: Distributing		
	• bit6: Defaulted		
	• bit7: Expired		

This example shows how to display LACP neighbors information for a specific port channel:

```
Switch# show lacp 1 neighbor
Flags: S - Device sends PDUs at slow rate. F - Device sends PDUs at fast rate.
        A - Device is in Active mode.
                                            P - Device is in Passive mode.
Channel group 1 neighbors
         Partner
                                  Partner
Port
         System ID
                                  Port Number
                                                  Age
                                                           Flags
        8000,00b0.c23e.d84e
Fa4/1
                                  0x81
                                                  29s
                                                           Ρ
         8000,00b0.c23e.d84e
Fa4/2
                                  0x82
                                                   0s
                                                           Р
Fa4/3
          8000,00b0.c23e.d84e
                                  0x83
                                                   0s
                                                           Ρ
Fa4/4
          8000,00b0.c23e.d84e
                                  0x84
                                                   0s
                                                           Ρ
          Port
                        Admin
                                  Oper
                                             Port
          Priority
                        Key
                                  Key
                                             State
          32768
                        200
                                  200
Fa4/1
                                             0 \times 81
Fa4/2
          32768
                                  200
                        200
                                             0x81
Fa4/3
          32768
                        200
                                  200
                                             0x81
                        200
Fa4/4
          32768
                                  200
                                             0x81
Switch#
```

In the case where no PDUs have been received, the default administrative information is displayed in braces.

This example shows how to display the LACP system identification:

```
Switch> show lacp sys-id 8000,AC-12-34-56-78-90 Switch>
```

The system identification is made up of the system priority and the system MAC address. The first two bytes are the system priority, and the last six bytes are the globally administered individual MAC address associated to the system.

# **Related Commands**

lacp port-priority lacp system-priority

# show mac access-group interface

To display the ACL configuration on a Layer 2 interface, use the **show mac access-group interface** command.

**show mac access-group interface** [interface interface-number]

# **Syntax Description**

interface	(Optional) Specifies the interface type; valid values are <b>ethernet</b> , <b>fastethernet</b> , <b>gigabitethernet</b> , <b>tengigabitethernet</b> , <b>pos</b> , <b>atm</b> , <b>port-channel</b> , and <b>ge-wan</b> .
interface-number	(Optional) Specifies the port number.

#### Defaults

This command has no default settings.

#### **Command Modes**

Privileged EXEC

# **Command History**

Release	Modification
12.1(19)EW	Support for this command was introduced on the Catalyst 4500 series switch.

# **Usage Guidelines**

The valid values for the port number depend on the chassis used.

# **Examples**

This example shows how to display the ACL configuration on interface fast 6/1:

Switch# show mac access-group interface fast 6/1

Interface FastEthernet6/1:

Inbound access-list is simple-mac-acl
Outbound access-list is not set

# **Related Commands**

access-group mode

# show mac-address-table address

To display MAC address table information for a specific MAC address, use the **show mac-address-table address** command.

show mac-address-table address  $mac\_addr$  [interface  $type\ slot/port \mid protocol\ protocol\ vlan\ vlan\_id$ ]

# **Syntax Description**

mac_addr	48-bit MAC address; the valid format is H.H.H.
interface type slot/port	(Optional) Displays information for a specific interface; valid values for <i>type</i> are <b>fastethernet</b> , <b>gigabitethernet</b> , and <b>tengigabitethernet</b> .
protocol protocol	(Optional) Specifies a protocol. See the "Usage Guidelines" section for more information.
vlan vlan_id	(Optional) Displays entries for the specific VLAN only; valid values are from 1 to 4094.

#### Defaults

This command has no default settings.

# **Command Modes**

Privileged EXEC

# **Command History**

Release	Modification
12.1(8a)EW	Support for this command was introduced on the Catalyst 4500 series switch.
12.1(12c)EW	Added support for extended VLAN addresses.
12.2(25)EW	Added support for the 10-Gigabit Ethernet interface.

# **Usage Guidelines**

For the MAC address table entries that are used by the routed ports, the routed port name is displayed in the "vlan" column not the internal VLAN number.

The keyword definitions for the *protocol* variable are as follows:

- ip specifies the IP protocol.
- ipx specifies the IPX protocols.
- assigned specifies the assigned protocol entries.
- other specifies the other protocol entries.

# **Examples**

This example shows how to display MAC address table information for a specific MAC address:

# Switch# show mac-address-table address 0030.94fc.0dff

vlan	Entries mac address	type	protocols	port	
1 Fa6/1	0030.94fc.0dff 0030.94fc.0dff 0030.94fc.0dff	static static	<pre>ip,ipx,assigned,other ip,ipx,assigned,other ip,ipx,assigned,other</pre>	Switch Switch	

# **Related Commands**

show mac-address-table aging-time show mac-address-table count show mac-address-table dynamic show mac-address-table interface show mac-address-table multicast show mac-address-table protocol show mac-address-table static show mac-address-table vlan

# show mac-address-table aging-time

To display the MAC address aging time, use the show mac-address-table aging-time command.

show mac-address-table aging-time [vlan vlan\_id]

#### **Syntax Description**

vlan vlan_id	(Optional)	Specifies a	VLAN; valid	values are from	1 to 4094.
--------------	------------	-------------	-------------	-----------------	------------

Defaults

This command has no default settings.

**Command Modes** 

Privileged EXEC

# **Command History**

Release	Modification
12.1(8a)EW	Support for this command was introduced on the Catalyst 4500 series switch.
12.1(12c)EW	Support for extended addressing was added.

#### **Examples**

This example shows how to display the currently configured aging time for all VLANs:

```
{\tt Switch \# \  \, show \  \, mac-address-table \  \, aging-time}
```

Vlan	Aging Time
100	300
200	1000

Switch#

This example shows how to display the currently configured aging time for a specific VLAN:

 ${\tt Switch\#\ show\ mac-address-table\ aging-time\ vlan\ 100}$ 

Vlan Aging Time ---- 100 300

Switch#

#### **Related Commands**

show mac-address-table address show mac-address-table count show mac-address-table dynamic show mac-address-table interface show mac-address-table multicast show mac-address-table protocol show mac-address-table static show mac-address-table vlan

# show mac-address-table count

To display the number of entries currently in the MAC address table, use the **show mac-address-table count** command.

show mac-address-table count [vlan vlan\_id]

# **Syntax Description**

<b>vlan</b> vlan id	(Optional)	Specifies a	VLAN; valid value	s are from 1 to 4094.
---------------------	------------	-------------	-------------------	-----------------------

#### Defaults

This command has no default settings.

#### **Command Modes**

Privileged EXEC

# **Command History**

Release	Modification
12.1(8a)EW	Support for this command was introduced on the Catalyst 4500 series switch.
12.1(12c)EW	Added support for extended VLAN addresses.

#### **Examples**

This example shows how to display the entry count for a specific VLAN:

```
Switch# show mac-address-table count vlan 1
```

MAC Entries for Vlan 1:

Dynamic Unicast Address Count: 0
Static Unicast Address (User-defined) Count: 0
Static Unicast Address (System-defined) Count: 1
Total Unicast MAC Addresses In Use: 1
Total Unicast MAC Addresses Available: 32768
Multicast MAC Address Count: 1
Total Multicast MAC Addresses Available: 16384
Switch#

# **Related Commands**

show mac-address-table address show mac-address-table aging-time show mac-address-table dynamic show mac-address-table interface show mac-address-table multicast show mac-address-table protocol show mac-address-table static show mac-address-table vlan

# show mac-address-table dynamic

To display the dynamic MAC address table entries only, use the **show mac-address-table dynamic** command.

**show mac-address-table dynamic [address** mac\_addr | **interface** type slot/port | **protocol** protocol | **vlan** vlan\_id]

# **Syntax Description**

address mac_addr	(Optional) Specifies a 48-bit MAC address; the valid format is H.H.H.
interface type slot/port	(Optional) Specifies an interface to match; valid values for <i>type</i> are <b>fastethernet</b> , <b>gigabitethernet</b> , and <b>tengigabitethernet</b> .
protocol protocol	(Optional) Specifies a protocol. See the "Usage Guidelines" section for more information.
vlan vlan_id	(Optional) Displays entries for a specific VLAN; valid values are from 1 to 4094.

#### Defaults

This command has no default settings.

#### **Command Modes**

Privileged EXEC

# **Command History**

Release	Modification
12.1(8a)EW	Support for this command was introduced on the Catalyst 4500 series switch.
12.1(12c)EW	Added support for extended VLAN addresses.
12.2(25)EW	Added support for the 10-Gigabit Ethernet interface.

# **Usage Guidelines**

The keyword definitions for the *protocol* argument are as follows:

- assigned specifies assigned protocol entries.
- **ip** specifies IP protocol.
- ipx specifies IPX protocols.
- other specifies other protocol entries.

The **show mac-address-table dynamic** command output for an EtherChannel interface changes the port number designation (such as, 5/7) to a port group number (such as, Po80).

For the MAC address table entries that are used by the routed ports, the routed port name is displayed in the "vlan" column not the internal VLAN number.

# **Examples**

This example shows how to display all the dynamic MAC address entries:

	Switch# show mac-address-table dynamic Unicast Entries					
vlan	mac address	type	protocols	port		
1	0000.0000.0201	dynamic		FastEthernet6/15		
1	0000.0000.0202	dynamic	ip	FastEthernet6/15		
1	0000.0000.0203	dynamic	ip,assigned	FastEthernet6/15		
1	0000.0000.0204	dynamic	ip,assigned	FastEthernet6/15		
1	0000.0000.0205	dynamic	ip,assigned	FastEthernet6/15		
2	0000.0000.0101	dynamic	ip	FastEthernet6/16		
2	0000.0000.0102	dynamic	ip	FastEthernet6/16		
2	0000.0000.0103	dynamic	ip,assigned	FastEthernet6/16		
2	0000.0000.0104	dynamic	ip,assigned	FastEthernet6/16		
2	0000.0000.0105	dynamic	ip,assigned	FastEthernet6/16		
Switch#						

This example shows how to display the dynamic MAC address entries with a specific protocol type (in this case, assigned):

	Switch# show mac-address-table dynamic protocol assigned					
vlar	n	Entries mac address	type	protocols	port	
1	'	0000.0000.0203		ip,assigned	FastEthernet6/15	
1		0000.0000.0204	dynamic	ip,assigned	FastEthernet6/15	
1		0000.0000.0205	dynamic	ip,assigned	FastEthernet6/15	
2		0000.0000.0103	dynamic	ip,assigned	FastEthernet6/16	
2		0000.0000.0104	dynamic	ip,assigned	FastEthernet6/16	
2		0000.0000.0105	dynamic	ip,assigned	FastEthernet6/16	
Swite	ch#					

# **Related Commands**

show mac-address-table protocol show mac-address-table static show mac-address-table vlan

# show mac-address-table interface

To display the MAC address table information for a specific interface, use the **show mac-address-table interface** command.

show mac-address-table interface type slot/port

# **Syntax Description**

type	Interface type; valid values are <b>ethernet</b> , <b>fastethernet</b> , <b>gigabitethernet</b> , and <b>tengigabitethernet</b> .
slot/port	Number of the slot and port.

#### Defaults

This command has no default settings.

#### **Command Modes**

Privileged EXEC

# **Command History**

Release	Modification
12.1(8a)EW	Support for this command was introduced on the Catalyst 4500 series switch.
12.2(25)EW	Added support for the 10-Gigabit Ethernet interface.

# **Usage Guidelines**

For the MAC address table entries that are used by the routed ports, the routed port name is displayed in the "vlan" column not the internal VLAN number.

# Examples

This example shows how to display MAC address table information for a specific interface:

#### Switch# show mac-address-table interface fastethernet6/16

vlan	Entries mac address	type	-	port
		•	++	
2	0000.0000.0101	dynamic	other	FastEthernet6/16
2	0000.0000.0102	dynamic	other	FastEthernet6/16
2	0000.0000.0103	dynamic	other	FastEthernet6/16
2	0000.0000.0104	dynamic	other	FastEthernet6/16
2	0000.0000.0105	dynamic	other	FastEthernet6/16
2	0000.0000.0106	dynamic	other	FastEthernet6/16
vlan	st Entries mac address		ports	
2 Switch#	ffff.ffff.ffff	system 1	Fa6/16	

#### **Related Commands**

show mac-address-table address show mac-address-table aging-time show mac-address-table count show mac-address-table dynamic show mac-address-table multicast show mac-address-table protocol show mac-address-table static show mac-address-table vlan

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# show mac-address-table multicast

To display information about the multicast MAC address table, use the **show mac-address-table multicast** command.

show mac-address-table multicast [count | {igmp-snooping [count]} | {user [count]} | {vlan vlan\_num}]

# **Syntax Description**

count	(Optional) Displays the number of multicast entries.
igmp-snooping	(Optional) Displays only the addresses learned by IGMP snooping.
user	(Optional) Displays only the user-entered static addresses.
vlan vlan_num	(Optional) Displays information for a specific VLAN only; valid values are from 1 to 4094.

#### Defaults

This command has no default settings.

#### **Command Modes**

Privileged EXEC

Switch#

#### **Command History**

Release	Modification
12.1(8a)EW	Support for this command was introduced on the Catalyst 4500 series switch.
12.1(12c)EW	Added support for extended VLAN addresses.

#### **Usage Guidelines**

For the MAC address table entries that are used by the routed ports, the routed port name is displayed in the "vlan" column not the the internal VLAN number.

# Examples

This example shows how to display multicast MAC address table information for a specific VLAN:

This example shows how to display the number of multicast MAC entries for all VLANs:

Switch# show mac-address-table multicast count

MAC Entries for all vlans:
Multicast MAC Address Count:
Total Multicast MAC Addresses Available:
16384
Switch#

#### **Related Commands**

show mac-address-table address show mac-address-table aging-time show mac-address-table count show mac-address-table dynamic show mac-address-table interface show mac-address-table protocol show mac-address-table static show mac-address-table vlan

# show mac-address-table protocol

To display the MAC address table information that is based on the protocol, use the **show** mac-address-table protocol command.

show mac-address-table protocol {assigned | ip | ipx | other}

# **Syntax Description**

assigned	Specifies the assigned protocol entries.
ip	Specifies the IP protocol entries.
ipx	Specifies the IPX protocol entries.
other	Specifies the other protocol entries.

# Defaults

This command has no default settings.

#### **Command Modes**

Privileged EXEC

# **Command History**

Release	Modification
12.1(8a)EW	Support for this command was introduced on the Catalyst 4500 series switch.

#### **Usage Guidelines**

For the MAC address table entries that are used by the routed ports, the routed port name is displayed in the "vlan" column not the the internal VLAN number.

