



FireSIGHT eStreamer Integration Guide

Version 5.4 June 8, 2017

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Introduction

The Cisco Event Streamer (also known as eStreamer) allows you to stream FireSIGHT System intrusion, discovery, and connection data from the Cisco Defense Center or managed device (also referred to as the eStreamer server) to external client applications.

Note that eStreamer is not supported on virtual devices. To stream events from a virtual device, you can configure eStreamer on the Defense Center that the device reports to.

eStreamer uses a custom application layer protocol to communicate with connected client applications. As the purpose of eStreamer is simply to return data that the client requests, the majority of this guide describes the eStreamer formats for the requested data.

There are three major steps to creating and integrating an eStreamer client with a FireSIGHT System:

- 1. Write a client application that exchanges messages with the Defense Center or managed device using the eStreamer application protocol. The eStreamer SDK includes a reference client application.
- 2. Configure a Defense Center or device to send the required type of events to your client application.
- 3. Connect your client application to the Defense Center or device and begin exchanging data.

This guide provides the information you need to successfully create and run an eStreamer Version 5.4 client application.

Major Changes in eStreamer Version 5.4

If you are upgrading your FireSIGHT System deployment to Version 5.4, please note the following changes, some of which may require you to update your eStreamer client:

- Added the following block:
 - Added SSL Certificate Details Data Block for 5.4+, page 3-98, which contains metadata for data blocks with SSL information.
- Removed the following blocks and messages:
 - Removed Vulnerability Change Message.
 - Removed Vulnerability Reference Data Block.
 - Removed instructions for using manage_estreamer.pl to change the interface used by eStreamer.
- Replaced the following blocks:
 - Replaced Correlation Event for 5.1-5.3.x, page B-172 with Correlation Event for 5.4+, page 3-38, which has Geolocation, Security Context, and SSL fields.

- Replaced Malware Event Data Block 5.3.1, page B-63 with Malware Event Data Block 5.4+, page 3-74, which has SSL and file archive fields.
- Replaced File Event for 5.3.1, page B-157 with File Event for 5.4+, page 3-64, which has SSL and file archive fields.
- Replaced Intrusion Event Record 5.3.1, page B-29 with Intrusion Event Record 5.4+, page 3-6, which has SSL fields and a Network Analysis Policy field.
- Replaced Connection Statistics Data Block 5.3.1, page B-123 with Connection Statistics Data Block 5.4.0.1+, page 4-108, which has VLAN, SSL, and Network Analysis Policy fields.

Using this Guide

At the highest level, the eStreamer service is a mechanism for streaming data from the FireSIGHT System to a requesting client. The service can stream the following categories of data:

- · Intrusion event data and event extra data
- Correlation (compliance) event data
- Discovery event data
- · User event data
- Metadata for events
- · Host information
- · Malware event data

Descriptions of the data structures returned by eStreamer make up the majority of this book. The chapters in the book are:

- Understanding the eStreamer Application Protocol, page 2-1, which provides an overview of eStreamer communications, details some of the requirements for writing eStreamer client applications, and describes the four types of messages used to send commands to and receive data from the eStreamer service.
- Understanding Intrusion and Correlation Data Structures, page 3-1, which documents the data formats used to return event data generated by the intrusion detection and correlation components and the data formats used to represent the intrusion and correlation events.
- Understanding Discovery & Connection Data Structures, page 4-1, which documents the data formats used to return discovery, user, and connection event data.
- Understanding Host Data Structures, page 5-1, which documents the data formats that eStreamer uses to return full host information data when it receives a host information request message.
- Configuring eStreamer, page 6-1, which documents how to configure the eStreamer on a Defense
 Center or managed device. The chapter also documents the eStreamer command-line switches and
 provides instructions for manually starting and stopping the eStreamer service and for configuring
 the Defense Center or managed device to start eStreamer automatically.
- Data Structure Examples, page A-1, which provides examples of eStreamer message packets in binary format.
- Understanding Legacy Data Structures, page B-1, which documents the structure of legacy data structures that are no longer in use by the currently shipping product but may be used by older clients.

Prerequisites

To understand the information in this guide, you should be familiar with the features and nomenclature of the FireSIGHT System and the function of its components in general, and with the different types of event data these components generate in particular. Definitions of unfamiliar or product-specific terms can frequently be obtained from the *FireSIGHT eStreamer Integration Guide*.

Product Versions for FireSIGHT System Releases

Version numbers are used throughout this guide to describe the data format for events generated by the Defense Center and managed devices. The FireSIGHT System Product Versions table lists versions for each product by major release.

Table 1-1 FireSIGHT System Product Versions

Release	Defense Center Version	Master Defense Center Version	Intrusion Sensor Version	Sensor Version	Managed Device Version
IMS 3.0	Management N/A Network Sensor N/A Console 3.0		N/A	N/A	
IMS 3.1	Management Console 3.1	N/A	Network Sensor 3.1	RNA Sensor 1.0	N/A
IMS 3.2	Management N/A Network Sensor RNA Sensor 2 Console 3.2 3.2		RNA Sensor 2.0	N/A	
3D System 4.0	Defense Center 4.0	N/A	Intrusion Sensor 4.0	RNA Sensor 3.0	N/A
3D System 4.5	Defense Center 4.5	N/A	Intrusion Sensor 4.5	RNA Sensor 3.5	N/A
3D System 4.6.1	Defense Center 4.6.1	Master Defense Center 4.6.1	N/A	N/A	4.6.1
3D System 4.7	Defense Center 4.7	Master Defense Center 4.7	N/A	N/A	4.7
3D System 4.8	Defense Center 4.8	Master Defense Center 4.8	N/A	N/A	4.8
3D System 4.8.0.2	Defense Center 4.8.0.2	Master Defense Center 4.8.0.2	N/A	N/A	4.8.0.2
3D System 4.9	Defense Center 4.9	Master Defense Center 4.9	N/A	N/A	4.9
3D System 4.9.1	Defense Center 4.9.1	Master Defense Center 4.9.1	N/A	N/A	4.9.1
3D System 4.10	Defense Center 4.10	Master Defense Center 4.10	N/A	N/A	4.10
3D System 4.10.1	Defense Center 4.10.1	Master Defense Center 4.10.1	N/A	N/A	4.10.1
3D System 4.10.2	Defense Center 4.10.2	Master Defense Center 4.10.2	N/A	N/A	4.10.2

Table 1-1 FireSIGHT System Product Versions (continued)

Release	Defense Center Version	Master Defense Center Version	Intrusion Sensor Version	Sensor Version	Managed Device Version
3D System 4.10.3	Defense Center 4.10.3	Master Defense Center 4.10.3	N/A	N/A	4.10.3
3D System 5.0	Defense Center 5.0	N/A	N/A	N/A	5.0
3D System 5.1	Defense Center 5.1	N/A	N/A	N/A	5.1
3D System 5.1.1	Defense Center 5.1.1	N/A	N/A	N/A	5.1.1
3D System 5.2	Defense Center 5.2	N/A	N/A	N/A	5.2
3D System 5.3	Defense Center 5.3	N/A	N/A	N/A	5.3
FireSIGHT System 5.3.1	Defense Center 5.3.1	N/A	N/A	N/A	5.3.1
FireSIGHT System 5.4	Defense Center 5.4	N/A	N/A	N/A	5.4

Document Conventions

The eStreamer Message Data Type Conventions table lists the names used in this book to describe the various data field formats employed in eStreamer messages. Numeric constants used by the eStreamer service are typically unsigned integer values. Bit fields use low-order bits unless otherwise noted. For example, in a one-byte field containing five bits of flag data, the low-order five bits will contain the data.

Table 1-2 eStreamer Message Data Type Conventions

Data Type	Description
nn-bit field	Bit field of nn bits
byte	8-bit byte containing data of arbitrary format
int8	Signed 8-bit byte
uint8	Unsigned 8-bit byte
int16	Signed 16-bit integer
uint16	Unsigned 16-bit integer
int32	Signed 32-bit integer
uint32	Unsigned 32-bit integer
uint64	Unsigned 64-bit integer
string	Variable length field containing character data
[n]	Array subscript following any of the above data types to indicate n instances of the indicated data type, for example, uint8[4]
variable	Collection of various data types
BLOB	Binary object of unspecified type, typically raw data as captured from a packet

IP Addresses

Document Conventions



Understanding the eStreamer Application Protocol

The FireSIGHT System Event Streamer (eStreamer) uses a message-oriented protocol to stream events and host profile information to your client application. Your client can request event and host profile data from a Defense Center, and intrusion event data only from a managed device. Your client application initiates the data stream by submitting request messages, which specify the data to be sent, and then controls the message flow from the Defense Center or managed device after streaming begins.

Throughout this document, the eStreamer service on the Defense Center or a managed device may be referred to as the eStreamer server or eStreamer.

The following sections describe requirements for connecting to the eStreamer service and introduce commands and data formats used in the eStreamer protocol:

- Connection Specifications, page 2-1 describes the communication flow between the eStreamer service and your client and describes how the client interacts with it.
- Understanding eStreamer Communication Stages, page 2-2 describes the communication protocol for client applications to submit data requests to the eStreamer server and for eStreamer to deliver the requested information to the client.
- Understanding eStreamer Message Types, page 2-6 describes the message types used in the eStreamer protocol; discusses the basic structure of data packets used by eStreamer to return intrusion event data, discovery event data, metadata, and host data to a client; and provides other information to help you write a client that can interpret eStreamer messages.

Connection Specifications

The eStreamer service:

- Communicates using TCP over an SSL connection (the client application must support SSL-based authentication).
- Accepts connection requests on port 8302.
- Waits for the client to initiate all communication sessions.
- Writes all message fields in network byte order (big endian).
- Encodes text in UTF-8.

Understanding eStreamer Communication Stages

There are four major stages of communication that occur between a client and the eStreamer service:

1. The client establishes a connection with the eStreamer server and the connection is authenticated by both parties.

See Establishing an Authenticated Connection, page 2-2 for more information.

2. The client requests data from the eStreamer service and specifies the types of data to be streamed. A single event request message can specify any combination of available event data, including event metadata. A single host profile request can specify a single host or multiple hosts.

Two request modes are available for requesting event data:

- Event Stream Request The client submits a message containing request flags that specify the
 requested event types and version of each type, and the eStreamer server responds by streaming
 the requested data.
- Extended Request The client submits a request with the same message format as for Event
 Stream requests but sets a flag for an extended request. This initiates a message interaction
 between client and eStreamer server through which the client requests additional information
 and version combinations not available via Event Stream requests.

For information on requesting data, see Requesting Data from eStreamer, page 2-3.

- 3. eStreamer establishes the requested data stream to the client.
 - See Accepting Data from eStreamer, page 2-5 for more information.
- 4. The connection terminates.

 See Terminating Connections, page 2-5 for more information.

Establishing an Authenticated Connection

Before a client can request data from eStreamer, the client must initiate an SSL-enabled TCP connection with the eStreamer service. The client can request on any configured management interface on the Defense Center or managed device. Client connections do not enforce traffic channel configuration for management interfaces so that configuration can be ignored when choosing an interface for your connection. When the client initiates the connection, the eStreamer server responds, initiating an SSL handshake with the client. As part of the SSL handshake, the eStreamer server requests the client's authentication certificate, and verifies that the certificate is valid (signed by the Internal Certifying Authority [Internal CA] on the eStreamer server).



Cisco recommends that you also require your client to verify that the certificate presented by the eStreamer server has been signed by a trusted Certifying Authority. This is the Internal CA certificate included in the PKCS#12 file that Cisco provides when you register a new eStreamer client with the Defense Center or managed device. See Adding Authentication for eStreamer Clients, page 6-3 for more information.

After the SSL session is established, the eStreamer server performs an additional post-connection verification of the certificate. This includes verifying that the client connection originates from the host specified in the certificate and that the subject name of the certificate contains the appropriate value. If either post-connection check fails, the eStreamer server closes the connection. If necessary, you can configure the eStreamer service so that it does not perform a client host name check (see eStreamer Service Options, page 6-4 for more information).

While the client is not required to perform post-connection verification, Cisco recommends that the client perform this verification step. The authentication certificate contains the following field values in the subject name of the certificate:

Table 2-1 Certificate Subject Name Fields

Field	Value
title	eStreamer
generationQualifier	server

After the post-connection verification is finished, the eStreamer server awaits a data request from the client.

Requesting Data from eStreamer

Your client performs the following high-level tasks in managing data requests:

- Initializing the request session See Establishing a Session, page 2-3.
- Requesting events from the eStreamer event archive Using Event Stream Requests and Extended Requests to Initiate Event Streaming, page 2-3.
- Requesting host data See Requesting Host Data, page 2-4.
- Changing a request See Changing a Request, page 2-5.

Establishing a Session

The client establishes a session by sending an initial Event Stream request to the eStreamer service.

In this initial message, you can either include data request flags or submit the data requests in a follow-on message. This initial Event Stream request message itself is a prerequisite for all eStreamer requests, whether for event data or for host data. For information about using the Event Stream request message, see Event Stream Request Message Format, page 2-10.



The eStreamer client can request on any configured management interface on the Defense Center or managed device. Client connections do not enforce traffic channel configuration for management interfaces so that configuration can be ignored when choosing an interface for your connection.

Using Event Stream Requests and Extended Requests to Initiate Event Streaming

The eStreamer service provides two modes of requests for event streaming. Your request can combine modes. In both modes, your client starts the request with an Event Stream request message but sets the request flag bits differently. For details about the Event Stream message format, see Event Stream Request Message Format, page 2-10.

When eStreamer receives an Event Stream request message, it processes the client request as follows:

• If the request message does **not** set bit 30 in the request flag field, eStreamer begins streaming any events requested by other set bits in the request flag field. For information, see Submitting Event Stream Requests, page 2-4.

• If bit 30 is set in the Event Stream request, eStreamer provides extended request processing. Extended request flags must be sent if this bit is set. For information, see Submitting Extended Requests, page 2-4. Note that eStreamer resolves any duplicate requests. If you request multiple versions of the same data, either by multiple flags or multiple extended requests, the highest version is used. For example, if eStreamer receives flag requests for discovery events version 1 and 6 and an extended request for version 3, it sends version 6.

Submitting Event Stream Requests

Event stream requests use a simple process:

- Your client sends a request message to the eStreamer service with a start date and time and a request flag field that specifies the events and their version level to be included in the data stream.
- eStreamer streams events beginning at the specified time. For information about the streaming protocol, see Accepting Data from eStreamer, page 2-5.

For information on the format and content of the client's Event Stream request message, see Event Stream Request Message Format, page 2-10.

For information on the event types and versions of events that the client can request, see Table 2-6 on page 2-12.

Submitting Extended Requests

If you set bit 30 in the request flags field of an Event Stream Request message, you initiate an extended request, which starts a negotiation with the server. Extended request flags must be sent if this bit is set. For the event types available by extended request, see Table 2-21 on page 2-34.

The steps for extended requests are as follows:

- Your client sends an Event Streaming Request message to eStreamer with the request flags bit 30 set to 1, which signals an extended request. See Event Stream Request Message Format, page 2-10 for message format details.
- eStreamer answers with a Streaming Information message that advertises the list of services available to the client. For details about the Streaming Information message, see Streaming Information Message Format, page 2-30.
- The client returns a Streaming Request message that indicates the service it wants to use, with a request list of event types and versions available from that service. The request list corresponds to setting bits in the request flag field when making a standard event stream request. For details about how to use the Streaming Request message to request events, see "Sample Extended Request Messages" section on page 2-36.
- eStreamer processes the client's Streaming Request message and begins streaming the data at the time specified in the message. For information about the streaming protocol, see Accepting Data from eStreamer, page 2-5.

Requesting Host Data

Once you have established a session, you can submit a request for host data at any time. eStreamer generates information for the requested hosts from the FireSIGHT System network map.

Changing a Request

To change request parameters for an established session, the client must disconnect and request a new session.

Accepting Data from eStreamer



The eStreamer server does not keep a history of the events it sends. Your client application must check for duplicate events, which can inadvertently occur for a number of reasons. For example, when starting up a new streaming session, the time specified by the client as the starting point for the new session can have multiple messages, some of which may have been sent in the previous session and some of which were not. eStreamer sends all message that meet the specified request criteria. Your application should detect any resulting duplicates.

During periods of inactivity, eStreamer sends periodic null messages to the client to keep the connection open. If it receives an error message from the client or an intermediate host, it closes the connection.

eStreamer transmits requested data to the client differently, depending on the request mode.

Event Stream Requests

If the client submits an event stream request, eStreamer returns data message by message. It may send multiple messages in a row without waiting for a client acknowledgment. At a certain point, it pauses and waits for the client. The client operating system buffers received data and lets the client process it at its own pace.

If the client request includes a request for metadata, eStreamer sends the metadata first. The client should store it in memory to be available when processing the event records that follow.

Extended Requests

If the client submits an extended request, eStreamer queues up messages and sends them in bundles. eStreamer may send multiple bundles in a row without waiting for a client acknowledgment. At a certain point, it pauses and waits for the client. The client operating system buffers received data and lets the client read it off at its own pace.

The client unpacks each bundle, message by message, and uses the lengths of the records and the blocks to parse each message. The overall message length in each message header can be used to calculate when the end of each message has been reached, and the overall bundle length can be used to know when the end of the bundle is reached. The bundle requires no index of its contents to be correctly parsed.

For information about the message bundling mechanism, see Message Bundle Format, page 2-37.

For information about the null message that the client can use for additional flow control, see Null Message Format, page 2-7.

Terminating Connections

The eStreamer server attempts to send an error message before closing the connection. For information on error messages, see Error Message Format, page 2-8.

The eStreamer server can close a client connection for the following reasons:

- Any time sending a message results in an error. This includes both event data messages and the null keep-alive message eStreamer sends during periods of inactivity.
- An error occurs while processing a client request.
- Client authentication fails (no error message is sent).
- eStreamer service is shutting down (no error message is sent).

Your client can close the connection to eStreamer server at any time and should attempt to use the error message format to notify the eStreamer server of the reason.

Understanding eStreamer Message Types

The eStreamer application protocol uses a simple message format that includes a standard message header and various sub-header fields followed by the record data which contains the message's payload. The message header is the same in all eStreamer message types; for more information, see eStreamer Message Header, page 2-7.

Table 2-2 eStreamer Message Types

Message Type	Name	Description
0	Null message	Both the eStreamer server and the client send null messages to control data flow. For information, see Null Message Format, page 2-7.
1	Error message	Both the eStreamer server and the client use error messages to indicate why a connection closed. For information, see Error Message Format, page 2-8.
2	Event Stream Request	A client sends this message type to the eStreamer service to initiate a new streaming session and request data. For information, see Event Stream Request Message Format, page 2-10.
4	Event Data	The eStreamer service uses this message type to send event data and metadata to the client. For information, see Event Data Message Format, page 2-17.
5	Host Data Request	A client sends this message type to the eStreamer service to request host data. A session must be started already via an Event Stream Request message. For information, see Host Request Message Format, page 2-24.
6	Single Host Data	The eStreamer service uses this message type to send single host data requested by the client. For information, see Host Data and Multiple Host Data Message Format, page 2-29.
7	Multiple Host Data	The eStreamer service uses this message type to send multiple host data requested by the client. For information, see Host Data and Multiple Host Data Message Format, page 2-29.

Message Type Name Description 2049 Streaming Request A client uses this message type in extended requests to specify which of the advertised events from the Stream Information message it wants. For information, see Sample Extended Request Messages, page 2-36. 2051 Streaming The eStreamer service uses this message type in extended Information requests to advertise the list of services available to the client. For information, see Streaming Information Message Format, page 2-30. 4002 Message Bundle The eStreamer service uses this message type to package messages that it streams to clients. For information, see Message Bundle Format, page 2-37.

Table 2-2 eStreamer Message Types (continued)

eStreamer Message Header

All eStreamer messages start with the message header illustrated in the graphic below. The following table explains the fields.

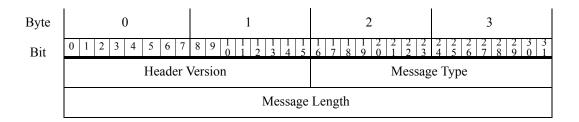


Table 2-3 Standard eStreamer Message Header Fields

Field	Data Type	Description
Header Version	uint16	Indicates the version of the header used on the message. For the current version of eStreamer, this value is always 1.
Message Type	uint16	Indicates the type of message transmitted. For the list of current values, see Table 2-2 on page 2-6.
Message Length	uint32	Indicates the length of the content that follows, and excludes the bytes in the message header itself. A message with a header and no data has a message length of zero.

Null Message Format

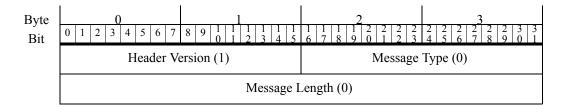
Both the client application and the eStreamer service send null messages. The null message has a type of 0 and contains no data after the message header.

The client sends a null message to the eStreamer server to indicate readiness to accept more data. The eStreamer service sends null messages to the client to keep the connection alive when no data is being transmitted. The message length value for null messages is always set to 0.

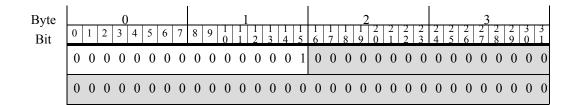


In data structure diagrams in this book, integers in parentheses such as (1) or (115) represent constant field values. For example, Header Version (1) means that the field in the data structure under discussion always has a value of 1.

The Null message format is shown below. The only non-zero value in the message is the header version.



An example of a null message in binary format follows. Notice that the only non-zero value is in the second byte, signifying a header version value of 1. The message type and length fields (shaded) each have a value of 0.





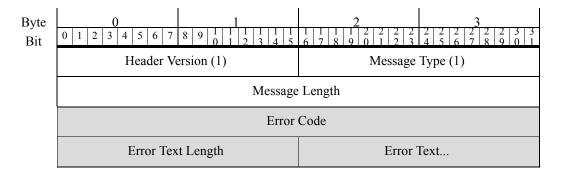
Examples in this guide appear in binary format to clearly display which bits are set. This is important for some messages, such as the event request message and event impact fields.

Error Message Format

Both the client application and the eStreamer service use error messages. Error messages have a message type of 1 and contain a header, an error code, an error text length, and the actual error text. Error text can contain between 0 and 65,535 bytes.

When you create custom error messages for your client application, Cisco recommends using -1 as the error code.

The following graphic illustrates the basic error message format. Shaded fields are specific to error messages.

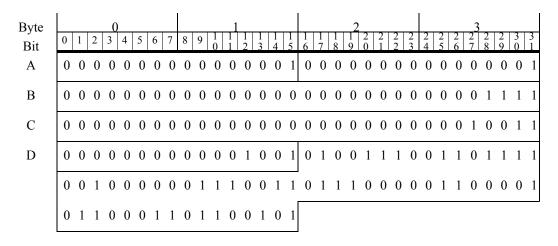


The following table describes each field in error code messages.

Table 2-4 Error Message Fields

Field	Data Type	Description
Error Code	int32	A number representing the error.
Error Text Length	uint16	The number of bytes included in the error text field.
Error Text	variable	The error message. Up to 65,535 bytes.

The following diagram shows an example error message:



In the preceding example, the following information appears:

Letter	Description
A	The first two bytes indicate the standard header value of 1. The second two bytes show a value of 1, which signifies that the transmission is an error message.
В	This line indicates the amount of message data that follows it. In this example, 15 bytes (in binary, 1111) of data follow.

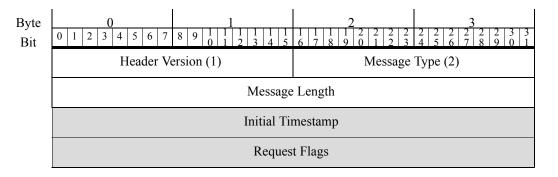
Letter	Description
С	This line displays the error code. In this example, the message contains a value of 19 (10011). Therefore, error number 19 is transmitted in the message.
D	This line contains the number of bytes in the error message (1001, or nine bytes), and the error message itself follows in the next nine bytes. The error message value, when converted to ASCII text, equals "No space," which is the error message that accompanies error code 19.

Event Stream Request Message Format

eStreamer clients use the Event Stream Request message to start a streaming session. The request message includes a start time and a bit flag field to specify the data the eStreamer service should include, which can be any combination of events, as well as intrusion event extra data and metadata. The Event Stream Request message can initiate both event stream requests and extended requests. The message type is 2.

You must submit an Event Stream Request message for all data requests, including a request exclusively for host profile information. In such a case, you first submit an Event Stream Request message, then a Host Request message (type 5) to specify the host data.

The following graphic illustrates the Event Stream Request message format. The message uses the standard header. The shaded fields are specific to the request message and are described in the following table.



The following table describes each field in Event Stream Request messages.

Table 2-5 Event Stream Request Message Fields

Field	Data Type	Description
Initial	uint32	Defines the start of the session. To start at:
Timestamp		• the time the client connects to eStreamer, set all timestamp bits to 1.
		• the oldest data available, set all timestamp bits to zero.
		• a given date and time, specify the UNIX timestamp (number of seconds since January 1, 1970).
		See Initial Timestamp, page 2-11 below for important information.
Request Flags	bits[32]	Specifies the types and versions of events and metadata to be returned in event stream requests. See Request Flags, page 2-11 for flag definitions.
		Setting bit 30 initiates an extended request, which can co-exist with event stream requests in the same message.

Initial Timestamp



Your client application should use the archival timestamp in the Initial Timestamp field when submitting an event stream request, as explained below. This ensures that you do not inadvertently exclude events. Devices transmit data to the Defense Center using a "store and forward" mechanism with transmission delays. If you request events by the generation timestamp assigned by the device that detects it, delayed events may be missed.

When starting a session, a best practice is to start up from the archival timestamp (also known as the "server timestamp") of the last record in the previous session. It is not a technical requirement but is strongly recommended. Under certain circumstances, if you use the generation timestamp you can inadvertently exclude events from the new streaming session.

To include the archival timestamp in your streamed events, you must set bit 23 in the request flag field.

Note that only time-based events have archival timestamps. Events that eStreamer generates, such as metadata, have zero in this field when extended event headers have been requested with bit 23 set.

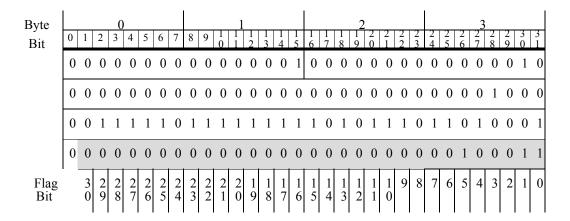
Request Flags

You set bits 0 through 29 in the event data request flag field to select the types of events you want eStreamer to send. You set bit 30 to activate the extended request mode. Setting bit 30 does not directly request any data. Extended request flags must be sent if this bit is set. Your client requests data during the server-client message dialog that follows submission of the Event Stream Request message. For information on extended requests, see Requesting Data from eStreamer, page 2-3.

See Table 2-6 on page 2-12 for definitions of the bit settings in the Request Flags field. Different flags request different versions of the event data. For example, to obtain data in FireSIGHT System 4.9 format instead of 4.10 format you set a different flag bit. For specific information on the flags to use when requesting data for particular product versions, see Table 2-7 on page 2-15.

Note that you request metadata by version, not by the individual metadata record. For information about each supported version of metadata, see Request Flags, page 2-11.

The following diagram shades the bits in the flags field that are currently used:



For information on each request flag bit, see the following table.

Table 2-6 Request Flags

Bit Field	Description			
Bit 0	Requests the transmission of packet data associated with intrusion events. If set to 1, packet data is transmitted with intrusion events. If set to 0, packet data is not transmitted.			
Bit 1	Requests the transmission of version 1 metadata associated with intrusion, discovery, correlation, and connection events. If set to 1, version 1 metadata is transmitted with events. If set to 0, version 1 metadata is not transmitted.			
	You can use metadata to resolve coded and numeric fields in events. See <u>Understanding Metadata</u> , page 2-38 for general information on the way eStreamer transmits metadata to clients and how a client can use metadata.			
Bit 2	Requests the transmission of intrusion events. If bit 2, bit 6, or both bit 2 and 6 are set to 1, but the extended request flag, bit 30, is set to 0, the system interprets this as a request from a Version 4.x client and record type 104/105 is sent. If no event type is specified when bit 2, bit 6, or both bit 2 and 6 are set to 1, and bit 30 is set to 1, the system interprets this as a request from a Version 5.0-5.1 client and record type 207/208 is sent. If bit 30 is set to 1, and a specific event type is requested, intrusion events are sent regardless of bits 2 and 6.			
	For details on requesting record types, see Submitting Extended Requests, page 2-4.			
	If bit 2, bit 6, and bit 30 are all set to 0, intrusion events are not sent.			
	Bit 6 is used in a manner identical to bit 2. Either bit can be set to request intrusion events. Setting one of these bits to 0 will not override the other bit; setting bit 2 to 0 and bit 6 to 1, or setting bit 2 to 1 and bit 6 to 0, will be interpreted as a request for intrusion events.			
Bit 3	Requests the transmission of discovery data version 1 (Defense Center 3.2). If set to 0, discovery data version 1 is not transmitted.			
	For more information about discovery events, see Understanding Discovery & Connection Data Structures, page 4-1.			
Bit 4	Requests the transmission of correlation data version 1 (Defense Center 3.2). If set to 0, correlation data version 1 is not transmitted.			

Table 2-6 Request Flags (continued)

Bit Field	Description			
Bit 5	Requests the transmission of impact correlation events (intrusion impact alerts). If set to 1, intrusion impact alerts are transmitted. If set to 0, intrusion impact alerts are not transmitted.			
	See Intrusion Impact Alert Data 5.3+, page 3-15 for more information about intrusion impact alerts.			
Bit 6	Bit 6 is used in a manner identical to bit 2. See Bit 2, page 2-12.			
Bit 7	Requests the transmission of discovery data version 2 (Defense Center 4.0 - 4.1) if set to 1. If set to 0, discovery data version 2 is not transmitted.			
Bit 8	Requests the transmission of connection data version 1 (Defense Center 4.0 - 4.1) if set to 1. If set to 0, connection data version 1 is not sent.			
Bit 9	Requests the transmission of correlation data version 2 (Defense Center 4.0 - 4.1.x) if set to 1. If set to 0, correlation policy data version 2 is not transmitted.			
Bit 10	Requests the transmission of discovery data version 3 (Defense Center 4.5 - 4.6.1) if set to 1. If set to 0, discovery data version 3 is not transmitted.			
	For more information about legacy discovery events, see Legacy Discovery Data Structures, page B-70.			
Bit 11	Disables transmission of events.			
Bit 12	Requests the transmission of connection data version 3 (Defense Center 4.5 - 4.6.1) if set to 1. If set to 0, connection data version 3 is not sent.			
Bit 13	Requests the transmission of correlation data version 3 (Defense Center 4.5 - 4.6.1). If set to 0, correlation data version 3 is not transmitted.			
Bit 14	Requests the transmission of version 2 metadata associated with intrusion, discovery, correlation, and connection events. If set to 1, version 2 metadata is transmitted with events. If set to 0, version 2 metadata is not transmitted.			
	See Understanding Metadata, page 2-38 for general information on the way eStreamer transmits metadata to clients and how a client can use metadata.			
Bit 15	Requests the transmission of version 3 metadata associated with intrusion, correlation, discovery, and connection events. If set to 1, version 3 metadata is transmitted with events. If set to 0, version 3 metadata is not transmitted.			
	See Understanding Metadata, page 2-38 for general information on the way eStreamer transmits metadata to clients and how a client can use metadata.			
Bit 16	Unused			
Bit 17	Requests the transmission of discovery data version 4 (Defense Center 4.7 - 4.8.x). If set to 0, discovery data version 4 is not transmitted.			
Bit 18	Requests the transmission of connection data version 4 (Defense Center 4.7 - 4.9.0.x) if set to 1. If set to 0, connection data version 4 is not sent. See Connection Chunk Message, page 4-46 for more information.			
Bit 19	Requests the transmission of correlation data version 4 (Defense Center 4.7). If set to 0, correlation data version 4 is not transmitted.			
	See Legacy Correlation Event Data Structures, page B-164 for information about correlation events transmitted in Defense Center 4.7 format.			

Table 2-6 Request Flags (continued)

Bit Field	Description				
Bit 20	Requests the transmission of version 4 metadata associated with intrusion, discovery, user activity, correlation, and connection events. If set to 1, version 4 metadata is transmitted with events. If set to 0, version 4 metadata is not transmitted.				
	Version 4 metadata includes the following:				
	correlation (compliance) rule information				
	correlation (compliance) policy information				
	fingerprint records				
	client application records				
	client application type records				
	vulnerability records				
	host criticality records				
	network protocol records				
	host attribute records				
	• scan type records				
	• user records				
	• service detection device (version 2) records				
	• event classification (version 2) records				
	• priority records				
	• rule information (version 2)				
	malware information				
	If you request bit 20 with bit 22, user metadata is also sent.				
	See Understanding Metadata, page 2-38 for general information on the way eStreamer transmits metadata to clients and how a client can use metadata.				
Bit 21	Requests the transmission of version 1 user events. For more information on user events, see User Record, page 4-18.				
Bit 22	Requests the transmission of correlation data version 5 (Defense Center 4.8.0.2 - 4.9.1). If set to 0, correlation data version 5 is not transmitted.				
	If you request bit 20 with bit 22, user metadata is also sent.				
	For more information about legacy correlation (compliance) events, see Legacy Correlation Event Data Structures, page B-164.				
Bit 23	Requests extended event headers. If set to 1, events are transmitted with the timestamp applied when the event was archived for the eStreamer server to process and four bytes reserved for future use. If this field is set to 0, events are sent with a standard event header that only includes the record type and record length.				
	See eStreamer Message Header, page 2-7 for information about the event message header.				
Bit 24	Requests the transmission of discovery data version 5 (Defense Center 4.9.0.x). If set to 0, discovery data version 5 is not transmitted.				
	For more information about discovery events, see Understanding Discovery & Connection Data Structures, page 4-1.				

Table 2-6 Request Flags (continued)

Bit Field	Description		
Bit 25	Requests the transmission of discovery data version 6 (Defense Center 4.9.1+). If set to 0, discovery data version 6 is not transmitted.		
	For more information about discovery events, see Understanding Discovery & Connection Data Structures, page 4-1.		
Bit 26	Requests the transmission of connection data version 5 (Defense Center 4.9.1 - 4.10.x) if set to 1. If set to 0, connection data version 5 is not sent. See Connection Chunk Message, page 4-46 for more information.		
Bit 27	Requests event extra data associated with an intrusion event in an Extra Data record.		
	For more information about event data, see Table 3-11Intrusion Event Extra Data Data Block Fields, page 3-25.		
Bit 28	Requests the transmission of discovery data version 7 (Defense Center 4.10.0+). If set to 0, discovery data version 7 is not transmitted.		
	For more information about discovery events, see Understanding Discovery & Connection Data Structures, page 4-1.		
Bit 29	Requests the transmission of correlation data version 6 (Defense Center 4.10 - 4.10.x). If set to 0, correlation policy data version 6 is not transmitted.		
	If you request bit 20 with bit 29, user metadata is also sent.		
	For more information about correlation events, see earlier versions of the product.		
Bit 30	Indicates an extended request to eStreamer. Extended request flags must be sent if this bit is set. For information about extended requests, see Submitting Extended Requests, page 2-4.		

To help you decide which flags to use to request data for a particular version, see the following table. For Version 5.0 and later, see Submitting Extended Requests, page 2-4 for more information about using Bit 30.

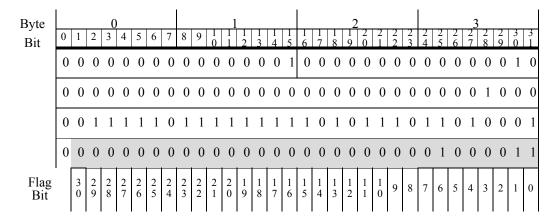
Table 2-7 Event Request Flags by Product Version

Type of Requested		4.9.1.				
Data	4.9.0.x	x	4.10.x	5.0+	5.1	5.1.1+
packet data	Bit 0	Bit 0	Bit 0	Bit 0	Bit 0	Bit 0
intrusion events	Bit 2	Bit 2	Bit 2	Bit 2	Bit 2	Bit 30
metadata	Bit 20	Bit 20	Bit 20	Bit 20	Bit 20	Bit 20
discovery events	Bit 24	Bit 25	Bit 28	Bit 30	Bit 30	Bit 30
correlation events	Bit 22	Bit 22	Bit 29	Bit 30	Bit 30	Bit 30
event extra data	_	_	Bit 27	Bit 27	Bit 27	Bit 27
impact event alerts	Bit 5	Bit 5	Bit 5	Bit 5	Bit 5	Bit 5
connection data	Bit 18	Bit 26	Bit 26	Bit 30	Bit 30	Bit 30
user events	Bit 21	Bit 21	Bit 21	Bit 30	Bit 30	Bit 30
malware events	_	_	_	_	_	Bit 30
file events	_	_	_	_	_	Bit 30

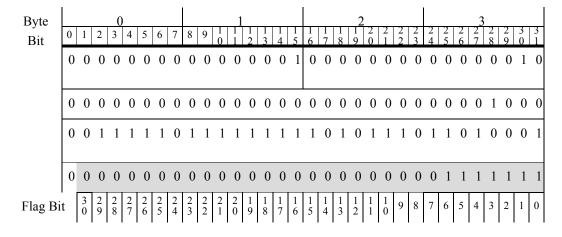


In all event types, prior to version 5.x, the reference client labels detection engine ID fields as sensor ID.

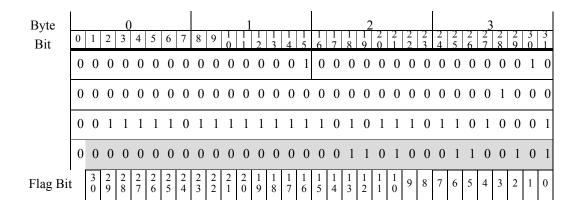
The following example requests intrusion events of type 7 (compatible with FireSIGHT System 3.2+) with both version 1 metadata and packet flags:



To request only data compatible with FireSIGHT System 3.2 (including intrusion events, packets, metadata, impact alerts, policy violation events, and version 2.0 events), use the following:



To request intrusion impact alerts, correlation events, discovery events, connection events, and intrusion events of type 7 with packets and version 3 metadata in Defense Center 4.6.1+ format, use the following:



Event Data Message Format

The eStreamer service transmits event data and related metadata to clients when it receives an event request. Event data messages have a message type of 3. Each message contains a single data record with either event data or metadata.

Note that type 3 messages carry only event data and metadata. eStreamer transmits host information in type 6 (single-host) and type 7 (multiple-host) messages. See Host Data and Multiple Host Data Message Format, page 2-29 for information on host message formats.

Understanding the Organization of Event Data Messages

The event data and metadata messages that eStreamer sends contain the following sections:

- eStreamer message header The standard message header defined at eStreamer Message Header, page 2-7.
- Event-specific sub-headers Sets of fields that vary by event type, with codes that describe additional event details and determine the structure of the payload data that follows.
- Data record Fixed-length fields and a data block.



The client should unpack all messages on the basis of field length.

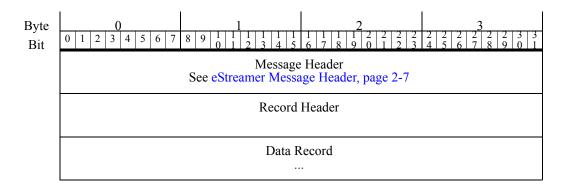
For the event message formats by event type, see the following:

- Intrusion Event and Metadata Message Format, page 2-18 for intrusion event data records and all metadata records. These messages have fixed-length fields.
- Discovery Event Message Format, page 2-19 for messages with discovery event or user event data. In addition to the standard eStreamer message header and a record header similar to the intrusion event message, discovery messages have a distinctive discovery event header with an event type and subtype field. The data record in discovery event messages is packaged in a series 1 block that can have variable length fields and multiple layers of encapsulated blocks.
- Connection Event Message Format, page 2-21 for messages with connection statistics. Their general
 structure is identical to discovery event messages. Their data block types, however, are specific for
 connection statistics.

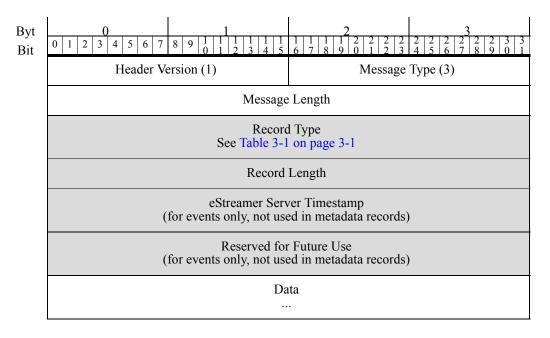
- Correlation Event Message Format, page 2-21 for messages with correlation (compliance) event data. The headers in these messages are the same as in intrusion event messages but the data blocks are series 1 blocks.
- Event Extra Data Message Format, page 2-22 for a series of messages that deliver intrusion-related
 record types with variable-length fields and multiple layers of nested data blocks such as intrusion
 event extra data. See Event Extra Data Message Format, page 2-22 for general information on the
 structure of this message series. See Data Block Header, page 2-24 for information about the
 structures of this series of blocks which are similar to series 1 blocks but numbered separately.

Intrusion Event and Metadata Message Format

The graphic below shows the general structure of intrusion event and metadata messages.



The following graphic shows the details of the record header portion of the intrusion event and metadata message format. The record header fields are shaded. The table that follows defines the fields.



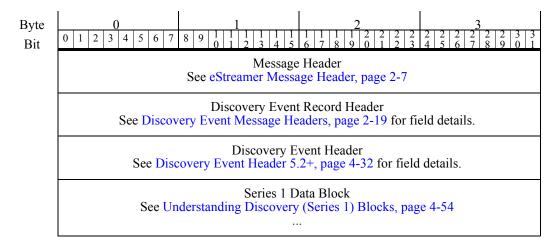
The following table describes each field in the header of intrusion events and metadata messages.

Event and M	Table 2-8 Intrusion E	and Metadata Record	Header Fields
Event ana M	adie 2-8 - Intrusion E	ana Metaaata Kecora 1	meaaer .

Field	Data Type	Description
Record Type	uint32	Identifies the data record content type. See Table 3-1Intrusion Event and General Metadata Record Types, page 3-1 for the list of record types.
Record Length	uint32	Length of the content of the message after the record header. Does not include the 8 or 16 bytes of the record header. (Record Length plus the length of the record header equals Message Length.)
eStreamer Server Timestamp	uint32	Indicates the timestamp applied when the event was archived by the eStreamer server. Also called the archival timestamp. Field present only if bit 23 is set in the request message flags.
Reserved for future use	uint32	Reserved for future use. Field present only if bit 23 is set in the request message flags.

Discovery Event Message Format

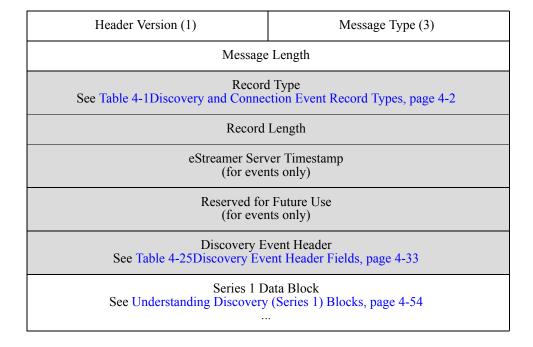
The graphic below shows the structure of discovery event messages. The standard eStreamer message header and event record header are followed by a discovery event header used only in discovery and user event messages. The discovery event header section of the message contains the discovery event type and subtype fields, which together form a key to the data block that follows. For the current discovery event types and subtypes, see Table 4-26Discovery and Connection Events by Type and Subtype, page 4-34.



Discovery Event Message Headers

The shaded section in the following graphic shows the fields of the record header in the discovery event data message format, and shows the location of the event header that follows it. The following table defines the fields of the discovery event message headers.





The following table describes the fields in the record header and the event header of the discovery event message.

Table 2-9 Discovery Event Message Header Fields

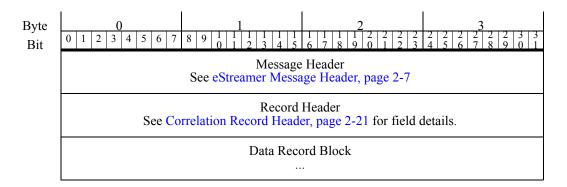
Field	Data Type	Description
Record Type	uint32	Identifies the data record content type. See Table 4-1Discovery and Connection Event Record Types, page 4-2 for the list of record types.
Record Length	uint32	Length of the content of the message after the record header. Does not include the 8 or 16 bytes of the record header. (Record Length plus the length of the record header equals Message Length.)
eStreamer Server Timestamp	uint32	Indicates the timestamp applied when the event was archived by the eStreamer server. Also called the archival timestamp. Field present only if bit 23 is set in the request flags field of the event stream request.
Reserved for future use	uint32	Reserved for future use. Field present only if bit 23 is set in the request message flags.
Discovery Event Header	Varied	Contains a number of fields, including the event type and subtype, which together form a unique key to the data structure that follows. See Discovery Event Header 5.2+, page 4-32 for definitions of fields in the discovery event header.

Connection Event Message Format

Messages with connection statistics have a structure identical to discovery event messages. See Discovery Event Message Format, page 2-19 for general message format information. Connection event messages are distinct in terms of the data block types they incorporate.

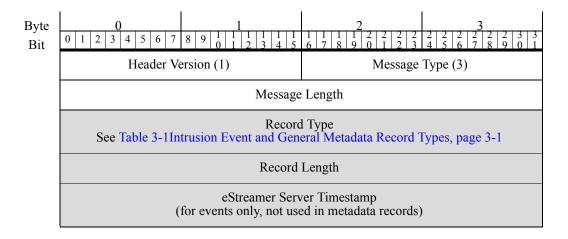
Correlation Event Message Format

The graphic below shows the general structure of correlation (compliance) event messages. The standard eStreamer message header and record header are followed immediately by a data block in the data record section of the message. Correlation messages use Series 1 data blocks.



Correlation Record Header

The shaded section of the following graphic shows the fields of the record header in correlation event messages. Note that correlation messages use series 1 data blocks; however, they do not have the discovery header that appears in discovery event messages. Their header fields resemble those of intrusion event messages. The table that follows the graphic below defines the record header fields for correlation events.



Reserved for Future Use
(for events only, not used in metadata records)

Data Record Block
Uses Series 1 block, see Understanding Discovery (Series 1) Blocks, page 4-54
...

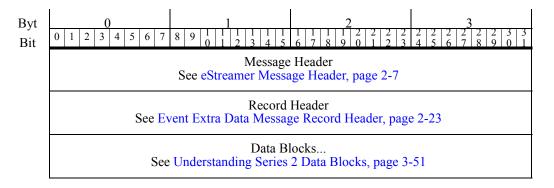
The following table describes each field in the record header of correlation event messages.

Table 2-10 Correlation Event Message Record Header Fields

Field	Data Type	Description
Record Type	uint32	Identifies the data record content type. See Table 3-1 on page 3-1 for the list of intrusion, correlation, and metadata record types.
Record Length	uint32	Length of the content of the message after the record header. Does not include the 8 or 16 bytes of the record header. (Record Length plus the length of the record header equals Message Length.)
eStreamer Server Timestamp	uint32	Indicates the timestamp applied when the event was archived by the eStreamer server. Also called the archival timestamp.
		Field present only if bit 23 is set in the request message flags.
		Field is zero for data generated by the Defense Center such as host profiles and metadata.
Reserved for future	uint32	Reserved for future use.
use		Field present only if bit 23 is set in the request message flags.

Event Extra Data Message Format

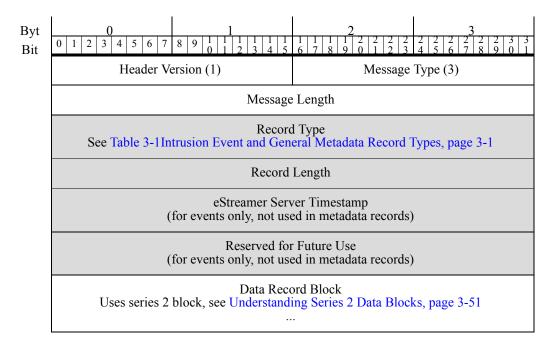
The graphic below shows the structure of event extra data messages. The Intrusion Event Extra Data message is an example of this message group.



Event extra data messages have the same format as correlation event messages, with a data block directly after the record header. Unlike correlation messages, they use series 2 data blocks, not series 1 data blocks, which have a separate numbering sequence. For information about series 2 block types, see Understanding Series 2 Data Blocks, page 3-51.

Event Extra Data Message Record Header

The shaded section of the following graphic shows the fields of the record header in event extra data messages. The table that follows defines the record header fields for event extra data messages.



The following table describes each field in the record header of event extra data messages.

Table 2-11 Event Extra Data Message Record Header Fields

Field	Data Type	Description	
Record Type	uint32	Identifies the data record content type. See Table 3-1Intrusion Event and General Metadata Record Types, page 3-1 for the list of event extra data record types.	
Record Length	uint32	Length of the content of the message after the record header. Does not include the 8 or 16 bytes of the record header. (Record Length plus the length of the record header equals Message Length.)	
eStreamer Server Timestamp	uint32	Indicates the timestamp applied when the event was archived by the eStreamer server. Also called the archival timestamp.	
		Field present only if bit 23 is set in the request message flags. Field is not present for events generated by the Defense Center.	
Reserved for	uint32	Reserved for future use.	
future use		Field present only if bit 23 is set in the request message flags. Field is not present for events generated by the Defense Center.	

Data Block Header

Series 1 blocks and series 2 blocks have similar structures but distinct numbering. These blocks can appear anywhere in the data portion of a discovery, correlation, connection, or event extra data message. These blocks encapsulate other blocks at multiple levels of nesting.

The data blocks in both the first and second series begin with the header structure shown in the graphic below. The following table provides information about the header fields. The header is followed immediately by the data structure associated with the data block type.

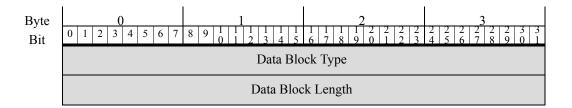


Table 2-12

Field	Data Type	Description	
Data Block Type	uint32	For series 1 block types, see Understanding Discovery (Series Blocks, page 4-54.	
		For series 2 block types, see Table 3-25Series 2 Block Types, page 3-51.	
Data Block Length	uint32	Length of the data block. Includes the number of bytes of data plus the 8 bytes in the two data block header fields.	

Host Request Message Format

To receive host profiles, you submit Host Request messages. You can request data for a single host or multiple hosts defined by an IP address range.

Note that it is mandatory for all data requests, including requests for host profile information, to first initialize the session by submitting an Event Stream Request message. To set up for streaming host data only, you can use any of the following request flag settings in your initial Event Stream Request message:

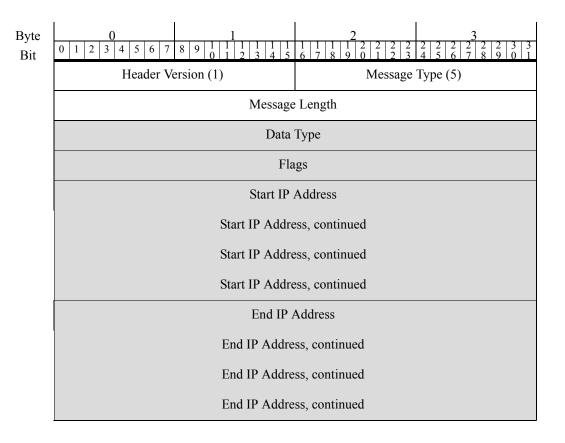
- set the bit for the appropriate version of metadata (this can be beneficial when streaming host data)
- · set no request flags
- set bit 11 (to suppress any default event streaming if using legacy versions of eStreamer)

After the initial message, you then use a Host Request message (type 5) to specify the hosts.



For legacy eStreamer versions with default event streaming, if you want to stream only host profile data, you need to suppress the default event messages. First send the server an Event Stream Request message with bit 11 in the Request Flags field set to 1; then, send the Host Request message.

The graphic below shows the format for the Host Request message. The shaded fields are specific to the Host Request message format and are defined in the following table. The preceding three fields are the standard message header.

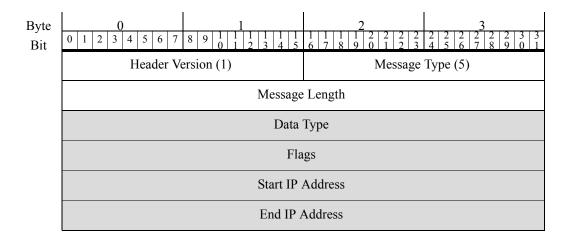


The following table explains the message fields.

Table 2-13 Host Request Message Fields

Field	Data Type	Description
Data Type	uint32	Requests data for a single host or multiple hosts, using the following codes:
		• 0 — Version 3.5 - 4.6 for a single host.
		• 1 — Version 3.5 - 4.6 for multiple hosts (uses block 34).
		• 2 — Version 4.7 - 4.8 for a single host (uses block 47).
		• 3 — Version 4.7 - 4.8 for multiple hosts (uses block 47).
		• 4 — Version 4.9 - 4.10 for a single host (uses block 92).
		• 5 — Version 4.9 - 4.10 for multiple hosts (uses block 92).
		• 6 — Version 5.0.x data for a single host (uses block 111, see Full Host Profile Data Block 5.0 - 5.0.2, page B-179).
		• 7 — Version 5.0.x data for multiple hosts (uses block 111, see Full Host Profile Data Block 5.0 - 5.0.2, page B-179).
		• 8 — Version 5.1.x data for multiple hosts (uses block 111, see Full Host Profile Data Block 5.1.1, page B-188).
		• 9 — Version 5.1.x data for multiple hosts (uses block 111, see Full Host Profile Data Block 5.1.1, page B-188).
		• 10 — Rule documentation data (uses block 27, see Rule Documentation Message Format, page 2-28)
		• 11 — Version 5.2x data for multiple hosts (uses block 111, see Full Host Profile Data Block 5.2.x, page B-197).
		• 12 — Version 5.2.x data for multiple hosts (uses block 111, see Full Host Profile Data Block 5.2.x, page B-197).
		• 13 — Version 5.3+ data for multiple hosts (uses block 111, see Full Host Profile Data Block 5.3+, page 5-1).
		• 14 — Version 5.3+ data for multiple hosts (uses block 111, see Full Host Profile Data Block 5.3+, page 5-1).
Flags	32-bit field	0x00000001 — Causes the Notes field of the host profile to be populated (with user-defined information about the host stored in the FireSIGHT System).
		• 0x00000002 — Causes the Banner field of the service block to be populated (with the first 256 bytes of the first packet detected for the service). Banners are disabled by default and available only if configured.
Start IP Address	uint8[16]	IP address of the host whose data should be returned (if request is for a single host), or the starting address in an IP address range (if request is for multiple hosts). Can be either an IPv4 or IPv6 address.
End IP Address	uint8[16]	Ending address in an IP address range (if request is for multiple hosts), or the Start IP Address value (if request is for single host). Can be either an IPv4 or IPv6 address.

The graphic below shows the format for the legacy Host Request message. eStreamer will still respond to this request. The only difference from the current request is the smaller IPv4 address fields. The shaded fields are specific to the Host Request message format and are defined in the following table. The preceding three fields are the standard message header.



The following table explains the message fields.

Table 2-14 Host Request Message Fields

Field	Data Type	Description
Data Type	uint32	Requests data for a single host or multiple hosts, using the following codes:
		• 0 — Version 3.5 - 4.6 for a single host.
		• 1 — Version 3.5 - 4.6 for multiple hosts (uses block 34).
		• 2 — Version 4.7 - 4.8 for a single host (uses block 47).
		• 3 — Version 4.7 - 4.8 for multiple hosts (uses block 47).
		• 4 — Version 4.9 - 4.10 for a single host (uses block 92).
		• 5 — Version 4.9 - 4.10 for multiple hosts (uses block 92).
		• 6 — Version 5.0+ data for a single host (uses block 111, see Full Host Profile Data Block 5.3+, page 5-1).
		• 7 — Version 5.0+ data for multiple hosts (uses block 111, see Full Host Profile Data Block 5.3+, page 5-1).
Flags	32-bit field	• 0x00000001 — Causes the Notes field of the host profile to be populated (with user-defined information about the host stored in the FireSIGHT System).
		• 0x00000002 — Causes the Banner field of the service block to be populated (with the first 256 bytes of the first packet detected for the service). Banners are disabled by default and available only if configured.

Table 2-14	Host Request	Message	Fields	(continued)

Field	Data Type	Description
Start IP Address	uint8[4]	IP address of the host whose data should be returned (if request is for a single host), or the starting address in an IP address range (if request is for multiple hosts). Specify the address in IP address octets.
End IP Address	uint8[4]	Ending address in an IP address range (if request is for multiple hosts), or the Start IP Address value (if request is for single host).

Rule Documentation Message Format

To receive rule documentation profiles, you submit Rule Documentation messages. You request these by generator ID, signature ID, and revision.

Note that it is mandatory for all data requests, including requests for rule documentation information, to first initialize the session by submitting an Event Stream Request message. To set up for streaming host data only, you can use any of the following request flag settings in your initial Event Stream Request message:

- set the bit for the appropriate version of metadata (this can be beneficial when streaming host data)
- set no request flags
- set bit 11 (to suppress any default event streaming if using legacy versions of eStreamer)

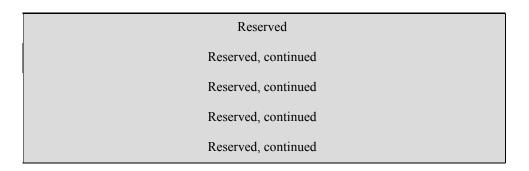
After the initial message, you then use a Rule Documentation message (type 10) to specify the rule.



For legacy eStreamer versions with default event streaming, if you want to stream only host profile data, you need to suppress the default event messages. First send the server an Event Stream Request message with bit 11 in the Request Flags field set to 1; then, send the Host Request message.

The graphic below shows the format for the Rule Documentation message. The shaded fields are specific to the Rule Documentation message format and are defined in the following table. The preceding three fields are the standard message header.

0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 5	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$		
Header Version (1)	Message Type (5)		
Message	Length		
Data Type			
Flags			
Signature ID			
Generator ID			
Revision			
	Header Version (1) Message Data Fla Signate Genera		



The following table explains the message fields.

Table 2-15 Rule Documentation Message Fields

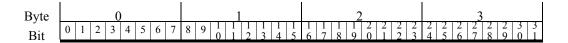
Field	Data Type	Description	
Data Type	uint32	Requests data for a Rule Documentation Data Block. This value is always 10. See Rule Documentation Data Block for 5.2+, page 3-86.	
Flags	32-bit field	• 0x00000001 — Causes the Notes field of the host profile to be populated (with user-defined information about the host stored in the Firepower System).	
		• 0x00000002 — Causes the Banner field of the service block to be populated (with the first 256 bytes of the first packet detected for the service). Banners are disabled by default and available only if configured.	
Signature ID	uint32	Identification number of the requested rule.	
Generator ID	uint32	Identification number of the Firepower System preprocessor for the requested rule.	
Rule Revision	uint32	Rule revision number.	
Reserved	uint8[20]	This field is not currently used.	

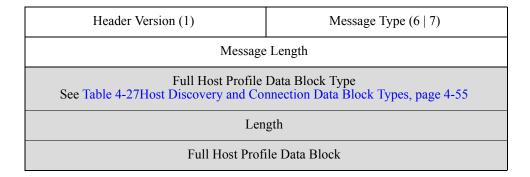
Host Data and Multiple Host Data Message Format

eStreamer responds to host requests by sending host data messages, each with a full host profile data block. eStreamer sends one host data message for each host specified in the request. eStreamer uses the type 6 message to respond to requests for a single host profile, and uses the type 7 message to respond to requests for multiple hosts. The formats of the type 6 and type 7 messages are identical, only the message type is different.

Host data messages do not have a record type field. The structure of the message is communicated by the message type and the data block type of the full host profile included in the message. Full host profile data blocks are in the series a group of blocks.

The graphic below shows the format of the host data message and the table that follows defines the shaded fields:





The fields specific to the Host Request message are:

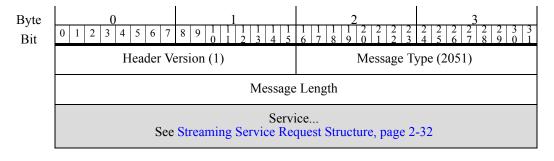
Table 2-16

Field	Data Type	Description
Full Host Profile Data Block Type	uint32	Specifies the block type for the full host profile data included in the message. See Table 4-27Host Discovery and Connection Data Block Types, page 4-55.
Length	uint32	Length of the full host profile data in the message.
Full Host Profile Data Block	variable	The host data. For links to the definitions of current full host profile data blocks, see Table 4-27Host Discovery and Connection Data Block Types, page 4-55.

Streaming Information Message Format

When the eStreamer service receives a request for an extended request, it sends the client the Streaming Information message described below. This message advertises the server's list of available services. Currently, the only relevant option is the eStreamer service (6667), although the message can list other services, which should be ignored. Each advertised service is represented by a Streaming Service Request structure described in Streaming Service Request Structure, page 2-32.

The graphic below illustrates the format for the Streaming Information message. The shaded field is specific to this message type. The preceding three fields are the standard message header.



The fields of the Streaming Information message are:

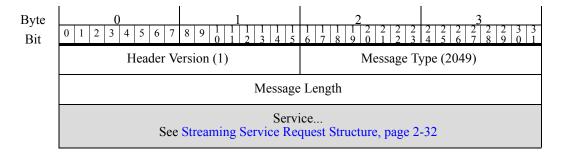
Field Description Data Type Header Version uint16 Set to 1. Message Type uint16 eStreamer message type. Set to 2051 for Streaming Request messages. Message Length uint32 Length of the content of the message after the message header. Does not include the bytes in the Header Version, Message Type, and Message Length fields. Service[] array List of available services. See Streaming Service Request Structure, page 2-32.

Table 2-17 Streaming Information Message Fields

Streaming Request Message Format

The client uses the Streaming Request message to specify to eStreamer the service in the Streaming Information message that it wants to use, followed by a set of requests for event types and versions to be streamed. The graphic below shows the message structure and the following table defines the fields. The requested service is represented by a Streaming Service Request structure described in Streaming Service Request Structure, page 2-32.

The graphic below illustrates the format for the Streaming Information message. The shaded field is specific to this message type. The preceding three fields are the standard message header.



The fields of the Streaming Request message are:

Table 2-18 Streaming Request Message Fields

Field	Data Type	Description
Header Version	uint16	Set to 1.
Message Type	uint16	eStreamer message type. Set to 2049 for Streaming Request messages.
Message Length	uint32	Length of the content of the message after the message header. Does not include the bytes in the Header Version, Message Type, and Message Length fields.
Service[]	array	List of requested service structures. See Streaming Service Request Structure, page 2-32.

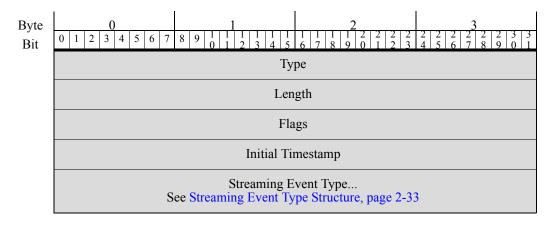
Streaming Service Request Structure

The eStreamer service sends one Streaming Service Request data structure in the Streaming Information message for each service it advertises. The eStreamer service does not use the last field of the Streaming Service Request, which provides for a list of event types to be included.

The client processes the Streaming Service Request structure from eStreamer and uses the same structure in the response it returns to the server. In the Streaming Service Request that the client sends to the server, it includes, first, a request for the service advertised by eStreamer, and, second, a list of Streaming Event Type structures, which specify the requested event types the client wants to receive.

Each Streaming Event Type structure contains two fields to specify the event type and version for each requested event type. For information on the Streaming Event Type structure, see Streaming Event Type Structure, page 2-33.

The graphic below shows the fields of the Streaming Service Request structure. The table that follows defines the fields.



The fields of the Streaming Service Request structure are:

Table 2-19 Streaming Service Request Fields

Field	Data Type	Description
Type	uint32	Service ID.
		In eStreamer server messages, this advertises an available service.
		In client messages, it specifies a requested service.
		Current valid options:
		• 6667 (for eStreamer service)
Length	uint32	Service request length. Describes the length of the service request, including Type and Length.
		Note that Length must include all the Streaming Event Type records in the message, plus the terminating one.

Table 2-19 Streaming Service Request Fields (continued)

Field	Data Type	Description
Flags	uint32	In eStreamer's Streaming Information messages: Always 0.
		In client's Streaming Request message: replicates the flag settings in the original Event Stream Request message.
Initial Timestamp	uint32	In eStreamer's Streaming Information messages: Always o.
		In client's Streaming Request message: replicates the timestamp in the original Event Stream Request message.
Streaming Event Type	array	In eStreamer's Streaming Information message:
		• Reserved for future use. Has o length.
		In client's Streaming Request message:
		 One Streaming Event Type entry for each requested event type. See Streaming Event Type Structure, page 2-33.
		• Terminate the request list with a o Event Type entry, with both Event Type and Version set to o.
		See Streaming Event Type Structure, page 2-33.

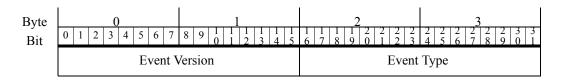
Streaming Event Type Structure

eStreamer clients use the Streaming Event Type structure to specify an event's version and version. Each event version/type combination is a request for an event stream.

Lists of Streaming Event Type structures must be terminated with a structure with all fields set to zero. That is:

Event Version = 0 Event Type = 0

The following diagram illustrates the format for the Streaming Event Type structure.



The fields of the Streaming Event Type structure are:

Table 2-20 Streaming Event Type Fields

Field	Data Type	Description
Event Version	uint16	Version number of event type. For list of versions supported for each event type, see Table 2-21Event Types and Versions for Extended Request, page 2-34.
Event Type	uint16	Code for requested event type. For the current list of valid event types and version codes, see Table 2-21Event Types and Versions for Extended Request, page 2-34. List of event types should be terminated with a zero event type and zero event version.

The following table lists the event types and versions that clients can specify in extended requests. The table indicates the Defense Center software versions that correspond to each event type version. For example, to request the correlation events that were supported by the Defense Center in version 4.8.0.2 - 4.9.1, you should request Event Type 31, Version 5. If an event was recorded with a different event type, it will be upgraded or downgraded to match the format of the requested event type.

Table 2-21 Event Types and Versions for Extended Request

To request	Use this event version number	And this event code
intrusion events	1 — 4.8.x and earlier 2 — 4.9 - 4.10.x 3 — 5.0 - 5.1 4 — 5.1.1.x 5 — 5.2.x 6 — 5.3 7 — 5.3.1 8 — 5.4+	12
metadata	1 — 3.2 - 4.5.x 2 — 4.6.0.x 3 — 4.6.1 - 4.6.x 4 — 4.7+	21
correlation and compliance white list events	1 — 3.2 and earlier 2 — 4.0 - 4.4.x 3 — 4.5 - 4.6.1 4 — 4.7 - 4.8.0.1 5 — 4.8.0.2 - 4.9.1.x 6 — 4.10.0 - 4.10.x 7 — 5.0 - 5.0.2 8 — 5.1 - 5.3.x 9 — 5.4+	31

Table 2-21 Event Types and Versions for Extended Request (continued)

To request	Use this event version number	And this event code
discovery events	1 — 3.2 and earlier 2 — 3.0 - 3.4.x 3 — 3.5 - 4.6.x 4 — 4.7 - 4.8.x 5 — 4.9.0.x 6 — 4.9.1 - 4.9.x.x 7 — 4.10.0 - 4.10.x 8 — 5.0.x 9 — 5.1.x 10 — 5.2 - 5.3 11 — 5.3.1+	61
connection events	1 — 4.0 - 4.1 3 — 4.5 - 4.6.1 4 — 4.7 - 4.9.0.x 5 — 4.9.1 - 4.10.x 6 — 5.0.x 7 — 5.1.0.x 8 — 5.1.1.x 9 — 5.2.x 10 — 5.3 11 — 5.3.1 12 — 5.4+	71
user events	1 — 4.7 - 4.10.x 2 — 5.0.x 3 — 5.1-5.1.x 4 — 5.2+	91
malware events	1 — 5.1.0.x 2 — 5.1.1.x 3 — 5.2.x 4 — 5.3 5 — 5.3.1 6 — 5.4+	101
file events	1 — 5.1.1 - 5.1.x 2 — 5.2.x 3 — 5.3 4 — 5.3.1 5 — 5.4+	111
impact correlation events	1 — 5.2.x and earlier 2 — 5.3+	131
terminating event type in a list	0	0

Sample Extended Request Messages

Streaming Information Message

In the sample below, the server advertises two services, the first type 6667 (eStreamer) and the second type 5000. In Streaming Information messages from the server, the flags field and initial timestamp fields are zero, and the message specifies no event types.

Table 2-22

Header Version:	1	/*always 1*/
Message Type:	2051	/*streaming info msg*/
Message Length	32	/*bytes of msg content*/
Service[1].Type	6667	/*eStreamer service ID*/
Service[1].Length	8	
Service[1].Flags	0	/*no flags from server*/
Service[1].Initial Timestamp	0	/*always o*/
Service[2].Type	5000	/*service-2 ID*/
Service[2].Length	8	
Service[2].Flags	0	/*no flags from server*/
Service[2].Initial Timestamp	0	/*always o*/
Header Version:	1	/*always 1*/
Message Type:	2051	/*streaming info msg*/

Streaming Request Message

Below is a Streaming Request message where the client requests service type 6667 (eStreamer) and specifies two event types: version 6 of connection events (event type 71) and version 4 of metadata (event type 21).

Table 2-23

Header Version:	1	/*always 1*/
Message Type:	2049	/*stream request msg*/
Message Length	28	/*payload bytes*/
Service[1].Type	6667	/*eStreamer service ID*/
Service[1].Length	20	
Service[1].Flags	30	/*original flags value*/
Service[1].Initial Timestamp	0	/*original timestamp*/
Service[1].Event[1].Version	6	/*version 6*/
Service[1].Event[1].Type	71	/*connection events*/
Service[1].Event[2].Version	4	/* version 4*/

Table 2-23

Service[1].Event[2].Type	21	/*metadata*/
Service[1].Event[3].Version	0	/*terminate event list*/
Service[1].Event[3].Type	0	/*terminate event list*/

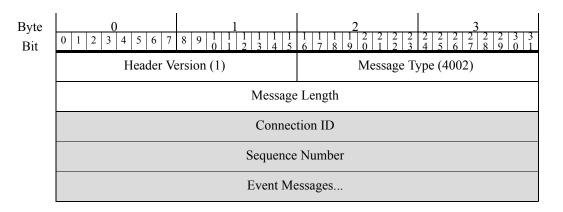
Message Bundle Format

The eStreamer server sends messages in a bundle format when the client submits an extended request.

The client responds with a null message to acknowledge receipt of an entire bundle. The client should not acknowledge receipt of individual messages in a bundle.

Message bundles have a message type of 4002.

The graphic below shows the structure of a message bundle. The shaded fields are specific to the bundle message type. The following table describes the content of the fields and data structures.



The fields of a message bundle message are:

Table 2-24 Message Bundle Message Fields

Field	Data Type	Description
Header Version	uint16	Always 1.
Message Type	uint16	Always 4002.
Message Length	uint32	Length of the content of the message after the message header. Does not include the bytes in the bundle's Header Version, Message Type, and Message Length fields.
		As the client loads a message from the bundle, it can subtract the message's total length (including header) from the length in this field. As long as the remainder is positive, there are more messages to process.
Connection ID	uint32	A unique identifier for the connection with the server.

Table 2-24 Message Bundle Message Fields (continued)

Field	Data Type	Description
Sequence Number	uint32	Starts at 1 and increments by one for each bundle sent by the eStreamer server.
Event Messages []	array	The events streamed by the server in the bundle. Each message has a full set of headers, including message version number (1), archive timestamp if requested, and so forth.

Understanding Metadata

The eStreamer server can provide metadata along with requested event records. To receive metadata, you must explicitly request it. See Table 2-6Request Flags, page 2-12 for information on how to request a given version of metadata. The metadata provides context information for codes and numeric identifiers in the event records. For example, an intrusion event contains only the internal identifier of the detecting device, and the metadata provides the device's name.

Metadata Transmission

If the request message specifies metadata, eStreamer sends the relevant metadata record before it sends any related event records.

eStreamer keeps track of the metadata it has sent to the client and does not resend the same metadata record. The client should cache each received metadata record. eStreamer does not keep a history of metadata transmissions from one session to the next, so when a new session starts and a request message specifies metadata, eStreamer restarts metadata streaming from scratch.



Understanding Intrusion and Correlation Data Structures

The eStreamer service transmits a number of data record types to deliver requested events and metadata to the client. This chapter describes the structures of data records for the following types of event data:

- · intrusion events data and event extra data generated by managed devices
- correlation (compliance) events generated by the Defense Center
- · metadata records

The following sections in this chapter define the event message structures:

• Intrusion Event and Metadata Record Types, page 3-1.

For a general overview eStreamer's message format for transmitting data records, see Event Data Message Format, page 2-17.

Intrusion Event and Metadata Record Types

The table that follows lists all currently supported record types for intrusion events, intrusion event extra data, and metadata messages. The data for these record types is in fixed-length fields. By contrast, correlation event records contain one or more levels of nested data blocks with variable lengths. The table below provides a link to the chapter subsection that defines the associated data record structure.

For some record types, eStreamer supports more than one version. The table indicates the status of each version (current or legacy). A current record is the latest version. A legacy record has been superseded by a later version but can still be requested from eStreamer.

Table 3-1 Intrusion Event and General Metadata Record Types

Record Type	Block Type	Series	Description	Record Status	Data Format Described in
2	N/A	N/A	Packet Data (Version 4.8.0.2+)	Current	Packet Record 4.8.0.2+, page 3-4
4	N/A	N/A	Priority Metadata	Current	Priority Record, page 3-5
9	20	1	Intrusion Impact Alert	Legacy	Intrusion Impact Alert Data, page B-36
9	153	1	Intrusion Impact Alert	Current	Intrusion Impact Alert Data 5.3+, page 3-15
62	N/A	N/A	User Metadata	Current	User Record, page 3-18

Table 3-1 Intrusion Event and General Metadata Record Types (continued)

Record Type	Block Type	Series	Description	Record Status	Data Format Described in
66	N/A	N/A	Rule Message Metadata (Version 4.6.1+)	Current	Rule Message Record for 4.6.1+, page 3-19
67	N/A	N/A	Classification Metadata (Version 4.6.1+)	Current	Classification Record for 4.6.1+, page 3-20
69	N/A	N/A	Correlation Policy Metadata (Version 4.6.1+)	Current	Correlation Policy Record, page 3-21
70	N/A	N/A	Correlation Rule Metadata (Version 4.6.1+)	Current	Correlation Rule Record, page 3-23
104	N/A	N/A	Intrusion Event (IPv4) Record 4.9 - 4.10.x	Legacy	earlier versions of the product
105	N/A	N/A	Intrusion Event (IPv6) Record 4.9-4.10.x	Legacy	earlier versions of the product
110	4	2	Intrusion Event Extra Data (Version 4.10.0+)	Current	Intrusion Event Extra Data Record, page 3-24
111	5	2	Intrusion Event Extra Data Metadata (Version 4.10.0+)	Current	Intrusion Event Extra Data Metadata, page 3-26
112	128	1	Correlation Event for 5.1-5.3.x	Legacy	Correlation Event for 5.1-5.3.x, page B-172
112	156	1	Correlation Event for 5.4+	Current	Correlation Event for 5.4+, page 3-38
115	14	2	Security Zone Name Metadata	Current	Security Zone Name Record, page 3-27
116	14	2	Interface Name Metadata	Current	Interface Name Record, page 3-29
117	14	2	Access Control Policy Name Metadata	Current	Access Control Policy Name Record, page 3-30
118	15	2	Intrusion Policy Name Metadata	Current	Intrusion Policy Name Record, page 4-20
119	15	2	Access Control Rule ID Metadata	Current	Access Control Rule ID Record Metadata, page 3-31
120	N/A	N/A	Access Control Rule Action Metadata	Current	Access Control Rule Action Record Metadata, page 4-21
121	N/A	N/A	URL Category Metadata	Current	URL Category Record Metadata, page 4-22
122	N/A	N/A	URL Reputation Metadata	Current	URL Reputation Record Metadata, page 4-23
123	N/A	N/A	Managed Device Metadata	Current	Managed Device Record Metadata, page 3-32
125	N/A	2	Malware Event Record (Version 5.1.1+)	Current	Malware Event Record 5.1.1+, page 3-33
125	24	2	Malware Event (Version 5.1.1+)	Current	Malware Event Data Block 5.1.1.x, page B-43
125	33	2	Malware Event (Version 5.2.x)	Legacy	Malware Event Data Block 5.2.x, page B-49
125	35	2	Malware Event (Version 5.3)	Legacy	Malware Event Data Block 5.3, page B-56

Table 3-1 Intrusion Event and General Metadata Record Types (continued)

Record Type	Block Type	Series	Description	Record Status	Data Format Described in
125	44	2	Malware Event (Version 5.3.1)	Legacy	Malware Event Data Block 5.3.1, page B-63
125	47	2	Malware Event (Version 5.4+)	Current	Malware Event Data Block 5.4+, page 3-74
127	14	2	Collective Security Intelligence Cloud Name Metadata (Version 5.1+)	Current	Collective Security Intelligence Cloud Name Metadata, page 3-33
128	N/A	N/A	Malware Event Type Metadata (Version 5.1+)	Current	Malware Event Type Metadata, page 3-35
129	N/A	N/A	Malware Event Subtype Metadata (Version 5.1+)	Current	Malware Event Subtype Metadata, page 3-36
130	N/A	N/A	FireAMP Detector Type Metadata (Version 5.1+)	Current	FireAMP Detector Type Metadata, page 3-37
131	N/A	N/A	FireAMP File Type Metadata (Version 5.1+)	Current	FireAMP File Type Metadata, page 3-37
140	27	2	Rule Documentation Data Block for 5.2+	Current	Rule Documentation Data Block for 5.2+, page 3-87
207	N/A	N/A	Intrusion Event (IPv4) Record 5.0.x - 5.1	Legacy	Intrusion Event (IPv4) Record 5.0.x - 5.1, page B-2
208	N/A	N/A	Intrusion Event (IPv6) Record 5.0.x - 5.1	Legacy	Intrusion Event (IPv6) Record 5.0.x - 5.1, page B-6
260	19	2	ICMP Type Data Data Block	Current	ICMP Type Data Block, page 3-60
270	20	2	ICMP Code Data Block	Current	ICMP Code Data Block, page 3-61
400	34	2	Intrusion Event Record 5.2.x	Legacy	Intrusion Event Record 5.2.x, page B-12
400	41	2	Intrusion Event Record 5.3	Legacy	Intrusion Event Record 5.3, page B-17
400	42	2	Intrusion Event Record 5.3.1	Legacy	Intrusion Event Record 5.3.1, page B-29
400	45	2	Intrusion Event Record 5.4+	Current	Intrusion Event Record 5.4+, page 3-6
500	32	2	File Event (Version 5.2.x)	Legacy	File Event for 5.2.x, page B-147
500	38	2	File Event (Version 5.3)	Legacy	File Event for 5.3, page B-151
500	43	2	File Event (Version 5.3.1)	Legacy	File Event for 5.3.1, page B-157
500	46	2	File Event (Version 5.4+)	Current	File Event for 5.4+, page 3-64
502	32	2	File Event (Version 5.2.x)	Legacy	File Event for 5.2.x, page B-147
502	38	2	File Event (Version 5.3)	Legacy	File Event for 5.3, page B-151
502	43	2	File Event (Version 5.3.1)	Legacy	File Event for 5.3.1, page B-157
502	46	2	File Event (Version 5.4+)	Current	File Event for 5.4+, page 3-64
511	26	2	File Event SHA Hash for 5.3+	Current	File Event SHA Hash for 5.3+, page 3-85
520	28	2	Geolocation Data Block for 5.2+	Current	Geolocation Data Block for 5.2+, page 3-90

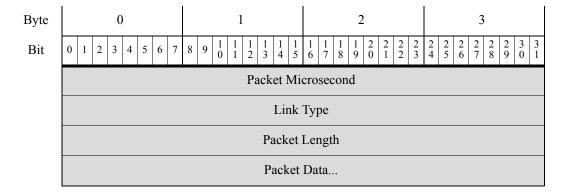
Table 3-1 Intrusion Event and General Metadata Record Types (continued)

Record Type	Block Type	Series	Description	Record Status	Data Format Described in
530	N/A	N/A	File Policy Name	Current	File Policy Name, page 3-91
600	N/A	N/A	SSL Policy Name	Current	SSL Policy Name, page 3-92
602	N/A	N/A	SSL Cipher Suite	Current	SSL Cipher Suite, page 3-94
604	N/A	N/A	SSL Version	Current	SSL Certificate Details Data Block for 5.4+, page 3-99
605	N/A	N/A	SSL Server Certificate Status	Current	SSL Server Certificate Status, page 3-95
606	N/A	N/A	SSL Actual Action	Current	SSL Actual Action, page 3-96
607	N/A	N/A	SSL Expected Action	Current	SSL Expected Action, page 3-97
608	N/A	N/A	SSL Flow Status	Current	SSL Flow Status, page 3-98
613	N/A	N/A	SSL URL Category	Current	SSL URL Category, page 3-99
614	50	2	SSL Certificate Details Data Block for 5.4+	Current	SSL Certificate Details Data Block for 5.4+, page 3-99

Packet Record 4.8.0.2+

The eStreamer service transmits the packet data associated with an event in a Packet record, the format of which is shown below. Packet data is sent when the Packet flag—bit 0 in the Request Flags field of a request message—is set. See Request Flags, page 2-11. If you enable bit 23, an extended event header is included in the record. Note that the Record Type field, which appears after the Message Length field, has a value of 2, indicating a packet record.

Byte	0	1	2	3									
Bit	0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7	8 9 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 5	1 1 1 1 1 2 2 2 2 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3	2 2 2 2 2 2 3 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1									
	Header V	Version (1)	Message Type (4)										
		Message	Length										
		Record 7	Гуре (2)										
		Record	Length										
	eStrear	ner Server Timestamp (in events, only if bit 23	s is set)									
	Rese	rved for Future Use (in	events, only if bit 23 is	s set)									
		Devic	ee ID										
	Event ID												
	Event Second												
	Packet Second												



The following table describes the fields in the Packet record.

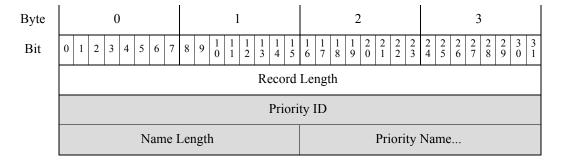
Table 3-2 Packet Record Fields

Field	Data Type	Description
Device ID	uint32	The device identification number. You can obtain device names that correlate to them by requesting Version 3 or 4 metadata. See Managed Device Record Metadata, page 3-32 for more information.
Event ID	uint32	The event identification number.
Event Second	uint32	The second (from 01/01/1970) that the event occurred.
Packet Second	uint32	The second (from 01/01/1970) that the packet was captured.
Packet Microsecond	uint32	Microsecond (one millionth of a second) increment that the packet was captured.
Link Type	uint32	Link layer type. Currently, the value will always be 1 (signifying the Ethernet layer).
Packet Length	uint32	Number of bytes included in the packet data.
Packet Data	variable	Actual captured packet data (header and payload).

Priority Record

The eStreamer service transmits the priority associated with an event in a Priority record, the format of which is shown below. (Priority information is sent when one of the metadata flags—bits 1, 14, 15, or 20 in the Request Flags field of a request message—is set. See Request Flags, page 2-11.) Note that the Record Type field, which appears after the Message Length field, has a value of 4, indicating a Priority record.

Byte				C)				1									2									3						
Bit	0 1 2 3 4 5 6								8	9	1	1	1 2	1 3	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 2 2 2 2 2 2 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3 4							2 5	2 6	2 7	2 8	9	3	3					
	Header Vers																				N	Лe	ssa	ge	Ту	pe	(4))	- U				
														Μe	essa	ıge	Le	eng	th														
														Re	cor	d T	Гур	e (4)														



The following table describes each priority-specific field.

Table 3-3 Priority Record Fields

Field	Data Type	Description
Priority ID	uint32	Indicates the priority identification number.
Name Length	uint16	Number of bytes included in the priority name.
Priority Name	variable	Priority name that corresponds with the priority ID (1 - high, 2 - medium, 3 - low).

Intrusion Event Record 5.4+

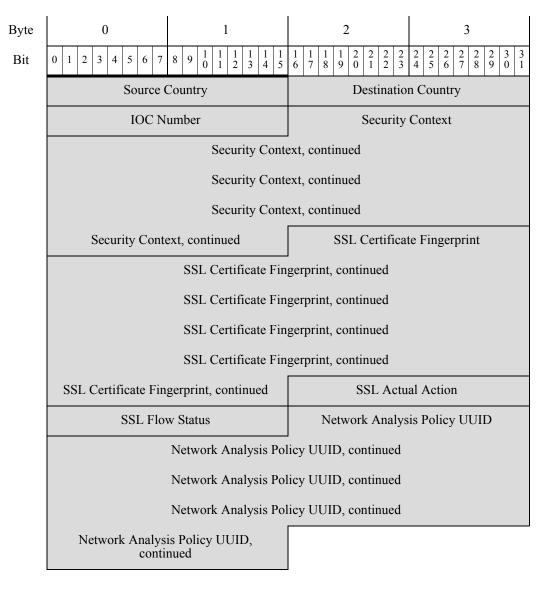
The fields in the intrusion event record are shaded in the following graphic. The record type is 400 and the block type is 45 in the series 2 set of data blocks. It supersedes block type 42. Fields for SSL support and Network Analysis Policy have been added.

You can request 5.4+ intrusion events from eStreamer only by extended request, for which you request event type code 12 and version code 8 in the Stream Request message (see Submitting Extended Requests, page 2-4 for information about submitting extended requests).

Byte	0	1	2	3										
Bit	0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7	8 9 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 5	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	2 2 2 2 2 3 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1										
	Header V	ersion (1)	Message Type (4)											
		Message	Length											
		Record Ty	/pe (400)											
		Record	Length											
	eStream	ner Server Timestamp (in events, only if bit 23	is set)										
	Resei	ved for Future Use (in	events, only if bit 23 is	s set)										
	Block Type (45)													
	Block Length													

Byte			0		1 2 3													Ī										
Bit	0 1	2	3 4	5	6	7	8	9 1 0	1	1	1 1 2 3	1 4	1 5	1 6	1 7	1 8	1 2	:	2	$\begin{bmatrix} 2 & 2 \\ 2 & 3 \end{bmatrix}$		2 4	2 2 5 6	2 7	2 8	2 9	3	3
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												E	vei	nt I	D													
]	Eve	nt	Sec	one	d												
		Event Microsecond																										
	Rule ID (Signature ID)																											
		Generator ID																										
		Rule Revision																										
	Classification ID																											
	Priority ID																											
												urce																
		Source IP Address, continued																										
		Source IP Address, continued Source IP Address, continued																										
]	D	esti	nati	on	ı IP	Ac	ldre	SS											
								De	estir	na	atio	ı IP	A	ddr	ess	, co	ntin	ue	ed									
								De	estir	na	itioi	1 IP	A	ddr	ess	, co	ntin	ue	ed									
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			Sour	ce]	Po	ort o	r I(СМР	Ty	pε	e					De	stin	at	ion	Poi	t	or	ICM	[P (Со	de		
	IF	Pr	otoco	ol II	D			Imj	pact	t I	Flag	gs				Ir	npa	et					F	Blo	ck	ed		
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					V	'LA	N I	D												P	ac	d						
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									F	Po	olicy	y Ul	JII	D, c	con	tinı	ied											
	Policy UUID, continued																											
	Policy UUID, continued																											
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Byte		0						1							2					3							
Bit	0 1 2	3 4	5	6	7 8	9		1	1 2	1 1 4	1 5	1 6	1 7	1 1	2 0	2	2 2	2 3	2 4	2 2 6	2 7	2 2	3 0	3			
	Web Application ID																										
		Client Application ID																									
		Application Protocol ID																									
		Access Control Rule ID																									
		Access Control Policy UUID																									
		Access Control Policy UUID, continued																									
		Access Control Policy UUID, continued																									
	Access Control Policy UUID, continued																										
								I	nter	face	In	gre	SS	UUII)												
						I	nter	fa	ice I	ngre	ess	UU	ЛD	, cor	ntin	ueo	d										
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The following table describes each intrusion event record data field.

Table 3-4 Intrusion Event Record 5.4+ Fields

Field	Data Type	Description
Block Type	unint32	Initiates an Intrusion Event data block. This value is always 45.
Block Length	unint32	Total number of bytes in the Intrusion Event data block, including eight bytes for the Intrusion Event block type and length fields, plus the number of bytes of data that follows.
Device ID	unit32	Contains the identification number of the detecting managed device. You can obtain the managed device name by requesting Version 3 or 4 metadata. See Managed Device Record Metadata, page 3-32 for more information.
Event ID	uint32	Event identification number.
Event Second	uint32	UNIX timestamp (seconds since 01/01/1970) of the event's detection.

Table 3-4 Intrusion Event Record 5.4+ Fields (continued)

Field	Data Type	Description
Event Microsecond	uint32	Microsecond (one millionth of a second) increment of the timestamp of the event's detection.
Rule ID (Signature ID)	uint32	Rule identification number that corresponds with the event.
Generator ID	uint32	Identification number of the FireSIGHT System preprocessor that generated the event.
Rule Revision	uint32	Rule revision number.
Classification ID	uint32	Identification number of the event classification message.
Priority ID	uint32	Identification number of the priority associated with the event.
Source IP Address	uint8[16]	Source IPv4 or IPv6 address used in the event.
Destination IP Address	uint8[16]	Destination IPv4 or IPv6 address used in the event.
Source Port or ICMP Type	uint16	The source port number if the event protocol type is TCP or UDP, or the ICMP type if the event is caused by ICMP traffic.
Destination Port or ICMP Code	uint16	The destination port number if the event protocol type is TCP or UDP, or the ICMP code if the event is caused by ICMP traffic.
IP Protocol Number	uint8	IANA-specified protocol number. For example: • 0 — IP • 1 — ICMP • 6 — TCP • 17 — UDP

Table 3-4 Intrusion Event Record 5.4+ Fields (continued)

Field	Data Type	Description
Impact Flags	bits[8]	Impact flag value of the event. The low-order eight bits indicate the impact level. Values are:
		• 0x01 (bit 0) — Source or destination host is in a network monitored by the system.
		• 0x02 (bit 1) — Source or destination host exists in the network map.
		• 0x04 (bit 2) — Source or destination host is running a server on the port in the event (if TCP or UDP) or uses the IP protocol.
		• 0x08 (bit 3) — There is a vulnerability mapped to the operating system of the source or destination host in the event.
		• 0x10 (bit 4) — There is a vulnerability mapped to the server detected in the event.
		• 0x20 (bit 5) — The event caused the managed device to drop the session (used only when the device is running in inline, switched, or routed deployment). Corresponds to blocked status in the FireSIGHT System web interface.
		• 0x40 (bit 6) — The rule that generated this event contains rule metadata setting the impact flag to red. The source or destination host is potentially compromised by a virus, trojan, or other piece of malicious software.
		• 0x80 (bit 7) — There is a vulnerability mapped to the client detected in the event. (version 5.0+ only)
		The following impact level values map to specific priorities on the Defense Center. An x indicates the value can be 0 or 1:
		• gray (0, unknown): 00x00000
		• red (1, vulnerable): xxxx1xxx, xxx1xxxx, x1xxxxxx, 1xxxxxxx (version 5.0+ only)
		• orange (2, potentially vulnerable): 00x0011x
		• yellow (3, currently not vulnerable): 00x0001x
		• blue (4, unknown target): 00x00001
Impact	uint8	Impact flag value of the event. Values are:
		• 1 — Red (vulnerable)
		• 2 — Orange (potentially vulnerable)
		• 3 — Yellow (currently not vulnerable)
		• 4 — Blue (unknown target)
		• 5 — Gray (unknown impact)
Blocked	uint8	Value indicating whether the event was blocked.
		• 0 — Not blocked
		• 1 — Blocked
		• 2 — Would be blocked (but not permitted by configuration)

Table 3-4 Intrusion Event Record 5.4+ Fields (continued)

Field	Data Type	Description
MPLS Label	uint32	MPLS label.
VLAN ID	uint16	Indicates the ID of the VLAN where the packet originated.
Pad	uint16	Reserved for future use.
Policy UUID	uint8[16]	A policy ID number that acts as a unique identifier for the intrusion policy.
User ID	uint32	The internal identification number for the user, if applicable.
Web Application ID	uint32	The internal identification number for the web application, if applicable.
Client Application ID	uint32	The internal identification number for the client application, if applicable.
Application Protocol ID	uint32	The internal identification number for the application protocol, if applicable.
Access Control Rule ID	uint32	A rule ID number that acts as a unique identifier for the access control rule.
Access Control Policy UUID	uint8[16]	A policy ID number that acts as a unique identifier for the access control policy.
Ingress Interface UUID	uint8[16]	An interface ID number that acts as a unique identifier for the ingress interface.
Egress Interface UUID	uint8[16]	An interface ID number that acts as a unique identifier for the egress interface.
Ingress Security Zone UUID	uint8[16]	A zone ID number that acts as a unique identifier for the ingress security zone.
Egress Security Zone UUID	uint8[16]	A zone ID number that acts as a unique identifier for the egress security zone.
Connection Timestamp	uint32	UNIX timestamp (seconds since 01/01/1970) of the connection event associated with the intrusion event.
Connection Instance ID	uint16	Numerical ID of the Snort instance on the managed device that generated the connection event.
Connection Counter	uint16	Value used to distinguish between connection events that happen during the same second.
Source Country	uint16	Code for the country of the source host.
Destination Country	uint 16	Code for the country of the destination host.
IOC Number	uint16	ID number of the compromise associated with this event.
Security Context	uint8[16]	ID number for the security context (virtual firewall) that the traffic passed through. Note that the system only populates this field for ASA FirePOWER devices in multi-context mode.
SSL Certificate Fingerprint	uint8[20]	SHA1 hash of the SSL Server certificate.

Table 3-4 Intrusion Event Record 5.4+ Fields (continued)

Field	Data Type	Description	
SSL Actual Action	uint16	The action performed on the connection based on the SSL Rule. This may differ from the expected action, as the action as specified in the rule may be impossible. Possible values include:	
		• 0 — 'Unknown'	
		• 1 — 'Do Not Decrypt'	
		• 2 — 'Block'	
		• 3 — 'Block With Reset'	
		• 4 — 'Decrypt (Known Key)'	
		• 5 — 'Decrypt (Replace Key)'	
		• 6 — 'Decrypt (Resign)'	

Table 3-4 Intrusion Event Record 5.4+ Fields (continued)

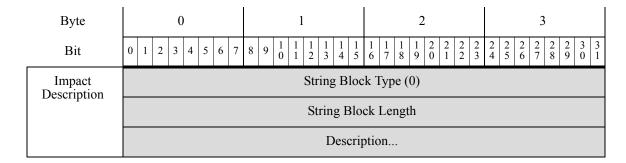
Field	Data Type	Description		
SSL Flow Status	uint16	Status of the SSL Flow. These values describe the reason behind		
		the action taken or the error message seen. Possible values		
		include:		
		• 0 — 'Unknown'		
		• 1 — 'No Match'		
		• 2 — 'Success'		
		• 3 — 'Uncached Session'		
		• 4 — 'Unknown Cipher Suite'		
		• 5 — 'Unsupported Cipher Suite'		
		• 6 — 'Unsupported SSL Version'		
		• 7 — 'SSL Compression Used'		
		8 — 'Session Undecryptable in Passive Mode'		
		• 9 — 'Handshake Error'		
		• 10 — 'Decryption Error'		
		• 11 — 'Pending Server Name Category Lookup'		
		12 — 'Pending Common Name Category Lookup'		
		• 13 — 'Internal Error'		
		• 14 — 'Network Parameters Unavailable'		
		• 15 — 'Invalid Server Certificate Handle'		
		• 16 — 'Server Certificate Fingerprint Unavailable'		
		• 17 — 'Cannot Cache Subject DN'		
		• 18 — 'Cannot Cache Issuer DN'		
		• 19 — 'Unknown SSL Version'		
		• 20 — 'External Certificate List Unavailable'		
		• 21 — 'External Certificate Fingerprint Unavailable'		
		22 — 'Internal Certificate List Invalid'		
		• 23 — 'Internal Certificate List Unavailable'		
		• 24 — 'Internal Certificate Unavailable'		
		• 25 — 'Internal Certificate Fingerprint Unavailable'		
		'Server Certificate Validation Unavailable'		
		27 — 'Server Certificate Validation Failure'		
		28 — 'Invalid Action'		
Network Analysis Policy UUID	uint8[16]	The UUID of the Network Analysis Policy that created the intrusion event.		

Intrusion Impact Alert Data 5.3+

The Intrusion Impact Alert 5.3+ event contains information about impact events. It is transmitted when an intrusion event is compared to the system network map data and the impact is determined. It uses the standard record header with a record type of 9, followed by an Intrusion Impact Alert data block with a series 1 data block type of 153 in the series 1 group of blocks. (The Impact Alert data block is a type of series 1 data block. For more information about series 1 data blocks, see Understanding Discovery (Series 1) Blocks, page 4-54.)

You can request that eStreamer only transmit intrusion impact events by setting bit 5 in the Flags field of the request message. See Event Stream Request Message Format, page 2-10 for more information about request messages. Version 1 of these alerts only handles IPv4. Version 2, introduced in 5.3, handles IPv6 events in addition to IPv4.

Byte	0	1	2	3	
Bit	0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7	8 9 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 5	1 1 1 1 2 2 2 2 2 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3	2 2 2 2 2 3 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1	
	Header V	Header Version (1) Message Type (4)			
		Message	Length		
		Record Type (9)			
	eStreamer Server Timestamp (in events, only if bit 23 is set)				
	Reserved for Future Use (in events, only if bit 23 is set)				
	Intrusion Impact Alert Block Length				
	Event ID				
	Device ID				
	Event Second				
	Impact				
	Source IP Address				
	Source IP Address, continued				
	Source IP Address, continued				
	Source IP Address, continued				
	Destination IP Address				
	Destination IP Address, continued				
	Destination IP Address, continued				
	Destination IP Address, continued				



The following table describes each data field in an impact event.

Table 3-5 Impact Event Data Fields

Field	Data Type	Description
Intrusion Impact Alert Block Type	uint32	Indicates that an intrusion impact alert data block follows. This field will always have a value of 20. See Intrusion Event and Metadata Record Types, page 3-1.
Intrusion Impact Alert Block Length	uint32	Indicates the length of the intrusion impact alert data block, including all data that follows and 8 bytes for the intrusion impact alert block type and length.
Event ID	uint32	Indicates the event identification number.
Device ID	uint32	Indicates the managed device identification number.
Event Second	uint32	Indicates the second (from 01/01/1970) that the event was detected.

Table 3-5 Impact Event Data Fields (continued)

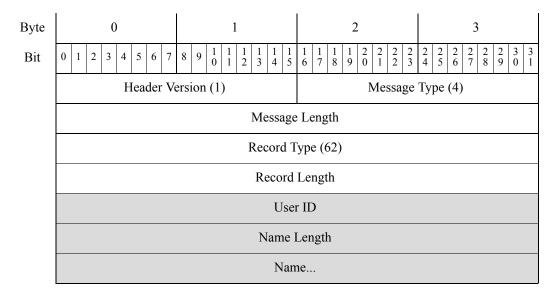
Field	Data Type	Description	
Impact	bits[8]	Impact flag value of the event. The low-order eight bits indicate impact level. Values are:	
		• 0x01 (bit 0) — Source or destination host is in a network monitored by the system.	
		• 0x02 (bit 1) — Source or destination host exists in the network map.	
		• 0x04 (bit 2) — Source or destination host is running a server on the port in the event (if TCP or UDP) or uses the IP protocol.	
		• 0x08 (bit 3) — There is a vulnerability mapped to the operating system of the source or destination host in the event.	
		• 0x10 (bit 4) — There is a vulnerability mapped to the server detected in the event.	
		• 0x20 (bit 5) — The event caused the managed device to drop the session (used only when the device is running in inline, switched, or routed deployment). Corresponds to blocked status in the FireSIGHT System web interface.	
		• 0x40 (bit 6) — The rule that generated this event contains rule metadata setting the impact flag to red. The source or destination host is potentially compromised by a virus, trojan, or other piece of malicious software.	
		• 0x80 (bit 7) — There is a vulnerability mapped to the client detected in the event. (version 5.0+ only)	
		The following impact level values map to specific priorities on the Defense Center. An x indicates the value can be 0 or 1:	
		• gray (0, unknown): 00x00000	
		• red (1, vulnerable): xxxx1xxx, xxx1xxxx, x1xxxxxx, 1xxxxxxx (version 5.0+ only)	
		• orange (2, potentially vulnerable): 00x0011x	
		• yellow (3, currently not vulnerable): 00x0001x	
		• blue (4, unknown target): 00x00001	
Source IP Address	uint8[16]	IP address of the host associated with the impact event. This can contain either an IPv4 or IPv6 address. See IP Addresses, page 1-5 for more information.	
Destination IP Address	uint8[16]	IP address of the destination IP address associated with the impact event (if applicable). This can contain either an IPv4 or IPv6 address. See IP Addresses, page 1-5 for more information. This value is 0 if there is no destination IP address.	
String Block Type	uint32	Initiates a string data block that contains the impact name. This value is always set to 0. For more information about string blocks, see String Data Block, page 4-62.	

Table 3-5 Impact Event Data Fields (continued)

Field	Data Type	Description
String Block Length		Number of bytes in the event description string block. This includes the four bytes for the string block type, the four bytes for the string block length, and the number of bytes in the description.
Description	string	Description of the impact event.

User Record

When you request metadata, you can retrieve information about the users referenced in events generated by components in your FireSIGHT System. The eStreamer service transmits metadata containing user information for an event within a User record, the format of which is shown below. The user metadata record can be used to determine a user name associated with an event by correlating the metadata with the user ID value from a User Vulnerability Change Data Block, User Host Deletion Data Block, User Service Deletion Data Block, User Criticality Change Blocks, Attribute Definition Data Block, User Attribute Value Data Block, or Scan Result Data Block. (User information is sent when one of the metadata flags—bits 1, 14, 15, or 20 in the Request Flags field of a request message—is set. See Request Flags, page 2-11.) Note that the Record Type field, which appears after the Message Length field, has a value of 62, indicating a User record.



The following table describes the fields in the User record.

Table 3-6 User Record Fields

Field	Data Type	Description
User ID	uint32	The user ID number.
Name Length	uint32	The number of bytes included in the user name.
Name	string	The name of the user.

Rule Message Record for 4.6.1+

Rule message information for an event is transmitted within a Rule Message record, the format of which is shown below. The eStreamer service transmits the Rule Message record for 4.6.1+ when you request Version 2 or Version 3 metadata. The Rule Message record for 4.6.1+ contains the same fields as the Rule Message record for 4.6 and lower but also has new UUID and Revision UUID fields. (Version 2, Version 3, or Version 4 metadata information is sent when the appropriate metadata flag—bit 14 for Version 2, bit 15 for Version 3, or bit 20 for Version 4 in the Request Flags field of a request message—is set. See Request Flags, page 2-11.) Note that the Record Type field, which appears after the Message Length field, has a value of 66, indicating a Rule Message Version 2 record.

Byte	0	1	2	3	
Bit	0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8	9 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 5	1 1 1 1 2 2 2 2 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3	2 2 2 2 2 2 3 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1	
	Header Ver	sion (1)	Message	Type (4)	
		Message	Length		
		Record T	Type (66)		
		Record	Length		
Signature Key		Genera	itor ID		
Key		Rule	e ID		
	Revision Number				
	Rendered Signature ID				
	Message Length Rule UUID				
Rule UUID	Rule UUID cont.				
COID		Rule UU	ID cont.		
		Rule UU	ID cont.		
	Rule UUII	O cont.	Rule Revi	sion UUID	
Rule Revision UUID	Rule Revision UUID cont.				
COID	Rule Revision UUID cont.				
	Rule Revision UUID cont.				
	Rule Revision	UUID cont.	Mess	sage	

The following table describes each rule-specific field.

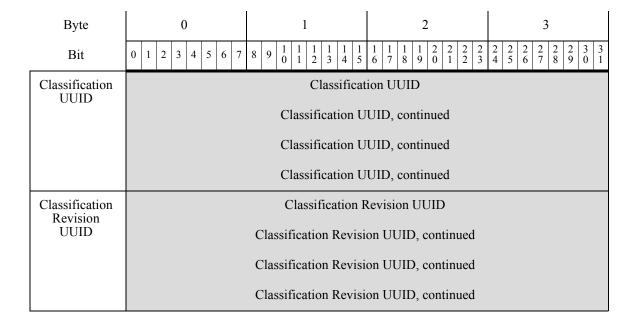
Table 3-7 Rule Message Record Fields

Field	Data Type	Description
Generator ID	uint32	The generator identification number.
Rule ID	uint32	The rule identification number for the local computer.
Rule Revision	uint32	The rule revision number. This is currently set to 0 for all rule messages.
Rendered Signature ID	uint32	The rule identification number rendered to the FireSIGHT System interface.
Message Length	uint16	The number of bytes included in the rule text.
UUID	uint8[16]	A rule ID number that acts as a unique identifier for the rule.
Revision UUID	uint8[16]	A rule revision ID number that acts as a unique identifier for the revision.
Message	variable	Rule message that triggered the event.

Classification Record for 4.6.1+

The eStreamer service transmits the classification information for an event in a Classification record for 4.6.1+, the format of which is shown below. The Classification record for 4.6.1+ contains the same fields as the Classification record for 4.6 and lower but also has new UUID and Revision UUID fields. (Classification information is sent when the Version 3 or Version 4 metadata flag—bit 15 or bit 20 in the Request Flags field of a request message—is set. See Request Flags, page 2-11.) Note that the Record Type field, which appears after the Message Length field, has a value of 67, indicating a Classification Version 2 record.

Byte	0	1	2	3		
Bit	0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7	8 9 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 5	1 1 1 1 1 2 2 2 2 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3	2 2 2 2 2 2 3 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1		
	Header Ve	ersion (1)	Message	Type (4)		
		Message	Length			
	Record Type (67)					
	Record Length					
		Classific	ation ID			
	Name Length Name					
	Name, continued					
	Description	on Length	Descrip	otion		
		Description,	continued			



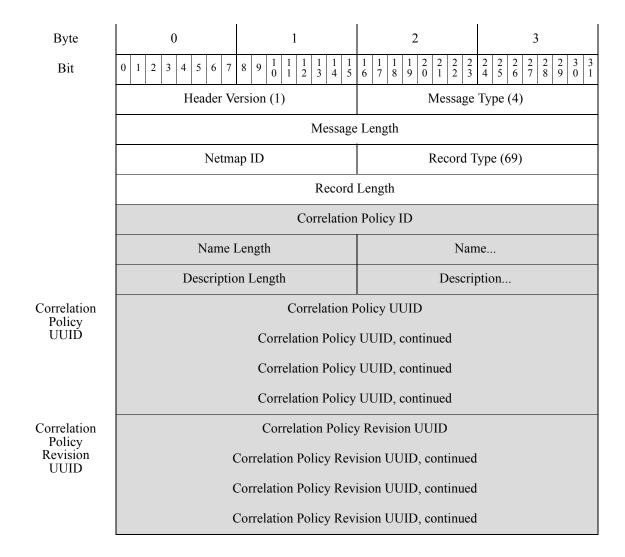
The following table describes the fields in the Classification record.

Table 3-8 Classification Record Fields

Field	Data Type	Description
Classification ID	uint32	The classification ID number.
Name Length	uint16	The number of bytes included in the name.
Name	string	The classification name.
Description Length	uint16	The number of bytes included in the description.
Description	string	The classification description.
UUID	uint8[16]	A classification ID number that acts as a unique identifier for the classification.
Revision UUID	uint8[16]	A classification revision ID number that acts as a unique identifier for the classification revision.

Correlation Policy Record

The eStreamer service transmits metadata containing the correlation policy for a correlation event within a Correlation Policy record, the format of which is shown below. (Correlation policy information is sent when the Version 3 or Version 4 metadata flag—bit 15 or bit 20 in the Request Flags field of a request message—is set. See Request Flags, page 2-11.) Note that the Record Type field, which appears after the Message Length field, has a value of 69, indicating a Correlation Policy record.



The following table describes the fields in the Correlation Policy record.

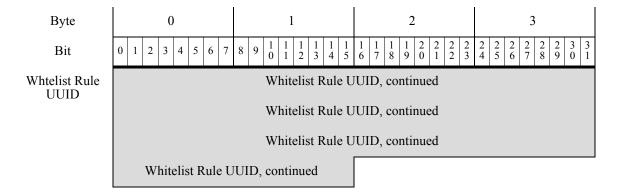
Table 3-9 Correlation Policy Record Fields

Field	Data Type	Description
Correlation Policy ID	uint32	The correlation policy ID number.
Name Length	uint16	The number of bytes included in the correlation policy name.
Name	string	The name of the correlation policy that triggered the event.
Description Length	uint16	The number of bytes included in the correlation policy description.
Description	string	The description of the correlation policy that triggered the event.
UUID	uint8[16]	A correlation policy ID number that acts as a unique identifier for the correlation policy.
Revision UUID	uint8[16]	A correlation policy revision ID number that acts as a unique identifier for the correlation policy.

Correlation Rule Record

The eStreamer service transmits metadata containing information on the correlation rule that triggered a correlation event within a Correlation Rule record, the format of which is shown below. (Correlation rule information is sent when the Version 3 or Version 4 metadata flag—bit 15 or bit 20 in the Request Flags field of a request message—is set. See Request Flags, page 2-11.) Note that the Record Type field, which appears after the Message Length field, has a value of 70, indicating a Correlation Rule record.

Byte	0	1	2	3		
Bit	0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7	8 9 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 5	1 1 1 1 2 2 2 2 2 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3	2 2 2 2 2 2 3 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1		
	Header V	ersion (1)	Message	Type (4)		
		Message	Length			
		Record T	Sype (70)			
		Record	Length			
		Correlatio	n Rule ID			
	Name 1	Length	Nan	ne		
	Nan	ne	Description	on Length		
		Descrip	otion			
	Event Typ	e Length	Event Type			
	Event '	Гуре	Correlation	Rule UUID		
Correlation Rule	Correlation Rule UUID, continued					
UUID		Correlation Rule	UUID, continued			
		Correlation Rule	UUID, continued			
	Correlation Rule UUID, continued		Correlation Revision UUID,			
Correlation Rule	Correlation Rule Revision UUID, continued					
Revision UUID	Correlation Rule Revision UUID, continued					
	Correlation Rule Revision UUID, continued					
	Correlation Rule contin		Whitelist F	Rule UUID		



The following table describes the fields in the Correlation Rule record.

Table 3-10 Correlation Rule Record Fields

Field	Data Type	Description
Correlation Rule ID	uint32	The correlation rule ID number.
Name Length	uint16	The number of bytes included in the correlation rule name.
Name	string	The name of the correlation rule that triggered the event.
Description Length	uint16	The number of bytes included in the correlation rule description.
Description	string	The description of the correlation rule that triggered the event.
Event Type Length	uint16	The number of bytes included in the event type description.
Event Type	string	The description of the event that triggered the correlation rule.
UUID	uint8[16]	A correlation rule ID number that acts as a unique identifier for the correlation rule.
Revision UUID	uint8[16]	A correlation rule revision ID number that acts as a unique identifier for the correlation rule revision.
Whitelist UUID	uint8[16]	A correlation ID number that acts as a unique identifier for the event sent as a result of a whitelist violation.

Intrusion Event Extra Data Record

The eStreamer service transmits the event extra data associated with an intrusion event in the Intrusion Event Extra Data record. The record type is always 110.

The event extra data appears in an encapsulated Event Extra Data data block, which always has a data block type value of 4. (The Event Extra Data data block is a series 2 data block. For more information about series 2 data blocks, see Understanding Series 2 Data Blocks, page 3-51.)

The supported types of extra data include IPv6 source and destination addresses, as well as the originating IP addresses (v4 or v6) of clients connecting to a web server through an HTTP proxy or load balancer. The graphic below shows the format of the Intrusion Event Extra Data record.

If bit 27 is set in the Request Flags field of the request message, you receive the event extra data for each intrusion event. If you set bit 20, you also receive the event extra data metadata described in Intrusion Event Extra Data Metadata, page 3-26. If you enable bit 23, eStreamer will include the extended event header. See Request Flags, page 2-11 for information on setting request flags.

Byte	0	1	2	3				
Bit	0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7	8 9 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 5	1 1 1 1 1 2 2 2 2 2 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3	2 2 2 2 2 2 3 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1				
	Header Ve	ersion (1)	Message	Type (4)				
	Message Length							
	Record Type (110)							
		Record	Length					
	eStream	er Server Timestamp (in events, only if bit 23	3 is set)				
	Reserved for Future Use (in events, only if bit 23 is set)							
	Event Extra Data Block Type (4)							
	Event Extra Data Block Length							
		Devic	ee ID					
		Even	t ID					
	Event Second							
	Туре							
	BLOB Block Type (1)							
	BLOB Length							
	Event Extra Data							

Note that the Event Extra Data block structure includes a BLOB block type, which is one of several variable length data structures introduced in Version 4.10 of the FireSIGHT System.

The following table describes the fields in the Intrusion Event Extra Data record.

Table 3-11 Intrusion Event Extra Data Data Block Fields

Field	Data Type	Description
Event Extra Data Data Block Type	uint32	Initiates an Event Extra Data data block. This value is always 4. The block type is a series 2 block; for information see Understanding Series 2 Data Blocks, page 3-51.
Event Extra Data Data Block Length	uint32	Length of the data block. Includes the number of bytes of data plus the 8 bytes in the two data block header fields.
Device ID	uint32	The managed device identification number.
Event ID	uint32	The event identification number.
Event Second	uint32	UNIX timestamp of the event (seconds since 01/01/1970).

Table 3-11	Intension	Event l	Extua	Data Data	Rlack	Fields I	(continued)
Table 5-11	intrusion	event i	extra i	vata vata	Block	r tetas t	continuear

Field	Data Type	Description
Туре	uint32	Identifier for the type of extra data; for example:
		• 1 — XFF client (IPv4)
		• 2 — XFF client (IPv6)
		• 9 — HTTP URI
BLOB Block Type	uint32	Initiates a BLOB data block containing extra data. This value is always 1. The block type is a series 2 block.
Length	uint32	Total number of bytes in the BLOB data block.
Extra Data	variable	The content of the extra data. The data type is indicated in the Type field.

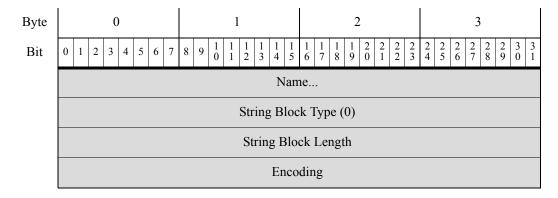
Intrusion Event Extra Data Metadata

The eStreamer service transmits the event extra data metadata associated with intrusion event extra data records in the Intrusion Event Extra Data Metadata record. The record type is always 111.

The event extra data metadata appears in an encapsulated Event Extra Data Metadata data block, which always has a data block type value of 5. The Event Extra Data data block is a series 2 data block.

If bit 20 is set in the Request Flags field of a request message, you receive the event extra data metadata. If you want to receive both intrusion events and event extra data metadata, you must set bit 2 as well. See Request Flags, page 2-11. If you enable bit 23, an extended event header is included in the record.

Byte	0	1	2	3		
Bit	0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7	8 9 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 5	1 1 1 1 1 2 2 2 2 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3	2 2 2 2 2 2 3 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1		
	Header V	Version (1)	Message	Type (4)		
		Message	Length			
		Record Ty	ype (111)			
	Record Length					
	eStreamer Server Timestamp (in events, only if bit 23 is set)					
	Reserved for Future Use (in events, only if bit 23 is set)					
	F	vent Extra Data Metad	ata Data Block Type (5)		
	Data Block Length					
	Туре					
	String Block Type (0)					
		String Block Length				



Note that the block structure includes encapsulated String block types, one of several series 2 variable length data structures introduced in Version 4.10 of the FireSIGHT System.

The following table describes the fields in the Event Extra Data Metadata record.

Table 3-12 Event Extra Data Metadata Data Block Fields

Field	Data Type	Description
Event Extra Data Metadata Data Block Type	uint32	Initiates an Event Extra Data Metadata data block. This value is always 5. This block type is a series 2 block.
Event Extra Data Metadata Data Block Length	uint32	Length of the data block. Includes the number of bytes of data plus the 8 bytes in the two data block header fields.
Type	uint32	The type of extra data. Matches the Type field in the associated Event Extra Data record.
String Block Type	uint32	Initiates a String data block for the client application version. This value is always 0. This block type is a series 2 block.
String Block Length	uint32	Number of bytes in the client application version String data block, including eight bytes for the string block type and length fields, plus the number of bytes in the version string.
Name	string	Name of the type of event extra data, for example, XFF client (IPv6), and HTTP URI.
String Block Type	uint32	Initiates a string data block for the client application URL. This value is always 0. This block type is a series 2 block.
String Block Length	uint32	Number of bytes in the client application URL String data block, including eight bytes for the string block type and length fields, plus the number of bytes in the URL string.
Encoding	string	Encoding used for the event extra data, for example, IPv4, IPv6, or string.

Security Zone Name Record

The eStreamer service transmits metadata containing information on the name of the security zone associated with an intrusion event or connection event within a Security Zone Name record, the format of which is shown below. (Security zone information is sent when the Version 4 metadata flag—bit 20

in the Request Flags field of a request message—is set. See Request Flags, page 2-11.) Note that the Record Type field, which appears after the Message Length field, has a value of 115, indicating a Security Zone Name record. It contains a UUID String data block, block type 14 in the series 2 set of data blocks.

Byte				0)							1								2	2				3									
Bit	0	0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 5														1 5	16	1 7	18	1	2	2	2 2	2 3	2 4	2 5	2 6	2 7	2 8	2 9	3	3		
	Header Version (1)																•		l	Me	ssa	ge	Ту	pe	(4))	•							
	Message l														Le	eng	th																	
	Record Type (115)																																	
	Record Length																																	
	Security Zone Name Data Block (14)																																	
	Security Zone Name Data Block Length																																	
	Security Zone UUID																																	
													Str	ing	βВ	loc	kТ	Гур	e (0)														
													St	rin	g E	Blo	ck I	Lei	ngt	h														
												,	Sec	cur	ity	Zo	ne	Na	ıme	e														

The following table describes the fields in the Security Zone Name data block.

Table 3-13 Security Zone Name Data Block Fields

Field	Data Type	Description
Security Zone Name Data Block Type	uint32	Initiates a Security Zone Name data block. This value is always 14. The block type is a series 2 block.
Security Zone Name Data Block Length	uint32	Length of the data block. Includes the number of bytes of data plus the 8 bytes in the two data block header fields.
Security Zone UUID	uint8[16]	The unique identifier for the security zone associated with the connection event.
String Block Type	uint32	Initiates a String data block containing the name of the security zone. This value is always 0.
String Block Length	uint32	The number of bytes included in the security zone name String data block, including eight bytes for the block type and header fields plus the number of bytes in the name.
Security Zone Name	string	The security zone name.

Interface Name Record

The eStreamer service transmits metadata containing information on the name of the interface associated with an intrusion event or connection event within an Interface Name record, the format of which is shown below. (Interface name information is sent when the Version 4 metadata flag—bit 20 in the Request Flags field of a request message—is set. See Request Flags, page 2-11.) Note that the Record Type field, which appears after the Message Length field, has a value of 116, indicating an Interface Name record. It contains a UUID String data block, block type 14 in the series 2 set of data blocks.

Byte	0	1	2	3											
Bit	0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7	8 9 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 5	1 1 1 1 1 2 2 2 2 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3	2 2 2 2 2 2 3 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1											
	Header V	ersion (1)	Message Type (4)												
	Message Length														
	Record Type (116)														
	Record Length														
	Interface Name Data Block (14)														
		Interface Name D	ata Block Length												
	Interface UUID														
	String Block Type (0)														
		String Bloo	ck Length												
		Interface	Name												

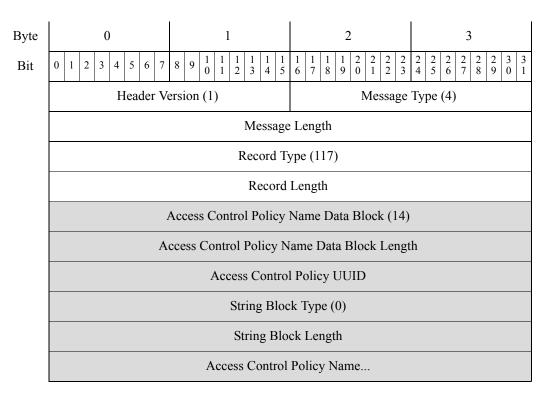
The following table describes the fields in the Interface Name data block.

