



ENCS Switch Configuration

Access to the ENCS switch is restricted through Consent Token. Consent Token is a security feature that is used to authenticate the network administrator of an organization to access system shell with mutual consent from the network administrator and Cisco Technical Assistance Centre (Cisco TAC).



Note

From the switch console, there is access to debug mode and an advanced debug mode. Credentials of the local user are synchronized to access debug mode. Advanced debug uses unique credentials for each device that allows for additional debugging options for Cisco engineering. To enter either debug mode permission must be granted through Consent Token.

- [ENCS Switch Commands, on page 1](#)
- [ENCS Switch APIs, on page 1](#)
- [ENCS Switch Portal Configuration, on page 1](#)

ENCS Switch Commands

See, [Cisco Enterprise Network Compute System Switch Command Reference](#) for switch commands.

ENCS Switch APIs

See, [API Reference for Cisco Enterprise Network Function Virtualization Infrastructure Software](#) for switch related APIs.

ENCS Switch Portal Configuration

Switch Settings

The **Switch** option from the Cisco Enterprise NFVIS portal allows you to configure STP/RSTP, VLAN on specified ranges, RADIUS based authentication, and port channel load balancing for various switch ports. This section describes how to configure settings on the ENCS switch portal.

SwitchPort	Description	Status	MAC Address	PortType
GigabitEthernet1/0		down	00:a6:ca:d6:32:d9	access
GigabitEthernet1/1		down	00:a6:ca:d6:32:da	access
GigabitEthernet1/2		down	00:a6:ca:d6:32:db	access
GigabitEthernet1/3		down	00:a6:ca:d6:32:dc	access
GigabitEthernet1/4		down	00:a6:ca:d6:32:dd	access
GigabitEthernet1/5		down	00:a6:ca:d6:32:de	access
GigabitEthernet1/6		down	00:a6:ca:d6:32:df	access
GigabitEthernet1/7		down	00:a6:ca:d6:32:e0	access

You can view the Switch Interface operational data and the statistics parameters in the following table:

Table 1: Switch Settings Interface

Parameter	Description	Values
SwitchPort	Specifies the switch interface name.	
Description	Specifies the description of the interface.	
Status	Specifies the status of the interface.	up or down
MAC Address	Specifies the MAC address of the interface.	
PortType	Specifies the mode of the port interface.	Supported types are: <ul style="list-style-type: none">• access• dot1q-tunnel• private-vlan• trunk
VLAN	Specifies the VLAN ID.	Range: 1-2349 and 2450-4093

Speed	Specifies the speed of the interface.	Speed: • 10 MBPS • 100 MBPS • 1000 MBPS
RxBytes	Specifies the received data on interface in bytes.	
PktDrop	Specifies the number of packet drops.	
PORT	Specifies the port number.	
IN-UCAST	Specifies the number of incoming unicast packets at the interface.	
OUT-UCAST	Specifies the number of outgoing unicast packets at the interface.	
IN-MCAST	Specifies the number of incoming multicast packets at the interface.	
OUT-MCAST	Specifies the number of outgoing multicast packets at the interface.	
IN-BCAST	Specifies the number of incoming broadcast packets at the interface.	
OUT-BCAST	Specifies the number of outgoing broadcast packets at the interface.	

Configuring Spanning Tree

Spanning Tree Protocol (STP) is a Layer 2 protocol that runs on bridges and switches. The main purpose of STP is to ensure that you do not create loops when you have redundant paths in your network.

The Spanning Tree option is enabled by default. You can click on **edit** and make the necessary settings or disable Spanning Tree if required.

