

# Configure BGP over Route-Based VPN on FTD Managed by FDM

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## Introduction

This document describes configuring BGP over route-based site-to-site VPN on FTDv managed by FirePower Device Manager (FDM).

## Prerequisites

### Requirements

Cisco recommends that you have knowledge of these topics:

- Basic understanding of VPN
- BGP configurations on FTDv
- Experience with FDM

### Components Used

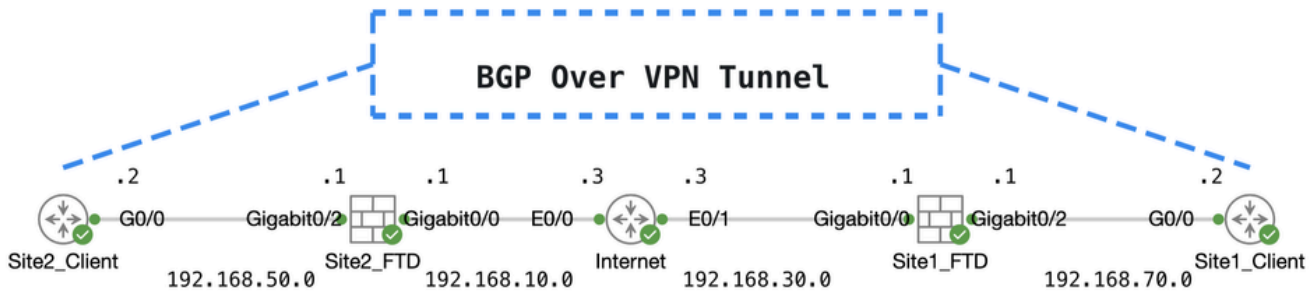
The information in this document is based on these software and hardware versions:

- Cisco FTDv version 7.4.2
- Cisco FDM version 7.4.2

The information in this document was created from the devices in a specific lab environment. All of the devices used in this document started with a cleared (default) configuration. If your network is live, ensure that you understand the potential impact of any command.

## Configure

### Network Diagram



Topo

## Configurations on VPN

Step 1. Ensure the IP interconnectivity between nodes is ready and stable. The smart license on FDM is registered with the smart account successfully.

Step 2. The gateway of Site1 Client is configured with the inside IP address of Site1 FTD (192.168.70.1). The gateway of the Site2 client is configured with the inside IP address of Site2 FTD (192.168.50.1). Also, ensure the default route on both FTDs is configured correctly after FDM initialization.

Login to the GUI of each FDM. Navigate to `Device > Routing`. Click `View Configuration`. Click the **Static Routing** tab in order to verify the default static route.

#	NAME	INTERFACE	IP TYPE	NETWORKS	GATEWAY IP	SLA MONITOR	METRIC	ACTIONS
1	StaticRoute_IPv4	outside	IPv4	0.0.0.0/0	192.168.30.3		1	

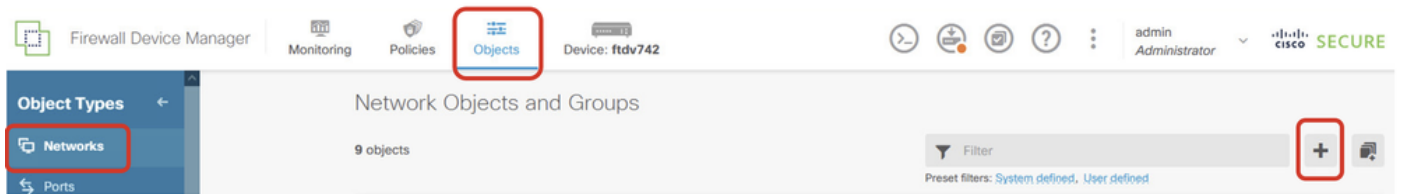
Site1\_FTD\_Gateway

#	NAME	INTERFACE	IP TYPE	NETWORKS	GATEWAY IP	SLA MONITOR	METRIC	ACTIONS
1	StaticRoute_IPv4	outside	IPv4	0.0.0.0/0	192.168.10.3		1	

Site2\_FTD\_Gateway

Step 3. Configure route-based site-to-site VPN. In this example, first configure the Site1 FTD.

Step 3.1. Login to the FDM GUI of Site1 FTD. Create a new network object for the inside network of Site1 FTD. Navigate to **Objects > Networks**, click the + button.



*Create\_Network\_Object*

Step 3.2. Provide necessary information. Click the OK button.

- Name: inside\_192.168.70.0
- Type: Network
- Network: 192.168.70.0/24

## Add Network Object

Name

Description

Type

Network  Host  FQDN  Range

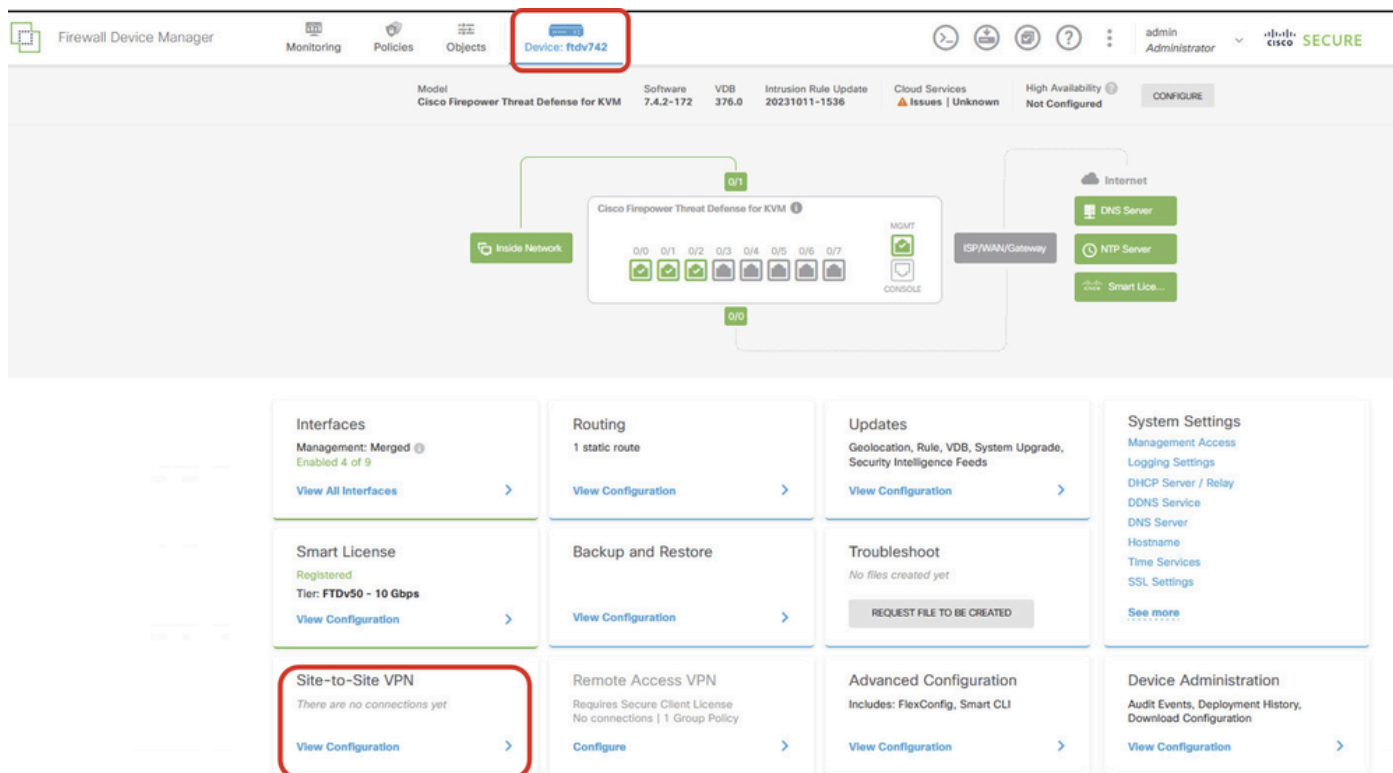
Network

e.g. 192.168.2.0/24 or 2001:DB8:0:CD30::/60

CANCEL

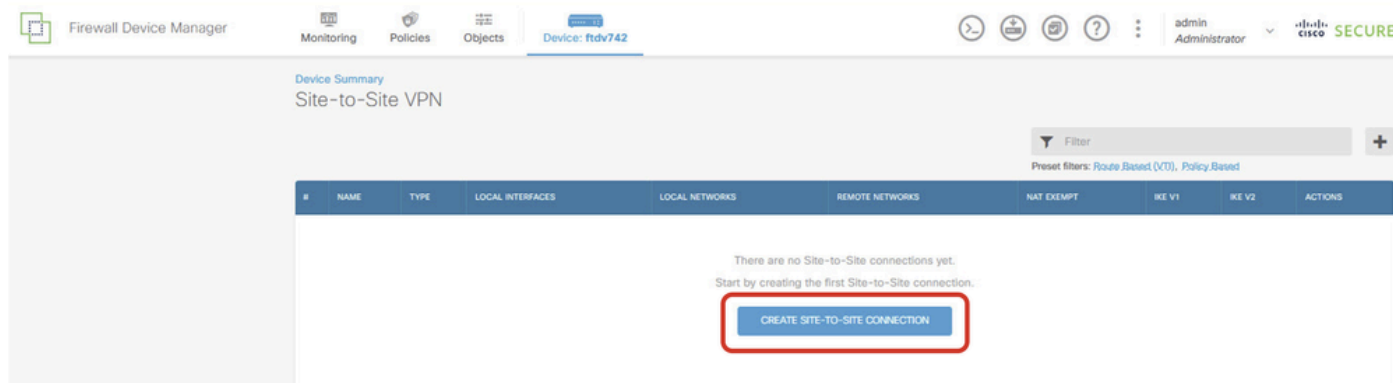
*Site1\_Inside\_Network*

Step 3.3. Navigate to **Device > Site-to-Site VPN** . Click **View Configuration** .



