

## **Configuring IGMP Snooping**

This chapter describes how to configure the Internet Group Management Protocol (IGMP) Snooping on Cisco NX-OS devices for IPv4 networks.

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## **About IGMP Snooping**



Note

We recommend that you do not disable IGMP snooping on the device. If you disable IGMP snooping, you might see reduced multicast performance because of excessive false flooding within the device.

IGMP snooping software examines Layer 2 IP multicast traffic within a VLAN to discover the ports where interested receivers reside. Using the port information, IGMP snooping can reduce bandwidth consumption in a multi-access LAN environment to avoid flooding the entire VLAN. IGMP snooping tracks which ports are attached to multicast-capable routers to help the routers forward IGMP membership reports. The IGMP snooping software responds to topology change notifications. By default, IGMP snooping is enabled on the device.

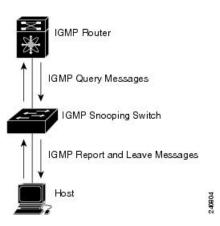
This figure shows an IGMP snooping switch that sits between the host and the IGMP router. The IGMP snooping switch snoops the IGMP membership reports and Leave messages and forwards them only when necessary to the connected IGMP routers.



Note

Owing to {Vlan,Mac} lookup IGMPv2 reports are flooded/forwarded to the receivers already attached, this results in report-suppression. This is specific to Cisco Nexus 3550-T 10.1(2t) release only.

Figure 1: IGMP Snooping Switch



The IGMP snooping software operates upon IGMPv1, IGMPv2, and IGMPv3 control plane packets where Layer 3 control plane packets are intercepted and influence the Layer 2 forwarding behavior.

The Cisco NX-OS IGMP snooping software has the following proprietary features:

• Multicast forwarding based on the MAC address

For more information about IGMP snooping, see RFC4541

### IGMPv1 and IGMPv2

Both IGMPv1 and IGMPv2 support membership report suppression, which means that if two hosts on the same subnet want to receive multicast data for the same group, the host that receives a member report from the other host suppresses sending its report. Membership report suppression occurs for hosts that share a port.

If no more than one host is attached to each VLAN switch port, you can configure the fast leave feature in IGMPv2. The fast leave feature does not send last member query messages to hosts. As soon as the software receives an IGMP leave message, the software stops forwarding multicast data to that port.

IGMPv1 does not provide an explicit IGMP leave message, so the software must rely on the membership message timeout to indicate that no hosts remain that want to receive multicast data for a particular group.



Note

The software ignores the configuration of the last member query interval when you enable the fast leave feature because it does not check for remaining hosts.

### **IGMP Snooping Querier**

When PIM is not enabled on an interface because the multicast traffic does not need to be routed, you must configure an IGMP snooping querier to send membership queries. You define the querier in a VLAN that contains multicast sources and receivers but no other active querier.

The querier can be configured to use any IP address in the VLAN.

As a best practice, a unique IP address, one that is not already used by the switch interface or the Hot Standby Router Protocol (HSRP) virtual IP address, should be configured so as to easily reference the querier.



Note

The IP address for the querier should not be a broadcast IP address, multicast IP address, or 0 (0.0.0.0).

When an IGMP snooping querier is enabled, it sends out periodic IGMP queries that trigger IGMP report messages from hosts that want to receive IP multicast traffic. IGMP snooping listens to these IGMP reports to establish appropriate forwarding.

The IGMP snooping querier performs querier election as described in RFC 2236. Querier election occurs in the following configurations:

- When there are multiple switch queriers configured with the same subnet on the same VLAN on different switches.
- When the configured switch querier is in the same subnet as with other Layer 3 SVI queriers.

## **Prerequisites for IGMP Snooping**

IGMP snooping has the following prerequisites:

- You are logged onto the device.
- The default configuration mode shown in the examples in this chapter applies to the default VRF.

