



# Release Notes for Cisco 3700 Series Routers with Cisco IOS Release 12.4(6)XE

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**August 8, 2007**  
**Cisco IOS Release 12.4(6)XE3**  
**OL-10915-02 Third Release**

These release notes describe new features and significant software components for the Cisco 3700 series routers that support the Cisco IOS Release 12.4(6)XE releases. These release notes are updated as needed to describe new memory requirements, new features, new hardware support, software platform deferrals, microcode or modem code changes, related document changes, and any other important changes. Use these release notes with the [Cross-Platform Release Notes for Cisco IOS Release 12.4T](#) located on [Cisco.com](#) in PDF or HTML format.

For a list of the software caveats that apply to Cisco IOS Release 12.4(6)XE releases, see the “[Caveats](#)” section on page 9, and see the online [Caveats for Cisco IOS Release 12.4T](#) document. The caveats document is updated for every 12.4T maintenance release and is located on [Cisco.com](#).

We recommend that you view the field notices for this release to see if your software or hardware platforms are affected. If you have an account on Cisco.com, you can find field notices at [http://www.cisco.com/warp/customer/tech\\_tips/index/fn.html](http://www.cisco.com/warp/customer/tech_tips/index/fn.html). If you do not have a Cisco.com login account, you can find field notices at [http://www.cisco.com/warp/public/tech\\_tips/index/fn.html](http://www.cisco.com/warp/public/tech_tips/index/fn.html).

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# System Requirements

This section describes the system requirements for Release 12.4(6)XE and includes the following sections:

- [Memory Requirements, page 3](#)
- [Hardware Supported, page 6](#)
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## Memory Requirements

Table 1 describes the memory requirements for the Cisco IOS feature sets supported by Cisco IOS Release 12.4(6)XE on the Cisco 3700 series routers.

**Table 1** Recommended Memory for the Cisco 3700 Series Routers with Cisco IOS Release 12.4(6)XE

Platform	Image Name	Feature Set	Image	Flash Memory	DRAM
Cisco 3725	Cisco 3725 ADVANCED ENTERPRISE SERVICES	ADVANCED ENTERPRISE SERVICES	c3725-adventerprisek9-mz	64	256
	Cisco 3725 AISK9-AESK9 FEAT SET FACTORY UPG FOR BUNDLES	AISK9-AESK9 FEAT SET FACTORY UPG FOR BUNDLES		64	256
	Cisco 3725 SPSK9-AESK9 FEAT SET FACTORY UPG FOR BUNDLES	SPSK9-AESK9 FEAT SET FACTORY UPG FOR BUNDLES		64	256
	Cisco 3725 INT VOICE/VIDEO, IPIPGW, TDMIP GW AES	INT VOICE/VIDEO, IPIPGW, TDMIP GW AES	c3725-adventerprisek9_ivs-mz	64	256
	Cisco 3725 ADVANCED ENTERPRISE SERVICES WITH SNA SWITCHING	ADVANCED ENTERPRISE SERVICES WITH SNA SWITCHING	c3725-adventerprisek9_sna-mz	64	256
	Cisco 3725 ADVANCED IP SERVICES Cisco 3725 SPSK9-AISK9 FEAT SET FACTORY UPG FOR BUNDLES	ADVANCED IP SERVICES SPSK9-AISK9 FEAT SET FACTORY UPG FOR BUNDLES	c3725-advipservicesk9-mz	64	256
	Cisco 3725 ADVANCED SECURITY	ADVANCED SECURITY			
	Cisco 3725 ENTERPRISE BASE W/O CRYPTO	ENTERPRISE BASE W/O CRYPTO	c3725-entservices-mz	64	256

**Table 1** Recommended Memory for the Cisco 3700 Series Routers with Cisco IOS Release 12.4(6)XE (continued)

Platform	Image Name	Feature Set	Image	Flash Memory	DRAM
Cisco 3725	Cisco 3725 ENTERPRISE BASE	ENTERPRISE BASE	c3725-entbasek9-mz	64	256
	Cisco 3725 ENTERPRISE SERVICES W/O CRYPTO	ENTERPRISE SERVICES W/O CRYPTO	c3725-entservices-mz	64	256
	Cisco 3725 ENTERPRISE SERVICES	ENTERPRISE SERVICES	c3725-entservicesk9-mz	64	256
	Cisco 3725 SPSK9-ESK9 FEAT SET FACTORY UPG FOR BUNDLES	SPSK9-ESK9 FEAT SET FACTORY UPG FOR BUNDLES	c3725-entservicesk9-mz	64	256
	Cisco 3725 IP BASE W/O CRYPTO	IP BASE W/O CRYPTO	c3725-ipbase-mz	32	128
	Cisco 3725 IP BASE	IP BASE	c3725-ipbasek9-mz	32	128
	Cisco 3725 IP VOICE W/O CRYPTO	IP VOICE W/O CRYPTO	c3725-ipvoice-mz	64	256
	Cisco 3725 INT VOICE/VIDEO, IPIP GW, TDMIP GW	INT VOICE/VIDEO, IPIP GW, TDMIP GW	c3725-ipvoice_ivs-mz	64	256
	Cisco 3725 IP VOICE	IP VOICE	c3725-ipvoicek9-mz	64	256
	Cisco 3725 SP SERVICES	SP SERVICES	c3725-spservicesk9-mz	64	256

**Table 1** Recommended Memory for the Cisco 3700 Series Routers with Cisco IOS Release 12.4(6)XE (continued)

Platform	Image Name	Feature Set	Image	Flash Memory	DRAM
3745	Cisco 3745 ADVANCED ENTERPRISE SERVICES Cisco 3745 AISK9-AESK9 FEAT SET FACTORY UPG FOR BUNDLES Cisco 3745 SPSK9-AESK9 FEAT SET FACTORY UPG FOR BUNDLES	ADVANCED ENTERPRISE SERVICES AISK9-AESK9 FEAT SET FACTORY UPG FOR BUNDLES SPSK9-AESK9 FEAT SET FACTORY UPG FOR BUNDLES	c3745-adventerprisek9-mz	64	256
	Cisco 3745 INT VOICE/VIDEO, IPIPGW, TDMIP GW AES	INT VOICE/VIDEO, IPIPGW, TDMIP GW AES	c3745-adventerprisek9_ivs-mz	64	256
	Cisco 3745 ADVANCED ENTERPRISE SERVICES WITH SNA SWITCHING	ADVANCED ENTERPRISE SERVICES WITH SNA SWITCHING	c3745-adventerprisek9_sna-mz	64	256
	Cisco 3745 ADVANCED IP SERVICES Cisco 3745 SPSK9-AISK9 FEAT SET FACTORY UPG FOR BUNDLES	ADVANCED IP SERVICES SPSK9-AISK9 FEAT SET FACTORY UPG FOR BUNDLES	c3745-advipservicesk9-mz	64	256
	Cisco 3745 ADVANCED SECURITY	ADVANCED SECURITY	c3745-advsecurityk9-mz	32	256
	Cisco 3745 ENTERPRISE BASE W/O CRYPTO	ENTERPRISE BASE W/O CRYPTO	c3745-entbase-mz	32	256
	Cisco 3745 ENTERPRISE BASE	ENTERPRISE BASE	c3745-entbasek9-mz	32	256
	Cisco 3745 ENTERPRISE SERVICES W/O CRYPTO	ENTERPRISE SERVICES W/O CRYPTO	c3745-entservices-mz	64	256
	Cisco 3745 ENTERPRISE SERVICES Cisco 3745 SPSK9-ESK9 FEAT SET FACTORY UPG FOR BUNDLES	ENTERPRISE SERVICES SPSK9-ESK9 FEAT SET FACTORY UPG FOR BUNDLES	c3745-entservicesk9-mz	64	256
	Cisco 3745 IP BASE W/O CRYPTO	IP BASE W/O CRYPTO	c3745-ipbase-mz	32	128
Cisco 3745 IP BASE SSH	IP BASE SSH	c3745-ipbasek9-mz	32	128	

