

# Implement Reuse of Multi-SAN Tomcat Certificate for CallManager

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## Introduction

This document describes a step by step process on how to reuse the Multi-SAN Tomcat certificate for CallManager on CUCM.

## Prerequisites

### Requirements

Cisco recommends that you have knowledge of these topics:

- Cisco Unified Communications Manager (CUCM)
- CUCM Certificates
- Identity Trust List (ITL)

### Components Used

The information in this document is based on these software and hardware versions:

- CUCM release 15 SU1

The information in this document was created from the devices in a specific lab environment. All of the devices used in this document started with a cleared (default) configuration. If your network is live, ensure that you understand the potential impact of any command.

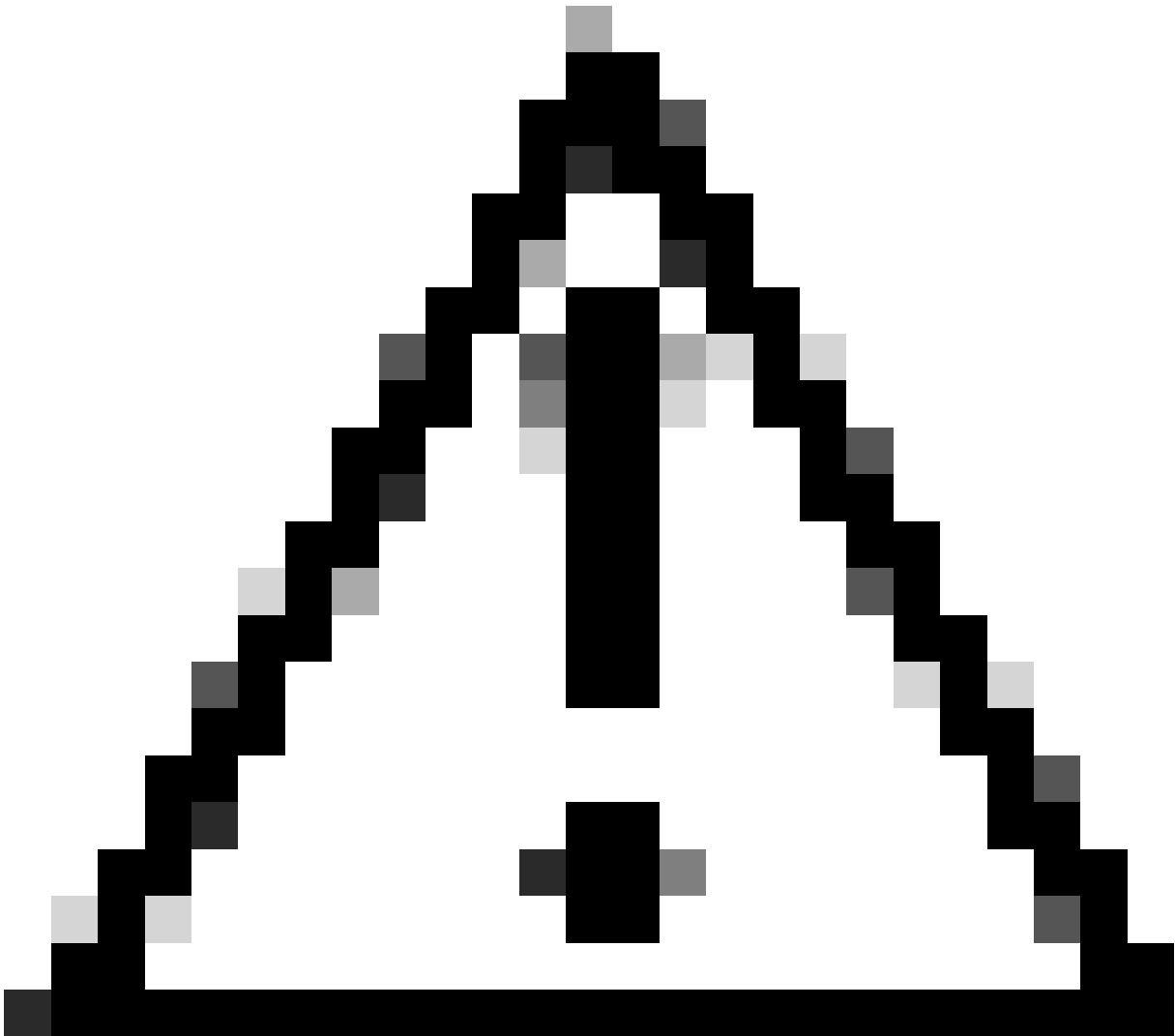
## Background Information

Earlier versions of CUCM used different certificates for each service for the complete cluster which increased the number of certificates and cost. This includes Cisco Tomcat and Cisco CallManager which are critical services running on CUCM which also have respective Identity certificates.