## **Guidelines and Limitations for IGMP Snooping**

IGMP snooping has the following guidelines and limitations:

- Cisco Nexus<sup>®</sup> 3550-T switch forwards known multicast packets based on Multicast DestMAC of packets on incoming ports where PIM is disabled to provide lower latency. Hence, Cisco Nexus<sup>®</sup> 3550-T switch IGMPv1/v2 incoming reports are forwarded to known multicast receivers.
- For having low latency, Cisco Nexus® 3550-T switch only supports {Vlan,MAC} lookup for L2 ports. There is no IP based {VLAN,G} or {VLAN,G,S} lookup.
- Owing to {Vlan,Mac} lookup, IGMPv2 reports are flooded to the receivers already attached, this results in report-suppression. It is recommended to have hosts configured as IGMPv3.
- You must enable the **ip igmp snooping group-timeout** command when you use the **ip igmp snooping proxy general-queries** command. We recommend that you set it to "never". Otherwise, you might experience multicast packet loss.
- Cisco Nexus<sup>®</sup> 3550-T switches support IGMP snooping for IPv4 but do not support MLD snooping for IPv6.
- Layer 3 IPv6 multicast routing is not supported.

## **Default Settings**

Parameters	Default
IGMP snooping	Enabled
Explicit tracking	Enabled
Fast leave	Disabled
Last member query interval	1 second
Snooping querier	Disabled
Report suppression	Enabled
Link-local groups suppression	Enabled
Optimise-multicast-flood	Disabled
IGMPv3 report suppression for the entire device	Disabled
IGMPv3 report suppression per VLAN	Enabled

## **Configuring IGMP Snooping Parameters**



Note

If you are familiar with the Cisco IOS CLI, be aware that the Cisco NX-OS commands for this feature might differ from the Cisco IOS commands that you would use.



Note

You must enable IGMP snooping globally before any other commands take effect.

### **Configuring Global IGMP Snooping Parameters**

To affect the operation of the IGMP snooping process globally, you can configure various optional IGMP snooping parameters.

### **Notes for IGMP Snooping Parameters**

• IGMP Snooping Proxy parameter

To decrease the burden placed on the snooping switch during each IGMP general query (GQ) interval, the Cisco NX-OS software provides a way to decouple the periodic general query behavior of the IGMP snooping switch from the query interval configured on the multicast routers.

You can configure the device to consume IGMP general queries from the multicast router, rather than flooding the general queries to all the switchports. When the device receives a general query, it produces

proxy reports for all currently active groups and distributes the proxy reports over the period specified by the MRT that is specified in the router query. At the same time, independent of the periodic general query activity of the multicast router, the device sends an IGMP general query on each port in the VLAN in a round-robin fashion. It cycles through all the interfaces in the VLAN at the rate given by the following formula.

### Rate = {number of interfaces in VLAN} \* {configured MRT} \* {number of VLANs}

When queries are run in this mode, the default MRT value is 5,000 milliseconds (5 seconds). For a device that has 500 switchports in a VLAN, it would take 2,500 seconds (40 minutes) to cycle through all the interfaces in the system. This is also true when the device itself is the querier.

This behavior ensures that only one host responds to a general query at a given time, and it keeps the simultaneous reporting rate below the packet-per-second IGMP capability of the device (approximately 3,000 to 4,000 pps).



Note

When you use this option, you must change the **ip igmp snooping group-timeout** parameter to a high value or to never time out.

The **ip igmp snooping proxy general-queries** [**mrt**] command causes the snooping function to proxy reply to general queries from the multicast router while also sending round-robin general queries on each switchport with the specified MRT value. (The default MRT value is 5 seconds.)

IGMP Snooping Group-timeout parameter

Configuring the group-timeout parameter disables the behavior of an expiring membership based on three missed general queries. Group membership remains on a given switchport until the device receives an explicit IGMP leave on that port.

The **ip igmp snooping group-timeout** {*timeout* | **never**} command modifies or disables the behavior of an expiring IGMP snooping group membership after three missed general queries.

#### **Procedure**

### Step 1 configure terminal

#### **Example:**

switch# configure terminal
switch(config)#

Enters global configuration mode.