Table 2 Recommended Memory for the Cisco 3700 Series Routers with Cisco IOS Release 12.4(6)XE (continued)

Platform	Image Name	Feature Set	Image	Flash Memory	DRAM
3745	Cisco 3845 IP VOICE	IP VOICE	c3845-ipvoicek9-mz	64	256
	Cisco 3745 INT VOICE/VIDEO, IPIP GW, TDMIP GW	INT VOICE/VIDEO, IPIP GW, TDMIP GW	c3745-ipvoice_ivs-mz	64	256
	Cisco 3845 SP SERVICES	SP SERVICES	c3845-spservicesk9-mz	64	256

## Hardware Supported

Cisco IOS Release 12.4(6)XE supports the following Cisco 3700 series routers:

- Cisco 3725
- Cisco 3745

For descriptions of existing hardware features and supported modules, see the hardware installation guides, configuration and command reference guides, and additional documents specific to the Cisco 3700 series routers, which are available on [Cisco.com](http://www.cisco.com) and the Documentation CD at the following location:

[http://www.cisco.com/univercd/cc/td/doc/product/access/acs\\_mod/3700/index.htm](http://www.cisco.com/univercd/cc/td/doc/product/access/acs_mod/3700/index.htm)

This URL is subject to change without notice. If it changes, point your web browser to [Cisco.com](http://www.cisco.com), and click the following path:

**Cisco Product Documentation: Access Servers and Access Routers: Modular Access Routers: Cisco 3700 Series Routers: <platform\_name>**

## Determining the Software Version

To determine which version of Cisco IOS software is currently running on your Cisco 3700 series router, log in to the router and enter the **show version EXEC** command. The following sample output from the **show version** command indicates the version number.

```
router> show version
Cisco Internetwork Operating System Software
IOS (tm) C3700 Software (C3700-Y7-MZ), Version 12.4(6)XE, EARLY DEPLOYMENT RELEASE
SOFTWARE (fc1)
Synched to technology version 12.4(6)T
```

## Upgrading to a New Software Release

For general information about upgrading to a new software release, refer to the *Software Installation and Upgrade Procedures* located at [http://www.cisco.com/warp/public/130/upgrade\\_index.shtml](http://www.cisco.com/warp/public/130/upgrade_index.shtml).

## Feature Set Tables

The Cisco IOS software is packaged in feature sets consisting of software images, depending on the platform. Each feature set contains a specific set of Cisco IOS features. Release 12.4(6)XE supports the same feature sets as Releases 12.4 and 12.4(6)T, but Release 12.4(6)XE includes new features supported by the Cisco 3700 series routers.



### Caution

The Cisco IOS images with strong encryption (including, but not limited to, 168-bit [3DES] data encryption feature sets) are subject to United States government export controls and have limited distribution. Strong encryption images to be installed outside the United States will likely require an export license. Customer orders can be denied or subject to delay as a result of United States government regulations. When applicable, the purchaser/user must obtain local import and use authorizations for all encryption strengths. Please contact your sales representative or distributor for more information, or send an e-mail to [export@cisco.com](mailto:export@cisco.com).

[Table 3](#) lists the feature and feature sets supported in Cisco IOS Release 12.4(6)XE.

The tables use the following conventions:

- In—The number in the ‘In’ column indicates the Cisco IOS release in which the feature was introduced. For example, “12.4(6)XE” indicates that the feature was introduced in 12.4(6)XE. If a cell in this column is empty, the feature was included in a previous release or in the initial base release.
- Yes—The feature is supported in the software image.
- No—The feature is not supported in the software image.



### Note

These feature set tables contain only a selected list of features, which are cumulative for Release 12.4(6)*nn* early deployment releases only (*nn* identifies each early deployment release). The tables do not list all features in each image—additional features are listed in [Cross-Platform Release Notes for Cisco IOS Release 12.4\(6\)T](#) and Release 12.4(6)T Cisco IOS documentation.

**Table 3** Cisco IOS Release 12.4(6)XE Feature List for Cisco 3700 Routers

Feature	In	Image
<a href="#">Cisco Cable Modem High-Speed WAN Interface Cards</a>	12.4(6)XE	See <a href="#">Table 1</a> for image names.

## New and Changed Information

This section contains the following information:

- [New Hardware Features in Release 12.4\(6\)XE, page 8](#)
- [New Software Features in Release 12.4\(6\)XE, page 8](#)

## New Hardware Features in Release 12.4(6)XE

There are no new hardware features in this release.

## New Software Features in Release 12.4(6)XE

The following feature is new in Cisco IOS Release 12.4(6)XE:

- [Cisco Cable Modem High-Speed WAN Interface Cards](#), page 8

### Cisco Cable Modem High-Speed WAN Interface Cards

Cisco cable modem high-speed WAN interface cards (HWICS) are configured automatically by the network (in compliance with DOCSIS provisioning specifications). The configuration file is defined and generated by the cable service provider and delivered over the WAN/DOCSIS network through the radio frequency (RF) interface on the Cisco cable modem HWIC installed in the router. The HWIC provides a path from the router to the service provider network-based DHCP server for host address assignment on the Cisco cable modem HWIC and on the WAN interface of the router.



#### Note

Cisco cable modem HWICs are fully DOCSIS 2.0 compliant. For DOCSIS 2.0 requirements, see the CableLabs website at the following URL:

<http://www.cablemodem.com/specifications/specifications20.html>

The Cisco cable modem HWICs provide the following features and benefits:



#### Note

The following benefits assume a full-featured enterprise router is in use instead of merely using the Cisco cable modem HWIC as a bridge.

- Provides quality of service (QoS) upstream flow control, integrating DOCSIS QoS with Cisco IOS software QoS and packet cable multi-media (PCMM) architecture QoS with Cisco IOS software QoS
- Leverages Cisco IOS software to deliver advanced network services and applications
- Supports compression and decompression algorithms (Codecs)

For more information about the Cisco Cable Modem HWIC, see the following:

*Cisco Cable Modem High-Speed WAN Interface Cards Configuration Guide*:

[http://preview.cisco.com/en/US/customer/products/hw/modules/ps3129/products\\_feature\\_guide09186a00806913df.html](http://preview.cisco.com/en/US/customer/products/hw/modules/ps3129/products_feature_guide09186a00806913df.html)

## Limitations and Restrictions

There are no known limitations or restrictions.



# Caveats

Caveats describe unexpected behavior or defects in Cisco IOS software releases. Severity 1 caveats are the most serious caveats, severity 2 caveats are less serious, and severity 3 caveats are the least serious of these three severity levels.

Caveats in Cisco IOS Release 12.4(6)T are also in Release 12.4(6)XE. For information on caveats in Cisco IOS Release 12.4T, see the [Caveats for Cisco IOS Release 12.4T](#) document. This document lists severity 1 and 2 caveats; the documents are located on [Cisco.com](#).