Spanning Tree

dot1x	Spanning Tree	Enable Disable
LACP	Mode	rstp
Vlan	Forward Time	- 15 +
	Hello Time	- 2 +
	Max Age	- 20 +
	Loopback Guard	Enable Disable
	Path Cost Method	long
	Priority	- 32768 +
	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Edit	

The configuration of spanning tree has the following parameters when it is enabled:

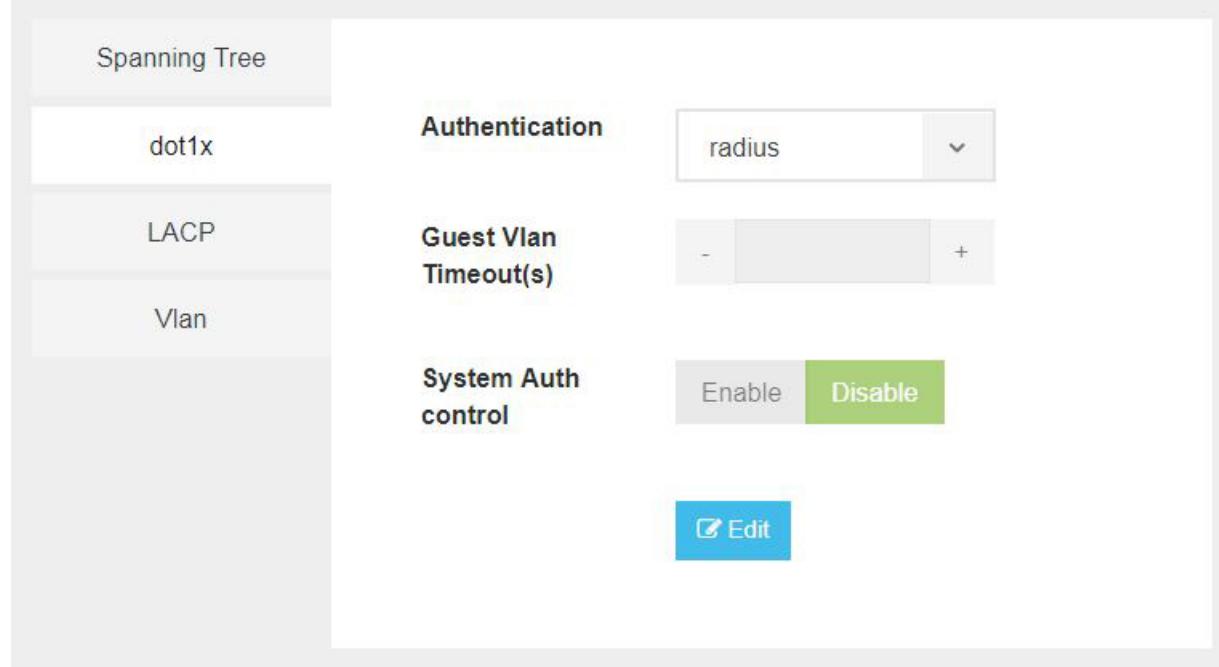
Table 2: Spanning Tree Parameters

Parameter	Description	Values
Spanning Tree	Specifies the state of the Spanning Tree.	Enable or Disable The default value is Enable.
Mode	Specifies the mode of the Spanning Tree.	stp or rstp
Forward Time	Specifies the Spanning Tree forward time in seconds.	Range: 4-30 seconds
Hello Time	Specifies the Hello time in seconds.	Range: 1 to10 seconds

Max Age	Specifies the spanning-tree bridge maximum age in seconds.	Range: 6 to 40 seconds
Loopback Guard	Specifies the loopback guard status.	Enable or Disable
Path Cost Method	Specifies the speed of the interface.	<p>Method:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • long - for 32 bit based values for default port path costs. • short - 16 bit based values for default port path costs. <p>The default method is long.</p>
Priority	Specifies the port priority.	<p>Range: 0 to 61440 in steps of 4096</p> <p>The default value is 32768.</p>
BPDU Filtering	Specifies that BPDU packets are filtered when the spanning tree is disabled on an interface.	
BPDU Flooding	Specifies that BPDU packets are flooded unconditionally when the spanning tree is disabled on an interface.	

Configuring Dot1x

This chapter describes how to configure dot1x port-based authentication on the Cisco Enterprise NFVIS portal. dot1x prevents unauthorized devices (clients) from gaining access to the network. It is a standard for media-level (Layer 2) access control, offering the capability to permit or deny network connectivity based on the identity of the end user or device. The dot1x is disabled by default. You can click on **edit** to enable dot1x.