### **Step 2** Use the following commands to configure global IGMP snooping parameters.

Option	Description
ip igmp snooping	Enables IGMP snooping for the device. The default is enabled.
<pre>switch(config)# ip igmp snooping</pre>	

Option	Description
	Note If the global setting is disabled with the <b>no</b> form of this command, IGMP snooping on all VLANs is disabled, whether IGMP snooping is enabled on a VLAN or not. If you disable IGMP snooping, Cisco Nexus® 3550-Tswitch only disables IGMP snoop packet handling. Hence, even with the <b>no</b> form of this command, IGMP packets including multicast packets are not forwarded in hardware.
ip igmp snooping event-history	Configures the size of the event history buffer. The default is small.
<pre>switch(config)# ip igmp snooping event-history</pre>	
<pre>ip igmp snooping group-timeout {minutes   never}</pre>	Configures the group membership timeout value for all VLANs on the device.
<pre>switch(config)# ip igmp snooping group-timeout never</pre>	
ip igmp snooping link-local-groups-suppression	Configures link-local groups suppression for the entire device. The default is enabled.
<pre>switch(config)# ip igmp snooping link-local-groups-suppression</pre>	
ip igmp snooping proxy general-inquiries [mrt seconds]	Configures the IGMP snooping proxy for the device. The default is 5 seconds.
<pre>switch(config)# ip igmp snooping proxy general-inquiries</pre>	
ip igmp snooping v3-report-suppression	Limits the membership report traffic sent to multicast-capable routers. When you disable report suppression, all IGMP reports are sent as-is to multicast-capable routers. The default is enabled.
<pre>switch(config)# ip igmp snooping v3-report-suppression</pre>	
ip igmp snooping report-suppression	Configures IGMPv3 report suppression and proxy reporting. The default is disabled.
<pre>switch(config)# ip igmp snooping report-suppression</pre>	

### Step 3 copy running-config startup-config

### **Example:**

switch(config)# copy running-config startup-config

(Optional) Copies the running configuration to the startup configuration.

## **Configuring IGMP Snooping Parameters per VLAN**

To affect the operation of the IGMP snooping process per VLAN, you can configure various optional IGMP snooping parameters.



Note

You configure the IGMP snooping parameters that you want by using this configuration mode; however, the configurations apply only after you specifically create the specified VLAN. See the *Cisco Nexus 9000 Series NX-OS Layer 2 Switching Configuration Guide* for information on creating VLANs.

#### **Procedure**

### Step 1 configure terminal

### **Example:**

switch# configure terminal
switch(config)#

Enters global configuration mode.

### Step 2 ip igmp snooping

#### **Example:**

switch(config)# ip igmp snooping

Enables IGMP snooping. The default is enabled.

### Note

If the global setting is disabled with the **no** form of this command, IGMP snooping on all VLANs is disabled, whether IGMP snooping is enabled on a VLAN or not. If you disable IGMP snooping, Layer 2 multicast frames flood to all modules.

### Step 3 vlan configuration vlan-id

### Example:

```
switch(config) # vlan configuration 2
switch(config-vlan-config) #
```

Configures the IGMP snooping parameters you want for the VLAN. These configurations do not apply until you create the specified VLAN.

**Step 4** Use the following commands to configure IGMP snooping parameters per VLAN.

Option	Description
ip igmp snooping	Enables IGMP snooping for the current VLAN. The default is enabled.
switch(config-vlan-config)# ip igmp snooping	
<pre>ip igmp snooping access-group {prefix-list   route-map} policy-name interface interface slot/port</pre>	Configures a filter for IGMP snooping reports that is based on a prefix-list or route-map policy. The default is disabled.
<pre>switch(config-vlan-config)# ip igmp snooping access-group prefix-list plist interface ethernet 1/2</pre>	
ip igmp snooping explicit-tracking	Tracks IGMPv3 membership reports from individual hosts for each port on a per-VLAN basis. The default is enabled on all VLANs.
<pre>switch(config-vlan-config)# ip igmp snooping explicit-tracking</pre>	
<pre>ip igmp snooping fast-leave  switch(config-vlan-config)# ip igmp snooping</pre>	
fast-leave	present on each VLAN port. The default is disabled for all VLANs.
<pre>ip igmp snooping group-timeout {minutes   never}</pre>	Configures the group membership timeout for the specified VLANs.
<pre>switch(config-vlan-config)# ip igmp snooping group-timeout never</pre>	
<pre>ip igmp snooping last-member-query-interval seconds</pre>	Removes the group from the associated VLAN port if no hosts respond to an IGMP query message before the last member query interval expires. Values range from 1 to 25 seconds. The default is 1 second.
<pre>switch(config-vlan-config)# ip igmp snooping last-member-query-interval 3</pre>	
<pre>ip igmp snooping proxy general-queries [mrt seconds]</pre>	Configures an IGMP snooping proxy for specified VLANs. The default is 5 seconds.
<pre>switch(config-vlan-config)# ip igmp snooping proxy general-queries</pre>	
ip igmp snooping querier ip-address	Configures a snooping querier when you do not enable PIM because multicast traffic does not need to be routed. The IP address is used as the source in messages.

