

OSPF Link-State Advertisement Throttling

The OSPF Link-State Advertisement Throttling feature provides a dynamic mechanism to slow down link-state advertisement (LSA) updates in Open Shortest Path First (OSPF) during times of network instability. It also allows faster OSPF convergence by providing LSA rate limiting in milliseconds.

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Prerequisites for OSPF LSA Throttling

It is presumed that you have OSPF configured in your network.

Information About OSPF LSA Throttling

Benefits of OSPF LSA Throttling

Prior to the OSPF LSA Throttling feature, LSA generation was rate-limited for 5 seconds. That meant that changes in an LSA could not be propagated in milliseconds, so the OSPF network could not achieve millisecond convergence.

The OSPF LSA Throttling feature is enabled by default and allows faster OSPF convergence (in milliseconds). This feature can be customized. One command controls the generation (sending) of LSAs, and another command controls the receiving interval. This feature also provides a dynamic mechanism to slow down the frequency of LSA updates in OSPF during times of network instability.

How OSPF LSA Throttling Works

The **timers throttle Isa all** command controls the generation (sending) of LSAs. The first LSA is always generated immediately upon an OSPF topology change, and the next LSA generated is controlled by the minimum start interval. The subsequent LSAs generated for the same LSA are rate-limited until the maximum

interval is reached. The "same LSA" is defined as an LSA instance that contains the same LSA ID number, LSA type, and advertising router ID.

The **timers Isa arrival** command controls the minimum interval for accepting the same LSA. If an instance of the same LSA arrives sooner than the interval that is set, the LSA is dropped. It is recommended that the arrival interval be less than or equal to the hold-time interval of the **timers throttle Isa all** command.

How to Customize OSPF LSA Throttling

Customizing OSPF LSA Throttling

SUMMARY STEPS

- 1. enable
- 2. configure terminal
- 3. router ospf process-id
- **4.** timers throttle lsa all start-interval hold-interval max-interval
- 5. timers lsa arrival milliseconds
- 6. end
- 7. show ip ospf timers rate-limit
- 8. show ip ospf

DETAILED STEPS

	Command or Action	Purpose	
Step 1	enable	Enables privileged EXEC mode.	
	Example:	• Enter your password if prompted.	
	Router> enable		
Step 2	configure terminal	Enters global configuration mode.	
	Example:		
	Router# configure terminal		
Step 3	router ospf process-id	Configures an OSPF routing process.	
	Example:		
	Router(config) # router ospf 1		
Step 4	timers throttle Isa all start-interval hold-interval max-interval	(Optional) Sets the rate-limiting values (in milliseconds) for LSA generation.	
	Example:	The default values are as follows:	
	Router(config-router)# timers throttle lsa all 100 10000 45000	 start-intervalis 0 milliseconds. hold-intervalis 5000 milliseconds.	

	Command or Action	Purpose	
		• max-intervalis 5000 milliseconds.	
Step 5	timers lsa arrival milliseconds Example:	(Optional) Sets the minimum interval (in milliseconds) between instances of receiving the same LSA.	
		• The default value is 1000 milliseconds.	
	Router(config-router)# timers lsa arrival 2000	We suggest you keep the <i>milliseconds</i> value of the LSA arrival timer less than or equal to the neighbors' hold-interval value of the timers throttle Isa all command.	
Step 6	end	Exits router configuration mode.	
	Example:		
	Router(config-router)# end		
Step 7	show ip ospf timers rate-limit	(Optional) Displays a list of the LSAs in the rate limit queue	
	Example:	 (about to be generated). The example shows two LSAs in the queue. Each LSA is identified by LSA ID number, Type (of LSA), 	
	Router# show ip ospf timers rate-limit		
	Example:	Advertising router ID, and the time in hours:minutes:seconds (to the milliseconds) when the LSA is due to be generated.	
	Example:		
	LSAID: 10.1.1.1 Type: 1 Adv Rtr: 172.16.2.2 Due in: 00:00:00.028		
	Example:		
	LSAID: 192.168.4.1 Type: 3 Adv Rtr: 172.17.2.2 Due in: 00:00:00.028		
Step 8	show ip ospf	(Optional) Displays information about OSPF.	
	Example:	The output lines that specify initial throttle delay, minimum hold time for LSA throttle, and maximum	
	Router# show ip ospf	wait time for LSA throttle indicate the LSA throttling	
	Example:	values.	
	Example:		
	Routing Process "ospf 4" with ID 10.10.24.4		
	Example:		
	Supports only single TOS(TOS0) routes		
	Example:		

