



## PBR Support for Multiple Tracking Options

The PBR Support for Multiple Tracking Options feature extends the capabilities of object tracking using Cisco Discovery Protocol (CDP) to allow the policy-based routing (PBR) process to verify object availability by using additional methods. The verification method can be an Internet Control Message Protocol (ICMP) ping, a User Datagram Protocol (UDP) ping, or an HTTP GET request.

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### Finding Feature Information

Your software release may not support all the features documented in this module. For the latest caveats and feature information, see [Bug Search Tool](#) and the release notes for your platform and software release. To find information about the features documented in this module, and to see a list of the releases in which each feature is supported, see the feature information table at the end of this module.

Use Cisco Feature Navigator to find information about platform support and Cisco software image support. To access Cisco Feature Navigator, go to [www.cisco.com/go/cfn](http://www.cisco.com/go/cfn). An account on Cisco.com is not required.

## Information About PBR Support for Multiple Tracking Options

### Object Tracking

Object tracking is an independent process that monitors objects such as the following:

- State of the line protocol of an interface
- Existence of an entry in the routing table

- Results of a Service Assurance Agent (SAA) operation, such as a ping

Clients such as Hot Standby Router Protocol (HSRP), Virtual Router Redundancy Protocol (VRRP), Gateway Load Balancing Protocol (GLBP), and (with this feature) PBR can register their interest in specific, tracked objects and then take action when the state of the objects changes.

## PBR Support for Multiple Tracking Options Feature Design

The PBR Support for Multiple Tracking Options feature gives PBR access to all the objects that are available through the tracking process. The tracking process provides the ability to track individual objects--such as ICMP ping reachability, routing adjacency, an application running on a remote device, a route in the Routing Information Base (RIB)--or to track the state of an interface line protocol.

Object tracking functions in the following manner. PBR will inform the tracking process that a certain object should be tracked. The tracking process will in turn notify PBR when the state of that object changes.

## How to Configure PBR Support for Multiple Tracking Options

The tasks in this section are divided according to the Cisco IOS release that you are running because Cisco IOS Release 12.3(14)T introduced new syntax for IP Service Level Agreements (SLAs). To use this feature, you must be running Cisco IOS Release 12.3(4)T, 12.2(25)S, or a later release. This section contains the following tasks:

### Configuring PBR Support for Multiple Tracking Options

Perform this task to configure PBR support for multiple tracking options. In this task, a route map is created and configured to verify the reachability of the tracked object.

## SUMMARY STEPS

1. **enable**
2. **configure terminal**
3. **ip sla monitor** *operation-number*
4. **type echo protocol ipIcmpEcho** {*destination-ip-address*| *destination-hostname*} [**source-ipaddr** {*ip-address*| *hostname*} | **source-interface** *interface-name*]
5. **exit**
6. **ip sla monitor schedule** *operation-number* [**life** {**forever** | *seconds*}] [**start-time** {*hh : mm[: ss]* [*month day* | *day month*] | **pending** | **now** | **after** *hh : mm : ss*}] [**ageout** *seconds*] [**recurring**]
7. **track** *object-number* **rtr** *entry-number* [**reachability**| **state**]
8. **delay** {**up** *seconds* [**down** *seconds*] | [**up** *seconds*] **down** *seconds*}
9. **exit**
10. **interface** *type number*
11. **ip address** *ip-address mask* [**secondary**]
12. **ip policy route-map** *map-tag*
13. **exit**
14. **route-map** *map-tag* [**permit** | **deny**] [*sequence-number*]
15. **set ip next-hop verify-availability** [*next-hop-address sequence* **track** *object*]
16. **end**
17. **show track** *object-number*
18. **show route-map** [*map-name*| **all**] **dynamic**]

## DETAILED STEPS

	Command or Action	Purpose
<b>Step 1</b>	<b>enable</b>  <b>Example:</b> Device> enable	Enables privileged EXEC mode.  • Enter your password if prompted.
<b>Step 2</b>	<b>configure terminal</b>  <b>Example:</b> Device# configure terminal	Enters global configuration mode.
<b>Step 3</b>	<b>ip sla monitor</b> <i>operation-number</i>  <b>Example:</b> Device(config)# ip sla monitor 1	Starts a Cisco IOS IP Service Level Agreement (SLA) operation configuration and enters IP SLA monitor configuration mode.