*View Site-to-Site VPN*

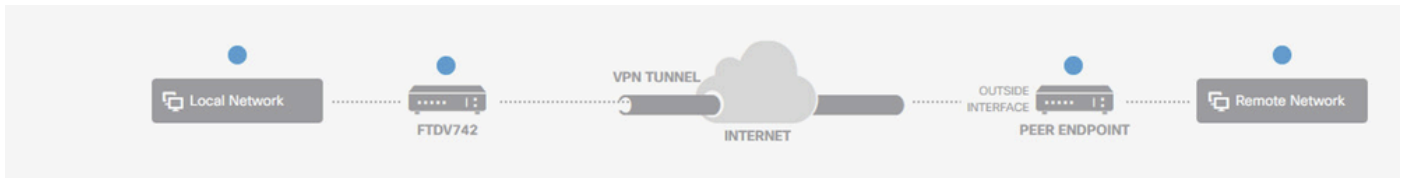
Step 3.4. Start to create a new site-to-site VPN. Click **CREATE SITE-TO-SITE CONNECTION** .



*Create\_Site-to-Site\_Connection*

Step 3.5. Provide the necessary information.

- Connection Profile Name: Demo\_S2S
- Type: Route Based (VTI)
- Local VPN Access Interface: click the dropdown list, then click **Create new Virtual Tunnel Interface** .



## Define Endpoints

Identify the interface on this device, and the remote peer's interface IP address, that form the point-to-point VPN connection. Then, identify the local and remote networks that can use the connection. Traffic between these networks is protected using IPsec encryption.

Connection Profile Name: Demo\_S2S

Type: Route Based (VTI) | Policy Based

Sites Configuration

LOCAL SITE

Local VPN Access Interface: Please select

Filter

Nothing found

REMOTE SITE

Remote IP Address

Next

Create new Virtual Tunnel Interface

*Create\_VTI\_in\_VPN\_Wizard*

Step 3.6. Provide the necessary information in order to create a new VTI. Click the **OK** button.

- Name: demovti
- Tunnel ID: 1
- Tunnel Source: outside (GigabitEthernet0/0)
- IP Address And Subnet Mask: 169.254.10.1/24
- Status: click the slider to the Enabled position

Name Status

demovti

Most features work with named interfaces only, although some require unnamed interfaces.

Description

Tunnel ID Tunnel Source

1 outside (GigabitEthernet0/0)

0 - 10413

IP Address and Subnet Mask

169.254.10.1 / 24

e.g. 192.168.5.15/17 or 192.168.5.15/255.255.128.0

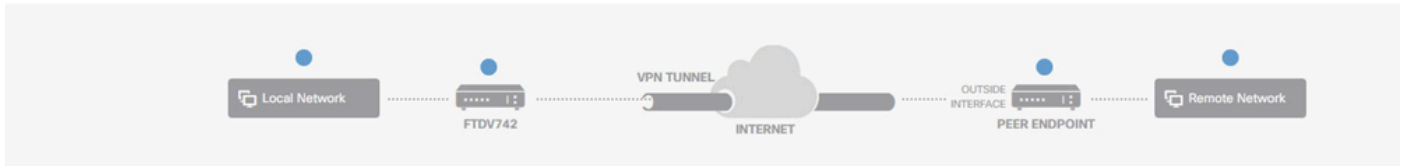
*Create\_VTI\_Details*

Step 3.7. Continue to provide the necessary information. Click the **NEXT** button.

- Local VPN Access Interface: demovti (created in Step 3.6.)
- Remote IP Address: 192.168.10.1

## New Site-to-site VPN

1 Endpoints 2 Configuration 3 Summary



### Define Endpoints

Identify the interface on this device, and the remote peer's interface IP address, that form the point-to-point VPN connection. Then, identify the local and remote networks that can use the connection. Traffic between these networks is protected using IPsec encryption.

Connection Profile Name: Demo\_S2S

Type:  Route Based (VTI)  Policy Based

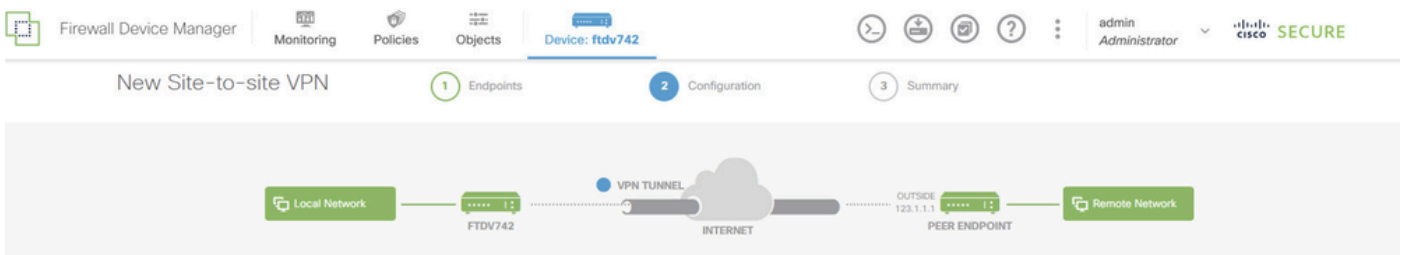
Sites Configuration

LOCAL SITE	REMOTE SITE
Local VPN Access Interface demovti (Tunnel1)	Remote IP Address 192.168.10.1

CANCEL NEXT

VPN\_Wizard\_Endpoints\_Step1

Step 3.8. Navigate to IKE Policy. Click the **EDIT** button.



### Privacy Configuration

Select the Internet Key Exchange (IKE) policy and enter the preshared keys needed to authenticate the VPN connection. Then, select the IPsec proposals to use for encrypting traffic.

IKE Policy

1 IKE policies are global, you cannot configure different policies per VPN. Any enabled IKE Policies are available to all VPN connections.

IKE VERSION 2  IKE VERSION 1

IKE Policy

Globally applied

IPSec Proposal

None selected

Edit\_IKE\_Policy

Step 3.9. For the IKE policy, you can use a pre-defined one or create a new one by clicking **Create New IKE Policy**.

In this example, toggle an existing IKE policy **AES-SHA-SHA** and also create a new one for demo purposes. Click the **OK** button in order to save.

- Name: AES256\_DH14\_SHA256\_SHA256
- Encryption: AES, AES256
- DH Group: 14
- Integrity Hash: SHA, SHA256
- PRF Hash: SHA, SHA256
- Lifetime: 86400 (default)

The image shows two screenshots of a network configuration interface. The left screenshot displays a list of IKE policies with 'AES-SHA-SHA' selected. A red box highlights this selection, and a red arrow points from it to the 'Add IKE v2 Policy' dialog box on the right. The dialog box contains the following configuration details:

- Priority:** 1
- Name:** AES256\_DH14\_SHA256\_SHA256
- State:** Enabled (toggle switch)
- Encryption:** AES, AES256
- Diffie-Hellman Group:** 14
- Integrity Hash:** SHA, SHA256
- Pseudo Random Function (PRF) Hash:** SHA, SHA256
- Lifetime (seconds):** 86400 (Between 120 and 2147483647 seconds)

Buttons for 'Create New IKE Policy', 'OK', 'CANCEL', and 'OK' are also visible.