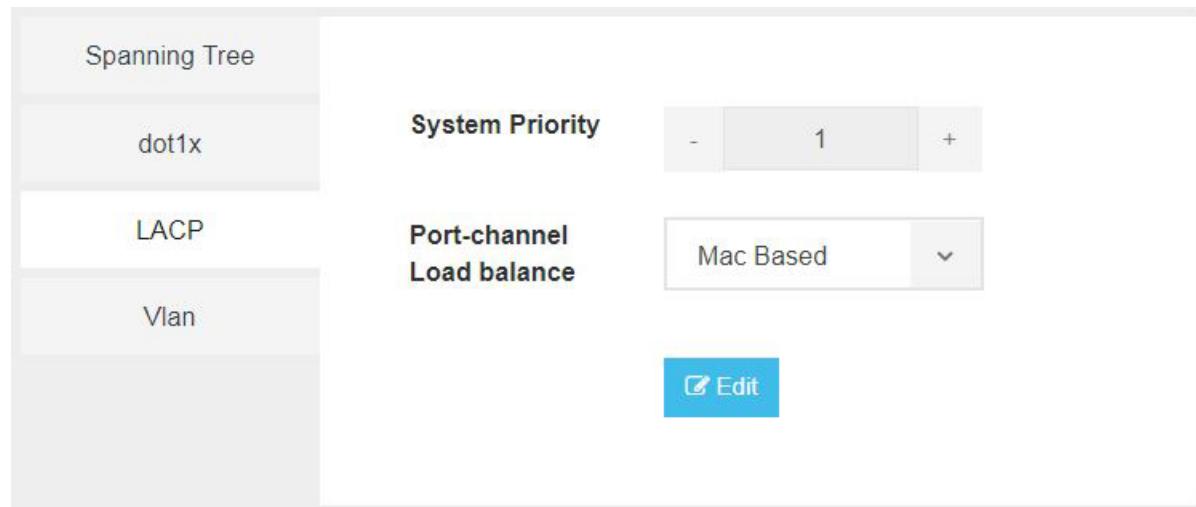
The configuration of dot1x has the following parameters:

Table 3: Dot1x Parameters

Parameter	Description	Values
Authentication	Specifies the authentication type for the port.	radius or none The default value is radius.
Guest VLAN Timeout(s)	Specifies the time delay in seconds between enabling Dot1X (or port up) and adding the port to the guest VLAN.	Range: 30 to 180 seconds
System Auth control	Specifies the authentication control.	Enable or Disable

Configuring LACP

The Link Aggregation Control Protocol (LACP) enables you to bundle several physical ports together to form a single logical channel. LACP enables you to form a single Layer 2 link automatically from two or more Ethernet links. This protocol ensures that both ends of the Ethernet link are functional and are part of the aggregation group.



LACP uses the following parameters to control aggregation:

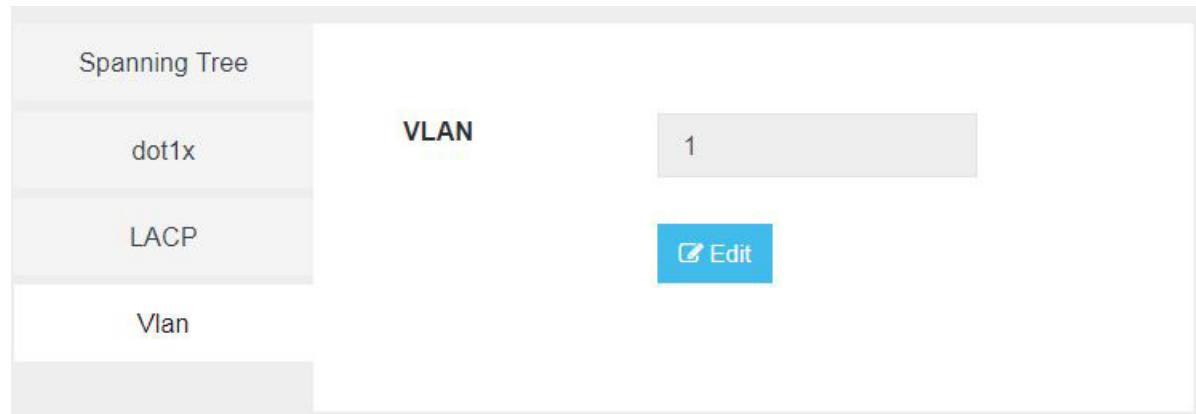
Table 4: LACP Parameters

Parameter	Description	Values
System Priority	Specifies the port priority.	Range: 1 to 65535
Port-channel load balance	Specifies the load balance of the port channel.	Mac Based or IP Based

Configuring VLAN

You can use virtual LANs (VLANs) to divide the network into separate logical areas. VLANs can also be considered as broadcast domains. Any switch port can belong to a VLAN, and unicast, broadcast, and multicast packets are forwarded and flooded only to end stations in that VLAN. Each VLAN is considered a logical network, and packets destined for stations that do not belong to the VLAN must be forwarded through a router.

