

Configuring Traffic Analytics

This chapter describes how to configure the Traffic Analytics feature on Cisco NX-OS devices.

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About Traffic Analytics

The Traffic Analytics (TA) feature has the following capabilities:

- Provides an ability to identify services offered by servers behind a switch, delivering aggregated analytics data. To distinguish between servers and clients, TCP flags (SYN and SYN ACK) in a three-way handshake are utilized.
- Collapses multiple TCP session data traffic from a client to a server or from a server to client into a single record in the show flow cache database and exports it to the collector. During the traffic analytics aggregation, the source port of TCP is set to a value of 0.

A flow is defined by the source interface, protocol, source IP address, source port, destination IP address, and destination port values. If traffic analytics is enabled, the flows of TCP sessions are aggregated based on source IP address (SIP), destination IP address (DIP), source port (SP) for server to client traffic and SIP, DIP, destination port (DP) for client to server traffic.

Aging of Traffic Database Entries

The traffic database entries will be monitored every 24 hours using a timer. If there is no traffic hitting a database entry, then within 24 to 48 hours that traffic database entry will be deleted. By default the size of the database is 5000.

Troubleshooting Rules

The Troubleshooting rules are used to debug a flow by programming an analytics ACL filter. These rules take precedence over the traffic analytics rules and can be used for capturing specific flow. Troubleshooting rules might result in two entries in the flow cache.

Troubleshooting rules should be used only for specific flows preferably host for short duration only.

Guidelines and Limitations Traffic Analytics

The following guidelines and limitations are applicable to Traffic Analytics:

- Beginning with Cisco NX-OS Release 10.4(2)F, the Traffic Analytics feature is supported on Cisco Nexus 9300-FX/FX2/FX3/GX/GX2/H2R/H1 platform switches.
- If the Traffic Analytics feature is enabled, other than TCP all other IP protocols get 3 tuple information.
- The Traffic Analytics feature is supported only on Mixed mode in standalone devices.
- Before enabling the Traffic Analytics feature, ensure to remove the flow filters else an error message will be displayed.
- When a system flow filter is configured, the traffic flow behavior is as follows:
 - If a traffic analytics database has information, two flows are seen in the cache.
 - If a traffic analytics database does not have information, only one flow is seen in the cache.
- If the traffic analytics database size is reduced, new entries will happen only after removing the old entries.
- When NetFlow and traffic analytics are enabled, profiles 29–31 will be used for both functions if we have a scaled NetFlow configuration that is using those profiles. When neighbor discovery or special packets hit these profiles, it is not possible to differentiate whether the record created is traffic analytics or NetFlow. As a result, it gets processed twice, leading to the appearance of two packets with an AN profile.
- Netflow and Flow Telemetry are not supported in N9K-C9364C-H1 platform SFP+ ports, Ethernet1/65, and Ethernet1/66.

Configuring Traffic Analytics

You can configure traffic analytics feature only on mixed mode.

Before you begin

Ensure that you are in mixed mode before enabling the traffic analytics feature. To enable the mixed mode, use the following commands. For more information on mixed mode, see Configuring Mixed Mode:

```
(Config) #feature netflow
(Config) #feature analytics
```

Procedure

Configure traffic analytics feature as follows:

```
feature analytics
ip access-list telemetryIpv4Acl
permit ip 10.10.10.10/32 20.20.20.20/32
ipv6 access-list telemetryIpv6Acl
```

```
permit ipv6 2001:1000::1000/128 2002:1000::1000/128
analvtics
 flow filter telemetryFP
   ipv4 telemetryIpv4Acl
   ipv6 telemetryIpv6Acl
  flow exporter ell
   destination 10.10.20.21 v9
   transport udp 1100
   events transport udp 55
   source Ethernet1/42
  flow exporter e12
   destination 10.10.20.21 v9
   transport udp 9200
   events transport udp 555
   source Ethernet1/42
  flow record fte-record
   match ip source address
   match ip destination address
   match ip protocol
   match transport source-port
   match transport destination-port
   collect counter packets
   collect timestamp sys-uptime first
   collect timestamp sys-uptime last
  flow monitor m1
   record fte-record
   exporter-bucket-id 1 0 4095
     exporter ell
  flow monitor m2
   record fte-record
   exporter-bucket-id 1 0 2000
     exporter ell
   exporter-bucket-id 2 2001 4095
     exporter e12
  flow profile telemetryProf
   collect interval 1000
   source port 1001
  flow event fte-event1
   group drop-events
     capture buffer-drops
     capture acl-drops
     capture fwd-drops
   group packet-events
     capture tos 50
     capture ttl 50
  flow traffic-analytics <<configures the database size>>
     db-size 4500
  flow system config
   traffic-analytics <<enables the traffic analytics feature>>
   exporter-id 4
   monitor m1 input
   profile telemetryProf
   event fte-event1
   filter telemetryFP <<enables the Troubleshooting rules>>
```