

# **Managing System Settings**

This section describes how to manage system settings.



**Note** To manage system settings, you must be logged in either as root or as a user with Administrative Operations permissions.

System settings are managed from the **ADMIN** > **System Management** menu.

Access	System
Management	Management
Users	Active Sessions
Roles	Audit Trail
Domains	Certificates
Password Policy	Data Retention
Authentication	License Center
	Logging
	Syslog Settings
	Provisioning Settings
	Server Settings
	Jobs

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# **Managing Active Sessions**

IoT FND tracks active user sessions and lets you log out users.

## **Viewing Active Sessions**

To view active user sessions:

#### Procedure

### Choose ADMIN > System Management > Active Sessions.

IoT FND displays the Active Sessions page.

ciso	III. IOT FIELD NETWORK DIRECTOR			DASHBOARD	DEVICES 🗸	OPERATIONS 🗸	CONFIG 🗸	ADMIN 🗸
ADMI	N > SYSTEM MANAGEMENT > ACTI	VE SESSIONS						
Refre	sh Logout Users Clear Filter							
	User Name	IP	Login Time		Last Access Time	•		
	root	10.65.50.154	2021-11-11 12:57		2021-11-11 14:23			
	root	10.65.40.200	2021-11-10 16:45		2021-11-11 14:23			
	root	10.65.79.9	2021-11-11 10:47		2021-11-11 14:23			
	root	10.65.231.232	2021-11-11 11:01		2021-11-11 12:20			
	root	10.65.35.187	2021-11-10 13:24		2021-11-11 08:55			
	root	10.227.243.226	2021-11-10 10:19		2021-11-10 18:45			

The table describes the Active Session fields:

Field	Description
User Name	The user name in the session record. To view user settings, click the user name.
IP	The IP address of the system the user employs to access IoT FND.
Login Time	The log in date and time for the user.
Last Access Time	The last time the user accessed the system.

Tip

Click the **Reload** button (upper-left hand corner) to update the users list.

### **Logging Out Users**

To log out an IoT FND user:

### Procedure

Step 1	Choose ADMIN > System Management > Active Sessions.
Step 2	Select the check boxes for those users you want to log out.
Step 3	Click Logout Users.
Step 4	Click Yes to confirm logout of the users.

### **Filtering the Active Sessions List**

To filter the Active Sessions list using column filtering:

### Procedure

### Step 1 Choose ADMIN > System Management > Active Sessions.

**Step 2** Hover the mouse over the User Name column heading to expose the filter icon (triangle). Enter the user name or the first characters of the user name to filter the list.

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ADMIN > SYSTEM MANAGEMENT > ACT	VE SESSIONS						
Refresh Logout Users Clear Filter							
User Name	IP Login Time	La	st Access Time	•			
🗌 root	Sort Ascending Sort Descending	20	021-11-10 18:45				
🗆 root	Filters 21-11-10 13:24	20	021-11-11 08:55				
🗆 root	10.65.231.232 2021-11-11 11:01	20	021-11-11 12:20				
🗆 root	10.65.79.9 2021-11-11 10:47	20	021-11-11 14:27				
🗌 root	10.65.40.200 2021-11-10 16:45	20	021-11-11 14:27				
🗌 root	10.65.50.154 2021-11-11 12:57	20	021-11-11 14:27				

For example, to list the active sessions for the root user, enter **root**.

TipTo remove the filter, from the User Name drop-down menu, clear the Filters check box or click Clear<br/>Filter.

# **Displaying the Audit Trail**

Use the audit trail to track IoT Field Network Director user activity.

To display the Audit Trail:

### Procedure

### Choose ADMIN > System Management > Audit Trail.

cisco FIELD NETWO	ORK DIRECT	OR		DASHBC	DARD DEVICE	S V OPERATIONS V	CONFIG 🗸 🖉	ADMIN -	root 💽 🗸
ADMIN > SYSTEM MAN	AGEMENT > A	UDIT TRAIL							
Clear Filter								Displayin	ng 51 - 100 of 195 🛯 4   Page 2 of 4   🕨 🕅   50 🔻 🛛 🔁
Date/Time ·	Domain	User Name	IP	Operation	Status	Details			
2023-10-12 00.31.30	ruut	TOOL	10.142.82.00	runner provisioning template updated	JULLESS	Device type, cgi rooo			-
2023-10-12 08:26:15	root	root	10.142.92.80	Login	Success	N/A			
2023-10-12 06 44 29	root	root	10.232.4 123	Login	Success	N/A			
2023-10-11 08:59:16	root	root	10.196.134.90	Devices removed	Success	N/A			
2023-10-11 08:52:08	root	root	10.196.134.90	Login	Success	N/A			
2023-10-11 06:57:09	root	root	10.196.134.90	IPAM Ipv6 address generation	Success	Excluded Ipv6 [13], Usable	e Ipv6 generated	[243]	
2023-10-11 06:57:09	root	root	10.196.134.90	Tunnel provisioning settings changed	Success	N/A			
2023-10-11 06:52:50	root	root	10.196.134.90	Login	Success	N/A			

