

MRA phone services failing due to source IP translation over NAT reflection (single NIC configuration with static NAT enabled)

Contents

[Introduction](#)

[Prerequisites](#)

[Components Used](#)

[Background Information](#)

[Problem](#)

[Network Diagram](#)

[Details](#)

[Evidence in Diagnostic Logs](#)

[Solution](#)

[Disable the source IP port translation on the firewall](#)

[Move to a dual NIC configuration](#)

[Related Information](#)

Introduction

This document describes how to troubleshoot phone services failure over MRA caused by source IP translation over NAT reflection, with Expressway-E single-NIC with Static NAT configuration.

Prerequisites

Cisco recommends that you have knowledge of these topics:

- NAT (Network Address Translation)
- SIP (Session Initiation Protocol)
- Cisco Video Communication Server (VCS) or Expressway basic configuration
- Mobile and Remote Access (MRA) over Expressway or VCS

Components Used

This document is not restricted to specific software and hardware versions.

The information in this document was created from the devices in a specific lab environment. All of the devices used in this document started with a cleared (default) configuration. If your network is live, ensure that you understand the potential impact of any command.

Note: Through the entire document, Expressway devices are referred as Expressway-E and Expressway-C. However, the same configuration applies to Video Communication Server

(VCS) Expressway and VCS Control devices.

Background Information

This document covers a scenario in which Mobile and Remote Access has been deployed on Expressway with Expressway-E using a single NIC and Static NAT address (described as 3-port Firewall DMZ Using Single Expressway-E LAN Interface, as described in the Expressway Basic Configuration Guide). MRA users are able to log in successfully, but do not have access to phone services.

The SIP REGISTER message from external client is received by Expressway-E successfully on port 5061.

Expressway-E then creates a SIP SERVICE message towards Expressway-C. This request results in a 408 Request Timeout.

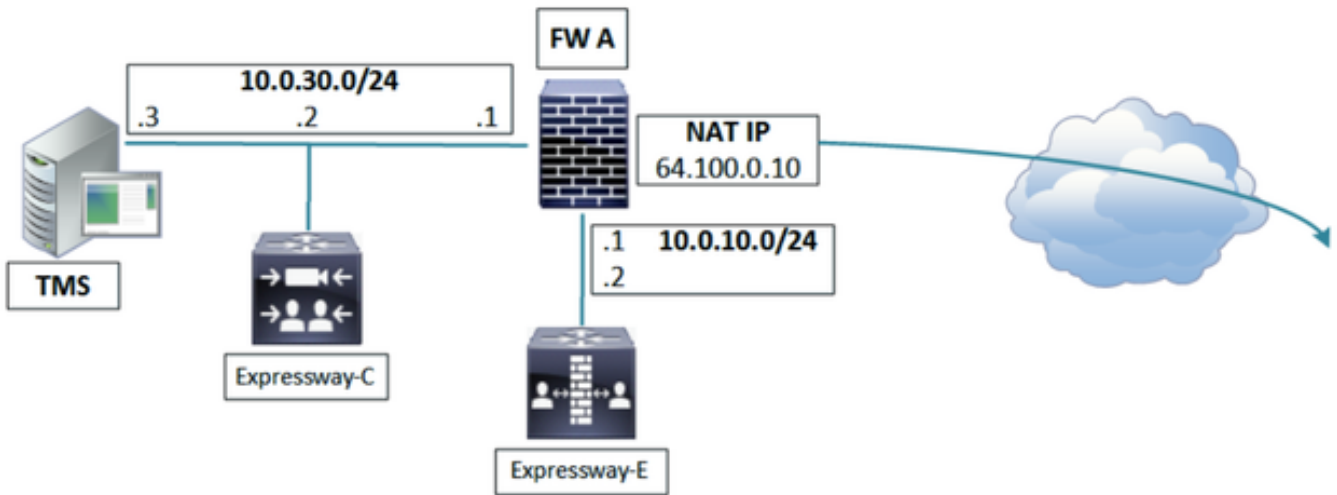
Problem

Phone services fail because the SIP REGISTER message does not go through to the Cisco Unified Communications Manager (CUCM or Call Manager). Expressway-E and Expressway-C are not able to exchange their certificates properly using the SIP SERVICE message exchange. The SIP SERVICE messages only get a 408 Request Timeout as response from the Expressway-C. As the SIP SERVICE message is not successful, the Expressway-E does not forward the SIP REGISTER message to the Expressway-C.

