

Add and Configure Access Rules on RV130 and RV130W

Objective

Network devices provide basic traffic filtering capabilities with access rules. An access rule is a single entry in an Access Control List (ACL) that specifies a permit or deny rule (to forward or drop a packet) based on the protocol, a source and destination IP address, or network configuration.

The objective of this document is to show you how to add and configure an Access Rule on the RV130 and RV130W.

Applicable Devices

- RV130
- RV130W

Software Versions

- Version 1.0.1.3

Add and Configure an Access Rule

Setting Default Outbound Policy

Step 1. Log in to the web configuration utility and choose **Firewall > Access Rules**. The *Access Rules* page opens:

Action	Service	Status	Connection Type	Source IP	Destination IP	Log
No data to display						

Step 2. In the *Default Outbound Policy* area, click the desired radio button to choose a policy for outbound traffic. The policy is applied whenever there are no access rules or Internet access policies configured. The default setting is **Allow**, which allows all traffic to the Internet to pass through.

Access Rules

Default Outbound Policy

Policy: Allow Deny

Access Rule Table

The available options are defined as follows:

- Allow — Permit all types of traffic going out from the LAN to the Internet.
- Deny — Block all types of traffic going out from the LAN to the Internet.

Step 3. Click **Save** to save the settings.

Access Rules

Default Outbound Policy

Policy: Allow Deny

Access Rule Table

Filter: Action matches All

Action	Service	Status	Connection Type	Source IP	Destination IP	Log
No data to display						

No data to display

Adding an Access Rule

Step 1. Log in to the web configuration utility and choose **Firewall > Access Rules**. The *Access Rules* window opens:

Access Rules

Default Outbound Policy

Policy: Allow Deny

Access Rule Table

Filter: Action matches All

Action	Service	Status	Connection Type	Source IP	Destination IP	Log
No data to display						

No data to display

Step 2. Click **Add Row** in the *Access Rule Table* to add a new access rule.

Access Rules

Default Outbound Policy
 Policy: Allow Deny

Access Rule Table

Filter: Action matches All

Action	Service	Status	Connection Type	Source IP	Destination IP	Log
No data to display						

The *Add Access Rule* page opens:

Add Access Rule

Connection Type:

Action:

Schedule:

Services:

Source IP:

Start: (Hint: 192.168.1.100)

Finish: (Hint: 192.168.1.200)

Destination IP:

Start:

Finish:

Log:

Rule Status: Enable

[Step 3. From the *Connection Type* drop-down list, choose the type of traffic for which the rule applies.](#)

Connection Type: Outbound (LAN > WAN) ▾
 Outbound (LAN > WAN)
 Inbound (WAN > LAN)
 Inbound (WAN > DMZ)

Action:

Schedule: ▾

Services: All Traffic ▾

Source IP: Any ▾

Start:

Finish:

The available options are defined as follows:

- Outbound (LAN > WAN) — The rule affects packets that come from the local network (LAN) and go out to the Internet (WAN).
- Inbound (WAN > LAN) — The rule affects packets that come from the Internet (WAN) and go into the local network (LAN).
- Inbound (WAN > DMZ) — The rule affects packets that come from the Internet (WAN) and go into the demilitarized zone (DMZ) subnetwork.

Step 4. From the *Action* drop-down list, choose the action to be taken when a rule is matched.

Connection Type: Outbound (LAN > WAN) ▾

Action: Always block ▾
 Always block
 Always allow
 Block by schedule
 Allow by schedule

Schedule: ▾

Services:

Source IP: Any ▾

Start: (Hint: 192.168.1.100)

Finish: (Hint: 192.168.1.200)

Destination IP: Any ▾

Start:

Finish:

Log: Never ▾

Rule Status: Enable

The available options are defined as follows:

- Always Block — Always deny access if the conditions are matched. Skip to Step 6.
- Always Allow — Always permit access if the conditions are matched. Skip to Step 6.

- Block by schedule — Deny access if the conditions are matched during a preconfigured schedule.
- Allow by schedule — Permit access if the conditions are matched during a preconfigured schedule.

Step 5. If you chose **Block by schedule** or **Allow by schedule** in Step 4, choose the appropriate schedule from the *Schedule* dropdown list.

Connection Type: Outbound (LAN > WAN) ▾

Action: Allow by schedule ▾

Schedule: test_schedule ▾

Services: test_schedule_1 ▾

Source IP: Any ▾

Start: (Hint: 192.168.1.100)

Finish: (Hint: 192.168.1.200)

Destination IP: Any ▾

Start:

Finish:

Log: Never ▾

Rule Status: Enable

Note: To create or edit a schedule, click **Configure Schedules**. Refer to [Configuring Schedules on the RV130 and RV130W](#) for more information and guidelines.

Step 6. Choose the type of service the access rule applies for from the *Services* drop-down list.