### The table below describes the Audit Trail Fields:

Field	Description
Date/Time	Date and time of the operation.
Domain	Specifies domains with root or non-root access.
	• Root - The Admin user who defines root access for other users while creating a domain.
	• Non-root - Admin creates the domain without root access.
User Name	The user who performed the operation. To view user settings, click the user name.
IP	IP address of the system that the user employs to access IoT FND.
Operation	Type of operation performed.
Status	Status of the operation.
Details	Operation details.

Tip

Click the **Refresh** icon (far right) to update the list.

### **Filtering the Audit Trail List**

To filter the Audit Trail list using column filtering:

### Procedure

Step 1	Choose A	e ADMIN > System Management > Audit Trail.					
Step 2	From the User Name drop-down menu, pass over Filters option and in the field that appears enter the user name of first characters of the user name to filter the list.						
	For exam	pple, to list the Audit Trail entries for the user jane, enter <b>jane</b> .					
	Тір	To remove the filter, from the User Name drop-down menu, uncheck the <b>Filters</b> check box or click <b>Clear Filter</b> (left of the screen).					

# **Managing Certificates**

The Certificates page displays the certificates for CSMP (CoAP Simple Management Protocol), and Web certificates used by IoT FND and lets you download these certificates.

To display the CSMP, and Web certificates:

### Procedure

- Step 1 Choose ADMIN > System Management > Certificates.
- **Step 2** To view a certificate, click its corresponding heading (such as Certificate for Routers).

cisco Field Network Director	DASHBOARD	DEVICES 🗸	OPERATIONS 🗸	CONFIG 🗸	ADMIN 🗸
ADMIN > SYSTEM MANAGEMENT > CERTIFICATES					
Certificate for CSMP Certificate for Routers Certificate for Web Certificate Setting	s				
Certificate: Data: Version: 3 Serial Number: 1911174027 Signature Algorithm: SHA256withECDSA Issuer: CN=SSM_CSMP, OU=CENBU, O=Cisco, L=San Jose, ST=CA, C=US Validity Not After: Thu Jul 21 23:32:52 UTC 2014 Not After: Thu Jul 21 23:32:52 UTC 2014 Subject: CN=SSM_CSMP, OU=CENBU, O=Cisco, L=San Jose, ST=CA, C=US Fingerprints: MD5: 2E:AC:06:1F:3E:A8:A6:BE:33:1F:1E:EF:33:D9:80:29 SHA1: 48:A2:EC:63:2F:6F:54:25:23:56:EF:6F:4E:E9:8E:2D:93:50:A0:FF SHA256: C4:10:BB:56:16:52:CC:A8:40:8C:E8:46:50:71:01:EE:D1:BB:15:7F:0E:1B:3 Subject Public Key Info: Public Key Algorithm: EC 30:59:30:13:06:07:2A:86:48:CE:3D:02:01:06:08: 2A:86:48:CE:3D:03:01:07:03:42:00:04:23:D2:83: 45:E8:D5:DF:86:9D:6E:E7:58:0D:C1:8F:35:9D:57: B1:3D:50:4A:16:01:15:C4:81:19:B0:E6:60:B8:64: 14:01:5D:56:33:BE:E1:E5:59:3CE:90:E1:F7:9B:F4: 33:5A:4B:29:AD:35:69:9B:4F:DC:42:7F:EB:C2:99: A5	2:9E:93:20:36:72:62:	47:1C:49			
	Binary				

Managing System Settings

Download

O Base64

File: Select a file from local directory.

P

Step 3To download a certificate, select encoding type (Binary or Base64) radio button, and then click Download.For more information about certificates, see Generating and Installing Certificates in the Cisco IoT Field Network Director<br/>Installation Guide.

### **Configuring CA Certification to verify the App Signature**

Allows you to import and add a trust anchor to the default profile for a Cisco IOx device that is being managed by IoT FND such as IC3000 or IR800. (The default profile is not visible to the user). You can enable this capability on the Application Security tab of the Certificate page.

The Application Security tab only appears when both of the following conditions are met:

- The user should have application management permission.
- At least one IOx device is being managed such as IC3000 or IR800.

