



Deploying as Physical Appliance

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Prerequisites and Guidelines

Before you proceed with deploying the Nexus Dashboard cluster, you must:

- Review and complete the general and service-specific prerequisites described in [Prerequisites: Nexus Dashboard](#).
- Review and complete any additional prerequisites that is described in the *Release Notes* for the services you plan to deploy.

You can find the service-specific documents at the following links:

- [Nexus Dashboard Fabric Controller Release Notes](#)
- [Nexus Dashboard Insights Release Notes](#)
- [Nexus Dashboard Orchestrator Release Notes](#)
- Ensure you are using the following hardware and the servers are racked and connected as described in [Cisco Nexus Dashboard Hardware Setup Guide](#) specific to the model of server you have.

The physical appliance form factor is supported on the UCS-C220-M5 (SE-NODE-G2) and UCS-C225-M6 (ND-NODE-L4) original Cisco Nexus Dashboard platform hardware only.



Note A known issue exists if you are performing a fresh virtual media installation of the 3.1.1k software on a cluster with UCS-C225-M6 (ND-NODE-L4) nodes and ACI sites, where onboarding the site to NDI or NDO will fail. The workaround for this issue is to perform a fresh installation of the **3.1.11** version of the software instead. Note that upgrading from release 3.1.1k to 3.1.11 will not resolve the issue; you must perform a fresh installation of the 3.1.11 software to resolve the issue.

The following table lists the PIDs and specifications of the physical appliance servers:

Table 1: Supported UCS-C220-M5 Hardware

Process ID	Hardware
SE-NODE-G2=	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Cisco UCS C220 M5 Chassis • 2x 10-core 2.2-GHz Intel Xeon Silver CPU • 256 GB of RAM • 4x 2.4-TB HDDs 400-GB SSD 1.2-TB NVME drive • Cisco UCS Virtual Interface Card 1455 (4x25G Ports) • 1050-W power supply
SE-CL-L3	A cluster of 3x SE-NODE-G2= appliances.

Table 2: Supported UCS-C225-M6 Hardware

Process ID	Hardware
ND-NODE-L4=	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Cisco UCS C225 M6 Chassis • 2.8-GHz AMD CPU • 256 GB of RAM • 4x 2.4-TB HDDs 960-GB SSD 1.6-TB NVME drive • Intel X710T2LG 2x10 GbE (Copper) • One of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Intel E810XXVDA2 2x25/10 GbE (Fiber Optic) • Cisco UCS Virtual Interface Card 1455 (4x25G Ports) • 1050-W power supply
ND-CLUSTER-L4	A cluster of 3x ND-NODE-L4= appliances.



Note The above hardware supports Cisco Nexus Dashboard software only. If any other operating system is installed, the node can no longer be used as a Cisco Nexus Dashboard node.

- Ensure that you are running a supported version of Cisco Integrated Management Controller (CIMC).
The minimum that is supported and recommended versions of CIMC are listed in the "Compatibility" section of the [Release Notes](#) for your Cisco Nexus Dashboard release.

- Ensure that you have configured an IP address for the server's CIMC.

To configure a CIMC IP address:

1. Power on the server.

After the hardware diagnostic is complete, you will be prompted with different options controlled by the function (Fn) keys.

2. Press the **F8** key to enter the **Cisco IMC configuration Utility**.

3. Provide the following information:

- Set **NIC mode** to `Dedicated`.
- Choose between the **IPv4** and **IPv6** IP modes.

You can choose to enable or disable DHCP. If you disable DHCP, provide the static IP address, subnet, and gateway information.

- Press **F1** for more options such as hostname, DNS, default user passwords, port properties, and reset port profiles.

4. Press **F10** to save the configuration and then restart the server.

- Ensure that Serial over LAN (SoL) is enabled in CIMC.

SoL is required for the `connect host` command, which you use to connect to the node to provide basic configuration information. To use the SoL, you must first enable it on your CIMC. SSH into the node using the CIMC IP address and enter the sign-in credentials. Run the following commands:

```
Server# scope sol
Server /sol # set enabled yes
Server /sol *# set baud-rate 115200
Server /sol *# commit
Server /sol *#
Server /sol # show
```

```
C220-WZP23150D4C# scope sol
C220-WZP23150D4C /sol # show
```

Enabled	Baud Rate(bps)	Com Port	SOL SSH Port
yes	115200	com0	2400

- Ensure that all nodes are running the same release version image.