# **Examples**

This example shows how to display the MAC address table entries that have a specific protocol type (in this case, assigned):

#### Switch# show mac-address-table protocol assigned

DWICC	III BIIOW Mac addi	CDD CUDIC	PICCOCCI	upp I	giica	
vlan			-	-		ports
	+	+	+	+	+	
200	0050.3e8d.6400	static	assigned		Switch	
100	0050.3e8d.6400	static	assigned		Switch	
5	0050.3e8d.6400	static	assigned		Switch	
4092	0000.0000.0000	dynamic	assigned		Switch	
1	0050.3e8d.6400	static	assigned		Switch	
4	0050.3e8d.6400	static	assigned		Switch	
4092	0050.f0ac.3058	static	assigned		Switch	
4092	0050.f0ac.3059	dynamic	assigned		Switch	
1	0010.7b3b.0978	dynamic	assigned		Fa5/9	
Switcl	h#					

This example shows the other output for the previous example:

#### Switch# show mac-address-table protocol other

Unicast Entries

UIIICasc	Elicites			
		type	protocols	port
		•	+	
1	0000.0000.0201	dynamic o	ther	FastEthernet6/15
1	0000.0000.0202	dynamic o	ther	FastEthernet6/15

1	0000 0000 0202	dimonia othor	EngtEthornot6/1E
	0000.0000.0203	dynamic other	FastEthernet6/15
1	0000.0000.0204	dynamic other	FastEthernet6/15
1	0030.94fc.0dff	static ip, ipx, assigned, other	Switch
2	0000.0000.0101	dynamic other	FastEthernet6/16
2	0000.0000.0102	dynamic other	FastEthernet6/16
2	0000.0000.0103	dynamic other	FastEthernet6/16
2	0000.0000.0104	dynamic other	FastEthernet6/16
Fa6/1	0030.94fc.0dff	static ip, ipx, assigned, other	Switch
Fa6/2	0030.94fc.0dff	static ip, ipx, assigned, other	Switch
Multica	st Entries		
vlan	mac address	type ports	
	++	++	
1	ffff.ffff.ffff	system Switch, Fa6/15	
2	ffff.ffff.ffff	system Fa6/16	
1002	ffff.ffff.ffff	system	
1003	ffff.ffff.ffff	system	
		_	
1004	ffff.ffff.ffff	system	
1005	ffff.ffff.ffff	system	
Fa6/1	ffff.ffff.ffff	system Switch,Fa6/1	
Fa6/2	cccc cccc cccc	system Switch, Fa6/2	
	ffff.ffff.ffff	System Switch, rao/2	

# **Related Commands**

show mac-address-table address show mac-address-table aging-time show mac-address-table count show mac-address-table dynamic show mac-address-table interface show mac-address-table multicast show mac-address-table static show mac-address-table vlan

# show mac-address-table static

To display the static MAC address table entries only, use the show mac-address-table static command.

**show mac-address-table static [address** mac\_addr | **interface** type number | **protocol** protocol | **vlan** vlan\_id]

# **Syntax Description**

address mac_addr	(Optional) Specifies a 48-bit MAC address to match; the valid format is H.H.H.
interface type number	(Optional) Specifies an interface to match; valid values for <i>type</i> are <b>fastethernet</b> , <b>gigabitethernet</b> , and <b>tengigabitethernet</b> .
protocol protocol	(Optional) Specifies a protocol. See the "Usage Guidelines" section for more information.
vlan vlan_id	(Optional) Displays the entries for a specific VLAN; valid values are from 1 to 4094.

#### Defaults

This command has no default settings.

#### **Command Modes**

Privileged EXEC

# **Command History**

Release	Modification
12.1(8a)EW	Support for this command was introduced on the Catalyst 4500 series switch.
12.1(12c)EW	Added support for extended VLAN addresses.
12.2(25)EW	Added support for the 10-Gigabit Ethernet interface.

# **Usage Guidelines**

For the MAC address table entries that are used by the routed ports, the routed port name is displayed in the "vlan" column not the internal VLAN number.

The keyword definitions for the protocol argument are as follows:

- assigned specifies the assigned protocol entries.
- **ip** specifies the IP protocol.
- ipx specifies the IPX protocols.
- **other** specifies the other protocol entries.

# Examples

This example shows how to display all the static MAC address entries:

#### Switch# show mac-address-table static

Unicast	Entries			
vlan	mac address	type	protocols	port
	+	++	+	
1	0030.94fc.0dff	static ip	,ipx,assigned,other	Switch
Fa6/1	0030.94fc.0dff	static ip	,ipx,assigned,other	Switch

```
Fa6/2 0030.94fc.0dff
                     static ip, ipx, assigned, other Switch
Multicast Entries
vlan mac address
                    type
                          ports
______
  1
    ffff.ffff.ffff system Switch,Fa6/15
    ffff.ffff.ffff system Fa6/16
  2
      ffff.ffff.ffff system
1002
      ffff.ffff.ffff system ffff.ffff.ffff system
1003
1004
      ffff.ffff.ffff system
1005
     ffff.ffff.ffff system Switch,Fa6/1
Fa6/1
Fa6/2 ffff.ffff.ffff system Switch,Fa6/2
Switch#
```

This example shows how to display the static MAC address entries with a specific protocol type (in this case, assigned):

	show mac-address Entries	s-table st	catic protocol assigned	
	mac address		protocols	port
1 Fa6/1		static static	ip,ipx,assigned,other ip,ipx,assigned,other ip,ipx,assigned,other	Switch Switch
Multicas	st Entries			
	mac address		-	
	+	++-		
1	ffff.ffff.ffff	system S	Switch,Fa6/15	
2	ffff.ffff.ffff	system I	Fa6/16	
1002	ffff.ffff.ffff	system		
1003	ffff.ffff.ffff	system		
1004	ffff.ffff.ffff	system		
1005	ffff.ffff.ffff	system		
Fa6/1	ffff.ffff.ffff	system S	Switch,Fa6/1	
Fa6/2	ffff.ffff.ffff	system S	Switch,Fa6/2	
Switch#				

# **Related Commands**

show mac-address-table address show mac-address-table aging-time show mac-address-table count show mac-address-table dynamic show mac-address-table interface show mac-address-table multicast show mac-address-table protocol show mac-address-table vlan

# show mac-address-table vlan

To display information about the MAC address table for a specific VLAN, use the **show** mac-address-table vlan command.

**show mac-address-table** [vlan vlan\_id] [protocol protocol]

# **Syntax Description**

vlan vlan_id	(Optional) Displays the entries for a specific VLAN; valid values are from 1 to 4094.
protocol protocol	(Optional) Specifies a protocol. See the "Usage Guidelines" section for more information.

#### Defaults

This command has no default settings.

#### **Command Modes**

Privileged EXEC

#### **Command History**

Release	Modification
12.1(8a)EW	Support for this command was introduced on the Catalyst 4500 series switch.
12.1(12c)EW	Support for extended addressing was added.

# **Usage Guidelines**

For the MAC address table entries used by the routed ports, the routed port name is displayed in the "vlan" column not the the internal VLAN number.

The keyword definitions for the *protocol* variable are as follows:

- assigned specifies the assigned protocol entries.
- **ip** specifies the IP protocol.
- **ipx** specifies the IPX protocols.
- other specifies the other protocol entries.

# **Examples**

This example shows how to display information about the MAC address table for a specific VLAN:

Switch# show mac-address-table vlan 1

Unicast	Entries	s-table v.	ian i	
	mac address	type	protocols	port
1	0000.0000.0201	dynamic		FastEthernet6/15
1	0000.0000.0202	dynamic	ip	FastEthernet6/15
1	0000.0000.0203	dynamic	other	FastEthernet6/15
1	0000.0000.0204	dynamic	other	FastEthernet6/15
1	0030.94fc.0dff	static	ip,ipx,assigned,other	Switch
Multicas	st Entries			
vlan	mac address	type	ports	
	+	+		

```
1 ffff.ffff.ffff system Switch,Fa6/15
Switch#
```

This example shows how to display MAC address table information for a specific protocol type:

# ${\tt Switch\#}$ show mac-address-table vlan 100 protocol other

vlan	Entries mac address	type	protocols	port
1 1 1	0000.0000.0203 0000.0000.0204 0030.94fc.0dff	dynamic dynamic	other	FastEthernet6/15 FastEthernet6/15 Switch
vlan	st Entries mac address	type	ports	
1 Switch#	ffff.ffff.ffff			

# **Related Commands**

```
show mac-address-table address
show mac-address-table aging-time
show mac-address-table count
show mac-address-table dynamic
show mac-address-table interface
show mac-address-table multicast
show mac-address-table protocol
show mac-address-table static
```

# show module

To display information about the module, use the **show module** command.

show module [mod | all]

#### **Syntax Description**

mod	(Optional) Number of the module; valid values vary from chassis to chassis.
all	(Optional) Displays information for all modules.

#### Defaults

This command has no default settings.

# **Command Modes**

Privileged EXEC

# **Command History**

Release	Modification
12.1(8a)EW	Support for this command was introduced on the Catalyst 4500 series switch.
12.2(25)EW	Enhanced the output of the <b>show idprom interface command</b> to include the 10-Gigabit Ethernet interface.

# **Usage Guidelines**

In the Mod Sub-Module fields in the command output, the **show module** command displays the supervisor engine number but appends the uplink daughter card's module type and information.

If the PoE consumed by the module is more than 50 W above the administratively allocated PoE, the "Status" displays as "PwrOver." If the PoE consumed by the module is more than 50 W above the PoE module limit, the "Status" displays as "PwrFault."

#### **Examples**

This example shows how to display information for all the modules.

This example shows the **show module** command output for a system with inadequate power for all installed modules. The system does not have enough power for Module 5; the "Status" displays it as "PwrDeny."

#### Switch# show module all

		Card Type				Mod	~-		rial No.
1 2 3	6 18	1000BaseX (GBIC) 1000BaseX (GBIC) 1000BaseX (GBIC)	-	•	,	WS- WS-	X4306 X4418	000 JAI	B054109GH 000110 B025104WK
5 6		Not enough power 10/100BaseTX (RJ4		е					000000000 B023402RP
	IAC addi	resses 		w I +-			Sw 		Status 
2 0	010.7ba	La.f9d0 to 005c.9d ab.9920 to 0010.7k 56.2b36 to 0050.73 5e.a930 to 0001.64	oab.9925 0 856.2b47 1	.2	12.1(11br)	EW	12.1(20020313:0	(	Ok Ok Ok PwrDeny

6 0050.0f10.28b0 to 0050.0f10.28df 1.0 Ok Switch#

# This example shows how to display information for a specific module:

#### 

#### This example shows how to display information for all the modules on the switch:

Switch# **show module**Chassis Type : WS-C4506

Power consumed by backplane : 0 Watts

		Card Ty					Model	+	Serial No.
1		•				rvisor(ac		·	" "
3	6	1000Base	eX (GBIC)				WS-X4	1306	00000110
		ldresses			Hw		-	₩ 	Status
1	0004.d	ld46.7700	to 0004.	dd46.770	5 0.0	12.2(20r)	EW( 1	2.2(20040513:1	6 Ok
3	0010.7	bab.9920	to 0010.	7bab.9925	5 0.2				Ok
Swi	tch#								

# show monitor

To display information about the SPAN session, use the **show monitor** command.

show monitor [session] [range session-range | local | remote | all | session-number] [detail]

#### **Syntax Description**

session	(Optional) Displays the SPAN information for a session.
range	(Optional) Displays information for a range of sessions.
session-range	(Optional) Specifies a range of sessions.
local	(Optional) Displays all local SPAN sessions.
remote	(Optional) Displays the RSPAN source and destination sessions.
all	(Optional) Displays the SPAN and RSPAN sessions.
session-number	(Optional) Session number; valid values are from 1 to 6.
detail	(Optional) Displays the detailed SPAN information for a session.

#### Defaults

The **detail** keyword only displays lines with a nondefault configuration.

#### **Command Modes**

Privileged EXEC

# **Command History**

Release	Modification
12.1(8a)EW	Support for this command was introduced on the Catalyst 4500 series switch.
12.1(13)EW	Added support for differing directions within a single user session.
12.1(19)EW	Output enhanced to display configuration status of SPAN enhancements.
12.1(20)EW	Added support to display configuration state for remote SPAN and learning.
12.2(20)EW	Added support to display ACLs that are applied to SPAN sessions.

#### **Examples**

This example shows how to display whether ACLs are applied to a given SPAN session on a Catalyst 4500 series switch:

Switch# show monitor

Session 1

Type : Local Session

Source Ports :

Both : Fa6/1
Destination Ports : Fa6/2
Encapsulation : Native
Ingress : Disabled
Learning : Disabled

Filter VLANs : 1 IP Access-group : 10 This example shows how to display SPAN information for session 2:

```
Switch# show monitor session 2
Session 2
Type: Remote Source Session
Source Ports:
    RX Only: Fa1/1-3
Dest RSPAN VLAN: 901
Ingress: Enabled, default VLAN=2
Learning: Disabled
Switch#
```

This example shows how to display the detailed SPAN information for session 1:

```
Switch# show monitor session 1 detail
Session 1
Type
                 : Local Session
Source Ports
   RX Only
                : None
   TX Only
               : None
   Both
                : Gi1/1, CPU
Source VLANs
   RX Only
                : None
   TX Only
                : None
   Both
                 : None
Source RSPAN VLAN : Fa6/1
Destination Ports : Fa6/1
   Encapsulation : DOT1Q
         Ingress : Enabled, default VLAN = 2
Filter VLANs
              : None
 Filter Types RX : Good
 Filter Types TX : None
Dest Rspan Vlan : 901
Ingress: Enabled, default VLAN=2
Learning : Disabled
IP Access-group : None
Switch#
```

This example shows how to display SPAN information for session 1 beginning with the line that starts with Destination:

```
Switch# show monitor session 1 | begin Destination
Destination Ports: None
Filter VLANs: None
Switch#
Switch#
```

**Related Commands** 

monitor session

# show pagp

To display information about the port channel, use the **show pagp** command.

show pagp [group-number] {counters | internal | neighbor}

# **Syntax Description**

group-number	(Optional) Channel-group number; valid values are from 1 to 64.
counters	Specifies the traffic counter information.
internal	Specifies the PAgP internal information.
neighbor	Specifies the PAgP neighbor information.

Defaults

This command has no default settings.

**Command Modes** 

Privileged EXEC

# **Command History**

Release	Modification
12.1(8a)EW	Support for this command was introduced on the Catalyst 4500 series switch.

# **Usage Guidelines**

You can enter any **show pagp** command to display the active PAgP port-channel information. To display the nonactive information, enter the **show pagp** command with a group.