To import and add a trust anchor to a default profile for a Cisco IOx device:

Step 1	Choose ADMI	N > System Manage	ment > Certific	ates.						
Step 2	Select the Application Security tab. The page that appears displays any existing trust anchors.									
	<b>Note</b> By default, no information will display for new installations or updates and the fields for Checksum and Trust Anchor will display a value of <b>'None'</b> .)									
Step 3	To import a new a path to the file	a new trust anchor, e. Click the disk icon	check the boxes to Save your en	next to App Sign tries. File will als	ature and Import N so be pushed to Fog	ew Trust Anchor and then g Director.	enter			
	Note	After you save and the page replacing t	reload the Certif	icates page, the ones of None.	Checksum and Trus	at Anchor File name appea	ar on			
	cisco FIELD M	ETWORK DIRECTOR				DASHBOARD	DEVICES -			
	ADMIN > SYSTEM	MANAGEMENT > CERT	IFICATES							
	Certificate for CSM	P Certificate for Routers	Certificate for Web	Certificate Settings	Application Security					
	Existing trust Ancho	r				Checksum: None				
					,	rust Anchor filename: None				
						App Signature:				
					Imp	ort new Trust Anchor:				

L

## **Configuring Data Retention**

The Data Retention page lets you determine the number of days to keep event, issue, and metric data in the IoT FND database.

**Note** Data retention prunes events even if they have associated open issues.

To set IoT FND data retention:

### Procedure

### **Step 1** Choose **ADMIN > System Management > Data Retention**.

**Step 2** For each of the retention categories, specify the number of days to retain the data as specified in the table.

#### Table 1: Data Retention Field Allowable Maximum Values

Field	Minimum Values in Days	Maximum Values in Days	Default Values in Days
Keep Event data for	1	90	31
Keep Endpoint Firmware Operation data for	7	180	7
Keep Historical Dashboard data for	1	90	62
Keep Dashboard data for	1	7	7
Keep Historical Endpoint Metrics for	1	7	7
Keep Closed Issues data for	1	90	30
Keep JobEngine data for	1	30	30
Keep Historical Router Statistics data for	1	90	30
Keep Device Network Statistics data for	1	7	7
Keep Service Provider down routers data for	1	31	31

- **Step 3** To save the maximum values, click the disk icon.
- **Step 4** To revert to default settings, click **Reset**.

## **Managing Licenses**

This section is moved to a new location with improved user experience. For more information on managing licenses on Cisco IoT FND see, Classic Licensing In Cisco IoT FND.

## **Managing Logs**

This section explains about configuring and downloading logs.

### **Configuring Log Settings**

IoT FND lets you change the logging level for the various log categories and download the logs. Logs incur a certain amount of disk space. For example, for 5 million meters at an 8-hour reporting interval and 5000 routers at a 60-minute periodic inventory notification, disk consumption is approximately 7MB/sec. Ensure that your server has enough disk space to contain your logs.

To configure the logging level:

### Procedure

- Step 1 Choose ADMIN > System Management > Logging.
- Step 2 Select Log Level Settings.
- **Step 3** Check the check boxes of all logging categories to configure.



Step 4

From the Change Log Level drop-down menu, choose the logging level setting (Debug or Informational).

• To gene	erate all possible logging messages, use the <b>Debug</b> level.
Note	Running the <b>Debug</b> logging category can impact performance.

	• To generate a subset of these messages, use the <b>Informational</b> logging level.				
	Note	The <b>Informational</b> logging level is the default for all categories when IoT FND opens. Custom logging level settings are retained between log-in sessions, but not after IoT FND restarts.			
Step 5	To apply the configuration, click <b>Go</b> .				
	Note	The server log file is rotated based on size.			
Step 6	Click the disk icon to save the configuration.				

### **Downloading Logs**

To download logs:

### Procedure

Sten 1	Choose	Choose <b>ADMIN</b> > <b>System Management</b> > <b>Logging</b> . Click the <b>Download Logs</b> tab.					
Step 2	Click the						
Step 3	Click the <b>Download Logs</b> button.						
	• WI	hen you click this button in a single-server deployment, IoT FND compresses the log files into a single zip file d adds an entry to the Download Logs pane with a link to the zip file.					
	• In	IoT FND cluster deployments, when you click this button, the IoT FND server to which you are connected:					
	• Compresses the log files on the server into a single zip file and adds an entry to the Download Logs pane with a link to the zip file.						
		• Initiates the transfer of the log files in .zip format from the other servers to this server. As files become available, the server adds entries for these files to the Download Logs pane.					
Step 4	To down	load a zip file locally, click its file name.					
	Тір	In a cluster environment, if you need to send log files to Cisco Support, ensure that you send the log files of all cluster servers.					

# **Configuring Provisioning Settings**

The Provisioning Settings page (**ADMIN** > **System Management** > **Provisioning Settings**) lets you configure the IoT FND URL, DHCPv4 Proxy Client, and DHCPv6 Proxy Client settings required for IoT FND to create tunnels between routers and ASRs/C8000 (Provisioning Settings page). For an example of tunnels as used in

the IoT FND, see Tunnel Provisioning Configuration Process topic in the Managing Tunnel Provisioning chapter.