This is caused by the fact that the firewall between Expressway-C and Expressway-E does source IP (and port) translation for messages from the Expressway-C to the Expressway-E. This results in the Expressway-C routing those SIP SERVICE messages incorrectly towards that translated address, instead of its own local address. In a successful scenario, the Expressway-C processes the SIP SERVICE message itself. (The SIP SERVICE message between Expressway-E and Expressway-C is used to check certificates and therefore only seen at the beginning of a traversal zone setup, or upon first registration over MRA.)

Network Diagram

The following image provides an example of a network diagram, which is used as a reference throughout this document:



Details

From the Expressway-C packet captures, you can see that the Expressway-C (10.0.30.2) connects successfully to the Expressway-E static NAT public IP address (64.100.0.10) on port 7003. (Notice that the source port is 27901 on the Expressway-C):

No.	Time	Source	Destination	Support	DestPort	Protocol	Length	Info
80	09:09:04.879232	10.0.30.2	64.100.0.10	27901	7003	TCP	1034	27901->7003 [PSH, ACK] Seq=1 Ack=909 win=1392 Len=395 TSval=1492210902 TSecr=1492341627
81	09:09:04.882228			7003	27901	TCP	66	27901->7003 [ACK] Seq=909 Ack=596 win=1384 Len=0 TSval=1492541630 TSecr=1492210902
82	09:09:04.882370			27901	7003	TCP	1419	27901->7003 [PSH, ACK] Seq=909 Ack=596 win=1384 Len=0 TSval=1492541632 TSecr=1492210902
83	09:09:04.884037			7003	27901	TCP	1078	7003->27901 [PSH, ACK] Seq=596 Ack=2322 win=1392 Len=1032 TSval=1492210915 TSecr=1492541632
84	09:09:04.894490			27901	7003	TCP	66	27901->7003 [ACK] Seq=2322 Ack=1608 win=1384 Len=0 TSval=1492541682 TSecr=1492210915
85	09:09:04.933990			7003	27901	TCP	1514	7003->27901 [PSH, ACK] Seq=1608 Ack=2322 win=1392 Len=1448 TSval=1492219992 TSecr=1492541682
831	09:09:13.973915			27901	7003	TCP	66	27901->7003 [ACK] Seq=2322 Ack=3056 win=1384 Len=0 TSval=1492550720 TSecr=1492219992
832	09:09:13.973916			7003	27901	TCP	1514	7003->27901 [ACK] Seq=3056 Ack=2322 win=1392 Len=1448 TSval=1492219992 TSecr=1492541682
833	09:09:13.972343			27901	7003	TCP	66	27901->7003 [ACK] Seq=2322 Ack=4504 win=1384 Len=0 TSval=1492550720 TSecr=1492219992
834	09:09:13.972365			7003	27901	TCP	1034	27901->7003 [PSH, ACK] Seq=1 Ack=909 win=1392 Len=395 TSval=1492210902 TSecr=1492341627

In packet captures of the Expressway-E you can see that the connection comes from 64.100.0.10 on port 4401 (which is its own static NAT public IP address) with destination 10.0.10.2 and port 7003:

No.	Time	Source	Destination	Support	DestPort	Protocol	Length	Info
33	09:09:04.880560	64.100.0.10	10.0.10.2	4401	7003	TCP	1034	4401->7003 [PSH, ACK] Seq=1 Ack=1 win=1384 Len=908 TSval=1492541627 TSecr=1492190916
34	09:09:04.882482			7003	4401	TCP	66	7003->4401 [PSH, ACK] Seq=1 Ack=909 win=1392 Len=395 TSval=1492210902 TSecr=1492341627
35	09:09:04.883342			4401	7003	TCP	66	4401->7003 [ACK] Seq=909 Ack=596 win=1384 Len=0 TSval=1492541630 TSecr=1492210902
36	09:09:04.883368			4401	7003	TCP	1419	4401->7003 [PSH, ACK] Seq=909 Ack=596 win=1384 Len=0 TSval=1492541632 TSecr=1492210902
37	09:09:04.894747			7003	4401	TCP	1078	7003->4401 [PSH, ACK] Seq=596 Ack=2322 win=1392 Len=1032 TSval=1492210915 TSecr=1492541632
38	09:09:04.935008			4401	7003	TCP	66	4401->7003 [ACK] Seq=2322 Ack=1608 win=1384 Len=0 TSval=1492541682 TSecr=1492210915
923	09:09:13.973986			7003	4401	TCP	2962	7003->4401 [ACK] Seq=1608 Ack=2322 win=1392 Len=2896 TSval=1492219992 TSecr=1492541682
924	09:09:13.972018			7003	4401	TCP	1206	7003->4401 [PSH, ACK] Seq=1 Ack=1 win=1392 Len=1140 TSval=1492219992 TSecr=1492541682