# **Examples**

This example shows how to display information about the PAgP counter:

#### Switch# show pagp counters

	Information		Fl	Flush	
Port	Sent	Recv	Sent	Recv	
Channel	group: 1				
Fa5/4	2660	2452	0	0	
Fa5/5	2676	2453	0	0	
Channel	group: 2				
Fa5/6	289	261	0	0	
Fa5/7	290	261	0	0	
Switch#					

#### This example shows how to display internal PAgP information:

```
Switch# show pagp 1 internal
Flags: S - Device is sending Slow hello. C - Device is in Consistent state.
       A - Device is in Auto mode.
Timers: H - Hello timer is running.
                                          Q - Quit timer is running.
                                         I - Interface timer is running.
       S - Switching timer is running.
Channel group 1
                               Hello
                                        Partner PAgP
                                                          Learning
         Flags State
Port
                       Timers Interval Count Priority Method
                                                                     IfIndx
Fa5/4
         SC U6/S7
                               30s
                                                 128
                                                                       129
                                        1
                                                          Anv
Fa5/5
         SC
               U6/S7
                               30s
                                                 128
                                                                       129
                                                          Any
Switch#
```

# This example shows how to display PAgP neighbor information for all neighbors:

```
Switch# show pagp neighbor
Flags: S - Device is sending Slow hello. C - Device is in Consistent state.
       A - Device is in Auto mode.
                                        P - Device learns on physical port.
Channel group 1 neighbors
         Partner
                             Partner
                                              Partner
                                                             Partner Group
Port
         Name
                             Device ID
                                              Port
                                                         Age Flags
                                                                     Cap.
Fa5/4
         JAB031301
                             0050.0f10.230c
                                              2/45
                                                         2s SAC
                                                                     2D
Fa5/5
         JAB031301
                             0050.0f10.230c
                                              2/46
                                                         27s SAC
                                                                     2D
Channel group 2 neighbors
         Partner
                             Partner
                                              Partner
                                                             Partner Group
                             Device ID
                                                        Age Flags
Port
         Name
                                              Port
                                                                     Cap.
Fa5/6
         JAB031301
                             0050.0f10.230c
                                              2/47
                                                         10s SAC
                                                                     2F
         JAB031301
                             0050.0f10.230c
                                              2/48
                                                         11s SAC
                                                                     2F
Fa5/7
```

Switch#

# **Related Commands**

pagp learn-method pagp port-priority

# show policy-map

To display information about the policy map, use the **show policy-map** command.

show policy-map [policy\_map\_name]

#### **Syntax Description**

policy_map_name	av name	map	policy
-----------------	---------	-----	--------

(Optional) Name of the policy map.

#### Defaults

This command has no default settings.

#### **Command Modes**

Privileged EXEC

# **Command History**

Release	Modification
12.1(8a)EW	Support for this command was introduced on the Catalyst 4500 series switch.

#### **Examples**

This example shows how to display information for all the policy maps:

```
Switch# show policy-map
Policy Map ipp5-policy
class ipp5
set ip precedence 6
Switch#
```

This example shows how to display information for a specific policy map:

```
Switch# show policy ipp5-policy
Policy Map ipp5-policy
class ipp5
set ip precedence 6
Switch#
```

# **Related Commands**

class-map policy-map show class-map show policy-map interface

# show policy-map interface

To display the statistics and configurations of the input and output policies that are attached to an interface, use the **show policy-map interface** command.

show policy-map interface [{fastethernet interface-number} | {gigabitethernet interface-number} | {port-channel number} | {vlan  $vlan\_id$ }] [input | output]

# **Syntax Description**

fastethernet interface-number	(Optional) Specifies the Fast Ethernet 802.3 interface.
gigabitethernet interface-number	(Optional) Specifies the Gigabit Ethernet 802.3z interface.
port-channel number	(Optional) Specifies the port channel.
vlan vlan_id	(Optional) Specifies the VLAN ID; valid values are from 1 to 4094.
input	(Optional) Specifies input policies only.
output	(Optional) Specifies output policies only.

#### Defaults

This command has no default settings.

#### **Command Modes**

Privileged EXEC

# **Command History**

Release	Modification
12.1(8a)EW	Support for this command was introduced on the Catalyst 4500 series switch.
12.1(12c)EW	Added support for extended VLAN addresses.
12.2(25)SG	Displays results for full flow policing.

# Examples

This example shows how to display the statistics and configurations of all input and output policies attached to an interface:

Switch# show policy-map interface

```
FastEthernet6/1
service-policy input:ipp5-policy

class-map:ipp5 (match-all)
    0 packets
    match:ip precedence 5
    set:
        ip precedence 6

class-map:class-default (match-any)
    0 packets
    match:any
    0 packets
```

```
service-policy output:ipp5-policy

class-map:ipp5 (match-all)
    0 packets
    match:ip precedence 5
    set:
        ip precedence 6

class-map:class-default (match-any)
    0 packets
    match:any
    0 packets
Switch#
```

This example shows how to display the input policy statistics and configurations for a specific interface:

```
Switch# show policy-map interface fastethernet 5/36 input
service-policy input:ipp5-policy

class-map:ipp5 (match-all)
    0 packets
    match:ip precedence 5
    set:
        ip precedence 6

class-map:class-default (match-any)
    0 packets
    match:any
        0 packets
Switch#
```

With the following configuration, each flow is policed to a 1000000 bps with an allowed 9000-byte burst value.



If you use the **match flow ip source-address/destination-address** command, these two flows are consolidated into one flow and they have the same source and destination address.

```
Switch# config terminal
Enter configuration commands, one per line. End with CNTL/Z.
Switch(config) # class-map c1
Switch(config-cmap)# match flow ip source-address ip destination-address ip protocol 14
source-port 14 destination-port
Switch(config-cmap)# exit
Switch(config) # policy-map p1
Switch(config-pmap) # class c1
Switch(config-pmap-c)# police 1000000 9000
Switch(config-pmap-c)# exit
Switch(config-pmap)# exit
Switch(config)# interface fastEthernet 6/1
Switch(config-if) # service-policy input p1
Switch(config-if)# end
Switch# write memory
Switch# show policy-map interface
FastEthernet6/1
class-map c1
   match flow ip source-address ip destination-address ip protocol 14 source-port 14
destination-port
```

```
policy-map p1
   class c1
      police 1000000 bps 9000 byte conform-action transmit exceed-action drop
interface FastEthernet 6/1
 service-policy input p1
Switch# show policy-map p1
  Policy Map p1
   Class c1
      police 1000000 bps 9000 byte conform-action transmit exceed-action drop
Switch# show policy-map interface
FastEthernet6/1
 Service-policy input: p1
    Class-map: c1 (match-all)
      15432182 packets
      Match: flow ip source-address ip destination-address ip protocol 14 source-port 14
destination-port
      police: Per-interface
        Conform: 64995654 bytes Exceed: 2376965424 bytes
    Class-map: class-default (match-any)
      0 packets
      Match: any
        0 packets
Switch#
```

#### **Related Commands**

class-map policy-map show class-map show qos

# show policy-map interface vlan

To show the QoS policy-map information applied to a specific VLAN on an interface, use the **show policy-map interface vlan** command.

show policy-map interface vlan interface-id vlan vlan-id

# **Syntax Description**

interface interface-id	(Optional) Displays QoS policy-map information for a specific interface.
vlan vlan-id	(Optional) Displays QoS policy-map information for a specific VLAN.

#### **Command Modes**

Privileged EXEC

#### **Command History**

Release	Modification
12.1(13)EW	Support for this command was introduced on the Catalyst 4500 series switch.

# **Examples**

Take the following configuration as an example:

```
interface GigabitEthernet3/1
vlan-range 20,400
  service-policy input p1
vlan-range 300-301
  service-policy output p2
```

This example shows how to display policy-map statistics on VLAN 20 on the Gigabit Ethernet 6/1 interface:

```
Switch# show policy-map interface gigabitEthernet 3/1 vlan 20
GigabitEthernet3/1 vlan 20

Service-policy input: p1
```

```
Service-policy input: p1

Class-map: class-default (match-any)
   0 packets
   Match: any
    0 packets
   police: Per-interface
    Conform: 0 bytes Exceed: 0 bytes
```

#### **Related Commands**

service-policy show policy-map interface

# show port-security

To display the port security settings for an interface or for the switch, use the **show port-security** command.

show port-security [address] [interface interface-id] [vlan vlan-id]

# **Syntax Description**

address	(Optional) Displays all secure MAC addresses for all ports or for a specific port.
interface interface-id	(Optional) Displays port security settings for a specific interface.
vlan vlan-id	(Optional) Displays port security settings for a specific VLAN.

#### **Command Modes**

Privileged EXEC

### **Command History**

Release	Modification
12.1(13)EW	Support for this command was introduced on the Catalyst 4500 series switch.
12.2(18)EW	Support was enhanced to display sticky MAC addresses.
12.2(25)EWA	Support was enhanced to display setting on a per-VLAN basis.

# **Usage Guidelines**

If you enter the command without keywords, the output includes the administrative and operational status of all secure ports on the switch.

If you enter the *interface-id* value, the **show port-security** command displays port security settings for the interface.

If you enter the **address** keyword, the **show port-security address** command displays the secure MAC addresses for all interfaces and the aging information for each secure address.

If you enter the *interface-id* value and the **address** keyword, the **show port-security address interface** command displays all the MAC addresses for the interface with aging information for each secure address. You can also use this command to display all the MAC addresses for an interface even if you have not enabled port security on it.

#### **Examples**

This example shows how to display port security settings for the entire switch:

	port-security MaxSecureAddr (Count)	CurrentAddr (Count)	SecurityViolation (Count)	Security Action
Fa3/1	2	2	0	Restrict
Fa3/2	2	2	0	Restrict
Fa3/3	2	2	0	Shutdown
Fa3/4	2	2	0	Shutdown
Fa3/5	2	2	0	Shutdown
Fa3/6	2	2	0	Shutdown
Fa3/7	2	2	0	Shutdown
Fa3/8	2	2	0	Shutdown
Fa3/10	1	0	0	Shutdown

Fa3/11	1	0	0	Shutdown
Fa3/12	1	0	0	Restrict
Fa3/13	1	0	0	Shutdown
Fa3/14	1	0	0	Shutdown
Fa3/15	1	0	0	Shutdown
Fa3/16	1	0	0	Shutdown

Total Addresses in System (excluding one mac per port) :8

Max Addresses limit in System (excluding one mac per port) :1024

Global SNMP trap control for port-security :20 (traps per second)

This example shows how to display port security settings for interface Fast Ethernet 5/1:

#### Switch# show port-security interface fastethernet 5/1

Port Security : Enabled
Port Status : Secure-up
Violation Mode : Shutdown
Aging Time : 0 mins
Aging Type : Absolute
SecureStatic Address Aging : Disabled
Maximum MAC Addresses : 1
Total MAC Addresses : 1
Configured MAC Addresses : 0

Sticky MAC Addresses : 1
Last Source Address : 0000.0001.001a

Security Violation Count : 0

This example shows how to display all secure MAC addresses configured on all switch interfaces:

Switch# show port-security address

Secure Mac Address Table

Vlan	Mac Address	Туре	Ports	Remaining Age (mins)
1	0000.0001.0000	SecureConfigure	fa3/1	15 (I)
1	0000.0001.0001	SecureConfigured	1 Fa3/1	14 (I)
1	0000.0001.0100	SecureConfigure	fa3/2	=
1	0000.0001.0101	SecureConfigured	fa3/2	-
1	0000.0001.0200	SecureConfigure	fa3/3	=
1	0000.0001.0201	SecureConfigured	1 Fa3/3	-
1	0000.0001.0300	SecureConfigured	1 Fa3/4	-
1	0000.0001.0301	SecureConfigure	1 Fa3/4	=
1	0000.0001.1000	SecureDynamic	Fa3/5	_
1	0000.0001.1001	SecureDynamic	Fa3/5	_
1	0000.0001.1100	SecureDynamic	Fa3/6	=
1	0000.0001.1101	SecureDynamic	Fa3/6	_
1	0000.0001.1200	SecureSticky	Fa3/7	_
1	0000.0001.1201	SecureSticky	Fa3/7	_
1	0000.0001.1300	SecureSticky	Fa3/8	_
1	0000.0001.1301	SecureSticky	Fa3/8	_

Total Addresses in System (excluding one mac per port) :8
Max Addresses limit in System (excluding one mac per port) :3072

This example shows how to display the maximum allowed number of secure MAC addresses and the current number of secure MAC addresses on interface Gigabitethernet1/1:

Switch# show port-security interface gigabitethernet1/1 vlan

Default maximum:			22	
VLAN	Maximum		Current	
2	2	22		3
3	2	22		3
4	2	22		3
5	2	22		1
6	2	22		2

This example shows how to display the port security settings on interface Gigabitethernet1/1 for VLANs 2 and 3:

Switch# show port-security interface gigabitethernet1/1 vlan 2-3

Default maximum:		m:	22	
VLAN	Maximum		Current	
2	;	22		3
3	;	22		3

This example shows how to display all secure MAC addresses configured on interface Gigabitethernet1/1 with aging information for each address.

Switch# show port-security interface gigabitethernet1/1 address

Secure Mac Address Table

Vlan	Mac Address	Type	Ports Remaining Age(mins)
2	0001.0001.0001	SecureConfigured	Gi1/1 -
2	0001.0001.0002	SecureSticky	Gi1/1 -
3	0001.0001.0001	SecureConfigured	Gi1/1 -
3	0001.0001.0002	SecureSticky	Gi1/1 -
3	0001.0001.0003	SecureSticky	Gi1/1 -
4	0001.0001.0001	SecureConfigured	Gi1/1 -
4	0001.0001.0003	SecureSticky	Gi1/1 -
6	0001.0001.0001	SecureConfigured	Gi1/1 -
6	0001.0001.0002	SecureConfigured	Gi1/1 -

This example shows how to display all secure MAC addresses configured on VLANs 2 and 3 on interface Gigabitethernet1/1 with aging information for each address:

Switch# show port-security interface gigabitethernet1/1 address vlan 2-3

	Secure Mac Add	lress Table		
Vlan	Mac Address	Туре	Ports	Remaining Age(mins)
2	0001.0001.0001	SecureConfigured	Gi1/1	_
2	0001.0001.0002	SecureSticky	Gi1/1	_
2	0001.0001.0003	SecureSticky	Gi1/1	_
3	0001.0001.0001	SecureConfigured	Gi1/1	_
3	0001.0001.0002	SecureSticky	Gi1/1	_
3	0001.0001.0003	SecureSticky	Gi1/1	_

Total Addresses: 12 Switch#

Total Addresses: 12

**Related Commands** 

switchport port-security

# show power

To display information about the power status, use the **show power** command.

show power [available | capabilities | detail | inline {[interface] | consumption default | module | mod} | module | status | supplies]

# **Syntax Description**

available	(Optional) Displays the available system power.
capabilities	(Optional) Displays the individual power supply capabilities.
detail	(Optional) Displays detailed information on power resources.
inline	(Optional) Displays the PoE status.
interface	(Optional) Type of interface; the only valid value is <b>fastethernet.</b>
consumption default	(Optional ) Displays the PoE consumption.
module mod	(Optional) Displays the PoE consumption for the specified module.
module	(Optional) Displays the power consumption for each module.
status	(Optional) Displays the power supply status.
supplies	(Optional) Displays the number of power supplies needed by the system.

#### **Defaults**

This command has no default settings.

### **Command Modes**

Privileged EXEC

# **Command History**

Release	Modification
12.1(8a)EW	Support for this command was introduced on the Catalyst 4500 series switch.
12.2(25)SG	Displays inline power handling for the Supervisor Engine II-TS.

# **Usage Guidelines**

If a powered device is connected to an interface with external power, the switch does not recognize the powered device. The Device column in the output of the **show power inline** command displays as unknown.

If your port is not capable of supporting Power over Ethernet, you will receive this message:

Power over Ethernet not supported on interface Admin

The **show power in-line** *interface* | *module* command displays the amount of power that is used to operate a Cisco 7960 IP Phone. To view the amount of power requested, use the **show cdp neighbors** command.

Because of the PoE consumed by FPGAs and other hardware components on the module the operating PoE consumption for an 802.3af-compliant module can be nonzero, even when there are no powered devices attached to the module. The operating PoE can vary by as much as 20 W because of fluctuations in the PoE that is consumed by the hardware components.