During Zero Touch Deployment (ZTD), you can add DHCP calls to the device configuration template for leased IP addresses.



**Note** For Red Hat Linux 7.x server installations, you must configure specific IPv4 and IPv6 addresses from the IoT FND Linux host server to which to bind DHCP IPv4 and IPv6 clients by setting the following values in IoT FND:

ADMIN > Provisioning Settings > DHCPv6 Proxy Client > Client Listen Address	Set the value to the IPv6 address of the interface to use to obtain IPv6 DHCP leases from the DHCP server. The default value is "::". Change the default setting to an actual IPv6 address on the Linux host machine.		
ADMIN > Provisioning Settings > DHCPv4 Proxy Client > Client Listen Address	Set the value to the IPv4 address of the interface to use to obtain IPv4 DHCP leases from the DHCP server. The default value is "0.0.0.0". Change the default setting to an actual IPv4 address on the Linux host machine.		

Note

To configure tunnel and proxy settings, you must be logged in either as root or as a user with Administrative Operations permissions.

Under **ADMIN** >**System Management** > **Provisioning Setting** page, the CSMP optimization settings help to configure the timeout to acquire lock when processing the csmp messages. By default, the timeout value is 5 seconds which can be configured between 1 to 30 seconds.



Note

This csmp setting is applicable only for Oracle deployments.

If the timeout happens, then during registration, the following message is displayed in the server.log file.

"Failed to acquire lock for <Endpoint Eid> during registration. Another Operation seems to be in progress."

During csmp notification, the following log message is displayed in the server.log file when handing csmp messages.

"Failed to acquire lock to update Endpoint Status. Another Operation seems to be in progress."

#### **Provisioning Settings Page**

https://fnd.iot.cisco.com/9121				
Field Area Router uses this URL to register with IoT-FND after the tunnel is configured				
https://fnd.iot.cisco.com:9121				
Field Area Router uses this URL for reporting periodic metrics with IoT-FND				
#05::1:3				
IPv6 address to send (or multicast) DHCPv6 messages to (can be multiple addresses, separated by commas)				
547				
Port to send (or multicast) DHCPv6 messages to				
IPv6 address to bind to, for sending and receiving DHCPv6 messages (for cluster deployment use cgms.properties file)				
255.255.255.255				
IPv4 address to send (or broadcast) DHCPv4 messages to (can be multiple addresses, separated by commas)				
67				
Port to send (or broadcast) DHCPv4 messages to				
0.0.0.0				
IPv4 address to bind to, for sending and receiving DHCPv4 messages (for cluster deployment use cgms.properties file)				
O PnP Install TrustPool     O Cisco Cloud Redirection     O Custom CA				
http://1.1.1.65:80/certsrv/mscep/mscep.dll				
URL of the CA server. The URL could point to a RA instead				
dc8448df8f96008e7f8ac1b1ea887a852d96d388				
Fingerprint of the issuing CA Server				
fnd.iot.cisco.com				
TPS IPv4 address or Hostname				
True     False				
5				
PNP State Max Retries On Error - Enter a value between 1 and 5 *ZTD Settings in UI will take precedence over the same in cgms properties				
gs				
) Faise				

### **Configuring the IoT FND Server URL**

The IoT FND URL is the URL that routers use to access with IoT FND after the tunnel is established. This URL is also accessed during periodic inventories. During ZTD, routers transition from accessing IoT FND through the TPS proxy to using this URL, which must be appropriate for use through the tunnel.

To configure the IoT FND URL:

### Procedure

Step 1 Step 2	Choose <b>ADMIN</b> > <b>System Management</b> > <b>Provisioning Settings</b> . In the <b>IoT FND URL</b> field, enter the URL of the IoT FND server.					
	The URL must use the HTTPS protocol and include the port number designated to receive registration requests. By default, the port number is 9121. For example:					
	https://nms.sgbu.example.com:9121					
Sten 3	Click Save					

### **Configuring DHCP Option 43 on Cisco IOS DHCP Server**

To configure for IPv4, enter:

```
ip dhcp pool fnd-pool
network 192.0.2.0 255.255.0
default-router 192.0.2.1
option 43 ascii "5A;K4;B2;I192.0.2.215;J9125"
5 - DHCP type code 5
A - Active feature operation code
K4 - HTTP transport protocol
B2 - PnP/FND server IP address type is IPv4
I - 192.0.2.215 - PnP/FND server IP address
J9125 - Port number 9125
```

### **Configuring DHCPv4 Proxy Client**

To configure DHCPv4 Proxy client settings:

to the next server in the list, and so on.