Starting with CUCM version 14, a new feature was added to reuse the Multi-SAN Tomcat certificate for CallManager service.

The benefit of using this feature is that you can obtain one certificate from the CA and use it across several applications. This ensures cost optimization and a reduction in management and reduces the size of the ITL file, thereby reducing overhead.

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**Caution:** Before proceeding further with reuse configuration, make sure Tomcat Certificate is Multi-Server SAN certificate. Tomcat Multi-SAN certificate can be Self-Signed or CA-signed.

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## Configure

### Reuse Tomcat Certificate for CallManager



**Warning:** Ensure you have identified if your Cluster is in Mixed-Mode or Non-Secure mode before you proceed.

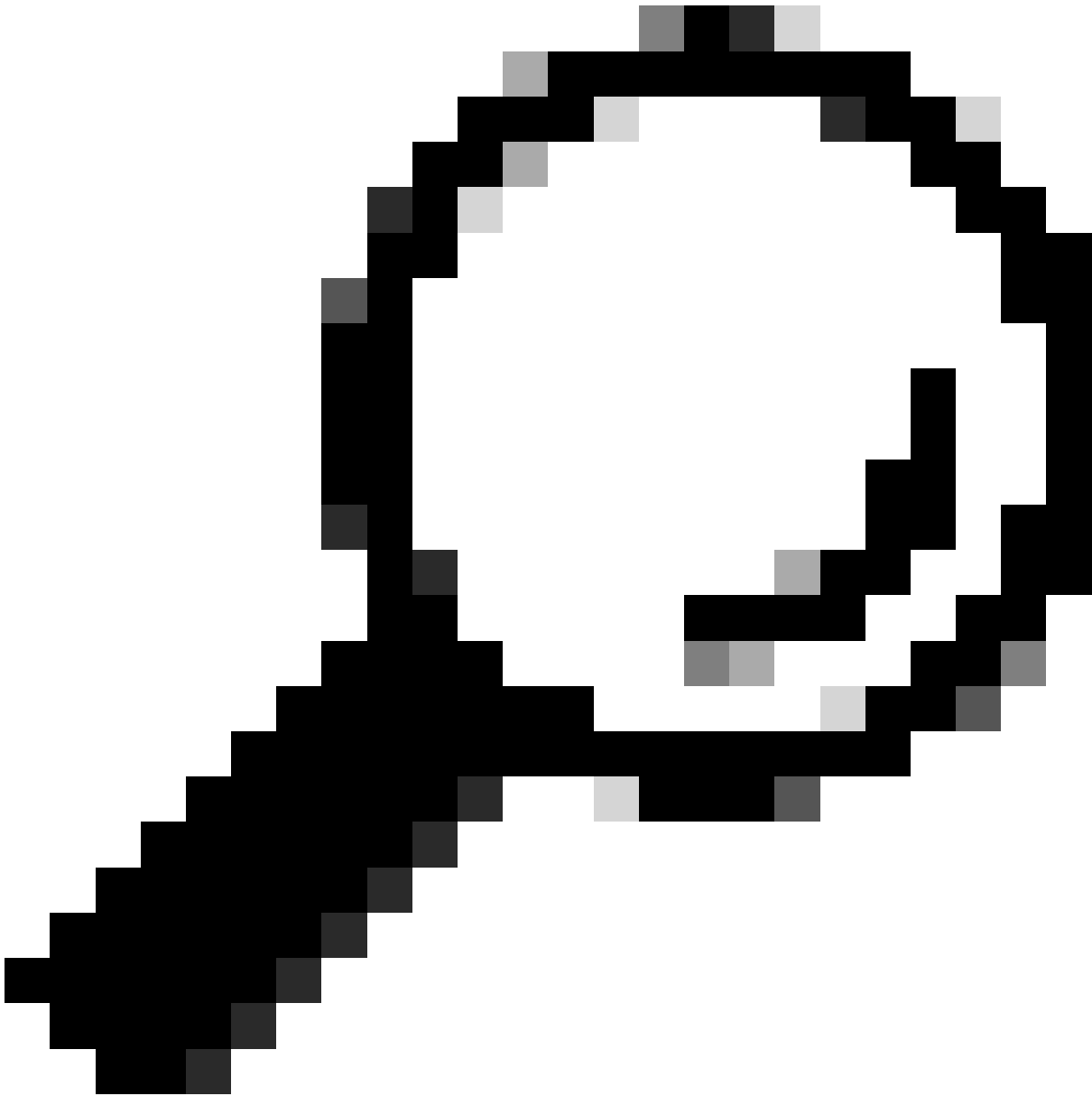
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Step 1. Navigate to the **Cisco Unified CM Administration > System > Enterprise Parameters:**

