Configure SNMP Community Strings

Contents

Introduction
Prerequisites
Requirements
Components Used
Conventions
Background Information
Configurate SNMP on Router and Catalyst Switch
Enable SNMP Community Strings
Verify SNMP Community Strings
Modify SNMP Community Strings
Disable/Remove SNMP Community Strings
Configure SNMP on a Multilayer Switch Feature Card (MSFC)
Enable SNMP Community Strings
Verify SNMP Community Strings
Modify, Remove, or Disable SNMP Community Strings
Related Information

Introduction

This document describes how to configure Simple Network Management Protocol strings on Cisco routers, Route Switch Modules, and Catalyst switches.

Prerequisites

Requirements

There are no specific requirements for this document.

Components Used

This document is not restricted to specific software and hardware versions.

The information in this document was created from the devices in a specific lab environment. All of the devices used in this document started with a cleared (default) configuration. If your network is live, ensure that you understand the potential impact of any command.

Conventions

Refer to the for more information on document conventions.

Background Information

This document describes how to configure Simple Network Management Protocol (SNMP) community strings on Cisco routers, Route Switch Modules (RSMs), and Catalyst switches. In the context of this document, configure is defined as verify, enable, modify, and disable SNMP community strings.

Configurate SNMP on Router and Catalyst Switch

Enable SNMP Community Strings

This procedure is the same for both routers and Cisco IOS® software-based XL Catalyst Switches.

1. Telnet to the router:

<#root> prompt# telnet 172.16.99.20

2. Enter the enable password at the prompt in order to enter the enable mode:

<#root> Router> enable Password: Router#

3. Display the running configuration and look for the SNMP information:

<#root> Router# show running-config Building configuration...



Note: If no SNMP information is present, continue with these steps. If any SNMP commands are listed, you can modify or disable them.

4. Go into the configuration mode:

<#root>

Router#

configure terminal

```
Enter configuration commands, one per line. End
with CNTL/Z.
Router(config)#
```

5. Use this command in order to enable the read-only (RO) community string:

<#root> Router(config)# snmp-server community public RO

where public is the read-only community string.

6. Use this command in order to enable the read-write (RW) community string:

<#root> Router(config)# snmp-server community private RW

where private is the read-write community string.

7. Exit out of the configuration mode and return to the main prompt:

<#root> Router(config)# exit

Router#

8. Write the modified configuration to nonvolatile RAM (NVRAM) to save the settings:

<#root> Router# write memory Building configuration... [OK] Router#

Verify SNMP Community Strings

Complete these steps to verify SNMP community strings:

1. Verify that there is TCP/IP connectivity between the Network Management Server (NMS) server and the router.

<#root>
C:\>
ping 172.16.99.20 with 32 bytes of data:
Reply from 172.16.99.20: bytes=32 time<10ms TTL=247
Reply from 172.16.99.20: bytes=32 time=10ms TTL=247
Reply from 172.16.99.20: bytes=32 time<10ms TTL=247
Reply from 172.16.99.20: bytes=32 time<10ms TTL=247
Ping statistics for 172.16.99.20:
 Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 4, Lost = 0 (0% loss),
Approximate round trip times in milli-seconds:
 Minimum = 0ms, Maximum = 10ms, Average = 2ms</pre>

2. Telnet to the router:

<#root> prompt# telnet 172.16.99.20

3. Enter the enable password at the prompt in order to enter the enable mode:

<#root> Router> enable Password: Router#

4. Display the running configuration and look for the SNMP information:

```
<#root>
Router#
show running-config
....
snmp-server community public RO
snmp-server community private RW
....
```

In this sample output, public is the read-only community string and private is the read-write community string.

If no SNMP information is present, continue with these steps. If any SNMP commands are listed, you can modify or disable them.

Note: If you do not see any snmp-server statements, SNMP is not enabled on the router. Alternatively, execute the **show snmp** command in the enable mode. If you see this message, it also indicates that SNMP is not enabled on the router.

For example:

<#root>
Router#
show snmp
%SNMP agent not enabled

Router#

5. Exit the enable mode and return to the main prompt:

<#root> Router#

disable

Router>

Modify SNMP Community Strings

Complete these steps in order to modify SNMP community strings.

1. Telnet to the router:

<#root> prompt# telnet 172.16.99.20

2. Enter the enable password at the prompt in order to enter the enable mode:

<#root> Router> enable

Password: Router#

3. Display the running configuration and look for the SNMP information:

```
<#root>
Router#
show running-config
Building configuration...
...
snmp-server community public RO
snmp-server community private RW
....
....
```

4. Go into the configuration mode:

<#root>

Router#

configure terminal

Enter configuration commands, one per line. End with CNTL/Z. Router(config)#

Complete these steps to modify the current read-only (RO) community string:

a. Delete the current read-only (RO) community string with this command:

```
<#root>
Router(config)#
no snmp-server community public RO
```

where public is the read-only community string.

b. Enter the new read-only (RO) community string with this command:

```
<#root>
Router(config)#
snmp-server community XXXX RO
```

where XXXX is the read-only community string.