Step 1	Choose ADMIN > System Management > Provisioning Settings.				
Step 2 Configure the DHCPv4 Proxy Client settings:					
	a) In the Se	rver Address field, enter the address of the DHCPv4 server that provides tunnel IP addresses.			
	Note	You can enter multiple addresses separated by commas. However, in most cases, you only need one server IoT FND tries to get the tunnel IP addresses from the first server in the list. If it cannot, it moves			

- b) In the Server Port field, enter the port address on the DHCP server to send DHCPv4 requests to.
  - **Note** Do not change the default port number (67) unless you have configured your DHCP server to operate on a non-standard port.
- c) In the Client Listen Address field, enter the address to bind to for send and receive DHCPv4 messages.
  - **Note** This is the address of the interface that the DHCP server uses to communicate with IoT FND. You can enter multiple backup addresses separated by commas.

Step 3 Click Save.

### **Configuring DHCPv6 Proxy Client**

To configure DHCPv6 Proxy client settings:

#### Procedure

Choose	ADMIN > System Management > Provisioning Settings.					
Configu	re the DHCPv6 Proxy client settings:					
a) In th	e Server Address field, enter the address of the DHCPv6 server that provides tunnel IP addresses.					
You tries	can enter multiple addresses separated by commas. However, in most cases, you only need one server. IoT FND to get the tunnel IP addresses using DHCP protocols. If it cannot, it goes to the next server in the list and so on.					
b) In th	e Server Port field, enter the port address on the DHCP server to send DHCPv6 requests.					
Note	Do not change the default port number (547) unless you have configured your DHCP server to operate on a non-standard port.					
c) In th	e Client Listen Address field, enter the address to bind to for DHCPv6 send and receive messages.					
This back	This is the address of the interface that the DHCP server uses to communicate with IoT FND. You can enter multip backup addresses separated by commas.					
Тір	For IoT FND installations where the host has multiple interfaces, the client sends requests using each listed source address. The default values, "0.0.0.0" (IPv4) and "::" (IPv6), cause the client to send requests out each interface. Usually, one interface faces the DHCP server(s). In these installations, setting the <b>Client Listen Address</b> field to the IP address of the facing interface sends all client requests out that interface.					

Step 3 Click Save.

# **Configuring Server Settings**

The Server Settings page (**ADMIN** > **System Management** > **Server Settings**) lets you view and manage server settings.

## **Configuring Download Log Settings**



Configuring download log settings is only required for IoT FND cluster setup.

The Download Logs page lets you configure the Keystore settings.

To configure download log settings:

### Procedure

Step 1	Choose ADMIN > System Management > Server Settings.
Step 2	Click the <b>Download Logs</b> tab.
Step 3	Configure these settings:

#### **Table 2: Keystore Settings**

Field	Description
Keystore Filename	Click <b>Upload Keystore File</b> to upload a Keystore file with the public key of the X.509 certificate that IoT FND uses. You can reuse the same Keystore file.
Keystore Password	Enter the password that IoT FND uses to access the Keystore file on start up.
Confirm Keystore Password	
FTP Password	Enter the FTP password.
Confirm FTP Password	

**Step 4** To save the configuration, click the disk icon.

### **Configuring Web Sessions**

The Web Sessions page lets you specify the number of timeout seconds after which IoT FND terminates web sessions and logs users out.

To configure web session timeout:

Step 1	Choose ADMIN > System Management > Server Settings.
Step 2	Click the Web Session tab.
Step 3	Enter the number of timeout seconds.
	The valid values are 0-86400 (24 hours).

Note

If a web session is idle for the specified amount of time, IoT FND terminates the session and logs the user out.

**Step 4** To save the configuration, click the disk icon.

### **Configuring Device Down Timeouts**

The **Server Settings** page allows you to configure the device down timeout globally for head-end routers (ASR, C8000) and other devices that are managed by IoT FND such as routers (CGR1000, IR800, IR8100, ESR), endpoints, and gateways. On reaching the specified device down timeout interval, the devices move to *Down* state in the IoT FND GUI based on the last heard value from the device (must be greater than the down timeout value) and the tunnel interface state. If the tunnel interface that is associated with the device is *Down* as well, then devices are marked *Down* in IoT FND GUI. Otherwise, IoT FND must wait until the tunnel interface goes *Down* to mark the device as *Down* in IoT FND GUI.

From the Device Configuration page (**CONFIG** > **DEVICE CONFIGURATION**), you can configure the device downtime for a specific router or endpoint configuration group. For more information, refer to Configuring Mark-Down Timer



**Note** For HER, you can set the device down timeout only in the Server Settings page.

Device status changes to Up when IoT FND detects any of the following:

- · Periodic inventory notifications
- Events
- · Manual metric refreshes
- Device registrations

To configure device down timeout settings:

- Step 1 Choose ADMIN > System Management > Server Settings.
- Step 2 Click the Device Down Timeouts tab.