# **Examples**

This example shows how to display information about the general power supply:

#### Switch# show power

Power				Fan	Inline
Supply	Model No	Type	Status	Sensor	Status
PS1	PWR-C45-2800AC	AC 2800W	good	good	good
PS2	PWR-C45-1000AC	AC 1000W	err-disable	good	n.a.

\*\*\* Power Supplies of different type have been detected\*\*\*

Power supplies needed by system :1 Power supplies currently available :1

Power Summary (in Watts)	Used		ximum ilable					
System Power (12V) Inline Power (-50V)	328		1360 1400					
Backplane Power (3.3V)	10	, , ,	40					7.F.O.\
Total Used Switch#	338	(not to	exceed	Total	Maximum	Available	=	/50)

This example shows how to display the amount of available system power:

#### Switch# show power available

Power Summary

(in Watts)	Available	Used	Remaining	
System Power	1360	280	1080	
Inline Power	1400	0	1400	
Maximum Power	2800	280	2520	
Switch#				

This example shows how to display detailed information for system power.

#### Switch# show power detail

Power				Fan	Inline
Supply	Model No	Type	Status	Sensor	Status
PS1	PWR-C45-1400DC	DCSP1400W	good	good	n.a.
PS1-1		12.5A	good		
PS1-2		15.0A	off		
PS1-3		15.0A	off		
PS2	none				

Power supplies needed by system : 1 Power supplies currently available : 1

Power Summary		Maximum
(in Watts)	Used	Available
System Power (12V)	360	360
Inline Power (-50V)	0	0
Backplane Power (3.3V)	0	40
Total	360	400

Module Inline Power Summary (Watts)  $(12V \rightarrow -48V \text{ on board conversion})$ 

(12V -> -48V ON BOARD CONVERSION)

		Maximum
Mod	Used	Available
1	5	25

		Watts Use	d of System Po	wer (12V)
Mod	Model	currently	out of reset	in reset
1	WS-X4013+TS	180	180	180
2	WS-X4506-GB-T	60	60	20
3	WS-X4424-GB-RJ45	90	90	50
	Fan Tray	30		
	Total	360	330	250

Watts used of Chassis Inline Power (-50V)

		initine P	ower Admin	Turrue Po	wer Oper	
Mod	Model	PS	Device	PS	Device	Efficiency
2	WS-X4506-GB-T	0	0	0	0	89
3	WS-X4424-GB-RJ45	-	_	_	_	_
	Total	0	0	0	0	

Watts used of Module Inline Power (12V -> -50V)
Inline Power Admin Inline Power Oper

	MB 774013.119	0	3	5		50
1	WS-X4013+TS	6	5	3	3	9.0
Mod	Model	PS	Device	PS	Device	Efficiency
		TITTIIC I	OWCI MUNICIPAL	TILL TIC I	OMCI ODCI	

Switch#

This example shows how to display power consumption for the module.

#### Switch# show power module

Watts Used of System Power (12V)

Mod	Model	currently	out of reset	in reset
1	WS-X4013+TS	180	180	180
2	WS-X4506-GB-T	60	60	20
3	WS-X4424-GB-RJ45	90	90	50
	Fan Tray	30		
	Total	360	330	250

Watts used of Chassis Inline Power (-50V)

Mod	Model	Inline P PS	ower Admin Device	Inline Po	ower Oper Device	Efficiency
2 3	WS-X4506-GB-T WS-X4424-GB-RJ45	0 -	0 -	0 -	0 -	89 -
	Total		0	0	0	

Watts used of Module Inline Power (12V -> -50V)

		Inline P	ower Admin	Inline P	ower Oper	
Mod	Model	PS	Device	PS	Device	Efficiency
1	WS-X4013+TS	6	5	3	3	90

Switch#



The "Inline Power Oper" column displays the PoE consumed by the powered devices attached to the module in addition to the PoE consumed by the FPGAs and other hardware components on the module. The "Inline Power Admin" column displays only the PoE allocated by the powered devices attached to the module.

This example shows how to display the power status information:

Switch#	show por	wer stat	us				
Power						Fan	Inline
Supply	Model No	)	Type	5	Status	Sensor	Status
PS1	PWR-C45	-2800AC	AC 28	00W g	good	good	good
PS2	PWR-C45	-2800AC	AC 28	00W g	good	good	good
Power St	upply	Max	Min	Max	Min	Absolute	
(Nos in	Watts)	Inline	Inline	System	n System	Maximum	
PS1		1400	1400	1360	1360	2800	
PS2		1400	1400	1360	1360	2800	
Switch#							

This example shows how to verify the PoE consumption for the switch:

```
Switch# show power inline consumption default
Default PD consumption : 5000 mW
Switch#
```

This example shows how to display the status of inline power:

```
Switch# show power inline
Available:677(w) Used:117(w) Remaining:560(w)
```

Interface	Admin	Oper				(Watts)	Device			Class
				From	PS	To Device				
Fa3/1	auto	on		17.3		15.4	Ieee PD			0
Fa3/2	auto	on		4.5		4.0	Ieee PD			1
Fa3/3	auto	on		7.1		6.3	Cisco IP	Phone	7960	0
Fa3/4	auto	on		7.1		6.3	Cisco IP	Phone	7960	n/a
Fa3/5	auto	on		17.3		15.4	Ieee PD			0
Fa3/6	auto	on		17.3		15.4	Ieee PD			0
Fa3/7	auto	on		4.5		4.0	Ieee PD			1
Fa3/8	auto	on		7.9		7.0	Ieee PD			2
Fa3/9	auto	on		17.3		15.4	Ieee PD			3
Fa3/10	auto	on		17.3		15.4	Ieee PD			4
Fa3/11	auto	off		0		0	n/a			n/a
Fa3/12	auto	off		0		0	n/a			n/a
Fa3/13	auto	off		0		0	n/a			n/a
Fa3/14	auto	off		0		0	n/a			n/a
Fa3/15	auto	off		0		0	n/a			n/a
Fa3/16	auto	off		0		0	n/a			n/a
Fa3/17	auto	off		0		0	n/a			n/a
Fa3/18	auto	off		0		0	n/a			n/a
Totals:		10	on	117.	5	104.6				

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Switch#

This example shows how to display the number of power supplies needed by the system:

Switch# show power supplies

Power supplies needed by system = 2

Switch#

This example shows how to display the PoE status for Fast Ethernet interface 3/1:

### Switch# show power inline fastethernet3/1

Available:677(w) Used:11(w) Remaining:666(w)

Interface	Admin	Oper			(Watts) To Device	Device	Class
Fa3/1	auto	on	11.2		10.0	Ieee PD	0
Interface		PowerMax tts)	AdminCo (Wa	onsum <u>r</u> atts)	otion		
Fa3/1 Switch#		15.4			10.0		



When the Supervisor Engine II+TS is used with the 1400 W DC power supply (PWR-C45-1400DC), and only one 12.5 A input of the DC power supply is used, the supervisor engine's power consumption may vary depending on whether there is any linecard inserted at slot 2 and 3, as well as on the type of linecards inserted. This amount varies between 155 W and 330 W. This variability also affects the maximum amount of available supervisor engine inline power, which can also vary from 0 W to 175 W. Therefore, it is possible for a supervisor engine to deny inline power to some connected inline power devices when one or more linecards are inserted into the chassis.

The output of the commands **show power detail** and **show power module** display the supervisor engine's variable power consumption and its inline power summary.

#### Switch# show power detail

sh powe	r detail				
Power				Fan	Inline
Supply	Model No	Туре	Status	Sensor	Status
PS1	PWR-C45-1400DC	DCSP1400W	good	good	n.a.
PS1-1		12.5A	good		
PS1-2		15.0A	off		
PS1-3		15.0A	off		
PS2	none				

Power supplies needed by system : 1 Power supplies currently available : 1

Power Summary		Maximum
(in Watts)	Used	Available
System Power (12V)	360	360
Inline Power (-50V)	0	0
Backplane Power (3.3V)	0	40
Total	360	400

Module Inline Power Summary (Watts) (12V -> -48V on board conversion)

		lable				
1	5 	25				
Mod	Model		Used of Systelly out of			
1	WS-X4013+TS	180			180	
2	WS-X4506-GB-T WS-X4424-GB-RJ45	60 90			20 50	
	Fan Tray	30				
	Total	360	330	0	250	
Mod	Model		ed of Chass: Power Admin Device			OV) Efficiency
2	WS-X4506-GB-T WS-X4424-GB-RJ45	0 –	0 –	0 –	0 –	89 -
	Total	0	0	0	0	
Mod	Model	PS	Power Admin Device	PS 	Device	Efficiency
1	WS-X4013+TS	6	5	3	3	90
Swite	WS-X4013+TS ch#sh power module ower module					90
Swite	ch#sh power module	Watts	Used of Systal	stem Powe	r (12V)	90
Swite sh pe	ch#sh power module ower module Model  WS-X4013+TS	Watts curren	Used of Systily out of	stem Powe reset i	r (12V) n reset	90
Switesh po	ch#sh power module ower module Model WS-X4013+TS WS-X4506-GB-T	Watts curren	Used of Systaly out of 180	stem Powe reset i 	r (12V) n reset	90
Swite sh po	ch#sh power module ower module Model  WS-X4013+TS	Watts curren 180	Used of Systaly out of 180	stem Powe reset i	r (12V) n reset  180 20	90
Swite sh po	ch#sh power module ower module Model WS-X4013+TS WS-X4506-GB-T WS-X4424-GB-RJ45	Watts curren 180 60	Used of System out of 180 60 90	stem Powe reset i  0 0 0	r (12V) n reset  180 20	90
Switesh po	ch#sh power module ower module Model  WS-X4013+TS WS-X4506-GB-T WS-X4424-GB-RJ45 Fan Tray	Watts curren 180 60 90 30 360 Watts us Inline F	Used of System out of 180 60 90 330 sed of Chasse	stem Powe reset i 0 0 0 is Inline P	r (12V) n reset 180 20 50 250  Power (-50 ower Oper	DV)
Swite sh po	ch#sh power module ower module Model  WS-X4013+TS WS-X4506-GB-T WS-X4424-GB-RJ45 Fan Tray	Watts curren 180 60 90 30	Used of System out of 180 60 90	stem Powe reset i 0 0 0 is Inline P	r (12V) n reset 180 20 50 250  Power (-50 ower Oper	DV)
Switesh po	ch#sh power module ower module Model  WS-X4013+TS WS-X4506-GB-T WS-X4424-GB-RJ45 Fan Tray	Watts curren 180 60 90 30 360 Watts us Inline F	Used of System out of 180 60 90	stem Powe reset i 0 0 0 is Inline P	r (12V) n reset 180 20 50 250  Power (-50 ower Oper	DV)
Switch sh point sh po	ch#sh power module ower module  Model WS-X4013+TS WS-X4506-GB-T WS-X4424-GB-RJ45 Fan Tray  Total  Model WS-X4506-GB-T	Watts curren 180 60 90 30 360 Watts us Inline F	Used of System out of 180 60 90 330 sed of Chass:	stem Powe reset i 0 0 0 0 is Inline P PS	r (12V) n reset 180 20 50 250  Power (-50 ower Oper Device	DV) Efficiency 89
Switch sh point sh po	Ch#sh power module ower module  Model WS-X4013+TS WS-X4506-GB-T WS-X4424-GB-RJ45 Fan Tray  Total  Model WS-X4506-GB-T WS-X4424-GB-RJ45	Watts curren  180 60 90 30 360 Watts us Inline F PS 0	Used of System out of 180 60 90	stem Powe reset i 0 0 0 0 is Inline P PS 0 - 0 0	r (12V) n reset 180 20 50 250  Power (-50) ower Oper Device 0  Power (12V)	Efficiency 89 -
Switch sh post	Ch#sh power module ower module  Model WS-X4013+TS WS-X4506-GB-T WS-X4424-GB-RJ45 Fan Tray  Total  Model WS-X4506-GB-T WS-X4424-GB-RJ45	Watts current 180 60 90 30 360 Watts us Inline F	Used of System out of 180 60 90 90 90 90 90 90 90 90 90 90 90 90 90	stem Powe reset i 0 0 0 0 is Inline P PS 0 0 e Inline P	r (12V) n reset 180 20 50 250  Power (-50) ower Oper Device 0  Power (12V)	Efficiency 89 -

Switch#

# **Related Commands**

power dc input power inline power inline consumption power redundancy-mode power supplies required

# show qos

To display QoS information, use the show qos command.

show qos

**Syntax Description** 

This command has no arguments or keywords.

Defaults

This command has no default settings.

**Command Modes** 

Privileged EXEC

**Command History** 

Release	Modification
12.1(8a)EW	Support for this command was introduced on the Catalyst 4500 series switch.

# Examples

This example shows the output that might be displayed if you do not enter any keywords:

Switch# **show qos**QoS is enabled globally
Switch#

# **Related Commands**

qos (global configuration mode) qos (interface configuration mode)

# show qos aggregate policer

To display QoS aggregate policer information, use the show qos aggregate policer command.

show qos aggregate policer [aggregate\_name]

# **Syntax Description**

aggregate_name	(Optional) Named	aggregate policer.

Defaults

This command has no default settings.

**Command Modes** 

Privileged EXEC

# **Command History**

Release	Modification
12.1(8a)EW	Support for this command was introduced on the Catalyst 4500 series switch.

# **Usage Guidelines**

The aggregate policer name is case sensitive.

#### **Examples**

This example shows the output if you do not enter any keywords:

Switch# show qos aggregate policer
Policer aggr-1
Rate(bps):10000000 Normal-Burst(bytes):1000000
conform-action:transmit exceed-action:policed-dscp-transmit
Policymaps using this policer:
 ipp5-policy
Switch#

# **Related Commands**

qos aggregate-policer

# show qos dbl

To display global Dynamic Buffer Limiting (DBL) information, use the show qos dbl command.

# show qos dbl

# **Syntax Description**

This command has no arguments or keywords.

Defaults

This command has no default settings.

**Command Modes** 

Privileged EXEC

# **Command History**

Release	Modification
12.1(13)EW	Support for this command was introduced on the Catalyst 4500 series switch.

# **Examples**

This example shows how to display global DBL information:

Switch# show qos dbl

DBL is enabled globally

DBL flow includes vlan

DBL flow includes 14-ports

DBL does not use ecn to indicate congestion

DBL exceed-action mark probability:15%

DBL max credits:15

DBL aggressive credit limit:10

DBL aggressive buffer limit:2 packets

Switch#

# **Related Commands**

qos (global configuration mode) qos dbl

# show qos interface

To display queueing information, use the show qos interface command.

**show qos interface** {fastethernet interface-number | gigabitethernet interface-number} | [vlan vlan\_id | port-channel number]

# **Syntax Description**

fastethernet interface-number	Specifies the Fast Ethernet 802.3 interface.			
gigabitethernet interface-number	Specifies the Gigabit Ethernet 802.3z interface.			
vlan vlan_id	(Optional) Specifies the VLAN ID; valid values are from 1 to 4094.			
port-channel number	(Optional) Specifies the port channel; valid ranges are from 1 to 64.			

Defaults

This command has no default settings.