Add\_New\_IKE\_Policy



Filter

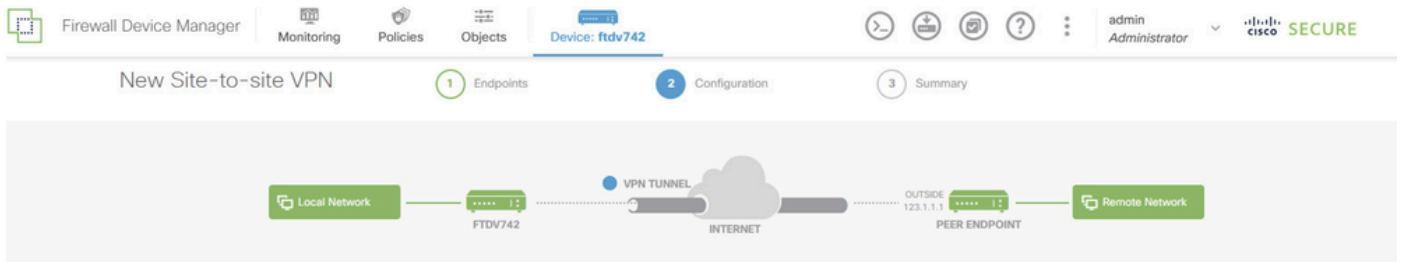
<input type="checkbox"/>	AES-GCM-NULL-SHA	i
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	AES-SHA-SHA	i
<input type="checkbox"/>	DES-SHA-SHA	i
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	AES256_DH14_SHA256_SHA256	i

Create New IKE Policy

OK

*Enable\_New\_IKE\_Policy*

Step 3.10. Navigate to the IPSec Proposal. Click the **EDIT** button.



### Privacy Configuration

Select the Internet Key Exchange (IKE) policy and enter the preshared keys needed to authenticate the VPN connection. Then, select the IPsec proposals to use for encrypting traffic.

#### IKE Policy

1 IKE policies are global, you cannot configure different policies per VPN. Any enabled IKE Policies are available to all VPN connections.

IKE VERSION 2  IKE VERSION 1

#### IKE Policy

Globally applied

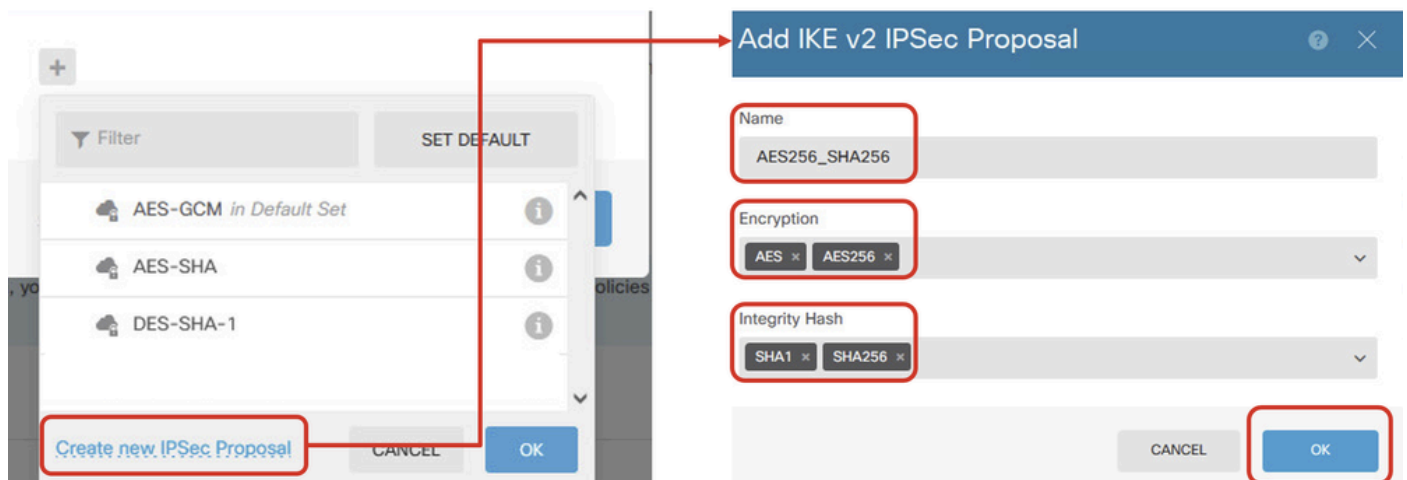
#### IPSec Proposal

None selected  1

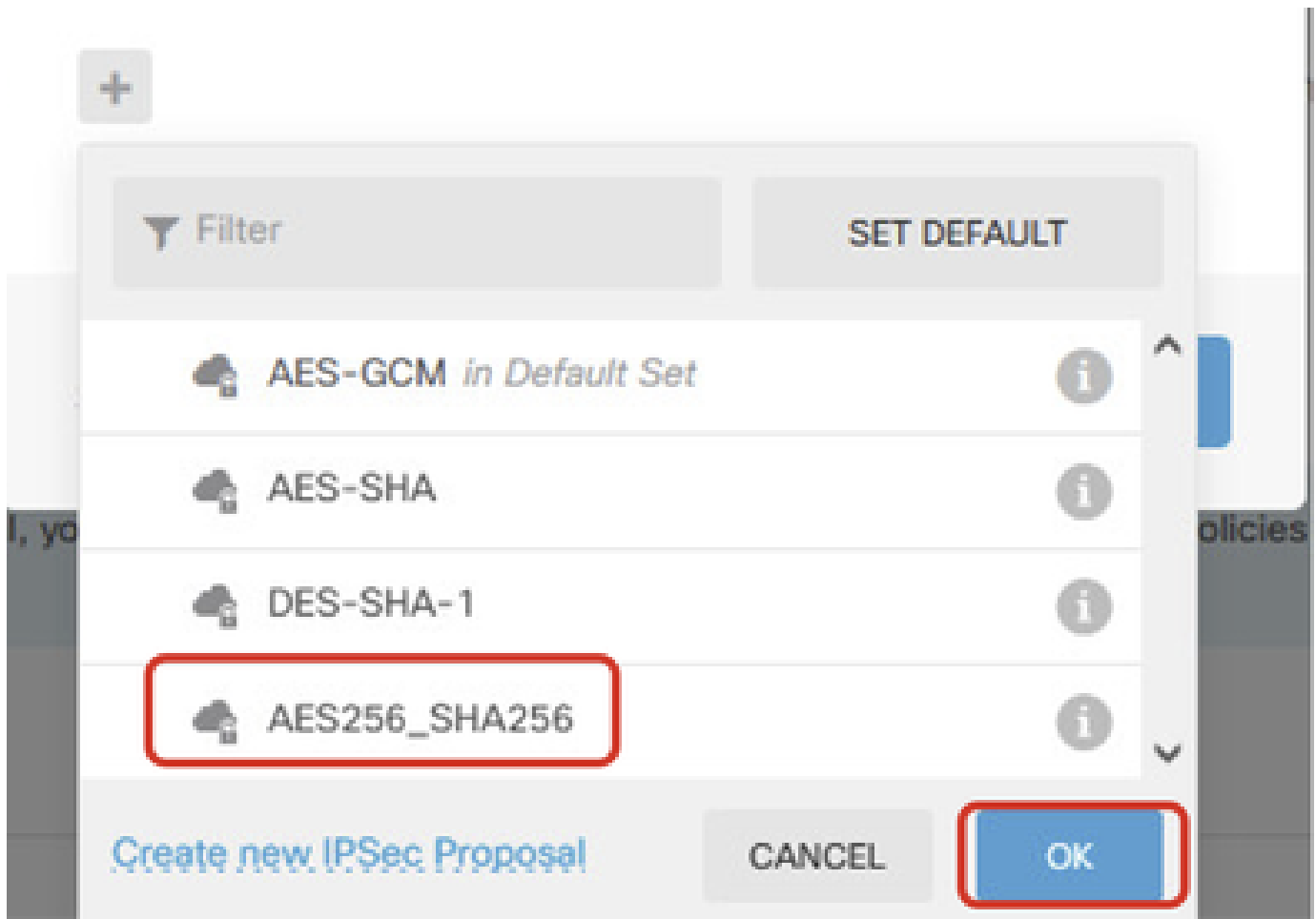
#### Edit\_IKE\_Proposal

Step 3.11. For the IPsec proposal, you can use a pre-defined or you can create a new one by clicking **Create new IPsec Proposal**. In this example, create a new one for demo purposes. Provide the necessary information. Click the **OK** button in order to save.

- Name: AES256\_SHA256
- Encryption: AES, AES256
- Integrity Hash: SHA1, SHA256



#### Add\_New\_IPSec\_Proposal



*Enable\_New\_IPSec\_Proposal*

Step 3.12. Configure the pre-shared key. Click the **NEXT** button.

Note down this pre-shared key and configure it on the Site2 FTD later.

Firewall Device Manager | Monitoring | Policies | Objects | Device: ftdv742 | admin Administrator | CISCO SECURE

FTDV742 | INTERNET | PEER ENDPOINT

### Privacy Configuration

Select the Internet Key Exchange (IKE) policy and enter the preshared keys needed to authenticate the VPN connection. Then, select the IPsec proposals to use for encrypting traffic.