- If your Cisco Nexus Dashboard hardware came with a different release image than the one you want to deploy, we recommend deploying the cluster with the existing image first and then upgrading it to the needed release.

For example, if the hardware you received came with Release 2.3.2 image pre-installed, but you want to deploy Release 3.1.1 instead, we recommend:

1. First, bring up the Release 2.3.2 cluster, as described in the deployment guide for [that release](#).
2. Then upgrade to Release 3.1.1, as described in [Upgrading Existing ND Cluster to This Release](#).



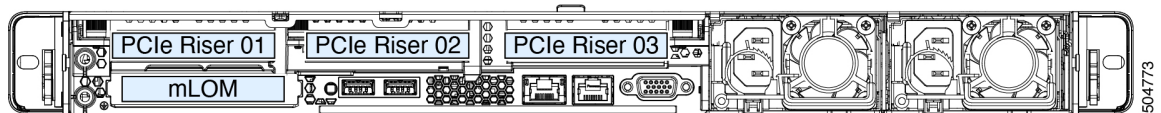
Note For brand new deployments, you can also choose to simply re-image the nodes with the latest version of the Cisco Nexus Dashboard (for example, if the hardware came with an image which does not support a direct upgrade to this release through the GUI workflow) before returning to this document for deploying the cluster. This process is described in the "Re-Imaging Nodes" section of the [Troubleshooting](#) article for this release.

- You must have at least a 3-node cluster. Extra secondary nodes can be added for horizontal scaling if required by the enter and number of services you deploy. For the maximum number of `secondary` and `standby` nodes in a single cluster, see the [Release Notes](#) for your release.

Physical Node Cabling

Physical nodes can be deployed in UCS-C220-M5 (`SE-NODE-G2`) and UCS-C225-M6 (`ND-NODE-L4`) physical servers with the following guidelines:

Figure 1: mLOM and PCIe Riser 01 Card Used for Node Connectivity



- Both servers come with a Modular LAN on Motherboard (mLOM) card, which you use to connect to the Nexus Dashboard management network.
- The UCS-C220-M5 server includes a 4-port VIC1455 card in the "PCIe-Riser-01" slot (shown in the above diagram), which you use for Nexus Dashboard data network connectivity
- The UCS-C225-M6 server includes either a 2x10GbE NIC (`APIC-P-ID10GC`), or 2x25/10GbE SFP28 NIC (`APIC-P-I8D25GF`), or the VIC1455 card in the "PCIe-Riser-01" slot (shown in the above diagram), which you use for Nexus Dashboard data network connectivity.

When connecting the node to your management and data networks:

- The interfaces are configured as Linux bonds (one for the data interfaces and one for the management interfaces) running in active-standby mode.
- For management network:
 - You must use the `mgmt0` and `mgmt1` on the mLOM card.

- All ports must have the same speed, either 1G or 10G.
- For data network:
 - On the UCS-C220-M5 server, you must use the VIC1455 card.
 - On the UCS-C225-M6 server, you can use the 2x10GbE NIC (APIC-P-ID10GC), or 2x25/10GbE SFP28 NIC (APIC-P-I8D25GF), or the VIC1455 card.



Note If you connect using the 25G Intel NIC, you must disable the FEC setting on the switch port to match the setting on the NIC:

```
(config-if)# fec off
# show interface ethernet 1/34
Ethernet1/34 is up
admin state is up, Dedicated Interface
[...]
FEC mode is off
```

- All interfaces must be connected to individual host-facing switch ports; Fabric Extenders (FEX), PortChannel (PC), and Virtual PortChannel (vPC) are not supported.
- All ports must have the same speed, either 10G or 25G.
- Port-1 corresponds to `fabric0` in Nexus Dashboard and Port-2 corresponding to `fabric1`. You can use both `fabric0` and `fabric1` for data network connectivity.



Note When using a 4-port card, the order of ports depends on the model of the server you are using:

- On the UCS-C220-M5 server, the order from left to right is Port-1, Port-2, Port-3, Port-4.
- On the UCS-C225-M6 server, the order from left to right is Port-4, Port-3, Port-2, Port-1.

- If you connect the nodes to Cisco Catalyst switches, you must add `switchport voice vlan dot1p` command to the switch interfaces.

On the Catalyst switches, packets are tagged with `vlan0` if no VLAN is specified. In this case, you must add `switchport voice vlan dot1p` command to the switch interfaces where the nodes are connected to ensure reachability over the data network.