cisco FIELD NETWORK DIRECTO	DR		DASHBOARD	DEVICES 🗸	OPERATIONS 🗸	CONFIG 🗸	ADMIN 🗸
ADMIN > SYSTEM MANAGEMENT > S	ERVER SETTIN	GS					
Download Logs Web Session Device	Down Timeouts	Asset Property Settings	Billing Period Settings	RPL Tree Settir	ngs Issue Settings	Map Settings	
Note: Markdown time should be more than	polling interval.						
Mark Routers Down After (secs):	1800						
Mark ACT Endpoints Down After (secs):	57600						
Mark CAM Endpoints Down After (secs):	57600						
Mark Cellular Endpoints Down After (secs):	57600						
Mark IR500 Endpoints Down After (secs):	57600						
Mark Meter Endpoints Down After (secs):	57600						
Mark Gateway Down After (secs): 1800							
				8			

- **Note** The device down timeout value must be greater than the corresponding polling intervals. For example, if the polling interval for routers is 30 minutes (1800 seconds), then the value in the Mark Routers Down After (secs) field must be 1801 or greater.
- **Step 3** Click the disk icon to save the configuration.

### **Configuring Billing Period Settings**

IoT FND lets you configure the start day of the monthly billing periods for cellular and Ethernet (satellite) services.

To configure the billing period settings:

#### Procedure

Step 1	Choose ADMIN > System Management > Server Settings.
Step 2	Click the Billing Period Settings tab.
Step 3	Enter the starting days for the cellular and Ethernet billing periods.
Step 4	From the drop-down menu, choose the time zone for the billing period.

**Step 5** To save the configuration, click the disk icon.

### **RPL Tree Settings**

The RPL tree routing table is generated using the CSMP messages from the Mesh nodes. The data that is obtained from the Mesh nodes is often outdated. The proposed solution is to use the RPL tree routing data from FAR which is more up to date.

IoT FND uses the command below to fetch the RPL tree data:

show rpl dag 1 itable | xml

- RPL Tree Update from Mesh Nodes
- RPL Tree Update from Routers

#### **RPL Tree Update from Mesh Nodes**

The default RPL tree update is always set to 'Mesh Nodes'. This is a global setting for the entire FND.

Traditionally, the RPL data has been reported to the FND by the mesh nodes as part of IPROUTE and IPROUTERPLMETRICS during the periodic inventory reporting.

#### **Global RPL Tree Settings for Entire FND**

cisco FIELD NETWORK DIRECTOR			DASHBO	DARD	DEVICES 🗸	OPERATIONS V	CONFIG 🗸	ADMIN 🗸
ADMIN > SYSTEM MANAGEMENT > SER	VER SETTINGS							
Download Logs Web Session Device Dow	n Timeouts Asset P	roperty Settings	Billing Period S	ettings	RPL Tree Settin	gs Issue Settings	Map Setting	s
		Enable RPL t	ree update from:	() Mest	Nodes			
				Rout	ers			
1	lumber of Periodic Not	tifications between	RPL Tree Polls:	8				
	Maximum Time	between RPL Tree	Polls (minutes):	480				

#### Table 3: Global RPL Tree Settings for Entire FND

Field	Description				
Enable RPL tree update from	Select Routers.				
	Note By default, Mesh Nodes is selected.				
Number of Periodic Notifications between RPL Tree Polls	Number of periodic notification from CGR between each RPL pull.				
Maximum Time between RPL Tree Polls (minutes)	Maximum time FND waits to pull RPL from a CGR for the associated PAN.				

#### **RPL Tree Update from Routers**

As the Mesh nodes data is often outdated, the proposed solution is to use the RPL tree routing from FAR, which is more up to date. The RPL tree is not pushed from the FAR with the periodic notification. Therefore, the FND explicitly needs to pull the RPL tree at regularly configured intervals based on the Device Configuration Group properties. The FND depends on the periodic notification to determine when to poll next for the RPL tree. The FND is configured to poll the FAR for RPL tree update after every "N" periodic notifications. At times, some periodic notifications are missed. If that happens, after an absolute maximum time value, the RPL tree is fetched from the FAR.

The FAR pulls at a much higher frequency than the mesh nodes. Therefore, the RPL data is more accurate and provides a snapshot of entire PAN at any given point in time. The FND invokes **show rpl dag 1 itable** command on the CGR to obtain the RPL tree for the associated PAN.

#### **Device Configuration Group Properties**

cisco FIELD NETW	ORK DIRECTOR	DASH	BOARD	DEVICES	✓ OPE	ERATIONS 🗸	
CONFIG > DEVICE COI	NFIGURATION						
Assign Devices to Group	Change Device Properties	default-cgr1000 GROUP WI	SE SETTINGS	5			
Groups	Config Profiles	Export Template Keys as CSV					
Configuration Groups	+	Group Members Edit Configuration Template	Push Con	figuration	Group Pi	roperties	
🔻 😵 ROUTER		Mark Routers Down	After (secs):	1800	0		
	(0)	Number of Periodic Notifications between RF	'L Tree Polls:	8	0		
Default-cgr1000	(0)	Maximum Time between RPL Tree Po	lls (minutes):	480	0		
Default-ir800 (0)			LRR Image:			*	
🍋 IR529 (0)		LRF	Public Key:			-	

**Table 4: Device Configuration Group Properties** 

Field	Description				
RplTreePullingCycle	The number of periodic notification intervals.				
	Note The default maximum number of <b>RplTreePullingCycle</b> is 8.				
RplTreePullingMaxTime	The maximum time interval between the pulls in minutes.				
	<b>Note</b> The default maximum time between pulls is 480 minutes (8 * 60).				