#### IKE Policy

**i** IKE policies are global, you cannot configure different policies per VPN. Any enabled IKE Policies are available to all VPN connections.

IKE VERSION 2  | IKE VERSION 1

IKE Policy  
Globally applied

IPSec Proposal  
Custom set selected

Authentication Type  
 Pre-shared Manual Key  Certificate

Local Pre-shared Key  
\*\*\*\*\*

Remote Peer Pre-shared Key  
\*\*\*\*\*

*Configure\_Pre\_Shared\_Key*

Step 3.13. Review the VPN configuration. If anything needs to be modified, click the **BACK** button. If everything is good, click the **FINISH** button.

## Demo\_S2S Connection Profile

**i** Peer endpoint needs to be configured according to specified below configuration.

**VPN Access Interface**

demovti (169.254.10.1)



**Peer IP Address**

192.168.10.1

### IKE V2

**IKE Policy**

aes,aes-192,aes-256-sha512,sha384,sha,sha256-sha512,sha384,sha,sha256-21,20,16,15,14, aes,aes-256-sha,sha256-sha,sha256-14

**IPSec Proposal**

aes,aes-256-sha-1,sha-256

**Authentication Type**

Pre-shared Manual Key

### IKE V1: DISABLED

### IPSEC SETTINGS

**Lifetime Duration**

28800 seconds

**Lifetime Size**

4608000 kilobytes

### ADDITIONAL OPTIONS

Diffie-Hellman

Null (not selected)

**i** Information is copied to the clipboard when you click Finish. You must allow the browser to access your clipboard for the copy to be successful.

BACK

FINISH

VPN\_Wizard\_Complete

Step 3.14. Create an Access Control rule in order to allow traffic to pass through the FTD. In this example, allow all for demo purposes. Modify your policy based on your actual needs.

The screenshot shows the Cisco Firepower Management Center (FMC) interface. The top navigation bar includes "Firewall Device Manager", "Monitoring", "Policies", "Objects", and "Device: ftdv742". The user is logged in as "admin Administrator" and the system is in "SECURE" mode. The main content area is titled "Security Policies" and shows a breadcrumb trail: "SSL Decryption" → "Identity" → "Security Intelligence" → "NAT" → "Access Control" → "Intrusion". Under "Access Control", there is one rule named "Demo\_allow". The rule configuration table is as follows:

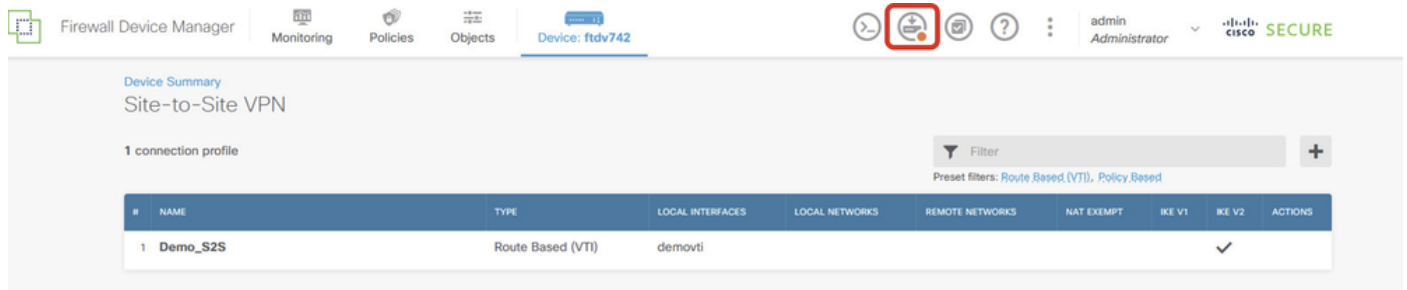
#	NAME	ACTION	SOURCE			DESTINATION			APPLICATIONS	URLS	USERS	ACTIONS
			ZONES	NETWORKS	PORTS	ZONES	NETWORKS	PORTS				
1	Demo_allow	Allow	ANY	ANY	ANY	ANY	ANY	ANY	ANY	ANY		

At the bottom, the "Default Action" is set to "Access Control" with a "Block" button.

Access\_Control\_Rule\_Example

Step 3.15. (Optional) Configure NAT exempt rule for the client traffic on FTD if dynamic NAT is configured for the client in order to access the internet. In this example, there is no need to configure a NAT-exempt rule because no dynamic NAT is configured on each FTD.

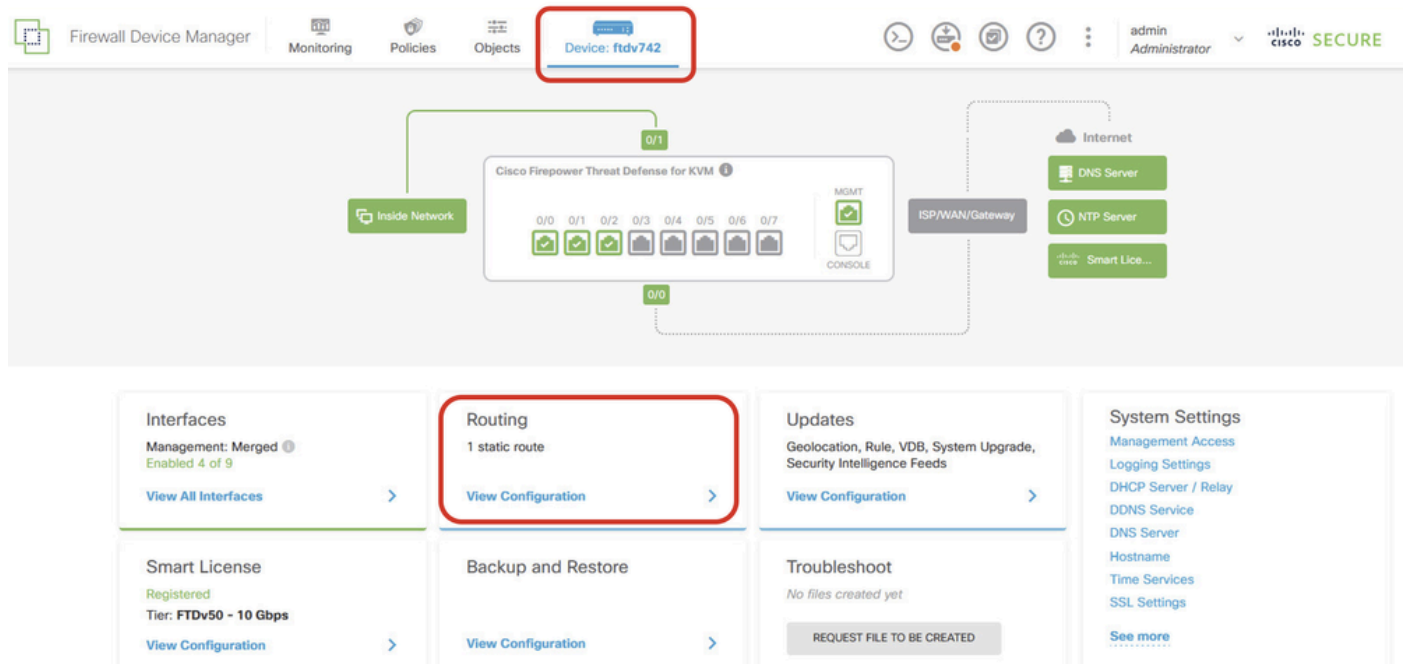
Step 3.16. Deploy the configuration changes.