Deploying Nexus Dashboard as Physical Appliance

When you first receive the Nexus Dashboard physical hardware, it comes preloaded with the software image. This section describes how to configure and bring up the initial Nexus Dashboard cluster.

Before you begin

- Ensure that you complete the requirements and guidelines described in [Prerequisites and Guidelines](#), on page 1.

Procedure

Step 1

Configure the first node's basic information.

You must configure only a single ("first") node as described in this step. Other nodes will be configured during the GUI-based cluster deployment process described in the following steps and will accept settings from the first `primary` node. The other two `primary` nodes do not require any additional configuration besides ensuring that their CIMC IP addresses are reachable from the first `primary` node and login credentials are set, as well as network connectivity between the nodes is established on the data network.

- a) SSH into the node using CIMC management IP and use the `connect host` command to connect to the node's console.

```
C220-WZP23150D4C# connect host
CISCO Serial Over LAN:
Press Ctrl+x to Exit the session
```

After connecting to the host, press **Enter** to continue.

- b) After you see the Nexus Dashboard setup utility prompt, press **Enter**.

```
Starting Nexus Dashboard setup utility
Welcome to Nexus Dashboard 3.1.1k
Press Enter to manually bootstrap your first master node...
```

- c) Enter and confirm the `admin` password

This password will be used for the `rescue-user` CLI login as well as the initial GUI password.

```
Admin Password:
Reenter Admin Password:
```

- d) Enter the management network information.

```
Management Network:
IP Address/Mask: 192.168.9.172/24
Gateway: 192.168.9.1
```

Note If you want to configure pure IPv6 mode, provide the IPv6 in the above example instead.

- e) Review and confirm the entered information.

You will be asked if you want to change the entered information. If all the fields are correct, enter the capital letter `N` to proceed. If you want to change any of the entered information, enter `y` to re-start the basic configuration script.

```
Please review the config
Management network:
Gateway: 192.168.9.1
IP Address/Mask: 192.168.9.172/24

Re-enter config? (y/N): N
```

Step 2

Wait for the initial bootstrap process to complete.

After you provide and confirm management network information of the first node, the initial setup configures the networking and brings up the UI, which you will use to add two and configure other nodes and complete the cluster deployment.

```
Please wait for system to boot: [#####] 100%  
System up, please wait for UI to be online.
```

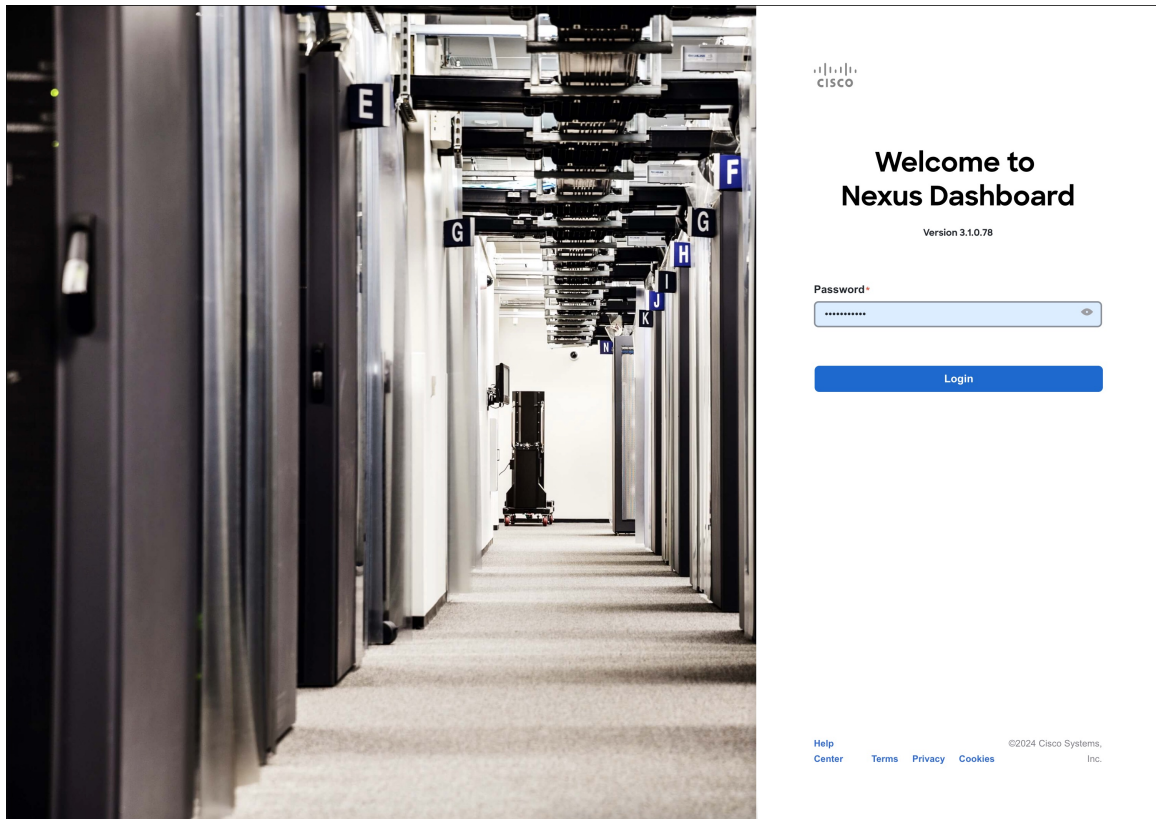
System UI online, please login to <https://192.168.9.172> to continue.