## Note

If you have an account on Cisco.com, you can also use the Bug Toolkit to find select caveats of any severity. To reach the Bug Toolkit, log in to [Cisco.com](#) and click **Products and Services > Cisco IOS Software > Cisco IOS Software Releases 12.4 > Troubleshooting > Bug Toolkit**. Another option is to go to [http://www.cisco.com/cgi-bin/Support/Bugtool/launch\\_bugtool.pl](http://www.cisco.com/cgi-bin/Support/Bugtool/launch_bugtool.pl). (If the defect that you have requested cannot be displayed, this may be due to one or more of the following reasons: the defect number does not exist, the defect does not have a customer-visible description yet, or the defect has been marked Cisco Confidential.)

This section contains the following caveat information:

- [Resolved Caveats - Cisco IOS Release 12.4\(6\)XE3, page 9](#)
- [Resolved Caveats - Cisco IOS Release 12.4\(6\)XE2, page 17](#)
- [Resolved Caveats - Cisco IOS Release 12.4\(6\)XE1, page 19](#)
- [Special Caveats and Updates, page 20](#)

## Resolved Caveats - Cisco IOS Release 12.4(6)XE3

CSCse24889 Malformed SSH version 2 packets may cause processor memory depletion

**Symptom** Malformed SSH version 2 packets may cause a memory leak, causing the platform to operate under a degraded condition. Under rare circumstances, the platform may reload to recover itself.

**Conditions** This symptom is observed on a Cisco platform that is configured for SSH version 2 after it has received malformed SSHv2 packets.

**Workaround** As an interim solution until the affected platform can be upgraded to a Cisco IOS software image that contains the fix for caveat CSCse24889, configure SSH version 1 from the global configuration mode, as in the following example:

```
config t

ip ssh version 1
end
```

**Alternate Workaround:** Permit only known trusted hosts and/or networks to connect to the router by creating a vty access list, as in the following example:

```
10.1.1.0/24 is a trusted network that
is permitted access to the router, all
```

```

other access is denied

access-list 99 permit 10.1.1.0 0.0.0.255
access-list 99 deny any

line vty 0 4
access-class 99 in
end

```

**Further Problem Description:** For information about configuring vty access lists, see the Controlling Access to a Virtual Terminal Line document:

[http://www.cisco.com/en/US/products/ps6441/products\\_configuration\\_guide\\_chapter](http://www.cisco.com/en/US/products/ps6441/products_configuration_guide_chapter)

For information about SSH, see the Configuring Secure Shell on Routers and Switches Running Cisco IOS document: <http://www.cisco.com/warp/public/707/ssh.shtml>

CSCse05736 A router running RCP can be reloaded with a specific packet

**Symptom** A router that is running RCP can be reloaded by a specific packet.

**Conditions** This symptom is seen under the following conditions:

- The router must have RCP enabled.
- The packet must come from the source address of the designated system configured to send RCP packets to the router.
- The packet must have a specific data content.

**Workaround** Put access lists on the edge of your network blocking RCP packets to prevent spoofed RSH packets. Use another protocol such as SCP. Use VTY ACLs.

CSCsd92405 router crashed by repeated SSL connection with malformed finished message

Cisco IOS device may crash while processing malformed Secure Sockets Layer (SSL) packets. In order to trigger these vulnerabilities, a malicious client must send malformed packets during the SSL protocol exchange with the vulnerable device.

Successful repeated exploitation of any of these vulnerabilities may lead to a sustained Denial-of-Service (DoS); however, vulnerabilities are not known to compromise either the confidentiality or integrity of the data or the device.

These vulnerabilities are not believed to allow an attacker will not be able to decrypt any previously encrypted information. Cisco IOS is affected by the following vulnerabilities:

- Processing ClientHello messages, documented as Cisco bug ID CSCsb12598
- Processing ChangeCipherSpec messages, documented as Cisco bug ID CSCsb40304
- Processing Finished messages, documented as Cisco bug ID CSCsd92405

Cisco has made free software available to address these vulnerabilities for affected customers. There are workarounds available to mitigate the effects of these vulnerabilities. This advisory is posted at <http://www.cisco.com/warp/public/707/cisco-sa-20070522-SSL.shtml>

**Note**


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Another related advisory has been posted with this advisory. This additional advisory also describes a vulnerability related to cryptography that affects Cisco IOS. This related advisory is available at the following link: <http://www.cisco.com/warp/public/707/cisco-sa-20070522-crypto.shtml>

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A combined software table for Cisco IOS is available to aid customers in choosing a software releases that fixes all security vulnerabilities published as of May 22, 2007.

This software table is available at the following link:  
<http://www.cisco.com/warp/public/707/cisco-sa-20070522-cry-bundle.shtml>.

CSCsd85587 7200 Router crashes with ISAKMP Codenomicon test suite

A vulnerability has been discovered in a third party cryptographic library which is used by a number of Cisco products. This vulnerability may be triggered when a malformed Abstract Syntax Notation One (ASN.1) object is parsed. Due to the nature of the vulnerability it may be possible, in some cases, to trigger this vulnerability without a valid certificate or valid application-layer credentials (such as a valid username or password).

Successful repeated exploitation of any of these vulnerabilities may lead to a sustained Denial-of-Service (DoS); however, vulnerabilities are not known to compromise either the confidentiality or integrity of the data or the device.

These vulnerabilities are not believed to allow an attacker will not be able to decrypt any previously encrypted information. The vulnerable cryptographic library is used in the following Cisco products:

- Cisco IOS, documented as Cisco bug ID [CSCsd85587](#)
- Cisco IOS XR, documented as Cisco bug ID [CSCsg41084](#)
- Cisco PIX and ASA Security Appliances, documented as Cisco bug ID [CSCse91999](#)
- Cisco Unified CallManager, documented as Cisco bug ID [CSCsg44348](#)
- Cisco Firewall Service Module [CSCsi97695](#)

This vulnerability is also being tracked by CERT/CC as VU#754281. Cisco has made free software available to address this vulnerability for affected customers. There are no workarounds available to mitigate the effects of the vulnerability.

This advisory is posted at <http://www.cisco.com/warp/public/707/cisco-sa-20070522-crypto.shtml>.

**Note**


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Note: Another related advisory is posted together with this Advisory. It also describes vulnerabilities related to cryptography that affect Cisco IOS.

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A combined software table for Cisco IOS only is available at <http://www.cisco.com/warp/public/707/cisco-sa-20070522-cry-bundle.shtml> and can be used to choose a software release which fixes all security vulnerabilities published as of May 22, 2007.