Deploy\_VPN\_Configuration

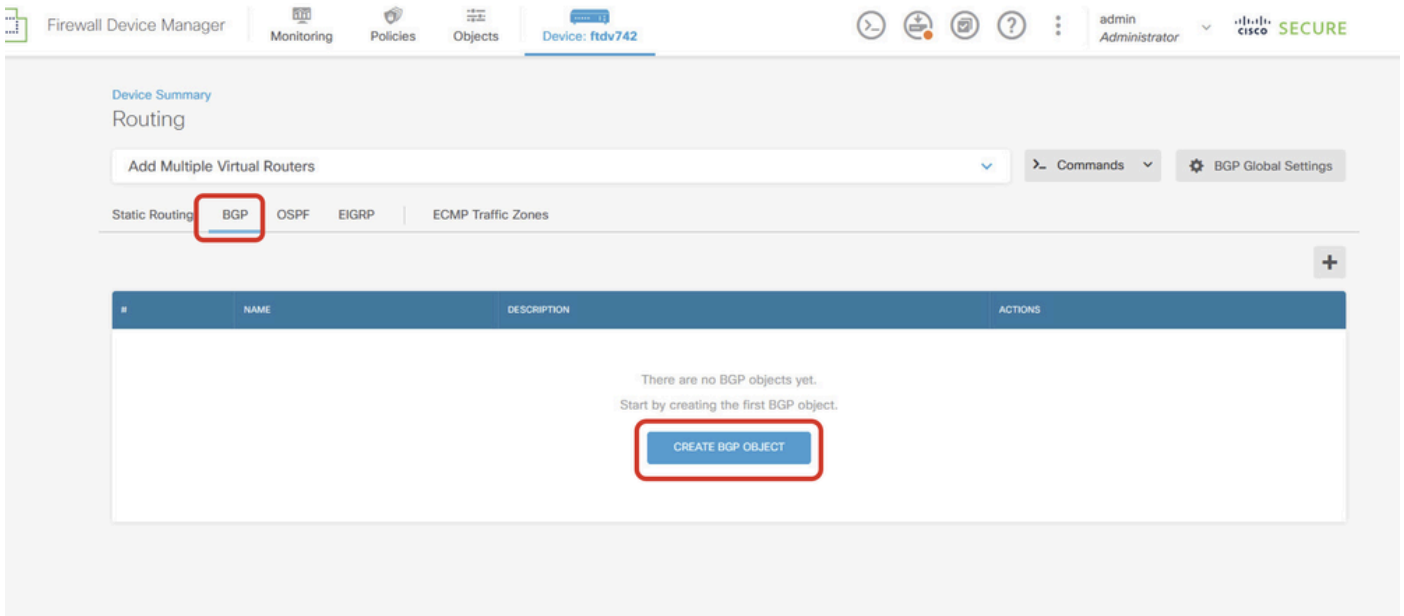
## Configurations on BGP

Step 4. Navigate to **Device > Routing**. Click **View Configuration**.



View\_Routing\_Configuration

Step 5. Click the **BGP** tab and then click **CREATE BGP OBJECT**.



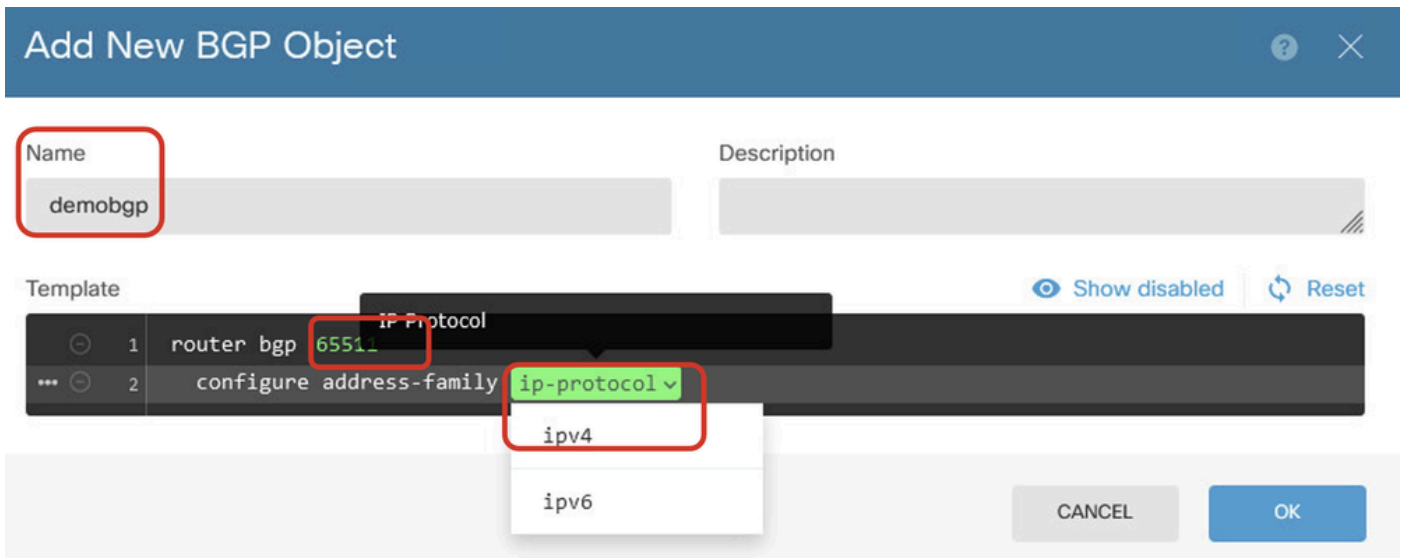
*Create\_BGP\_Object*

Step 6. Provide the name of the object. Navigate to **Template** and configure. Click the **OK** button to save.

Name: demobgp

Line 1: Configure AS number. Click **as-number**. Manual input local AS number. In this example, AS number 65511 for Site1 FTD.

Line 2: Configure IP protocol. Click **ip-protocol**. Select **ipv4**.



*Create\_BGP\_Object\_ASNumber\_Protocol*

Line 4: Configure more settings. Click **settings**, choose **general**, and then click **Show disabled**.

## Add New BGP Object

Name: demobgp

Description:

Template: Show disabled Reset

```

1 router bgp 65511
2   configure address-family ipv4
3     address-family ipv4 unicast
4     configure address-family ipv4 settings

```

Address Family IPv4 Settings

- general
- advanced

CANCEL OK

*Create\_BGP\_Object\_AddressSetting*

Line 6: Click the + icon in order to enable the line to configure the BGP network. Click **network-object**. You can see the existing available objects and choose one. In this example, choose the object name **inside\_192.168.70.0** (created in Step 3.2.).

## Add New BGP Object

Name: demobgp

Description:

Template: Hide disabled Reset

```

1 router bgp 65511
2   configure address-family ipv4
3     address-family ipv4 unicast
4     configure address-family ipv4 general
5     distance bgp 20 200 200
6   network network-object
7     network network-object route-map map-tag
8   bgp inject-map inject-map exist-map exist-map options
9   configure aggregate-address map-type
10  configure filter-rules direction
11  configure neighbor neighbor-address remote-as as-number config-options
12  configure ipv4 redistribution protocol identifier none
13  bgp router-id router-id

```

*Create\_BGP\_Object\_Add\_Network*



## Add New BGP Object



Name

demobgp

Description

Template

Hide disabled

Reset

```
1 router bgp 65511
2   configure address-family ipv4
3   address-family ipv4 unicast
4     configure address-family ipv4 general
5     distance bgp 20 200 200
6   network
7   network
8   bgp inje
9   configur
10  configur
11  configur
12  configur
13  bgp router-i
```

IPv4 Network address

- OutsidelPv4DefaultRoute Network
- OutsidelPv4Gateway Host
- any-ipv4 Network
- any-ipv6 Network
- inside\_192.168.70.0 Network**

inside\_192.168.70.0

Create\_BGP\_Object\_Add\_Network2

Line 11: Click the + icon in order to enable the line to configure the BGP neighbor-related information. Click **neighbor-address**, and manually input the peer BGP neighbor address. In this example, it is 169.254.10.2 (VTI IP address of Site2 FTD). Click **as-number**, and manually input the peer AS number. In this example, 65510 is for Site2 FTD. Click **config-options** and choose **properties**.

## Add New BGP Object



Name

demobgp

Description

Template

Hide disabled

Reset

```
1 router bgp 65511
2   configure address-family ipv4
3     address-family ipv4 unicast
4       configure address-family ipv4 general
5         distance bgp 20 200 200
6         network inside_192.168.70.0
7         network network-object route-map map-tag
8         bgp inject-map inject-map exist-map exist-map options
9         configure aggregate-address map-type
10        configure filter-rules direction
11        configure neighbor 169.254.10.2 remote-as 65510 config-options
12        configure ipv4 redistribution protocol identifier
13        bgp router-id router-id
```

Select Configuration Option

config-options

properties

*Create\_BGP\_Object\_NeighborSetting*

Line 14: Click the + icon in order to enable the line to configure some properties of the neighbor. Click **activate-options** and choose **properties**.

## Add New BGP Object



Name

demobgp

Description

Template

Hide disabled

Reset

```
1 router bgp 65511
2   configure address-family ipv4
3     address-family ipv4 unicast
4       configure address-family ipv4 general
5         distance bgp 20 200 200
6         network inside_192.168.70.0
7         network network-object route-map map-tag
8         bgp inject-map inject-map exist-map exist-map options
9         configure aggregate-address map-type
10        configure filter-rules direction
11        configure neighbor 169.254.10.2 remote-as 65510 properties
12          neighbor 169.254.10.2 remote-as 65510
13          configure neighbor 169.254.10.2 activate activate-options
14            activate-options
15          configure ipv4 redistribution protocol id
16          bgp router-id router-id
```

*Create\_BGP\_Object\_NeighborSetting\_Properties*

Line 13: Click the + icon in order to enable the line to show advanced options. Click **settings** and choose **advanced**.