Step 3

Open your browser and navigate to <https://<node-mgmt-ip>> to open the GUI.

The rest of the configuration workflow takes place from one of the node's GUI. You can choose any one of the nodes you deployed to begin the bootstrap process and you do not need to log in to or configure the other two nodes directly.

Enter the password you provided in a previous step and click **Login**



Step 4

Provide the **Cluster Details**.

In the **Cluster Details** screen of the **Cluster Bringup** wizard, provide the following information:

Cluster Bringup
Answer some questions, select the services you want to enable and have Nexus Dashboard ready to use in a few minutes.

Configuration
Provide the cluster name and configure the DNS, NTP and Proxy to set up Nexus Dashboard and bring up the user interface

1 Configuration

2 Node Details

3 Deployment Mode

4 Summary

Nexus Dashboard Cluster Name *

nd-cluster

Enable IPv6

DNS

DNS Provider IP Address *

171.70.168.183

DNS Search Domain

NTP

NTP Authentication

NTP Host *	Key ID	Preferred
171.68.38.65		true

Proxy

Ignore Hosts

Proxy Server *

Authentication required for proxy

Advanced Settings

App Network *

172.17.0.1/16

Service Network *

100.80.0.0/16

App Network IPv6 *

2000::/108

Service Network IPv6 *

3000::/108

Next

- a) Provide the **Cluster Name** for this Nexus Dashboard cluster.
The cluster name must follow the [RFC-1123](#) requirements.
- b) (Optional) If you want to enable IPv6 functionality for the cluster, check the **Enable IPv6** checkbox.
- c) Click **+Add DNS Provider** to add one or more DNS servers.
After you've entered the information, click the checkmark icon to save it.
- d) (Optional) Click **+Add DNS Search Domain** to add a search domain.

After you've entered the information, click the checkmark icon to save it.

- e) (Optional) If you want to enable NTP server authentication, enable the **NTP Authentication** checkbox and click **Add NTP Key**.

In the additional fields, provide the following information:

- **NTP Key** – a cryptographic key that is used to authenticate the NTP traffic between the Nexus Dashboard and the NTP server(s). You will define the NTP servers in the following step, and multiple NTP servers can use the same NTP key.
- **Key ID** – each NTP key must be assigned a unique key ID, which is used to identify the appropriate key to use when verifying the NTP packet.
- **Auth Type** – this release supports MD5, SHA, and AES128CMAC authentication types.
- Choose whether this key is **Trusted**. Untrusted keys cannot be used for NTP authentication.

Note After you've entered the information, click the checkmark icon to save it.

For the complete list of NTP authentication requirements and guidelines, see [Prerequisites and Guidelines](#).



- f) Click **+Add NTP Host Name/IP Address** to add one or more NTP servers.

In the additional fields, provide the following information:

- **NTP Host** – you must provide an IP address; fully qualified domain name (FQDN) are not supported.
 - **Key ID** – if you want to enable NTP authentication for this server, provide the key ID of the NTP key you defined in the previous step.
- If NTP authentication is disabled, this field is grayed out.
- Choose whether this NTP server is **Preferred**.

After you've entered the information, click the checkmark icon to save it.

Note If the node into which you are logged in is configured with only an IPv4 address, but you have checked **Enable IPv6** in a previous step and provided an IPv6 address for an NTP server, you will get the following validation error:

NTP Host*	Key ID	Preferred	
2001:420:28e:202a:5054:ff:fe6f:b3f6		true	 
+ Add NTP Host Name/IP Address			

 Could not validate one or more hosts Can not reach NTP on Management Network

This is because the node does not have an IPv6 address yet (you will provide it in the next step) and is unable to connect to an IPv6 address of the NTP server.