Table 3-14 Interface Name Data Block Fields

Field	Data Type	Description
Interface Name Data Block Type	uint32	Initiates an Interface Name data block. This value is always 14. The block type is a series 2 block.
Interface Name Data Block Length	uint32	Length of the data block. Includes the number of bytes of data plus the 8 bytes in the two data block header fields.
Interface UUID	uint8[16]	An interface ID number that acts as a unique identifier for the interface associated with the connection event.
String Block Type	uint32	Initiates a String data block containing the name of the interface. This value is always 0.
String Block Length	uint32	The number of bytes included in the interface name String data block, including eight bytes for the block type and header fields plus the number of bytes in the interface name.
Interface Name	string	The interface name.

Access Control Policy Name Record

The eStreamer service transmits metadata on the name of the access control policy that triggered an intrusion event or connection event within an Access Control Policy Name record, the format of which is shown below. (Access control policy name information is sent when the Version 4 metadata flag—bit 20 in the Request Flags field of a request message—is set. See Request Flags, page 2-11.) Note that the Record Type field, which appears after the Message Length field, has a value of 117, indicating an Access Control Policy Name record. It contains a UUID String data block, block type 14 in the series 2 set of data blocks.



The following table describes the fields in the Access Control Policy Name data block.

Table 3-15 Access Control Policy Name Data Block Fields

Field	Data Type	Description
Access Control Policy Name Data Block Type	uint32	Initiates an Access Control Policy Name data block. This value is always 14. The block type is a series 2 block.
Access Control Policy Name Data Block Length	uint32	Length of the data block. Includes the number of bytes of data plus the 8 bytes in the two data block header fields.
Access Control Policy UUID	uint8[16]	An ID number that acts as a unique identifier for the access control policy associated with the intrusion event or connection event
String Block Type	uint32	Initiates a String data block containing the name of the access control policy. This value is always 0.

Table 3-15 Access Control Policy Name Data Block Fields (continued)

Field	Data Type	Description
String Block Length	uint32	The number of bytes included in the access control policy name String data block, including eight bytes for the block type and header fields plus the number of bytes in the access control policy name.
Access Control Policy Name	string	The access control policy name.

Access Control Rule ID Record Metadata

The eStreamer service transmits metadata containing information about the access control rule that triggered an intrusion event or connection event within an Access Control Rule ID record, the format of which is shown below. Access control rule metadata is sent when the Version 4 metadata flag—bit 20 in the Request Flags field of a request message—is set. See Request Flags, page 2-11.) Note that the Record Type field, which appears after the Message Length field, has a value of 119, indicating an Access Control Rule ID record. It contains a Rule ID data block, block type 15 in the series 2 set of data blocks.

Byte	0	1	2	3											
Bit	0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7	8 9 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 5	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	2 2 2 2 2 2 3 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1											
	Header V	Version (1)	Message Type (4)												
		Message	Length												
	Record Type (119)														
	Record Length														
	Access Control Rule ID Data Block (15)														
		Access Control Rule I	D Data Block Length												
	Access Control Rule UUID														
		Access Cont	rol Rule ID												
		String Bloc	k Type (0)												
		String Blo	ck Length												
		Access Contro	Rule Name												

The following table describes the fields in the Access Control Rule ID data block.

Table 3-16 Access Control Rule ID Data Block Fields

Field	Data Type	Description
Access Control Rule ID Data Block Type	uint32	Initiates an Access Control Rule ID data block. This value is always 15. The block type is a series 2 block.
Access Control Rule ID Data Block Length	uint32	Length of the data block. Includes the number of bytes of data plus the 8 bytes in the two data block header fields.
Access Control Rule UUID	uint8[16]	A rule ID that acts as the unique identifier for the rule in the access control policy associated with the connection event.
Access Control Rule ID	uint32	The internal identifier for the rule in the access control policy associated with the connection event.
String Block Type	uint32	Initiates a String data block containing the name of the access control rule. This value is always o.
String Block Length	uint32	The number of bytes included in the String data block, including eight bytes for the block type and header fields plus the number of bytes in the rule name.
Access Control Rule Name	string	The access control rule name.

Managed Device Record Metadata

The eStreamer service transmits metadata containing information on the managed device associated with an intrusion event within a Managed Device record, the format of which is shown below. Managed device metadata is sent when the Version 4 metadata flag—bit 20 in the Request Flags field of a request message—is set. See Request Flags, page 2-11.) Note that the Record Type field, which appears after the Message Length field, has a value of 123, indicating a Managed Device record.

Byte	0	1	2	3										
Bit	0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7	8 9 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 5	1 1 1 1 2 2 2 2 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3	2 2 2 2 2 2 3 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1										
	Header V	ersion (1)	Message '	Type (4)										
		Message	e Length											
	Record Length													
	Device ID													
	Name Length													
		Nan	ne											

The following table describes the fields in the Managed Device record.

Table 3-17 Managed Device Record Fields

Field	Data Type	Description
Device ID	uint32	ID number of the managed device.
Name Length	uint32	The number of bytes included in the name.
Name	string	The managed device name.

Malware Event Record 5.1.1+

The fields in the malware event record are shaded in the following graphic. The record type is 125.

You request malware event records by setting the malware event flag—bit 30 in the Request Flags field—in the request message with an event version of 2 and an event code of 101. See Request Flags, page 2-11. If you enable bit 23, an extended event header is included in the record. It contains a Malware Event data block, one of block types 24, 33, 35, 44, or 47 in the series 2 set of data blocks.

Byte					0						1										2	2					3							
Bit	0	1	2	2 3	4		5	6	7	8	9	1	1	1 2	1 3	1 4	1 5	16	1 7	1 8	19	2	2	2 2	2 3	2 4	2 5	2 6	2 7	2 8	2	3 0 1		
	Header Version (1)																		l	Мe	ssa	ige	Ту	pe	(4))	•		·					
	Message														e Length																			
	Record Type (125)																																	
	Record Length															1																		
	eStreamer Server Timestamp (in events, only if bit 23 is set)																																	
								Re	sei	rv	ed f	or l	Fut	ure	e U	se	(in	ev	ent	s,	onl	y i	f b	it 2	3 i	s s	et)							
													M	alw	are	e E	vei	nt I	Malware Event Data Block															

The following table describes each malware event record data field.

Table 3-18 Malware Event Record Fields

Field	Data Type	Description
Malware Event Data Block		Indicates a malware event data block. See Malware Event Data Block 5.4+, page 3-74 for more information.

Collective Security Intelligence Cloud Name Metadata

The eStreamer service transmits metadata containing information on the name of the Collective Security Intelligence Cloud (referred to as the Cisco cloud or simply cloud) associated with an intrusion event or connection event within a Collective Security Intelligence Cloud Name record, the format of which is

shown below. (Cisco cloud name information is sent when the Version 4 metadata flag—bit 20 in the Request Flags field of a request message—is set. See Request Flags, page 2-11.) Note that the Record Type field, which appears after the Message Length field, has a value of 127, indicating a Collective Security Intelligence Cloud Name record. It contains a UUID String data block, block type 14 in the series 2 set of data blocks.

Byte	0				1				2				3										
Bit	0 1 2 3 4 5	6 7 8	8 9	1	1	1 1 2	1 4	1 5	16	1 7	18	1	2	2	2 2	2	2 2 4 5	2 6	2 7	2 8	9	3	3
	Head	ler Ver	sion	(1)									N	Лes	ssa	ge	Тур	(4))				
	Message Length																						
	Record Type (127)																						
	Record Length																						
	Collective Security Intelligence Cloud Name Data Block (14)																						
	Collective Security Intelligence Cloud Name Data Block Length																						
	Collective Security Intelligence Cloud UUID																						
		Colle	ectiv	e S	ecu	rity	Inte	elli	gen	ice	Cl	ou	d U	JUI	D,	co	nt.						
		Colle	ectiv	e S	ecu	rity	Inte	elli	gen	ice	Cl	ou	d U	JUI	D,	co	nt.						
	Collective Security Intelligence Cloud UUID, cont.																						
	String Block Type (0)																						
	String Block Length																						
		Co	llect	ive	Se	curi	ity I	nte	llig	gen	ce (Clo	ouc	lΝ	am	e							

The following table describes the fields in the Collective Security Intelligence Cloud Name data block.

Table 3-19 Collective Security Intelligence Cloud Name Data Block Fields

Field	Data Type	Description
Collective Security Intelligence Cloud Name Data Block	uint32	Initiates a Collective Security Intelligence Cloud Name data block. This value is always 14. The block type is a series 2 block.
Туре		
Collective Security Intelligence Cloud Name Data Block Length	uint32	Length of the data block. Includes the number of bytes of data plus the 8 bytes in the two data block header fields.

Field	Data Type	Description
Collective Security Intelligence Cloud UUID	uint8[16]	A Collective Security Intelligence Cloud ID number that acts as a unique identifier for the Collective Security Intelligence Cloud associated with the connection event.
String Block Type	uint32	Initiates a String data block containing the name of the Collective Security Intelligence Cloud. This value is always 0.
String Block Length	uint32	The number of bytes included in the Collective Security Intelligence Cloud Name String data block, including eight bytes for the block type and header fields plus the number of bytes in the Collective Security Intelligence Cloud name.
Collective Security Intelligence Cloud Name	string	The Collective Security Intelligence Cloud name.

Table 3-19 Collective Security Intelligence Cloud Name Data Block Fields (continued)

Malware Event Type Metadata

The eStreamer service transmits metadata containing malware event type information for an event within a malware event type record, the format of which is shown below. (Malware event type information is sent when the metadata flag, bit 20 in the request flags field of a request message, is set. See Request Flags, page 2-11.) Note that the record type field, which appears after the message length field, has a value of 128, indicating a malware event type record.

Byte	0	1	2	3					
Bit	0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7	8 9 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 5	1 1 1 1 2 2 2 2 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3	2 2 2 2 2 2 3 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1					
	Header V	Version (1)	Message Type (4)						
		Message	Length						
	Record Type (128)								
	Record Length								
	Malware Event Type ID								
	Malware Event Type Length								
	Malware Event Type								

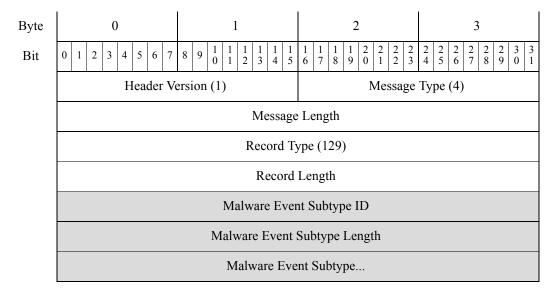
The following table describes the fields in the malware event type record.

Table 3-20 Malware Event Type Record Fields

Field	Data Type	Description
Malware Event Type ID	uint32	The malware event type ID number.
Malware Event Type Length	uint32	The number of bytes included in the malware event type.
Malware Event Type	string	The type of malware event.

Malware Event Subtype Metadata

The eStreamer service transmits metadata containing malware event subtype information for an event within a malware event subtype record, the format of which is shown below. (Malware event type information is sent when the metadata flag, bit 20 in the request flags field of a request message, is set. See Request Flags, page 2-11.) Note that the record type field, which appears after the message length field, has a value of 129, indicating a malware event subtype record.



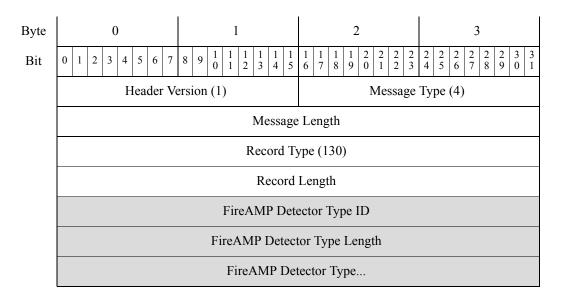
The following table describes the fields in the malware event subtype record.

Table 3-21 Malware Event Subtype Record Fields

Field	Data Type	Description
Malware Event Subtype ID	uint32	The malware event subtype ID number.
Malware Event Subtype Length	uint32	The number of bytes included in the malware event subtype.
Malware Event Subtype	string	The malware event subtype.

FireAMP Detector Type Metadata

The eStreamer service transmits metadata containing FireAMP detector type information for an event within a FireAMP Detector Type record, the format of which is shown below. (FireAMP detector type information is sent when one of the metadata flags—bits 1, 14, 15, or 20 in the Request Flags field of a request message—is set. See Request Flags, page 2-11.) Note that the Record Type field, which appears after the Message Length field, has a value of 130, indicating a FireAMP detector type record.



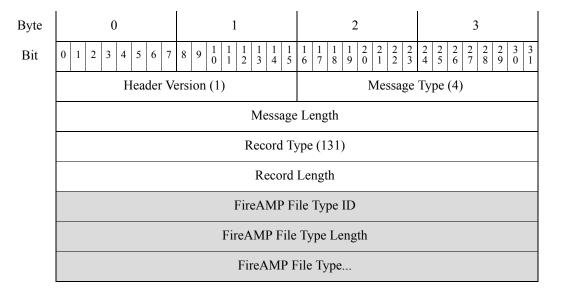
The following table describes the fields in the FireAMP Detector Type record.

Table 3-22 FireAMP Detector Type Record Fields

Field	Data Type	Description
FireAMP Detector Type ID	uint32	The FireAMP detector type ID number.
FireAMP Detector Type Length	uint32	The number of bytes included in the FireAMP detector type.
FireAMP Detector Type	string	The type of FireAMP detector.

FireAMP File Type Metadata

The eStreamer service transmits metadata containing FireAMP file type information for an event within a FireAMP File Type record, the format of which is shown below. (FireAMP file type information is sent when one of the metadata flags—bits 1, 14, 15, or 20 in the Request Flags field of a request message—is set. See Request Flags, page 2-11.) Note that the Record Type field, which appears after the Message Length field, has a value of 131, indicating a FireAMP file type record.



The following table describes the fields in the FireAMP File Type record.

Table 3-23 FireAMP File Type Record Fields

Field	Data Type	Description
FireAMP File Type ID	uint32	The FireAMP file type ID number.
FireAMP File Type Length	uint32	The number of bytes included in the FireAMP file type.
FireAMP File Type	string	The type of detected file.

Correlation Event for 5.4+

Correlation events (called compliance events in pre-5.0 versions) contain information about correlation policy violations. This message uses the standard eStreamer message header and specifies a record type of 112, followed by a correlation data block of type 156 in the series 1 set of data blocks. Data block type 156 differs from its predecessor (block type 128) in including IPv6 support.

The 5.4+ version of correlation events has new fields for geolocation, Security Intelligence, and SSL support.

You can request 5.4+ correlation events from eStreamer only by extended request, for which you request event type code 31 and version code 9 in the Stream Request message (see Submitting Extended Requests, page 2-4 for information about submitting extended requests). You can optionally enable bit 23 in the flags field of the initial event stream request message, to include the extended event header. You can also enable bit 20 in the flags field to include user metadata.

Byte

Bit

0	1	2	3				
0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7	8 9 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 5	1 1 1 1 2 2 2 2 2 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3	2 2 2 2 2 2 3 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1				
Header Ve	ersion (1)	Message	Type (4)				
	Message	Length					
Netma	ap ID	Record T	ype (112)				
	Record	Length					
eStream	er Server Timestamp (in events, only if bit 23	3 is set)				
Reser	ved for Future Use (in	events, only if bit 23 i	s set)				
	Correlation Blo	ock Type (156)					
	Correlation B	Block Length					
	Devic	ee ID					
	(Correlation) l	Event Second					
	Even	ıt ID					
	Polic	y ID					
	Rule	: ID					
	Prio	rity					
	String Bloc	k Type (0)		Event Description			
	String Bloo	ck Length		Description			
	Description		Event Type				
	Event De	evice ID					
	Signati	ure ID					
	Signature Generator ID						
	Event Defi	ned Mask					
Event Impact Flags	IP Protocol	Network					

Byte	0	1	2	3	
Bit	0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7	8 9 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 5	1 1 1 1 1 2 2 2 2 3	2 2 2 2 2 2 3 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1	
		Sourc	ee IP		
	Source Host Type	Source V	LAN ID	Source OS Fprt UUID	Source OS Fprt UUID
		Source OS Fingerpri	nt UUID, continued		
		Source OS Fingerpri	nt UUID, continued		
		Source OS Fingerpri	nt UUID, continued		
	Source O	S Fingerprint UUID, co	ontinued	Source Criticality	
	Source Criticality, cont		Source User ID		
	Source User ID, cont	Source	e Port	Source Server ID	
	Sou	arce Server ID, continu	ed	Destination IP	
	D	estination IP, continued	d	Dest. Host Type	
	Dest. VI	LAN ID	Destination OS F	ingerprint UUID	Dest OS Fingerprint
	1	Destination OS Fingerp	orint UUID, continued		ŬUĪD
	1	Destination OS Fingerp	orint UUID, continued		
	1	Destination OS Fingerp	orint UUID, continued		
	Destination OS Fi		Destination	Criticality	
		Dest. U	ser ID		
	Destinat	ion Port	Destination	Server ID	
	Destination Se	rver ID, cont.	Impact	Blocked	
		Intrusion	n Policy		
		Intrusion Police	cy, continued		
		Rule A	action		

Byte

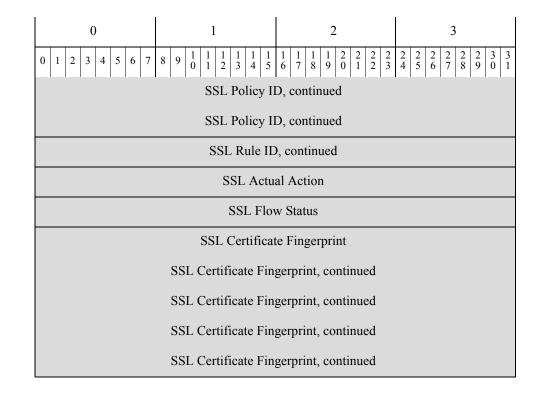
Bit

0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 2 3 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1 1	
String Block Type (0)	NetBIOS
String Block Length	Domain
NetBIOS Domain	
URL Category	
URL Reputation	
String Block Type (0)	URL
String Block Length	
URL	
Client ID	
String Block Type (0)	Client Version
String Block Length	
Client Version	
Access Control Policy Revision	
Access Control Policy Revision, continued	
Access Control Policy Revision, continued	
Access Control Policy Revision, continued	
Access Control Rule ID	
Ingress Interface UUID	
Ingress Interface UUID, continued	
Ingress Interface UUID, continued	
Ingress Interface UUID, continued	
Egress Interface UUID	
Egress Interface UUID, continued	
Egress Interface UUID, continued	
Egress Interface UUID, continued	
Ingress Zone UUID	

Byte	0	1	2	3		
Bit	0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7	8 9 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 5	1 1 1 1 1 2 2 2 2 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3	2 2 2 2 2 2 3 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1		
	Ingress Zone UUID, continued					
		Ingress Zone UU	JID, continued			
		Ingress Zone UU	JID, continued			
		Egress Zor	ne UUID			
		Egress Zone UU	JID, continued			
		Egress Zone UU	JID, continued			
		Egress Zone UU				
		Source IPve				
		Source IPv6 Add				
		Source IPv6 Add				
		Source IPv6 Add				
	Destination IPv6 Address					
		Destination IPv6 A				
		Destination IPv6 A				
	Destination IPv6 Address, continued Source Country Destination Country					
	Source			n Country		
		Security Intelli				
		Security Intelligence				
		Security Intelligence Security Intelligence				
		Security Interrigence				
		Security Conte				
		Security Conte				
		Security Conte				
		SSL Pol				
		SSL Policy II				
		SSE I ONLY II	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,			

Byte

Bit



Note that the record structure includes a String block type, which is a block in series 1. For information about series 1 blocks, see Understanding Discovery (Series 1) Blocks, page 4-54.

Table 3-24 Correlation Event 5.4+ Data Fields

Field	Data Type	Description		
Correlation Block Type	uint32	Indicates a correlation event data block follows. This field always has a value of 156. See Understanding Discovery (Series 1) Blocks, page 4-54.		
Correlation Block Length	uint32	Length of the correlation data block, which includes 8 bytes for the correlation block type and length plus the correlation data that follows.		
Device ID	uint32	Internal identification number of the managed device or Management Center that generated the correlation event. A value of zero indicates the Management Center. You can obtain managed device names by requesting Version 3 metadata. See Managed Device Record Metadata, page 3-32 for more information.		
(Correlation) Event Second	uint32	UNIX timestamp indicating the time that the correlation event was generated (in seconds from 01/01/1970).		
Event ID	uint32	Correlation event identification number.		
Policy ID	uint32	Identification number of the correlation policy that was violated. So Server Record, page 4-14 for information about how to obtain policidentification numbers from the database.		
Rule ID	uint32	Identification number of the correlation rule that triggered to violate the policy. See Server Record, page 4-14 for information about how to obtain policy identification numbers from the database.		

Table 3-24 Correlation Event 5.4+ Data Fields (continued)

Field	Data Type	e Description		
Priority	uint32	Priority assigned to the event. This is an integer value from 0 to 5.		
String Block Type	uint32	Initiates a string data block that contains the correlation violation event description. This value is always set to 0. For more information about string blocks, see String Data Block, page 4-62.		
String Block Length	uint32	Number of bytes in the event description string block, which includes four bytes for the string block type and four bytes for the string block length, plus the number of bytes in the description.		
Description	string	Description of the correlation event.		
Event Type	uint8	Indicates whether the correlation event was triggered by an intrusion, host discovery, or user event:		
		• 1 - intrusion		
		• 2 - host discovery		
		• 3 - user		
Event Device ID	uint32	Identification number of the device that generated the event that triggered the correlation event. You can obtain device name by requesting Version 3 metadata. See Managed Device Record Metadata, page 3-32 for more information.		
Signature ID	uint32	If the event was an intrusion event, indicates the rule identification number that corresponds with the event. Otherwise, the value is 0.		
Signature Generator ID	uint32	If the event was an intrusion event, indicates the ID number of the Firepower System preprocessor or rules engine that generated the event.		
(Trigger) Event Second	uint32	UNIX timestamp indicating the time of the event that triggered the correlation policy rule (in seconds from 01/01/1970).		
(Trigger) Event Microsecond	uint32	Microsecond (one millionth of a second) increment that the event was detected.		
Event ID	uint32	Identification number of the event generated by the Cisco device.		
Event Defined Mask	bits[32]	Set bits in this field indicate which of the fields that follow in the message are valid. See Table 3-23 on page 3-38 for a list of each bit value.		

Table 3-24 Correlation Event 5.4+ Data Fields (continued)

Field	Data Type	e Description		
Event Impact Flags	bits[8]	Impact flag value of the event. The low-order eight bits indicate the impact level. Values are:		
		• 0x01 (bit 0) — Source or destination host is in a network monitored by the system.		
		• 0x02 (bit 1) — Source or destination host exists in the network map.		
		• 0x04 (bit 2) — Source or destination host is running a server on the port in the event (if TCP or UDP) or uses the IP protocol.		
		• 0x08 (bit 3) — There is a vulnerability mapped to the operating system of the source or destination host in the event.		
		• 0x10 (bit 4) — There is a vulnerability mapped to the server detected in the event.		
		• 0x20 (bit 5) — The event caused the managed device to drop the session (used only when the device is running in inline, switched, or routed deployment). Corresponds to blocked status in the Firepower System web interface.		
		• 0x40 (bit 6) — The rule that generated this event contains rule metadata setting the impact flag to red. The source or destination host is potentially compromised by a virus, trojan, or other piece of malicious software.		
		• 0x80 (bit 7) — There is a vulnerability mapped to the client detected in the event. (version 5.0+ only)		
		The following impact level values map to specific priorities on the Management Center. An x indicates the value can be 0 or 1:		
		• gray (0, unknown): 00x00000		
		• red (1, vulnerable): xxxx1xxx, xxx1xxxx, x1xxxxxx, 1xxxxxxx (version 5.0+ only)		
		• orange (2, potentially vulnerable): 00x0011x		
• y		• yellow (3, currently not vulnerable): 00x0001x		
		• blue (4, unknown target): 00x00001		
IP Protocol	uint8	Identifier of the IP protocol associated with the event, if applicable.		
Network Protocol	uint16	Network protocol associated with the event, if applicable.		
Source IP Address	uint8[4]	This field is reserved but no longer populated. The Source IPv4 address is stored in the Source IPv6 Address field. See IP Addresses, page 1-5 for more information.		
Source Host	uint8	Source host's type:		
• 0 — H		• 0 — Host		
• 1 — Router		• 1 — Router		
		• 2 — Bridge		

Table 3-24 Correlation Event 5.4+ Data Fields (continued)

Field	Data Type	Description		
Source VLAN ID	uint16	Source host's VLAN identification number, if applicable.		
Source OS Fingerprint UUID	uint8[16]	A fingerprint ID number that acts a unique identifier for the source host's operating system.		
COID		See Server Record, page 4-14 for information about obtaining the values that map to the fingerprint IDs.		
Source	uint16	User-defined criticality value for the source host:		
Criticality		• 0 — None		
		• 1 — Low		
		• 2 — Medium		
_		• 3 — High		
Source User ID	uint32	Identification number for the user logged into the source host, as identified by the system.		
Source Port	uint16	Source port in the event.		
Source Server ID	uint32	Identification number for the server running on the source host.		
Destination IP Address	uint8[4]	This field is reserved but no longer populated. The Destination IPv4 address is stored in the Destination IPv6 Address field. See IP Addresses, page 1-5 for more information.		
Destination	uint8	Destination host's type:		
Host Type		• 0 — Host		
		• 1 — Router		
		• 2 — Bridge		
Destination VLAN ID	uint16	Destination host's VLAN identification number, if applicable.		
Destination OS Fingerprint	uint8[16]	A fingerprint ID number that acts as a unique identifier for the destination host's operating system.		
UUID		See Server Record, page 4-14 for information about obtaining the values that map to the fingerprint IDs.		
Destination	uint16	User-defined criticality value for the destination host:		
Criticality		• 0 — None		
		• 1 — Low		
		• 2 — Medium		
		• 3 — High		
Destination User ID	uint32	Identification number for the user logged into the destination host, as identified by the system.		
Destination Port	uint16	Destination port in the event.		
Destination Service ID	uint32	Identification number for the server running on the source host.		

Table 3-24 Correlation Event 5.4+ Data Fields (continued)

Field	Data Type	e Description		
Impact	uint8	Impact flag value of the event. Values are:		
		• 1 — Red (vulnerable)		
		• 2 — Orange (potentially vulnerable)		
		• 3 — Yellow (currently not vulnerable)		
		• 4 — Blue (unknown target)		
		• 5 — Gray (unknown impact)		
Blocked	uint8	Value indicating what happened to the packet that triggered the intrusion event.		
		• 0 — Intrusion event not dropped		
		1 — Intrusion event was dropped (drop when deployment is inline, switched, or routed)		
		• 2 — The packet that triggered the event would have been dropped, if the intrusion policy had been applied to a device in inline, switched, or routed deployment.		
Intrusion Policy	uint8[16]	UUID of the Intrusion Policy associated with the event.		
Rule Action	uint32	The action selected in the user interface for the rule that triggered the event(allow, block, and so forth).		
String Block Type	uint32	Initiates a string data block that contains the NetBIOS Domain. This value is always set to 0. For more information about string blocks, see String Data Block, page 4-62.		
String Block Length	uint32	Number of bytes in the event description string block, which includes four bytes for the string block type and four bytes for the string block length, plus the number of bytes in the NetBIOS Domain.		
NetBIOS Domain	string	Name of the NetBIOS Domain.		
URL Category	uint32	The number designating the URL Category. See URL Category Record Metadata, page 4-22 for more information.		
URL Reputation	uint32	ID number of the URL reputation. See URL Reputation Record Metadata, page 4-23		
String Block Type	uint32	Initiates a string data block that contains the URL. This value is always set to 0. For more information about string blocks, see String Data Block, page 4-62.		
String Block Length	uint32	Number of bytes in the event description string block, which includes four bytes for the string block type and four bytes for the string block length, plus the number of bytes in the URL.		
URL	string	URL which triggered the correlation event.		
Client ID	uint32	ID number of the client which detected the event.		
String Block Type	uint32	Initiates a string data block that contains the Client Version. This value is always set to 0. For more information about string blocks, see String Data Block, page 4-62.		

Table 3-24 Correlation Event 5.4+ Data Fields (continued)

Field	Data Type Description		
String Block Length	uint32	Number of bytes in the event description string block, which includes four bytes for the string block type and four bytes for the string block length, plus the number of bytes in the Client Version.	
Client Version	string	Version of the client which detected the event.	
Access Control Policy Revision	uint8[16]	Revision number of the rule associated with the triggered correlation event.	
Access Control Rule ID	uint32	Internal identifier for the rule that triggered the event.	
Ingress Interface UUID	uint8[16]	An interface ID that acts as the unique identifier for the ingress interface associated with correlation event.	
Egress Interface UUID	uint8[16]	An interface ID that acts as the unique identifier for the egress interface associated with correlation event.	
Ingress Zone UUID	uint8[16]	A zone ID that acts as the unique identifier for the ingress security zone associated with correlation event.	
Egress Zone UUID	uint8[16]	A zone ID that acts as the unique identifier for the egress security zone associated with correlation event.	
Source IPv6 Address	uint8[16]	IP address of the source host in the event, in IPv6 address octets.	
Destination IPv6 Address	uint8[16]	IP address of the destination host in the event, in IPv6 address octets.	
Source Country	uint16	Code for the country of the source host.	
Destination Country	uint16	Code for the country of the destination host.	
Security Intelligence UUID	uint8[16]	The UUID of the access control policy configured for Security Intelligence.	
Security Context	uint8[16]	ID number for the security context (virtual firewall) that the traffic passed through. Note that the system only populates this field for ASA FirePOWER devices in multi-context mode.	
SSL Policy ID	uint8[16]	ID number of the SSL policy that handled the connection.	
SSL Rule ID	uint32	ID number of the SSL rule or default action that handled the connection.	

Table 3-24 Correlation Event 5.4+ Data Fields (continued)

Field	Data Type	Description		
SSL Actual Action	uint32	The action performed on the connection based on the SSL Rule. The may differ from the expected action, as the action as specified in the rule may be impossible. Possible values include:		
		• 0 — 'Unknown'		
		• 1 — 'Do Not Decrypt'		
		• 2 — 'Block'		
		• 3 — 'Block With Reset'		
		• 4 — 'Decrypt (Known Key)'		
		• 5 — 'Decrypt (Replace Key)'		
		• 6 — 'Decrypt (Resign)'		

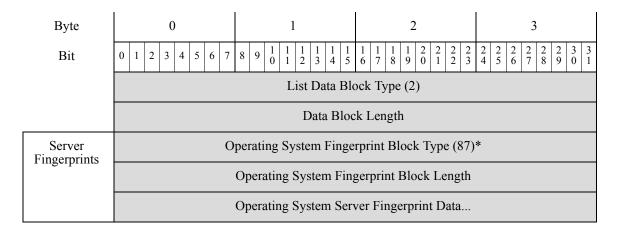
Table 3-24 Correlation Event 5.4+ Data Fields (continued)

Field	Data Type	Description
SSL Flow Status	uint32	Status of the SSL Flow. These values describe the reason behind
		the action taken or the error message seen. Possible values
		include:
		• 0 — 'Unknown'
		• 1 — 'No Match'
		• 2 — 'Success'
		• 3 — 'Uncached Session'
		• 4 — 'Unknown Cipher Suite'
		• 5 — 'Unsupported Cipher Suite'
		• 6 — 'Unsupported SSL Version'
		• 7 — 'SSL Compression Used'
		8 — 'Session Undecryptable in Passive Mode'
		• 9 — 'Handshake Error'
		• 10 — 'Decryption Error'
		• 11 — 'Pending Server Name Category Lookup'
		• 12 — 'Pending Common Name Category Lookup'
		• 13 — 'Internal Error'
		• 14 — 'Network Parameters Unavailable'
		• 15 — 'Invalid Server Certificate Handle'
		• 16 — 'Server Certificate Fingerprint Unavailable'
		• 17 — 'Cannot Cache Subject DN'
		• 18 — 'Cannot Cache Issuer DN'
		• 19 — 'Unknown SSL Version'
		• 20 — 'External Certificate List Unavailable'
		• 21 — 'External Certificate Fingerprint Unavailable'
		• 22 — 'Internal Certificate List Invalid'
		• 23 — 'Internal Certificate List Unavailable'
		• 24 — 'Internal Certificate Unavailable'
		• 25 — 'Internal Certificate Fingerprint Unavailable'
		• 26 — 'Server Certificate Validation Unavailable'
		27 — 'Server Certificate Validation Failure'
		• 28 — 'Invalid Action'
SSL Certificate Fingerprint	uint8[20]	SHA1 hash of the SSL Server certificate.

Understanding Series 2 Data Blocks

Beginning in version 4.10.0, the eStreamer service uses a second series of data blocks to package certain records such as intrusion event extra data. See Table 3-25 on page 3-51 for a list of all block types in the series. Series 2 blocks, like series 1 blocks, support variable-length fields and hierarchies of nested blocks. The series 2 block types include primitive blocks that provide the same mechanism for encapsulating nested inner blocks as the series 1 primitive block types. However, series 2 blocks and series 1 blocks have separate numbering systems.

The following example shows the how primitive blocks are used. The list data block (series 2 block type 31) defines an array of operating system fingerprints (each of which is a type 87 block itself with variable length). The overall type 31 data block length is self-describing via the Data Block Length field, which contains the length of the data portion of the message, excluding the 8 bytes in the block type and block length fields.



In the following table, the Data Block Status field indicates whether the block is current (the latest version) or legacy (used in an older version and can still be requested through eStreamer).

Table 3-25 Series 2 Block Types

Туре	Content	Data Block Status	Description
0	String	Current	Encapsulates variable string data. See String Data Block, page 3-55 for more information.
1	BLOB	Current	Encapsulates binary data and is used specifically for banners. See BLOB Data Block, page 3-55 for more information.
2	List	Current	Encapsulates a list of other data blocks. See List Data Block, page 3-56 for more information.
3	Generic List	Current	Encapsulates a list of other data blocks. For deserialization, it is the equivalent of the List data block. See Generic List Data Block, page 3-57 for more information.
4	Event Extra Data	Current	Contains intrusion event extra data. See Intrusion Event Extra Data Record, page 3-24 for more information.

Table 3-25 Series 2 Block Types (continued)

Туре	Content	Data Block Status	Description
5	Extra Data Type	Current	Contains extra data metadata. See Intrusion Event Extra Data Metadata, page 3-26 for more information.
14	UUID String Mapping	Current	Block used by various metadata messages to map UUID values to descriptive strings. See UUID String Mapping Data Block, page 3-58.
15	Access Control Policy Rule ID Metadata	Current	Contains metadata for access control rules. See Access Control Policy Rule ID Metadata Block, page 3-59.
16	Malware Event	Legacy	Contains information on malware events, such as the malware detected or quarantined within a Collective Security Intelligence Cloud, the detection method, and hosts and users affected by the malware. See Malware Event Data Block 5.1, page B-38. Deprecated by block 24, Malware Event Data Block 5.3.1, page B-63.
19	ICMP Type Data Block	Current	Contains metadata describing ICMP types. See ICMP Type Data Block, page 3-60.
20	ICMP Code Data Block	Current	Contains metadata describing ICMP codes. See ICMP Code Data Block, page 3-61.
21	Access Control Policy Rule Reason Data Block	Current	Contains information explaining access control policy rule reasons. See Access Control Policy Rule Reason Data Block, page 3-62.
22	IP Reputation Category Data Block	Current	Contains information on IP reputation categories explaining why an IP address was blocked. See IP Reputation Category Data Block, page 3-63.
23	File Event	Legacy	Contains information on file events, such as the source, SHA hash, and the disposition of the file. See File Event for 5.1.1.x, page B-143. It is superseded by block 32, Access Control Policy Rule ID Metadata Block, page 3-59.
24	Malware Event	Legacy	Contains information on malware events, such as the malware detected or quarantined within a Collective Security Intelligence Cloud, the detection method, and hosts and users affected by the malware. See Malware Event Data Block 5.1.1.x, page B-43. Deprecates block 16, Malware Event Data Block 5.1, page B-38. Deprecated by block 33, Malware Event Data Block 5.3.1, page B-63.
25	Intrusion Event	Legacy	Contains information on intrusion events, including information to match intrusion events with connection and malware events. See Intrusion Event Record 5.1.1.x, page B-23. Deprecated by block 34, Intrusion Event Record 5.2.x, page B-12.

Table 3-25 Series 2 Block Types (continued)

Туре	Content	Data Block Status	Description
26	File Event SHA Hash	Legacy	Contains the SHA hash and name of files that have been identified as containing malware. See File Event SHA Hash for 5.1.1-5.2.x, page B-163. Deprecated by block 40, File Event SHA Hash for 5.3+, page 3-85.
27	Rule Documentation Data Block	Current	Contains information about rules used to generate events. See Rule Documentation Data Block for 5.2+, page 3-87 for more information.
28	Geolocation Data Block	Current	Contains country codes and associated country name. See Geolocation Data Block for 5.2+, page 3-90.
32	File Event	Legacy	Contains information on file events, such as the source, SHA hash, and the disposition of the file. See File Event for 5.2.x, page B-147. It deprecates File Event for 5.1.1.x, page B-143. Deprecated by block 38, File Event for 5.3, page B-151.
33	Malware Event	Current	Contains information on malware events, such as the malware detected or quarantined within a Collective Security Intelligence Cloud, the detection method, and hosts and users affected by the malware. See Malware Event Data Block 5.2.x, page B-49. Deprecates block 24, Malware Event Data Block 5.1.1.x, page B-43. Deprecated by block 35, Malware Event Data Block 5.3, page B-56.
34	Intrusion Event	Legacy	Contains information on intrusion events, including information to match intrusion events with connection and malware events. See Intrusion Event Record 5.2.x, page B-12. Deprecates block 25. Deprecated by block 41, Intrusion Event Record 5.3, page B-17.
35	Malware Event	Legacy	Contains information on malware events, including IOC information. See Malware Event Data Block 5.3, page B-56. Deprecates block 33, Malware Event Data Block 5.2.x, page B-49. Deprecated by block 44, Malware Event Data Block 5.3, page B-56.
38	File Event	Legacy	Contains information on file events, such as the source, SHA hash, and the disposition of the file. See File Event for 5.3, page B-151. It deprecates block 32. Deprecated by block 43, Malware Event Data Block 5.4+, page 3-74.
39	IOC Name Data Block	Current	Contains information about IOCs. See IOC Name Data Block for 5.3+, page 4-28
40	File Event SHA Hash	Current	Contains the SHA hash and name of files that have been identified as containing malware. See File Event SHA Hash for 5.3+, page 3-85. Deprecates block 26, File Event SHA Hash for 5.1.1-5.2.x, page B-163.

Table 3-25 Series 2 Block Types (continued)

Туре	Content	Data Block Status	Description
41	Intrusion Event	Legacy	Contains information on intrusion events, including information to match intrusion events with IOCs. See Intrusion Event Record 5.3, page B-17. Deprecates block 34. Deprecated by block 42, Intrusion Event Record 5.3.1, page B-29.
42	Intrusion Event	Current	Contains information on intrusion events, including information to match intrusion events with IOCs. See Intrusion Event Record 5.3.1, page B-29. Deprecates block 41, Intrusion Event Record 5.3, page B-17.
43	File Event	Legacy	Contains information on file events, such as the source, SHA hash, and the disposition of the file. See File Event for 5.3.1, page B-157. Deprecates block 38, File Event for 5.3, page B-151. Deprecated by block 46, File Event for 5.4+, page 3-64
44	Malware Event	Legacy	Contains information on malware events, including IOC information. See Malware Event Data Block 5.4+, page 3-74. Deprecates block 35, Malware Event Data Block 5.3, page B-56. Deprecated by block 47, Malware Event Data Block 5.4+, page 3-74
46	File Event	Current	Contains information on file events, such as the source, SHA hash, and the disposition of the file. See Malware Event Data Block 5.4+, page 3-74. Deprecates block 43, File Event for 5.3.1, page B-157.
47	Malware Event	Current	Contains information on malware events, including IOC information. See Malware Event Data Block 5.4+, page 3-74. Deprecates block 44, Malware Event Data Block 5.3.1, page B-63.

Series 2 Primitive Data Blocks

Both series 2 and series 1 blocks include a set of primitives that are used to encapsulate lists of variable-length blocks as well as variable-length strings and BLOBs within messages. These primitive blocks have the standard eStreamer block header discussed above in Data Block Header, page 2-24, but they appear only within other data blocks. Any number can be included in a given block type. For details on the structure of these blocks, see the following:

- String Data Block, page 3-55
- BLOB Data Block, page 3-55
- List Data Block, page 3-56
- Generic List Data Block, page 3-57

String Data Block

The eStreamer service uses the String data block to send string data in messages. These blocks commonly appear within other data blocks to identify, for example, operating system or server names.

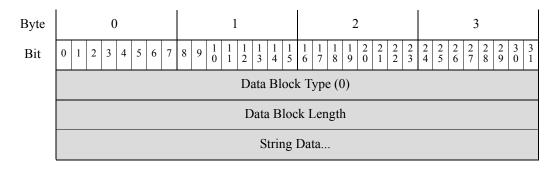
Empty String data blocks (containing no data, only the header fields) have a block length of 8. eStreamer uses an empty String data block when it has no content for a string value, as might happen, for example, in the OS vendor string field in an Operating System data block when the vendor of the operating system is unknown.

The String data block has a block type of 0 in the series 2 group of blocks.



Strings returned in this data block are not always null-terminated (that is, the string characters are not always followed by a 0).

The following diagram shows the format of the String data block:



The following table describes the fields of the String data block.

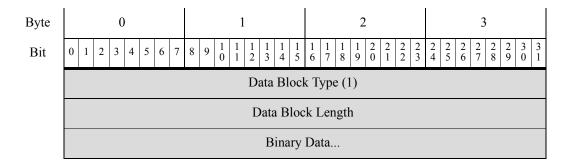
Table 3-26 String Block Fields

Field	Data Type	Description	
Data Block Type	uint32	nitiates a String data block. This value is always 0.	
Data Block Length	uint32	Combined length in bytes of the string data block header and string data.	
String Data	string	Contains the string data and may contain a terminating character (null byte) at the end of the string.	

BLOB Data Block

The eStreamer service uses the BLOB data block to convey binary data. For example, host discovery records use the BLOB block to hold captured server banners. The BLOB data block has a block type of 1 in the series 2 group of blocks.

The following diagram shows the format of the BLOB data block:



The following table describes the fields of the BLOB data block.

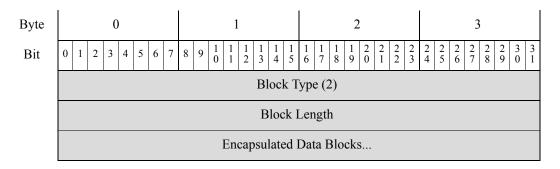
Table 3-27 BLOB Data Block Fields

Field	Data Type	Description	
Data Block Type	uint32	nitiates a BLOB data block. This value is always 1.	
Data Block Length	uint32	Number of bytes in the BLOB data block, including eight bytes for the BLOB block type and length fields, plus the length of the binary data that follows.	
Binary Data	variable	Contains binary data such as a server banner.	

List Data Block

The eStreamer service uses the List data block to encapsulate a list of data blocks. For example, eStreamer can use the List data block to send a list of TCP servers, each of which is itself a data block. The List data block has a block type of 2 in the series 2 group of blocks.

The following diagram shows the basic format of a List data block:



The following table describes the fields of the List data block.

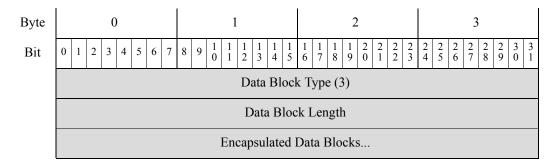
Table 3-28 List Data Fields

Field	Data Type	Description	
Block Type	uint32	Initiates a List data block. This value is always 2.	
Block Length	uint32	Number of bytes in the List block and encapsulated data. For example, if there were three Sub-Server data blocks included in the list, the value here would include the total number of bytes in the Sub-Server blocks, plus eight bytes for the List block header.	
Encapsulated Data Blocks	variable	Encapsulated data blocks up to the maximum number of bytes in the list block length.	

Generic List Data Block

The eStreamer service uses the Generic List data block to encapsulate a list of data blocks. For example, the Host Profile data block contains information about multiple client applications and uses the Generic List block to embed a list of Client Application data blocks in the message. The Generic List data block has a block type of 3 in the series 2 group of blocks.

The following diagram shows the basic structure of a Generic List data block:



The following table describes the fields of the Generic List data block.

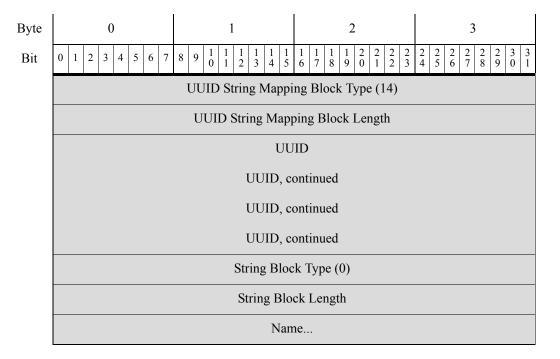
Table 3-29 Generic List Data Block Fields

Field	Number of Bytes	Description
Data Block Type	uint32	Initiates a Generic List data block. This value is always 3.
Data Block Length	uint32	Number of bytes in the Generic List block and encapsulated data blocks. This number includes the eight bytes of the generic list block header fields, plus the total number of bytes in all of the encapsulated data blocks.
Encapsulated Data Blocks	variable	Encapsulated data blocks up to the maximum number of bytes in the Generic List block length.

UUID String Mapping Data Block

The eStreamer service uses the UUID String Mapping data block in various metadata messages to map UUID values to descriptive strings. The UUID String Mapping data block has a block type of 14 in series 2.

The following diagram shows the structure of the UUID String Mapping data block.



The following table describes the fields in the UUID String Mapping data block.

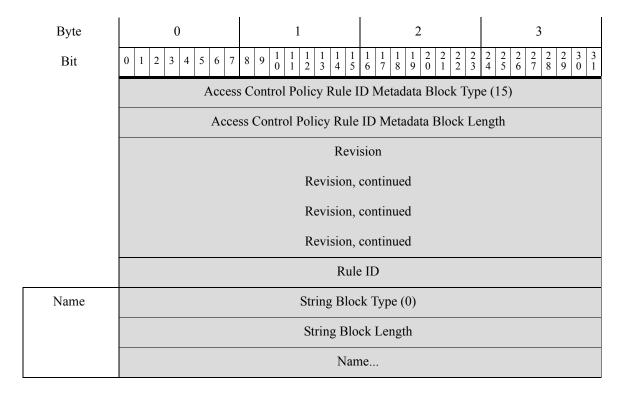
Table 3-30 UUID String Mapping Data Block Fields

Field	Data Type	Description	
UUID String Mapping Block Type	uint32	Initiates a UUID String Mapping block. This value is always 14.	
UUID String Mapping Block Length	uint32	Total number of bytes in the UUID String Mapping block, including eight bytes for the UUID String Mapping block type and length fields, plus the number of bytes of data that follows.	
UUID	uint8[16]	The unique identifier for the event or other object the UUID identifies.	
String Block Type	uint32	Initiates a String data block containing the descriptive name associated with the UUID. This value is always 0.	
String Block Length	uint32	The number of bytes included in the name String data block, including eight bytes for the block type and header fields plus the number of bytes in the Name field.	
Name	string	The descriptive name.	

Access Control Policy Rule ID Metadata Block

The eStreamer service uses the Access Control Policy Rule ID metadata block to contain information about access control policy rule IDs. This data block has a block type of 15 in series 2.

The following diagram shows the structure of the Access Control Policy Rule ID metadata block.



The following table describes the fields in the Access Control Policy Rule ID Metadata block.

Table 3-31 Access Control Policy Rule ID Metadata Block Fields

Field	Data Type	Description	
Access Control Policy Rule ID Metadata Block Type	uint32	Initiates a Access Control Policy Rule ID Metadata block. This value is always 15.	
Access Control Policy Rule ID Metadata Block Length	uint32	Total number of bytes in the Access Control Policy Rule ID block, including eight bytes for the Access Control Policy Rule ID metadata block type and length fields, plus the number of bytes of data that follows.	
Revision	uint8[16]	Revision number of the rule associated with the triggered correlation event.	
Rule ID	uint32	Internal identifier for the rule that triggered the event.	
String Block Type	uint32	Initiates a String data block containing the descriptive name associated with the access control policy rule. This value is always 0.	

Table 3-31 Access Control Policy Rule ID Metadata Block Fields (continued)

Field	Data Type	Description
String Block Length		The number of bytes included in the name String data block, including eight bytes for the block type and header fields plus the number of bytes in the Name field.
Name	string	The descriptive name of the access control policy rule.

ICMP Type Data Block

The eStreamer service uses the ICMP Type data block to contain information about ICMP Types. This data block has a record type of 260, and a block type of 19 in series 2.

The following diagram shows the structure of the ICMP Type data block.

Byte	0	1	2	3
Bit	0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7	8 9 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 5	1 1 1 1 2 2 2 2 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3	2 2 2 2 2 2 3 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1
	Header V	fersion (1)	Message	Type (4)
		Message	Length	
		Record Type (260)		
	ICMP Type Data Block Type (19)			
		ICMP Type Data	a Block Length	
	Ту	rpe	Prot	ocol
Description	String Block Type (0)			
	String Block Length			
		Descrip	otion	

The following table describes the fields in the ICMP Type data block.

Table 3-32 ICMP Type Data Block Fields

Field	Data Type	Description	
ICMP Type Data Block Type	uint32	Initiates an ICMP Type data block. This value is always 19.	
ICMP Type Data Block Length	uint32	Total number of bytes in the ICMP Type data block, including eight bytes for the ICMP Type data block type and length fields, plus the number of bytes of data that follows.	
Type	uint16	The ICMP type of the event.	

Table 3-32 ICMP Type Data Block Fields (continued)

Field	Data Type	Description	
Protocol	uint16	IANA-specified protocol number. For example:	
		• 0 — IP	
		• 1 — ICMP	
		• 6 — TCP • 17 — UDP	
		• 17 — UDP	
String Block Type	uint32	Initiates a String data block containing the description of the ICMP type. This value is always 0.	
String Block Length	uint32	The number of bytes included in the name String data block, including eight bytes for the block type and header fields plus the number of bytes in the Description field.	
Description	string	Description of the ICMP type for the event.	

ICMP Code Data Block

The eStreamer service uses the ICMP Code data block to contain information about access control policy rule IDs. This data block has a record type of 270, and block type of 20 in series 2.

The following diagram shows the structure of the Access Control Policy Rule ID metadata block.

Byte	0	1	2	3
Bit	0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9	$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	1 1 1 1 2 2 2 2 2 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3	2 2 2 2 2 2 3 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1
	Header Versio	on (1)	Message Type (4)	
		Message	Length	
	Record Type (270)			
	ICMP Code Data Block Type (20)			
	ICMP Code Data Block Length			
	Code		Ту	pe
Description	Protocol	Protocol		ek Type (0)
	String Block Type (0)), continued	String Blo	ck Length
	String Block Length	, continued	Descrip	otion

The following table describes the fields in the ICMP Code data block.

Table 3-33 ICMP Code Data Block Fields

Field	Data Type	Description	
ICMP Code Data Block Type	uint32	Initiates a ICMP Code data block. This value is always 20.	
ICMP Code Data Block Length	uint32	Total number of bytes in the ICMP Code data block, including eight bytes for the ICMP Code data block type and length fields, plus the number of bytes of data that follows.	
Code	uint16	The ICMP code of the event.	
Туре	uint16	The ICMP type of the event.	
Protocol	uint16	IANA-specified protocol number. For example: • 0 — IP • 1 — ICMP • 6 — TCP • 17 — UDP	
String Block Type	uint32	Initiates a String data block containing the description of the ICMP code. This value is always 0.	
String Block Length	uint32	The number of bytes included in the name String data block, including eight bytes for the block type and header fields plus the number of bytes in the Description field.	
Description	string	Description of the ICMP code for the event.	

Access Control Policy Rule Reason Data Block

The eStreamer service uses the Access Control Rule Policy Rule Reason Data block to contain information about access control policy rule IDs. This data block has a block type of 21 in series 2.

The following diagram shows the structure of the Access Control Policy Rule ID metadata block.

Byte	0 1 2 3		
Bit	0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 2 2 2 2 2 2	2 3 3 9 0 1	
	Access Control Policy Rule Reason Data Block Type (21)		
	Access Control Policy Rule Reason Data Block Length		
Description	Reason String Block Type (0)		
	String Block Type (0), continued String Block Length		
	String Block Length, continued Description		

The following table describes the fields in the Access Control Policy Rule ID metadata block.

Table 3-34 Access Control Policy Rule Reason Data Block Fields

Field	Data Type	Description
Access Control Policy Rule Reason Data Block Type	uint32	Initiates an Access Control Policy Rule Reason data block. This value is always 21.
Access Control Policy Rule Reason Data Block Length	uint32	Total number of bytes in the Access Control Policy Rule Reason data block, including eight bytes for the Access Control Policy Rule Reason data block type and length fields, plus the number of bytes of data that follows.
Reason	uint16	The number of the reason for the rule that triggered the event.
String Block Type	uint32	Initiates a String data block containing the description of the access control policy rule reason. This value is always 0.
String Block Length	uint32	The number of bytes included in the name String data block, including eight bytes for the block type and header fields plus the number of bytes in the Description field.
Description	string	Description of the reason for the rule.

IP Reputation Category Data Block

The eStreamer service uses the IP Reputation Category Data block to contain information about rule reputation categories. This data block has a block type of 22 in series 2.

The following diagram shows the structure of the IP Reputation Category data block.

Byte	0 1	2	3
Bit	0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 4	1 1 1 1 1 2 2 2 2 3 5 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3	2 2 2 2 2 2 3 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1
	IP Reputation Categ	ory Data Block Type (22))
	IP Reputation Category Data Block Length		
	Rule ID		
	Policy UUID		
	Policy UUID, continued		
	Policy UUID, continued		
	Policy UUID, continued		
Description	String Block Type (0)		
	String Block Length		
	Categ	ory Name	

The following table describes the fields in the IP Reputation Category Data Block.

Table 3-35 IP Reputation Category Data Block Fields

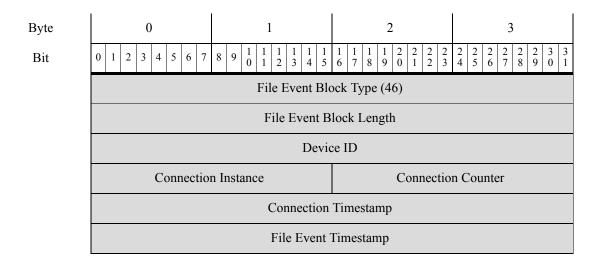
Field	Data Type	Description
IP Reputation Category Data Block Type	uint32	Initiates a IP Reputation Category data block. This value is always 22.
IP Reputation Category Data Block Length	uint32	Total number of bytes in the IP Reputation Category data block, including eight bytes for the IP Reputation Category data block type and length fields, plus the number of bytes of data that follows.
Rule ID	uint32	Internal identifier for the rule that triggered the event.
Policy UUID	uint8[16]	UUID of the policy that triggered the event.
String Block Type	uint32	Initiates a String data block containing the description of the IP Reputation Category. This value is always 0.
String Block Length	uint32	The number of bytes included in the Category Name String data block, including eight bytes for the block type and header fields plus the number of bytes in the Category Name field.
Category Name	string	Name of the category for the rule.

File Event for 5.4+

The file event contains information on files that are sent over the network. This includes the connection information, whether the file is malware, and specific information to identify the file. The file event has a block type of 46 in the series 2 group of blocks. It supersedes block type 43. Fields for SSL and file archive support have been added.

You request file event records by setting the file event flag—bit 30 in the Request Flags field—in the request message with an event version of 5 and an event code of 111. See Request Flags, page 2-11. If you enable bit 23, an extended event header is included in the record.

The following graphic shows the structure of the File Event data block.



Byte	0	1	2	3	
Bit	0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7	8 9 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 5	1 1 1 1 1 2 2 2 2 2 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3	2 2 2 2 2 2 3 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1	
	Source IP Address				
		Source IP Address, continued			
		Source IP Address, continued			
		Source IP Address, continued			
		Destination			
		Destination IP Ac			
		Destination IP Ac			
		Destination IP Ac	ddress, continued		
	Disposition	SPERO Disposition	File Storage Status	File Analysis Status	
	Archive File Status	Threat Score	Action	SHA Hash	
	SHA Hash, continued				
	SHA Hash, continued				
	SHA Hash, continued				
	SHA Hash, continued				
		SHA Hash, continued			
	SHA Hash, continued				
	SHA Hash, continued				
	SHA Hash, continued File Type ID			File Type ID	
File Name	File Type ID, cont. String Block Typ (0)			String Block Type (0)	
	String Block Type (0), cont. String Block Length				
	String Block Length, cont. File Name			File Name	
		File	Size		
		File Size,	continued		
	Direction Application ID				
	App ID, cont.		User ID		

Byte	0	1	2	3
Bit	0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7	8 9 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 5	1 1 1 1 2 2 2 2 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3	2 2 2 2 2 2 3 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1
URI	User ID, cont.		String Block Type (0)	
	String Block Type (0), cont.		String Block Length	
	String Block Length, cont.		URI	
Signature		String Bloc	ek Type (0)	
		String Blo	ck Length	
		Signa	ture	
	Source	e Port	Destina	tion Port
	Protocol	Acc	cess Control Policy UU	JID
		Access Control Police	cy UUID, continued	
		Access Control Police	cy UUID, continued	
		Access Control Police	cy UUID, continued	
	AC Pol UUID, cont.	Source (Country	Dst. Country
	Dst. Country, cont.		Web Application ID	
	Web App. ID, cont.		Client Application ID	
	Client App. ID, cont.		Security Context	
		Security Conto	ext, continued	
		Security Conto	ext, continued	
		Security Conto	ext, continued	
	Security Cont., cont.	SS	L Certificate Fingerpr	int
		SSL Certificate Fin	gerprint, continued	
		SSL Certificate Fin	gerprint, continued	
		SSL Certificate Fin	gerprint, continued	
		SSL Certificate Fin	gerprint, continued	

Byte	0	1	2	3
Bit	0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7	8 9 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 5	1 1 1 1 1 2 2 2 2 2 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3	2 2 2 2 2 2 3 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1
	SSL Cert. Fpt., cont.	SSL Actu	al Action	SSL Flow Status
Archive SHA	SSL Flow Stat., cont.		String Block Type (0)	
	Str. Blk Type, cont.		String Length	
	Str. Length, cont.		Archive SHA	
Archive Name	String Block Type (0)			
	String Block Length			
	Archive Name			
	Archive Depth			

The following table describes the fields in the file event data block.

Table 3-36 File Event Data Block for 5.4+ Fields

Field	Data Type	Description
File Event Block Type	uint32	Initiates whether file event data block. This value is always 46.
File Event Block Length	uint32	Total number of bytes in the file event block, including eight bytes for the file event block type and length fields, plus the number of bytes of data that follows.
Device ID	uint32	ID for the device that generated the event.
Connection Instance	uint16	Snort instance on the device that generated the event. Used to link the event with a connection or intrusion event.
Connection Counter	uint16	Value used to distinguish between connection events that happen during the same second.
Connection Timestamp	uint32	UNIX timestamp (seconds since 01/01/1970) of the associated connection event.
File Event Timestamp	uint32	UNIX timestamp (seconds since 01/01/1970) of when the file type is identified and the file event generated.
Source IP Address	uint8[16]	IPv4 or IPv6 address for the source of the connection.
Destination IP Address	uint8[16]	IPv4 or IPv6 address for the destination of the connection.

Table 3-36 File Event Data Block for 5.4+ Fields (continued)

Field	Data Type	Description
Disposition	uint8	The malware status of the file. Possible values include:
		• 1 — CLEAN The file is clean and does not contain malware.
		• 2 — UNKNOWN It is unknown whether the file contains malware.
		• 3 — MALWARE The file contains malware.
		 4 — UNAVAILABLE The software was unable to send a request to the Cisco cloud for a disposition, or the Cisco cloud services did not respond to the request.
		• 5 — CUSTOM SIGNATURE The file matches a user-defined hash, and is treated in a fashion designated by the user.
SPERO Disposition	uint8	Indicates whether the SPERO signature was used in file analysis. If the value is 1, 2, or 3, SPERO analysis was used. If there is any other value SPERO analysis was not used.
File Storage Status	uint8	The storage status of the file. Possible values are:
		• 1 — File Stored
		• 2 — File Stored
		• 3 — Unable to Store File
		• 4 — Unable to Store File
		• 5 — Unable to Store File
		• 6 — Unable to Store File
		• 7 — Unable to Store File
		• 8 — File Size is Too Large
		• 9 — File Size is Too Small
		• 10 — Unable to Store File
		• 11 — File Not Stored, Disposition Unavailable

Table 3-36 File Event Data Block for 5.4+ Fields (continued)

Field	Data Type	Description
File Analysis Status	uint8	Indicates whether the file was sent for dynamic analysis. Possible values are:
		• 0 — File Not Sent for Analysis
		• 1 — Sent for Analysis
		• 2 — Sent for Analysis
		• 4 — Sent for Analysis
		• 5 — Failed to Send
		• 6 — Failed to Send
		• 7 — Failed to Send
		• 8 — Failed to Send
		• 9 — File Size is Too Small
		• 10 — File Size is Too Large
		• 11 — Sent for Analysis
		• 12 — Analysis Complete
		• 13 — Failure (Network Issue)
		• 14 — Failure (Rate Limit)
		• 15 — Failure (File Too Large)
		• 16 — Failure (File Read Error)
		• 17 — Failure (Internal Library Error)
		• 19 — File Not Sent, Disposition Unavailable
		• 20 — Failure (Cannot Run File)
		• 21 — Failure (Analysis Timeout)
		• 22 — Sent for Analysis
		• 23 — File Not Supported

Table 3-36 File Event Data Block for 5.4+ Fields (continued)

Field	Data Type	Description
Archive File Status	uint8	The status of an archive being inspected. Can have the following values:
		• 0 — N/A — File is not being inspected as an archive
		• 1 — Pending — Archive is being inspected
		• 2 — Extracted — Successfully inspected without any problems
		• 3 — Failed — Failed to inspect, insufficient system resources
		• 4 — Depth Exceeded — Successful, but archive exceeded the nested inspection depth
		• 5 — Encrypted — Partially Successful, Archive was or contains an archive that is encrypted
		• 6 — Not Inspectable — Partially Successful, File is possibly Malformed or Corrupt
Threat Score	uint8	A numeric value from 0 to 100 based on the potentially malicious behaviors observed during dynamic analysis.
Action	uint8	The action taken on the file based on the file type. Can have the following values:
		• 1 — Detect
		• 2 — Block
		• 3 — Malware Cloud Lookup
		• 4 — Malware Block
		• 5 — Malware Whitelist
		• 6 — Cloud Lookup Timeout
		• 7 — Custom Detection
		8 — Custom Detection Block
		• 9 — Archive Block (Depth Exceeded)
		• 10 — Archive Block (Encrypted)
		• 11 — Archive Block (Failed to Inspect)
SHA Hash	uint8[32]	SHA-256 hash of the file, in binary format.
File Type ID	uint32	ID number that maps to the file type. The meaning of this field is transmitted in the metadata with this event. See FireAMP File Type Metadata, page 3-37 for more information.
File Name	string	Name of the file.
File Size	uint64	Size of the file in bytes.

Table 3-36 File Event Data Block for 5.4+ Fields (continued)

Field	Data Type	Description
Direction	uint8	Value that indicates whether the file was uploaded or downloaded. Can have the following values:
		• 1 — Download
		• 2 — Upload
		Currently the value depends on the protocol (for example, if the connection is HTTP it is a download).
Application ID	uint32	ID number that maps to the application using the file transfer.
User ID	uint32	ID number for the user logged into the destination host, as identified by the system.
URI	string	Uniform Resource Identifier (URI) of the connection.
Signature	string	SHA-256 hash of the file, in string format.
Source Port	uint16	Port number for the source of the connection.
Destination Port	uint16	Port number for the destination of the connection.
Protocol	uint8	IANA protocol number specified by the user. For example:
		• 1 — ICMP
		• 4 — IP
		• 6 — TCP
		• 17 — UDP
		This is currently only TCP.
Access Control Policy UUID	uint8[16]	Unique identifier for the access control policy that triggered the event.
Source Country	uint16	Code for the country of the source host.
Destination Country	uint16	Code for the country of the destination host.
Web Application ID	uint32	The internal identification number for the web application, if applicable.
Client Application ID	uint32	The internal identification number for the client application, if applicable.
Security Context	uint8(16)	ID number for the security context (virtual firewall) that the traffic passed through. Note that the system only populates this field for ASA FirePOWER devices in multi-context mode.
SSL Certificate Fingerprint	uint8[20]	SHA1 hash of the SSL Server certificate.

Table 3-36 File Event Data Block for 5.4+ Fields (continued)

Field	Data Type	Description
SSL Actual Action	uint16 The action performed on the connection based on the S Rule. This may differ from the expected action, as the action as specified in the rule may be impossible. Possi values include:	
		• 0 — 'Unknown'
		• 1 — 'Do Not Decrypt'
		• 2 — 'Block'
		• 3 — 'Block With Reset'
		• 4 — 'Decrypt (Known Key)'
		• 5 — 'Decrypt (Replace Key)'
		• 6 — 'Decrypt (Resign)'

Table 3-36 File Event Data Block for 5.4+ Fields (continued)

Field	Data Type	Description
SSL Flow Status	uint16	Status of the SSL Flow. These values describe the
		reason behind the action taken or the error message
		seen. Possible values include:
		• 0 — 'Unknown'
		• 1 — 'No Match'
		• 2 — 'Success'
		• 3 — 'Uncached Session'
		• 4 — 'Unknown Cipher Suite'
		• 5 — 'Unsupported Cipher Suite'
		• 6 — 'Unsupported SSL Version'
		• 7 — 'SSL Compression Used'
		8 — 'Session Undecryptable in Passive Mode'
		• 9 — 'Handshake Error'
		• 10 — 'Decryption Error'
		• 11 — 'Pending Server Name Category Lookup'
		• 12 — 'Pending Common Name Category Lookup'
		• 13 — 'Internal Error'
		• 14 — 'Network Parameters Unavailable'
		• 15 — 'Invalid Server Certificate Handle'
		• 16 — 'Server Certificate Fingerprint Unavailable'
		• 17 — 'Cannot Cache Subject DN'
		• 18 — 'Cannot Cache Issuer DN'
		• 19 — 'Unknown SSL Version'
		• 20 — 'External Certificate List Unavailable'
		• 21 — 'External Certificate Fingerprint Unavailable'
		• 22 — 'Internal Certificate List Invalid'
		• 23 — 'Internal Certificate List Unavailable'
		• 24 — 'Internal Certificate Unavailable'
		• 25 — 'Internal Certificate Fingerprint Unavailable'
		• 26 — 'Server Certificate Validation Unavailable'
		• 27 — 'Server Certificate Validation Failure'
		• 28 — 'Invalid Action'
String Block Type	uint32	Initiates a String data block containing the Archive SHA. This value is always 0.

Table 3-36 File Event Data Block for 5.4+ Fields (continued)

Field	Data Type	Description	
String Block Length	uint32	The number of bytes included in the Archive SHA String data block, including eight bytes for the block type and header fields plus the number of bytes in the intrusion policy name.	
Archive SHA	string	SHA1 hash of the parent archive in which the file is contained.	
String Block Type	uint32	Initiates a String data block containing the Archive Name. This value is always 0.	
String Block Length	uint32	The number of bytes included in the Archive Name String data block, including eight bytes for the block type and header fields plus the number of bytes in the intrusion policy name.	
Archive Name	string	Name of the parent archive.	
Archive Depth	uint8	Number of layers in which the file is nested. For example, if a text file is in a zip archive, this has a value of 1.	

Malware Event Data Block 5.4+

The eStreamer service uses the malware event data block to store information on malware events. These events contain information on malware detected or quarantined within a cloud, the detection method, and hosts and users affected by the malware. The malware event data block has a block type of 47 in the series 2 group of blocks. It supersedes block 44. Fields for SSL and file archive support have been added.

You request the event as part of the malware event record by setting the malware event flag—bit 30 in the request flags field—in the request message with an event version of 6 and an event code of 101.

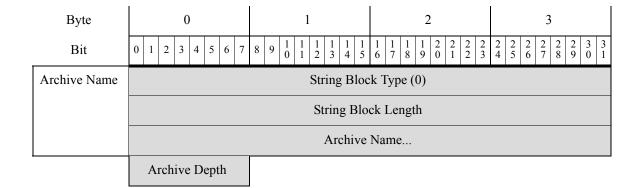
The following graphic shows the structure of the malware event data block:

Byte	0	1	2	3
Bit	0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7	8 9 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 5	1 1 1 1 2 2 2 2 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3	2 2 2 2 2 2 3 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1
	Malware Event Block Type (47)			
		Malware Event	Block Length	
	Agent UUID			
	Agent UUID, continued			
	Agent UUID, continued			
	Agent UUID, continued			
	Cloud UUID			
		Cloud UUID	, continued	

Byte	0	1	2	3
Bit	0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7	8 9 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 5	1 1 1 1 2 2 2 2 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3	2 2 2 2 2 2 3 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1
	Cloud UUID, continued			
		Cloud UUID, continued		
		Malware Ever	nt Timestamp	
		Event T	ype ID	
		Event Sul	btype ID	
Detection Name	Detector ID		String Block Type (0)	
1 (4.2.2)	String Block Type (0), cont.		String Block Length	
	String Block Length, cont.		Detection Name	
User		String Bloc	k Type (0)	
		String Bloo	ck Length	
		Use	er	
File Name	String Block Type (0)			
	String Block Length			
		File Na	ame	
File Path		String Bloc	ek Type (0)	
		String Bloo	ck Length	
		File P	ath	
File SHA Hash	String Block Type (0)			
	String Block Length			
	File SHA Hash			
		File	Size	
	File Type			
		File Tim	nestamp	

Byte	0	1	2	3
Bit	0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7	8 9 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 5	1 1 1 1 2 2 2 2 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3	2 2 2 2 2 2 3 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1
Parent File	String Block Type (0)			
Name		String Blo	ock Length	
		Parent Fil	le Name	
Parent File SHA Hash		String Bloo	ck Type (0)	
SHA Hash		String Blo	ock Length	
		Parent File	SHA Hash	
Event Description		String Bloo	ck Type (0)	
Bescription		String Blo	ock Length	
		Event Des	scription	
	Device ID			
	Connection Instance Connection Counter		on Counter	
	Connection Event Timestamp			
	Direction		Source IP Address	
		Source IP Add	ress, continued	
		Source IP Add	ress, continued	
		Source IP Add	ress, continued	
	Source IP, cont.		Destination IP Addres	s
		Destination IP A	ddress, continued	
		Destination IP A	ddress, continued	
		Destination IP A	ddress, continued	
	Destination IP,		Application ID	
	App. ID, cont.		User ID	
	User ID, cont.	Ac	cess Control Policy U	UID

Byte	0	1	2	3
Bit	0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7	8 9 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 5	1 1 1 1 2 2 2 2 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3	2 2 2 2 2 2 3 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1
		Access Control Police	cy UUID, continued	
		Access Control Police	cy UUID, continued	
		Access Control Police	cy UUID, continued	
URI	AC Pol UUID, cont.	Disposition	Retro. Disposition	Str. Block Type (0)
	String	g Block Type (0), conti	nued	String Block Length
	Strin	g Block Length, contir	nued	URI
	Source	e Port	Destinat	ion Port
	Source (Country	Destinatio	n Country
		Web Appl	ication ID	
		Client App	lication ID	
	Action	Protocol	Threat Score	IOC Number
	IOC Number, cont.		Security Context	
		Security Conte	ext, continued	
		Security Conto	ext, continued	
		Security Conto	ext, continued	
	Security Cont., cont.	SS	L Certificate Fingerpri	int
		SSL Certificate Fin	gerprint, continued	
		SSL Certificate Fin	gerprint, continued	
		SSL Certificate Fin	gerprint, continued	
		SSL Certificate Fin	gerprint, continued	
	SSL Cert Fpt, cont.	SSL Actu	al Action	SSL Flow Status
Archive SHA	SSL Flow Stat., cont.		String Block Type (0)	
	Str. Blk Type, cont.		String Block Type (0)	
	Str. Length, cont.		Archive SHA	



The following table describes the fields in the malware event data block.

Table 3-37 Malware Event Data Block for 5.4+ Fields

Field	Data Type	Description	
Malware Event Block Type	uint32	Initiates a malware event data block. This value is always 47.	
Malware Event Block Length	uint32	Total number of bytes in the malware event data block, including eight bytes for the malware event block type and length fields, plus the number of bytes of data that follows.	
Agent UUID	uint8[16]	The internal unique ID of the FireAMP agent reporting the malware event.	
Cloud UUID	uint8[16]	The internal unique ID of the Collective Security Intelligence Cloud from which the malware event originated.	
Malware Event Timestamp	uint32	The malware event generation timestamp.	
Event Type ID	uint32	The internal ID of the malware event type.	
Event Subtype ID	uint32	The internal ID of the action that led to malware detection.	
Detector ID	uint8	The internal ID of the detection technology that detected the malware.	
String Block Type	uint32	Initiates a String data block containing the detection name. This value is always 0.	
String Block Length	uint32	The number of bytes included in the Detection Name String data block, including eight bytes for the block type and header fields plus the number of bytes in the Detection Name field.	
Detection Name	string	The name of the detected or quarantined malware.	
String Block Type	uint32	Initiates a String data block containing the username. This value is always 0.	
String Block Length	uint32	The number of bytes included in the User String data block, including eight bytes for the block type and header fields plus the number of bytes in the User field.	

Table 3-37 Malware Event Data Block for 5.4+ Fields (continued)

Field	Data Type	Description
User	string	The user of the computer where the Cisco Agent is installed and where the malware event occurred. Note that these users are not tied to user discovery.
String Block Type	uint32	Initiates a String data block containing the file name. This value is always 0.
String Block Length	uint32	The number of bytes included in the File Name String data block, including eight bytes for the block type and header fields plus the number of bytes in the File Name field.
File Name	string	The name of the detected or quarantined file.
String Block Type	uint32	Initiates a String data block containing the file path. This value is always 0.
String Block Length	uint32	The number of bytes included in the File Path String data block, including eight bytes for the block type and header fields plus the number of bytes in the File Path field.
File Path	string	The file path, not including the file name, of the detected or quarantined file.
String Block Type	uint32	Initiates a String data block containing the file SHA hash. This value is always o.
String Block Length	uint32	The number of bytes included in the File SHA Hash String data block, including eight bytes for the block type and header fields plus the number of bytes in the File SHA Hash field.
File SHA Hash	string	The rendered string of the SHA-256 hash value of the detected or quarantined file.
File Size	uint32	The size in bytes of the detected or quarantined file.
File Type	uint32	The file type of the detected or quarantined file. The meaning of this field is transmitted in the metadata with this event. See FireAMP File Type Metadata, page 3-37 for more information.
File Timestamp	uint32	UNIX timestamp (seconds since 01/01/1970) of the creation of the detected or quarantined file.
String Block Type	uint32	Initiates a String data block containing the parent file name. This value is always 0.
String Block Length	uint32	The number of bytes included in the Parent File Name String data block, including eight bytes for the block type and header fields plus the number of bytes in the Parent File Name field.
Parent File Name	string	The name of the file accessing the detected or quarantined file when detection occurred.
String Block Type	uint32	Initiates a String data block containing the parent file SHA hash. This value is always o.

Table 3-37 Malware Event Data Block for 5.4+ Fields (continued)

Field	Data Type	Description	
String Block Length	uint32	The number of bytes included in the Parent File SHA Hash String data block, including eight bytes for the block type and header fields plus the number of bytes in the Parent File SHA Hash field.	
Parent File SHA Hash	string	The SHA-256 hash value of the parent file accessing the detected or quarantined file when detection occurred.	
String Block Type	uint32	Initiates a String data block containing the event description. This value is always 0.	
String Block Length	uint32	The number of bytes included in the Event Description String data block, including eight bytes for the block type and header fields plus the number of bytes in the Event Description field.	
Event Description	string	The additional event information associated with the event type.	
Device ID	uint32	ID for the device that generated the event.	
Connection Instance	uint16	Snort instance on the device that generated the event. Use to link the event with a connection or IDS event.	
Connection Counter	uint16	Value used to distinguish between connection events that happen during the same second.	
Connection Event Timestamp	uint32	Timestamp of the connection event.	
Direction	uint8	Indicates whether the file was uploaded or downloaded. Can have the following values:	
		• 1 — Download	
		• 2 — Upload	
		Currently the value depends on the protocol (for example, if the connection is HTTP it is a download).	
Source IP Address	uint8[16]	IPv4 or IPv6 address for the source of the connection.	
Destination IP Address	uint8[16]	IPv4 or IPv6 address for the destination of the connection.	
Application ID	uint32	ID number that maps to the application using the file transfer.	
User ID	uint32	Identification number for the user logged into the destination host, as identified by the system.	
Access Control Policy UUID	uint8[16]	Identification number that acts as a unique identifier for the access control policy that triggered the event.	

Table 3-37 Malware Event Data Block for 5.4+ Fields (continued)

Field	Data Type	Description
Disposition	uint8	The malware status of the file. Possible values include:
		• 1 — CLEAN The file is clean and does not contain malware.
		• 2 — UNKNOWN It is unknown whether the file contains malware.
		• 3 — MALWARE The file contains malware.
		• 4 — UNAVAILABLE The software was unable to send a request to the Cisco cloud for a disposition, or the Cisco cloud services did not respond to the request.
		• 5 — CUSTOM SIGNATURE The file matches a user-defined hash, and is treated in a fashion designated by the user.
Retrospective Disposition	uint8	Disposition of the file if the disposition is updated. If the disposition is not updated, this field contains the same value as the Disposition field. The possible values are the same as the Disposition field.
String Block Type	uint32	Initiates a String data block containing the URI. This value is always 0.
String Block Length	uint32	The number of bytes included in the URI data block, including eight bytes for the block type and header fields plus the number of bytes in the URI field.
URI	string	URI of the connection.
Source Port	uint16	Port number for the source of the connection.
Destination Port	uint16	Port number for the destination of the connection.
Source Country	uint16	Code for the country of the source host.
Destination Country	uint 16	Code for the country of the destination host.
Web Application ID	uint32	The internal identification number of the detected web application, if applicable.
Client Application ID	uint32	The internal identification number of the detected client application, if applicable.

Table 3-37 Malware Event Data Block for 5.4+ Fields (continued)

Field	Data Type	Description
Action	uint8	The action taken on the file based on the file type. Can have the following values:
		• 1 — Detect
		• 2 — Block
		• 3 — Malware Cloud Lookup
		• 4 — Malware Block
		• 5 — Malware Whitelist
		• 6 — Cloud Lookup Timeout
		• 7 — Custom Detection
		8 — Custom Detection Block
		• 9 — Archive Block (Depth Exceeded)
		• 10 — Archive Block (Encrypted)
		• 11 — Archive Block (Failed to Inspect)
Protocol	uint8	IANA protocol number specified by the user. For example:
		• 1 — ICMP
		• 4 — IP
		• 6 — TCP
		• 17 — UDP
		This is currently only TCP.
Threat Score	uint8	A numeric value from 0 to 100 based on the potentially malicious behaviors observed during dynamic analysis.
IOC Number	uint16	ID number of the compromise associated with this event.
Security Context	uint8(16)	ID number for the security context (virtual firewall) that the traffic passed through. Note that the system only populates this field for ASA FirePOWER devices in multi-context mode.
SSL Certificate Fingerprint	uint8[20]	SHA1 hash of the SSL Server certificate.

Table 3-37 Malware Event Data Block for 5.4+ Fields (continued)

Field	Data Type	Description
SSL Actual Action	uint16	The action performed on the connection based on the SSL Rule. This may differ from the expected action, as the action as specified in the rule may be impossible. Possible values include:
		• 0 — 'Unknown'
		• 1 — 'Do Not Decrypt'
		• 2 — 'Block'
		• 3 — 'Block With Reset'
		• 4 — 'Decrypt (Known Key)'
		• 5 — 'Decrypt (Replace Key)'
		• 6 — 'Decrypt (Resign)'

Table 3-37 Malware Event Data Block for 5.4+ Fields (continued)

Field	Data Type	Description
SSL Flow Status	uint16	Status of the SSL Flow. These values describe the reason
		behind the action taken or the error message seen.
		Possible values include:
		 0 — 'Unknown' 1 — 'No Match' 2 — 'Success' 3 — 'Uncached Session' 4 — 'Unknown Cipher Suite' 5 — 'Unsupported Cipher Suite' 6 — 'Unsupported SSL Version'
		• 7 — 'SSL Compression Used'
		• 8 — 'Session Undecryptable in Passive Mode'
		• 9 — 'Handshake Error'
		• 10 — 'Decryption Error'
		• 11 — 'Pending Server Name Category Lookup'
		• 12 — 'Pending Common Name Category Lookup'
		• 13 — 'Internal Error'
		• 14 — 'Network Parameters Unavailable'
		• 15 — 'Invalid Server Certificate Handle'
		• 16 — 'Server Certificate Fingerprint Unavailable'
		• 17 — 'Cannot Cache Subject DN'
		• 18 — 'Cannot Cache Issuer DN'
		• 19 — 'Unknown SSL Version'
		• 20 — 'External Certificate List Unavailable'
		• 21 — 'External Certificate Fingerprint Unavailable'
		• 22 — 'Internal Certificate List Invalid'
		• 23 — 'Internal Certificate List Unavailable'
		• 24 — 'Internal Certificate Unavailable'
		• 25 — 'Internal Certificate Fingerprint Unavailable'
		• 26 — 'Server Certificate Validation Unavailable'
		'Server Certificate Validation Failure'
<u> </u>		• 28 — 'Invalid Action'
String Block Type	uint32	Initiates a String data block containing the Archive SHA. This value is always 0.

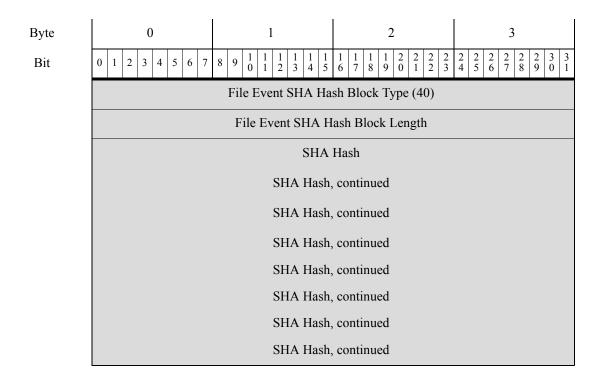
<i>Table 3-37</i>	Malware Event Data Block for 5.4+ Fields (continued)
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Field	Data Type	Description	
String Block Length	uint32	The number of bytes included in the Archive SHA String data block, including eight bytes for the block type and header fields plus the number of bytes in the intrusion policy name.	
Archive SHA	string	SHA1 hash of the parent archive in which the file is contained.	
String Block Type	uint32	Initiates a String data block containing the Archive Name. This value is always o.	
String Block Length	uint32	The number of bytes included in the Archive Name String data block, including eight bytes for the block type and header fields plus the number of bytes in the intrusion policy name.	
Archive Name	string	Name of the parent archive.	
Archive Depth	uint8	Number of layers in which the file is nested. For example, if a text file is in a zip archive, this has a value of 1.	

File Event SHA Hash for 5.3+

The eStreamer service uses the File Event SHA Hash data block to contain metadata of the mapping of the SHA hash of a file to its filename. The block type is 40 in the series 2 list of data blocks. It can be requested if file log events have been requested in the extended requests—event code 111—and either bit 20 is set or metadata is requested with an event version of 5 and an event code of 21.

The following diagram shows the structure of a file event hash data block:



Byte	0	1	2	3
Bit	0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7	8 9 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 5	1 1 1 1 2 2 2 2 2 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3	2 2 2 2 2 2 3 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1
File Name		String Bloc	ek Type (0)	
		String Blo	ck Length	
	File Name			
	Disposition	User Defined		

The following table describes the fields in the file event SHA hash data block.

Table 3-38 File Event SHA Hash Data Block Fields

Field	Data Type	Description	
File Event SHA Hash Block Type	uint32	Initiates a File Event SHA Hash block. This value is always 26.	
File Event SHA Hash Block Length	uint32	Total number of bytes in the File Event SHA Hash block, including eight bytes for the File Event SHA Hash block type and length fields, plus the number of bytes of data that follows.	
SHA Hash	uint8[32]	The SHA-256 hash of the file in binary format.	
String Block Type	uint32	Initiates a String data block containing the descriptive name associated with the file. This value is always 0.	
String Block Length	uint32	The number of bytes included in the name String data block, including eight bytes for the block type and header fields plus the number of bytes in the Name field.	
File Name or Disposition	string	The descriptive name or disposition of the file. If the file is clean, this value is Clean. If the file's disposition is unknown, the value is Neutral. If the file contains malware, the file name is given.	
Disposition	uint8	The malware status of the file. Possible values include:	
		• 1 — CLEAN The file is clean and does not contain malware.	
		• 2 — UNKNOWN It is unknown whether the file contains malware.	
		• 3 — MALWARE The file contains malware.	
		 4 — UNAVAILABLE The software was unable to send a request to the Cisco cloud for a disposition, or the Cisco cloud services did not respond to the request. 	
		• 5 — CUSTOM SIGNATURE The file matches a user-defined hash, and is treated in a fashion designated by the user	
User Defined	uint8	Indicated how the file name was provided:	
		• 0 — Defined by AMP	
		• 1 — User defined	

Rule Documentation Data Block for 5.2+

The eStreamer service uses the Rule Documentation data block to contain information about rules used to generate alerts. The block type is 27 in the series 2 set of data blocks. It can be requested with a host request message of type 10. See Host Request Message Format, page 2-24 for more information.

The following diagram shows the structure of a rule documentation data block:

Byte	0	1	2	3	
Bit	0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7	8 9 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 5	1 1 1 1 1 2 2 2 2 2 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3	2 2 2 2 2 2 3 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1	
	Rule Documentation Block Type (27)				
		Rule Documentation	on Block Length		
		Signatu	ire ID		
		Generat	tor ID		
		Revis	sion		
Summary		String Block	k Type (0)		
		String Bloc	ck Length		
		Summa	ary		
Impact		String Block	k Type (0)		
		String Bloc	ck Length		
		Impa	ct		
Detailed Info		String Block	k Type (0)		
		String Bloc	ck Length		
		Detailed In	formation		
Affected Systems		String Block	k Type (0)		
2,200		String Block Length			
		Affected S	ystems		
Attack Scenarios		String Block	k Type (0)		
255		String Bloc	ck Length		
		Attack Sce	enarios		

Byte	0	1	2	3
Bit	0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7	8 9 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 5	1 1 1 1 2 2 2 2 2 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3	2 2 2 2 2 2 3 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1
Ease of Attack		String Bloc	k Type (0)	
		String Bloo	ck Length	
		Ease of Attack		
False Positives		String Bloc	k Type (0)	
1 05111 05		String Bloo	ck Length	
		False Pos	sitives	
False Negatives		String Bloc	k Type (0)	
rvegatives		String Block Length		
	False Negatives			
Corrective Action	String Block Type (0) String Block Length			
1 2000				
		Corrective	Action	
Contributors	String Block Type (0)			
	String Block Length Contributors			
Additional References	String Block Type (0)			
references		String Bloo	ck Length	
	Additional References			

The following table describes the fields in the rule documentation data block.

Table 3-39 Rule Documentation Data Block Fields

Field	Data Type	Description
Rule Documentation Data Block Type	uint32	Initiates a Rule Documentation data block. This value is always 27.
Rule Documentation Data Block Length	uint32	Total number of bytes in the Rule Documentation data block, including eight bytes for the Rule Documentation data block type and length fields, plus the number of bytes of data that follows.
Rule ID (Signature ID)	uint32	Rule identification number that corresponds with the event.

Table 3-39 Rule Documentation Data Block Fields (continued)

Field	Data Type	Description	
Generator ID	uint32	Identification number of the FireSIGHT System preprocessor that generated the event.	
Rule Revision	uint32	Rule revision number.	
String Block Type	uint32	Initiates a String data block containing the summary associated with the rule. This value is always 0.	
String Block Length	uint32	The number of bytes included in the name String data block, including eight bytes for the block type and header fields plus the number of bytes in the Summary field.	
Summary	string	Explanation of the threat or vulnerability.	
String Block Type	uint32	Initiates a String data block containing the impact associated with the rule. This value is always 0.	
String Block Length	uint32	The number of bytes included in the name String data block, including eight bytes for the block type and header fields plus the number of bytes in the Impact field.	
Impact	string	How a compromise that uses this vulnerability may impact various systems.	
String Block Type	uint32	Initiates a String data block containing the detailed information associated with the rule. This value is always 0.	
String Block Length	uint32	The number of bytes included in the name String data block, including eight bytes for the block type and header fields plus the number of bytes in the Detailed Information field.	
Detailed Information	string	Information regarding the underlying vulnerability, what the rule actually looks for, and what systems are affected.	
String Block Type	uint32	Initiates a String data block containing the list of affected systems associated with the rule. This value is always 0.	
String Block Length	uint32	The number of bytes included in the name String data block, including eight bytes for the block type and header fields plus the number of bytes in the Affected Systems field.	
Affected Systems	string	Systems affected by the vulnerability.	
String Block Type	uint32	Initiates a String data block containing the possible attack scenarios associated with the rule. This value is always 0.	
String Block Length	uint32	The number of bytes included in the name String data block, including eight bytes for the block type and header fields plus the number of bytes in the Attack Scenarios field.	
Attack Scenarios	string	Examples of possible attacks.	
String Block Type	uint32	Initiates a String data block containing the ease of attack associated with the rule. This value is always 0.	
String Block Length	uint32	The number of bytes included in the name String data block, including eight bytes for the block type and header fields plus the number of bytes in the Ease of Attack field.	
Ease of Attack	string	Whether the attack is considered simple, medium, hard, or difficult, and whether or not is can be performed using a script.	

Table 3-39 Rule Documentation Data Block Fields (continued)

Field	Data Type	Description
String Block Type	uint32	Initiates a String data block containing the possible false positives associated with the rule. This value is always 0.
String Block Length	uint32	The number of bytes included in the name String data block, including eight bytes for the block type and header fields plus the number of bytes in the False Positives field.
False Positives	string	Examples that may result in a false positive. The default value is None Known.
String Block Type	uint32	Initiates a String data block containing the possible false negatives associated with the rule. This value is always 0.
String Block Length	uint32	The number of bytes included in the name String data block, including eight bytes for the block type and header fields plus the number of bytes in the False Negatives field.
False Negatives	string	Examples that may result in a false negative. The default value is None Known.
String Block Type	uint32	Initiates a String data block containing the corrective action associated with the rule. This value is always 0.
String Block Length	uint32	The number of bytes included in the name String data block, including eight bytes for the block type and header fields plus the number of bytes in the Corrective Action field.
Corrective Action	string	Information regarding patches, upgrades, or other means to remove or mitigate the vulnerability.
String Block Type	uint32	Initiates a String data block containing the contributors for the rule. This value is always 0.
String Block Length	uint32	The number of bytes included in the name String data block, including eight bytes for the block type and header fields plus the number of bytes in the Contributors field.
Contributors	string	Contact information for the author of the rule and other relevant documentation.
String Block Type	uint32	Initiates a String data block containing the additional references associated with the rule. This value is always 0.
String Block Length	uint32	The number of bytes included in the name String data block, including eight bytes for the block type and header fields plus the number of bytes in the Additional References field.
Additional References	string	Additional information and references.

Geolocation Data Block for 5.2+

This is a data block that contains the mapping of a country code to a country name. The record type is 520, and a block type of 28 in series 2. It is exposed as metadata for any event that has geolocation information. If metadata is requested and there is a value for the country code(s) in the event, then this block is returned along with other metadata.

The following diagram shows the structure of a geolocation data block:

Byte	0 1	2	3												
Bit	0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 5	1 1 1 1 1 2 2 2 2 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3	2 2 2 2 2 3 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1												
	Header Version (1)	Message Type (4)													
	Message Length														
	Record Type (520)														
	Geolocation B	lock Type (28)													
	Geolocation I	Block Length													
	Country Code	String Bloc	ck Type (0)												
File Name	String Block Type (0), cont.	String Blo	ck Length												
	String Block Length, cont.	Country Name													

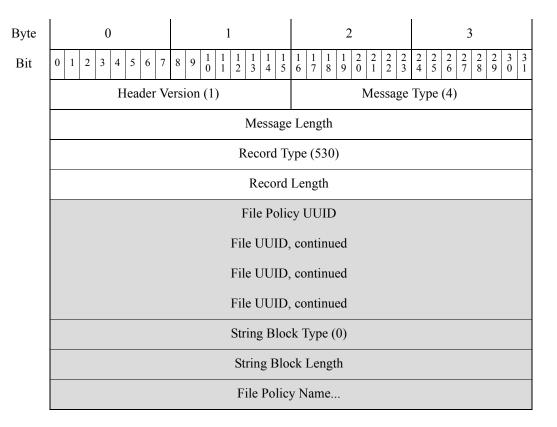
The following table describes the fields in the Geolocation data block.

Table 3-40 Geolocation Data Block Fields

Field	Data Type	Description
Geolocation Data Block Type	uint32	Initiates a Geolocation data block. This value is always 28.
Geolocation Data Block Length	uint32	Total number of bytes in the Geolocation data block, including eight bytes for the Geolocation data block type and length fields, plus the number of bytes of data that follows.
Country Code	uint16	The country code.
String Block Type	uint32	Initiates a String data block containing the country name associated with the country code. This value is always 0.
String Block Length	uint32	The number of bytes included in the name String data block, including eight bytes for the block type and header fields plus the number of bytes in the Country Name field.
Country Name	string	The name of the country associated with the country code.

File Policy Name

The eStreamer service transmits metadata containing File Policy Name information, the format of which is shown below. (File Policy Name information is sent when one of the metadata flags—bits 1, 14, 15, or 20 in the Request Flags field of a request message—is set. See Request Flags, page 2-11.) Note that the Record Type field, which appears after the Message Length field, has a value of 530, indicating a File Policy Name record.



The following table describes the fields in the File Policy Name record.

Table 3-41 File Policy Name Fields

Field	Data Type	Description
SSL Policy UUID	uint8[16]	The UUID of the File Policy
String Block Type	uint32	Initiates a String data block containing the name of the File Policy. This value is always 0.
String Block Length	uint32	The number of bytes included in the File Policy Name String data block, including eight bytes for the block type and header fields plus the number of bytes in the File Policy name.
File Policy Name	string	The name of the File Policy.

SSL Policy Name

The eStreamer service transmits metadata containing SSL Policy Name information, the format of which is shown below. (SSL Policy Name information is sent when one of the metadata flags—bits 1, 14, 15, or 20 in the Request Flags field of a request message—is set. See Request Flags, page 2-11.) Note that the Record Type field, which appears after the Message Length field, has a value of 600, indicating a SSL Policy Name record.

Byte	0	1	2	3											
Bit	0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7	8 9 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 5	1 1 1 1 2 2 2 2 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3	2 2 2 2 2 2 3 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1											
	Header Ve	ersion (1)	Message Type (4)												
	Message Length														
	Record Type (600)														
	Record Length														
	UUID String Block Type (14)														
		UUID String l	Block Length												
		SSL Polic	cy UUID												
		SSL Policy UU	JID, continued												
		SSL Policy UU	JID, continued												
		SSL Policy UU	JID, continued												
me		String Bloc	k Type (0)												
cy Na		String Blo	ck Length												
SSL Policy Name		SSL Polic	y Name												
SSI															

The following table describes the fields in the SSL Policy Name record.

Table 3-42 SSL Policy Name Record Fields

Field	Data Type	Description								
UUID String Data Block Type	uint32	Initiates a UUID String data block. This value is always 14.								
UUID String Data Block Length	uint32	Total number of bytes in the UUID String data block, including eight bytes for the UUID String data block type and length fields, plus the number of bytes of data that follows.								
SSL Policy UUID	uint8[16]	The UUID of the SSL Policy								
String Block Type	uint32	Initiates a String data block containing the name of the SSL Policy. This value is always 0.								

Table 3-42 SSL Policy Name Record Fields (continued)

Field	Data Type	Description
String Block Length	uint32	The number of bytes included in the SSL Policy Name String data block, including eight bytes for the block type and header fields plus the number of bytes in the SSL Policy name.
SSL Policy Name	string	The name of the SSL Policy.

SSL Cipher Suite

The eStreamer service transmits metadata containing SSL Cipher Suite information for an event with a SSL Cipher id, the format of which is shown below. This record maps a SSL Cipher id to a SSL Cipher Suite name. SSL Cipher Suite information is sent when one of the metadata flags—bits 1, 14, 15, or 20 in the Request Flags field of a request message—is set. See Request Flags, page 2-11.) Note that the Record Type field, which appears after the Message Length field, has a value of 602, indicating a SSL Cipher Suite record.

Byte	0	1	2	3											
Bit	0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7	8 9 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 5	1 1 1 1 2 2 2 2 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3	2 2 2 2 2 2 3 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1											
	Header V	ersion (1)	Message Type (4)												
	Message Length														
		Record Ty	ype (602)												
		Record	Length												
		SSL Cij	pher ID												
		SSL Cipher Suit	te Name Length												
		SSL Cipher S	Suite Name	_											

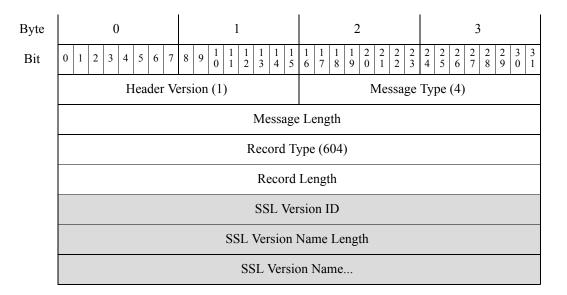
The following table describes the fields in the SSL Cipher Suite record.

Table 3-43 SSL Cipher Suite Fields

Field	Data Type	Description
SSL Cipher ID	uint32	SSL Cipher ID number.
SSL Cipher Suite Name Length	uint32	The number of bytes included in the SSL Cipher Suite Name.
SSL Cipher Suite Name	string	The descriptive name for the SSL Cipher Suite.

SSL Version

The eStreamer service transmits metadata containing SSL Version information for an event with a SSL Version, the format of which is shown below. This record maps a SSL Version ID to a SSL Version name. SSL Cipher Suite information is sent when one of the metadata flags—bits 1, 14, 15, or 20 in the Request Flags field of a request message—is set. See Request Flags, page 2-11.) Note that the Record Type field, which appears after the Message Length field, has a value of 604, indicating a SSL Version record.



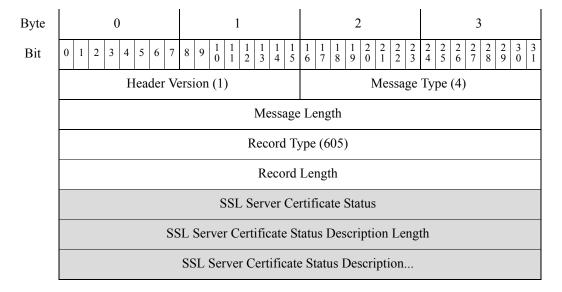
The following table describes the fields in the SSL Version record.

Table 3-44 SSL Version Fields

Field	Data Type	Description
SSL Version ID	uint32	SSL Version ID number.
SSL Version Name Length	uint32	The number of bytes included in the SSL Version Name.
SSL Version Name	string	The descriptive name for the SSL Version.

SSL Server Certificate Status

The eStreamer service transmits metadata containing SSL Server Certificate Status information, the format of which is shown below. (SSL Server Certificate Status information is sent when one of the metadata flags—bits 1, 14, 15, or 20 in the Request Flags field of a request message—is set. See Request Flags, page 2-11.) Note that the Record Type field, which appears after the Message Length field, has a value of 605, indicating a SSL Server Certificate Status record.



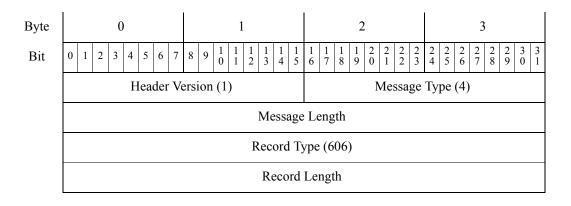
The following table describes the fields in the SSL Server Certificate Status record.

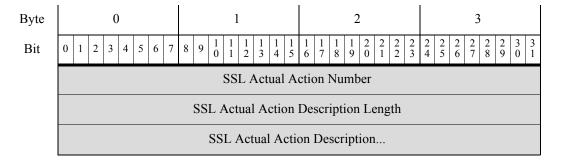
Table 3-45 SSL Server Certificate Status Record Fields

Field	Data Type	Description
SSL Server Certificate Status	uint32	The SSL Server Certificate Status Number.
SSL Server Certificate Status Description Length	uint32	The number of bytes included in the SSL Server Certificate Status Description.
SSL Server Certificate Status Description	string	The description of the SSL Server Certificate Status.

SSL Actual Action

The eStreamer service transmits metadata containing SSL Actual Action information, the format of which is shown below. (SSL Actual Action information is sent when one of the metadata flags—bits 1, 14, 15, or 20 in the Request Flags field of a request message—is set. See Request Flags, page 2-11.) Note that the Record Type field, which appears after the Message Length field, has a value of 606, indicating a SSL Actual Action record.





The following table describes the fields in the SSL Actual Action record.

Table 3-46 SSL Actual Action Fields

Field	Data Type	Description
SSL Actual Action Number	uint32	The number designating the SSL Actual Action
SSL Actual Action Description Length	uint32	The number of bytes included in the SSL Server Certificate Description.
SSL Actual Action Description	string	The description of the SSL Actual Action.

SSL Expected Action

The eStreamer service transmits metadata containing SSL Expected Action information, the format of which is shown below. (SSL Expected Action information is sent when one of the metadata flags—bits 1, 14, 15, or 20 in the Request Flags field of a request message—is set. See Request Flags, page 2-11.) Note that the Record Type field, which appears after the Message Length field, has a value of 607, indicating a SSL Expected Action record.

Byte	0									1									2								3							
Bit	0	1	2	3	4		5	5	7	8	9	1	1	1 2	1 3		1 1 4 5	16	1 7	1 8	19	2	2	2 2	2 3	2 4	2 5	2 6	2 7	2 8	2 9	3	3	
	Header Version (1)														Message Type (4)																			
	Message Length																																	
	Record Type (607)																																	
															R	ec	cord	Le	ng	th														
												S	S	L E	хрє	ec	ted A	Act	ioı	ı N	un	ıbe	r											
										S	SL	Ez	хp	ect	ed .	A	ctio	ı D	es	crip	otic	n]	Ler	ıgt	h									
											S	SL	Ε	Exp	ecte	ed	l Ac	tioı	ı D)es	crij	otio	n											

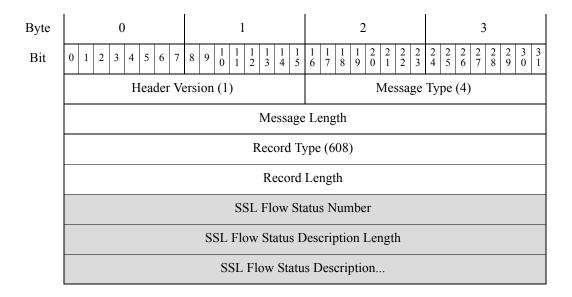
The following table describes the fields in the SSL Expected Action record.

Table 3-47 SSL Actual Action Fields

Field	Data Type	Description
SSL Expected Action Number	uint32	The number designating the SSL Expected Action
SSL Expected Action Description Length	uint32	The number of bytes included in the SSL Expected Action Description.
SSL Expected Action Description	string	The description of the SSL Expected Action.

SSL Flow Status

The eStreamer service transmits metadata containing SSL Flow Status information, the format of which is shown below. (SSL Flow Status information is sent when one of the metadata flags—bits 1, 14, 15, or 20 in the Request Flags field of a request message—is set. See Request Flags, page 2-11.) Note that the Record Type field, which appears after the Message Length field, has a value of 608, indicating a SSL Flow Status record.



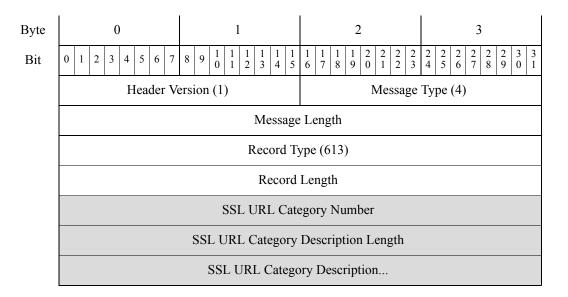
The following table describes the fields in the SSL Flow Status record.

Table 3-48 SSL Flow Status Fields

Field	Data Type	Description
SSL Flow Status Number	uint32	The number designating the SSL Flow Status
SSL Flow Status Description Length		The number of bytes included in the SSL Server Flow Status Description.
SSL Flow Status Description	string	The description of the SSL Flow Status.

SSL URL Category

The eStreamer service transmits metadata containing SSL URL Category information, the format of which is shown below. (SSL URL Category information is sent when one of the metadata flags—bits 1, 14, 15, or 20 in the Request Flags field of a request message—is set. See Request Flags, page 2-11.) Note that the Record Type field, which appears after the Message Length field, has a value of 613, indicating a SSL URL Category record.



The following table describes the fields in the SSL URL Category record.

Table 3-49 SSL URL Category Fields

Field	Data Type	Description
SSL URL Category Number	uint32	The number designating the SSL URL Category
SSL URL Category Description	uint32	The number of bytes included in the SSL Server URL Category Description.
SSL URL Category Description	string	The description of the SSL URL Category.

SSL Certificate Details Data Block for 5.4+

This is a data block that provides detailed information regarding an SSL certificate. The record type is 614, with a block type of 50 in series 2. It is exposed as metadata for any event that has SSL information. These include malware events, file events, intrusion events, connection events, and correlation events.

The following diagram shows the structure of an SSL Certificate Details data block:

Byte	0	1	2	3			
Bit	0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7	8 9 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 5	1 1 1 1 2 2 2 2 2 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3	2 2 2 2 2 2 3 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1			
	Header Version (1) Message Type (4)						
		Record Ty	ype (614)				
		SSL Certificate Deta	nils Block Type (50)				
		SSL Certificate De	tails Block Length				
		Fingerprint	SHA Hash				
		Fingerprint SHA	Hash, continued				
		Fingerprint SHA	Hash, continued				
		Fingerprint SHA	Hash, continued				
		Fingerprint SHA	Hash, continued				
		SHA Hash					
	Public Key SHA Hash, continued Public Key SHA Hash, continued						
	Public Key SHA Hash, continued						
		Public Key SHA	Hash, continued				
		Serial N	lumber				
		Serial Number	er, continued				
		Serial Number	er, continued				
		Serial Number	er, continued				
		Serial Number	er, continued				
	Serial Number Length						
Subject Common	String Block Type (0) String Block Length						
Name							
		Subject Com	mon Name				

Byte	0	1	2	3			
Bit	0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 1 1 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1						
Subject Organization	String Block Type (0)						
Organization		String Bloo	ck Length				
		Subject Orga	anization				
Subject Organizationa		String Bloc	k Type (0)				
1 Unit		String Bloo	ck Length				
		Subject Organiz	zational Unit				
Subject Country		String Bloc	k Type (0)				
		String Bloo	ck Length				
		Subject C	Country				
Issuer Common		String Bloc	k Type (0)				
Name	String Block Length						
		Issuer Comm	non Name				
Issuer Organization		String Bloc	k Type (0)				
		String Bloo	ck Length				
		Issuer Organization					
Issuer Organizationa		String Bloc	k Type (0)				
1 Unit	String Block Length						
	Issuer Organizational Unit						
Issuer Country	String Block Type (0)						
	String Block Length						
	Issuer Country						
	Valid Start Date						
		Valid Er	nd Date				

The following table describes the fields in the SSL Certificate Details data block.

Table 3-50 SSL Certificate Details Data Block Fields

Field	Data Type	Description	
SSL Certificate Details Data Block Type	uint32	Initiates an SSL Certificate Details data block. This value is always 50.	
SSL Certificate Details Data Block Length	uint32	Total number of bytes in the SSL Certificate Details data block, including eight bytes for the SSL Certificate Details data block type and length fields, plus the number of bytes of data that follows.	
Fingerprint SHA Hash	uint8[20]	SHA1 hash of the SSL Server certificate.	
Public Key SHA Hash	uint8[20]	The SHA hash value used to authenticate the public key contained within the certificate.	
Serial Number	uint8[20]	The serial number assigned by the issuing CA. While this number cannot exceed 20 bytes in length, it can be less than 20 bytes as specified in the Serial Number Length field.	
Serial Number Length	uint32	The length of the serial number in bytes.	
String Block Type	uint32	Initiates a String data block containing the category associated with the compromise. This value is always 0.	
String Block Length	uint32	The number of bytes included in the name String data block, including eight bytes for the block type and header fields plus the number of bytes in the Category field.	
Subject Common Name	string	Subject Common name from the SSL Certificate This is typically the host and domain name of the certificate subject, but may contain other information.	
String Block Type	uint32	Initiates a String data block containing the event type associated with the compromise. This value is always o.	
String Block Length	uint32	The number of bytes included in the name String data block, including eight bytes for the block type and header fields plus the number of bytes in the Event Type field.	
Subject Organization	string	The organization of the certificate subject.	
String Block Type	uint32	Initiates a String data block containing the event type associated with the compromise. This value is always 0.	
String Block Length	uint32	The number of bytes included in the name String data block, including eight bytes for the block type and header fields plus the number of bytes in the Event Type field.	
Subject Organizational Unit	string	The organizational unit of the certificate subject.	
String Block Type	uint32	Initiates a String data block containing the event type associated with the compromise. This value is always 0.	
String Block Length	uint32	The number of bytes included in the name String data block, including eight bytes for the block type and header fields plus the number of bytes in the Event Type field.	

Table 3-50 SSL Certificate Details Data Block Fields (continued)

Field	Data Type	Description		
Subject Country	string	The country of the certificate subject.		
String Block Type	uint32	Initiates a String data block containing the category associated with the compromise. This value is always 0.		
String Block Length	uint32	The number of bytes included in the name String data block, including eight bytes for the block type and header fields plus the number of bytes in the Category field.		
Issuer Common Name	string	Issuer Common name from the SSL Certificate This is typically the host and domain name of the certificate issuer, but may contain other information.		
String Block Type	uint32	Initiates a String data block containing the event type associated with the compromise. This value is always 0.		
String Block Length	uint32	The number of bytes included in the name String data block, including eight bytes for the block type and header fields plus the number of bytes in the Event Type field.		
Issuer Organization	string	The organization of the certificate issuer.		
String Block Type	uint32	Initiates a String data block containing the event type associated with the compromise. This value is always 0.		
String Block Length	uint32	The number of bytes included in the name String data block, including eight bytes for the block type and header fields plus the number of bytes in the Event Type field.		
Issuer Organizational Unit	string	The organizational unit of the certificate issuer.		
String Block Type	uint32	Initiates a String data block containing the event type associated with the compromise. This value is always 0.		
String Block Length	uint32	The number of bytes included in the name String data block, including eight bytes for the block type and header fields plus the number of bytes in the Event Type field.		
Issuer Country	string	The country of the certificate issuer.		
Valid Start Date	uint32	The Unix timestamp when the certificate was issued.		
Valid End Date	uint32	The Unix timestamp on which the certificate ceases to be valid.		

SSL Certificate Details Data Block for 5.4+



Understanding Discovery & Connection Data Structures

This chapter provides details about the data structures used in eStreamer messages for discovery and connection events, as well as the metadata for those events. Discovery and connection event messages use the same general message format and series of data blocks; the differences are in the contents of data blocks themselves.

Discovery events include two sub-categories of events:

- Host discovery events, which identify new and changed hosts on your managed network, including
 the applications running on the hosts detected from the contents of the packets, and the host
 vulnerabilities.
- User events, which report the detection of new users and user activity, such as logins.

Connection events report information about the session traffic between your monitored hosts and all other hosts. Connection information includes the first and last packet of the transaction, source and destination IP address, source and destination port, and the number of packets and bytes sent and received. If applicable, connection events also report the client application and URL involved in the session.

For information about requesting discovery or connection events from the eStreamer server, see Request Flags, page 2-11.

For information about the general structure of eStreamer event data messages, see Understanding the Organization of Event Data Messages, page 2-17.

See the following sections in this chapter for more information about discovery and connection event data structures:

- Discovery and Connection Event Data Messages, page 4-2 provides a high-level view of the structure that eStreamer uses for host discovery, user, and connection messages.
- Discovery and Connection Event Record Types, page 4-2 describes the record types for discovery and connection events.
- Metadata for Discovery Events, page 4-6 describes the metadata records that you can request for
 context information to convert numeric and coded data to text; for example, convert the user ID in
 an event to a user name.
- Discovery Event Header 5.2+, page 4-32 describes the structure of the standard event header used in all discovery and connection messages, and the values that can occur in the event type and event subtype fields. The event type and subtype fields further define the structure of the data record carried in the message.

- Host Discovery Structures by Event Type, page 4-36 describes the structure of the data record that
 eStreamer uses for the various host discovery event types.
- User Data Structures by Event Type, page 4-53 describes the structure of the data record that eStreamer uses for the various user event types.
- Understanding Discovery (Series 1) Blocks, page 4-54 describes the series of data block structures
 that are used to convey complex records in discovery and connection event messages. Series 1 data
 blocks also appear in correlation events.
- User Vulnerability Data Block 5.0+, page 4-144 describes other series 1 block structures that are used to convey complex user event records.



See "Data Structure Examples" section on page A-1 for examples that illustrate sample discovery events.

Discovery and Connection Event Data Messages

eStreamer packages the data for discovery and connection events in the same message structure, which contains:

- a record header that defines the record type
- a discovery event header that identifies and characterizes the event, and specifically identifies the event type and subtype. For information, see Discovery Event Header 5.2+, page 4-32.
- a data record consisting of a block header and a data block. Discovery and connection event data messages use series 1 data blocks. For information, see Host Discovery and Connection Data Blocks, page 4-55 or User Vulnerability Data Block 5.0+, page 4-144.

Discovery and Connection Event Record Types

The following table lists the event record types for host discovery and connection events, and provides links to the event message structure for each record type. The list includes metadata record types as well. Some records contain a single data block which stores a specific piece of data. These data blocks are broken up into series 1 blocks that contain most types of data, and series 2 blocks that specifically contain discovery data. The table also indicates the status of each version (current or legacy). A current record is the latest version. A legacy record has been superseded by a later version but can still be requested from eStreamer.

Table 4-1 Discovery and Connection Event Record Types

Record Type	Contains Block Type	Series	Description	Record Status	Data Format Described in
10	139	1	New Host Detected	Current	New Host and Host Last Seen Messages, page 4-37
11	103	1	New TCP Server	Current	Server Messages, page 4-38
12	103	1	New UDP Server	Current	Server Messages, page 4-38
13	4	1	New Network Protocol	Current	New Network Protocol Message, page 4-39
14	4	1	New Transport Protocol	Current	New Transport Protocol Message, page 4-39
15	122	1	New Client Application	Current	Client Application Messages, page 4-39

Table 4-1 Discovery and Connection Event Record Types (continued)

Record Type	Contains Block Type	Series	Description	Record Status	Data Format Described in
16	103	1	TCP Server Information Update	Current	Server Messages, page 4-38
17	103	1	UDP Server Information Update	Current	Server Messages, page 4-38
18	53	1	OS Information Update	Current	Operating System Update Messages, page 4-41
19	N/A	N/A	Host Timeout	Current	IP Address Reused and Host Timeout/Deleted Messages, page 4-41
20	N/A	N/A	Host IP Address Reused	Current	IP Address Reused and Host Timeout/Deleted Messages, page 4-41
21	N/A	N/A	Host Deleted: Host Limit Reached	Current	IP Address Reused and Host Timeout/Deleted Messages, page 4-41
22	N/A	N/A	Hops Change	Current	Hops Change Message, page 4-42
23	N/A	N/A	TCP Port Closed	Current	TCP and UDP Port Closed/Timeout Messages, page 4-42
24	N/A	N/A	UDP Port Closed	Current	TCP and UDP Port Closed/Timeout Messages, page 4-42
25	N/A	N/A	TCP Port Timeout	Current	TCP and UDP Port Closed/Timeout Messages, page 4-42
26	N/A	N/A	UDP Port Timeout	Current	TCP and UDP Port Closed/Timeout Messages, page 4-42
27	N/A	N/A	MAC Information Change	Current	MAC Address Messages, page 4-43
28	N/A	N/A	Additional MAC Detected for Host	Current	MAC Address Messages, page 4-43
29	N/A	N/A	Host IP Address Changed	Current	IP Address Change Message, page 4-40
31	N/A	N/A	Host Identified as Router/Bridge	Current	Host Identified as a Bridge/Router Message, page 4-43
34	14	1	VLAN Tag Information Update	Current	VLAN Tag Information Update Messages, page 4-44
35	122	1	Client Application Timeout	Current	Client Application Messages, page 4-39
42	35	1	NetBIOS Name Change	Current	Change NetBIOS Name Message, page 4-44
44	N/A	N/A	Host Dropped: Host Limit Reached	Current	IP Address Reused and Host Timeout/Deleted Messages, page 4-41
45	37	1	Update Banner	Current	Update Banner Message, page 4-45
46	55	1	Add Host Attribute	Current	Attribute Messages, page 4-48
47	55	1	Update Host Attribute	Current	Attribute Messages, page 4-48
48	55	1	Delete Host Attribute	Current	Attribute Messages, page 4-48

Table 4-1 Discovery and Connection Event Record Types (continued)

Record Type	Contains Block Type	Series	Description	Record Status	Data Format Described in
51	103	1	TCP Server Confidence Update	Legacy	Server Messages, page 4-38
52	103	1	UDP Server Confidence Update	Legacy	Server Messages, page 4-38
53	53	1	OS Confidence Update	Legacy	Operating System Update Messages, page 4-41
54	N/A	N/A	Fingerprint Metadata	Current	Fingerprint Record, page 4-7
55	N/A	N/A	Client Application Metadata	Current	Client Application Record, page 4-8
57	N/A	N/A	Vulnerability Metadata	Current	Vulnerability Record, page 4-9
58	N/A	N/A	Criticality Metadata	Current	Criticality Record, page 4-11
59	N/A	N/A	Network Protocol Metadata	Current	Network Protocol Record, page 4-12
60	N/A	N/A	Attribute Metadata	Current	Attribute Record, page 4-13
61	N/A	N/A	Scan Type Metadata	Current	Scan Type Record, page 4-13
63	N/A	N/A	Server Metadata	Current	Server Record, page 4-14
71	144	1	Connection Statistics	Legacy	Connection Statistics Data Block 5.2.x, page B-104
71	152	1	Connection Statistics	Legacy	Connection Statistics Data Block 5.3, page B-117
71	154	1	Connection Statistics	Legacy	Connection Statistics Data Block 5.3.1, page B-123
71	155	1	Connection Statistics	Current	Connection Statistics Data Block 5.4.0.1+, page 4-108
73	136	1	Connection Chunks	Current	Connection Chunk Message, page 4-46
74	N/A	N/A	User Set OS	Current	User Server and Operating System Messages, page 4-49
75	N/A	N/A	User Set Server	Current	User Server and Operating System Messages, page 4-49
76	83	1	User Delete Protocol	Current	User Protocol Messages, page 4-50
77	60	1	User Delete Client Application	Current	User Client Application Messages, page 4-50
78	78	1	User Delete Address	Current	User Add and Delete Host Messages, page 4-47
79	77	1	User Delete Server	Current	User Delete Server Message, page 4-47
80	80	1	User Set Valid Vulnerabilities	Current	User Set Vulnerabilities Messages for Version 4.6.1+, page 4-46
81	80	1	User Set Invalid Vulnerabilities	Current	User Set Vulnerabilities Messages for Version 4.6.1+, page 4-46
82	81	1	User Set Host Criticality	Current	User Set Host Criticality Messages, page 4-48
83	55	1	User Set Attribute Value	Current	Attribute Value Messages, page 4-49

Table 4-1 Discovery and Connection Event Record Types (continued)

Record Type	Contains Block Type	Series	Description	Record Status	Data Format Described in
84	82	1	User Delete Attribute Value	Current	Attribute Value Messages, page 4-49
85	78	1	User Add Host	Current	User Add and Delete Host Messages, page 4-47
86	N/A	N/A	User Add Server	Current	User Server and Operating System Messages, page 4-49
87	60	1	User Add Client Application	Current	User Client Application Messages, page 4-50
88	83	1	User Add Protocol	Current	User Protocol Messages, page 4-50
39	142	1	User Add Scan Result	Current	Add Scan Result Messages, page 4-51
90	N/A	N/A	Source Type Record	Current	Source Type Record, page 4-15
91	N/A	N/A	Source Application Record	Current	Source Application Record, page 4-16
92	120	1	User Dropped Change Event	Current	User Modification Messages, page 4-53
93	120	1	User Removed Change Event	Current	User Modification Messages, page 4-53
94	120	1	New User Identification Event	Current	User Modification Messages, page 4-53
95	121	1	User Login Change Event	Current	User Information Update Message Block, page 4-54
96	N/A	N/A	Source Detector Record	Current	Source Detector Record, page 4-17
98	N/A	N/A	User Record	Current	User Record, page 4-19
101	N/A	N/A	New OS Event	Current	New Operating System Messages, page 4-51
102	94	1	Identity Conflict Event	Current	Identity Conflict and Identity Timeout System Messages, page 4-52
103	94	1	Identity Timeout Event	Current	Identity Conflict and Identity Timeout System Messages, page 4-52
106	N/A	N/A	Third Party Scanner Vulnerability Record	Current	Third Party Scanner Vulnerability Record, page 4-17
107	122	1	Client Application Update	Current	Client Application Messages, page 4-39
109	N/A	N/A	Web Application Record	Current	Web Application Record, page 4-19
115	N/A	N/A	Security Zone Name Record	Current	Security Zone Name Record, page 3-27
116	14	2	Interface Name Record	Current	Interface Name Record, page 3-29
117	14	2	Access Control Policy Name Metadata	Current	Access Control Policy Name Record, page 3-30
118	14	2	Intrusion Policy Name Record	Current	Intrusion Policy Name Record, page 4-20

Table 4-1 Discovery and Connection Event Record Types (continued)

Record Type	Contains Block Type	Series	Description	Record Status	Data Format Described in
119	14	2	Access Control Rule ID Record	Current	Access Control Rule ID Record Metadata, page 3-31
120	N/A	N/A	Access Control Rule Action Record	Current	Access Control Rule Action Record Metadata, page 4-21
121	N/A	N/A	URL Category Record	Current	URL Category Record Metadata, page 4-22
122	N/A	N/A	URL Reputation Metadata	Current	URL Reputation Record Metadata, page 4-23
124	21	2	Access Control Rule Reason Metadata	Current	Access Control Rule Reason Metadata, page 4-24
160	7	1	Host IOC Set Messages	Current	Host IOC Set Messages, page 4-52
161	39	2	IOC Name Data Block for 5.3+	Current	IOC Name Data Block for 5.3+, page 4-29
280	22	2	Security Intelligence Category Metadata	Current	Security Intelligence Category Metadata, page 4-25
281	N/A	N/A	Security Intelligence Source/Destination Metadata	Current	Security Intelligence Source/Destination Record, page 4-26

Metadata for Discovery Events

You request metadata by metadata version number. For the metadata version that corresponds to your version of the FireSIGHT System, see <u>Understanding Metadata</u>, page 2-38. For important information on how eStreamer streams metadata records, see <u>Metadata Transmission</u>, page 2-38.