# **Command Modes**

Privileged EXEC

# **Command History**

Release	Modification
12.1(8a)EW	Support for this command was introduced on the Catalyst 4500 series switch.
12.1(13)EW	Added support for extended VLAN addresses.
12.1(19)EW	Display changed to include the Port Trust Device.

### **Examples**

This example shows how to display queueing information:

Switch# show qos interface fastethernet 6/1

QoS is enabled globally Port QoS is enabled Administrative Port Trust State: 'dscp' Operational Port Trust State: 'untrusted' Port Trust Device:'cisco-phone' Default DSCP:0 Default CoS:0

Tx-Queue	Bandwidth (bps)	ShapeRate (bps)	Priority	QueueSize (packets)
1	31250000	disabled	N/A	240
2	31250000	disabled	N/A	240
3	31250000	disabled	normal	240
4	31250000	disabled	N/A	240
Switch#				

# **Related Commands**

qos map cos show qos tx-queue

# show qos maps

To display QoS map information, use the **show qos maps** command.

show qos maps [cos | dscp [policed | tx-queue]]

# **Syntax Description**

cos	(Optional) Displays CoS map information.
dscp	(Optional) Displays DSCP map information.
policed	(Optional) Displays policed map information.
tx-queue	(Optional) Displays tx-queue map information.

#### **Defaults**

This command has no default settings.

#### **Command Modes**

Privileged EXEC

Switch# show qos maps

# **Command History**

Release	Modification
12.1(8a)EW	Support for this command was introduced on the Catalyst 4500 series switch.

# **Examples**

This example shows how to display QoS map settings:

```
DSCP-TxQueue Mapping Table (dscp = d1d2)
d1 :d2 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9
-----
0 : 01 01 01 01 01 01 01 01 01 01 01
1 : 01 01 01 01 01 01 02 02 02 02
2 : 02 02 02 02 02 02 02 02 02 02
3 : 02 02 02 02 02 02 02 02 02 02
4 : 03 03 03 03 03 03 03 03 03 03
4 : 03 03 03 03 03 03 03 03 04 04
5 : 04 04 04 04 04 04 04 04 04 04 04
```

Policed DSCP Mapping Table (dscp = d1d2) d1 :d2 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9

0 : 00 01 02 03 04 05 06 07 08 09 1 : 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 2 : 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 3 : 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 4 : 40 41 42 43 44 45 46 47 48 49 5 : 50 51 52 53 54 55 56 57 58 59 6 : 60 61 62 63

# **Related Commands**

qos (global configuration mode) qos (interface configuration mode)

# show redundancy

To display redundancy facility information, use the **show redundancy** command.

show redundancy {clients | counters | history | states}

### **Syntax Description**

clients	(Optional) Displays information about the redundancy facility client.
counters	(Optional) Displays information about the redundancy facility counter.
history	(Optional) Displays a log of past status and related information for the redundancy facility.
states	(Optional) Displays information about the redundancy facility state.

# Defaults

This command has no default settings.

#### **Command Modes**

Privileged EXEC

# **Command History**

Release	Modification
12.1.(13)EW	Support for this command was introduced on the Catalyst 4500 series switch (Catalyst 4507R only).

#### **Examples**

This example shows how to display information about the redundancy facility:

```
Switch# show redundancy
4507r-demo#show redundancy
Redundant System Information:
      Available system uptime = 2 days, 2 hours, 39 minutes
Switchovers system experienced = 0
              Standby failures = 0
        Last switchover reason = none
                 Hardware Mode = Duplex
    Configured Redundancy Mode = Stateful Switchover
     Operating Redundancy Mode = Stateful Switchover
              Maintenance Mode = Disabled
                Communications = Up
Current Processor Information :
              Active Location = slot 1
        Current Software state = ACTIVE
       Uptime in current state = 2 days, 2 hours, 39 minutes
                 Image Version = Cisco Internetwork Operating System Software
IOS (tm) Catalyst 4000 L3 Switch Software (cat4000-I5S-M), Version 12.2(20)EWA(3
.92), CISCO INTERNAL USE ONLY ENHANCED PRODUCTION VERSION
Copyright (c) 1986-2004 by cisco Systems, Inc.
Compiled Wed 14-Jul-04 04:42 by esi
                          BOOT = bootflash:cat4000-i5s-mz.122_20_EWA_392,1
        Configuration register = 0x2002
```

This example shows how to display redundancy facility client information:

The output displays the following information:

- clientID displays the client's ID number.
- clientSeq displays the client's notification sequence number.
- Current redundancy facility state.

This example shows how to display the redundancy facility counter information:

```
Switch# show redundancy counters
Redundancy Facility OMs
              comm link up = 1
        comm link down down = 0
          invalid client tx = 0
          null tx by client = 0
               tx failures = 0
      tx msg length invalid = 0
      client not rxing msgs = 0
 rx peer msg routing errors = 0
          null peer msg rx = 0
        errored peer msg rx = 0
                 buffers tx = 1535
     tx buffers unavailable = 0
                 buffers rx = 1530
      buffer release errors = 0
 duplicate client registers = 0
  failed to register client = 0
       Invalid client syncs = 0
```

This example shows how to display redundancy facility history information:

```
Switch# show redundancy history

00:00:01 client added: RF_INTERNAL_MSG(0) seq=0

00:00:01 client added: RF_LAST_CLIENT(65000) seq=65000

00:00:01 client added: GALIOS_CONFIG_SYNC(28) seq=330

00:00:03 client added: Redundancy Mode RF(30) seq=135
```

```
00:00:03 *my state = INITIALIZATION(2) *peer state = DISABLED(1)
00:00:03 RF_PROG_INITIALIZATION(100) RF_INTERNAL_MSG(0) op=0 rc=11
00:00:03 RF_PROG_INITIALIZATION(100) Redundancy Mode RF(30) op=0 rc=11
00:00:03 RF_PROG_INITIALIZATION(100) GALIOS_CONFIG_SYNC(28) op=0 rc=11
00:00:03 RF_PROG_INITIALIZATION(100) RF_LAST_CLIENT(65000) op=0 rc=11
00:00:03 *my state = NEGOTIATION(3) peer state = DISABLED(1)
00:00:25 RF_EVENT_GO_ACTIVE(511) op=0
00:00:25 *my state = ACTIVE-FAST(9) peer state = DISABLED(1)
00:00:25 RF_STATUS_MAINTENANCE_ENABLE(403) Redundancy Mode RF(30) op=0
00:00:25 RF_STATUS_MAINTENANCE_ENABLE(403) GALIOS_CONFIG_SYNC(28) op=0
00:00:25 RF_PROG_ACTIVE_FAST(200) RF_INTERNAL_MSG(0) op=0 rc=11
00:00:25 RF_PROG_ACTIVE_FAST(200) Redundancy Mode RF(30) op=0 rc=11
00:00:25 RF_PROG_ACTIVE_FAST(200) GALIOS_CONFIG_SYNC(28) op=0 rc=11
00:00:25 RF_PROG_ACTIVE_FAST(200) RF_LAST_CLIENT(65000) op=0 rc=11
00:00:25 *my state = ACTIVE-DRAIN(10) peer state = DISABLED(1)
00:00:25 RF_PROG_ACTIVE_DRAIN(201) RF_INTERNAL_MSG(0) op=0 rc=11
00:00:25 RF_PROG_ACTIVE_DRAIN(201) Redundancy Mode RF(30) op=0 rc=11
00:00:25 RF_PROG_ACTIVE_DRAIN(201) GALIOS_CONFIG_SYNC(28) op=0 rc=11
00:00:25 RF_PROG_ACTIVE_DRAIN(201) RF_LAST_CLIENT(65000) op=0 rc=11
---cut---cut---cut---
---cut---cut---cut---
00:01:34 RF_PROG_PLATFORM_SYNC(300) RF_INTERNAL_MSG(0) op=0 rc=11
00:01:34 RF_PROG_PLATFORM_SYNC(300) Redundancy Mode RF(30) op=0 rc=11
00:01:34 RF_PROG_PLATFORM_SYNC(300) GALIOS_CONFIG_SYNC(28) op=0 rc=0
00:01:34 RF_EVENT_CLIENT_PROGRESSION(503) GALIOS_CONFIG_SYNC(28) op=1 rc=0
00:01:36 RF_EVENT_PEER_PROG_DONE(506) GALIOS_CONFIG_SYNC(28) op=300
00:01:36 RF_PROG_PLATFORM_SYNC(300) RF_LAST_CLIENT(65000) op=0 rc=0
00:01:36 RF_EVENT_CLIENT_PROGRESSION(503) RF_LAST_CLIENT(65000) op=1 rc=0
00:01:36 RF_EVENT_PEER_PROG_DONE(506) RF_LAST_CLIENT(65000) op=300
00:01:38 *my state = ACTIVE(13) *peer state = STANDBY COLD(4)
```

This example shows how to display information about the redundancy facility state:

```
Switch# show redundancy states
my state = 13 -ACTIVE
     peer state = 8 -STANDBY HOT
          Mode = Duplex
           Unit = Primary
        Unit ID = 2
Redundancy Mode (Operational) = Stateful Switchover
Redundancy Mode (Configured) = Stateful Switchover
     Split Mode = Disabled
   Manual Swact = Enabled
 Communications = Up
   client count = 21
 client_notification_TMR = 240000 milliseconds
          keep_alive TMR = 9000 milliseconds
        keep_alive count = 0
    keep_alive threshold = 18
           RF debug mask = 0x0
Switch#
```

#### **Related Commands**

redundancy redundancy force-switchover

# show running-config

To display the module status and configuration, use the **show running-config** command.

show running-config [module slot]

#### **Syntax Description**

module slot	(Optional) Specifies the module slot number; valid values are from 1 to 6.	
-------------	--	--

**Defaults** 

This command has no default settings.

**Command Modes** 

Privileged EXEC

#### **Command History**

Release	Modification
12.1(8a)EW	Support for this command was introduced on the Catalyst 4500 series switch.

#### **Usage Guidelines**

In some cases, you might see a difference in the duplex mode displayed when you enter the **show interfaces** command and the **show running-config** command. If you do see a difference, the duplex mode displayed in the **show interfaces** command is the actual duplex mode that the interface is running. The **show interfaces** command shows the operating mode for an interface, while the **show running-config** command shows the configured mode for an interface.

The **show running-config** command output for an interface may display a duplex mode configuration but no configuration for the speed. When no speed is displayed in the output, it indicates that the interface speed is configured to be auto and that the duplex mode shown becomes the operational setting once the speed is configured to something other than auto. With this configuration, it is possible that the operating duplex mode for that interface does not match the duplex mode shown with the **show running-config** command.

# **Examples**

This example shows how to display the module and status configuration for all modules:

```
Switch# show running-config
03:23:36:%SYS-5-CONFIG_I:Configured from console by consolesh runn
Building configuration...

Current configuration:3268 bytes
!
version 12.1
no service pad
service timestamps debug uptime
service timestamps log uptime
no service password-encryption
!
hostname Switch
!
!
power supplies required 1
ip subnet-zero
```

```
!
!
interface FastEthernet3/1
no ip address
shutdown
duplex auto
speed auto
Switch#
```

This example shows the output for the **show running-config** command when you have enabled the **switchport voice vlan** command:

```
Switch# show running-config int fastethernet 6/1
Building configuration...

Current configuration:133 bytes
!
interface FastEthernet6/1
switchport voice vlan 2
no snmp trap link-status
spanning-tree portfast
channel-group 1 mode on
end

Switch#
```

# show slavebootflash:

To display information about the standby bootflash file system, use the show slavebootflash: command.

show slavebootflash: [all | chips | filesys]

#### **Syntax Description**

all	(Optional) Displays all possible Flash information.
chips	(Optional) Displays Flash chip information.
filesys	(Optional) Displays file system information.

**Defaults** 

This command has no default settings.

#### **Command Modes**

**EXEC** 

#### **Command History**

Release	Modification
12.1(8a)EW	Support for this command was introduced on the Catalyst 4500 series switch.

### **Examples**

This example shows how to display file system status information:

Switch# show slavebootflash: filesys

```
----- FILE SYSTEM STATUS-----
 Device Number = 0
DEVICE INFO BLOCK: bootflash
 Magic Number
                     = 6887635 File System Vers = 10000
                                                          (1.0)
                     = 1000000 Sector Size = 40000
 Length
 Programming Algorithm = 39
                                Erased State
                                                = FFFFFFFF
 File System Offset = 40000
                                Length = F40000
 MONLIB Offset
                    = 100
                               Length = C628
 Bad Sector Map Offset = 3FFF8
                               Length = 8
 Squeeze Log Offset = F80000
                              Length = 40000
 Squeeze Buffer Offset = FC0000
                                Length = 40000
 Num Spare Sectors
   Spares:
STATUS INFO:
 Writable
 NO File Open for Write
 Complete Stats
 No Unrecovered Errors
 No Squeeze in progress
USAGE INFO:
              = 917CE8 Bytes Available = 628318
 Bytes Used
 Bad Sectors = 0
                        Spared Sectors = 0
 OK Files
              = 2
                        Bytes = 917BE8
 Deleted Files = 0
                        Bytes = 0
 Files w/Errors = 0
                        Bytes = 0
Switch>
```

This example shows how to display system image information:

```
Switch# show slavebootflash:
-# - ED --type-- --crc-- -seek- nlen -length- -----date/time----- name

1 .. image 8C5A393A 237E3C 14 2063804 Aug 23 1999 16:18:45 c4-boot-mz

2 .. image D86EE0AD 957CE8 9 7470636 Sep 20 1999 13:48:49 rp.halley
Switch>
```

This example shows how to display all bootflash information:

```
Switch# show slavebootflash: all
-# - ED --type-- --crc-- -seek-- nlen -length- ----date/time----- name
1 .. image
             8C5A393A 237E3C 14 2063804 Aug 23 1999 16:18:45 c4-boot-
2 .. image
             D86EE0AD 957CE8 9 7470636 Sep 20 1999 13:48:49 rp.halley
6456088 bytes available (9534696 bytes used)
------FILE SYSTEM STATUS-----
 Device Number = 0
DEVICE INFO BLOCK: bootflash
 Magic Number
                    = 6887635 File System Vers = 10000
                                                          (1.0)
                     = 1000000 Sector Size = 40000
 Programming Algorithm = 39 Erased State
                                                 = FFFFFFFF
 File System Offset = 40000 Length = F40000
 MONLIB Offset = 100 Length = C628
Bad Sector Map Offset = 3FFF8 Length = 8
  Squeeze Log Offset = F80000
                                  Length = 40000
  Squeeze Buffer Offset = FC0000 Length = 40000
 Num Spare Sectors
                   = 0
   Spares:
STATUS INFO:
 Writable
 NO File Open for Write
 Complete Stats
 No Unrecovered Errors
 No Squeeze in progress
USAGE INFO:
             = 917CE8 Bytes Available = 628318
 Bytes Used
 Bad Sectors = 0 Spared Sectors = 0
           = 2
                        Bytes = 917BE8
 OK Files
 Deleted Files = 0 Bytes = 0
Files w/Errors = 0 Bytes = 0
Switch>
```

# show slaveslot0:

To display information about the file system on the standby supervisor engine, use the **show slaveslot0:** command.

show slot0: [all | chips | filesys]

# **Syntax Description**

all	(Optional) Displays all Flash information including the output from the <b>show slot0: chips</b> and <b>show slot0: filesys</b> commands.
chips	(Optional) Displays Flash chip register information.
filesys	(Optional) Displays file system status information.