In this case, simply finish providing the other required information as described in the following steps and click **Next** to proceed to the next screen where you will provide IPv6 addresses for the nodes.

If you want to provide additional NTP servers, click **+Add NTP Host** again and repeat this substep.

- g) Provide a **Proxy Server**, then click **Validate** it.

For clusters that do not have direct connectivity to Cisco cloud, we recommend configuring a proxy server to establish the connectivity. This allows you to mitigate risk from exposure to non-conformant hardware and software in your fabrics.

You can also choose to provide one or more IP addresses communication with which should skip proxy by clicking **+Add Ignore Host**.

The proxy server must have the following URLs enabled:

```
dcappcenter.cisco.com
svc.intersight.com
svc.ucs-connect.com
svc-static1.intersight.com
svc-static1.ucs-connect.com
```

If you want to skip proxy configuration, click **Skip Proxy**.

- h) (Optional) If your proxy server required authentication, enable **Authentication required for Proxy**, provide the login credentials, then click **Validate**.
- i) (Optional) Expand the **Advanced Settings** category and change the settings if required.

Under advanced settings, you can configure the following:

- Provide custom **App Network** and **Service Network**.

The application overlay network defines the address space used by the application's services running in the Nexus Dashboard. The field is pre-populated with the default `172.17.0.1/16` value.

The services network is an internal network used by the Nexus Dashboard and its processes. The field is pre-populated with the default `100.80.0.0/16` value.

If you have checked the **Enable IPv6** option earlier, you can also define the IPv6 subnets for the App and Service networks.

Application and Services networks are described in the [Prerequisites and Guidelines](#) section earlier in this document.

- j) Click **Next** to continue.

Step 5

In the **Node Details** screen, update the first node's information.

You have defined the Management network and IP address for the node into which you are currently logged in during the initial node configuration in earlier steps, but you must also provide the Data network information for the node before you can proceed with adding the other `primary` nodes and creating the cluster.

Cisco Nexus Dashboard
User Profile

- Overview
- Manage
- Analyze
- Admin

Cluster Bringup

Answer some questions, select the services you want to enable and have Nexus Dashboard ready to use in a few minutes.

- ✓ Configuration
- 2 Node Details
- 3 Deployment Mode
- 4 Summary

Node Details

Register Nexus Dashboard nodes to form a cluster and adjust their settings to allow communication between them and to your sites.
[Learn More](#)

Serial Number	Name	Type	Management Network	Data Network
E5998163D6F0 ⚠		Primary	IPv4 Address: 172.23.141.129/21 IPv4 Gateway: 172.23.136.1	IPv4 Address: - IPv4 Gateway: - VLAN: -

+ Add Node

⏪
Back Next ⏩

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Current date and time is Sunday, January 14, 03:59 PM (PST)

Edit Node



General

Name *

Serial Number *

Type *

Management Network ⓘ

IPv4 Address/Mask *

IPv4 Gateway *

IPv6 Address/Mask

IPv6 Gateway

Data Network ⓘ

IPv4 Address/Mask *

IPv4 Gateway *

IPv6 Address/Mask

IPv6 Gateway

VLAN ⓘ

Enable BGP

- a) Click the **Edit** button next to the first node.

The node's **Serial Number**, **Management Network** information, and **Type** are automatically populated but you must provide other information.

- b) Provide the **Name** for the node.

The node's **Name** will be set as its hostname, so it must follow the [RFC-1123](#) requirements.

- c) From the **Type** dropdown, select `Primary`.

The first 3 nodes of the cluster must be set to `Primary`. You will add the secondary nodes in a later step if require to enable cohosting of services and higher scale.

- d) In the **Data Network** area, provide the node's **Data Network** information.

You must provide the data network IP address, netmask, and gateway. Optionally, you can also provide the VLAN ID for the network. For most deployments, you can leave the VLAN ID field blank.

If you had enabled IPv6 functionality in a previous screen, you must also provide the IPv6 address, netmask, and gateway.

Note If you want to provide IPv6 information, you must do it during cluster bootstrap process. To change IP configuration later, you would need to redeploy the cluster.

All nodes in the cluster must be configured with either only IPv4, only IPv6, or dual stack IPv4/IPv6.

- e) (Optional) If your cluster is deployed in L3 HA mode, **Enable BGP** for the data network.