The related advisory is published at  
<http://www.cisco.com/warp/public/707/cisco-sa-20070522-SSL.shtml>

CSCec12299 Corruption of ext communities when receiving over ipv4 EBGp session

**Symptom** EIGRP-specific Extended Community 0x8800 is corrupted and shown as 0x0:0:0.

**Conditions** This symptom is observed when EIGRP-specific Extended Community 0x8800 is received via an IPv4 EBGp session on a CE router. This occurs typically in the following inter-autonomous system scenario:

```
ASBR/PE-1 <----> VRF-to-VRF <----> ASBR/PE-2
```

**Workaround** Use a configuration such as the following to remove extended communities from the CE router:

```
router bgp 1
 address-family ipv4 vrf one
 neighbor 1.0.0.1 remote-as 100
 neighbor 1.0.0.1 activate
 neighbor 1.0.0.1 route-map FILTER in
 exit-address-family
!
ip extcommunity-list 100 permit _RT.*_
!
!
route-map FILTER permit 10
 set extcomm-list 100 delete
!
```

CSCse56501

A device running Cisco IOS software that has Internet Protocol version 6 (IPv6) enabled may be subject to a denial of service (DoS) attack. For the device to be affected by this vulnerability the device also has to have certain Internet Protocol version 4 (IPv4) User Datagram Protocol (UDP) services enabled. To exploit this vulnerability an offending IPv6 packet must be targeted to the device. Packets that are routed throughout the router can not trigger this vulnerability. Successful exploitation will prevent the interface from receiving any additional traffic. The only exception is Resource Reservation Protocol (RSVP) service, which if exploited, will cause the device to crash. Only the interface on which the vulnerability was exploited will be affected.

Cisco is providing fixed software to address this issue. There are workarounds available to mitigate the effects of the vulnerability.

This advisory is posted at <http://www.cisco.com/warp/public/707/cisco-sa-20080326-IPv4IPv6.shtml>.

CSCse83555 Cisco IOS pauses indefinitely with a malformed ISAKMP message

**Symptom** Cisco IOS pauses indefinitely or reloads unexpectedly with malformed ISAKMP messages.

**Conditions** This problem affects the following IOS releases:

- 12.4(8), 12.4(8a), and 12.4(8b)
- 12.4(9)T, and 12.4(9)T1
- 12.4(6)XE and 12.4(6)XE1
- 12.4(9)MR

- 12.4(9)XG

The IOS device must be configured to process IKE messages (which is the default), and must receive a malformed IKE message from a peer with valid credentials.

**Workaround** There are no workarounds.

**Further Information:** The crash occurs in Quick Mode which means that phase 1 must have been completed, which requires knowledge of the pre-shared key or having a valid certificate (depending on IKE phase 1 configuration.)

CSCsg03449 Etherswitch module VLAN Trunking Protocol Vulnerabilities

#### Symptom

- VTP Version field DoS
- Integer Wrap in VTP revision
- Buffer Overflow in VTP VLAN name

**Conditions** The packets must be received on a trunk enabled port.

**Further Information:** On the 13th September 2006, Phenoelit Group posted an advisory containing three vulnerabilities:

- VTP Version field DoS
- Integer Wrap in VTP revision
- Buffer Overflow in VTP VLAN name

These vulnerabilities are addressed by Cisco IDs:

- [CSCsd34759](#) -- VTP version field DoS
- [CSCse47765](#) -- Integer Wrap in VTP revision
- [CSCei54611](#) -- Buffer Overflow in VTP VLAN name
- [CSCsg03449](#) -- Etherswitch module VLAN Trunking Protocol Vulnerabilities

Cisco's statement and further information are available on the Cisco public website at:

<http://www.cisco.com/warp/public/707/cisco-sr-20060913-vtp.shtml>

CSCsh58082 SIP: A router may reload due to SIP traffic

**Symptom** Cisco devices running an affected version of Internetwork Operating System (IOS) which supports Session Initiation Protocol (SIP) are affected by a vulnerability that may lead to a reload of the device when receiving a specific series of packets destined to port 5060. This issue is compounded by a related bug which allows traffic to TCP 5060 and UDP port 5060 on devices not configured for SIP.

There are no known instances of intentional exploitation of this issue. However, Cisco has observed data streams that appear to be unintentionally triggering the vulnerability.

**Workaround** Workarounds exist to mitigate the effects of this problem on devices which do not require SIP.

This advisory is posted at <http://www.cisco.com/warp/public/707/cisco-sa-20070131-sip.shtml>.

CSCsg15598 DYIDS: Fragmentation prevents signature recognition

The Intrusion Prevention System (IPS) feature set of Cisco IOS® contains several vulnerabilities. These include:

- Fragmented IP packets may be used to evade signature inspection.
- IPS signatures utilizing the regular expression feature of the ATOMIC.TCP signature engine may cause a router to crash resulting in a denial of service.

There are mitigations and workarounds for these vulnerabilities. Cisco has made free software available to address these vulnerabilities for affected customers.

This advisory is posted at: <http://www.cisco.com/warp/public/707/cisco-sa-20070213-iosips.shtml>

CSCsg40567 Memory leak found with malformed tls/ssl packets in http core process

**Symptom** Malformed SSL packets may cause a router to leak multiple memory blocks.

**Conditions** This symptom is observed on a Cisco router that has the **ip http secure server** command enabled.

**Workaround** Disable the **ip http secure server** command.

CSCsg16908 IOS FTP Server Deprecation

Multiple vulnerabilities exist in the Cisco IOS File Transfer Protocol (FTP) Server feature. These vulnerabilities include Denial of Service, improper verification of user credentials and the ability to read or write any file in the device's file system, including the device's saved configuration, which may include passwords or other sensitive information.

The IOS FTP Server is an optional service that is disabled by default. Devices that are not specifically configured to enable the IOS FTP Server service are unaffected by these vulnerabilities.

This vulnerability does not apply to the IOS FTP Client feature.

This advisory is posted at

<http://www.cisco.com/warp/public/707/cisco-sa-20070509-iosftp.shtml>.

CSCsi84017 c2600 router hangs during reload

**Symptom** When you reload a Cisco 2600 series, the router may hang.

**Conditions** This symptom is observed on a Cisco 2600 series when you attempt to run the c2600-entservices-mz image of Cisco IOS Release 12.4(9)T4. The symptom may also occur in other releases.

**Workaround** There is no workaround.

CSCsi01470

A vulnerability in the Cisco implementation of Multicast Virtual Private Network (MVPN) is subject to exploitation that can allow a malicious user to create extra multicast states on the core routers or receive multicast traffic from other Multiprotocol Label Switching (MPLS) based Virtual Private Networks (VPN) by sending specially crafted messages.

Cisco has released free software updates that address this vulnerability. Workarounds that mitigate this vulnerability are available.

This advisory is posted at <http://www.cisco.com/warp/public/707/cisco-sa-20080326-mvpn.shtml>.

CSCsi09530 CME SIP phone failed to register because of authenticate register

**Symptom** If the **authenticate register** command is configured under the **voice register global** command, CME SIP failed to register.

**Conditions** The **authenticate register** command is configured under the **voice register global** command when CME is acting as a registrar.

**Workaround** Disable the **authenticate register** command under the **voice register global** command.

**Further Problem Description:** In registrar functionality, CME challenges an inbound register request with a 401 response. If the **authenticate register** command is configured under the **voice register global** command, the Registering Endpoint then ends a Register Request with Credentials. The Gateway Stack is not processing this request and is dropping it.

CSCsf07847 cdp may fail to discover neighbor information in releases with CSCse85200

**Symptom** Specifically crafted CDP packets can cause a router to allocate and keep extra memory. Exploitation of this behavior by sending multiple specifically crafted CDP packets could cause memory allocation problems on the router.

**Conditions** This issue occurs in IOS images that has the fix for CSCse85200.

**Workaround** Disable CDP on interfaces where CDP is not required.

**Further Problem Description:** Because CDP is a Layer-2 protocol, the symptom can only be triggered by routers that reside on the same network segment.