For information on the structures of the various metadata records types for host discovery and user event records, see:

- Fingerprint Record, page 4-7
- Client Application Record, page 4-8
- Vulnerability Record, page 4-9
- Criticality Record, page 4-11
- Network Protocol Record, page 4-12
- Attribute Record, page 4-13
- Scan Type Record, page 4-13
- Server Record, page 4-14
- Source Type Record, page 4-15
- Source Application Record, page 4-16
- Source Detector Record, page 4-17
- Third Party Scanner Vulnerability Record, page 4-17

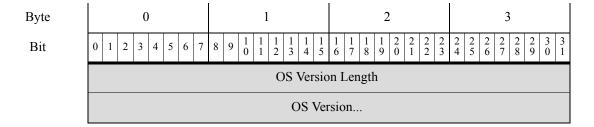
- User Record, page 4-19
- Web Application Record, page 4-19
- Intrusion Policy Name Record, page 4-20
- Access Control Rule Action Record Metadata, page 4-21
- URL Category Record Metadata, page 4-22
- URL Reputation Record Metadata, page 4-23
- Access Control Rule Reason Metadata, page 4-24
- Security Intelligence Category Metadata, page 4-25
- Security Intelligence Source/Destination Record, page 4-26

For metadata records for intrusion and correlation events, see Intrusion Event and Metadata Record Types, page 3-1.

Fingerprint Record

The eStreamer service transmits the fingerprint metadata for an event within a Fingerprint record, the format of which is shown below. (Fingerprint metadata is sent when one of the metadata flags—bits 1, 14, 15, or 20 in the Request Flags field of a request message—is set. See Request Flags, page 2-11.) Note that the Record Type field, which appears after the Message Length field, has a value of 54, indicating a Fingerprint record.

Byte	0	1	2	3
Bit	0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7	8 9 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 5	1 1 1 1 2 2 2 2 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3	2 2 2 2 2 2 3 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1
	Header V	ersion (1)	Message	Type (4)
		Message	e Length	
		Record T	Type (54)	
		Record	Length	
Fingerprint UUID		Fingerpri	nt UUID	
		Fingerprint	UUID cont.	
		Fingerprint	UUID cont.	
		Fingerprint	UUID cont.	
		OS Namo	e Length	
		OS Na	ame	
		OS Vendo	or Length	
		OS Ve	ndor	



The following table describes the fields in the Fingerprint record.

Table 4-2 Fingerprint Record Fields

Field	Data Type	Description
Fingerprint UUID	uint8[16]	A fingerprint ID number that acts as a unique identifier for the operating system.
OS Name Length	uint32	The number of bytes included in the operating system name.
OS Name	string	The name of the operating system for the fingerprint.
OS Vendor Length	uint32	The number of bytes included in the operating system vendor name.
OS Vendor	string	The name of the operating system vendor for the fingerprint.
OS Version Length	uint32	The number of bytes included in the operating system version.
OS Version	string	The version of the operating system for the fingerprint.

Client Application Record

The eStreamer service transmits the client application metadata for an event within a Client Application record, the format of which is shown below. (Client application metadata is sent when one of the metadata flags—bits 1, 14, 15, or 20 in the Request Flags field of a request message—is set. See Request Flags, page 2-11.) Note that the Record Type field, which appears after the Message Length field, has a value of 55, indicating a Client Application record.

Byte	0	1	2	3									
Bit	0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7	8 9 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 5	1 1 1 1 2 2 2 2 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3	2 2 2 2 2 2 3 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1									
	Header V	ersion (1)	Message Type (4)										
		Message	ge Length										
	Record Type (55)												
		Record	Length										
		Application ID											
	Name Length												
	Name												

The following table describes the fields in the Client Application record.

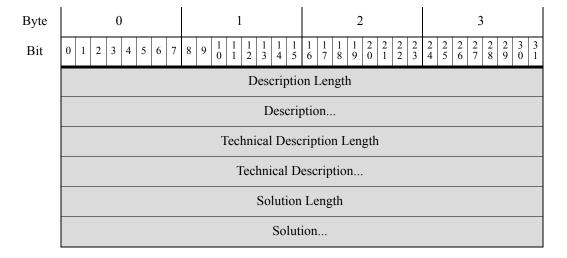
Table 4-3 Client Application Record Fields

Field	Data Type	Description
Application ID	uint32	The application ID number for the client application.
Name Length	uint32	The number of bytes included in the name.
Name	string	The client application name.

Vulnerability Record

The eStreamer service transmits metadata containing vulnerability information for an event within a Vulnerability record, the format of which is shown below. (Vulnerability information is sent when one of the metadata flags—bits 1, 14, 15, or 20 in the Request Flags field of a request message—is set. See Request Flags, page 2-11.) Note that the Record Type field, which appears after the Message Length field, has a value of 57, indicating a Vulnerability record.

Byte	0	1	2	3									
Bit	0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7	8 9 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 5	1 1 1 1 2 2 2 2 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3	2 2 2 2 2 2 3 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1									
	Header Ve	ersion (1)	Message Type (4)										
		Message	Length										
		Record T	ype (57)										
		Record	Length										
		Vulnerat	oility ID										
		Imp	act										
	Exploits	Remote	Entry Dat	e Length									
	Entry Date L	ength Cont.	Entry I	Date									
		Published D	ate Length										
		Publishe	d Date										
		Modified D	ate Length										
		Modified	l Date										
		Title L	ength										
		Title											
		Short Descrip	otion Length										
		Short Des	cription										



The following table describes the fields in the Vulnerability record.

Table 4-4 Vulnerability Record Fields

Field	Data Type	Description
Vulnerability ID	uint32	The vulnerability ID number.
Impact	uint32	The vulnerability impact, corresponding to the impact level determined through correlation of intrusion data, host discovery events, and vulnerability assessments. The value can be from 1 to 10, with 10 being the most severe. The impact value of a vulnerability is determined by the writer of the Bugtraq entry.
Exploits	uint8	Indicates whether known exploits exist for the vulnerability. Possible values include:
		• 0 — Yes
		• 1 — No
Remote	uint8	Indicates whether the vulnerability can be exploited across a network. Possible values include:
		• 0 — Yes
		• 1 — No
		Blank — Vulnerability to remote exploits unknown
Entry Date Length	uint32	The length of the entry date field.
Entry Date	string	The date the vulnerability was entered in the database.
Published Date Length	uint32	The length of the published date field.
Published Date	string	The date the vulnerability was published.
Modified Date Length	uint32	The length of the modified date field.
Modified Date	string	The date of the most recent modification to the vulnerability, if applicable.
Title Length	uint32	The length of the title field.

Table 4-4 Vulnerability Record Fields (continued)

Field	Data Type	Description
Title	string	The title of the vulnerability.
Short Description Length	uint32	The length of the short description field.
Short Description	string	A summary description of the vulnerability.
Description Length	uint32	The length of the description field.
Description	string	A general description of the vulnerability.
Technical Description Length	uint32	The length of the technical description field.
Technical Description	string	The technical description of the vulnerability.
Solution Length	uint32	The length of the solution field.
Solution	string	The solution to the vulnerability.

Criticality Record

The eStreamer service transmits metadata containing host criticality information for an event within a Criticality record, the format of which is shown below. (Criticality information is sent when one of the metadata flags—bits 1, 14, 15, or 20 in the Request Flags field of a request message—is set. See Request Flags, page 2-11.) Note that the Record Type field, which appears after the Message Length field, has a value of 58, indicating a Criticality record.

Byte	0						1								2								3													
Bit	0	1	2	3	4	4	5 6	; 7	7	8	9	10	1	1 1 1 2		1 3	14	1 5	16		1 7	1	1	2 0	2	2 2	3	2		2 5	2	2 7	2 8	2 9	3	3
]	Не	ade	er V	Ve	rsi	on	(1)	•				·	Message Type (4)																	
															N	Ле	SS	age	L	eı	ngt	h														
	Record Type (58)																																			
																Re	ecc	ord	Le	n	ngth															
																С	rit	tica	lity	V	ID															
	Name Length																																			
	Name																																			

The following table describes the fields in the Criticality record.

Table 4-5 Criticality Record Fields

Field	Data Type	Description
Criticality ID	uint32	The criticality ID number.
Name Length	uint32	The number of bytes included in the criticality level.
Name	string	The criticality level.

Network Protocol Record

The eStreamer service transmits metadata containing network protocol information for an event within a Network Protocol record, the format of which is shown below. (Network protocol information is sent when one of the metadata flags—bits 1, 14, 15, or 20 in the Request Flags field of a request message—is set. See Request Flags, page 2-11.) Note that the Record Type field, which appears after the Message Length field, has a value of 59, indicating a Network Protocol record.

Byte	0	1	2	3									
Bit	0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7	8 9 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 5	1 1 1 1 2 2 2 2 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3	2 2 2 2 2 2 3 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1									
	Header V	ersion (1)	Message Type (4)										
		Message	Length										
		Record Type (59)											
		Record Length											
		Network Protocol ID											
	Name Length												
	Name												

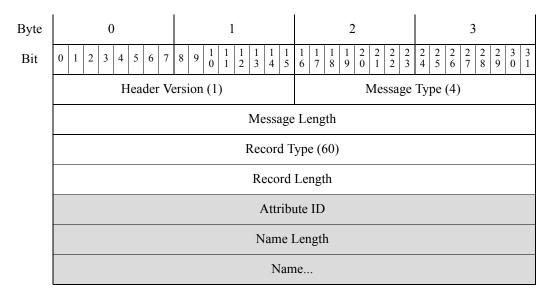
The following table describes the fields in the Network Protocol record.

Table 4-6 Network Protocol Record Fields

Field	Data Type	Description
Network Protocol ID	uint32	The network protocol ID number.
Name Length	uint32	The number of bytes included in the network protocol name.
Name	string	The name of the network protocol.

Attribute Record

The eStreamer service transmits metadata containing attribute information for an event within an Attribute record, the format of which is shown below. (Attribute information is sent when one of the metadata flags—bits 1, 14, 15, or 20 in the Request Flags field of a request message—is set. See Request Flags, page 2-11.) Note that the Record Type field, which appears after the Message Length field, has a value of 60, indicating an Attribute record.



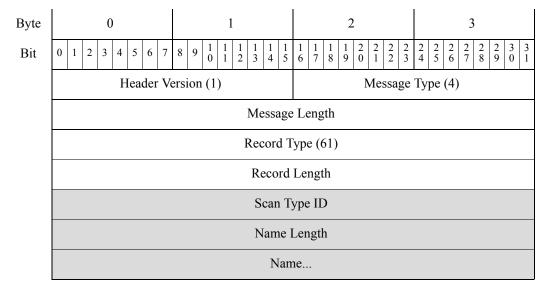
The following table describes the fields in the Attribute record.

Table 4-7 Attribute Record Fields

Field	Data Type	Description
Attribute ID	uint32	The attribute ID number.
Name Length	uint32	The number of bytes included in the attribute name.
Name	string	The name of the attribute.

Scan Type Record

The eStreamer service transmits metadata containing scan type information for an event within a Scan Type record, the format of which is shown below. (Scan type information is sent when one of the metadata flags—bits 1, 14, 15, or 20 in the Request Flags field of a request message—is set. See Request Flags, page 2-11.) Note that the Record Type field, which appears after the Message Length field, has a value of 61, indicating a Scan Type record.



The following table describes the fields in the Scan Type record.

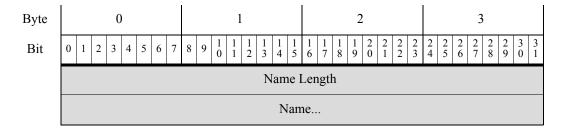
Table 4-8 Scan Type Record Fields

Field	Data Type	Description
Scan Type ID	uint32	The scan type ID number.
Name Length	uint32	The number of bytes included in the scan type name.
Name	string	The name of the scan type.

Server Record

The eStreamer service transmits metadata containing server information for an event within a Server record, the format of which is shown below. The application ID of the server's application protocol provides the cross-reference to the metadata. (Server information is sent when one of the metadata flags—bits 1, 14, 15, or 20 in the Request Flags field of a request message—is set. See Request Flags, page 2-11.) Note that the Record Type field, which appears after the Message Length field, has a value of 63, indicating a Server record.

Byte	0	1	2	3								
Bit	0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7	8 9 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 5	1 1 1 1 1 2 2 2 2 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3	2 2 2 2 2 3 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1								
	Header Ve	ersion (1)	Message	Type (4)								
		Message Length										
		Record T	ype (63)									
		Record Length										
	Application ID											



The following table describes the fields in the Server record.

Table 4-9 Server Record Fields

Field	Data Type	Description
Application ID	uint32	The application ID number of the application protocol.
Name Length	uint32	The number of bytes included in the server name.
Name	string	The name of the application protocol. For application ID 65535, the name is unknown.

Source Type Record

The eStreamer service transmits metadata containing information about the source application for an event within a Source Type record, the format of which is shown below. (Source type information is sent when one of the metadata flags—bits 1, 14, 15, or 20 in the Request Flags field of a request message—is set. See Request Flags, page 2-11.) Note that the Record Type field, which appears after the Message Length field, has a value of 90, indicating a Source Type record.

Byte	0 1									2								3														
Bit	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	1	1	1 2	1 3	1 4	1 5	16	1 7	1 8	19	2	2	2 2	2 3	2 4	2 5	2 6	2 7	2 8	2 9	3	3
					Н	lea	der	V	ersi	on	(1)	•			•	Message Type (4)															
														Me	ess	age	Le	eng	gth													
		Record Type (90)																														
														R	eco	ord	Le	ng	gth													
		Source Type ID																														
		Name Length																														
		Name																														

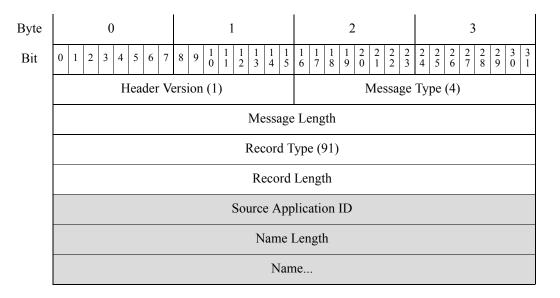
The following table describes the fields in the Source Type record.

Table 4-10 Source Type Record Fields

Field	Data Type	Description
Source Type ID	uint32	The identification number for the source type.
Name Length	uint32	The number of bytes included in the source type name.
Name	string	The name of the source type.

Source Application Record

The eStreamer service transmits metadata containing information about the source application for a host discovery event within a Source Application record, the format of which is shown below. (Source application information is sent when one of the metadata flags—bits 1, 14, 15, or 20 in the Request Flags field of a request message—is set. See Request Flags, page 2-11.) Note that the Record Type field, which appears after the Message Length field, has a value of 91, indicating a Source Application record.



The following table describes the fields in the Source Application record.

Table 4-11 Source Application Record Fields

Field	Data Type	Description
Source Application ID	uint32	The ID number for the source application.
Name Length	uint32	The number of bytes included in the source application name.
Name	string	The name of the source application.

Source Detector Record

The eStreamer service transmits metadata containing information about the source application for a host discovery event within a Source Type record, the format of which is shown below. (Source type information is sent when one of the metadata flags—bits 1, 14, 15, or 20 in the Request Flags field of a request message—is set. See Request Flags, page 2-11.) Note that the Record Type field, which appears

Byte 0 2 3 3 4 5 Bit Header Version (1) Message Type (4) Message Length Record Type (96) Record Length Source Detector ID Name Length Name...

after the Message Length field, has a value of 96, indicating a Source Detector record.

The following table describes the fields in the Source Detector record.

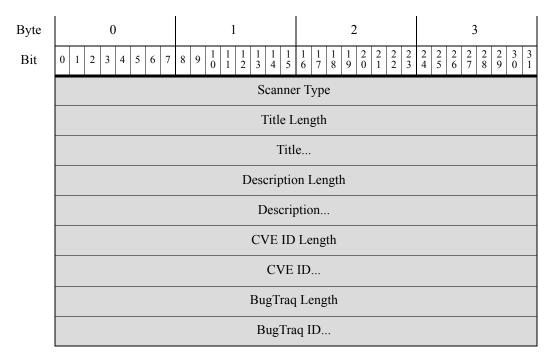
Table 4-12 Source Detector Record Fields

Field	Data Type	Description
Source Detector ID	uint32	The ID string for the source detector.
Name Length	uint32	The number of bytes included in the source type name.
Name	string	The name of the source detector.

Third Party Scanner Vulnerability Record

The eStreamer service transmits metadata containing third-party vulnerability information for an event within a Third Party Scanner Vulnerability record, the format of which is shown below. (Vulnerability information is sent when one of the metadata flags—bits 1, 14, 15, or 20 in the Request Flags field of a request message—is set. See Request Flags, page 2-11.) Note that the Record Type field, which appears after the Message Length field, has a value of 106, indicating a Third Party Scanner Vulnerability record.

Byte	0 1											2								3												
Bit	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	1	1 2	1 3	1 4	1 5	16	1 7	18	19	2	2	2	2	2 4	2 5	2 6	2 7	2 8	2 9	3	3
					Н	[ea	der	V	ersi	on	(1)	•		•			•		•	N	Mes	ssa	ge	Ту	pe	(4)		•			
		Message Length																														
													R	lec	ord	l Ty	/pe	(1	06)												
		Record Length																														
	Vulnerability ID																															



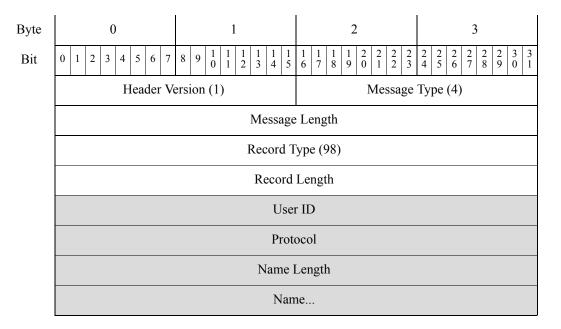
The following table describes the fields in the Vulnerability record.

Table 4-13 Third Party Scanner Vulnerability Record Fields

Field	Data Type	Description
Vulnerability ID	uint32	The third-party vulnerability ID number.
Scanner Type	uint32	The third-party scanner type.
Title Length	uint32	The length of the title field.
Title	string	The title of the vulnerability.
Description Length	uint32	The length of the description field.
Description	string	A general description of the vulnerability.
CVE ID Length	uint32	The length of the CVE ID field.
CVE ID	string	The Common Vulnerabilities and Exposures (CVE) ID number for the vulnerability.
BugTraq ID Length	uint32	The length of the BugTraq ID field.
BugTraq ID	string	The BugTraq ID number for the vulnerability.

User Record

The eStreamer service transmits metadata containing information about users detected by the system within a User record, the format of which is shown below. (User information is sent when the Version 4 metadata and the policy event request flag—bits 20 and 22, respectively, in the Request Flags field of a request message—is set. See Request Flags, page 2-11.) Note that the Record Type field, which appears after the Message Length field, has a value of 98, indicating a User record.



The following table describes the fields in the User record.

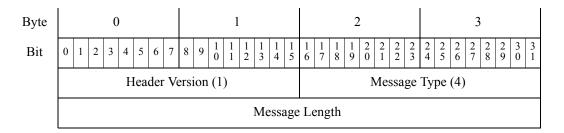
Table 4-14 User Record Fields

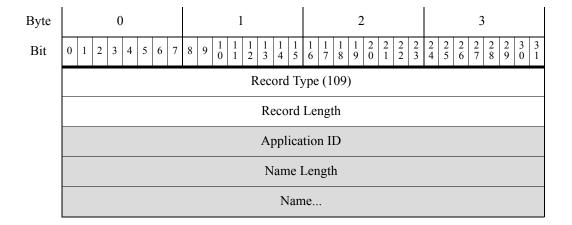
Field	Data Type	Description
User ID	uint32	The ID string for the user.
Protocol	uint32	The protocol for the traffic where the user was detected.
Name Length	uint32	The number of bytes included in the user name.
Name	string	The name of the user.

Web Application Record

The system detects the content of HTTP traffic from websites, if available. Web application metadata for a host discovery event may include the specific type of content (for example, WMV or QuickTime).

The eStreamer service transmits the web application metadata for an event within a Web Application record, the format of which is shown below. (Web application metadata is sent when one of the metadata flags—bits 1, 14, 15, or 20 in the Request Flags field of a request message—is set. See Request Flags, page 2-11.) Note that the Record Type field, which appears after the Message Length field, has a value of 109, indicating a Web Application record.





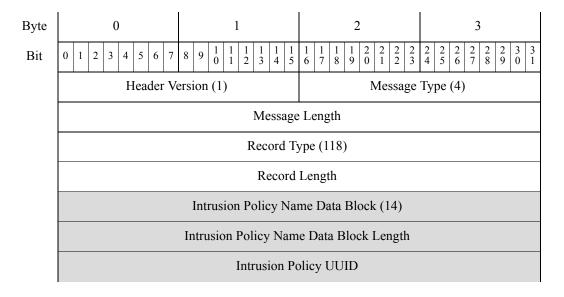
The following table describes the fields in the Web Application record.

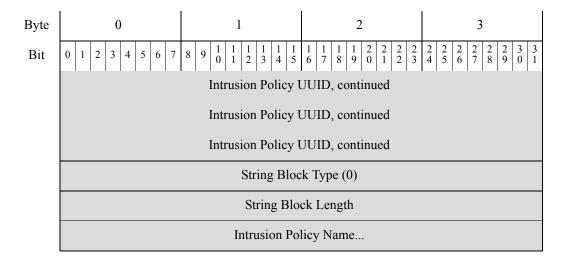
Table 4-15 Web Application Record Fields

Field	Data Type	Description
Application ID	uint32	Application ID number of the web application.
Name Length	uint32	The number of bytes included in the name.
Name	string	The web application content name.

Intrusion Policy Name Record

The eStreamer service transmits metadata containing intrusion policy name information for a connection event within an Intrusion Policy Name record, the format of which is shown below. (Intrusion policy name information is sent when one of the metadata flags—version 4 metadata bit 20 in the Request Flags field of a request message—is set. See Request Flags, page 2-11.) Note that the Intrusion Policy Name record field, which appears after the Message Length field, has a value of 118, indicating an Intrusion Policy Name record. It contains a UUID String data block, block type 14 in the series 2 set of data blocks.





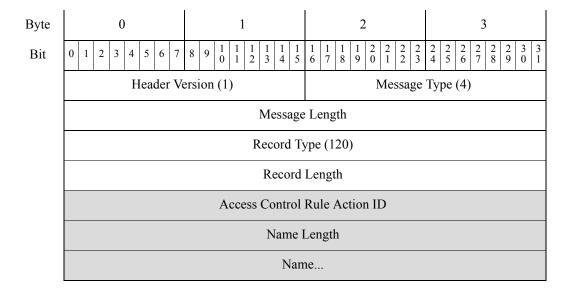
The following table describes the fields in the Intrusion Policy Name data block.

Table 4-16 Intrusion Policy Name Data Block Fields

Field	Data Type	Description
Intrusion Policy Name Data Block Type	uint32	Initiates an Intrusion Policy Name data block. This value is always 14. The block type is a series 2 block.
Intrusion Policy Name Data Block Length	uint32	Length of the data block. Includes the number of bytes of data plus the 8 bytes in the two data block header fields.
Intrusion Policy UUID	uint8[16]	The unique identifier for the intrusion policy associated with the connection event.
String Block Type	uint32	Initiates a String data block containing the name of the intrusion policy. This value is always 0.
String Block Length	uint32	The number of bytes included in the intrusion policy name String data block, including eight bytes for the block type and header fields plus the number of bytes in the intrusion policy name.
Intrusion Policy Name	string	The intrusion policy name.

Access Control Rule Action Record Metadata

The eStreamer service transmits metadata containing the action associated with a triggered access control rule within an Access Control Rule Action record, the format of which is shown below. (Access Control Rule Action information is sent when the version 4 metadata flag—bit 20 in the Request Flags field of a request message—is set. See Request Flags, page 2-11.) Note that the Access Control Rule Action record field, which appears after the Message Length field, has a value of 120, indicating an Access Control Rule Action record.



The following table describes the fields in the Access Control Rule Action record.

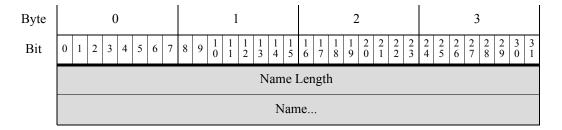
Table 4-17 Access Control Rule Action Record Fields

Field	Data Type	Description
Access Control Rule Action ID	uint32	ID number of the access control rule action.
Name Length	uint32	The number of bytes included in the name.
Name	string	The firewall rule action name.

URL Category Record Metadata

The eStreamer service transmits metadata containing the category name associated with a URL in a connection log within a URL Category record, the format of which is shown below. (URL category information is sent when the version 4 metadata flag—bit 20 in the Request Flags field of a request message—is set. See Request Flags, page 2-11.) Note that the record field, which appears after the Message Length field, has a value of 121, indicating a URL Category record.

Byte	0	1	2	3		
Bit	0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7	8 9 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 5	1 1 1 1 2 2 2 2 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3	2 2 2 2 2 2 3 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1		
	Header V	fersion (1)	Message Type (4)			
	Message Length					
	Record Type (121)					
	Record Length					
	URL Category ID					



The following table describes the fields in the URL Category record.

Table 4-18 URL Category Record Fields

Field	Data Type	Description
URL Category ID	uint32	ID number of the URL category.
Name Length	uint32	The number of bytes included in the name.
Name	string	The URL category name.

URL Reputation Record Metadata

The eStreamer service transmits metadata containing the reputation (that is, risk level) associated with a URL in a connection log within a URL Reputation record, the format of which is shown below. (URL reputation information is sent when the version 4 metadata flag—bit 20 in the Request Flags field of a request message—is set. See Request Flags, page 2-11.) Note that the URL Reputation metadata record field, which appears after the Message Length field, has a value of 122, indicating a URL Reputation metadata record.

Byte	0	1	2	3	
Bit	0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7	8 9 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 5	1 1 1 1 1 2 2 2 2 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3	2 2 2 2 2 3 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1	
	Header V	ersion (1)	Message	Type (4)	
		Message	Length		
	Record Type (122)				
	Record Length				
	URL Reputation ID				
	Name Length				
	Name				

The following table describes the fields in the URL Reputation record.

Table 4-19 URL Reputation Record Fields

Field	Data Type	Description
URL Reputation ID	uint32	ID number of the URL reputation.
Name Length	uint32	The number of bytes included in the name.
Name	string	The URL reputation name.

Access Control Rule Reason Metadata

The eStreamer service transmits metadata containing information about the reason an access control rule triggered an intrusion event or connection event within an Access Control Rule Reason record, the format of which is shown below. Access control rule reason metadata is sent when the Version 4 metadata flag—bit 20 in the Request Flags field of a request message—is set. See Request Flags, page 2-11. Note that the Record Type field, which appears after the Message Length field, has a value of 124, indicating an Access Control Rule Reason record. It contains an Access Control Rule Reason Block (as documented in Access Control Rule Reason Data Block 5.1+, page 4-180). The Access Control Rule Reason data block is block type 21 in series 2.

Byte	0 1		2	3	
Bit	0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7	8 9 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 5	1 1 1 1 1 2 2 2 2 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3	2 2 2 2 2 3 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1	
	Header V	fersion (1)	Message	Type (4)	
		Message	Length		
	Record Type (124)				
	Record Length				
	Access Control Rule Reason Block Type (21)				
		Access Control R	ule Block Length		
	Access Control Rule Reason String Block Type (0)				
	String Block Type (0), cont.		String Block Length		
	String Block Length, cont.		Descrip	otion	

The following table describes the fields in the Access Control Rule ID data block.

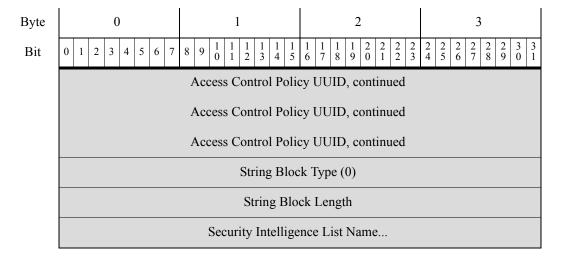
Table 4-20 Access Control Rule Reason Metadata Fields

Field	Data Type	Description
Access Control Rule Reason Block Type	uint32	Initiates an Access Control Rule Reason block. This value is always 21. This is a series 2 data block.
Access Control Rule Reason Block Length	uint32	Total number of bytes in the Access Control Rule Reason block, including eight bytes for the Access Control Rule Reason block type and length fields, plus the number of bytes of data that follows.
Access Control Rule Reason	uint16	The reason the Access Control rule logged the connection.
String Block Type	uint32	Initiates a String data block containing the descriptive name associated with the access control rule reason. This value is always 0.
String Block Length	uint32	The number of bytes included in the name String data block, including eight bytes for the block type and header fields plus the number of bytes in the Description field.
Description	string	Description of the Access Control rule reason.

Security Intelligence Category Metadata

The eStreamer service transmits metadata containing information about the Security Intelligence category within a Security Intelligence Category record, the format of which is shown below. Access control rule reason metadata is sent when the Version 4 metadata flag—bit 20 in the Request Flags field of a request message—is set. See Request Flags, page 2-11. Note that the Record Type field, which appears after the Message Length field, has a value of 280, indicating a Security Intelligence Category record. It contains a Security Intelligence Category data block (as documented in Security Intelligence Category Data Block 5.1+, page 4-180). The Security Intelligence data block is block type 22 in series 2.

Byte	0	1	2	3	
Bit	0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7	8 9 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 5	1 1 1 1 2 2 2 2 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3	2 2 2 2 2 3 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1	
	Header Version (1)		Message Type (4)		
	Message Length				
	Record Type (280)				
	Record Length				
	Security Intelligence Category Block Type (22)				
	Security Intelligence Category Block Length				
	Security Intelligence List ID				
	Access Control Policy UUID				



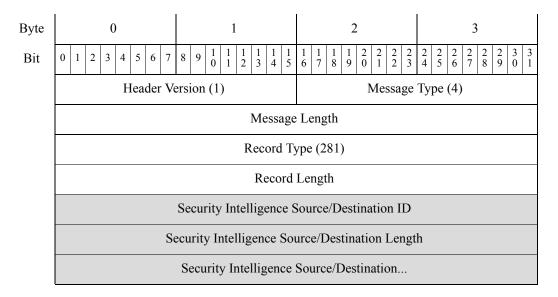
The following table describes the fields in the Security Intelligence Category record.

Table 4-21 Security Intelligence Category Metadata Fields

Field	Data Type	Description	
Security Intelligence Category Block Type	uint32	Initiates an Security Intelligence Category data block. This value is always 22. This is a series 2 data block.	
Security Intelligence Category Block Length	uint32	Total number of bytes in the Security Intelligence Category block, including eight bytes for the Security Intelligence Category block type and length fields, plus the number of bytes of data that follows.	
Security Intelligence List ID	uint32	The ID of the IP blacklist or whitelist triggered by the connection.	
Access Control Policy UUID	uint8[16]	The UUID of the access control policy configured for Security Intelligence.	
String Block Type	uint32	Initiates a String data block containing the descriptive name associated with the access control rule reason. This value is always 0.	
String Block Length	uint32	The number of bytes included in the name String data block, including eight bytes for the block type and header fields plus the number of bytes in the Security Intelligence List Name field.	
Security Intelligence List Name	string	The name of the IP category blacklist or whitelist triggered by the connection.	

Security Intelligence Source/Destination Record

The eStreamer service transmits metadata containing whether a Security Intelligence-detected IP address is a source IP address or destination IP address within a Security Intelligence Source/Destination record, the format of which is shown below. (The source/destination IP information is sent when one of the metadata flags—bits 1, 14, 15, or 20 in the Request Flags field of a request message—is set. See Request Flags, page 2-11.) Note that the Record Type field, which appears after the Message Length field, has a value of 281, indicating a Security Intelligence Source/Destination record.



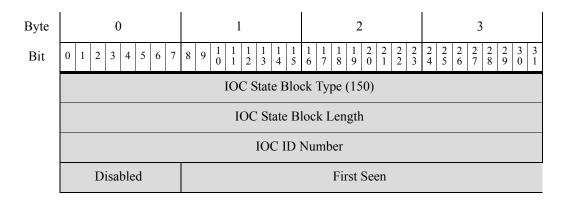
The following table describes the fields in the Security Intelligence Source/Destination record.

Table 4-22 Security Intelligence Source/Destination Record Fields

Field	Data Type	Description
Security Intelligence Source/ Destination ID	uint32	The Security Intelligence source/destination ID number.
Security Intelligence Source/ Destination Length	uint32	The number of bytes included in the Security Intelligence source/destination.
Security Intelligence Source/ Destination	string	Whether the detected IP address is a source or destination IP address.

IOC State Data Block for 5.3+

The IOC State data block provides information about an Indication of Compromise (IOC). It is block type of 150 in series 1. It is used by the host tracker to store information about a compromise on a host. The following diagram shows the structure of an IOC State data block:



Byte	0	1	2	3
Bit	0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7	8 9 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 5	1 1 1 1 1 2 2 2 2 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3	2 2 2 2 2 2 3 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1
	First Seen, continued		First Event ID	
	First Event ID, cont.		First Device ID	
	First Device ID, cont.	First Ins	tance ID	First Connection Time
	First Connection Time, cont.		ont.	First Counter
	First Counter, cont. Last		Last Seen	
	Last Seen, cont.	Last Event ID		
	Last Event ID, cont.		Last Device ID	
	Last Device ID, cont.	Last Ins	tance ID	Last Connection Time
	Las	st Connection Time, co	ont.	Last Counter
	Last Counter, cont.			

The following table describes the components of the IOC State data block.

Table 4-23 IOC State Data Block Fields

Field	Data Type	Description	
IOC State Data	uint32	Initiates an IOC State data block. This value is always 150.	
Block Type			
IOC State Data	uint32	Total number of bytes in the IOC State data block, including eight	
Block Length		bytes for the IOC State data block type and length fields, plus the number of bytes of data that follows.	
IOC ID Number	uint32	Unique ID number for the compromise.	
Disabled	uint8	Indicates whether the compromise has been disabled on the host:	
		• 0 — The compromise is not disabled.	
		• 1 — The compromise is disabled.	
First Seen	uint32	Unix timestamp of when this compromise was first seen.	
First Event ID	uint32	ID number of the event on which this compromise was first seen.	
First Device ID	uint32	ID of the sensor which first detected the IOC.	
First Instance ID	uint16	Numerical ID of the Snort instance on the managed device that first detected the compromise.	

Table 4-23 IOC State Data Block Fields (continued)

Field	Data Type	Description	
First Connection Time	uint32	Unix timestamp of the connection where this compromise was first seen.	
First Counter	uint16	Counter for the connection on which this compromise was last set Used to differentiate between multiple connections occurring at t same time.	
Last Seen	uint32	Unix timestamp of when this compromise was last seen	
Last Event ID	uint32	ID number of the event on which this compromise was last seen.	
Last Device ID	uint32	ID of the sensor which most recently detected the IOC.	
Last Instance ID	uint16	Numerical ID of the Snort instance on the managed device that last detected the compromise.	
Last Connection Time	uint32	Unix timestamp of the connection on which this compromise was last seen.	
Last Counter	uint16	Counter for the connection on which this compromise was last seen. Used to differentiate between multiple connections occurring at the	
		same time.	

IOC Name Data Block for 5.3+

This is a data block that provides the category and event type for an Indication of Compromise (IOC). The record type is 161, with a block type of 39 in series 2. It is exposed as metadata for any event that has IOC information. These include malware events, file events, and intrusion events.

The following diagram shows the structure of an IOC Name data block:

Byte	0	1	2	3
Bit	0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7	8 9 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 5	1 1 1 1 2 2 2 2 2 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3	2 2 2 2 2 2 3 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1
	Header Ve	ersion (1)	Message	Type (4)
	Message Length			
	Record Type (161)			
	IOC Name Block Type (39)			
	IOC Name Block Length			
	IOC ID Number			
Category	String Block Type (0)			
	String Block Length			
		Categ	ory	

Byte	0	1	2	3								
Bit	0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7	8 9 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 5	1 1 1 1 1 2 2 2 2 2 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3	2 2 2 2 2 2 3 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1								
Event Type	String Block Type (0)											
		String Block Length										
	Event Type											

The following table describes the fields in the IOC Name data block.

Table 4-24 IOC Name Data Block Fields

Field	Data Type	Description
IOC Name Data Block Type	uint32	Initiates an IOC Name data block. This value is always 39.
IOC Name Data Block Length	uint32	Total number of bytes in the IOC Name data block, including eight bytes for the IOC Name data block type and length fields, plus the number of bytes of data that follows.
IOC ID Number	uint32	Unique ID number for the compromise.
String Block Type	uint32	Initiates a String data block containing the category associated with the compromise. This value is always o.
String Block Length	uint32	The number of bytes included in the name String data block, including eight bytes for the block type and header fields plus the number of bytes in the Category field.
Category	string	The category for the compromise. Possible values include:
		CnC Connected
		Exploit Kit
		High Impact Attack
		Low Impact Attack
		Malware Detected
		Malware Executed
		Dropper Infection
		Java Compromise
		Word Compromise
		Adobe Reader Compromise
		Excel Compromise
		PowerPoint Compromise
		QuickTime Compromise
String Block Type	uint32	Initiates a String data block containing the event type associated with the compromise. This value is always o.

Table 4-24 IOC Name Data Block Fields (continued)

Field	Data Type	Description								
String Block Length	uint32	The number of bytes included in the name String data block, including eight bytes for the block type and header fields plus the number of bytes in the Event Type field.								
Event Type	string	The event type for the compromise. Possible values include:								
		Adobe Reader launched shell								
		Dropper Infection Detected by FireAMP								
		Excel Compromise Detected by FireAMP								
		Excel launched shell								
		Impact 1 Intrusion Event - attempted-admin								
		Impact 1 Intrusion Event - attempted-user								
		Impact 1 Intrusion Event - successful-admin								
		Impact 1 Intrusion Event - successful-user								
		Impact 1 Intrusion Event - web-application-attack								
		Impact 2 Intrusion Event - attempted-admin								
		Impact 2 Intrusion Event - attempted-user								
		Impact 2 Intrusion Event - successful-admin								
		Impact 2 Intrusion Event - successful-user								
		Impact 2 Intrusion Event - web-application-attack								
		Intrusion Event - exploit-kit								
		Intrusion Event - malware-backdoor								
		Intrusion Event - malware-CnC								
		Java Compromise Detected by FireAMP								
		Java launched shell								
		PDF Compromise Detected by FireAMP								
		PowerPoint Compromise Detected by FireAMP								
		PowerPoint launched shell								
		QuickTime Compromise Detected by FireAMP								
		QuickTime launched shell								
		Security Intelligence Event - CnC								
		Suspected Botnet Detected by FireAMP								
		Threat Detected by FireAMP - Subtype is 'executed'								
		Threat Detected by FireAMP - Subtype is not 'executed'								
		Threat Detected in File Transfer - Action is not 'block'								
		Word Compromise Detected by FireAMP								
		Word launched shell								

Discovery Event Header 5.2+

Discovery and connection event messages contain a discovery event header. It conveys the type and subtype of the event, the time the event occurred, the device on which the event occurred, and the structure of the event data in the message. This header is followed by the actual host discovery, user, or connection event data. The structures associated with the different event type/subtype values are described in Host Discovery Structures by Event Type, page 4-36. This header has IPv6 support, and deprecates Discovery Event Header 5.0 - 5.1.1.x, page B-70.

The event type and event subtype fields of the discovery event header identify the structure of the transmitted event message. Once the structure of the event data block is determined, your program can parse the message appropriately.

The shaded rows in the following diagram illustrate the format of the discovery event header.

Byte	0	1	2	3									
Bit	0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7	8 9 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 5	1 1 1 1 2 2 2 2 3 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3	2 2 2 2 2 2 3 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1									
	Header Vo	ersion (1)	Message Type (4)										
	Message Length												
	Record Type												
		Record	Length										
	eStreamer Server Timestamp (in events, only if bit 23 is set)												
	Reserved for Future Use (in events, only if bit 23 is set)												
Discovery Event Header	Device ID												
Event Header		Legacy IP	Address										
		MAC A	ddress										
	MAC Addres	ss, continued	Has IPv6	Reserved for future use									
		Event S	Second										
	Event Microsecond												
	Event Type												
	Event Subtype												
	File Number (Internal Use Only)												
	File Position (Internal Use Only)												

Byte				0)				1									2							3							
Bit	0	0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8								9	10	1	1 2	1 3	1 4	1 5	16	1 7	18	19	2	2	2 2	2	2 4	2 5	2 6	2 7	2 8	2 9	3	3
		IPv6 Address																														
		IPv6 Address, continued																														
		IPv6 Address, continued																														
		IPv6 Address, continued																														

The following table describes the discovery event header.

Table 4-25 Discovery Event Header Fields

Field	Data Types	Description
Device ID	uint32	ID number of the device that generated the discovery event. You can obtain the metadata for the device by requesting Version 3 and 4 metadata. See Managed Device Record Metadata, page 3-32 for more information.
Legacy IP Address	uint32	This field is reserved but no longer populated. The IPv4 address is stored in the IPv6 Address field. See IP Addresses, page 1-5 for more information.
MAC Address	uint8[6]	MAC address of the host involved in the event.
Has IPv6	uint8	Flag indicating that the host has an IPv6 address.
Reserved for future use	uint8	Reserved for future use
Event Second	uint32	UNIX timestamp (seconds since 01/01/1970) that the system generated the event.
Event Microsecond	uint32	Microsecond (one millionth of a second) increment that the system generated the event.
Event Type	uint32	Event type (1000 for new events, 1001 for change events, 1002 for user input events, 1050 for full host profile). See Host Discovery Structures by Event Type, page 4-36 for a list of available event types.
Event Subtype	uint32	Event subtype. See Host Discovery Structures by Event Type, page 4-36 for a list of available event subtypes.
File Number	byte[4]	Serial file number. This field is for Cisco internal use and can be disregarded.
File Position	byte[4]	Event's position in the serial file. This field is for Cisco internal use and can be disregarded.
IPv6 Address	uin8[16]	IPv6 address. This field is present and used if the Has IPv6 flag is set.

Discovery and Connection Event Types and Subtypes

The values in the Event Type and Event Subtype fields identify and classify the event contained in a host discovery or user data message. They also identify the structure of the data in the message.

The following table lists the event types and event subtypes for discovery and connection events.

Table 4-26 Discovery and Connection Events by Type and Subtype

Event Name	Event Type	Event Subtype
New Host	1000	1
New TCP Server	1000	2
New Network Protocol	1000	3
New Transport Protocol	1000	4
New IP to IP Traffic	1000	5
New UDP Server	1000	6
New Client Application	1000	7
New OS	1000	8
New IPv6 to IPv6 Traffic	1000	9
Host IP Address Changed	1001	1
OS Information Update	1001	2
Host IP Address Reused	1001	3
Vulnerability Change	1001	4
Hops Change	1001	5
TCP Server Information Update	1001	6
Host Timeout	1001	7
TCP Port Closed	1001	8
UDP Port Closed	1001	9
UDP Server Information Update	1001	10
TCP Port Timeout	1001	11
UDP Port Timeout	1001	12
MAC Information Change	1001	13
Additional MAC Detected for Host	1001	14
Host Last Seen	1001	15
Host Identified as Router/Bridge	1001	16
Connection Statistics	1001	17
VLAN Tag Information Update	1001	18
Host Deleted: Host Limit Reached	1001	19
Client Application Timeout	1001	20
NetBIOS Name Change	1001	21
NetBIOS Domain Change	1001	22

Table 4-26 Discovery and Connection Events by Type and Subtype (continued)

Host Dropped: Host Limit Reached 1001 23	Event Name	Event Type	Event Subtype
TCP Server Confidence Update 1001 25 UDP Server Confidence Update 1001 26 Identity Conflict 1001 29 Identity Timeout 1001 30 Secondary Host Update 1001 31 Client Application Update 1001 32 User Set Valid Vulnerabilities (Legacy) 1002 1 User Set Invalid Vulnerabilities (Legacy) 1002 2 User Delete Address (Legacy) 1002 3 User Delete Address (Legacy) 1002 4 User Set Host Criticality 1002 4 User Set Host Criticality 1002 5 Host Attribute Add 1002 6 Host Attribute Update 1002 7 Host Attribute Delete 1002 8 Host Attribute Delete Value (Legacy) 1002 9 Host Attribute Delete Value (Legacy) 1002 10 Add Scan Result 1002 11 User Set Vulnerability Qualification 1002 12 User Policy Control	Host Dropped: Host Limit Reached	1001	23
UDP Server Confidence Update 1001 26 Identity Conflict 1001 29 Identity Timeout 1001 30 Secondary Host Update 1001 31 Client Application Update 1001 32 User Set Valid Vulnerabilities (Legacy) 1002 1 User Set Invalid Vulnerabilities (Legacy) 1002 2 User Delete Address (Legacy) 1002 3 User Delete Address (Legacy) 1002 4 User Delete Server (Legacy) 1002 4 User Set Host Criticality 1002 5 Host Attribute Add 1002 6 Host Attribute Update 1002 7 Host Attribute Delete 1002 8 Host Attribute Delete Value (Legacy) 1002 9 Host Attribute Delete Value (Legacy) 1002 10 Add Scan Result 1002 11 User Set Vulnerability Qualification 1002 12 User Potocol 1002 13 Delete Protocol 1002	Banner Update	1001	24
Identity Conflict 1001 29 Identity Timeout 1001 30 Secondary Host Update 1001 31 Client Application Update 1001 32 User Set Valid Vulnerabilities (Legacy) 1002 1 User Set Invalid Vulnerabilities (Legacy) 1002 2 User Delete Address (Legacy) 1002 3 User Delete Server (Legacy) 1002 4 User Set Host Criticality 1002 5 Host Attribute Add 1002 6 Host Attribute Update 1002 7 Host Attribute Delete 1002 8 Host Attribute Delete Value (Legacy) 1002 9 Host Attribute Delete Value (Legacy) 1002 10 Add Scan Result 1002 11 User Set Vulnerability Qualification 1002 12 User Policy Control 1002 13 Delete Protocol 1002 13 Delete Protocol 1002 14 Delete Client Application 1002	TCP Server Confidence Update	1001	25
Identity Timeout 1001 30 Secondary Host Update 1001 31 Client Application Update 1001 32 User Set Valid Vulnerabilities (Legacy) 1002 1 User Delete Address (Legacy) 1002 2 User Delete Server (Legacy) 1002 3 User Delete Server (Legacy) 1002 4 User Set Host Criticality 1002 5 Host Attribute Add 1002 6 Host Attribute Update 1002 7 Host Attribute Delete 1002 8 Host Attribute Delete Value (Legacy) 1002 9 Host Attribute Delete Value (Legacy) 1002 10 Add Scan Result 1002 11 User Set Vulnerability Qualification 1002 12 User Policy Control 1002 13 Delete Protocol 1002 13 Delete Protocol 1002 14 Delete Client Application 1002 15 User Set Operating System 1002 1	UDP Server Confidence Update	1001	26
Secondary Host Update 1001 31 Client Application Update 1001 32 User Set Valid Vulnerabilities (Legacy) 1002 1 User Delete Address (Legacy) 1002 2 User Delete Address (Legacy) 1002 3 User Delete Server (Legacy) 1002 4 User Set Host Criticality 1002 5 Host Attribute Add 1002 6 Host Attribute Update 1002 7 Host Attribute Delete 1002 8 Host Attribute Set Value (Legacy) 1002 9 Host Attribute Delete Value (Legacy) 1002 10 Add Scan Result 1002 11 User Set Vulnerability Qualification 1002 12 User Policy Control 1002 13 Delete Protocol 1002 14 Delete Protocol 1002 14 Delete Client Application 1002 15 User Set Operating System 1002 16 User Account Update 1002	Identity Conflict	1001	29
Client Application Update 1001 32 User Set Valid Vulnerabilities (Legacy) 1002 1 User Set Invalid Vulnerabilities (Legacy) 1002 2 User Delete Address (Legacy) 1002 3 User Delete Server (Legacy) 1002 4 User Set Host Criticality 1002 5 Host Attribute Add 1002 6 Host Attribute Update 1002 7 Host Attribute Delete 1002 8 Host Attribute Set Value (Legacy) 1002 9 Host Attribute Delete Value (Legacy) 1002 10 Add Scan Result 1002 11 User Set Vulnerability Qualification 1002 12 User Policy Control 1002 13 Delete Protocol 1002 14 Delete Protocol 1002 15 User Set Operating System 1002 15 User Set Operating System 1002 16 User Account Update 1002 17 User Set Server 1002	Identity Timeout	1001	30
User Set Valid Vulnerabilities (Legacy) 1002 1 User Set Invalid Vulnerabilities (Legacy) 1002 2 User Delete Address (Legacy) 1002 3 User Delete Server (Legacy) 1002 4 User Set Host Criticality 1002 5 Host Attribute Add 1002 6 Host Attribute Update 1002 7 Host Attribute Delete 1002 8 Host Attribute Set Value (Legacy) 1002 9 Host Attribute Delete Value (Legacy) 1002 10 Add Scan Result 1002 11 User Set Vulnerability Qualification 1002 12 User Policy Control 1002 13 Delete Protocol 1002 14 Delete Protocol 1002 14 Delete Client Application 1002 15 User Set Operating System 1002 16 User Account Seen 1002 17 User Account Update 1002 18 User Set Server 1002 1	Secondary Host Update	1001	31
User Set Invalid Vulnerabilities (Legacy) 1002 2 User Delete Address (Legacy) 1002 3 User Delete Server (Legacy) 1002 4 User Set Host Criticality 1002 5 Host Attribute Add 1002 6 Host Attribute Update 1002 7 Host Attribute Delete 1002 8 Host Attribute Set Value (Legacy) 1002 9 Host Attribute Delete Value (Legacy) 1002 10 Add Scan Result 1002 11 User Set Vulnerability Qualification 1002 12 User Policy Control 1002 13 Delete Protocol 1002 14 Delete Protocol 1002 15 User Set Operating System 1002 15 User Set Operating System 1002 16 User Account Update 1002 18 User Set Server 1002 19 User Delete Address (Current) 1002 20 User Set Valid Vulnerabilities (Current) 1002	Client Application Update	1001	32
User Delete Address (Legacy) 1002 3 User Delete Server (Legacy) 1002 4 User Set Host Criticality 1002 5 Host Attribute Add 1002 6 Host Attribute Update 1002 7 Host Attribute Delete 1002 8 Host Attribute Set Value (Legacy) 1002 9 Host Attribute Delete Value (Legacy) 1002 10 Add Scan Result 1002 11 User Set Vulnerability Qualification 1002 12 User Policy Control 1002 13 Delete Protocol 1002 14 Delete Protocol 1002 14 Delete Client Application 1002 15 User Set Operating System 1002 16 User Account Seen 1002 17 User Account Update 1002 19 User Delete Address (Current) 1002 20 User Delete Server (Current) 1002 21 User Set Valid Vulnerabilities (Current) 1002 <	User Set Valid Vulnerabilities (Legacy)	1002	1
User Delete Server (Legacy) 1002 4 User Set Host Criticality 1002 5 Host Attribute Add 1002 6 Host Attribute Update 1002 7 Host Attribute Delete 1002 8 Host Attribute Set Value (Legacy) 1002 9 Host Attribute Delete Value (Legacy) 1002 10 Add Scan Result 1002 11 User Set Vulnerability Qualification 1002 12 User Policy Control 1002 13 Delete Protocol 1002 14 Delete Client Application 1002 15 User Set Operating System 1002 16 User Account Seen 1002 17 User Account Update 1002 18 User Set Server 1002 19 User Delete Address (Current) 1002 20 User Delete Server (Current) 1002 21 User Set Invalid Vulnerabilities (Current) 1002 23 User Host Criticality 1002 2	User Set Invalid Vulnerabilities (Legacy)	1002	2
User Set Host Criticality 1002 5 Host Attribute Add 1002 6 Host Attribute Update 1002 7 Host Attribute Delete 1002 8 Host Attribute Set Value (Legacy) 1002 9 Host Attribute Delete Value (Legacy) 1002 10 Add Scan Result 1002 11 User Set Vulnerability Qualification 1002 12 User Policy Control 1002 13 Delete Protocol 1002 14 Delete Protocol 1002 14 Delete Client Application 1002 15 User Set Operating System 1002 16 User Account Seen 1002 17 User Account Update 1002 18 User Set Server 1002 19 User Delete Address (Current) 1002 21 User Set Valid Vulnerabilities (Current) 1002 22 User Set Invalid Vulnerabilities (Current) 1002 23 User Host Criticality 1002	User Delete Address (Legacy)	1002	3
Host Attribute Add	User Delete Server (Legacy)	1002	4
Host Attribute Update 1002 7 Host Attribute Delete 1002 8 Host Attribute Set Value (Legacy) 1002 9 Host Attribute Delete Value (Legacy) 1002 10 Add Scan Result 1002 11 User Set Vulnerability Qualification 1002 12 User Policy Control 1002 13 Delete Protocol 1002 14 Delete Client Application 1002 15 User Set Operating System 1002 16 User Account Seen 1002 17 User Account Update 1002 19 User Set Server 1002 19 User Delete Address (Current) 1002 20 User Delete Server (Current) 1002 21 User Set Valid Vulnerabilities (Current) 1002 23 User Host Criticality 1002 24 Host Attribute Set Value (Current) 1002 25 Host Attribute Delete Value (Current) 1002 26 User Add Host 1002 <td>User Set Host Criticality</td> <td>1002</td> <td>5</td>	User Set Host Criticality	1002	5
Host Attribute Delete 1002 8 Host Attribute Set Value (Legacy) 1002 9 Host Attribute Delete Value (Legacy) 1002 10 Add Scan Result 1002 11 User Set Vulnerability Qualification 1002 12 User Policy Control 1002 13 Delete Protocol 1002 14 Delete Client Application 1002 15 User Set Operating System 1002 16 User Account Seen 1002 17 User Account Update 1002 18 User Set Server 1002 19 User Delete Address (Current) 1002 21 User Delete Server (Current) 1002 21 User Set Valid Vulnerabilities (Current) 1002 22 User Set Invalid Vulnerabilities (Current) 1002 23 User Host Criticality 1002 24 Host Attribute Set Value (Current) 1002 25 Host Attribute Delete Value (Current) 1002 26 User Add Host 1002 27	Host Attribute Add	1002	6
Host Attribute Set Value (Legacy) 1002 9 Host Attribute Delete Value (Legacy) 1002 10 Add Scan Result 1002 11 User Set Vulnerability Qualification 1002 12 User Policy Control 1002 13 Delete Protocol 1002 14 Delete Client Application 1002 15 User Set Operating System 1002 16 User Account Seen 1002 17 User Account Update 1002 18 User Set Server 1002 19 User Delete Address (Current) 1002 20 User Delete Server (Current) 1002 21 User Set Valid Vulnerabilities (Current) 1002 22 User Set Invalid Vulnerabilities (Current) 1002 23 User Host Criticality 1002 24 Host Attribute Set Value (Current) 1002 25 Host Attribute Delete Value (Current) 1002 26 User Add Host 1002 27	Host Attribute Update	1002	7
Host Attribute Delete Value (Legacy) 1002 10	Host Attribute Delete	1002	8
Add Scan Result 1002 11 User Set Vulnerability Qualification 1002 12 User Policy Control 1002 13 Delete Protocol 1002 14 Delete Client Application 1002 15 User Set Operating System 1002 16 User Account Seen 1002 17 User Account Update 1002 18 User Set Server 1002 19 User Delete Address (Current) 1002 20 User Delete Server (Current) 1002 21 User Set Valid Vulnerabilities (Current) 1002 22 User Set Invalid Vulnerabilities (Current) 1002 23 User Host Criticality 1002 24 Host Attribute Set Value (Current) 1002 25 Host Attribute Delete Value (Current) 1002 26 User Add Host 1002 27	Host Attribute Set Value (Legacy)	1002	9
User Set Vulnerability Qualification 1002 12 User Policy Control 1002 13 Delete Protocol 1002 14 Delete Client Application 1002 15 User Set Operating System 1002 16 User Set Operating System 1002 17 User Account Seen 1002 18 User Account Update 1002 19 User Set Server 1002 19 User Delete Address (Current) 1002 20 User Delete Server (Current) 1002 21 User Set Valid Vulnerabilities (Current) 1002 22 User Set Invalid Vulnerabilities (Current) 1002 23 User Host Criticality 1002 24 Host Attribute Set Value (Current) 1002 25 Host Attribute Delete Value (Current) 1002 26 User Add Host 1002 27	Host Attribute Delete Value (Legacy)	1002	10
User Policy Control 1002 13 Delete Protocol 1002 14 Delete Client Application 1002 15 User Set Operating System 1002 16 User Account Seen 1002 17 User Account Update 1002 18 User Set Server 1002 19 User Delete Address (Current) 1002 20 User Delete Server (Current) 1002 21 User Set Valid Vulnerabilities (Current) 1002 22 User Set Invalid Vulnerabilities (Current) 1002 23 User Host Criticality 1002 24 Host Attribute Set Value (Current) 1002 25 Host Attribute Delete Value (Current) 1002 26 User Add Host 1002 27	Add Scan Result	1002	11
Delete Protocol 1002 14 Delete Client Application 1002 15 User Set Operating System 1002 16 User Account Seen 1002 17 User Account Update 1002 18 User Set Server 1002 19 User Delete Address (Current) 1002 20 User Delete Server (Current) 1002 21 User Set Valid Vulnerabilities (Current) 1002 22 User Set Invalid Vulnerabilities (Current) 1002 23 User Host Criticality 1002 24 Host Attribute Set Value (Current) 1002 25 Host Attribute Delete Value (Current) 1002 26 User Add Host 1002 27	User Set Vulnerability Qualification	1002	12
Delete Client Application 1002 15 User Set Operating System 1002 16 User Account Seen 1002 17 User Account Update 1002 18 User Set Server 1002 19 User Delete Address (Current) 1002 20 User Delete Server (Current) 1002 21 User Set Valid Vulnerabilities (Current) 1002 22 User Set Invalid Vulnerabilities (Current) 1002 23 User Host Criticality 1002 24 Host Attribute Set Value (Current) 1002 25 Host Attribute Delete Value (Current) 1002 26 User Add Host 1002 27	User Policy Control	1002	13
User Set Operating System 1002 16 User Account Seen 1002 17 User Account Update 1002 18 User Set Server 1002 19 User Delete Address (Current) 1002 20 User Delete Server (Current) 1002 21 User Set Valid Vulnerabilities (Current) 1002 22 User Set Invalid Vulnerabilities (Current) 1002 23 User Host Criticality 1002 24 Host Attribute Set Value (Current) 1002 25 Host Attribute Delete Value (Current) 1002 26 User Add Host 1002 27	Delete Protocol	1002	14
User Account Seen 1002 17 User Account Update 1002 18 User Set Server 1002 19 User Delete Address (Current) 1002 20 User Delete Server (Current) 1002 21 User Set Valid Vulnerabilities (Current) 1002 22 User Set Invalid Vulnerabilities (Current) 1002 23 User Host Criticality 1002 24 Host Attribute Set Value (Current) 1002 25 Host Attribute Delete Value (Current) 1002 26 User Add Host 1002 27	Delete Client Application	1002	15
User Account Update 1002 18 User Set Server 1002 19 User Delete Address (Current) 1002 20 User Delete Server (Current) 1002 21 User Set Valid Vulnerabilities (Current) 1002 22 User Set Invalid Vulnerabilities (Current) 1002 23 User Host Criticality 1002 24 Host Attribute Set Value (Current) 1002 25 Host Attribute Delete Value (Current) 1002 26 User Add Host 1002 27	User Set Operating System	1002	16
User Set Server 1002 19 User Delete Address (Current) 1002 20 User Delete Server (Current) 1002 21 User Set Valid Vulnerabilities (Current) 1002 22 User Set Invalid Vulnerabilities (Current) 1002 23 User Host Criticality 1002 24 Host Attribute Set Value (Current) 1002 25 Host Attribute Delete Value (Current) 1002 26 User Add Host 1002 27	User Account Seen	1002	17
User Delete Address (Current)100220User Delete Server (Current)100221User Set Valid Vulnerabilities (Current)100222User Set Invalid Vulnerabilities (Current)100223User Host Criticality100224Host Attribute Set Value (Current)100225Host Attribute Delete Value (Current)100226User Add Host100227	User Account Update	1002	18
User Delete Server (Current)100221User Set Valid Vulnerabilities (Current)100222User Set Invalid Vulnerabilities (Current)100223User Host Criticality100224Host Attribute Set Value (Current)100225Host Attribute Delete Value (Current)100226User Add Host100227	User Set Server	1002	19
User Set Valid Vulnerabilities (Current)100222User Set Invalid Vulnerabilities (Current)100223User Host Criticality100224Host Attribute Set Value (Current)100225Host Attribute Delete Value (Current)100226User Add Host100227	User Delete Address (Current)	1002	20
User Set Invalid Vulnerabilities (Current)100223User Host Criticality100224Host Attribute Set Value (Current)100225Host Attribute Delete Value (Current)100226User Add Host100227	User Delete Server (Current)	1002	21
User Host Criticality100224Host Attribute Set Value (Current)100225Host Attribute Delete Value (Current)100226User Add Host100227	User Set Valid Vulnerabilities (Current)	1002	22
Host Attribute Set Value (Current) 1002 25 Host Attribute Delete Value (Current) 1002 26 User Add Host 1002 27	User Set Invalid Vulnerabilities (Current)	1002	23
Host Attribute Delete Value (Current) 1002 26 User Add Host 1002 27	User Host Criticality	1002	24
User Add Host 1002 27	Host Attribute Set Value (Current)	1002	25
	Host Attribute Delete Value (Current)	1002	26
User Add Server 1002 28	User Add Host	1002	27
	User Add Server	1002	28

Table 4-26 Discovery and Connection Events by Type and Subtype (continued)

Event Name	Event Type	Event Subtype
User Add Client Application	1002	29
User Add Protocol	1002	30
Reload App	1002	31
Account Delete	1002	32
Connection Statistics	1003	1
Connection Chunks	1003	2
New User Identity	1004	1
User Login	1004	2
Delete User Identity	1004	3
User Identity Dropped: User Limit Reached	1004	4
Host IOC Set Type	1008	1
Full Host Profile	1050	N/A



For information about the data structure used for each event type/subtype, see Host Discovery Structures by Event Type, page 4-36.

Host Discovery Structures by Event Type

eStreamer builds host discovery event messages based on the event type indicated in the discovery event header. The following sub-sections describe the high-level structure for each event type:

- New Host and Host Last Seen Messages, page 4-37
- Server Messages, page 4-38
- New Network Protocol Message, page 4-39
- New Transport Protocol Message, page 4-39
- Client Application Messages, page 4-39
- IP Address Change Message, page 4-40
- Operating System Update Messages, page 4-41
- IP Address Reused and Host Timeout/Deleted Messages, page 4-41
- Hops Change Message, page 4-42
- Hops Change Message, page 4-42
- TCP and UDP Port Closed/Timeout Messages, page 4-42
- MAC Address Messages, page 4-43
- Host Identified as a Bridge/Router Message, page 4-43
- VLAN Tag Information Update Messages, page 4-44
- Change NetBIOS Name Message, page 4-44

- Update Banner Message, page 4-45
- Policy Control Message, page 4-45
- Connection Statistics Data Message, page 4-45
- Connection Chunk Message, page 4-46
- User Set Vulnerabilities Messages for Version 4.6.1+, page 4-46
- User Add and Delete Host Messages, page 4-47
- User Delete Server Message, page 4-47
- User Set Host Criticality Messages, page 4-48
- Attribute Messages, page 4-48
- Attribute Value Messages, page 4-49
- User Server and Operating System Messages, page 4-49
- User Protocol Messages, page 4-50
- User Client Application Messages, page 4-50
- Add Scan Result Messages, page 4-51
- New Operating System Messages, page 4-51
- Identity Conflict and Identity Timeout System Messages, page 4-52

The data block diagrams in the following sections depict the different record data blocks returned in host discovery event messages.

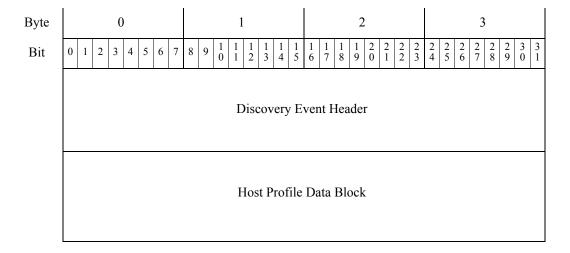
New Host and Host Last Seen Messages

New Host and Host Last Seen event messages have a standard discovery event header and a Host Profile data block (as documented in Host Profile Data Block for 5.2+, page 4-149). The Host Profile data block is block type 139 in series 1.

Note that the Host Last Seen message includes server information only for servers on the host that have changed within the Update Interval set in the discovery detection policy. In other words, only servers that have changed since the system last reported information will be included in the Host Last Seen message.



The Host Profile data block differs depending on which system version created the message. For information on legacy versions of the Host Profile data block, see Legacy Host Data Structures, page B-179.



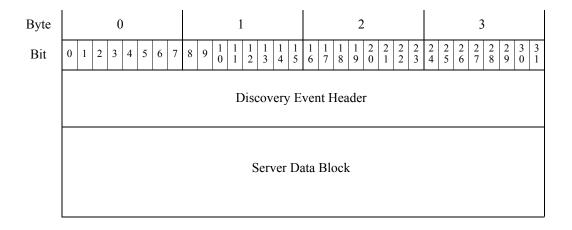
Server Messages

The following TCP and UDP server event messages have a standard discovery event header (as documented in Discovery Event Header 5.2+, page 4-32) followed by a Server data block (as documented in Host Server Data Block 4.10.0+, page 4-126, block type 103 in series 1):

- New TCP Server
- · New UDP Server
- TCP Server Information Update
- · UDP Server Information Update
- TCP Server Confidence Update
- UDP Server Confidence Update

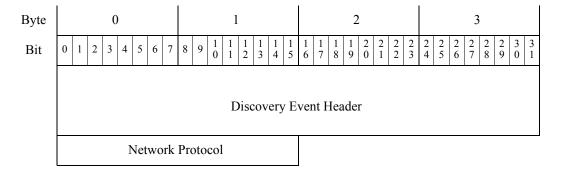


The Server data block differs depending on which system version created the message. For information on the legacy versions of the Server data block, see <u>Understanding Legacy Data Structures</u>, page B-1.



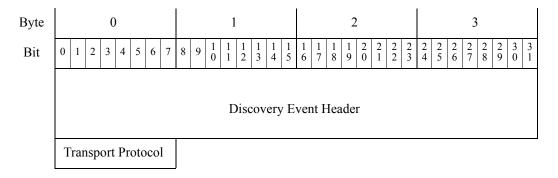
New Network Protocol Message

A New Network Protocol event message has a standard discovery event header (as documented in Discovery Event Header 5.2+, page 4-32) followed by a two-byte field for the network protocol (using protocol values described in following table).



New Transport Protocol Message

A New Transport Protocol event message has a standard discovery event header (as documented in Discovery Event Header 5.2+, page 4-32, block type 4 in series 1) and a one-byte field for the transport protocol number (using values described in following table).

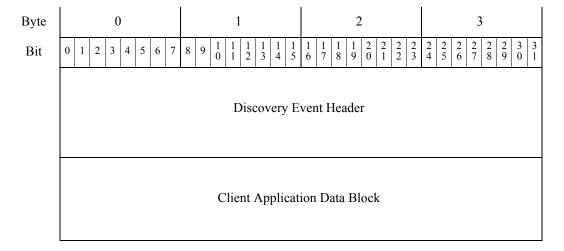


Client Application Messages

New Client Application, Client Application Update, and Client Application Timeout events have the same format and contain a standard discovery event header (as documented in Discovery Event Header 5.2+, page 4-32) followed by a Client Application data block (see Host Client Application Data Block for 5.0+, page 4-142, block type 122 in series 1). The discovery event header has a different record type, event type, and event subtype, depending on the event transmitted.



The Client Application data block differs depending on the system version that created the message. For information on the legacy version of the Client Application data block, see <u>Understanding Legacy Data Structures</u>, page B-1.

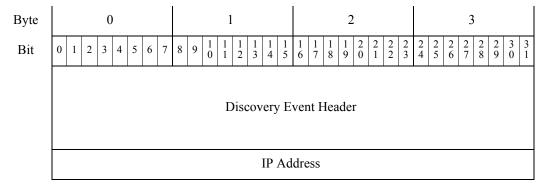


IP Address Change Message

The following host discovery messages have a standard discovery event header (as documented in Discovery Event Header 5.2+, page 4-32) and two different forms, structures, one with four bytes for the IP address and one with 16 bytes for the IP address.

Four bytes are used for the IP address (in IP address octets) in the following case:

- New IPv4 to IPv4 Traffic
- Host IP Address Changed, when the RNA event version is less than 10



16 bytes are used for the IP address in the following cases:

- New IPv6 to IPv6 Traffic
- Host IP Address Changed, when the RNA event version is 10

Byte													
Bit	0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	2 2 2 2 2 2 3 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1										
		Discovery E	vent Header										
		IP Ad	dress										
	IP Address, continued												
	IP Address, continued												
	IP Address, continued												

Operating System Update Messages

The OS Information Update event message has a standard discovery event header (as documented in Discovery Event Header 5.2+, page 4-32) followed by an Operating System data block (as documented in Operating System Data Block 3.5+, page 4-76, block type 53 in series 1).

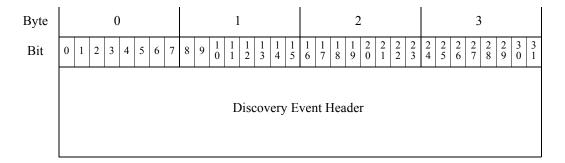
Byte	0 1													2								3										
Bit	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 0 0 0 0 1 2 0 3 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0							1 7	1 8	1 9	2	2	2 2	2 3	2 4	2 5	2 6	2 7	2 8	2 9	3	3	
	Discovery Event Header																															
	Operating System Data Block																															
												PC			, <i>-</i> ,	<i>.</i>	J.111	20	···	D 1	001	•										

IP Address Reused and Host Timeout/Deleted Messages

The following host event messages have a standard discovery event header (as documented in Discovery Event Header 5.2+, page 4-32) with no other data:

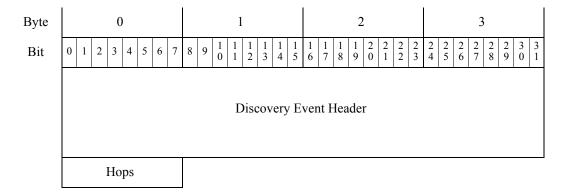
- · Host IP Address Reused
- Host Timeout
- · Host Deleted: Host Limit Reached

• Host Dropped: Host Limit Reached



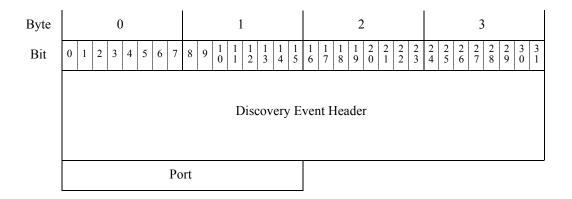
Hops Change Message

A Hops Change event message has a standard discovery event header (as documented in Discovery Event Header 5.2+, page 4-32) followed by a one-byte field for the hops count.



TCP and UDP Port Closed/Timeout Messages

TCP and UDP Port Closed and Port Timeout event messages have a standard discovery event header (as documented in Discovery Event Header 5.2+, page 4-32) followed by a two-byte field for the port number.



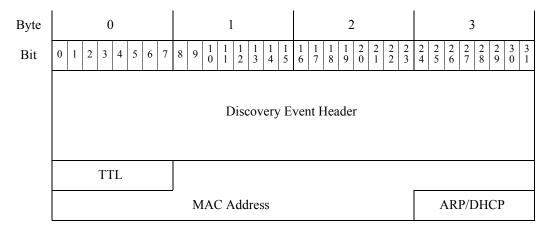
MAC Address Messages

MAC Information Change and Additional MAC Detected for Host messages have a standard discovery event header (as documented in Discovery Event Header 5.2+, page 4-32), 1 byte for the TTL value, 6 bytes for the MAC address, and 1 byte to indicate whether the MAC address was detected via ARP/DHCP traffic as the actual MAC address.



If you receive MAC address messages from a system running version 4.9.x, you must check for the length of the MAC address data block and decode accordingly. If the data block is 8 bytes in length (16 bytes with the header), see MAC Address Messages, page 4-43. If the data block is 12 bytes in length (20 bytes with the header), see Host MAC Address 4.9+, page 4-105.

Note that the MAC address data block header is **not** used within MAC Information Change and Additional MAC Detected for Host messages.



Host Identified as a Bridge/Router Message

A Host Identified as a Bridge/Router event message has a standard discovery event header (as documented in Discovery Event Header 5.2+, page 4-32) followed by a four-byte field for the value that matches the host type:

- 0 Host
- 1 Router
- 2 Bridge

Byte	0	1	2	3									
Bit	0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7	8 9 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 5	1 1 1 1 2 2 2 2 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3	2 2 2 2 2 2 3 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1									
	Discovery Event Header												
	Host Type												

VLAN Tag Information Update Messages

The VLAN Tag Information Update event has a standard discovery event header (as documented in Discovery Event Header 5.2+, page 4-32) followed by VLAN data block (as documented in VLAN Data Block, page 4-68). The VLAN Data block is block type 14 in the series 1 group of blocks.

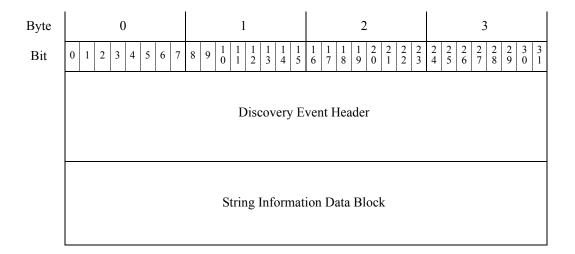
Byte	0	1	2	3								
Bit	0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7	8 9 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 5	1 1 1 1 2 2 2 2 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3	2 2 2 2 2 2 3 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1								
	Discovery Event Header											
		VLAN D	ata Block									

Change NetBIOS Name Message

A Change NetBIOS Name event message has a standard discovery event header (as documented in Discovery Event Header 5.2+, page 4-32) followed by a String Information data block (as documented in String Information Data Block, page 4-70). The String Information data block is block type 35 in series 1.



The Change NetBIOS Domain event is not currently generated by the FireSIGHT System.



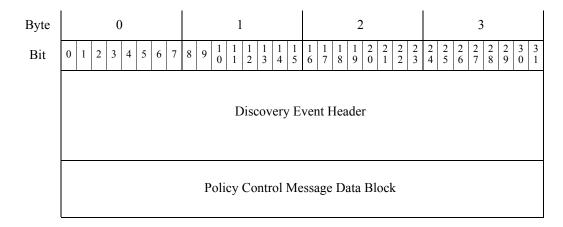
Update Banner Message

An Update Banner event message has a standard discovery event header (as documented in Discovery Event Header 5.2+, page 4-32) followed by a Server Banner data block (as documented in Server Banner Data Block, page 4-69). The server banner data block is block type 37 in series 1.

Byte				0)							1								2	2							3				
Bit	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	1	1 1	1 2	1 3	1 4	1	1	1 7	1 8	1 9	2 0	2	2 2	2 3	2 4	2 5	2 6	2 7	2 8	2 9	3	3
						l														l	l											
												D	isc	cov	ery	E	ver	nt F	Нea	ıde	r											
												Sa	*** 7/	sr I	Ban	na	. D	Note	, D	100	d.											
												36	1 / (71 I	Jan	116	ıυ	alc	ıD	100	ĸ											

Policy Control Message

The Policy Control Message event has a standard discovery event header (as documented in Discovery Event Header 5.2+, page 4-32) followed by a Policy Control Message data block. The format of the Policy Control Message data block differs depending on the system version. For information on policy control message data block format for the current version, see Policy Engine Control Message Data Block, page 4-77.

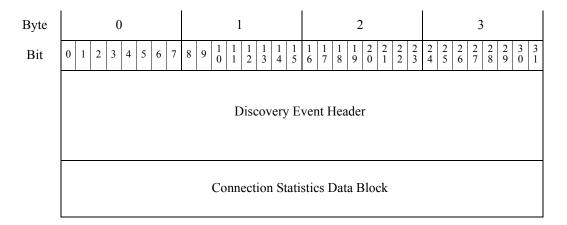


Connection Statistics Data Message

The Connection Statistics event has a standard discovery event header (as documented in Discovery Event Header 5.2+, page 4-32) followed by a Connection Statistics data block. The documentation of each version of the Connection Statistics data block includes the system versions that use it. For information on the connection statistics data block format for version 5.3.1+, see Scan Result Data Block 5.2+, page 4-123.

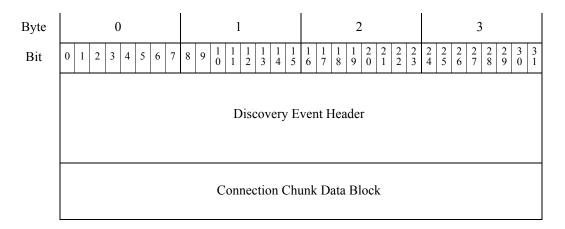


The Connection Statistics data block differs depending on which system version created the message. For information on legacy versions, see the Connection Statistics data block in Understanding Legacy Data Structures, page B-1.



Connection Chunk Message

The Connection Chunk event has a standard discovery event header (as documented in Discovery Event Header 5.2+, page 4-32) followed by a Connection Chunk data block. The format differs depending on the system version. For information on connection chunk data block format for the current version, see Connection Chunk Data Block for 5.1.1+, page 4-90. The Connection Chunk data block is block type 136 in series 1.



User Set Vulnerabilities Messages for Version 4.6.1+

User Set Valid Vulnerabilities, User Set Invalid Vulnerabilities, and User Vulnerability Qualification messages use the same data format: the standard discovery event header (see Discovery Event Header 5.2+, page 4-32) followed by a User Vulnerability change data block (see User Vulnerability Change Data Block 4.7+, page 4-97, block type 80 in series 1). They are differentiated by record type, event type, and event subtype.

Byte	0	1	2	3
Bit	0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7	8 9 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 5	1 1 1 1 2 2 2 2 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3	2 2 2 2 2 2 3 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1
		Discovery E	want Haadan	
		Discovery E	vent Header	
		User Vulnerability (Change Data Block	
		,	J	

User Add and Delete Host Messages

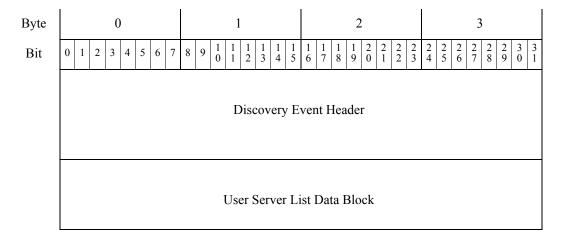
The following host input event messages have the standard discovery event header (see Discovery Event Header 5.2+, page 4-32) followed by a User Hosts data block (see User Hosts Data Block 4.7+, page 4-95, block type 78 in series 1):

- User Delete Address
- User Add Hosts

Byte				0)							1								2	2							3				
Bit	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	1	1	1 2	1 3	1 4	1	16	1 7	18	19	2 0	2	2 2	2 3	2 4	2 5	2 6	2 7	2 8	2	3	3
												D	isc	cov	ery	E	ver	nt F	Неа	ıde	r											
													т		T	4	D -	4 - 1	D1 -	_1_												
												,	Js€	er I	los	ts .	Da	ta I	BIC	ock	-											

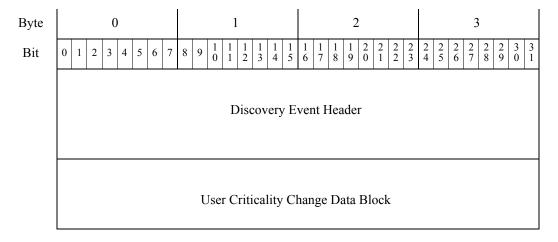
User Delete Server Message

User Delete Server messages have the standard discovery event header (see Discovery Event Header 5.2+, page 4-32) followed by a User Server List data block (see User Server List Data Block, page 4-94). The User Server List data block is block type 77 in series 1.



User Set Host Criticality Messages

User Set Host Criticality messages have the standard discovery event header (see Discovery Event Header 5.2+, page 4-32) followed by a User Criticality Change data block (see User Criticality Change Data Block 4.7+, page 4-98). The User Criticality Change data block is block type 81 in series 1.



Attribute Messages

The following event messages have a standard discovery event header (as documented in Discovery Event Header 5.2+, page 4-32) followed by an Attribute Definition data block (as documented in Attribute Definition Data Block for 4.7+, page 4-78, block type 55 in series 1):

- · Add Host Attribute
- Update Host Attribute
- Delete Host Attribute

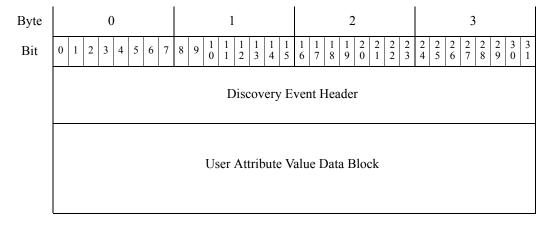
Byte	0	1	2	3
Bit	0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7	8 9 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 5	1 1 1 1 2 2 2 2 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3	2 2 2 2 2 2 3 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1
		Discovery E Attribute Defini		

Attribute Value Messages

The following event messages have a standard discovery event header (as documented in Discovery Event Header 5.2+, page 4-32) followed by a User Attribute Value data block (as documented in User Attribute Value Data Block 4.7+, page 4-100, block type 82 in series 1):

- Set Host Attribute Value
- Delete Host Attribute Value

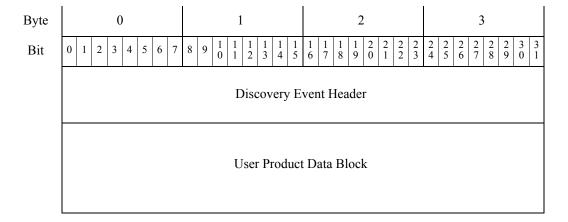
Each of these events use the following format:



User Server and Operating System Messages

The following event messages have a standard discovery event header (as documented in Discovery Event Header 5.2+, page 4-32) followed by a User Product data block (as documented in User Product Data Block 5.1+, page 4-157, block type 60 in series 1):

- Set Operating System Definition
- Set Server Definition
- · Add Server

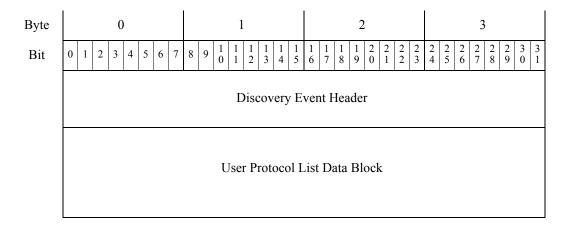


User Protocol Messages

The following event messages have a standard discovery event header (as documented in Discovery Event Header 5.2+, page 4-32) followed by a User Protocol List data block (as documented in User Protocol List Data Block 4.7+, page 4-101, block type 83 in series 1):

- Delete Protocol
- Add Protocol

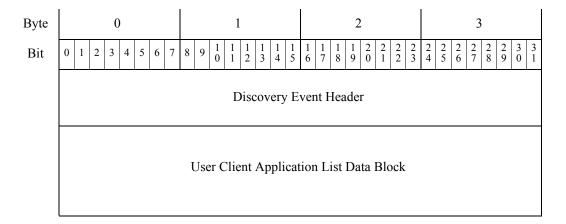
Each of these events use the following format:



User Client Application Messages

The following event messages have a standard discovery event header (as documented in Discovery Event Header 5.2+, page 4-32) followed by a User Client Application List data block (as documented in User Client Application List Data Block, page 4-84, block type 60 in series 1):

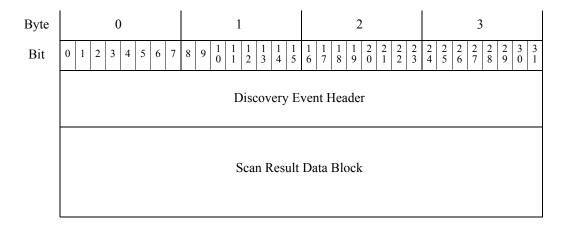
- Delete Client Application
- Add Client Application



Add Scan Result Messages

The Add Scan Result event message has a standard discovery event header (as documented in Discovery Event Header 5.2+, page 4-32) followed by a Scan Results data block (as documented in Scan Result Data Block 5.2+, page 4-123). The Scan Result data block is block type 142 in series 1.

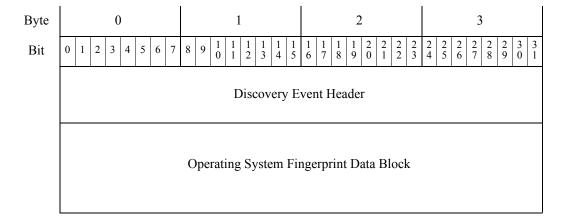
This event uses the following format:



New Operating System Messages

The New OS event message has a standard discovery event header (as documented in Discovery Event Header 5.2+, page 4-32) followed by an Operating System Fingerprint data block (as documented in Operating System Fingerprint Data Block 5.1+, page 4-146).

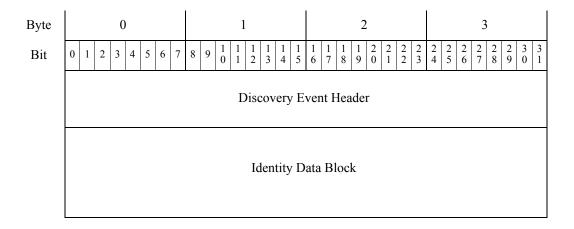
This event uses the following format:



Identity Conflict and Identity Timeout System Messages

The Identity Conflict and Identity Timeout event messages each have a standard discovery event header (as documented in Discovery Event Header 5.2+, page 4-32) followed by an Identity data block (as documented in Identity Data Block, page 4-104). The Identity data block is block type 94 in series 1. These messages are generated when there are conflicts or timeouts in a fingerprint source identity.

This event uses the following format:



Host IOC Set Messages

The Host IOC Set message has a standard discovery event header (as documented in Discovery Event Header 5.2+, page 4-32) followed by an integer data block (as documented in Integer (INT32) Data Block, page 4-67). This integer data block contains the ID number of the IOC set for the host.

This event uses the following format:

Byte				0)							1								2								3	,			
Bit	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	1	1 2	1 3	1 4	1 5	16	1 7	18	1 9	2	2	2	2 3	2 4	2 5	2 6	2 7	2 8	2 9	3	3
												Г						nt H			r											

User Data Structures by Event Type

eStreamer builds user event messages based on the event type indicated in the discovery event header. The following sub-sections describe the high-level structure for each event type:

- User Modification Messages, page 4-53
- User Information Update Message Block, page 4-54

User Modification Messages

When any of the following events occurs through system detection, a user modification message is sent:

- a new user is detected (a New User Identity event—event type 1004, subtype 1)
- a user is removed (a Delete User Identity event—event type 1004, subtype 3)
- a user is dropped (a User Identity Dropped: User Limit Reached event—event type 1004, subtype 4)

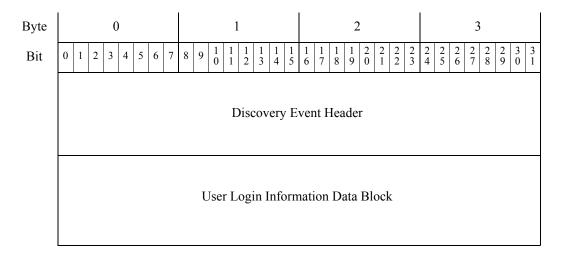
User Modification event messages have a standard discovery event header (as documented in Discovery Event Header 5.2+, page 4-32) and a User Information data block (as documented in User Information Data Block, page 4-173). The User Information data block is block type 120 in series 1.

Byte				C)							1								2								3				
Bit	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	1	1	1 2	1 3	1 4	1 5	16	1 7	1 8	1	2	2	2 2	2 3	2 4	2 5	2 6	2 7	2 8	2 9	3	3
		Discovery Event Header																														
			Discovery Event Header																													
											J	Jse	r I	nfo	rm	ati	on	Da	ta	Blo	ock	-										

User Information Update Message Block

When the login changes for a user (a User Login event—event type 1004, subtype 2) detected by the system, a user information update message is sent.

User Information Update event messages have a standard discovery event header (as documented in Discovery Event Header 5.2+, page 4-32) and a User Login Information data block (as documented in User Login Information Data Block 5.1+, page 4-176). The User Login Information data block is block type 121 in series 1.

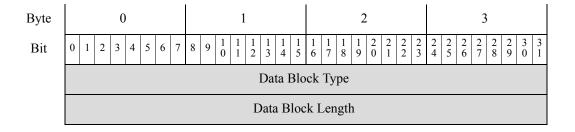


Understanding Discovery (Series 1) Blocks

Most discovery and connection events incorporate one or more data blocks from the series 1 group of data structures. Each series 1 data block type conveys a particular type of information. The block type number appears in the data block header which precedes the data in the block. For information on block header format, see Data Block Header, page 2-24.

Series 1 Data Block Header

The series 1 data block header, like the series 2 block header, has two 32-bit integer fields that contain the block's type number and the block length.





The data block length field contains the number of bytes in the entire data block, including the eight bytes of the two data block header fields.

For some block series 1 types, the block header is followed immediately by raw data. In more complex block types, the header may be followed by standard fixed length fields or by the header of a series 1 primitive block that encapsulates another series 1 data block or list of blocks.

Series 1 Primitive Data Blocks

Both series 1 and series 2 blocks include a set of primitives that encapsulate lists of variable-length blocks as well as variable-length strings and BLOBs within messages. These primitive blocks have the standard series 1 block header discussed above. These primitives appear only within other series 1 data blocks. Any number can be included in a given block type. For details on the structure of the primitive blocks, see the following:

- String Data Block, page 4-62
- BLOB Data Block, page 4-63
- List Data Block, page 4-64
- Generic List Block, page 4-65

Host Discovery and Connection Data Blocks

For the list of block types in host discovery and connection events, see Table 4-27 on page 4-55. The block types in user events are described in Table 4-82 on page 4-164. These are all Series 1 data blocks.

Each entry in the table below contains a link to the subsection where the data block is defined. For each block type, the status (current or legacy) is indicated. A current data block is the latest version. A legacy data block is one that is used for an older version of the product, and the message format can still be requested from eStreamer.

Table 4-27 Host Discovery and Connection Data Block Types

Type	Content	Data Block Status	Description
0	String	Current	Contains string data. See String Data Block, page 4-62 for more information.
1	Sub-Server	Current	Contains information about a sub-server detected on a server. See Sub-Server Data Block, page 4-65 for more information.
4	Protocol	Current	Contains protocol data. See Protocol Data Block, page 4-67 for more information.
7	Integer Data	Current	Contains integer (numeric) data. See Integer (INT32) Data Block, page 4-67 for more information.
10	BLOB	Current	Contains a raw block of binary data and is used specifically for banners. See BLOB Data Block, page 4-63 for more information.

Table 4-27 Host Discovery and Connection Data Block Types (continued)

Type	Content	Data Block Status	Description
11	List	Current	Contains a list of other data blocks. See List Data Block, page 4-64 for more information.
14	VLAN	Current	Contains VLAN information. See VLAN Data Block, page 4-68 for more information.
20	Intrusion Impact Alert	Current	Contains intrusion impact alert information. Intrusion impact alert events have slightly different headers than other data blocks. See Intrusion Impact Alert Data 5.3+, page 3-15 for more information.
31	Generic List	Current	Contains generic list information, for example, to encapsulate lists of blocks, such as Client Application blocks, in the Host Profile block. See Generic List Block, page 4-65 for more information.
35	String Information	Current	Contains string information. For example, when used in the Scan Vulnerability data block, the String Information data block contains the CVE identification number data. See String Information Data Block, page 4-70.
37	Server Banner	Current	Contains server banner data. See Server Banner Data Block, page 4-69 for more information.
38	Attribute Address	Legacy	Contains the host attribute address (as documented in earlier versions of the product). The successor block is 146.
39	Attribute List Item	Current	Contains a host attribute list item value. See Attribute List Item Data Block, page 4-72 for more information.
42	Host Client Application	Legacy	Contains client application information for New Client Application events (as documented for earlier versions of the product).
47	Full Host Profile	Legacy	Contains complete host profile information (as documented in earlier versions of the product).
48	Attribute Value	Current	Contains attribute identification numbers and values for host attributes. See Attribute Value Data Block, page 4-73 for more information.
51	Full Sub-Server	Current	Contains information about a sub-server detected on a server. Referenced in Full Server information blocks and in full host profiles. Includes vulnerability information for each sub-server. See Full Sub-Server Data Block, page 4-74 for more information.
53	Operating System	Current	Contains operating system information for Version 3.5+. See Operating System Data Block 3.5+, page 4-76 for more information.
54	Policy Engine Control Message	Current	Contains information on user policy control changes. See Policy Engine Control Message Data Block, page 4-77 for more information.

Table 4-27 Host Discovery and Connection Data Block Types (continued)

Type	Content	Data Block Status	Description
55	Attribute Definition	Current	Contains information on attribute definitions. See Attribute Definition Data Block for 4.7+, page 4-78 for more information.
56	Connection Statistics	Legacy	Contains information for connection statistics events in 4.7 - 4.9.0 (as documented in earlier versions of the product).
57	User Protocol	Current	Contains protocol information from user input. See User Protocol Data Block, page 4-81 for more information.
59	User Client Application	Legacy	Contains client application data from user input. See User Client Application Data Block for 5.0 - 5.1, page B-73 for more information. Superseded by block 138.
60	User Client Application List	Current	Contains lists of user client application data blocks. See User Client Application List Data Block, page 4-84 for more information.
61	IP Range Specification	Legacy	Contains IP address range specifications. See IP Range Specification Data Block for 5.0 - 5.1.1.x, page B-215 for more information. Superseded by block 141.
62	Attribute Specification	Current	Contains an attribute name and value. See Attribute Specification Data Block, page 4-87 for more information.
63	MAC Address Specification	Current	Contains MAC address range specifications. See MAC Address Specification Data Block, page 4-88 for more information.
64	IP Address Specification	Current	Contains lists of IP and MAC address specification blocks. See Address Specification Data Block, page 4-89 for more information.
65	User Product	Legacy	Contains host input data imported from a third-party application, including third-party application string mappings. See User Product Data Block for 5.0.x, page B-77 for more information. The successor block type 118 introduced for 5.0 has an identical structure as block type 65.
66	Connection Chunk	Legacy	Contains connection chunk information. See Connection Chunk Data Block for 5.0 - 5.1, page B-109 for more information. The successor block type 119 introduced for 5.0 has an identical structure as block type 66.
67	Fix List	Current	Contains a fix that applies to a host. See Fix List Data Block, page 4-92 for more information.
71	Generic Scan Results	Legacy	Contains results from an Nmap scan (as documented in earlier versions of the product).

Table 4-27 Host Discovery and Connection Data Block Types (continued)

Type	Content	Data Block Status	Description
72	Scan Result	Legacy	Contains results from a third-party scan (as documented in earlier versions of the product).
76	User Server	Current	Contains server information from a user input event. See User Server Data Block, page 4-93 for more information.
77	User Server List	Current	Contains lists of user server blocks. See User Server List Data Block, page 4-94 for more information.
78	User Hosts	Current	Contains information about host ranges from a user host input event. See User Hosts Data Block 4.7+, page 4-95 for more information.
79	User Vulnerability	Legacy	Contains information about a vulnerability for a host or hosts (as documented in earlier versions of the product). The successor block introduced for version 5.0 has block type 124.
80	User Host Vulnerability Change	Current	Contains lists of deactivated or activated vulnerabilities. See User Vulnerability Change Data Block 4.7+, page 4-97 for more information.
81	User Criticality	Current	Contains information on criticality changes for a host or host. See User Criticality Change Data Block 4.7+, page 4-98 for more information.
82	User Attribute Value	Current	Contains attribute value changes for a host or hosts. See User Attribute Value Data Block 4.7+, page 4-100 for more information.
83	User Protocol List	Current	Contains lists of protocols for a host or hosts. See User Protocol List Data Block 4.7+, page 4-101 for more information.
85	Vulnerability List	Current	Contains vulnerabilities that apply to a host. See Host Vulnerability Data Block 4.9.0+, page 4-103 for more information.
86	Scan Vulnerability	Legacy	Contains information on vulnerabilities detected by a scan (as documented in earlier versions of the product).
87	Operating System Fingerprint	Legacy	Contains lists of operating system fingerprints. See Operating System Fingerprint Data Block for 5.0 - 5.0.2, page B-91 for more information. The successor block introduced for version 5.1 has block type 130.
88	Server Information	Legacy	Contains server information used in server fingerprints (as documented in earlier versions of the product).
89	Host Server	Legacy	Contains server information for a host (as documented in earlier versions of the product).
90	Full Host Server	Legacy	Contains server information for a host (as documented in earlier versions of the product).

Table 4-27 Host Discovery and Connection Data Block Types (continued)

Type	Content	Data Block Status	Description	
91	Host Profile	Legacy	Contains profile information for a host. See Host Profile Data Block for 5.2+, page 4-149 for more information. The successor block introduced for version 5.1 has block type 132.	
92	Full Host Profile	Legacy	Contains complete host profile information (as documented in earlier versions of the product). Supersedes data block 47.	
94	Identity Data	Current	Contains identity data for a host. See Identity Data Block, page 4-104 for more information.	
95	Host MAC Address	Current	Contains MAC address information for a host. See Host MAC Address 4.9+, page 4-105 for more information.	
96	Secondary Host Update	Current	Contains lists of MAC address information reported by a secondary Secondary Host Update, page 4-106.	
97	Web Application	Legacy	Contains lists of web application data (as documented in earlier versions of the product). The successor block introduced for version 5.0 has block type 123.	
98	Host Server	Legacy	Contains server information for a host (as documented in earlier versions of the product).	
99	Full Host Server	Legacy	Contains server information for a host (as documented in earlier versions of the product).	
100	Host Client Application	Legacy	Contains client application information for New Client Application events (as documented in earlier versions of the product). The successor block type 122 introduced for version 5.0 has the same structure as block type 100.	
101	Connection Statistics	Legacy	Contains information for connection statistics events in 4.9.1+ (as documented in earlier versions of the product).	
102	Scan Results	Legacy	Contains information about a vulnerability and is used within Add Scan Result events. See Scan Result Data Block 5.0 - 5.1.1.x, page B-75.	
103	Host Server	Current	Contains server information for a host. See Host Server Data Block 4.10.0+, page 4-126 for more information.	
104	Full Host Server	Current	Contains server information for a host. See Full Host Server Data Block 4.10.0+, page 4-127 for more information.	
105	Server Information	Legacy	Contains server information used in server fingerprints. See Server Information Data Block for 4.10.x, 5.0 - 5.0.2, page 4-131 for more information. The successor block type 117 introduced for 5.0 has an identical structure as block type 105.	

Table 4-27 Host Discovery and Connection Data Block Types (continued)

Type	Content	Data Block Status	Description
106	Full Server Information	Current	Contains information about a server detected on a host. See Full Server Information Data Block, page 4-134 for more information.
108	Generic Scan Results	Current	Contains results from an Nmap scan. See Generic Scan Results Data Block for 4.10.0+, page 4-136 for more information.
109	Scan Vulnerability	Current	Contains information on vulnerabilities detected by a third-party scan. See Scan Vulnerability Data Block for 4.10.0+, page 4-138.
111	Full Host Profile	Legacy	Contains complete host profile information. See Full Host Profile Data Block 5.0 - 5.0.2, page B-179 for more information. Supersedes data block 92.
112	Full Host Client Application	Current	Contains client application information for New Client Application events and includes a list of vulnerabilities. See Full Host Client Application Data Block 5.0+, page 4-141 for more information.
115	Connection Statistics	Legacy	Contains information for connection statistics events in 5.0 - 5.0.2. See Connection Statistics Data Block 5.0 - 5.0.2, page B-93 for more information. The successor block introduced for version 5.1 has block type 126.
117	Server Information	Current	Contains server information used in server fingerprints. See Server Information Data Block for 4.10.x, 5.0 - 5.0.2, page 4-131 for more information.
118	User Product Legacy		Contains host input data imported from a third-party application, including third-party application string mappings. See User Product Data Block for 5.0.x, page B-77 for more information. The predecessor block type 65, superseded in 5.0, has the same structure as this block type. The successor block introduced for version 5.1 has block type 132.
119	Connection Chunk	Legacy	Contains connection chunk information for versions 4.10.1 - 5.1. See Connection Chunk Data Block for 5.0 - 5.1, page B-109 for more information. The successor block is 136.
122	Host Client Application	Current	Contains client application information for New Client Application events for version 5.0+. See Host Client Application Data Block for 5.0+, page 4-142 for more information. It supersedes block type 100.
123	Web Application	Current	Contains web application data for version 5.0+. See Web Application Data Block for 5.0+, page 4-108 for more information. It supersedes block type 97.
124	User Vulnerability	Current	Contains information about a vulnerability for a host or hosts. See User Vulnerability Data Block 5.0+, page 4-144. It supersedes block type 79.

Table 4-27 Host Discovery and Connection Data Block Types (continued)

Type	Content	Data Block Status	Description		
125	Statistics		Contains information for connection statistics events in 4.10.2 (as documented in earlier versions of the product). The successor block introduced for version 5.1 has block type 115.		
126	Connection Legacy Statistics		Contains information for connection statistics events in 5.1. See Connection Statistics Data Block 5.1, page B-98 for more information. It supersedes block type 115. This block type is superseded by block type 137.		
130	Operating System Fingerprint	Current	Contains lists of operating system fingerprints. See Operating System Fingerprint Data Block 5.1+, page 4-146 for more information. It supersedes block type 87.		
131	Mobile Device Information	Current	Contains information about a detected mobile device's hardware. See Mobile Device Information Data Block for 5.1+, page 4-148 for more information.		
132	Host Profile	Legacy	Contains profile information for a host. See Full Host Profile Data Block 5.2.x, page B-197 for more information. It supersedes block type 91. Superseded by block 139.		
134	User Product	Current	Contains host input data imported from a third-party application, including third-party application string mappings. See User Product Data Block 5.1+, page 4-157 for more information. This supersedes the predecessor block type 118.		
135	Full Host Profile	Legacy	Contains complete host profile information. See Full Host Profile Data Block 5.1.1, page B-188 for more information. Supersedes data block 111.		
136	Connection Current Chunk		Contains connection chunk information. See Connection Chunk Data Block for 5.1.1+, page 4-90 for more information. Supersedes block 119.		
137	Connection Statistics	Legacy	Contains information for connection events in 5.1.1. See Connection Chunk Data Block for 5.0 - 5.1, page B-109 for more information. It supersedes block type 126. It is superseded by block type 144.		
138	User Client Application	Current	Contains client application data from user input. See User Client Application Data Block for 5.1.1+, page 4-83 for more information. It supersedes block type 59.		
139	Host Profile	Current	Contains profile information for a host. See Host Profile Data Block for 5.2+, page 4-149 for more information. It supersedes block type 132.		

Table 4-27 Host Discovery and Connection Data Block Types (continued)

Type	Content	Data Block Status	Description	
140	Full Host Profile	Legacy	Contains complete host profile information. See Full Host Profile Data Block 5.3+, page 5-1 for more information. Supersedes data block 135.	
141	IP Range Specification	Current	Contains IP address range specifications. See IP Address Range Data Block for 5.2+, page 4-86 for more information. It supersedes block 61.	
142	Scan Results	Current	Contains information about a vulnerability and is used within Add Scan Result events. See Scan Result Data Block 5.2+, page 4-123. It supersedes block 102.	
143	Host IP	Current	Contains a host's IP address and last seen information. See Host IP Address Data Block, page 4-88 for more information.	
144	Connection Legacy Statistics		Contains information for connection events in 5.2.x. See Connection Statistics Data Block 5.2.x, page B-104 for more information. It supersedes block type 137.	
146	Attribute Address	Current	Contains the host attribute address for 5.2+. See Attribute Address Data Block 5.2+, page 4-71 for more information. It supersedes block type 38.	
140	Full Host Profile	Current	Contains complete host profile information. See Full Host Profile Data Block 5.3+, page 5-1 for more information. Supersedes data block 135.	
152	Connection Legacy Statistics		Contains information for connection events in 5.3+. See Connection Statistics Data Block 5.3, page B-117 for more information. It supersedes block type 144.	
154	Connection Legacy Statistics		Contains information for connection events in 5.3. See Connection Statistics Data Block 5.3.1, page B-123 for more information. It supersedes block type 152.	
155	Connection Statistics	Legacy	Contains information for connection events in 5.4. See Connection Statistics Data Block 5.4, page B-130 for more information. It supersedes block type 154.	
157	Connection Current Statistics		Contains information for connection events in 5.4.0.1+. See Connection Statistics Data Block 5.4.0.1+, page 4-108 for more information. It supersedes block type 155.	

String Data Block

The String data block is used for sending string data in series 1 blocks. It commonly appears within other series 1 data blocks to describe, for example, operating system or server names.

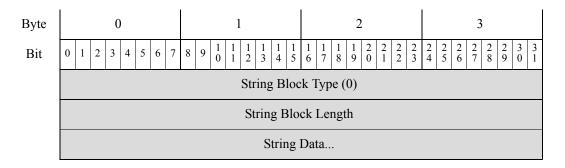
Empty string data blocks (string data blocks containing no string data) have a block length value of 8 and are followed by zero bytes of string data. An empty string data block is returned when there is no content for the string value, as might happen, for example, in the OS vendor string field in an Operating System data block when the vendor of the operating system is unknown.

The String data block has a block type of 0 in the series 1 group of blocks.



Strings returned in this data block are not always null-terminated (that is, they are not always terminated with a 0).

The following diagram shows the format of the String data block:



The following table describes the fields of the String data block.

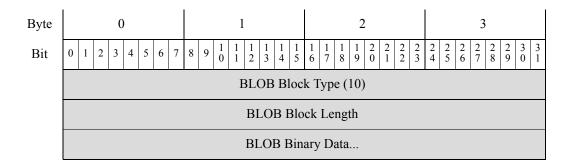
Table 4-28 String Data Block Fields

Field	Data Type	Description
String Block Type	uint32	Initiates a String data block. This value is always o.
String Block Length	uint32	Combined length of the string data block header and string data.
String Data	string	Contains the string data and may contain a terminating character (null byte) at the end of the string.

BLOB Data Block

The BLOB data block can be used to convey binary data. For example, it is used to hold the server banner captured by the system. The BLOB data block has a block type of 10 in the series 1 group of blocks.

The following diagram shows the format of the BLOB data block:



The following table describes the fields of the BLOB data block.

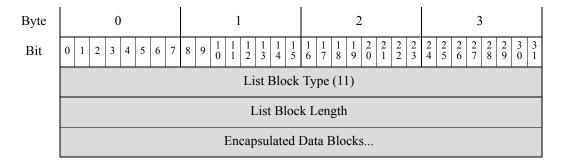
Table 4-29 BLOB Data Block Fields

Field	Data Type	Description
BLOB Block Type	uint32	Initiates a BLOB data block. This value is always 10.
BLOB Block Length	uint32	Number of bytes in the BLOB data block, including eight bytes for the BLOB block type and length fields, plus the length of the binary data that follows.
Binary Data	variable	Contains binary data, typically a server banner.

List Data Block

The List data block is used to encapsulate a list of series 1 data blocks. For example, if a list of TCP servers is being transmitted, the Server data blocks containing the data are encapsulated in a List data block. The List data block has a block type of 11 in the series 1 group of blocks.

The following diagram shows the basic format of a List data block:



The following table describes the fields of the List data block.

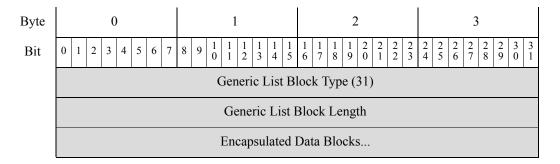
Table 4-30 List Data Block Fields

Field	Data Type	Description
List Block Type	uint32	Initiates a List data block. This value is always 11.
List Block Length	uint32	Number of bytes in the list block and encapsulated data. For example, if there were three sub-server data blocks included in the list, the value here would include the number of bytes in the sub-server blocks, plus eight bytes for the list block header.
Encapsulated Data Blocks	variable	Encapsulated data blocks up to the maximum number of bytes in the list block length.

Generic List Block

The Generic List data block is used to encapsulate a list of series 1 data blocks. For example, when client application information is transmitted within a Host Profile data block, a list of Client Application data blocks are encapsulated by the Generic List data block. The Generic List data block has a block type of 31 in the series 1 group of blocks.

The following diagram shows the basic structure of a Generic List data block:



The following table describes the fields of the Generic List data block.

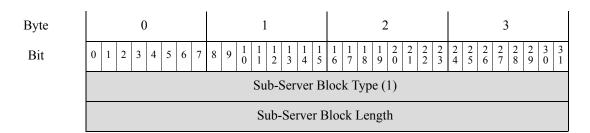
Table 4-31 Generic List Data Block Fields

Field	Number of Bytes	Description
Generic List Block Type	uint32	Initiates a Generic List data block. This value is always 31.
Generic List Block Length	uint32	Number of bytes in the Generic List block and encapsulated data blocks. This number includes the eight bytes of the generic list block header fields, plus the number of bytes in all of the encapsulated data blocks.
Encapsulated Data Blocks	variable	Encapsulated data blocks up to the maximum number of bytes in the list block length.

Sub-Server Data Block

The Sub-Server data block conveys information about an individual sub-server, which is a server called by another server on the same host and has associated vulnerabilities. The Sub-Server data block has a block type of 1 in the series 1 group of blocks.

The following diagram shows the format of the Sub-Server data block:



Byte	0	1	2	3			
Bit	0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8	3 9 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 3 4 5	1 1 1 1 1 2 2 2 2 2 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3	2 2 2 2 2 3 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1			
Sub-Server Name	String Block Type (0)						
		String Block Length					
		Sub-Server	r Name				
Vendor Name	String Block Type (0)						
Tanie	String Block Length						
	Vendor Name						
Version String Blo		String Block	k Type (0)				
Version		String Bloc	ck Length				
Version			on				

The following table describes the fields of the Sub-Server data block.

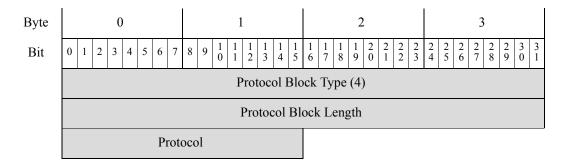
Table 4-32 Sub-Server Data Block Fields

Field	Data Type	Description	
Sub-Server Block Type	uint32	Initiates a Sub-Server data block. This value is always 1.	
Sub-Server Block Length	uint32	Total number of bytes in the Sub-Server data block, including eight bytes for the Sub-Server block type and length fields, plus the number of bytes of data that follows.	
String Block Type	uint32	Initiates a String data block containing the sub-server name. This value is always 0.	
String Block Length	uint32	Number of bytes in the sub-server name String data block, including the string block type and length fields, plus the number of bytes in the sub-server name.	
Sub-Server Name	string	Name of the sub-server.	
String Block Type	uint32	Initiates a String data block that contains the sub-server vendor. This value is always 0.	
String Block Length	uint32	Number of bytes in the vendor name String data block, including the string block type and length fields, plus the number of bytes in the vendor name.	
Vendor Name	string	Sub-server vendor name.	
String Block Type	uint32	Initiates a String data block that contains the sub-server version. This value is always 0.	
String Block Length	uint32	Number of bytes in the Sub-Server version String data block, including the string block type and length fields, plus the number of bytes in the version.	
Version	string	Sub-server version.	

Protocol Data Block

The Protocol data block defines protocols. It is a very simple data block, with only the block type, block length, and the IANA protocol number identifying the protocol. The Protocol data block has a block type of 4 in the series 1 group of blocks.

The following graphic shows the format of the Protocol data block:



The following table describes the fields of the Protocol data block.

Table 4-33 Protocol Data Block Fields

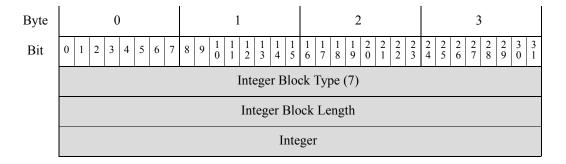
Field	Data Type	Description		
Protocol Block Type	uint32	Initiates a Protocol data block. This value is always 4.		
Protocol Block Length	uint32	Number of bytes in the Protocol data block. This value is alway 10.		
Protocol	uint16	IANA protocol number or Ethertype. This is handled differently for Transport and Network layer protocols.		
		Transport layer protocols are identified by the IANA protocol number. For example:		
		• 6 — TCP		
		• 17 — UDP		
		Network layer protocols are identified by the decimal form of the IEEE Registration Authority Ethertype. For example:		
		• 2048 — IP		

Integer (INT32) Data Block

The Integer (INT32) data block is used in List data blocks to convey 32-bit integer data.

The Integer data block has a block type of 7 in the series 1 group of blocks.

The following diagram shows the format of the integer data block:



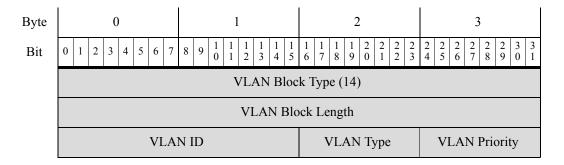
The following table describes the fields of the Integer data block:

Table 4-34 Integer Data Block Fields

Field	Data Type	Description
Integer Block Type	uint32	Initiates an Integer data block. The value is always 7.
Integer Block Length	uint32	Number of bytes in the Integer data block. This value is always 12.
Integer	uint32	Contains the integer value.

VLAN Data Block

The VLAN data block contains VLAN tag information for a host. The VLAN data block has a block type of 14 in the series 1 group of blocks. The following diagram shows the format of the VLAN data block:



The following table describes the fields of the VLAN data block.

Table 4-35 VLAN Data Block Fields

Field	Data Type	Description	
VLAN Block Type	uint32	Initiates a VLAN data block. This value is always 14.	
VLAN Block Length	uint32	Number of bytes in the VLAN data block. This value is always 12.	
VLAN ID	uint16	Contains the VLAN identification number that indicates which VLAN the host is a member of.	

Table 4-35 VLAN Data Block Fields (continued)

Field	Data Type	Description	
VLAN Type	uint8	Type of packet encapsulated in the VLAN tag.	
		• 0 — Ethernet	
		• 1 — Token Ring	
VLAN Priority	uint8	Priority value included in the VLAN tag.	

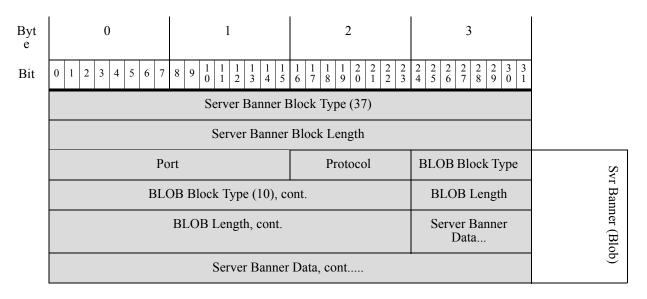
Server Banner Data Block

The Server Banner data block provides information about the banner for a server running on a host. It contains the server port, protocol, and the banner data. The Server Banner data block has a block type of 37 in the series 1 group of blocks.

The following diagram shows the format of the Server Banner data block.



An asterisk(*) next to a block type field in the following diagram indicates the message may contain zero or more instances of the series 1 data block.



The following table describes the fields of the Server Banner data block.

Table 4-36 Server Banner Data Block Fields

Field	Data Type	Description
Server Banner Block Type	uint32	Initiates a Server Banner data block. This value is always 37.
Server Banner Block Length	uint32	Total number of bytes in the Server Banner data block, including the eight bytes in the server banner block type and length fields, plus the number of bytes of data that follows.

Table 4-36 Server Banner Data Block Fields (continued)

Field	Data Type	Description	
Port	uint16	Port number on which the server runs.	
Protocol	uint8	Protocol number for the server.	
BLOB Block Type	uint32	Initiates a BLOB data block containing server banner data. This value is always 10.	
Length	uint32	Total number of bytes in the BLOB data block (typically 264 bytes).	
Banner	byte[n]	First n bytes of the packet involved in the server event, where n is equal to or less than 256.	

String Information Data Block

The String Information data block contains string data. For example, the String Information data block is used to convey the Common Vulnerabilities and Exposures (CVE) identification string within a Scan Vulnerability data block. The String Information data block has a block type of 35 in the series 1 group of blocks.

The following diagram shows the format of the String Information data block:

Byte	0 1 2 3			
Bit	0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 2 2 2 2 2 2			
	String Information Block Type (35)			
	String Information Block Length			
CVE ID	String Block Type (0)			
	String Block Length			
	Value			

The following table describes the fields of the String Information data block.

Table 4-37 String Information Data Block Fields

Field	Data Type	Description
String Information Block Type	uint32	Initiates a String Information data block. This value is always 35.
String Information Block Length	uint32	Combined length of the String Information data block header and String Information data.
String Block Type	uint32	Initiates a string data block for the value.