Command or Action	Purpose
Supports opaque LSA	
Example:	
Supports Link-local Signaling (LLS)	
Example:	
Initial SPF schedule delay 5000 msecs	
Example:	
Minimum hold time between two consecutive SPFs 10000 msecs	
Example:	
Maximum wait time between two consecutive SPFs 10000 msecs	
Example:	
Incremental-SPF disabled	
Example:	
Initial LSA throttle delay 100 msecs	
Example:	
Minimum hold time for LSA throttle 10000 msecs	
Example:	
Maximum wait time for LSA throttle 45000 msecs	
Example:	
Minimum LSA arrival 1000 msecs	
Example:	
LSA group pacing timer 240 secs	
Example:	
Interface flood pacing timer 33 msecs	
Example:	
Retransmission pacing timer 66 msecs	
Example:	
Number of external LSA 0. Checksum Sum 0x0	
Example:	

Comman	d or Action	Purpose
Number	of opaque AS LSA 0. Checksum Sum 0x0	
Example	:	
Number	of DCbitless external and opaque AS LSA 0	
Example	:	
Number	of DoNotAge external and opaque AS LSA 0	
Example	:	
Number stub 0 1	of areas in this router is 1. 1 normal 0	
Example	:	
Externa	al flood list length 0	
Example	:	
Area	a 24	
Example	:	
	Number of interfaces in this area is 2	
Example	:	
	Area has no authentication	
Example	:	
ago	SPF algorithm last executed 04:28:18.396	
Example	:	
	SPF algorithm executed 8 times	
Example	:	
	Area ranges are	
Example	:	
	Number of LSA 4. Checksum Sum 0x23EB9	
Example	:	
0x0	Number of opaque link LSA 0. Checksum Sum	
Example	:	
•	Number of DCbitless LSA 0	
Example		

Command or Action	Purpose
Number of indication LSA 0	
Example:	
Number of DoNotAge LSA 0	
Example:	
Flood list length 0	

Configuration Examples for OSPF LSA Throttling

Example OSPF LSA Throttling

This example customizes OSPF LSA throttling so that the start interval is 200 milliseconds, the hold interval is 10,000 milliseconds, and the maximum interval is 45,000 milliseconds. The minimum interval between instances of receiving the same LSA is 2000 milliseconds.

```
router ospf 1
log-adjacency-changes
timers throttle lsa all 200 10000 45000
timers lsa arrival 2000
network 10.10.4.0 0.0.0.255 area 24
network 10.10.24.0 0.0.0.255 area 24
```

Additional References

The following sections provide references related to OSPF LSA throttling.

Related Documents

Related Topic	Document Title	
Cisco IOS commands	Cisco IOS Master Commands List, All Releases	
OSPF commands	Cisco IOS IP Routing: OSPF Command Reference	
Configuring OSPF	"Configuring OSPF"	
OSPFv3 Fast Convergence: LSA and SPF Throttling	"OSPFv3 Fast Convergence: LSA and SPF Throttling" module	
OSPFv3 Max-Metric Router LSA	"OSPFv3 Max-Metric Router LSA" module	

Standards

Standard	Title
None	

MIBs

MIB	MIBs Link
No new or modified MIBs are supported by this feature, and support for existing MIBs has not been modified by this feature.	To locate and download MIBs for selected platforms, Cisco IOS XE releases, and feature sets, use Cisco MIB Locator found at the following URL: http://www.cisco.com/go/mibs

RFCs

RFC	Title
None	

Technical Assistance

Description	Link
The Cisco Support and Documentation website provides online resources to download documentation, software, and tools. Use these resources to install and configure the software and to troubleshoot and resolve technical issues with Cisco products and technologies. Access to most tools on the Cisco Support and Documentation website requires a Cisco.com user ID and password.	

Feature Information for OSPF Link-State Advertisement Throttling

The following table provides release information about the feature or features described in this module. This table lists only the software release that introduced support for a given feature in a given software release train. Unless noted otherwise, subsequent releases of that software release train also support that feature.

Use Cisco Feature Navigator to find information about platform support and Cisco software image support. To access Cisco Feature Navigator, go to www.cisco.com/go/cfn. An account on Cisco.com is not required.

Table 1: Feature Information for OSPF Link-State Advertisement Throttling

Feature Name	Releases	Feature Information	
OSPF Link-State Advertisement Throttling	Cisco IOS XE Release 2.1 Cisco IOS XE Release 2.6	The OSPF Link-State Advertisement Throttling feature provides a dynamic mechanism to slow down link-state advertisement (LSA) updates in OSPF during times of network instability. It also allows faster OSPF convergence by providing LSA rate limiting in milliseconds.	
		The following commands are introduced or modified in the feature documented in this module:	
		• debug ip ospf database-timer rate-limit	
		• show ip ospf	
		• show ip ospf timers rate-limit	
		• timers lsa arrival	
		• timers throttle lsa all	

Table 2: Feature Information for OSPF Link-State Advertisement Throttling

Feature Name	Releases	Feature Information
OSPF Link-State Advertisement Throttling		This feature was introduced.