When processing a periodic notification event, if either of these Table 4: Device Configuration Group Properties have passed, then the FND starts RPL tree retrieval from FAR.

The RPL pull times can be configured to each CGR configuration group as shown in the Device Configuration Group Properties. For the settings to take effect, the Global Settings must be set to 'Routers', refer to Global RPLTree Settings for Entire FND.

### **RPL Tree Retrieval**

The FND currently collects the following information from CGR as part of the RPL tree data:

- Node IP address
- · Next hop IP address
- Number of parents
- Number of hops from root node
- ETX for path
- ETX for link
- Forward RSSI
- Reverse RSSI



**Note** No changes are required on FAR configuration when RPL updates setting is changed to routers or vice versa. When changed, the FND automatically schedules for gathering the RPL updates from FARs.

### **Configuring RPL Tree Polling**

RPL tree polls are derived from router periodic notification events. Since the RPL tree is not pushed from the router with the periodic notification event, Cisco IoT FND must explicitly poll for the RPL tree at the configured intervals. IoT FND lets you configure the RPL tree polling cycle (that is, how many periodic notification events occur between RPL tree polls), and set the maximum amount of time between tree polls.

### Procedure

Choose the	RPI Tree Settings tab
In the <b>Enal</b> update from	<b>ble RPL tree update from</b> option, click the <b>Mesh Nodes</b> or <b>Routers</b> radio button to receive the RPL these devices at the specified intervals.
Note	The <b>Mesh Nodes</b> radio button is ON, by default.
Note	Select the <b>Mesh Nodes</b> option in the <b>RPL Tree Settings</b> tab in order to ensure proper function of the L+G endpoints graph.
	Select the <b>Mesh Nodes</b> option in the <b>RPL Tree Settings</b> tab in order to ensure proper function of the L+G endpoints graph.
Note	Select the Mesh Nodes option in the RPL Tree Settings tab in order to ensure proper function of the L+G endpoints graph.
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Note	Select the Mesh Nodes option in the RPL Tree Settings tab in order to ensure proper function of the L+G endpoints graph.

Step 4For Router polling, enter the number of events that pass between RPL tree polling intervals in the Number of Periodic<br/>Notifications between RPL Tree Polls field.

Note The default value is 8. If thresholds are exceeded during periodic notification events, IoT FND performs a RPL tree poll.

**Step 5** In the **Maximum Time between RPL Tree (minutes)** field, enter the maximum amount of time between tree polls in minutes.

Note The default value is 480 minutes (8 hours).

**Step 6** To save the configuration, click the disk icon.

### **Configuring the Issue Status Bar**

The Issue Status bar displays issues by device type (as set in user preferences) and severity level in the lower-left browser frame.

To enable the Issue Status bar and configure the refresh interval:

### Procedure

Step 1 Step 2 Step 3	Choose <b>ADM</b> To display the In the Issue <b>S</b> The valid val	<b>IIN &gt; System Management &gt; Server Settings &gt; Issue Settings</b> . e Issue status bar in the browser frame, check the <b>Enable/Disable Status Bar</b> > check box. <b>Status Bar Refresh Interval (seconds)</b> field, enter a refresh value in seconds. ues are 30 secs (default) to 300 secs (5 minutes).			
Step 4	In the Certificate Expiry Threshold (days) field for all supported routers or an IoT FND application server, enter a value in days.				
	The valid val	ue is 180 days (default) to 365 days.			
	Note	When the configured Certificate Expiry Threshold default date is met, a Major event, certificateExpiration, is created. When the Certificate has expired (>180 days), a Critical event, certificateExpired, is created.			

# Managing the Syslog

When IoT FND receives device events, it stores them in its database and sends syslog messages to a syslog server that allows third-party application integration.



**Note** The syslog server receives only the IoT FND device events (listed on Operations > Events page) and not the other IoT FND application logs in the server.log.

To configure Syslog forwarding:

- Step 1 Choose ADMIN > System Management > Syslog Settings.
- **Step 2** In the **Syslog Server IP Address** field, enter the IP address of the Syslog server.
- Step 3 In the Syslog Server Port Number field, enter the port number (default is 514) over which to receive device events.
  - Click Enable Syslog Sending Events to enable message forwarding to the Syslog server.
  - Click Disable Syslog Sending Events to disable message forwarding to the Syslog server.