Table 4-37 String Information Data Block Fields (continued)

Field	Data Type	Description	
String Block Length	uint32	Number of bytes in the string data block for the value, including eight bytes for the string block type and length, plus the number of bytes in the value.	
Value	string	The value of the Common Vulnerabilities and Exposures (CVE) identification number for the vulnerability data block where the String Information data block is used.	

Attribute Address Data Block 5.2+

The Attribute Address data block contains an attribute list item and is used within an Attribute Definition data block. It has a block type of 146 in the series 1 group of blocks.

The following diagram shows the basic structure of an Attribute Address data block:

Byte	0	1	2	3	
Bit	0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7	8 9 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 5	1 1 1 1 1 2 2 2 2 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3	2 2 2 2 2 3 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1	
		Attribute Address	Block Type (146)		
		Attribute Addres	ss Block Length		
	Attribute ID				
	IP Address				
	IP Address, continued				
	IP Address, continued				
	IP Address, continued				
		Bi	ts		

The following table describes the fields of the Attribute Address data block.

Table 4-38 Attribute Address Data Block 5.2+ Fields

Field	Data Type	Description
Attribute Address Block Type	uint32	Initiates an Attribute Address data block. This value is always 146.
Attribute Address Block Length	uint32	Number of bytes in the Attribute Address data block, including eight bytes for the attribute address block type and length, plus the number of bytes in the attribute address data that follows.
Attribute ID	uint32	Identification number of the affected attribute, if applicable.

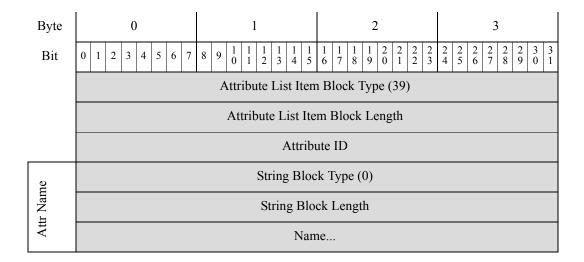
Table 4-38 Attribute Address Data Block 5.2+ Fields (continued)

Field	Data Type	Description	
IP Address	uint8[16]	IP address of the host, if the address was automatically assigned. The address can be IPv4 or IPv6.	
Bits	uint32	Contains the significant bits used to calculate the netmask if an IP address was automatically assigned.	

Attribute List Item Data Block

The Attribute List Item data block contains an attribute list item and is used within an Attribute Definition data block. It has a block type of 39 in the series 1 group of blocks.

The following diagram shows the basic structure of an Attribute List Item data block:



The following table describes the fields of the Attribute List Item data block.

Table 4-39 Attribute List Item Data Block Fields

Field	Data Type	Description
Attribute List Item Block Type	uint32	Initiates an Attribute List Item data block. This value is always 39.
Attribute List Item Block Length	uint32	Number of bytes in the Attribute List Item data block, including eight bytes for the attribute list item block type and length, plus the number of bytes in the attribute list item data that follows.
Attribute ID	uint32	Identification number of the affected attribute, if applicable.
String Block Type	uint32	Initiates a String data block for the attribute list item name. This value is always 0.

Table 4-39 Attribute List Item Data Block Fields (continued)

Field	Data Type	Description
String Block Length	uint32	Number of bytes in the String data block for the attribute list item name, including eight bytes for the string block type and length, plus the number of bytes in the attribute list item name.
Name	string	Attribute list item name.

Attribute Value Data Block

The Attribute Value data block conveys attribute identification numbers and values for host attributes. An Attribute Value data block for each attribute applied to the host in the event is included in a list in the Full Host Profile data block. The Attribute Value data block has a block type of 48 in the series 1 group of blocks.

The following diagram shows the format of the Attribute Value data block:

Byte	0	1	2	3					
Bit	0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7	8 9 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 5	1 1 1 1 1 2 2 2 2 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3	2 2 2 2 2 2 3 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1					
		Attribute Value l	Block Type (48)						
		Attribute Value	Block Length						
		Attrib	ute ID						
		Attribute Type							
		Attribute Integer Value							
		String Data Block (0)							
	String Block Length								
		Attribute Va	lue String						

The following table describes the components of the Attribute Value data block.

Table 4-40 Attribute Value Data Block Fields

Field	Data Type	Description
Attribute Value Block Type	uint32	Initiates an Attribute Value data block. This value is always 48.
Attribute Value Block Length	uint32	Total number of bytes in the Attribute Value data block, including eight bytes for the attribute value block type and length fields, plus the number of bytes of attribute block data that follows.
Attribute ID	uint32	The identification number for the attribute.

Table 4-40 Attribute Value Data Block Fields (continued)

Field	Data Type	Description
Attribute Type	uint32	Type of affected attribute. Possible values are:
		• 0 — Attribute with text as value; this uses string data
		1 — Attribute with value in range; this uses integer data
		• 2 — Attribute with a list of possible values, this uses integer data
		• 3 — Attribute with a URL as value; this uses string data
		• 4 — Attribute with binary BLOB as value; this uses string data
Attribute Integer Value	uint32	Integer value for the attribute, if applicable.
String Block Type	uint32	Initiates a String data block containing the attribute name. This value is always 0.
String Block Length	uint32	Number of bytes in the String data block, including the string block type and length fields, plus the number of bytes in the attribute name.
Attribute Value	string	Value of the attribute.

Full Sub-Server Data Block

The Full Sub-Server data block conveys information about a sub-server associated with a server detected on a host, and includes information about the sub-server such as its vendor and version and any related VDB and third-party vulnerabilities for the sub-server on the host. A sub-server is a loadable module of a server that has its own associated vulnerabilities. A Full Host Server data block includes a Full Sub-Server data block for each sub-server detected on the host. The Full Sub-Server data block has a block type of 51 in the series 1 group of blocks.



An asterisk (*) next to a series 1 data block name in the following diagram indicates that multiple instances of the data block may occur.

The following diagram shows the format of the Full Sub-Server data block:

Byte				0)					1						2						3										
Bit	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	1	1 2	1 3	1 4	1 5	16	1 7	18	19	2	2	2 2	2 3	2 4	2 5	2 6	2 7	2 8	2 9	3	3
											Fu	11 S	Sub	o-S	erve	er I	Blo	ock	Ту	/pe	(5	1)										
		Full Sub-Server Block Length																														
		String Block Type (0)																														
		String Block Length																														
												Su	ıb-	Ser	ver	· N	am	ie S	Stri	ng	•••											

Byte	0	1	2	3			
Bit	0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7	8 9 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 5	1 1 1 1 1 2 2 2 2 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3	2 2 2 2 2 2 3 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1			
		String Bloc	ek Type (0)				
		String Blo	ck Length				
		Sub-Server Vendo	or Name String				
		String Bloc	ek Type (0)				
		String Blo	ck Length				
		Sub-Server Ve	ersion String				
		Generic List B	lock Type (31)				
		Generic List I	Block Length				
		(VDB) Host Vulnera	ability Data Blocks*				
	Generic List Block Type (31)						
		Generic List I	Block Length				
	(Th	ird-Party Scan) Host V	ulnerability Data Block	ks*			

The following table describes the components of the Full Sub-Server data block.

Table 4-41 Full Sub-Server Data Block Fields

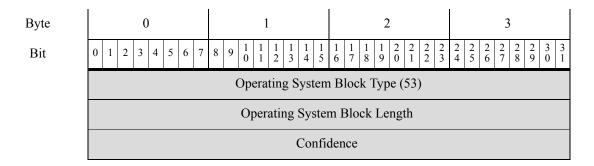
Field	Data Type	Description
Full Sub-Server Block Type	uint32	Initiates a Full Sub-Server data block. This value is always 51.
Full Sub-Server Block Length	uint32	Total number of bytes in the Full Sub-Server data block, including eight bytes for the Full Sub-Server block type and length fields, plus the number of bytes in the full sub-server data that follows.
String Block Type	uint32	Initiates a String data block containing the sub-server name. This value is always 0.
String Block Length	uint32	Number of bytes in the sub-server name String data block, including eight bytes for the block type and length fields, plus the number of bytes in the sub-server name.
Sub-Server Name	string	Sub-server name.
String Block Type	uint32	Initiates a String data block containing the sub-server vendor's name. This value is always 0.
String Block Length	uint32	Number of bytes in the vendor name String data block, including eight bytes for the block type and length fields, plus the number of bytes in the sub-server vendor name.

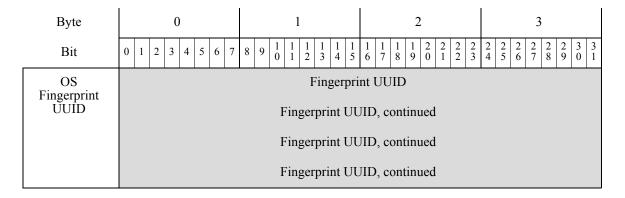
Table 4-41 Full Sub-Server Data Block Fields (continued)

Field	Data Type	Description
Sub-Server Vendor Name	string	Name of the sub-server vendor.
String Block Type	uint32	Initiates a String data block that contains the sub-server version. This value is always 0.
String Block Length	uint32	Number of bytes in the sub-server version String data block, including eight bytes for the block type and length fields, plus the number of bytes in the sub-server version.
Sub-Server Version	string	Sub-server version.
Generic List Block Type	uint32	Initiates a Generic List data block comprising Host Vulnerability data blocks conveying VDB Vulnerability data. This value is always 31.
Generic List Block Length	uint32	Number of bytes in the Generic List data block, including the list header and all encapsulated Host Vulnerability data blocks.
VDB Host Vulnerability Data Blocks *	variable	Host Vulnerability data blocks containing information about host vulnerabilities identified by Cisco. See Host Vulnerability Data Block 4.9.0+, page 4-103 for a description of this data block.
Generic List Block Type	uint32	Initiates a Generic List data block comprising Host Vulnerability data blocks conveying Third-Party Scan Vulnerability data. This value is always 31.
Generic List Block Length	uint32	Number of bytes in the Generic List data block, including the list header and all encapsulated Host Vulnerability data blocks.
Third-Party Scan Host Vulnerability Data Blocks *	variable	Host Vulnerability data blocks containing information about host vulnerabilities identified by a third-party vulnerability scanner. See Host Vulnerability Data Block 4.9.0+, page 4-103 for a description of this data block.

Operating System Data Block 3.5+

The operating system data block for Version 3.5+ has a block type of 53 in the series 1 group of blocks. The block includes a fingerprint Universally Unique Identifier (UUID). The following diagram shows the format of an operating system data block in 3.5+.





The following table describes the fields of the v3.5 operating system data block.

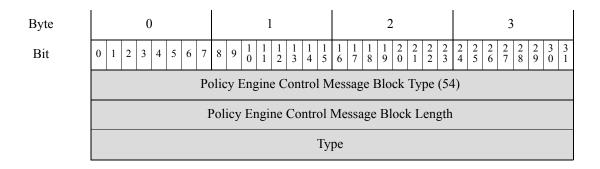
Table 4-42 Operating System Data Block 3.5+ Fields

Field	Data Type	Description
Operating System Data Block Type	uint32	Initiates the operating system data block. This value is always 53.
Operating System Data Block Length	uint32	Number of bytes in the Operating System data block. This value should always be 28: eight bytes for the data block type and length fields, plus four bytes for the confidence value and sixteen bytes for the fingerprint UUID value.
Confidence	uint32	Confidence percentage value.
Fingerprint UUID	uint8[16]	Fingerprint identification number, in octets, that acts as a unique identifier for the operating system. The fingerprint UUID maps to the operating system name, vendor, and version in the Cisco database.

Policy Engine Control Message Data Block

The Policy Engine Control Message data block conveys the control message content for policy types. The Policy Engine Control Message data block has a block type of 54 in the series 1 group of blocks.

The following diagram shows the format of the Policy Engine Control Message data block:



Byte	0 1 2 3									
Bit	0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 2 2 2 2 2 2									
Control Message	String Block Type (0)									
Wiessage	String Block Length									
	Control Message									

The following table describes the components of the Policy Engine Control Message data block.

Table 4-43 Policy Engine Control Message Data Block Fields

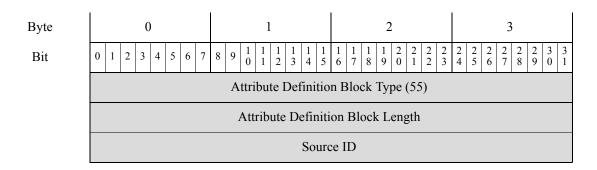
Field	Data Type	Description
Policy Engine Control Message Block Type	uint32	Initiates a Policy Engine Control Message data block. This value is always 54.
Policy Engine Control Message Length	uint32	Total number of bytes in the Policy Engine Control Message data block, including eight bytes for the policy engine control block type and length fields, plus the number of bytes of policy engine control data that follows.
Туре	uint32	Indicates the type of policy for the event.
String Block Type	uint32	Initiates a String data block that contains the control message. This value is always 0.
String Block Length	uint32	Number of bytes in the control message String data block, including eight bytes for the block type and length fields, plus the number of bytes in the control message.
Control Message	uint32	The control message from the policy engine.

Attribute Definition Data Block for 4.7+

The Attribute Definition data block contains the attribute definition in an attribute creation, change, or deletion event and is used within Host Attribute Add events (event type 1002, subtype 6), Host Attribute Update events (event type 1002, subtype 7), and Host Attribute Delete events (event type 1002, subtype 8). It has a block type of 55 in the series 1 group of blocks.

For more information on those events, see Attribute Messages, page 4-48.

The following diagram shows the basic structure of an Attribute Definition data block:



Byte	0	1	2	3	
Bit	0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8	8 9 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 5	1 1 1 1 2 2 2 2 2 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3	2 2 2 2 2 2 3 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1	
		UU	ID		
		UUID, co	ontinued		
		UUID, co	ontinued		
		UUID, co	ontinued		
		II)		
Name		String Bloc	k Type (0)		
		String Bloo	ck Length		
		Nam	ne		
		Attribut	е Туре		
		Attribute	Category		
		Starting Value fo	r Integer Range		
		Ending Value fo	r Integer Range		
		Auto-Assigned I	P Address Flag		
		Attribute List Item	Block Type (39)		List of Attribute
		Attribute List Ite	m Block Length		List Items
List Item		List Block	Type (11)		
		List Block	k Length		
		List of Attribute			
		Addresses			
Address List		List Block	Type (11)		
		List Block	k Length		
		Attribute Ad	dress List		

The following table describes the fields of the Attribute Definition data block.

Table 4-44 Attribute Definition Data Block Fields

Field	Data Type	Description
Attribute Definition Block Type	uint32	Initiates an Attribute Definition data block. This value is always 55.
Attribute Definition Block Length	uint32	Number of bytes in the Attribute Definition data block, including eight bytes for the attribute definition block type and length, plus the number of bytes in the attribute definition data that follows.
Source ID	uint32	Identification number that maps to the source of the attribute data. Depending on the source type, this may map to RNA, a user, a scanner, or a third-party application.
UUID	uint8[16]	An ID number that acts as a unique identifier for the affected attribute.
Attribute ID	uint32	Identification number of the affected attribute, if applicable.
String Block Type	uint32	Initiates a String data block for the attribute definition name. This value is always 0.
String Block Length	uint32	Number of bytes in the String data block for the attribute definition name, including eight bytes for the string block type and length, plus the number of bytes in the attribute definition name.
Name	string	Attribute definition name.
Attribute Type	uint32	Type of attribute. Possible values are:
		• 0 — Attribute with text as value; this uses string data
		• 1 — Attribute with value in range; this uses integer data
		• 2 — Attribute with a list of possible values; this uses integer data
		• 3 — Attribute with a URL as value; this uses string data
		• 4 — Attribute with binary BLOB as value; this uses string data
Attribute Category	uint32	Attribute category.
Starting Value for Range	uint32	First integer in the integer range for the defined attribute.
Ending Value for Range	uint32	Last integer in the integer range for the defined attribute.
Auto-Assigned IP Address Flag	uint32	Flag indicating if an IP address is auto-assigned based on the attribute.
List Block Type	uint32	Initiates a List data block comprising Attribute List Item data blocks conveying attribute list items. This value is always 11.
List Block Length	uint32	Number of bytes in the list. This number includes the eight bytes of the list block type and length fields, plus all encapsulated Attribute List Item data blocks.
		This field is followed by zero or more Attribute List Item data blocks.
Attribute List Item Block Type	uint32	Initiates the first Attribute List Item data block. This data block can be followed by other Attribute List Item data blocks up to the limit defined in the list block length field.

Field Data Type Description Attribute List Item uint32 Number of bytes in the Attribute List Item String data block, **Block Length** including eight bytes for the block type and header fields, plus the number of bytes in the attribute list item. Attribute List Item variable Attribute List Item data as documented in Attribute List Item Data Block, page 4-72. List Block Type uint32 Initiates a List data block comprising Attribute Address data blocks conveying IP addresses for hosts with the attribute. This value is always 11. List Block Length uint32 Number of bytes in the list. This number includes the eight bytes of the list block type and length fields, plus all encapsulated Attribute Address data blocks. This field is followed by zero or more Attribute Address data blocks. Attribute Address uint32 Initiates the first Attribute Address data block. This data block can Block Type be followed by other Attribute Address data blocks up to the limit defined in the list block length field. uint32 Attribute Address Number of bytes in the Attribute Address data block, including eight **Block Length** bytes for the block type and header fields, plus the number of bytes in the attribute address. Attribute Address data as documented in Attribute Address Data Attribute Address variable

Table 4-44 Attribute Definition Data Block Fields (continued)

User Protocol Data Block

The User Protocol data block is used to contain information about added protocols, the type of the protocol, and lists of IP address and MAC address ranges for the hosts with the protocol. The User Protocol data block has a block type of 57 in the series 1 group of blocks.

Block 5.2+, page 4-71.

The following diagram shows the basic structure of a User Protocol data block:

Byte				()				1								2								3							
Bit	0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 1 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 2 2 3 4 5 6 7 8														2 8	2 9	3	3														
		User Protocol Block Type (57)																														
		User Protocol Block Length																														
IP Address Ranges											(Ger	neri	e I	List	Bl	loc	kТ	ур	e (:	31)											
Tunges												Ge	ene	ic	Li	st I	3lo	ck	Le	ng	th											
										IP	R	ang	ge S	pe	ecif	ica	tio	n I	Oat	a B	loc	cks	*									

Byte				0								1								2						3	3			
Bit	0	0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1														3	3													
MAC Add. Ranges		Generic List Block Type (31)																												
Runges		Generic List Block Length																												
									N	ЛA	C 1	Rai	nge	Sp	ec	ific	ati	on	Da	ıta	Blo	ck	S							
		Pr	oto	co	1 T	уp	e								P	rote	oco	ol												

The following table describes the fields of the User Protocol data block.

Table 4-45 User Protocol Data Block Fields

Field	Number of Bytes	Description
User Protocol Block Type	uint32	Initiates a User Protocol data block. This value is always 57.
User Protocol Block Length	uint32	Total number of bytes in the User Protocol data block, including eight bytes for the user protocol block type and length fields, plus the number of bytes of user protocol data that follows.
Generic List Block Type	uint32	Initiates a Generic List data block comprising IP Range Specification data blocks conveying IP address range data. This value is always 31.
Generic List Block Length	uint32	Number of bytes in the Generic List data block, including the list header and all encapsulated IP Range Specification data blocks.
IP Range Specification Data Blocks *	variable	IP Range Specification data blocks containing information about the IP address ranges for the user input. See IP Address Range Data Block for 5.2+, page 4-86 for a description of this data block.
Generic List Block Type	uint32	Initiates a Generic List data block comprising MAC Range Specification data blocks conveying MAC address range data. This value is always 31.
Generic List Block Length	uint32	Number of bytes in the Generic List data block, including the list header and all encapsulated MAC Range Specification data blocks.
MAC Range Specification Data Blocks *	variable	MAC Range Specification data blocks containing information about the MAC address ranges for the user input. See MAC Address Specification Data Block, page 4-88 for a description of this data block.
Protocol Type	uint8	Indicates the type of the protocol. The protocol can be either 0, for a network layer protocol such as IP, or 1 for a transport layer protocol such as TCP or UDP.
Protocol	uint16	Indicates the protocol for the data contained in the data block.

User Client Application Data Block for 5.1.1+

The User Client Application data block contains information about the source of the client application data, the identification number for the user who added the data, and the lists of IP address range data blocks. The payload ID, which was added in Version 5.4, specifies the application instance associated with the record. The User Client Application data block has a block type of 138 in the series 1 group of blocks. It replaces block type 59.

The following diagram shows the basic structure of a User Client Application data block:

Byte	0	1	2	3												
Bit	0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7	8 9 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 5	1 1 1 1 1 2 2 2 2 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3	2 2 2 2 2 2 3 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1												
		User Client Applicati	on Block Type (138)													
	User Client Application Block Length															
IP Range Specification	Generic List Block Type (31)															
Specification	Generic List Block Length															
		IP Range Specifica	ntion Data Blocks*													
		Application Protocol ID														
		Client App	lication ID													
Version		String Bloc	ek Type (0)													
		String Blo	ck Length													
		Versi	on													
		Payloa	d Type													
		Web Appl	ication ID													

The following table describes the fields of the User Client Application data block.

Table 4-46 User Client Application Data Block Fields

Field	Number of Bytes	Description
User Client Application Block Type	uint32	Initiates a User Client Application data block. This value is always 138.
User Client Application Block Length	uint32	Total number of bytes in the User Client Application data block, including eight bytes for the user client application block type and length fields, plus the number of bytes of user client application data that follows.

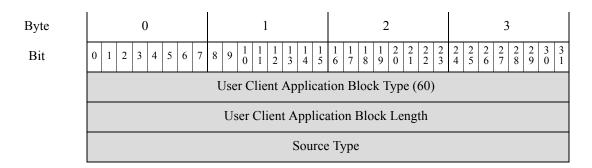
Table 4-46 User Client Application Data Block Fields (continued)

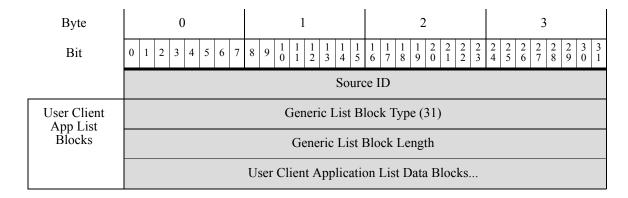
Field	Number of Bytes	Description
Generic List Block Type	uint32	Initiates a Generic List data block comprising IP Range Specification data blocks conveying IP address range data. This value is always 31.
Generic List Block Length	uint32	Number of bytes in the Generic List data block, including the list header and all encapsulated IP Range Specification data blocks.
IP Range Specification Data Blocks *	variable	IP Range Specification data blocks containing information about the IP address ranges for the user input. See IP Address Range Data Block for 5.2+, page 4-86 for a description of this data block.
Application Protocol ID	uint32	The internal identification number for the application protocol, if applicable.
Client Application ID	uint32	The internal identification number of the detected client application, if applicable.
String Block Type	uint32	Initiates a String data block that contains the client application version. This value is always 0.
String Block Length	uint32	Number of bytes in the client application version String data block, including the string block type and length fields, plus the number of bytes in the version.
Version	string	Client application version.
Payload Type	uint32	This field is included for backwards compatibility. It is always o.
Web Application ID	uint32	The internal identification number for the web application, if applicable.

User Client Application List Data Block

The User Client Application List data block contains information about the source of the client application data, the identification number for the user who added the data, and the lists of client application blocks. The User Client Application List data block has a block type of 60 in the series 1 group of blocks.

The following diagram shows the basic structure of a User Client Application List data block:





The following table describes the fields of the User Client Application List data block.

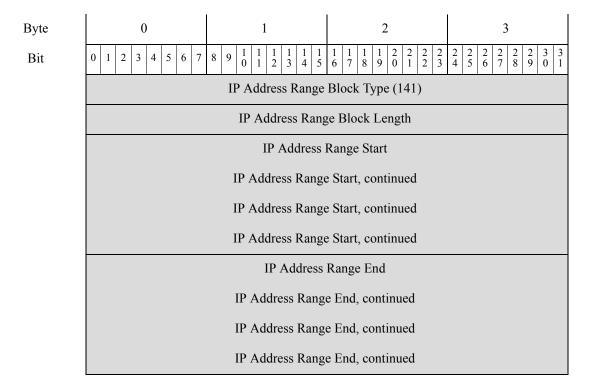
Table 4-47 User Client Application List Data Block Fields

Field	Number of Bytes	Description
User Client Application List Block Type	uint32	Initiates a User Client Application List data block. This value is always 60.
User Client Application List Block Length	uint32	Total number of bytes in the User Client Application List data block, including eight bytes for the user client application list block type and length fields, plus the number of bytes of user client application list data that follows.
Source Type	uint32	Number that maps to the type of data source:
		• 0 if the client data was detected by RNA
		• 1 if the client data was provided by a user
		• 2 if the client data was detected by a third-party scanner
		• 3 if the client data was provided by a command line tool such as nmimport.pl or the Host Input API client
Source ID	uint32	Identification number that maps to the source that added the affected client application. Depending on the source type, this may map to RNA, a user, a scanner, or a third-party application.
Generic List Block Type	uint32	Initiates a Generic List data block. This value is always 31.
Generic List Block Length	uint32	Number of bytes in the Generic List block and encapsulated data blocks. This number includes the eight bytes of the generic list block header fields, plus the number of bytes in all of the encapsulated data blocks.
User Client Application Blocks	variable	Encapsulated User Client Application data blocks up to the maximum number of bytes in the list block length. For more information on the User Client Application data block, see User Client Application Data Block for 5.1.1+, page 4-83.

IP Address Range Data Block for 5.2+

The IP Address Range data block for 5.2+ conveys a range of IP addresses. IP Address Range data blocks are used in User Protocol, User Client Application, Address Specification, User Product, User Server, User Hosts, User Vulnerability, User Criticality, and User Attribute Value data blocks. The IP Address Range data block has a block type of 141 in the series 1 group of blocks.

The following diagram shows the format of the IP Address Range data block:



The following table describes the components of the IP Address Range Specification data block.

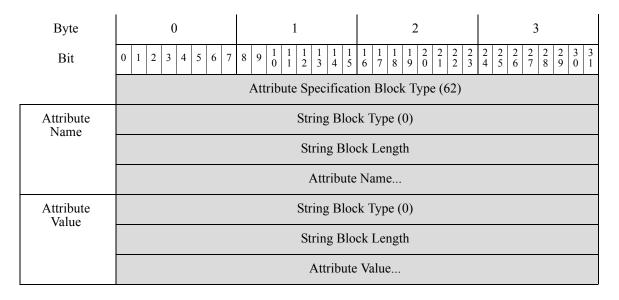
Table 4-48 IP Address Range Data Block Fields

Field	Data Type	Description
IP Address Range Block Type	uint32	Initiates a IP Address Range data block. This value is always 61.
IP Address Range Block Length	uint32	Total number of bytes in the IP Address Range data block, including eight bytes for the IP Address Range block type and length fields, plus the number of bytes of IP Address Range data that follows.
IP Address Range Start	uint8[16]	The starting IP address for the IP address range.
IP Address Range End	uint8[16]	The ending IP address for the IP address range.

Attribute Specification Data Block

The Attribute Specification data block conveys the attribute name and value. The Attribute Specification data block has a block type of 62 in the series 1 group of blocks.

The following diagram shows the format of the Attribute Specification data block:



The following table describes the components of the Attribute Specification data block.

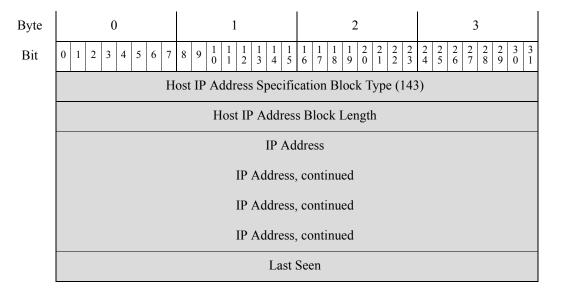
Table 4-49 Attribute Specification Data Block Fields

Field	Data Type	Description
Attribute Specification Block Type	uint32	Initiates an Attribute Specification data block. This value is always 62.
String Block Type	uint32	Initiates a String data block that contains the attribute name. This value is always o.
String Block Length	uint32	Number of bytes in the attribute name String data block, including eight bytes for the block type and length fields, plus the number of bytes in the attribute name.
Attribute Value	uint32	The value of the attribute.
String Block Type	uint32	Initiates a String data block that contains the attribute name. This value is always 0.
String Block Length	uint32	Number of bytes in the attribute name String data block, including eight bytes for the block type and length fields, plus the number of bytes in the attribute name.
Attribute Name	uint32	The name of the attribute.

Host IP Address Data Block

The Host IP Address data block conveys an individual IP address. The IP address may be either an IPv4 or IPv6 address. Host IP Address data blocks are used in User Protocol, Address Specification, and User Host data blocks. The Host IP data block has a block type of 143 in the series 1 group of blocks.

The following diagram shows the format of the Host IP Address data block:



The following table describes the components of the Host IP Address data block.

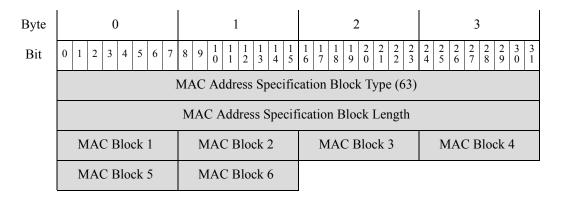
Table 4-50 Host IP Address Data Block Fields

Field	Data Type	Description
Host IP Address Block Type	uint32	Initiates a Host IP Address data block. This value is always 143.
Host IP Block Length	uint32	Total number of bytes in the Host IP Address data block, including eight bytes for the Host IP block type and length fields, plus the number of bytes of Host IP Address data that follows.
IP Address	uint8[16]	The IP address. This can be IPv4 or IPv6.
Last Seen	uint32	UNIX timestamp that represents the last time the IP address was detected.

MAC Address Specification Data Block

The MAC Address Specification data block conveys an individual MAC address. MAC Address Specification data blocks are used in User Protocol, Address Specification, and User Hosts data blocks. The MAC Address Specification data block has a block type of 63 in the series 1 group of blocks.

The following diagram shows the format of the MAC Address Specification data block:



The following table describes the components of the MAC Address Specification data block.

Table 4-51 MAC Address Specification Data Block Fields

Field	Data Type	Description
MAC Address Specification Block Type	uint32	Initiates a MAC Address Specification data block. This value is always 63.
MAC Address Specification Block Length	uint32	Total number of bytes in the MAC Address Specification data block, including eight bytes for the MAC Address Specification block type and length fields, plus the number of bytes of MAC address specification data that follows.
MAC Address Blocks 1 - 6	uint8	The blocks of the MAC address in sequential order.

Address Specification Data Block

The Address Specification data block is used to contain lists of IP address range specifications and MAC address specifications. The Address Specification data block has a block type of 64 in the series 1 group of blocks.

The following diagram shows the basic structure of an Address Specification data block:

Byte		0 1														2								3								
Bit	0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 2 2 2 2 2 2 2															9	3	3														
		Address Specification Data Block Type (64)																														
		Address Specification Block Length																														
IP Address Range		Generic List Block Type (31)																														
Blocks												Ge	ene	ric	Li	st I	3lo	ck	Le	ngt	th											
								I	P A	۸dc	lres	ss I	Ran	ige	Sp	eci	ific	ati	on	Da	ıta l	Blo	ock	S								

Byte	0 1 2 3					
Bit	0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 2 2 2 2 2					
MAC Address Blocks	Generic List Block Type (31)					
	Generic List Block Length					
	MAC Address Specification Data Blocks					

The following table describes the fields of the Address Specification data block.

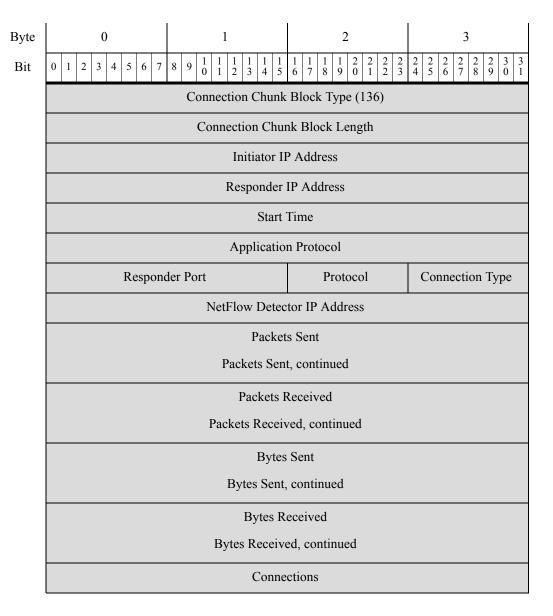
Table 4-52 Address Specification Data Block Fields

Field	Number of Bytes	Description	
Address Specification Data Block Type	uint32	Initiates an Address Specification data block. This value is always 64.	
Address Specification Block Length	uint32	Total number of bytes in the Address Specification data block, including eight bytes for the address specification block type and length fields, plus the number of bytes of address specification data that follows.	
Generic List Block Type	uint32	Initiates a Generic List data block. This value is always 31.	
Generic List Block Length	uint32	Number of bytes in the Generic List block and encapsulated data blocks. This number includes the eight bytes of the generic list block header fields, plus the number of bytes in all of the encapsulated data blocks.	
IP Address Range Specification Data Blocks	variable	Encapsulated IP Address Range Specification data blocks up to the maximum number of bytes in the list block length. For more information, see IP Address Range Data Block for 5.2+, page 4-86.	
Generic List Block Type	uint32	Initiates a Generic List data block. This value is always 31.	
Generic List Block Length	uint32	Number of bytes in the Generic List block and encapsulated data blocks. This number includes the eight bytes of the generic list block header fields, plus the number of bytes in all of the encapsulated data blocks.	
MAC Address Specification Data Blocks	variable	Encapsulated MAC Address Specification data blocks up to the maximum number of bytes in the list block length. For more information, see MAC Address Specification Data Block, page 4-88.	

Connection Chunk Data Block for 5.1.1+

The Connection Chunk data block conveys connection data. It stores connection log data that aggregates over a five-minute period. The Connection Chunk data block has a block type of 136 in the series 1 group of blocks. It supersedes block type 119.

The following diagram shows the format of the Connection Chunk data block:



The following table describes the components of the Connection Chunk data block.

Table 4-53 Connection Chunk Data Block Fields

Field	Data Type	Description
Connection Chunk Block Type	uint32	Initiates a Connection Chunk data block. This value is always 136.
Connection Chunk Block Length	uint32	Total number of bytes in the Connection Chunk data block, including eight bytes for the connection chunk block type and length fields, plus the number of bytes in the connection chunk data that follows.

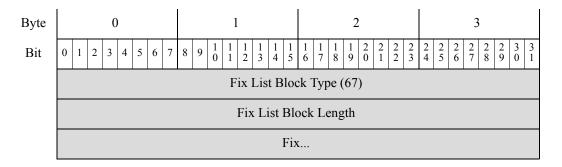
<i>Table 4-53</i>	Connection Chunk Data B	Block Fields (continued)

Field	Data Type	Description		
Initiator IP Address	uint8(4)	IP address of the initiator of this type of connection. This is used with the responder IP address to identify identical connections.		
Responder IP Address	uint8(4)	IP address of the responder to this type of connection. This is used with the initiator IP address to identify identical connections.		
Start Time	uint32	The starting time for the connection chunk.		
Application Protocol	uint32	Identification number for the protocol used in the connection.		
Responder Port	uint16	The port used by the responder in the connection chunk.		
Protocol	uint8	The protocol for the packet containing the user information.		
Connection Type	uint8	The type of connection.		
NetFlow Detector IP Address	uint8[4]	IP address of the NetFlow device that detected the connection, in IP address octets.		
Packets Sent	uint64	The number of packets sent in the connection chunk.		
Packets Received	uint64	The number of packets received in the connection chunk.		
Bytes Sent	uint64	The number of bytes sent in the connection chunk.		
Bytes Received	uint64	The number of bytes received in the connection chunk.		
Connections	uint32	The number of connections over a five-minute period.		

Fix List Data Block

The Fix List data block conveys a fix that applies to a host. A Fix List data block for each fix applied to the affected host is included in a User Product data block. The Fix List data block has a block type of 67 in the series 1 group of blocks.

The following diagram shows the format of the Fix List data block:



The following table describes the components of the Fix List data block.

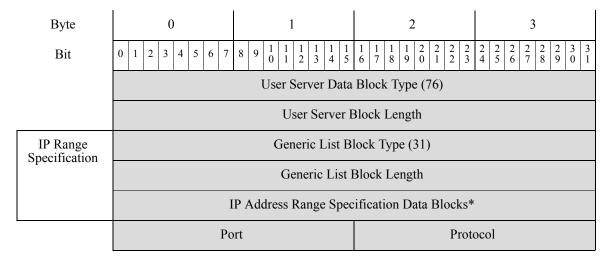
Table 4-54 Fix List Data Block Fields

Field	Data Type	Description
Fix List Block Type	uint32	Initiates a Fix List data block. This value is always 67.
Fix List Block Length	uint32	Total number of bytes in the Fix List data block, including eight bytes for the Fix List block type and length fields, plus the number of bytes of fix identification data that follows.
Fix ID	uint32	The identification number for the fix.

User Server Data Block

The User Server data block contains server details from a user input event. The User Server data block has a block type of 76 in the series 1 group of blocks.

The following diagram shows the basic structure of a User Server data block:



The following table describes the fields of the User Server data block.

Table 4-55 User Server Data Block Fields

Field	Number of Bytes	Description
User Server Data Block Type	uint32	Initiates a User Server data block. This value is always 76.
User Server Block Length	uint32	Total number of bytes in the User Server data block, including eight bytes for the user server block type and length fields, plus the number of bytes of user server data that follows.
Generic List Block Type	uint32	Initiates a Generic List data block. This value is always 31.

Table 4-55 User Server Data Block Fields (continued)

Field	Number of Bytes	Description		
Generic List Block Length	uint32	Number of bytes in the Generic List block and encapsulated data blocks. This number includes the eight bytes of the generic list block header fields, plus the number of bytes in all of the encapsulated data blocks.		
IP Address Range Specification Data Blocks	variable	Encapsulated IP Address Range Specification data blocks up to the maximum number of bytes in the list block length.		
Port	uint16	Port used by the server.		
Protocol	uint16	IANA protocol number or Ethertype. This is handled differently for Transport and Network layer protocols.		
		Transport layer protocols are identified by the IANA protocol number. For example:		
		• 6 — TCP		
		• 17 — UDP		
		Network layer protocols are identified by the decimal form of the IEEE Registration Authority Ethertype. For example:		
		• 2048 — IP		

User Server List Data Block

The User Server List data block contains a list of server data blocks from a user input event. The User Server List data block has a block type of 77 in the series 1 group of blocks. The following diagram shows the basic structure of a User Server List data block:

Byte	0	1	2	3	
Bit	0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7	8 9 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 5	1 1 1 1 2 2 2 2 2 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3	2 2 2 2 2 3 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1	
	User Server List Data Block Type (77)				
	User Server List Block Length				
	Source Type				
	Source ID				
User Server	Generic List Block Type (31)				
Blocks	Generic List Block Length				
	User Server Data Block*				

The following table describes the fields of the User Server List data block.

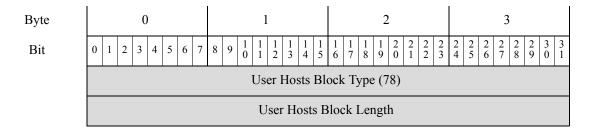
Table 4-56 User Server List Data Block Fields

Field	Number of Bytes	Description	
User Server List Data Block Type	uint32	Initiates a User Server List data block. This value is always 77.	
User Server List Block Length	uint32	Total number of bytes in the User Server List data block, including eight bytes for the user server list block type and length fields, plus the number of bytes of user server list data that follows.	
Source Type	uint32	Number that maps to the type of data source:	
		o if the server data was detected by RNA	
		1 if the server data was provided by a user	
		• 2 if the server data was detected by a third-party scanner	
		• 3 if the server data was provided by a command line tool such as nmimport.pl or the Host Input API client	
Source ID	uint32	Identification number that maps to the source of the server data. Depending on the source type, this may map to RNA, a user, a scanner, or a third-party application.	
Generic List Block Type	uint32	Initiates a Generic List data block. This value is always 31.	
Generic List Block Length	uint32	Number of bytes in the Generic List block and encapsulated data blocks. This number includes the eight bytes of the generic list block header fields, plus the number of bytes in all of the encapsulated data blocks.	
User Server Data Blocks	variable	Encapsulated User Server data blocks up to the maximum number of bytes in the list block length.	

User Hosts Data Block 4.7+

The User Hosts data block is used in User Add and Delete Host Messages, page 4-47 to contain information about host ranges and user and source identity from a user host input event. The User Hosts data block has a block type of 78 in the series 1 group of blocks.

The following diagram shows the basic structure of a User Hosts data block:



Byte	0	1	2	3	
Bit	0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7	8 9 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 5	1 1 1 1 2 2 2 2 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3	2 2 2 2 2 2 3 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1	
IP Ranges		Generic List Bl	ock Type (31)		
runges	Generic List Block Length				
	IP Range Specification Data Blocks*				
MAC Ranges	Generic List Block Type (31)				
runges	Generic List Block Length				
	MAC Range Specification Data Blocks				
	Source ID				
	Source Type				

The following table describes the fields of the User Hosts data block:

Table 4-57 User Hosts Data Block Fields

Field	Number of Bytes	Description
User Hosts Block Type	uint32	Initiates a User Hosts data block. This value is always 78.
User Hosts Block Length	uint32	Total number of bytes in the User Hosts data block, including eight bytes for the user hosts block type and length fields, plus the number of bytes of user hosts data that follows.
Generic List Block Type	uint32	Initiates a Generic List data block comprising IP Range Specification data blocks conveying IP address range data. This value is always 31.
Generic List Block Length	uint32	Number of bytes in the Generic List data block, including the list header and all encapsulated IP Range Specification data blocks.
IP Range Specification Data Blocks *	variable	IP Range Specification data blocks containing information about the IP address ranges for the user input. See IP Address Range Data Block for 5.2+, page 4-86 for a description of this data block.
Generic List Block Type	uint32	Initiates a Generic List data block comprising MAC Range Specification data blocks conveying MAC address range data. This value is always 31.
Generic List Block Length	uint32	Number of bytes in the Generic List data block, including the list header and all encapsulated MAC Range Specification data blocks.
MAC Range Specification Data Blocks *	variable	MAC Range Specification data blocks containing information about the MAC address ranges for the user input. See MAC Address Specification Data Block, page 4-88 for a description of this data block.

Table 4-57 User Hosts Data Block Fields (continued)

Field	Number of Bytes	Description
Source ID	uint32	Identification number that maps to the source that added or updated the hostdata. Depending on the source type, this may map to RNA, a user, a scanner, or a third-party application.
Source Type	uint32	Number that maps to the type of data source: o if the host data was detected by RNA if the host data was provided by a user if the host data was detected by a third-party scanner if the host data was provided by a command line tool such as nmimport.pl or the Host Input API client

User Vulnerability Change Data Block 4.7+

The User Vulnerability Change data block contains a list of deactivated vulnerabilities for the host, the identification number for the user who deactivated the vulnerabilities, information about the source that supplied the vulnerability changes, and the criticality value. The User Vulnerability Change data block has a block type of 80 in the series 1 group of blocks. Changes from the previous User Vulnerability Change data block include a new source type field and the use of the Generic list data block instead of the List data block to store vulnerability deactivations. This data block is used in user vulnerability change messages as documented in User Set Vulnerabilities Messages for Version 4.6.1+, page 4-46.

The following diagram shows the basic structure of a User Vulnerability Change data block:

Byte	0	1	2	3	
Bit	0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7	8 9 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 5	1 1 1 1 2 2 2 2 2 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3	2 2 2 2 2 2 3 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1	
	User Vulnerability Change Data Block Type (80) User Vulnerability Change Block Length				
	Source ID Source Type				
Vuln Ack Blocks		Generic List Bl	lock Type (31)		
Bioons	Generic List Block Length				
		User Vulnerability	y Data Blocks*		

The following table describes the fields of the Generic List data block.

Table 4-58 User Vulnerability Change Data Block Fields

Field	Number of Bytes	Description	
User Vulnerability Change Data Block Type	uint32	Initiates a User Vulnerability Change data block. This value is always 80.	
User Vulnerability Change Block Length	uint32	Total number of bytes in the User Vulnerability Change data block, including eight bytes for the host vulnerability block type and length fields, plus the number of bytes of host vulnerability data that follows.	
Source ID	uint32	Identification number that maps to the source that updated or added the host vulnerability change value. Depending on the source type, this may map to RNA, a user, a scanner, or a third-party application.	
Source Type	uint32	Number that maps to the type of data source:	
		• 0 if the host vulnerability data was detected by RNA	
		• 1 if the host vulnerability data was provided by a user	
		• 2 if the host vulnerability data was detected by a third-party scanner	
		• 3 if the host vulnerability data was provided by a command line tool such as nmimport.pl or the Host Input API client	
Туре	uint32	Type of vulnerability.	
Generic List Block Type	uint32	Initiates a Generic List data block. This value is always 31.	
Generic List Block Length	uint32	Number of bytes in the Generic List block and encapsulated data blocks. This number includes the eight bytes of the generic list block header fields, plus the number of bytes in all of the encapsulated data blocks.	
User Vulnerability Data Blocks	variable	Encapsulated User Vulnerability data blocks up to the maximum number of bytes in the list block length. For more information, see User Vulnerability Data Block 5.0+, page 4-144.	

User Criticality Change Data Block 4.7+

The User Criticality data block is used to contain a list of IP address range specifications for hosts where the host criticality changed, the identification number for the user who updated the criticality value, information about the source that supplied the criticality value, and the criticality value. The User Criticality data block has a block type of 81 in the series 1 group of blocks. Changes from the previous User Criticality data block include a new source type field and the use of the Generic list data block instead of the List data block to store IP addresses.

The User Criticality data block is used in user set host criticality messages as documented in User Set Host Criticality Messages, page 4-48.

The following diagram shows the basic structure of a User Criticality data block:

Byte	0 1	2	3			
Bit	0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 5	1 1 1 1 2 2 2 2 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3	2 2 2 2 2 2 3 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1			
	User Criticality Data Block Type (81)					
	User Criticalit	y Block Length				
IP Address Range Blocks	Generic List Block Type (31)					
Tunge Brooks	Generic List Block Length IP Address Range Specification Data Blocks					
	Source ID					
	Source Type					
	Criticality Value					

The following table describes the fields of the User Criticality data block.

Table 4-59 User Criticality Data Block Fields

Field	Number of Bytes	Description
User Criticality Data Block Type	uint32	Initiates a User Criticality data block. This value is always 81.
User Criticality Block Length	uint32	Total number of bytes in the User Criticality data block, including eight bytes for the user criticality block type and length fields, plus the number of bytes of user criticality data that follows.
Generic List Block Type	uint32	Initiates a Generic List data block. This value is always 31.
Generic List Block Length	uint32	Number of bytes in the Generic List block and encapsulated data blocks. This number includes the eight bytes of the generic list block header fields, plus the number of bytes in all of the encapsulated data blocks.
IP Address Range Specification Data Blocks	variable	Encapsulated IP Address Range Specification data blocks up to the maximum number of bytes in the list block length.
Source ID	uint32	Identification number that maps to the source that updated or added the user criticality value. Depending on the source type, this may map to RNA, a user, a scanner, or a third-party application.

Table 4-59 User Criticality Data Block Fields (continued)

Field	Number of Bytes	Description
Source Type	uint32	Number that maps to the type of data source:
		o if the user criticality value was provided by RNA
		1 if the user criticality value was provided by a user
		• 2 if the user criticality value was provided by a third-party scanner
		• 3 if the user criticality value was provided by a command line tool such as nmimport.pl or the Host Input API client
Criticality Value	uint32	User criticality value.

User Attribute Value Data Block 4.7+

The User Attribute Value data block contains a list of IP address ranges that indicate the hosts where the attribute value has changed, together with the identification number for the user who added the attribute value, information about the source that supplied the attribute value, and the BLOB data block containing the attribute value. The User Attribute Value data block has a block type of 82 in the series 1 group of blocks. Changes from the previous User Attribute Value data block include a new source type field and the use of the Generic list data block instead of the List data block to store IP addresses.

The following diagram shows the structure of a User Attribute Value data block:

Byte	0	1	2	3		
Bit	0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7	8 9 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 5	1 1 1 1 1 2 2 2 2 2 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3	2 2 2 2 2 2 3 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1		
		User Attribute Value Data Block Type (82)				
	User Attribute Value Block Length					
IP Address Range Blocks		Generic List B	lock Type (31)			
Tunge Brooks		Generic List Block Length				
	IP Address Range Specification Data Blocks					
	Source ID					
	Source Type					
	Attribute ID					
Value	BLOB Block Type (10)					
	BLOB Block Length					
		Valu	ie			

The following table describes the fields of the User Attribute Value data block.

Table 4-60 User Attribute Value Data Block Fields

Field	Number of Bytes	Description	
User Attribute Value Data Block Type	uint32	Initiates a User Attribute Value data block. This value is always 82.	
User Attribute Value Block Length	uint32	Total number of bytes in the Attribute Value data block, including eight bytes for the user attribute value block type and length fields, plus the number of bytes of user attribute value data that follows.	
Generic List Block Type	uint32	Initiates a Generic List data block. This value is always 31.	
Generic List Block Length	uint32	Number of bytes in the Generic List block and encapsulated data blocks. This number includes the eight bytes of the generic list block header fields, plus the number of bytes in all of the encapsulated data blocks.	
IP Address Range Specification Data Blocks	variable	P Address Range Specification data blocks (each with a start IP address and end IP address) up to the maximum number of bytes n the list block length.	
Source ID	uint32	Identification number that maps to the source that added or updated the attribute data. Depending on the source type, this may map to RNA, a user, a scanner, or a third-party application.	
Source Type	uint32	Number that maps to the type of data source:	
		o if the user attribute value was provided by RNA	
		1 if the user attribute value was provided by a user	
		• 2 if the user attribute value was provided by a third-party scanner	
		• 3 if the user attribute value was provided by a command line tool such as nmimport.pl or the Host Input API client	
Attribute ID	uint32	Identification number of the updated attribute.	
BLOB Block Type	uint32	Initiates a BLOB data block. This value is always 10.	
BLOB Block Length	uint32	Number of bytes in the BLOB data block, including eight bytes for the BLOB block type and length fields, plus the length of the binary data that follows.	
Value	variable	Contains the user attribute value, in binary format.	

User Protocol List Data Block 4.7+

The User Protocol List data block is used to contain information about the source of the protocol data, the identification number for the user who added the data, and the lists of user protocol data blocks. The User Protocol List data block has a block type of 83 in the series 1 group of blocks. For more information on User Protocol data blocks, see User Protocol Data Block, page 4-81.

The User Protocol List data block is used in user protocol messages, as documented in User Protocol Messages, page 4-50.

The following diagram shows the basic structure of a User Protocol List data block:

Byte	0	1	2	3
Bit	0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7	8 9 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 5	1 1 1 1 2 2 2 2 2 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3	2 2 2 2 2 2 3 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1
	User Protocol List Block Type (83)			
	User Protocol List Block Length			
	Source Type			
	Source ID			
User Protocol Blocks		Generic List Bl	lock Type (31)	
DIOCKS	Generic List Block Length			
	User Protocol Data Blocks			

The following table describes the fields of the Generic List data block.

Table 4-61 User Protocol List Data Block Fields

Field	Number of Bytes	Description
User Protocol List Block Type	uint32	Initiates a User Protocol List data block. This value is always 83.
User Protocol List Block Length	uint32	Total number of bytes in the User Protocol List data block, including eight bytes for the user protocol list block type and length fields, plus the number of bytes of user protocol list data that follows.
Source Type	uint32	Number that maps to the type of data source: • 0 if the protocol data was provided by RNA • 1 if the protocol data was provided by a user • 2 if the protocol data was provided by a third-party scanner • 3 if the protocol data was provided by a command line tool such as nmimport.pl or the Host Input API client
Source ID	uint32	Identification number that maps to the source of the affected protocols. Depending on the source type, this may map to RNA, a user, a scanner, or a third-party application.
Generic List Block Type	uint32	Initiates a Generic List data block. This value is always 31.

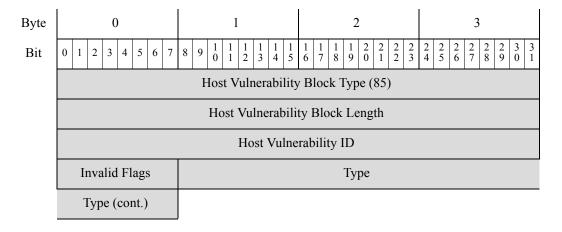
Table 4-61 User Protocol List Data Block Fields (continued)

Field	Number of Bytes	Description
Generic List Block Length	uint32	Number of bytes in the Generic List block and encapsulated data blocks. This number includes the eight bytes of the generic list block header fields, plus the number of bytes in all of the encapsulated data blocks.
User Protocol Data Blocks	variable	Encapsulated User Protocol data blocks up to the maximum number of bytes in the list block length.

Host Vulnerability Data Block 4.9.0+

The Host Vulnerability data block conveys vulnerabilities that apply to a host. Each Host Vulnerability data block describes one vulnerability for a host in an event. Host Vulnerability data blocks appear in the Full Host Profile, Full Host Server, and Full Sub-Server data blocks. The Host Vulnerability data block has a block type of 85 in the series 1 group of blocks.

The following diagram shows the format of the Host Vulnerability data block:



The following table describes the components of the Host Vulnerability data block.

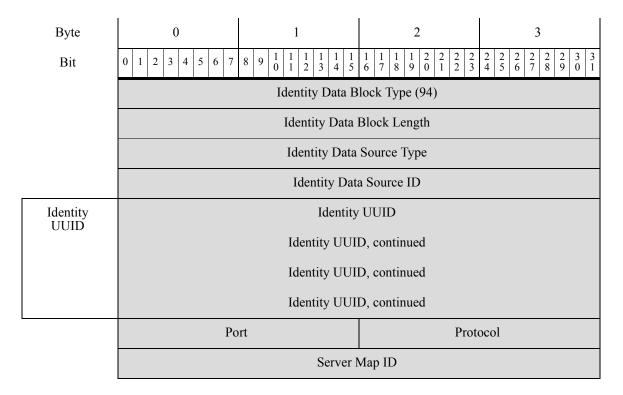
Table 4-62 Host Vulnerability Data Block Fields

Field	Data Type	Description									
Host Vulnerability Block Type	uint32	Initiates an Host Vulnerability data block. This value is always 85.									
Host Vulnerability Block Length	uint32	Total number of bytes in the Host Vulnerability data block, including eight bytes for the host vulnerability block type and length fields, plus the number of bytes of host vulnerability data that follows.									
Host Vulnerability ID	uint32	The identification number for the vulnerability.									
Invalid Flags	uint8	A value indicating whether the vulnerability is valid for the host.									
Туре	uint32	The type of vulnerability.									

Identity Data Block

The identity data block has a block type of 94 in the series 1 group of blocks. Identity data blocks are used in identity conflict and identity timeout messages, which indicate when the identities of an operating system or server fingerprint source conflict or time out. The data block describes reported identities that have been identified as being in conflict with active source identities (user, scanner, or application). For more information, see Identity Conflict and Identity Timeout System Messages, page 4-52.

The following diagram shows the format of an identity data block for 4.9+.



The following table describes the fields of the Cisco identity data block.

Table 4-63 Identity Data Block Fields

Field	Data Type	Description
Identity Data Block Type	uint32	Initiates the Identity data block. This value is always 94.
Identity Data Block Length	uint32	Number of bytes in the Identity data block. This value should always be 40: sixteen bytes for the data block type and length fields and the source type and ID fields, sixteen bytes for the fingerprint UUID value, two bytes for the port, two bytes for the protocol, and four bytes for the SM ID.

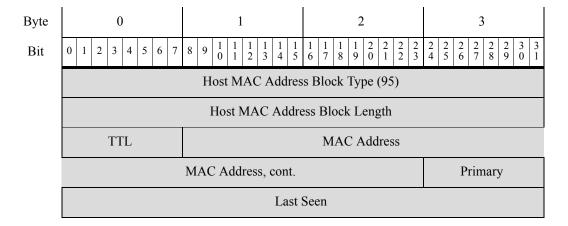
Table 4-63 Identity Data Block Fields (continued)

Field	Data Type	Description							
Identity Data	uint32	Number that maps to the type of data source:							
Source Type		o if the fingerprint data was provided by RNA							
		• 1 if the fingerprint data was provided by a user							
		• 2 if the fingerprint data was provided by a third-party scanner							
		• 3 if the fingerprint data was provided by a command line tool such as nmimport.pl or the Host Input API client							
Identity Data Source ID	uint32	Identification number that maps to the source of the fingerprint data. Depending on the source type, this may map to RNA, a user, a scanner, or a third-party application.							
UUID	uint8[16]	the identity is an operating system identity, the identification imber, in octets, that acts as a unique identifier for the fingerprin							
Port	uint16	the identity is a server identity, indicates the port used by the packet ontaining the server data.							
Protocol	uint16	If the identity is a server identity, indicates the IANA number of the network protocol or Ethertype used by the packet containing the server data. This is handled differently for Transport and Network layer protocols.							
		Transport layer protocols are identified by the IANA protocol number. For example:							
		• 6 — TCP							
		• 7 — UDP							
		Network layer protocols are identified by the decimal form of the IEEE Registration Authority Ethertype. For example:							
		• 2048 — IP							
Server Map ID	uint32	If the identity is a server identity, indicates the server map ID, representing the combination of ID, vendor, and version for the server.							

Host MAC Address 4.9+

The host MAC address data block has a block type of 95 in the series 1 group of blocks. The block includes the time-to-live value for the host data, as well as the MAC address, the primary subnet of the host, and the last seen value for the host.

The following diagram shows the format of a host MAC address data block in 4.9+:



The following table describes the fields of the Host MAC Address data block.

Table 4-64 Host MAC Address Data Block Fields

Field	Data Type	Description
Host MAC Address Data Block Type	uint32	Initiates the Host MAC Address data block. This value is always 95.
Host MAC Address Data Block Length	uint32	Number of bytes in the Host MAC Address data block. This value should always be 20: eight bytes for the data block type and length fields, one byte for the TTL value, 6 bytes for the MAC address, one byte for the primary subnet, and four bytes for the last seen value.
TTL	uint8	Indicates the difference between the TTL value in the packet used to fingerprint the host.
MAC Address	uint8 [6]	Indicates the MAC address of the host.
Primary	uint8	Indicates the primary subnet of the host.
Last Seen	uint32	Indicates when the host was last seen in traffic.

Secondary Host Update

The Secondary Host Update data block contains information for a host sent as a secondary host update from a device monitoring a subnet other than that where the host resides. It is used within Change Secondary Update events (event type 1001, subtype 31). The Secondary Host Update data block has a block type of 96 in the series 1 group of blocks.

The following diagram shows the format of a Secondary Host Update data block:

Byte	0	1	2	3	
Bit	0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7	8 9 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 5	1 1 1 1 1 2 2 2 2 2 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3	2 2 2 2 2 2 3 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1	
		Host MAC Address List			
		List Bloc	k Length		riddioss Elst
Host MAC Address List		Host MAC Addres	s Block Type (95)		
riddiess Eist					

The following table describes the fields of the Secondary Host Update data block.

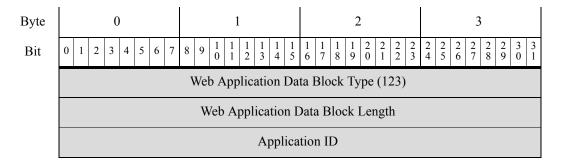
Table 4-65 Secondary Host Update Data Block Fields

Field	Data Type	Description								
Secondary Host Update Block Type	uint32	Initiates a Secondary Host Update data block. This value is always 96.								
Secondary Host Update Block Length	uint32	Number of bytes in the Secondary Host Update data block, including eight bytes for the secondary host update block type and length fields, plus the number of bytes of secondary host update data that follows.								
IP Address	uint8[4]	IP address of the host described in the update, in IP address octets.								
List Block Type	uint32	Initiates a List data block comprising Host MAC Address data blocks conveying host MAC address data. This value is always 11.								
List Block Length	uint32	Number of bytes in the list. This number includes the eight bytes of the list block type and length fields, plus all encapsulated Host MAC Address data blocks. This field is followed by zero or more Host MAC Address data blocks.								
Host MAC Address Block Type	uint32	Initiates a Host MAC Address data block describing the secondary host. This value is always 95.								
Host MAC Address Data Block Length	uint32	Number of bytes in the Host MAC Address data block. This value should always be 20: eight bytes for the data block type and length fields, one byte for the TTL value, six bytes for the MAC address, one byte for the primary subnet, and four bytes for the last seen value.								
Host MAC Address Data Blocks	string	Information related to MAC addresses of hosts in the update.								

Web Application Data Block for 5.0+

The Web Application data block for 5.0+ has a block type of 123 in the series 1 group of blocks. The data block describes the web application from detected HTTP client requests.

The following diagram shows the format of a Web Application data block in 5.0+.



The following table describes the fields of the Web Application data block.

Table 4-66 Web Application Data Block Fields

Field	Data Type	Description
Web Application Data Block Type	uint32	Initiates the Web Application data block. This value is always 123.
Web Application Data Block Length	uint32	Number of bytes in the Web Application data block, including eight bytes for the Web Application data block type and length, plus the number of bytes in the application ID field that follows.
Application ID	uint32	Application ID of the web application.

Connection Statistics Data Block 5.4.0.1+

The connection statistics data block is used in connection data messages. Several new fields have been added to the Connection Statistics Data Block for 5.4. Fields have been added to support SSL connections, HTTP redirection, and network analysis policies. The connection statistics data block for version 5.4.0.1+ has a block type of 157 in the series 1 group of blocks. It deprecates block type 155, Connection Statistics Data Block 5.4, page B-130.

You request connection event records by setting the extended event flag—bit 30 in the Request Flags field—in the request message with an event version of 12 and an event code of 71. See Request Flags, page 2-11. If you enable bit 23, an extended event header is included in the record.

For more information on the Connection Statistics Data message, see Connection Statistics Data Message, page 4-45.

The following diagram shows the format of a Connection Statistics data block for 5.4.0.1+:

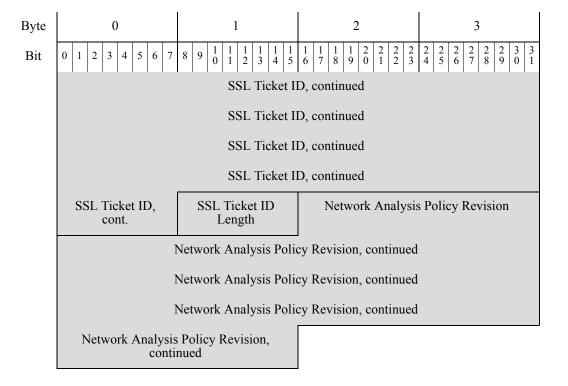
Byte	0	1	2	3											
Bit	0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7	8 9 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 5	1 1 1 1 1 2 2 2 2 3 5 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3	2 2 2 2 2 2 2 3 3 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1											
		Connection Data	Block Type (157)												
		Connection Da	nta Block Length												
		Dev	ice ID												
		Ingre	ss Zone												
		Ingress Zon	ne, continued												
		Ingress Zon	ne, continued												
	Ingress Zone, continued														
	Egress Zone														
	Egress Zone, continued														
	Egress Zone, continued														
	Egress Zone, continued														
		Ingress	Interface												
		Ingress Inter	face, continued												
		Ingress Inter	face, continued												
		Ingress Inter	face, continued												
		Egress	Interface												
		Egress Interf	face, continued												
		Egress Interf	face, continued												
		Egress Interf	face, continued												
		Initiator	IP Address												
		Initiator IP Ad	dress, continued												
		Initiator IP Ad	dress, continued												
		Initiator IP Ad	dress, continued												
		Responder	r IP Address												
		Responder IP A	ddress, continued												

Byte	0	1	2	3											
Bit	0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7	8 9 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 5	1 1 1 1 2 2 2 2 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3	2 2 2 2 2 2 3 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1											
		Responder IP Ac	ldress, continued												
		Responder IP A	ldress, continued												
		Policy l	Revision												
		Policy Revisi	on, continued												
		Policy Revisi	on, continued												
	Policy Revision, continued														
	Rule ID Rule Action Rule Reason														
	Initiato		Respon Protocol	der Port											
	TCP	NetFlow Source													
			rce, continued												
	NI.		rce, continued	Instance ID											
		etFlow Source, continu		Instance ID											
	Instance ID, cont.		on Counter	First Pkt Time											
		Packet Timestamp, con		Last Pkt Time											
	Last P	Packet Timestamp, con	unuea	Initiator Tx Packets											
		Initiator Transmitte	d Packets, continued												
	Initiator '	Transmitted Packets, c	ontinued	Resp. Tx Packets											
		Responder Transmitt	ed Packets, continued												
	Responder	r Transmitted Packets,	continued	Initiator Tx Bytes											
		Initiator Transmitte	ed Bytes, continued												
	Initiator	Transmitted Bytes, co	ontinued	Resp. Tx Bytes											
		Responder Transmit	ted Bytes, continued												
	Responde	er Transmitted Bytes,	continued	User ID											

Byte	0 1													1									2									3								
Bit	0	1	2	3	4	4 5		6	7	8		9	10	1	1 2	2	1	1 4	1 5		16	1 7		1	19	2 0	4	2	2	2 3	2 4	1	2 2	2	2 7	2	2 2	2	3	3
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							A	pp	lio	cati	io	n l	Pı	oto	oco	ol	I	D, o	col	nt	ir	nue	d								URL Category									
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		Client Application ID, continued																		W	eb	A	λp	p I	D															
	Web Application ID, continued																S	Str	: В	lo	ck	ς]	Гур	e ((0)															
Client URL		String Block Type, continued																		St	rir L	ng ær	B	loc th	k															
		String Block Length, continued																(Cli	ien	t A	Αp	p.	U	RI	٠														
S		String Block Type (0)																																						
NetBIOS Name	String Block Length																																							
Z																N	Лe	tBl	О	S	N	Van	ne.																	
t sion															S	tri	in	g E	lo	ocl	k	Ту	pe	: ((0)															
Client App Version															5	Stı	riı	ng l	31	oc	k	Le	en	gtl	h															
Ap														Cl	ier			(pp							ic	n														
																		Ion																						
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										So	ur	ce.	Aut	one	om	ous	Sy	stem	ì									
									D	esti	ina	atio	n A	uto	ono	omo	ous	Syste	em									
						Sì	IMF	· I	n											S	NM	P C	ut					
		So	ur	ce	TOS	S]	Dest	inat	io	n T	OS			S	our	ce N	1as	k		I	Desti	na	itio	n M	ask	
												Se	ecur	ity	Co	onte	ext											
										Se	cı	ırity	у Со	ont	ext	t, co	onti	nued										
										Se	cu	ırity	у Со	ont	ext	t, co	onti	nued										
										Se	cı	ırity	у Со	ont	ext	t, co	nti	nued										
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User Agent											,	Stri	ng I	3lo	ck	Lei	ngt	h										
Use												-	Use	r A	ge	nt												
errer											S	trin	ng B	loc	k T	Тур	e ((0)										
HTTP Referrer												Stri	ng I	3lo	ck	Lei	ngt	h										
HTT												H	TTI	P R	efe	erre	r											
										SS	SL	. Ce	ertif	ica	te l	Fin	ger	print										
									SSL	Ce	rti	ific	ate !	Fin	ge	rpri	nt,	cont	inu	iec	i							
									SSL	Ce	rti	ific	ate !	Fin	gei	rpri	int,	cont	inu	iec	i							
									SSL	Ce	rti	ific	ate !	Fin	gei	rpri	nt,	cont	inu	iec	ł							
									SSL	Се	rti	ific	ate !	Fin	gei	rpri	nt,	cont	inu	ied	i							
												S	SSL	Po	lic	y II	D											
														-				ued										
										S	Sl	L P	olic	y I	D,	cor	ntin	ued										

Byte	0	1	2	3
Bit	0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7	8 9 1 1 1 2 3 4 5 6 7	1 1 2 2 2 2 8 9 0 1 2 3	2 2 2 2 2 2 3 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1
		SSL Policy ID, cont	tinued	
		SSL Rule ID		
	SSL Cipi	ner Suite SS	SL Version	SSL Srv Cert. Stat.
	S	SL Srv Cert. Stat., cont.		SSL Actual Action
	SSL Actual Action, cont.	SSL Expected Ac	tion	SSL Flow Status
	SSL Flow Status, cont.	SSI	L Flow Error	
	SSL Flow Error, continued	SSL F	Flow Messages	
	SSL Flow Messages, continued	SSI	Flow Flags	
		SSL Flow Flags, con	ntinued	
ames	SSL Flow Flags, continued	String	Block Type (0)	
SSL Server Names	String Block Type (0), continued	String	Block Length	
S TSS	String Block Length, continued	SSL S	Server Name	
		SSL URL Catego	ory	
		SSL Session II)	
		SSL Session ID, con	tinued	
		SSL Session ID, con	tinued	
		SSL Session ID, con	tinued	
		SSL Session ID, con	tinued	
		SSL Session ID, con	tinued	
		SSL Session ID, con	tinued	
		SSL Session ID, con	tinued	
	SSL Session ID Length	SS	L Ticket ID	



The following table describes the fields of the Connection Statistics data block for 5.4+.

Table 4-67 Connection Statistics Data Block 5.4+ Fields

Field	Data Type	Description
Connection Statistics Data Block Type	uint32	Initiates a Connection Statistics data block for 5.4+. The value is always 155.
Connection Statistics Data Block Length	uint32	Number of bytes in the Connection Statistics data block, including eight bytes for the connection statistics block type and length fields, plus the number of bytes in the connection data that follows.
Device ID	uint32	The device that detected the connection event.
Ingress Zone	uint8[16]	Ingress security zone in the event that triggered the policy violation.
Egress Zone	uint8[16]	Egress security zone in the event that triggered the policy violation.
Ingress Interface	uint8[16]	Interface for the inbound traffic.
Egress Interface	uint8[16]	Interface for the outbound traffic.
Initiator IP Address	uint8[16]	IP address of the host that initiated the session described in the connection event, in IP address octets.
Responder IP Address	uint8[16]	IP address of the host that responded to the initiating host, in IP address octets.

Table 4-67 Connection Statistics Data Block 5.4+ Fields (continued)

Field	Data Type	Description
Policy Revision	uint8[16]	Revision number of the rule associated with the triggered correlation event, if applicable.
Rule ID	uint32	Internal identifier for the rule that triggered the event, if applicable.
Rule Action	uint16	The action selected in the user interface for that rule (allow, block, and so forth).
Rule Reason	uint16	The reason the rule triggered the event.
Initiator Port	uint16	Port used by the initiating host.
Responder Port	uint16	Port used by the responding host.
TCP Flags	uint16	Indicates any TCP flags for the connection event.
Protocol	uint8	The IANA-specified protocol number.
NetFlow Source	uint8[16]	IP address of the NetFlow-enabled device that exported the data for the connection.
Instance ID	uint16	Numerical ID of the Snort instance on the managed device that generated the event.
Connection Counter	uint16	Value used to distinguish between connection events that happen during the same second.
First Packet Timestamp	uint32	UNIX timestamp of the date and time the first packet was exchanged in the session.
Last Packet Timestamp	uint32	UNIX timestamp of the date and time the last packet was exchanged in the session.
Initiator Transmitted Packets	uint64	Number of packets transmitted by the initiating host.
Responder Transmitted Packets	uint64	Number of packets transmitted by the responding host.
Initiator Transmitted Bytes	uint64	Number of bytes transmitted by the initiating host.
Responder Transmitted Bytes	uint64	Number of bytes transmitted by the responding host.
User ID	uint32	Internal identification number for the user who last logged into the host that generated the traffic.
Application Protocol ID	uint32	Application ID of the application protocol.
URL Category	uint32	The internal identification number of the URL category.
URL Reputation	uint32	The internal identification number for the URL reputation.
Client Application ID	uint32	The internal identification number of the detected client application, if applicable.
Web Application ID	uint32	The internal identification number of the detected web application, if applicable.

Table 4-67 Connection Statistics Data Block 5.4+ Fields (continued)

Field	Data Type	Description
String Block Type	uint32	Initiates a String data block for the client application URL. This value is always o.
String Block Length	uint32	Number of bytes in the client application URL String data block, including eight bytes for the string block type and length fields, plus the number of bytes in the client application URL string.
Client Application URL	string	URL the client application accessed, if applicable (/files/index.html, for example).
String Block Type	uint32	Initiates a String data block for the host NetBIOS name. This value is always 0.
String Block Length	uint32	Number of bytes in the String data block, including eight bytes for the string block type and length fields, plus the number of bytes in the NetBIOS name string.
NetBIOS Name	string	Host NetBIOS name string.
String Block Type	uint32	Initiates a String data block for the client application version. This value is always 0.
String Block Length	uint32	Number of bytes in the String data block for the client application version, including eight bytes for the string block type and length, plus the number of bytes in the version.
Client Application Version	string	Client application version.
Monitor Rule 1	uint32	The ID of the first monitor rule associated with the connection event.
Monitor Rule 2	uint32	The ID of the second monitor rule associated with the connection event.
Monitor Rule 3	uint32	The ID of the third monitor rule associated with the connection event.
Monitor Rule 4	uint32	The ID of the fourth monitor rule associated with the connection event.
Monitor Rule 5	uint32	The ID of the fifth monitor rule associated with the connection event.
Monitor Rule 6	uint32	The ID of the sixth monitor rule associated with the connection event.
Monitor Rule 7	uint32	The ID of the seventh monitor rule associated with the connection event.
Monitor Rule 8	uint32	The ID of the eighth monitor rule associated with the connection event.
Security Intelligence Source/ Destination	uint8	Whether the source or destination IP address matched the IP blacklist.
Security Intelligence Layer	uint8	The IP layer that matched the IP blacklist.

Table 4-67 Connection Statistics Data Block 5.4+ Fields (continued)

Field	Data Type	Description
File Event Count	uint16	Value used to distinguish between file events that happen during the same second.
Intrusion Event Count	uint16	Value used to distinguish between intrusion events that happen during the same second.
Initiator Country	uint16	Code for the country of the initiating host.
Responder Country	uint 16	Code for the country of the responding host.
IOC Number	uint16	ID Number of the compromise associated with this event.
Source Autonomous System	uint32	Autonomous system number of the source, either origin or peer.
Destination Autonomous System	uint32	Autonomous system number of the destination, either origin or peer.
SNMP Input	uint16	SNMP index of the input interface.
SNMP Output	uint16	SNMP index of the output interface.
Source TOS	uint8	Type of Service byte setting for the incoming interface.
Destination TOS	uint8	Type of Service byte setting for the outgoing interface.
Source Mask	uint8	Source address prefix mask.
Destination Mask	uint8	Destination address prefix mask.
Security Context	uint8(16)	ID number for the security context (virtual firewall) that the traffic passed through. Note that the system only populates this field for ASA FirePOWER devices in multi-context mode.
VLAN ID	uint16	VLAN identification number that indicates which VLAN the host is a member of.
String Block Type	uint32	Initiates a String data block containing the Referenced Host. This value is always 0.
String Block Length	uint32	The number of bytes included in the Referenced Host String data block, including eight bytes for the block type and header fields plus the number of bytes in the Referenced Host field.
Referenced Host	string	Host name information provided in HTTP or DNS.
String Block Type	uint32	Initiates a String data block containing the User Agent. This value is always 0.
String Block Length	uint32	The number of bytes included in the User Agent String data block, including eight bytes for the block type and header fields plus the number of bytes in the User Agent field.
User Agent	string	Information from the UserAgent header field in the session.
String Block Type	uint32	Initiates a String data block containing the HTTP Referrer. This value is always 0.

Table 4-67 Connection Statistics Data Block 5.4+ Fields (continued)

Field	Data Type	Description
String Block Length	uint32	The number of bytes included in the HTTP Referrer String data block, including eight bytes for the block type and header fields plus the number of bytes in the HTTP Referrer field.
HTTP Referrer	string	The site from which a page originated. This is found int he Referred header information in HTTP traffic.
SSL Certificate Fingerprint	uint8[20]	SHA1 hash of the SSL Server certificate.
SSL Policy ID	uint8[16]	ID number of the SSL policy that handled the connection.
SSL Rule ID	uint32	ID number of the SSL rule or default action that handled the connection.
SSL Cipher Suite	uint16	Encryption suite used by the SSL connection. The value is stored in decimal format. See www.iana.org/assignments/tls-parameters/tls-parameters. xhtml for the cipher suite designated by the value.
SSL Version	uint8	The SSL or TLS protocol version used to encrypt the connection.

Table 4-67 Connection Statistics Data Block 5.4+ Fields (continued)

Field	Data Type	Description
SSL Server	uint32	The status of the SSL certificate. Possible values include:
Certificate Status		• 0 — Not checked — The server certificate status was not evaluated.
		• 1 — Unknown — The server certificate status could not be determined.
		• 2 — Valid — The server certificate is valid.
		• 4 — Self-signed — The server certificate is self-signed.
		8 — Invalid Issuer — The server certificate has an invalid issuer.
		• 16 — Invalid Signature — The server certificate has an invalid signature.
		• 32 — Expired — The server certificate is expired.
		• 64 — Not valid yet — The server certificate is not yet valid.
		• 128 — Revoked — The server certificate has been revoked.
		256 Cert Untrusted 512 Cert Rejected 1024 Invalid Extension 2048 Invalid Purpose 4096 Path Length Exceeded 8192 Date Field Error 16384 Constraint Error 32768 CRL Signature Error 65536 CRL Update Field Error 131072 CRL Not Valid Yet 262144 CRL Expired 524288 CRL Path Validation Error 1048576 CRL Unable to Get CRL 2097152 CRL Different CRL Scope • 4194304 Validation Error
SSL Actual Action	uint16	The action performed on the connection based on the SSL Rule. This may differ from the expected action, as the action as specified in the rule may be impossible. Possible values include: • 0 — 'Unknown' • 1 — 'Do Not Decrypt' • 2 — 'Block' • 3 — 'Block With Reset'
		• 4 — 'Decrypt (Known Key)'
		• 5 — 'Decrypt (Replace Key)'
		• 6 — 'Decrypt (Resign)'

Table 4-67 Connection Statistics Data Block 5.4+ Fields (continued)

Field	Data Type	Description
SSL Expected Action	uint16	The action which should be performed on the connection based on the SSL Rule. Possible values include:
		• 0 — 'Unknown'
		• 1 — 'Do Not Decrypt'
		• 2 — 'Block'
		• 3 — 'Block With Reset'
		• 4 — 'Decrypt (Known Key)'
		 5 — 'Decrypt (Replace Key)' 6 — 'Decrypt (Resign)'
		• 6 — 'Decrypt (Resign)'

Table 4-67 Connection Statistics Data Block 5.4+ Fields (continued)

Field	Data Type	Description
SSL Flow Status	uint16	Status of the SSL Flow. These values describe the reason
		behind the action taken or the error message seen. Possible
		values include:
		• 0 — 'Unknown'
		• 1 — 'No Match'
		• 2 — 'Success'
		• 3 — 'Uncached Session'
		• 4 — 'Unknown Cipher Suite'
		• 5 — 'Unsupported Cipher Suite'
		• 6 — 'Unsupported SSL Version'
		• 7 — 'SSL Compression Used'
		8 — 'Session Undecryptable in Passive Mode'
		• 9 — 'Handshake Error'
		• 10 — 'Decryption Error'
		• 11 — 'Pending Server Name Category Lookup'
		12 — 'Pending Common Name Category Lookup'
		• 13 — 'Internal Error'
		• 14 — 'Network Parameters Unavailable'
		• 15 — 'Invalid Server Certificate Handle'
		• 16 — 'Server Certificate Fingerprint Unavailable'
		• 17 — 'Cannot Cache Subject DN'
		• 18 — 'Cannot Cache Issuer DN'
		• 19 — 'Unknown SSL Version'
		• 20 — 'External Certificate List Unavailable'
		• 21 — 'External Certificate Fingerprint Unavailable'
		• 22 — 'Internal Certificate List Invalid'
		• 23 — 'Internal Certificate List Unavailable'
		• 24 — 'Internal Certificate Unavailable'
		• 25 — 'Internal Certificate Fingerprint Unavailable'
		• 26 — 'Server Certificate Validation Unavailable'
		• 27 — 'Server Certificate Validation Failure'
		• 28 — 'Invalid Action'
SSL Flow Error	uint32	Detailed SSL error code. These values may be needed for support purposes.

Table 4-67 Connection Statistics Data Block 5.4+ Fields (continued)

Field	Data Type	Description
SSL Flow Messages	uint32	The messages exchanged between client and server during the SSL handshake. See http://tools.ietf.org/html/rfc5246 for more information.
		• 0x00000001 — NSE_MTHELLO_REQUEST
		• 0x00000002 — NSE_MTCLIENT_ALERT
		• 0x00000004 — NSE_MTSERVER_ALERT
		• 0x00000008 — NSE_MTCLIENT_HELLO
		• 0x00000010 — NSE_MTSERVER_HELLO
		• 0x00000020 — NSE_MTSERVER_CERTIFICATE
		• 0x00000040 — NSE_MTSERVER_KEY_EXCHANGE
		• 0x00000080 — NSE_MTCERTIFICATE_REQUEST
		• 0x00000100 — NSE_MTSERVER_HELLO_DONE
		• 0x00000200 — NSE_MTCLIENT_CERTIFICATE
		• 0x00000400 — NSE_MTCLIENT_KEY_EXCHANGE
		• 0x00000800 — NSE_MTCERTIFICATE_VERIFY
		• 0x00001000 — NSE_MTCLIENT_CHANGE_CIPHER_SPEC
		• 0x00002000 — NSE_MTCLIENT_FINISHED
		• 0x00004000 — NSE_MTSERVER_CHANGE_CIPHER_SPEC
		• 0x00008000 — NSE_MTSERVER_FINISHED
		• 0x00010000 — NSE_MTNEW_SESSION_TICKET
		• 0x00020000 — NSE_MTHANDSHAKE_OTHER
		• 0x00040000 — NSE_MTAPP_DATA_FROM_CLIENT
		• 0x00080000 — NSE_MTAPP_DATA_FROM_SERVER
SSL Flow Flags	uint64	The debugging level flags for an encrypted connection. Possible values include:
		0x00000001 — NSE_FLOWVALID - must be set for other fields to be valid
		0x00000002 — NSE_FLOWINITIALIZED - internal structures ready for processing
		0x00000004 — NSE_FLOWINTERCEPT - SSL session has been intercepted
String Block Type	uint32	Initiates a String data block containing the SSL Server Name. This value is always 0.

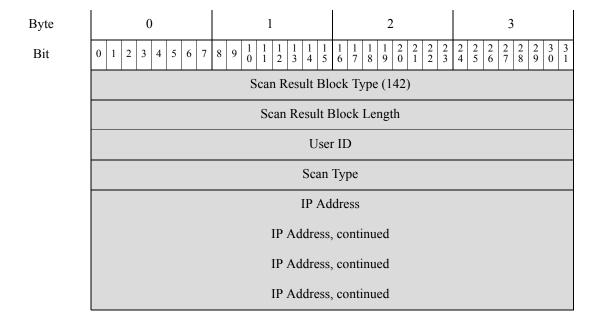
Table 4-67 Connection Statistics Data Block 5.4+ Fields (continued)

Field	Data Type	Description
String Block Length	uint32	The number of bytes included in the SSL Server Name String data block, including eight bytes for the block type and header fields plus the number of bytes in the SSL Server Name field.
SSL Server Name	string	Name provided in the server name indication in the SSL Client Hello.
SSL URL Category	uint32	Category of the flow as identified from the server name and certificate common name.
SSL Session ID	uint8[32]	Value of the session ID used during the SSL handshake when the client and server agree to do session reuse
SSL Session ID Length	uint8	Length of the SSL Session ID. While the session ID cannot exceed 32 bytes, it may be less than 32 bytes.
SSL Ticket ID	uint8[20]	Hash of the session ticket used when the client and server agree to use a session ticket.
SSL Ticket ID Length	uint8	Length of the SSL Ticket ID. While the ticket ID cannot exceed 20 bytes, it may be less than 20 bytes.
Network Analysis Policy revision	uint8[16]	Revision of the Network Analysis Policy associated with the connection event.

Scan Result Data Block 5.2+

The Scan Result data block describes a vulnerability and is used within Add Scan Result events (event type 1002, subtype 11). The Scan Result data block has a block type of 142 in the series 1 group of blocks. It supersedes block type 102. The IP address field was increased to 16 bytes for version 5.2.

The following diagram shows the format of a Scan Result data block:



Byte	0 1		2	3	
Bit	0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7	8 9 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 5	1 1 1 1 2 2 2 2 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3	2 2 2 2 2 2 3 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1	
	Po	rt	Prot	ocol	
	Fla	ng	List Block	Type (11)	Scan Vulnerability
	List Block	Type (11)	List Bloc	k Length	List
Vulnerability List	List Bloc	k Length	Scan Vulnerability	Block Type (109)	
Dist	Scan Vulnerability	Block Type (109)	Scan Vulnerabili	ty Block Length	
	Scan Vulnerabili	ty Block Length	Vulnerabil		
		List Block	Type (11)		Generic Scan Results List
			Results List		
Scan Results List					
Dist					
User Product List					
Troduct Eist					
		User Product	Data Blocks*		

The following table describes the fields of the Scan Result data block.

Table 4-68 Scan Result Data Block Fields

Field	Data Type	Description
Scan Result Block Type	uint32	Initiates a Scan Result data block. This value is always 142.
Scan Result Block Length	uint32	Number of bytes in the Scan Vulnerability data block, including eight bytes for the scan vulnerability block type and length fields, plus the number of bytes of scan vulnerability data that follows.
User ID	uint32	Contains the user identification number for the user who imported the scan result or ran the scan that produced the scan result.
Scan Type	uint32	Indicates how the results were added to the system.
IP Address	uint8[16]	IP address of the host affected by the vulnerabilities in the result, in IP address octets.
Port	uint16	Port used by the sub-server affected by the vulnerabilities in the results.

Table 4-68 Scan Result Data Block Fields (continued)

Field	Data Type	Description
Protocol	uint16	IANA protocol number or Ethertype. This is handled differently for Transport and Network layer protocols.
		Transport layer protocols are identified by the IANA protocol number. For example:
		• 6 — TCP
		• 17 — UDP
		Network layer protocols are identified by the decimal form of the IEEE Registration Authority Ethertype. For example:
		• 2048 — IP
Flag	uint16	Reserved
List Block Type	uint32	Initiates a List data block comprising Scan Vulnerability data blocks conveying transport Scan Vulnerability data. This value is always 11.
List Block Length	uint32	Number of bytes in the list. This number includes the eight bytes of the list block type and length fields, plus all encapsulated Scan Vulnerability data blocks.
		This field is followed by zero or more Scan Vulnerability data blocks.
Scan Vulnerability Block Type	uint32	Initiates a Scan Vulnerability data block describing a vulnerability detected during a scan. This value is always 109.
Scan Vulnerability Block Length	uint32	Number of bytes in the Scan Vulnerability data block, including eight bytes for the scan vulnerability block type and length fields, plus the number of bytes in the scan vulnerability data that follows.
Vulnerability Data	string	Information relating to each vulnerability.
List Block Type	uint32	Initiates a List data block comprising Scan Vulnerability data blocks conveying transport Scan Vulnerability data. This value is always 11.
List Block Length	uint32	Number of bytes in the list. This number includes the eight bytes of the list block type and length fields, plus all encapsulated Scan Vulnerability data blocks.
		This field is followed by zero or more Scan Vulnerability data blocks.
Generic Scan Results Block Type	uint32	Initiates a Generic Scan Results data block describing server and operating system data detected during a scan. This value is always 108.
Generic Scan Results Block Length	uint32	Number of bytes in the Generic Scan Results data block, including eight bytes for the generic scan results block type and length fields, plus the number of bytes in the scan result data that follows.
Generic Scan Results Data	string	Information relating to each scan result.
Generic List Block Type	uint32	Initiates a Generic List data block comprising User Product data blocks conveying host input data from a third-party application. This value is always 31.

Table 4-68 Scan Result Data Block Fields (continued)

Field	Data Type	Description
Generic List Block Length		Number of bytes in the Generic List data block, including the list header and all encapsulated User Product data blocks.
User Product Data Blocks *	variable	User Product data blocks containing host input data. See User Product Data Block 5.1+, page 4-157 for a description of this data block.

Host Server Data Block 4.10.0+

The Host Server data block conveys information about the detected servers on a host. It contains a block for each detected server, and also includes a list of web application data blocks for the web applications the server is running. Host Server data blocks are contained in messages for new and changed TCP and UDP servers. For more information, see Server Messages, page 4-38. The Host Server data block has a block type of 103 in the series 1 group of blocks.



An asterisk(*) next to a data block name in the following diagram indicates that multiple instances of the data block may occur.

The following diagram shows the format of the Host Server data block:

Byte	0	0 1				2						3								
Bit	0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7	8 9	1 1 0 1	1 2	1 1 3 4		1 6	1 7	1 1 8 9	2	2	2 2	2 3	2 4	2 5	2	2 7	2 2	3 0	3
			S	Serv	er Bl	ock	Ту	pe	(103	5)										
				Sei	rver]	3lo	ck I	Ler	ngth											
	Po	ort											Hi	ts						
	Hits, co	ntinu	ed									La	st l	Jse	ed					
Sub-Server Information	Last Used,	conti	nued				Generic List Block Type (31)													
momunon	Generic List Block Type, continued				Generic List Block Length															
	Generic List Block Length, continued					Server Information Block Type (117)*														
	Confidence																			
	Generic List Block Type (31)																			
	Generic List Block Length																			
Web Application	Web Application Block Type (123)*																			
rippiication	Web Application Block Length																			
				Web	App	lica	ation	nΓ	Data											

The following table describes the fields of the Host Server data block.

Table 4-69 Host Server Data Block Fields

Field	Data Type	Description
Host Server Block Type	uint32	Initiates a Host Server data block. This value is always 103.
Host Server Block Length	uint32	Total number of bytes in the Host Server data block, including the eight bytes in the Host Server block type and length fields, plus the number of bytes of data that follows.
Port	uint16	Port number where the server runs.
Hits	uint32	Number of hits the server has received.
Last Used	uint32	UNIX timestamp that represents the last time the system detected the server in use.
Generic List Block Type	uint32	Initiates a Generic List data block. This value is always 31.
Generic List Block Length	uint32	Number of bytes in the Generic List block and encapsulated sub-server information data blocks. This number includes the eight bytes of the generic list block header fields, plus the number of bytes in all of the encapsulated data blocks.
Server Information Data Blocks*	variable	Server information data blocks up to the maximum number of bytes in the list block length. For details, see Server Information Data Block for 4.10.x, 5.0 - 5.0.2, page 4-131.
Confidence	uint32	Confidence percentage.
Generic List Block Type	uint32	Initiates a Generic data block. This value is always 31.
Generic List Block Length	uint32	Number of bytes in the Generic block and encapsulated web application data blocks. This number includes the eight bytes of the generic list block header fields, plus the number of bytes in all of the encapsulated web application data blocks.
Web Application Data Blocks*	variable	Encapsulated web application data blocks up to the maximum number of bytes in the list block length. For details, see Web Application Data Block for 5.0+, page 4-108.

Full Host Server Data Block 4.10.0+

The Full Host Server data block conveys information about a server, including the server port, the frequency of use and most recent update, confidence of data accuracy, and Cisco and third-party vulnerabilities related to that server for the host. The Full Host Server data block contains a Full Sub-Server Information data block for each sub-server on the server. Each Full Host Profile data block contains a Full Host Server data block for each TCP and UDP server on the host. The Full Host Server data block has a block type of 104 in the series 1 group of blocks.



An asterisk(*) next to a series 1 data block name in the following diagram indicates that multiple instances of the data block may occur.

::

The following diagram shows the format of the Full Server data block:

Byte	0	1	2	3					
Bit	0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7	8 9 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 5	1 1 1 1 2 2 2 2 2 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3	2 2 2 2 2 2 3 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1					
		Full Server Blo	ock Type (104)						
		Full Server B	Block Length						
	Po	ort	Hi	its					
Sub-Servers - Cisco	Hits, co	ontinued	Generic List B	lock Type (31)					
Cisco	Generic List Bloc	k Type, continued	Generic List l	Block Length					
	Generic List Block	Length, continued	Full Server Inform (10						
Sub-Servers - User		Generic List Bl	lock Type (31)						
Osci		Generic List I	Block Length						
	F	ull Server Information	Data Block Type (106)	*					
Sub-Servers - Scanner		Generic List Bl	lock Type (31)						
Scame		Generic List I	Block Length						
	Full Server Information Data Blocks (106)*								
Sub-Servers - Application	Generic List Block Type (31)								
rippiication	Generic List Block Length								
	Full Server Information Data Blocks (106)*								
	Confidence								
Server Banner	BLOB Block Type (10)								
Bumer	BLOB Block Length								
	Server Banner Data								
VDB Vulnerability	Generic List Block Type (31)								
		Generic List I	Block Length						
		(VDB) Host Vulnerabi	lity Data Blocks (85)*						

Byte	0	1	2	3			
Bit	0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7	8 9 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 5	1 1 1 1 1 2 2 2 2 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3	2 2 2 2 2 2 3 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1			
Third Pty/VDB		Generic List B	lock Type (31)				
Vulnerability		Generic List I	Block Length				
	(Thire	l Party/VDB) Host Vul	nerability Data Blocks	(85)*			
Third Pty Host Vulnerability		Generic List Block Type (31)					
Vameraonity	Generic List Block Length						
	(Tl	(Third Party) Host Vulnerability Data Blocks (85)*					
Web Application	Generic List Block Type (31)						
1 ippiioution	Generic List Block Length						
		Web Application	on Data (123)*				

The following table describes the components of the Full Server data block.

Table 4-70 Full Server Data Block 4.10.0+ Fields

Field	Data Type	Description
Full Server Block Type	uint32	Initiates a Full Server data block. This value is always 104.
Full Server Block Length	uint32	Total number of bytes in the Full Server data block, including eight bytes for the full server block type and length fields, plus the number of bytes of full server data that follows.
Port	uint16	Server port number.
Hits	uint32	Number of hits the server has received.
Generic List Block Type	uint32	Initiates a Generic List data block comprising data blocks of detected sub-server data. This value is always 31.
Generic List Block Length	uint32	Number of bytes in the Generic List data block, including the list header and all encapsulated sub-server information data blocks.
Sub-Server Information - Cisco Data Blocks *	variable	Full Server Information data blocks containing information about sub-servers for a host server detected by Cisco. See Full Server Information Data Block, page 4-134 for a description of this data block.
Generic List Block Type	uint32	Initiates a Generic List data block comprising sub-server information data blocks conveying sub-server data added by a user. This value is always 31.
Generic List Block Length	uint32	Number of bytes in the Generic List data block, including the list header and all encapsulated server information data blocks.

Table 4-70 Full Server Data Block 4.10.0+ Fields (continued)

Field	Data Type	Description
Sub-Server Information- User Added Data Blocks *	variable	Full Server Information data blocks containing information about sub-servers on a host added by a user. See Full Server Information Data Block, page 4-134 for a description of this data block.
Generic List Block Type	uint32	Initiates a Generic List data block comprising sub-server information data blocks conveying sub-server data added by a scanner. This value is always 31.
Generic List Block Length	uint32	Number of bytes in the Generic List data block, including the list header and all encapsulated sub-server information data blocks.
Sub-Server Information- Scan Added Data Blocks *	variable	Full Server Information data blocks containing information about sub-servers on a host added by a scanner. See Full Server Information Data Block, page 4-134 for a description of this data block.
Generic List Block Type	uint32	Initiates a Generic List data block comprising sub-server information data blocks conveying sub-server data added by an application. This value is always 31.
Generic List Block Length	uint32	Number of bytes in the Generic List data block, including the list header and all encapsulated sub-server information data blocks.
Sub-Server Information - Application Added Data Blocks *	variable	Full Server Information data blocks containing information about sub-servers on a host added by an application. See Full Server Information Data Block, page 4-134 for a description of this data block.
Confidence	uint32	Percentage of confidence of Cisco in correct identification of the full server data.
BLOB Block Type	uint32	Initiates a BLOB data block, which contains banner data. This value is always 10.
BLOB Block Length	uint32	Total number of bytes in the BLOB data block, including eight bytes for the block type and length fields, plus the number of bytes in the banner.
Server Banner Data	byte[n]	First n bytes of the packet involved in the server event, where n is equal to or less than 256.
Generic List Block Type	uint32	Initiates a Generic List data block comprising Host Vulnerability data blocks conveying Cisco vulnerability data. This value is always 31.
Generic List Block Length	uint32	Number of bytes in the Generic List data block, including the list header and all encapsulated Host Vulnerability data blocks.
(VDB) Host Vulnerability Data Blocks *	variable	Host Vulnerability data blocks containing information about host vulnerabilities in the vulnerability database (VDB). See Host Vulnerability Data Block 4.9.0+, page 4-103 for a description of this data block.

Table 4-70 Full Server Data Block 4.10.0+ Fields (continued)

Field	Data Type	Description	
Generic List Block Type	uint32	Initiates a Generic List data block comprising Host Vulnerability data blocks conveying third-party host vulnerability data sourced from a third-party scanner and containing vulnerability information already cataloged in the VDB. This value is always 31.	
Generic List Block Length	uint32	Number of bytes in the Generic List data block, including the list header and all encapsulated Host Vulnerability data blocks.	
(Third Party/VDB) Host Vulnerability Data Blocks *	variable	Host Vulnerability data blocks sourced from a third-party scanner and containing information about host vulnerabilities cataloged in the vulnerability database (VDB). See Host Vulnerability Data Block 4.9.0+, page 4-103 for a description of this data block.	
Generic List Block Type	uint32	Initiates a Generic List data block comprising Host Vulnerability data blocks conveying third-party host vulnerability data generated by a third-party scanner. This value is always 31.	
Generic List Block Length	uint32	Number of bytes in the Generic List data block, including the list header and all encapsulated Host Vulnerability data blocks.	
Third Party Scan Host Vulnerability Data Blocks *	variable	Host Vulnerability data blocks containing third-party vulnerability data for vulnerabilities identified by a third-party scanner but not cataloged in the VDB. See Host Vulnerability Data Block 4.9.0+, page 4-103 for a description of this data block.	
Generic List Block Type	uint32	Initiates a Generic List data block. This value is always 31.	
Generic List Block Length	uint32	Number of bytes in the Generic List block and encapsulated Web Application data blocks. This number includes the eight bytes of the generic list block header fields, plus the number of bytes in all of the encapsulated data blocks.	
Web Application Data Blocks*	variable	Encapsulated Web Application data blocks up to the maximum number of bytes in the list block length.	

Server Information Data Block for 4.10.x, 5.0 - 5.0.2

The Server Information data block conveys information about a server, including the server ID, server vendor and version, and source information. The Server Information data block has a block type of 105 in the series 1 group of blocks for 4.10.x and a block type of 117 in the series 1 group of blocks for 5.0 - 5.0.2. Server information data blocks are conveyed in lists within Host Server blocks and Full Host server data blocks. For more information see Host Server Data Block 4.10.0+, page 4-126 and Full Host Server Data Block 4.10.0+, page 4-127.

The following diagram shows the format of the Server Information data block:

Byte	0	1	2	3	
Bit	0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7	8 9 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 5	1 1 1 1 2 2 2 2 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3	2 2 2 2 2 2 3 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1	
	Server Information Block Type (105 117)				
	Server Information Block Length				
	Application ID				
		String Bloc	ck Type (0)		
		String Blo	ck Length		
		Server Vendor	Name String		
	String Block Type (0)				
	String Block Length				
	Server Version String				
	Last Used				
	Source Type				
	Source ID				
	List Block Type (11)				
	List Block Length				
Sub-Servers	Sub-Server Block Type (1) *				
	Sub-Server Block Length				
		Sub-Serv	er Data		

The following table describes the components of the Server Information data block.

Table 4-71 Server Information Data Block Fields

Field	Data Type	Description
Server Information Block Type	uint32	Initiates a Server Information data block. The block type is 105 for 4.10.x and 117 for 5.0+.
Server Information Block Length	uint32	Total number of bytes in the Server Information data block, including eight bytes for the Server Information block type and length fields, four bytes for the server ID, eight bytes for the vendor name block type and length, another four for the vendor name, eight bytes for the version string block type and length, another four for the version string, and four bytes each for the last used, source type, and source ID fields.

Table 4-71 Server Information Data Block Fields (continued)

Field	Data Type	Description	
Application ID	uint32	The application ID for the application protocol running on the detected server.	
String Block Type	uint32	Initiates a String data block containing the server vendor's name. This value is always 0.	
String Block Length	uint32	Number of bytes in the vendor name String data block, including eight bytes for the block type and length fields, plus the number of bytes in the server vendor name.	
Server Vendor Name	string	Name of the server vendor.	
String Block Type	uint32	Initiates a String data block that contains the server version. This value is always 0.	
String Block Length	uint32	Number of bytes in the server version String data block, including eight bytes for the block type and length fields, plus the number of bytes in the server version.	
Server Version	string	Server version.	
Last Time Used	uint32	Indicates when the server information was last used in traffic.	
Source Type	uint32	Number that maps to the type of data source:	
		o if the server data was provided by RNA	
		• 1 if the server data was provided by a user	
		• 2 if the server data was provided by a third-party scanner	
		• 3 if the server data was provided by a command line tool such as nmimport.pl or the Host Input API client	
Source ID	uint32	Identification number that maps to the source of the server data. Depending on the source type, this may map to RNA, a user, a scanner, or a third-party application.	
List Block Type	uint32	Initiates a list of Sub-Server data blocks. This value is always 11.	
List Block Length	uint32	Number of bytes in the List data block, including eight bytes for the list block type and length fields, plus the number of bytes in the encapsulated Sub-Server data blocks that follow.	
Sub-Server Block Type	uint32	Initiates the first Sub-Server data block. This data block can be followed by other Sub-Server data blocks up to the limit defined in the list block length field.	
Sub-Server Block Length	uint32	Total number of bytes in each Sub-Server data block, including the eight bytes in the Sub-Server block type and length fields, plus the number of bytes of data that follows.	
Sub-Server Data	variable	Sub-server data as documented in Sub-Server Data Block, page 4-65.	

Full Server Information Data Block

The Full Server Information data block conveys information about a server detected on a host, including the server's application protocol, vendor, and version, and the list of its associated sub-servers. For each sub-server, information is included by a Full Sub-Server data block (see Full Sub-Server Data Block, page 4-74). The Full Server Information data block has a block type of 106 in the series 1 group of blocks.



An asterisk(*) next to a series 1 data block name in the following diagram indicates that multiple instances of the data block may occur.

The following diagram shows the format of the Full Server Information data block:

Byte	0	1	2	3		
Bit	0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7	8 9 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 5	1 1 1 1 2 2 2 2 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3	2 2 2 2 2 2 3 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1		
	Full Server Block Type (106)					
	Full Server Block Length					
		Application	Protocol ID			
Vendor		String Bloo	ck Type (0)			
		String Blo	ock Length			
		Vendor Nai	me String			
Version		String Bloc	ck Type (0)			
	String Block Length					
	Version String					
	Last Used					
	Source Type					
	Source ID					
	List Block Type (11)					
	List Block Length					
Sub-Servers	Full Sub-Server Block Type (51) *					
	Full Sub-Server Block Length					
		Full Sub-Se	erver Data			

The following table describes the components of the Full Server Information data block.

Table 4-72 Full Server Information Data Block Fields

Field	Data Type	Description
Full Server Information Block Type	uint32	Initiates a Full Server Information data block. This value is always 106.
Full Server Information Block Length	uint32	Total number of bytes in the Full Server Information data block, including eight bytes for the full server block type and length fields, plus the number of bytes in the full server data that follows.
Application Protocol ID	uint32	The application ID of the application protocol running on the server.
String Block Type	uint32	Initiates a String data block containing the application protocol vendor's name. This value is always 0.
String Block Length	uint32	Number of bytes in the vendor name String data block, including eight bytes for the block type and length fields, plus the number of bytes in the vendor name.
Vendor Name	string	Name of the server vendor.
String Block Type	uint32	Initiates a String data block that contains the application protocol version. This value is always 0.
String Block Length	uint32	Number of bytes in the String data block, including eight bytes for the block type and length fields, plus the number of bytes in the version.
Version	string	The version of the server.
Last Used	uint32	UNIX timestamp that represents the last time the system detected the server in use.
Source Type	uint32	Number that maps to the type of data source:
		• 0 if the server data was provided by RNA
		• 1 if the server data was provided by a user
		• 2 if the client data was provided by a third-party scanner
		• 3 if the server data was provided by a command line tool such as nmimport.pl or the Host Input API client
Source ID	uint32	Identification number that maps to the source of the server data. Depending on the source type, this may map to RNA, a user, a scanner, or a third-party application.
List Block Type	uint32	Initiates a List data block comprising Full Server Information data blocks conveying sub-server data. This value is always 11.
List Block Length	uint32	Number of bytes in the list. This number includes the eight bytes of the list block type and length fields, plus all encapsulated Full Sub-Server data blocks.
		This field is followed by zero or more Full Sub-Server data blocks.
Full Sub-Server Block Type	uint32	Initiates the first Full Sub-Server data block. This data block can be followed by other Full Sub-Server data blocks up to the limit defined in the list block length field.

Table 4-72 Full Server Information Data Block Fields (continued)

Field	Data Type	Description
Full Sub-Server Block Length	uint32	Total number of bytes in each Full Sub-Server data block, including the eight bytes in the Full Sub-Server block type and length fields, plus the number of bytes of data that follows.
Full Sub-Server Data Blocks *	uint32	Full Sub-Server data blocks containing sub-servers for the server. See Full Sub-Server Data Block, page 4-74 for a description of this data block.

Generic Scan Results Data Block for 4.10.0+

The Generic Scan Results data block contains scan results and is used in the Scan Result Data Block 5.2+, page 4-123. The Generic Scan Results data block has a block type of 108 in the series 1 group of blocks.

The following diagram shows the basic structure of a Generic Scan Results data block:

Byte	0	1	2	3	
Bit	0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7	8 9 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 5	1 1 1 1 2 2 2 2 2 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3	2 2 2 2 2 2 3 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1	
		Generic Scan Results Data Block Type (108)			
		Generic Scan Resu	ults Block Length		
	Po	ort	Prot	ocol	
Scan Result Sub-Servers		String Bloc	k Type (0)		
Sub-Servers		String Bloo	ck Length		
		Scan Result Sub-	-Server String		
Scan Result Value	String Block Type (0)				
			ck Length		
	Scan Result Value				
Scan Result Sub-Server	String Block Type (0)				
Sub-Scivei		String Bloo	ck Length		
	Scan Result Sub-Server (unformatted) String				
Scan Result Value		String Bloc	k Type (0)		
varac		String Bloo	ck Length		
		Scan Resu	lt Value		

The following table describes the fields of the Generic Scan Results data block.

Table 4-73 Generic Scan Result Data Block Fields

Field	Number of Bytes	Description
Generic Scan Results Data Block Type	uint32	Initiates a Generic Scan Results data block. This value is always 108.
Generic Scan Results Block Length	uint32	Total number of bytes in the Generic Scan Results data block, including eight bytes for the generic scan results block type and length fields, plus the number of bytes of scan results data that follows.
Port	uint16	Port used by the server affected by the vulnerabilities in the results.
Protocol	uint16	IANA protocol number or Ethertype. This is handled differently for Transport and Network layer protocols.
		Transport layer protocols are identified by the IANA protocol number. For example:
		• 6 — TCP
		• 17 — UDP
		Network layer protocols are identified by the decimal form of the IEEE Registration Authority Ethertype. For example:
		• 2048 — IP
String Block Type	uint32	Initiates a String data block that contains the sub-server. This value is always 0.
String Block Length	uint32	Number of bytes in the sub-server String data block, including eight bytes for the block type and length fields, plus the number of bytes in the sub-server.
Scan Result Sub-Server	string	Sub-server.
String Block Type	uint32	Initiates a String data block that contains the value. This value is always 0.
String Block Length	uint32	Number of bytes in the value String data block, including eight bytes for the block type and length fields, plus the number of bytes in the value.
Scan result value	string	Scan result value.
String Block Type	uint32	Initiates a String data block that contains the sub-server. This value is always 0.
String Block Length	uint32	Number of bytes in the sub-server String data block, including eight bytes for the block type and length fields, plus the number of bytes in the sub-server.
Scan Result Sub-Server	string	Sub-server (unformatted).
String Block Type	uint32	Initiates a String data block that contains the value. This value is always 0.

Table 4-73 Generic Scan Result Data Block Fields (continued)

Field	Number of Bytes	Description
String Block Length	uint32	Number of bytes in the value String data block, including eight bytes for the block type and length fields, plus the number of bytes in the value.
Scan Result Value	string	Scan result value (unformatted).

Scan Vulnerability Data Block for 4.10.0+

The Scan Vulnerability data block describes a vulnerability and is used within Scan Result data blocks, which in turn are used in Add Scan Result events (event type 1002, subtype 11). For more information, see Scan Result Data Block 5.2+, page 4-123 and Add Scan Result Messages, page 4-51. The Scan Vulnerability data block has a block type of 109 in the series 1 group of blocks.

The following diagram shows the format of a Scan Vulnerability data block:

Byte	0	1	2	3
Bit	0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7	8 9 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 5	1 1 1 1 2 2 2 2 2 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3	2 2 2 2 2 2 3 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1
		Scan Vulnerability Block Type (109)		
		Scan Vulnerabili	ty Block Length	
	Po	ort	Prot	ocol
ID		String Bloc	k Type (0)	
		String Bloo	ck Length	
		ID		
Name	String Block Type (0)			
	String Block Length			
	Vulnerability Name			
Description	String Block Type (0)			
	String Block Length			
	Description			
Name Clean		String Bloc	k Type (0)	
	String Block Length			
		Vulnerability N	Name Clean	

Byte	0	1	2	3
Bit	0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	1 1 1 1 2 2 2 2 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3	2 2 2 2 2 2 3 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1
Description Clean		String Bloc	ek Type (0)	
		String Bloo	ck Length	
		Description Clean		
Bugtraq ID	List Block Type (11)			
	List Block Length			
	Integer Data Blocks (Bugtraq IDs)			
CVE ID	List Block Type (11)			
	List Block Length			
		CVE	ID	

The following table describes the fields of the Scan Vulnerability data block.

Table 4-74 Scan Vulnerability Data Block Fields

Field	Data Type	Description	
Scan Vulnerability Block Type	uint32	Initiates a Scan Vulnerability data block. This value is always 109.	
Scan Vulnerability Block Length	uint32	Number of bytes in the Scan Vulnerability data block, including eight bytes for the scan vulnerability block type and length fields, plus the number of bytes of scan vulnerability data that follows.	
Port	uint16	Port used by the sub-server affected by the vulnerability.	
Protocol	uint16	IANA protocol number or Ethertype. This is handled differently for Transport and Network layer protocols.	
		Transport layer protocols are identified by the IANA protocol number. For example:	
		• 6 — TCP	
		• 17 — UDP	
		Network layer protocols are identified by the decimal form of the IEEE Registration Authority Ethertype. For example:	
		• 2048 — IP	
String Block Type	uint32	Initiates a String data block for the ID.	
String Block Length	uint32	Number of bytes in the String data block for the ID, including eight bytes for the string block type and length, plus the number of bytes in the ID.	

Table 4-74 Scan Vulnerability Data Block Fields (continued)

Field	Data Type	Description	
ID	string	The ID for the reported vulnerability as specified by the scan utility that detected it. For a vulnerability detected by a Qualys scan, for example, this field indicates the Qualys ID.	
String Block Type	uint32	Initiates a String data block for the vulnerability name.	
String Block Length	uint32	Number of bytes in the String data block for the vulnerability name, including eight bytes for the string block type and length, plus the number of bytes in the vulnerability name.	
Name	string	Name of the vulnerability.	
String Block Type	uint32	Initiates a String data block for the vulnerability description.	
String Block Length	uint32	Number of bytes in the String data block for the vulnerability description, including eight bytes for the string block type and length, plus the number of bytes in the vulnerability description.	
Description	string	Description of the vulnerability.	
String Block Type	uint32	Initiates a String data block for the vulnerability name.	
String Block Length	uint32	Number of bytes in the String data block for the vulnerability name, including eight bytes for the string block type and length, plus the number of bytes in the vulnerability name.	
Name Clean	string	Name of the vulnerability (unformatted).	
String Block Type	uint32	Initiates a String data block for the vulnerability description.	
String Block Length	uint32	Number of bytes in the String data block for the vulnerability description, including eight bytes for the string block type and length, plus the number of bytes in the vulnerability description.	
Description Clean	string	Description of the vulnerability (unformatted).	
List Block Type	uint32	Initiates a List data block for the list of Bugtraq identification numbers.	
List Block Length	uint32	Number of bytes in the List data block for the list of Bugtraq identification numbers, including eight bytes for the string block type and length, plus the number of bytes in the Integer data blocks containing the Bugtraq IDs.	
Bugtraq ID	string	Contains zero or more Integer (INT32) data blocks that form a list of Bugtraq identification numbers. For more information on these data blocks, see Integer (INT32) Data Block, page 4-67.	
List Block Type	uint32	Initiates a List data block for the list of Common Vulnerability Exposure (CVE) identification numbers.	
List Block Length	uint32	Number of bytes in the List data block for the CVE identification number, including eight bytes for the string block type and length, plus the number of bytes in the CVE identification number.	
CVE ID	string	Contains zero or more String Information data blocks that form a list of CVE identification numbers. For more information on these data blocks, see String Information Data Block, page 4-70.	

Full Host Client Application Data Block 5.0+

The Full Host Client Application data block for version 5.0+ describes a client application, plus an appended list of associated web applications and vulnerabilities. The Full Host Client Application data block is used within the Full Host Profile data block (type 111). It has a block type of 112 in the series 1 group of blocks.

The following diagram shows the basic structure of a Full Host Client Application data block for 5.0+:

Byte	0	1	2	3	
Bit	0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7	8 9 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 5	1 1 1 1 2 2 2 2 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3	2 2 2 2 2 2 3 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1	
	Fı	all Host Client Applic	eation Block Type (112		
		Full Host Client Application Block Length			
	Hits				
		Last	Used		
		Applica	ation ID		
Version		String Block Type (0)			
	String Block Length				
	Version				
	Generic List Block Type (31)				
	Generic List Block Length				
Web Application	Web Application Block Type (123)*				
	Web Application Block Length				
	Web Application Data				
	Generic List Block Type (31)				
	Generic List Block Length				
Vulnerability		Vulnerability B	lock Type (85)*		
		Vulnerability	Block Length		
		Vulnerabi	lity Data		

The following table describes the fields of the Full Host Client Application data block.

Table 4-75 Full Host Client Application Data Block 5.0+ Fields

Field	Data Type	Description	
Full Host Client Application Block Type	uint32	Initiates a Full Host Client Application data block. This value is always 112.	
Full Host Client Application Block Length	uint32	Number of bytes in the Full Host Client Application data block, including eight bytes for the client application block type and length, plus the number of bytes in the client application data that follows.	
Hits	uint32	Number of times the system has detected the client application in use.	
Last Used	uint32	UNIX timestamp that represents the last time the system detected the client in use.	
Application ID	uint32	Application ID of the detected client application, if applicable.	
String Block Type	uint32	Initiates a String data block for the client application version This value is always 0.	
String Block Length	uint32	Number of bytes in the String data block for the client application name, including eight bytes for the string block type and length, plus the number of bytes in the client application version.	
Version	string	Client application version.	
Generic List Block Type	uint32	Initiates a Generic List data block. This value is always 31.	
Generic List Block Length	uint32	Number of bytes in the Generic List block and the encapsulated Web Application data blocks. This number includes the eight bytes of the generic list block header fields plus the number of bytes in all of the encapsulated data blocks.	
Web Application Data Blocks	variable	Encapsulated Web Application data blocks up to the maximum number of bytes in the generic list block length.	
Generic List Block Type	uint32	Initiates a Generic List data block. This value is always 31.	
Generic List Block Length	uint32	Number of bytes in the Generic List block and encapsulated Vulnerability data blocks. This number includes the eight bytes of the generic list block header fields, plus the number of bytes in all of the encapsulated Vulnerability data blocks.	
Vulnerability Data Blocks	variable	Encapsulated Vulnerability data blocks up to the maximum number of bytes in the generic list block length.	

Host Client Application Data Block for 5.0+

The Host Client Application data block for 5.0+ describes a client application and is used within New Client Application events (event type 1000, subtype 7), Client Application Timeout events (event type 1001, subtype 20), and Client Application Update events (event type 1001, subtype 32). The Host Client Application data block for 4.10.2+ has a block type of 122 in the series 1 group of blocks.

The following diagram shows the basic structure of a Host Client Application data block for 5.0+:

Byte	0 1	2	3			
Bit	0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 8	1 2 2 2 2 9 0 1 2 3	2 2 2 2 2 2 3 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1			
	Host Client Application Block	Type (122)				
	Host Client Application Bloo	Host Client Application Block Length				
	Hits					
	Last Used					
	ID					
	Application Protocol	ID				
Version	String Block Type (0)					
	String Block Lengtl	String Block Length				
	Version					
	Generic List Block Type (31)					
	Generic List Block Length					
Web Application	Web Application Block Type (123)*					
rippiication	Web Application Block Length					
	Web Application Data	a				

The following table describes the fields of the Host Client Application data block.

Table 4-76 Host Client Application Data Block Fields

Field	Data Type	Description
Client Application Block Type	uint32	Initiates a Host Client Application data block. This value is always 122.
Client Application Block Length	uint32	Number of bytes in the Client Application data block, including eight bytes for the client application block type and length, plus the number of bytes in the client application data that follows.
Hits	uint32	Number of times the system has detected the client application in use.
Last Used	uint32	UNIX timestamp that represents the last time the system detected the client in use.
ID	uint32	Identification number of the detected client application, if applicable.
Application Protocol ID	uint32	The internal identification number for the application protocol, if applicable.

Table 4-76 Host Client Application Data Block Fields (continued)

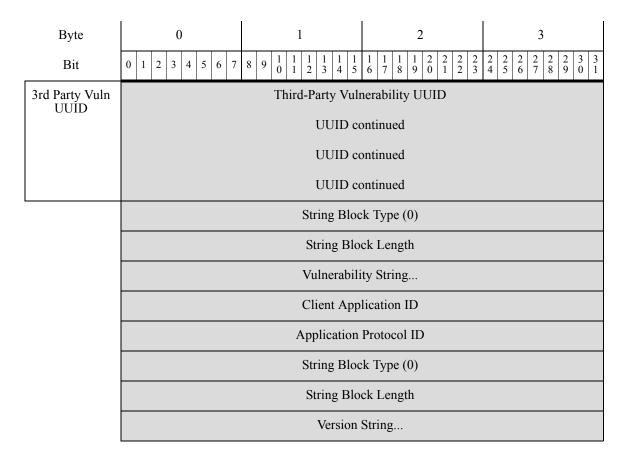
Field	Data Type	Description	
String Block Type	uint32	Initiates a String data block for the client application version. This value is always 0.	
String Block Length	uint32	Number of bytes in the String data block for the client application version, including eight bytes for the string block type and length, plus the number of bytes in the client application version.	
Version	string	Client application version.	
Generic List Block Type	uint32	Initiates a Generic List data block. This value is always 31.	
Generic List Block Length	uint32	Number of bytes in the Generic List block and encapsulated Web Application data blocks. This number includes the eight bytes of the generic list block header fields, plus the number of bytes in all of the encapsulated data blocks.	
Web Application Data Blocks	variable	Encapsulated Web Application data blocks up to the maximum number of bytes in the list block length. See Web Application Data Block for 5.0+, page 4-108 for information on the encapsulated data blocks (block type 123).	

User Vulnerability Data Block 5.0+

The User Vulnerability data block describes a vulnerability and is used within User Vulnerability Change data blocks. These in turn are used in User Set Valid Vulnerabilities events and User Set Invalid Vulnerabilities events. The User Vulnerability data block for 5.0+ has a block type of 124 in the series 1 group of blocks. It supersedes block type 79. For more information on User Vulnerability Change data blocks, see User Vulnerability Change Data Block 4.7+, page 4-97.

The following diagram shows the format of a User Vulnerability data block:

Byte	0	1	2	3
Bit	0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7	8 9 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 5	1 1 1 1 2 2 2 2 2 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3	2 2 2 2 2 3 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1
	User Vulnerability Block Type (124)			
		User Vulnerabilit	ty Block Length	
IP Range Spec Blocks	Generic List Block Type (31)			
Spec Blocks	Generic List Block Length			
	IP Range Specification Data Blocks*			
	Port Protocol			
	Vulnerability ID			



The following table describes the fields of the User Vulnerability data block.

