



## IPv6: RIPng VRF-Aware Support

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The IPv6: RIPng VRF-Aware Support feature uses separate routing tables for every provider edge-customer edge (PE-CE) scenario, thus allowing improved route protection, modularity, and a potential reduction in the size of the routing table.

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## Information About IPv6: RIPng VRF-Aware Support

### IPv6 Routing: RIP for IPv6

IPv6 Routing Information Protocol (RIP) functions the same and offers the same benefits as IPv4 RIP. RIP enhancements for IPv6, detailed in RFC 2080, include support for IPv6 addresses and prefixes and the use of the all-RIP-devices multicast group address, FF02::9, as the destination address for RIP update messages.

### IPv6: RIPng VRF-Aware Support

When not in Virtual Routing and Forwarding (VRF) mode, every IPv6 Routing Information Protocol (RIP)—also known as RIP Next Generation (RIPng)—process and the configuration associated with it, keeps all the routes in the same routing table. In other routing protocols, it is often required to keep the protocol-related routes stored in separate routing tables.

The IPv6: RIPng VRF-Aware Support feature enables isolation, modularity, and potential performance improvement by reducing the number of routes stored in a single routing table. It also allows a network administrator to create different RIP routing tables and share the same protocol configuration stored in a single RIP protocol configuration block.

# How to Configure IPv6: RIPng VRF-Aware Support

## Configuring IPv6: RIPng VRF-Aware Support

### SUMMARY STEPS

1. **enable**
2. **configure terminal**
3. **ipv6 unicast-routing**
4. **vrf definition** *vrf-name*
5. **address-family** **ipv6**
6. **exit**
7. **exit**
8. **ipv6 rip** **vrf-mode** **enable**
9. **ipv6 router** **rip** *rip-process-name*
10. **exit**
11. **interface** *type* *number*
12. **vrf forwarding** *vrf-name*
13. **ipv6 enable**
14. **ipv6 rip** *rip-process-name* **enable**
15. **end**
16. **debug** **ipv6 rip** **vrf** *vrf-name*
17. **show** **ipv6 rip** **vrf** *vrf-name* **next-hops**
18. **show** **ipv6 rip** **vrf** *vrf-name* **database**

### DETAILED STEPS

	Command or Action	Purpose
<b>Step 1</b>	<b>enable</b> <b>Example:</b>  Device> enable	Enables privileged EXEC mode.  • Enter your password if prompted.
<b>Step 2</b>	<b>configure terminal</b> <b>Example:</b>  Device # configure terminal	Enters global configuration mode.
<b>Step 3</b>	<b>ipv6 unicast-routing</b> <b>Example:</b>  Device (config)# ipv6 unicast-routing	Enables the forwarding of IPv6 unicast datagrams.
<b>Step 4</b>	<b>vrf definition</b> <i>vrf-name</i> <b>Example:</b>	Configures a virtual routing and forwarding (VRF) routing table instance and enters VRF configuration mode.

	<b>Command or Action</b>	<b>Purpose</b>
	<code>Device(config)# vrf definition vrf1</code>	
<b>Step 5</b>	<b>address-family ipv6</b> <b>Example:</b> <code>Device(config-vrf)# address-family ipv6</code>	Enters VRF address family configuration mode and enables IPv6 address prefixes.
<b>Step 6</b>	<b>exit</b> <b>Example:</b> <code>Device(config-vrf-af)# exit</code>	Exits VRF address family configuration mode and returns to VRF configuration mode.
<b>Step 7</b>	<b>exit</b> <b>Example:</b> <code>Device(config-vrf)# exit</code>	Exits VRF configuration mode and returns to global configuration mode.
<b>Step 8</b>	<b>ipv6 rip vrf-mode enable</b> <b>Example:</b> <code>Device (config)# ipv6 rip vrf-mode enable</code>	Enables VRF support for IPv6 RIP routing and enters RTR entry configuration mode.
<b>Step 9</b>	<b>ipv6 router rip rip-process-name</b> <b>Example:</b> <code>Device (config)# ipv6 router rip myrip</code>	Creates an IPv6 Routing Information Protocol (RIP) routing process instance.
<b>Step 10</b>	<b>exit</b> <b>Example:</b> <code>Device (config-rtr)# exit</code>	Exits RTR entry configuration mode and returns to global configuration mode.
<b>Step 11</b>	<b>interface type number</b> <b>Example:</b> <code>Device (config)# interface Ethernet 0/0</code>	Specifies the interface type and number and enters interface configuration mode.
<b>Step 12</b>	<b>vrf forwarding vrf-name</b> <b>Example:</b> <code>Device(config-if)# vrf forwarding vrf1</code>	Binds the interface to the specified VRF routing instance table and removes all the Layer 3 interface configuration that is available when the command is entered.
<b>Step 13</b>	<b>ipv6 enable</b> <b>Example:</b> <code>Device(config-if)# ipv6 enable</code>	Enables IPv6 on the interface.
<b>Step 14</b>	<b>ipv6 rip rip-process-name enable</b> <b>Example:</b> <code>Device(config-if)# ipv6 rip myrip enable</code>	Enables an IPv6 RIP routing process on the interface.
<b>Step 15</b>	<b>end</b> <b>Example:</b> <code>Device (config-if)# end</code>	Exits interface configuration mode and returns to privileged EXEC mode.