Option	Description
<pre>switch(config-vlan-config)# ip igmp snooping querier 172.20.52.106</pre>	
ip igmp snooping querier-timeout seconds	Configures a snooping querier timeout value for IGMPv2 when you do not enable PIM because multicast traffic does not need to be routed. The default is 255 seconds.
<pre>switch(config-vlan-config)# ip igmp snooping querier-timeout 300</pre>	
<pre>ip igmp snooping query-interval seconds</pre>	Configures a snooping query interval when you do not enable PIM because multicast traffic does not need to be routed. The default value is 125 seconds.
<pre>switch(config-vlan-config)# ip igmp snooping query-interval 120</pre>	
<pre>ip igmp snooping query-max-response-time seconds</pre>	Configures a snooping MRT for query messages when you do not enable PIM because multicast traffic does not need to be routed. The default value is 10 seconds.
<pre>switch(config-vlan-config)# ip igmp snooping query-max-response-time 12</pre>	
<pre>ip igmp snooping report-policy {prefix-list   route-map} policy-name interface interface slot/port</pre>	Configures a filter for IGMP snooping reports that is based on a prefix-list or route-map policy. The default is disabled.
<pre>switch(config-vlan-config)# ip igmp snooping report-policy route-map rmap interface ethernet 1/4</pre>	
ip igmp snooping startup-query-count value	Configures snooping for a number of queries sent at startup when you do not enable PIM because multicast traffic does not need to be routed.
<pre>switch(config-vlan-config)# ip igmp snooping startup-query-count 5</pre>	
<pre>ip igmp snooping startup-query-interval seconds</pre>	Configures a snooping query interval at startup when you do not enable PIM because multicast traffic does not need to be routed.
<pre>switch(config-vlan-config)# ip igmp snooping startup-query-interval 15000</pre>	
ip igmp snooping robustness-variable value	Configures the robustness value for the specified VLANs. The default value is 2.
<pre>switch(config-vlan-config)# ip igmp snooping robustness-variable 5</pre>	

Option	Description
<pre>ip igmp snooping report-suppression  switch(config-vlan-config)# ip igmp snooping   report-suppression</pre>	multicast-capable routers. When you disable report suppression, all IGMP reports are sent as-is to
<pre>ip igmp snooping mrouter interface interface</pre>	interface to the router must be in the selected VLAN. You can specify the interface by the type and the number, such as <b>ethernet</b> <i>slot/port</i> .
<pre>switch(config-vlan-config)# ip igmp snooping mrouter interface ethernet 1/1</pre>	
<pre>ip igmp snooping static-group group-ip-addr [source source-ip-addr] interface interface</pre>	Configures the Layer 2 port of a VLAN as a static member of a multicast group. You can specify the interface by the type and the number, such as <b>ethernet</b> <i>slot/port</i> .
<pre>switch(config-vlan-config)# ip igmp snooping static-group 230.0.0.1 interface ethernet 1/1</pre>	
ip igmp snooping link-local-groups-suppression	Configures link-local groups suppression for the specified VLANs. The default is enabled.
<pre>switch(config-vlan-config)# ip igmp snooping link-local-groups-suppression</pre>	
ip igmp snooping v3-report-suppression	Configures IGMPv3 report suppression and proxy reporting for the specified VLANs. The default is enabled per VLAN.
<pre>switch(config-vlan-config)# ip igmp snooping v3-report-suppression</pre>	
ip igmp snooping version value	Configures the IGMP version number for the specified VLANs.
<pre>switch(config-vlan-config)# ip igmp snooping version 2</pre>	

### **Step 5** copy running-config startup-config

### Example:

switch(config)# copy running-config startup-config

(Optional) Copies the running configuration to the startup configuration.