Connection Type: Outbound (LAN > WAN) ▾

Action: Allow by schedule ▾

Schedule: test_schedule ▾

Services: All Traffic ▾

Source IP:

Start: (Hint: 192.168.1.100)

Finish: (Hint: 192.168.1.200)

Destination IP:

Start:

Finish:

Log:

Rule Status: Enable

Note: If you want to add or edit a service, click **Configure Services**. Refer to [Service Management Configuration on the RV130 and RV130W](#) for more information and guidelines.

Configuring Source and Destination IP for Outbound traffic

Follow the steps in this section if **Outbound (LAN > WAN)** was selected as the Connection Type in Step 3 of [Adding an Access Rule](#).

Note: If an inbound Connection Type was selected in Step 3 of Adding an Access Rule, skip to the next section: [Configuring Source and Destination IP for Inbound traffic](#).

Step 1. Choose how you would like to define the Source IP from the *Source IP* drop-down list. For outbound traffic, the Source IP refers to the address or addresses (in the LAN) to which the Firewall rule would apply.

The screenshot shows the configuration interface for an Outbound (LAN > WAN) rule. The 'Source IP' dropdown menu is open, showing three options: 'Any', 'Single Address', and 'Address Range'. The 'Start' and 'Finish' fields are highlighted with a red box. The 'Start' field has a hint of '192.168.1.100' and the 'Finish' field has a hint of '192.168.1.200'. Other fields include 'Destination IP' (Any), 'Log' (Never), and 'Rule Status' (Enable).

The available options are defined as follows:

- **Any** — Applies to traffic originating from any IP address in the local network. Therefore, leave the *Start* and *Finish* fields blank. Skip to Step 4 if you choose this option.
- **Single Address** — Applies to traffic originating from a single IP address in the local network. Enter the IP address in the *Start* field.
- **Address Range** — Applies to traffic originating from a range of IP addresses in the local network. Enter the starting IP address of the range in the *Start* field and the ending IP address in the *Finish* field in order to set the range.

Step 2. If you chose **Single Address** in Step 1, enter the IP address that will be applied to the access rule in the *Start* field, and then skip to Step 4. If you chose **Address Range** in Step 1, enter a starting IP address that will be applied to the access rule in the *Start* field.

Connection Type: Outbound (LAN > WAN) ▾

Action: Allow by schedule ▾

Schedule: test_schedule ▾

Services: VOIP ▾

Source IP: Single Address ▾

Start: 10.10.14.100 (Hint: 192.168.1.100)

Finish: (Hint: 192.168.1.200)

Destination IP: Any ▾

Start:

Finish:

Log: Never ▾

Rule Status: Enable

Step 3. If you chose **Address Range** in Step 1, enter the ending IP address that will encapsulate the IP address range for the access rule in the *Finish* field.

Connection Type: Outbound (LAN > WAN) ▾

Action: Allow by schedule ▾

Schedule: test_schedule ▾

Services: VOIP ▾

Source IP: Address Range ▾

Start: 10.10.14.100 (Hint: 192.168.1.100)

Finish: 10.10.14.175 (Hint: 192.168.1.200)

Destination IP: Any ▾

Start:

Finish:

Log: Never ▾

Rule Status: Enable

Step 4. Choose how you would like to define the Destination IP from the *Destination IP* drop-down list. For outbound traffic, the Destination IP refers to the address or addresses (in the WAN) to which traffic is permitted or denied from the local network.

Connection Type:

Action:

Schedule:

Services:

Source IP:

Start: (Hint: 192.168.1.100)

Finish: (Hint: 192.168.1.200)

Destination IP:

Start:

Finish:

Log:

Rule Status: Enable

The available options are defined as follows:

- Any — Applies to traffic headed towards any IP address in the public Internet. Therefore, leave the *Start* and *Finish* fields blank.
- Single Address — Applies to traffic headed towards a single IP address in the public Internet. Enter the IP address in the *Start* field.
- Address Range — Applies to traffic headed towards a range of IP addresses in the public Internet. Enter the starting IP address of the range in the *Start* field and the ending IP address in the *Finish* field in order to set the range.

Step 5. If you chose **Single Address** in Step 4, enter the IP address that will be applied to the access rule in the *Start* field. If you chose **Address Range** in Step 4, enter a starting IP address that will be applied to the access rule in the *Start* field.

Step 6. If you chose **Address Range** in Step 4, enter the ending IP Address that will encapsulate the IP Address range for the access rule in the *Finish* field.

The screenshot shows a configuration form for an access rule. The fields are as follows:

- Connection Type: Outbound (LAN > WAN) (dropdown)
- Action: Allow by schedule (dropdown)
- Schedule: test_schedule (dropdown) with a "Configure Schedules" button
- Services: VOIP (dropdown) with a "Configure Services" button
- Source IP: Address Range (dropdown)
- Start: 10.10.14.100 (text input) (Hint: 192.168.1.100)
- Finish: 10.10.14.175 (text input) (Hint: 192.168.1.200)
- Destination IP: Address Range (dropdown)
- Start: 192.168.1.100 (text input)
- Finish: 192.168.1.170 (text input, highlighted with a red box)
- Log: Never (dropdown)
- Rule Status: Enable

[Configuring Source and Destination IP for Inbound traffic](#)

Follow the steps in this section if **Inbound (WAN > LAN)** or **Inbound (WAN > DMZ)** was selected as the Connection Type in Step 3 of [Adding an Access Rule](#).