These are the perspectives of the connection between Expressway-C and E:

Expressway-C : 10.0.30.2:27901 <-> 64.100.0.10:7003

Expressway-E : 64.100.0.10:4401 <-> 10.0.10.2:7003

This indicates that the firewall between Expressway-C and Expressway-E is doing source IP and port translation on those messages.

If you have a look at the flow of SIP communication on Expressway-E, you can see it gets the SIP REGISTER from the MRA client device, then Expressway-E generates a SIP SERVICE message to exchange its certificates with the Expressway-C, but this results in a 408 Request Timeout.

Evidence in Diagnostic Logs

Notice that the Route header of this SIP SERVICE message (sent from Expressway-E to Expressway-C) contains the IP and port of the NAT address (64.100.0.10:4401).

When this message arrives at the Expressway-C, Expressway-C tries to route the message based on that Route header, towards 64.100.0.10:4401. This fails as it is not able to make a connection to this address, as this address is on the Expressway-E server side. Even if Expressway-C is able to connect to this address, it is not correct as the SIP SERVICE message is intended for Expressway-C to receive and process.

SIP SERVICE message arrives to Expressway-C:

```
2016-04-19T17:09:13+10:00 expc tvcs: UTCTime="2016-04-19 07:09:13,973" Module="network.sip"
Level="DEBUG": Action="Received" Local-ip="10.0.30.2" Local-port="27901" Src-
ip="64.100.0.10" Src-port="7003" Msg-Hash="123456789123456789"
SIPMSG:
|SERVICE sip:serviceserver@cucm02.example.local SIP/2.0
Via: SIP/2.0/TLS 64.100.0.10:7003;egress-zone=UCTraversal;branch=[branchID];proxy-call-
id=[callid];rport
Via: SIP/2.0/TCP 127.0.0.1:5060;branch=[branchID];received=127.0.0.1;rport=25063;ingress-
zone=DefaultZone
Call-ID: abcd12345678@127.0.0.1
CSeq: 4616 SERVICE
Contact: <sip:serviceproxy@cucm02.example.local>
From: <sip:serviceproxy@cucm02.example.local>;tag=0987654321aaaa
To: <sip:serviceserver@cucm02.example.local>
Max-Forwards: 15
Route: <sip:64.100.0.10:4401;transport=tls;apparent;ds;lr>
Route: <sip:127.0.0.1:22210;transport=tcp;vcs-cate;lr>
User-Agent: TANDBERG/4132 (X8.7.2)
Date: Tue, 19 Apr 2016 07:09:13 GMT
Event: service
P-Asserted-Identity: <sip:serviceproxy@cucm02.example.local>
X-TAAATag: e90b4983919b1f7a46d38f835
Identity:
"7ioJ9gpsS5ob2TUAttNxBGYRWDbnRuf5skrKxP+B14ngRvjkIWIu7BQP5W7vw1BTVyVaGuubV5u7rPDc5anDx9u46i/8Tkk
xYuxkr83DEh/cYPWlw07JvTP5nub6/EtEt6RXvwizY6Gm/MXV4eMqQJ06kA86EFxP1SsRxop0YjUs61B10JnBrtQjOicskoA
uMGzNjiBKvcCAbrASgtWP015vRp9khcs3e8vmkpZH5Qt6+gNaRWPES3MS=="
Content-Type: multipart/mixed;boundary=boundary-6j7zrmj35ifsu3efg5ga603hzn1nbf
Content-Length: 2555

--boundary-6j7zrmj35ifsu3efg5ga603hzn1nbf
Content-Type: application/text

<?xml version="1.0" encoding="utf-8"?>
<methodCall><params><username>john.smith</username><realm>expe.example.com</realm><nonce>2i78wor
v9unccs6vbclfi4xai78worv9unccs6vbclfi4xa4i15j</nonce><qop>auth</qop><nonce>54f80570</cnonce><nc
>00000001</nc><response>2i78worv9unccs6vbclfi4xa4i15j</response><uri>sip:cucm02.example.local</u
ri><method>REGISTER</method><id>12345678</id>< caching-enabled>true</caching-
enabled><reqtype>collab-
edge</reqtype></params><methodName>DigestAuth</methodName><version>1.0</version><msgid>123456789
79</msgid><sipdomain>cucm02.example.local</sipdomain></methodCall>

--boundary-6j7zrmj35ifsu3efg5ga603hzn1nbf
Content-Type: application/x-x509-ca-cert
-----BEGIN CERTIFICATE-----
hknS5nQ8NJEspXLpY0N4BvA8iL7ZasOqnqgHRLj95N8bn
OfigoKhe90kV6Y7PRbRpwFv6jGiFR8hyepr3t2BPec0aZ
ZAK3ZC92RQbdJcxy2U99L8WLL1TpJQwIuTjLHicbiNCNZu
```

```
Be9xEMgewwGFVfSzW08DzlecJNXpsKqQ0ivbplBwreXJG
SCbcse3067yvgghMDSotcK4gur11FZWOZJFa3EMlgoT3Mj
ApGvMfL9caTjY1EaLWD15rWGGe8FpRLCizrZ0wwUGg7Px
Moy6kAujtolwN9BUI0sgJ98MnBuuREJZNW7g7nJL5zywT
FXhMgy9PBUmuwjgu5KruY4caWDYtNu1kZzCtnm0441Ok7
xhIOoOWWj9sNFndQGDrgBIFBjggEihSbZr6h4Pq2ZMZ4r
i5yGpz0j7a6lg2NOKm6FXpfqV1B7zvyQsM6x0XJEImpjV
al0nHYkTLkBEk5jVosgyOrSWpZPimc364sRxRW4ABZXX
M6XstZNGhvQNDVklJlfcN5yRtEgEkkizeWOHJcts922wL
2rVTfUfWGXmkca8YHKj2ixkthNnHVbLg0YoUNOUdHq1xu
49F7Kcw7neuQQZ4MmEif59lnyhY7qEIQVEpGn0jgqZAX8
omNVxTewa9nTXvjxo5xvTLghYfESCqniBbtWwMhhRuR7N
eh09OvFwSuUyHJmDBYpoNZWTXEB4Fw5XwfjzZAoHzOFV6
xcE4LGYrpI4EbaZ58r8uVrfXkrNrgepFw2zMgamhfw9n5
AzEU2gh9vTUNZEAn8De5XQKAipeeh08Dpef2JTBLV5avf
nh7rfxh8BZY4xteSRox8iBnT4Na6qsDMb2gvp6gTYFFJH
RGMHIe5siI1HhARqDjen4EwrKfMOYNJWTqmx4mjDrqyme
-----END CERTIFICATE-----
```