## Add New BGP Object



Name

demobgp

Description

Template

Hide disabled

Reset

```
1 router bgp 65511
2   configure address-family ipv4
3     address-family ipv4 unicast
4       configure address-family ipv4 general
5         distance bgp 20 200 200
6         network inside_192.168.70.0
7         network network-object route-map map-tag
8         bgp inject-map inject-map exist-map exist-map options
9         configure aggregate-address map-type
10        configure filter-rules direction
11        configure neighbor 169.254.10.2 remote-as 65510 properties
12        neighbor 169.254.10.2 remote-as 65510
13        configure neighbor 169.254.10.2 remote-as 65510 settings
14        configure neighbor 169.254.10.2 activate
15        neighbor 169.254.10.2 activate
16        configure neighbor 169.254.10.2 activate
17        configure ipv4 redistribution protocol identifier
18        bgp router-id router-id
```

Select Neighbor Settings

settings

general

advanced

migration

ha-mode

CANCEL

OK

*Create\_BGP\_Object\_NeighborSetting\_Properties\_Advanced*

Line 18: Click **options** and choose **disable** in order to disable path MTU discovery.

## Add New BGP Object



Name

Description

demobgp

Template

Hide disabled

Reset

```
1 router bgp 65511
2   configure address-family ipv4
3   address-family ipv4 unicast
4   configure address-family ipv4 general
5   distance bgp 20 200 200
6   network inside_192.168.70.0
7   network network-object route-map map-tag
8   bgp inject-map inject-map exist-map exist-map options
9   configure aggregate-address map-type
10  configure filter-rules direction
11  configure neighbor 169.254.10.2 remote-as 65510 properties
12  neighbor 169.254.10.2 remote-as 65510
13  configure neighbor 169.254.10.2 remote-as advanced
14  neighbor 169.254.10.2 password secret
15  configure neighbor 169.254.10.2 hops options
16  neighbor 169.254.10.2 version version-number options (optional)
17  neighbor 169.254.10.2 transport connection-mode options
18  neighbor 169.254.10.2 transport path-mtu-discovery options
19  configure neighbor 169.254.10.2 activate properties
20  neighbor 169.254.10.2 activate
21  configure neighbor 169.254.10.2 activate settings
22  configure ipv4 redistribution protocol identifier none
23  bgp router-id router-id
```

*Create\_BGP\_Object\_NeighborSetting\_Properties\_Advanced\_PMD*

Line 14, 15, 16, 17: Click the - button in order to disable the lines. Then, click the **OK** button to save the BGP object.

## Add New BGP Object



Name

demobgp

Description

Template

Hide disabled

Reset

```
1 router bgp 65511
2   configure address-family ipv4
3     address-family ipv4 unicast
4       configure address-family ipv4 general
5         distance bgp 20 200 200
6       network inside_192.168.70.0
7       network network-object route-map map-tag
8     bgp inject-map inject-map exist-map exist-map options
9     configure aggregate-address map-type
10    configure filter-rules direction
11    configure neighbor 169.254.10.2 remote-as 65510 properties
12    neighbor 169.254.10.2 remote-as 65510
13    configure neighbor 169.254.10.2 remote-as advanced
14    neighbor 169.254.10.2 password secret
15    configure neighbor 169.254.10.2 hops options
16    neighbor 169.254.10.2 version version-number
17    neighbor 169.254.10.2 transport connection-mode options
18    neighbor 169.254.10.2 transport path-mtu-discovery disable
19    configure neighbor 169.254.10.2 activate properties
20    neighbor 169.254.10.2 activate
21    configure neighbor 169.254.10.2 activate settings
22    configure ipv4 redistribution protocol identifier none
23  bgp router-id router-id
```

CANCEL

OK

*Create\_BGP\_Object\_DisableLines*

This is an overview of the BGP setting in this example. You can configure the other BGP settings based on your actual needs.

Name	Description
demobgp	

Template Hide disabled Reset

```

1 router bgp 65511
2   configure address-family ipv4
3     address-family ipv4 unicast
4       configure address-family ipv4 general
5         distance bgp 20 200 200
6         network inside_192.168.70.0
7         network network-object route-map map-tag
8         bgp inject-map inject-map exist-map exist-map options
9         configure aggregate-address map-type
10        configure filter-rules direction
11        configure neighbor 169.254.10.2 remote-as 65510 properties
12        neighbor 169.254.10.2 remote-as 65510
13        configure neighbor 169.254.10.2 remote-as advanced
14        neighbor 169.254.10.2 password secret
15        configure neighbor 169.254.10.2 hops options
16        neighbor 169.254.10.2 version version-number
17        neighbor 169.254.10.2 transport connection-mode options
18        neighbor 169.254.10.2 transport path-mtu-discovery disable
19        configure neighbor 169.254.10.2 activate properties
20        neighbor 169.254.10.2 activate
21        configure neighbor 169.254.10.2 activate settings
22        configure ipv4 redistribution protocol identifier none
23        bgp router-id router-id

```

CANCEL OK

Create\_BGP\_Object\_Final\_Overview

Step 7. Deploy the BGP configuration changes.

The screenshot shows the 'Device Summary' page for 'Device: ftdv742'. The 'Routing' section is active, and the 'BGP' tab is selected. A table lists the BGP objects:

#	NAME	DESCRIPTION	ACTIONS
1	demobgp		

Deploy\_BGP\_Configuration

Step 8. Now the configuration for Site1 FTD is completed.

In order to configure Site2 FTD VPN and BGP, repeat Step 3. to Step 7. with corresponding parameters of Site2 FTD.

Configuration overview of Site1 FTD and Site2 FTD in CLI.

Site1 FTD	Site2 FTD
<pre> NGFW Version 7.4.2  interface GigabitEthernet0/0 nameif outside cts manual propagate sgt preserve-untag policy static sgt disabled trusted security-level 0 ip address 192.168.30.1 255.255.255.0  interface GigabitEthernet0/2 nameif inside security-level 0 ip address 192.168.70.1 255.255.255.0  interface Tunnell nameif demovti ip address 169.254.10.1 255.255.255.0 tunnel source interface outside tunnel destination 192.168.10.1 tunnel mode ipsec ipv4 tunnel protection ipsec profile ipsec_profile e4084d322d  object network OutsideIPv4Gateway host 192.168.30.3 object network inside_192.168.70.0 subnet 192.168.70.0 255.255.255.0  access-group NGFW_ONBOX_ACL global access-list NGFW_ONBOX_ACL remark rule-id 268435457: ACCESS POLICY: NGFW_Access_Policy access-list NGFW_ONBOX_ACL remark rule-id 268435457: L5 RULE: Inside_Outside_Rule access-list NGFW_ONBOX_ACL advanced trust object-group  acSvcs-268435457 ifc inside any ifc outside any rule-id 268435457 event-log both access-list NGFW_ONBOX_ACL remark rule-id 268435458: ACCESS POLICY: NGFW_Access_Policy access-list NGFW_ONBOX_ACL remark rule-id 268435458: L5 RULE: Demo_allow access-list NGFW_ONBOX_ACL advanced permit object-group  acSvcs-268435458 any any rule-id 268435458 event-log both access-list NGFW_ONBOX_ACL remark rule-id 1: ACCESS POLICY: NGFW_Access_Policy access-list NGFW_ONBOX_ACL remark rule-id 1: L5 RULE: DefaultActionRule </pre>	<pre> NGFW Version 7.4.2  interface GigabitEthernet0/0 nameif outside cts manual propagate sgt preserve-untag policy static sgt disabled trusted security-level 0 ip address 192.168.10.1 255.255.255.0  interface GigabitEthernet0/2 nameif inside security-level 0 ip address 192.168.50.1 255.255.255.0  interface Tunnell nameif demovti25 ip address 169.254.10.2 255.255.255.0 tunnel source interface outside tunnel destination 192.168.30.1 tunnel mode ipsec ipv4 tunnel protection ipsec profile ipsec_profile e4084d322d  object network OutsideIPv4Gateway host 192.168.10.3 object network inside_192.168.50.0 subnet 192.168.50.0 255.255.255.0  access-group NGFW_ONBOX_ACL global access-list NGFW_ONBOX_ACL remark rule-id 268435457: ACCESS POLICY: NGFW_Access_Policy access-list NGFW_ONBOX_ACL remark rule-id 268435457: L5 RULE: Inside_Outside_Rule access-list NGFW_ONBOX_ACL advanced trust object-group  acSvcs-268435457 ifc inside any ifc outside any rule-id 268435457 event-log both access-list NGFW_ONBOX_ACL remark rule-id 268435458: ACCESS POLICY: NGFW_Access_Policy access-list NGFW_ONBOX_ACL remark rule-id 268435458: L5 RULE: Demo_allow access-list NGFW_ONBOX_ACL advanced permit object-group  acSvcs-268435458 any any rule-id 268435458 event-log both access-list NGFW_ONBOX_ACL remark rule-id 1: ACCESS POLICY: NGFW_Access_Policy access-list NGFW_ONBOX_ACL remark rule-id 1: L5 RULE: DefaultActionRule access-list NGFW_ONBOX_ACL advanced deny ip any any </pre>