**Defaults** 

This command has no default settings.

#### **Command Modes**

**EXEC** 

#### **Command History**

Release	Modification
12.1(8a)EW	Support for this command was introduced on the Catalyst 4500 series switch.

#### **Examples**

This example shows how to display a summary of the file system:

```
Switch# show slaveslot0:
-# - ED --type-- --crc-- -seek-- nlen -length- -----date/time----- name
1 .. image 6375DBB7 A4F144 6 10678468 Nov 09 1999 10:50:42 halley
5705404 bytes available (10678596 bytes used)
Switch>
```

This example shows how to display Flash chip information:

# Switch# show slaveslot0: chips \*\*\*\*\*\*\*\* Intel Series 2+ Status/Register Dump \*\*\*\*\*\*\* ATTRIBUTE MEMORY REGISTERS:

```
Config Option Reg (4000): 2
Config Status Reg (4002): 0
Card Status Reg (4100): 1
Write Protect Reg (4104): 4
Voltage Cntrl Reg (410C): 0
Rdy/Busy Mode Reg (4140): 2
```

```
COMMON MEMORY REGISTERS: Bank 0
Intelligent ID Code : 8989A0A0
Compatible Status Reg: 8080
Global Status Reg: B0B0
Block Status Regs:
```

```
    0 :
    B0B0
    B0B0
```

```
COMMON MEMORY REGISTERS: Bank 1
 Intelligent ID Code : 8989A0A0
 Compatible Status Reg: 8080
 Global
         Status Reg: B0B0
 Block Status Regs:
   0 : B0B0 B0B0 B0B0 B0B0 B0B0 B0B0 B0B0
   8 : B0B0 B0B0 B0B0
                      B0B0
                           B0B0 B0B0 B0B0
                                         B0B0
   16 : B0B0 B0B0 B0B0
                      B0B0 B0B0 B0B0 B0B0
                                         B0B0
   24 : B0B0 B0B0 B0B0 B0B0 B0B0 B0B0 B0B0
                                         B0B0
COMMON MEMORY REGISTERS: Bank 2
 Intelligent ID Code : 8989A0A0
 Compatible Status Reg: 8080
 Global
         Status Reg: B0B0
 Block Status Regs:
   8 : B0B0 B0B0 B0B0
                      B0B0
                           B0B0 B0B0 B0B0
                                         B0B0
       вово вово
                 B0B0
                      B0B0
   16:
                           B0B0
                               B0B0
                                    B0B0
   24 : B0B0 B0B0 B0B0 B0B0 B0B0 B0B0 B0B0
                                         B0B0
COMMON MEMORY REGISTERS: Bank 3
 Intelligent ID Code : 8989A0A0
 Compatible Status Reg: 8080
 Global
        Status Reg: B0B0
 Block Status Regs:
   8 : B0B0 B0B0 B0B0 B0B0
                           B0B0 B0B0 B0B0
   16:
       B0B0 B0B0 B0B0 B0B0
                           B0B0 B0B0
                                         B0B0
                                    B0B0
   COMMON MEMORY REGISTERS: Bank 4
 Intelligent ID Code : FFFFFFF
   IID Not Intel -- assuming bank not populated
```

#### This example shows how to display file system information:

```
Switch# show slaveslot0: filesys
-----FILE SYSTEM STATUS-----
 Device Number = 0
DEVICE INFO BLOCK: slot0
 Magic Number = 6887635 File System Vers = 10000
                                                         (1.0)
                    = 1000000 Sector Size
 Length
                                              = 20000
 Programming Algorithm = 4
                               Erased State
                                               = FFFFFFFF
 File System Offset = 20000 Length = FA0000
                              Length = F568
 MONLIB Offset = 100
 Bad Sector Map Offset = 1FFF0 Length = 10
 Squeeze Log Offset = FC0000 Length = 20000
 Squeeze Buffer Offset = FE0000
                               Length = 20000
 Num Spare Sectors = 0
   Spares:
STATUS INFO:
 Writable
 NO File Open for Write
 Complete Stats
 No Unrecovered Errors
 No Squeeze in progress
USAGE INFO:
              = 9F365C Bytes Available = 5AC9A4
 Bytes Used
 Bad Sectors = 0
                        Spared Sectors = 0
              = 1
                        Bytes = 9F35DC
 OK Files
 Deleted Files = 0
                       Bytes = 0
 Files w/Errors = 0
                       Bytes =
Switch>
```

# show slot0:

To display information about the slot0: file system, use the **show slot0:** command.

show slot0: [all | chips | filesys]

# **Syntax Description**

all	(Optional) Displays all Flash information including the output from the <b>show slot0: chips</b> and <b>show slot0: filesys</b> commands.
chips	(Optional) Displays Flash chip register information.
filesys	(Optional) Displays file system status information.

**Defaults** 

This command has no default settings.

**Command Modes** 

**EXEC** 

# **Command History**

Release	Modification
12.1(8a)EW	Support for this command was introduced on the Catalyst 4500 series switch.

# **Examples**

This example shows how to display a summary of the file system:

```
Switch# show slot0:
-# - ED --type-- --crc-- -seek-- nlen -length- -----date/time----- name
1 .. image 6375DBB7 A4F144 6 10678468 Nov 09 1999 10:50:42 halley
5705404 bytes available (10678596 bytes used)
Switch>
```

This example shows how to display Flash chip information:

```
Switch# show slot0: chips
****** Intel Series 2+ Status/Register Dump ******
ATTRIBUTE MEMORY REGISTERS:
 Config Option Reg (4000): 2
 Config Status Reg (4002): 0
 Card Status Reg (4100): 1
 Write Protect Reg (4104): 4
 Voltage Cntrl Reg (410C): 0
 Rdy/Busy Mode Reg (4140): 2
COMMON MEMORY REGISTERS: Bank 0
 Intelligent ID Code : 8989A0A0
 Compatible Status Reg: 8080
 Global
        Status Reg: B0B0
 Block Status Regs:
   0 : B0B0 B0B0 B0B0 B0B0 B0B0 B0B0 B0B0
                                         B0B0
   16 : B0B0 B0B0 B0B0 B0B0
                           B0B0 B0B0 B0B0 B0B0
```

Writable

USAGE INFO:
Bytes Used

OK Files

Switch>

Complete Stats
No Unrecovered Errors
No Squeeze in progress

NO File Open for Write

Bad Sectors = 0

Deleted Files = 0

Files w/Errors = 0

= 1

```
COMMON MEMORY REGISTERS: Bank 1
 Intelligent ID Code : 8989A0A0
 Compatible Status Reg: 8080
 Global
        Status Reg: B0B0
 Block Status Regs:
   0 : B0B0 B0B0 B0B0 B0B0 B0B0 B0B0 B0B0
   8 : B0B0 B0B0 B0B0 B0B0 B0B0 B0B0 B0B0
   16 : B0B0 B0B0 B0B0 B0B0 B0B0 B0B0 B0B0
                                             B0B0
   24 : B0B0 B0B0 B0B0 B0B0 B0B0 B0B0 B0B0
                                             B0B0
COMMON MEMORY REGISTERS: Bank 2
 Intelligent ID Code : 8989A0A0
 Compatible Status Reg: 8080
 Global
         Status Reg: B0B0
 Block Status Regs:
   0 : B0B0 B0B0 B0B0 B0B0 B0B0 B0B0 B0B0
   8 : B0B0 B0B0 B0B0 B0B0 B0B0 B0B0 B0B0
                                             B0B0
   16 : B0B0 B0B0 B0B0
                       B0B0 B0B0 B0B0 B0B0
                                             B0B0
   24 : B0B0 B0B0 B0B0 B0B0
                             B0B0 B0B0 B0B0
COMMON MEMORY REGISTERS: Bank 3
 Intelligent ID Code : 8989A0A0
 Compatible Status Reg: 8080
 Global
          Status Reg: B0B0
 Block Status Regs:
   8 : B0B0 B0B0 B0B0
                        B0B0
                             B0B0 B0B0 B0B0
                                             B0B0
   16 : B0B0 B0B0 B0B0
                       B0B0 B0B0 B0B0 B0B0
   24 : B0B0 B0B0 B0B0 B0B0
                             B0B0 B0B0 B0B0
                                             B0B0
COMMON MEMORY REGISTERS: Bank 4
 Intelligent ID Code : FFFFFFF
   IID Not Intel -- assuming bank not populated
This example shows how to display file system information:
Switch# show slot0: filesys
-----FILE SYSTEM STATUS-----
 Device Number = 0
DEVICE INFO BLOCK: slot0
             = 6887635 File System Vers = 10000
 Magic Number
                    = 1000000 Sector Size
 Length
                                             = 20000
 Programming Algorithm = 4
                              Erased State
                                             = FFFFFFFF
 File System Offset = 20000 Length = FA0000
                             Length = F568
 MONLIB Offset = 100
 Bad Sector Map Offset = 1FFF0 Length = 10
 Squeeze Log Offset = FC0000 Length = 20000
 Squeeze Buffer Offset = FE0000
                              Length = 20000
 Num Spare Sectors = 0
   Spares:
STATUS INFO:
```

= 9F365C Bytes Available = 5AC9A4

Bytes = 9F35DC

Bytes = 0

Bytes = 0

Spared Sectors = 0

(1.0)

# show spanning-tree

To display spanning-tree state information, use the **show spanning-tree** command.

show spanning-tree [bridge\_group | active | backbonefast | bridge [id] | inconsistentports | interface type | root | summary [total] | uplinkfast | vlan vlan\_id | pathcost method | detail]

# **Syntax Description**

bridge_group	(Optional) Specifies the bridge group number; valid values are from 1 to 255.
active	(Optional) Displays the spanning-tree information on active interfaces only.
backbonefast	(Optional) Displays the spanning-tree BackboneFast status.
bridge	(Optional) Displays the bridge status and configuration information.
id	(Optional) Name of the bridge.
inconsistentports	(Optional) Displays the root inconsistency state.
interface type	(Optional) Specifies the interface type and number; valid values are <b>fastethernet</b> , <b>gigabitethernet</b> , <b>tengigabitethernet</b> , <b>port-channel</b> (1 to 64), and <b>vlan</b> (1 to 4094).
root	(Optional) Displays the root bridge status and configuration.
summary	(Optional) Specifies a summary of port states.
total	(Optional) Displays the total lines of the spanning-tree state section.
uplinkfast	(Optional) Displays the spanning-tree UplinkFast status.
vlan vlan_id	(Optional) Specifies the VLAN ID; valid values are from 1 to 4094.
pathcost method	(Optional) Displays the default path cost calculation method used.
detail	(Optional) Displays a summary of interface information.

# **Defaults**

Interface information summary is displayed.

#### **Command Modes**

Privileged EXEC

# **Command History**

Release	Modification
12.1(8a)EW	Support for this command was introduced on the Catalyst 4500 series switch.
12.1(12c)EW	Support for extended addressing was added.
12.2(25)EW	Added support for the 10-Gigabit Ethernet interface.

# **Examples**

This example shows how to display spanning-tree information on the active interfaces only:

Switch# show spanning-tree active

UplinkFast is disabled BackboneFast is disabled

VLAN1 is executing the ieee compatible Spanning Tree protocol Bridge Identifier has priority 32768, address 0050.3e8d.6401 Configured hello time 2, max age 20, forward delay 15

```
Current root has priority 16384, address 0060.704c.7000
 Root port is 265 (FastEthernet5/9), cost of root path is 38
 Topology change flag not set, detected flag not set
 Number of topology changes 0 last change occurred 18:13:54 ago
 Times: hold 1, topology change 24, notification 2
         hello 2, max age 14, forward delay 10
 Timers: hello 0, topology change 0, notification 0
Port 265 (FastEthernet5/9) of VLAN1 is forwarding
  Port path cost 19, Port priority 128, Port Identifier 129.9.
  Designated root has priority 16384, address 0060.704c.7000
  Designated bridge has priority 32768, address 00e0.4fac.b000
  Designated port id is 128.2, designated path cost 19
  Timers: message age 3, forward delay 0, hold 0
  Number of transitions to forwarding state: 1
  BPDU: sent 3, received 32852
Switch#
```

This example shows how to display the spanning-tree BackboneFast status:

#### Switch# show spanning-tree backbonefast

```
BackboneFast is enabled

BackboneFast statistics
------

Number of transition via backboneFast (all VLANs) : 0

Number of inferior BPDUs received (all VLANs) : 0

Number of RLQ request PDUs received (all VLANs) : 0

Number of RLQ response PDUs received (all VLANs) : 0

Number of RLQ request PDUs sent (all VLANs) : 0

Number of RLQ response PDUs sent (all VLANs) : 0

Switch#
```

This example shows how to display spanning-tree information for the bridge:

#### Switch# show spanning-tree bridge

```
VLAN1
 Bridge ID Priority
                       32768
                       0050.3e8d.6401
            Address
            Hello Time 2 sec Max Age 20 sec Forward Delay 15 sec
  Bridge ID Priority
                        32768
                       0050.3e8d.6402
            Address
            Hello Time 2 sec Max Age 20 sec Forward Delay 15 sec
VLAN3
 Bridge ID Priority
                        32768
                        0050.3e8d.6403
            Address
            Hello Time 2 sec Max Age 20 sec Forward Delay 15 sec
Switch#
```

This example shows how to display a summary of interface information:

# Switch# show spanning-tree

```
VLAN1

Spanning tree enabled protocol ieee
Root ID Priority 32768
Address 0030.94fc.0a00
This bridge is the root
Hello Time 2 sec Max Age 20 sec Forward Delay 15 sec

Bridge ID Priority 32768
Address 0030.94fc.0a00
Hello Time 2 sec Max Age 20 sec Forward Delay 15 sec
Aging Time 300
```

Interface Name		Port ID	Prio	Cost	Sts	-	gnated Bridge	ID	Port ID
FastEthernet	6/15	129.79	128	19	FWD	0	32768	0030.94fc.0a00	129.79
VLAN2 Spanning t Root ID  Bridge ID	Priority Address This brid Hello Tim Priority Address	32768 0030.9 ge is the e 2 sec 32768 0030.9 e 2 sec	94fc.0	a01 Age 2 a01				lay 15 sec lay 15 sec	
Interface Name		Port ID	Prio	Cost	Sts	-	gnated Bridge	ID	Port ID
FastEthernet Switch#	6/16	129.80	128	19	FWD	0	32768	0030.94fc.0a01	129.80

# This example shows how to display spanning-tree information for Fast Ethernet interface 5/9:

#### Switch# show spanning-tree interface fastethernet5/9

Interface Fa0/10 (port 23) in Spanning tree 1 is ROOT-INCONSISTENT Port path cost 100, Port priority 128
Designated root has priority 8192, address 0090.0c71.a400
Designated bridge has priority 32768, address 00e0.1e9f.8940
Designated port is 23, path cost 115
Timers: message age 0, forward delay 0, hold 0
BPDU: sent 0, received 0
The port is in the portfast mode
Switch#