	Command or Action	Purpose
<b>Step 4</b>	<p><b>type echo protocol ipIcmpEcho</b>  <i>{destination-ip-address   destination-hostname}</i> [<b>source-ipaddr</b> <i>{ip-address   hostname}</i>]   <b>source-interface</b> <i>interface-name</i>]</p> <p><b>Example:</b></p> <pre>Device(config-sla-monitor)# type echo protocol ipIcmpEcho 10.1.1.1</pre>	Configures an IP SLA Internet Control Message Protocol (ICMP) echo probe operation.
<b>Step 5</b>	<p><b>exit</b></p> <p><b>Example:</b></p> <pre>Device(config-sla-monitor)# exit</pre>	Exits IP SLA monitor configuration mode and returns the device to global configuration mode.
<b>Step 6</b>	<p><b>ip sla monitor schedule</b> <i>operation-number</i> [<b>life</b>  <i>{forever   seconds}</i>] [<b>start-time</b> <i>{hh : mm[: ss] [month  day   day month]}</i>]   <b>pending</b>   <b>now</b>   <b>after</b> <i>hh : mm : ss</i>}]  [<b>ageout</b> <i>seconds</i>] [<b>recurring</b>]</p> <p><b>Example:</b></p> <pre>Device(config)# ip sla monitor schedule 1 life forever start-time now</pre>	<p>Configures the scheduling parameters for a single Cisco IOS IP SLA operation.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>In this example, the time parameters for the IP SLA operation are configured.</li> </ul>
<b>Step 7</b>	<p><b>track</b> <i>object-number</i> <b>rtr</b> <i>entry-number</i>  [<b>reachability</b>  <b>state</b>]</p> <p><b>Example:</b></p> <pre>Device(config)# track 123 rtr 1 reachability</pre>	Tracks the reachability of a Response Time Reporter (RTR) object and enters tracking configuration mode.
<b>Step 8</b>	<p><b>delay</b> {<b>up</b> <i>seconds</i> [<b>down</b> <i>seconds</i>]}   [<b>up</b> <i>seconds</i>]  <b>down</b> <i>seconds</i>}</p> <p><b>Example:</b></p> <pre>Device(config-track)# delay up 60 down 30</pre>	(Optional) Specifies a period of time, in seconds, to delay communicating state changes of a tracked object.
<b>Step 9</b>	<p><b>exit</b></p> <p><b>Example:</b></p> <pre>Device(config-track)# exit</pre>	Exits tracking configuration mode and returns the device to global configuration mode.
<b>Step 10</b>	<p><b>interface</b> <i>type number</i></p> <p><b>Example:</b></p> <pre>Device(config)# interface serial 2/0</pre>	Specifies an interface type and number and enters interface configuration mode.

	Command or Action	Purpose
Step 11	<b>ip address</b> <i>ip-address mask</i> [ <b>secondary</b> ]  <b>Example:</b> <pre>Device(config-if)# ip address 192.168.1.1 255.255.255.0</pre>	Specifies a primary or secondary IP address for an interface. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• See the "Configuring IPv4 Addresses" chapter of the <i>Cisco IOS IP Addressing Services Configuration Guide</i> for information on configuring IPv4 addresses.</li> <li>• In this example, the IP address of the incoming interface is specified. This is the interface on which policy routing is to be enabled.</li> </ul>
Step 12	<b>ip policy route-map</b> <i>map-tag</i>  <b>Example:</b> <pre>Device(config-if)# ip policy route-map alpha</pre>	Enables policy routing and identifies a route map to be used for policy routing.
Step 13	<b>exit</b>  <b>Example:</b> <pre>Device(config-if)# exit</pre>	Exits interface configuration mode and returns the device to global configuration mode.
Step 14	<b>route-map</b> <i>map-tag</i> [ <b>permit</b>   <b>deny</b> ] <i>[sequence-number]</i>  <b>Example:</b> <pre>Device(config)# route-map alpha</pre>	Specifies a route map and enters route-map configuration mode.
Step 15	<b>set ip next-hop verify-availability</b> [ <i>next-hop-address</i> <i>sequence track object</i> ]  <b>Example:</b> <pre>Device(config-route-map)# set ip next-hop verify-availability 10.1.1.1 10 track 123</pre>	Configures the route map to verify the reachability of the tracked object. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• In this example, the policy is configured to forward packets received on serial interface 2/0 to 10.1.1.1 if that device is reachable.</li> </ul>
Step 16	<b>end</b>  <b>Example:</b> <pre>Device(config-route-map)# end</pre>	Exits route-map configuration mode and returns the device to privileged EXEC mode.
Step 17	<b>show track</b> <i>object-number</i>  <b>Example:</b> <pre>Device# show track 123</pre>	(Optional) Displays tracking information. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Use this command to verify the configuration. See the display output in the "Examples" section of this task.</li> </ul>
Step 18	<b>show route-map</b> [ <i>map-name</i> ] <b>all</b> <b>dynamic</b>	(Optional) Displays route map information.