Step 1. Choose how you would like to define the Source IP from the *Source IP* drop-down list. For inbound traffic, the Source IP refers to the address or addresses (in the WAN) to

which the Firewall rule would apply.

Connection Type: Inbound (WAN > LAN) ▾

Action: Allow by schedule ▾

Schedule: test_schedule ▾

Services: All Traffic ▾

Source IP: ▾
Any
Single Address
Address Range

Start: (Hint: 192.168.1.100)

Finish: (Hint: 192.168.1.200)

Destination IP: Any ▾

Start:

Finish:

Log: Never ▾

Rule Status: Enable

The available options are defined as follows:

- Any — Applies to traffic originating from any IP address in the public Internet. Therefore, leave the *Start* and *Finish* fields blank. Skip to Step 4 if you choose this option.
- Single Address — Applies to traffic originating from a single IP address in the public Internet. Enter the IP address in the *Start* field.
- Address Range — Applies to traffic originating from a range of IP addresses in the public Internet. Enter the starting IP address of the range in the *Start* field and the ending IP address in the *Finish* field in order to set the range.

Step 2. If you chose **Single Address** in Step 1, enter the IP address that will be applied to the access rule in the *Start* field, and then skip to Step 4. If you chose **Address Range** in Step 1, enter a starting IP address that will be applied to the access rule in the *Start* field.

Connection Type:

Action:

Schedule:

Services:

Source IP:

Start: (Hint: 192.168.1.100)

Finish: (Hint: 192.168.1.200)

Destination IP:

Start:

Finish:

Log:

Rule Status: Enable

Step 3. If you chose **Address Range** in Step 1, enter the ending IP address that will encapsulate the IP address range for the access rule in the *Finish* field.

Connection Type:

Action:

Schedule:

Services:

Source IP:

Start: (Hint: 192.168.1.100)

Finish: (Hint: 192.168.1.200)

Destination IP:

Start:

Finish:

Log:

Rule Status: Enable

Step 4. Enter a Single Address for the Destination IP in the *Start* field below the *Destination IP* drop-down list. For inbound traffic, the Destination IP refers to the address (in the LAN) to which traffic is permitted or denied from the public Internet.

Connection Type:

Action:

Schedule:

Services:

Source IP:

Start: (Hint: 192.168.1.100)

Finish: (Hint: 192.168.1.200)

Destination IP:

Start:

Finish:

Log:

Rule Status: Enable

Note: If **Inbound (WAN > DMZ)** was selected as the Connection Type in Step 3 of *Adding an Access Rule*, the Single Address for the Destination IP is automatically configured with the IP address of the enabled DMZ host.

Logging and Enabling the Access Rule

Step 1. Select **Always** in the *Log* drop-down list if you want the router to create logs whenever a packet matches a rule. Select **Never** if want logging to never occur when a rule is matched.

Start:

Finish:

Log:

Rule Status: Enable

Step 2. Check the **Enable** checkbox to enable the access rule.

Add Access Rule

Connection Type: Outbound (LAN > WAN) ▾

Action: Allow by schedule ▾

Schedule: test_schedule ▾

Services: VOIP ▾

Source IP: Address Range ▾

Start: 10.10.14.100 (Hint: 192.168.1.100)

Finish: 10.10.14.175 (Hint: 192.168.1.200)

Destination IP: Address Range ▾

Start: 192.168.1.100

Finish: 192.168.1.170

Log: Never ▾

Rule Status: Enable

Step 3. Click **Save** to save your settings.

Add Access Rule

Connection Type: Outbound (LAN > WAN) ▾

Action: Allow by schedule ▾

Schedule: test_schedule ▾

Services: VOIP ▾

Source IP: Address Range ▾

Start: 10.10.14.100 (Hint: 192.168.1.100)

Finish: 10.10.14.175 (Hint: 192.168.1.200)

Destination IP: Address Range ▾

Start: 192.168.1.100

Finish: 192.168.1.170

Log: Never ▾

Rule Status: Enable

The *Access Rule Table* is updated with the newly configured access rule.

Access Rules



Configuration settings have been saved successfully

Default Outbound Policy

Policy: Allow Deny

Access Rule Table

Filter: Action matches All

	Action	Service	Status	Connection Type	Source IP	Destination IP	Log
<input type="checkbox"/>	Allow by schedule	VOIP	Enabled	Outbound (LAN > WAN)	10.10.14.100 ~ 10.10.14.175	192.168.1.100 ~ 192.168.1.170	Never