Check the section Security Parameters and verify if the Cluster Security Mode is set to 0 or 1. If the value is 0, then the cluster is in Non-Secure Mode. If it is 1, then the cluster is in mixed-mode and you need to update the CTL file prior to the restart of services.

Step 2. Navigate to your **CUCM publisher**, and then to **Cisco Unified OS Administration > Security > Certificate Management.**

Step 3. Upload **Multi-SAN Tomcat CA Certificate Chain** to CallManager Trust store.



**Tip:** If you are using Self-Signed Multi-Server SAN certificate for Tomcat, you can skip this step.

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Before reusing the certificates, ensure that you manually upload the CA certificate chain (that signed the tomcat identity certificate) to the CallManager trust store.

Restart these services when you upload the tomcat certificate chain to the CallManager trust.

- CallManager: Cisco HAProxy Service
- CallManager-ECDSA: Cisco CallManager Service and Cisco HAProxy Service

Step 4. Click **Reuse Certificate**. The Use Tomcat Certificates For Other Services page appears.

## Use Tomcat Certificate For Other Services



Finish



Close

### Status



Tomcat-ECDSA Certificate is Not Multi-Server Certificate



Tomcat Certificate is Multi-Server Certificate

### Source

Choose Tomcat Type\*

tomcat



### Replace Certificate for the following purpose



CallManager



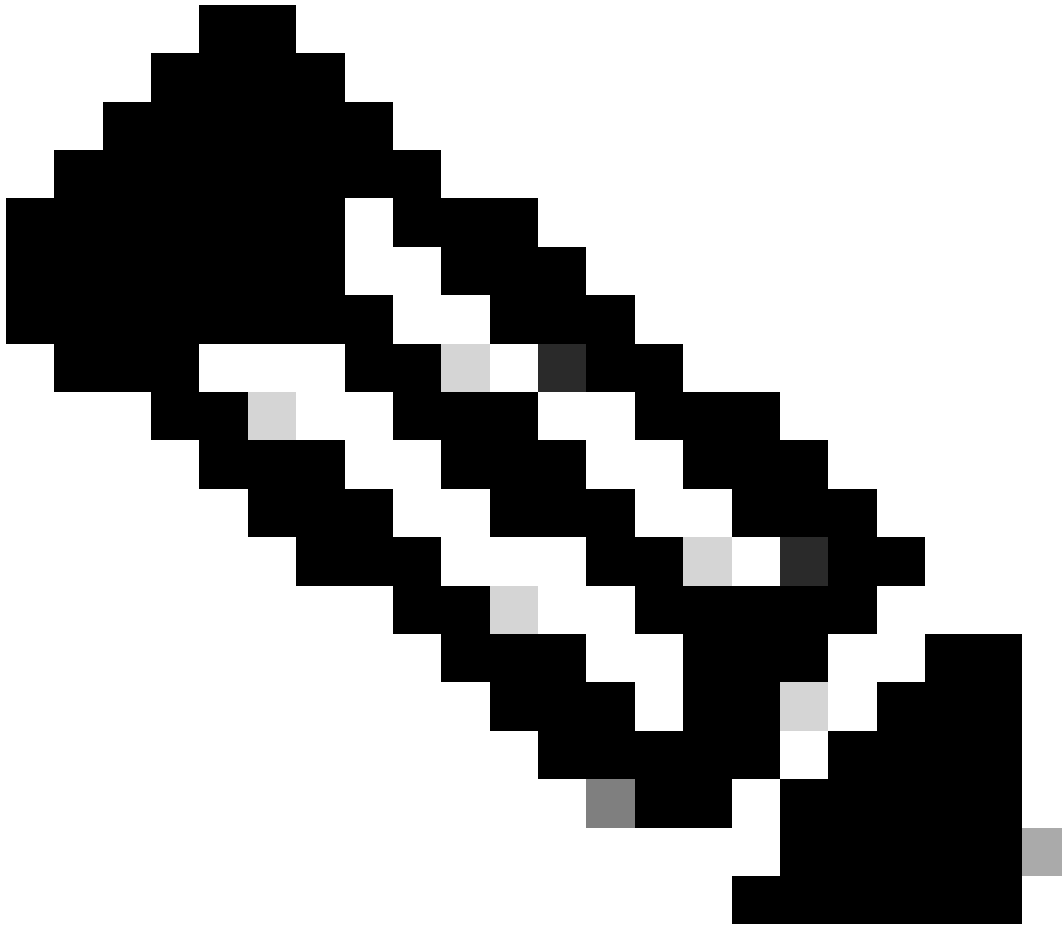
CallManager-ECDSA

Finish

Close

Step 5. From the **Tomcat type** drop-down list, choose either **Tomcat** or **Tomcat-ECDSA**.

Step 6. From the **Replace Certificate for the following purpose** pane, check either the **CallManager** or **CallManager-ECDSA** check box based on the selected certificate in earlier step.



**Note:** If you choose Tomcat as the certificate type, CallManager is enabled as the replacement. If you choose tomcat-ECDSA as the certificate type, CallManager-ECDSA is enabled as the replacement.

Step 7. Click **Finish** to replace the CallManager certificate with the tomcat multi-server SAN certificate.

**Use Tomcat Certificate For Other Services**

Finish Close

**Status**

- Information Certificate Successful Provisioned for the nodes cucmpub15. . . , cucmsub15. . . .
- Information Restart Cisco HAProxy Service for the generated certificates to become active.
- Information If the cluster is in Mixed-Mode, please regenerate the CTL file and ensure end points download the updated CTL File.

Step 8. Restart the **Cisco HAProxy** service on all the nodes of the cluster by executing **utils service restart Cisco HAProxy** command via CLI.