CSCsj32707 GW rejects SIP UPDATE with Cseq 0

**Symptom** A "SIP UPDATE" message from a Cisco CallManager or SIP Proxy Server with a "Cseq" value of 0 may be rejected or considered invalid by A Cisco gateway.

**Conditions** This symptom is observed on a Cisco gateway that runs Cisco IOS Release 12.4(9)T4 or a later release and that is connected to a SIP endpoint.

**Workaround** There is no workaround. Note that the symptom does not occur in Release 12.4(9)T3.

CSCsj44081 Improvements in diagnostics and instrumentation

Cisco IOS Software has been enhanced with the introduction of additional software checks to signal improper use of internal data structures. This enhancement was introduced in select Cisco IOS Software releases published after April 5, 2007.

**Details:** With the new enhancement in place, IOS will emit a %DATACORRUPTION-1-DATAINCONSISTENCY error message whenever it detects an inconsistency in its internal data structures. This is a new error message. The following is an example.

The %DATACORRUPTION-1-DATAINCONSISTENCY error message is preceded by a timestamp

```
May 17 10:01:27.815 UTC: %DATACORRUPTION-1-DATAINCONSISTENCY: copy error
```

The error message is then followed by a traceback.

It is important to note that this error message does not imply that packet data is being corrupted. It does, however provide an early indicator of other conditions that can eventually lead to poor system performance or an IOS restart.

**Recommended Action** Collect "show tech-support" command output and open a service request with the Technical Assistance Center (TAC) or designated support organization. Pay particular attention to any other error messages or error symptoms that accompany the %DATACORRUPTION-1-DATAINCONSISTENCY message and note those to your support contact.

- CSCsh53643 mbar/isync compiler automation
- CSCsh77241 Reverting the compiler back to c2.95.3-plib
- CSCsh75069 Input Queue Wedge with UDP Echo packets
- CSCsh87705 GCC compiler modifications
- CSCsh87711
- CSCsh87715
- CSCsh23148 c32xx MMU mapping refinements
- CSCek56536 memory leak under simpleudpfuzz attack for port 500
- CSCsh15703 c815 and c1700 MMU mapping refinement
- CSCsh20392 vg200 and c2600 MMU mapping refinements
- CSCsh46705 Remove unused func declaration of vtsp\_tsp\_call\_disconnect\_ind\_rawsignal
- CSCek66935 migrate autobahn76 to c2.95.3-p11c compiler
- CSCej53426 miata6 gcc.c3.4.3 rollout: compiler versioning infrastructure



## Resolved Caveats - Cisco IOS Release 12.4(6)XE2

CSCse06975: Traceback at pak\_copy\_contiguous\_to\_contiguous when testing multicast

**Symptom** VoIP LMR multicast capability does not work on network module NM-HD-2V with E&M.

**Workaround** There is no workaround.

CSCse15025: Intermittent analog/cas voice port lockup or robotic voice

**Symptom** An analog or digital CAS port enters a state in which inbound or outbound calls, or both, may no longer function through the port.

**Conditions** This symptom is observed on a Cisco 2800 series and Cisco 3800 series that function as gateways with analog or digital CAS ports that use PVDM2 DSP modules.

When this problem occurs, it impacts multiple ports that share the same signaling DSP. The output of the show voice dsp signaling EXEC command shows which DSP is used by a port for signaling. The symptom may occur more often for ports that use DSP 1 on the PVDM2 module for signaling.

Because this issue impacts the signaling channels, it has been seen that calls either will not connect at all through impacted ports or in some cases when multiple simultaneous calls are present on adjacent voice ports/timeslots, the call may connect momentarily before being disconnected.

If a problem occurs only on a single voice port, there is another problem, not this caveat (CSCse15025). PRI/BRI calls are not affected because PRI/BRI does not utilize the DSP for signaling purposes.

When the symptom occurs with either a VIC2-xFXO or EVM DID/FXS module, enter the terminal monitor command followed by the **test voice port port-number si-reg-read 39 1** command for one of the affected ports. The output typically should be a single octet value for register 39. When the symptom occurs, information for Registers 40, 41, and 42 is presented and some of the registers show double- octet information.

When the symptom occurs with FXS or analog E&M modules, enter the terminal monitor command followed by the **test voice port port- number codec-debug 10 1** command for one of the affected ports. The output typically should be a single octet value for each register.

Workaround: There is no workaround to prevent the symptom from occurring. When the symptom has occurred, you must reload the gateway to restore proper operation.

Further Problem Description: The changes in CSCse15025 includes changes in CSCsc11833 and CSscd90851. These changes have been shown to help mitigate this problem in the majority of cases.

There is a further detection and reset mechanism in CSCse15025 that will recover the DSP which is in this state. This mechanism will trigger immediately if the impacted voice port is an analog FXO port. For other voice ports, a delay in the detection will be present and it is possible to see the symptom of this problem before the recovery code triggers.

Note that the reset mechanism will cause any active calls utilizing the DSP in question to be dropped. It is recommended if running with modules which can be impacted by this issue to upgrade to a release of software which contains the changes in CSCse15025.

If the DSP is reset and the below output is seen, contact the TAC for further assistance. Note that this output is sent at debug level and it is recommended to enable either syslog or logging buffered on the gateway.

Logging buffered on the gateway is enabled through the global command logging buffered 50000 debug as an example to set the logging buffered to use 50K bytes of processor memory for logging. The output of the log can be seen with the exec command **show log**.

```
CSCse27845: One way voice after ringing pickup of transferred at-alert call
```

**Symptom** One-way voice.

**Conditions** Ephones A, B, and C are on the same CME. A calls B. B does an at-alert transfer to C. While C is ringing, B does a ringing pickup on C's extension. One way voice results with B being unable to hear A.

**Workaround** There is no workaround.

```
CSCse29031: H323-H323 slow start flow around support on IPIPGW in H245 passthru mode
```

**Symptom** No support for media flow-around in h245 passthru mode.

**Workaround** There is no workaround.

```
CSCse47728: Path confirmation failures with VoAAL2 traffic
```

**Symptom** Path confirmation failures seen with Voice over ATM traffic.

**Workaround** There is no workaround.

```
CSCse60762: Traceback seen at gk_endpt_global_queue_remove
```

**Symptom** Traceback seen on the gatekeeper while deleting **endpoint max-calls** CLI.

**Workaround** There is no workaround.

```
CSCse66125: Call-waiting ring in ephone-dn-template fails to hold configuration
```

**Symptom** When trying to configure **call-waiting ring** on a **ephone-dn x**, the configuration is accepted, but cannot be seen in the configuration in show running.

**Workaround** There is no workaround.

CSCse68138: Handle fragmented packets in VOIP RTP Lib

**Symptom** Router may reload due to fragmented RTP packets. This is a platform independent problem.

**Conditions** Its likely to happen in networks where VOIP is one of applications and one more segments of network are using low MTU.

**Workaround** There is no workaround.

CSCse72236: OLC carried ipipgw ip address in flow-around mode for h323-h323 ss call

**Symptom** In H323-H323 Slow Start Flow-around mode. OLC and OLC ACK should carried the remote's ip address and media port info. But on haw\_t, ipipgw's ip address is used in one of the OLC message toward to the remote GW. This is not correct.

**Conditions** The flow-around call is still OK since the OLC ACK carried the correct info.

**Workaround** There is no workaround.

CSCse75014: CME/SRST not able to make calls to Unity VM

**Symptom** CME/SRST Not able to make calls to Unity VM. VM port DN is not coming to "Idle" state after restarting Unity.