Table 4-77 User Vulnerability Data Block Fields

Field	Data Type	Description
User Vulnerability Block Type	uint32	Initiates a User Vulnerability data block. This value is always 124.
User Vulnerability Block Length	uint32	Number of bytes in the User Vulnerability data block, including eight bytes for the user vulnerability block type and length fields, plus the number of bytes of user vulnerability data that follows.
Generic List Block Type	uint32	Initiates a Generic List data block comprising IP Range Specification data blocks conveying IP address range data. This value is always 31.
Generic List Block Length	uint32	Number of bytes in the Generic List data block, including the list header and all encapsulated IP Range Specification data blocks.
IP Range Specification Data Blocks *	variable	IP address ranges from user input. See IP Address Range Data Block for 5.2+, page 4-86 for a description of this data block.
Port	uint16	Port used by the server affected by the vulnerability. For client application vulnerabilities, the value is 0.

Table 4-77 User Vulnerability Data Block Fields (continued)

Field	Data Type	Description	
Protocol	uint16	IANA protocol number or Ethertype for the protocol used by the server affected by the vulnerability. This is handled differently for Transport and Network layer protocols.	
		Transport layer protocols are identified by the IANA protocol number. For example:	
		• 6—TCP	
		• 17 — UDP	
		Network layer protocols are identified by the decimal form of the IEEE Registration Authority Ethertype. For example:	
		• 2048 — IP	
		For client application vulnerabilities, the value is 0.	
Vulnerability ID	uint32	The Cisco vulnerability ID.	
Third-Party Vulnerability UUID	uint8 [16]	A unique ID number for the third-party vulnerability, if one exists. Otherwise, the value is 0.	
String Block Type	uint32	Initiates a String data block for the vulnerability name. The value is always 0.	
String Block Length	uint32	The number of bytes in the String data block for the vulnerability name, including eight bytes for the string block type and length, plus the number of bytes in the vulnerability name.	
Vulnerability Name	string	The vulnerability name.	
Client Application ID	uint32	The application ID of the client application. For server vulnerabilities, the value is 0.	
Application Protocol ID	uint32	The application ID of the application protocol used by client application. For server vulnerabilities, the value is 0.	
String Block Type	uint32	Initiates a String data block for the version string. The value is always 0.	
String Block Length	uint32	The number of bytes in the String data block for the version, including eight bytes for the string block type and length, plus the number of bytes in the client application version string.	
Version	string	The client application version. For server vulnerabilities, the value is 0.	

Operating System Fingerprint Data Block 5.1+

The Operating System Fingerprint data block has a block type of 130 in the series 1 group of blocks. The block includes a fingerprint Universally Unique Identifier (UUID), as well as the fingerprint type, the fingerprint source type, and the fingerprint source ID.

The following diagram shows the format of an Operating System Fingerprint data block in 5.1+.

Byte	0	1	2	3
Bit	0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7	8 9 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 5	1 1 1 1 2 2 2 2 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3	2 2 2 2 2 2 3 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1
	0	perating System Finge	rprint Block Type (130))
		Operating System Fin	gerprint Block Length	
OS Fingerprint		Fingerpri	nt UUID	
UUID		Fingerprint UU	JID, continued	
	Fingerprint UUID, continued			
	Fingerprint UUID, continued			
	Fingerprint Type			
	Fingerprint Source Type			
	Fingerprint Source ID			
	Last Seen			
Mobile Device	TTL Difference	Ger	neric List Block Type (31)
Information	Generic List Block Type, cont.	G	eneric List Block Leng	th
	Generic List Block Length, cont.	Mobile D	evice Information Data	a Blocks*

The following table describes the fields of the operating system fingerprint data block.

Table 4-78 Operating System Fingerprint Data Block Fields

Field	Data Type	Description
Operating System Fingerprint Data Block Type	uint32	Initiates the operating system data block. This value is always 130.
Operating System Data Block Length	uint32	Number of bytes in the Operating System Fingerprint data block, including eight bytes for the Operating System Fingerprint Data Block block type and length, plus the number of bytes in the Operating System Fingerprint data that follows.
Fingerprint UUID	uint8[16]	Fingerprint identification number, in octets, that acts as a unique identifier for the operating system. The fingerprint UUID maps to the operating system name, vendor, and version in the vulnerability database (VDB).
Fingerprint Type	uint32	Indicates the type of fingerprint.
Fingerprint Source Type	uint32	Indicates the type (i.e., user or scanner) of the source that supplied the operating system fingerprint.

<i>Table 4-78</i>	Operating System	Fingerprint Data	Block Fields	(continued)

Field	Data Type	Description
Fingerprint Source ID	uint32	Identification number that maps to the login name of the user that supplied the operating system fingerprint.
Last Seen	uint32	Indicates when the fingerprint was last seen in traffic.
TTL Difference	uint8	Indicates the difference between the TTL value in the fingerprint and the TTL value seen in the packet used to fingerprint the host.
Generic List Block Type	uint32	Initiates a Generic List data block. This value is always 31.
Generic List Block Length	uint32	Number of bytes in the Generic List block and encapsulated data blocks. This number includes the eight bytes of the generic list block header fields, plus the number of bytes in all of the encapsulated data blocks.
Mobile Device Information Data Blocks	variable	Encapsulated Mobile Device Information data blocks up to the maximum number of bytes in the list block length. See Mobile Device Information Data Block for 5.1+, page 4-148 for a description of this data block.

Mobile Device Information Data Block for 5.1+

The following diagram shows the format of a Mobile Device Information data block. The data block contains the last time the host was detected, mobile device information, and whether the mobile device is jailbroken. The Mobile Device Information data block has a block type of 131 in the series 1 group of blocks.

Byte		0 1 2 3																															
Bit	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	1 1	1 2	1 3	1 4	1 5	16	1 7	1 8	19	200	2	2	2 2 3	2 2	2	2 5	2	2 7	2 8	2	3	3
		Mobile Device Information Block Type (131)																															
									N	1oł	oile	D	evi	ice	Inf	orı	na	tio	n E	Blo	ck	Le	eng	gth									
Mobile Device		String Block Type (0)																															
Data													S	trin	g I	Blo	ck	Le	eng	th													
]	Mo	bil	e I	Dev	ice	St	trii	ng]	Da	ta.												
		Mobile Device Last Seen																															
		Mobile																															
															Jai	lbr	ok	en															

The describes the fields of the Mobile Device Information data block returned by 5.1+.

Field Data Type **Description** Mobile Device Information uint32 Initiates the operating system data block. This value is Block Type (131) always 131. Mobile Device Information uint32 Number of bytes in the Mobile Device Information data **Block Length** block, including eight bytes for the Mobile Device Information Data Block block type and length, plus the number of bytes in the Mobile Device Information data that follows. String Block Type uint32 Initiates a string data block for the mobile device string. This value is set to 0 to indicate string data. String Block Length uint32 Indicates the number of bytes in the mobile device string data block, including eight bytes for the string block type and length fields, plus the number of bytes in the mobile device string data that follows. Variable Contains the mobile device hardware information of the Mobile Device String Data host detected. Mobile Device Last Seen uint32 Contains the time stamp the mobile device was last Mobile uint32 True-false flag indicating whether the host is a mobile device. Jailbroken uint32 True-false flag indicating whether the host is a mobile device that is jailbroken.

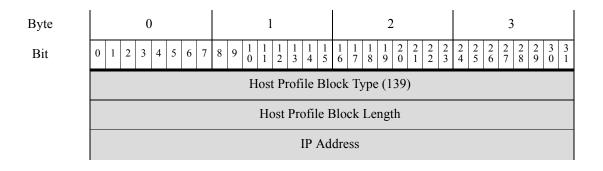
Table 4-79 Mobile Device Information Data Block 5.1+ Fields

Host Profile Data Block for 5.2+

The following diagram shows the format of a Host Profile data block. The data block also does not include a host criticality value, but does include a VLAN presence indicator. In addition, a data block can convey a NetBIOS name for the host. The Host Profile data block has a block type of 139 in the series 1 group of blocks. The data block now supports IPv6 addresses, and client application data blocks have been added.



An asterisk(*) next to a block type field in the following diagram indicates the message may contain zero or more instances of the series 1 data block.



Byte	0	1	2	3					
Bit	0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7	8 9 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 5	1 1 1 1 1 2 2 2 2 2 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3	2 2 2 2 2 2 3 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1					
		IP Address, continued							
		IP Address,	continued						
		IP Address,	continued						
Server Fingerprints	Hops	Primary/Secondary	Generic List B	lock Type (31)					
1 mgerprime	Generic List Block	Type, continued	Generic List	Block Length					
	Generic List Block	Length, continued	Server Fingerpri	int Data Blocks*					
Client Fingerprints		Generic List Bl	lock Type (31)						
1 ingerprints		Generic List I	Block Length						
		Client Fingerprin	nt Data Blocks*						
SMB Fingerprints	SMB Fingerprints Generic List Block Type (31) Generic List Block Length								
1 ingerprints									
		SMB Fingerprin	t Data Blocks*						
DHCP Fingerprints		Generic List Bl	ock Type (31)						
		Generic List F	Block Length						
		DHCP Fingerprin	nt Data Blocks*						
Mobile Device		Generic List Bl	ock Type (31)						
Fingerprints		Generic List F	Block Length						
		Mobile Device Finge	erprint Data Blocks*						
IPv6 Sever Fingerprints		Generic List Bl	ock Type (31)						
i ingerprints		Generic List F	Block Length						
		Ipv6 Server Fingerp	orint Data Blocks*						
IPv6 Client Fingerprints		Generic List Bl	lock Type (31)						
8p-mis		Generic List F	Block Length						
		IPv6 Client Fingerp	orint Data Blocks*						

Byte	0	1	2	3					
Bit	0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9	1 1 1 1 1 1 0 1 2 3 4 5	1 1 1 1 2 2 2 2 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3	2 2 2 2 2 2 3 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1					
IPv6 DHCP Fingerprints		Generic List B	lock Type (31)						
ringerprints		Generic List Block Length							
	IPve	IPv6 DHCP Fingerprint Data Blocks*							
User Agent Fingerprints		Generic List Block Type (31)							
1 ingerprints		Generic List	Block Length						
	Use	er Agent Finger	print Data Blocks*						
TCP Server Block*		List Block	Type (11)		List of TCP Servers				
		List Bloc	k Length						
		TCP Server	Data Blocks						
UDP Server Block*		List Block	Type (11)		List of UDP Servers				
		UDP Server	Data Blocks						
Network Protocol		List Block	Type (11)		List of Network				
Block*		List Bloc	k Length		Protocols				
]	Network Proto	col Data Blocks						
Transport Protocol		List Block	Type (11)		List of Transport				
Block*		List Bloc	k Length		Protocols				
	7	Γransport Proto	col Data Blocks						
MAC Address Block*	AAC Address Block* List Block Type (11) List Block Length								
	Н								
		Host La	ast Seen						
	Mobile Ja	ailbroken	VLAN Presence	VLAN ID					

Byte	0	1	2	3				
Bit	0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7	8 9 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 5	1 1 1 1 1 2 2 2 2 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3	2 2 2 2 2 2 3 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1				
Client App Data	VLAN ID, cont.	VLAN Type VLAN Priority		Generic List Block Type (31)	List of Client Applications			
	Generi							
	Gener	Generic List Block Length, cont. Client Application Data Blocks						
NetBIOS Name								
rune								

The following table describes the fields of the host profile data block returned by 5.2+.

Table 4-80 Host Profile Data Block 5.2+ Fields

Field	Data Type	Description
Host Profile Block Type	uint32	Initiates the Host Profile data block for 5.2+. This value is always 139.
Host Profile Block Length	uint32	Number of bytes in the Host Profile data block, including eight bytes for the host profile block type and length fields, plus the number of bytes included in the host profile data that follows.
IP Address	uint8(16)	IP Address of the host. This can be IPv4 or IPv6.
Hops	uint8	Number of hops from the host to the device.
Primary/ Secondary	uint8	Indicates whether the host is in the primary or secondary network of the device that detected it:
		• 0 — Host is in the primary network.
		• 1 — Host is in the secondary network.
Generic List Block Type	uint32	Initiates a Generic List data block comprising Operating System Fingerprint data blocks conveying fingerprint data identified using a server fingerprint. This value is always 31.
Generic List Block Length	uint32	Number of bytes in the Generic List data block, including the list header and all encapsulated Operating System Fingerprint data blocks.
Operating System Fingerprint (Server Fingerprint) Data Blocks *	variable	Operating System Fingerprint data blocks containing information about the operating system on a host identified using a server fingerprint. See Operating System Fingerprint Data Block 5.1+, page 4-146 for a description of this data block.

Table 4-80 Host Profile Data Block 5.2+ Fields (continued)

Field	Data Type	Description
Generic List Block Type	uint32	Initiates a Generic List data block comprising Operating System Fingerprint data blocks conveying fingerprint data identified using a client fingerprint. This value is always 31.
Generic List Block Length	uint32	Number of bytes in the Generic List data block, including the list header and all encapsulated Operating System Fingerprint data blocks.
Operating System Fingerprint (Client Fingerprint) Data Blocks *	variable	Operating System Fingerprint data blocks containing information about the operating system on a host identified using a client fingerprint. See Operating System Fingerprint Data Block 5.1+, page 4-146 for a description of this data block.
Generic List Block Type	uint32	Initiates a Generic List data block comprising Operating System Fingerprint data blocks conveying fingerprint data identified using an SMB fingerprint. This value is always 31.
Generic List Block Length	uint32	Number of bytes in the Generic List data block, including the list header and all encapsulated Operating System Fingerprint data blocks.
Operating System Fingerprint (SMB Fingerprint) Data Blocks *	variable	Operating System Fingerprint data blocks containing information about the operating system on a host identified using an SMB fingerprint. See Operating System Fingerprint Data Block 5.1+, page 4-146 for a description of this data block.
Generic List Block Type	uint32	Initiates a Generic List data block comprising Operating System Fingerprint data blocks conveying fingerprint data identified using a DHCP fingerprint. This value is always 31.
Generic List Block Length	uint32	Number of bytes in the Generic List data block, including the list header and all encapsulated Operating System Fingerprint data blocks.
Operating System Fingerprint (DHCP Fingerprint) Data Blocks *	variable	Operating System Fingerprint data blocks containing information about the operating system on a host identified using a DHCP fingerprint. See Operating System Fingerprint Data Block 5.1+, page 4-146 for a description of this data block.
Generic List Block Type	uint32	Initiates a Generic List data block comprising Operating System Fingerprint data blocks conveying fingerprint data identified using a mobile device fingerprint. This value is always 31.
Generic List Block Length	uint32	Number of bytes in the Generic List data block, including the list header and all encapsulated Operating System Fingerprint data blocks.

Table 4-80 Host Profile Data Block 5.2+ Fields (continued)

Field	Data Type	Description
Operating System Fingerprint Mobile) Data Blocks *	variable	Operating System Fingerprint data blocks containing information about the operating system on a host identified using a mobile device fingerprint. See Operating System Fingerprint Data Block 5.1+, page 4-146 for a description of this data block.
Generic List Block Type	uint32	Initiates a Generic List data block comprising Operating System Fingerprint data blocks conveying fingerprint data identified using an IPv6 server fingerprint. This value is always 31.
Generic List Block Length	uint32	Number of bytes in the Generic List data block, including the list header and all encapsulated Operating System Fingerprint data blocks.
Operating System Fingerprint (IPv6 Server) Data Blocks *	variable	Operating System Fingerprint data blocks containing information about the operating system on a host identified using an IPv6 server fingerprint. See Operating System Fingerprint Data Block 5.1+, page 4-146 for a description of this data block.
Generic List Block Type	uint32	Initiates a Generic List data block comprising Operating System Fingerprint data blocks conveying fingerprint data identified using an IPv6 client fingerprint. This value is always 31.
Generic List Block Length	uint32	Number of bytes in the Generic List data block, including the list header and all encapsulated Operating System Fingerprint data blocks.
Operating System Fingerprint (IPv6 Client) Data Blocks *	variable	Operating System Fingerprint data blocks containing information about the operating system on a host identified using an IPv6 client fingerprint. See Operating System Fingerprint Data Block 5.1+, page 4-146 for a description of this data block.
Generic List Block Type	uint32	Initiates a Generic List data block comprising Operating System Fingerprint data blocks conveying fingerprint data identified using an IPv6 DHCP fingerprint. This value is always 31.
Generic List Block Length	uint32	Number of bytes in the Generic List data block, including the list header and all encapsulated Operating System Fingerprint data blocks.
Operating System Fingerprint (IPv6 DHCP Fingerprint) Data Blocks *	variable	Operating System Fingerprint data blocks containing information about the operating system on a host identified using an IPv6 DHCP fingerprint. See Operating System Fingerprint Data Block 5.1+, page 4-146 for a description of this data block.
Generic List Block Type	uint32	Initiates a Generic List data block comprising Operating System Fingerprint data blocks conveying fingerprint data identified using a user agent fingerprint. This value is always 31.
Generic List Block Length	uint32	Number of bytes in the Generic List data block, including the list header and all encapsulated Operating System Fingerprint data blocks.

Table 4-80 Host Profile Data Block 5.2+ Fields (continued)

Field	Data Type	Description
Operating System Fingerprint (User Agent Fingerprint) Data Blocks *	variable	Operating System Fingerprint data blocks containing information about the operating system on a host identified using a user agent fingerprint. See Operating System Fingerprint Data Block 5.1+, page 4-146 for a description of this data block.
List Block Type	uint32	Initiates a List data block comprising Server data blocks conveying TCP server data. This value is always 11.
List Block Length	uint32	Number of bytes in the list. This number includes the eight bytes of the list block type and length fields, plus all encapsulated Server data blocks.
		This field is followed by zero or more Server data blocks.
TCP Server Data Blocks	variable	Host server data blocks describing a TCP server. See Host Server Data Block 4.10.0+, page 4-126 for a description of this data block.
List Block Type	uint32	Initiates a List data block comprising Server data blocks conveying UDP server data. This value is always 11.
List Block Length	uint32	Number of bytes in the list. This number includes the eight bytes of the list block type and length fields, plus all encapsulated Server data blocks.
		This field is followed by zero or more Server data blocks.
UDP Server Data Blocks	uint32	Host server data blocks describing a UDP server. See Host Server Data Block 4.10.0+, page 4-126 for a description of this data block.
List Block Type	uint32	Initiates a List data block comprising Protocol data blocks conveying network protocol data. This value is always 11.
List Block Length	uint32	Number of bytes in the list. This number includes the eight bytes of the list block type and length fields, plus all encapsulated Protocol data blocks.
		This field is followed by zero or more Protocol data blocks.
Network Protocol Data Blocks	uint32	Protocol data blocks describing a network protocol. See Protocol Data Block, page 4-67 for a description of this data block.
List Block Type	uint32	Initiates a List data block comprising Protocol data blocks conveying transport protocol data. This value is always 11.
List Block Length	uint32	Number of bytes in the list. This number includes the eight bytes of the list block type and length fields, plus all encapsulated Protocol data blocks.
		This field is followed by zero or more transport protocol data blocks.
Transport Protocol Data Blocks	uint32	Protocol data blocks describing a transport protocol. See Protocol Data Block, page 4-67 for a description of this data block.
List Block Type	uint32	Initiates a List data block comprising MAC Address data blocks. This value is always 11.
List Block Length	uint32	Number of bytes in the list, including the list header and all encapsulated MAC Address data blocks.

Table 4-80 Host Profile Data Block 5.2+ Fields (continued)

Field	Data Type	Description
Host MAC Address Data Blocks	uint32	Host MAC Address data blocks describing a host MAC address. See Host MAC Address 4.9+, page 4-105 for a description of this data block.
Host Last Seen	uint32	UNIX timestamp that represents the last time the system detected host activity.
Host Type	uint32	Indicates the host type. The following values may appear:
		• 0 — Host
		• 1 — Router
		• 2 — Bridge
		• 3 — NAT device
		• 4 — LB (load balancer)
Mobile	uint8	True-false flag indicating whether the host is a mobile device.
Jailbroken	uint8	True-false flag indicating whether the host is a mobile device that is also jailbroken.
VLAN Presence	uint8	Indicates whether a VLAN is present:
		• 0 — Yes
		• 1 — No
VLAN ID	uint16	VLAN identification number that indicates which VLAN the host is a member of.
VLAN Type	uint8	Type of packet encapsulated in the VLAN tag.
VLAN Priority	uint8	Priority value included in the VLAN tag.
String Block Type	uint32	Initiates a String data block for the host client application data. This value is always 112.
String Block Length	uint32	Number of bytes in the String data block, including eight bytes for the string block type and length fields, plus the number of bytes in the host client application data.
Host Client Application Data Blocks	variable	List of Client Application data blocks. See Full Host Client Application Data Block 5.0+, page 4-141 for a description of this data block.
String Block Type	uint32	Initiates a String data block for the host NetBIOS name. This value is always 0.
String Block Length	uint32	Number of bytes in the String data block, including eight bytes for the string block type and length fields, plus the number of bytes in the NetBIOS name string.
NetBIOS Name	string	Host NetBIOS name string.

User Product Data Block 5.1+

The User Product data block conveys host input data imported from a third-party application, including third-party application string mappings. This data block is used in Scan Result Data Block 5.2+, page 4-123 and User Server and Operating System Messages, page 4-49. The User Product data block has a block type of 65 in the series 1 group of blocks for versions up to 4.7-4.10.1, a block type of 118 for 4.10.2-5.0.x, and a block type of 134 in the series 1 group of blocks for 5.1+. Block types 65 and 118 have the same structure.



An asterisk(*) next to a data block name in the following diagram indicates that multiple instances of the data block may occur.

The following diagram shows the format of the User Product data block:

Byte	0	1	2	3						
Bit	0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7	8 9 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 5	1 1 1 1 1 2 2 2 2 2 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3	2 2 2 2 2 2 3 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1						
		User Product Data Block Type (134)								
		User Product	Block Length							
		Sourc	ce ID							
		Source	е Туре							
IP Address Ranges		Generic List B	lock Type (31)							
Runges		Generic List Block Length								
		IP Range Specifica	tion Data Blocks*							
	Po	ort	Prot	ocol						
		Drop Use	r Product							
Custom Vendor String		String Bloc	k Type (0)							
vendor string		String Blo	ck Length							
		Custom Ven	dor String							
Custom Product String	String Block Type (0)									
Troduct burning	String Block Length									
		Custom Prod	luct String							

Byte	0	1	2 3		
Bit	0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7	8 9 1 1 1 1 1 1 4	1 1 1 1 1 2 3 3 5 6 7 8 9 0 1 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1		
Custom Version String	String Block Type (0)				
version buring		Block Length			
		Custom V	Version String		
	Software ID				
		Se	erver ID		
		Ve	endor ID		
		Pro	oduct ID		
Major Version String		String B	Block Type (0)		
Sumg		String I	Block Length		
		Major Ve	ersion String		
Minor Version String	String Block Type (0)				
Sumg	String Block Length				
	Minor Version String				
Revision String		String B	Block Type (0)		
		String I	Block Length		
		Revis	ion String		
To Major String	String Block Type (0)				
	String Block Length				
	To Major Version String				
To Minor String	String Block Type (0)				
	String Block Length				
To Minor Version String			Version String		
To Revision String		String B	Block Type (0)		
		String I	Block Length		
	To Revision String				

Byte	0	1	2	3	
Bit	0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7	8 9 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 5	1 1 1 1 2 2 2 2 2 2 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3 2	2 2 2 2 2 2 3 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1	
Build String	String Block Type (0)				
	String Block Length				
		Build S	tring		
Patch String		String Bloc	ek Type (0)		
		String Blo	ck Length		
		Patch S	tring		
Extension String		String Bloc	ek Type (0)		
Sumg		String Blo	ck Length		
	Extension String				
OS UUID	Operating System UUID				
	Operating System UUID cont.				
	Operating System UUID cont.				
	Operating System UUID cont.				
Device String		String Bloc	ek Type (0)		
		String Blo	ck Length		
	Device String				
List of Fixes	Mobile	Jailbroken	Generic List Blo	ock Type (31)	
	Generic List Block Type (31) cont. Generic List Block Len				
	Generic List Block Length cont. Fix List Data Blocks*				
	Fix List Data Blocks* cont.				

The following table describes the components of the User Product data block.

Table 4-81 User Product Data Block Fields

Field	Data Type	Description	
User Product Data Block Type	uint32	Initiates a User Product data block. This value is 134 for 5.1+.	
User Product Block Length	uint32	Total number of bytes in the User Product data block, including eight bytes for the user product block type and length fields, plus the number of bytes in the user product data that follows.	
Source ID	uint32	Identification number that maps to the source that imported the data. Depending on the source type, this may map to RNA, a user, a scanner, or a third-party application.	
Source Type	uint32	Number that maps to the type of data source:	
		o if the data was provided by RNA	
		• 1 if the data was provided by a user	
		• 2 if the data was provided by a third-party scanner	
		• 3 if the data was provided by a command line tool such as nmimport.pl or the Host Input API client	
Generic List Block Type	uint32	Initiates a Generic List data block comprising IP Range Specification data blocks conveying IP address range data. This value is always 31.	
Generic List Block Length	uint32	Number of bytes in the Generic List data block, including the list header and all encapsulated IP Range Specification data blocks.	
IP Range Specification Data Blocks *	variable	IP Range Specification data blocks containing information about the IP address ranges for the user input. See IP Address Range Data Block for 5.2+, page 4-86 for a description of this data block.	
Port	uint16	Port specified by the user.	
Protocol	uint16	IANA protocol number or Ethertype. This is handled differently for Transport and Network layer protocols.	
		Transport layer protocols are identified by the IANA protocol number. For example:	
		• 6 — TCP	
		• 17 — UDP	
		Network layer protocols are identified by the decimal form of the IEEE Registration Authority Ethertype. For example:	
		• 2048 — IP	
Drop User	uint32	Indicates whether the user OS definition was deleted from the host:	
Product		• 0 — No	
		• 1 — Yes	
String Block Type	uint32	Initiates a String data block containing the custom vendor name specified in the user input. This value is always 0.	
String Block Length	uint32	Number of bytes in the custom vendor String data block, including eight bytes for the block type and length fields, plus the number of bytes in the vendor name.	

Table 4-81 User Product Data Block Fields (continued)

Field	Data Type	Description	
Custom Vendor Name	string	The custom vendor name specified in the user input.	
String Block Type	uint32	Initiates a String data block containing the custom product name specified in the user input. This value is always 0.	
String Block Length	uint32	Number of bytes in the custom product String data block, including eight bytes for the block type and length fields, plus the number of bytes in the product name.	
Custom Product Name	string	The custom product name specified in the user input.	
String Block Type	uint32	Initiates a String data block containing the custom version specified in the user input. This value is always 0.	
String Block Length	uint32	Number of bytes in the custom version String data block, including eight bytes for the block type and length fields, plus the number of bytes in the version.	
Custom Version	string	The custom version specified in the user input.	
Software ID	uint32	The identifier for a specific revision of a server or operating system in the database.	
Server ID	uint32	The FireSIGHT System application identifier for the application protocol on the host server specified in user input.	
Vendor ID	uint32	The identifier for the vendor of a third-party operating system specified when the third-party operating system is mapped to a FireSIGHT System OS definition.	
Product ID	uint32	The product identification string of a third-party operating system string specified when the third-party operating system string is mapped to a FireSIGHT System OS definition.	
String Block Type	uint32	Initiates a String data block containing the major version number of the FireSIGHT System operating system definition that a third-part operating system string in the user input is mapped to. This value is always o.	
String Block Length	uint32	Number of bytes in the major String data block, including eight bytes for the block type and length fields, plus the number of bytes in the version.	
Major Version	string	Major version of the FireSIGHT System operating system definition that a third-party OS string is mapped to.	
String Block Type	uint32	Initiates a String data block containing the minor version number of the FireSIGHT System operating system definition that a third-party OS string is mapped to. This value is always 0.	
String Block Length	uint32	Number of bytes in the minor String data block, including eight bytes for the block type and length fields, plus the number of bytes in the version.	
Minor Version	string	Minor version number of the FireSIGHT System operating system definition that a third-party OS string in the user input is mapped to.	

Table 4-81 User Product Data Block Fields (continued)

Field	Data Type	Description	
String Block Type	uint32	Initiates a String data block containing the revision number of the FireSIGHT System operating system definition that a third-party operating system string in the user input is mapped to. This value is always 0.	
String Block Length	uint32	Number of bytes in the revision String data block, including eight bytes for the block type and length fields, plus the number of bytes in the revision number.	
Revision	string	Revision number of the FireSIGHT System operating system definition that a third-party OS string in the user input is mapped to.	
String Block Type	uint32	Initiates a String data block containing the last major version of the FireSIGHT System operating system definition that a third-party operating system string is mapped to. This value is always 0.	
String Block Length	uint32	Number of bytes in the To Major String data block, including eight bytes for the block type and length fields, plus the number of bytes in the version.	
To Major	string	Last version number in a range of major version numbers of the FireSIGHT System operating system definition that a third-party OS string in the user input is mapped to.	
String Block Type	uint32	Initiates a String data block containing the last minor version of the FireSIGHT System operating system definition that a third-party operating system string is mapped to. This value is always 0.	
String Block Length	uint32	Number of bytes in the To Minor String data block, including eight bytes for the block type and length fields, plus the number of bytes in the version.	
To Minor	string	Last version number in a range of minor version numbers of the FireSIGHT System operating system definition that a third-party OS string in the user input is mapped to.	
String Block Type	uint32	Initiates a String data block containing the Last revision number of the FireSIGHT System operating system definition that a third-party OS string is mapped to. This value is always 0.	
String Block Length	uint32	Number of bytes in the To Revision String data block, including eight bytes for the block type and length fields, plus the number of bytes in the revision number.	
To Revision	string	Last revision number in a range of revision numbers of the FireSIGHT System operating system definitions that a third-party OS string in the user input is mapped to.	
String Block Type	uint32	Initiates a String data block containing the build number of the FireSIGHT System operating system that the third-party OS string is mapped. This value is always 0.	
String Block Length	uint32	Number of bytes in the build String data block, including eight bytes for the block type and length fields, plus the number of bytes in the build number.	
Build	string	Build number of the FireSIGHT System operating system that the third-party OS string in the user input is mapped to.	

Table 4-81 User Product Data Block Fields (continued)

Field	Data Type	Description	
String Block Type	uint32	Initiates a String data block containing the patch number of the FireSIGHT System operating system that the third-party OS string is mapped to. This value is always 0.	
String Block Length	uint32	Number of bytes in the patch String data block, including eight bytes for the block type and length fields, plus the number of bytes in the patch number.	
Patch	string	Patch number of the FireSIGHT System operating system that the third-party OS string in the user input is mapped to.	
String Block Type	uint32	Initiates a String data block containing the extension number of the FireSIGHT System OS that the third-party operating system string is mapped. This value is always 0.	
String Block Length	uint32	Number of bytes in the extension String data block, including eight bytes for the block type and length fields, plus the number of bytes in the extension number.	
Extension	string	Extension number of the FireSIGHT System operating system that the third-party OS string in the user input is mapped to.	
UUID	uint8 [x16]	Contains the unique identification number for the operating system.	
String Block Type	uint32	Initiates a String data block containing the device hardware information in the user input. This value is always 0.	
String Block Length	uint32	Number of bytes in the build String data block, including eight bytes for the block type and length fields, plus the number of bytes in the build number.	
Device String	string	Mobile device hardware information.	
Mobile	uint8	A true-false flag indicating whether the operating system is running on a mobile device.	
Jailbroken	uint8	A true-false flag indicating whether the mobile device operating system is jailbroken.	
Generic List Block Type	uint32	Initiates a Generic List data block comprising Fix List data blocks conveying user input data regarding what fixes have been applied to hosts in the specified IP address ranges. This value is always 31.	
Generic List Block Length	uint32	Number of bytes in the Generic List data block, including the list header and all encapsulated Fix List data blocks.	
Fix List Data Blocks *	variable	Fix List data blocks containing information about fixes applied to the hosts. See Fix List Data Block, page 4-92 for a description of this data block.	

User Data Blocks

User data blocks appear in user event messages. They are a subset of the series 1 data blocks. For information on the general format of series 1 data blocks, see <u>Understanding Discovery</u> (Series 1) Blocks, page 4-54.



The data block length field of the user data block header contains the number of bytes in the data block, including the eight bytes of the two data block header fields.

The following table lists the user data blocks that can appear in user event messages. Data blocks are listed by data block type. Current data blocks are the latest versions. Legacy blocks are supported but not produced by the current version of the FireSIGHT System.

Table 4-82 User Data Block Type

Type	Content	Data Block Category	Description
73	User Login Information	Legacy	Contains changes in login information for users detected by the system. See User Login Information Data Block 5.1+, page 4-176 for more information. The successor block type introduced for version 5.0 has the same structure as block type 73 but with different data in the fields.
74	User Account Update Message	Current	Contains changes in user account information. See User Account Update Message Data Block, page 4-164 for more information.
75	User Information for 4.7 - 4.10.x	Legacy	Contains changes in information for users detected by the system. See User Information Data Block, page 4-173 for more information. The successor block type 120 introduced for version 5.0 has the same structure as block type 75.
120	User Information for 5.0+	Current	Contains changes in information for users detected by the system. See User Information Data Block, page 4-173 for more information. Supersedes block type 75.
121	User Login Information	Legacy	Contains changes in login information for users detected by the system. See User Login Information Data Block for 5.0 - 5.0.2, page B-83 for more information. Differs from block 73 in the content of the Protocol field, which stores the Version 5.0+ application ID for the application protocol ID detected in the event. The successor block introduced for version 5.1 has block type 127.
127	User Login Information	Current	Contains changes in login information for users detected by the system. See User Login Information Data Block 5.1+, page 4-176 for more information. It supersedes block type 121.
150	IOC State	Current	Contains information about compromises. See IOC State Data Block for 5.3+, page 4-27 for more information.

User Account Update Message Data Block

The User Account Update Message data block conveys information about updates to a user's account information.

The User Account Update Message data block has a block type of 74 in the series 1 group of blocks.

The following diagram shows the format of the User Account Update Message data block:

Byte	0	1	2	3		
Bit	0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 1 1 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7					
	User Account Update Message Block Type (74)					
	User Account Update Message Block Length					
User Name		String Block	Type (0)			
rume		String Bloc	k Length			
		User Na	nme			
First Name		String Block	Type (0)			
Traine	String Block Length					
		First Na	ıme			
Middle Initials	String Block Type (0)					
1111111111	String Block Length					
		Middle In	itials			
Last Name	String Block Type (0)					
	String Block Length					
		Last Na	me			
Full Name		String Block	Type (0)			
	String Block Length					
		Full Na	me			
Title		String Block	Type (0)			
	String Block Length					
	Title					
Staff Identity	String Block Type (0)					
	String Block Length					
	Staff Identity					

Byte	0	1	2	3		
Bit	0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 2 2 2 2 2 2 2					
Address	String Block Type (0)					
	String Block Length					
		Addr	ess			
City		String Bloc	ck Type (0)			
		String Blo	ck Length			
		Cit	y			
State		String Bloc	ck Type (0)			
		String Blo	ck Length			
		Stat	te			
Country/ Region	String Block Type (0)					
8	String Block Length					
	Country/Region					
Postal String Block Type (0) Code						
	String Block Length					
	Postal Code					
Building		String Bloc	ck Type (0)			
	String Block Length					
	Building					
Location	String Block Type (0)					
	String Block Length					
Location						
Room	String Block Type (0)					
	String Block Length					
Room						

Byte	0	1	2	3	
Bit	0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7	8 9 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 5	1 1 1 1 2 2 2 2 2 3 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3	2 2 2 2 2 2 3 3 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1	
Company	String Block Type (0)				
	String Block Length				
	Company				
Division		String Blo	ck Type (0)		
		String Blo	ock Length		
		Divi	sion		
Dept		String Blo	ck Type (0)		
		String Blo	ock Length		
		Depar	tment		
Office	String Block Type (0)				
		String Blo	ock Length		
	Office				
Mailstop		String Blo	ck Type (0)		
	String Block Length				
		Mail	stop		
Email	String Block Type (0)				
	String Block Length				
		Em	ail		
Phone	String Block Type (0)				
	String Block Length				
		Pho	one		
IP Phone		String Blo	ck Type (0)		
		String Blo	ock Length		
		IP Pł	none		

Byte	0	1	2	3			
Bit	0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7	8 9 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 5	1 1 1 1 2 2 2 2 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3	2 2 2 2 2 2 3 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1			
User 1	String Block Type (0)						
	String Block Length						
	User 1						
User 2		String Bloc	k Type (0)				
		String Bloo	ck Length				
		User	2				
User 3		String Bloc	k Type (0)				
		String Block Length					
	User 3						
User 4	String Block Type (0)						
	String Block Length						
	User 4						
Email Alias 1	ias 1 String Block Type (0)						
	String Block Length						
		Email A	lias 1				
Email Alias 2		String Bloc	k Type (0)				
		String Bloo	ck Length				
	Email Alias 2						
Email Alias 3		String Bloc	k Type (0)				
		String Bloo	ck Length				
		Email A	lias 3				

The following table describes the components of the User Account Update Message data block.

Table 4-83 User Account Update Message Data Block Fields

Field	Data Type	Description
User Account Update Message Block Type	uint32	Initiates a User Account Update Message data block. This value is always 74.
User Account Update Message Block Length	uint32	Total number of bytes in the User Account Update Message data block, including eight bytes for the user account update message block type and length fields, plus the number of bytes in the user account update message data that follows.
String Block Type	uint32	Initiates a String data block containing the username for the user. This value is always 0.
String Block Length	uint32	Number of bytes in the username String data block, including eight bytes for the block type and length fields, plus the number of bytes in the username.
Username	string	The username for the user.
String Block Type	uint32	Initiates a String data block containing the first name for the user. This value is always 0.
String Block Length	uint32	Number of bytes in the first name String data block, including eight bytes for the block type and length fields, plus the number of bytes in the first name.
First Name	string	The first name for the user.
String Block Type	uint32	Initiates a String data block containing the middle initials for the user. This value is always 0.
String Block Length	uint32	Number of bytes in the middle initials String data block, including eight bytes for the block type and length fields, plus the number of bytes in the middle initials.
Middle Initials	string	The middle initials for the user.
String Block Type	uint32	Initiates a String data block containing the last name for the user. This value is always 0.
String Block Length	uint32	Number of bytes in the last name String data block, including eight bytes for the block type and length fields, plus the number of bytes in the last name.
Last Name	string	The last name for the user.
String Block Type	uint32	Initiates a String data block containing the full name for the user. This value is always 0.
String Block Length	uint32	Number of bytes in the full name String data block, including eight bytes for the block type and length fields, plus the number of bytes in the full name.
Full Name	string	The full name for the user.
String Block Type	uint32	Initiates a String data block containing the title for the user. This value is always o.
String Block Length	uint32	Number of bytes in the title String data block, including eight bytes for the block type and length fields, plus the number of bytes in the title.

Table 4-83 User Account Update Message Data Block Fields (continued)

Field	Data Type	Description
Title	string	The title for the user.
String Block Type	uint32	Initiates a String data block containing the staff identification for the user. This value is always 0.
String Block Length	uint32	Number of bytes in the staff identity String data block, including eight bytes for the block type and length fields, plus the number of bytes in the staff identity.
Staff Identity	string	The staff identity for the user.
String Block Type	uint32	Initiates a String data block containing the address for the user. This value is always o.
String Block Length	uint32	Number of bytes in the address String data block, including eight bytes for the block type and length fields, plus the number of bytes in the address.
Address	string	The address for the user.
String Block Type	uint32	Initiates a String data block containing the city from the user's address. This value is always 0.
String Block Length	uint32	Number of bytes in the city String data block, including eight bytes for the block type and length fields, plus the number of bytes in the city.
City	string	The city from the user's address.
String Block Type	uint32	Initiates a String data block containing the state from the user's address. This value is always 0.
String Block Length	uint32	Number of bytes in the state String data block, including eight bytes for the block type and length fields, plus the number of bytes in the state.
State	string	The state for the user.
String Block Type	uint32	Initiates a String data block containing the country or region from the user's address. This value is always 0.
String Block Length	uint32	Number of bytes in the country or region String data block, including eight bytes for the block type and length fields, plus the number of bytes in the country or region.
Country or Region	string	The country or region from the user's address.
String Block Type	uint32	Initiates a String data block containing the postal code from the user's address. This value is always 0.
String Block Length	uint32	Number of bytes in the postal code String data block, including eight bytes for the block type and length fields, plus the number of bytes in the postal code.
Postal Code	string	The postal code from the user's address.
String Block Type	uint32	Initiates a String data block containing the building from the user's address. This value is always 0.

Table 4-83 User Account Update Message Data Block Fields (continued)

Field	Data Type	Description
String Block Length	uint32	Number of bytes in the building String data block, including eight bytes for the block type and length fields, plus the number of bytes in the building name.
Building	string	The building from the user's address.
String Block Type	uint32	Initiates a String data block containing the location from the user's address. This value is always 0.
String Block Length	uint32	Number of bytes in the location String data block, including eight bytes for the block type and length fields, plus the number of bytes in the location name.
Location	string	The location from the user's address.
String Block Type	uint32	Initiates a String data block containing the room from the user's address. This value is always o.
String Block Length	uint32	Number of bytes in the room String data block, including eight bytes for the block type and length fields, plus the number of bytes in the room.
Room	string	The room from the user's address.
String Block Type	uint32	Initiates a String data block containing the company from the user's address. This value is always o.
String Block Length	uint32	Number of bytes in the company String data block, including eight bytes for the block type and length fields, plus the number of bytes in the company name.
Company	string	The company from the user's address.
String Block Type	uint32	Initiates a String data block containing the division from the user's address. This value is always 0.
String Block Length	uint32	Number of bytes in the division String data block, including eight bytes for the block type and length fields, plus the number of bytes in the division name.
Division	string	The division from the user's address.
String Block Type	uint32	Initiates a String data block containing the department from the user's address. This value is always 0.
String Block Length	uint32	Number of bytes in the department String data block, including eight bytes for the block type and length fields, plus the number of bytes in the department.
Department	string	The department from the user's address.
String Block Type	uint32	Initiates a String data block containing the office from the user's address. This value is always 0.
String Block Length	uint32	Number of bytes in the office String data block, including eight bytes for the block type and length fields, plus the number of bytes in the office.
Office	string	The office from the user's address.
String Block Type	uint32	Initiates a String data block containing the mailstop from the user's address. This value is always o.

Table 4-83 User Account Update Message Data Block Fields (continued)

Field	Data Type	Description
String Block Length	uint32	Number of bytes in the mailstop String data block, including eight bytes for the block type and length fields, plus the number of bytes in the mailstop.
Mailstop	string	The mailstop from the user's address.
String Block Type	uint32	Initiates a String data block containing the email address for the user. This value is always 0.
String Block Length	uint32	Number of bytes in the email address String data block, including eight bytes for the block type and length fields, plus the number of bytes in the email address.
Email	string	The email address for the user.
String Block Type	uint32	Initiates a String data block containing the phone number for the user. This value is always 0.
String Block Length	uint32	Number of bytes in the phone number String data block, including eight bytes for the block type and length fields, plus the number of bytes in the phone number.
Phone	string	The phone number for the user.
String Block Type	uint32	Initiates a String data block containing the Internet phone number for the user. This value is always 0.
String Block Length	uint32	Number of bytes in the Internet phone number String data block, including eight bytes for the block type and length fields, plus the number of bytes in the Internet phone number.
Internet Phone	string	The Internet phone number for the user.
String Block Type	uint32	Initiates a String data block containing an alternate user name for the user. This value is always 0.
String Block Length	uint32	Number of bytes in the user String data block, including eight bytes for the block type and length fields, plus the number of bytes in the username.
User 1	string	An alternate user name for the user.
String Block Type	uint32	Initiates a String data block containing an alternate user name for the user. This value is always o.
String Block Length	uint32	Number of bytes in the user String data block, including eight bytes for the block type and length fields, plus the number of bytes in the username.
User 2	string	An alternate user name for the user.
String Block Type	uint32	Initiates a String data block containing an alternate user name for the user. This value is always 0.
String Block Length	uint32	Number of bytes in the user String data block, including eight bytes for the block type and length fields, plus the number of bytes in the username.
User 3	string	An alternate user name for the user.
String Block Type	uint32	Initiates a String data block containing an alternate user name for the user. This value is always o.

Table 4-83 User Account Update Message Data Block Fields (continued)

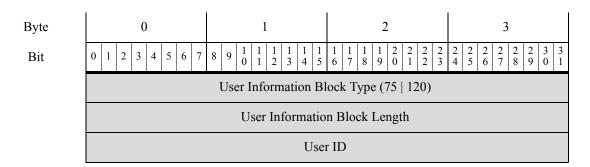
Field	Data Type	Description
String Block Length	uint32	Number of bytes in the user String data block, including eight bytes for the block type and length fields, plus the number of bytes in the username.
User 4	string	An alternate user name for the user.
String Block Type	uint32	Initiates a String data block containing an email alias for the user. This value is always 0.
String Block Length	uint32	Number of bytes in the email alias String data block, including eight bytes for the block type and length fields, plus the number of bytes in the email alias.
Email alias 1	string	An email alias for the user.
String Block Type	uint32	Initiates a String data block containing an email alias for the user. This value is always 0.
String Block Length	uint32	Number of bytes in the email alias String data block, including eight bytes for the block type and length fields, plus the number of bytes in the email alias.
Email alias 2	string	An email alias for the user.
String Block Type	uint32	Initiates a String data block containing an email alias for the user. This value is always 0.
String Block Length	uint32	Number of bytes in the email alias String data block, including eight bytes for the block type and length fields, plus the number of bytes in the email alias.
Email alias 3	string	An email alias for the user.

User Information Data Block

The User Information data block is used in User Modification messages and conveys information for a user detected, removed, or dropped. For more information, see User Modification Messages, page 4-53

The User Information data block has a block type of 75 in the series 1 group of blocks for version 4.7 - 4.10.x and a block type of 120 in the series 1 group of blocks for 5.0+. The structures are the same for block types 75 and 120.

The following diagram shows the format of the User Information data block:



Byte	0	1	2	3		
Bit	0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7	8 9 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 5	1 1 1 1 2 2 2 2 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3	2 2 2 2 2 3 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1		
User Name		String Block	Type (0)			
Name		String Bloc	k Length			
		User Na	ame			
		Proto	col			
First Name		String Block	x Type (0)			
rvanic		String Bloc	k Length			
		First Na	ame			
Last Name	String Block Type (0)					
runic	String Block Length					
Last		Last Na	nme			
Email	String Block Type (0)					
	String Block Length					
		Emai	il			
Department		String Block	x Type (0)			
		String Block Length				
		Departn	nent			
Phone		String Block	x Type (0)			
		String Bloc	k Length			
		Phon	e			

The following table describes the components of the User Information data block.

Table 4-84 User Information Data Block Fields

Field	Data Type	Description
User Information Block Type	uint32	Initiates a User Information data block. This value is 75 for version 4.7 - 4.10.x and a value of 120 for 5.0+.
User Information Block Length	uint32	Total number of bytes in the User Information data block, including eight bytes for the user information block type and length fields plus the number of bytes in the user information data that follows.
User ID	uint32	Identification number of the user.
String Block Type	uint32	Initiates a String data block containing the username for the user. This value is always 0.
String Block Length	uint32	Number of bytes in the username String data block, including eight bytes for the block type and length fields plus the number of bytes in the username.
Username	string	The username for the user.
Protocol	uint32	The protocol for the packet containing the user information.
String Block Type	uint32	Initiates a String data block containing the first name of the user. This value is always 0.
String Block Length	uint32	Number of bytes in the first name String data block, including eight bytes for the block type and length fields plus the number of bytes in the first name.
First Name	string	The first name for the user.
String Block Type	uint32	Initiates a String data block containing the last name for the user. This value is always 0.
String Block Length	uint32	Number of bytes in the user last name String data block, including eight bytes for the block type and length fields, plus the number of bytes in the last name.
Last Name	string	The last name for the user.
String Block Type	uint32	Initiates a String data block containing the email address for the user. This value is always 0.
String Block Length	uint32	Number of bytes in the email address String data block, including eight bytes for the block type and length fields, plus the number of bytes in the email address.
Email	string	The email address for the user.
String Block Type	uint32	Initiates a String data block containing the department for the user. This value is always 0.
String Block Length	uint32	Number of bytes in the department String data block, including eight bytes for the block type and length fields, plus the number of bytes in the department.
Department	string	The department for the user.

Table 4-84 User Information Data Block Fields (continued)

Field	Data Type	Description
String Block Type	uint32	Initiates a String data block containing the phone number for the user. This value is always 0.
String Block Length	uint32	Number of bytes in the phone number String data block, including eight bytes for the block type and length fields, plus the number of bytes in the phone number.
Phone	string	The phone number for the user.

User Login Information Data Block 5.1+

The User Login Information data block is used in User Information Update messages and conveys changes in login information for a detected user. For more information, see User Information Update Message Block, page 4-54.

The User Login Information data block has a block type of 73 for version 4.7 - 4.10.x, a block type of 121 in the series 1 group of blocks for version 5.0 - 5.0.2, and a block type of 127 in the series 1 group of blocks for version 5.1+.

The graphic below shows the format of the User Login Information data block:

Byte	0	1	2	3	
Bit	0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7	8 9 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 5	1 1 1 1 2 2 2 2 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3	2 2 2 2 2 2 3 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1	
	User Login Information Block Type (127)				
	User Login Information Block Length Timestamp				
		IPv4 A	ddress		
User Name	String Block Type (0)				
Tanic	String Block Length				
	User Name				
	User ID				
	Application ID				
Email	String Block Type (0)				
	String Block Length				
	Email				
	IPv6 Address				

Byte	0	1	2	3
Bit	0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7	8 9 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 5	1 1 1 1 2 2 2 2 2 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3	2 2 2 2 2 3 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1
	IPv6 Address, continued			
	IPv6 Address, continued			
		IPv6 Addres	s, continued	
Reported By	Login Type		String Block Type (0)	
	String Block Type (0), cont.	String Block Length		
	String Block Length		Reported By	

The following table describes the components of the User Login Information data block.

Table 4-85 User Login Information Data Block Fields

Field	Data Type	Description	
User Login Information Block Type	uint32	Initiates a User Login Information data block. This value is 127 for version 5.1+.	
User Login Information Block Length	uint32	Total number of bytes in the User Login Information data block, including eight bytes for the user login information block type and length fields, plus the number of bytes in the user login information data that follows.	
Timestamp	uint32	Timestamp of the event.	
IPv4 Address	uint32	This field is reserved but no longer populated. The IPv4 address is stored in the IPv6 Address field. See IP Addresses, page 1-5 for more information.	
String Block Type	uint32	Initiates a String data block containing the username for the user. This value is always o.	
String Block Length	uint32	Number of bytes in the username String data block, including eight bytes for the block type and length fields, plus the number of bytes in the username.	
Username	string	The user name for the user.	
User ID	uint32	Identification number of the user.	
Application ID	uint32	The application ID for the application protocol used in the connection that the login information was derived from.	
String Block Type	uint32	Initiates a String data block containing the email address for the user. This value is always 0.	
String Block Length	uint32	Number of bytes in the email address String data block, including eight bytes for the block type and length fields, plus the number of bytes in the email address.	

Field Data Type **Description** Email The email address for the user. string IPv6 address from the host where the user was detected logging IPv6 Address uint8[16] in, in IP address octets. Login Type uint8 The type of user login detected. String Block Type uint32 Initiates a String data block containing the Reported By value. This value is always o. String Block Length uint32 Number of bytes in the Reported By String data block, including eight bytes for the block type and length fields, plus the number of bytes in the Reported By field. Reported By string The name of the Active Directory server reporting a login.

Table 4-85 User Login Information Data Block Fields (continued)

Discovery and Connection Event Series 2 Data Blocks

In the following table, the Data Block Status field indicates whether the block is current (the latest version) or legacy (used in an older version and can still be requested through eStreamer).

Table 4-86 Discovery and Connection Event Series 2 Block Types

Type	Content	Data Block Status	Description
15	Access Control Rule	Current	Used by access control rule metadata messages to map policy UUID and rule ID values to a descriptive string. See Access Control Rule Data Block, page 4-178.
21	Access Control Rule Reason	Current	Used by access control rule metadata messages to map access control rule reasons to a descriptive string. See Access Control Rule Reason Data Block 5.1+, page 4-180.
22	Security Intelligence Category	Current	Used to store Security Intelligence information. See Security Intelligence Category Data Block 5.1+, page 4-180.

Access Control Rule Data Block

The eStreamer service uses the Access Control Rule data block in access control rule metadata messages to map policy UUID and rule ID combinations to a descriptive string. The Access Control Rule data block has a block type of 15 in the series 2 group of blocks.

The following graphic shows the structure of the Access Control Rule data block:

Byte	0	1	2	3		
Bit	0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7	8 9 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 5	1 1 1 1 2 2 2 2 2 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3	2 2 2 2 2 2 3 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1		
		Access Control Rul	le Block Type (15)			
		Access Control R	ule Block Length			
		Access Contro	ol Rule UUID			
		Access Control Rul	e UUID, continued			
		Access Control Rul	e UUID, continued			
	Access Control Rule UUID, continued					
	Access Control Rule ID					
	String Block Type (0)					
	String Block Length					
	Name					

The following table describes the fields in the Access Control Rule data block.

Table 4-87 Access Control Rule Data Block Fields

Field	Data Type	Description		
Access Control Rule Block Type	uint32	Initiates an Access Control Rule block. This value is always 15.		
Access Control Rule Block Length	uint32	otal number of bytes in the Access Control Rule block, including ight bytes for the Access Control Rule block type and length elds, plus the number of bytes of data that follows.		
Access Control Rule UUID	uint8[16]	The unique identifier for the access control rule.		
Access Control Rule ID	uint32	The internal Cisco identifier for the access control rule.		
String Block Type	uint32	Initiates a String data block containing the descriptive name associated with the access control rule UUID and access control rule ID. This value is always 0.		
String Block Length	uint32	The number of bytes included in the name String data block, including eight bytes for the block type and header fields plus the number of bytes in the Name field.		
Name	string	The descriptive name.		

Access Control Rule Reason Data Block 5.1+

The eStreamer service uses the Access Control Rule Reason data block in Access Control Rule Reason metadata messages to map Access Control reasons to a descriptive string. The Access Control Rule Reason data block has a block type of 21 in the series 2 group of blocks.

The following graphic shows the structure of the Access Control Rule Reason data block:

Byte	0 1 2 3			
Bit	0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 2 2 2 2 2 2			
	Access Control Rule Reason Block Type (21)			
	Access Control Rule Block Length			
Description	Access Control Rule Reason String Block Type (0)			
	String Block Type (0), cont. String Block Length			
	String Block Length, cont. Description			

The following table describes the fields in the Access Control Rule Reason data block.

Table 4-88 Access Control Rule Reason Data Block Fields

Field	Data Type	Description
Access Control Rule Reason Block Type	uint32	Initiates an Access Control Rule Reason block. This value is always 21.
Access Control Rule Reason Block Length	uint32	Total number of bytes in the Access Control Rule Reason block, including eight bytes for the Access Control Rule Reason block type and length fields, plus the number of bytes of data that follows.
Access Control Rule Reason	uint16	The reason the Access Control rule logged the connection.
String Block Type	uint32	Initiates a String data block containing the descriptive name associated with the access control rule reason. This value is always 0.
String Block Length	uint32	The number of bytes included in the name String data block, including eight bytes for the block type and header fields plus the number of bytes in the Description field.
Description	string	Description of the Access Control rule reason.

Security Intelligence Category Data Block 5.1+

The eStreamer service uses the Security Intelligence Category data block in access control rule metadata messages to stream Security Intelligence information. The Security Intelligence Category data block has a block type of 22 in the series 2 group of blocks.

The following graphic shows the structure of the Security Intelligence Category data block:

Byte	0	1	2	3	
Bit	0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7	8 9 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 5	1 1 1 1 2 2 2 2 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3	2 2 2 2 2 2 3 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1	
	Security Intelligence Category Block Type (22)				
	Security Intelligence Category Block Length				
		Security Intelli	gence List ID		
AC Policy UUID	Access Control Policy UUID				
COID		Access Control Police	cy UUID, continued		
		Access Control Police	cy UUID, continued		
	Access Control Policy UUID, continued				
Rule Name	String Block Type (0)				
	String Block Length Security Intelligence List Name				

The following table describes the fields in the Security Intelligence Category data block:

Table 4-89 Security Intelligence Category Data Block fields

Field	Data Type	Description	
Security Intelligence Category Block Type	uint32	Initiates an Security Intelligence Category data block. This value is always 22.	
Security Intelligence Category Block Length	uint32	Total number of bytes in the Security Intelligence Category block, including eight bytes for the Security Intelligence Category block type and length fields, plus the number of bytes of data that follows.	
Security Intelligence List ID	uint32	The ID of the IP blacklist or whitelist triggered by the connection.	
Access Control Policy UUID	uint8[16]	The UUID of the access control policy configured for Security Intelligence.	
String Block Type	uint32	Initiates a String data block containing the descriptive name associated with the access control rule reason. This value is always 0.	
String Block Length	uint32	The number of bytes included in the name String data block, including eight bytes for the block type and header fields plus the number of bytes in the Security Intelligence List Name field.	
Security Intelligence List Name	string	The name of the Security Intelligence category IP blacklist or whitelist triggered by the connection.	

Discovery and Connection Event Series 2 Data Blocks



Understanding Host Data Structures

This chapter describes the format of the Full Host Profile data block that conveys a set of data describing a single host. The eStreamer server generates and sends these blocks on request for host data. For information about the client request procedure, the message structure, and the delivery method, see Host Data and Multiple Host Data Message Format, page 2-29.

eStreamer uses the series 1 data block structure to package these Full Host profile blocks. For the general structure of series 1 blocks, see Series 1 Data Block Header, page 4-54. The Full Host Profile data block contains a number of encapsulated blocks which are individually described in the subsections where they are defined in Understanding Discovery & Connection Data Structures, page 4-1.

See the following sections for more information about current and legacy Full Host Profile data blocks:

- Full Host Profile Data Block 5.3+, page 5-1 describes the current Full Host Profile data block structure.
- Full Host Profile Data Block 5.0 5.0.2, page B-179 describes the legacy Full Host Profile data block structure for versions 5.0 5.0.2.

Full Host Profile Data Block 5.3+

The Full Host Profile data block for version 5.3+ contains a full set of data describing one host. It has the format shown in the graphic below and explained in the following table. Note that, except for List data blocks, the graphic does not show the fields of the encapsulated data blocks. These encapsulated data blocks are described separately in Understanding Discovery & Connection Data Structures, page 4-1. The Full Host Profile data block a block type value of 149. It supersedes the prior version, which has a block type of 140.



An asterisk (*) next to a block name in the following diagram indicates that multiple instances of the data block may occur.

The following diagram shows the format of the Full Host Profile data block for 5.3+:

Byte	0	1 2 3			
Bit	0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7	8 9 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 3 3 3			
	Full Host Profile Data Block (149)				
	Data Block Length				
		Host ID			
		Host ID, continued			
		Host ID, continued			
		Host ID, continued			
IP Addresses		List Block Type (11)			
		List Block Length			
		IP Address Data Blocks (143)*			
	Hops	Generic List Block Type (31) Generic List Block Length			
	Generic List Block Type, continued				
OS Derived Fingerprints	Generic List Block Length, continued	Operating System Fingerprint Block Type (130)*			
	OS Fingerprint Block Type (130)*, con't Operating System Fingerprint Block Leng				
	OS Fingerprint Block Length, con't	Operating System Derived Fingerprint Data			
		Generic List Block Type (31)			
		Generic List Block Length			
Server Fingerprints	Operating System Fingerprint Block Type (130)*				
184.19	Operating System Fingerprint Block Length				
	Operating System Server Fingerprint Data				
		Generic List Block Type (31)			
	Generic List Block Length				

Byte	0 1 2 3				
Bit	0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 3 3 3 3				
Client Fingerprints	Operating System Fingerprint Block Type (130)*				
ringerprints	Operating System Fingerprint Block Length				
	Operating System Client Fingerprint Data				
	Generic List Block Type (31)				
	Generic List Block Length				
VDB Native Fingerprints 1	Operating System Fingerprint Block Type (130)*				
1 mgcrprmts 1	Operating System Fingerprint Block Length				
	Operating System VDB Fingerprint Data				
	Generic List Block Type (31)				
	Generic List Block Length				
VDB Native Fingerprints 2	Operating System Fingerprint Block Type (130)*				
i ingerprints 2	Operating System Fingerprint Block Length				
	Operating System VDB Fingerprint Data				
	Generic List Block Type (31)				
	Generic List Block Length				
User Fingerprints	Operating System Fingerprint Block Type (130)*				
1 mg•1p1ms	Operating System Fingerprint Block Length				
	Operating System User Fingerprint Data				
	Generic List Block Type (31)				
	Generic List Block Length				
Scan Fingerprints	Operating System Fingerprint Block Type (130)*				
g	Operating System Fingerprint Block Length				
	Operating System Scan Fingerprint Data				
	Generic List Block Type (31)				
	Generic List Block Length				

Byte	0	1	2	3	
Bit	0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7	8 9 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	1 1 1 1 1 2 2 2 2 5 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3	2 2 2 2 2 2 3 3 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1	
Application Fingerprints	Operating System Fingerprint Block Type (130)*				
1 mgcrprimts	Operating System Fingerprint Block Length				
	0	perating System App	lication Fingerprint Dat	a	
		Generic List Block Type (31)			
		Generic Lis	t Block Length		
Conflict Fingerprints	0	perating System Fing	erprint Block Type (130	0)*	
1 ingerprints		Operating System Fi	ngerprint Block Length	ı	
		Operating System Co	nflict Fingerprint Data.		
		Generic List	Block Type (31)		
		Generic Lis	t Block Length		
Mobile Fingerprints	0	perating System Fing	erprint Block Type (130))*	
8F		Operating System Fi	ngerprint Block Length	ı	
	Operating System Mobile Fingerprint Data				
	Generic List Block Type (31)				
	Generic List Block Length				
IPv6 Server Fingerprints	Operating System Fingerprint Block Type (130)*				
		Operating System Fi	ngerprint Block Length	ı	
	0	perating System IPv6	Server Fingerprint Dat	a	
	Generic List Block Type (31)				
	Generic List Block Length				
Ipv6 Client Fingerprints	Operating System Fingerprint Block Type (130)*				
	Operating System Fingerprint Block Length				
	Operating System Ipv6 Client Fingerprint Data				
	Generic List Block Type (31)				
		Generic Lis	t Block Length		

Byte	0	1	2	3
Bit	0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7	8 9 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	1 1 1 1 1 2 2 2 2 5 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3	2 2 2 2 2 2 3 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1
Ipv6 DHCP Fingerprints	Operating System Fingerprint Block Type (130)*			
ringerprints	Operating System Fingerprint Block Length			
	0	perating System IPv6	DHCP Fingerprint Dat	a
		Generic List I	Block Type (31)	
		Generic List	Block Length	
User Agent Fingerprints	0	perating System Finge	erprint Block Type (130))*
i ingerprints		Operating System Fin	ngerprint Block Length	
	0	perating System User	Agent Fingerprint Data	a
(TCP) Full Server Data		List Block	Type (11)	
		List Bloc	k Length	
		(TCP) Full Server	Data Blocks (104)*	
(UDP) Full Server Data	List Block Type (11)			
		List Blo	ck Length	
	(UDP) Full Server Data Blocks (104)*			
Network Protocol Data		List Bloc	k Type (11)	
	List Block Length			
		(Network) Protoc	ol Data Blocks (4)*	
Transport Protocol Data		List Block Type (11)		
			ck Length	
			col Data Blocks (4)*	
MAC Address Data			k Type (11)	
	List Block Length			
			ss Data Blocks (95)*	
		Last Seen		
	F .	Host Type		
	Business Criticality VLAN ID			

Byte	0 1 2		3	
Bit	0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7	8 9 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 5	1 1 1 1 1 2 2 2 2 2 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3	2 2 2 2 2 3 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1
	VLAN Type	VLAN Priority	Generic List Block Type (31)	
Host Client Data	Generic List Block Type, continued Generic List Block Length			Block Length
Data	Generic List Block	Length, continued	Full Host Client App (11)	
NetBios Name		String Bloc	k Type (0)	
Name		String Blo	ck Length	
		NetBIOS Na	ime String	
Notes Data		String Bloc	k Type (0)	
<i></i>		String Blo	ck Length	
		Notes S	tring	
(VDB) Host Vulns	Generic List Block Type (31)			
, unio	Generic List Block Length			
	(VDB) Host Vulnerability Data Blocks (85)*			
3rd Pty/VDB) Host Vulns		Generic List B	lock Type (31)	
	Generic List Block Length			
	(Third Party/VDB) Host Vulnerability Data Blocks (85)*			
3rd Pty Scan Host Vulns	Generic List Block Type (31)			
	Generic List Block Length			
(Third Party Scan) Host Vulneral) Host Vulnerability Da	ata Blocks with Origin	al Vuln IDs (85)*
Attribute Value Data	List Block Type (11)			
	List Block Length			
	Attribute Value Data Blocks *			
	Mobile	Jailbroken	Generic List B	lock Type (31)
IOC State	Generic List Block	k Type, continued	Generic List l	Block Length
	Generic List Block	Length, continued	IOC State Data	Blocks (150)*

The following table describes the components of the Full Host Profile for 5.3+ record.

Table 5-1 Full Host Profile Record 5.3+ Fields

Field	Data Type	Description	
Host ID	uint8[16]	Unique ID number of the host. This is a UUID.	
List Block Type	uint32	Initiates a List data block comprising IP address data blocks conveying TCP service data. This value is always 11.	
List Block Length	uint32	Number of bytes in the list. This number includes the eight bytes of the list block type and length fields, plus the length of all encapsulated IP address data blocks.	
IP Address	variable	IP addresses of the host and when each IP address was last seen. See Host IP Address Data Block, page 4-88 for a description of this data block.	
Hops	uint8	Number of network hops from the host to the device.	
Generic List Block Type	uint32	Initiates a Generic List data block comprising Operating System Fingerprint data blocks conveying fingerprint data derived from the existing fingerprints for the host. This value is always 31.	
Generic List Block Length	uint32	Number of bytes in the Generic List data block, including the list header and all encapsulated Operating System Fingerprint data blocks.	
Operating System Derived Fingerprint Data Blocks *	variable	Operating System Fingerprint data blocks containing information about the operating system on a host derived from the existing fingerprints for the host. See Operating System Fingerprint Data Block 5.1+, page 4-146 for a description of this data block.	
Generic List Block Type	uint32	Initiates a Generic List data block comprising Operating System Fingerprint data blocks conveying fingerprint data identified using a server fingerprint. This value is always 31.	
Generic List Block Length	uint32	Number of bytes in the Generic List data block, including the list header and all encapsulated Operating System Fingerprint data blocks.	
Operating System Fingerprint (Server Fingerprint) Data Blocks *	variable	Operating System Fingerprint data blocks containing information about the operating system on a host identified using a server fingerprint. See Operating System Fingerprint Data Block 5.1+, page 4-146 for a description of this data block.	
Generic List Block Type	uint32	Initiates a Generic List data block comprising Operating System Fingerprint data blocks conveying fingerprint data identified using a client fingerprint. This value is always 31.	
Generic List Block Length	uint32	Number of bytes in the Generic List data block, including the list header and all encapsulated Operating System Fingerprint data blocks.	
Operating System Fingerprint (Client Fingerprint) Data Blocks *	variable	Operating System Fingerprint data blocks containing information about the operating system on a host identified using a client fingerprint. See Operating System Fingerprint Data Block 5.1+, page 4-146 for a description of this data block.	
Generic List Block Type	uint32	Initiates a Generic List data block comprising Operating System Fingerprint data blocks conveying fingerprint data identified using a Cisco VDB fingerprint. This value is always 31.	

Table 5-1 Full Host Profile Record 5.3+ Fields (continued)

Field	Data Type	Description	
Generic List Block Length	uint32	Number of bytes in the Generic List data block, including the list header and all encapsulated Operating System Fingerprint data blocks.	
Operating System Fingerprint (VDB) Native Fingerprint 1) Data Blocks *	variable	Operating System Fingerprint data blocks containing information about the operating system on a host identified using the fingerprints in the Cisco vulnerability database (VDB). See Operating System Fingerprint Data Block 5.1+, page 4-146 for a description of this data block.	
Generic List Block Type	uint32	Initiates a Generic List data block comprising Operating System Fingerprint data blocks conveying fingerprint data identified using a Cisco VDB fingerprint. This value is always 31.	
Generic List Block Length	uint32	Number of bytes in the Generic List data block, including the list header and all encapsulated Operating System Fingerprint data blocks.	
Operating System Fingerprint (VDB) Native Fingerprint 2) Data Blocks *	variable	Operating System Fingerprint data blocks containing information about the operating system on a host identified using the fingerprints in the Cisco vulnerability database (VDB). See Operating System Fingerprint Data Block 5.1+, page 4-146 for a description of this data block.	
Generic List Block Type	uint32	Initiates a Generic List data block comprising Operating System Fingerprint data blocks conveying fingerprint data added by a user. This value is always 31.	
Generic List Block Length	uint32	Number of bytes in the Generic List data block, including the list header and all encapsulated Operating System Fingerprint data blocks.	
Operating System Fingerprint (User Fingerprint) Data Blocks *	variable	Operating System Fingerprint data blocks containing information about the operating system on a host added by a user. See Operating System Fingerprint Data Block 5.1+, page 4-146 for a description of this data block.	
Generic List Block Type	uint32	Initiates a Generic List data block comprising Operating System Fingerprint data blocks conveying fingerprint data added by a vulnerability scanner. This value is always 31.	
Generic List Block Length	uint32	Number of bytes in the Generic List data block, including the list header and all encapsulated Operating System Fingerprint data blocks.	
Operating System Fingerprint (Scan Fingerprint) Data Blocks *	variable	Operating System Fingerprint data blocks containing information about the operating system on a host added by a vulnerability scanner. See Operating System Fingerprint Data Block 5.1+, page 4-146 for a description of this data block.	
Generic List Block Type	uint32	Initiates a Generic List data block comprising Operating System Fingerprint data blocks conveying fingerprint data added by an application. This value is always 31.	
Generic List Block Length	uint32	Number of bytes in the Generic List data block, including the list header and all encapsulated Operating System Fingerprint data blocks.	

Table 5-1 Full Host Profile Record 5.3+ Fields (continued)

Field	Data Type	Description
Operating System Fingerprint (Application Fingerprint) Data Blocks *	variable	Operating System Fingerprint data blocks containing information about the operating system on a host added by an application. See Operating System Fingerprint Data Block 5.1+, page 4-146 for a description of this data block.
Generic List Block Type	uint32	Initiates a Generic List data block comprising Operating System Fingerprint data blocks conveying fingerprint data selected through fingerprint conflict resolution. This value is always 31.
Generic List Block Length	uint32	Number of bytes in the Generic List data block, including the list header and all encapsulated Operating System Fingerprint data blocks.
Operating System Fingerprint (Conflict Fingerprint) Data Blocks *	variable	Operating System Fingerprint data blocks containing information about the operating system on a host selected through fingerprint conflict resolution. See Operating System Fingerprint Data Block 5.1+, page 4-146 for a description of this data block.
Generic List Block Type	uint32	Initiates a Generic List data block comprising Operating System Fingerprint data blocks conveying mobile device fingerprint data. This value is always 31.
Generic List Block Length	uint32	Number of bytes in the Generic List data block, including the list header and all encapsulated Operating System Fingerprint data blocks.
Operating System Fingerprint (Mobile) Data Blocks *	variable	Operating System Fingerprint data blocks containing information about the operating system on a mobile device host. See Operating System Fingerprint Data Block 5.1+, page 4-146 for a description of this data block.
Generic List Block Type	uint32	Initiates a Generic List data block comprising Operating System Fingerprint data blocks conveying fingerprint data identified using an IPv6 server fingerprint. This value is always 31.
Generic List Block Length	uint32	Number of bytes in the Generic List data block, including the list header and all encapsulated Operating System Fingerprint data blocks.
Operating System Fingerprint (IPv6 Server Fingerprint) Data Blocks *	variable	Operating System Fingerprint data blocks containing information about the operating system on a host identified using an IPv6 server fingerprint. See Operating System Fingerprint Data Block 5.1+, page 4-146 for a description of this data block.
Generic List Block Type	uint32	Initiates a Generic List data block comprising Operating System Fingerprint data blocks conveying fingerprint data identified using an IPv6 client fingerprint. This value is always 31.
Generic List Block Length	uint32	Number of bytes in the Generic List data block, including the list header and all encapsulated Operating System Fingerprint data blocks.

Table 5-1 Full Host Profile Record 5.3+ Fields (continued)

Field	Data Type	Description	
Operating System Fingerprint (IPv6 Client Fingerprint) Data Blocks *	variable	Operating System Fingerprint data blocks containing information about the operating system on a host identified using an IPv6 client fingerprint. See Operating System Fingerprint Data Block 5.1+, page 4-146 for a description of this data block.	
Generic List Block Type	uint32	Initiates a Generic List data block comprising Operating System Fingerprint data blocks conveying fingerprint data identified using an IPv6 DHCP fingerprint. This value is always 31.	
Generic List Block Length	uint32	Number of bytes in the Generic List data block, including the list header and all encapsulated Operating System Fingerprint data blocks.	
Operating System Fingerprint (IPv6 DHCP) Data Blocks *	variable	Operating System Fingerprint data blocks containing information about the operating system on a host identified using an IPv6 DHCP fingerprint. See Operating System Fingerprint Data Block 5.1+, page 4-146 for a description of this data block.	
Generic List Block Type	uint32	Initiates a Generic List data block comprising Operating System Fingerprint data blocks conveying fingerprint data identified using a user agent fingerprint. This value is always 31.	
Generic List Block Length	uint32	Number of bytes in the Generic List data block, including the list header and all encapsulated Operating System Fingerprint data blocks.	
Operating System Fingerprint (User Agent) Data Blocks *	variable	Operating System Fingerprint data blocks containing information about the operating system on a host identified using a user agent fingerprint. See Operating System Fingerprint Data Block 5.1+, page 4-146 for a description of this data block.	
List Block Type	uint32	Initiates a List data block comprising Full Server data blocks conveying TCP service data. This value is always 11.	
List Block Length	uint32	Number of bytes in the list. This number includes the eight bytes of the list block type and length fields, plus the length of all encapsulated Full Server data blocks.	
(TCP) Full Server Data Blocks *	variable	List of Full Server data blocks conveying data about the TCP services on the host. See Full Host Server Data Block 4.10.0+, page 4-127 for a description of this data block.	
List Block Type	uint32	Initiates a List data block comprising Full Server data blocks conveying UDP service data. This value is always 11.	
List Block Length	uint32	Number of bytes in the list. This number includes the eight bytes of the list block type and length fields, plus the length of all encapsulated Full Server data blocks.	
(UDP) Full Server Data Blocks *	variable	List of Full Server data blocks conveying data about the UDP sub-servers on the host. See Full Host Server Data Block 4.10.0+, page 4-127 for a description of this data block.	
List Block Type	uint32	Initiates a List data block comprising Protocol data blocks conveying network protocol data. This value is always 11.	

Table 5-1 Full Host Profile Record 5.3+ Fields (continued)

Field	Data Type	Description	
List Block Length	uint32	Number of bytes in the list. This number includes the eight bytes of the list block type and length fields, plus the length of all encapsulated Protocol data blocks.	
(Network) Protocol Data Blocks *	variable	List of Protocol data blocks conveying data about the network protocols on the host. See Protocol Data Block, page 4-67 for a description of this data block.	
List Block Type	uint32	Initiates a List data block comprising Protocol data blocks conveying transport protocol data. This value is always 11.	
List Block Length	uint32	Number of bytes in the list. This number includes the eight bytes of the list block type and length fields, plus the length of all encapsulated Protocol data blocks.	
(Transport) Protocol Data Blocks *	variable	List of Protocol data blocks conveying data about the transport protocols on the host. See Protocol Data Block, page 4-67 for a description of this data block.	
List Block Type	uint32	Initiates a List data block containing Host MAC Address data blocks. This value is always 11.	
List Block Length	uint32	Number of bytes in the list, including the list header and all encapsulated Host MAC Address data blocks.	
Host MAC Address Data Blocks *	variable	List of Host MAC Address data blocks. See Host MAC Address 4.9+, page 4-105 for a description of this data block.	
Last Seen	uint32	UNIX timestamp that represents the last time the system detected host activity.	
Host Type	uint32	Indicates host type. Values include:	
		• 0 — Host	
		• 1 — Router	
		• 2 — Bridge	
		• 3 — NAT (network address translation device)	
		• 4 — LB (load balancer)	
Business Criticality	uint16	Indicates criticality of host to business.	
VLAN ID	uint16	VLAN identification number that indicates which VLAN the host is a member of.	
VLAN Type	uint8	Type of packet encapsulated in the VLAN tag.	
VLAN Priority	uint8	Priority value included in the VLAN tag.	
Generic List Block Type	uint32	Initiates a Generic List data block comprising Host Vulnerability data blocks conveying Client Application data. This value is always 31.	
Generic List Block Length	uint32	Number of bytes in the Generic List data block, including the list header and all encapsulated Client Application data blocks.	

Table 5-1 Full Host Profile Record 5.3+ Fields (continued)

Field	Data Type	Description	
Full Host Client Application Data Blocks *	variable	List of Client Application data blocks. See Full Host Client Application Data Block 5.0+, page 4-141 for a description of this data block.	
String Block Type	uint32	Initiates a String data block for the host NetBIOS name. This value is always o.	
String Block Length	uint32	Number of bytes in the String data block, including eight bytes for the string block type and length fields, plus the number of bytes in the NetBIOS name string.	
NetBIOS Name	string	Host NetBIOS name string.	
String Block Type	uint32	Initiates a String data block for host notes. This value is always o.	
String Block Length	uint32	Number of bytes in the notes String data block, including eight bytes for the string block type and length fields, plus the number of bytes in the notes string.	
Notes	string	Contains the contents of the Notes host attribute for the host.	
Generic List Block Type	uint32	Initiates a Generic List data block comprising Host Vulnerability data blocks conveying VDB vulnerability data. This value is always 31.	
Generic List Block Length	uint32	Number of bytes in the Generic List data block, including the list header and all encapsulated data blocks.	
(VDB) Host Vulnerability Data Blocks *	variable	List of Host Vulnerability data blocks for vulnerabilities identified in the Cisco vulnerability database (VDB). See Host Vulnerability Data Block 4.9.0+, page 4-103 for a description of this data block.	
Generic List Block Type	uint32	Initiates a Generic List data block comprising Host Vulnerability data blocks conveying third-party scan vulnerability data. This value is always 31.	
Generic List Block Length	uint32	Number of bytes in the Generic List data block, including the list header and all encapsulated data blocks.	
(Third Party/VDB) Host Vulnerability Data Blocks *	variable	Host Vulnerability data blocks sourced from a third party scanner and containing information about host vulnerabilities cataloged in the Cisco vulnerability database (VDB). See Host Vulnerability Data Block 4.9.0+, page 4-103 for a description of this data block.	
Generic List Block Type	uint32	Initiates a Generic List data block comprising Host Vulnerability data blocks conveying third party scan vulnerability data. This value is always 31.	
Generic List Block Length	uint32	Number of bytes in the Generic List data block, including the list header and all encapsulated data blocks.	
(Third Party Scan) Host Vulnerability Data Blocks *	variable	Host Vulnerability data blocks sourced from a third party scanner. Note that the host vulnerability IDs for these data blocks are the third party scanner IDs, not Cisco-detected IDs. See Host Vulnerability Data Block 4.9.0+, page 4-103 for a description of this data block.	
List Block Type	uint32	Initiates a List data block comprising Attribute Value data blocks conveying attribute data. This value is always 11.	

Table 5-1 Full Host Profile Record 5.3+ Fields (continued)

Field	Data Type	Description
List Block Length	uint32	Number of bytes in the List data block, including the list header and all encapsulated data blocks.
Attribute Value Data Blocks *	variable	List of Attribute Value data blocks. See Attribute Value Data Block, page 4-73 for a description of the data blocks in this list.
Mobile	uint8	A true-false flag indicating whether the operating system is running on a mobile device.
Jailbroken	uint8	A true-false flag indicating whether the mobile device operating system is jailbroken.
Generic List Block Type	uint32	Initiates a Generic List data block comprising IOC State data blocks. This value is always 31.
Generic List Block Length	uint32	Number of bytes in the Generic List data block, including the list header and all encapsulated IOC State data blocks.
IOC State Data Blocks *	variable	IOC State data blocks containing information about compromises on a host. See IOC State Data Block for 5.3+, page 4-27 for a description of this data block.

Full Host Profile Data Block 5.3+



Configuring eStreamer

After you create a client application, you can connect it to the eStreamer server, start the eStreamer service, and begin exchanging data.



An *eStreamer server* is a Defense Center or managed device (version 4.9 or higher) where the eStreamer service is running.

Perform the following tasks to manage eStreamer and client interaction:

- 1. Enable eStreamer on the eStreamer server.
 - See Configuring eStreamer on the eStreamer Server, page 6-1 for information about allowing access to the eStreamer server, adding clients, and generating authentication credentials to establish an authenticated connection.
- 2. If required, manually run the eStreamer service (eStreamer). You can stop, start, and view the status of the service, and use command line options to debug client-server communication.
 - See Managing the eStreamer Service, page 6-4 for more information.
- 3. Optionally, to use the eStreamer reference client to troubleshoot a connection or data stream, set up the reference client on the computer where you plan to run your client.
 - See Configuring the eStreamer Reference Client, page 6-5.

Configuring eStreamer on the eStreamer Server

License: Any

Before the Defense Center or managed device you want to use as an eStreamer server can begin streaming events to a client application, you must configure the eStreamer server to send events to clients, provide information about the client, and generate a set of authentication credentials to use when establishing communication. You can perform all of these tasks from the Defense Center or managed device user interface.

See the following sections for more information:

- Configuring eStreamer Event Types, page 6-2
- Adding Authentication for eStreamer Clients, page 6-3

Configuring eStreamer Event Types

License: Any

You can control which types of events the eStreamer server is able to transmit to client applications that request them.

Available event types on a managed device or a Defense Center include:

- Intrusion events
- Intrusion event packet data
- Intrusion event extra data

Available event types on a Defense Center include:

- Discovery events (this also enables connection events)
- · Correlation and white list events
- Impact flag alerts
- User activity events
- Malware events
- File events

Note that the primary and secondary in a stacked 3D9900 pair report intrusion events to the Defense Center as if they were separate managed devices. If you configure communication with an eStreamer client on the primary in a 3D9900 stack, you also need to configure the client on the secondary; the client configuration is not replicated. Similarly, when you delete the client, delete it in both places. If you configure an eStreamer client for a Defense Center managing 3D9900s in a stack configuration, note that the Defense Center reports all events received from both managed devices, even if the same event is reported by both.

If you configure an eStreamer client on a Defense Center in a high availability configuration, the client configuration is not replicated from the primary Defense Center to the secondary Defense Center.

To configure the types of events captured by eStreamer:

Access: Admin

- Step 1 Select System > Local > Registration.
- Step 2 Click eStreamer.

The eStreamer page appears with the eStreamer Event Configuration menu.

Step 3 Select the check boxes next to the types of events you want eStreamer to capture and forward to requesting clients. Note that if a check box is currently unchecked, that data is not being captured. Unchecking a check box does not delete data that has already been captured.

You can select any or all of the following on a Defense Center or managed device:

- Intrusion Events to transmit intrusion events generated by managed devices.
- Intrusion Event Packet Data to transmit packets associated with intrusion events.
- Intrusion Event Extra Data to transmit additional data associated with intrusion events, such as the URI associated with the originating IP address of a client connecting to a web server through an HTTP proxy or load balancer.

You can also select any or all of the following on a Defense Center:

- Discovery Events to transmit host discovery events
- Correlation Events to transmit correlation and white list events.
- Impact Flag Alerts to transmit impact alerts generated by the Defense Center.
- User Activity Events to transmit user events.
- Intrusion Event Extra Data to transmit additional data for intrusion events, such as the URI associated with the originating IP address of a client connecting to a web server through an HTTP proxy or load balancer.



Note that this controls which events the eStreamer server can transmit. Your client application must still specifically request the types of events you want it to receive. For more information, see Request Flags, page 2-11.

Step 4 Click Save.

Your settings are saved and the events you selected will be forwarded to eStreamer clients when requested.

Adding Authentication for eStreamer Clients

License: Any

Before eStreamer can send events to a client, you must add the client to the eStreamer server's peers database. You must also copy the authentication certificate generated by the eStreamer server to the client.

To add an eStreamer client:

Access: Admin

Step 1 Select Local > Registration > eStreamer.

The eStreamer page appears.

Step 2 Click Create Client.

The Create Client page appears.

Step 3 In the Hostname field, enter the host name or IP address of the host running the eStreamer client.



If you use a host name, the host input server **must** be able to resolve the host to an IP address. If you have not configured DNS resolution, you should configure it first or use an IP address.

- Step 4 If you want to encrypt the certificate file, enter a password in the Password field.
- Step 5 Click Save.

The eStreamer server allows the client computer to access port 8302 on the Defense Center and creates an authentication certificate to use during client-server authentication. The eStreamer Client page re-appears, with the new client listed under eStreamer Clients.

Step 6 Click the download icon ($\frac{1}{2}$) next to the certificate file.

Step 7 Save the certificate file to the directory used by your client computer for SSL authentication.

The client can now connect to the Defense Center.



To revoke access for a client, click the delete icon () next to the host you want to remove. Note that you do not need to restart the host input service on the Defense Center; access is revoked immediately.

Managing the eStreamer Service

License: Any

You can manage the eStreamer service from the user interface. However, you can also use the command line to start and stop the service. The following sections describe eStreamer command line options:

- Starting and Stopping the eStreamer Service, page 6-4 describes how to start and stop the eStreamer service.
- eStreamer Service Options, page 6-4 describes the command line options available for the eStreamer service and how to use them.

Starting and Stopping the eStreamer Service

License: Any

You can manage the eStreamer service using the manage_estreamer.pl script, which allows you to start, stop, reload, and restart the service.



You can also add command line options to the eStreamer initialization script. See eStreamer Service Options, page 6-4 for more information.

The following table describes the options in the manage_estreamer.pl script you can use on the Defense Center or managed device.

Table 6-1 eStreamer Management Options

Option	Description	Select option Number
enable	Starts the service.	3
disable	Stops the service.	2
restart	Restarts the service.	4
status	Indicates whether the service is running.	1

eStreamer Service Options

License: Any

eStreamer provides many service options that allow you to troubleshoot the service. You can use the options described in the following table with the eStreamer service.

Table 6-2 eStreamer Service Options

Option	Description	
debug	Runs eStreamer with debug-level logging. Errors are saved in the syslog and (when used in conjunction withnodaemon) appear on screen.	
nodaemon	Runs eStreamer as a foreground process. Errors appear on-screen.	
nohostcheck	Runs eStreamer with host name checking disabled. That is, if the client host name does not match the host name contained in the subjectAltName:dNSName entry in the client certificate, access is still allowed. The nohostcheck option is useful in cases where the network DNS and/or NAT configuration prevent the host name check from succeeding. Note that all other security checks are performed.	
	Caution Enabling this option can negatively affect the security of your system.	

Use the above options by first stopping the eStreamer service, then running it with the options you want, and finally restarting the service. For example, you can follow the instructions provided in Running the eStreamer Service in Debug Mode, page 6-5 to debug eStreamer functionality.

Running the eStreamer Service in Debug Mode

License: Any

You can run the eStreamer service in debug mode to view each status message the service generates on your terminal screen. Use the following procedure to do debugging.

To run the eStreamer service in debug mode:

Access: Admin

- Step 1 Log into the Defense Center or managed device using SSH.
- Step 2 Use manage estreamer.pl and select option 2 to stop the eStreamer service.
- Step 3 Use ./usr/local/sf/bin/sfestreamer --nodaemon --debug to restart the eStreamer service in debug mode.

Status messages for the service appear on the terminal screen.

Step 4 When you are finished debugging, restart the service in normal mode using manage_estreamer.pl and selecting option 4.

Configuring the eStreamer Reference Client

The *reference client* provided with the eStreamer SDK is a set of sample client scripts and Perl modules included to illustrate how the eStreamer API can be used. You can run them to familiarize yourself with eStreamer output, or you can use them to debug problems with installations of your custom-built client.

For more information on setting up the reference client, see the following sections:

- Setting Up the eStreamer Perl Reference Client, page 6-6
- Running the eStreamer Perl Reference Client, page 6-10

Setting Up the eStreamer Perl Reference Client

To use the eStreamer Perl reference client, you must first configure the sample scripts to fit your environment and requirements.

For more information, see the following sections:

- Understanding the eStreamer Perl Reference Client, page 6-6
- Configuring Communications for the eStreamer Reference Client, page 6-7
- Loading General Prerequisites for the Perl Reference Client, page 6-7
- Loading Prerequisites for the Perl SNMP Reference Client, page 6-7
- Understanding the Data Requested by a Test Script, page 6-8
- Modifying the Type of Data Requested by a Test Script, page 6-8
- Creating a Certificate for the Perl Reference Client, page 6-10

Understanding the eStreamer Perl Reference Client

You can download the estreamerSDK. zip package, which contains the eStreamer Perl reference client, from the Cisco support site. The following files are included in the estreamerSDK. zip package:

• SF CUSTOM ALERT.MIB

This MIB file is used by the snmp.pm file to set up traps for SNMP.

SFRecords.pm

This Perl module contains definitions of discovery message record blocks.

SFStreamer.pm

This Perl module contains the functions called by the Perl clients.

SFPkcs12.pm

This Perl module parses the client certificate and allows the client to connect to the eStreamer server.

• SFRNABlocks.pm

This Perl module contains definitions of discovery data blocks.

• ssl test.pl

You can use this Perl script to test an intrusion event request over an SSL connection.

• OutputPlugins/csv.pm

This Perl module prints intrusion events to a comma-separated value (CSV) format.

• OutputPlugins/print.pm

This Perl module prints events to a human-readable format.

• OutputPlugins/snmp.pm

This Perl module sends events to the specified SNMP server.

OutputPlugins/pcap.pm

This Perl module stores packet captures as a pcap file.

• OutputPlugins/syslog.pm

This Perl module sends events to the local syslog server.

Configuring Communications for the eStreamer Reference Client

The reference client uses the Secure Sockets Layer (SSL) for data communication. You must install OpenSSL on the computer you plan to use as a client and configure it appropriately for your environment.



For initial installations on Linux operating systems, you must install the libssl-dev component as part of this download.

To set up SSL on your client:

- Step 1 Download OpenSSL from http://openssl.org/source/.
- **Step 2** Unpack the source to /usr/local/src.
- Step 3 Configure the source by running the Configure script.
- **Step 4** Make and install the compiled source.

Loading General Prerequisites for the Perl Reference Client

Before you can run the eStreamer Perl reference client, you must install the IO::Socket::SSL Perl module on the client computer. You can install the module manually or use cpan to do so.



If the Net::SSLeay module is not installed on the client computer, install that module as well. Net::SSLeay is required for communication with OpenSSL.

You also need to install and configure OpenSSL to support an SSL connection to the eStreamer server. For more information, see Configuring Communications for the eStreamer Reference Client, page 6-7.

Loading Prerequisites for the Perl SNMP Reference Client

Before you can run the eStreamer SNMP module of the Perl reference client, you must install the latest net-snmp Perl modules available for the client operating system on the client computer.

Downloading and Unpacking the Perl Reference Client

You can download the EventStreamerSDK. zip file that contains the eStreamer Perl reference client the Cisco support site.

Unpack the zip file to a computer running the Linux operating system, where you plan to run the client.

Understanding the Data Requested by a Test Script

By default, when you use the ssl_test -o setting in the reference client, you request data as indicated in the following table.

Table 6-3 Default Requests Made by Output Plugins

This syntax	Calls plugin	And sends	To request the following data
./ssl_test.pl eStreamerServerName -h HostIPAddresses	N/A	Host request, message type 5, with bit 11 set to	Host data (see Host Data and Multiple Host Data Message Format, page 2-29)
./ssl_test.pl eStreamerServerName -o print -f TextFile	OutputPlugins/pri nt.pm	Event stream request, message type 2, with bits 2 and 20-24 set to 1	Event data (see Event Stream Request Message Format, page 2-10, Correlation Policy Record, page 3-21, Correlation Rule Record, page 3-23, Metadata for Discovery Events, page 4-6, Host Discovery Structures by Event Type, page 4-36, and User Data Structures by Event Type, page 4-53)
			eStreamer transmits type 1 intrusion events because bit 2 is set on the event stream request.
./ssl_test.pl eStreamerServerName -o pcap -f TargetPCAPFile	OutputPlugins/ pcap.pm	Event stream request, message type 2, with bits 0 and 23 set to 1	Packet data (see Event Data Message Format, page 2-17 and Packet Record 4.8.0.2+, page 3-4) eStreamer transmits only packet data because bit 0 is set on the event stream request.
./ssl_test.pl eStreamerServerName -o csv -f CSVFile	OutputPlugins/ csv.pm	Event stream request, message type 2, with bits 2 and 23 set to 1	Intrusion event data (see Event Data Message Format, page 2-17 and Intrusion Event Record 5.4+, page 3-6) eStreamer transmits type 1 intrusion events because bit 2 is set on the event stream request.
./ssl_test.pl eStreamerServerName -o snmp -f SNMPServer	OutputPlugins/ snmp.pm	Event stream request, message type 2, with bits 2, 20, and 23 set to 1	Intrusion event data (see Event Data Message Format, page 2-17 and Intrusion Event Record 5.4+, page 3-6) eStreamer transmits type 1 intrusion events because bit 2 is set on the event stream request.
./ssl_test.pl eStreamerServerName -o syslog	OutputPlugins/ syslog.pm	Event stream request, message type 2, with bits 2, 20, and 23 set to 1	Intrusion event data (see Event Data Message Format, page 2-17 and Intrusion Event Record 5.4+, page 3-6) eStreamer transmits type 1 intrusion events because bit 2 is set on the event stream request.

Modifying the Type of Data Requested by a Test Script

The SFStreamer.pm Perl module defines several request flag variables that you can use in the sample scripts to request data. The following table indicates what request flag variable to call to set each request flag in an event stream request message. If you want to request different data using one of the output modules, you can edit the \$FLAG settings in the module.

For more information on the request flags, the data they request, and the product versions corresponding to each flag, see Request Flags, page 2-11.

Table 6-4 Request Flag Variables Used in Sample Scripts

Variable	Sets Request Flag	To request the following data
\$FLAG_PKTS	0	Packet data
\$FLAG_METADATA	1	Version 1 metadata
\$FLAG_IDS	2	Type 1 intrusion events
\$FLAG_RNA	3	Version 1 discovery events
\$FLAG_POLICY_EVENTS	4	Version 1 correlation events
\$FLAG_IMPACT_ALERTS	5	Intrusion impact alerts
\$FLAG_IDS_IMPACT_FLAG	6	Type 7 intrusion events
\$FLAG_RNA_EVENTS_2	7	Version 2 discovery events
\$FLAG_RNA_FLOW	8	Version 1 connection data
\$FLAG_POLICY_EVENTS_2	9	Version 2 correlation events
\$FLAG_RNA_EVENTS_3	10	Version 3 discovery events
\$FLAG_HOST_ONLY	11	When sent in conjunction with \$FLAG_HOST_SINGLE (for one host) or \$FLAG_HOST_MULTI (for multiple hosts), only host data with no event data
\$FLAG_RNA_FLOW_3	12	Version 3 connection data
\$FLAG_POLICY_EVENTS_3	13	Version 3 correlation events
\$FLAG_METADATA_2	14	Version 2 metadata
\$FLAG_METADATA_3	15	Version 3 metadata
\$FLAG_RNA_EVENTS_4	17	Version 4 discovery events
\$FLAG_RNA_FLOW_4	18	Version 4 connection data
\$FLAG_POLICY_EVENTS_4	19	Version 4 correlation events
\$FLAG_METADATA_4	20	Version 4 metadata
\$FLAG_RUA	21	User activity events
\$FLAG_POLICY_EVENTS_5	22	Version 5 correlation events
\$FLAGS_SEND_ARCHIVE_ TIMESTAMP	23	Extended event headers that include the timestamp applied when the event was archived for eStreamer server to process
\$FLAG_RNA_EVENTS_5	24	Version 5 discovery events
\$FLAG_RNA_EVENTS_6	25	Version 6 discovery events
\$FLAG_RNA_FLOW_5	26	Version 5 connection data
\$FLAG_EXTRA_DATA	27	Intrusion event extra data record
\$FLAG_RNA_EVENTS_7	28	Version 7 discovery events
\$FLAG_POLICY_EVENTS_6	29	Version 6 correlation events
\$FLAG_DETAIL_REQUEST	30	Extended request to eStreamer



In all event types, prior to version 5.x, the reference client labels detection engine ID fields as sensor ID.

Creating a Certificate for the Perl Reference Client

License: Any

Before you can use the Perl reference client, you need to create a certificate on the Defense Center or managed device for the computer where you want to run the client. You then download the certificate file to the client computer and use it to create a certificate (server.crt) and RSA key file (server.key).

To create a certificate for the Perl Reference Client:

Access: Admin

Step 1 Select **Operations** > **Configuration** > **eStreamer**.

The eStreamer page appears.

Step 2 Click Create Client.

The Create Client page appears.

Step 3 In the Hostname field, enter the host name or IP address of the host running the eStreamer client.



If you use a host name, the host input server **must** be able to resolve the host to an IP address. If you have not configured DNS resolution, you should configure it first or use an IP address.

- Step 4 If you want to encrypt the certificate file, enter a password in the Password field.
- Step 5 Click Save.

The eStreamer server allows the client computer to access port 8302 on the Defense Center and creates an authentication certificate to use during client-server authentication. The eStreamer Client page re-appears, with the new client listed under eStreamer Clients.

- **Step 6** Click the download icon $(\stackrel{1}{\cancel{L}})$ next to the certificate file.
- Step 7 Save the certificate file to the directory used by your client computer for SSL authentication.

The client can now connect to the Defense Center.



Tip

To revoke access for a client, click the delete icon () next to the host you want to remove. Note that you do not need to restart the host input service on the Defense Center; access is revoked immediately.

Running the eStreamer Perl Reference Client

The eStreamer Perl reference client scripts are designed for use on a 64-bit operating system with the Linux kernel but should work on any POSIX-based 64-bit operating system, as long as the client machine meets the prerequisites defined in Setting Up the eStreamer Perl Reference Client, page 6-6.

For more information, see the following sections:

- Testing a Client Connection over SSL Using a Host Request, page 6-11
- Capturing a PCAP Using the Reference Client, page 6-11
- Capturing CSV Records Using the Reference Client, page 6-11
- Sending Records to an SNMP Server Using the Reference Client, page 6-12
- Logging Events to the Syslog Using the Reference Client, page 6-12
- Connecting to an IPv6 Address, page 6-12

Testing a Client Connection over SSL Using a Host Request

You can use the ssl_test.pl script to test the connection between the eStreamer server and the eStreamer client. The ssl_test.pl script handles any record type and prints it to STDOUT or to an output plugin you specify. When you use the -h option without an output option, it streams host data for the specified hosts to your terminal.



You cannot use this script to stream packet data without directing it to an output plugin because printing raw packet data to STDOUT interferes with your terminal.

Use the following syntax to use the ssl_test.pl script to send host data to the standard output:

```
./{\tt ssl\_test.pl} \ \ eStreamerServerIPAddress \ \ -h \ \ HostIPAddresses
```

For example, to test receipt of host data for the hosts in the 10.0.0.0/8 subnet over a connection to an eStreamer server with an IP address of 10.10.0.4:

```
./ssl_test.pl 10.10.0.4 -h 10.0.0.0/8
```

Capturing a PCAP Using the Reference Client

You can use the reference client to capture streamed packet data in a PCAP file to see the structure of the data the client receives. Note that you must use -f to specify a target file when you use the -o pcap output option.

Use the following syntax to capture streamed packet data in a PCAP file using the ssl test.pl script:

```
./ssl_test.pl eStreamerServerIPAddress -o pcap -f ResultingPCAPFile
```

For example, to create a PCAP file named test.pcap using events streamed from an eStreamer server with an IP address of 10.10.0.4:

```
./ssl test.pl 10.10.0.4 -o pcap -f test.pcap
```

Capturing CSV Records Using the Reference Client

You can also use the reference client to capture streamed intrusion event data in a CSV file to see the structure of the data the client receives.

Use the following syntax to run the streamer csv.pl script:

```
./ssl test.pl eStreamerServerIPAddress -o csv -f ResultingCSVFile
```

For example, to create a CSV file named test.csv using events streamed from an eStreamer server with an IP address of 10.10.0.4:

```
./ssl_test.pl 10.10.0.4 -o csv -f test.csv
```

Sending Records to an SNMP Server Using the Reference Client

You can also use the reference client to stream intrusion event data to an SNMP server. Use the -f option to indicate the name of the SNMP trap server that should receive events. Note that this output method requires a binary named snmptrapd in the path and therefore only works on UNIX-like systems.

Use the following syntax to send intrusion events to an SNMP server:

```
./ssl_test.pl eStreamerServerIPAddress -o snmp
-f SNMPServerName
```

For example, to send events to an SNMP server at 10.10.0.3 using events streamed from an eStreamer server with an IP address of 10.10.0.4:

```
./ssl_test.pl 10.10.0.4 -o snmp -f 10.10.0.3
```

Logging Events to the Syslog Using the Reference Client

You can also use the reference client to stream intrusion events to the local syslog server on the client.

Use the following syntax to send events to the syslog:

```
./ssl_test.pl eStreamerServerIPAddress -o syslog For example, to log events streamed from an eStreamer server with an IP address of 10.10.0.4:
```

```
./ssl test.pl 10.10.0.4 -o syslog
```

Connecting to an IPv6 Address

You can use the reference client to connect to a Defense Center with an IPv6 address through the primary management interface. You must have the Socket6 and IO::Socket::INET6 Perl modules installed on the client machine and use the -ipv6 option or the shortened form -i.

Use the following syntax to specify an IPv6 address using the ssl_test.pl script:

```
./ssl_test.pl -ipv6 eStreamerServerIPAddress
or

./ssl_test.pl -i eStreamerServerIPAddress
For example, to connect to a Defense Center with the IPv6 address
2001:470:e09c:20:7c1e:5248:1bf7:2ea0 use the following:
./ssl test.pl -ipv6 2001:470:e09c:20:7c1e:5248:1bf7:2ea0
```



Data Structure Examples

This appendix contains data structure examples for selected intrusion, correlation, and discovery events. Each example is displayed in binary format to clearly display how each bit is set.

See the following sections for more information:

- Intrusion Event Data Structure Examples
- Discovery Data Structure Examples, page A-17

Intrusion Event Data Structure Examples

This section contains examples of data structures that may be transmitted by eStreamer for intrusion events. The following examples are provided:

- Example of an Intrusion Event for the Defense Center 5.4+, page A-1
- Example of an Intrusion Impact Alert, page A-6
- Example of a Packet Record, page A-8
- Example of a Classification Record, page A-9
- Example of a Priority Record, page A-11
- Example of a Rule Message Record, page A-12
- Example of a Version 5.1+ User Event, page A-14

Example of an Intrusion Event for the Defense Center 5.4+

The following diagram shows an example event record:

Byte				0								1								2								3				
Bit	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	1	1	1 2	1 3	1 4	1 5	1	1 7	18	19	2	2	2 2	2	2 4	2 5	2 6	2 7	2 8	2	3	31
1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0
2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	1	1	0
3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0

Byte				0								1								2								3				ĺ
Bit	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	1	1	1 2	1 3	1 4	1 5	16	1 7	18	19	2	2	2 2	2 3	2 4	2 5	2	2 7	2 8	2	3	31
4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	1	1	0
5	0	1	0	1	0	0	1	1	1	0	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	1	1	1	0	0	1	0	1	1	1	1
6	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
7	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	1	0	1
8	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	1	1	0
9	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1
10	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	1	0	0
11	0	1	0	1	0	0	1	1	1	0	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	1	1	1	0	0	1	0	1	1	1	1
12	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	1	0	1	0	1	1	1	0	0	1	1	1	0
13	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0
14	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	0	1	1	1
15	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
16	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
17	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1
18	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	1	1	1	1	0	1	1	1	0	1	1	1	0	0
19	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	1	1	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	1
20	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0
21	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
22	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
23	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

Byte				0				Î				1				Ì				2				Î				3				
Bit	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	1	1	1 2	1 3	1 4	1 5	1		18	1 9	2	2	2 2	2 3	2 4	2 5	2 6	2 7	2 8	2 9	3	31
24	1	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	1	1	1	0	1	0	0	1	1	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0
	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	0	0	1	0	0
	1	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	0	0	0	1
	1	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	1	0
25	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
26	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	1	0	0	1	1	1	1
27	0	1	1	1	0	1	1	1	0	0	1	1	0	1	0	1	1	0	0	1	0	1	1	0	1	0	1	0	0	1	0	0
28	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	1	0	0	1	0	0
29	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
30	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	1	1	0	0	1	0	0	1	1	1	0
	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	0	0	1	0	0
	1	0	1	0	0	1	0	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	1	0	1	0	1	1	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1
	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	1	0	1	1	1	1	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	0
31	0	1	1	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	1	1	0	1	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	1	0	1	0
	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	1	1	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	1	1
	1	0	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	1	1	0	0	1	1	0	1
	1	0	1	0	1	0	1	1	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	1	1	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	1	1	1	0	0
32	0	1	1	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	1	1	0	1	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	1	0	1	0
	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	1	1	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	1	1
	1	0	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	1	1	0	0	1	1	0	1
	1	0	1	0	1	0	1	1	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	1	1	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	1	1	1	0	0
33	0	0	1	0	1	1	0	1	1	1	1	0	0	1	1	0	1	1	1	1	0	0	1	1	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0
	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	1	1
	1	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	1	1	1	0	0	1	0	0	1	1	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1
	1	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	1	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	1	1
34	0	0	1	0	1	1	0	1	1	1	1	0	0	1	1	0	1	1	1	1	0	0	1	1	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0

Byte				0								1								2								3				
Bit	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	1	1	1 2	1 3	1	1 5	1	7	18	1	2	2	2 2	2 3	2 4	2 5	2	2 7	2 8	2	3	31
'	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	1	1
	1	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	1	1	1	0	0	1	0	0	1	1	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1
	1	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	1	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	1	1
35	0	1	0	1	0	0	1	1	1	0	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	1	1	1	0	0	1	0	1	1	1	1
36	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	1	1	0
37	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
38	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
39	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
40	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
41	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
42	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
43	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
44	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0																

In the preceding example, the following event information appears:

Number	Description
1	The first two bytes of this line indicate the standard header value of 1. The second two bytes
	indicate that the message is a data message (that is, message type four).
2	This line indicates that the message that follows is 294 bytes long.

Number	Description
3	This line indicates a record type value of 400, which represents an intrusion event record.
4	This line indicates that the event record that follows is 278 bytes long.
5	This line is the timestamp when the event was saved. In this case, it was saved on Wednesday, July 2, 2014 at 16:11:27.
6	This line is reserved for future use and is populated with zeros.
7	This line indicates that the block type is 45, which is the block type for Intrusion Event records for version 5.4+.
8	This line indicates that the data block is 278 bytes long.
9	This line indicates that the event is collected from sensor number 5.
10	This line indicates that the event identification number is 65580.
11	This line indicates that the event occurred at second 1404317489.
12	This line indicates that the event occurred at microsecond 46542.
13	This line indicates that the rule ID number is 4.
14	This line indicates that the event was detected by generator ID number 119, the rules engine.
15	This line indicates that the rule revision number is 1.
16	This line indicates that the classification identification number is 1.
17	This line indicates that the priority identification number is 3.
18	This line indicates that the source IP address is 10.5.61.220. Note that this field can contain either IPv4 or IPv6 addresses.
19	This line indicates that the destination IP address is 10.5.56.133. Note that this field can contain either IPv4 or IPv6 addresses.
20	The first two bytes in this line indicate that the source port number is 33018, and the second two bytes indicate that the destination port number is 8080.
21	This first byte in this line indicates that TCP (6) is the protocol used in the event. The second byte is the impact flag, which indicates that the event is red (vulnerable) since the second bit is 1; that the source or destination host is in a network monitored by the system, the source or destination host exists in the network map, and that the source or destination host is running a server on the port in the event; because the second and third flags are one, this is an orange event which is potentially vulnerable. The third byte in this line is the impact, which is 2 indicating that the event is orange and potentially vulnerable. The last byte indicates that the event was not blocked.
22	This line contains the MPLS label, if present.
23	The first two bytes in this line indicate that the VLAN ID is 0. The last two bytes are reserved and set to 0.
24	This line contains the unique ID number for the intrusion policy.
25	This line contains the internal identification number for the user. Since there is no applicable user, it is all zeros.
26	This line contains the internal identification number for the web application, which is 847.
27	This line contains the internal identification number for the client application, which is 2000000676.

Number	Description
28	This line contains the internal identification number for the application protocol, which is 676.
29	This line contains the unique identifier for the access control rule, which is 1.
30	This line contains the unique identifier for the access control policy.
31	This line contains the unique identifier for the ingress interface.
32	This line contains unique identifier for the egress interface. Since this event was blocked.
33	This line contains the unique identifier for the ingress security zone.
34	This line contains the unique identifier for the egress security zone.
35	This line contains the Unix timestamp of the connection event associated with the intrusion event.
36	The first two bytes in this line indicate the numerical ID of the Snort instance on the managed device that generated the connection event. The remaining two bytes indicate the value used to distinguish between connection events that happen during the same second.
37	The first two bytes in this line indicate the code for the country of the source host. The remaining two bytes indicate the code for the country of the destination host.
38	The first two bytes of this line contain the ID number of the compromise associated with this event. The remaining two bytes contain the beginning of the ID number for the security context (virtual firewall) that the traffic passed through.
39	This line contains the rest of the ID number for the security context (virtual firewall) that the traffic passed through.
40	The first two bytes of this line contain the last two bytes of the security context (virtual firewall) that the traffic passed through. The second two bytes contain the beginning of the SHA1 Hash of the SSL Server certificate if SSL was used.
41	This line contains the rest of the SHA1 Hash of the SSL Server certificate if SSL was used.
42	The first two bytes of this line contain the last two bytes of the SHA1 Hash of the SSL Server certificate. The second two bytes contain the SSL Action which was actually taken. Since SSL was not used in this connection, this is 0.
43	The first two bytes of this line contain the SSL Flow Status. Since SSL was not used in this connection, this is 0. The second two bytes contain the first two bytes of the UUID of the Network Analysis Policy associated with this event.
44	This line contains the rest of the UUID of the Network Analysis Policy associated with this event.

Example of an Intrusion Impact Alert

The following diagram shows an example intrusion impact alert record:

Byte				0								1								2								3				
Bit	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	1	1	1 2	1 3	1 4	1 5	16	1 7	18	1	2	2	2 2	2 3	2 4	2 5	2	2	2 8	2	3	3
1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0
2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	1	1	0
3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1
4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	1	0
5	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	0
6	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	1	0
7	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	0
8	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0
9	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	1	1	0	1	1	0	1	1	0	1	1	1	1	0	0	1	0	1	0	0
10	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
11	1	0	1	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	1	1	0
12	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
13	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
14	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	0
15	0	1	0	1	0	1	1	0	0	1	1	1	0	1	0	1	0	1	1	0	1	1	0	0	0	1	1	0	1	1	1	0
	0	1	1	0	0	1	0	1	0	1	1	1	0	0	1	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	1	0	0	0	1	0
	0	1	1	0	1	1	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	1	0	1																

In the preceding example, the following information appears:

Number	Description
1	The first two bytes of this line indicate the standard header value of 1. The second two bytes indicate that the message is a data message (message type four).
2	This line indicates that the message that follows is 58 bytes long.
3	This line indicates a record type value of 9, which represents an intrusion impact alert record.
4	This line indicates that the data that follows is 50 bytes long.
5	This line contains a value of 20, indicating that an intrusion impact alert data block follows.

Number	Description
6	This line indicates that the length of the impact alert block, including the impact alert block header, is 50 bytes.
7	This line indicates that the event identification number is 201256.
8	This line indicates that the event is collected from device number 2.
9	This line indicates that the event occurred at second 1087223700.
10	This line indicates that 1 (red, vulnerable) is the impact level associated with the event.
11	This line indicates that the IP address associated with the violation event is 172.16.1.22.
12	This line indicates that there is no destination IP address associated with the violation (values are set to 0).
13	This line indicates that a string block follows, containing a string block length and a text string which, in this case, contains the impact name. For more information about string blocks, see String Data Block, page 3-55.
14	This line indicates that the total length of the string block, including the string block indicator and length is 18 bytes. This includes 10 bytes for the impact description and 8 bytes for the string header.
15	This line indicates that the description of the impact is "Vulnerable."

Example of a Packet Record

The following diagram shows an example packet record:

Byte				0								1								2								3				
Bit	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	1	1	1 2	1 3	14	1 5	16	1 7	18	1	2	2	2 2	2 3	2 4	2 5	2 6	2 7	2 8	9		3
1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0
2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	0	1	1	1	0	1
3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0
4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	0	1	0	1	0	1
5	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1
6	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	1	0	1	1	0	0	1	1	0
7	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	1	1	0	0	1	0
8	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	1	1	0	1	0	0
9	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	1	1	1	0	1
10	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
11	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	0	1	1	1	0	0	1

Byte				0)							1								2								3				
Bit	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	1	1	1 2	1 3	1 4	1 5	16	1 7	18	1 9	2	2	2 2	2 3	2 4	2 5	2 6	2 7	2 8	2 9	3	3
12	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0
	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0

In the preceding example, the following packet information appears:

Numbe	
r	Description
1	The first two bytes of this line indicate the standard header value of 1. The second two bytes indicate that the message is a data message (message type four).
2	This line indicates that the message that follows is 989 bytes long.
3	This line indicates a record type value of 2, which represents a packet record.
4	This line indicates that the packet record that follows is 981 bytes long.
5	This line indicates that the event is collected from device number 3.
6	This line indicates that the event identification number is 195430.
7	This line indicates that the event occurred at second 1057259378.
8	This line indicates that the packet was collected at second 1057259380.
9	This line indicates that the packet was collected at microsecond 254365.
10	This line indicates that the link type is 1 (Ethernet layer).
11	This line indicates that the packet data that follows is 953 bytes long.
12	This line and the following line show the actual payload data. Note that the actual data is 953 bytes and has been truncated for the sake of this example.

Example of a Classification Record

The following diagram shows an example classification record:

Byte				0								1								2								3				
Bit	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	1	1	1 2	1 3	14	1 5	16	1 7	18	19	2	2	2 2	2 3	2 4	2 5	2	2 7	2 8	2	3	3
1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0
2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	1	1	0	0
3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	1
4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	1	0	0
5	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0

Byte				0								1								2								3				
Bit	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	1	1	1 2	1 3	1	1 5	1	1 7	18	1	2	2	2 2	2 3	2 4	2 5	2	2 7	2 8	9	3	3
6	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	0	1	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	1	1	1	0	0	1	0
	0	1	1	0	1	1	1	1	0	1	1	0	1	0	1	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	1	0	1	1	1	0
	0	0	1	0	1	1	0	1	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	1	0	0	0	1	1	0	1	1	1	0	1	0	0
	0	1	1	0	1	0	0	1	0	1	1	1	0	1	1	0	0	1	1	0	1	0	0	1	0	1	1	1	0	1	0	0
7	0	1	1	1	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1
	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	1	1	0	0	1	1	0	0	1	0	1	0	1	1	1	0	1	0	0
	0	1	1	1	0	1	1	1	0	1	1	0	1	1	1	1	0	1	1	1	0	0	1	0	0	1	1	0	1	0	1	1
	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	1	1	1	0	0	1	0	0	1	1	0	1	1	1	1
	0	1	1	0	1	0	1	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	1	0	1	1	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0
	0	1	1	1	0	1	1	1	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	1	1	0	0	1	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0
	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	1	0	1	0	1	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	1	0	1
	0	1	1	0	0	0	1	1	0	1	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	1	0	1	0	1	1	0	0	1	0	0
8	1	0	0	1	1	1	0	1	1	1	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	1	1	1	0	1	0	0	0
	1	1	0	0	1	0	1	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	1	1	0	1	1	0	0	1
	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	1	1	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0
	0	1	0	1	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
9	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

In the preceding example, the following event information appears:

Numbe r	Description
1	The first two bytes of the line indicate the standard header value of 1. The second two bytes indicate that the message is a data message (message type four).
2	This line indicates that the message that follows is 92 bytes long.
3	This line indicates a record type value of 67, which represents a classification record.

Numbe	
r	Description
4	This line indicates that the classification record that follows is 84 bytes long.
5	This line indicates that the Classification ID is 35.
6	The first two bytes of this line indicate that the classification name that follows it is 15 bytes long. The second two bytes begin the classification name itself, which, in this case, is "trojan-activity".
7	The first byte in this line is a continuation of the classification name described in line 6. The next two bytes in this line indicate that the classification description that follows it is 29 bytes long. The remaining byte begins the classification description, which, in this case, is "A Network Trojan was Detected."
8	This line indicates the classification ID number that acts as a unique identifier for the classification.
9	This line indicates the classification revision ID number that acts as a unique identifier for the classification revision, which is null because there are no revisions to the classification.

Example of a Priority Record

The following example shows a sample priority record:

Byte				0								1								2								3				
Bit	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	1	1	1 2	1 3	1 4	1 5	16	1 7	18	19	2	2	2 2	2 3	2 4	2 5	2 6	2 7	2 8	2 9	3	3
1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0
2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0
3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0
4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0
5	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
6	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	1	0	0	1
	0	1	1	0	0	1	1	1	0	1	1	0	1	0	0	0																

In the preceding example, the following event information appears:

Numbe r	Description
1	The first two bytes in this line indicate the standard header value of 1. The second two bytes indicate that the message is a data message (message type four).
2	This line indicates that the message that follows is 16 bytes.
3	This line indicates a record type value of 4, which represents a priority record.

Numbe	
r	Description
4	This line indicates that the priority record that follows is 8 bytes long.
5	This line indicates that the priority ID is one.
6	The first two bytes of this line indicate that there are four bytes included in the priority name. The second two bytes plus the two bytes on the following line show the priority name itself ("high").

Example of a Rule Message Record

The following example shows a sample rule record:

Byte				0								1								2								3				
Bit	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	1	1	1 2	1 3	1 4	1 5	16	1 7	18	19	2	2	2 2	2 3	2 4	2 5	2 6	2 7	2 8			3
1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0
2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	0
4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	0	0	1
5	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
6	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	1	1	0	1	1	0	1	0	0	1	0	1
7	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
8	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	1	1	0	1	1	0	1	0	0	1	0	1
9	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	0	1	1	0	1	1	0	0	0	1	1	0	1	1	1
	0	0	1	0	0	1	1	1	0	0	1	1	1	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1
	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	1	1	1	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1
	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	0	1	1	0	1	0	0	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	1	1
10	0	1	1	0	1	1	0	1	1	1	0	1	0	0	1	0	1	0	1	1	0	1	1	0	0	0	1	1	0	1	1	1
	0	0	1	0	1	0	1	0	1	0	1	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1
	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	1	1	1	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1
	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	0	1	1	0	1	0	0	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	1	1
11	0	1	1	0	1	1	0	1	1	1	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0
	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	1	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	1

Byte	0											1								2								3				
Bit	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	1	1 2	1 3	1 4	1 5	16	1 7	18	19	2	2	2 2	2 3	2 4	2 5	2 6	2 7	2 8	9	3	3
	0	1	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	1	0	1	0	1	0	0
	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	1	1	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	1	1
	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	0	0	1	0	0	1	1	0	0	1	0	1	0	1	1	1	0	0	0	1
	0	1	1	1	0	1	0	1	0	1	1	0	0	1	0	1	0	1	1	1	0	0	1	1	0	1	1	1	0	1	0	0
	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	1	1	0	0	1	1	0	1	1	1	1	0	1	1	1	0	0	1	0
	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	1	1	1	1	0	1	1	1	0	1	0	0
	0	1	1	0	0	1	0	1	0	1	1	0	1	1	1	0	0	1	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	1	1	0	1	0	0	1
	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	1	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	1	1	0	1
	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	1	0	1	1	0	0	0	1	1	1	0	1	1	1	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	1
	0	1	1	1	0	0	1	0	0	1	1	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	1	1
	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	1	0	0	1	1	0	0	1	1	0	0	1	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	1	1	1
	0	1	1	1	0	1	0	1	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	1	1	0	0	1	0	0	1	1	0	0	1	0	0
	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	1	1	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0
	0	1	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	1	0	1	1	1	1	0	1	1	0	1	1	0	1	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	1
	0	1	1	0	1	0	0	1	0	1	1	0	1	1	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	1	1
	0	0	1	1	0	1	1	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	1	1	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	1	1
	0	1	1	0	1	1	1	0																								

In the preceding example, the following event information appears:

Numbe	
r	Description
1	The first two bytes of this line indicate the standard header value of 1. The second two bytes indicate that the message is a data message (that is, message type four).
2	This line indicates that the message that follows is 129 bytes.
3	This line indicates a record type value of 66, which represents a rule message record.
4	This line indicates that the rule message record that follows is 121 bytes long.
5	This line indicates that the generator identification number is 1, the rules engine.
6	This line indicates that the rule identification number is 28069.
7	This line indicates that the rule revision number is 1.