#### This example shows how to display spanning-tree information for a specific VLAN:

#### Switch# show spanning-tree vlan 1

```
Bridge Identifier has priority 32768, address 0030.94fc.0a00
  Configured hello time 2, max age 20, forward delay 15
  We are the root of the spanning tree
  Topology change flag not set, detected flag not set
  Number of topology changes 5 last change occurred 01:50:47 ago
          from FastEthernet6/16
  Times: hold 1, topology change 35, notification 2
         hello 2, max age 20, forward delay 15
  Timers:hello 0, topology change 0, notification 0, aging 300
 Port 335 (FastEthernet6/15) of VLAN1 is forwarding
   Port path cost 19, Port priority 128, Port Identifier 129.79.
   Designated root has priority 32768, address 0030.94fc.0a00
   Designated bridge has priority 32768, address 0030.94fc.0a00
   Designated port id is 129.79, designated path cost 0
   Timers:message age 0, forward delay 0, hold 0
   Number of transitions to forwarding state:1
   BPDU:sent 6127, received 0
Switch#
```

VLAN1 is executing the ieee compatible Spanning Tree protocol

This example shows how to display spanning-tree information for a specific bridge group:

```
Switch# show spanning-tree vlan 1
UplinkFast is disabled
BackboneFast is disabled
Switch#
```

This example shows how to display a summary of port states:

Switch# show spanning-tree summary
Root bridge for:VLAN1, VLAN2.
PortFast BPDU Guard is disabled
EtherChannel misconfiguration guard is enabled
UplinkFast is disabled
BackboneFast is disabled

Default pathcost method used is short

Name		Blocking	Listenin	g Learnin	g Forwardin	g STP Active
VLAN1		0	0	0	1	1
VLAN2		0	0	0	1	1
	2 VLANs 0	0		0	2	2
Switch#						

This example shows how to display the total lines of the spanning-tree state section:

Switch# show spanning-tree summary totals

Root bridge for:VLAN1, VLAN2.
PortFast BPDU Guard is disabled
EtherChannel misconfiguration guard is enabled
UplinkFast is disabled
BackboneFast is disabled
Default pathcost method used is short

Name		Blockir	ng Listenin	ng Learni	ng Forwardi	ng STP Active
	2 VLANs	0	0	0	2	2
Switch#						

This example shows how to determine whether any ports are in root inconsistent state:

Switch# show spanning-tree inconsistentports

```
Name Interface Inconsistency
------
VLAN1 FastEthernet3/1 Root Inconsistent

Number of inconsistent ports (segments) in the system:1
Switch#
```

#### **Related Commands**

```
spanning-tree backbonefast
spanning-tree cost
spanning-tree guard
spanning-tree pathcost method
spanning-tree portfast default
spanning-tree portfast (interface configuration mode)
spanning-tree port-priority
spanning-tree uplinkfast
spanning-tree vlan
```

# show spanning-tree mst

To display MST protocol information, use the **show spanning-tree mst** command.

show spanning-tree mst [configuration]

show spanning-tree mst [instance-id] [detail]

show spanning-tree mst [instance-id] interface interface [detail]

# **Syntax Description**

configuration	(Optional) Displays region configuration information.
instance-id	(Optional) Instance identification number; valid values are from 0 to 15.
detail	(Optional) Displays detailed MST protocol information.
interface interface	(Optional) Interface type and number; valid values for type are <b>fastethernet</b> , <b>gigabitethernet</b> , <b>tengigabitethernet</b> , <b>port-channel</b> , and <b>vlan</b> . See the "Usage Guidelines" section for more information.

#### **Defaults**

This command has no default settings.

# **Command Modes**

Privileged EXEC

# **Command History**

Release	Modification
12.1(12c)EW	Support for this command was introduced on the Catalyst 4500 series switch.
12.2(25)EW	Added support for the 10-Gigabit Ethernet interface.

#### **Usage Guidelines**

This command is not supported on systems that are configured with a Supervisor Engine I.

In the output display of the **show spanning-tree mst configuration** command, a warning message might display. This message appears if you do not map secondary VLANs to the same instance as the associated primary VLAN. The display includes a list of the secondary VLANs that are not mapped to the same instance as the associated primary VLAN. The warning message is as follows:

These secondary vlans are not mapped to the same instance as their primary: ->3

See the **show spanning-tree** command for output definitions.

#### **Examples**

This example shows how to display region configuration information:

```
Switch# show spanning-tree mst configuration

Name [leo]
Revision 2702

Instance Vlans mapped

0 1-9,11-19,21-29,31-39,41-4094
1 10,20,30,40

Switch#
```

This example shows how to display additional MST protocol values:

```
Switch# show spanning-tree mst 3 detail
# # # # # # MST03 vlans mapped: 3,3000-3999
Bridge address 0002.172c.f400 priority 32771 (32768 sysid 3)
Root this switch for MST03
GigabitEthernet1/1 of MST03 is boundary forwarding
Port info port id 128.1 priority 128
cost 20000
Designated root address 0002.172c.f400 priority 32771
cost 0
Designated bridge address 0002.172c.f400 priority 32771 port
id 128.1
Timers: message expires in 0 sec, forward delay 0, forward transitions 1
Bpdus (MRecords) sent 4, received 0
FastEthernet4/2 of MST03 is backup blocking
Port info port id 128.194 priority 128 cost
200000
Designated root address 0002.172c.f400 priority 32771
cost 0
Designated bridge address 0002.172c.f400 priority 32771 port id
128.193
Timers: message expires in 2 sec, forward delay 0, forward transitions 1
Bpdus (MRecords) sent 3, received 252
Switch#
```

This example shows how to display MST information for a specific interface:

```
Switch# show spanning-tree mst 0 interface fastethernet4/1 detail
Edge port: no (trunk) port guard : none
(default)
Link type: point-to-point (point-to-point) bpdu filter: disable
(default)
Boundary : internal bpdu guard : disable
(default)
FastEthernet4/1 of MST00 is designated forwarding
Vlans mapped to MST00 1-2,4-2999,4000-4094
Port info port id 128.193 priority 128 cost
200000
Designated root address 0050.3e66.d000 priority 8193
cost 20004
Designated ist master address 0002.172c.f400 priority 49152
Designated bridge address 0002.172c.f400 priority 49152 port id
128.193
Timers: message expires in 0 sec, forward delay 0, forward transitions 1
Bpdus sent 492, received 3
Switch#
```

# **Related Commands**

spanning-tree mst spanning-tree mst forward-time spanning-tree mst hello-time spanning-tree mst max-hops spanning-tree mst root

# show storm-control

To display the broadcast storm control settings on the switch or on the specified interface, use the **show storm-control** command.

**show storm-control** [interface-id | **broadcast**]

# **Syntax Description**

interface-id	(Optional) Specifies the interface ID for the physical port.
broadcast	(Optional) Displays the broadcast storm threshold setting.

#### **Command Modes**

Privileged EXEC

#### **Command History**

Release	Modification
12.1(19)EW	Support for this command was introduced on the Catalyst 4500 series switch.
12.2(25)EW	Added support for the 10-Gigabit Ethernet interface.

# **Usage Guidelines**

When you enter an interface ID, the storm control thresholds are displayed for the specified interface.

If you do not enter an interface ID, the settings are displayed for the broadcast traffic type for all ports on the switch.

# Examples

This is an example of output from the **show storm-control** command when no keywords are entered. Because no traffic type keyword was entered, the broadcast storm control settings are displayed.

#### Switch# show storm-control

Interface	Filter State	Upper	Lower	Current
Gi2/1	Forwarding	30.00%	30.00%	N/A
Gi4/1	Forwarding	30.00%	30.00%	N/A
Gi4/3	Forwarding	30.00%	30.00%	N/A
Switch#				

This is an example of output from the **show storm-control** command for a specified interface. Because no traffic type keyword was entered, the broadcast storm control settings are displayed.

Switch# sh	ow storm-contro	l fasteth	ernet2/17
Interface	Filter State	Level	Current
Fa2/17	Forwarding	50.00%	0.00%
Switch#			

This is an example of output from the **show storm-control** command for a specified interface and traffic type, where no storm control threshold has been set for that traffic type on the specified interface.

# Switch# show storm-control gigabitethernet2/1 broadcast

Interface	Filter State	Level	Current
Gi2/1	forwarding	100.00%	N/A
<output td="" tr<=""><td>uncated&gt;</td><td></td><td></td></output>	uncated>		

Switch#

Table 2-23 describes the fields in the **show storm-control** display.

Table 2-23 show storm-control Field Descriptions

Field	Description
Interface	Displays the ID of the interface.
Filter State	Displays the status of the filter:
	Blocking—Storm control is enabled, and a storm has occurred.
	• Forwarding—Storm control is enabled, and no storms have occurred.
	• Inactive—Storm control is disabled.
Level	Displays the threshold level set on the interface for broadcast traffic.
Current	Displays the bandwidth utilization of broadcast traffic as a percentage of total available bandwidth. This field is valid only when storm control is enabled.
	<b>Note</b> N/A is displayed for interfaces that do storm control in the hardware.

# **Related Commands**

storm-control show interfaces counters show running-config

# show system mtu

To display the global MTU setting, use the **show system mtu** command.

show system mtu

**Syntax Description** 

This command has no arguments or keywords.

Defaults

This command has no default settings.

**Command Modes** 

Privileged EXEC

**Command History** 

Release	Modification
12.1(12c)EW	Support for this command was introduced on the Catalyst 4500 series switch.

Examples

This example shows how to display the global MTU setting:

Switch# show system mtu

Global Ethernet MTU is 1550 bytes.

Switch#

**Related Commands** 

system mtu

# show tech-support

To display troubleshooting information for TAC, use the **show tech-support** command.

show tech-support [bridging | cef | ipmulticast | isis | password [page] | page]

#### **Syntax Description**

bridging	(Optional) Specifies bridging-related information.
cef	(Optional) Specifies CEF-related information.
ipmulticast	(Optional) Specifies IP multicast-related information.
isis	(Optional) Specifies CLNS and ISIS-related information.
password	(Optional) Includes passwords and other security information in the output.
page	(Optional) Displays one page of information at a time in the output.

#### **Defaults**

The defaults are as follows:

- Outputs are displayed without page breaks.
- Passwords and other security information are removed from the output.

#### **Command Modes**

Privileged EXEC

### **Command History**

Release	Modification
12.1(8a)EW	Support for this command was introduced on the Catalyst 4500 series switch.

### **Usage Guidelines**

Output from the **show tech-support** command may be terminated in midstream with the key combination Ctrl+Alt+6. The command output is buffered so that the command terminates when output of the current sub-command running under this command completes.

Press the **Return** key to display the next line of output, or press the **Space** bar to display the next page of information. If you do not enter the **page** keyword, the output scrolls. It does not stop for page breaks.

If you enter the **password** keyword, password encryption is enabled, but only the encrypted form appears in the output.

If you do not enter the **password** keyword, the passwords and other security-sensitive information in the output are replaced in the output with the word "removed."

The **show tech-support** commands are a compilation of several **show** commands and the output can be quite lengthy. For a sample display of the output of the **show tech-support** command, see the individual **show** command listed.

If you enter the **show tech-support** command without arguments, the output displays the equivalent of these **show** commands:

- show version
- show running-config
- show stacks

- show interfaces
- show controllers
- · show process memory
- · show process cpu
- show buffers
- · show logging
- show module
- show power
- show environment
- show interfaces switchport
- show interfaces trunk
- · show vlan

If you enter the **ipmulticast** keyword, the output displays the equivalent of these **show** commands:

- show ip pim interface
- show ip pim interface count
- · show ip pim neighbor
- · show ip pim rp
- show ip igmp groups
- show ip igmp interface
- show ip mroute count
- · show ip mroute
- · show ip mcache
- show ip dvmrp route

## **Examples**

For a sample display of the **show tech-support** command output, see the commands listed in the "Usage Guidelines" section for more information.

## **Related Commands**

See the "Usage Guidelines" section.

# show udld

To display the administrative and operational UDLD status, use the **show udld** command.

show udld interface-id

### **Syntax Description**

<i>interface-id</i> Name of the interface.
--

Defaults

This command has no default settings.

### **Command Modes**

Privileged EXEC

### **Command History**

Release	Modification					
12.1(8a)EW	Support for this command was introduced on the Catalyst 4500 series switch.					
12.2(25)EW	Added support for the 10-Gigabit Ethernet interface.					

# **Usage Guidelines**

If you do not enter an interface ID value, the administrative and operational UDLD status for all interfaces is displayed.

### **Examples**

This example shows how to display the UDLD state for Gigabit Ethernet interface 2/2:

```
Switch# show udld gigabitethernet2/2
Interface Gi2/2
Port enable administrative configuration setting: Follows device default
Port enable operational state: Enabled
Current bidirectional state: Bidirectional
Current operational state: Advertisement
Message interval: 60
Time out interval: 5
No multiple neighbors detected
   Entry 1
    Expiration time: 146
    Device ID: 1
    Current neighbor state: Bidirectional
    Device name: 0050e2826000
    Port ID: 2/1
   Neighbor echo 1 device: SAD03160954
   Neighbor echo 1 port: Gi1/1
   Message interval: 5
   CDP Device name: 066527791
Switch#
```

Related Commands

udld (global configuration mode)
udld (interface configuration mode)

# show vlan

To display VLAN information, use the show vlan command.

show vlan [brief | id vlan\_id | name name]

show vlan private-vlan [type]

# **Syntax Description**

brief	(Optional) Displays only a single line for each VLAN, naming the VLAN, status, and					
	ports.					
id vlan_id	(Optional) Displays information about a single VLAN identified by VLAN ID number; valid values are from 1 to 4094.					
name name	(Optional) Displays information about a single VLAN identified by VLAN name; valid values are an ASCII string from 1 to 32 characters.					
private-vlan	Displays private VLAN information.					
type	(Optional) Private VLAN type.					

### Defaults

This command has no default settings.

## **Command Modes**

Privileged EXEC

## **Command History**

Release	Modification
12.1(8a)EW	Support for this command was introduced on the Catalyst 4500 series switch.
12.1(12c)EW	Added support for extended VLAN addresses.