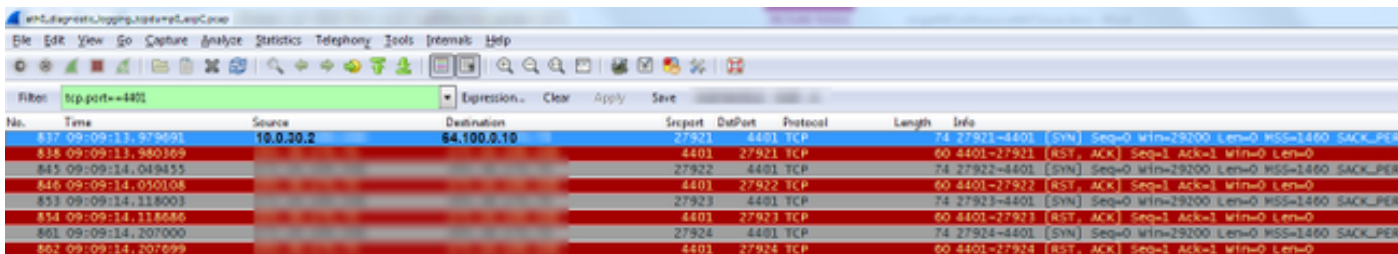
|

```
2016-04-19T17:09:13+10:00 expc tvcs: UTCTime="2016-04-19 07:09:13,977"
Module="developer.sip.leg" Level="INFO"
CodeLocation="ppcmains/sip/siproxy/SipProxyLeg.cpp(10047) "
Method="SipProxyLeg::routeViaNettleIfNeeded" Thread="0x3150905deea6": this="0xc76759f343ca"
Type="Outbound" routingViaNettle="false" twoInARow="false" oneIsATraversalServerZone="false"
isCall="false" isRefer="false" fromClusterPeer="false" fromNettle="false" toNettle="false"
inboundZone=UC_Traversal (encryption-mode=on ice-mode=off) outboundZone=DefaultZone (encryption-
mode=auto ice-mode=off) encryptionSettingsRequireNettle="true" iceSettingsRequireNettle="false"
needlesslyNettling="false" routeViaNettle="false"
```

