



Disk Mirroring Commands

- [mirror](#), on page 2
- [mirror resume](#), on page 4
- [mirror verify](#), on page 5
- [mirror pause](#), on page 6
- [show mirror](#), on page 7

mirror

To configure disk mirroring on a node, use the **mirror** command in global configuration mode. To disable disk mirroring, use the **no** form of this command.

mirror location [**preconfigure**] *node-id primary-device:secondary-device*
no mirror location

Syntax Description

location <i>node-id</i>	Specifies the node of the RP. It can be a node that is not yet installed if the preconfigure keyword is used. The <i>node-id</i> argument is entered in the <i>rack/slot/module</i> notation.
preconfigure	(Optional) Enables you to specify a node that is not yet installed.
<i>primary-device</i> :	Specifies the primary boot device used to store installation packages and configuration files. Supported devices are: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • disk0: • disk1: (if installed) • compactflash: (if installed)
<i>secondary-device</i> :	Storage device on the same RP as the <i>primary-device</i> , to where critical data is replicated. Supported devices are the same as for <i>primary-device</i> :, but <i>secondary-device</i> : must be different than the <i>primary-device</i> :.

Command Default

None

Command Modes

Global configuration

Command History

Command History

Release	Modification
Release 3.7.2	This command was introduced.

Usage Guidelines

To use this command, you must be in a user group associated with a task group that includes appropriate task IDs. If the user group assignment is preventing you from using a command, contact your AAA administrator for assistance.

The **mirror** command replicates all critical data contained in the primary partition of the primary boot device, onto a second storage device on the same RSP. Therefore, if the primary boot device fails, applications continue to be serviced transparently by the secondary device, without having to switch control to a standby RSP.

Before the **mirror** command can be used, the secondary storage device must be partitioned using the **format** command. If the primary boot device is not partitioned, once mirroring is enabled and all data on the primary boot device is replicated to the secondary device, the primary boot device is partitioned automatically. This guarantees that only critical data on the primary boot device is mirrored to the secondary device. Noncritical

data, such as logging data, should not be mirrored and should, therefore, be saved to the secondary partition on the storage device.

To temporarily suspend disk mirroring without changing the configuration, use the **mirror pause** command in EXEC mode.

Task ID	Task ID	Operations
	root-lr	read, write

The following example shows how to configure disk mirroring from the primary boot device (disk0:) to the secondary storage device (disk1):

```
RP/0/RSP0/CPU0:(config)# mirror location 0/rp0/cpu0 disk0: disk1:
```

mirror resume

To resume disk mirroring on a node after it has been temporarily stopped, use the **mirror resume** command in EXEC or administration EXEC mode.

```
mirror resume [location {node-id | all}]
```

Syntax Description

location {*node-id* | **all**} (Optional) Specifies the node of the RSP. The *node-id* argument is entered in the *rack/slot/module* notation. The **all** keyword specifies all RSP nodes.

Command Modes

EXEC

Administration EXEC

Command History

Release	Modification
Release 3.7.2	This command was introduced.

Usage Guidelines

To use this command, you must be in a user group associated with a task group that includes appropriate task IDs. If the user group assignment is preventing you from using a command, contact your AAA administrator for assistance.

The **mirror resume** command resumes the mirroring of the primary boot device after it has been temporarily paused with the **mirror pause** command.

The **mirror resume** command has no affect if the **mirror** configuration command is not enabled and the **mirror pause** command has not been used.

Task ID

Task ID	Operations
root-lr	read, write

The following example shows how to resume disk mirroring on the active RSP:

```
RP/0/RSP0/CPU0:router# mirror resume
```

mirror verify

To verify disk synchronization for disk mirroring on a node, use the **mirror verify** command in EXEC or administration EXEC mode.

mirror verify [**location** *node-id*]

Syntax Description	location <i>node-id</i> (Optional) Specifies the node of the RSP. The <i>node-id</i> argument is entered in the <i>rack/slot/module</i> notation.				
Command Default	If no node is specified, the verification is done on the active RSP.				
Command Modes	EXEC Administration EXEC				
Command History	<table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Release</th> <th>Modification</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>Release 3.7.2</td> <td>This command was introduced.</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	Release	Modification	Release 3.7.2	This command was introduced.
Release	Modification				
Release 3.7.2	This command was introduced.				
Usage Guidelines	<p>To use this command, you must be in a user group associated with a task group that includes appropriate task IDs. If the user group assignment is preventing you from using a command, contact your AAA administrator for assistance.</p> <p>The mirror verify command verifies the synchronization consistency between the primary and secondary media devices being used in mirroring. The command verifies that the full contents are identical between the mirrored devices and reports any inconsistencies found.</p>				
Task ID	<table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Task ID</th> <th>Operations</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>root-lr</td> <td>read, write</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	Task ID	Operations	root-lr	read, write
Task ID	Operations				
root-lr	read, write				

The following example shows how to verify the disk mirroring on the active RSP:

```
RP/0/RSP0/CPU0:router# mirror verify
```

```
Mirror Verify Information for 0/RSP0/CPU0.
=====
Primary device and secondary device are fully synchronized.
```

mirror pause

To temporarily pause disk mirroring on a node, use the **mirror pause** command in EXEC or administration EXEC mode.

mirror pause [**location** {*node-id* | **all**}]

Syntax Description

location {*node-id* | **all**} (Optional) Specifies the node of the RSP. The *node-id* argument is entered in the *rack/slot/module* notation. The **all** keyword specifies all RSP nodes.