For IoT FND cluster solutions, each server in the cluster sends events to the same Syslog server.

## **Viewing Jobs**

The user triggered jobs in IoT FND are displayed in the Jobs page. The information about the jobs and their sub jobs are stored in the database in order to ensure that jobs are not lost in case of system restart or failure. IoT FND allows you to monitor and respond to job scheduling events, such as job completion or failure. The status of the jobs of IoT FND such as config push, firware upload and install, and reprovisioning can be seen in the Jobs page. This Jobs page provides a detailed summary of the jobs along with their respective sub jobs.

The supported job types are add/remove/export device, update statuses, change properties, add/remove labels (bulk operation), add/update/remove assets, upload firmware image to devices, install firmware image on devices, tunnel/factory re-provisioning, config push, and export events/dashboard dashlet data.

To view the jobs:

Choose ADMIN > SYSTEM MANAGEMENT > JOBS. IoT FND displays the Jobs page.

cisco FIELD NETWORK DIRECTOR			DASHBOARD		PERATIONS	CONFIG •	ADMIN 🗸	root root	9.
DMIN > SYSTEM MANAGEMENT > JOBS									
	Q	Show Filter							
							D	Displaying 1 - 100   4 4   Page 1   ▶ ▶   100 -	C
Name	Action	Start Time ·	End Time	Running Sub J	obs Sub Jobs	Progress	Status	Job Logs	
[cea0272c-0c62-4a0b-b58c-bd4189a094e9]; Reprovision action of type [Tunnel Reprovisioning] and interface name = [GigabitEthernet0/0/0] and address type = [ipv4]	User	06-11-2023 08:38:56 AM		0	1	0%	PENDING_START	Please refer sever logs for more information	
[b3f0f17d-ee75-4129-b977-6288faad9532]: Firmware upload for group: [default-ir1800]	User	03-11-2023 08:49:36 AM	03-11-2023 09:04:53 AM	0	1	100%	FAILED	Please refer sever logs for more information	
[ea492f4d-2db3-4156-95e9-86b53f1f7c47]: Firmware upload for group: [default-ir1800]	User	03-11-2023 08:48:13 AM	03-11-2023 08:48:13 AM	0	1	100%	FAILED	Please refer sever logs for more information	
[bf2a351c-3cf9-4b39-b4ca-6f34ac1c1858]: Config Push for group : [default-ir1800]	User	03-11-2023 08:46:50 AM	03-11-2023 08:48:43 AM	0	1	100%	COMPLETED	Please refer sever logs for more information	
(6bd73ab3-53c5-476f.a35f-f2e5b9ec019c): Reprovision action of type [Tunnel Reprovisioning] and interface name = (GigabitEthernet0/0/0] and address type = [ipv4]	User	03-11-2023 08:28:52 AM	03-11-2023 08:30:15 AM	0	1	100%	COMPLETED	Please refer sever logs for more information	
(d2279feb-b5fa-4818-b70e-cde269e99c78): Reprovision action of type [Tunnel Reprovisioning] and interface name = (GigabitEthernet0/0/0] and address type = [ipv4]	User	03-11-2023 08:25:16 AM	03-11-2023 08:25:16 AM	0	1	100%	FAILED	Please refer sever logs for more information	
(3869f838-882e-46a7-be80-55894a347205): Reprovision action of type [Tunnel Reprovisioning] and interface name = (GigabitEthernet0/0/0] and address type = [ipv4]	User	03-11-2023 08:22:35 AM	03-11-2023 08:22:36 AM	0	1	100%	FAILED	Please refer sever logs for more information	
[e23fa99e-e726-407d-bd71-651a2313e8a6]: Config Push for group : [default-ir1800]	User	03-11-2023 05:26:06 AM	03-11-2023 05:28:02 AM	0	1	100%	COMPLETED	Please refer sever logs for more information	



- The logs are not displayed for tunnel provisioning, config push, and firware upgrade. You can view the server logs for more information.
- The completed or failed jobs show 0 under running sub jobs.
- The jobs are displayed in the Jobs page as per their retention time.

Clicking on Running Sub Jobs opens up the pop-up window to show the status of the running jobs.

🖊 Auto Refresh			
Name	Status	Start Time	End Time
324	SUCCESS	12-10-2023 04:11:17 AM	12-10-2023 04:11:17 AM
¢ [			
🗐 🖣   Page 1 of 1	▶ ▶   50 💌   🔁		Displaying 1 - 1 of
		×	

• The filter allows you to filter jobs based on name, action, sub jobs, and status. To filter the job list using column filtering, click show filter to insert the search string. For example, click Name from the drop down and provide the search string. Click + icon to add the job selected and click search icon to display the search results.