Expressway-C tries to send this SIP SERVICE message as to what it shows in the Route header, but connection fails:

```
2016-04-19T17:09:13+10:00 expc tvcs: UTCTime="2016-04-19 07:09:13,979" Module="network.tcp"
Level="DEBUG": Src-ip="10.0.30.2" Src-port="27921" Dst-ip="64.100.0.10" Dst-port="4401"
Detail="TCP Connecting"
2016-04-19T17:09:13+10:00 expc tvcs: UTCTime="2016-04-19 07:09:13,980" Module="network.tcp"
Level="ERROR": Src-ip="10.0.30.2" Src-port="27921" Dst-ip="64.100.0.10" Dst-port="4401"
Detail="TCP Connection Failed"
```

In the packet capture of Expressway-C the TCP SYN attempt gets a RST response:



The result is that Expressway-C sends a 408 Request Timeout towards the Expressway-E:

```
2016-04-19T17:09:13+10:00 expc tvcs: UTCTime="2016-04-19 07:09:13,982" Module="network.sip"
Level="INFO": Action="Sent" Local-ip="10.0.30.2" Local-port="27901" Dst-ip="64.100.0.10"
Dst-port="7003" Detail="Sending Response Code=408, Method=SERVICE, CSeq=4616,
To=sip:serviceserver@cucm02.example.local, Call-ID=abcd12345678@127.0.0.1, From-
Tag=0987654321aaaa, To-Tag=0987654321bbbb, Msg-Hash=123456789123456789"
2016-04-19T17:09:13+10:00 expc tvcs: UTCTime="2016-04-19 07:09:13,982" Module="network.sip"
Level="DEBUG": Action="Sent" Local-ip="10.0.30.2" Local-port="27901" Dst-ip="64.100.0.10"
Dst-port="7003" Msg-Hash="123456789123456789"
```

```
SIPMSG:
|SIP/2.0 408 Request Timeout
Via: SIP/2.0/TLS 64.100.0.10:7003;egress-zone=UCTraversal;branch=[branchID];proxy-call-
id=[callid];received=64.100.0.10;rport=7003;ingress-zone=UCTraversal;ingress-zone-id=4
Via: SIP/2.0/TCP 127.0.0.1:5060;branch=[branchID];received=127.0.0.1;rport=25063;ingress-
zone=DefaultZone
Call-ID: abcd12345678@127.0.0.1
CSeq: 4616 SERVICE
From: <sip:serviceproxy@cucm02.example.local>;tag=0987654321aaaa
To: <sip:serviceserver@cucm02.example.local>;tag=0987654321bbbb
Server: TANDBERG/4132 (X8.7.2)
Warning: 399 10.0.30.2:5061 "Request Timeout"
Content-Length: 0
```

Solution

There are two possible solutions to this condition.

Disable the source IP port translation on the firewall

If you disable the source IP/port translation on the firewall, Expressway-E server views Expressway-C traffic as arriving from 10.0.30.2:27901 (actual IP and port on the Expressway-C) instead of 64.100.0.10:4401 (NAT address). In this way, the Route header on the SIP SERVICE message contains 10.0.30.2:27901 value and on receipt of this message, the Expressway-C will route it to itself and do some processing on it resulting in a 200 OK to be sent back to the Expressway-E (if all goes fine) which will then proxy through the SIP REGISTER message to continue the registration process.

Move to a dual NIC configuration

With a dual NIC configuration on Expressway-E, NAT reflection need not be performed and the issue is avoided. However, ensure that the internal firewall between Expressway-E and Expressway-C (if present) is not doing source IP/port translation from traffic from Expressway-C to Expressway-E (which would result in similar issues).

Related Information

- Supported network deployments for Expressway are detailed in Appendix 4 of the [Expressway Basic Configuration Guide](#)
- Follow the [ASA configuration details](#) in order to configure supported Expressway network deployments