Command Default

If no node is specified, disk mirroring is paused on the active RSP.

Command Modes

EXEC

Administration EXEC

Command History

Usage Guidelines

To use this command, you must be in a user group associated with a task group that includes appropriate task IDs. If the user group assignment is preventing you from using a command, contact your AAA administrator for assistance.

The **mirror pause** command temporarily pauses the mirroring of the primary boot device. This command is primarily useful during an installation operation to prevent significant performance degradation on single CPU boards. The **mirror pause** command does not change the configured state of mirroring, but rather causes the mirroring to be suspended until the **mirror resume** command is used.

The **mirror pause** command has no affect if the **mirror** configuration command is not enabled.

Task ID

Task ID	Operations
root-lr	read, write

The following example shows how to pause disk mirroring on the active RSP:

```
RP/0/RSP0/CPU0:# mirror pause
```

show mirror

To display disk mirroring information, use the **show mirror** command in EXEC or administration EXEC mode.

```
show mirror [location {node-id | all}]
```

Syntax Description	location { <i>node-id</i> all } (Optional) Specifies the node of the RSP for which to display the mirroring information. The <i>node-id</i> argument is entered in the <i>rack/slot/module</i> notation. The all keyword specifies all RSP nodes.				
Command Default	No default behavior or values				
Command Modes	EXEC Administration EXEC				
Command History	<table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Release</th> <th>Modification</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>Release 3.7.2</td> <td>This command was introduced.</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	Release	Modification	Release 3.7.2	This command was introduced.
Release	Modification				
Release 3.7.2	This command was introduced.				
Usage Guidelines	To use this command, you must be in a user group associated with a task group that includes appropriate task IDs. If the user group assignment is preventing you from using a command, contact your AAA administrator for assistance.				
Task ID	<table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Task ID</th> <th>Operations</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>filesystem</td> <td>read</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	Task ID	Operations	filesystem	read
Task ID	Operations				
filesystem	read				

The following is sample output from the **show mirror** command:

```
RP/0/RSP0/CPU0:router# show mirror

Mirror Information for 0/RSP0/CPU0.
=====
Mirroring Enabled
  Configured Primary:      disk0:
  Configured Secondary:    disk1:

Current Mirroring State:   Syncing Files
  Current Physical Primary: disk1:
  Current Physical Secondary: disk0:

Mirroring Logical Device:  disk0:

Physical Device      State      Flags
-----
disk0:               Available  Enabled Formatted
disk1:               Available  Enabled Formatted
compactflash:        Not Present
```

```

disk0a:      Available   Formatted
disk1a:      Available   Formatted
compactflasha: Not Present

Mirroring Rommon Variable
BOOT_DEV_SEQ_CONF = disk0::disk1:
BOOT_DEV_SEQ_OPER = disk1:
MIRROR_ENABLE = Y

```

Table 1: show mirror Field Descriptions

Field	Description
Mirroring Enabled	Indicates whether mirroring is enabled or disabled.
Configured Primary	If mirroring is enabled, the configured primary disk for mirroring.
Configured Secondary	If mirroring is enabled, the configured secondary disk for mirroring.
Current Mirroring State	Current status of mirroring. Possible values are as follows: Syncing files—Files are being synchronized between the primary and secondary disks. Not Configured—Mirroring is not configured. Mirroring Paused—In this state, no mirroring is being done to the secondary device and the disk redundancy has been removed. The values of the BOOT_DEV_SEQ_OPER and MIRROR_ENABLE variables reflect this. Redundant—The primary and secondary disks are totally in synchronization. Any read or write failure on the primary device results in disk redundancy switchover such that all operations are performed on the secondary device.
Current Physical Primary	Current primary disk.
Current Physical Secondary	Current secondary disk.
Mirroring Logical Device	Device name used by the mirroring process to intercept all application requests to that named device before passing them through to one of the mirrored physical devices.
Physical Device	Physical disk in router.
State	Status of the disk. Possible values are as follows: Available—Disk exists in router and is available. Not present—Disk does not exist in router. Partitioning of disks is available only after the disk has been formatted with the partition keyword.
Flags	Enabled—Disk mirroring has been enabled on this device and the device is part of the mirroring process. Repaired—During the boot, some minor inconsistencies were discovered on the disk and were repaired to make the file system consistent. Formatted—Disk was formatted before mirroring was enabled.

Field	Description
BOOT_DEV_SEQ_CONF=	<p>ROM Monitor environmental variable for the boot disk sequence. This variable is set when mirroring is enabled through the mirror configuration command. The devices in this ROMMON variable declare the primary and the secondary devices of the mirroring process. The first device is the primary device and the second device is the secondary device in the mirroring process.</p> <p>Note This variable is also shared by the disk backup feature. This variable can also be set or unset using the system boot-sequence command of the disk backup feature. But the use of system boot-sequence and system backup commands is blocked, if mirroring is enabled.</p>
BOOT_DEV_SEQ_OPER=	<p>ROM Monitor environmental variable that reflects the state of the disk redundancy status. When mirroring is enabled and the state is redundant, this variable is set to the primary device followed by the secondary device. When mirroring is not in the redundancy state, then this variable is updated to contain only the primary device.</p>
MIRROR_ENABLE	<p>ROM Monitor environmental variable whose value reflects the mirroring status. If it is set to Y, then mirroring is enabled. If it is set to P, then mirroring is paused. If empty, mirroring is not enabled.</p>

■ show mirror