<pre> access-list NGFW_ONBOX_ACL advanced deny ip any any rule-id 1  router bgp 65511 bgp log-neighbor-changes bgp router-id vrf auto-assign address-family ipv4 unicast neighbor 169.254.10.2 remote-as 65510 neighbor 169.254.10.2 transport path-mtu-discovery disable neighbor 169.254.10.2 activate network 192.168.70.0 no auto-summary no synchronization exit-address-family  route outside 0.0.0.0 0.0.0.0 192.168.30.3 1  crypto ipsec ikev2 ipsec-proposal AES256_SHA256 protocol esp encryption aes-256 aes protocol esp integrity sha-256 sha-1  crypto ipsec profile ipsec_profile e4084d322d set ikev2 ipsec-proposal AES256_SHA256 set security-association lifetime kilobytes 4608000 set security-association lifetime seconds 28800  crypto ipsec security-association pmtu-aging infinite  crypto ikev2 policy 1 encryption aes-256 aes integrity sha256 sha group 14 prf sha256 sha lifetime seconds 86400  crypto ikev2 policy 20 encryption aes-256 aes-192 aes integrity sha512 sha384 sha256 sha group 21 20 16 15 14 prf sha512 sha384 sha256 sha lifetime seconds 86400  crypto ikev2 enable outside  group-policy  s2sGP 192.168.10.1 internal group-policy  s2sGP 192.168.10.1 attributes vpn-tunnel-protocol ikev2  tunnel-group 192.168.10.1 type ipsec-l2l tunnel-group 192.168.10.1 general-attributes default-group-policy  s2sGP 192.168.10.1  tunnel-group 192.168.10.1 ipsec-attributes ikev2 remote-authentication pre-shared-key ***** ikev2 local-authentication pre-shared-key ***** </pre>	<pre> rule-id 1  router bgp 65510 bgp log-neighbor-changes bgp router-id vrf auto-assign address-family ipv4 unicast neighbor 169.254.10.1 remote-as 65511 neighbor 169.254.10.1 transport path-mtu-discovery disable neighbor 169.254.10.1 activate network 192.168.50.0 no auto-summary no synchronization exit-address-family  route outside 0.0.0.0 0.0.0.0 192.168.10.3 1  crypto ipsec ikev2 ipsec-proposal AES256_SHA256 protocol esp encryption aes-256 aes protocol esp integrity sha-256 sha-1  crypto ipsec profile ipsec_profile e4084d322d set ikev2 ipsec-proposal AES256_SHA256 set security-association lifetime kilobytes 4608000 set security-association lifetime seconds 28800  crypto ipsec security-association pmtu-aging infinite  crypto ikev2 policy 1 encryption aes-256 aes integrity sha256 sha group 14 prf sha256 sha lifetime seconds 86400  crypto ikev2 policy 20 encryption aes-256 aes-192 aes integrity sha512 sha384 sha256 sha group 21 20 16 15 14 prf sha512 sha384 sha256 sha lifetime seconds 86400  crypto ikev2 enable outside  group-policy  s2sGP 192.168.30.1 internal group-policy  s2sGP 192.168.30.1 attributes vpn-tunnel-protocol ikev2  tunnel-group 192.168.30.1 type ipsec-l2l tunnel-group 192.168.30.1 general-attributes default-group-policy  s2sGP 192.168.30.1  tunnel-group 192.168.30.1 ipsec-attributes ikev2 remote-authentication pre-shared-key ***** ikev2 local-authentication pre-shared-key ***** </pre>
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# Verify

Use this section in order to confirm that your configuration works properly.

Step 1. Navigate to the CLI of each FTD via console or SSH in order to verify the VPN status of phase 1 and phase 2 through the commands **show crypto ikev2 sa** and **show crypto ipsec sa**.

Site1 FTD	Site2 FTD
<pre>ftdv742# show crypto ikev2 sa  IKEv2 SAs:  Session-id:134, Status:UP-ACTIVE, IKE count:1, CHILD count:1  Tunnel-id   Local           Remote fvrf/ivrf   Status Role  563984431 192.168.30.1/500 192.168.10.1/500 Global/Global READY RESPONDER  Encr: AES-CBC, keysize: 256, Hash: SHA256, DH Grp:14, Auth sign: PSK, Auth verify: PSK  Life/Active Time: 86400/5145 sec  Child sa: local selector 0.0.0.0/0 - 255.255.255.255/65535  remote selector 0.0.0.0/0 - 255.255.255.255/65535  ESP spi in/out: 0xf0c4239d/0xb7b5b38b</pre>	<pre>ftdv742# show crypto ikev2 sa  IKEv2 SAs:  Session-id:13, Status:UP-ACTIVE, IKE count:1, CHILD count:1  Tunnel-id   Local           Remote fvrf/ivrf   Status Role  339797985 192.168.10.1/500 192.168.30.1/500 Global/Global READY INITIATOR  Encr: AES-CBC, keysize: 256, Hash: SHA256, DH Grp:14, Auth sign: PSK, Auth verify: PSK  Life/Active Time: 86400/74099 sec  Child sa: local selector 0.0.0.0/0 - 255.255.255.255/65535  remote selector 0.0.0.0/0 - 255.255.255.255/65535  ESP spi in/out: 0xb7b5b38b/0xf0c4239d</pre>
<pre>ftdv742# show crypto ipsec sa  interface: demovti   Crypto map tag: __vti-crypto-map-Tunnel1-0-1, seq num: 65280, local addr: 192.168.30.1  Protected vrf (ivrf): Global local ident (addr/mask/prot/port): (0.0.0.0/0.0.0.0/0/0) remote ident (addr/mask/prot/port): (0.0.0.0/0.0.0.0/0/0) current_peer: 192.168.10.1  #pkts encaps: 5720, #pkts encrypt: 5720, #pkts digest: 5720 #pkts decaps: 5717, #pkts decrypt: 5717, #pkts verify: 5717 #pkts compressed: 0, #pkts decompressed: 0 #pkts not compressed: 5720, #pkts comp failed: 0,</pre>	<pre>ftdv742# show crypto ipsec sa  interface: demovti25   Crypto map tag: __vti-crypto-map-Tunnel1-0-1, seq num: 65280, local addr: 192.168.10.1  Protected vrf (ivrf): Global local ident (addr/mask/prot/port): (0.0.0.0/0.0.0.0/0/0) remote ident (addr/mask/prot/port): (0.0.0.0/0.0.0.0/0/0) current_peer: 192.168.30.1  #pkts encaps: 5721, #pkts encrypt: 5721, #pkts digest: 5721 #pkts decaps: 5721, #pkts decrypt: 5721, #pkts verify: 5721 #pkts compressed: 0, #pkts decompressed: 0 #pkts not compressed: 5721, #pkts comp failed: 0,</pre>