## Examples

This example shows how to display the VLAN parameters for all VLANs within the administrative domain:

Switch#	show	v1an
DWT CCII#	SILOW	vran

VLAN	Name	Status	Ports
1	default	active	Fa5/9
2	VLAN0002	active	Fa5/9
3	VLAN0003	active	Fa5/9
4	VLAN0004	active	Fa5/9
5	VLAN0005	active	Fa5/9
6	VLAN0006	active	Fa5/9
10	VLAN0010	active	Fa5/9
20	VLAN0020	active	Fa5/9

<...Output truncated...>

917 999 1002 1003 1004	trcrf- fddin	917			act: act: act: act: act: act:	ive ive ive ive	Fa5/9 Fa5/9 Fa5/9 Fa5/9 Fa5/9 Fa5/9			
VLAN	Туре	SAID	MTU	Parent	RingNo	Bridge	No Stp	BrdgMode	Trans1	Trans2
1	enet	100001	1500	_	_	_		_	0	0
2	enet	100001	1500	_	_	_	_	_	0	0
3	enet	100003	1500	_	_	_	_	_	303	0
4	enet	100004	1500	_	_	_	-	_	304	0
5	enet	100005	1500	-	-	-	-	_	305	0
6	enet	100006	1500	-	-	-	-	-	0	0
10	enet	100010	1500	-	-	-	-	-	0	0
20	enet	100020	1500	-	-	-	-	_	0	0
50	enet	100050	1500	-	-	-	-	-	0	0
<	<output truncated=""></output>									
850	enet	100850	1500	_	_	_	_	_	0	0
917	enet	100917	1500	_	-	_	-	_	0	0
999	enet	100999	1500	-	-	_	-		0	0
1002	fddi	101002	1500	-	0	-	-	-	0	0
1003	trcrf	101003	4472	1005	3276	-	-	srb	0	0
1004	fdnet	101004	1500	-	-	-	ieee	_	0	0
1005	trbrf	101005	4472	-	-	15	ibm	-	0	0
VLAN	AREHo	ps STEHops	Backup	CRF						
802	0	0	off							
1003		7	off							
Swit	ch#									

This example shows how to display the VLAN name, status, and associated ports only:

### Switch# show vlan brief

VLAN	Name	Status	Ports
1	default	active	Fa5/9
2	VLAN0002	active	Fa5/9
3	VLAN0003	active	Fa5/9
4	VLAN0004	active	Fa5/9
5	VLAN0005	active	Fa5/9
10	VLAN0010	active	Fa5/9
•			
999	VLAN0999	active	Fa5/9
1002	fddi-default	active	Fa5/9
1003	trcrf-default	active	Fa5/9
1004	fddinet-default	active	Fa5/9
1005	trbrf-default	active	Fa5/9
Swit	ch#		

This example shows how to display the VLAN parameters for VLAN 3 only:

Switch# show vlan id 3

VLAN	Name				Stat	cus	Ports			
3	VLAN0	003			acti	ive	Fa5/9			
VLAN	Туре	SAID	MTU	Parent	RingNo	Bridge	No Stp	BrdgMode	Trans1	Trans2
3	enet	100003	1500	-	-	-	-	-	303	0

Table 2-24 describes the fields in the **show vlan** command output.

### Table 2-24 show vlan Command Output Fields

Field	Description
VLAN	VLAN number.
Name	Name, if configured, of the VLAN.
Status	Status of the VLAN (active or suspend).
Ports	Ports that belong to the VLAN.
Type	Media type of the VLAN.
SAID	Security Association Identifier value for the VLAN.
MTU	Maximum transmission unit size for the VLAN.
Parent	Parent VLAN, if one exists.
RingNo	Ring number for the VLAN, if applicable.
BrdgNo	Bridge number for the VLAN, if applicable.
Stp	Spanning Tree Protocol type used on the VLAN.

## **Related Commands**

vlan database

vlan (VLAN Database mode)

vtp (global configuration mode)

# show vlan access-map

To display the contents of a VLAN access map, use the show vlan access-map command.

show vlan access-map [map-name]

•	_		
Syntax	Hacci	rıntı	ınn
OVIILUA	DUSU	IIV	IVII

map-name (Optional	) Name of the	VLAN access map.
--------------------	---------------	------------------

Defaults

This command has no default settings.

**Command Modes** 

Privileged EXEC

## **Command History**

Release	Modification
12.1(12c)EW	Support for this command was introduced on the Catalyst 4500 series switch.

### **Examples**

This command shows how to display the contents of a VLAN access map:

Switch# show vlan access-map mordred

Vlan access-map "mordred" 1
match: ip address 13
action: forward capture

Switch#

### **Related Commands**

vlan access-map

# show vlan counters

To display the software-cached counter values, use the **show vlan counters** command.

show vlan [id vlanid] counters

### **Syntax Description**

<b>id</b> vlanid	(Optional)	Displays the software-	cached counter values	for a specific VLAN	٧.
------------------	------------	------------------------	-----------------------	---------------------	----

Defaults

This command has no default settings.

**Command Modes** 

Privileged EXEC

## **Command History**

Release	Modification
12.1(13)EW	Support for this command was introduced on the Catalyst 4500 series switches.

### **Usage Guidelines**

If you enter the **show vlan counters** command without specifying the VLAN ID, the software-cached counter values for all VLANs are displayed.

### **Examples**

This example shows how to display the software-cached counter values for a specific VLAN:

### Switch# show vlan counters

\* Multicast counters include broadcast packets

Vlan Id	:	1
L2 Unicast Packets	:	0
L2 Unicast Octets	:	0
L3 Input Unicast Packets	:	0
L3 Input Unicast Octets	:	0
L3 Output Unicast Packets	:	0
L3 Output Unicast Octets	:	0
L3 Output Multicast Packets	:	0
L3 Output Multicast Octets	:	0
L3 Input Multicast Packets	:	0
L3 Input Multicast Octets	:	0
L2 Multicast Packets	:	1
L2 Multicast Octets	:	94
Switch>		

### **Related Commands**

clear vlan counters

# show vlan dot1q tag native

To display all the ports on the switch that are eligible for native VLAN tagging as well as their current native VLAN tagging status, use the **show vlan dot1q tag native** command.

### show vlan dot1q tag native

### **Syntax Description**

This command has no arguments or keywords.

#### **Command Modes**

User EXEC

## **Command History**

Release	Modification
12.1(18)EW	This command was introduced on the Catalyst 4500 series switch.

### **Examples**

This is an example of output from the show vlan dot1q tag native command:

Switch# show vlan dot1q tag native

dot1q native vlan tagging is disabled globally

Per Port Native Vlan Tagging State

Port	Operational	Native VLAN
	Mode	Tagging State
f3/2	trunk	enabled
f3/16	PVLAN trunk	disabled
f3/16	trunk	enabled

### **Related Commands**

### switchport mode

vlan (global configuration) (refer to Cisco IOS documentation)vlan (VLAN configuration) (refer to Cisco IOS documentation)

# show vlan internal usage

Use the show vlan internal usage command to display information about the internal VLAN allocation.

show vlan [id vlan-id] internal usage

### **Syntax Description**

id vlan-id	(Optional) Displays internal VLAN allocation information for the specified VLAN;
	valid values are from 1 to 4094.

Defaults

This command has no default settings.

**Command Modes** 

Privileged EXEC

### **Command History**

Release	Modification
12.1(19)EW	Support for this command was introduced on the Catalyst 4500 series switch.

## **Examples**

This example shows how to display information about the current internal VLAN allocation:

Switch# show vlan internal usage

This example shows how to display information about the internal VLAN allocation for a specific VLAN:

 ${\tt Switch\#}$  show vlan id 1030 internal usage

VLAN Usage
---1030 GigabitEthernet1/2

### **Related Commands**

vlan internal allocation policy

# show vlan mtu

To display the minimum and maximum transmission unit (MTU) sizes of each VLAN, use the **show vlan mtu** command.

### show vlan mtu

### **Syntax Description**

This command has no arguments or keywords

**Defaults** 

This command has no default settings.

### **Command Modes**

**EXEC** 

### **Command History**

Release	Modification
12.1(13)EW	Support for this command was introduced on the Catalyst 4500 series switch.

## **Usage Guidelines**

The MTU\_Mismatch column in the command output indicates whether all the ports in the VLAN have the same MTU. When "yes" is displayed in the MTU\_Mismatch column, it means that the VLAN has a port with different MTUs, and packets might be dropped that are switched from a port with a larger MTU to a port with a smaller MTU. If the VLAN does not have an SVI, the hyphen (-) symbol is displayed in the SVI\_MTU column.

For a VLAN, if the MTU-Mismatch column displays yes, the names of the port with the MinMTU and the port with the MaxMTU are displayed. For a VLAN, if the SVI\_MTU is bigger than the MinMTU, "TooBig" is displayed after the SVI\_MTU.

### **Examples**

This is an example of output from the **show vlan mtu** command:

Switch# show vlan mtu

VLAN	SVI_MTU	MinMTU(port)	MaxMTU(port)	MTU_Mismatch
1	1500	1500	1500	No
Switch>				

### **Related Commands**

mtu

# show vlan private-vlan

To display private VLAN information, use the show vlan private-vlan command.

show vlan private-vlan [type]

### **Syntax Description**

type	(Optional) Displays the private VLAN type; valid types are isolated, primary,
	community, nonoperational, and normal.

Defaults

This command has no default settings.

**Command Modes** 

Privileged EXEC

### **Command History**

Release	Modification
12.1(8a)EW	Support for this command was introduced on the Catalyst 4500 series switch.
12.2(20)EW	Support for community VLAN was added.

### **Usage Guidelines**

When the **show vlan private-vlan type** command displays a VLAN type as normal, it indicates that a regular VLAN has been used in the private VLAN configuration. When normal is displayed, this indicates that two VLANs have been associated before the type was set, and the private VLAN is not operational. This information is useful for debugging purposes.

### **Examples**

This example shows how to display information about all currently configured private VLANs:

Switch# show vlan private-vlan

Primary	Secondary	Type	Ports
2	301	community	Fa5/3, Fa5/25
2	302	community	
	10	community	
100	101	isolated	
150	151	non-operational	
	202	community	
	303	community	
401	402	non-operational	
Switch#			



A blank Primary value indicates that no association exists.

This example shows how to display information about all currently configured private VLAN types:

Switch# show vlan private-vlan type

Table 2-25 describes the fields in the show vlan private-vlan command output.

Table 2-25 show vlan private-vlan Command Output Fields

Field	Description	
Primary	Number of the primary VLAN.	
Secondary Number of the secondary VLAN.		
Secondary-Type	Secondary VLAN type is isolated or community.	
Ports	Indicates the ports within a VLAN.	
Туре	Type of VLAN; possible values are <b>primary, isolated</b> , community, nonoperational, or <b>normal</b> .	

## **Related Commands**

private-vlan private-vlan mapping

# show vlan remote-span

To display a list of Remote SPAN (RSPAN) VLANs, use the show vlan remote-span command.

show vlan remote-span

**Syntax Description** 

This command has no arguments or keywords.

Defaults

This command has no default settings.

**Command Modes** 

Privileged EXEC

**Command History** 

Release	Modification		
12.1(12)EW	This command was introduced on the Catalyst 4500 series switches.		

Examples

This example shows how to display a list of RSPAN VLANs:

Router# show vlan remote-span

Remote SPAN VLANs

-----

2,20

**Related Commands** 

remote-span

vlan (VLAN Database mode)

# show vmps

To display the VLAN Query Protocol (VQP) version, reconfirmation interval, retry count, VLAN Membership Policy Server (VMPS) IP addresses, current servers, and primary servers, use the **show vmps** command.

### show vmps [statistics]

•	-	
Syntax	HACC	rintion
OVIILUA	<b>D C 3 C</b>	HIDUIUII

statistics (	Optiona	l) Displays th	e client-side	statistics.
--------------	---------	----------------	---------------	-------------

**Defaults** 

This command has no default settings.

### **Command Modes**

**EXEC** 

### **Command History**

Release	Modification
12.1(13)EW	Support for this command was introduced on the Catalyst 4500 series switch.

### **Examples**

This is an example of output from the **show vmps** command:

```
Switch# show vmps

VQP Client Status:
-----

VMPS VQP Version: 1

Reconfirm Interval: 60 min

Server Retry Count: 3

VMPS domain server: 172.20.50.120 (primary, current)

Reconfirmation status
------

VMPS Action: No Dynamic Port

Switch#
```

This is an example of output from the **show vmps statistics** command:

#### Switch# show vmps statistics VMPS Client Statistics \_\_\_\_\_\_ VQP Queries: 0 VQP Responses: 0 VMPS Changes: VQP Shutdowns: 0 VQP Denied: 0 0 VQP Wrong Domain: VQP Wrong Version: 0 VQP Insufficient Resource: 0

Switch#

### **Related Commands**

vmps reconfirm (privileged EXEC)

# show vtp

To display VTP statistics and domain information, use the **show vtp** command.

show vtp {counters | status}

### **Syntax Description**

counters	Specifies the VTP statistics.
status	Specifies the VTP domain status.

#### Defaults

This command has no default settings.

### **Command Modes**

Privileged EXEC

### **Command History**

Release	Modification
12.1(8a)EW	Support for this command was introduced on the Catalyst 4500 series switch.

### **Examples**

This example shows how to display the VTP statistics:

# Switch# show vtp counters VTP statistics:

```
Summary advertisements received : 1
Subset advertisements received : 1
Request advertisements received : 0
Summary advertisements transmitted : 31
Subset advertisements transmitted : 1
Request advertisements transmitted : 0
Number of config revision errors : 0
Number of config digest errors : 0
Number of V1 summary errors : 0
```

VTP pruning statistics:

Trunk	Join Transmitted Jo	oin Received	Summary advts received from non-pruning-capable device
Fa5/9 Switch#	1555	1564	0

This example shows how to display the VTP domain status:

#### Switch# show vtp status

```
VTP Version : 2
Configuration Revision : 250
Maximum VLANs supported locally : 1005
Number of existing VLANs : 33
VTP Operating Mode : Server
VTP Domain Name : Lab_Network
VTP Pruning Mode : Enabled
VTP V2 Mode : Enabled
VTP Traps Generation : Disabled
```

```
MD5 digest : 0xE6\ 0xF8\ 0x3E\ 0xDD\ 0xA4\ 0xF5\ 0xC2\ 0x0E Configuration last modified by 172.20.52.18 at 9-22-99 11:18:20 Local updater ID is 172.20.52.18 on interface Vl1 (lowest numbered VLAN interface found) Switch#
```

This example shows how to display only those lines in the **show vtp** output that contain the word Summary:

```
Switch# show vtp counters | include Summary

Summary advertisements received : 1

Summary advertisements transmitted : 32

Trunk Join Transmitted Join Received Summary advts received from Switch#
```

Table 2-26 describes the fields in the **show vtp** command output.

Table 2-26 show vtp Command Output Fields

Field	Description
Summary advertisements received	Total number of summary advertisements received.
Subset advertisements received	Total number of subset advertisements received.
Request advertisements received	Total number of request advertisements received.
Summary advertisements transmitted	Total number of summary advertisements transmitted.
Subset advertisements transmitted	Total number of subset advertisements transmitted.
Request advertisements transmitted	Total number of request advertisements transmitted.
Number of config revision errors	Number of config revision errors.
Number of config digest errors	Number of config revision digest errors.
Number of V1 summary errors	Number of V1 summary errors.
Trunk	Trunk port participating in VTP pruning.
Join Transmitted	Number of VTP-Pruning Joins transmitted.
Join Received	Number of VTP-Pruning Joins received.
Summary advts received from non-pruning-capable device	Number of Summary advertisements received from nonpruning-capable devices.
Number of existing VLANs	Total number of VLANs in the domain.
Configuration Revision	VTP revision number used to exchange VLAN information.
Maximum VLANs supported locally	Maximum number of VLANs allowed on the device.
Number of existing VLANs	Number of existing VLANs.
VTP Operating Mode	Indicates whether VTP is enabled or disabled.
VTP Domain Name	Name of the VTP domain.
VTP Pruning Mode	Indicates whether VTP pruning is enabled or disabled.
VTP V2 Mode	Indicates the VTP V2 mode as server, client, or transparent.
VTP Traps Generation	Indicates whether VTP trap generation mode is enabled or disabled.
MD5 digest	Checksum values.

# Related Commands

vtp (global configuration mode)

vtp client

vtp domain

vtp password

vtp pruning

vtp server

vtp transparent

vtp v2-mode