## **Verifying the IGMP Snooping Configuration**

Command	Description
show ip igmp snooping [vlan vlan-id]	Displays the IGMP snooping configuration by VLAN.
show ip igmp snooping groups [source [group]   group [source]] [vlan vlan-id] [detail]	Displays IGMP snooping information about groups by VLAN.
show ip igmp snooping querier [vlan vlan-id]	Displays IGMP snooping queriers by VLAN.
show ip igmp snooping mroute [vlan vlan-id]	Displays multicast router ports by VLAN.
show ip igmp snooping explicit-tracking [vlan vlan-id] [detail]	Displays IGMP snooping explicit tracking information by VLAN.

# **Displaying IGMP Snooping Statistics**

You can display the IGMP snooping statistics using these commands.

Command	Description
show ip igmp snooping statistics vlan	Displays IGMP snooping statistics. You can see the virtual port channel (vPC) statistics in this output.
show ip igmp snooping {report-policy   access-group} statistics [vlan vlan]	Displays detailed statistics per VLAN when IGMP snooping filters are configured.

# **Clearing IGMP Snooping Statistics**

You can clear the IGMP snooping statistics using these commands.

Command	Description
clear ip igmp snooping statistics vlan	Clears the IGMP snooping statistics.
clear ip igmp snooping {report-policy   access-group} statistics [vlan vlan]	Clears the IGMP snooping filter statistics.

# **Configuration Examples for IGMP Snooping**



Note

The configurations in this section apply only after you create the specified VLAN. See the *Cisco Nexus* 3550-T Layer 2 Switching Configuration section for information on creating VLANs.

The following example shows how to configure the IGMP snooping parameters:

```
config t
  ip igmp snooping
  vlan configuration 2
   ip igmp snooping
  ip igmp snooping
  ip igmp snooping explicit-tracking
  ip igmp snooping fast-leave
  ip igmp snooping last-member-query-interval 3
  ip igmp snooping querier 172.20.52.106
  ip igmp snooping report-suppression
  ip igmp snooping mrouter interface ethernet 1/1
  ip igmp snooping static-group 230.0.0.1 interface ethernet 1/1
  ip igmp snooping link-local-groups-suppression
  ip igmp snooping v3-report-suppression
```

The following example shows how to configure prefix lists and use them to filter IGMP snooping reports:

```
ip prefix-list plist seq 5 permit 224.1.1.1/32
ip prefix-list plist seq 10 permit 224.1.1.2/32
ip prefix-list plist seq 15 deny 224.1.1.3/32
ip prefix-list plist seq 20 deny 225.0.0.0/8 eq 32

vlan configuration 2
  ip igmp snooping report-policy prefix-list plist interface Ethernet 1/2
  ip igmp snooping report-policy prefix-list plist interface Ethernet 1/3
```

In the above example, the prefix-list permits 224.1.1.1 and 224.1.1.2 but rejects 224.1.1.3 and all the groups in the 225.0.0.0/8 range. The prefix-list is an implicit "deny" if there is no match. If you wish to permit everything else, add **ip prefix-list plist seq 30 permit 224.0.0/4 eq 32**.

The following example shows how to configure route maps and use them to filter IGMP snooping reports:

```
route-map rmap permit 10
match ip multicast group 224.1.1.1/32
route-map rmap permit 20
match ip multicast group 224.1.1.2/32
route-map rmap deny 30
match ip multicast group 224.1.1.3/32
route-map rmap deny 40
match ip multicast group 225.0.0.0/8

vlan configuration 2
ip igmp snooping report-policy route-map rmap interface Ethernet 1/4
ip igmp snooping report-policy route-map rmap interface Ethernet 1/5
```

In the above example, the route-map permits 224.1.1.1 and 224.1.1.2 but rejects 224.1.1.3 and all the groups in the 225.0.0.0/8 range. The route-map is an implicit "deny" if there is no match. If you wish to permit everything else, add route-map rmap permit 50 match ip multicast group 224.0.0.0/4.