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Introduction

This document describes how to troubleshoot High CPU/memory due to Extensible Authentication Protocol (EAP) framework and Authentication, Authorization, and Accounting (AAA) manager. This is seen on switches that use dot1x/mab authentication.

Background Information

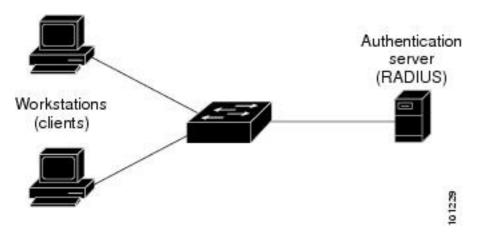
The Cisco IOS Auth Manager handles network authentication requests and enforces authorization policies regardless of the authentication method. The Auth Manager maintains operational data for all port-based network connection attempts, authentications, authorizations, and disconnections and, serves as a session manager.

The switch acts as an intermediary (proxy) between the client and the authentication server, it requests identity information from the client, verifies that information with the authentication server, and relays a response to the client. The switch includes the RADIUS client, which encapsulates and decapsulates the EAP frames and interacts with the authentication server.

Configuration

This section shows a Cisco switch that does MAB/DOT1X (MAC AuthenticationBypass) authentication.

You should understand the concepts of port-based network access control and have an understanding of how to configure port-based network access control on your Cisco platform. This image illustrates workstations that have dot1x/MAB authentication.



This is of a sample configuration:

```
switchport access vlan 23
switchport mode access
switchport voice vlan 42
authentication host-mode multi-domain
authentication order mab dot1x
authentication priority mab dot1x---> Priority order
authentication port-control auto
authentication periodic
authentication timer reauthenticate <value in sec>---> (Time after which the client auth would
be re-negotiated)
authentication violation protect mab mls qos trust dscp dot1x pae authenticator dot1x timeout
tx-period 3 storm-control broadcast level 2.00 no cdp enable spanning-tree portfast spanning-
tree bpduguard enable service-policy input Marking end
```

Troubleshoot

Switches that use dot1x/MAB authentication sometimes have high CPU/memory spikes due to the EAP Framework and AAA manager. This can impact the production since authentication requests are dropped.

In order to resolve this, these steps are recommended:

Step 1. Enter the **show proc cpu sort** command in order to check the high CPU usage on the switch and make sure that the EAP Framework and Auth manager processes have the highest usage as shown in this example:

```
PU utilization for five seconds: 97%/2%; one minute: 90%; five minutes: 89% PID Runtime(ms) Invoked uSecs 5Sec 1Min 5Min TTY Process
149 178566915 140683416 1269 64.04% 47.11% 45.63% 0 EAP Framework
141 130564594 55418491 2355 21.61% 29.05% 29.59% 0 Auth Manager
121 305295906 487695245 519 1.74% 1.84% 1.78% 0 Hulc LED Process
144 12070918 31365536 384 0.63% 0.43% 0.49% 0 MAB Framework
258 117344878 885817567 132 0.47% 0.79% 0.86% 0 RADIUS
```

Step 2. Check the memory usage on the switch for processes like Auth Manager and RADIUS with the **show process cpu memory** command as shown in this example.

Step 3. If you face high resource usage on the switch, you might see the following logs for the authentication failures as shown:

Enter the **show logging** command.

```
%DOT1X-5-FAIL: Authentication failed for client (7446.a04b.1495) on Interface Fa0/17 AuditSessionID 0A73340200000224870C28AA %AUTHMGR-7-RESULT: Authentication result 'no-response' from 'dot1x' for client (7446.a04b.1495) on Interface Fa0/17 AuditSessionID 0A73340200000224870C28AA %AUTHMGR-7-FAILOVER: Failing over from 'dot1x' for client (7446.a04b.1495) on Interface Fa0/17 AuditSessionID 0A73340200000224870C28AA
```

step 4. Set the re-authenticate timer to a higher value (for example, 3600 seconds) in order to

ensure that you do not authenticate frequently for the clients, which thereby increases the load on the switch.

In order to validate the configuration enter **show run interface <interface-name>** command:

```
interface FastEthernet0/8 switchport access vlan 23 switchport mode access switchport voice vlan 42 authentication host-mode multi-domain authentication order mab dot1x authentication priority mab dot1x authentication port-control auto authentication periodic
```

authentication timer reauthenticate 60----->Make sure we do not have any aggressive timers

authentication violation protect

Step 5. Determine how many sessions are seen for MAB/dot1x processes, because sometimes a high number of authenticated sessions can also lead to high CPU. In order to check the number of active sessions, enter these commands:

SW#show authentication registrations

Auth Methods registered with the Auth Manager:

Iandle	Priority	Name
100	0	dot1x
3	1	mab
1	2	webauth

SW#Show authentication method dot1x SW#Show authentication method mab

SW#Show authentication sessions

Step 6. In order to check the version and potential bugs, enter the **show version** command.

If the bug is not listed in the "Bugs" section, open a case with the Technical Assistance Center (TAC) and attach all of the logs from steps 1 to 5.

Bugs

CSCus46997 Memory Leak and High CPU in IP Host Track and Auth Manager

CSCtz06177 A catalyst 2960 may run low on memory.

CSCty49762 EAP Framework and AAA AttrL Sub Uses All Process Memory

Tip: For further details, refer to Cisco bug IDs CSCus46997, CSCtz06177 and CSCty49762.