BGP configuration is required for the Persistent IPs feature used by some services, such as Insights and Fabric Controller. This feature is described in more detail in [Prerequisites and Guidelines](#) and the "Persistent IP Addresses" sections of the [Cisco Nexus Dashboard User Guide](#).

Note You can enable BGP at this time or in the Nexus Dashboard GUI after the cluster is deployed.

If you choose to enable BGP, you must also provide the following information:

- **ASN** (BGP Autonomous System Number) of this node.
You can configure the same ASN for all nodes or a different ASN per node.
- For pure IPv6, the **Router ID** of this node.
The router ID must be an IPv4 address, for example `1.1.1.1`
- **BGP Peer Details**, which includes the peer's IPv4 or IPv6 address and peer's ASN.

- f) Click **Save** to save the changes.

Step 6

In the **Node Details** screen, click **Add Node** to add the second node to the cluster.

If you are deploying a single-node cluster, skip this step.

- a) In the **Deployment Details** area, provide the **CIMC IP Address**, **Username**, and **Password** for the second node.

Note For the **Username** field for the second node, enter the admin user ID (the ID 1 of the local user management).

- b) Click **Validate** to verify connectivity to the node.

The node's **Serial Number** is automatically populated after CIMC connectivity is validated.

- c) Provide the **Name** for the node.

The node's **Name** will be set as its hostname, so it must follow the [RFC-1123](#) requirements.

- d) From the **Type** dropdown, select `Primary`.

The first 3 nodes of the cluster must be set to `Primary`. You will add the secondary nodes in a later step if require to enable cohosting of services and higher scale.

- e) In the **Management Network** area, provide the node's **Management Network** information.

You must provide the Management network IP address, netmask, and gateway. Optionally, you can also provide the VLAN ID for the network. For most deployments, you can leave the VLAN ID field blank.

If you had enabled IPv6 functionality in a previous screen, you must also provide the IPv6 address, netmask, and gateway.

Note All nodes in the cluster must be configured with either only IPv4, only IPv6, or dual stack IPv4/IPv6.

- f) In the **Data Network** area, provide the node's **Data Network** information.

You must provide the data network IP address, netmask, and gateway. Optionally, you can also provide the VLAN ID for the network. For most deployments, you can leave the VLAN ID field blank.

If you had enabled IPv6 functionality in a previous screen, you must also provide the IPv6 address, netmask, and gateway.

Note If you want to provide IPv6 information, you must do it during cluster bootstrap process. To change IP configuration later, you would need to redeploy the cluster.

All nodes in the cluster must be configured with either only IPv4, only IPv6, or dual stack IPv4/IPv6.

- g) (Optional) If required, **Enable BGP** for the data network.

BGP configuration is required for the Persistent IPs feature used by some services, such as Insights and Fabric Controller. This feature is described in more detail in [Prerequisites and Guidelines](#) and the "Persistent IP Addresses" sections of the *Cisco Nexus Dashboard User Guide*.

Note You can enable BGP at this time or in the Nexus Dashboard GUI after the cluster is deployed.

If you choose to enable BGP, you must also provide the following information:

- **ASN** (BGP Autonomous System Number) of this node.

You can configure the same ASN for all nodes or a different ASN per node.

- For pure IPv6, the **Router ID** of this node.

The router ID must be an IPv4 address, for example `1.1.1.1`

- **BGP Peer Details**, which includes the peer's IPv4 or IPv6 address and peer's ASN.

- h) Click **Save** to save the changes.

- i) Repeat this step for the final (third) primary node of the cluster.

Step 7 (Optional) Repeat the previous step to provide information about any additional secondary or standby nodes.

Note In order to enable multiple services concurrently in your cluster or to support higher scale, you must provide sufficient number of secondary nodes during deployment. Refer to the [Nexus Dashboard Cluster Sizing](#) tool for exact number of additional secondary nodes required for your specific use case.

You can choose to add the standby nodes now or at a later time after the cluster is deployed.

Step 8

In the **Node Details** page, verify the provided information and click **Next** to continue.

The screenshot shows the 'Cluster Bringup' page in the Nexus Dashboard. The 'Node Details' section is active, showing a network diagram and a table of node configurations. The diagram illustrates three Nexus Dashboard nodes connected to a central L2/L3 switch, which is connected to N9k switches and a Management Network. The table below provides the configuration for each node.