Complete these steps to modify the current read-write (RW) community string:

a. Delete the current read-write (RW) community string with this command:

```
<#root>
Router(config)#
no snmp-server community private RW
```

where private is the read-write (RW) community string.

b. Enter the new read-write (RW) community string with this command:

```
<#root>
Router(config)#
snmp-server community YYYY RW
```

where YYYY is the read-write community string.

5. Exit the configuration mode and return to the main prompt:

<#root> Router(config)# exit Router#

6. Write the modified configuration to nonvolatile RAM (NVRAM) to save the settings:

<#root> Router# write memory Building configuration... [OK] Router#

Disable/Remove SNMP Community Strings

Complete these steps to disable or remove SMMP community strings.

1. Telnet to the router:

<#root> prompt# telnet 172.16.99.20

2. Enter the enable password at the prompt in order to enter the enable mode:

<#root> Router> enable Password: Router# 3. Display the running configuration and look for the SNMP information:

```
<#root>
Router#
show running-config
Building configuration...
...
snmp-server community public RO
snmp-server community private RW
....
```

4. Go into the configuration mode:

<#root> Router# configure terminal Enter configuration commands, one per line. End with CNTL/Z. Router(config)#

5. In order to disable/remove the current read-only (RO) community string, use this command:

```
<#root>
Router(config)#
no snmp-server community public RO
```

where public is the read-only community string.

6. In order to disable/remove the current read-write (RW) community string, use this command:

<#root> Router(config)# no snmp-server community private RW where private is the read-write community string.

7. Exit out of the configuration mode and return to the main prompt:

<#root> Router(config)# exit

Router#

Router#

8. Write the modified configuration to nonvolatile RAM (NVRAM) to save the settings:

<#root> Router# write memory Building configuration... [OK]

Configure SNMP on a Multilayer Switch Feature Card (MSFC)

Enable SNMP Community Strings

A multilayer switch feature card (MSFC) runs the same Cisco IOS® software code as the routers do.

Verify SNMP Community Strings

Complete these steps to verify SNMP community strings on a multilayer switch feature card (MSFC).

1. Telnet to the Catalyst Switch (the Catalyst 6509 is used in this example):

<#root> prompt# telnet 172.16.99.66

2. Enter the enable password at the prompt in order to enter the enable mode:

```
<#root>
Cat6509>
enable
Password:
Cat6509> (enable)
```

3. Execute the **show module** command in order to display the system modules and locate the MSFC module. Here is an example:

```
<#root>
Cat6509 (enable)
show module
Mod Slot Ports Module-Type Model Sub Status
____ ____ _____
1 1 2 1000BaseX Supervisor WS-X6K-SUP1A-2GE yes ok
15 1 1 Multilayer Switch Feature WS-F6K-MSFC no ok
3 3 8 1000BaseX Ethernet WS-X6408A-GBIC no ok
4 4 48 10/100BaseTX Ethernet WS-X6348-RJ-45 yes ok
5 5 48 10/100BaseTX Ethernet WS-X6348-RJ-45 no ok
6 6 8 T1 WS-X6608-T1 no ok
7 7 24 FXS WS-X6624-FXS no ok
8 8 0 FlexWAN Module WS-X6182-2PA no ok
. . . .
. . . .
--<snip>--
```

4 After you identify the Mod number, start a session to the MSFC module. For example:

```
<#root>
Cat6509> (enable)
session 15
Trying Router-15...
Connected to Router-15.
Escape character is '^]'.
MSFC>
```

5. Enter the enable password at the prompt in order to enter the enable mode:

<#root> MSFC> enable Password: MSFC#

6. Display the running configuration and look for the SNMP information:

<#root>
MSFC#
show running-config
Building configuration...
....
snmp-server community public RO
snmp-server community private RW
....
....

In this output, public is the read-only community string and private is the read-write community string.

Note: If you do not see any snmp-server statements, SNMP is not enabled on the router. Alternatively, you can execute the **show snmp** command in the enable mode. If you see this message, it also indicates that SNMP is not enabled on the router.

<#root>
MSFC#
show snmp
%SNMP agent not enabled
MSFC#

7. Exit out of the enable mode and return to the main prompt:

<#root>

MSFC# exit

Cat65509> (enable)

Modify, Remove, or Disable SNMP Community Strings

The MSFC runs the same Cisco IOS software code as the routers do. You can complete the same procedure in order to modify, remove, or disable SNMP as described in the <u>router example</u>.

Related Information

- <u>Cisco Security Advisory: Cisco IOS Software SNMP read-Write ILMI Community String</u>
 <u>Vulnerability</u>
- <u>Cisco Security Advisory: Cisco IOS Software Multiple SNMP Community String</u>
- <u>Cisco Technical Support & Downloads</u>