**Workaround** There is no workaround.

CSCse96018: Three-party conference fails to continue

**Symptom** Analog phones connected to the Cisco VG224 voice gateway can establish a three-party conference. After establishing the three-party conference, it is not sustained, the Cisco VG224 phone is fed with re-order tone.

**Conditions** This has been seen when the other two parties of the three-party conference are SIP IP phones.

**Workaround** There is no workaround.

## Resolved Caveats - Cisco IOS Release 12.4(6)XE1

CSCek39526: Router crashed @ tagsw\_tfib\_rewrite\_print when show ipv6 cef int

CSCek45222: QOS service-policy commaand no longer available for vlan interface

CSCek45370: Ping fail from Ipanema FIO PRI interface

CSCse56129: VG224 erroneously triggers hookflash during CME call pickup interaction

CSCse59347: Cme/srst ip phone unregister does not down the virtual POTS peers

CSCse68355: Router crashed by single SIP invite packet

## Special Caveats and Updates

### SIP Bugs in 12.4(6)XE

- CSCeb21064

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- Media Gateway Control Protocol (MGCP)
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- Real-time Transport Protocol (RTP)
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- CSCej20505

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- CSCsb24007

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- CSCsc60249

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- CSCsd81407

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- CSCse05642

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- CSCse40276

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- CSCse68138

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- CSCse68355

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#### Voice Vulnerabilities in Cisco IOS and Cisco Unified Call Manager

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- <http://www.cisco.com/warp/public/707/cisco-sr-20070808-mp.shtml>

- CSCsf08998

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- <http://www.cisco.com/warp/public/707/cisco-sa-20070808-scp.shtml>

#### Voice Vulnerabilities in Cisco IOS and Cisco Unified Call Manager

- <http://www.cisco.com/warp/public/707/cisco-sa-20070808-IOS-voice.shtml>

#### Cisco Unified MeetingPlace XSS Vulnerability

- <http://www.cisco.com/warp/public/707/cisco-sr-20070808-mp.shtml>

- CSCsf11855

Multiple voice-related vulnerabilities are identified in Cisco IOS software, one of which is also shared with Cisco Unified Communications Manager. These vulnerabilities pertain to the following protocols or features:

- Session Initiation Protocol (SIP)
- Media Gateway Control Protocol (MGCP)

- Signaling protocols H.323, H.254
- Real-time Transport Protocol (RTP)
- Facsimile reception

Cisco has made free software available to address these vulnerabilities for affected customers. Fixed Cisco IOS software listed in the Software Versions and Fixes section contains fixes for all vulnerabilities mentioned in this advisory.

There are no workarounds available to mitigate the effects of any of the vulnerabilities apart from disabling the protocol or feature itself.

This advisory is posted at

<http://www.cisco.com/warp/public/707/cisco-sa-20070808-IOS-voice.shtml>

Please Note: The August 08, 2007 publication includes four Security Advisories and one Security Response. The Advisories all affect Cisco IOS, one additionally affects CuCM as well. Each Advisory lists the releases that correct the vulnerability described in the Advisory, and the Advisories also detail the releases that correct the vulnerabilities for all four Cisco IOS issues. Individual publication links are listed below:

Cisco IOS Information Leakage Using IPv6 Routing Header

- <http://www.cisco.com/warp/public/707/cisco-sa-20070808-IOS-IPv6-swap.shtml>

Cisco IOS Next Hop Resolution Protocol Vulnerability

- <http://www.cisco.com/warp/public/707/cisco-sa-20070808-nhrp.shtml>

Cisco IOS Secure Copy Authorization Bypass Vulnerability

- <http://www.cisco.com/warp/public/707/cisco-sa-20070808-sep.shtml>

Voice Vulnerabilities in Cisco IOS and Cisco Unified Call Manager

- <http://www.cisco.com/warp/public/707/cisco-sa-20070808-IOS-voice.shtml>

Cisco Unified MeetingPlace XSS Vulnerability

- <http://www.cisco.com/warp/public/707/cisco-sr-20070808-mp.shtml>

- CSCsf30058

Multiple voice-related vulnerabilities are identified in Cisco IOS software, one of which is also shared with Cisco Unified Communications Manager. These vulnerabilities pertain to the following protocols or features:

- Session Initiation Protocol (SIP)
- Media Gateway Control Protocol (MGCP)
- Signaling protocols H.323, H.254
- Real-time Transport Protocol (RTP)
- Facsimile reception

Cisco has made free software available to address these vulnerabilities for affected customers. Fixed Cisco IOS software listed in the Software Versions and Fixes section contains fixes for all vulnerabilities mentioned in this advisory.

There are no workarounds available to mitigate the effects of any of the vulnerabilities apart from disabling the protocol or feature itself.

This advisory is posted at

<http://www.cisco.com/warp/public/707/cisco-sa-20070808-IOS-voice.shtml>

Please Note: The August 08, 2007 publication includes four Security Advisories and one Security Response. The Advisories all affect Cisco IOS, one additionally affects CuCM as well. Each Advisory lists the releases that correct the vulnerability described in the Advisory, and the Advisories also detail the releases that correct the vulnerabilities for all four Cisco IOS issues. Individual publication links are listed below:

Cisco IOS Information Leakage Using IPv6 Routing Header

- <http://www.cisco.com/warp/public/707/cisco-sa-20070808-IOS-IPv6-swap.shtml>

Cisco IOS Next Hop Resolution Protocol Vulnerability

- <http://www.cisco.com/warp/public/707/cisco-sa-20070808-nhrp.shtml>

Cisco IOS Secure Copy Authorization Bypass Vulnerability

- <http://www.cisco.com/warp/public/707/cisco-sa-20070808-scp.shtml>

Voice Vulnerabilities in Cisco IOS and Cisco Unified Call Manager

- <http://www.cisco.com/warp/public/707/cisco-sa-20070808-IOS-voice.shtml>

Cisco Unified MeetingPlace XSS Vulnerability

- <http://www.cisco.com/warp/public/707/cisco-sr-20070808-mp.shtml>

- CSCsg70474

Multiple voice-related vulnerabilities are identified in Cisco IOS software, one of which is also shared with Cisco Unified Communications Manager. These vulnerabilities pertain to the following protocols or features:

- Session Initiation Protocol (SIP)
- Media Gateway Control Protocol (MGCP)
- Signaling protocols H.323, H.254
- Real-time Transport Protocol (RTP)
- Facsimile reception

Cisco has made free software available to address these vulnerabilities for affected customers. Fixed Cisco IOS software listed in the Software Versions and Fixes section contains fixes for all vulnerabilities mentioned in this advisory.

There are no workarounds available to mitigate the effects of any of the vulnerabilities apart from disabling the protocol or feature itself.