Numbe	
r	Description
8	This line indicates that the rule identification number rendered to the FireSIGHT System is 28069.
9	The first two bytes of this line indicate that there are 71 bytes included in the rule text name. The second two bytes begin the unique identifier number for the rule.
10	The first two bytes of this line finish the unique identifier number of the rule. The next two bytes begin the unique identifier number for the revision of the rule.
11	The first two bytes of this line finish the unique identifier number for the revision of the rule. The second two bytes begin the text of the rule message itself. The full text of the transmitted rule message is: APP-DETECT DNS request for potential malware SafeGuard to domain 360.cn.

Example of a Version 5.1+ User Event

The following diagram shows an example user event record:

Byte				0								1								2								3				
Bit	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	1	1	1 2	1 3	1 4	1 5	16	1 7	18	19	2	2	2 2	2 3	2 4	2 5	2 6	2 7	2 8	2 9	3	3
1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0
2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	1	0	0	1
3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	1	1	1	1
4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	1
5	0	1	0	1	0	0	1	1	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	1
6	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
7	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1
8	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
9	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
10	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
11	0	1	0	1	0	0	1	0	1	1	1	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	1	0	1	1	1	0	0	1	1
12	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	1	0	0	1	1	1	1
13	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	1	0	0
14	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0
15	0	1	1	1	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	0	1	1	1	1	0	1	0	1	0	0	1	0

Byte				0								1								2								3				
Bit	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	1	1	1 2	1 3	1	1 5	16	1 7	18	19	2	2	2 2	2 3	2 4	2 5	2	2 7	2 8	2	3	3
16	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
17	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	0	1	1	1	1	0	0	0
18	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
19	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	1
20	0	1	0	1	0	0	1	0	1	1	1	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	1	0	1	1	1	0	0	1	1
21	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
22	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
23	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0
24	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	1	1	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	1
	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	1	1	0
	0	0	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	1	1	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	1
	0	0	1	0	1	1	1	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	1	0	1	1	1	0	0	1	1	0	1	0	1
25	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1
26	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	1	0	1	0	1	0
27	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
28	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
29	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	0	1	1	1	1	0	0	0
30	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
31	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0																								

In the preceding example, the following information appears:

Number	Description
1	The first two bytes of this line indicate the standard header value of 1. The second two bytes indicate that the message is a data message (that is, message type four).
2	This line indicates that the message that follows is 153 bytes long.
3	This line indicates a record type value of 95, which represents a user information update message block.
4	This line indicates that the data that follows is 137 bytes long.
5	This line contains the archive timestamp. It is included since bit 23 was set. The timestamp is a Unix timestamp, stored as seconds since 1/1/1970. This time stamp is 1,391,789,354, which is Mon Feb 3 19:43:49 2014.
6	This line contains zeros and is reserved for future use.
7	This line indicates that the detection engine ID is 3.
8	This line is for the legacy (IPv4) IP address. It contains all zeros as it is not populated and the IPv4 address is stored in the IPv6 field.
9	This line contains the MAC address associated with the event. As there is no MAC address, it contains zeros.
10	The first half of this line is the remainder of the MAC address, which is zeros. The next byte indicates the presence of an IPv6 address. The last byte in this line is reserved for future use and contains zeros.
11	This line contains the UNIX timestamp (seconds since 01/01/1970)
	that the system generated the event.
12	This line contains the microsecond (one millionth of a second) increment that the system generated the event.
13	This line contains the event type. This has a value of 1004, which indicates a user modification message.
14	This line contains the event subtype. This has a value of 2, which indicates a user login event.
15	This line contains the serial file number. This field is for internal use and can be disregarded.
16	This line contains the event's position in the serial file. This field is for internal use and can be disregarded.
17	This line contains the IPv6 address. This field is present and used if the Has IPv6 flag is set. In this case, however, it contains the IPv4 address 10.4.15.120.
18	This line initiates a User Login Information data block, indicated by block type 127.
19	This line indicates that the block that follows is 81 bytes long.
20	This line indicates that the user login timestamp is 1,391,456,627, which means it was generated at Mon, 03 Oct 2014 19:43:47 GMT.
21	This line is for the legacy (IPv4) IP address. It contains all zeros as it is not populated and the IPv4 address is stored in the IPv6 field.

Number	Description
22	This line indicates that a string block follows, containing a string block length and a text string which, in this case, contains the user name. For more information about string blocks, see String Data Block, page 3-55.
23	This line indicates that the length of the data in the string block is 16 bytes.
24	This line indicates that the name of the user is "301@10.4.11.175."
25	The line indicates the ID number of the user.
26	This line indicates the application ID for the application protocol used in the connection that the login information was derived from.
27	This line indicates that a string block follows, containing a string block length and a text string which, in this case, contains the email address. For more information about string blocks, see String Data Block, page 3-55.
28	This line indicates that the length of the data in the string block is 0 bytes. This is because there is no email address associated with this user.
29	This line contains IP address from the host where the user was detected logging in.
30	The first bye contains the login type. The remainder of this line indicates that a string block follows, containing a string block length and a text string which, in this case, contains the name of the Active Directory server reporting a login. For more information about string blocks, see String Data Block, page 3-55.
31	The first byte of this line completes the initiation of the string data block. This remainder of this line indicates that the length of the data in the string block is 0 bytes. This is because there is no Active Directory server associated with this login.

Discovery Data Structure Examples

This section contains examples of data structures that may be transmitted by eStreamer for discovery events. The following examples are provided:

- Example of a New Network Protocol Message, page A-17
- Example of a New TCP Server Message, page A-18

Example of a New Network Protocol Message

The following diagram illustrates a sample new network protocol message for 3.0+:

Byte	0	1	2	3	
Bit	0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7	8 9 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 5	1 1 1 1 2 2 2 2 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3	2 2 2 2 2 2 3 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1	
Header Version 1	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0 1 0 0	Start Standard Message Header with Event Msg (4)
Message Length (49B)	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 1 1 0 0 0 1	

Byte					0								1								2								3					
Bit	0	1	2	3	4	1	5	6	7	8	9	1	1	1 2	1 3	1 4	1 5	16	1 7	18	19	2	2	2 2	2 3	2 4	2 5	2 6	2 7	2 8	9	3	3	
New NW Protocol Msg (13)	0	0	C) ()	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	1	
Msg Length 41B)	0	0	C) ()	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	
Detection Engine ID (2)	0	0	C) ()	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	
IP (192.168.1.10	1	1	C) ()	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	
MAC Address (none)	0	0	() ()	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
	0	0	0) ()	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	Reserved Bytes (0)
Unix Sec (1047242787)	0	0	1	. 1	[1	1	1	0	0	1	1	0	1	0	1	1	1	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	1	
Unix MSec (973208)	0	0	C) ()	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	0	1	1	0	1	1	0	0	1	1	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	
Reserved Bytes (0)	0	0	C) ()	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	Event Type 1000—New
EventSub 4-New Trans Prot	0	0	C) ()	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	
File Number	0	1	() ()	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	1	
File Position	0	0	() ()	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	End Standard Message Header
Protocol (6—TCP)	0	0	C) ()	0	1	1	0																									

Example of a New TCP Server Message

The following diagram illustrates a sample new TCP server message for 3.0:

Byte				0								1								2								3				Î	
Bit	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	1	1 2	1 3	1 4	1 5	16	1 7	1 8	1 9	2	2	2 2	2 3	2 4	2 5	2 6	2 7	2 8	2 9		3	
Header Version 1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	Start Standard Message Header with Event Msg (4)
Message Length (256B)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
New TCP Svc Msg (11)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	1	
Msg Length (248B)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	
Detection Engine ID (2)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	
IP (192.168.1.10	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	
MAC Address (none)																Ī															0		
	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	Reserved Bytes (0)
Unix Sec (1047242787)	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	1	1	0	1	0	1	1	1	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	1	
Unix MSec (973208)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	0	1	1	0	1	1	0	0	1	1	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	
Reserved Bytes (0)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	Event Type 1000—New
Event Subtype 2 -New Host	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	
File Number	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	1	
File Position	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	End Standard Message Header
Server Block Header (12)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	Start Server Data Block
Server Length (208B)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	
Server Port (80)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	Hits

Byte				0								1								2	;							3					
Bit	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	1	1	1 2	1 3	1 4	1 5	16	1 7	18	1	2	2	2 2	2 3	2 4	2 5	2	2 7	2 8	2	3	3	
Hits (1)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	String Block Header
String Block Header (0)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	String Block Length
String Block Length (13B)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	1	0	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	0	1	0	0	
Server Name (https)	0	1	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	String Block Header
String Block Header (0)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	String Block Length
String Block Length (15B)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	
Server Vendor (Apache + null	0	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	1	0	0	0	1	1	0	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	
byte)	0	1	1	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	String Block Header
String Block Header (0)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	String Block Length
String Length (8-no product)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	String Block Header
String Block Header (0)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	String Block Length
String Block Length (22B)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	1	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	1	1	1	0	
Version -	0	0	1	1	0	0	1	1	0	0	1	0	1	1	1	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	1	0	1	1	0	
1.3.26 (Unix)	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	1	0	1	0	1	1	0	1	1	1	0	
	0	1	1	0	1	0	0	1	0	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
List Block Header (11)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	1	Start Sub-server List
List Block Size (94B)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	1	1	1	0	
Sub-server Hdr (1)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	Start Sub-server Block

Byte			0								1								2								3					
Bit	0 1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	1	1	1 2	1 3	1	1 5	16	1 7	18	19	2	2	2 2	2 3	2	2 5	2 6	2 7	2 8	2		3	
Sub-server Len (46B)	0 0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	1	1	0	
String Block Header (0)	0 0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
String Length (16B)	0 0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	
Sub-server Name - mod_ssl	0 1 0 1																															
String Block Header (0)	0 0																															
String Block Len (8B)	0 0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	(No subtype vendor)
String Block Header (0)	0 0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
String Block Length (14B)	0 0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	0	
Sub-server Version - 2.8.9 + null character	0 0	1	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	1	1	1	0	0	0	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	1	1	0	End Sub-server Block
Character	0 0	1	1	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	Start Sub-server Block
Sub-server Hdr (1)	0 0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	Sub-server Length
Sub-server Length (48B)	0 0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	String Block Header
String Block Header (0)	0 0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	String Block Size
String Block Size (16B)	0 0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	1	1	1	0	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	
Sub-server Name -	0 1	1	0	0	1	0	1	0	1	1	0	1	1	1	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	1	1	0	1	0	1	0	0	1	1	
OpenSSL	0 1	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	String Block Header
String Block Header (0)	0 0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	String Data Length

Byte	0	1	2 3
Bit	0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7	8 9 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 5	1 1 1 1 1 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 3 3 5 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1
String Length (8-no vendor)	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 1 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 String Block Header
String Block Hdr (0)	0 0 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 String Block Length
String Block Len (16B)	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 1 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 1 1 0 0 0 0 0 1 0 1 1 1 0
Sub-server Version - 0.9.6.d + null byte	0 0 1 1 1 0 0 1	100101110	0 0 0 1 1 0 1 1 0 0 0 1 0 1 1 1 0 End Sub-server Block
oyle.	0 1 1 0 0 1 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 Confidence %
Confidence % (100)	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 1 1 0 0 1 0 0	0 0 0 1 1 1 1 1 0 0 1 1 0 1 0 1 1 Last used
Last Used (1047242787)	1 0 1 0 1 0 0 0	0 0 0 1 0 0 0 1 1	1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 Blob Data Block
Blob Data Block (10)	0 0 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 1 0 1 0	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
Blob Data Length (22B)	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 1 0 1 1 0	0 0 1 0 0 1 0 0 0 0 1 0 1 0 1 0 0
	0 1 0 1 0 1 0 0	0 0 1 0 1 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 1 0 1 1 1 1 0 0 1 1 0 0 0 1
Server Banner	0 0 1 0 1 1 1 0	0 0 0 1 1 0 0 0 1	1 0 0 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 1 0 1 0 0
(HTTP/1.1 414 Reque)	0 0 1 1 0 0 0 1	1 0 0 1 1 0 1 0 0	0 0 0 1 0 0 0 0 0 1 0 1 0 1 0
-Server banner shortened for example, typically 256B.	0 1 1 0 0 1 0 1	101110001	1 0 1 1 1 0 1 0 1 0 1 1 0 0 1 0 1 End Server Data Block



Understanding Legacy Data Structures

This appendix contains information about data structures supported by eStreamer at previous versions of FireSIGHT System products.

If your client uses event stream requests with bits set to request data in older version formats, you can use the information in this appendix to identify the data structures of the data messages you receive.

Note that prior to version 5.0, separate detection engines were assigned IDs. For version 5.0, devices are assigned IDs. Based on the version, data structures reflect this.



This appendix describes only data structures from version 4.9 or later of the FireSIGHT System. If you require documentation for structures from earlier data structure versions, contact Cisco Customer Support.

See the following sections for more information:

- Legacy Intrusion Data Structures, page B-1
- Legacy Malware Event Data Structures, page B-38
- Legacy Discovery Data Structures, page B-69
- Legacy Connection Data Structures, page B-92
- Legacy File Event Data Structures, page B-143
- Legacy Correlation Event Data Structures, page B-164
- Legacy Host Data Structures, page B-179

Legacy Intrusion Data Structures

- Intrusion Event (IPv4) Record 5.0.x 5.1, page B-2
- Intrusion Event (IPv6) Record 5.0.x 5.1, page B-6
- Intrusion Event Record 5.2.x, page B-12
- Intrusion Event Record 5.3, page B-17
- Intrusion Event Record 5.1.1.x, page B-23
- Intrusion Event Record 5.3.1, page B-29
- Intrusion Impact Alert Data, page B-36

Intrusion Event (IPv4) Record 5.0.x - 5.1

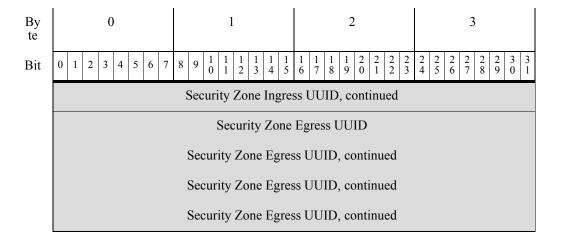
The fields in the intrusion event (IPv4) record are shaded in the following graphic. The record type is 207.

You request intrusion event records by setting the intrusion event flag or the extended requests flag in the request message. See Request Flags, page 2-11 and Submitting Extended Requests, page 2-4.

For version 5.0.x - 5.1 intrusion events, the event ID, the managed device ID, and the event second form a unique identifier.

By te	0	1	2	3	
Bit	0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7	8 9 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 5	1 1 1 1 2 2 2 2 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3	2 2 2 2 2 3 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1	
	Header Version (1) Message Type (4)			Type (4)	
	Message Length				
	Record Type (207)				
	Record Length				
	eStreamer Server Timestamp (in events, only if bit 23 is set)				
	Reserved for Future Use (in events, only if bit 23 is set)				
	Device ID				
	Event ID				
	Event Second				
	Event Microsecond				
	Rule ID (Signature ID) Generator ID Rule Revision Classification ID Priority ID Source IPv4 Address Destination IPv4 Address				
	Source Port Destination Port			ion Port	
	IP Protocol ID	Impact Flags	Impact	Blocked	
	MPLS Label				

By te	0	1	2	3		
Bit	0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7	8 9 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 5	1 1 1 1 2 2 2 2 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3	2 2 2 2 2 2 3 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1		
	VLAN ID Pad					
	Policy UUID					
	Policy UUID, continued					
	Policy UUID, continued					
	Policy UUID, continued					
	User ID					
	Web Application ID					
	Client Application ID					
	Application Protocol ID					
	Access Control Rule ID					
	Access Control Policy UUID					
	Access Control Policy UUID, continued					
	Access Control Policy UUID, continued					
	Access Control Policy UUID, continued					
	Interface Ingress UUID					
	Interface Ingress UUID, continued					
	Interface Ingress UUID, continued Interface Ingress UUID, continued					
		Interface Eg				
	Interface Egress UUID, continued					
	Interface Egress UUID, continued					
	Interface Egress UUID, continued					
	Security Zone Ingress UUID					
	Security Zone Ingress UUID, continued					
	Security Zone Ingress UUID, continued					



The following table describes each intrusion event record data field.

Table B-1 Intrusion Event (IPv4) Record Fields

Field	Data Type	Description	
You can obta metadata. Se		Contains the identification number of the detecting managed device. You can obtain the managed device name by requesting Version 3 or 4 metadata. See Managed Device Record Metadata, page 3-32 for more information.	
Event ID	uint32	Event identification number.	
Event Second	uint32	UNIX timestamp (seconds since 01/01/1970) of the event's detection.	
Event Microsecond	uint32	Microsecond (one millionth of a second) increment of the timestamp of the event's detection.	
Rule ID (Signature ID)	uint32	Rule identification number that corresponds with the event.	
Generator ID	uint32	Identification number of the FireSIGHT System preprocessor that generated the event.	
Rule Revision	uint32	Rule revision number.	
Classification ID	uint32	Identification number of the event classification message.	
Priority ID	uint32	Identification number of the priority associated with the event.	
Source IPv4 Address	uint8[4]	Source IPv4 address used in the event, in address octets.	
Destination IPv4 Address	uint8[4]	Destination IPv4 address used in the event, in address octets.	
Source Port	uint16	The source port number if the event protocol type is TCP or UDP.	
Destination Port uint16 The destination port number if the event protocol type		The destination port number if the event protocol type is TCP or UDP.	

Table B-1 Intrusion Event (IPv4) Record Fields (continued)

Field	Data Type	Description		
IP Protocol	uint8	IANA-specified protocol number. For example:		
Number		• 0 — IP		
		• 1 — ICMP		
		• 6 — TCP		
		• 17 — UDP		
Impact Flags	bits[8]	Impact flag value of the event. The low-order eight bits indicate the impact level. Values are:		
		• 0x01 (bit 0) — Source or destination host is in a network monitored by the system.		
		• 0x02 (bit 1) — Source or destination host exists in the network map.		
		• 0x04 (bit 2) — Source or destination host is running a server on the port in the event (if TCP or UDP) or uses the IP protocol.		
		• 0x08 (bit 3) — There is a vulnerability mapped to the operating system of the source or destination host in the event.		
		• 0x10 (bit 4) — There is a vulnerability mapped to the server detected in the event.		
		• 0x20 (bit 5) — The event caused the managed device to drop the session (used only when the device is running in inline, switched, or routed deployment). Corresponds to blocked status in the FireSIGHT System web interface.		
		• 0x40 (bit 6) — The rule that generated this event contains rule metadata setting the impact flag to red. The source or destination host is potentially compromised by a virus, trojan, or other piece of malicious software.		
		• 0x80 (bit 7) — There is a vulnerability mapped to the client detected in the event.		
		The following impact level values map to specific priorities on the Defense Center. An x indicates the value can be 0 or 1:		
		• (0, unknown): 00x00000		
		• red (1, vulnerable): xxxx1xxx, xxx1xxxx, x1xxxxxx, 1xxxxxxx		
		• orange (2, potentially vulnerable): 00x00111		
		• yellow (3, currently not vulnerable): 00x00011		
		• blue (4, unknown target): 00x00001		

Table B-1 Intrusion Event (IPv4) Record Fields (continued)

Field	Data Type	Description		
Impact	uint8	Impact flag value of the event. Values are:		
		• 1 — Red (vulnerable)		
		• 2 — Orange (potentially vulnerable)		
		• 3 — Yellow (currently not vulnerable)		
		• 4 — Blue (unknown target)		
		• 5 — (unknown impact)		
Blocked	uint8	Value indicating whether the event was blocked.		
		• 0 — Not blocked		
		• 1 — Blocked		
		• 2 — Would be blocked (but not permitted by configuration)		
MPLS Label	uint32	MPLS label.		
VLAN ID	uint16	Indicates the ID of the VLAN where the packet originated.		
Pad	uint16	Reserved for future use.		
Policy UUID	uint8[16]	A policy ID number that acts as a unique identifier for the intrusion policy.		
User ID	uint32	The internal identification number for the user, if applicable.		
Web Application ID	uint32	The internal identification number for the web application, if applicable.		
Client Application ID	uint32	The internal identification number for the client application, if applicable.		
Application Protocol ID	uint32	The internal identification number for the application protocol, if applicable.		
Access Control Rule ID	uint32	A rule ID number that acts as a unique identifier for the access control rule.		
Access Control Policy UUID	uint8[16]	A policy ID number that acts as a unique identifier for the access control policy.		
Ingress Interface UUID	uint8[16]	An interface ID number that acts as a unique identifier for the ingress interface.		
Egress Interface UUID	uint8[16]	An interface ID number that acts as a unique identifier for the egress interface.		
Ingress Security Zone UUID	uint8[16]	A zone ID number that acts as a unique identifier for the ingress security zone.		
Egress Security Zone UUID	uint8[16]	A zone ID number that acts as a unique identifier for the egress security zone.		

Intrusion Event (IPv6) Record 5.0.x - 5.1

The fields in the intrusion event (IPv6) record are shaded in the following graphic. The record type is 208.

You request intrusion event records by setting the intrusion event flag or the extended requests flag in the request message. See Request Flags, page 2-11 and Submitting Extended Requests, page 2-4.

For version 5.0.x - 5.1 intrusion events, the event ID, the managed device ID, and the event second form a unique identifier.

By te	0	1	2	3	
Bit	0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7	0 1 2 3 4 3	1 1 1 1 2 2 2 2 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3	2 2 2 2 2 3 3 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1	
	Header Version (1) Message Type (4)				
	Message Length				
	Record Type (208)				
	Record Length				
	eStreamer Server Timestamp (in events, only if bit 23 is set)				
	Reserved for Future Use (in events, only if bit 23 is set)				
	Device ID				
	Event ID Event Second Event Microsecond Rule ID (Signature ID) Generator ID				
	Rule Revision Classification ID				
		Priori	ty ID		
		Source IPv	6 Address		
		Source IPv6 Add	dress, continued		
	Source IPv6 Address, continued Source IPv6 Address, continued				
		Destination I	Pv6 Address		
	Destination IPv6 Address, continued				
	Destination IPv6 Address, continued				

By te	0	1	2	3	
Bit	0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7	8 9 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 5	1 1 1 1 2 2 2 2 2 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3	2 2 2 2 2 2 3 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1	
		Destination IPv6 A	Address, continued		
	Source Port/	TCMP Type	Destination Po	rt/ICMP Code	
	IP Protocol ID	Impact Flags	Impact	Blocked	
	MPLS Label				
	VLAN ID Pad				
	Policy UUID				
	Policy UUID, continued				
	Policy UUID, continued				
	Policy UUID, continued				
	User ID				
	Web Application ID				
	Client Application ID				
	Application Protocol ID				
	Access Control Rule ID				
	Access Control Policy UUID				
	Access Control Policy UUID, continued				
		Access Control Police	cy UUID, continued		
		Access Control Police	cy UUID, continued		
		Interface Ing	gress UUID		
	Interface Ingress UUID, continued				
	Interface Ingress UUID, continued				
	Interface Ingress UUID, continued				
	Interface Egress UUID				
	Interface Egress UUID, continued				
	Interface Egress UUID, continued				

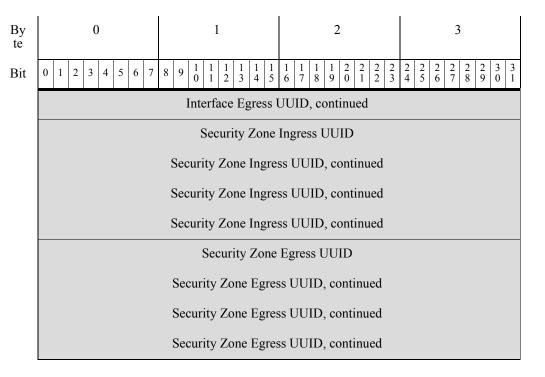


Table B-2 Intrusion Event (IPv6) Record Fields

Field	Data Type	Description
Device ID	unit32	Contains the identification number of the detecting device. You can obtain the managed device name by requesting Version 3 or 4 metadata. See Managed Device Record Metadata, page 3-32 for more information.
Event ID	uint32	Event identification number.
Event Second	uint32	UNIX timestamp (seconds since 01/01/1970) of the event's detection.
Event Microsecond	uint32	Microsecond (one millionth of a second) increment of the timestamp of the event's detection.
Rule ID (Signature ID)	uint32	Rule identification number that corresponds with the event.
Generator ID	uint32	Identification number of the FireSIGHT System preprocessor that generated the event.
Rule Revision	uint32	Rule revision number.
Classification ID	uint32	Identification number of the event classification message.
Priority ID	uint32	Identification number of the priority associated with the event.
Source IPv6 Address	uint8[16]	Source IPv6 address used in the event, in address octets.
Destination IPv6 Address	uint8[16]	Destination IPv6 address used in the event, in address octets.

Table B-2 Intrusion Event (IPv6) Record Fields (continued)

Field	Data Type	Description
Source Port/ICMP Type	uint16	The source port number if the event protocol type is TCP or UDP. If the protocol type is ICMP, this indicates the ICMP type.
Destination Port/ICMP Code	uint16	The destination port number if the event protocol type is TCP or UDP. If the protocol type is ICMP, this indicates the ICMP code.
IP Protocol Number	uint8	IANA-specified protocol number. For example: • 0 — IP • 1 — ICMP • 6 — TCP • 17 — UDP
Impact Flags	bits[8]	Impact flag value of the event. The low-order eight bits indicate the impact level. Values are: • 0x01 (bit 0) — Source or destination host is in a network monitored by the system.
		• 0x02 (bit 1) — Source or destination host exists in the network map.
		• 0x04 (bit 2) — Source or destination host is running a server on the port in the event (if TCP or UDP) or uses the IP protocol.
		• 0x08 (bit 3) — There is a vulnerability mapped to the operating system of the source or destination host in the event.
		• 0x10 (bit 4) — There is a vulnerability mapped to the server detected in the event.
		• 0x20 (bit 5) — The event caused the managed device to drop the session (used only when the device is running in inline, switched, or routed deployment). Corresponds to blocked status in the FireSIGHT System web interface.
		• 0x40 (bit 6) — The rule that generated this event contains rule metadata setting the impact flag to red. The source or destination host is potentially compromised by a virus, trojan, or other piece of malicious software.
		• 0x80 (bit 7) — There is a vulnerability mapped to the client detected in the event.
		The following impact level values map to specific priorities on the Defense Center. An x indicates the value can be 0 or 1:
		• (0, unknown): 00x00000
		• red (1, vulnerable): xxxx1xxx, xxx1xxxx, x1xxxxxx, 1xxxxxxx
		• orange (2, potentially vulnerable): 00x00111
		• yellow (3, currently not vulnerable): 00x00011
		blue (4, unknown target): 00x00001

Table B-2 Intrusion Event (IPv6) Record Fields (continued)

Field	Data Type	Description
Impact	uint8	Impact flag value of the event. Values are:
		• 1 — Red (vulnerable)
		• 2 — Orange (potentially vulnerable)
		• 3 — Yellow (currently not vulnerable)
		• 4 — Blue (unknown target)
		• 5 — (unknown impact)
Blocked	uint8	Value indicating whether the event was blocked.
		• 0 — Not blocked
		• 1 — Blocked
		• 2 — Would be blocked (but not permitted by configuration)
MPLS Label	uint32	MPLS label. (Applies to 4.9+ events only.)
VLAN ID	uint16	Indicates the ID of the VLAN where the packet originated. (Applies to 4.9+ events only.)
Pad	uint16	Reserved for future use.
Policy UUID	uint8[16]	A policy ID number that acts as a unique identifier for the intrusion policy.
User ID	uint32	The internal identification number for the user, if applicable.
Web Application ID	uint32	The internal identification number for the web application, if applicable.
Client Application ID	uint32	The internal identification number for the client application, if applicable.
Application Protocol ID	uint32	The internal identification number for the application protocol, if applicable.
Access Control Rule ID	uint32	A rule ID number that acts as a unique identifier for the access control rule.
Access Control Policy UUID	uint8[16]	A policy ID number that acts as a unique identifier for the access control policy.
Ingress Interface UUID	uint8[16]	An interface ID number that acts as a unique identifier for the ingress interface.
Egress Interface UUID	uint8[16]	An interface ID number that acts as a unique identifier for the egress interface.
Ingress Security Zone UUID	uint8[16]	A zone ID number that acts as a unique identifier for the ingress security zone.
Egress Security Zone UUID	uint8[16]	A zone ID number that acts as a unique identifier for the egress security zone.

Intrusion Event Record 5.2.x

The fields in the intrusion event record are shaded in the following graphic. The record type is 400 and the block type is 34 in the series 2 set of data blocks.

You can request 5.2.x intrusion events from eStreamer only by extended request, for which you request event type code 12 and version code 5 in the Stream Request message (see Submitting Extended Requests, page 2-4 for information about submitting extended requests).

For version 5.2.x intrusion events, the event ID, the managed device ID, and the event second form a unique identifier. The connection second, connection instance, and connection counter together form a unique identifier for the connection event associated with the intrusion event.

Byte	0	1	2	3					
Bit	0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7	8 9 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 5	1 1 1 1 2 2 2 2 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3	2 2 2 2 2 2 3 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1					
	Header V	Yersion (1)	Message	Type (4)					
		Message	Length						
		Record Ty	ype (400)						
		Record	Length						
	eStream	ner Server Timestamp (in events, only if bit 23	3 is set)					
	Reserved for Future Use (in events, only if bit 23 is set)								
	Block Type (34)								
		Block I	Length						
		Devic	ee ID						
		Even	t ID						
		Event S	Second						
		Event Mic	crosecond						
		Rule ID (Sig	gnature ID)						
	Generator ID								
	Rule Revision								
		Classific	ation ID						
		Priori	ty ID						

Byte	0	1	2	3							
Bit	0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7	8 9 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 5	1 1 1 1 2 2 2 2 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3	2 2 2 2 2 2 3 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1							
		Source IF	P Address								
	Source IP Address, continued										
	Source IP Address, continued										
	Source IP Address, continued										
		Destination	IP Address								
		Destination IP A	ddress, continued								
		Destination IP A	ddress, continued								
		Destination IP A	ddress, continued								
	Source Port o	r ICMP Type	Destination Port	t or ICMP Code							
	IP Protocol ID	Impact Flags	Impact	Blocked							
	MPLS Label										
	VLAN ID Pad										
		Policy	UUID								
		Policy UUII	O, continued								
		Policy UUII	O, continued								
		Policy UUII	O, continued								
		Use	r ID								
		Web Appl	ication ID								
		Client App	lication ID								
		Application	Protocol ID								
		Access Con	trol Rule ID								
		Access Contro	l Policy UUID								
		Access Control Poli	cy UUID, continued								
		Access Control Poli	cy UUID, continued								
		Access Control Poli	cy UUID, continued								
		Interface In	gress UUID								

Byte	0	1	2	3								
Bit	0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7	8 9 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 5	1 1 1 1 2 2 2 2 2 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3	2 2 2 2 2 2 3 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1								
	Interface Ingress UUID, continued											
		Interface Ingress	UUID, continued									
		Interface Ingress UUID, continued										
		Interface Eg	gress UUID									
		Interface Egress U	JUID, continued									
		Interface Egress U	JUID, continued									
		Interface Egress U	JUID, continued									
		Security Zone	Ingress UUID									
		Security Zone Ingres	ss UUID, continued									
		Security Zone Ingres	ss UUID, continued									
		Security Zone Ingres	ss UUID, continued									
		Security Zone	Egress UUID									
		Security Zone Egres	ss UUID, continued									
		Security Zone Egres	ss UUID, continued									
	Security Zone Egress UUID, continued											
		Connection	Timestamp									
	Connection	Instance ID	Connectio	n Counter								
	Source	Country	Destinatio	n Country								

Table B-3 Intrusion Event Record 5.2.x Fields

Field	Data Type	Description
Block Type	unint32	Initiates an Intrusion Event data block. This value is always 34.
Block Length	Total number of bytes in the Intrusion Event data block, including eight bytes for the Intrusion Event block type and length fields, plus the number of bytes of data that follows.	
Device ID	unit32	Contains the identification number of the detecting managed device. You can obtain the managed device name by requesting Version 3 or 4 metadata. See Managed Device Record Metadata, page 3-32 for more information.

Table B-3 Intrusion Event Record 5.2.x Fields (continued)

Field	Data Type	Description
Event ID	uint32	Event identification number.
Event Second	uint32	UNIX timestamp (seconds since 01/01/1970) of the event's detection.
Event Microsecond	uint32	Microsecond (one millionth of a second) increment of the timestamp of the event's detection.
Rule ID (Signature ID)	uint32	Rule identification number that corresponds with the event.
Generator ID	uint32	Identification number of the FireSIGHT System preprocessor that generated the event.
Rule Revision	uint32	Rule revision number.
Classification ID	uint32	Identification number of the event classification message.
Priority ID	uint32	Identification number of the priority associated with the event.
Source IP Address	uint8[16]	Source IPv4 or IPv6 address used in the event.
Destination IP Address	uint8[16]	Destination IPv4 or IPv6 address used in the event.
Source Port or ICMP Type	uint16	The source port number if the event protocol type is TCP or UDP, or the ICMP type if the event is caused by ICMP traffic.
Destination Port or ICMP Code	uint16	The destination port number if the event protocol type is TCP or UDP, or the ICMP code if the event is caused by ICMP traffic.
IP Protocol	uint8	IANA-specified protocol number. For example:
Number		• 0 — IP
		• 1 — ICMP
		• 6 — TCP
		• 17 — UDP

Table B-3 Intrusion Event Record 5.2.x Fields (continued)

Field	Data Type	Description
Impact Flags	bits[8]	Impact flag value of the event. The low-order eight bits indicate the impact level. Values are:
		• 0x01 (bit 0) — Source or destination host is in a network monitored by the system.
		• 0x02 (bit 1) — Source or destination host exists in the network map.
		• 0x04 (bit 2) — Source or destination host is running a server on the port in the event (if TCP or UDP) or uses the IP protocol.
		• 0x08 (bit 3) — There is a vulnerability mapped to the operating system of the source or destination host in the event.
		• 0x10 (bit 4) — There is a vulnerability mapped to the server detected in the event.
		• 0x20 (bit 5) — The event caused the managed device to drop the session (used only when the device is running in inline, switched, or routed deployment). Corresponds to blocked status in the FireSIGHT System web interface.
		• 0x40 (bit 6) — The rule that generated this event contains rule metadata setting the impact flag to red. The source or destination host is potentially compromised by a virus, trojan, or other piece of malicious software.
		• 0x80 (bit 7) — There is a vulnerability mapped to the client detected in the event. (version 5.0+ only)
		The following impact level values map to specific priorities on the Defense Center. An x indicates the value can be 0 or 1:
		• (0, unknown): 00x00000
		• red (1, vulnerable): xxxx1xxx, xxx1xxxx, x1xxxxxx, 1xxxxxxx (version 5.0+ only)
		• orange (2, potentially vulnerable): 00x0011x
		• yellow (3, currently not vulnerable): 00x0001x
		• blue (4, unknown target): 00x000001
Impact	uint8	Impact flag value of the event. Values are:
		• 1 — Red (vulnerable)
		• 2 — Orange (potentially vulnerable)
		• 3 — Yellow (currently not vulnerable)
		• 4 — Blue (unknown target)
		• 5 — (unknown impact)
Blocked	uint8	Value indicating whether the event was blocked.
		• 0 — Not blocked
		• 1 — Blocked
		• 2 — Would be blocked (but not permitted by configuration)

Table B-3 Intrusion Event Record 5.2.x Fields (continued)

Field	Data Type	Description
MPLS Label	uint32	MPLS label.
VLAN ID	uint16	Indicates the ID of the VLAN where the packet originated.
Pad	uint16	Reserved for future use.
Policy UUID	uint8[16]	A policy ID number that acts as a unique identifier for the intrusion policy.
User ID	uint32	The internal identification number for the user, if applicable.
Web Application ID	uint32	The internal identification number for the web application, if applicable.
Client Application ID	uint32	The internal identification number for the client application, if applicable.
Application Protocol ID	uint32	The internal identification number for the application protocol, if applicable.
Access Control Rule ID	uint32	A rule ID number that acts as a unique identifier for the access control rule.
Access Control Policy UUID	uint8[16]	A policy ID number that acts as a unique identifier for the access control policy.
Ingress Interface UUID	uint8[16]	An interface ID number that acts as a unique identifier for the ingress interface.
Egress Interface UUID	uint8[16]	An interface ID number that acts as a unique identifier for the egress interface.
Ingress Security Zone UUID	uint8[16]	A zone ID number that acts as a unique identifier for the ingress security zone.
Egress Security Zone UUID	uint8[16]	A zone ID number that acts as a unique identifier for the egress security zone.
Connection Timestamp	uint32	UNIX timestamp (seconds since 01/01/1970) of the connection event associated with the intrusion event.
Connection Instance ID	uint16	Numerical ID of the Snort instance on the managed device that generated the connection event.
Connection Counter	uint16	Value used to distinguish between connection events that happen during the same second.
Source Country	uint16	Code for the country of the source host.
Destination Country	uint 16	Code for the country of the destination host.

Intrusion Event Record 5.3

The fields in the intrusion event record are shaded in the following graphic. The record type is 400 and the block type is 41 in the series 2 set of data blocks.

You can request 5.3 intrusion events from eStreamer only by extended request, for which you request event type code 12 and version code 6 in the Stream Request message (see Submitting Extended Requests, page 2-4 for information about submitting extended requests).

For version 5.3 intrusion events, the event ID, the managed device ID, and the event second form a unique identifier. The connection second, connection instance, and connection counter together form a unique identifier for the connection event associated with the intrusion event.

Byte	0	1	2	3								
Bit	0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7	8 9 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 5	1 1 1 1 1 2 2 2 2 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3	2 2 2 2 2 2 3 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1								
	Header V	ersion (1)	Message	Type (4)								
		Message	Length									
		Record Type (400)										
		Record I	Length									
	eStrean	ner Server Timestamp (i	in events, only if bit 23	3 is set)								
	Reser	rved for Future Use (in	events, only if bit 23 is	s set)								
		Block Ty	rpe (41)									
		Block I	ength									
		Devic	e ID									
		Even	t ID									
		Event S	econd									
		Event Mic	rosecond									
		Rule ID (Sig	gnature ID)									
		General	tor ID									
		Rule Re	evision									
		Classifica	ation ID									
		Priorit	y ID									
		Source IP	Address									
		Source IP Addr										
		Source IP Addr										
		Source IP Addr	ess, continued									

Byte	0 1							2 3								
Bit	0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7	8 9	$\begin{array}{c c} 0 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 \end{array}$	$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ 2 & 3 \end{bmatrix}$	1 4	1 1 5 6	1 7	1 1 8 9	2	2 2 1 2	2 3	2 2 2 5	2 6	2 2 7 8	2 9	3 3 0 1
]	Desti	nati	on IP	Ac	ldress	3							
	Destination IP Address, continued															
		Destination IP Address, continued														
			Destir	nation	i IP	Addı	ess	, cont	tinu	ied						
	Source Port o	r ICN	МР Тур	pe				Dest	ina	tion 1	Por	t or I	СМ	P Co	de	
	IP Protocol ID		Impact	t Flag	S			Imp	oac	t			Е	Blocke	ed	
				1	MP]	LS L	abe	l								
	VLA	N ID)								Pa	ıd				
				F	Poli	cy U	UIE)								
			P	Policy	UU	ЛD,	con	tinue	d							
			P	Policy	UU	ЛD,	con	tinue	d							
			P	Policy	UU	JID,	con	tinue	d							
					U	ser I	D									
						plica										
				Clien												
				Applic												
				Acces												
				cess C												
			ccess C			-										
			ccess C													
		Ac	ccess C							inue	1					
				interfa		_				1						
			Interfa		_											
			Interfa		_											
			Interfa							ied						
				Interf	ace	Egre	ss t	JUID								

Byte	0 1	2	3									
Bit	0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 5	1 1 1 1 2 2 2 2 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3	2 2 2 2 2 2 3 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1									
	Interface Egress UUID, continued											
	Interface Egress UUID, continued											
	Interface Egress UUID, continued											
	Security Zone	Ingress UUID										
	Security Zone Ingre	ss UUID, continued										
	Security Zone Ingre	ss UUID, continued										
	Security Zone Ingre	ss UUID, continued										
	Security Zone	Egress UUID										
	Security Zone Egre	ss UUID, continued										
	Security Zone Egre	ss UUID, continued										
	Security Zone Egre	ss UUID, continued										
	Connection Timestamp											
	Connection Instance ID Connection Counter											
	Source Country Destination Country											
	IOC Number											

Table B-4 Intrusion Event Record 5.3 Fields

Field	Data Type	Description
Block Type	unint32	Initiates an Intrusion Event data block. This value is always 34.
Block Length	unint32	Total number of bytes in the Intrusion Event data block, including eight bytes for the Intrusion Event block type and length fields, plus the number of bytes of data that follows.
Device ID	unit32	Contains the identification number of the detecting managed device. You can obtain the managed device name by requesting Version 3 or 4 metadata. See Managed Device Record Metadata, page 3-32 for more information.
Event ID	uint32	Event identification number.
Event Second	uint32	UNIX timestamp (seconds since 01/01/1970) of the event's detection.
Event Microsecond	uint32	Microsecond (one millionth of a second) increment of the timestamp of the event's detection.

Table B-4 Intrusion Event Record 5.3 Fields (continued)

Field	Data Type	Description
Rule ID (Signature ID)	uint32	Rule identification number that corresponds with the event.
Generator ID	uint32	Identification number of the FireSIGHT System preprocessor that generated the event.
Rule Revision	uint32	Rule revision number.
Classification ID	uint32	Identification number of the event classification message.
Priority ID	uint32	Identification number of the priority associated with the event.
Source IP Address	uint8[16]	Source IPv4 or IPv6 address used in the event.
Destination IP Address	uint8[16]	Destination IPv4 or IPv6 address used in the event.
Source Port or ICMP Type	uint16	The source port number if the event protocol type is TCP or UDP, or the ICMP type if the event is caused by ICMP traffic.
Destination Port or ICMP Code	uint16	The destination port number if the event protocol type is TCP or UDP, or the ICMP code if the event is caused by ICMP traffic.
IP Protocol Number	uint8	IANA-specified protocol number. For example: • 0 — IP • 1 — ICMP • 6 — TCP • 17 — UDP

Table B-4 Intrusion Event Record 5.3 Fields (continued)

Impact Flags bits[8] Impact level. Values are: • 0x01 (bit 0) — Source or destination host is in a network monitored by the system. • 0x02 (bit 1) — Source or destination host exists in the network map. • 0x04 (bit 2) — Source or destination host is running a server on the port in the event (if TCP or UDP) or uses the IP protocol. • 0x08 (bit 3) — There is a vulnerability mapped to the operating system of the source or destination host in the event. • 0x10 (bit 4) — There is a vulnerability mapped to the server detected in the event. • 0x20 (bit 5) — The event caused the managed device to drop the session (used only when the device is running in inline, switched, or routed deployment). Corresponds to blocked status in the FireSIGHT System web interface. • 0x40 (bit 6) — The rule that generated this event contains rule metadata setting the impact flag to red. The source or destination host is potentially compromised by a virus, trojan, or other piece of malicious software. • 0x80 (bit 7) — There is a vulnerability mapped to the client detected in the event. (version 5.0+ only) The following impact level values map to specific priorities on the Defense Center. An x indicates the value can be 0 or 1: • (0, unknown): 0x0x0x0x0x0x0x0x0x0x0x0x0x0x0x0x0x0x0x	Field	Data Type	Description
monitored by the system. • 0x02 (bit 1) — Source or destination host exists in the network map. • 0x04 (bit 2) — Source or destination host is running a server on the port in the event (if TCP or UDP) or uses the IP protocol. • 0x08 (bit 3) — There is a vulnerability mapped to the operating system of the source or destination host in the event. • 0x10 (bit 4) — There is a vulnerability mapped to the server detected in the event. • 0x20 (bit 5) — The event caused the managed device to drop the session (used only when the device is running in inline, switched, or routed deployment). Corresponds to blocked status in the FireSIGHT System web interface. • 0x40 (bit 6) — The rule that generated this event contains rule metadata setting the impact flag to red. The source or destination host is potentially compromised by a virus, trojan, or other piece of malicious software. • 0x80 (bit 7) — There is a vulnerability mapped to the client detected in the event. (version 5.0+ only) The following impact level values map to specific priorities on the Defense Center. An x indicates the value can be o or 1: • (0, unknown): 00x000000 • red (1, vulnerable): xxxx1xxxx, xxxx1xxxxx, x1xxxxxxxx (version 5.0+ only) • orange (2, potentially vulnerable): 00x00011x • yellow (3, currently not vulnerable): 00x00001x • blue (4, unknown target): 00x00001 Impact flag value of the event. Values are: • 1 — Red (vulnerable) • 2 — Orange (potentially vulnerable) • 3 — Yellow (currently not vulnerable) • 4 — Blue (unknown target) • 5 — (unknown impact) Blocked uint8 Value indicating whether the event was blocked. • 0 — Not blocked • 1 — Blocked	Impact Flags	bits[8]	
map. • 0x04 (bit 2) — Source or destination host is running a server on the port in the event (if TCP or UDP) or uses the IP protocol. • 0x08 (bit 3) — There is a vulnerability mapped to the operating system of the source or destination host in the event. • 0x10 (bit 4) — There is a vulnerability mapped to the server detected in the event. • 0x20 (bit 5) — The event caused the managed device to drop the session (used only when the device is running in inline, switched, or routed deployment). Corresponds to blocked status in the FireSIGHT System web interface. • 0x40 (bit 6) — The rule that generated this event contains rule metadata setting the impact flag to red. The source or destination host is potentially compromised by a virus, trojan, or other piece of malicious software. • 0x80 (bit 7) — There is a vulnerability mapped to the client detected in the event. (version 5.0+ only) The following impact level values map to specific priorities on the Defense Center. An x indicates the value can be 0 or 1: • (0, unknown): 00x000000 • red (1, vulnerable): xxxxx1xxx, xxxx1xxxxx, x1xxxxxxx, 1xxxxxxxx			
the port in the event (if TCP or UDP) or uses the IP protocol. 0x08 (bit 3) — There is a vulnerability mapped to the operating system of the source or destination host in the event. 1 0x10 (bit 4) — There is a vulnerability mapped to the server detected in the event. 2 0x20 (bit 5) — The event caused the managed device to drop the session (used only when the device is running in inline, switched, or routed deployment). Corresponds to blocked status in the FireSIGHT System web interface. 3 0x40 (bit 6) — The rule that generated this event contains rule metadata setting the impact flag to red. The source or destination host is potentially compromised by a virus, trojan, or other piece of malicious software. 4 0x80 (bit 7) — There is a vulnerability mapped to the client detected in the event. (version 5.0+ only) The following impact level values map to specific priorities on the Defense Center. An x indicates the value can be 0 or 1: 4 (0, unknown): 00x00000 5 red (1, vulnerable): xxxx1xxx, xxxx1xxxx, x1xxxxxx, 1xxxxxxx (version 5.0+ only) 6 orange (2, potentially vulnerable): 00x0001x 7 yellow (3, currently not vulnerable): 00x0001x 8 blue (4, unknown target): 00x00001 7 Impact 1 Impact flag value of the event. Values are: 1 — Red (vulnerable) 2 — Orange (potentially vulnerable) 3 — Yellow (currently not vulnerable) 4 — Blue (unknown target) 5 — (unknown impact) 8 Blocked 1 — Blocked			
system of the source or destination host in the event. • 0x10 (bit 4) — There is a vulnerability mapped to the server detected in the event. • 0x20 (bit 5) — The event caused the managed device to drop the session (used only when the device is running in inline, switched, or routed deployment). Corresponds to blocked status in the FireSIGHT System web interface. • 0x40 (bit 6) — The rule that generated this event contains rule metadata setting the impact flag to red. The source or destination host is potentially compromised by a virus, trojan, or other piece of malicious software. • 0x80 (bit 7) — There is a vulnerability mapped to the client detected in the event. (version 5.0+ only) The following impact level values map to specific priorities on the Defense Center. An x indicates the value can be 0 or 1: • (0, unknown): 00000000 • red (1, vulnerable): xxxxx1xxxx, xxxxxxxxxx, x1xxxxxxx (version 5.0+ only) • orange (2, potentially vulnerable): 0000011x • yellow (3, currently not vulnerable): 0000011x • yellow (3, currently not vulnerable): 0000011x • blue (4, unknown target): 00000001 Impact Impact Impact flag value of the event. Values are: • 1 — Red (vulnerable) • 2 — Orange (potentially vulnerable) • 3 — Yellow (currently not vulnerable) • 4 — Blue (unknown target) • 5 — (unknown impact) Blocked Value indicating whether the event was blocked. • 0 — Not blocked • 1 — Blocked			
detected in the event. • 0x20 (bit 5) — The event caused the managed device to drop the session (used only when the device is running in inline, switched, or routed deployment). Corresponds to blocked status in the FireSIGHT System web interface. • 0x40 (bit 6) — The rule that generated this event contains rule metadata setting the impact flag to red. The source or destination host is potentially compromised by a virus, trojan, or other piece of malicious software. • 0x80 (bit 7) — There is a vulnerability mapped to the client detected in the event. (version 5.0+ only) The following impact level values map to specific priorities on the Defense Center. An x indicates the value can be 0 or 1: • (0, unknown): 00x00000 • red (1, vulnerable): xxxx1xxx, xxx1xxxx, x1xxxxxxx, 1xxxxxxxx			
session (used only when the device is running in inline, switched, or routed deployment). Corresponds to blocked status in the FireSIGHT System web interface. • 0x40 (bit 6) — The rule that generated this event contains rule metadata setting the impact flag to red. The source or destination host is potentially compromised by a virus, trojan, or other piece of malicious software. • 0x80 (bit 7) — There is a vulnerability mapped to the client detected in the event. (version 5.0+ only) The following impact level values map to specific priorities on the Defense Center. An x indicates the value can be 0 or 1: • (0, unknown): 00x00000 • red (1, vulnerable): xxxxx1xxx, xxxx1xxxx, x1xxxxxxx (version 5.0+ only) • orange (2, potentially vulnerable): 00x0011x • yellow (3, currently not vulnerable): 00x0001x • blue (4, unknown target): 00x00001 Impact uint8 Impact flag value of the event. Values are: • 1 — Red (vulnerable) • 2 — Orange (potentially vulnerable) • 3 — Yellow (currently not vulnerable) • 4 — Blue (unknown target) • 5 — (unknown impact) Blocked uint8 Value indicating whether the event was blocked. • 0 — Not blocked • 1 — Blocked			
metadata setting the impact flag to red. The source or destination host is potentially compromised by a virus, trojan, or other piece of malicious software. • 0x80 (bit 7) — There is a vulnerability mapped to the client detected in the event. (version 5.0+ only) The following impact level values map to specific priorities on the Defense Center. An x indicates the value can be 0 or 1: • (0, unknown): 00x000000 • red (1, vulnerable): xxxxx1xxx, xxxx1xxxxx, x1xxxxxxx, (version 5.0+ only) • orange (2, potentially vulnerable): 00x00011x • yellow (3, currently not vulnerable): 00x0001x • blue (4, unknown target): 00x000001 Impact Impact Impact Jag value of the event. Values are: • 1 — Red (vulnerable) • 2 — Orange (potentially vulnerable) • 3 — Yellow (currently not vulnerable) • 4 — Blue (unknown target) • 5 — (unknown impact) Blocked Value indicating whether the event was blocked. • 0 — Not blocked • 1 — Blocked			session (used only when the device is running in inline, switched, or routed deployment). Corresponds to blocked status in the
detected in the event. (version 5.0+ only) The following impact level values map to specific priorities on the Defense Center. An x indicates the value can be 0 or 1: • (0, unknown): 00x000000 • red (1, vulnerable): xxxxx1xxx, xxxx1xxxx, x1xxxxxxx (version 5.0+ only) • orange (2, potentially vulnerable): 00x00011x • yellow (3, currently not vulnerable): 00x0001x • blue (4, unknown target): 00x00001 Impact Impact Impact Juint8 Impact flag value of the event. Values are: • 1 — Red (vulnerable) • 2 — Orange (potentially vulnerable) • 3 — Yellow (currently not vulnerable) • 4 — Blue (unknown target) • 5 — (unknown impact) Blocked Value indicating whether the event was blocked. • 0 — Not blocked • 1 — Blocked			metadata setting the impact flag to red. The source or destination host is potentially compromised by a virus, trojan, or other piece
Defense Center. An x indicates the value can be 0 or 1: • (0, unknown): 00x000000 • red (1, vulnerable): xxxx1xxx, xxxx1xxxx, x1xxxxxxx, 1xxxxxxxx			
• red (1, vulnerable): xxxx1xxx, xxx1xxxx, x1xxxxxx, 1xxxxxxx (version 5.0+ only) • orange (2, potentially vulnerable): 00x00011x • yellow (3, currently not vulnerable): 00x00001x • blue (4, unknown target): 00x000001 Impact Impact limpact flag value of the event. Values are: • 1 — Red (vulnerable) • 2 — Orange (potentially vulnerable) • 3 — Yellow (currently not vulnerable) • 4 — Blue (unknown target) • 5 — (unknown impact) Blocked Value indicating whether the event was blocked. • 0 — Not blocked • 1 — Blocked			
(version 5.0+ only) • orange (2, potentially vulnerable): 00x00011x • yellow (3, currently not vulnerable): 00x00001x • blue (4, unknown target): 00x00001 Impact Impact Impact flag value of the event. Values are: • 1 — Red (vulnerable) • 2 — Orange (potentially vulnerable) • 3 — Yellow (currently not vulnerable) • 4 — Blue (unknown target) • 5 — (unknown impact) Blocked Value indicating whether the event was blocked. • 0 — Not blocked • 1 — Blocked			• (0, unknown): 00x00000
• yellow (3, currently not vulnerable): 00x00001x • blue (4, unknown target): 00x00001 Impact Impact Impact limpact flag value of the event. Values are: • 1 — Red (vulnerable) • 2 — Orange (potentially vulnerable) • 3 — Yellow (currently not vulnerable) • 4 — Blue (unknown target) • 5 — (unknown impact) Blocked Uint8 Value indicating whether the event was blocked. • 0 — Not blocked • 1 — Blocked			
• blue (4, unknown target): 00x000001 Impact uint8 Impact flag value of the event. Values are: • 1 — Red (vulnerable) • 2 — Orange (potentially vulnerable) • 3 — Yellow (currently not vulnerable) • 4 — Blue (unknown target) • 5 — (unknown impact) Blocked uint8 Value indicating whether the event was blocked. • 0 — Not blocked • 1 — Blocked			• orange (2, potentially vulnerable): 00x0011x
Impact uint8 Impact flag value of the event. Values are: • 1 — Red (vulnerable) • 2 — Orange (potentially vulnerable) • 3 — Yellow (currently not vulnerable) • 4 — Blue (unknown target) • 5 — (unknown impact) Blocked Value indicating whether the event was blocked. • 0 — Not blocked • 1 — Blocked			• yellow (3, currently not vulnerable): 00x0001x
• 1 — Red (vulnerable) • 2 — Orange (potentially vulnerable) • 3 — Yellow (currently not vulnerable) • 4 — Blue (unknown target) • 5 — (unknown impact) Blocked Uint8 Value indicating whether the event was blocked. • 0 — Not blocked • 1 — Blocked			• blue (4, unknown target): 00x00001
• 2 — Orange (potentially vulnerable) • 3 — Yellow (currently not vulnerable) • 4 — Blue (unknown target) • 5 — (unknown impact) Blocked Value indicating whether the event was blocked. • 0 — Not blocked • 1 — Blocked	Impact	uint8	Impact flag value of the event. Values are:
• 3 — Yellow (currently not vulnerable) • 4 — Blue (unknown target) • 5 — (unknown impact) Blocked Uint8 Value indicating whether the event was blocked. • 0 — Not blocked • 1 — Blocked			• 1 — Red (vulnerable)
• 4 — Blue (unknown target) • 5 — (unknown impact) Blocked uint8 Value indicating whether the event was blocked. • 0 — Not blocked • 1 — Blocked			• 2 — Orange (potentially vulnerable)
• 5 — (unknown impact) Blocked uint8 Value indicating whether the event was blocked. • 0 — Not blocked • 1 — Blocked			• 3 — Yellow (currently not vulnerable)
Blocked uint8 Value indicating whether the event was blocked. • 0 — Not blocked • 1 — Blocked			• 4 — Blue (unknown target)
• 0 — Not blocked • 1 — Blocked			• 5 — (unknown impact)
• 1 — Blocked	Blocked	uint8	Value indicating whether the event was blocked.
			• 0 — Not blocked
W 111 11 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1			• 1 — Blocked
• 2 — Would be blocked (but not permitted by configuration)			• 2 — Would be blocked (but not permitted by configuration)

Table B-4 Intrusion Event Record 5.3 Fields (continued)

Field	Data Type	Description
MPLS Label	uint32	MPLS label.
VLAN ID	uint16	Indicates the ID of the VLAN where the packet originated.
Pad	uint16	Reserved for future use.
Policy UUID	uint8[16]	A policy ID number that acts as a unique identifier for the intrusion policy.
User ID	uint32	The internal identification number for the user, if applicable.
Web Application ID	uint32	The internal identification number for the web application, if applicable.
Client Application ID	uint32	The internal identification number for the client application, if applicable.
Application Protocol ID	uint32	The internal identification number for the application protocol, if applicable.
Access Control Rule ID	uint32	A rule ID number that acts as a unique identifier for the access control rule.
Access Control Policy UUID	uint8[16]	A policy ID number that acts as a unique identifier for the access control policy.
Ingress Interface UUID	uint8[16]	An interface ID number that acts as a unique identifier for the ingress interface.
Egress Interface UUID	uint8[16]	An interface ID number that acts as a unique identifier for the egress interface.
Ingress Security Zone UUID	uint8[16]	A zone ID number that acts as a unique identifier for the ingress security zone.
Egress Security Zone UUID	uint8[16]	A zone ID number that acts as a unique identifier for the egress security zone.
Connection Timestamp	uint32	UNIX timestamp (seconds since 01/01/1970) of the connection event associated with the intrusion event.
Connection Instance ID	uint16	Numerical ID of the Snort instance on the managed device that generated the connection event.
Connection Counter	uint16	Value used to distinguish between connection events that happen during the same second.
Source Country	uint16	Code for the country of the source host.
Destination Country	uint 16	Code for the country of the destination host.
IOC Number	uint16	ID Number of the compromise associated with this event.

Intrusion Event Record 5.1.1.x

The fields in the intrusion event record are shaded in the following graphic. The record type is 400 and the block type is 25.

You can request 5.1.1.x intrusion events from eStreamer only by extended request, for which you request event type code 12 and version code 4 in the Stream Request message (see Submitting Extended Requests, page 2-4 for information about submitting extended requests).

For version 5.1.1.x intrusion events, the event ID, the managed device ID, and the event second form a unique identifier. The connection second, connection instance, and connection counter together form a unique identifier for the connection event associated with the intrusion event.

By te	0	1	2	3							
Bit	0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7	8 9 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 5	1 1 1 1 1 2 2 2 2 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3	2 2 2 2 2 2 3 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1							
	Header V	Version (1)	Message	Type (4)							
		Message	Length								
		Record Ty	vpe (400)								
		Record	Length								
	eStream	ner Server Timestamp (i	in events, only if bit 23	3 is set)							
	Rese	rved for Future Use (in	events, only if bit 23 is	s set)							
		Block Ty	vpe (25)								
		Block I	Length								
		Devic	e ID								
		Even	t ID								
		Event S	Second								
		Event Mic	rosecond								
		Rule ID (Sig	gnature ID)								
		Genera	tor ID								
		Rule Re	evision								
		Classifica	ation ID								
	Priority ID										
	Source IP Address										
		Source IP Addr									
		Source IP Addr									
		Source IP Addr	ess, continued								

By te

Bit

0	1	2	3						
0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7	8 9 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 5	1 1 1 1 2 2 2 2 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3	2 2 2 2 2 2 3 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1						
	Destination 1	IP Address							
Destination IP Address, continued									
	Destination IP Ad	dress, continued							
	Destination IP Ad	dress, continued							
Source Port/I	ІСМР Туре	Destination Po	rt/ICMP Code						
IP Protocol ID	Impact Flags	Impact	Blocked						
	MPLS	Label							
VLAN	N ID	Pa	d						
	Policy V	UUID							
	Policy UUID	, continued							
	Policy UUID	, continued							
	Policy UUID	, continued							
	User	ID							
	Web Appli	cation ID							
	Client Appl	ication ID							
	Application I	Protocol ID							
	Access Contr								
	Access Control								
	Access Control Polic								
	Access Control Polic								
	Access Control Polic								
	Interface Ing								
	Interface Ingress U	JUID, continued							
	Interface Ingress U	JUID, continued							
	Interface Ingress U	JUID, continued							

By te	0		1		2							3									
Bit	0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7	8 9 1	1 1 1 2	1 3	1 4	1 5	16	1 1 7 8	1 9	2 0	2 2	2 2	2 3	2 4	2 5	2 6	2 7	2 8	2 9	3	3
			Int	erfa	ace	Eg	res	ss UU	ЛD)											
		Int	erface	Εg	gres	ss U	JU	ID, c	ont	in	ued										
		Inte	erface	Εg	gres	ss U	JU	ID, o	ont	in	ued										
		Int	erface	Εg	gres	ss U	JU	ID, o	ont	in	ued										
		5	Secur	ity	Zoı	ne I	Ing	ress	UU	JIL)										
		Secur	ity Zc	ne	Ing	res	ss U	JUII), c	on	itinu	ed									
		Secur	ity Zo	ne	Ing	res	ss I	JUII), c	on	ıtinu	ed									
		Secur	ity Zo	ne	Ing	res	ss U	JUII), c	on	tinu	ed									
			Secur	ity	Zo	ne	Еg	ress	UU	ID)										
		Secur	ity Zo	one	Eg	res	s U	JUIE), c	on	tinu	ed									
		Secur	ity Zo	one	Eg	res	s U	JUIE), c	on	tinu	ed									
	Security Zone Egress UUID, continued																				
			Co	nne	ectio	on	Tir	nesta	ımp)											
	Connection	Instance	ID							C	Conr	nect	ior	ı C	ou	nte	r				

Table B-5 Intrusion Event Record 5.1.1 Fields

Field	Data Type	Description
Block Type	unint32	Initiates an Intrusion Event data block. This value is always 25.
Block Length	unint32	Total number of bytes in the Intrusion Event data block, including eight bytes for the Intrusion Event block type and length fields, plus the number of bytes of data that follows.
Device ID	unit32	Contains the identification number of the detecting managed device. You can obtain the managed device name by requesting Version 3 or 4 metadata. See Managed Device Record Metadata, page 3-32 for more information.
Event ID	uint32	Event identification number.
Event Second	uint32	UNIX timestamp (seconds since 01/01/1970) of the event's detection.
Event Microsecond	uint32	Microsecond (one millionth of a second) increment of the timestamp of the event's detection.

Table B-5 Intrusion Event Record 5.1.1 Fields (continued)

Field	Data Type	Description
Rule ID (Signature ID)	uint32	Rule identification number that corresponds with the event.
Generator ID	uint32	Identification number of the FireSIGHT System preprocessor that generated the event.
Rule Revision	uint32	Rule revision number.
Classification ID	uint32	Identification number of the event classification message.
Priority ID	uint32	Identification number of the priority associated with the event.
Source IP Address	uint8[16]	Source IPv4 or IPv6 address used in the event.
Destination IP Address	uint8[16]	Destination IPv4 or IPv6 address used in the event.
Source Port/ICMP Type	uint16	The source port number if the event protocol type is TCP or UDP, or the ICMP type if the event is caused by ICMP traffic.
Destination Port/ICMP Code	uint16	The destination port number if the event protocol type is TCP or UDP, or the ICMP code if the event is caused by ICMP traffic.
IP Protocol Number	uint8	IANA-specified protocol number. For example: • 0 — IP • 1 — ICMP • 6 — TCP • 17 — UDP

Table B-5 Intrusion Event Record 5.1.1 Fields (continued)

Field	Data Type	Description
Impact Flags	bits[8]	Impact flag value of the event. The low-order eight bits indicate the impact level. Values are:
		• 0x01 (bit 0) — Source or destination host is in a network monitored by the system.
		• 0x02 (bit 1) — Source or destination host exists in the network map.
		• 0x04 (bit 2) — Source or destination host is running a server on the port in the event (if TCP or UDP) or uses the IP protocol.
		• 0x08 (bit 3) — There is a vulnerability mapped to the operating system of the source or destination host in the event.
		• 0x10 (bit 4) — There is a vulnerability mapped to the server detected in the event.
		• 0x20 (bit 5) — The event caused the managed device to drop the session (used only when the device is running in inline, switched, or routed deployment). Corresponds to blocked status in the FireSIGHT System web interface.
		• 0x40 (bit 6) — The rule that generated this event contains rule metadata setting the impact flag to red. The source or destination host is potentially compromised by a virus, trojan, or other piece of malicious software.
		• 0x80 (bit 7) — There is a vulnerability mapped to the client detected in the event.
		The following impact level values map to specific priorities on the Defense Center. An x indicates the value can be 0 or 1:
		• (0, unknown): 00x00000
		• red (1, vulnerable): xxxx1xxx, xxx1xxxx, x1xxxxxx, 1xxxxxxx
		• orange (2, potentially vulnerable): 00x00111
		• yellow (3, currently not vulnerable): 00x00011
		• blue (4, unknown target): 00x00001
Impact	uint8	Impact flag value of the event. Values are:
		• 1 — Red (vulnerable)
		• 2 — Orange (potentially vulnerable)
		• 3 — Yellow (currently not vulnerable)
		• 4 — Blue (unknown target)
		• 5 — (unknown impact)
Blocked	uint8	Value indicating whether the event was blocked.
		• 0 — Not blocked
		• 1 — Blocked
		• 2 — Would be blocked (but not permitted by configuration)

Table B-5 Intrusion Event Record 5.1.1 Fields (continued)

Field	Data Type	Description
MPLS Label	uint32	MPLS label.
VLAN ID	uint16	Indicates the ID of the VLAN where the packet originated.
Pad	uint16	Reserved for future use.
Policy UUID	uint8[16]	A policy ID number that acts as a unique identifier for the intrusion policy.
User ID	uint32	The internal identification number for the user, if applicable.
Web Application ID	uint32	The internal identification number for the web application, if applicable.
Client Application ID	uint32	The internal identification number for the client application, if applicable.
Application Protocol ID	uint32	The internal identification number for the application protocol, if applicable.
Access Control Rule ID	uint32	A rule ID number that acts as a unique identifier for the access control rule.
Access Control Policy UUID	uint8[16]	A policy ID number that acts as a unique identifier for the access control policy.
Ingress Interface UUID	uint8[16]	An interface ID number that acts as a unique identifier for the ingress interface.
Egress Interface UUID	uint8[16]	An interface ID number that acts as a unique identifier for the egress interface.
Ingress Security Zone UUID	uint8[16]	A zone ID number that acts as a unique identifier for the ingress security zone.
Egress Security Zone UUID	uint8[16]	A zone ID number that acts as a unique identifier for the egress security zone.
Connection Timestamp	uint32	UNIX timestamp (seconds since 01/01/1970) of the connection event associated with the intrusion event.
Connection Instance ID	uint16	Numerical ID of the Snort instance on the managed device that generated the connection event.
Connection Counter	uint16	Value used to distinguish between connection events that happen during the same second.

Intrusion Event Record 5.3.1

The fields in the intrusion event record are shaded in the following graphic. The record type is 400 and the block type is 42 in the series 2 set of data blocks.

You can request 5.3.1 intrusion events from eStreamer only by extended request, for which you request event type code 12 and version code 7 in the Stream Request message (see Submitting Extended Requests, page 2-4 for information about submitting extended requests).

For version 5.3.1 intrusion events, the event ID, the managed device ID, and the event second form a unique identifier. The connection second, connection instance, and connection counter together form a unique identifier for the connection event associated with the intrusion event.

Byte	0	1	2	3		
Bit 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9		8 9 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 5	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	2 2 2 2 2 2 3 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1		
	Header Version (1) Message Type (4)					
	Message Length					
	Record Type (400)					
	Record Length					
	eStreamer Server Timestamp (in events, only if bit 23 is set)					
	Reserved for Future Use (in events, only if bit 23 is set)					
	Block Type (42)					
	Block Length					
	Device ID					
	Event ID					
	Event Second					
	Event Microsecond					
	Rule ID (Signature ID)					
	Generator ID					
	Rule Revision					
		Classifica				
		Priorit				
		Source IP				
		Source IP Addr Source IP Addr				
	Source IP Address, continued					
	Destination IP Address					
	Destination IP Address, continued Destination IP Address, continued					
		Destination IP Ad Destination IP Ad				
		Destination if Ad	aress, commune			

Byte	0	1	2	3		
Bit	0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7	8 9 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 5	1 1 1 1 2 2 2 2 2 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3	2 2 2 2 2 2 3 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1		
	Source Port of	r ICMP Type	Destination Port or ICMP Code			
	IP Protocol ID	Impact Flags	Impact	Blocked		
		MPLS	Label			
	VLA	N ID	Pa	d		
	Policy UUID					
	Policy UUID, continued					
	Policy UUID, continued					
	Policy UUID, continued					
	User ID					
	Web Application ID					
	Client Application ID					
	Application Protocol ID					
	Access Control Rule ID					
	Access Control Policy UUID					
	Access Control Policy UUID, continued					
	Access Control Policy UUID, continued					
		Access Control Police	cy UUID, continued			
		Interface Ing	gress UUID			
		Interface Ingress	UUID, continued			
		Interface Ingress	UUID, continued			
	Interface Ingress UUID, continued					
	Interface Egress UUID					
	Interface Egress UUID, continued					
	Interface Egress UUID, continued					
		Interface Egress V	JUID, continued			
		Security Zone	Ingress UUID			

Byte	0	1	2	3		
Bit	0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7	8 9 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 5	1 1 1 1 2 2 2 2 2 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3	2 2 2 2 2 3 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1		
	Security Zone Ingress UUID, continued					
		Security Zone Ingres	ss UUID, continued			
	Security Zone Ingress UUID, continued					
	Security Zone Egress UUID					
	Security Zone Egress UUID, continued					
	Security Zone Egress UUID, continued					
	Security Zone Egress UUID, continued					
	Connection Timestamp					
	Connection	Instance ID	Connection	on Counter		
	Source	Country	Destinatio	on Country		
	IOC N	lumber	Security	Context		
	Security Context, continued					
	Security Context, continued					
	Security Context, continued					
	Security Cont	ext, continued				

Table B-6 Intrusion Event Record 5.3.1 Fields

Field	Data Type	Description
Block Type	unint32	Initiates an Intrusion Event data block. This value is always 42.
Block Length	unint32	Total number of bytes in the Intrusion Event data block, including eight bytes for the Intrusion Event block type and length fields, plus the number of bytes of data that follows.
Device ID	unit32	Contains the identification number of the detecting managed device. You can obtain the managed device name by requesting Version 3 or 4 metadata. See Managed Device Record Metadata, page 3-32 for more information.
Event ID	uint32	Event identification number.
Event Second	uint32	UNIX timestamp (seconds since 01/01/1970) of the event's detection.
Event Microsecond	uint32	Microsecond (one millionth of a second) increment of the timestamp of the event's detection.

Table B-6 Intrusion Event Record 5.3.1 Fields (continued)

Field	Data Type	Description	
Rule ID (Signature ID)	uint32	Rule identification number that corresponds with the event.	
Generator ID	uint32	Identification number of the FireSIGHT System preprocessor that generated the event.	
Rule Revision	uint32	Rule revision number.	
Classification ID	uint32	Identification number of the event classification message.	
Priority ID	uint32	Identification number of the priority associated with the event.	
Source IP Address	uint8[16]	Source IPv4 or IPv6 address used in the event.	
Destination IP Address	uint8[16]	Destination IPv4 or IPv6 address used in the event.	
Source Port or ICMP Type	uint16	The source port number if the event protocol type is TCP or UDP, or the ICMP type if the event is caused by ICMP traffic.	
Destination Port or ICMP Code	uint16	The destination port number if the event protocol type is TCP or UDP, or the ICMP code if the event is caused by ICMP traffic.	
IP Protocol Number	uint8	IANA-specified protocol number. For example: • 0 — IP • 1 — ICMP • 6 — TCP • 17 — UDP	

Table B-6 Intrusion Event Record 5.3.1 Fields (continued)

Field	Data Type	Description
Impact Flags	bits[8]	Impact flag value of the event. The low-order eight bits indicate the impact level. Values are:
		• 0x01 (bit 0) — Source or destination host is in a network monitored by the system.
		• 0x02 (bit 1) — Source or destination host exists in the network map.
		• 0x04 (bit 2) — Source or destination host is running a server on the port in the event (if TCP or UDP) or uses the IP protocol.
		• 0x08 (bit 3) — There is a vulnerability mapped to the operating system of the source or destination host in the event.
		• 0x10 (bit 4) — There is a vulnerability mapped to the server detected in the event.
		• 0x20 (bit 5) — The event caused the managed device to drop the session (used only when the device is running in inline, switched, or routed deployment). Corresponds to blocked status in the FireSIGHT System web interface.
		• 0x40 (bit 6) — The rule that generated this event contains rule metadata setting the impact flag to red. The source or destination host is potentially compromised by a virus, trojan, or other piece of malicious software.
		• 0x80 (bit 7) — There is a vulnerability mapped to the client detected in the event. (version 5.0+ only)
		The following impact level values map to specific priorities on the Defense Center. An x indicates the value can be 0 or 1:
		• (0, unknown): 00x00000
		• red (1, vulnerable): xxxx1xxx, xxx1xxxx, x1xxxxxx, 1xxxxxxx (version 5.0+ only)
		• orange (2, potentially vulnerable): 00x0011x
		• yellow (3, currently not vulnerable): 00x0001x
		• blue (4, unknown target): 00x00001
Impact	uint8	Impact flag value of the event. Values are:
		• 1 — Red (vulnerable)
		• 2 — Orange (potentially vulnerable)
		• 3 — Yellow (currently not vulnerable)
		• 4 — Blue (unknown target)
		• 5 — (unknown impact)
Blocked	uint8	Value indicating whether the event was blocked.
		• 0 — Not blocked
		• 1 — Blocked
		• 2 — Would be blocked (but not permitted by configuration)

Table B-6 Intrusion Event Record 5.3.1 Fields (continued)

Field	Data Type	Description
MPLS Label	uint32	MPLS label.
VLAN ID	uint16	Indicates the ID of the VLAN where the packet originated.
Pad	uint16	Reserved for future use.
Policy UUID	uint8[16]	A policy ID number that acts as a unique identifier for the intrusion policy.
User ID	uint32	The internal identification number for the user, if applicable.
Web Application ID	uint32	The internal identification number for the web application, if applicable.
Client Application ID	uint32	The internal identification number for the client application, if applicable.
Application Protocol ID	uint32	The internal identification number for the application protocol, if applicable.
Access Control Rule ID	uint32	A rule ID number that acts as a unique identifier for the access control rule.
Access Control Policy UUID	uint8[16]	A policy ID number that acts as a unique identifier for the access control policy.
Ingress Interface UUID	uint8[16]	An interface ID number that acts as a unique identifier for the ingress interface.
Egress Interface UUID	uint8[16]	An interface ID number that acts as a unique identifier for the egress interface.
Ingress Security Zone UUID	uint8[16]	A zone ID number that acts as a unique identifier for the ingress security zone.
Egress Security Zone UUID	uint8[16]	A zone ID number that acts as a unique identifier for the egress security zone.
Connection Timestamp	uint32	UNIX timestamp (seconds since 01/01/1970) of the connection event associated with the intrusion event.
Connection Instance ID	uint16	Numerical ID of the Snort instance on the managed device that generated the connection event.
Connection Counter	uint16	Value used to distinguish between connection events that happen during the same second.
Source Country	uint16	Code for the country of the source host.
Destination Country	uint 16	Code for the country of the destination host.
IOC Number	uint16	ID number of the compromise associated with this event.
Security Context	uint8(16)	ID number for the security context (virtual firewall) that the traffic passed through. Note that the system only populates this field for ASA FirePOWER devices in multi-context mode.

Intrusion Impact Alert Data

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The Intrusion Impact Alert event contains information about impact events. It is transmitted when an intrusion event is compared to the system network map data and the impact is determined. It uses the standard record header with a record type of 9, followed by an Intrusion Impact Alert data block with a data block type of 20 in the series 1 group of blocks. (The Impact Alert data block is a type of series 1 data block. For more information about series 1 data blocks, see Understanding Discovery (Series 1) Blocks, page 4-54.)

You can request that eStreamer only transmit intrusion impact events by setting bit 5 in the Flags field of the request message. See Event Stream Request Message Format, page 2-10 for more information about request messages. Version 1 of these alerts only handles IPv4. Version 2, introduced in 5.3, handles IPv6 events in addition to IPv4.

Byte	0	1	2	3	
Bit	0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7	8 9 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 5	1 1 1 1 1 2 2 2 2 2 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3	2 2 2 2 2 2 3 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1	
	Header V	ersion (1)	Message	Type (4)	
	Message Length				
	Record Type (9)				
	Record Length				
	Intrusion Impact Alert Block Type (20)				
	Intrusion Impact Alert Block Length				
	Event ID				
	Device ID				
	Event Second				
	Impact				
	Source IP Address				
	Destination IP Address				
Impact Description	String Block Type (0)				
Description	String Block Length				
	Description				

The following table describes each data field in an impact event.

Table B-7 Impact Event Data Fields

Field	Data Type	Description	
Intrusion Impact Alert Block Type	uint32	Indicates that an intrusion impact alert data block follows. This field will always have a value of 20. See Intrusion Event and Metadata Record Types, page 3-1.	
Intrusion Impact Alert Block Length	uint32	Indicates the length of the intrusion impact alert data block, including all data that follows and 8 bytes for the intrusion impact alert block type and length.	
Event ID	uint32	Indicates the event identification number.	
Device ID	uint32	Indicates the managed device identification number.	
Event Second	uint32	Indicates the second (from 01/01/1970) that the event was detected.	
Impact	bits[8]	Impact flag value of the event. The low-order eight bits indicate the impact level. Values are:	
		• 0x01 (bit 0) — Source or destination host is in a network monitored by the system.	
		• 0x02 (bit 1) — Source or destination host exists in the network map.	
		• 0x04 (bit 2) — Source or destination host is running a server on the port in the event (if TCP or UDP) or uses the IP protocol.	
		• 0x08 (bit 3) — There is a vulnerability mapped to the operating system of the source or destination host in the event.	
		• 0x10 (bit 4) — There is a vulnerability mapped to the server detected in the event.	
		• 0x20 (bit 5) — The event caused the managed device to drop the session (used only when the device is running in inline, switched, or routed deployment). Corresponds to blocked status in the FireSIGHT System web interface.	
		• 0x40 (bit 6) — The rule that generated this event contains rule metadata setting the impact flag to red. The source or destination host is potentially compromised by a virus, trojan, or other piece of malicious software.	
		• 0x80 (bit 7) — There is a vulnerability mapped to the client detected in the event. (version 5.0+ only)	
		The following impact level values map to specific priorities on the Defense Center. An x indicates the value can be 0 or 1:	
		• (0, unknown): 00x00000	
		• red (1, vulnerable): xxxx1xxx, xxx1xxxx, x1xxxxxx, 1xxxxxxx (version 5.0+ only)	
		orange (2, potentially vulnerable): 00x0011x	
		• yellow (3, currently not vulnerable): 00x0001x	
		• blue (4, unknown target): 00x00001	

Table B-7 Impact Event Data Fields (con	ontinued)
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Field	Data Type	Description
Source IP Address	uint8[4]	IP address of the host associated with the impact event, in IP address octets.
Destination IP Address	uint8[4]	IP address of the destination IP address associated with the impact event (if applicable), in IP address octets. This value is 0 if there is no destination IP address.
String Block Type	uint32	Initiates a string data block that contains the impact name. This value is always set to 0. For more information about string blocks, see String Data Block, page 4-62.
String Block Length	uint32	Number of bytes in the event description string block. This includes the four bytes for the string block type, the four bytes for the string block length, and the number of bytes in the description.
Description	string	Description of the impact event.

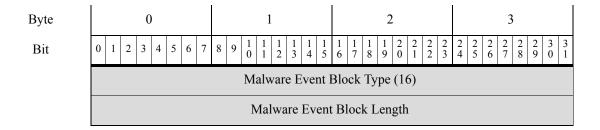
Legacy Malware Event Data Structures

- Malware Event Data Block 5.1, page B-38
- Malware Event Data Block 5.1.1.x, page B-42
- Malware Event Data Block 5.2.x, page B-48
- Malware Event Data Block 5.3, page B-55
- Malware Event Data Block 5.3.1, page B-62

Malware Event Data Block 5.1

The eStreamer service uses the malware event data block to store information on malware events. These events contain information on malware detected or quarantined within a cloud, the detection method, and hosts and users affected by the malware. The malware event data block has a block type of 16 in the series 2 group of blocks. You request the event as part of the malware event record by setting the malware event flag—bit 30 in the request flags field—in the request message with an event version of 1 and an event code of 101.

The following graphic shows the structure of the malware event data block:



Byte	0	1	2	3		
Bit	0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7	8 9 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 5	1 1 1 1 2 2 2 2 2 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3	2 2 2 2 2 2 3 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1		
	Agent UUID					
	Agent UUID, continued					
	Agent UUID, continued					
	Agent UUID, continued					
	Cloud UUID					
	Cloud UUID, continued					
	Cloud UUID, continued					
	Cloud UUID, continued					
	Timestamp					
	Event Type ID					
	Event Subtype ID		Host IP Address			
Detection Name	Host IP Address, cont.	Detector ID	String Block Type (0)			
	String Block	Type (0), cont.	String Blo	ock Length		
	String Block	Length, cont.	Detectio	n Name		
User		String Bloc	k Type (0)			
		String Blo	ck Length			
		Use	er			
File Name	String Block Type (0)					
		String Blo	ck Length			
	File Name					
File Path		String Block Type (0)				
		String Blo	ck Length			
		File P	ath			

Byte	0	1	2	3	
Bit	0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7	8 9 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 5	1 1 1 1 2 2 2 2 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3	2 2 2 2 2 3 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1	
File SHA Hash	String Block Type (0)				
114511	String Block Length				
	File SHA Hash				
	File Size				
	File Type	e File Timestamp			
Parent File Name	File Timestamp, cont.	mp, String Block Type (0)			
	String Block Type (0), cont.	String Block Length			
	String Block Length, cont.		Parent File Name		
Parent File SHA Hash	String Block Type (0)				
51171 114511	String Block Length				
	Parent File SHA Hash				
Event Description	String Block Type (0)				
Bescription	String Block Length				
	Event Description				

The following table describes the fields in the malware event data block.

Table B-8 Malware Event Data Block Fields

Field	Data Type	Description
Malware Event Block Type	uint32	Initiates a malware event data block. This value is always 16.
Malware Event Block Length	uint32	Total number of bytes in the malware event data block, including eight bytes for the malware event block type and length fields, plus the number of bytes of data that follows.
Agent UUID	uint8[16]	The internal unique ID of the FireAMP agent reporting the malware event.
Cloud UUID	uint8[16]	The internal unique ID of the malware awareness network from which the malware event originated.
Timestamp	uint32	The malware event generation timestamp.
Event Type ID	uint32	The internal ID of the malware event type.

Table B-8 Malware Event Data Block Fields (continued)

Field	Data Type	Description	
Event Subtype ID	uint8	The internal ID of the action that led to malware detection.	
Host IP Address	uint32	The host IP address associated with the malware event.	
Detector ID	uint8	The internal ID of the detection technology that detected the malware.	
String Block Type	uint32	Initiates a String data block containing the detection name. This value is always 0.	
String Block Length	uint32	The number of bytes included in the Detection Name String data block, including eight bytes for the block type and header fields plus the number of bytes in the Detection Name field.	
Detection Name	string	The name of the detected or quarantined malware.	
String Block Type	uint32	Initiates a String data block containing the username. This value is always 0.	
String Block Length	uint32	The number of bytes included in the User String data block, including eight bytes for the block type and header fields plus the number of bytes in the User field.	
User	string	The user of the computer where the Cisco Agent is installed and where the malware event occurred. Note that these users are not tied to user discovery.	
String Block Type	uint32	Initiates a String data block containing the file name. This value is always 0.	
String Block Length	uint32	The number of bytes included in the File Name String data block, including eight bytes for the block type and header fields plus the number of bytes in the File Name field.	
File Name	string	The name of the detected or quarantined file.	
String Block Type	uint32	Initiates a String data block containing the file path. This value is always 0.	
String Block Length	uint32	The number of bytes included in the File Path String data block, including eight bytes for the block type and header fields plus the number of bytes in the File Path field.	
File Path	string	The file path, not including the file name, of the detected or quarantined file.	
String Block Type	uint32	Initiates a String data block containing the file SHA hash. This value is always 0.	
String Block Length	uint32	The number of bytes included in the File SHA Hash String data block, including eight bytes for the block type and header fields plus the number of bytes in the File SHA Hash field.	
File SHA Hash	string	The SHA-256 hash value of the detected or quarantined file.	
File Size	uint32	The size in bytes of the detected or quarantined file.	
File Type	uint8	The file type of the detected or quarantined file.	
File Timestamp	uint32	The creation timestamp of the detected or quarantined file.	

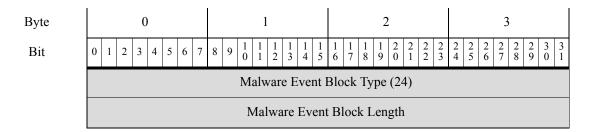
Table B-8	Malware	Event Data	Block	Fields	(continued)

Field	Data Type	Description
String Block Type	uint32	Initiates a String data block containing the parent file name. This value is always 0.
String Block Length	uint32	The number of bytes included in the Parent File Name String data block, including eight bytes for the block type and header fields plus the number of bytes in the Parent File Name field.
Parent File Name	string	The name of the file accessing the detected or quarantined file when detection occurred.
String Block Type	uint32	Initiates a String data block containing the parent file SHA hash. This value is always 0.
String Block Length	uint32	The number of bytes included in the Parent File SHA Hash String data block, including eight bytes for the block type and header fields plus the number of bytes in the Parent File SHA Hash field.
Parent File SHA Hash	string	The SHA-256 hash value of the parent file accessing the detected or quarantined file when detection occurred.
String Block Type	uint32	Initiates a String data block containing the event description. This value is always 0.
String Block Length	uint32	The number of bytes included in the Event Description String data block, including eight bytes for the block type and header fields plus the number of bytes in the Event Description field.
Event Description	string	The additional event information associated with the event type.

Malware Event Data Block 5.1.1.x

The eStreamer service uses the malware event data block to store information on malware events. These events contain information on malware detected or quarantined within a cloud, the detection method, and hosts and users affected by the malware. The malware event data block has a block type of 24 in the series 2 group of blocks. You request the event as part of the malware event record by setting the malware event flag—bit 30 in the request flags field—in the request message with an event version of 2 and an event code of 101.

The following graphic shows the structure of the malware event data block:



Byte	0	1	2	3	
Bit	0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7	8 9 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 5	1 1 1 1 2 2 2 2 2 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3	2 2 2 2 2 2 3 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1	
	Agent UUID				
	Agent UUID, continued				
		Agent UUII	O, continued		
		Agent UUID, continued			
		Cloud UUID			
		Cloud UUID, continued			
		Cloud UUII	O, continued		
	Cloud UUID, continued				
		Malware Ever	nt Timestamp		
	Event Type ID				
	Event Subtype ID		Host IP Address		
Detection Name	Host IP Address, cont.	Detector ID	String Block Type (0)		
	String Block T	Type (0), cont.	String Blo	ock Length	
	String Block Length, cont. Detection Name			n Name	
User		String Bloc	ck Type (0)		
	String Block Length				
	User				
File Name	String Block Type (0)				
	String Block Length				
	File Name				
File Path	String Block Type (0)				
String Block Length					
		File P	ath		

Byte	0	1	2 3	
Bit	0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7	8 9 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 5	1 1 1 1 1 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 3 3 6 7 8 9 0 1 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1	
File SHA Hash	String Block Type (0)			
Hasii	String Block Length			
	File SHA Hash			
	File Size			
	File Type		File Timestamp	
Parent File Name	File Timestamp, cont.		String Block Type (0)	
	String Block Type (0), cont.		String Block Length	
	String Block Length, cont.		Parent File Name	
Parent File SHA Hash	String Block Type (0)			
STIZETIOSI	String Block Length			
	Parent File SHA Hash			
Event Description	String Block Type (0) String Block Length			
Description				
		Event Des	scription	
	Device ID			
	Connection Instance		Connection Counter	
	Connection Event Timestamp			
	Direction	Direction Source IP Address		
	Source IP Address, continued Source IP Address, continued			
		Source IP Address, continued		
	Source IP, cont. Destination IP Address			
	Destination IP Address, continued			
	Destination IP Address, continued			
	Destination IP Address, continued			

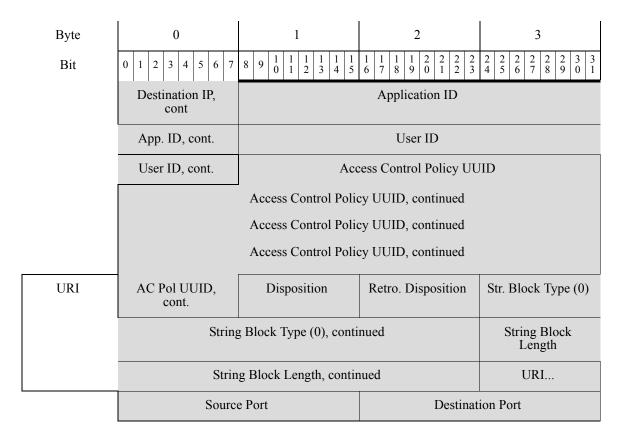


Table B-9 Malware Event Data Block for 5.1.1.x Fields

Field	Data Type	Description	
Malware Event Block Type	uint32	Initiates a malware event data block. This value is always 24.	
Malware Event Block Length	uint32	Total number of bytes in the malware event data block, including eight bytes for the malware event block type and length fields, plus the number of bytes of data that follows.	
Agent UUID	uint8[16]	The internal unique ID of the FireAMP agent reporting the malware event.	
Cloud UUID	uint8[16]	The internal unique ID of the malware awareness network from which the malware event originated.	
Malware Event Timestamp	uint32	The malware event generation timestamp.	
Event Type ID	uint32	The internal ID of the malware event type.	
Event Subtype ID	uint8	The internal ID of the action that led to malware detection.	
Host IP Address	uint32	The host IP address associated with the malware event.	
Detector ID	uint8	The internal ID of the detection technology that detected the malware.	
String Block Type	uint32	Initiates a String data block containing the detection name. This value is always 0.	

Table B-9 Malware Event Data Block for 5.1.1.x Fields (continued)

Field	Data Type	Description	
String Block Length	uint32	The number of bytes included in the Detection Name String data block, including eight bytes for the block type and header fields plus the number of bytes in the Detection Name field.	
Detection Name	string	The name of the detected or quarantined malware.	
String Block Type	uint32	Initiates a String data block containing the username. This value is always 0.	
String Block Length	uint32	The number of bytes included in the User String data block, including eight bytes for the block type and header fields plus the number of bytes in the User field.	
User	string	The user of the computer where the Cisco Agent is installed and where the malware event occurred. Note that these users are not tied to user discovery.	
String Block Type	uint32	Initiates a String data block containing the file name. This value is always 0.	
String Block Length	uint32	The number of bytes included in the File Name String data block, including eight bytes for the block type and header fields plus the number of bytes in the File Name field.	
File Name	string	The name of the detected or quarantined file.	
String Block Type	uint32	Initiates a String data block containing the file path. Thi value is always o.	
String Block Length	uint32	The number of bytes included in the File Path String data block, including eight bytes for the block type and header fields plus the number of bytes in the File Path field.	
File Path	string	The file path, not including the file name, of the detected of quarantined file.	
String Block Type	uint32	Initiates a String data block containing the file SHA hash. This value is always 0.	
String Block Length	uint32	The number of bytes included in the File SHA Hash String data block, including eight bytes for the block type and header fields plus the number of bytes in the File SHA Hash field.	
File SHA Hash	string	The rendered string of the SHA-256 hash value of the detected or quarantined file.	
File Size	uint32	The size in bytes of the detected or quarantined file.	
File Type	uint8	The file type of the detected or quarantined file.	
File Timestamp	uint32	UNIX timestamp (seconds since 01/01/1970) of the creation of the detected or quarantined file.	
String Block Type	uint32	Initiates a String data block containing the parent file name. This value is always 0.	

Table B-9 Malware Event Data Block for 5.1.1.x Fields (continued)

Field	Data Type	Description	
String Block Length	uint32	The number of bytes included in the Parent File Name String data block, including eight bytes for the block type and header fields plus the number of bytes in the Parent File Name field.	
Parent File Name	string	The name of the file accessing the detected or quarantined file when detection occurred.	
String Block Type	uint32	Initiates a String data block containing the parent file SHA hash. This value is always 0.	
String Block Length	uint32	The number of bytes included in the Parent File SHA Hash String data block, including eight bytes for the block type and header fields plus the number of bytes in the Parent File SHA Hash field.	
Parent File SHA Hash	string	The SHA-256 hash value of the parent file accessing the detected or quarantined file when detection occurred.	
String Block Type	uint32	Initiates a String data block containing the event description. This value is always 0.	
String Block Length	uint32	The number of bytes included in the Event Description String data block, including eight bytes for the block type and header fields plus the number of bytes in the Event Description field.	
Event Description	string	The additional event information associated with the event type.	
Device ID	uint32	ID for the device that generated the event.	
Connection Instance	uint16	Snort instance on the device that generated the event. Used to link the event with a connection or IDS event.	
Connection Counter	uint16	Value used to distinguish between connection events that happen during the same second.	
Connection Event Timestamp	uint32	Timestamp of the connection event.	
Direction	uint8	Indicates whether the file was uploaded or downloaded. Can have the following values:	
		• 1 — Download	
		• 2 — Upload	
		Currently the value depends on the protocol (for example, if the connection is HTTP it is a download).	
Source IP Address	uint8[16]	IPv4 or IPv6 address for the source of the connection.	
Destination IP Address	uint8[16]	IPv4 or IPv6 address for the destination of the connection.	
Application ID	uint32	ID number that maps to the application using the file transfer.	
User ID	uint32	Identification number for the user logged into the destination host, as identified by the system.	

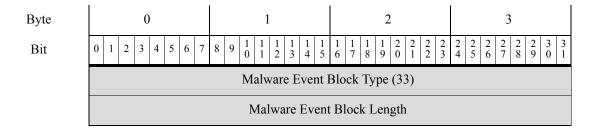
Table B-9 Malware Event Data Block for 5.1.1.x Fields (continued)

Field	Data Type	Description	
Access Control Policy UUID	uint8[16]	Identification number that acts as a unique identifier for the access control policy that triggered the event.	
Disposition	uint8	The malware status of the file. Possible values include:	
		• 1 — CLEAN — The file is clean and does not contain malware.	
		• 2 — UNKNOWN — It is unknown whether the file contains malware.	
		• 3 — MALWARE — The file contains malware.	
		• 4 — CACHE_MISS — The software was unable to send a request to the Cisco cloud for a disposition.	
		• 5 — NO_CLOUD_RESP — The Cisco cloud services did not respond to the request.	
Retrospective Disposition	uint8	Disposition of the file if the disposition is updated. If the disposition is not updated, this field contains the same value as the Disposition field. The possible values are the same as the Disposition field.	
String Block Type	uint32	Initiates a String data block containing the URI. This value is always 0.	
String Block Length	uint32	The number of bytes included in the URI data block, including eight bytes for the block type and header fields plus the number of bytes in the URI field.	
URI	string	URI of the connection.	
Source Port	uint16	Port number for the source of the connection.	
Destination Port	uint16	Port number for the destination of the connection.	

Malware Event Data Block 5.2.x

The eStreamer service uses the malware event data block to store information on malware events. These events contain information on malware detected or quarantined within a cloud, the detection method, and hosts and users affected by the malware. The malware event data block has a block type of 33 in the series 2 group of blocks. You request the event as part of the malware event record by setting the malware event flag—bit 30 in the request flags field—in the request message with an event version of 3 and an event code of 101.

The following graphic shows the structure of the malware event data block:



Byte	0	1	2	3	
Bit	0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7	8 9 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 5	1 1 1 1 2 2 2 2 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3	2 2 2 2 2 2 3 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1	
	Agent UUID Agent UUID, continued Agent UUID, continued Agent UUID, continued				
		Cloud	UUID		
		Cloud UUIE), continued		
		Cloud UUIE), continued		
		Cloud UUIE), continued		
		Malware Ever	nt Timestamp		
		Event T	Type ID		
Detection Name	Event Subtype ID	Detector ID	String Block Type (0)		
	String Block Type (0), cont. String Block Length			ock Length	
	String Block Length, cont. Detection Name			n Name	
User	String Block Type (0)				
		String Blo			
		Use			
File Name	String Block Type (0)				
	String Block Length File Name				
File Path					
riie raui		String Block Type (0)			
	String Block Length File Path				
File SHA	String Block Type (0)				
Hash		String Blo			
	File SHA Hash				
	File Size				

Byte	0	1	2	3	
Bit	0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 2 2 2 2 2 2				
	File Type				
		File Tir	nestamp		
Parent File Name	String Block Type (0)				
Tuille		String Blo	ock Length		
		Parent Fi	le Name		
Parent File SHA Hash		String Blo	ck Type (0)		
2-2-2-2-4		String Blo	ock Length		
		Parent File	SHA Hash		
Event Description		String Blo	ck Type (0)		
		String Blo	ock Length		
	Event Description				
	Device ID				
	Connection Instance Connection Counter				
	Connection Event Timestamp				
	Direction Source IP Address				
	Source IP Address, continued				
			lress, continued		
	Source IP Address, continued				
	Source IP, cont.		Destination IP Addres	S	
	Destination IP Address, continued				
	Destination IP Address, continued				
	Destination IP Address, continued Destination IP, cont Application ID				
	App. ID, cont.		User ID		
	User ID, cont. Access Control Policy UUID				

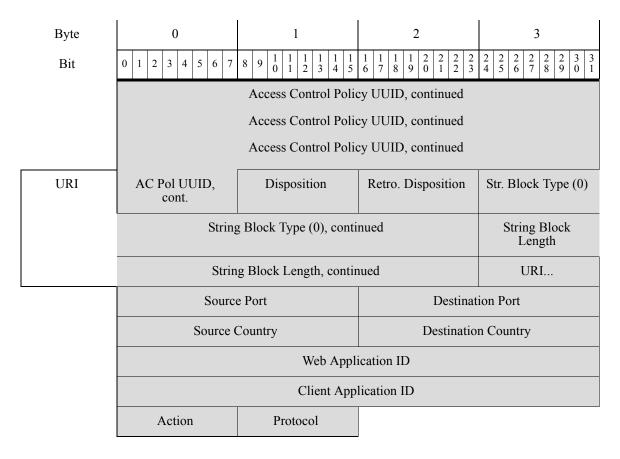


Table B-10 Malware Event Data Block for 5.2.x Fields

Field	Data Type	Description
Malware Event Block Type	uint32	Initiates a malware event data block. This value is always 33.
Malware Event Block Length	uint32	Total number of bytes in the malware event data block, including eight bytes for the malware event block type and length fields, plus the number of bytes of data that follows.
Agent UUID	uint8[16]	The internal unique ID of the FireAMP agent reporting the malware event.
Cloud UUID	uint8[16]	The internal unique ID of the malware awareness network from which the malware event originated.
Malware Event Timestamp	uint32	The malware event generation timestamp.
Event Type ID	uint32	The internal ID of the malware event type.
Event Subtype ID	uint8	The internal ID of the action that led to malware detection.
Detector ID	uint8	The internal ID of the detection technology that detected the malware.
String Block Type	uint32	Initiates a String data block containing the detection name. This value is always 0.

Table B-10 Malware Event Data Block for 5.2.x Fields (continued)

Field	Data Type	Description	
String Block Length	uint32	The number of bytes included in the Detection Name String data block, including eight bytes for the block type and header fields plus the number of bytes in the Detection Name field.	
Detection Name	string	The name of the detected or quarantined malware.	
String Block Type	uint32	Initiates a String data block containing the username. This value is always 0.	
String Block Length	uint32	The number of bytes included in the User String data block, including eight bytes for the block type and header fields plus the number of bytes in the User field.	
User	string	The user of the computer where the Cisco Agent is installed and where the malware event occurred. Note that these users are not tied to user discovery.	
String Block Type	uint32	Initiates a String data block containing the file name. This value is always 0.	
String Block Length	uint32	The number of bytes included in the File Name String data block, including eight bytes for the block type and header fields plus the number of bytes in the File Name field.	
File Name	string	The name of the detected or quarantined file.	
String Block Type	uint32	Initiates a String data block containing the file path. This value is always 0.	
String Block Length	uint32	The number of bytes included in the File Path String data block, including eight bytes for the block type and header fields plus the number of bytes in the File Path field.	
File Path	string	The file path, not including the file name, of the detected or quarantined file.	
String Block Type	uint32	Initiates a String data block containing the file SHA hash. This value is always o.	
String Block Length	uint32	The number of bytes included in the File SHA Hash String data block, including eight bytes for the block type and header fields plus the number of bytes in the File SHA Hash field.	
File SHA Hash	string	The rendered string of the SHA-256 hash value of the detected or quarantined file.	
File Size	uint32	The size in bytes of the detected or quarantined file.	
File Type	uint32	The file type of the detected or quarantined file.	
File Timestamp	uint32	UNIX timestamp (seconds since 01/01/1970) of the creation of the detected or quarantined file.	
String Block Type	uint32	Initiates a String data block containing the parent file name. This value is always 0.	

Table B-10 Malware Event Data Block for 5.2.x Fields (continued)

Field	Data Type	Description	
String Block Length	uint32	The number of bytes included in the Parent File Name String data block, including eight bytes for the block type and header fields plus the number of bytes in the Parent File Name field.	
Parent File Name	string	The name of the file accessing the detected or quarantined file when detection occurred.	
String Block Type	uint32	Initiates a String data block containing the parent file SHA hash. This value is always 0.	
String Block Length	uint32	The number of bytes included in the Parent File SHA Hash String data block, including eight bytes for the block type and header fields plus the number of bytes in the Parent File SHA Hash field.	
Parent File SHA Hash	string	The SHA-256 hash value of the parent file accessing the detected or quarantined file when detection occurred.	
String Block Type	uint32	Initiates a String data block containing the event description. This value is always 0.	
String Block Length	uint32	The number of bytes included in the Event Description String data block, including eight bytes for the block type and header fields plus the number of bytes in the Event Description field.	
Event Description	string	The additional event information associated with the event type.	
Device ID	uint32	ID for the device that generated the event.	
Connection Instance	uint16	Snort instance on the device that generated the event. Used to link the event with a connection or IDS event.	
Connection Counter	uint16	Value used to distinguish between connection events that happen during the same second.	
Connection Event Timestamp	uint32	Timestamp of the connection event.	
Direction	uint8	Indicates whether the file was uploaded or downloaded. Can have the following values:	
		• 1 — Download	
		• 2 — Upload	
		Currently the value depends on the protocol (for example, if the connection is HTTP it is a download).	
Source IP Address	uint8[16]	IPv4 or IPv6 address for the source of the connection.	
Destination IP Address	uint8[16]	IPv4 or IPv6 address for the destination of the connection.	
Application ID	uint32	ID number that maps to the application using the file transfer.	
User ID	uint32	Identification number for the user logged into the destination host, as identified by the system.	

Table B-10 Malware Event Data Block for 5.2.x Fields (continued)

Field	Data Type	Description	
Access Control Policy UUID	uint8[16]	Identification number that acts as a unique identifier for the access control policy that triggered the event.	
Disposition	uint8	The malware status of the file. Possible values include:	
		• 1 — CLEAN — The file is clean and does not contain malware.	
		• 2 — NEUTRAL — It is unknown whether the file contains malware.	
		• 3 — MALWARE — The file contains malware.	
		 4 — CACHE_MISS — The software was unable to send a request to the Cisco cloud for a disposition, or the Cisco cloud services did not respond to the request. 	
Retrospective Disposition	uint8	Disposition of the file if the disposition is updated. If the disposition is not updated, this field contains the same value as the Disposition field. The possible values are the same as the Disposition field.	
String Block Type	uint32	Initiates a String data block containing the URI. This value is always 0.	
String Block Length	uint32	The number of bytes included in the URI data block, including eight bytes for the block type and header fields plus the number of bytes in the URI field.	
URI	string	URI of the connection.	
Source Port	uint16	Port number for the source of the connection.	
Destination Port	uint16	Port number for the destination of the connection.	
Source Country	uint16	Code for the country of the source host.	
Destination Country	uint 16	Code for the country of the destination host.	
Web Application ID	uint32	The internal identification number of the detected web application, if applicable.	
Client Application ID	uint32	The internal identification number of the detected client application, if applicable.	

IANA protocol number specified by the user. For example:

Field	Data Type	Description
Action	uint8	The action taken on the file based on the file type. Can have the following values:
		• 1 — Detect
		• 2 — Block
		• 3 — Malware Cloud Lookup
		• 4 — Malware Block
		• 5 — Malware Whitelist

1 — ICMP
 4 — IP
 6 — TCP
 17 — UDP

Table B-10 Malware Event Data Block for 5.2.x Fields (continued)

uint8

Malware Event Data Block 5.3

Protocol

The eStreamer service uses the malware event data block to store information on malware events. These events contain information on malware detected or quarantined within a cloud, the detection method, and hosts and users affected by the malware. The malware event data block has a block type of 35 in the series 2 group of blocks. You request the event as part of the malware event record by setting the malware event flag—bit 30 in the request flags field—in the request message with an event version of 4 and an event code of 101.

This is currently only TCP.

The following graphic shows the structure of the malware event data block:

Byte	0	1	2	3
Bit	0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7	8 9 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 5	1 1 1 1 2 2 2 2 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3	2 2 2 2 2 2 3 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1
		Malware Event l	Block Type (35)	
	Malware Event Block Length			
	Agent UUID			
	Agent UUID, continued			
	Agent UUID, continued			
	Agent UUID, continued			
	Cloud UUID			
		Cloud UUID), continued	

Byte	0	1	2	3							
Bit	0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7	8 9 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 5	1 1 1 1 2 2 2 2 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3	2 2 2 2 2 2 3 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1							
	Cloud UUID, continued										
	Cloud UUID, continued										
		Malware Eve	nt Timestamp								
		Event 7	Type ID								
		Event Su	btype ID								
Detection Name	Detector ID		String Block Type (0)								
rune	String Block Type (0), cont.		String Block Length								
	String Block Length, cont.		Detection Name								
User		String Bloo	ck Type (0)								
		String Blo	ck Length								
		Use	er								
File Name		String Bloo	ck Type (0)								
		String Blo	ck Length								
		File N	ame								
File Path		String Bloo	ck Type (0)								
		String Blo	ck Length								
		File I	ath								
File SHA Hash		String Bloo	ck Type (0)								
		String Blo	ck Length								
		File SHA	A Hash								
		File	Size								
		File	Туре								
		File Tin	nestamp								

Byte	0	1	2	3							
Bit	0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7	8 9 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 5	1 1 1 1 2 2 2 2 2 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3	2 2 2 2 2 2 3 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1							
Parent File	String Block Type (0)										
Name		String Block Length									
		Parent File	e Name								
Parent File		String Bloc	k Type (0)								
SHA Hash		String Blo	ck Length								
		Parent File S	SHA Hash								
Event		String Bloc	k Type (0)								
Description		String Bloo	ck Length								
		Event Des	cription								
	Device ID										
	Connectio	n Instance	Connection	on Counter							
		Connection Eve	ent Timestamp								
	Direction		Source IP Address								
		Source IP Addi	ress, continued								
		Source IP Addr	ress, continued								
		Source IP Addi	ress, continued								
	Source IP, cont.	I	Destination IP Address	s							
		Destination IP Ac	ldress, continued								
		Destination IP Ad	ldress, continued								
	Destination IP Address, continued										
	Destination IP, cont Application ID										
	App. ID, cont.		User ID								
	User ID, cont.	Acc	cess Control Policy UI	UID							

Byte	0	1	2	3						
Bit	0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7	8 9 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 5	1 1 1 1 2 2 2 2 2 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3	2 2 2 2 2 2 3 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1						
		Access Control Policy UUID, continued								
		Access Control Police	cy UUID, continued							
		Access Control Police	cy UUID, continued							
URI	AC Pol UUID, cont.	Disposition	Retro. Disposition	Str. Block Type (0)						
	String	g Block Type (0), conti	nued	String Block Length						
	Strin	g Block Length, contin	nued	URI						
	Source	e Port	Destinat	ion Port						
	Source (Country	Destination	n Country						
		Web Appl	ication ID							
		Client Application ID								
	Action Protocol Threat Score IOC Nur									
	IOC Number, cont.									

Table B-11 Malware Event Data Block for 5.3 Fields

Field	Data Type	Description
Malware Event Block Type	uint32	Initiates a malware event data block. This value is always 35.
Malware Event Block Length	uint32	Total number of bytes in the malware event data block, including eight bytes for the malware event block type and length fields, plus the number of bytes of data that follows.
Agent UUID	uint8[16]	The internal unique ID of the FireAMP agent reporting the malware event.
Cloud UUID	uint8[16]	The internal unique ID of the malware awareness network from which the malware event originated.
Malware Event Timestamp	uint32	The malware event generation timestamp.
Event Type ID	uint32	The internal ID of the malware event type.
Event Subtype ID	uint32	The internal ID of the action that led to malware detection.
Detector ID	uint8	The internal ID of the detection technology that detected the malware.

Table B-11 Malware Event Data Block for 5.3 Fields (continued)

Field	Data Type	Description					
String Block Type	uint32	Initiates a String data block containing the detection name. This value is always 0.					
String Block Length	uint32	The number of bytes included in the Detection Name String data block, including eight bytes for the block type and header fields plus the number of bytes in the Detection Name field.					
Detection Name	string	The name of the detected or quarantined malware.					
String Block Type	uint32	Initiates a String data block containing the username. This value is always 0.					
String Block Length	uint32	The number of bytes included in the User String data block, including eight bytes for the block type and header fields plus the number of bytes in the User field.					
User	string	The user of the computer where the Cisco Agent is installed and where the malware event occurred. Note that these users are not tied to user discovery.					
String Block Type	uint32	Initiates a String data block containing the file name. This value is always 0.					
String Block Length	uint32	The number of bytes included in the File Name String dat block, including eight bytes for the block type and header fields plus the number of bytes in the File Name field.					
File Name	string	The name of the detected or quarantined file.					
String Block Type	uint32	Initiates a String data block containing the file path. This value is always o.					
String Block Length	uint32	The number of bytes included in the File Path String data block, including eight bytes for the block type and header fields plus the number of bytes in the File Path field.					
File Path	string	The file path, not including the file name, of the detected or quarantined file.					
String Block Type	uint32	Initiates a String data block containing the file SHA hash. This value is always 0.					
String Block Length	uint32	The number of bytes included in the File SHA Hash String data block, including eight bytes for the block type and header fields plus the number of bytes in the File SHA Hash field.					
File SHA Hash	string	The rendered string of the SHA-256 hash value of the detected or quarantined file.					
File Size	uint32	The size in bytes of the detected or quarantined file.					
File Type	uint32	The file type of the detected or quarantined file. The meaning of this field is transmitted in the metadata with this event. See FireAMP File Type Metadata, page 3-37 for more information.					
File Timestamp	uint32	UNIX timestamp (seconds since 01/01/1970) of the creation of the detected or quarantined file.					

Table B-11 Malware Event Data Block for 5.3 Fields (continued)

Field	Data Type	Description
String Block Type	uint32	Initiates a String data block containing the parent file name. This value is always 0.
String Block Length	uint32	The number of bytes included in the Parent File Name String data block, including eight bytes for the block type and header fields plus the number of bytes in the Parent File Name field.
Parent File Name	string	The name of the file accessing the detected or quarantined file when detection occurred.
String Block Type	uint32	Initiates a String data block containing the parent file SHA hash. This value is always 0.
String Block Length	uint32	The number of bytes included in the Parent File SHA Hash String data block, including eight bytes for the block type and header fields plus the number of bytes in the Parent File SHA Hash field.
Parent File SHA Hash	string	The SHA-256 hash value of the parent file accessing the detected or quarantined file when detection occurred.
String Block Type	uint32	Initiates a String data block containing the event description. This value is always 0.
String Block Length	uint32	The number of bytes included in the Event Description String data block, including eight bytes for the block type and header fields plus the number of bytes in the Event Description field.
Event Description	string	The additional event information associated with the event type.
Device ID	uint32	ID for the device that generated the event.
Connection Instance	uint16	Snort instance on the device that generated the event. Used to link the event with a connection or IDS event.
Connection Counter	uint16	Value used to distinguish between connection events that happen during the same second.
Connection Event Timestamp	uint32	Timestamp of the connection event.
Direction	uint8	Indicates whether the file was uploaded or downloaded. Can have the following values:
		• 1 — Download
		• 2 — Upload
		Currently the value depends on the protocol (for example, if the connection is HTTP it is a download).
Source IP Address	uint8[16]	IPv4 or IPv6 address for the source of the connection.
Destination IP Address	uint8[16]	IPv4 or IPv6 address for the destination of the connection.
Application ID	uint32	ID number that maps to the application using the file transfer.

Table B-11 Malware Event Data Block for 5.3 Fields (continued)

Field	Data Type	Description
User ID	uint32	Identification number for the user logged into the destination host, as identified by the system.
Access Control Policy UUID	uint8[16]	Identification number that acts as a unique identifier for the access control policy that triggered the event.
Disposition	uint8	The malware status of the file. Possible values include:
		• 1 — CLEAN The file is clean and does not contain malware.
		• 2 — UNKNOWN It is unknown whether the file contains malware.
		• 3 — MALWARE The file contains malware.
		 4 — UNAVAILABLE The software was unable to send a request to the Cisco cloud for a disposition, or the Cisco cloud services did not respond to the request.
		• 5 — CUSTOM SIGNATURE The file matches a user-defined hash, and is treated in a fashion designated by the user.
Retrospective Disposition	uint8	Disposition of the file if the disposition is updated. If the disposition is not updated, this field contains the same value as the Disposition field. The possible values are the same as the Disposition field.
String Block Type	uint32	Initiates a String data block containing the URI. This value is always 0.
String Block Length	uint32	The number of bytes included in the URI data block, including eight bytes for the block type and header fields plus the number of bytes in the URI field.
URI	string	URI of the connection.
Source Port	uint16	Port number for the source of the connection.
Destination Port	uint16	Port number for the destination of the connection.
Source Country	uint16	Code for the country of the source host.
Destination Country	uint 16	Code for the country of the destination host.
Web Application ID	uint32	The internal identification number of the detected web application, if applicable.
Client Application ID	uint32	The internal identification number of the detected client application, if applicable.

Table B-11 Malware Event Data Block for 5.3 Fields (continued)

Field	Data Type	Description
Action	uint8	The action taken on the file based on the file type. Can have the following values:
		• 1 — Detect
		• 2 — Block
		• 3 — Malware Cloud Lookup
		• 4 — Malware Block
		• 5 — Malware Whitelist
Protocol	uint8	IANA protocol number specified by the user. For example:
		• 1—ICMP
		• 4 — IP
		• 6—TCP
		• 17 — UDP
		This is currently only TCP.
Threat Score	uint8	A numeric value from 0 to 100 based on the potentially malicious behaviors observed during dynamic analysis.
IOC Number	uint16	ID Number of the compromise associated with this event.

Malware Event Data Block 5.3.1

The eStreamer service uses the malware event data block to store information on malware events. These events contain information on malware detected or quarantined within a cloud, the detection method, and hosts and users affected by the malware. The malware event data block has a block type of 44 in the series 2 group of blocks. It supersedes block 35. You request the event as part of the malware event record by setting the malware event flag—bit 30 in the request flags field—in the request message with an event version of 5 and an event code of 101.

The following graphic shows the structure of the malware event data block:

Byte	0					1									2	2			3													
Bit	0	1	2	2 3	4	5	6	7	8	9	1 0	1	1 2	1 3	1	1 5	1 6	1 1 1 1 2 2 6 7 8 9 0 1				2 2	2 3	2 4	2 5	2 6	2 7	2 8	2 9	3	3	
											Ma	alv	var	e E	vei	nt l	3lo	ck	Ту	pe	(4	4)										
		Malware Event Block Length																														
	Agent UUID																															
												A	Age	nt	UU	JIE), c	ont	tinı	ueo	l											
		Agent UUID, continued																														
												A	Age	nt	UL	JIC), c	ont	tin	uec	i											

Byte	0	1	2	3							
Bit	0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7	8 9 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 5	1 1 1 1 2 2 2 2 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3	2 2 2 2 2 2 3 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1							
	Cloud UUID										
	Cloud UUID, continued										
		Cloud UUID, continued									
		Cloud UUII	O, continued								
		Malware Eve	nt Timestamp								
		Event 7	Type ID								
		Event Su	ibtype ID								
Detection Name	Detector ID		String Block Type (0)								
	String Block Type (0), cont.	String Block Length									
	String Block Length, cont.	ock Detection Name									
User	String Block Type (0)										
		String Blo	ock Length								
		Use	er								
File Name		String Bloo	ck Type (0)								
	String Block Length										
		File Name									
File Path		String Bloo	ck Type (0)								
		String Block Length									
		File F									
File SHA Hash			ck Type (0)								
			ock Length								
		File SHA									
		File									
		File									
	File Timestamp										

Byte	0	1	2	3							
Bit	0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7	8 9 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 5	1 1 1 1 2 2 2 2 2 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3	2 2 2 2 2 2 2 3 3 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1							
Parent File Name		String Bloo	ck Type (0)								
Name		String Block Length									
	Parent File Name										
Parent File SHA Hash		String Bloo	ck Type (0)								
SHA Hash		String Blo	ock Length								
		Parent File	SHA Hash								
Event Description		String Bloo	ck Type (0)								
Description		String Blo	ock Length								
		Event Des	scription								
		Devi	ce ID								
	Connectio	n Instance	Connecti	on Counter							
		Connection Ev	rent Timestamp								
	Direction		Source IP Address								
		Source IP Add	ress, continued								
			ress, continued								
		Source IP Add	ress, continued								
	Source IP, cont.		Destination IP Addres	S							
		Destination IP A	ddress, continued								
		Destination IP A	ddress, continued								
		Destination IP A	ddress, continued								
	Destination IP,										
	App. ID, cont.		User ID								
	User ID, cont.	Ac	cess Control Policy U	UID							

Byte	0	1	2	3						
Bit	0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7	8 9 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 5	1 1 1 1 2 2 2 2 2 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3	2 2 2 2 2 3 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1						
		Access Control Police	cy UUID, continued							
		Access Control Police	cy UUID, continued							
		Access Control Police	cy UUID, continued							
URI	AC Pol UUID, cont.	Disposition	Retro. Disposition	Str. Block Type (0)						
	String	g Block Type (0), conti	nued	String Block Length						
	Strin	g Block Length, contin	nued	URI						
	Sourc	e Port	Destinat	ion Port						
	Source 0	Country	Destinatio	n Country						
		Web Appl	ication ID							
		Client App	lication ID							
	Action	Protocol	Threat Score	IOC Number						
	IOC Number, cont.		Security Context							
		Security Cont	ext, continued							
		Security Context, continued								
		Security Context, continued								
	Security Cont., cont.									

Table B-12 Malware Event Data Block for 5.3.1 Fields

Field	Data Type	Description					
Malware Event Block Type	uint32	Initiates a malware event data block. This value is always 44.					
Malware Event Block Length	uint32	Total number of bytes in the malware event data block, including eight bytes for the malware event block type and length fields, plus the number of bytes of data that follows.					
Agent UUID	uint8[16]	The internal unique ID of the FireAMP agent reporting the malware event.					