Serial Number	Name	Type	Management Network	Data Network	
E5998163D6F0	nd-node1	Primary	IPv4 Address: 172.23.141.129/21 IPv4 Gateway: 172.23.136.1	IPv4 Address: 172.31.140.68/21 IPv4 Gateway: 172.31.136.1 VLAN: -	✎ 🗑
B24A80654FA1	nd-node2	Primary	IPv4 Address: 172.23.141.130/21 IPv4 Gateway: 172.23.136.1	IPv4 Address: 172.31.140.70/21 IPv4 Gateway: 172.31.136.1 VLAN: -	✎ 🗑
F372DC0BB069	nd-node3	Primary	IPv4 Address: 172.23.141.131/21 IPv4 Gateway: 172.23.136.1	IPv4 Address: 172.31.140.72/21 IPv4 Gateway: 172.31.136.1 VLAN: -	✎ 🗑

At the bottom of the table, there is an 'Add Node' button. A 'Next' button is located at the bottom right of the page.

Step 9

Choose the **Deployment Mode** for the cluster.

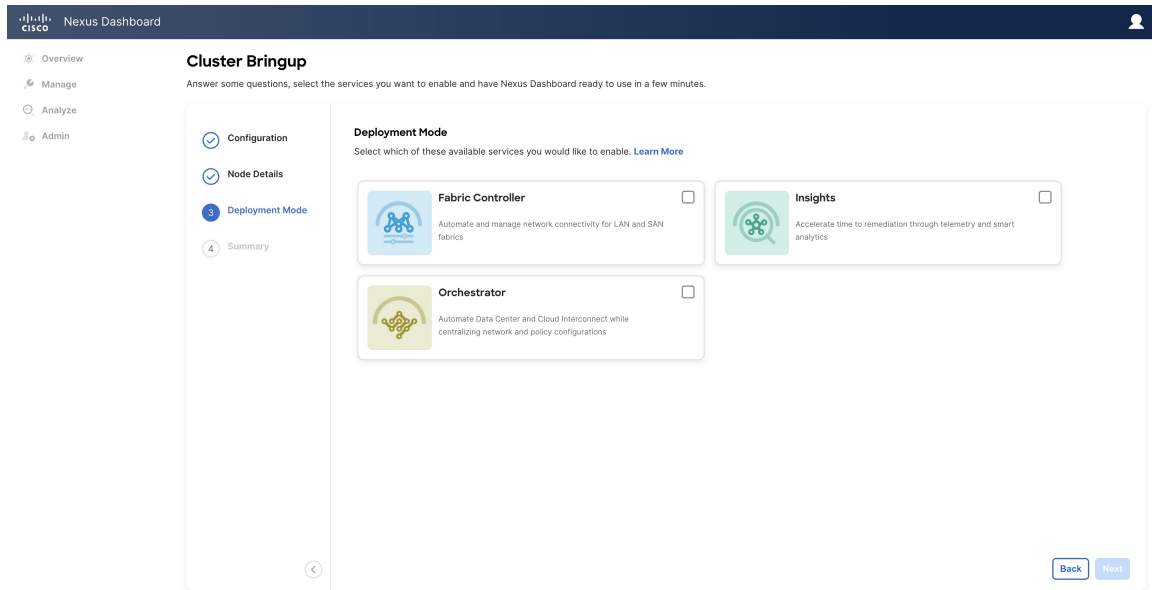
a) Choose the services you want to enable.

Prior to release 3.1(1), you had to download and install individual services after the initial cluster deployment was completed. Now you can choose to enable the services during the initial installation.

Note Depending on the number of nodes in the cluster, some services or cohosting scenarios may not be supported. If you are unable to choose the desired number of services, click **Back** and ensure that you have provided enough secondary nodes in the previous step.

The deployment mode cannot be changed after the cluster is deployed, so you must ensure that you have completed all service-specific prerequisites described in earlier chapters of this document:

- [Nexus Dashboard Fabric Controller prerequisites](#)
- [Nexus Dashboard Orchestrator prerequisites](#)
- [Nexus Dashboard Insights prerequisites](#)



- b) If you chose a deployment mode that includes Fabric Controller or Insights, click **Add Persistent Service IPs/Pools** to provide one or more persistent IPs required by Insights or Fabric Controller services.

For more information about persistent IPs, see the [Prerequisites and Guidelines](#) section and the service-specific requirements chapters.

- c) Click **Next** to proceed.

Step 10

In the **Summary** screen, review and verify the configuration information, click **Save**, and click **Continue** to confirm the correct deployment mode and proceed with building the cluster.