This advisory is posted at

<http://www.cisco.com/warp/public/707/cisco-sa-20070808-IOS-voice.shtml>

Please Note: The August 08, 2007 publication includes four Security Advisories and one Security Response. The Advisories all affect Cisco IOS, one additionally affects CuCM as well. Each Advisory lists the releases that correct the vulnerability described in the Advisory, and the Advisories also detail the releases that correct the vulnerabilities for all four Cisco IOS issues. Individual publication links are listed below:

Cisco IOS Information Leakage Using IPv6 Routing Header

- <http://www.cisco.com/warp/public/707/cisco-sa-20070808-IOS-IPv6-swap.shtml>

Cisco IOS Next Hop Resolution Protocol Vulnerability

- <http://www.cisco.com/warp/public/707/cisco-sa-20070808-nhrp.shtml>

Cisco IOS Secure Copy Authorization Bypass Vulnerability

- <http://www.cisco.com/warp/public/707/cisco-sa-20070808-scp.shtml>

#### Voice Vulnerabilities in Cisco IOS and Cisco Unified Call Manager

- <http://www.cisco.com/warp/public/707/cisco-sa-20070808-IOS-voice.shtml>

#### Cisco Unified MeetingPlace XSS Vulnerability

- <http://www.cisco.com/warp/public/707/cisco-sr-20070808-mp.shtml>

- CSCsi60004

Multiple voice-related vulnerabilities are identified in Cisco IOS software, one of which is also shared with Cisco Unified Communications Manager. These vulnerabilities pertain to the following protocols or features:

- Session Initiation Protocol (SIP)
- Media Gateway Control Protocol (MGCP)
- Signaling protocols H.323, H.254
- Real-time Transport Protocol (RTP)
- Facsimile reception

Cisco has made free software available to address these vulnerabilities for affected customers. Fixed Cisco IOS software listed in the Software Versions and Fixes section contains fixes for all vulnerabilities mentioned in this advisory.

There are no workarounds available to mitigate the effects of any of the vulnerabilities apart from disabling the protocol or feature itself.

This advisory is posted at

<http://www.cisco.com/warp/public/707/cisco-sa-20070808-IOS-voice.shtml>

Please Note: The August 08, 2007 publication includes four Security Advisories and one Security Response. The Advisories all affect Cisco IOS, one additionally affects CuCM as well. Each Advisory lists the releases that correct the vulnerability described in the Advisory, and the Advisories also detail the releases that correct the vulnerabilities for all four Cisco IOS issues. Individual publication links are listed below:

#### Cisco IOS Information Leakage Using IPv6 Routing Header

- <http://www.cisco.com/warp/public/707/cisco-sa-20070808-IOS-IPv6-swap.shtml>

#### Cisco IOS Next Hop Resolution Protocol Vulnerability

- <http://www.cisco.com/warp/public/707/cisco-sa-20070808-nhrp.shtml>

#### Cisco IOS Secure Copy Authorization Bypass Vulnerability

- <http://www.cisco.com/warp/public/707/cisco-sa-20070808-scp.shtml>

#### Voice Vulnerabilities in Cisco IOS and Cisco Unified Call Manager

- <http://www.cisco.com/warp/public/707/cisco-sa-20070808-IOS-voice.shtml>

#### Cisco Unified MeetingPlace XSS Vulnerability

- <http://www.cisco.com/warp/public/707/cisco-sr-20070808-mp.shtml>

- CSCsi80749

Multiple voice-related vulnerabilities are identified in Cisco IOS software, one of which is also shared with Cisco Unified Communications Manager. These vulnerabilities pertain to the following protocols or features:

- Session Initiation Protocol (SIP)
- Media Gateway Control Protocol (MGCP)

- Signaling protocols H.323, H.254
- Real-time Transport Protocol (RTP)
- Facsimile reception

Cisco has made free software available to address these vulnerabilities for affected customers. Fixed Cisco IOS software listed in the Software Versions and Fixes section contains fixes for all vulnerabilities mentioned in this advisory.

There are no workarounds available to mitigate the effects of any of the vulnerabilities apart from disabling the protocol or feature itself.

This advisory is posted at

<http://www.cisco.com/warp/public/707/cisco-sa-20070808-IOS-voice.shtml>

Please Note: The August 08, 2007 publication includes four Security Advisories and one Security Response. The Advisories all affect Cisco IOS, one additionally affects CuCM as well. Each Advisory lists the releases that correct the vulnerability described in the Advisory, and the Advisories also detail the releases that correct the vulnerabilities for all four Cisco IOS issues. Individual publication links are listed below:

Cisco IOS Information Leakage Using IPv6 Routing Header

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Cisco IOS Next Hop Resolution Protocol Vulnerability

- <http://www.cisco.com/warp/public/707/cisco-sa-20070808-nhrp.shtml>

Cisco IOS Secure Copy Authorization Bypass Vulnerability

- <http://www.cisco.com/warp/public/707/cisco-sa-20070808-scp.shtml>

Voice Vulnerabilities in Cisco IOS and Cisco Unified Call Manager

- <http://www.cisco.com/warp/public/707/cisco-sa-20070808-IOS-voice.shtml>

Cisco Unified MeetingPlace XSS Vulnerability

- <http://www.cisco.com/warp/public/707/cisco-sr-20070808-mp.shtml>

## NHRP Bugs in IP Routing Protocols

- CSCin95836

The Cisco Next Hop Resolution Protocol (NHRP) feature in Cisco IOS contains a vulnerability that can result in a restart of the device or possible remote code execution.

NHRP is a primary component of the Dynamic Multipoint Virtual Private Network (DMVPN) feature.

NHRP can operate in three ways: at the link layer (Layer 2), over Generic Routing Encapsulation (GRE) and multipoint GRE (mGRE) tunnels and directly on IP (IP protocol number 54). This vulnerability affects all three methods of operation.

NHRP is not enabled by default for Cisco IOS.

This vulnerability is addressed by Cisco bug IDs CSCin95836 for non-12.2 mainline releases and CSCsi23231 for 12.2 mainline releases.

This advisory is posted at

<http://www.cisco.com/warp/public/707/cisco-sa-20070808-nhrp.shtml>.

Please Note: The August 08, 2007 publication includes four Security Advisories and one Security Response. The Advisories all affect Cisco IOS, one additionally affects CuCM as well. Each Advisory lists the releases that correct the vulnerability described in the Advisory, and the Advisories also detail the releases that correct the vulnerabilities for all four Cisco IOS issues. Individual publication links are listed below:

Cisco IOS Information Leakage Using IPv6 Routing Header

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Cisco IOS Next Hop Resolution Protocol Vulnerability

- <http://www.cisco.com/warp/public/707/cisco-sa-20070808-nhrp.shtml>

Cisco IOS Secure Copy Authorization Bypass Vulnerability

- <http://www.cisco.com/warp/public/707/cisco-sa-20070808-scp.shtml>

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Cisco Unified MeetingPlace XSS Vulnerability

- <http://www.cisco.com/warp/public/707/cisco-sr-20070808-mp.shtml>

## SCP Bugs in 12.4(6)XE

- CSCsc19259

The server side of the Secure Copy (SCP) implementation in Cisco IOS contains a vulnerability that allows any valid user, regardless of privilege level, to transfer files to and from an IOS device that is configured to be a Secure Copy server. This vulnerability could allow valid users to retrieve or write to any file on the device's filesystem, including the device's saved configuration. This configuration file may include passwords or other sensitive information.

The Cisco IOS Secure Copy Server is an optional service that is disabled by default. Devices that are not specifically configured to enable the Cisco IOS Secure Copy Server service are not affected by this vulnerability.

This vulnerability does not apply to the Cisco IOS Secure Copy Client feature.

This advisory is posted at

<http://www.cisco.com/warp/public/707/cisco-sa-20070808-scp.shtml>.