You can configure VLANs in the range <1-2349>|<2450-4093> for a specified switch port.



Configuring General Settings

The screenshot shows a configuration interface for a switch. At the top, there are two tabs: "General Settings" (selected) and "Advanced Settings". Below the tabs, there are several configuration fields:

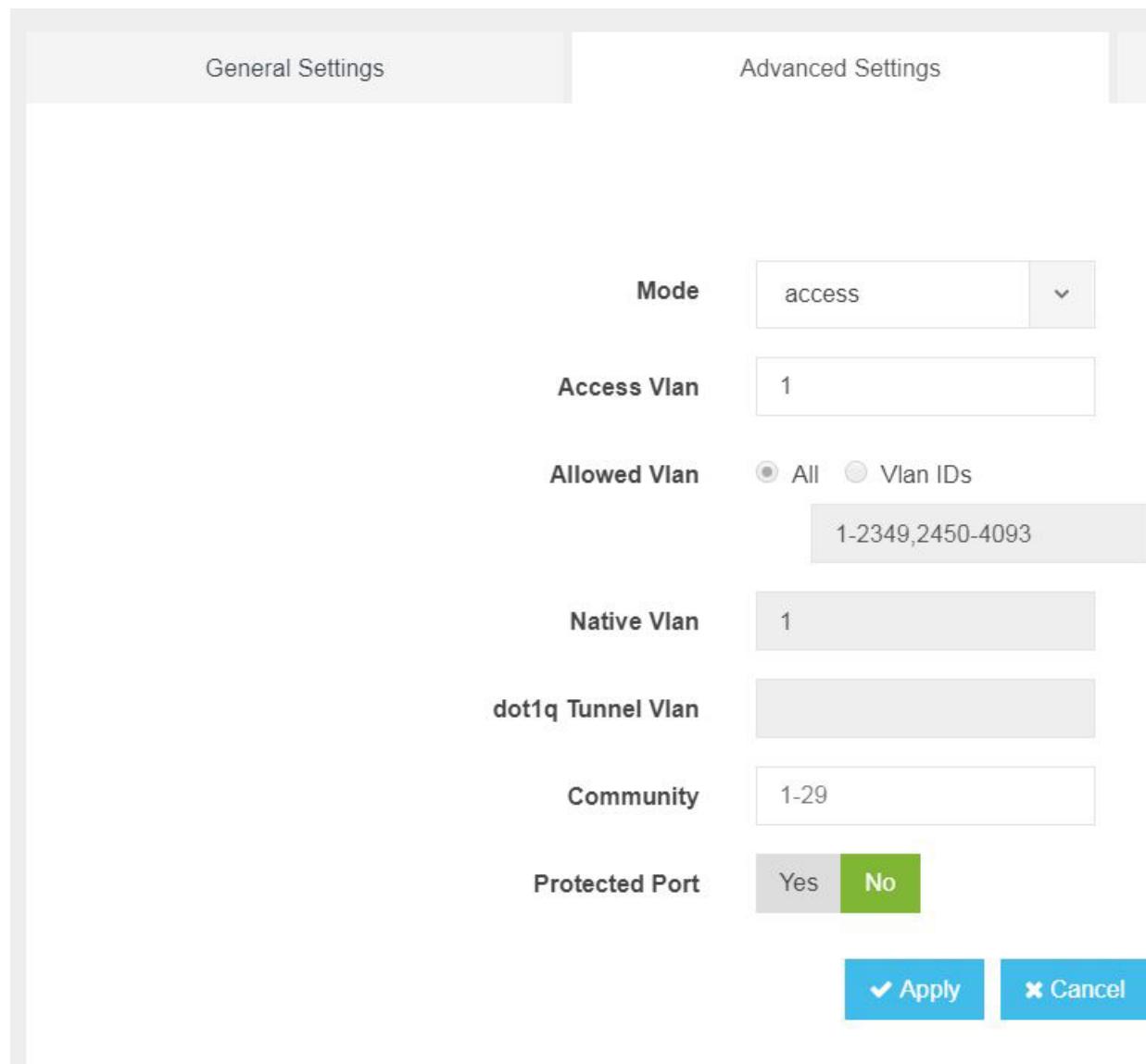
- Interface:** GigabitEthernet1/0
- Description:** (Empty text area)
- Speed:** 1000 (with a dropdown arrow)
- Dot1x Auth:** 802.1x (with a dropdown arrow)
- Admin Status:** (A toggle switch that is currently off)