<pre> #pkts decomp failed: 0 #pre-frag successes: 0, #pre-frag failures: 0, #fragments created: 0 #PMTUs sent: 0, #PMTUs rcvd: 0, #decapsulated frgs needing reassembly: 0 #TFC rcvd: 0, #TFC sent: 0 #Valid ICMP Errors rcvd: 0, #Invalid ICMP Errors rcvd: 0 #send errors: 0, #recv errors: 0  local crypto endpt.: 192.168.30.1/500, remote crypto endpt.: 192.168.10.1/500 path mtu 1500, ipsec overhead 78(44), media mtu 1500 PMTU time remaining (sec): 0, DF policy: copy-df ICMP error validation: disabled, TFC packets: disabled current outbound spi: B7B5B38B current inbound spi : F0C4239D  inbound esp sas: spi: 0xF0C4239D (4039386013) SA State: active transform: esp-aes-256 esp-sha-256-hmac no compression in use settings = {L2L, Tunnel, IKEv2, VTI, } slot: 0, conn_id: 266, crypto-map: __vti-crypto-map- Tunnel1-0-1 sa timing: remaining key lifetime (kB/sec): (4285389/3722) IV size: 16 bytes replay detection support: Y Anti replay bitmap: 0xFFFFFFFF 0xFFFFFFFF outbound esp sas: spi: 0xB7B5B38B (3082138507) SA State: active transform: esp-aes-256 esp-sha-256-hmac no compression in use settings = {L2L, Tunnel, IKEv2, VTI, } slot: 0, conn_id: 266, crypto-map: __vti-crypto-map- Tunnel1-0-1 sa timing: remaining key lifetime (kB/sec): (4147149/3722) IV size: 16 bytes replay detection support: Y Anti replay bitmap: 0x00000000 0x00000001 </pre>	<pre> #pkts decomp failed: 0 #pre-frag successes: 0, #pre-frag failures: 0, #fragments created: 0 #PMTUs sent: 0, #PMTUs rcvd: 0, #decapsulated frgs needing reassembly: 0 #TFC rcvd: 0, #TFC sent: 0 #Valid ICMP Errors rcvd: 0, #Invalid ICMP Errors rcvd: 0 #send errors: 0, #recv errors: 0  local crypto endpt.: 192.168.10.1/500, remote crypto endpt.: 192.168.30.1/500 path mtu 1500, ipsec overhead 78(44), media mtu 1500 PMTU time remaining (sec): 0, DF policy: copy-df ICMP error validation: disabled, TFC packets: disabled current outbound spi: F0C4239D current inbound spi : B7B5B38B  inbound esp sas: spi: 0xB7B5B38B (3082138507) SA State: active transform: esp-aes-256 esp-sha-256-hmac no compression in use settings = {L2L, Tunnel, IKEv2, VTI, } slot: 0, conn_id: 160, crypto-map: __vti-crypto-map- Tunnel1-0-1 sa timing: remaining key lifetime (kB/sec): (3962829/3626) IV size: 16 bytes replay detection support: Y Anti replay bitmap: 0xFFFFFFFF 0xFFFFFFFF outbound esp sas: spi: 0xF0C4239D (4039386013) SA State: active transform: esp-aes-256 esp-sha-256-hmac no compression in use settings = {L2L, Tunnel, IKEv2, VTI, } slot: 0, conn_id: 160, crypto-map: __vti-crypto-map- Tunnel1-0-1 sa timing: remaining key lifetime (kB/sec): (4101069/3626) IV size: 16 bytes replay detection support: Y Anti replay bitmap: 0x00000000 0x00000001 </pre>
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Step 2. Navigate to the CLI of each FTD via console or SSH in order to verify the BGP status using the commands **show bgp neighbors** and **show route bgp**.

Site1 FTD	Site2 FTD
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ftdv742# show bgp neighbors

BGP neighbor is 169.254.10.2, vrf single\_vf, remote AS 65510, external link  
BGP version 4, remote router ID 192.168.50.1  
BGP state = Established, up for 1d20h  
Last read 00:00:25, last write 00:00:45, hold time is 180, keepalive interval is 60 seconds  
Neighbor sessions:  
1 active, is not multisession capable (disabled)  
Neighbor capabilities:  
Route refresh: advertised and received(new)  
Four-octets ASN Capability: advertised and received  
Address family IPv4 Unicast: advertised and received  
Multisession Capability:  
Message statistics:  
InQ depth is 0  
OutQ depth is 0  
  
Sent Rcvd  
Opens: 1 1  
Notifications: 0 0  
Updates: 2 2  
Keepalives: 2423 2427  
Route Refresh: 0 0  
Total: 2426 2430  
Default minimum time between advertisement runs is 30 seconds

For address family: IPv4 Unicast  
Session: 169.254.10.2  
BGP table version 3, neighbor version 3/0  
Output queue size : 0  
Index 1  
1 update-group member  
Sent Rcvd  
Prefix activity: ---- ----  
Prefixes Current: 1 1 (Consumes 80 bytes)  
Prefixes Total: 1 1  
Implicit Withdraw: 0 0  
Explicit Withdraw: 0 0  
Used as bestpath: n/a 1  
Used as multipath: n/a 0

Outbound Inbound  
Local Policy Denied Prefixes: -----  
Bestpath from this peer: 1 n/a  
Total: 1 0  
Number of NLRIs in the update sent: max 1, min 0

Address tracking is enabled, the RIB does have a route to 169.254.10.2  
Connections established 1; dropped 0  
Last reset never

ftdv742# show bgp neighbors

BGP neighbor is 169.254.10.1, vrf single\_vf, remote AS 65511, external link  
BGP version 4, remote router ID 192.168.70.1  
BGP state = Established, up for 1d20h  
Last read 00:00:11, last write 00:00:52, hold time is 180, keepalive interval is 60 seconds  
Neighbor sessions:  
1 active, is not multisession capable (disabled)  
Neighbor capabilities:  
Route refresh: advertised and received(new)  
Four-octets ASN Capability: advertised and received  
Address family IPv4 Unicast: advertised and received  
Multisession Capability:  
Message statistics:  
InQ depth is 0  
OutQ depth is 0  
  
Sent Rcvd  
Opens: 1 1  
Notifications: 0 0  
Updates: 2 2  
Keepalives: 2424 2421  
Route Refresh: 0 0  
Total: 2427 2424  
Default minimum time between advertisement runs is 30 seconds

For address family: IPv4 Unicast  
Session: 169.254.10.1  
BGP table version 9, neighbor version 9/0  
Output queue size : 0  
Index 4  
4 update-group member  
Sent Rcvd  
Prefix activity: ---- ----  
Prefixes Current: 1 1 (Consumes 80 bytes)  
Prefixes Total: 1 1  
Implicit Withdraw: 0 0  
Explicit Withdraw: 0 0  
Used as bestpath: n/a 1  
Used as multipath: n/a 0

Outbound Inbound  
Local Policy Denied Prefixes: -----  
Bestpath from this peer: 1 n/a  
Total: 1 0  
Number of NLRIs in the update sent: max 1, min 0

Address tracking is enabled, the RIB does have a route to 169.254.10.1  
Connections established 4; dropped 3  
Last reset 1d21h, due to Interface flap of session 1

Transport(tcp) path-mtu-discovery is disabled Graceful-Restart is disabled	Transport(tcp) path-mtu-discovery is disabled Graceful-Restart is disabled
<pre>ftdv742# show route bgp Codes: L - local, C - connected, S - static, R - RIP, M - mobile, B - BGP D - EIGRP, EX - EIGRP external, O - OSPF, IA - OSPF inter area N1 - OSPF NSSA external type 1, N2 - OSPF NSSA external type 2 E1 - OSPF external type 1, E2 - OSPF external type 2, V - VPN i - IS-IS, su - IS-IS summary, L1 - IS-IS level-1, L2 - IS-IS level-2 ia - IS-IS inter area, * - candidate default, U - per- user static route o - ODR, P - periodic downloaded static route, + - replicated route SI - Static InterVRF, BI - BGP InterVRF Gateway of last resort is 192.168.30.3 to network 0.0.0.0  B 192.168.50.0 255.255.255.0 [20/0] via 169.254.10.2, 1d20h</pre>	<pre>ftdv742# show route bgp Codes: L - local, C - connected, S - static, R - RIP, M - mobile, B - BGP D - EIGRP, EX - EIGRP external, O - OSPF, IA - OSPF inter area N1 - OSPF NSSA external type 1, N2 - OSPF NSSA external type 2 E1 - OSPF external type 1, E2 - OSPF external type 2, V - VPN i - IS-IS, su - IS-IS summary, L1 - IS-IS level-1, L2 - IS-IS level-2 ia - IS-IS inter area, * - candidate default, U - per- user static route o - ODR, P - periodic downloaded static route, + - replicated route SI - Static InterVRF, BI - BGP InterVRF Gateway of last resort is 192.168.10.3 to network 0.0.0.0  B 192.168.70.0 255.255.255.0 [20/0] via 169.254.10.1, 1d20h</pre>

Step 3. Site1 Client and Site2 Client ping each other successfully.

Site1 Client:

```
Site1_Client#ping 192.168.50.2
Type escape sequence to abort.
Sending 5, 100-byte ICMP Echos to 192.168.50.2, timeout is 2 seconds:
!!!!
Success rate is 100 percent (5/5), round-trip min/avg/max = 31/56/90 ms
```

Site2 Client:

```
Site2_Client#ping 192.168.70.2
Type escape sequence to abort.
Sending 5, 100-byte ICMP Echos to 192.168.70.2, timeout is 2 seconds:
!!!!
Success rate is 100 percent (5/5), round-trip min/avg/max = 12/39/71 ms
```

## Troubleshoot

This section provides information you can use in order to troubleshoot your configuration.

You can use those debug commands in order to troubleshoot the VPN section.

```
debug crypto ikev2 platform 255
debug crypto ikev2 protocol 255
debug crypto ipsec 255
debug vti 255
```

You can use those debug commands in order to troubleshoot the BGP section.

```
ftdv742# debug ip bgp ?
```

```
A.B.C.D    BGP neighbor address
all All    address families
events     BGP events
import     BGP path import across topologies, VRFs or AFs in BGP Inbound information
ipv4       Address family
ipv6       Address family
keepalives BGP keepalives
out        BGP Outbound information
range     BGP dynamic range
rib-filter Next hop route watch filter events
updates    BGP updates
vpn4       Address family
vpn6       Address family
vrf        VRF scope
<cr>
```