During the node bootstrap and cluster bring-up, the overall progress as well as each node's individual progress will be displayed in the UI. If you do not see the bootstrap progress advance, manually refresh the page in your browser to update the status.


It may take up to 30 minutes for the cluster to form and all the services to start. When cluster configuration is complete, the page will reload to the Nexus Dashboard GUI.

Step 11

Verify that the cluster is healthy.

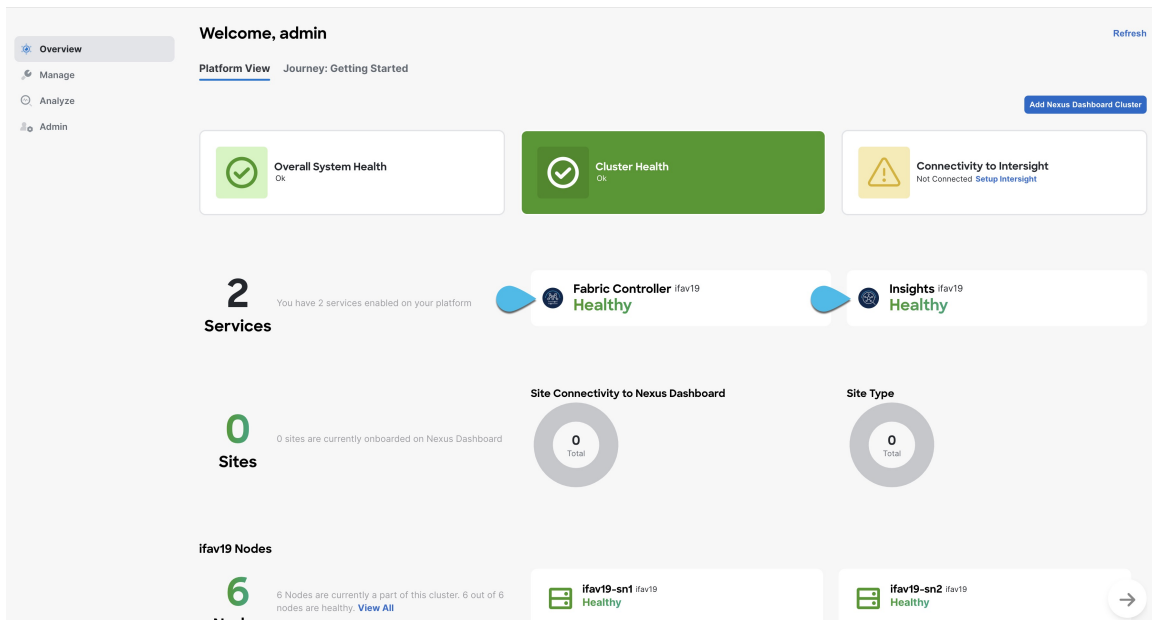
It may take up to 30 minutes for the cluster to form and all the services to start.

After the cluster becomes available, you can access it by browsing to any one of your nodes' management IP addresses. The default password for the `admin` user is the same as the `rescue-user` password you chose for the first node. During this time, the UI will display a banner at the top stating "Service Installation is in progress, Nexus Dashboard configuration tasks are currently disabled":

NTP Host*	Key ID	Preferred	
2001:420:28e:202a:5054:ff:fe6f:b3f6		true	 
+ Add NTP Host Name/IP Address			

 Could not validate one or more hosts Can not reach NTP on Management Network

After all the cluster is deployed and all services are started, you can check the **Overview** page to ensure the cluster is healthy:



Alternatively, you can log in to any one node via SSH as the `rescue-user` using the password you provided during node deployment and using the `acs health` command to check the status::

- While the cluster is converging, you may see the following outputs:

```
$ acs health
k8s install is in-progress

$ acs health
k8s services not in desired state - [...]

$ acs health
k8s: Etcd cluster is not ready
```

- When the cluster is up and running, the following output will be displayed:

```
$ acs health
All components are healthy
```

Note In some situations, you might power cycle a node (power it off and then back on) and find it stuck in this stage:

```
deploy base system services
```

This is due to an issue with `etcd` on the node after a reboot of the pND (Physical Nexus Dashboard) cluster.

To resolve the issue, enter the `acs reboot clean` command on the affected node.

Step 12

After you have deployed your Nexus Dashboard and services, you can configure each service as described in its configuration and operations articles.

- For Fabric Controller, see the [NDFC persona configuration](#) white paper and [documentation library](#).
- For Orchestrator, see the [documentation page](#).

- For Insights, see the [documentation library](#).
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