At the bottom right are two buttons: a blue "Apply" button with a checkmark icon and a white "Cancel" button with a cross icon.

You can configure general settings using the following parameters for each switch interface:

- Interface—Name of the interface
- Description—Set the description per interface
- Speed—10/100/1000 MBPS
- Dot1x Auth—802.1x, mac or both
- PoE Method—auto, never or four-pair
- PoE Limit—0-60000mW
- Admin Status—enable or disable

Configuring Advanced Settings



The screenshot shows the 'Advanced Settings' configuration page. At the top, there are two tabs: 'General Settings' and 'Advanced Settings'. The 'Advanced Settings' tab is active. Below the tabs, there are several configuration parameters:

- Mode:** access (dropdown menu)
- Access Vlan:** 1
- Allowed Vlan:** All (radio button selected) or Vlan IDs (radio button) with the value 1-2349,2450-4093
- Native Vlan:** 1
- dot1q Tunnel Vlan:** (empty field)
- Community:** 1-29
- Protected Port:** Yes (radio button) or No (radio button selected)

At the bottom right are two buttons: a blue 'Apply' button with a checkmark icon and a blue 'Cancel' button with a cancel icon.

You can make the advanced settings using the following parameters for each switch interface:

- Mode—access, dot1q-tunnel, private-vlan, or trunk
- Access Vlan—Specifies the number of VLANs.
- Allowed Vlan—All or VLAN IDs
- Native Vlan—Specifies the VLAN ID. You can enter a value from one of the following ranges:
 - 1 to 2349
 - 2450 to 4093
- Dot1q Tunnel Vlan—Specifies the Layer 2 tunnel port.

- Community—Specifies the community number. Range: 1 to 29
- Protected Port—Yes or No



Note The VLAN configuration takes effect only if the global VLANs are also configured with the same values in [Configuring VLAN, on page 7](#).

Configuring Spanning Tree per Interface

General Settings
Advanced Settings

Spanning Tree <div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-around; margin-top: 10px;"> Enable Disable </div> <div style="margin-top: 20px;"> Cost <input type="text" value="Choose from 1-200000000"/> </div> <div style="margin-top: 20px;"> Priority <input type="text" value="128"/> </div> <div style="margin-top: 20px;"> Link Type <input type="text"/> </div> <div style="margin-top: 20px;"> BPDU Guard <div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-around; margin-top: 10px;"> Enable Disable </div> </div> <div style="margin-top: 20px;"> Root Guard <div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-around; margin-top: 10px;"> Enable Disable </div> </div> <div style="margin-top: 20px;"> Port Fast <input type="text" value="auto"/> </div>	<div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-between; margin-bottom: 10px;"> ✓ Apply ✗ Cancel </div>
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You can configure spanning tree for each switch interface using the following parameters:

- Spanning Tree—Enable or Disable
- Cost—Specifies the cost. Range: 1 to 200000000
- Priority—Specifies the port priority. Range: 0 to 240, default value is 128
- Link Type—point-to-point or shared
- BPDU Guard—Enable or Disable
- Root Guard—Enable or Disable
- Port Fast—auto or enable
- BPDU Filtering—Specifies that BPDU packets are filtered when the spanning tree is disabled
- BPDU Flooding—Specifies that BPDU packets are flooded when the spanning tree is disabled