	Command or Action	Purpose
	<p><b>Example:</b></p> <pre>Device# show route-map alpha</pre>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>In this example, information about the route map named alpha is displayed. See the display output in the "Examples" section of this task.</li> </ul>

## Examples

The following output from the **show track** command shows that the tracked object 123 is reachable.

```
Device# show track 123
Track 123
  Response Time Reporter 1 reachability
  Reachability is Up
    2 changes, last change 00:00:33
  Delay up 60 secs, down 30 secs
  Latest operation return code: OK
  Latest RTT (millisecs) 20
  Tracked by:
    ROUTE-MAP 0
```

The following output from the **show route-map** command shows information about the route map named alpha that was configured in the task.

```
Device# show route-map alpha
route-map alpha, permit, sequence 10
  Match clauses:
  Set clauses:
    ip next-hop verify-availability 10.1.1.1 10 track 123 [up]
  Policy routing matches: 0 packets, 0 bytes
```

# Configuration Examples for PBR Support for Multiple Tracking Options

## Example: Configuring PBR Support for Multiple Tracking Options

The following example shows how to configure PBR support for multiple tracking options.

The configured policy is that packets received on Ethernet interface 0, should be forwarded to 10.1.1.1 only if that device is reachable (responding to pings). If 10.1.1.1 is not up, then the packets should be forwarded to 10.2.2.2. If 10.2.2.2 is also not reachable, then the policy routing fails and the packets are routed according to the routing table.

Two RTRs are configured to ping the remote devices. The RTRs are then tracked. Policy routing will monitor the state of the tracked RTRs and make forwarding decisions based on their state.

```
! Define and start the RTRs.
ip sla monitor 1
  type echo protocol ipicmpecho 10.1.1.1
ip sla monitor schedule 1 start-time now life forever
!
ip sla monitor 2
```

```

type echo protocol ipicmpecho 10.2.2.2
ip sla monitor schedule 2 start-time now life forever
!
! Track the RTRs.
track 123 rtr 1 reachability
track 124 rtr 2 reachability
!
! Enable policy routing on the incoming interface.
interface ethernet 0
 ip address 10.4.4.4 255.255.255.0
 ip policy route-map beta
!
! 10.1.1.1 is via this interface.
interface ethernet 1
 ip address 10.1.1.254 255.255.255.0
!
! 10.2.2.2 is via this interface.
interface ethernet 2
 ip address 10.2.2.254 255.255.255.0
!
! Define a route map to set the next-hop depending on the state of the tracked RTRs.
route-map beta
 set ip next-hop verify-availability 10.1.1.1 10 track 123
 set ip next-hop verify-availability 10.2.2.2 20 track 124

```

## Additional References

The following sections provide references related to the PBR Support for Multiple Tracking Options feature.

### Related Documents

Related Topic	Document Title
Cisco IOS commands	<a href="#">Cisco IOS Master Command List, All Releases</a>
Object tracking within Cisco IOS software	Configuring Enhanced Object Tracking" chapter of the <i>Cisco IOS IP Application Services Configuration Guide</i>
Configuring IP addresses	"Configuring IPv4 Addresses" chapter of the <i>Cisco IOS IP Addressing Services Configuration Guide</i>

**Technical Assistance**

Description	Link
<p>The Cisco Support website provides extensive online resources, including documentation and tools for troubleshooting and resolving technical issues with Cisco products and technologies.</p> <p>To receive security and technical information about your products, you can subscribe to various services, such as the Product Alert Tool (accessed from Field Notices), the Cisco Technical Services Newsletter, and Really Simple Syndication (RSS) Feeds.</p> <p>Access to most tools on the Cisco Support website requires a Cisco.com user ID and password.</p>	<p><a href="http://www.cisco.com/techsupport">http://www.cisco.com/techsupport</a></p>

## Feature Information for PBR Support for Multiple Tracking Options

The following table provides release information about the feature or features described in this module. This table lists only the software release that introduced support for a given feature in a given software release train. Unless noted otherwise, subsequent releases of that software release train also support that feature.

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**Table 1: Feature Information for PBR Support for Multiple Tracking Options**

Feature Name	Releases	Feature Information
PBR Support for Multiple Tracking Options	15.2(2)E	<p>The PBR Support for Multiple Tracking Options feature extends the capabilities of object tracking using Cisco Discovery Protocol (CDP) to allow the policy-based routing (PBR) process to verify object availability by using additional methods. The verification method can be an Internet Control Message Protocol (ICMP) ping, a User Datagram Protocol (UDP) ping, or an HTTP GET request.</p> <p>In Cisco IOS 15.2(2)E, this feature was supported on the following platforms:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Catalyst 3750-X Series Switches</li> <li>• Catalyst 3560-X Series Switches</li> <li>• Catalyst 3560-C Series Switches</li> <li>• Catalyst 2960 Series Switches</li> <li>• Catalyst 2960-C Series Switches</li> <li>• Catalyst 2960-S Series Switches</li> <li>• Catalyst 2960-X Series Switches</li> <li>• Catalyst 2960-XR Series Switches</li> <li>• Catalyst 2960-Plus Series Switches</li> </ul> <p>The following commands were introduced or modified by this feature: <b>set ip next-hop verify-availability</b>.</p>