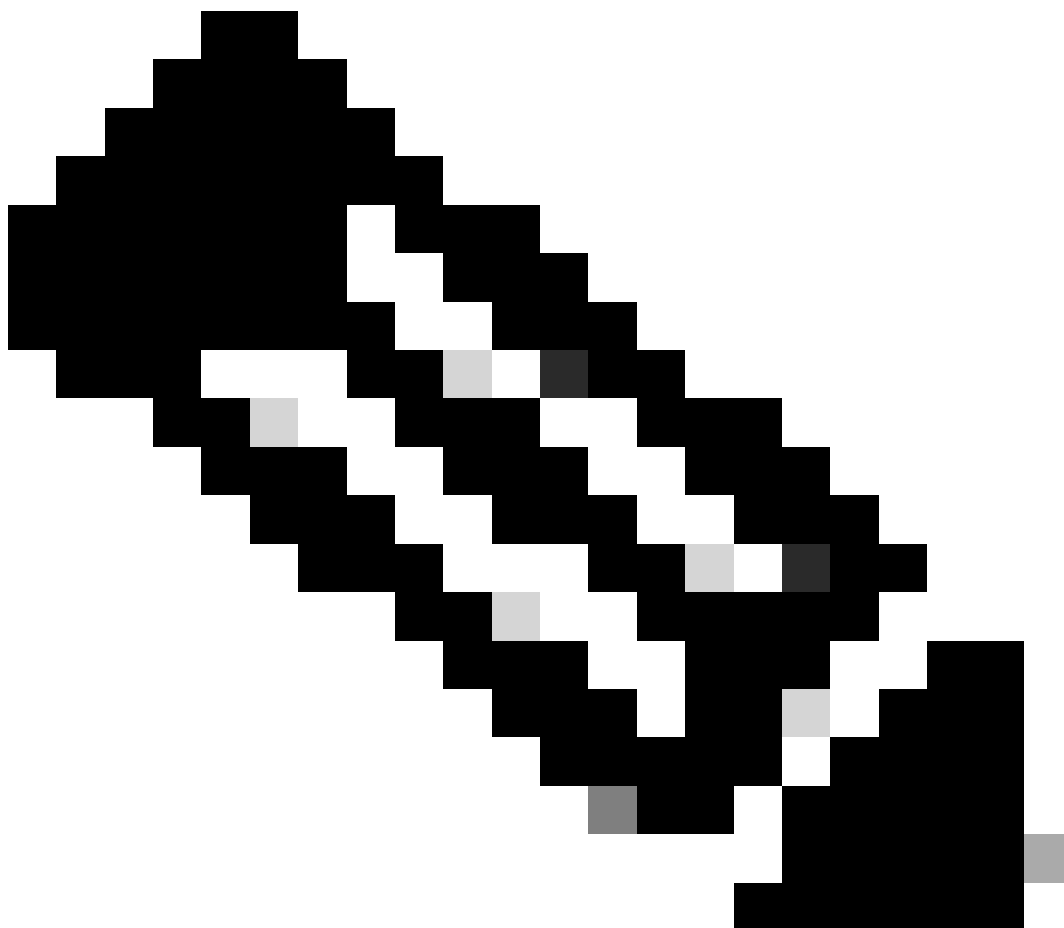
```
admin:utils service restart Cisco HAProxy
Stopping Cisco HAProxy...

Cisco HAProxy [STOPPED] Service Activated
Starting Cisco HAProxy...
Cisco HAProxy [STARTED]
admin:█
```

Step 9. If the cluster is in Mixed Mode, update the CTL file by running command **utils ctl update CTLFile** via CLI of CUCM Publisher and proceed to reset the phones to get the new CTL File.

## Verify

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**Note:** The CallManager certificate is not displayed on GUI when you reuse the certificate.

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You can run the command from the CLI to confirm that CallManager reuses the Tomcat certificate.

- **show cert list own**

```
admin:show cert list own  
  
tomcat/tomcat.pem: Certificate Signed by AKASH-WINSERVLAB-CA  
tomcat-ECDSA/tomcat-ECDSA.pem: Self-signed certificate generated by system  
ipsec/ipsec.pem: Self-signed certificate generated by system  
ITLRecovery/ITLRecovery.pem:  
CallManager-ECDSA/CallManager-ECDSA.pem: Self-signed certificate generated by system  
CallManager/CallManager.pem: Reusing tomcat certificate for CallManager  
TVS/TVS.pem: Self-signed certificate generated by system  
  
admin:█
```