Please Note: The August 08, 2007 publication includes four Security Advisories and one Security Response. The Advisories all affect Cisco IOS, one additionally affects CuCM as well. Each Advisory lists the releases that correct the vulnerability described in the Advisory, and the Advisories also detail the releases that correct the vulnerabilities for all four Cisco IOS issues. Individual publication links are listed below:

Cisco IOS Information Leakage Using IPv6 Routing Header

- <http://www.cisco.com/warp/public/707/cisco-sa-20070808-IOS-IPv6-swap.shtml>

Cisco IOS Next Hop Resolution Protocol Vulnerability

- <http://www.cisco.com/warp/public/707/cisco-sa-20070808-nhrp.shtml>

Cisco IOS Secure Copy Authorization Bypass Vulnerability

- <http://www.cisco.com/warp/public/707/cisco-sa-20070808-scp.shtml>

Voice Vulnerabilities in Cisco IOS and Cisco Unified Call Manager



- <http://www.cisco.com/warp/public/707/cisco-sa-20070808-IOS-voice.shtml>

Cisco Unified MeetingPlace XSS Vulnerability

- <http://www.cisco.com/warp/public/707/cisco-sr-20070808-mp.shtml>

## IPv6 Bugs in 12.4(6)XE

- CSCef77013

Cisco IOS and Cisco IOS XR contain a vulnerability when processing specially crafted IPv6 packets with a Type 0 Routing Header present. Exploitation of this vulnerability can lead to information leakage on affected Cisco IOS and Cisco IOS XR devices, and may also result in a crash of the affected Cisco IOS device. Successful exploitation on an affected device running Cisco IOS XR will not result in a crash of the device itself, but may result in a crash of the IPv6 subsystem.

Cisco has made free software available to address this vulnerability for affected customers. There are workarounds available to mitigate the effects of the vulnerability.

This advisory is posted at

<http://www.cisco.com/warp/public/707/cisco-sa-20070808-IOS-IPv6-leak.shtml>.

Please Note: The August 08, 2007 publication includes four Security Advisories and one Security Response. The Advisories all affect Cisco IOS, one additionally affects CuCM as well. Each Advisory lists the releases that correct the vulnerability described in the Advisory, and the Advisories also detail the releases that correct the vulnerabilities for all four Cisco IOS issues. Individual publication links are listed below:

Cisco IOS Information Leakage Using IPv6 Routing Header

- <http://www.cisco.com/warp/public/707/cisco-sa-20070808-IOS-IPv6-swap.shtml>

Cisco IOS Next Hop Resolution Protocol Vulnerability

- <http://www.cisco.com/warp/public/707/cisco-sa-20070808-nhrp.shtml>

Cisco IOS Secure Copy Authorization Bypass Vulnerability

- <http://www.cisco.com/warp/public/707/cisco-sa-20070808-scp.shtml>

Voice Vulnerabilities in Cisco IOS and Cisco Unified Call Manager

- <http://www.cisco.com/warp/public/707/cisco-sa-20070808-IOS-voice.shtml>

Cisco Unified MeetingPlace XSS Vulnerability

- <http://www.cisco.com/warp/public/707/cisco-sr-20070808-mp.shtml>

## Additional References

The following sections describe the documentation available for the Cisco 3700 series routers. Typically, these documents consist of hardware and software installation guides, Cisco IOS configuration and command references, system error messages, feature modules, and other documents. Documentation is available as printed manuals or electronic documents, except for feature modules, which are available online on Cisco.com in pdf or html form.

Use these release notes with the documents listed in the following sections:

- [Release-Specific Documents, page 34](#)
- [Platform-Specific Documents, page 34](#)

## Release-Specific Documents

The following documents are specific to Release 12.4 and apply to Cisco IOS Release 12.4(6)XE. They are located on [Cisco.com](#):

- [Cross-Platform Release Notes for Cisco IOS Release 12.4\(11\)T](#)
- [Field Notices: http://www.cisco.com/warp/public/tech\\_tips/index/fn.html](http://www.cisco.com/warp/public/tech_tips/index/fn.html).
- [Caveats for Cisco IOS Release 12.4](#) and [Caveats for Cisco IOS Release 12.4\(11\)T](#)

## Platform-Specific Documents

Hardware installation guides, configuration and command reference guides, and additional documents specific to the Cisco 3700 series routers are available on [Cisco.com](#) at the following location:

[http://www.cisco.com/en/US/products/hw/routers/tsd\\_products\\_support\\_category\\_home.html](http://www.cisco.com/en/US/products/hw/routers/tsd_products_support_category_home.html)

## Feature Modules

Feature modules describe new features supported by Cisco IOS Release 12.4 and Cisco IOS Release 12.4(6)XE, and are updates to the Cisco IOS documentation set. A feature module consists of a brief overview of the feature, benefits, configuration tasks, and a command reference. As updates, the feature modules are available online only.

## Cisco Feature Navigator

Cisco Feature Navigator is a web-based tool that enables you to quickly determine which Cisco IOS software images support a particular set of features and which features are supported in a particular Cisco IOS image. Cisco Feature Navigator is available 24 hours a day, 7 days a week.

To use Cisco Feature Navigator, you must have a JavaScript-enabled web browser such as Netscape 3.0 or later, or Internet Explorer 4.0 or later. Internet Explorer 4.0 always has JavaScript enabled. To enable JavaScript for Netscape 3.x or Netscape 4.x, follow the instructions provided with the web browser. For JavaScript support and enabling instructions for other browsers, check with the browser vendor.

Cisco Feature Navigator is updated when major Cisco IOS software releases and technology releases occur. You can access Feature Navigator at the following URL:

<http://www.cisco.com/go/cfn>

## Cisco IOS Software Documentation Set

The Cisco IOS software documentation set consists of the Cisco IOS configuration guides, Cisco IOS command references, and several other supporting documents.

## Documentation Modules

Each module in the Cisco IOS documentation set consists of one or more configuration guides and one or more corresponding command references. Chapters in a configuration guide describe protocols, configuration tasks, and Cisco IOS software functionality, and contain comprehensive configuration

examples. Chapters in a command reference provide complete command syntax information. Use each configuration guide with its corresponding command reference. *Cisco IOS Software Documentation* is available in html or pdf form.

Select your release and click the command references, configuration guides, or any other Cisco IOS documentation you need

## Obtaining Documentation, Obtaining Support, and Security Guidelines

For information on obtaining documentation, obtaining support, providing documentation feed-back, security guidelines, and also recommended aliases and general Cisco documents, see the monthly *What's New in Cisco Product Documentation*, which also lists all new and revised Cisco technical documentation at:

<http://www.cisco.com/en/US/docs/general/whatsnew/whatsnew.html>

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The following notices pertain to this software license.

### OpenSSL/Open SSL Project

This product includes software developed by the OpenSSL Project for use in the OpenSSL Toolkit (<http://www.openssl.org/>).

This product includes cryptographic software written by Eric Young (eay@cryptsoft.com).

This product includes software written by Tim Hudson (tjh@cryptsoft.com).

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This product includes cryptographic software written by Eric Young ([ey@cryptsoft.com](mailto:ey@cryptsoft.com)). This product includes software written by Tim Hudson ([tjh@cryptsoft.com](mailto:tjh@cryptsoft.com)).

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This package is an SSL implementation written by Eric Young ([ey@cryptsoft.com](mailto:ey@cryptsoft.com)).

The implementation was written so as to conform with Netscapes SSL.

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