	Command or Action	Purpose
<b>Step 16</b>	<b>debug ipv6 rip vrf vrf-name</b> <b>Example:</b> Device# debug ipv6 rip vrf vrf1	Displays debugging information related to VRF support for the specified IPv6 RIP VRF routing table instance.
<b>Step 17</b>	<b>show ipv6 rip vrf vrf-name next-hops</b> <b>Example:</b> Device# show ipv6 rip vrf vrf1 next-hops	Displays the next hops in the specified VRF RIPng routing table.
<b>Step 18</b>	<b>show ipv6 rip vrf vrf-name database</b> <b>Example:</b> Device# show ipv6 rip vrf vrf1 database	Displays the associated RIP local routing information base (RIB).

## Configuration Examples for IPv6: RIPng VRF-Aware Support

### Example: Configuring IPv6: RIPng VRF-Aware Support

```

Device> enable
Device# configure terminal
Device(config)# ipv6 unicast-routing
Device(config)# vrf definition vrf1
Device(config-vrf)# address-family ipv6
Device(config-vrf-af)# exit
Device(config-vrf)# exit
Device(config)# ipv6 rip vrf-mode enable
Device(config)# ipv6 router rip myrip
Device(config-rtr)# exit
Device(config)# interface Ethernet 0/0
Device(config-if)# vrf forwarding vrf1
Device(config-if)# ipv6 enable
Device(config-if)# ipv6 rip myrip enable
Device(config-if)# end

```

### Example: Verifying IPv6: RIPng VRF-Aware Support

```

Device> debug ipv6 rip vrf vrf1

RIP Routing Protocol debugging is on for vrf vrf1
Sending:
*Mar 15 11:23:08.508: RIPng: Sending multicast update on Ethernet0/0 for vrf for vrf vrf1
*Mar 15 11:23:08.508: src=2001:DB8:0:1:FFFF:1234::5
*Mar 15 11:23:08.508: dst=2001:DB8:0:1::1 (Ethernet0/0)
*Mar 15 11:23:08.508: sport=521, dport=521, length=52
*Mar 15 11:23:08.508: command=2, version=1, mbz=0, #rte=2
*Mar 15 11:23:08.508: tag=0, metric=1, prefix=6000::/64
*Mar 15 11:23:08.508: tag=0, metric=1, prefix=2000::/64

```

```
*Mar 15 11:23:08.508: RIPng: Packet waiting
*Mar 15 11:23:08.508: RIPng: Process vrf received own response on Loopback1
Receiving
*Mar 15 11:23:20.316: RIPng: Packet waiting
*Mar 15 11:23:20.316: RIPng: response received from FE80::A8BB:CCFF:FE00:7C00 on Ethernet0/0
for vrf
*Mar 15 11:23:20.316: src=2001:DB8:0:1:FFFF:1234::4 (Ethernet0/0)
*Mar 15 11:23:20.316: dst=2001:DB8::1
*Mar 15 11:23:20.316: sport=521, dport=521, length=32
*Mar 15 11:23:20.316: command=2, version=1, mbz=0, #rte=1
*Mar 15 11:23:20.316: tag=0, metric=1, prefix=AAAA::/64
```

```
Device> show ipv6 rip vrf vrf1 database
```

```
RIP VRF "vrf1", local RIB
FE80::A8BB:CCFF:FE00:7C00/Ethernet0/0 [1 paths]
```

```
Device> show ipv6 rip vrf vrf1 next-hops
```

```
RIP VRF "vrf1", Next Hops
  AAAA::/64, metric 2, installed
Ethernet0/0/FE80::A8BB:CCFF:FE00:7C00, expires in 177 secs
```

## Additional References for IPv6: RIPng VRF-Aware Support

### Related Documents

Related Topic	Document Title
IP Routing: RIP commands	<a href="#">Cisco IOS IP Routing: RIP Command Reference</a>
IPv6 Routing: RIP for IPv6	<i>Cisco IOS IP Routing: RIP Configuration Guide</i>

### Standards and RFCs

Standard/RFC	Title
RFC 2080	<i>RIPng for IPv6</i>

**Technical Assistance**

Description	Link
<p>The Cisco Support website provides extensive online resources, including documentation and tools for troubleshooting and resolving technical issues with Cisco products and technologies.</p> <p>To receive security and technical information about your products, you can subscribe to various services, such as the Product Alert Tool (accessed from Field Notices), the Cisco Technical Services Newsletter, and Really Simple Syndication (RSS) Feeds.</p> <p>Access to most tools on the Cisco Support website requires a Cisco.com user ID and password.</p>	<a href="http://www.cisco.com/support">http://www.cisco.com/support</a>

## Feature Information for IPv6: RIPng VRF-Aware Support

The following table provides release information about the feature or features described in this module. This table lists only the software release that introduced support for a given feature in a given software release train. Unless noted otherwise, subsequent releases of that software release train also support that feature.

Use Cisco Feature Navigator to find information about platform support and Cisco software image support. To access Cisco Feature Navigator, go to [www.cisco.com/go/cfn](http://www.cisco.com/go/cfn). An account on Cisco.com is not required.

**Table 1: IPv6: RIPng VRF-Aware Support**

Feature Name	Releases	Feature Information
IPv6: RIPng VRF-Aware Support	15.3(3)M 15.2(1)SY	<p>When not virtual routing and forwarding (VRF) aware, IPv6 Routing Information Protocol (RIP), also known as RIP Next Generation (RIPng), works only with routes that are available in the default global routing table. When operating in VRF mode, RIPng, creates a separate routing table for each VRF instance. The IPv6: RIPng VRF-Aware Support feature enables the availability of separate routing tables for every provider edge-customer edge (PE-CE) scenario, thus allowing improved route protection, modularity, and a potential reduction in the size of the routing table.</p> <p>The following commands were introduced or modified: <b>clear ipv6 rip</b>, <b>debug ipv6 rip</b>, <b>ipv6 rip vrf-mode enable</b>, and <b>show ipv6 rip</b>.</p>