Table B-12 Malware Event Data Block for 5.3.1 Fields (continued)

Field	Data Type	Description						
Cloud UUID	uint8[16]	The internal unique ID of the Collective Security Intelligence Cloud from which the malware event originated.						
Malware Event Timestamp	uint32	The malware event generation timestamp.						
Event Type ID	uint32	The internal ID of the malware event type.						
Event Subtype ID	uint32	The internal ID of the action that led to malware detection.						
Detector ID	uint8	The internal ID of the detection technology that detected the malware.						
String Block Type	uint32	Initiates a String data block containing the detection name. This value is always 0.						
String Block Length	uint32	The number of bytes included in the Detection Name String data block, including eight bytes for the block type and header fields plus the number of bytes in the Detection Name field.						
Detection Name	string	The name of the detected or quarantined malware.						
String Block Type	uint32	Initiates a String data block containing the username. This value is always 0.						
String Block Length	uint32	The number of bytes included in the User String data block, including eight bytes for the block type and header fields plus the number of bytes in the User field.						
User	string	The user of the computer where the Cisco Agent is installed and where the malware event occurred. Note that these users are not tied to user discovery.						
String Block Type	uint32	Initiates a String data block containing the file name. This value is always 0.						
String Block Length	uint32	The number of bytes included in the File Name String data block, including eight bytes for the block type and header fields plus the number of bytes in the File Name field.						
File Name	string	The name of the detected or quarantined file.						
String Block Type	uint32	Initiates a String data block containing the file path. This value is always 0.						
String Block Length	uint32	The number of bytes included in the File Path String data block, including eight bytes for the block type and header fields plus the number of bytes in the File Path field.						
File Path	string	The file path, not including the file name, of the detected or quarantined file.						
String Block Type	uint32	Initiates a String data block containing the file SHA hash. This value is always 0.						
String Block Length	uint32	The number of bytes included in the File SHA Hash String data block, including eight bytes for the block type and header fields plus the number of bytes in the File SHA Hash field.						

Table B-12 Malware Event Data Block for 5.3.1 Fields (continued)

Field	Data Type	Description						
File SHA Hash	string	The rendered string of the SHA-256 hash value of the detected or quarantined file.						
File Size	uint32	The size in bytes of the detected or quarantined file.						
File Type	uint32	The file type of the detected or quarantined file. The meaning of this field is transmitted in the metadata with this event. See FireAMP File Type Metadata, page 3-37 for more information.						
File Timestamp	uint32	UNIX timestamp (seconds since 01/01/1970) of the creation of the detected or quarantined file.						
String Block Type	uint32	Initiates a String data block containing the parent file name. This value is always 0.						
String Block Length	uint32	The number of bytes included in the Parent File Name String data block, including eight bytes for the block type and header fields plus the number of bytes in the Parent File Name field.						
Parent File Name	string	The name of the file accessing the detected or quarantined file when detection occurred.						
String Block Type	uint32	Initiates a String data block containing the parent file SHA hash. This value is always 0.						
String Block Length	uint32	The number of bytes included in the Parent File SHA Hash String data block, including eight bytes for the block type and header fields plus the number of bytes in the Parent File SHA Hash field.						
Parent File SHA Hash	string	The SHA-256 hash value of the parent file accessing the detected or quarantined file when detection occurred.						
String Block Type	uint32	Initiates a String data block containing the event description. This value is always 0.						
String Block Length	uint32	The number of bytes included in the Event Description String data block, including eight bytes for the block type and header fields plus the number of bytes in the Event Description field.						
Event Description	string	The additional event information associated with the event type.						
Device ID	uint32	ID for the device that generated the event.						
Connection Instance	uint16	Snort instance on the device that generated the event. Used to link the event with a connection or IDS event.						
Connection Counter	uint16	Value used to distinguish between connection events that happen during the same second.						
Connection Event Timestamp	uint32	Timestamp of the connection event.						

Table B-12 Malware Event Data Block for 5.3.1 Fields (continued)

Field	Data Type	Description
Direction	uint8	Indicates whether the file was uploaded or downloaded. Can have the following values:
		• 1 — Download
		• 2 — Upload
		Currently the value depends on the protocol (for example, if the connection is HTTP it is a download).
Source IP Address	uint8[16]	IPv4 or IPv6 address for the source of the connection.
Destination IP Address	uint8[16]	IPv4 or IPv6 address for the destination of the connection.
Application ID	uint32	ID number that maps to the application using the file transfer.
User ID	uint32	Identification number for the user logged into the destination host, as identified by the system.
Access Control Policy UUID	uint8[16]	Identification number that acts as a unique identifier for the access control policy that triggered the event.
Disposition	uint8	The malware status of the file. Possible values include:
		• 1 — CLEAN The file is clean and does not contain malware.
		• 2 — UNKNOWN It is unknown whether the file contains malware.
		• 3 — MALWARE The file contains malware.
		• 4 — UNAVAILABLE The software was unable to send a request to the Cisco cloud for a disposition, or the Cisco cloud services did not respond to the request.
		• 5 — CUSTOM SIGNATURE The file matches a user-defined hash, and is treated in a fashion designated by the user.
Retrospective Disposition	uint8	Disposition of the file if the disposition is updated. If the disposition is not updated, this field contains the same value as the Disposition field. The possible values are the same as the Disposition field.
String Block Type	uint32	Initiates a String data block containing the URI. This value is always 0.
String Block Length	uint32	The number of bytes included in the URI data block, including eight bytes for the block type and header fields plus the number of bytes in the URI field.
URI	string	URI of the connection.
Source Port	uint16	Port number for the source of the connection.
Destination Port	uint16	Port number for the destination of the connection.
Source Country	uint16	Code for the country of the source host.
Destination Country	uint 16	Code for the country of the destination host.

Table B-12 Malware Event Data Block for 5.3.1 Fields (continued)

Field	Data Type	Description							
Web Application ID	uint32	The internal identification number of the detected web application, if applicable.							
Client Application ID	uint32	The internal identification number of the detected client application, if applicable.							
Action	uint8	The action taken on the file based on the file type. Can have the following values:							
		• 1 — Detect							
		• 2 — Block							
		• 3 — Malware Cloud Lookup							
		• 4 — Malware Block							
		• 5 — Malware Whitelist							
Protocol	uint8	IANA protocol number specified by the user. For example:							
		• 1 — ICMP							
		• 4 — IP							
		• 6 — TCP							
		• 17 — UDP							
		This is currently only TCP.							
Threat Score	uint8	A numeric value from 0 to 100 based on the potentially malicious behaviors observed during dynamic analysis.							
IOC Number	Number uint16 ID number of the compromise ass								
Security Context	uint8(16)	ID number for the security context (virtual firewall) that the traffic passed through. Note that the system only populates this field for ASA FirePOWER devices in multi-context mode.							

Legacy Discovery Data Structures

- Legacy Discovery Event Header, page B-70
- Legacy Server Data Blocks, page B-71
- Legacy Client Application Data Blocks, page B-72
- Legacy Scan Result Data Blocks, page B-74
- Legacy Host Profile Data Blocks, page B-84
- Legacy OS Fingerprint Data Blocks, page B-90

Legacy Discovery Event Header

Discovery Event Header 5.0 - 5.1.1.x

Discovery and connection event messages contain a discovery event header. It conveys the type and subtype of the event, the time the event occurred, the device on which the event occurred, and the structure of the event data in the message. This header is followed by the actual host discovery, user, or connection event data. The structures associated with the different event type/subtype values are described in Host Discovery Structures by Event Type, page 4-36.

The event type and event subtype fields of the discovery event header identify the structure of the transmitted event message. Once the structure of the event data block is determined, your program can parse the message appropriately.

The shaded rows in the following diagram illustrate the format of the discovery event header.

Byte	0	1	2	3							
Bit	0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7	8 9 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 5	1 1 1 1 1 2 2 2 2 2 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3	2 2 2 2 2 2 3 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1							
	Header Ve	ersion (1)	Type (4)								
		Message	Length								
		Record	Туре								
		Record 1	Length								
	eStream	ner Server Timestamp (i	in events, only if bit 2	3 is set)							
	Reser	rved for Future Use (in	events, only if bit 23 i	is set)							
Discovery Event Header		Devic	e ID								
		IP Add	dress								
		MAC A	ddress								
	MAC Addres	ss, continued	Reserved for	or future use							
		Event S	econd								
		Event Mic	rosecond								
	Reserved (Internal) Event Type Event Subtype										
		File Number (Int	ernal Use Only)								
		File Position (Int	ernal Use Only)								

The following table describes the discovery event header.

Table B-13 Discovery Event Header Fields

Field	Data Types	Description						
Device ID	uint32	ID number of the device that generated the discovery event. You can obtain the metadata for the device by requesting Version 3 and 4 metadata. See Managed Device Record Metadata, page 3-32 for more information.						
IP Address	uint32	IP address of the host involved in the event.						
MAC Address	uint8[6]	MAC address of the host involved in the event.						
Reserved for future use	byte[2]	Two bytes of padding with values set to 0.						
Event Second	uint32	UNIX timestamp (seconds since 01/01/1970) that the system generated the event.						
Event Microsecond	uint32	Microsecond (one millionth of a second) increment that the system generated the event.						
Reserved (Internal)	byte	Internal data from Cisco and can be disregarded.						
Event Type	uint32	Event type (1000 for new events, 1001 for change events, 1002 for user input events, 1050 for full host profile). See Host Discovery Structures by Event Type, page 4-36 for a list of available event types.						
Event Subtype	uint32	Event subtype. See Host Discovery Structures by Event Type, page 4-36 for a list of available event subtypes.						
File Number	byte[4]	Serial file number. This field is for Cisco internal use and can be disregarded.						
File Position	byte[4]	Event's position in the serial file. This field is for Cisco internal use and can be disregarded.						

Legacy Server Data Blocks

For more information, see the following sections:

• Attribute Address Data Block for 5.0 - 5.1.1.x, page B-71

Attribute Address Data Block for 5.0 - 5.1.1.x

The Attribute Address data block contains an attribute list item and is used within an Attribute Definition data block. It has a block type of 38.

The following diagram shows the basic structure of an Attribute Address data block:

By te	0					1								2								3										
Bit	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	1	1	1 2	1 3	1 4	1 5	1 6	1 7	1 8	1 9	2	2	2 2	2 3	2 4	2 5	2 6	2 7	2 8	2 9	3	3

Attribute Address Block Type (38)
Attribute Address Block Length
Attribute ID
IP Address
Bits

The following table describes the fields of the Attribute Address data block.

Table B-14 Attribute Address Data Block Fields

Field	Data Type	Description
Attribute Address Block Type	uint32	Initiates an Attribute Address data block. This value is always 38.
Attribute Address Block Length	uint32	Number of bytes in the Attribute Address data block, including eight bytes for the attribute address block type and length, plus the number of bytes in the attribute address data that follows.
Attribute ID	uint32	Identification number of the affected attribute, if applicable.
IP Address	uint8[4]	IP address of the host, if the address was automatically assigned, in IP address octets.
Bits	uint32	Contains the significant bits used to calculate the netmask if an IP address was automatically assigned.

Legacy Client Application Data Blocks

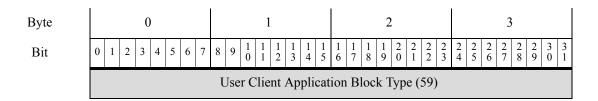
For more information, see the following sections:

• User Client Application Data Block for 5.0 - 5.1, page B-72

User Client Application Data Block for 5.0 - 5.1

The User Client Application data block contains information about the source of the client application data, the identification number for the user who added the data, and the lists of IP address range data blocks. The User Client Application data block has a block type of 59.

The following diagram shows the basic structure of a User Client Application data block:



	User Client Application Block Length							
IP Address Ranges	Generic List Block Type (31)							
Runges	Generic List Block Length							
	IP Range Specification Data Blocks*							
	Application Protocol ID							
	Client Application ID							
Version	String Block Type (0)							
	String Block Length							
	Version							

The following table describes the fields of the User Client Application data block.

Table B-15 User Client Application Data Block Fields

Field	Number of Bytes	Description
User Client Application Block Type	uint32	Initiates a User Client Application data block. This value is always 59.
User Client Application Block Length	uint32	Total number of bytes in the User Client Application data block, including eight bytes for the user client application block type and length fields, plus the number of bytes of user client application data that follows.
Generic List Block Type	uint32	Initiates a Generic List data block comprising IP Range Specification data blocks conveying IP address range data. This value is always 31.
Generic List Block Length	uint32	Number of bytes in the Generic List data block, including the list header and all encapsulated IP Range Specification data blocks.
IP Range Specification Data Blocks *	variable	IP Range Specification data blocks containing information about the IP address ranges for the user input. See Table 4-55User Server Data Block Fields, page 4-93 for a description of this data block.
Application Protocol ID	uint32	The internal identification number for the application protocol, if applicable.
Client Application ID	uint32	The internal identification number of the detected client application, if applicable.
String Block Type	uint32	Initiates a String data block that contains the client application version. This value is always 0.
String Block Length	uint32	Number of bytes in the client application version String data block, including the string block type and length fields, plus the number of bytes in the version.
Version	string	Client application version.

Legacy Scan Result Data Blocks

For more information, see the following sections:

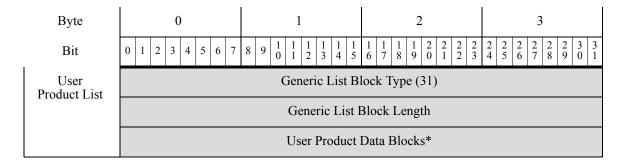
- Scan Result Data Block 5.0 5.1.1.x, page B-74
- User Product Data Block for 5.0.x, page B-76

Scan Result Data Block 5.0 - 5.1.1.x

The Scan Result data block describes a vulnerability and is used within Add Scan Result events (event type 1002, subtype 11). The Scan Result data block has a block type of 102.

The following diagram shows the format of a Scan Result data block:

Byte	0	1	2	3	
Bit	0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7	8 9 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 5	1 1 1 1 2 2 2 2 2 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3	2 2 2 2 2 2 3 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1	
		Scan Result Blo	ock Type (102)		
		Scan Result F	Block Length		
		User	r ID		
		Scan	Туре		
		IP Ad	dress		
	Pos	rt	Prot	ocol	
	Fla	g	List Block	Type (11)	Scan Vulnerability
	List Block	Type (11)	List Bloc	k Length	List
Vulnerability List	List Block Length		Scan Vulnerability	Block Type (109)	
	Scan Vulnerability	Block Type (109)	Scan Vulnerabili	ty Block Length	
	Scan Vulnerability Block Length Vulnerability Data				
	List Block Type (11)				Generic Scan Results List
	List Block Length				
Scan Results List	Generic Scan Results Block Type (108)				
	Generic Scan Results Block Length				
	Generic Scan Results				



The following table describes the fields of the Scan Result data block.

Table B-16 Scan Result Data Block Fields

Field	Data Type	Description	
Scan Result Block Type	uint32	Initiates a Scan Result data block. This value is always 102.	
Scan Result Block Length	uint32	Number of bytes in the Scan Vulnerability data block, including eight bytes for the scan vulnerability block type and length fields, plus the number of bytes of scan vulnerability data that follows.	
User ID	uint32	Contains the user identification number for the user who imported the scan result or ran the scan that produced the scan result.	
Scan Type	uint32	Indicates how the results were added to the system.	
IP Address	uint32	IP address of the host affected by the vulnerabilities in the result, in IP address octets.	
Port	uint16	Port used by the sub-server affected by the vulnerabilities in the results.	
Protocol	uint16	IANA protocol number. For example:	
		• 1 — ICMP	
		• 4 — IP	
		• 6 — TCP	
		• 17 — UDP	
Flag	uint16	Reserved	
List Block Type	uint32	Initiates a List data block comprising Scan Vulnerability data blocks conveying transport Scan Vulnerability data. This value is always 11.	
List Block Length	uint32	Number of bytes in the list. This number includes the eight bytes of the list block type and length fields, plus all encapsulated Scan Vulnerability data blocks.	
		This field is followed by zero or more Scan Vulnerability data blocks.	
Scan Vulnerability Block Type	uint32	Initiates a Scan Vulnerability data block describing a vulnerability detected during a scan. This value is always 109.	
Scan Vulnerability Block Length	uint32	Number of bytes in the Scan Vulnerability data block, including eight bytes for the scan vulnerability block type and length fields, plus the number of bytes in the scan vulnerability data that follows.	

Table B-16 Scan Result Data Block Fields (continued)

Field	Data Type	Description
Vulnerability Data	string	Information relating to each vulnerability.
List Block Type	uint32	Initiates a List data block comprising Scan Vulnerability data blocks conveying transport Scan Vulnerability data. This value is always 11.
List Block Length	uint32	Number of bytes in the list. This number includes the eight bytes of the list block type and length fields, plus all encapsulated Scan Vulnerability data blocks.
		This field is followed by zero or more Scan Vulnerability data blocks.
Generic Scan Results Block Type	uint32	Initiates a Generic Scan Results data block describing server and operating system data detected during a scan. This value is always 108.
Generic Scan Results Block Length	uint32	Number of bytes in the Generic Scan Results data block, including eight bytes for the generic scan results block type and length fields, plus the number of bytes in the scan result data that follows.
Generic Scan Results Data	string	Information relating to each scan result.
Generic List Block Type	uint32	Initiates a Generic List data block comprising User Product data blocks conveying host input data from a third party application. This value is always 31.
Generic List Block Length	uint32	Number of bytes in the Generic List data block, including the list header and all encapsulated User Product data blocks.
User Product Data Blocks *	variable	User Product data blocks containing host input data. See User Product Data Block 5.1+, page 4-157 for a description of this data block.

User Product Data Block for 5.0.x

The User Product data block conveys host input data imported from a third party application, including third party application string mappings. This data block is used in Scan Result Data Block 5.2+, page 4-123. The User Product data block has a block type of 65 for 4.10.x, and a block type of 118 for 5.0 - 5.0.x. The block types have the same structure.



An asterisk(*) next to a data block name in the following diagram indicates that multiple instances of the data block may occur.

The following diagram shows the format of the User Product data block:

Byte	0	1	2 3	
Bit	0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7	8 9 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 5	1 1 1 1 1 2 3 3 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 0	
	User Product Data Block Type (65 118)			
	User Product Block Length			
	Source ID			
	Source Type			
IP Address Ranges	Generic List Block Type (31)			
Tunges	Generic List Block Length			
		IP Range Specifica	ation Data Blocks*	
	Po	ort	Protocol	
		Drop Use	r Product	
Custom Vendor String		String Bloc	ck Type (0)	
	String Block Length			
		Custom Ven	dor String	
Custom Product String	String Block Type (0)			
	String Block Length			
	Custom Product String			
Custom Version String	String Block Type (0)			
	String Block Length			
	Custom Version String			
	Software ID			
	Server ID			
	Vendor ID			
	Product ID			
Major Version String	String Block Type (0)			
	String Block Length			
		Major Versi	ion String	

Byte	0	1	2	3
Bit	0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7	8 9 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 5	1 1 1 1 2 2 2 6 7 8 9 0 1 2	2 2 2 2 2 2 2 3 3 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1
Minor Version String		String Bloo	ck Type (0)	
String		String Blo	ock Length	
	Minor Version String			
Revision String		String Bloo	ck Type (0)	
String		String Blo	ock Length	
		Revision	String	
To Major String		String Bloo	ck Type (0)	
String		String Blo	ock Length	
		To Major Ver	rsion String	
To Minor String		String Bloo	ck Type (0)	
Sumg		String Blo	ock Length	
		To Minor Ver	rsion String	
To Revision String		String Bloo	ck Type (0)	
		String Blo	ock Length	
		To Revision	on String	
Build String		String Bloo	ck Type (0)	
		String Blo	ock Length	
		Build S	String	
Patch String		String Bloo	ck Type (0)	
		String Blo	ock Length	
		Patch S	String	
Extension String		String Bloo	ck Type (0)	
		String Blo	ock Length	
		Extension	n String	

Byte	0 1 2 3			
Bit	0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 2 2 2 2 2 2	3		
OS UUID	Operating System UUID			
	Operating System UUID cont.			
	Operating System UUID cont.			
	Operating System UUID cont.			
List of Fixes	Generic List Block Type (31)			
	Generic List Block Length			
	Fix List Data Blocks*			

The following table describes the components of the User Product data block.

Table B-17 User Product Data Block Fields for 4.10.x, 5.0-5.0.x

Field	Data Type	Description	
User Product Data Block Type	uint32	Initiates a User Product data block. This value is 65 for version 4.10.x and 118 for version 5.0 - 5.0.x.	
User Product Block Length	uint32	Total number of bytes in the User Product data block, including eight bytes for the user product block type and length fields, plus the number of bytes in the user product data that follows.	
Source ID	uint32	Identification number of the source that imported the data.	
Source Type	uint32	The source type of the source that supplied the data.	
Generic List Block Type	uint32	Initiates a Generic List data block comprising IP Range Specification data blocks conveying IP address range data. This value is always 31.	
Generic List Block Length	uint32	Number of bytes in the Generic List data block, including the list header and all encapsulated IP Range Specification data blocks.	
IP Range Specification Data Blocks *	variable	IP Range Specification data blocks containing information about the IP address ranges for the user input. See IP Address Range Data Block for 5.2+, page 4-86 for a description of this data block.	
Port	uint16	Port specified by the user.	
Protocol	uint16	 IANA protocol number specified by the user. For example: 1 — ICMP 4 — IP 6 — TCP 17 — UDP 	
Drop User Product	uint32	Indicates whether the user OS definition was deleted from the host: • 0 — No • 1 — Yes	

Table B-17 User Product Data Block Fields for 4.10.x, 5.0-5.0.x (continued)

Field	Data Type	Description
String Block Type	uint32	Initiates a String data block containing the custom vendor name specified in the user input. This value is always 0.
String Block Length	uint32	Number of bytes in the custom vendor String data block, including eight bytes for the block type and length fields, plus the number of bytes in the vendor name.
Custom Vendor Name	string	The custom vendor name specified in the user input.
String Block Type	uint32	Initiates a String data block containing the custom product name specified in the user input. This value is always 0.
String Block Length	uint32	Number of bytes in the custom product String data block, including eight bytes for the block type and length fields, plus the number of bytes in the product name.
Custom Product Name	string	The custom product name specified in the user input.
String Block Type	uint32	Initiates a String data block containing the custom version specified in the user input. This value is always 0.
String Block Length	uint32	Number of bytes in the custom version String data block, including eight bytes for the block type and length fields, plus the number of bytes in the version.
Custom Version	string	The custom version specified in the user input.
Software ID	uint32	The identifier for a specific revision of a server or operating system in the Cisco database.
Server ID	uint32	The Cisco application identifier for the application protocol on the host server specified in user input.
Vendor ID	uint32	The identifier for the vendor of a third party operating system specified when the third party operating system is mapped to a Cisco 3D operating system definition.
Product ID	uint32	The product identification string of a third party operating system string specified when the third party operating system string is mapped to a Cisco 3D operating system definition.
String Block Type	uint32	Initiates a String data block containing the major version number of the Cisco 3D operating system definition that a third party operating system string in the user input is mapped to. This value is always 0.
String Block Length	uint32	Number of bytes in the major String data block, including eight bytes for the block type and length fields, plus the number of bytes in the version.
Major Version	string	Major version of the Cisco 3D operating system definition that a third party operating system string is mapped to.
String Block Type	uint32	Initiates a String data block containing the minor version number of the Cisco 3D operating system definition that a third party operating system string is mapped to. This value is always 0.

Table B-17 User Product Data Block Fields for 4.10.x, 5.0-5.0.x (continued)

Field	Data Type	Description
String Block Length	uint32	Number of bytes in the minor String data block, including eight bytes for the block type and length fields, plus the number of bytes in the version.
Minor Version	string	Minor version number of the Cisco 3D operating system definition that a third party operating system string in the user input is mapped to.
String Block Type	uint32	Initiates a String data block containing the revision number of the Cisco operating system definition that a third party operating system string in the user input is mapped to. This value is always 0.
String Block Length	uint32	Number of bytes in the revision String data block, including eight bytes for the block type and length fields, plus the number of bytes in the revision number.
Revision	string	Revision number of the Cisco 3D operating system definition that a third party operating system string in the user input is mapped to.
String Block Type	uint32	Initiates a String data block containing the last major version of the Cisco 3D operating system definition that a third party operating system string is mapped to. This value is always 0.
String Block Length	uint32	Number of bytes in the To Major String data block, including eight bytes for the block type and length fields, plus the number of bytes in the version.
To Major	string	Last version number in a range of major version numbers of the Cisco 3D operating system definition that a third party operating system string in the user input is mapped to.
String Block Type	uint32	Initiates a String data block containing the last minor version of the Cisco 3D operating system definition that a third party operating system string is mapped to. This value is always 0.
String Block Length	uint32	Number of bytes in the To Minor String data block, including eight bytes for the block type and length fields, plus the number of bytes in the version.
To Minor	string	Last version number in a range of minor version numbers of the Cisco 3D operating system definition that a third party operating system string in the user input is mapped to.
String Block Type	uint32	Initiates a String data block containing the Last revision number of the Cisco 3D operating system definition that a third party operating system string is mapped to. This value is always 0.
String Block Length	uint32	Number of bytes in the To Revision String data block, including eight bytes for the block type and length fields, plus the number of bytes in the revision number.
To Revision	string	Last revision number in a range of revision numbers of the Cisco 3D operating system definitions that a third party operating system string in the user input is mapped to.
String Block Type	uint32	Initiates a String data block containing the build number of the Cisco 3D operating system that the third party operating system string is mapped. This value is always 0.

Table B-17 User Product Data Block Fields for 4.10.x, 5.0-5.0.x (continued)

Field	Data Type	Description
String Block Length	uint32	Number of bytes in the build String data block, including eight bytes for the block type and length fields, plus the number of bytes in the build number.
Build	string	Build number of the Cisco 3D operating system that the third party operating system string in the user input is mapped to.
String Block Type	uint32	Initiates a String data block containing the patch number of the Cisco 3D operating system that the third party operating system string is mapped to. This value is always 0.
String Block Length	uint32	Number of bytes in the patch String data block, including eight bytes for the block type and length fields, plus the number of bytes in the patch number.
Patch	string	Patch number of the Cisco 3D operating system that the third party operating system string in the user input is mapped to.
String Block Type	uint32	Initiates a String data block containing the extension number of the Cisco 3D operating system that the third party operating system string is mapped. This value is always 0.
String Block Length	uint32	Number of bytes in the extension String data block, including eight bytes for the block type and length fields, plus the number of bytes in the extension number.
Extension	string	Extension number of the Cisco 3D operating system that the third party operating system string in the user input is mapped to.
UUID	uint8 [x16]	Contains the unique identification number for the operating system.
Generic List Block Type	uint32	Initiates a Generic List data block comprising Fix List data blocks conveying user input data regarding what fixes have been applied to hosts in the specified IP address ranges. This value is always 31.
Generic List Block Length	uint32	Number of bytes in the Generic List data block, including the list header and all encapsulated Fix List data blocks.
Fix List Data Blocks *	variable	Fix List data blocks containing information about fixes applied to the hosts. See Fix List Data Block, page 4-92 for a description of this data block.

Legacy User Login Data Blocks

See the following sections for more information:

• User Login Information Data Block for 5.0 - 5.0.2, page B-82

User Login Information Data Block for 5.0 - 5.0.2

The User Login Information data block is used in User Information Update messages and conveys changes in login information for a detected user. For more information, see User Information Update Message Block, page 4-54.

The User Login Information data block has a block type of 121 for version 5.0 - 5.0.2.

The graphic below shows the format of the User Login Information data block:

Byte	0	1	2	3
Bit	0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7	8 9 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 5	1 1 1 1 1 2 2 2 2 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3	2 2 2 2 2 2 3 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1
		User Login Information Block Type (121)		
		User Login Information Block Length		
		Times	stamp	
		IP Ad	dress	
User Name	String Block Type (0)			
1, w	String Block Length			
	User Name			
	User ID			
	Application ID			
Email	String Block Type (0)			
	String Block Length			
		Ema	nil	

The following table describes the components of the User Login Information data block.

Table B-18 User Login Information Data Block Fields 5.0 - 5.0.2

Field	Data Type	Description
User Login Information Block Type	uint32	Initiates a User Login Information data block. This value is 121 for version 5.0 - 5.0.2.
User Login Information Block Length	uint32	Total number of bytes in the User Login Information data block, including eight bytes for the user login information block type and length fields, plus the number of bytes in the user login information data that follows.
Timestamp	uint32	Timestamp of the event.
IP Address	uint8[4]	IP address from the host where the user was detected logging in, in IP address octets.
String Block Type	uint32	Initiates a String data block containing the username for the user. This value is always 0.
String Block Length	uint32	Number of bytes in the username String data block, including eight bytes for the block type and length fields, plus the number of bytes in the username.

Field	Data Type	Description
Username	string	The user name for the user.
User ID	uint32	Identification number of the user.
Application ID	uint32	The application ID for the application protocol used in the connection that the login information was derived from.
String Block Type	uint32	Initiates a String data block containing the email address for the user. This value is always o.
String Block Length	uint32	Number of bytes in the email address String data block, including eight bytes for the block type and length fields, plus the number of bytes in the email address.
Email	string	The email address for the user.

Table B-18 User Login Information Data Block Fields 5.0 - 5.0.2 (continued)

Legacy Host Profile Data Blocks

See the following sections for more information:

• Host Profile Data Block for 5.0 - 5.0.2, page B-84

Host Profile Data Block for 5.0 - 5.0.2

The following diagram shows the format of a Host Profile data block in versions 5.0 to 5.0.2. The Host Profile data block also does not include a host criticality value, but does include a VLAN presence indicator. In addition, a Host Profile data block can convey a NetBIOS name for the host. This Host Profile data block has a block type of 91.



An asterisk(*) next to a block type field in the following diagram indicates the message may contain zero or more instances of the series 1 data block.

Byte	0	1	2	3	
Bit	0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7	8 9 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 5	1 1 1 1 2 2 2 2 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3	2 2 2 2 2 3 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1	
		Host Profile Bl	ock Type (91)		
	Host Profile Block Length				
	IP Address				
Server Fingerprints	Hops Primary/Secondary Gener		Generic List B	clock Type (31)	
1 ingerprints	Generic List Block Type, continued Generic List Block Lengt		Block Length		
	Generic List Block	Length, continued	Server Fingerpr	int Data Blocks*	

Byte	0 1 2 3			
Bit	0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 2 2 2 2 2			
Client Fingerprints	Generic List Block Type (31)			
ringerprints	Generic List Block Length			
	Client Fingerprint Data Blocks*			
SMB Fingerprints	Generic List Block Type (31)			
1 mgcrprimts	Generic List Block Length			
	SMB Fingerprint Data Blocks*			
DHCP Fingerprints	Generic List Block Type (31)			
1 mgerprints	Generic List Block Length			
	DHCP Fingerprint Data Blocks*			
	List Block Type (11)	List of TCP Servers		
	List Block Length			
TCP Server Block*	Server Block Type (36)			
210411	Server Block Length			
	TCP Server Data			
	List Block Type (11)	List of UDP Servers		
	List Block Length	2 22 1 222		
UDP Server Block*	Server Block Type (36)*			
210411	Server Block Length			
	UDP Server Data			
	List Block Type (11)	List of Network		
	List Block Length	Protocols		
Network Protocol				
Block*	Protocol Block Length			
	Network Protocol Data			

Byte	0	1	2	3	
Bit	0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7	8 9 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 5	1 1 1 1 2 2 2 2 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3	2 2 2 2 2 2 3 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1	
		List Block	Type (11)		List of Transport
		List Bloo	ck Length		Protocols
Transport Protocol		Protocol Blo	ock Type (4)*		
Block*		Protocol B	lock Length		
		Transport Pr	otocol Data		
		List Block	Type (11)		List of MAC Addresses
		List Bloo	ck Length		radioscs
MAC Address Block*		MAC Address I	Block Type (95)*		
Block		MAC Address	s Block Length		
		MAC Address Data			
	Host Last Seen				
	Host Type				
	VLAN Presence	VLA	N ID	VLAN Type	
	VLAN Priority	Ge	neric List Block Type (31)	List of Client Applications
	Generic List Block Type, continued Generic List Block Length		Applications		
Client App Data	Generic List Block Length, continued Client Application Block Type (112)*		e (112)*		
	Client App Block Type (29)*, con't	Clien	nt Application Block Le	ength	
	Client Application Block Length, con't	(Client Application Data.		
NetBIOS Name	String Block Type (0)				
1 (unite		String Blo	ock Length		
	NetBIOS String Data				

The following table describes the fields of the host profile data block returned by version 4.9 to version 5.0.2.

Table B-19 Host Profile Data Block for 5.0 - 5.0.2 Fields

Field	Data Type	Description
Host Profile Block Type	uint32	Initiates the Host Profile data block for 4.9 to 5.0.2. This data block has a block type of 91.
Host Profile Block Length	uint32	Number of bytes in the Host Profile data block, including eight bytes for the host profile block type and length fields, plus the number of bytes included in the host profile data that follows.
IP Address	uint8[4]	IP address of the host described in the profile, in IP address octets.
Hops	uint8	Number of hops from the host to the device.
Primary/ Secondary	uint8	Indicates whether the host is in the primary or secondary network of the device that detected it:
		• 0 — Host is in the primary network.
		• 1 — Host is in the secondary network.
Generic List Block Type	uint32	Initiates a Generic List data block comprising Operating System Fingerprint data blocks conveying fingerprint data identified using a server fingerprint. This value is always 31.
Generic List Block Length	uint32	Number of bytes in the Generic List data block, including the list header and all encapsulated Operating System Fingerprint data blocks.
Operating System Fingerprint (Server Fingerprint) Data Blocks *	variable	Operating System Fingerprint data blocks containing information about the operating system on a host identified using a server fingerprint. See Operating System Fingerprint Data Block for 5.0 - 5.0.2, page B-91 for a description of this data block.
Generic List Block Type	uint32	Initiates a Generic List data block comprising Operating System Fingerprint data blocks conveying fingerprint data identified using a client fingerprint. This value is always 31.
Generic List Block Length	uint32	Number of bytes in the Generic List data block, including the list header and all encapsulated Operating System Fingerprint data blocks.
Operating System Fingerprint (Client Fingerprint) Data Blocks *	variable	Operating System Fingerprint data blocks containing information about the operating system on a host identified using a client fingerprint. See Operating System Fingerprint Data Block for 5.0 - 5.0.2, page B-91 for a description of this data block.
Generic List Block Type	uint32	Initiates a Generic List data block comprising Operating System Fingerprint data blocks conveying fingerprint data identified using an SMB fingerprint. This value is always 31.
Generic List Block Length	uint32	Number of bytes in the Generic List data block, including the list header and all encapsulated Operating System Fingerprint data blocks.

Table B-19 Host Profile Data Block for 5.0 - 5.0.2 Fields (continued)

Field	Data Type	Description
Operating System Fingerprint (SMB Fingerprint) Data Blocks *	variable	Operating System Fingerprint data blocks containing information about the operating system on a host identified using an SMB fingerprint. See Operating System Fingerprint Data Block for 5.0 - 5.0.2, page B-91 for a description of this data block.
Generic List Block Type	uint32	Initiates a Generic List data block comprising Operating System Fingerprint data blocks conveying fingerprint data identified using a DHCP fingerprint. This value is always 31.
Generic List Block Length	uint32	Number of bytes in the Generic List data block, including the list header and all encapsulated Operating System Fingerprint data blocks.
Operating System Fingerprint (DHCP Fingerprint) Data Blocks *	variable	Operating System Fingerprint data blocks containing information about the operating system on a host identified using a DHCP fingerprint. See Operating System Fingerprint Data Block for 5.0 - 5.0.2, page B-91 for a description of this data block.
List Block Type	uint32	Initiates a List data block comprising Server data blocks conveying TCP server data. This value is always 11.
List Block Length	uint32	Number of bytes in the list. This number includes the eight bytes of the list block type and length fields, plus all encapsulated Server data blocks.
		This field is followed by zero or more Server data blocks.
Server Block Type	uint32	Initiates a Server data block. This value is always 89.
Server Block Length	uint32	Number of bytes in the Server data block, including eight bytes for the server block type and length fields, plus the number of bytes of TCP server data that follows.
TCP Server Data	variable	Data fields describing a TCP server (as documented for earlier versions of the product).
List Block Type	uint32	Initiates a List data block comprising Server data blocks conveying UDP server data. This value is always 11.
List Block Length	uint32	Number of bytes in the list. This number includes the eight bytes of the list block type and length fields, plus all encapsulated Server data blocks.
		This field is followed by zero or more Server data blocks.
Server Block Type	uint32	Initiates a Server data block describing a UDP server. This value is always 89.
Server Block Length	uint32	Number of bytes in the Server data block, including eight bytes for the server block type and length fields, plus the number of bytes of UDP server data that follows.
UDP Server Data	variable	Data fields describing a UDP server (as documented for earlier versions of the product).

Table B-19 Host Profile Data Block for 5.0 - 5.0.2 Fields (continued)

Field	Data Type	Description
List Block Type	uint32	Initiates a List data block comprising Protocol data blocks conveying network protocol data. This value is always 11.
List Block Length	uint32	Number of bytes in the list. This number includes the eight bytes of the list block type and length fields, plus all encapsulated Protocol data blocks.
		This field is followed by zero or more Protocol data blocks.
Protocol Block Type	uint32	Initiates a Protocol data block describing a network protocol. This value is always 4.
Protocol Block Length	uint32	Number of bytes in the Protocol data block, including eight bytes for the protocol block type and length fields, plus the number of bytes in the protocol data that follows.
Network Protocol Data	uint16	Data field containing a network protocol number, as documented in Protocol Data Block, page 4-67.
List Block Type	uint32	Initiates a List data block comprising Protocol data blocks conveying transport protocol data. This value is always 11.
List Block Length	uint32	Number of bytes in the list. This number includes the eight bytes of the list block type and length fields, plus all encapsulated Protocol data blocks.
		This field is followed by zero or more transport protocol data blocks.
Protocol Block Type	uint32	Initiates a Protocol data block describing a transport protocol. This value is always 4.
Protocol Block Length	uint32	Number of bytes in the protocol data block, including eight bytes for the protocol block type and length, plus the number of bytes in the protocol data that follows.
Transport Protocol Data	variable	Data field containing a transport protocol number, as documented in Protocol Data Block, page 4-67.
List Block Type	uint32	Initiates a List data block comprising MAC Address data blocks. This value is always 11.
List Block Length	uint32	Number of bytes in the list, including the list header and all encapsulated MAC Address data blocks.
Host MAC Address Block Type	uint32	Initiates a Host MAC Address data block. This value is always 95.
Host MAC Address Block Length	uint32	Number of bytes in the Host MAC Address data block, including eight bytes for the Host MAC address block type and length fields, plus the number of bytes in the Host MAC address data that follows.
Host MAC Address Data	variable	Host MAC address data fields described in Host MAC Address 4.9+, page 4-105.
Host Last Seen	uint32	UNIX timestamp that represents the last time the system detected host activity.

Table B-19 Host Profile Data Block for 5.0 - 5.0.2 Fields (continued)

Field	Data Type	Description
Host Type	uint32	Indicates the host type. The following values may appear:
		• 0 — Host
		• 1 — Router
		• 2 — Bridge
		• 3 — NAT device
		• 4 — LB (load balancer)
VLAN Presence	uint8	Indicates whether a VLAN is present:
		• 0 — Yes
		• 1 — No
VLAN ID	uint16	VLAN identification number that indicates which VLAN the host is a member of.
VLAN Type	uint8	Type of packet encapsulated in the VLAN tag.
VLAN Priority	uint8	Priority value included in the VLAN tag.
Generic List Block Type	uint32	Initiates a Generic List data block comprising Client Application data blocks conveying client application data. This value is always 31.
Generic List Block Length	uint32	Number of bytes in the Generic List data block, including the list header and all encapsulated client application data blocks.
Client Application Block Type	uint32	Initiates a client application block. This value is always 5.
Client Application Block Length	uint32	Number of bytes in the client application block, including eight bytes for the client application block type and length fields, plus the number of bytes in the client application data that follows.
Client Application Data	variable	Client application data fields describing a client application, as documented in Host Client Application Data Block for 5.0+, page 4-142.
String Block Type	uint32	Initiates a string data block for the NetBIOS name. This value is set to 0 to indicate string data.
String Block Length	uint32	Indicates the number of bytes in the NetBIOS name data block, including eight bytes for the string block type and length, plus the number of bytes in the NetBIOS name.
NetBIOS String Data	Variable	Contains the NetBIOS name of the host described in the host profile.

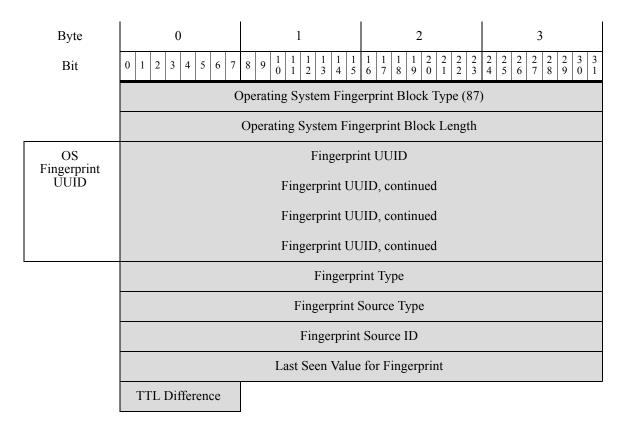
Legacy OS Fingerprint Data Blocks

See the following sections for more information:

• Operating System Fingerprint Data Block for 5.0 - 5.0.2, page B-91

Operating System Fingerprint Data Block for 5.0 - 5.0.2

The Operating System Fingerprint data block has a block type of 87. The block includes a fingerprint Universally Unique Identifier (UUID), as well as the fingerprint type, the fingerprint source type, and the fingerprint source ID. The following diagram shows the format of an Operating System Fingerprint data block for version 5.0 to version 5.0.2.



The following table describes the fields of the operating system fingerprint data block.

Table B-20 Operating System Fingerprint Data Block Fields

Field	Data Type	Description
Operating System Fingerprint Data Block Type	uint32	Initiates the operating system data block. This value is always 87.
Operating System Data Block Length	uint32	Number of bytes in the Operating System Fingerprint data block. This value should always be 41: eight bytes for the data block type and length fields, sixteen bytes for the fingerprint UUID value, four bytes for the fingerprint type, four bytes for the fingerprint source type, four bytes for the fingerprint source ID, four bytes for the last seen value, and one byte for the TTL difference.

Field	Data Type	Description					
Fingerprint UUID	uint8[16]	Fingerprint identification number, in octets, that acts as a unique identifier for the operating system. The fingerprint UUID maps to the operating system name, vendor, and version in the vulnerability database (VDB).					
Fingerprint Type	uint32	Indicates the type of fingerprint.					
Fingerprint Source Type	uint32	Indicates the type (i.e., user or scanner) of the source that supplied the operating system fingerprint.					
Fingerprint Source ID	uint32	Indicates the ID of the source that supplied the operating system fingerprint.					
Last Seen	uint32	Indicates when the fingerprint was last seen in traffic.					
TTL Difference	uint8	Indicates the difference between the TTL value in the fingerprint and the TTL value seen in the packet used to fingerprint the host.					

Table B-20 Operating System Fingerprint Data Block Fields (continued)

Legacy Connection Data Structures

For more information, see the following sections:

- Connection Statistics Data Block 5.0 5.0.2, page B-92
- Connection Statistics Data Block 5.1, page B-97
- Connection Statistics Data Block 5.2.x, page B-103
- Connection Chunk Data Block for 5.0 5.1, page B-109
- Connection Statistics Data Block 5.1.1.x, page B-110
- Connection Statistics Data Block 5.3, page B-116
- Connection Statistics Data Block 5.3.1, page B-123
- Connection Statistics Data Block 5.4, page B-130

Connection Statistics Data Block 5.0 - 5.0.2

The Connection Statistics data block is used in Connection Data messages. The Connection Statistics data block for version 5.0 - 5.0.2 has a block type of 115.

For more information on the Connection Statistics Data message, see Connection Statistics Data Message, page 4-45.

The following diagram shows the format of a Connection Statistics data block for 5.0 - 5.0.2:

::

Byte	0 1 2 3									
Bit	0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 2 2 2 2									
	Connection Data Block Type (115)									
	Connection Data Block Length									
	Device ID									
	Ingress Zone									
	Ingress Zone, continued Ingress Zone, continued									
	Ingress Zone, continued									
	Egress Zone									
	Egress Zone, continued									
	Egress Zone, continued									
	Egress Zone, continued									
	Ingress Interface									
	Ingress Interface, continued									
	Ingress Interface, continued									
	Ingress Interface, continued									
	Egress Interface									
	Egress Interface, continued									
	Egress Interface, continued									
	Egress Interface, continued									
	Initiator IP Address									
	Initiator IP Address, continued									
	Initiator IP Address, continued									
	Initiator IP Address, continued									
	Responder IP Address									
	Responder IP Address, continued									

Byte	0	1	2	3						
Bit	0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7	2 2 2 2 2 2 3 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1								
	Responder IP Address, continued									
	Responder IP Address, continued									
		Policy R	Levision							
		Policy Revision	on, continued							
	Policy Revision, continued									
		Policy Revision	on, continued							
		Rule	e ID							
	Rule Action									
	Initiato	or Port	Respon	der Port						
	ТСР І	Flags	Protocol	NetFlow Source						
		NetFlow Sour	ce, continued							
		NetFlow Sour	ce, continued							
		NetFlow Sour	ce, continued							
	Ne	tFlow Source, continue	ed	First Pkt Time						
	First P	acket Timestamp, cont	inued	Last Pkt Time						
	Last P	acket Timestamp, cont	inued	Packets Sent						
		Packets Sen	t, continued							
	P	Packets Sent, continued		Packets Rcvd						
		Packets Receiv	ved, continued							
	Pac	ekets Received, continu	ied	Bytes Sent						
	Bytes Sent, continued									
	Packets Received, continued Bytes Rcvd									
		Bytes Receive	ed, continued							
	Ву	rtes Received, continue	ed	User ID						
		User ID, continued		Application Protocol ID						

Byte	0	1	2	3				
Bit	0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8	9 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 5	1 1 1 1 2 2 2 2 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3	2 2 2 2 2 2 3 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1				
	Applicat	ion Protocol ID, con	tinued	URL Category				
	UR	L Category, continue	ed	URL Reputation				
	URL	Reputation, continu	ed	Client App ID				
	Client A	Application ID, conti	nued	Web App ID				
	Web A	pplication ID, contin	nued	String Block Type (0)				
Client App URL	String	g Block Type, continu	ued	String Block Length				
	String	Block Length, contin	nued	Client Application URL				
NetBIOS Name		String Bloc	ek Type (0)					
Taine		String Blo	ck Length					
		NetBIOS	Name					
Client App Version		String Bloc	ek Type (0)					
Tipp (Cision	String Block Length							
		Client Applica	tion Version					

The following table describes the fields of the Connection Statistics data block for 5.0 - 5.0.2.

Table B-21 Connection Statistics Data Block 5.0 - 5.0.2 Fields

Field	Data Type	Description
Connection Statistics Data Block Type	uint32	Initiates a Connection Statistics data block for 5.0 to 5.0.2. The value is always 115.
Connection Statistics Data Block Length	uint32	Number of bytes in the Connection Statistics data block, including eight bytes for the connection statistics block type and length fields, plus the number of bytes in the connection data that follows.
Device ID	uint32	The device that detected the connection event.
Ingress Zone	uint8[16]	Ingress security zone in the event that triggered the policy violation.
Egress Zone	uint8[16]	Egress security zone in the event that triggered the policy violation.
Ingress Interface	uint8[16]	Interface for the inbound traffic.
Egress Interface	uint8[16]	Interface for the outbound traffic.

Table B-21 Connection Statistics Data Block 5.0 - 5.0.2 Fields (continued)

Field	Data Type	Description
Initiator IP Address	uint8[16]	IP address of the host that initiated the session described in the connection event, in IP address octets.
Responder IP Address	uint8[16]	IP address of the host that responded to the initiating host, in IP address octets.
Policy Revision	uint8[16]	Revision number of the rule associated with the triggered correlation event, if applicable.
Rule ID	uint32	Internal identifier for the rule that triggered the event, if applicable.
Rule Action	uint32	The action selected in the user interface for that rule (allow, block, and so forth).
Initiator Port	uint16	Port used by the initiating host.
Responder Port	uint16	Port used by the responding host.
TCP Flags	uint16	Indicates any TCP flags for the connection event.
Protocol	uint8	The IANA-specified protocol number.
NetFlow Source	uint8[16]	IP address of the NetFlow-enabled device that exported the data for the connection
First Packet Timestamp	uint32	UNIX timestamp of the date and time the first packet was exchanged in the session.
Last Packet Timestamp	uint32	UNIX timestamp of the date and time the last packet was exchanged in the session.
Packets Sent	uint64	Number of packets transmitted by the initiating host.
Packets Received	uint64	Number of packets transmitted by the responding host.
Bytes Sent	uint64	Number of bytes transmitted by the initiating host.
Bytes Received	uint64	Number of bytes transmitted by the responding host.
User ID	uint32	Internal identification number for the user who last logged into the host that generated the traffic.
Application Protocol ID	uint32	Application ID of the application protocol.
URL Category	uint32	The internal identification number of the URL category.
URL Reputation	uint32	The internal identification number for the URL reputation.
Client Application ID	uint32	The internal identification number of the detected client application, if applicable.
Web Application ID	uint32	The internal identification number of the detected web application, if applicable.
String Block Type	uint32	Initiates a String data block for the client application URL. This value is always 0.
String Block Length	uint32	Number of bytes in the client application URL String data block, including eight bytes for the string block type and length fields, plus the number of bytes in the client application URL string.

Field	Data Type	Description
Client Application URL	string	URL the client application accessed, if applicable (/files/index.html, for example).
String Block Type	uint32	Initiates a String data block for the host NetBIOS name. This value is always 0.
String Block Length	uint32	Number of bytes in the String data block, including eight bytes for the string block type and length fields, plus the number of bytes in the NetBIOS name string.
NetBIOS Name	string	Host NetBIOS name string.
String Block Type	uint32	Initiates a String data block for the client application version. This value is always 0.
String Block Length	uint32	Number of bytes in the String data block for the client application version, including eight bytes for the string block type and length, plus the number of bytes in the version.
Client Application Version	string	Client application version.

Table B-21 Connection Statistics Data Block 5.0 - 5.0.2 Fields (continued)

Connection Statistics Data Block 5.1

The Connection Statistics data block is used in Connection Data messages. Changes to the Connection data block between 5.0.2 and 5.1 include the addition of new fields with configuration parameters introduced in 5.1 (rule action reason, monitor rules, Security Intelligence source/destination, Security Intelligence layer). The Connection Statistics data block for version 5.1 has a block type of 126.

For more information on the Connection Statistics Data message, see Connection Statistics Data Message, page 4-45.

The following diagram shows the format of a Connection Statistics data block for 5.1:

Byte	0	1	2	3					
Bit	0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7	8 9 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 5	1 1 1 1 1 2 2 2 2 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3	2 2 2 2 2 2 3 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1					
		Connection Data Block Type (126)							
	Connection Data Block Length								
	Device ID								
	Ingress Zone								
	Ingress Zone, continued								
	Ingress Zone, continued								
	Ingress Zone, continued								

Byte			0					1			2 3									
Bit	0 1	2 3	4	5 6	7	8 9	1 0	1 1 1 2	1 3	1 1 4 5	1 6	1 1 7 8	$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 \\ 9 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$	2	$\begin{bmatrix} 2 & 2 \\ 2 & 3 \end{bmatrix}$	2 4	2 2 5	2 7	2 2 9	3 3 0 1
	Egress Zone																			
	Egress Zone, continued																			
	Egress Zone, continued																			
								Eg	ress	Zone	e, co	ontin	ued							
	Ingress Interface																			
	Ingress Interface, continued																			
]	Ingre	ess I	nterfa	ace,	cont	inued							
]	Ingre	ess I	nterfa	ice,	cont	inued							
									Egr	ress I	nter	face								
								Egre	ess Ir	nterfa	ice,	conti	inued							
								Egre	ess Ir	nterfa	ice,	conti	inued							
								Egre	ess Ir	nterfa	ice,	conti	inued							
								I	nitia	tor I	PΑ	ddres	SS							
							In	itiat	or IF	Add	lres	s, coi	ntinue	d						
							In	itiat	or IF	Add	lres	s, coi	ntinue	d						
							In						ntinue	d						
									-			Addr								
								_					ontinu							
								-					ontinu							
							Res	spon					ontinu	ied						
										licy F										
													nued							
													nued							
								Poli	cy R				nued							
										Rul	e ID									
				Ru	le A	Action	1							F	Rule 1	Rea	son			

Byte	0	1	2	3			
Bit	0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7	8 9 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 5	1 1 1 1 2 2 2 2 2 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3	2 2 2 2 2 2 3 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1			
	Initiato	or Port	Responder Port				
	TCP	Flags	Protocol	NetFlow Source			
		NetFlow Sour	ce, continued	,			
		NetFlow Sour	ce, continued				
		NetFlow Sour	ce, continued				
	Ne	tFlow Source, continue	ed	First Pkt Time			
	First P	acket Timestamp, cont	inued	Last Pkt Time			
	Last P	acket Timestamp, cont	inued	Initiator Transmitted Packets			
		Initiator Transmitted	Packets, continued				
	Initiator '	Responder Transmitted Packets					
	Responder	continued	Initiator Transmitted Bytes				
		Initiator Transmitte	d Bytes, continued				
	Initiator	Transmitted Bytes, co	ntinued	Responder Transmitted Bytes			
		Responder Transmitt	ed Bytes, continued				
	Responde	er Transmitted Bytes, c	ontinued	User ID			
		User ID, continued		Application Protocol ID			
	Applic	URL Category					
	U	URL Reputation					
	UF	ed	Client App ID				
	Clien	t Application ID, conti	nued	Web App ID			
	Web	Application ID, contin	nued	String Block Type (0)			

Byte	0	1	2	3					
Bit	0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7	8 9 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 5	1 1 1 1 2 2 2 2 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3	2 2 2 2 2 3 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1					
Client App URL	Stri	ng Block Type, contin	ued	String Block Length					
	Strin	g Block Length, conti	nued	Client Application URL					
NetBIOS Name		String Blo	ck Type (0)						
		String Block Length							
		NetBIOS	Name						
Client App Version		String Blo	ck Type (0)						
T-FF		String Blo	ock Length						
		Client Applica	ation Version						
		Monito	r Rule 1						
		Monito	r Rule 2						
		Monito	r Rule 3						
		Monito	r Rule 4						
		Monito	r Rule 5						
	Monitor Rule 6								
	Monitor Rule 7								
		Monito	r Rule 8						
	Sec. Int. Src/Dst	Sec. Int. Rep Layer							

The following table describes the fields of the Connection Statistics data block for 5.1.

Table B-22 Connection Statistics Data Block 5.1 Fields

Field	Data Type	Description
Connection Statistics Data Block Type	uint32	Initiates a Connection Statistics data block for 5.1. The value is always 126.
Connection Statistics Data Block Length	uint32	Number of bytes in the Connection Statistics data block, including eight bytes for the connection statistics block type and length fields, plus the number of bytes in the connection data that follows.
Device ID	uint32	The device that detected the connection event.
Ingress Zone	uint8[16]	Ingress security zone in the event that triggered the policy violation.

Table B-22 Connection Statistics Data Block 5.1 Fields (continued)

Field	Data Type	Description		
Egress Zone	uint8[16]	Egress security zone in the event that triggered the policy violation.		
Ingress Interface	uint8[16]	Interface for the inbound traffic.		
Egress Interface	uint8[16]	Interface for the outbound traffic.		
Initiator IP Address	uint8[16]	IP address of the host that initiated the session described in the connection event, in IP address octets.		
Responder IP Address	uint8[16]	IP address of the host that responded to the initiating host, in IP address octets.		
Policy Revision	uint8[16]	Revision number of the rule associated with the triggered correlation event, if applicable.		
Rule ID	uint32	Internal identifier for the rule that triggered the event, if applicable.		
Rule Action	uint16	The action selected in the user interface for that rule (allow, block, and so forth).		
Rule Reason	uint16	The reason the rule triggered the event.		
Initiator Port	uint16	Port used by the initiating host.		
Responder Port	uint16	Port used by the responding host.		
TCP Flags	uint16	Indicates any TCP flags for the connection event.		
Protocol	uint8	The IANA-specified protocol number.		
NetFlow Source	uint8[16]	IP address of the NetFlow-enabled device that exported the data for the connection.		
First Packet Timestamp	uint32	UNIX timestamp of the date and time the first packet was exchanged in the session.		
Last Packet Timestamp	uint32	UNIX timestamp of the date and time the last packet was exchanged in the session.		
Initiator Transmitted Packets	uint64	Number of packets transmitted by the initiating host.		
Responder Transmitted Packets	uint64	Number of packets transmitted by the responding host.		
Initiator Transmitted Bytes	uint64	Number of bytes transmitted by the initiating host.		
Responder Transmitted Bytes	uint64	Number of bytes transmitted by the responding host.		
User ID	uint32	Internal identification number for the user who last logged into the host that generated the traffic.		
Application Protocol ID	uint32	Application ID of the application protocol.		
URL Category	uint32	The internal identification number of the URL category.		
URL Reputation	uint32	The internal identification number for the URL reputation.		

Table B-22 Connection Statistics Data Block 5.1 Fields (continued)

Field	Data Type	Description		
Client Application ID	uint32	The internal identification number of the detected client application, if applicable.		
Web Application ID	uint32	The internal identification number of the detected web application, if applicable.		
String Block Type	uint32	Initiates a String data block for the client application URL. This value is always 0.		
String Block Length	uint32	Number of bytes in the client application URL String data block, including eight bytes for the string block type and length fields, plus the number of bytes in the client application URL string.		
Client Application URL	string	URL the client application accessed, if applicable (/files/index.html, for example).		
String Block Type	uint32	Initiates a String data block for the host NetBIOS name. This value is always 0.		
String Block Length	uint32	Number of bytes in the String data block, including eight bytes for the string block type and length fields, plus the number of bytes in the NetBIOS name string.		
NetBIOS Name	string	Host NetBIOS name string.		
String Block Type	uint32	Initiates a String data block for the client application version. This value is always 0.		
String Block Length	uint32	Number of bytes in the String data block for the client application version, including eight bytes for the string block type and length, plus the number of bytes in the version.		
Client Application Version	string	Client application version.		
Monitor Rule 1	uint32	The ID of the first monitor rule associated with the connection event.		
Monitor Rule 2	uint32	The ID of the second monitor rule associated with the connection event.		
Monitor Rule 3	uint32	The ID of the third monitor rule associated with the connection event.		
Monitor Rule 4	uint32	The ID of the fourth monitor rule associated with the connection event.		
Monitor Rule 5	uint32	The ID of the fifth monitor rule associated with the connection event.		
Monitor Rule 6	uint32	The ID of the sixth monitor rule associated with the connection event.		
Monitor Rule 7	uint32	The ID of the seventh monitor rule associated with the connection event.		
Monitor Rule 8	uint32	The ID of the eighth monitor rule associated with the connection event.		

Table B-22 Connection Statistics Data Block 5.1 Fields (continued)

Field	Data Type	Description
Security Intelligence Source/ Destination	uint8	Whether the source or destination IP address matched the IP blacklist.
Security Intelligence Layer	uint8	The IP layer that matched the IP blacklist.

Connection Statistics Data Block 5.2.x

The connection statistics data block is used in connection data messages. Changes to the connection data block between versions 5.1.1 and 5.2 include the addition of new fields to support geolocation. The connection statistics data block for version 5.2.x has a block type of 144 in the series 1 group of blocks. It deprecates block type 137, Connection Statistics Data Block 5.1.1.x, page B-110.

For more information on the Connection Statistics Data message, see Connection Statistics Data Message, page 4-45.

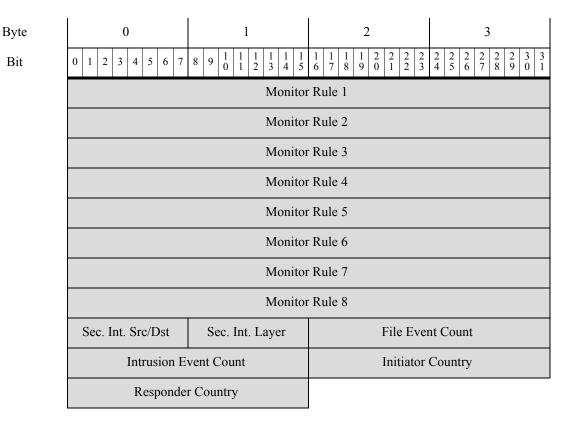
The following diagram shows the format of a Connection Statistics data block for 5.2.x:

Byte	0	1	2	3			
Bit	0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7	8 9 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 5	1 1 1 1 1 2 2 2 2 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3	2 2 2 2 2 2 3 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1			
	Connection Data Block Type (144)						
		Connection Data Block Length					
		Device ID					
		Ingress	Zone				
	Ingress Zone, continued						
	Ingress Zone, continued						
	Ingress Zone, continued						
	Egress Zone						
	Egress Zone, continued						
	Egress Zone, continued						
	Egress Zone, continued						
	Ingress Interface						
	Ingress Interface, continued						

Byte	0 1	2	3				
Bit	0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1						
	Ingress Interface, continued						
	Ingress Interface, continued						
	Egress I	Egress Interface					
	Egress Interfa	ce, continued					
	Egress Interfa	ce, continued					
	Egress Interfa	ce, continued					
	Initiator II	P Address					
	Initiator IP Add	ress, continued					
	Initiator IP Add	ress, continued					
	Initiator IP Add						
	Responder IP Address						
	Responder IP Address, continued						
	Responder IP Address, continued						
	Responder IP Address, continued Policy Revision						
	Policy Revision						
	Policy Revision, continued						
	Policy Revision, continued						
	Policy Revision, continued						
	Rule ID Rule Action Rule Reason						
	Initiator Port Responder Port						
	TCP Flags Protocol NetFlow Source						
	NetFlow Source, continued						
	NetFlow Source, continued						
	NetFlow Source, continued						
	NetFlow Source, continue	ed	Instance ID				

Byte	0	1	2	3		
Bit	0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7	8 9 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 5	1 1 1 1 2 2 2 2 2 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3	2 2 2 2 2 2 3 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1		
	Instance ID, cont. Connection Counter			First Pkt Time		
	First P	Packet Timestamp, cor	ntinued	Last Pkt Time		
	Last P	Packet Timestamp, con	itinued	Initiator Tx Packets		
		Initiator Transmitte	d Packets, continued			
	Initiator '	Transmitted Packets, o	continued	Resp. Tx Packets		
		Responder Transmitt	ed Packets, continued			
	Responder	r Transmitted Packets,	continued	Initiator Tx Bytes		
		Initiator Transmitt	ed Bytes, continued			
	Initiator	Transmitted Bytes, co	ontinued	Resp. Tx Bytes		
		Responder Transmitted Bytes, continued				
	Responde	User ID				
		Application Prot. ID				
	Applic	URL Category				
	U	URL Reputation				
	UF	Client App ID				
	Clien	Client Application ID, continued				
Client URL	Web	Application ID, conti	nued	Str. Block Type (0)		
	Stri	String Block Type, continued				
	Strin	ng Block Length, conti	nued	Client App. URL		
NetBIOS Name		String Blo	ck Type (0)			
Tanie						
NetBIOS Name						
Client App Version		String Blo	ck Type (0)			
Tipp version		String Blo	ock Length			
	Client Application Version					

Bit



The following table describes the fields of the Connection Statistics data block for 5.2.x:

Table B-23 Connection Statistics Data Block 5.2.x Fields

Field	Data Type	Description	
Connection Statistics Data Block Type	uint32	Initiates a Connection Statistics data block for 5.2.x. The value is always 144.	
Connection Statistics Data Block Length	uint32	Number of bytes in the Connection Statistics data block, including eight bytes for the connection statistics block type and length fields, plus the number of bytes in the connection data that follows.	
Device ID	uint32	The device that detected the connection event.	
Ingress Zone	uint8[16]	Ingress security zone in the event that triggered the policy violation.	
Egress Zone	uint8[16]	Egress security zone in the event that triggered the policy violation.	
Ingress Interface	uint8[16]	Interface for the inbound traffic.	
Egress Interface	uint8[16]	Interface for the outbound traffic.	
Initiator IP Address	uint8[16]	IP address of the host that initiated the session described in the connection event, in IP address octets.	
Responder IP Address	uint8[16]	IP address of the host that responded to the initiating host, in IP address octets.	

Table B-23 Connection Statistics Data Block 5.2.x Fields (continued)

Field	Data Type	Description	
Policy Revision	uint8[16]	Revision number of the rule associated with the triggered correlation event, if applicable.	
Rule ID	uint32	Internal identifier for the rule that triggered the event, if applicable.	
Rule Action	uint16	The action selected in the user interface for that rule (allow, block, and so forth).	
Rule Reason	uint16	The reason the rule triggered the event.	
Initiator Port	uint16	Port used by the initiating host.	
Responder Port	uint16	Port used by the responding host.	
TCP Flags	uint16	Indicates any TCP flags for the connection event.	
Protocol	uint8	The IANA-specified protocol number.	
NetFlow Source	uint8[16]	IP address of the NetFlow-enabled device that exported the data for the connection.	
Instance ID	uint16	Numerical ID of the Snort instance on the managed device that generated the event.	
Connection Counter	uint16	Value used to distinguish between connection events that happen during the same second.	
First Packet Timestamp	uint32	UNIX timestamp of the date and time the first packet was exchanged in the session.	
Last Packet Timestamp	uint32	UNIX timestamp of the date and time the last packet was exchanged in the session.	
Initiator Transmitted Packets	uint64	Number of packets transmitted by the initiating host.	
Responder Transmitted Packets	uint64	Number of packets transmitted by the responding host.	
Initiator Transmitted Bytes	uint64	Number of bytes transmitted by the initiating host.	
Responder Transmitted Bytes	uint64	Number of bytes transmitted by the responding host.	
User ID	uint32	Internal identification number for the user who last logged into the host that generated the traffic.	
Application Protocol ID	uint32	Application ID of the application protocol.	
URL Category	uint32	The internal identification number of the URL category.	
URL Reputation	uint32	The internal identification number for the URL reputation.	
Client Application ID	uint32	The internal identification number of the detected client application, if applicable.	
Web Application ID	uint32	The internal identification number of the detected web application, if applicable.	
String Block Type	uint32	Initiates a String data block for the client application URL. This value is always 0.	

Table B-23 Connection Statistics Data Block 5.2.x Fields (continued)

Field	Data Type	Description	
String Block Length	uint32	Number of bytes in the client application URL String data block, including eight bytes for the string block type and length fields, plus the number of bytes in the client application URL string.	
Client Application URL	string	URL the client application accessed, if applicable (/files/index.html, for example).	
String Block Type	uint32	Initiates a String data block for the host NetBIOS name. This value is always 0.	
String Block Length	uint32	Number of bytes in the String data block, including eight bytes for the string block type and length fields, plus the number of bytes in the NetBIOS name string.	
NetBIOS Name	string	Host NetBIOS name string.	
String Block Type	uint32	Initiates a String data block for the client application version. This value is always 0.	
String Block Length	uint32	Number of bytes in the String data block for the client application version, including eight bytes for the string block type and length, plus the number of bytes in the version.	
Client Application Version	string	Client application version.	
Monitor Rule 1	uint32	The ID of the first monitor rule associated with the connection event.	
Monitor Rule 2	uint32	The ID of the second monitor rule associated with the connection event.	
Monitor Rule 3	uint32	The ID of the third monitor rule associated with the connection event.	
Monitor Rule 4	uint32	The ID of the fourth monitor rule associated with the connection event.	
Monitor Rule 5	uint32	The ID of the fifth monitor rule associated with the connection event.	
Monitor Rule 6	uint32	The ID of the sixth monitor rule associated with the connection event.	
Monitor Rule 7	uint32	The ID of the seventh monitor rule associated with the connection event.	
Monitor Rule 8	uint32	The ID of the eighth monitor rule associated with the connection event.	
Security Intelligence Source/ Destination	uint8	Whether the source or destination IP address matched the IP blacklist.	
Security Intelligence Layer	uint8	The IP layer that matched the IP blacklist.	
File Event Count	uint16	Value used to distinguish between file events that happen during the same second.	

Table B-23 Connection Statistics Data Block 5.2.x Fields (continued)

Field	Data Type	Description
Intrusion Event Count		Value used to distinguish between intrusion events that happen during the same second.
Initiator Country	uint16	Code for the country of the initiating host.
Responder Country	uint16	Code for the country of the responding host.

Connection Chunk Data Block for 5.0 - 5.1

The Connection Chunk data block conveys connection data detected by a NetFlow device. The Connection Chunk data block has a block type of 66 for pre-4.10.1 versions. For versions 5.0 - 5.1, it has a block type of 119.

The following diagram shows the format of the Connection Chunk data block:

By te	0	1	2	3		
Bit	0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7	8 9 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 5	1 1 1 1 2 2 2 2 2 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3	2 2 2 2 2 2 3 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1		
		Connection Chunk B	lock Type (66 119)			
		Connection Chui	nk Block Length			
		Initiator II	P Address			
		Responder IP Address				
		Start Time				
	Application ID					
	Respond	Responder Port Protocol Connection Type				
		NetFlow Detector IP Address				
		Packets Sent				
	Packets Received					
	Bytes Sent					
	Bytes Received					
		Connections				

The following table describes the components of the Connection Chunk data block:

Table B-24 Connection Chunk Data Block Fields

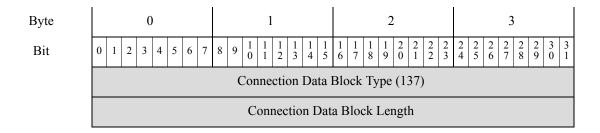
Field	Data Type	Description
Connection Chunk Block Type	uint32	Initiates a Connection Chunk data block. This value is 66 for versions before 4.10.1 and a value of 119 for version 5.0.
Connection Chunk Block Length	uint32	Total number of bytes in the Connection Chunk data block, including eight bytes for the connection chunk block type and length fields, plus the number of bytes in the connection chunk data that follows.
Initiator IP Address	uint8[4]	IP address of the host that initiated the connection, in IP address octets.
Responder IP Address	uint8[4]	IP address of the host responding in the connection, in IP address octets.
Start Time	uint32	The starting time for the connection chunk.
Application ID	uint32	Application identification number for the application protocol used in the connection.
Responder Port	uint16	The port used by the responder in the connection chunk.
Protocol	uint8	The protocol for the packet containing the user information.
Connection Type	uint8	The type of connection.
Source Device IP Address	uint8[4]	IP address of the NetFlow device that detected the connection, in IP address octets.
Packets Sent	uint32	The number of packets sent in the connection chunk.
Packets Received	uint32	The number of packets received in the connection chunk.
Bytes Sent	uint32	The number of bytes sent in the connection chunk.
Bytes Received	uint32	The number of bytes received in the connection chunk.
Connections	uint32	The number of sessions made in the connection chunk.

Connection Statistics Data Block 5.1.1.x

The connection statistics data block is used in connection data messages. Changes to the connection data block between versions 5.1 and 5.1.1 include the addition of new fields to identify associated intrusion events. The connection statistics data block for version 5.1.1.x has a block type of 137. It deprecates block type 126, Connection Statistics Data Block 5.1, page B-97.

For more information on the Connection Statistics Data message, see Connection Statistics Data Message, page 4-45.

The following diagram shows the format of a Connection Statistics data block for 5.1.1:



Byte	0	1	2	3	
Bit	0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7	8 9 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 5	1 1 1 1 2 2 2 6 7 8 9 0 1 2	2 2 2 2 2 2 2 3 3 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1	
	Device ID				
	Ingress Zone				
		Ingress Zon	e, continued		
		Ingress Zon	e, continued		
		Ingress Zone, continued			
		Egres	s Zone		
		Egress Zon	e, continued		
		Egress Zon	e, continued		
	Egress Zone, continued				
	Ingress Interface				
	Ingress Interface, continued				
	Ingress Interface, continued				
	Ingress Interface, continued				
	Egress Interface				
	Egress Interface, continued				
	Egress Interface, continued				
		Egress Interfa	ace, continued		
			P Address		
	Initiator IP Address, continued				
	Initiator IP Address, continued				
	Initiator IP Address, continued				
	Responder IP Address				
	Responder IP Address, continued				
	Responder IP Address, continued				
			ddress, continued		
		Policy I	Revision		

Byte

Bit

0	1	2	3	
0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7	8 9 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 5	1 1 1 1 1 2 2 2 2 2 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3	2 2 2 2 2 2 3 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1	
	Policy Revision	on, continued		
	Policy Revision, continued			
	Policy Revision	on, continued		
	Rule	· ID		
Rule A	Action	Rule R	Leason	
Initiato	or Port	Responder Port		
TCP Flags		Protocol	NetFlow Source	
	NetFlow Sour	ce, continued		
NetFlow Source, continued				
NetFlow Source, continued				
NetFlow Source, continued		ed	Instance ID	
Instance ID, cont. Connection Counter		First Pkt Time		
First Packet Timestamp, continued		Last Pkt Time		
Last Packet Timestamp, continu		inued	Initiator Tx Packets	
Initiator Transmitted Packets, continued				
Initiator	Transmitted Packets, co	ontinued	Resp. Tx Packets	
Responder Transmitted Packets, continued				
Responder Transmitted Packets, continued			Initiator Tx Bytes	
Initiator Transmitted Bytes, continued				
Initiator Transmitted Bytes, continued		Resp. Tx Bytes		
Responder Transmitted Bytes, continued				
Responder Transmitted Bytes, continued		User ID		
User ID, continued		Application Prot. ID		
Applic	ation Protocol ID, cont	tinued	URL Category	
URL Category, continued			URL Reputation	

Byte	0	1	2	3
Bit	0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7	8 9 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 5	1 1 1 1 2 2 2 2 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3	2 2 2 2 2 2 3 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1
	URL Reputation, continued Client App ID			Client App ID
	Clien	t Application ID, conti	inued	Web App ID
Client URL	Web Application ID, continued			Str. Block Type (0)
OKL	Stri	ng Block Type, continu	ued	String Block Length
	Strin	g Block Length, contin	nued	Client App. URL
NetBIOS Name		String Bloc	ck Type (0)	
rume		String Blo	ck Length	
		NetBIOS	S Name	
Client App Version				
Tipp (Groton				
	Client Application Version			
	Monitor Rule 1			
	Monitor Rule 2			
	Monitor Rule 3 Monitor Rule 4 Monitor Rule 5			
	Monitor Rule 6			
	Monitor Rule 7			
	Monitor Rule 8			
	Sec. Int. Src/Dst	Sec. Int. Layer	File Ever	nt Count
	Intrusion E	vent Count		

The following table describes the fields of the Connection Statistics data block for 5.1.1.x.

Table B-25 Connection Statistics Data Block 5.1.1.x Fields

Field	Data Type	Description	
Connection Statistics Data Block Type	uint32	Initiates a Connection Statistics data block for 5.1.1.x. The value is always 137.	
Connection Statistics Data Block Length	uint32	Number of bytes in the Connection Statistics data block, including eight bytes for the connection statistics block type and length fields, plus the number of bytes in the connection data that follows.	
Device ID	uint32	The device that detected the connection event.	
Ingress Zone	uint8[16]	Ingress security zone in the event that triggered the policy violation.	
Egress Zone	uint8[16]	Egress security zone in the event that triggered the policy violation.	
Ingress Interface	uint8[16]	Interface for the inbound traffic.	
Egress Interface	uint8[16]	Interface for the outbound traffic.	
Initiator IP Address	uint8[16]	IP address of the host that initiated the session described in the connection event, in IP address octets.	
Responder IP Address	uint8[16]	IP address of the host that responded to the initiating host, in IP address octets.	
Policy Revision	uint8[16]	Revision number of the rule associated with the triggered correlation event, if applicable.	
Rule ID	uint32	Internal identifier for the rule that triggered the event, if applicable.	
Rule Action	uint16	The action selected in the user interface for that rule (allow, block, and so forth).	
Rule Reason	uint16	The reason the rule triggered the event.	
Initiator Port	uint16	Port used by the initiating host.	
Responder Port	uint16	Port used by the responding host.	
TCP Flags	uint16	Indicates any TCP flags for the connection event.	
Protocol	uint8	The IANA-specified protocol number.	
NetFlow Source	uint8[16]	IP address of the NetFlow-enabled device that exported the data for the connection.	
Instance ID	uint16	Numerical ID of the Snort instance on the managed device that generated the event.	
Connection Counter	uint16	Value used to distinguish between connection events that happen during the same second.	
First Packet Timestamp	uint32	UNIX timestamp of the date and time the first packet was exchanged in the session.	
Last Packet Timestamp	uint32	UNIX timestamp of the date and time the last packet was exchanged in the session.	

Table B-25 Connection Statistics Data Block 5.1.1.x Fields (continued)

Field	Data Type	Description	
Initiator Transmitted Packets	uint64	Number of packets transmitted by the initiating host.	
Responder Transmitted Packets	uint64	Number of packets transmitted by the responding host.	
Initiator Transmitted Bytes	uint64	Number of bytes transmitted by the initiating host.	
Responder Transmitted Bytes	uint64	Number of bytes transmitted by the responding host.	
User ID	uint32	Internal identification number for the user who last logged into the host that generated the traffic.	
Application Protocol ID	uint32	Application ID of the application protocol.	
URL Category	uint32	The internal identification number of the URL category.	
URL Reputation	uint32	The internal identification number for the URL reputation.	
Client Application ID	uint32	The internal identification number of the detected client application, if applicable.	
Web Application ID	uint32	The internal identification number of the detected web application, if applicable.	
String Block Type	uint32	Initiates a String data block for the client application URL. This value is always 0.	
String Block Length	uint32	Number of bytes in the client application URL String data block, including eight bytes for the string block type and length fields, plus the number of bytes in the client application URL string.	
Client Application URL	string	URL the client application accessed, if applicable (/files/index.html, for example).	
String Block Type	uint32	Initiates a String data block for the host NetBIOS name. This value is always 0.	
String Block Length	uint32	Number of bytes in the String data block, including eight bytes for the string block type and length fields, plus the number of bytes in the NetBIOS name string.	
NetBIOS Name	string	Host NetBIOS name string.	
String Block Type	uint32	Initiates a String data block for the client application version. This value is always 0.	
String Block Length	uint32	Number of bytes in the String data block for the client application version, including eight bytes for the string block type and length, plus the number of bytes in the version.	
Client Application Version	string	Client application version.	

Table B-25 Connection Statistics Data Block 5.1.1.x Fields (continued)

Field	Data Type	Description	
Monitor Rule 1	uint32	The ID of the first monitor rule associated with the connection event.	
Monitor Rule 2	uint32	The ID of the second monitor rule associated with the connection event.	
Monitor Rule 3	uint32	The ID of the third monitor rule associated with the connection event.	
Monitor Rule 4	uint32	The ID of the fourth monitor rule associated with the connection event.	
Monitor Rule 5	uint32	The ID of the fifth monitor rule associated with the connection event.	
Monitor Rule 6	uint32	The ID of the sixth monitor rule associated with the connection event.	
Monitor Rule 7	uint32	The ID of the seventh monitor rule associated with the connection event.	
Monitor Rule 8	uint32	The ID of the eighth monitor rule associated with the connection event.	
Security Intelligence Source/ Destination	uint8	Whether the source or destination IP address matched the IP blacklist.	
Security Intelligence Layer	uint8	The IP layer that matched the IP blacklist.	
File Event Count	uint16	Value used to distinguish between file events that happen during the same second.	
Intrusion Event Count	uint16	Value used to distinguish between intrusion events that happen during the same second.	

Connection Statistics Data Block 5.3

The connection statistics data block is used in connection data messages. Changes to the connection data block between versions 5.2.x and 5.3 include the addition of new fields for NetFlow information. The connection statistics data block for version 5.3 has a block type of 152 in the series 1 group of blocks. It deprecates block type 144, Connection Statistics Data Block 5.2.x, page B-103.

You request connection event records by setting the extended event flag—bit 30 in the Request Flags field—in the request message with an event version of 10 and an event code of 71. See Request Flags, page 2-11. If you enable bit 23, an extended event header is included in the record.

For more information on the Connection Statistics Data message, see Connection Statistics Data Message, page 4-45.

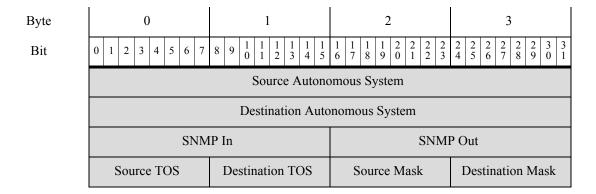
The following diagram shows the format of a Connection Statistics data block for 5.3+:

::

Byte	0 1 2 3		
Bit	0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 2 2 2 2		
	Connection Data Block Type (152)		
	Connection Data Block Length Device ID Ingress Zone Ingress Zone, continued		
	Ingress Zone, continued		
	Ingress Zone, continued		
	Egress Zone		
	Egress Zone, continued		
	Egress Zone, continued Egress Zone, continued Ingress Interface Ingress Interface, continued Ingress Interface, continued Ingress Interface, continued Egress Interface		
	Egress Interface, continued		
	Egress Interface, continued		
	Egress Interface, continued		
	Initiator IP Address		
	Initiator IP Address, continued		
	Initiator IP Address, continued		
	Initiator IP Address, continued		
	Responder IP Address		
	Responder IP Address, continued		

Byte	0	1	2	3
Bit	0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7	8 9 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 5	1 1 1 1 2 2 2 2 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3	2 2 2 2 2 2 3 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1
		Responder IP Ad	dress, continued	
		Responder IP Ad	dress, continued	
		Policy R	Levision	
		Policy Revision	on, continued	
		Policy Revision	on, continued	
		Policy Revision	on, continued	
		Rule	e ID	
	Rule A	Action	Rule F	Reason
	Initiato	or Port	Respon	der Port
	TCP I	Flags	Protocol	NetFlow Source
		NetFlow Sour	ce, continued	
		NetFlow Sour	ce, continued	
		NetFlow Sour	ce, continued	
	Ne	tFlow Source, continue	ed	Instance ID
	Instance ID, cont. Connection Counter First Pkt Time First Packet Timestamp, continued Last Pkt Time			
	Last Packet Timestamp, continued Initiator Tx Packets			
	Initiator Transmitted Packets, continued			
	Initiator Transmitted Packets, continued Resp. Tx Packets			Resp. Tx Packets
		Responder Transmitte	ed Packets, continued	
	Responder	Transmitted Packets,	continued	Initiator Tx Bytes
		Initiator Transmitte	d Bytes, continued	
	Initiator	Transmitted Bytes, co	ntinued	Resp. Tx Bytes
		Responder Transmitt	ted Bytes, continued	
	Responde	er Transmitted Bytes, c	ontinued	User ID

Byte	0	1	2	3
Bit	0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7	8 9 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 5	1 1 1 1 1 2 2 2 2 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3	2 2 2 2 2 2 3 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1
	User ID, continued			Application Prot. ID
	Application Protocol ID, continued			URL Category
	U	RL Category, continued	d	URL Reputation
	UF	RL Reputation, continue	ed	Client App ID
	Clien	t Application ID, conti	nued	Web App ID
Client URL	Web	Application ID, contin	ued	Str. Block Type (0)
	Stri	ng Block Type, continu	ied	String Block Length
	Strin	g Block Length, contin	ued	Client App. URL
NetBIOS Name	String Block Type (0)			
1,000	String Block Length			
		NetBIOS	Name	
Client App Version		String Bloc	k Type (0)	
	String Block Length			
Client Application Version Monitor Rule 1				
		Monitor	Rule 2	
		Monitor	Rule 3	
	Monitor Rule 4			
		Monitor		
Monitor Rule 6				
	Monitor Rule 7			
		Monitor		
	Sec. Int. Src/Dst	Sec. Int. Layer	File Ever	
	Intrusion Event Count Initiator Country			
Responder Country IOC Number			umber	



The following table describes the fields of the Connection Statistics data block for 5.3.

Table B-26 Connection Statistics Data Block 5.3+ Fields

Field	Data Type	Description	
Connection Statistics Data Block Type	uint32	Initiates a Connection Statistics data block for 5.3. The value is always 152.	
Connection Statistics Data Block Length	uint32	Number of bytes in the Connection Statistics data block, including eight bytes for the connection statistics block type and length fields, plus the number of bytes in the connection data that follows.	
Device ID	uint32	The device that detected the connection event.	
Ingress Zone	uint8[16]	Ingress security zone in the event that triggered the policy violation.	
Egress Zone	uint8[16]	Egress security zone in the event that triggered the policy violation.	
Ingress Interface	uint8[16]	Interface for the inbound traffic.	
Egress Interface	uint8[16]	Interface for the outbound traffic.	
Initiator IP Address	uint8[16]	IP address of the host that initiated the session described in the connection event, in IP address octets.	
Responder IP Address	uint8[16]	IP address of the host that responded to the initiating host, in IP address octets.	
Policy Revision	uint8[16]	Revision number of the rule associated with the triggered correlation event, if applicable.	
Rule ID	uint32	Internal identifier for the rule that triggered the event, if applicable.	
Rule Action	Action uint16 The action selected in the user interface for that rule (a and so forth).		
Rule Reason	uint16	The reason the rule triggered the event.	
Initiator Port	uint16	Port used by the initiating host.	
Responder Port	uint16	Port used by the responding host.	
TCP Flags	uint16	Indicates any TCP flags for the connection event.	
Protocol	uint8	The IANA-specified protocol number.	

Table B-26 Connection Statistics Data Block 5.3+ Fields (continued)

Field	Data Type	Description	
NetFlow Source	uint8[16]	IP address of the NetFlow-enabled device that exported the data for the connection.	
Instance ID	uint16	Numerical ID of the Snort instance on the managed device that generated the event.	
Connection Counter	uint16	Value used to distinguish between connection events that happen during the same second.	
First Packet Timestamp	uint32	UNIX timestamp of the date and time the first packet was exchanged in the session.	
Last Packet Timestamp	uint32	UNIX timestamp of the date and time the last packet was exchanged in the session.	
Initiator Transmitted Packets	uint64	Number of packets transmitted by the initiating host.	
Responder Transmitted Packets	uint64	Number of packets transmitted by the responding host.	
Initiator Transmitted Bytes	uint64	Number of bytes transmitted by the initiating host.	
Responder Transmitted Bytes	uint64	Number of bytes transmitted by the responding host.	
User ID	uint32	Internal identification number for the user who last logged into the host that generated the traffic.	
Application Protocol ID	uint32	Application ID of the application protocol.	
URL Category	uint32	The internal identification number of the URL category.	
URL Reputation	uint32	The internal identification number for the URL reputation.	
Client Application ID	uint32	The internal identification number of the detected client application, if applicable.	
Web Application ID	uint32	The internal identification number of the detected web application, if applicable.	
String Block Type	uint32	Initiates a String data block for the client application URL. This value is always 0.	
String Block Length	uint32	Number of bytes in the client application URL String data block, including eight bytes for the string block type and length fields, plus the number of bytes in the client application URL string.	
Client Application URL	string	URL the client application accessed, if applicable (/files/index.html, for example).	
String Block Type	uint32	Initiates a String data block for the host NetBIOS name. This value is always 0.	
String Block Length	uint32	Number of bytes in the String data block, including eight bytes for the string block type and length fields, plus the number of bytes in the NetBIOS name string.	

Table B-26 Connection Statistics Data Block 5.3+ Fields (continued)

Field	Data Type	Description	
NetBIOS Name	string	Host NetBIOS name string.	
String Block Type	uint32	Initiates a String data block for the client application version. This value is always 0.	
String Block Length	uint32	Number of bytes in the String data block for the client application version, including eight bytes for the string block type and length, plus the number of bytes in the version.	
Client Application Version	string	Client application version.	
Monitor Rule 1	uint32	The ID of the first monitor rule associated with the connection event.	
Monitor Rule 2	uint32	The ID of the second monitor rule associated with the connection event.	
Monitor Rule 3	uint32	The ID of the third monitor rule associated with the connection event.	
Monitor Rule 4	uint32	The ID of the fourth monitor rule associated with the connection event.	
Monitor Rule 5	uint32	The ID of the fifth monitor rule associated with the connection event.	
Monitor Rule 6	uint32	The ID of the sixth monitor rule associated with the connection event.	
Monitor Rule 7	uint32	The ID of the seventh monitor rule associated with the connection event.	
Monitor Rule 8	uint32	The ID of the eighth monitor rule associated with the connection event.	
Security Intelligence Source/ Destination	uint8	Whether the source or destination IP address matched the IP blacklist.	
Security Intelligence Layer	uint8	The IP layer that matched the IP blacklist.	
File Event Count	uint16	Value used to distinguish between file events that happen during the same second.	
Intrusion Event Count	uint16	Value used to distinguish between intrusion events that happen during the same second.	
Initiator Country	uint16	Code for the country of the initiating host.	
Responder Country	uint 16	Code for the country of the responding host.	
IOC Number	uint16	ID Number of the compromise associated with this event.	
Source Autonomous System	uint32	Autonomous system number of the source, either origin or peer.	

Field	Data Type	Description
Destination Autonomous System	uint32	Autonomous system number of the destination, either origin or peer.
SNMP Input	uint16	SNMP index of the input interface.
SNMP Output	uint16	SNMP index of the output interface.
Source TOS	uint8	Type of Service byte setting for the incoming interface.
Destination TOS	uint8	Type of Service byte setting for the outgoing interface.

Source address prefix mask.

Destination address prefix mask.

Table B-26 Connection Statistics Data Block 5.3+ Fields (continued)

Connection Statistics Data Block 5.3.1

Destination Mask

uint8

uint8

Source Mask

The connection statistics data block is used in connection data messages. The only changes to the connection data block between versions 5.3 and 5.3.1 is the addition of a security context field. The connection statistics data block for version 5.3.1 has a block type of 154 in the series 1 group of blocks. It deprecates block type 152, Connection Statistics Data Block 5.3, page B-116.

You request connection event records by setting the extended event flag—bit 30 in the Request Flags field—in the request message with an event version of 11 and an event code of 71. See Request Flags, page 2-11. If you enable bit 23, an extended event header is included in the record. For more information on the Connection Statistics Data message, see Connection Statistics Data Message, page 4-45.

The following diagram shows the format of a Connection Statistics data block for 5.3.1:

Byte	0 1 2 3		
Bit	0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 1 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1		
	Connection Data Block Type (154)		
	Connection Data Block Length		
	Device ID		
	Ingress Zone		
	Ingress Zone, continued		
	Ingress Zone, continued		
	Ingress Zone, continued		
	Egress Zone		
	Egress Zone, continued		
	Egress Zone, continued		

Byte	0 1	2	3
Bit	0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 5	1 1 1 1 2 2 2 2 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3	2 2 2 2 2 2 3 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1
	Egress Zone, continued		
	Ingress Interface		
	Ingress Interface, continued		
	Ingress Interface, continued		
	Ingress Interface, continued		
	Egress Interface		
	Egress Interfa	ace, continued	
	Egress Interfa	ace, continued	
	Egress Interfa	ace, continued	
	Initiator I	P Address	
	Initiator IP Address, continued Initiator IP Address, continued Initiator IP Address, continued		
	Responder	IP Address	
	Responder IP Ac	ldress, continued	
	Responder IP Address, continued		
	Responder IP Address, continued		
	Policy I		
		on, continued	
		on, continued	
	Policy Revision, continued		
	Rule ID		
	Rule Action	Rule R	
	Initiator Port	Respond	
	TCP Flags	Protocol	NetFlow Source
	NetFlow Source, continued		

Byte	0	1	2	3
Bit	0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7	8 9 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 5	1 1 1 1 2 2 2 2 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3	2 2 2 2 2 2 3 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1
	NetFlow Source, continued			
		NetFlow Sou	rce, continued	
	Ne	etFlow Source, continu	ied	Instance ID
	Instance ID, cont.	Connection	on Counter	First Pkt Time
	First F	Packet Timestamp, con	tinued	Last Pkt Time
	Last F	Packet Timestamp, con	tinued	Initiator Tx Packets
		Initiator Transmitted	d Packets, continued	
	Initiator	Transmitted Packets, c	continued	Resp. Tx Packets
		Responder Transmitt	ed Packets, continued	
	Responde	r Transmitted Packets,	continued	Initiator Tx Bytes
	Responder Transmitted Bytes, continued Responder Transmitted Bytes, continued User ID			
				Resp. Tx Bytes
				User ID
				Application Prot. ID
	Application Protocol ID, continued URL Cat			
	U	RL Category, continue	ed	URL Reputation
	UI	RL Reputation, continu	ied	Client App ID
	Clien	at Application ID, cont	inued	Web App ID
Client URL	Web	Application ID, conti	nued	Str. Block Type (0)
String Block Type, continued			ued	String Block Length
		ng Block Length, conti	nued	Client App. URL
NetBIOS Name		String Bloo	ck Type (0)	
Tunio		String Blo	ock Length	
		NetBIOS	S Name	

Byte	0	1	2	3
Bit	0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7	8 9 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 5	1 1 1 1 2 2 2 2 2 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3	2 2 2 2 2 2 3 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1
Client App Version		String Bloc	k Type (0)	
ripp version		String Blo	ck Length	
	Client Application Version			
	Monitor Rule 1			
		Monitor Rule 2		
		Monitor	Rule 3	
		Monitor	Rule 4	
		Monitor	Rule 5	
	Monitor Rule 6			
	Monitor Rule 7			
	Monitor Rule 8			
	Sec. Int. Src/Dst Sec. Int. Layer File Event Count			nt Count
	Intrusion Event Count Initiator Country			
	Responde	r Country	IOC N	lumber
		Source Autono	omous System	
		Destination Auto	nomous System	
	SNMP In SNMP Out			
Source TOS Destination TOS Source Mask Dest			Destination Mask	
	Security Context			
	Security Context, continued			
	Security Context, continued			
Security Context, continued				

The following table describes the fields of the Connection Statistics data block for 5.3.1.

Table B-27 Connection Statistics Data Block 5.3.1 Fields

Field	Data Type	Description	
Connection Statistics Data Block Type	uint32	Initiates a Connection Statistics data block for 5.3.1+. The value is always 154.	
Connection Statistics Data Block Length	uint32	Number of bytes in the Connection Statistics data block, including eight bytes for the connection statistics block type and length fields, plus the number of bytes in the connection data that follows.	
Device ID	uint32	The device that detected the connection event.	
Ingress Zone	uint8[16]	Ingress security zone in the event that triggered the policy violation.	
Egress Zone	uint8[16]	Egress security zone in the event that triggered the policy violation.	
Ingress Interface	uint8[16]	Interface for the inbound traffic.	
Egress Interface	uint8[16]	Interface for the outbound traffic.	
Initiator IP Address	uint8[16]	IP address of the host that initiated the session described in the connection event, in IP address octets.	
Responder IP Address	uint8[16]	IP address of the host that responded to the initiating host, in IP address octets.	
Policy Revision	uint8[16]	Revision number of the rule associated with the triggered correlation event, if applicable.	
Rule ID	uint32	Internal identifier for the rule that triggered the event, if applicable.	
Rule Action	uint16	The action selected in the user interface for that rule (allow, block and so forth).	
Rule Reason	uint16	The reason the rule triggered the event.	
Initiator Port	uint16	Port used by the initiating host.	
Responder Port	uint16	Port used by the responding host.	
TCP Flags	uint16	Indicates any TCP flags for the connection event.	
Protocol	uint8	The IANA-specified protocol number.	
NetFlow Source	uint8[16]	IP address of the NetFlow-enabled device that exported the data for the connection.	
Instance ID	uint16	Numerical ID of the Snort instance on the managed device that generated the event.	
Connection Counter	uint16	Value used to distinguish between connection events that happen during the same second.	
First Packet Timestamp	uint32	UNIX timestamp of the date and time the first packet was exchanged in the session.	
Last Packet Timestamp	uint32	UNIX timestamp of the date and time the last packet was exchanged in the session.	

Table B-27 Connection Statistics Data Block 5.3.1 Fields (continued)

Field	Data Type	Description		
Initiator Transmitted Packets	uint64	Number of packets transmitted by the initiating host.		
Responder Transmitted Packets	uint64	Number of packets transmitted by the responding host.		
Initiator Transmitted Bytes	uint64	Number of bytes transmitted by the initiating host.		
Responder Transmitted Bytes	uint64	Number of bytes transmitted by the responding host.		
User ID	uint32	Internal identification number for the user who last logged into the host that generated the traffic.		
Application Protocol ID	uint32	Application ID of the application protocol.		
URL Category	uint32	The internal identification number of the URL category.		
URL Reputation	uint32	The internal identification number for the URL reputation.		
Client Application ID	uint32	The internal identification number of the detected client application, if applicable.		
Web Application ID	uint32 The internal identification number of the detected web application, if applicable.			
String Block Type	uint32	Initiates a String data block for the client application URL. This value is always 0.		
String Block Length	uint32	Number of bytes in the client application URL String data block, including eight bytes for the string block type and length fields, plus the number of bytes in the client application URL string.		
Client Application URL	string	URL the client application accessed, if applicable (/files/index.html, for example).		
String Block Type	uint32	Initiates a String data block for the host NetBIOS name. This value is always 0.		
String Block Length	uint32	Number of bytes in the String data block, including eight bytes for the string block type and length fields, plus the number of bytes in the NetBIOS name string.		
NetBIOS Name	string	Host NetBIOS name string.		
String Block Type	uint32	Initiates a String data block for the client application version. This value is always 0.		
String Block Length	uint32	Number of bytes in the String data block for the client application version, including eight bytes for the string block type and length, plus the number of bytes in the version.		
Client Application Version	string	Client application version.		

Table B-27 Connection Statistics Data Block 5.3.1 Fields (continued)

Field	Data Type	Description
Monitor Rule 1	uint32	The ID of the first monitor rule associated with the connection event.
Monitor Rule 2	uint32	The ID of the second monitor rule associated with the connection event.
Monitor Rule 3	uint32	The ID of the third monitor rule associated with the connection event.
Monitor Rule 4	uint32	The ID of the fourth monitor rule associated with the connection event.
Monitor Rule 5	uint32	The ID of the fifth monitor rule associated with the connection event.
Monitor Rule 6	uint32	The ID of the sixth monitor rule associated with the connection event.
Monitor Rule 7	uint32	The ID of the seventh monitor rule associated with the connection event.
Monitor Rule 8	uint32	The ID of the eighth monitor rule associated with the connection event.
Security Intelligence Source/ Destination	uint8	Whether the source or destination IP address matched the IP blacklist.
Security Intelligence Layer	uint8	The IP layer that matched the IP blacklist.
File Event Count	uint16	Value used to distinguish between file events that happen during the same second.
Intrusion Event Count	uint16	Value used to distinguish between intrusion events that happen during the same second.
Initiator Country	uint16	Code for the country of the initiating host.
Responder Country	uint 16	Code for the country of the responding host.
IOC Number	uint16	ID Number of the compromise associated with this event.
Source Autonomous System	uint32	Autonomous system number of the source, either origin or peer.
Destination Autonomous System	uint32	Autonomous system number of the destination, either origin or peer.
SNMP Input	uint16	SNMP index of the input interface.
SNMP Output	uint16	SNMP index of the output interface.
Source TOS	uint8	Type of Service byte setting for the incoming interface.
Destination TOS	uint8	Type of Service byte setting for the outgoing interface.
Source Mask	uint8	Source address prefix mask.

Table B-27 Connection Statistics Data Block 5.3.1 Fields (continued)

Field	Data Type	Description
Destination Mask	uint8	Destination address prefix mask.
Security Context	uint8(16)	ID number for the security context (virtual firewall) that the traffic passed through. Note that the system only populates this field for ASA FirePOWER devices in multi-context mode.

Connection Statistics Data Block 5.4

The connection statistics data block is used in connection data messages. Several new fields have been added to the Connection Statistics Data Block for 5.4. Fields have been added to support SSL connections, HTTP redirection, and network analysis policies. The connection statistics data block for version 5.4+ has a block type of 155 in the series 1 group of blocks. It deprecates block type 154, Connection Statistics Data Block 5.3.1, page B-123.

You request connection event records by setting the extended event flag—bit 30 in the Request Flags field—in the request message with an event version of 12 and an event code of 71. See Request Flags, page 2-11. If you enable bit 23, an extended event header is included in the record.

For more information on the Connection Statistics Data message, see Connection Statistics Data Message, page 4-45.

The following diagram shows the format of a Connection Statistics data block for 5.4:

Byte				()]	1								2	2							3	,			
Bit	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	1	1	1 2	1 1 3		1 1 4	1 6	,	1 7	18	1	2	2	2 2	2 3	2 4	2 5	2 6	2 7	2 8	2 9	3	3
		Connection Data Block Type (155)																															
	Connection Data Block Length																																
		Device ID																															
		Ingress Zone																															
	Ingress Zone, continued																																
	Ingress Zone, continued																																
												I	ng	gres	SS	Zoı	ie,	co	nt	inι	iec	i											
															E	gres	s Z	Zoı	ne														
		Egress Zone, continued																															
		Egress Zone, continued																															
	Egress Zone, continued																																
										Ingress Interface						ress	Int	er	fac	ce													

Byte	0	1	2	3								
Bit	0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7	8 9 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 5	1 1 1 1 2 2 2 2 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3	2 2 2 2 2 2 3 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1								
	Ingress Interface, continued											
		Ingress Interface, continued										
		Ingress Interface, continued										
	Egress Interface											
	Egress Interface, continued											
	Egress Interface, continued											
	Egress Interface, continued											
	Initiator IP Address											
	Initiator IP Address, continued											
	Initiator IP Address, continued											
	Initiator IP Address, continued											
		Responder	IP Address									
		Responder IP Ac	dress, continued									
		Responder IP Ad	dress, continued									
		Responder IP Ad	dress, continued									
		Policy F	Revision									
		Policy Revision	on, continued									
		Policy Revision	on, continued									
		Policy Revision										
		Rule										
	Rule A			Reason								
	Initiator Port Responder Port											
	TCP I		Protocol	NetFlow Source								
	NetFlow Source, continued											
		NetFlow Source, continued										
		NetFlow Sour	ce, continued									

Byte	0											
Bit	0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7	8 9 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 5	1 1 1 1 2 2 2 2 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3	2 2 2 2 2 2 3 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1								
	Ne	tFlow Source, continu	ed	Instance ID								
	Instance ID, cont.	Connectio	n Counter	First Pkt Time								
	First P	First Packet Timestamp, continued Last Pkt Time										
	Last Packet Timestamp, continued Initiator Tx Packets											
	Initiator Transmitted Packets, continued											
	Initiator ´	Transmitted Packets, c	ontinued	Resp. Tx Packets								
		Responder Transmitte	ed Packets, continued									
	Responder	Responder Transmitted Packets, continued Initiator Tx Bytes										
	Initiator Transmitted Bytes, continued											
	Initiator Transmitted Bytes, continued Resp. Tx Bytes											
	Responder Transmitted Bytes, continued											
	Responde	er Transmitted Bytes, c	ontinued	User ID								
		User ID, continued		Application Prot. ID								
	Applic	eation Protocol ID, con	tinued	URL Category								
	U	RL Category, continue	ed	URL Reputation								
	UR	RL Reputation, continu	ed	Client App ID								
	Clien	t Application ID, conti	nued	Web App ID								
	Web Application ID, continued Str. Block Type (0)											
Client URL	String Block Type, continued String Block Length											
	String Block Length, continued Client App. URL											
S		String Bloo	ck Type (0)									
NetBIOS Name		String Blo	ck Length									
Ž		NetBIOS	Name									

Byte			0								1				2 3										3						
Bit	0 1	2	3 4	5	ć	5 7	8	ç	1 0	1		1 1 2	1 4	1	1 1 5 6		1	1 1 9	2 0		2 2	2	2 3	2 4	2 5	2 6		2 :	2 2	3 0	3
lon											S	Strir	ıg E	Blo	ock	Тур	e	(0)													
Client App Version											,	Stri	ng l	Bl	ock	Le	ng	gth													
App										Cli	iei	nt A	\pp	lic	catio	on V	Vе	rsic	n												
		Monitor Rule 1																													
		Monitor Rule 2																													
												N	1on	ito	or R	Rule	3	}													
		Monitor Rule 4																													
		Monitor Rule 5																													
		Monitor Rule 6																													
		Monitor Rule 7																													
		Monitor Rule 8																													
	Sec.	. It	nt. Sr	c/L	S	t		S	ec	. In	t.	Lay	/er							F	ile	Ev	er	ıt (Со	un	t				
			Int	rus	sic	on E	vei	nt	Co	unt										I	niti	ato	r (Со	ur	itry	7				
			R	lesp	po	onde	r C	o	ınt	ry											Ю	C	Νι	um	ıbe	er					
										So	uı	rce	Aut	or	non	nous	s S	Sys	ten	1											
									D	esti	in	atic	n A	u	tone	omo	ou	ıs S	yst	er	n										
					S	SNM	IP I	In													S	NN	Λŀ	90)u1	ţ					
	So	ou	rce T	OS	5			D	esti	inat	ic	on T	OS			S	So	urc	e N	1 a	ısk]	De	stii	na	tio	n M	Iasl	k
		Security Context																													
		Security Context, continued																													
		Security Context, continued																													
										Se	cı	urit	у С	on	ntex	t, co	on	tin	ıec	l											
Host		VLAN ID String Block Type (0)																													
nced I	S	Stri	ing B	loc	ck	Тур	e ((0)), c	ont	in	uec	l						S	tr	ing	В	loc	ck	Length						
Referenced Host		Stı	ring I	3lo	cl	k Le	ng	th	cc	nti	nι	ued								R	efer	en	ce	ed :	Нс	st.					

Byte	0	1	2	3						
Bit	0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7	8 9 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 5	1 1 1 1 2 2 2 2 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3	2 2 2 2 2 2 3 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1						
ınt		String Block Type (0)								
User Agent		String Block Length								
Use		User Agent								
ırer		String Block Type (0)								
HTTP Referrer	String Block Length									
HTTI	HTTP Referrer									
		SSL Certificate Fingerprint								
		SSL Certificate Fingerprint, continued								
		SSL Certificate Fingerprint, continued								
	SSL Certificate Fingerprint, continued									
		SSL Certificate Fingerprint, continued								
		SSL Policy ID								
		SSL Policy	D, continued							
		SSL Policy	D, continued							
		SSL Policy	D, continued							
		SSL R	tule ID							
	SSL Cipher Suite SSL Version SSL Srv Cert. Stat.									
	SSL Srv Cert. SSL Actual Action SSL Expected Action									
	SSL Expected Action, cont. SSL Flow Status SSL Flow Error									
	SSL Flow Error, continued SSL Flow Messages									
	SSL Flow Messages, continued SSL Flow Flags									
		SSL Flow Fla	ags, continued							

Byte	0	1	2	3						
Bit	0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7	8 9 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 5	1 1 1 1 2 2 2 2 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3	2 2 2 2 2 2 3 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1						
ames	SS	L Flow Flags, continu	ed	String Block Type (0)						
SSL Server Names	String	g Block Type (0), conti	inued	String Block Length						
SSF	Strin	g Block Length, conti	nued	SSL Server Name						
	SSL URL Category									
		SSL Session ID								
		SSL Session ID, continued								
		SSL Session ID, continued								
		SSL Session ID, continued								
		SSL Session ID, continued								
		SSL Session ID, continued								
		SSL Session	ID, continued							
		SSL Session	ID, continued							
	SSL Session ID Length		SSL Ticket ID							
		SSL Ticket I	D, continued							
		SSL Ticket I	D, continued							
		SSL Ticket I	D, continued							
		SSL Ticket ID, continued								
	SSL Ticket ID, cont. SSL Ticket ID Network Analysis Policy Revision Length									
	Network Analysis Policy Revision, continued									
	Network Analysis Policy Revision, continued									
	Network Analysis Policy Revision, continued									
	Network Analysis conti	Network Analysis Policy Revision, continued								

The following table describes the fields of the Connection Statistics data block for 5.4.

Table B-28 Connection Statistics Data Block 5.4+ Fields

Field	Data Type	Description
Connection Statistics Data Block Type	uint32	Initiates a Connection Statistics data block for 5.4. The value is always 155.
Connection Statistics Data Block Length	uint32	Number of bytes in the Connection Statistics data block, including eight bytes for the connection statistics block type and length fields, plus the number of bytes in the connection data that follows.
Device ID	uint32	The device that detected the connection event.
Ingress Zone	uint8[16]	Ingress security zone in the event that triggered the policy violation.
Egress Zone	uint8[16]	Egress security zone in the event that triggered the policy violation.
Ingress Interface	uint8[16]	Interface for the inbound traffic.
Egress Interface	uint8[16]	Interface for the outbound traffic.
Initiator IP Address	uint8[16]	IP address of the host that initiated the session described in the connection event, in IP address octets.
Responder IP Address	uint8[16]	IP address of the host that responded to the initiating host, in IP address octets.
Policy Revision	uint8[16]	Revision number of the rule associated with the triggered correlation event, if applicable.
Rule ID	uint32	Internal identifier for the rule that triggered the event, if applicable.
Rule Action	uint16	The action selected in the user interface for that rule (allow, block, and so forth).
Rule Reason	uint16	The reason the rule triggered the event.
Initiator Port	uint16	Port used by the initiating host.
Responder Port	uint16	Port used by the responding host.
TCP Flags	uint16	Indicates any TCP flags for the connection event.
Protocol	uint8	The IANA-specified protocol number.
NetFlow Source	uint8[16]	IP address of the NetFlow-enabled device that exported the data for the connection.
Instance ID	uint16	Numerical ID of the Snort instance on the managed device that generated the event.
Connection Counter	uint16	Value used to distinguish between connection events that happen during the same second.
First Packet Timestamp	uint32	UNIX timestamp of the date and time the first packet was exchanged in the session.
Last Packet Timestamp	uint32	UNIX timestamp of the date and time the last packet was exchanged in the session.

Table B-28 Connection Statistics Data Block 5.4+ Fields (continued)

Field	Data Type	Description
Initiator Transmitted Packets	uint64	Number of packets transmitted by the initiating host.
Responder Transmitted Packets	uint64	Number of packets transmitted by the responding host.
Initiator Transmitted Bytes	uint64	Number of bytes transmitted by the initiating host.
Responder Transmitted Bytes	uint64	Number of bytes transmitted by the responding host.
User ID	uint32	Internal identification number for the user who last logged into the host that generated the traffic.
Application Protocol ID	uint32	Application ID of the application protocol.
URL Category	uint32	The internal identification number of the URL category.
URL Reputation	uint32	The internal identification number for the URL reputation.
Client Application ID	uint32	The internal identification number of the detected client application, if applicable.
Web Application ID	uint32	The internal identification number of the detected web application, if applicable.
String Block Type	uint32	Initiates a String data block for the client application URL. This value is always 0.
String Block Length	uint32	Number of bytes in the client application URL String data block, including eight bytes for the string block type and length fields, plus the number of bytes in the client application URL string.
Client Application URL	string	URL the client application accessed, if applicable (/files/index.html, for example).
String Block Type	uint32	Initiates a String data block for the host NetBIOS name. This value is always 0.
String Block Length	uint32	Number of bytes in the String data block, including eight bytes for the string block type and length fields, plus the number of bytes in the NetBIOS name string.
NetBIOS Name	string	Host NetBIOS name string.
String Block Type	uint32	Initiates a String data block for the client application version. This value is always 0.
String Block Length	uint32	Number of bytes in the String data block for the client application version, including eight bytes for the string block type and length, plus the number of bytes in the version.
Client Application Version	string	Client application version.

Table B-28 Connection Statistics Data Block 5.4+ Fields (continued)

Field	Data Type	Description
Monitor Rule 1	uint32	The ID of the first monitor rule associated with the connection event.
Monitor Rule 2	uint32	The ID of the second monitor rule associated with the connection event.
Monitor Rule 3	uint32	The ID of the third monitor rule associated with the connection event.
Monitor Rule 4	uint32	The ID of the fourth monitor rule associated with the connection event.
Monitor Rule 5	uint32	The ID of the fifth monitor rule associated with the connection event.
Monitor Rule 6	uint32	The ID of the sixth monitor rule associated with the connection event.
Monitor Rule 7	uint32	The ID of the seventh monitor rule associated with the connection event.
Monitor Rule 8	uint32	The ID of the eighth monitor rule associated with the connection event.
Security Intelligence Source/ Destination	uint8	Whether the source or destination IP address matched the IP blacklist.
Security Intelligence Layer	uint8	The IP layer that matched the IP blacklist.
File Event Count	uint16	Value used to distinguish between file events that happen during the same second.
Intrusion Event Count	uint16	Value used to distinguish between intrusion events that happen during the same second.
Initiator Country	uint16	Code for the country of the initiating host.
Responder Country	uint 16	Code for the country of the responding host.
IOC Number	uint16	ID Number of the compromise associated with this event.
Source Autonomous System	uint32	Autonomous system number of the source, either origin or peer.
Destination Autonomous System	uint32	Autonomous system number of the destination, either origin or peer.
SNMP Input	uint16	SNMP index of the input interface.
SNMP Output	uint16	SNMP index of the output interface.
Source TOS	uint8	Type of Service byte setting for the incoming interface.
Destination TOS	uint8	Type of Service byte setting for the outgoing interface.
	+	

Table B-28 Connection Statistics Data Block 5.4+ Fields (continued)

Field	Data Type	Description	
Destination Mask	uint8	Destination address prefix mask.	
Security Context	uint8(16)	ID number for the security context (virtual firewall) that the traffic passed through. Note that the system only populates this field for ASA FirePOWER devices in multi-context mode.	
VLAN ID	uint16	VLAN identification number that indicates which VLAN the host is a member of.	
String Block Type	uint32	Initiates a String data block containing the Referenced Host. This value is always 0.	
String Block Length	uint32	The number of bytes included in the Referenced Host String data block, including eight bytes for the block type and header fields plus the number of bytes in the Referenced Host field.	
Referenced Host	string	Host name information provided in HTTP or DNS.	
String Block Type	uint32	Initiates a String data block containing the User Agent. This value is always 0.	
String Block Length	uint32	The number of bytes included in the User Agent String data block, including eight bytes for the block type and header fields plus the number of bytes in the User Agent field.	
User Agent	string	Information from the UserAgent header field in the session.	
String Block Type	uint32	Initiates a String data block containing the HTTP Referrer. This value is always 0.	
String Block Length	uint32	The number of bytes included in the HTTP Referrer String data block, including eight bytes for the block type and header fields plus the number of bytes in the HTTP Referrer field.	
HTTP Referrer	string	The site from which a page originated. This is found int he Referred header information in HTTP traffic.	
SSL Certificate Fingerprint	uint8[20]	SHA1 hash of the SSL Server certificate.	
SSL Policy ID	uint8[16]	ID number of the SSL policy that handled the connection.	
SSL Rule ID	uint32	ID number of the SSL rule or default action that handled the connection.	
SSL Cipher Suite	uint16	Encryption suite used by the SSL connection. The value is stored in decimal format. See www.iana.org/assignments/tls-parameters/tls-parameters. xhtml for the cipher suite designated by the value.	
SSL Version	uint8	The SSL or TLS protocol version used to encrypt the connection.	

Table B-28 Connection Statistics Data Block 5.4+ Fields (continued)

Field	Data Type	Description
SSL Server	uint16	The status of the SSL certificate. Possible values include:
Certificate Status		• 0 — Not checked — The server certificate status was not evaluated.
		• 1 — Unknown — The server certificate status could not be determined.
		• 2 — Valid — The server certificate is valid.
		• 4 — Self-signed — The server certificate is self-signed.
		• 16 — Invalid Issuer — The server certificate has an invalid issuer.
		• 32 — Invalid Signature — The server certificate has an invalid signature.
		• 64 — Expired — The server certificate is expired.
		• 128 — Not valid yet — The server certificate is not yet valid.
		• 256 — Revoked — The server certificate has been revoked.
SSL Actual Action	uint16	The action performed on the connection based on the SSL Rule. This may differ from the expected action, as the action as specified in the rule may be impossible. Possible values include:
		• 0 — 'Unknown'
		• 1 — 'Do Not Decrypt'
		• 2 — 'Block'
		• 3 — 'Block With Reset'
		• 4 — 'Decrypt (Known Key)'
		• 5 — 'Decrypt (Replace Key)'
		• 6 — 'Decrypt (Resign)'
SSL Expected Action	uint16	The action which should be performed on the connection based on the SSL Rule. Possible values include:
		• 0 — 'Unknown'
		• 1 — 'Do Not Decrypt'
		• 2 — 'Block'
		• 3 — 'Block With Reset'
		• 4 — 'Decrypt (Known Key)'
		• 5 — 'Decrypt (Replace Key)'
		• 6 — 'Decrypt (Resign)'

Table B-28 Connection Statistics Data Block 5.4+ Fields (continued)

Field	Data Type	Description
SSL Flow Status	uint16	Status of the SSL Flow. These values describe the reason
		behind the action taken or the error message seen. Possible
		values include:
		 'Unknown' 1 — 'No Match' 2 — 'Success' 3 — 'Uncached Session' 4 — 'Unknown Cipher Suite' 5 — 'Unsupported Cipher Suite' 6 — 'Unsupported SSL Version' 7 — 'SSL Compression Used' 8 — 'Session Undecryptable in Passive Mode' 9 — 'Handshake Error' 10 — 'Decryption Error' 11 — 'Pending Server Name Category Lookup' 12 — 'Pending Common Name Category Lookup' 13 — 'Internal Error' 14 — 'Network Parameters Unavailable'
		 15 — 'Invalid Server Certificate Handle' 16 — 'Server Certificate Fingerprint Unavailable' 17 — 'Cannot Cache Subject DN' 18 — 'Cannot Cache Issuer DN' 19 — 'Unknown SSL Version' 20 — 'External Certificate List Unavailable'
		 21 — 'External Certificate Fingerprint Unavailable' 22 — 'Internal Certificate List Invalid' 23 — 'Internal Certificate List Unavailable' 24 — 'Internal Certificate Unavailable' 25 — 'Internal Certificate Fingerprint Unavailable' 26 — 'Server Certificate Validation Unavailable' 27 — 'Server Certificate Validation Failure' 28 — 'Invalid Action'
SSL Flow Error	uint32	Detailed SSL error code. These values may be needed for support purposes.

Table B-28 Connection Statistics Data Block 5.4+ Fields (continued)

Field	Data Type	Description
SSL Flow Messages	uint32	The messages exchanged between client and server during the SSL handshake. See http://tools.ietf.org/html/rfc5246 for more information.
		• 0x00000001 — NSE_MTHELLO_REQUEST
		• 0x00000002 — NSE_MTCLIENT_ALERT
		• 0x00000004 — NSE_MTSERVER_ALERT
		0x00000008 — NSE_MTCLIENT_HELLO
		• 0x00000010 — NSE_MTSERVER_HELLO
		0x00000020 — NSE_MTSERVER_CERTIFICATE
		• 0x00000040 — NSE_MTSERVER_KEY_EXCHANGE
		• 0x00000080 — NSE_MTCERTIFICATE_REQUEST
		• 0x00000100 — NSE_MTSERVER_HELLO_DONE
		0x00000200 — NSE_MTCLIENT_CERTIFICATE
		• 0x00000400 — NSE_MTCLIENT_KEY_EXCHANGE
		• 0x00000800 — NSE_MTCERTIFICATE_VERIFY
		0x00001000 — NSE_MTCLIENT_CHANGE_CIPHER_SPEC
		• 0x00002000 — NSE_MTCLIENT_FINISHED
		0x00004000 — NSE_MTSERVER_CHANGE_CIPHER_SPEC
		• 0x00008000 — NSE_MTSERVER_FINISHED
		0x00010000 — NSE_MTNEW_SESSION_TICKET
		• 0x00020000 — NSE_MTHANDSHAKE_OTHER
		• 0x00040000 — NSE_MTAPP_DATA_FROM_CLIENT
		• 0x00080000 — NSE_MTAPP_DATA_FROM_SERVER
SSL Flow Flags	uint64	The debugging level flags for an encrypted connection. Possible values include:
		0x00000001 — NSE_FLOWVALID - must be set for other fields to be valid
		0x00000002 — NSE_FLOWINITIALIZED - internal structures ready for processing
		0x00000004 — NSE_FLOWINTERCEPT - SSL session has been intercepted
String Block Type	uint32	Initiates a String data block containing the SSL Server Name. This value is always 0.

Field	Data Type	Description
String Block Length	uint32	The number of bytes included in the SSL Server Name String data block, including eight bytes for the block type and header fields plus the number of bytes in the SSL Server Name field.
SSL Server Name	string	Name provided in the server name indication in the SSL Client Hello.
SSL URL Category	uint32	Category of the flow as identified from the server name and certificate common name.
SSL Session ID	uint8[32]	Value of the session ID used during the SSL handshake when the client and server agree to do session reuse
SSL Session ID Length	uint8	Length of the SSL Session ID. While the session ID cannot exceed 32 bytes, it may be less than 32 bytes.
SSL Ticket ID	uint8[20]	Hash of the session ticket used when the client and server agree to use a session ticket.
SSL Ticket ID Length	uint8	Length of the SSL Ticket ID. While the ticket ID cannot exceed 20 bytes, it may be less than 20 bytes.
Network Analysis Policy revision	uint8[16]	Revision of the Network Analysis Policy associated with the connection event.

Table B-28 Connection Statistics Data Block 5.4+ Fields (continued)

Legacy File Event Data Structures

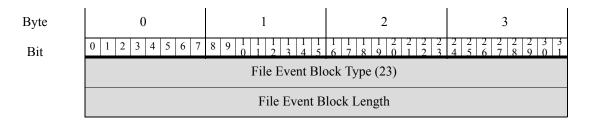
The following topics describe other legacy file event data structures:

- File Event for 5.1.1.x, page B-143
- File Event for 5.2.x, page B-147
- File Event for 5.3, page B-151
- File Event for 5.3.1, page B-157
- File Event SHA Hash for 5.1.1-5.2.x, page B-163

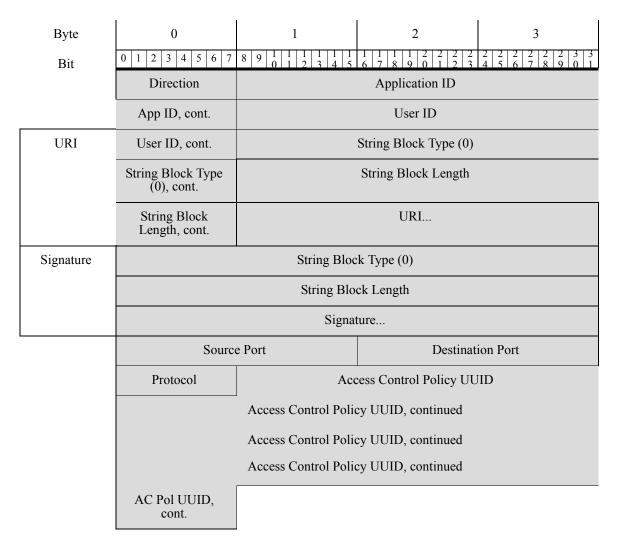
File Event for 5.1.1.x

The file event contains information on files that are sent over the network. This includes the connection information, whether the file is malware, and specific information to identify the file. The file event has a block type of 23 in the series 2 group of blocks.

The following graphic shows the structure of the File Event data block:



Byte Bit	0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1 2			
	Connectio		Connectio	n Counter
		Connection	Timestamp	
		File Event	Timestamp	
		Source IP	Address	
		Source IP Addi	ress, continued	
		Source IP Add	ress, continued	
		Source IP Addi	ress, continued	
		Destination	IP Address	
		Destination IP Ac	ddress, continued	
		Destination IP Ac	ddress, continued	
	Destination IP Address, continued			
	Disposition Action SHA Hash			
	SHA Hash, continued			
	SHA Hash, continued SHA Hash, continued			
SHA Hash, continued				
			n, continued	
	SHA Hash, continued SHA Hash, continued			
	SHA Hash, continued		File Ty	ype ID
File Name	File Type ID, cont.		String Bloo	ck Type (0)
String Block Type (0), cont.		String Blo	ck Length	
	String Block Length, cont. File Name			ame
		File	Size	
	File Size, continued			



The following table describes the fields in the file event data block:

Table B-29 File Event Data Block Fields

Field	Data Type	Description
File Event Block Type	uint32	Initiates whether file event data block. This value is always 23.
File Event Block Length	uint32	Total number of bytes in the file event block, including eight bytes for the file event block type and length fields, plus the number of bytes of data that follows.
Device ID	uint32	ID for the device that generated the event.
Connection Instance	uint16	Snort instance on the device that generated the event. Used to link the event with a connection or intrusion event.
Connection Counter	uint16	Value used to distinguish between connection events that happen during the same second.
Connection Timestamp	uint32	UNIX timestamp (seconds since 01/01/1970) of the associated connection event.

Table B-29 File Event Data Block Fields (continued)

Field	Data Type	Description	
File Event Timestamp	uint32	UNIX timestamp (seconds since 01/01/1970) of when the file type is identified and the file event generated.	
Source IP Address	uint8[16]	IPv4 or IPv6 address for the source of the connection.	
Destination IP Address	uint8[16]	IPv4 or IPv6 address for the destination of the connection.	
Disposition	uint8	The malware status of the file. Possible values include:	
		• 1 — CLEAN — The file is clean and does not contain malware.	
		• 2 — UNKNOWN — It is unknown whether the file contains malware.	
		• 3 — MALWARE — The file contains malware.	
		• 4 — CACHE_MISS — The software was unable to send a request to the Cisco cloud for a disposition.	
		• 5 — NO_CLOUD_RESP — The Cisco cloud services did not respond to the request.	
Action	uint8	The action taken on the file based on the file type. Can have the following values:	
		• 1 — Detect	
		• 2 — Block	
		• 3 — Malware Cloud Lookup	
		• 4 — Malware Block	
		• 5 — Malware Whitelist	
SHA Hash	uint8[32]	SHA-256 hash of the file, in binary format.	
File Type ID	uint32	ID number that maps to the file type.	
File Name	string	Name of the file.	
File Size	uint64	Size of the file in bytes.	
Direction	uint8	Value that indicates whether the file was uploaded or downloaded. Can have the following values:	
		• 1 — Download	
		• 2 — Upload	
		Currently the value depends on the protocol (for example, if the connection is HTTP it is a download).	
Application ID	uint32	ID number that maps to the application using the file transfer.	
User ID	uint32	ID number for the user logged into the destination host, as identified by the system.	
URI	string	Uniform Resource Identifier (URI) of the connection.	
Signature	string	SHA-256 hash of the file, in string format.	
Source Port	uint16	Port number for the source of the connection.	

Table B-29 File Event Data Block Fields (continued)

Field	Data Type	Description	
Destination Port	uint16	Port number for the destination of the connection.	
Protocol	uint8	IANA protocol number specified by the user. For example: • 1 — ICMP • 4 — IP • 6 — TCP • 17 — UDP	
		This is currently only TCP.	
Access Control Policy UUID	uint8[16]	Unique identifier for the access control policy that triggered the event.	

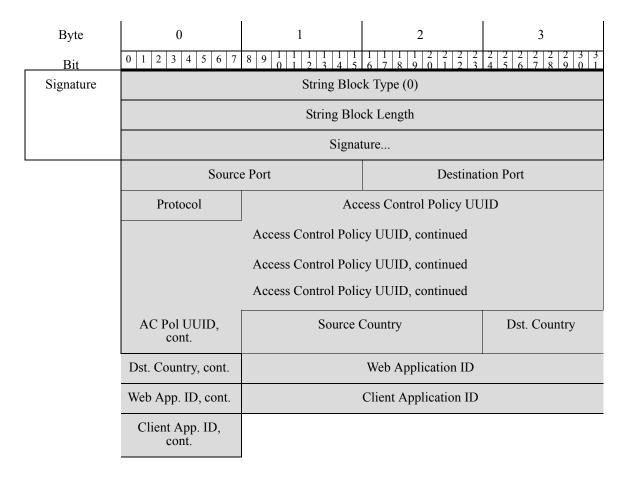
File Event for 5.2.x

The file event contains information on files that are sent over the network. This includes the connection information, whether the file is malware, and specific information to identify the file. The file event has a block type of 32 in the series 2 group of blocks. It supersedes block type 23. New fields have been added to track source and destination country, as well as the client and web application instances.

The following graphic shows the structure of the File Event data block:

Byte	0	1	2	3	
Bit	0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7	0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2			
		File Event Blo	ock Type (32)		
		File Event B	lock Length		
		Devic	ee ID		
	Connection	Connection Instance Connection Counter			
	Connection Timestamp				
	File Event Timestamp				
	Source IP Address				
	Source IP Address, continued				
	Source IP Address, continued				
	Source IP Address, continued				

Byte	0	1	2	3
Bit	0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7	8 9 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 5	1 1 1 1 2 2 2 2 2 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3	2 2 2 2 2 2 3 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1
	Destination IP Address			
		Destination IP Ac	ldress, continued	
		Destination IP Ac	ldress, continued	
		Destination IP Ac	ldress, continued	
	Disposition	Action	SHA	Hash
		SHA Hash,	continued	
		SHA Hash,	continued	
		SHA Hash,	continued	
		SHA Hash,	continued	
		SHA Hash,	continued	
	SHA Hash, continued			
	SHA Hash, continued			
	SHA Hash, continued File Type ID			
			-	
File Name	File Type	ID, cont.	String Bloc	ek Type (0)
	String Block T	Type (0), cont.	String Blo	ck Length
	String Block	Length, cont.	File N	ame
	File Size			
	File Size, continued			
	Direction Application ID			
	App ID, cont.		User ID	
URI	User ID, cont. String Block Type (0)			
	String Block Type String Block Length (0), cont.			
	String Block Length, cont.		URI	



The following table describes the fields in the file event data block:

Table B-30 File Event Data Block Fields

Field	Data Type	Description
File Event Block Type	uint32	Initiates whether file event data block. This value is always 23.
File Event Block Length	uint32	Total number of bytes in the file event block, including eight bytes for the file event block type and length fields, plus the number of bytes of data that follows.
Device ID	uint32	ID for the device that generated the event.
Connection Instance	uint16	Snort instance on the device that generated the event. Used to link the event with a connection or intrusion event.
Connection Counter	uint16	Value used to distinguish between connection events that happen during the same second.
Connection Timestamp	uint32	UNIX timestamp (seconds since 01/01/1970) of the associated connection event.
File Event Timestamp	uint32	UNIX timestamp (seconds since 01/01/1970) of when the file type is identified and the file event generated.
Source IP Address	uint8[16]	IPv4 or IPv6 address for the source of the connection.

Table B-30 File Event Data Block Fields (continued)

Field	Data Type	Description	
Destination IP Address	uint8[16]	IPv4 or IPv6 address for the destination of the connection.	
Disposition	uint8	The malware status of the file. Possible values include:	
		• 1 — CLEAN — The file is clean and does not contain malware.	
		• 2 — NEUTRAL — It is unknown whether the file contains malware.	
		• 3 — MALWARE — The file contains malware.	
		 4 — CACHE_MISS — The software was unable to send a request to the Cisco cloud for a disposition, or the Cisco cloud services did not respond to the request. 	
Action	uint8	The action taken on the file based on the file type. Can have the following values:	
		• 1 — Detect	
		• 2 — Block	
		• 3 — Malware Cloud Lookup	
		• 4 — Malware Block	
		• 5 — Malware Whitelist	
SHA Hash	uint8[32]	SHA-256 hash of the file, in binary format.	
File Type ID	uint32	ID number that maps to the file type.	
File Name	string	Name of the file.	
File Size	uint64	Size of the file in bytes.	
Direction	uint8	Value that indicates whether the file was uploaded or downloaded. Can have the following values:	
		• 1 — Download	
		• 2 — Upload	
		Currently the value depends on the protocol (for example, if the connection is HTTP it is a download).	
Application ID	uint32	ID number that maps to the application using the file transfer.	
User ID	uint32	ID number for the user logged into the destination host, as identified by the system.	
URI	string	Uniform Resource Identifier (URI) of the connection.	
Signature	string	SHA-256 hash of the file, in string format.	
Source Port	uint16	Port number for the source of the connection.	
Destination Port	uint16	Port number for the destination of the connection.	

Field Data Type Description		Description	
Protocol	uint8	IANA protocol number specified by the user. For example:	
		• 1 — ICMP	
		• 4 — IP	
		• 6 — TCP	
		• 17 — UDP	
		This is currently only TCP.	
Access Control Policy UUID	uint8[16]	Unique identifier for the access control policy that triggered the event.	
Source Country	uint16	Code for the country of the source host.	
Destination Country	uint16	Code for the country of the destination host.	
Web Application ID	uint32	The internal identification number for the web application, if applicable.	

Table B-30 File Event Data Block Fields (continued)

uint32

File Event for 5.3

Client

Application ID

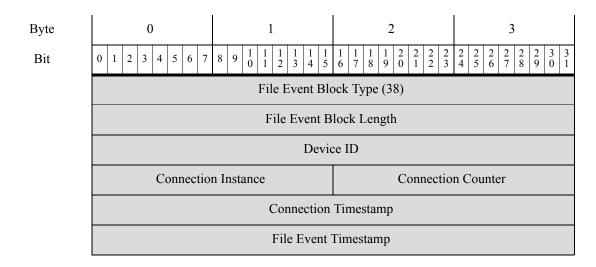
The file event contains information on files that are sent over the network. This includes the connection information, whether the file is malware, and specific information to identify the file. The file event has a block type of 38 in the series 2 group of blocks. It supersedes block type 32. New fields have been added to track dynamic file analysis and file storage.

applicable.

The internal identification number for the client application, if

You request file event records by setting the file event flag—bit 30 in the Request Flags field—in the request message with an event version of 3 and an event code of 111. See Request Flags, page 2-11. If you enable bit 23, an extended event header is included in the record.

The following graphic shows the structure of the File Event data block.



Byte	0	1 2	3					
Bit	0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7	8 9 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 2 2 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1	2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 3 3 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1					
		Source IP Address						
	Source IP Address, continued							
	Source IP Address, continued							
	Source IP Address, continued							
	Destination IP Address							
	Destination IP Address, continued							
	Destination IP Address, continued							
	Destination IP Address, continued							
	Disposition	SPERO File Storage Sta	atus File Analysis Status					
	Archive File Status	Threat Score Action	SHA Hash					
	SHA Hash, continued							
	SHA Hash, continued							
	SHA Hash, continued							
	SHA Hash, continued							
	SHA Hash, continued							
	SHA Hash, continued							
	SHA Hash, continued							
		File Type ID						
File Name		String Block Type (0)						
	Str	String Block Length						
	St	File Name						
	File Size							
	File Size, continued							
	Direction	Direction Application ID						
	App ID, cont.	User ID						

Byte	0	1	2	3
Bit	0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7	8 9 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 5	1 1 1 1 1 2 2 2 2 2 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3	2 2 2 2 2 3 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1
URI	User ID, cont.		String Block Type (0)	
	String Block Type (0), cont.		String Block Length	
	String Block Length, cont.		URI	
Signature		String Bloc	ek Type (0)	
	String Block Length			
	Signature			
	Source Port		Destination Port	
	Protocol	Acc	cess Control Policy UU	JID
		Access Control Police	cy UUID, continued	
		Access Control Police	cy UUID, continued	
		Access Control Police	cy UUID, continued	
	AC Pol UUID, cont.	Source (Country	Dst. Country
	Dst. Country, cont.		Web Application ID	
	Web App. ID, cont.		Client Application ID	
	Client App. ID, cont.			

The following table describes the fields in the file event data block.

Table B-31 File Event Data Block Fields

Field	Data Type	Description
File Event Block Type	uint32	Initiates whether file event data block. This value is always 23.
File Event Block Length	uint32	Total number of bytes in the file event block, including eight bytes for the file event block type and length fields, plus the number of bytes of data that follows.
Device ID	uint32	ID for the device that generated the event.
Connection Instance	uint16	Snort instance on the device that generated the event. Used to link the event with a connection or intrusion event.

Table B-31 File Event Data Block Fields (continued)

Field	Data Type	Description	
Connection Counter	uint16	Value used to distinguish between connection events that happen during the same second.	
Connection Timestamp	uint32	UNIX timestamp (seconds since 01/01/1970) of the associated connection event.	
File Event Timestamp	uint32	UNIX timestamp (seconds since 01/01/1970) of when the file type is identified and the file event generated.	
Source IP Address	uint8[16]	IPv4 or IPv6 address for the source of the connection.	
Destination IP Address	uint8[16]	IPv4 or IPv6 address for the destination of the connection.	
Disposition	uint8	The malware status of the file. Possible values include:	
		• 1 — CLEAN The file is clean and does not contain malware.	
		• 2 — UNKNOWN It is unknown whether the file contains malware.	
		• 3 — MALWARE The file contains malware.	
		 4 — UNAVAILABLE The software was unable to send a request to the Cisco cloud for a disposition, or the Cisco cloud services did not respond to the request. 	
		• 5 — CUSTOM SIGNATURE The file matches a user-defined hash, and is treated in a fashion designated by the user.	
SPERO Disposition	uint8	Indicates whether the SPERO signature was used in file analysis. If the value is 1, 2, or 3, SPERO analysis was used. If there is any other value SPERO analysis was not used.	
File Storage Status	uint8	The storage status of the file. Possible values are:	
		• 1 — File Stored	
		• 2 — File Stored	
		• 3 — Unable to Store File	
		• 4 — Unable to Store File	
		• 5 — Unable to Store File	
		• 6 — Unable to Store File	
		• 7 — Unable to Store File	
		• 8 — File Size is Too Large	
		• 9 — File Size is Too Small	
		• 10 — Unable to Store File	
		• 11 — File Not Stored, Disposition Unavailable	

Table B-31 File Event Data Block Fields (continued)

File Analysis Status	uint8	Indicates whether the file was sent for dynamic analysis. Possible values are: O — File Not Sent for Analysis For Analysis O — Sent for Analysis O — Sent for Analysis For Analysis For Analysis For Analysis
		 1 — Sent for Analysis 2 — Sent for Analysis 4 — Sent for Analysis 5 — Failed to Send
		 2 — Sent for Analysis 4 — Sent for Analysis 5 — Failed to Send
		 4 — Sent for Analysis 5 — Failed to Send
		• 5 — Failed to Send
		• 6 — Failed to Send
		• 7 — Failed to Send
		• 8 — Failed to Send
		• 9 — File Size is Too Small
		• 10 — File Size is Too Large
		• 11 — Sent for Analysis
		• 12 — Analysis Complete
		• 13 — Failure (Network Issue)
		• 14 — Failure (Rate Limit)
		• 15 — Failure (File Too Large)
		• 16 — Failure (File Read Error)
		• 17 — Failure (Internal Library Error)
		• 19 — File Not Sent, Disposition Unavailable
		• 20 — Failure (Cannot Run File)
		• 21 — Failure (Analysis Timeout)
		• 22 — Sent for Analysis
		• 23 — File Not Supported
Archive File Status	uint8	This is always o.
Threat Score	uint8	A numeric value from 0 to 100 based on the potentially malicious behaviors observed during dynamic analysis.
Action	uint8	The action taken on the file based on the file type. Can have the following values:
		• 1 — Detect
		• 2 — Block
		• 3 — Malware Cloud Lookup
		• 4 — Malware Block
		• 5 — Malware Whitelist
SHA Hash	uint8[32]	SHA-256 hash of the file, in binary format.

Table B-31 File Event Data Block Fields (continued)

Field	Data Type	Description	
File Type ID	uint32	ID number that maps to the file type. The meaning of this field is transmitted in the metadata with this event. See FireAMP File Type Metadata, page 3-37 for more information.	
File Name	string	Name of the file.	
File Size	uint64	Size of the file in bytes.	
Direction	uint8	Value that indicates whether the file was uploaded or downloaded. Can have the following values:	
		• 1 — Download	
		• 2 — Upload	
		Currently the value depends on the protocol (for example, if the connection is HTTP it is a download).	
Application ID	uint32	ID number that maps to the application using the file transfer.	
User ID	uint32	ID number for the user logged into the destination host, as identified by the system.	
URI	string	Uniform Resource Identifier (URI) of the connection.	
Signature	string	SHA-256 hash of the file, in string format.	
Source Port	uint16	Port number for the source of the connection.	
Destination Port	uint16	Port number for the destination of the connection.	
Protocol	uint8	IANA protocol number specified by the user. For example:	
		• 1 — ICMP	
		• 4 — IP	
		• 6 — TCP	
		• 17 — UDP	
		This is currently only TCP.	
Access Control Policy UUID	uint8[16]	Unique identifier for the access control policy that triggered the event.	
Source Country	uint16	Code for the country of the source host.	
Destination Country	uint16	Code for the country of the destination host.	
Web Application ID	uint32	The internal identification number for the web application, if applicable.	
Client Application ID	uint32	The internal identification number for the client application, if applicable.	

File Event for 5.3.1

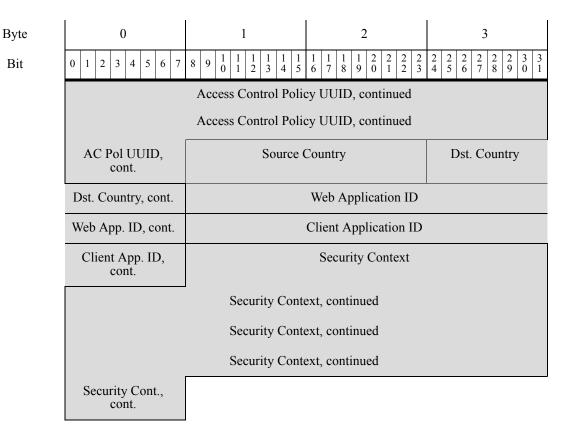
The file event contains information on files that are sent over the network. This includes the connection information, whether the file is malware, and specific information to identify the file. The file event has a block type of 43 in the series 2 group of blocks. It supersedes block type 38. A security context field has been added.

You request file event records by setting the file event flag—bit 30 in the Request Flags field—in the request message with an event version of 4 and an event code of 111. See Request Flags, page 2-11. If you enable bit 23, an extended event header is included in the record.

The following graphic shows the structure of the File Event data block.

Byte	0 1		2	3	
Bit	0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7	8 9 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 5	1 1 1 1 2 2 2 2 2 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3	2 2 2 2 2 3 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1	
		File Event Blo	ock Type (43)		
		File Event B	lock Length		
		Devic	ce ID		
	Connection	n Instance	Connectio	n Counter	
		Connection	Timestamp		
	File Event Timestamp				
	Source IP Address				
		Source IP Address, continued			
		Source IP Add	ress, continued		
		Source IP Addı	ress, continued		
	Destination IP Address				
	Destination IP Address, continued				
	Destination IP Address, continued				
	Destination IP Address, continued				
	Disposition	SPERO Disposition	File Storage Status	File Analysis Status	
	Archive File Status	Threat Score	Action	SHA Hash	

Byte	0	1	2	3
Bit	0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7	8 9 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 5	1 1 1 1 2 2 2 2 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3	2 2 2 2 2 2 3 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1
	SHA Hash, continued			
	SHA Hash, continued			
	SHA Hash, continued			
		SHA Hash	, continued	
		SHA Hash	, continued	
		SHA Hash		
		SHA Hash	, continued	
		SHA Hash, continued		File Type ID
File Name		File Type ID, cont.		String Block Type (0)
	Str	ing Block Type (0), co	nt.	String Block Length
	String Block Length, cont. File Name			
		File	Size	
		File Size,	continued	
	Direction Application ID			
	App ID, cont.		User ID	
URI	User ID, cont.		String Block Type (0)	
	String Block Type (0), cont.		String Block Length	
	String Block Length, cont.		URI	
Signature	String Block Type (0)			
	String Block Length			
	Signature			
	Source	e Port	Destinat	tion Port
	Protocol	Acc	cess Control Policy UU	ЛD
	Access Control Policy UUID, continued			



The following table describes the fields in the file event data block.

Table B-32 File Event Data Block Fields

Field	Data Type	Description
File Event Block Type	uint32	Initiates whether file event data block. This value is always 43.
File Event Block Length uint32		Total number of bytes in the file event block, including eight bytes for the file event block type and length fields, plus the number of bytes of data that follows.
Device ID	uint32	ID for the device that generated the event.
Connection Instance	uint16	Snort instance on the device that generated the event. Used to link the event with a connection or intrusion event.
Connection Counter	uint16	Value used to distinguish between connection events that happen during the same second.
Connection Timestamp	uint32	UNIX timestamp (seconds since 01/01/1970) of the associated connection event.
File Event Timestamp	uint32	UNIX timestamp (seconds since 01/01/1970) of when the file type is identified and the file event generated.
Source IP Address	uint8[16]	IPv4 or IPv6 address for the source of the connection.
Destination IP Address	uint8[16]	IPv4 or IPv6 address for the destination of the connection.

Table B-32 File Event Data Block Fields (continued)

Field	Data Type	Description
Disposition	uint8	The malware status of the file. Possible values include:
		• 1 — CLEAN The file is clean and does not contain malware.
		• 2 — UNKNOWN It is unknown whether the file contains malware.
		• 3 — MALWARE The file contains malware.
		 4 — UNAVAILABLE The software was unable to send a request to the Cisco cloud for a disposition, or the Cisco cloud services did not respond to the request.
		• 5 — CUSTOM SIGNATURE The file matches a user-defined hash, and is treated in a fashion designated by the user.
SPERO Disposition	uint8	Indicates whether the SPERO signature was used in file analysis. If the value is 1, 2, or 3, SPERO analysis was used. If there is any other value SPERO analysis was not used.
File Storage Status	uint8	The storage status of the file. Possible values are:
		• 1 — File Stored
		• 2 — File Stored
		• 3 — Unable to Store File
		• 4 — Unable to Store File
		• 5 — Unable to Store File
		• 6 — Unable to Store File
		• 7 — Unable to Store File
		• 8 — File Size is Too Large
		• 9 — File Size is Too Small
		• 10 — Unable to Store File
		• 11 — File Not Stored, Disposition Unavailable

Table B-32 File Event Data Block Fields (continued)

Field	Data Type	Description
File Analysis Status	uint8	Indicates whether the file was sent for dynamic analysis. Possible values are:
		• 0 — File Not Sent for Analysis
		• 1 — Sent for Analysis
		• 2 — Sent for Analysis
		• 4 — Sent for Analysis
		• 5 — Failed to Send
		• 6 — Failed to Send
		• 7 — Failed to Send
		• 8 — Failed to Send
		• 9 — File Size is Too Small
		• 10 — File Size is Too Large
		• 11 — Sent for Analysis
		• 12 — Analysis Complete
		• 13 — Failure (Network Issue)
		• 14 — Failure (Rate Limit)
		• 15 — Failure (File Too Large)
		• 16 — Failure (File Read Error)
		• 17 — Failure (Internal Library Error)
		• 19 — File Not Sent, Disposition Unavailable
		• 20 — Failure (Cannot Run File)
		• 21 — Failure (Analysis Timeout)
		• 22 — Sent for Analysis
		• 23 — File Not Supported
Archive File Status	uint8	This is always 0.
Threat Score	uint8	A numeric value from 0 to 100 based on the potentially malicious behaviors observed during dynamic analysis.
Action	uint8	The action taken on the file based on the file type. Can have the following values:
		• 1 — Detect
		• 2 — Block
		• 3 — Malware Cloud Lookup
		• 4 — Malware Block
		• 5 — Malware Whitelist
SHA Hash	uint8[32]	SHA-256 hash of the file, in binary format.

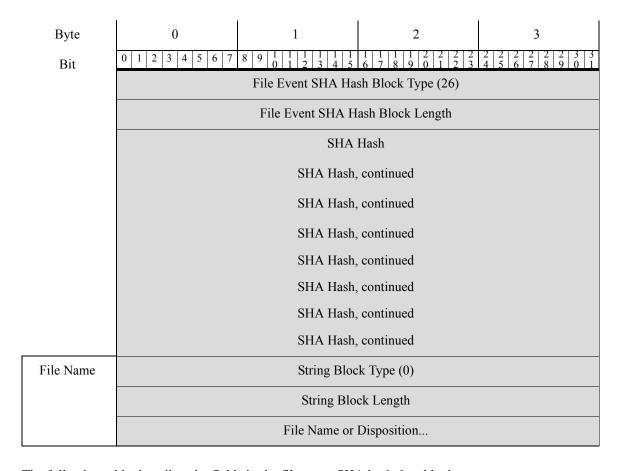
Table B-32 File Event Data Block Fields (continued)

Field	Data Type	Description	
File Type ID	uint32	ID number that maps to the file type. The meaning of this field is transmitted in the metadata with this event. See FireAMP File Type Metadata, page 3-37 for more information.	
File Name	string	Name of the file.	
File Size	uint64	Size of the file in bytes.	
Direction	uint8	Value that indicates whether the file was uploaded or downloaded. Can have the following values:	
		• 1 — Download	
		• 2 — Upload	
		Currently the value depends on the protocol (for example, if the connection is HTTP it is a download).	
Application ID	uint32	ID number that maps to the application using the file transfer.	
User ID	uint32	ID number for the user logged into the destination host, as identified by the system.	
URI	string	Uniform Resource Identifier (URI) of the connection.	
Signature	string	SHA-256 hash of the file, in string format.	
Source Port	uint16	Port number for the source of the connection.	
Destination Port	uint16	Port number for the destination of the connection.	
Protocol	uint8	IANA protocol number specified by the user. For example:	
		• 1 — ICMP	
		• 4 — IP	
		• 6 — TCP	
		• 17 — UDP	
		This is currently only TCP.	
Access Control Policy UUID	uint8[16]	Unique identifier for the access control policy that triggered the event.	
Source Country	uint16	Code for the country of the source host.	
Destination Country	uint16	Code for the country of the destination host.	
Web Application ID	uint32	The internal identification number for the web application, if applicable.	
Client Application ID	uint32	The internal identification number for the client application, if applicable.	
Security Context	uint8(16)	ID number for the security context (virtual firewall) that the traffic passed through. Note that the system only populates this field for ASA FirePOWER devices in multi-context mode.	

File Event SHA Hash for 5.1.1-5.2.x

The eStreamer service uses the File Event SHA Hash data block to contain metadata of the mapping of the SHA hash of a file to its filename. The block type is 26 in the series 2 list of data blocks. It can be requested if file log events have been requested in the extended requests—event code 111—and either bit 20 is set or metadata is requested with an event version of 4 and an event code of 21.

The following diagram shows the structure of a file event hash data block:



The following table describes the fields in the file event SHA hash data block.

Table B-33 File Event SHA Hash 5.1.1-5.2.x Data Block Fields

Field	Data Type	Description
File Event SHA Hash Block Type	uint32	Initiates a File Event SHA Hash block. This value is always 26.
File Event SHA Hash Block Length	uint32	Total number of bytes in the File Event SHA Hash block, including eight bytes for the File Event SHA Hash block type and length fields, plus the number of bytes of data that follows.
SHA Hash	uint8[32]	The SHA-256 hash of the file in binary format.
String Block Type	uint32	Initiates a String data block containing the descriptive name associated with the file. This value is always 0.

this value is Clean. If the file's disposition is unknown, the value is Neutral. If the file contains malware, the file name is given.

Field	Data Type	Description
String Block Length	uint32	The number of bytes included in the name String data block, including eight bytes for the block type and header fields plus the number of bytes in the Name field.
File Name or	string	The descriptive name or disposition of the file. If the file is clean.

Table B-33 File Event SHA Hash 5.1.1-5.2.x Data Block Fields (continued)

Legacy Correlation Event Data Structures

The following topics describe other legacy correlation (compliance) data structures:

- Correlation Event for 5.0 5.0.2, page B-164
- Correlation Event for 5.1-5.3.x, page B-172

Correlation Event for 5.0 - 5.0.2

Disposition

Correlation events (called compliance events in pre-5.0 versions) contain information about correlation policy violations. This message uses the standard eStreamer message header and specifies a record type of 112, followed by a correlation data block of type 116. Data block type 116 differs from its predecessor (block type 107) in including additional information about the associated security zone and interface.

You can request 5.0 correlation events from eStreamer only by extended request, for which you request event type code 31 and version code 7 in the Stream Request message (see Submitting Extended Requests, page 2-4 for information about submitting extended requests). You can optionally enable bit 23 in the flags field of the initial event stream request message, to include the extended event header. You can also enable bit 20 in the flags field to include user metadata.

Note that the record structure includes a String block type, which is a block in series 1. For information about series 1 blocks, see Understanding Discovery (Series 1) Blocks, page 4-54.

By te	0]	l				2					3														
Bit	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	1	1	1 2	1 3	1 4	1 1 1 1 1 2 2 2 2 5 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3					2 3	2 4	2 5	2 6	2 7	2 8	2 9	3	3			
					Н	Iea	der	· V	ers	ion	(1))									N	Ле	ssa	ge	Ту	pe	(4)					
	Message Length																															
	Record Type (112)																															
														Re	eco	rd	Le	ngt	h													
	eStreamer Server Timestamp (in events, only if bit 23 is set)																															
	Reserved for Future Use (in events, only if bit 23 is set)																															

By te Bit	0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7	8 9 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 8	2	3 2 2 2 2 2 2 3 3 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1	
		Correlation I	Block Length		
		Ever	nt ID		
		Polic	ey ID		
		Rule	e ID		
		Pric	ority		
		Event Description			
		String Blo	ock Length		1
		Signat	ture ID		
		Signature G	Generator ID		
		(Trigger) Ev	vent Second		
		(Trigger) Even	nt Microsecond		
		Ever	nt ID		
			ined Mask		
	Event Impact Flags	IP Protocol	Network	Protocol	
		Sour	ce IP	1	
	Source Host Type	Source V	/LAN ID	Source OS Fprt UUID	Source OS Fprt UUID
		Source OS Fingerpri	int UUID, continued		
	Source O	OS Fingerprint UUID, c	continued	Source Criticality	

By te	0	1	2	3				
Bit	0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7	8 9 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 5	1 1 1 1 2 2 2 2 2 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3	2 2 2 2 2 2 3 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1				
	Source Criticality, cont		Source User ID					
	Source User ID, cont	Source	e Port	Source Server ID				
	Sou	arce Server ID, continu	ed	Destination IP				
	D	estination IP, continued	d	Dest. Host Type				
	Dest. VI	LAN ID	Destination OS I	Fingerprint UUID	Dest OS Fingerprint			
]	Destination OS Fingerp	orint UUID, continued	i	UUID			
	1	Destination OS Fingerp	orint UUID, continued	i				
	1	Destination OS Fingerp	orint UUID, continued	1				
	Destination OS Fi	ngerprint UUID, nued	Destination					
	Dest. User ID							
	Destinat	ion Port	Destination	n Server ID				
	Destination Se	rver ID, cont.	Blocked	Ingress Interface UUID				
		Ingress Interface U	JUID, continued	_				
		Ingress Interface U	JUID, continued					
		Ingress Interface U	JUID, continued					
	Ingres	s Interface UUID, cont	inued	Egress Interface UUID				
		Egress Interface U	JUID, continued	_				
		Egress Interface U	JUID, continued					
		Egress Interface U	JUID, continued					
	Egrage	Interface UUID, conti	inued	Ingress Zone				
	Egress			UUID				
	Egress	Ingress Zo	ne UUID	UUID				
	Egress			UUID				

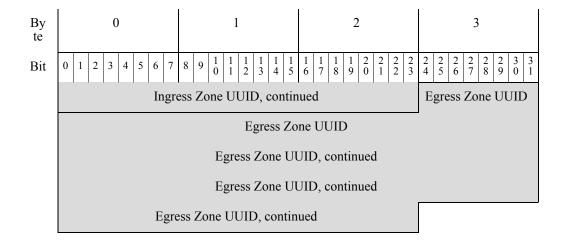


Table B-34 Correlation Event 5.0 - 5.0.2 Data Fields

Field	Data Type	Description
Correlation Block Type	uint32	Indicates a correlation event data block follows. This field always has a value of 107. See Understanding Discovery (Series 1) Blocks, page 4-54.
Correlation Block Length	uint32	Length of the correlation data block, which includes 8 bytes for the correlation block type and length plus the correlation data that follows.
Device ID	uint32	Internal identification number of the managed device or Defense Center that generated the correlation event. A value of zero indicates the Defense Center. You can obtain managed device names by requesting Version 3 metadata. See Managed Device Record Metadata, page 3-32 for more information.
(Correlation) Event Second	uint32	UNIX timestamp indicating the time that the correlation event was generated (in seconds from 01/01/1970).
Event ID	uint32	Correlation event identification number.
Policy ID	uint32	Identification number of the correlation policy that was violated. See Server Record, page 4-14 for information about how to obtain policy identification numbers from the database.
Rule ID	uint32	Identification number of the correlation rule that triggered to violate the policy. See Server Record, page 4-14 for information about how to obtain policy identification numbers from the database.
Priority	uint32	Priority assigned to the event. This is an integer value from 0 to 5.
String Block Type	uint32	Initiates a string data block that contains the correlation violation event description. This value is always set to 0. For more information about string blocks, see String Data Block, page 4-62.
String Block Length	uint32	Number of bytes in the event description string block, which includes four bytes for the string block type and four bytes for the string block length, plus the number of bytes in the description.
Description	string	Description of the correlation event.

Table B-34 Correlation Event 5.0 - 5.0.2 Data Fields (continued)

Field	Data Type	Description
Event Type	uint8	Indicates whether the correlation event was triggered by an intrusion, host discovery, or user event:
		• 1 — Intrusion
		• 2 — Host discovery
		• 3 — User
Event Device ID	uint32	Identification number of the device that generated the event that triggered the correlation event. You can obtain device name by requesting Version 3 metadata. See Managed Device Record Metadata, page 3-32 for more information.
Signature ID	uint32	If the event was an intrusion event, indicates the rule identification number that corresponds with the event. Otherwise, the value is 0.
Signature Generator ID	uint32	If the event was an intrusion event, indicates the ID number of the FireSIGHT System preprocessor or rules engine that generated the event.
(Trigger) Event Second	uint32	UNIX timestamp indicating the time of the event that triggered the correlation policy rule (in seconds from 01/01/1970).
(Trigger) Event Microsecond	uint32	Microsecond (one millionth of a second) increment that the event was detected.
Event ID	uint32	Identification number of the event generated by the device.
Event Defined Mask	bits[32]	Set bits in this field indicate which of the fields that follow in the message are valid. See Table B-35 on page B-171 for a list of each bit value.

Table B-34 Correlation Event 5.0 - 5.0.2 Data Fields (continued)

Field	Data Type	Description
Event Impact Flags	bits[8]	Impact flag value of the event. The low-order eight bits indicate the impact level. Values are:
		• 0x01 (bit 0) — Source or destination host is in a network monitored by the system.
		• 0x02 (bit 1) — Source or destination host exists in the network map.
		• 0x04 (bit 2) — Source or destination host is running a server on the port in the event (if TCP or UDP) or uses the IP protocol.
		• 0x08 (bit 3) — There is a vulnerability mapped to the operating system of the source or destination host in the event.
		• 0x10 (bit 4) — There is a vulnerability mapped to the server detected in the event.
		• 0x20 (bit 5) — The event caused the managed device to drop the session (used only when the device is running in inline, switched, or routed deployment). Corresponds to blocked status in the FireSIGHT System web interface.
		• 0x40 (bit 6) — The rule that generated this event contains rule metadata setting the impact flag to red (bit 6). The source or destination host is potentially compromised by a virus, trojan, or other piece of malicious software.
		• 0x80 (bit 7) — There is a vulnerability mapped to the client detected in the event.
		The following impact level values map to specific priorities on the Defense Center. An x indicates the value can be 0 or 1:
		• (0, unknown): 00x00000
		• red (1, vulnerable): xxxx1xxx, xxx1xxxx, x1xxxxxx, 1xxxxxxx
		• orange (2, potentially vulnerable): 00x00111
		• yellow (3, currently not vulnerable): 00x00011
		• blue (4, unknown target): 00x000001
IP Protocol	uint8	Identifier of the IP protocol associated with the event, if applicable.
Network Protocol	uint16	Network protocol associated with the event, if applicable.
Source IP	uint8[4]	IP address of the source host in the event, in IP address octets.
Source Host	uint8	Source host's type:
Type		• 0 — Host
		• 1 — Router
		• 2 — Bridge
Source VLAN ID	uint16	Source host's VLAN identification number, if applicable.

Table B-34 Correlation Event 5.0 - 5.0.2 Data Fields (continued)

Field	Data Type	Description				
Source OS Fingerprint	uint8[16]	A fingerprint ID number that acts a unique identifier for the source host's operating system.				
UUID		See Server Record, page 4-14 for information about obtaining the values that map to the fingerprint IDs.				
Source	uint16	User-defined criticality value for the source host:				
Criticality		• 0 — None				
		• 1 — Low				
		• 2 — Medium				
		• 3 — High				
Source User ID	uint32	Identification number for the user logged into the source host, as identified by the system.				
Source Port	uint16	Source port in the event.				
Source Server ID	uint32	Identification number for the server running on the source host.				
Destination IP Address	uint8[4]	IP address of the destination host associated with the policy violation (if applicable). This value will be 0 if there is no destination IP address.				
Destination	uint8	Destination host's type:				
Host Type		• 0 — Host				
		• 1 — Router				
		• 2 — Bridge				
Destination VLAN ID	uint16	Destination host's VLAN identification number, if applicable.				
Destination OS Fingerprint	uint8[16]	A fingerprint ID number that acts as a unique identifier for the destination host's operating system.				
UUID		See Server Record, page 4-14 for information about obtaining the values that map to the fingerprint IDs.				
Destination	uint16	User-defined criticality value for the destination host:				
Criticality		• 0 — None				
		• 1 — Low				
		• 2 — Medium				
		• 3 — High				
Destination User ID	uint32	Identification number for the user logged into the destination host, as identified by the system.				
Destination Port	uint16	Destination port in the event.				
Destination Service ID	uint32	Identification number for the server running on the source host.				

Table B-34 Correlation Event 5.0 - 5.0.2 Data Fields (continued)

Field	Data Type	Description
Blocked	uint8	Value indicating what happened to the packet that triggered the intrusion event.
		• 0 — Intrusion event not dropped
		• 1 — Intrusion event was dropped (drop when deployment is inline, switched, or routed)
		• 2 — The packet that triggered the event would have been dropped, if the intrusion policy had been applied to a device in inline, switched, or routed deployment.
Ingress Interface UUID	uint8[16]	An interface ID that acts as the unique identifier for the ingress interface associated with correlation event.
Egress Interface UUID	uint8[16]	An interface ID that acts as the unique identifier for the egress interface associated with correlation event.
Ingress Zone UUID	uint8[16]	A zone ID that acts as the unique identifier for the ingress security zone associated with correlation event.
Egress Zone UUID	uint8[16]	A zone ID that acts as the unique identifier for the egress security zone associated with correlation event.

The following table describes each Event Defined Mask value.

Table B-35 Event Defined Values

Description	Mask Value
Event Impact Flags	0x0000001
IP Protocol	0x00000002
Network Protocol	0x0000004
Source IP	0x00000008
Source Host Type	0x0000010
Source VLAN ID	0x00000020
Source Fingerprint ID	0x00000040
Source Criticality	0x00000080
Source Port	0x00000100
Source Server	0x00000200
Destination IP	0x00000400
Destination Host Type	0x00000800
Destination VLAN ID	0x00001000
Destination Fingerprint ID	0x00002000
Destination Criticality	0x00004000
Destination Port	0x00008000
Destination Server	0x00010000

Table B-35 Event Defined Values (continued)

Description	Mask Value			
Source User	0x00020000			
Destination User	0x00040000			

Correlation Event for 5.1-5.3.x

Correlation events (called compliance events in pre-5.0 versions) contain information about correlation policy violations. This message uses the standard eStreamer message header and specifies a record type of 112, followed by a correlation data block of type 128 in the series 1 set of data blocks. Data block type 128 differs from its predecessor (block type 116) in including IPv6 support.

You can request 5.1-5.3.x correlation events from eStreamer only by extended request, for which you request event type code 31 and version code 8 in the Stream Request message (see Submitting Extended Requests, page 2-4 for information about submitting extended requests). You can optionally enable bit 23 in the flags field of the initial event stream request message, to include the extended event header. You can also enable bit 20 in the flags field to include user metadata.

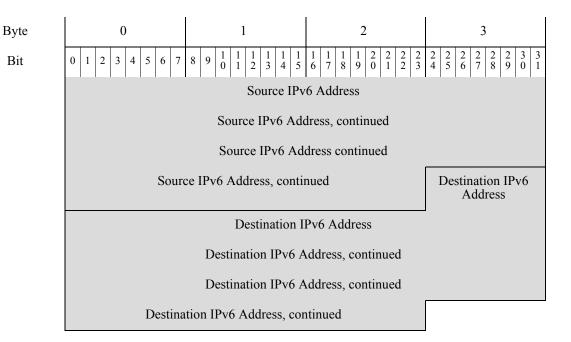
Byte	0	1	2	3							
Bit	0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7	8 9 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 5	1 1 1 1 1 2 2 2 2 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3	2 2 2 2 2 2 3 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1							
	Header Version (1) Message Type (4)										
	Message Length										
	Record Type (112)										
		Record	Length								
	eStreamer Server Timestamp (in events, only if bit 23 is set)										
	Reser	ved for Future Use (in	events, only if bit 23 is	s set)							
	Correlation Block Type (128)										
		Correlation B	Block Length								
	Device ID										
		(Correlation) l	Event Second								
		Even	t ID								
	Policy ID										
	Rule ID										
		Prio	rity								

Byte

Bit

0	1	2	3	
0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7	8 9 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 5	1 1 1 1 1 2 2 2 2 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3	2 2 2 2 2 3 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1	
String Block Type (0)			Event Description	
	String Bloo	ck Length		2 courpoin
Description Event Type				
	Event De	evice ID		
	Signatu	ıre ID		
	Signature G	enerator ID		
	(Trigger) Ev	ent Second		
	(Trigger) Even	t Microsecond		
	Even	t ID		
	Event Defi	ned Mask		
Event Impact Flags	vent Impact Flags IP Protocol Network Protocol		Protocol	
Source IP				
Source Host Type	Source V	LAN ID	Source OS Fprt UUID	Source OS Fprt UUID
	Source OS Fingerpri	nt UUID, continued		
	Source OS Fingerpri	nt UUID, continued		
	Source OS Fingerprint UUID, continued			
Source OS Fingerprint UUID, continued Source Criticality				
Source Criticality, cont	Source User ID			
Source User ID, cont	Source Port Source Server ID			
Source Server ID, continued Destination IP				
Destination IP, continued Dest. Host Type				

Byte	0 1	2	3			
Bit	0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 5	1 1 1 1 2 2 2 2 2 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3	2 2 2 2 2 2 3 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1			
	Dest. VLAN ID	Destination OS F	ingerprint UUID	Dest OS Fingerprint		
	Destination OS Fingerp	UUID				
	Destination OS Fingerp					
	Destination OS Fingerprint UUID, continued					
	Destination OS Fingerprint UUID, continued	Destination	Criticality			
	Dest. U	ser ID				
	Destination Port	Destination	n Server ID			
	Destination Server ID, cont.	Blocked	Ingress Interface UUID			
	Ingress Interface U	UUID, continued				
	Ingress Interface I					
	Ingress Interface I	UUID, continued				
	Ingress Interface UUID, cont					
	Egress Interface U					
	Egress Interface U					
	Egress Interface U					
	Egress Interface UUID, continued Ingress Zo UUID					
	Ingress Zo	ne UUID				
	Ingress Zone UUID, continued					
	Ingress Zone UUID, continued					
	Ingress Zone UUID, contin	ued	Egress Zone UUID			
	Egress Zo	ne UUID				
	Egress Zone UU	JID, continued				
	Egress Zone UU	JID, continued				
	Egress Zone UUID, contin	ued	Source IPv6 Address			



Note that the record structure includes a String block type, which is a block in series 1. For information about series 1 blocks, see Understanding Discovery (Series 1) Blocks, page 4-54.

Table B-36 Correlation Event 5.1-5.3.x Data Fields

Field	Data Type	Description
Correlation Block Type	uint32	Indicates a correlation event data block follows. This field always has a value of 128. See Understanding Discovery (Series 1) Blocks, page 4-54.
Correlation Block Length	uint32	Length of the correlation data block, which includes 8 bytes for the correlation block type and length plus the correlation data that follows.
Device ID	uint32	Internal identification number of the managed device or Defense Center that generated the correlation event. A value of zero indicates the Defense Center. You can obtain managed device names by requesting Version 3 metadata. See Managed Device Record Metadata, page 3-32 for more information.
(Correlation) Event Second	uint32	UNIX timestamp indicating the time that the correlation event was generated (in seconds from 01/01/1970).
Event ID	uint32	Correlation event identification number.
Policy ID	uint32	Identification number of the correlation policy that was violated. See Server Record, page 4-14 for information about how to obtain policy identification numbers from the database.
Rule ID	uint32	Identification number of the correlation rule that triggered to violate the policy. See Server Record, page 4-14 for information about how to obtain policy identification numbers from the database.
Priority	uint32	Priority assigned to the event. This is an integer value from 0 to 5.

Table B-36 Correlation Event 5.1-5.3.x Data Fields (continued)

Field	Data Type	Description	
String Block Type	uint32	Initiates a string data block that contains the correlation violation event description. This value is always set to 0. For more information about string blocks, see String Data Block, page 4-62.	
String Block Length	uint32	Number of bytes in the event description string block, which includes four bytes for the string block type and four bytes for the string block length, plus the number of bytes in the description.	
Description	string	Description of the correlation event.	
Event Type	uint8	Indicates whether the correlation event was triggered by an intrusion, host discovery, or user event:	
		• 1 — Intrusion	
		• 2 — Host discovery	
		• 3 — User	
Event Device ID	uint32	Identification number of the device that generated the event that triggered the correlation event. You can obtain device name by requesting Version 3 metadata. See Managed Device Record Metadata, page 3-32 for more information.	
Signature ID	uint32	If the event was an intrusion event, indicates the rule identification number that corresponds with the event. Otherwise, the value is 0.	
Signature Generator ID	uint32	If the event was an intrusion event, indicates the ID number of the FireSIGHT System preprocessor or rules engine that generated the event.	
(Trigger) Event Second	uint32	UNIX timestamp indicating the time of the event that triggered the correlation policy rule (in seconds from 01/01/1970).	
(Trigger) Event Microsecond	uint32	Microsecond (one millionth of a second) increment that the event was detected.	
Event ID	uint32	Identification number of the event generated by the Cisco device.	
Event Defined Mask	bits[32]	Set bits in this field indicate which of the fields that follow in the message are valid. See Table B-35 on page B-171 for a list of each bit value.	

Table B-36 Correlation Event 5.1-5.3.x Data Fields (continued)

Field	Data Type	Description	
Event Impact Flags	bits[8]	Impact flag value of the event. The low-order eight bits indicate the impact level. Values are:	
		• 0x01 (bit 0) — Source or destination host is in a network monitored by the system.	
		• 0x02 (bit 1) — Source or destination host exists in the network map.	
		• 0x04 (bit 2) — Source or destination host is running a server on the port in the event (if TCP or UDP) or uses the IP protocol.	
		• 0x08 (bit 3) — There is a vulnerability mapped to the operating system of the source or destination host in the event.	
		• 0x10 (bit 4) — There is a vulnerability mapped to the server detected in the event.	
		• 0x20 (bit 5) — The event caused the managed device to drop the session (used only when the device is running in inline, switched, or routed deployment). Corresponds to blocked status in the FireSIGHT System web interface.	
		• 0x40 (bit 6) — The rule that generated this event contains rule metadata setting the impact flag to red. The source or destination host is potentially compromised by a virus, trojan, or other piece of malicious software.	
		• 0x80 (bit 7) — There is a vulnerability mapped to the client detected in the event. (version 5.0+ only)	
		The following impact level values map to specific priorities on the Defense Center. An x indicates the value can be 0 or 1:	
		• (0, unknown): 00x00000	
		• red (1, vulnerable): xxxx1xxx, xxx1xxxx, x1xxxxxx, 1xxxxxxx (version 5.0+ only)	
		• orange (2, potentially vulnerable): 00x0011x	
		• yellow (3, currently not vulnerable): 00x0001x	
		• blue (4, unknown target): 00x00001	
IP Protocol	uint8	Identifier of the IP protocol associated with the event, if applicable.	
Network Protocol	uint16	Network protocol associated with the event, if applicable.	
Source IP Address	uint8[4]	This field is reserved but no longer populated. The Source IPv4 address is stored in the Source IPv6 Address field. See IP Addresses, page 1-5 for more information.	
Source Host	uint8	Source host's type:	
Type		• 0 — Host	
		• 1 — Router	
		• 2 — Bridge	

Table B-36 Correlation Event 5.1-5.3.x Data Fields (continued)

Field	Data Type	Description	
Source VLAN ID	uint16	Source host's VLAN identification number, if applicable.	
Source OS Fingerprint UUID	uint8[16]	A fingerprint ID number that acts a unique identifier for the source host's operating system.	
		See Server Record, page 4-14 for information about obtaining the values that map to the fingerprint IDs.	
Source Criticality	uint16	User-defined criticality value for the source host: • 0 — None	
		• 1 — Low	
		• 2 — Medium	
		• 3 — High	
Source User ID	uint32	Identification number for the user logged into the source host, as identified by the system.	
Source Port	uint16	Source port in the event.	
Source Server ID	uint32	Identification number for the server running on the source host.	
Destination IP Address	uint8[4]	This field is reserved but no longer populated. The Destination IPv4 address is stored in the Destination IPv6 Address field. See IP Addresses, page 1-5 for more information.	
Destination	uint8	Destination host's type:	
Host Type		• 0 — Host	
		• 1 — Router	
		• 2 — Bridge	
Destination VLAN ID	uint16	Destination host's VLAN identification number, if applicable.	
Destination OS Fingerprint	uint8[16]	A fingerprint ID number that acts as a unique identifier for the destination host's operating system.	
UUID		See Server Record, page 4-14 for information about obtaining the values that map to the fingerprint IDs.	
Destination Criticality	uint16	User-defined criticality value for the destination host: • 0 — None • 1 — Low • 2 — Medium • 3 — High	
Destination User ID	uint32	Identification number for the user logged into the destination host, as identified by the system.	
Destination Port	uint16	Destination port in the event.	
Destination Service ID	uint32	Identification number for the server running on the source host.	

Field	Data Type	Description	
Blocked	uint8	Value indicating what happened to the packet that triggered the intrusion event.	
		• 0 — Intrusion event not dropped	
		1 — Intrusion event was dropped (drop when deployment is inline, switched, or routed)	
		• 2 — The packet that triggered the event would have been dropped, if the intrusion policy had been applied to a device in inline, switched, or routed deployment.	
Ingress Interface UUID	uint8[16]	An interface ID that acts as the unique identifier for the ingress interface associated with correlation event.	
Egress Interface UUID	uint8[16]	An interface ID that acts as the unique identifier for the egress interface associated with correlation event.	
Ingress Zone UUID	uint8[16]	A zone ID that acts as the unique identifier for the ingress security zone associated with correlation event.	
Egress Zone UUID	uint8[16]	A zone ID that acts as the unique identifier for the egress security zone associated with correlation event.	
Source IPv6 Address	uint8[16]	IP address of the source host in the event, in IPv6 address octets.	
Destination IPv6 Address	uint8[16]	IP address of the destination host in the event, in IPv6 address octets.	

Table B-36 Correlation Event 5.1-5.3.x Data Fields (continued)

Legacy Host Data Structures

To request these structures, you must use a Host Request Message. To request a legacy structure, the Host Request Message must use an older format. See Host Request Message Format, page 2-24 for more information.

The following topics describe legacy host data structures, including both host profile and full host profile structures:

- Full Host Profile Data Block 5.0 5.0.2, page B-179
- Full Host Profile Data Block 5.1.1, page B-189
- Full Host Profile Data Block 5.2.x, page B-197
- Host Profile Data Block for 5.1.x, page B-209
- IP Range Specification Data Block for 5.0 5.1.1.x, page B-215

Full Host Profile Data Block 5.0 - 5.0.2

The Full Host Profile data block for version 5.0 - 5.0.2 contains a full set of data describing one host. It has the format shown in the graphic below and explained in the following table. Note that, except for List data blocks, the graphic does not show the fields of the encapsulated data blocks. These encapsulated data blocks are described separately in Understanding Discovery & Connection Data Structures, page 4-1. The Full Host Profile data block a block type value of 111.



An asterisk(*) next to a block name in the following diagram indicates that multiple instances of the data block may occur.

Byte	0	1	2	3	
Bit	0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7	8 9 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 5	1 1 1 1 2 2 2 2 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3	2 2 2 2 2 2 3 3 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1	
	Full Host Profile Data Block (111)				
		Data Block Length			
		IP Address			
	Hops	Gen	neric List Block Type	(31)	
	Generic List Block Type, continued	G	eneric List Block Leng	gth	
OS Derived Fingerprints	Generic List Block Length, continued	Operating Sy	stem Fingerprint Bloc	k Type (130)*	
	OS Fingerprint Block Type (130)*, con't	Operating	Operating System Fingerprint Block Length		
	OS Fingerprint Block Length, con't	Operating System Derived Fingerprint Data			
	Generic List Block Type (31)				
	Generic List Block Length				
Server Fingerprints	Operating System Fingerprint Block Type (130)*			0)*	
i mgorprimo	Operating System Fingerprint Block Length			1	
		Operating System Server Fingerprint Data			
	Generic List Block Type (31)				
T	Generic List Block Length				
Client Fingerprints	Operating System Fingerprint Block Type (130)*			0)*	
	Operating System Fingerprint Block Length			1	
	Operating System Client Fingerprint Data				
		Generic List B	lock Type (31)		
	Generic List Block Length				

Byte	0	1	2	3
Bit	0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7	7 8 9 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 5	1 1 1 1 2 2 2 6 7 8 9 0 1 2	2 2 2 2 2 2 2 3 3 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1
VDB Native	О	Operating System Finger	print Block Type (13	0)*
Fingerprints 1		Operating System Fing	gerprint Block Lengtl	h
	Operating System VDB Fingerprint Data			
		Generic List Block Type (31)		
		Generic List I	Block Length	
VDB Native Fingerprints 2	0	Operating System Finger	print Block Type (13	0)*
ringerprints 2		Operating System Fing	gerprint Block Lengtl	h
		Operating System VD	DB Fingerprint Data	
		Generic List Bl	lock Type (31)	
		Generic List I	Block Length	
User Fingerprints	Operating System Fingerprint Block Type (130)*			
i ingerprints	Operating System Fingerprint Block Length			
	Operating System User Fingerprint Data			
	Generic List Block Type (31)			
	Generic List Block Length			
Scan Fingerprints	Operating System Fingerprint Block Type (130)*			
i ingerprints		Operating System Fing	gerprint Block Lengtl	h
		Operating System Sca	an Fingerprint Data	
	Generic List Block Type (31)			
	Generic List Block Length			
Application Fingerprints	Operating System Fingerprint Block Type (130)*			0)*
	Operating System Fingerprint Block Length			
	Operating System Application Fingerprint Data			
		Generic List Bl	lock Type (31)	
		Generic List I	Block Length	

Byte	0	1	2	3
Bit	0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1		1 1 1 1 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 3 3 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1	
Conflict Fingerprints	Operating System Fingerprint Block Type (130)*			
ringerprints		Operating System Fina	gerprint Block Length	
	Operating System Conflict Fingerprint Data			
(TCP) Full Server Data		List Block Type (11)		
Server Data		List Block	Length	
		(TCP) Full Server I	Data Blocks (104)*	
(UDP) Full Server Data		List Block	Type (11)	
Server Data		List Bloc	k Length	
		(UDP) Full Server l	Data Blocks (104)*	
Network Protocol Data		List Block	Type (11)	
Tiotocol Butu		List Bloc	k Length	
	(Network) Protocol Data Blocks (4)*			
Transport Protocol Data	List Block Type (11)			
		List Bloc	k Length	
		(Transport) Protoco	ol Data Blocks (4)*	
MAC Address Data		List Block	Type (11)	
		List Bloc	k Length	
	Host MAC Address Data Blocks (95)*			
		Last	Seen	
	Host Type			
	Business Criticality VLAN ID			N ID
	VLAN Type	VLAN Priority	Generic List B	lock Type (31)
Host Client Data	Generic List Block	k Type, continued	Generic List	Block Length
	Generic List Block	Length, continued	Full Host Client App (11	

Byte	0 1 2 3				
Bit	0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 1 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1				
NetBIOS Name	String Block Type (0)				
Tunit	String Block Length				
	NetBIOS Name String				
Notes Data	String Block Type (0)				
	String Block Length				
	Notes String				
(VDB) Host Vulns	Generic List Block Type (31)				
Vuins	Generic List Block Length				
	(VDB) Host Vulnerability Data Blocks (85)*				
3rd Pty/VDB) Host Vulns	Generic List Block Type (31)				
1105t Vallio	Generic List Block Length				
	(Third Party/VDB) Host Vulnerability Data Blocks (85)*				
3rd Pty Scan Host Vulns	Generic List Block Type (31)				
1105t vuins	Generic List Block Length				
	(Third Party Scan) Host Vulnerability Data Blocks with Original Vuln IDs (85)*				
Attribute Value Data	List Block Type (11)				
varae Data	List Block Length				
	Attribute Value Data Blocks *				

The following table describes the components of the Full Host Profile for 5.0 - 5.0.2 record.

Table B-37 Full Host Profile Record 5.0 - 5.0.2 Fields

Field	Data Type	Description
IP Address	uint8[4]	IP address of the host, in IP address octets.
Hops	uint8	Number of network hops from the host to the device.
Generic List Block Type	uint32	Initiates a Generic List data block comprising Operating System Fingerprint data blocks conveying fingerprint data derived from the existing fingerprints for the host. This value is always 31.

Table B-37 Full Host Profile Record 5.0 - 5.0.2 Fields (continued)

Field	Data Type	Description
Generic List Block Length	uint32	Number of bytes in the Generic List data block, including the list header and all encapsulated Operating System Fingerprint data blocks.
Operating System Derived Fingerprint Data Blocks *	variable	Operating System Fingerprint data blocks containing information about the operating system on a host derived from the existing fingerprints for the host. See Operating System Fingerprint Data Block 5.1+, page 4-146 for a description of this data block.
Generic List Block Type	uint32	Initiates a Generic List data block comprising Operating System Fingerprint data blocks conveying fingerprint data identified using a server fingerprint. This value is always 31.
Generic List Block Length	uint32	Number of bytes in the Generic List data block, including the list header and all encapsulated Operating System Fingerprint data blocks.
Operating System Fingerprint (Server Fingerprint) Data Blocks *	variable	Operating System Fingerprint data blocks containing information about the operating system on a host identified using a server fingerprint. See Operating System Fingerprint Data Block 5.1+, page 4-146 for a description of this data block.
Generic List Block Type	uint32	Initiates a Generic List data block comprising Operating System Fingerprint data blocks conveying fingerprint data identified using a client fingerprint. This value is always 31.
Generic List Block Length	uint32	Number of bytes in the Generic List data block, including the list header and all encapsulated Operating System Fingerprint data blocks.
Operating System Fingerprint (Client Fingerprint) Data Blocks *	variable	Operating System Fingerprint data blocks containing information about the operating system on a host identified using a client fingerprint. See Operating System Fingerprint Data Block 5.1+, page 4-146 for a description of this data block.
Generic List Block Type	uint32	Initiates a Generic List data block comprising Operating System Fingerprint data blocks conveying fingerprint data identified using a Cisco VDB fingerprint. This value is always 31.
Generic List Block Length	uint32	Number of bytes in the Generic List data block, including the list header and all encapsulated Operating System Fingerprint data blocks.
Operating System Fingerprint (VDB) Native Fingerprint 1) Data Blocks *	variable	Operating System Fingerprint data blocks containing information about the operating system on a host identified using the fingerprints in the Cisco vulnerability database (VDB). See Operating System Fingerprint Data Block 5.1+, page 4-146 for a description of this data block.

Table B-37 Full Host Profile Record 5.0 - 5.0.2 Fields (continued)

Field	Data Type	Description
Generic List Block Type	uint32	Initiates a Generic List data block comprising Operating System Fingerprint data blocks conveying fingerprint data identified using a Cisco VDB fingerprint. This value is always 31.
Generic List Block Length	uint32	Number of bytes in the Generic List data block, including the list header and all encapsulated Operating System Fingerprint data blocks.
Operating System Fingerprint (VDB) Native Fingerprint 2) Data Blocks *	variable	Operating System Fingerprint data blocks containing information about the operating system on a host identified using the fingerprints in the Cisco vulnerability database (VDB). See Operating System Fingerprint Data Block 5.1+, page 4-146 for a description of this data block.
Generic List Block Type	uint32	Initiates a Generic List data block comprising Operating System Fingerprint data blocks conveying fingerprint data added by a user. This value is always 31.
Generic List Block Length	uint32	Number of bytes in the Generic List data block, including the list header and all encapsulated Operating System Fingerprint data blocks.
Operating System Fingerprint (User Fingerprint) Data Blocks *	variable	Operating System Fingerprint data blocks containing information about the operating system on a host added by a user. See Operating System Fingerprint Data Block 5.1+, page 4-146 for a description of this data block.
Generic List Block Type	uint32	Initiates a Generic List data block comprising Operating System Fingerprint data blocks conveying fingerprint data added by a vulnerability scanner. This value is always 31.
Generic List Block Length	uint32	Number of bytes in the Generic List data block, including the list header and all encapsulated Operating System Fingerprint data blocks.
Operating System Fingerprint (Scan Fingerprint) Data Blocks *	variable	Operating System Fingerprint data blocks containing information about the operating system on a host added by a vulnerability scanner. See Operating System Fingerprint Data Block 5.1+, page 4-146 for a description of this data block.
Generic List Block Type	uint32	Initiates a Generic List data block comprising Operating System Fingerprint data blocks conveying fingerprint data added by an application. This value is always 31.
Generic List Block Length	uint32	Number of bytes in the Generic List data block, including the list header and all encapsulated Operating System Fingerprint data blocks.

Table B-37 Full Host Profile Record 5.0 - 5.0.2 Fields (continued)

Field	Data Type	Description
Operating System Fingerprint (Application Fingerprint) Data Blocks *	variable	Operating System Fingerprint data blocks containing information about the operating system on a host added by an application. See Operating System Fingerprint Data Block 5.1+, page 4-146 for a description of this data block.
Generic List Block Type	uint32	Initiates a Generic List data block comprising Operating System Fingerprint data blocks conveying fingerprint data selected through fingerprint conflict resolution. This value is always 31.
Generic List Block Length	uint32	Number of bytes in the Generic List data block, including the list header and all encapsulated Operating System Fingerprint data blocks.
Operating System Fingerprint (Conflict Fingerprint) Data Blocks *	variable	Operating System Fingerprint data blocks containing information about the operating system on a host selected through fingerprint conflict resolution. See Operating System Fingerprint Data Block 5.1+, page 4-146 for a description of this data block.
List Block Type	uint32	Initiates a List data block comprising Full Server data blocks conveying TCP service data. This value is always 11.
List Block Length	uint32	Number of bytes in the list. This number includes the eight bytes of the list block type and length fields, plus the length of all encapsulated Full Server data blocks.
(TCP) Full Server Data Blocks *	variable	List of Full Server data blocks conveying data about the TCP services on the host. See Full Host Server Data Block 4.10.0+, page 4-127 for a description of this data block.
List Block Type	uint32	Initiates a List data block comprising Full Server data blocks conveying UDP service data. This value is always 11.
List Block Length	uint32	Number of bytes in the list. This number includes the eight bytes of the list block type and length fields, plus the length of all encapsulated Full Server data blocks.
(UDP) Full Server Data Blocks *	variable	List of Full Server data blocks conveying data about the UDP sub-servers on the host. See Full Host Server Data Block 4.10.0+, page 4-127 for a description of this data block.
List Block Type	uint32	Initiates a List data block comprising Protocol data blocks conveying network protocol data. This value is always 11.
List Block Length	uint32	Number of bytes in the list. This number includes the eight bytes of the list block type and length fields, plus the length of all encapsulated Protocol data blocks.
(Network) Protocol Data Blocks *	variable	List of Protocol data blocks conveying data about the network protocols on the host. See Protocol Data Block, page 4-67 for a description of this data block.
List Block Type	uint32	Initiates a List data block comprising Protocol data blocks conveying transport protocol data. This value is always 11.

Table B-37 Full Host Profile Record 5.0 - 5.0.2 Fields (continued)

Field	Data Type	Description
List Block Length	uint32	Number of bytes in the list. This number includes the eight bytes of the list block type and length fields, plus the length of all encapsulated Protocol data blocks.
(Transport) Protocol Data Blocks *	variable	List of Protocol data blocks conveying data about the transport protocols on the host. See Protocol Data Block, page 4-67 for a description of this data block.
List Block Type	uint32	Initiates a List data block containing Host MAC Address data blocks. This value is always 11.
List Block Length	uint32	Number of bytes in the list, including the list header and all encapsulated Host MAC Address data blocks.
Host MAC Address Data Blocks *	variable	List of Host MAC Address data blocks. See Host MAC Address 4.9+, page 4-105 for a description of this data block.
Last Seen	uint32	UNIX timestamp that represents the last time the system detected host activity.
Host Type	uint32	Indicates host type. Values include:
		• 0 — Host
		• 1 — Router
		• 2 — Bridge
		• 3 — NAT (network address translation device)
		• 4 — LB (load balancer)
Business Criticality	uint16	Indicates criticality of host to business.
VLAN ID	uint16	VLAN identification number that indicates which VLAN the host is a member of.
VLAN Type	uint8	Type of packet encapsulated in the VLAN tag.
VLAN Priority	uint8	Priority value included in the VLAN tag.
Generic List Block Type	uint32	Initiates a Generic List data block comprising Host Vulnerability data blocks conveying Client Application data. This value is always 31.
Generic List Block Length	uint32	Number of bytes in the Generic List data block, including the list header and all encapsulated Client Application data blocks.
Full Host Client Application Data Blocks *	variable	List of Client Application data blocks. See Full Host Client Application Data Block 5.0+, page 4-141 for a description of this data block.
String Block Type	uint32	Initiates a String data block for the host NetBIOS name. This value is always 0.
String Block Length	uint32	Number of bytes in the String data block, including eight bytes for the string block type and length fields, plus the number of bytes in the NetBIOS name string.
NetBIOS Name	string	Host NetBIOS name string.

Table B-37 Full Host Profile Record 5.0 - 5.0.2 Fields (continued)

Field	Data Type	Description
String Block Type	uint32	Initiates a String data block for host notes. This value is always o.
String Block Length	uint32	Number of bytes in the notes String data block, including eight bytes for the string block type and length fields, plus the number of bytes in the notes string.
Notes	string	Contains the contents of the Notes host attribute for the host.
Generic List Block Type	uint32	Initiates a Generic List data block comprising Host Vulnerability data blocks conveying VDB vulnerability data. This value is always 31.
Generic List Block Length	uint32	Number of bytes in the Generic List data block, including the list header and all encapsulated data blocks.
(VDB) Host Vulnerability Data Blocks *	variable	List of Host Vulnerability data blocks for vulnerabilities identified in the Cisco vulnerability database (VDB). See Host Vulnerability Data Block 4.9.0+, page 4-103 for a description of this data block.
Generic List Block Type	uint32	Initiates a Generic List data block comprising Host Vulnerability data blocks conveying third-party scan vulnerability data. This value is always 31.
Generic List Block Length	uint32	Number of bytes in the Generic List data block, including the list header and all encapsulated data blocks.
(Third Party/VDB) Host Vulnerability Data Blocks *	variable	Host Vulnerability data blocks sourced from a third party scanner and containing information about host vulnerabilities cataloged in the Cisco vulnerability database (VDB). See Host Vulnerability Data Block 4.9.0+, page 4-103 for a description of this data block.
Generic List Block Type	uint32	Initiates a Generic List data block comprising Host Vulnerability data blocks conveying third party scan vulnerability data. This value is always 31.
Generic List Block Length	uint32	Number of bytes in the Generic List data block, including the list header and all encapsulated data blocks.
(Third Party Scan) Host Vulnerability Data Blocks *	variable	Host Vulnerability data blocks sourced from a third party scanner. Note that the host vulnerability IDs for these data blocks are the third party scanner IDs, not Cisco-detected IDs. See Host Vulnerability Data Block 4.9.0+, page 4-103 for a description of this data block.
List Block Type	uint32	Initiates a List data block comprising Attribute Value data blocks conveying attribute data. This value is always 11.
List Block Length	uint32	Number of bytes in the List data block, including the list header and all encapsulated data blocks.
Attribute Value Data Blocks *	variable	List of Attribute Value data blocks. See Attribute Value Data Block, page 4-73 for a description of the data blocks in this list.

Full Host Profile Data Block 5.1.1

The Full Host Profile data block for version 5.1.1 contains a full set of data describing one host. It has the format shown in the graphic below and explained in the following table. Note that, except for List data blocks, the graphic does not show the fields of the encapsulated data blocks. These encapsulated

data blocks are described separately in Understanding Discovery & Connection Data Structures, page 4-1. The Full Host Profile data block a block type value of 135. It deprecates data block 111.



An asterisk(*) next to a block name in the following diagram indicates that multiple instances of the data block may occur.

Byte	0	0 1		3	
Bit	0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7	8 9 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 5	1 1 1 1 2 2 2 2 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3	2 2 2 2 2 2 3 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1	
	Full Host Profile Data Block (135)				
	Data Block Length				
	IP Address				
	Hops	Ge	neric List Block Type	(31)	
	Generic List Block Type, continued	G	eneric List Block Leng	gth	
OS Derived Fingerprints	Generic List Block Length, continued	Operating Sy	rstem Fingerprint Block	k Type (130)*	
	OS Fingerprint Block Type (130)*, con't	Operating System Fingerprint Block Length			
	OS Fingerprint Block Length, con't Operating System Derived Fingerprint Data			print Data	
	Generic List Block Type (31)				
	Generic List Block Length				
Server Fingerprints	Operating System Fingerprint Block Type (130)*				
	Operating System Fingerprint Block Length				
	Operating System Server Fingerprint Data				
	Generic List Block Type (31)				
	Generic List Block Length				
Client Fingerprints	Operating System Fingerprint Block Type (130)*				
	Operating System Fingerprint Block Length				
	Operating System Client Fingerprint Data				
	Generic List Block Type (31)				

Byte	0 1 2 3						
Bit	0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 1 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 2 1 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 3 1 2 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 6						
	Generic List Block Length						
VDB Native Fingerprints 1	Operating System Fingerprint Block Type (130)*						
i ingerprints i	Operating System Fingerprint Block Length						
	Operating System VDB Fingerprint Data						
	Generic List Block Type (31)						
	Generic List Block Length						
VDB Native Fingerprints 2	Operating System Fingerprint Block Type (130)*						
1 ingerprints 2	Operating System Fingerprint Block Length						
	Operating System VDB Fingerprint Data						
	Generic List Block Type (31)						
	Generic List Block Length						
User Fingerprints	Operating System Fingerprint Block Type (130)*						
1 mgorprino	Operating System Fingerprint Block Length						
	Operating System User Fingerprint Data						
	Generic List Block Type (31)						
	Generic List Block Length						
Scan Fingerprints	Operating System Fingerprint Block Type (130)*						
<i>S</i> 1	Operating System Fingerprint Block Length						
	Operating System Scan Fingerprint Data						
	Generic List Block Type (31)						
	Generic List Block Length						
Application Fingerprints	Operating System Fingerprint Block Type (130)*						
	Operating System Fingerprint Block Length						
	Operating System Application Fingerprint Data						
	Generic List Block Type (31)						
	Generic List Block Length						

Byte	0	1	2 3	Ī
Bit	0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7	1 1 1 1 1 2 3 3 5 6 7 8 9 0 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0	3	
Conflict Fingerprints	Operating System Fingerprint Block Type (130)*			
1 mgerprints	Operating System Fingerprint Block Length			
		Operating System Co	nflict Fingerprint Data	
(TCP) Full Server Data		List Block	Type (11)	
Server Buttu		List Bloo	k Length	
		(TCP) Full Server	Data Blocks (104)*	
(UDP) Full Server Data		List Bloc	k Type (11)	
Server Butu		List Blo	ck Length	
		(UDP) Full Server	Data Blocks (104)*	
Network Protocol Data	List Block Type (11)			
11000001 2 444	List Block Length			
	(Network) Protocol Data Blocks (4)*			
Transport Protocol Data	List Block Type (11)			
	List Block Length			
	(Transport) Protocol Data Blocks (4)*			
MAC Address Data	List Block Type (11)			
Tradition D www	List Block Length			
	Host MAC Address Data Blocks (95)*			
		Las	t Seen	
	Host Type			
	Business	Criticality	VLAN ID	
	VLAN Type	VLAN Priority	Generic List Block Type (31)	
Host Client Data	Generic List Bloc	k Type, continued	Generic List Block Length	
_ 3.00	Generic List Block	Length, continued	Full Host Client Application Data Blocks (112)*	;

Byte	0	1	2	3	
Bit	0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7	8 9 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 5	1 1 1 1 2 2 2 2 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3	2 2 2 2 2 2 3 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1	
NetBIOS Name	String Block Type (0)				
rvanic		String Blo	ck Length		
		NetBIOS Na	ame String		
Notes Data		String Bloc	ck Type (0)		
Dutu		String Blo	ck Length		
		Notes S	tring		
(VDB) Host Vulns		Generic List B	lock Type (31)		
v unio	Generic List Block Length				
	(VDB) Host Vulnerability Data Blocks (85)*				
3rd Pty/VDB) Host Vulns	Generic List Block Type (31)				
	Generic List Block Length				
	(Third	Party/VDB) Host Vul	nerability Data Blocks	(85)*	
3rd Pty Scan Host Vulns		Generic List B	lock Type (31)		
	Generic List Block Length				
	(Third Party Scan) Host Vulnerability Data Blocks with Original Vuln IDs (85)*				
Attribute Value Data	List Block Type (11)				
	List Block Length				
		Attribute Value	Data Blocks *		
	Mobile	Jailbroken	VLAN Presence		

The following table describes the components of the Full Host Profile for 5.1.1 record.

Table B-38 Full Host Profile Record 5.1.1 Fields

Field	Data Type	Description
IP Address	uint8[4]	IP address of the host, in IP address octets.
Hops	uint8	Number of network hops from the host to the device.
Generic List Block Type	uint32	Initiates a Generic List data block comprising Operating System Fingerprint data blocks conveying fingerprint data derived from the existing fingerprints for the host. This value is always 31.

Table B-38 Full Host Profile Record 5.1.1 Fields (continued)

Field	Data Type	Description
Generic List Block Length	uint32	Number of bytes in the Generic List data block, including the list header and all encapsulated Operating System Fingerprint data blocks.
Operating System Derived Fingerprint Data Blocks *	variable	Operating System Fingerprint data blocks containing information about the operating system on a host derived from the existing fingerprints for the host. See Operating System Fingerprint Data Block 5.1+, page 4-146 for a description of this data block.
Generic List Block Type	uint32	Initiates a Generic List data block comprising Operating System Fingerprint data blocks conveying fingerprint data identified using a server fingerprint. This value is always 31.
Generic List Block Length	uint32	Number of bytes in the Generic List data block, including the list header and all encapsulated Operating System Fingerprint data blocks.
Operating System Fingerprint (Server Fingerprint) Data Blocks *	variable	Operating System Fingerprint data blocks containing information about the operating system on a host identified using a server fingerprint. See Operating System Fingerprint Data Block 5.1+, page 4-146 for a description of this data block.
Generic List Block Type	uint32	Initiates a Generic List data block comprising Operating System Fingerprint data blocks conveying fingerprint data identified using a client fingerprint. This value is always 31.
Generic List Block Length	uint32	Number of bytes in the Generic List data block, including the list header and all encapsulated Operating System Fingerprint data blocks.
Operating System Fingerprint (Client Fingerprint) Data Blocks *	variable	Operating System Fingerprint data blocks containing information about the operating system on a host identified using a client fingerprint. See Operating System Fingerprint Data Block 5.1+, page 4-146 for a description of this data block.
Generic List Block Type	uint32	Initiates a Generic List data block comprising Operating System Fingerprint data blocks conveying fingerprint data identified using a Cisco VDB fingerprint. This value is always 31.
Generic List Block Length	uint32	Number of bytes in the Generic List data block, including the list header and all encapsulated Operating System Fingerprint data blocks.
Operating System Fingerprint (VDB) Native Fingerprint 1) Data Blocks *	variable	Operating System Fingerprint data blocks containing information about the operating system on a host identified using the fingerprints in the Cisco vulnerability database (VDB). See Operating System Fingerprint Data Block 5.1+, page 4-146 for a description of this data block.
Generic List Block Type	uint32	Initiates a Generic List data block comprising Operating System Fingerprint data blocks conveying fingerprint data identified using a Cisco VDB fingerprint. This value is always 31.
Generic List Block Length	uint32	Number of bytes in the Generic List data block, including the list header and all encapsulated Operating System Fingerprint data blocks.

Table B-38 Full Host Profile Record 5.1.1 Fields (continued)

Field	Data Type	Description
Operating System Fingerprint (VDB) Native Fingerprint 2) Data Blocks *	variable	Operating System Fingerprint data blocks containing information about the operating system on a host identified using the fingerprints in the Cisco vulnerability database (VDB). See Operating System Fingerprint Data Block 5.1+, page 4-146 for a description of this data block.
Generic List Block Type	uint32	Initiates a Generic List data block comprising Operating System Fingerprint data blocks conveying fingerprint data added by a user. This value is always 31.
Generic List Block Length	uint32	Number of bytes in the Generic List data block, including the list header and all encapsulated Operating System Fingerprint data blocks.
Operating System Fingerprint (User Fingerprint) Data Blocks *	variable	Operating System Fingerprint data blocks containing information about the operating system on a host added by a user. See Operating System Fingerprint Data Block 5.1+, page 4-146 for a description of this data block.
Generic List Block Type	uint32	Initiates a Generic List data block comprising Operating System Fingerprint data blocks conveying fingerprint data added by a vulnerability scanner. This value is always 31.
Generic List Block Length	uint32	Number of bytes in the Generic List data block, including the list header and all encapsulated Operating System Fingerprint data blocks.
Operating System Fingerprint (Scan Fingerprint) Data Blocks *	variable	Operating System Fingerprint data blocks containing information about the operating system on a host added by a vulnerability scanner. See Operating System Fingerprint Data Block 5.1+, page 4-146 for a description of this data block.
Generic List Block Type	uint32	Initiates a Generic List data block comprising Operating System Fingerprint data blocks conveying fingerprint data added by an application. This value is always 31.
Generic List Block Length	uint32	Number of bytes in the Generic List data block, including the list header and all encapsulated Operating System Fingerprint data blocks.
Operating System Fingerprint (Application Fingerprint) Data Blocks *	variable	Operating System Fingerprint data blocks containing information about the operating system on a host added by an application. See Operating System Fingerprint Data Block 5.1+, page 4-146 for a description of this data block.
Generic List Block Type	uint32	Initiates a Generic List data block comprising Operating System Fingerprint data blocks conveying fingerprint data selected through fingerprint conflict resolution. This value is always 31.
Generic List Block Length	uint32	Number of bytes in the Generic List data block, including the list header and all encapsulated Operating System Fingerprint data blocks.

Table B-38 Full Host Profile Record 5.1.1 Fields (continued)

Field	Data Type	Description
Operating System Fingerprint (Conflict Fingerprint) Data Blocks *	variable	Operating System Fingerprint data blocks containing information about the operating system on a host selected through fingerprint conflict resolution. See Operating System Fingerprint Data Block 5.1+, page 4-146 for a description of this data block.
List Block Type	uint32	Initiates a List data block comprising Full Server data blocks conveying TCP service data. This value is always 11.
List Block Length	uint32	Number of bytes in the list. This number includes the eight bytes of the list block type and length fields, plus the length of all encapsulated Full Server data blocks.
(TCP) Full Server Data Blocks *	variable	List of Full Server data blocks conveying data about the TCP services on the host. See Full Host Server Data Block 4.10.0+, page 4-127 for a description of this data block.
List Block Type	uint32	Initiates a List data block comprising Full Server data blocks conveying UDP service data. This value is always 11.
List Block Length	uint32	Number of bytes in the list. This number includes the eight bytes of the list block type and length fields, plus the length of all encapsulated Full Server data blocks.
(UDP) Full Server Data Blocks *	variable	List of Full Server data blocks conveying data about the UDP sub-servers on the host. See Full Host Server Data Block 4.10.0+, page 4-127 for a description of this data block.
List Block Type	uint32	Initiates a List data block comprising Protocol data blocks conveying network protocol data. This value is always 11.
List Block Length	uint32	Number of bytes in the list. This number includes the eight bytes of the list block type and length fields, plus the length of all encapsulated Protocol data blocks.
(Network) Protocol Data Blocks *	variable	List of Protocol data blocks conveying data about the network protocols on the host. See Protocol Data Block, page 4-67 for a description of this data block.
List Block Type	uint32	Initiates a List data block comprising Protocol data blocks conveying transport protocol data. This value is always 11.
List Block Length	uint32	Number of bytes in the list. This number includes the eight bytes of the list block type and length fields, plus the length of all encapsulated Protocol data blocks.
(Transport) Protocol Data Blocks *	variable	List of Protocol data blocks conveying data about the transport protocols on the host. See Protocol Data Block, page 4-67 for a description of this data block.
List Block Type	uint32	Initiates a List data block containing Host MAC Address data blocks. This value is always 11.
List Block Length	uint32	Number of bytes in the list, including the list header and all encapsulated Host MAC Address data blocks.

Table B-38 Full Host Profile Record 5.1.1 Fields (continued)

Field	Data Type	Description	
Host MAC Address Data Blocks *	variable	List of Host MAC Address data blocks. See Host MAC Address 4.9+, page 4-105 for a description of this data block.	
Last Seen	uint32	UNIX timestamp that represents the last time the system detected host activity.	
Host Type	uint32	Indicates host type. Values include:	
		• 0 — Host	
		• 1 — Router	
		• 2 — Bridge	
		• 3 — NAT (network address translation device)	
		• 4 — LB (load balancer)	
Business Criticality	uint16	Indicates criticality of host to business.	
VLAN ID	uint16	VLAN identification number that indicates which VLAN the host is a member of.	
VLAN Type	uint8	Type of packet encapsulated in the VLAN tag.	
VLAN Priority	uint8	Priority value included in the VLAN tag.	
Generic List Block Type	uint32	Initiates a Generic List data block comprising Host Vulnerability data blocks conveying Client Application data. This value is always 31.	
Generic List Block Length	uint32	Number of bytes in the Generic List data block, including the list header and all encapsulated Client Application data blocks.	
Full Host Client Application Data Blocks *	variable	List of Client Application data blocks. See Full Host Client Application Data Block 5.0+, page 4-141 for a description of this data block.	
String Block Type	uint32	Initiates a String data block for the host NetBIOS name. This value is always 0.	
String Block Length	uint32	Number of bytes in the String data block, including eight bytes for the string block type and length fields, plus the number of bytes in the NetBIOS name string.	
NetBIOS Name	string	Host NetBIOS name string.	
String Block Type	uint32	Initiates a String data block for host notes. This value is always 0.	
String Block Length	uint32	Number of bytes in the notes String data block, including eight bytes for the string block type and length fields, plus the number of bytes in the notes string.	
Notes	string	Contains the contents of the Notes host attribute for the host.	
Generic List Block Type	uint32	Initiates a Generic List data block comprising Host Vulnerability data blocks conveying VDB vulnerability data. This value is always 31.	
Generic List Block Length	uint32	Number of bytes in the Generic List data block, including the list header and all encapsulated data blocks.	

Table B-38 Full Host Profile Record 5.1.1 Fields (continued)

Field	Data Type	Description	
(VDB) Host Vulnerability Data Blocks *	variable	List of Host Vulnerability data blocks for vulnerabilities identified in the Cisco vulnerability database (VDB). See Host Vulnerability Data Block 4.9.0+, page 4-103 for a description of this data block.	
Generic List Block Type	uint32	Initiates a Generic List data block comprising Host Vulnerability data blocks conveying third-party scan vulnerability data. This value is always 31.	
Generic List Block Length	uint32	Number of bytes in the Generic List data block, including the list header and all encapsulated data blocks.	
(Third Party/VDB) Host Vulnerability Data Blocks *	variable	Host Vulnerability data blocks sourced from a third party scanner and containing information about host vulnerabilities cataloged in the Cisco vulnerability database (VDB). See Host Vulnerability Data Block 4.9.0+, page 4-103 for a description of this data block.	
Generic List Block Type	uint32	Initiates a Generic List data block comprising Host Vulnerability data blocks conveying third party scan vulnerability data. This value is always 31.	
Generic List Block Length	uint32	Number of bytes in the Generic List data block, including the list header and all encapsulated data blocks.	
(Third Party Scan) Host Vulnerability Data Blocks *	variable	Host Vulnerability data blocks sourced from a third party scanner. Note that the host vulnerability IDs for these data blocks are the third party scanner IDs, not Cisco-detected IDs. See Host Vulnerability Data Block 4.9.0+, page 4-103 for a description of this data block.	
List Block Type	uint32	Initiates a List data block comprising Attribute Value data blocks conveying attribute data. This value is always 11.	
List Block Length	uint32	Number of bytes in the List data block, including the list header and all encapsulated data blocks.	
Attribute Value Data Blocks *	variable	List of Attribute Value data blocks. See Attribute Value Data Block, page 4-73 for a description of the data blocks in this list.	
Mobile	uint8	A true-false flag indicating whether the operating system is running on a mobile device.	
Jailbroken	uint8	A true-false flag indicating whether the mobile device operating system is jailbroken.	
VLAN Presence	uint8	Indicates whether a VLAN is present:	
		• 0 — Yes • 1 — No	

Full Host Profile Data Block 5.2.x

The Full Host Profile data block for version 5.2.x contains a full set of data describing one host. It has the format shown in the graphic below and explained in the following table. Note that, except for List data blocks, the graphic does not show the fields of the encapsulated data blocks. These encapsulated data blocks are described separately in Understanding Discovery & Connection Data Structures, page 4-1. The Full Host Profile data block a block type value of 140. It supersedes the prior version, which has a block type of 135.



An asterisk (*) next to a block name in the following diagram indicates that multiple instances of the data block may occur.

Byte	0	1	2	3	
Bit	0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7	8 9 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 5	1 1 1 1 2 2 2 2 2 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3	2 2 2 2 2 2 3 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1	
	Full Host Profile Data Block (140)				
	Data Block Length				
		Hos	t ID		
		Host ID,	continued		
		Host ID,	continued		
		Host ID,	continued		
IP Addresses		List Block	Type (11)		
		List Bloc	k Length		
		IP Address Data	a Blocks (143)*		
	Hops Generic List Block Type (31)			(31)	
	Generic List Block Type, continued	G	eneric List Block Leng	gth	
OS Derived Fingerprints	Generic List Block Length, continued Operating System Fingerprint Block Type (130)*				
	OS Fingerprint Block Type (130)*, con't	Operating System Fingerprint Block Length			
	OS Fingerprint Block Length, con't	Operating S	system Derived Finger	print Data	
	Generic List Block Type (31)				
	Generic List Block Length				
Server Fingerprints	Operating System Fingerprint Block Type (130)* Operating System Fingerprint Block Length))*	
	Operating System Server Fingerprint Data				
	Generic List Block Type (31)				

Byte	0 1 2 3			
Bit	0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 2 2 2 2 2 2			
	Generic List Block Length			
Client Fingerprints	Operating System Fingerprint Block Type (130)*			
ringerprints	Operating System Fingerprint Block Length			
	Operating System Client Fingerprint Data			
	Generic List Block Type (31)			
	Generic List Block Length			
VDB Native Fingerprints 1	Operating System Fingerprint Block Type (130)*			
ringcipinits i	Operating System Fingerprint Block Length			
	Operating System VDB Fingerprint Data			
	Generic List Block Type (31)			
	Generic List Block Length			
VDB Native Fingerprints 2	Operating System Fingerprint Block Type (130)*			
i ingerprints 2	Operating System Fingerprint Block Length			
Operating System VDB Fingerprint Data				
	Generic List Block Type (31)			
	Generic List Block Length			
User Fingerprints	Operating System Fingerprint Block Type (130)*			
	Operating System Fingerprint Block Length			
	Operating System User Fingerprint Data			
	Generic List Block Type (31)			
	Generic List Block Length			
Scan Fingerprints	Operating System Fingerprint Block Type (130)*			
<i>S</i> 1	Operating System Fingerprint Block Length			
	Operating System Scan Fingerprint Data			
	Generic List Block Type (31)			
	Generic List Block Length			

Byte	0 1 2 3						
Bit	0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 1 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0						
Application Fingerprints	Operating System Fingerprint Block Type (130)*						
ringerprints	Operating System Fingerprint Block Length						
	Operating System Application Fingerprint Data						
	Generic List Block Type (31)						
	Generic List Block Length						
Conflict Fingerprints	Operating System Fingerprint Block Type (130)*						
1 ingerprints	Operating System Fingerprint Block Length						
	Operating System Conflict Fingerprint Data						
	Generic List Block Type (31)						
	Generic List Block Length						
Mobile Fingerprints	Operating System Fingerprint Block Type (130)*						
	Operating System Fingerprint Block Length						
	Operating System Mobile Fingerprint Data						
	Generic List Block Type (31)						
	Generic List Block Length						
IPv6 Server Fingerprints	Operating System Fingerprint Block Type (130)*						
g	Operating System Fingerprint Block Length						
	Operating System IPv6 Server Fingerprint Data						
	Generic List Block Type (31)						
	Generic List Block Length						
Ipv6 Client Fingerprints Operating System Fingerprint Block Type (130)*							
Operating System Fingerprint Block Length							
	Operating System Ipv6 Client Fingerprint Data						
	Generic List Block Type (31)						
	Generic List Block Length						

Byte	0	1	2	3			
Bit	0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 1 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1						
Ipv6 DHCP	Operating System Fingerprint Block Type (130)*						
Fingerprints		Operating System Fingerprint Block Length					
	Ol	Operating System IPv6 DHCP Fingerprint Data					
		Generic List Bl	lock Type (31)				
		Generic List I	Block Length				
User Agent Fingerprints	Oj	perating System Finger	print Block Type (130)*			
1 mgerprints		Operating System Fing	gerprint Block Length				
	0	perating System User A	Agent Fingerprint Data	.			
(TCP) Full Server Data		List Block	Гуре (11)				
		List Block Length					
		(TCP) Full Server I	Data Blocks (104)*				
(UDP) Full Server Data	List Block Type (11)						
	List Block Length						
		(UDP) Full Server I	Data Blocks (104)*				
Network Protocol Data		List Block	Type (11)				
	List Block Length						
	(Network) Protocol Data Blocks (4)*						
Transport Protocol Data		List Block	Type (11)				
		List Block	k Length				
		(Transport) Protoco					
MAC Address Data	List Block Type (11)						
	List Block Length						
	Host MAC Address Data Blocks (95)*						
	Last Seen						
	Host Type						
	Business	Criticality	VLA	N ID			

Byte	0 1		2	3		
Bit	0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 5		1 1 1 1 2 2 2 2 2 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3	2 2 2 2 2 3 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1		
	VLAN Type	VLAN Priority	Generic List Block Type (31)			
Host Client Data	Generic List Block	k Type, continued	Generic List	Block Length		
Data	Generic List Block	Length, continued		olication Data Blocks 2)*		
NetBios Name		String Bloc	k Type (0)			
Name		String Bloo	ck Length			
		NetBIOS Na	me String			
Notes Data		String Bloc	k Type (0)			
		String Bloo	ck Length			
	Notes String					
(VDB) Host Vulns	Generic List Block Type (31)					
v unio	Generic List Block Length					
		(VDB) Host Vulnerability Data Blocks (85)*				
3rd Pty/VDB) Host Vulns	Generic List Block Type (31)					
11000 (61110	Generic List Block Length					
	(Third Party/VDB) Host Vulnerability Data Blocks (85)*					
3rd Pty Scan Host Vulns		Generic List Bl	lock Type (31)			
11000 (61110	Generic List Block Length					
	(Third Party Scan) Host Vulnerability Data Blocks with Original Vuln IDs (85)*					
Attribute Value Data	List Block Type (11)					
, will but	List Block Length					
	Attribute Value Data Blocks *					
	Mobile Jailbroken					

The following table describes the components of the Full Host Profile for 5.2.x record.

Table B-39 Full Host Profile Record 5.2.x Fields

Field	Data Type	Description	
Host ID	uint8[16]	Unique ID number of the host. This is a UUID.	
List Block Type	uint32	Initiates a List data block comprising IP address data blocks conveying TCP service data. This value is always 11.	
List Block Length	uint32	Number of bytes in the list. This number includes the eight bytes of the list block type and length fields, plus the length of all encapsulated IP address data blocks.	
IP Address	variable	IP addresses of the host and when each IP address was last seen. See Host IP Address Data Block, page 4-88 for a description of this data block.	
Hops	uint8	Number of network hops from the host to the device.	
Generic List Block Type	uint32	Initiates a Generic List data block comprising Operating System Fingerprint data blocks conveying fingerprint data derived from the existing fingerprints for the host. This value is always 31.	
Generic List Block Length	uint32	Number of bytes in the Generic List data block, including the list header and all encapsulated Operating System Fingerprint data blocks.	
Operating System Derived Fingerprint Data Blocks *	variable	Operating System Fingerprint data blocks containing information about the operating system on a host derived from the existing fingerprints for the host. See Operating System Fingerprint Data Block 5.1+, page 4-146 for a description of this data block.	
Generic List Block Type	uint32	Initiates a Generic List data block comprising Operating System Fingerprint data blocks conveying fingerprint data identified using a server fingerprint. This value is always 31.	
Generic List Block Length	uint32	Number of bytes in the Generic List data block, including the list header and all encapsulated Operating System Fingerprint data blocks	
Operating System Fingerprint (Server Fingerprint) Data Blocks *	variable	Operating System Fingerprint data blocks containing information about the operating system on a host identified using a server fingerprint. See Operating System Fingerprint Data Block 5.1+, page 4-146 for a description of this data block.	
Generic List Block Type	uint32	Initiates a Generic List data block comprising Operating System Fingerprint data blocks conveying fingerprint data identified using a client fingerprint. This value is always 31.	
Generic List Block Length	uint32	Number of bytes in the Generic List data block, including the list header and all encapsulated Operating System Fingerprint data blocks.	
Operating System Fingerprint (Client Fingerprint) Data Blocks *	variable	Operating System Fingerprint data blocks containing information about the operating system on a host identified using a client fingerprint. See Operating System Fingerprint Data Block 5.1+, page 4-146 for a description of this data block.	
Generic List Block Type	uint32	Initiates a Generic List data block comprising Operating System Fingerprint data blocks conveying fingerprint data identified using a Cisco VDB fingerprint. This value is always 31.	

Table B-39 Full Host Profile Record 5.2.x Fields (continued)

Field	Data Type	Description	
Generic List Block Length	uint32	Number of bytes in the Generic List data block, including the list header and all encapsulated Operating System Fingerprint data blocks.	
Operating System Fingerprint (VDB) Native Fingerprint 1) Data Blocks *	variable	Operating System Fingerprint data blocks containing information about the operating system on a host identified using the fingerprints in the Cisco vulnerability database (VDB). See Operating System Fingerprint Data Block 5.1+, page 4-146 for a description of this data block.	
Generic List Block Type	uint32	Initiates a Generic List data block comprising Operating System Fingerprint data blocks conveying fingerprint data identified using a Cisco VDB fingerprint. This value is always 31.	
Generic List Block Length	uint32	Number of bytes in the Generic List data block, including the list header and all encapsulated Operating System Fingerprint data blocks.	
Operating System Fingerprint (VDB) Native Fingerprint 2) Data Blocks *	variable	Operating System Fingerprint data blocks containing information about the operating system on a host identified using the fingerprints in the Cisco vulnerability database (VDB). See Operating System Fingerprint Data Block 5.1+, page 4-146 for a description of this data block.	
Generic List Block Type	uint32	Initiates a Generic List data block comprising Operating System Fingerprint data blocks conveying fingerprint data added by a user. This value is always 31.	
Generic List Block Length	uint32	Number of bytes in the Generic List data block, including the list header and all encapsulated Operating System Fingerprint data blocks.	
Operating System Fingerprint (User Fingerprint) Data Blocks *	variable	Operating System Fingerprint data blocks containing information about the operating system on a host added by a user. See Operating System Fingerprint Data Block 5.1+, page 4-146 for a description of this data block.	
Generic List Block Type	uint32	Initiates a Generic List data block comprising Operating System Fingerprint data blocks conveying fingerprint data added by a vulnerability scanner. This value is always 31.	
Generic List Block Length	uint32	Number of bytes in the Generic List data block, including the list header and all encapsulated Operating System Fingerprint data blocks.	
Operating System Fingerprint (Scan Fingerprint) Data Blocks *	variable	Operating System Fingerprint data blocks containing information about the operating system on a host added by a vulnerability scanner. See Operating System Fingerprint Data Block 5.1+, page 4-146 for a description of this data block.	
Generic List Block Type	uint32	Initiates a Generic List data block comprising Operating System Fingerprint data blocks conveying fingerprint data added by an application. This value is always 31.	
Generic List Block Length	uint32	Number of bytes in the Generic List data block, including the list header and all encapsulated Operating System Fingerprint data blocks.	

Table B-39 Full Host Profile Record 5.2.x Fields (continued)

Field	Data Type	Description	
Operating System Fingerprint (Application Fingerprint) Data Blocks *	variable	Operating System Fingerprint data blocks containing information about the operating system on a host added by an application. See Operating System Fingerprint Data Block 5.1+, page 4-146 for a description of this data block.	
Generic List Block Type	uint32	Initiates a Generic List data block comprising Operating System Fingerprint data blocks conveying fingerprint data selected through fingerprint conflict resolution. This value is always 31.	
Generic List Block Length	uint32	Number of bytes in the Generic List data block, including the list header and all encapsulated Operating System Fingerprint data blocks.	
Operating System Fingerprint (Conflict Fingerprint) Data Blocks *	variable	Operating System Fingerprint data blocks containing information about the operating system on a host selected through fingerprint conflict resolution. See Operating System Fingerprint Data Block 5.1+, page 4-146 for a description of this data block.	
Generic List Block Type	uint32	Initiates a Generic List data block comprising Operating System Fingerprint data blocks conveying mobile device fingerprint data. The value is always 31.	
Generic List Block Length	uint32	Number of bytes in the Generic List data block, including the list header and all encapsulated Operating System Fingerprint data blocks.	
Operating System Fingerprint (Mobile) Data Blocks *	variable	Operating System Fingerprint data blocks containing information about the operating system on a mobile device host. See Operating System Fingerprint Data Block 5.1+, page 4-146 for a description of this data block.	
Generic List Block Type	uint32	Initiates a Generic List data block comprising Operating System Fingerprint data blocks conveying fingerprint data identified using an IPv6 server fingerprint. This value is always 31.	
Generic List Block Length	uint32	Number of bytes in the Generic List data block, including the list header and all encapsulated Operating System Fingerprint data blocks.	
Operating System Fingerprint (IPv6 Server Fingerprint) Data Blocks *	variable	Operating System Fingerprint data blocks containing information about the operating system on a host identified using an IPv6 server fingerprint. See Operating System Fingerprint Data Block 5.1+, page 4-146 for a description of this data block.	
Generic List Block Type	uint32	Initiates a Generic List data block comprising Operating System Fingerprint data blocks conveying fingerprint data identified using an IPv6 client fingerprint. This value is always 31.	
Generic List Block Length	uint32	Number of bytes in the Generic List data block, including the list header and all encapsulated Operating System Fingerprint data blocks.	

Table B-39 Full Host Profile Record 5.2.x Fields (continued)

Field	Data Type	Description	
Operating System Fingerprint (IPv6 Client Fingerprint) Data Blocks *	variable	Operating System Fingerprint data blocks containing information about the operating system on a host identified using an IPv6 client fingerprint. See Operating System Fingerprint Data Block 5.1+, page 4-146 for a description of this data block.	
Generic List Block Type	uint32	Initiates a Generic List data block comprising Operating System Fingerprint data blocks conveying fingerprint data identified using an IPv6 DHCP fingerprint. This value is always 31.	
Generic List Block Length	uint32	Number of bytes in the Generic List data block, including the list header and all encapsulated Operating System Fingerprint data blocks.	
Operating System Fingerprint (IPv6 DHCP) Data Blocks *	variable	Operating System Fingerprint data blocks containing information about the operating system on a host identified using an IPv6 DHCP fingerprint. See Operating System Fingerprint Data Block 5.1+, page 4-146 for a description of this data block.	
Generic List Block Type	uint32	Initiates a Generic List data block comprising Operating System Fingerprint data blocks conveying fingerprint data identified using a user agent fingerprint. This value is always 31.	
Generic List Block Length	uint32	Number of bytes in the Generic List data block, including the list header and all encapsulated Operating System Fingerprint data blocks.	
Operating System Fingerprint (User Agent) Data Blocks *	variable	Operating System Fingerprint data blocks containing information about the operating system on a host identified using a user agent fingerprint. See Operating System Fingerprint Data Block 5.1+, page 4-146 for a description of this data block.	
List Block Type	uint32	Initiates a List data block comprising Full Server data blocks conveying TCP service data. This value is always 11.	
List Block Length	uint32	Number of bytes in the list. This number includes the eight bytes of the list block type and length fields, plus the length of all encapsulated Full Server data blocks.	
(TCP) Full Server Data Blocks *	variable	List of Full Server data blocks conveying data about the TCP services on the host. See Full Host Server Data Block 4.10.0+, page 4-127 for a description of this data block.	
List Block Type	uint32	Initiates a List data block comprising Full Server data blocks conveying UDP service data. This value is always 11.	
List Block Length	uint32	Number of bytes in the list. This number includes the eight bytes of the list block type and length fields, plus the length of all encapsulated Full Server data blocks.	
(UDP) Full Server Data Blocks *	variable	List of Full Server data blocks conveying data about the UDP sub-servers on the host. See Full Host Server Data Block 4.10.0+, page 4-127 for a description of this data block.	
List Block Type	uint32	Initiates a List data block comprising Protocol data blocks conveying network protocol data. This value is always 11.	

Table B-39 Full Host Profile Record 5.2.x Fields (continued)

Field	Data Type	Description	
List Block Length	uint32	Number of bytes in the list. This number includes the eight bytes of the list block type and length fields, plus the length of all encapsulated Protocol data blocks.	
(Network) Protocol Data Blocks *	variable	List of Protocol data blocks conveying data about the network protocols on the host. See Protocol Data Block, page 4-67 for a description of this data block.	
List Block Type	uint32	Initiates a List data block comprising Protocol data blocks conveying transport protocol data. This value is always 11.	
List Block Length	uint32	Number of bytes in the list. This number includes the eight bytes of the list block type and length fields, plus the length of all encapsulated Protocol data blocks.	
(Transport) Protocol Data Blocks *	variable	List of Protocol data blocks conveying data about the transport protocols on the host. See Protocol Data Block, page 4-67 for a description of this data block.	
List Block Type	uint32	Initiates a List data block containing Host MAC Address data blocks. This value is always 11.	
List Block Length	uint32	Number of bytes in the list, including the list header and all encapsulated Host MAC Address data blocks.	
Host MAC Address Data Blocks *	variable	List of Host MAC Address data blocks. See Host MAC Address 4.9+, page 4-105 for a description of this data block.	
Last Seen	uint32	UNIX timestamp that represents the last time the system detected host activity.	
Host Type	uint32	Indicates host type. Values include:	
		• 0 — Host	
		• 1 — Router	
		• 2 — Bridge	
		• 3 — NAT (network address translation device)	
_		• 4 — LB (load balancer)	
Business Criticality	uint16	Indicates criticality of host to business.	
VLAN ID	uint16	VLAN identification number that indicates which VLAN the host is a member of.	
VLAN Type	uint8	Type of packet encapsulated in the VLAN tag.	
VLAN Priority	uint8	Priority value included in the VLAN tag.	
Generic List Block Type	uint32	Initiates a Generic List data block comprising Host Vulnerability data blocks conveying Client Application data. This value is always 31.	
Generic List Block Length	uint32	Number of bytes in the Generic List data block, including the list header and all encapsulated Client Application data blocks.	

Table B-39 Full Host Profile Record 5.2.x Fields (continued)

Field	Data Type	Description	
Full Host Client Application Data Blocks *	variable	List of Client Application data blocks. See Full Host Client Application Data Block 5.0+, page 4-141 for a description of this data block.	
String Block Type	uint32	Initiates a String data block for the host NetBIOS name. This value is always 0.	
String Block Length	uint32	Number of bytes in the String data block, including eight bytes for the string block type and length fields, plus the number of bytes in the NetBIOS name string.	
NetBIOS Name	string	Host NetBIOS name string.	
String Block Type	uint32	Initiates a String data block for host notes. This value is always o.	
String Block Length	uint32	Number of bytes in the notes String data block, including eight bytes for the string block type and length fields, plus the number of bytes in the notes string.	
Notes	string	Contains the contents of the Notes host attribute for the host.	
Generic List Block Type	uint32	Initiates a Generic List data block comprising Host Vulnerability data blocks conveying VDB vulnerability data. This value is always 31.	
Generic List Block Length	uint32	Number of bytes in the Generic List data block, including the list header and all encapsulated data blocks.	
(VDB) Host Vulnerability Data Blocks *	variable	List of Host Vulnerability data blocks for vulnerabilities identified i the Cisco vulnerability database (VDB). See Host Vulnerability Datablock 4.9.0+, page 4-103 for a description of this data block.	
Generic List Block Type	uint32	Initiates a Generic List data block comprising Host Vulnerability data blocks conveying third-party scan vulnerability data. This value is always 31.	
Generic List Block Length	uint32	Number of bytes in the Generic List data block, including the list header and all encapsulated data blocks.	
(Third Party/VDB) Host Vulnerability Data Blocks *	variable	Host Vulnerability data blocks sourced from a third party scanner and containing information about host vulnerabilities cataloged in the Cisco vulnerability database (VDB). See Host Vulnerability Data Block 4.9.0+, page 4-103 for a description of this data block.	
Generic List Block Type	uint32	Initiates a Generic List data block comprising Host Vulnerability data blocks conveying third party scan vulnerability data. This value is always 31.	
Generic List Block Length	uint32	Number of bytes in the Generic List data block, including the list header and all encapsulated data blocks.	
(Third Party Scan) Host Vulnerability Data Blocks *	variable	Host Vulnerability data blocks sourced from a third party scanner. Note that the host vulnerability IDs for these data blocks are the third party scanner IDs, not Cisco-detected IDs. See Host Vulnerability Data Block 4.9.0+, page 4-103 for a description of this data block.	
List Block Type	uint32	Initiates a List data block comprising Attribute Value data blocks conveying attribute data. This value is always 11.	

Table B-39 Full Host Profile Record 5.2.x Fields (continued)

Field	Data Type	Description
List Block Length	uint32	Number of bytes in the List data block, including the list header and all encapsulated data blocks.
Attribute Value Data Blocks *	variable	List of Attribute Value data blocks. See Attribute Value Data Block, page 4-73 for a description of the data blocks in this list.
Mobile	uint8	A true-false flag indicating whether the operating system is running on a mobile device.
Jailbroken	uint8	A true-false flag indicating whether the mobile device operating system is jailbroken.

Host Profile Data Block for 5.1.x

The following diagram shows the format of a Host Profile data block. The data block also does not include a host criticality value, but does include a VLAN presence indicator. In addition, a data block can convey a NetBIOS name for the host. The Host Profile data block has a block type of 132.



An asterisk(*) next to a block type field in the following diagram indicates the message may contain zero or more instances of the series 1 data block.

Byte	0	1	2	3		
Bit	0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7	8 9 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 5	1 1 1 1 1 2 2 2 2 3 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3	2 2 2 2 2 2 3 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1		
		Host Profile Blo	ock Type (132)			
		Host Profile Block Length				
		IP Ad	dress			
Server Fingerprints	Hops	Primary/Secondary	Generic List B	lock Type (31)		
1 mgerprints	Generic List Block	k Type, continued	Generic List Block Length			
	Generic List Block Length, continued Server Fingerprint Data Blo					
Client Fingerprints		Generic List B	lock Type (31)			
i ingerprints		Generic List I	Block Length			
	Client Fingerprint Data Blocks*					
SMB Fingerprints	Generic List Block Type (31)					
1 ingerprints	Generic List Block Length SMB Fingerprint Data Blocks*					

Byte	0	1	2	3	
Bit	0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7				
DHCP Fingerprints					
ringerprints					
		DHCP Fingerpr	int Data Blocks*		
Mobile Device		Generic List B	Flock Type (31)		
Fingerprints		Generic List	Block Length		
		Mobile Device Fing	erprint Data Blocks*		
TCP Server Block*		List Block	Type (11)		List of TCP Servers
		List Bloc	ck Length		5411415
		TCP Server	Data Blocks		
UDP Server Block*		List of UDP Servers			
		UDP Server	Data Blocks		
Network Protocol		List Block	Type (11)		List of Network
Block*		Protocols			
		Network Protoc	col Data Blocks		
Transport Protocol		List Block	Type (11)		List of Transport
Block*		List Bloc	ck Length		Protocols
		Transport Proto	col Data Blocks		
MAC Address Block*		List Block	Type (11)		List of MAC Addresses
	List Block Length				
	Mobile				

Byte	0	1	2	3	
Bit	0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7	8 9 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 5	1 1 1 1 2 2 2 2 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3	2 2 2 2 2 2 3 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1	
Client App Data	VLAN ID, cont.	VLAN Type	VLAN Priority	Generic List Block Type (31)	List of Client Applications
	Generic List Block Type (31), cont. Generic List Block Length				
	Generic List Block Length, cont. Client Application Data Blocks				
NetBIOS Name	String Block Type (0)				
rvanie	String Block Length				
	NetBIOS String Data				

The following table describes the fields of the host profile data block returned by version 5.1.x

Table B-40 Host Profile Data Block 5.1.x Fields

Field	Data Type	Description
Host Profile Block Type	uint32	Initiates the Host Profile data block for 5.1.x. This value is always 132.
Host Profile Block Length	uint32	Number of bytes in the Host Profile data block, including eight bytes for the host profile block type and length fields, plus the number of bytes included in the host profile data that follows.
IP Address	uint8[4]	IP address of the host described in the profile, in IP address octets.
Hops	uint8	Number of hops from the host to the device.
Primary/ Secondary	uint8	Indicates whether the host is in the primary or secondary network of the device that detected it:
		• 0 — Host is in the primary network.
		• 1 — Host is in the secondary network.
Generic List Block Type	uint32	Initiates a Generic List data block comprising Operating System Fingerprint data blocks conveying fingerprint data identified using a server fingerprint. This value is always 31.
Generic List Block Length	uint32	Number of bytes in the Generic List data block, including the list header and all encapsulated Operating System Fingerprint data blocks.
Operating System Fingerprint (Server Fingerprint) Data Blocks *	variable	Operating System Fingerprint data blocks containing information about the operating system on a host identified using a server fingerprint. See Operating System Fingerprint Data Block 5.1+, page 4-146 for a description of this data block.

Table B-40 Host Profile Data Block 5.1.x Fields (continued)

Field	Data Type	Description
Generic List Block Type	uint32	Initiates a Generic List data block comprising Operating System Fingerprint data blocks conveying fingerprint data identified using a client fingerprint. This value is always 31.
Generic List Block Length	uint32	Number of bytes in the Generic List data block, including the list header and all encapsulated Operating System Fingerprint data blocks.
Operating System Fingerprint (Client Fingerprint) Data Blocks *	variable	Operating System Fingerprint data blocks containing information about the operating system on a host identified using a client fingerprint. See Operating System Fingerprint Data Block 5.1+, page 4-146 for a description of this data block.
Generic List Block Type	uint32	Initiates a Generic List data block comprising Operating System Fingerprint data blocks conveying fingerprint data identified using an SMB fingerprint. This value is always 31.
Generic List Block Length	uint32	Number of bytes in the Generic List data block, including the list header and all encapsulated Operating System Fingerprint data blocks.
Operating System Fingerprint (SMB Fingerprint) Data Blocks *	variable	Operating System Fingerprint data blocks containing information about the operating system on a host identified using an SMB fingerprint. See Operating System Fingerprint Data Block 5.1+, page 4-146 for a description of this data block.
Generic List Block Type	uint32	Initiates a Generic List data block comprising Operating System Fingerprint data blocks conveying fingerprint data identified using a DHCP fingerprint. This value is always 31.
Generic List Block Length	uint32	Number of bytes in the Generic List data block, including the list header and all encapsulated Operating System Fingerprint data blocks.
Operating System Fingerprint (DHCP Fingerprint) Data Blocks *	variable	Operating System Fingerprint data blocks containing information about the operating system on a host identified using a DHCP fingerprint. See Operating System Fingerprint Data Block 5.1+, page 4-146 for a description of this data block.
Generic List Block Type	uint32	Initiates a Generic List data block comprising Operating System Fingerprint data blocks conveying fingerprint data identified using a DHCP fingerprint. This value is always 31.
Generic List Block Length	uint32	Number of bytes in the Generic List data block, including the list header and all encapsulated Operating System Fingerprint data blocks.

Table B-40 Host Profile Data Block 5.1.x Fields (continued)

Field	Data Type	Description
Operating System Fingerprint (Mobile Device Fingerprint) Data Blocks *	variable	Operating System Fingerprint data blocks containing information about the operating system on a host identified using a mobile device fingerprint. See Operating System Fingerprint Data Block 5.1+, page 4-146 for a description of this data block.
List Block Type	uint32	Initiates a List data block comprising Server data blocks conveying TCP server data. This value is always 11.
List Block Length	uint32	Number of bytes in the list. This number includes the eight bytes of the list block type and length fields, plus all encapsulated Server data blocks.
		This field is followed by zero or more Server data blocks.
TCP Server Data Blocks	variable	Host server data blocks describing a TCP server (as documented for earlier versions of the product).
List Block Type	uint32	Initiates a List data block comprising Server data blocks conveying UDP server data. This value is always 11.
List Block Length	uint32	Number of bytes in the list. This number includes the eight bytes of the list block type and length fields, plus all encapsulated Server data blocks.
		This field is followed by zero or more Server data blocks.
UDP Server Data Blocks	uint32	Host server data blocks describing a UDP server (as documented for earlier versions of the product).
List Block Type	uint32	Initiates a List data block comprising Protocol data blocks conveying network protocol data. This value is always 11.
List Block Length	uint32	Number of bytes in the list. This number includes the eight bytes of the list block type and length fields, plus all encapsulated Protocol data blocks.
		This field is followed by zero or more Protocol data blocks.
Network Protocol Data Blocks	uint32	Protocol data blocks describing a network protocol. See Protocol Data Block, page 4-67 for a description of this data block.
List Block Type	uint32	Initiates a List data block comprising Protocol data blocks conveying transport protocol data. This value is always 11.
List Block Length	uint32	Number of bytes in the list. This number includes the eight bytes of the list block type and length fields, plus all encapsulated Protocol data blocks.
		This field is followed by zero or more transport protocol data blocks.
Transport Protocol Data Blocks	uint32	Protocol data blocks describing a transport protocol. See Protocol Data Block, page 4-67 for a description of this data block.
List Block Type	uint32	Initiates a List data block comprising MAC Address data blocks. This value is always 11.
List Block Length	uint32	Number of bytes in the list, including the list header and all encapsulated MAC Address data blocks.

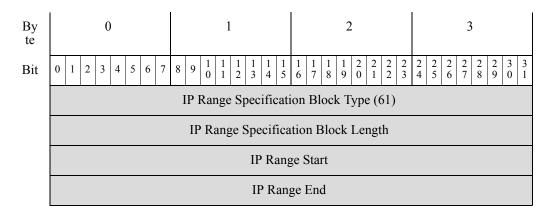
Table B-40 Host Profile Data Block 5.1.x Fields (continued)

Field	Data Type	Description
Host MAC Address Data Blocks	uint32	Host MAC Address data blocks describing a host MAC address. See Host MAC Address 4.9+, page 4-105 for a description of this data block.
Host Last Seen	uint32	UNIX timestamp that represents the last time the system detected host activity.
Host Type	uint32	Indicates the host type. The following values may appear:
		• 0 — Host
		• 1 — Router
		• 2 — Bridge
		• 3 — NAT device
		• 4 — LB (load balancer)
Mobile	uint8	True-false flag indicating whether the host is a mobile device.
Jailbroken	uint8	True-false flag indicating whether the host is a mobile device that is also jailbroken.
VLAN Presence	uint8	Indicates whether a VLAN is present:
		• 0 — Yes
		• 1 — No
VLAN ID	uint16	VLAN identification number that indicates which VLAN the host is a member of.
VLAN Type	uint8	Type of packet encapsulated in the VLAN tag.
VLAN Priority	uint8	Priority value included in the VLAN tag.
Generic List Block Type	uint32	Initiates a Generic List data block comprising Client Application data blocks conveying client application data. This value is always 31.
Generic List Block Length	uint32	Number of bytes in the Generic List data block, including the list header and all encapsulated client application data blocks.
Client Application Data Blocks	uint32	Client application data blocks describing a client application. See Full Host Client Application Data Block 5.0+, page 4-141 for a description of this data block.
String Block Type	uint32	Initiates a string data block for the NetBIOS name. This value is set to 0 to indicate string data.
String Block Length	uint32	Indicates the number of bytes in the NetBIOS name data block, including eight bytes for the string block type and length, plus the number of bytes in the NetBIOS name.
NetBIOS String Data	Variable	Contains the NetBIOS name of the host described in the host profile.

IP Range Specification Data Block for 5.0 - 5.1.1.x

The IP Range Specification data block conveys a range of IP addresses. IP Range Specification data blocks are used in User Protocol, User Client Application, Address Specification, User Product, User Server, User Hosts, User Vulnerability, User Criticality, and User Attribute Value data blocks. The IP Range Specification data block has a block type of 61.

The following diagram shows the format of the IP Range Specification data block:



The following table describes the components of the IP Range Specification data block.

Table B-41 IP Range Specification Data Block Fields

Field	Data Type	Description
IP Range Specification Block Type	uint32	Initiates a IP Range Specification data block. This value is always 61.
IP Range Specification Block Length	uint32	Total number of bytes in the IP Range Specification data block, including eight bytes for the IP Range Specification block type and length fields, plus the number of bytes of IP range specification data that follows.
IP Range Specification Start	uint32	The starting IP address for the IP address range.
IP Range Specification End	uint32	The ending IP address for the IP address range.

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