

Troubleshoot Nexus 7000 High CPU Usage

Contents

[Introduction](#)

[CPU Usage on Nexus 7000 Platforms](#)

[Commands and Scripts to Monitor Processes and CPUs](#)

[Commands](#)

[show processes Command](#)

[show system resources Command](#)

[show processes cpu Command](#)

[show processes cpu history Command](#)

[show process cpu detail Command](#)

Introduction

This document describes processes to monitor CPU usage and troubleshoot high CPU usage issues on Cisco Nexus 7000 Series platforms.

CPU Usage on Nexus 7000 Platforms

The Nexus 7000 platform is a Linux-based system with a preemptive scheduler that allows fair access to CPU resources for all processes.

Unlike the Cisco Catalyst 6500 Series, there is no separate route processor (RP) and switch processor (SP).

- Supervisor Engine 1 has a dual-core processor.
- Supervisor Engine 2 has a quad-core processor.
- Supervisor Engine 2E has two quad-core processors.

The Cisco NX-OS operating system takes advantage of preemptive CPU multitasking, so processes can take advantage of an idle CPU in order to complete tasks faster.

Therefore, the history option reports possible CPU spikes that do not necessarily indicate a problem. However, if average CPU usage remains high compared to normal, baseline CPU usage for a particular network, investigate high CPU usage.

Default hardware rate limiters (HWRL) and default control plane policing (CoPP) are enabled to help protect the supervisor inband interface on Nexus 7000 platforms.

The commands and sample EEM script are based on Nexus 7000 Release 6.1 and earlier and are subject to change in future releases.

Commands and Scripts to Monitor Processes and CPUs

Commands

The [Cisco CLI Analyzer](#) ([registered](#) customers only) supports certain **show** commands. Use the Cisco CLI Analyzer in order to view an analysis of **show** command output.

show processes Command

Use this command in order to display information about active processes.

```
switch# show processes
```

PID	State	PC	Start_cnt	TTY	Type	Process
1	S	41520eb8	1	-	0	init
2	S	0	1	-	0	kthreadd
3	S	0	1	-	0	migration/0
4	S	0	1	-	0	ksoftirqd/0
5	S	0	1	-	0	watchdog/0
6	S	0	1	-	0	migration/1
7	S	0	1	-	0	ksoftirqd/1
8	S	0	1	-	0	watchdog/1
9	S	0	1	-	0	events/0
10	S	0	1	-	0	events/1
11	S	0	1	-	0	khelper
12	S	0	1	-	0	kblockd/0

Field	Description
PID	Process ID
State	Process state
PC	Current program counter in hexadecimal format
Start_cnt	Number of times a process has been started or restarted
TTY	Terminal that controls the process. A hyphen (--) usually means a daemon not running on any particular terminal.
Process	Name of the process

Process State	Description
D	Uninterruptible sleep (usually I/O)
R	Runnable (on run queue)
S	Sleeping
T	Traced or stopped
Z	Defunct (zombie) process
NR	Not running
ER	Expected to be running but currently not running

show system resources Command

Use this command in order to display system-related CPU and memory statistics.

```
switch#show system resources
Load average: 1 minute: 0.36 5 minutes: 0.39 15 minutes: 0.44
Processes : 1068 total, 1 running
CPU states : 0.5% user, 5.5% kernel, 94.0% idle
Memory usage: 8245436K total, 3289920K used, 4955516K free
Current memory status: OK
```

Field	Description
Load	Number of processes that are running. The average reflects the system load over the past 1, 5, and 15 minutes.
Processes	Number of processes in the system and how many processes are actually running when the command is issued.
CPU status	CPU usage percentage in user mode, kernel mode, and idle time in the last one second. For a dual-core Supervisor, CPU is averaged across both cores.
Memory usage	Total memory, used memory, free memory, memory used for buffers, and memory used for cache in kilobytes. Buffers and the cache are included in the used memory statistics.

show processes cpu Command

Use this command in order to show the CPU usage at the process level:

```
switch#show processes cpu | ex 0.0
```

```
PID Runtime(ms) Invoked uSecs 1Sec Process
-----
26 66399 269718 246 0.9% kide/1
2908 115550 11310 10216 2.9% platform
3223 7248 9208 787 0.9% R2D2_usd
```

```
CPU util : 1.0% user, 3.0% kernel, 96.0% idle
Please note that only processes from the requested vdc are shown above
```

Field	Description
Runtime(ms)	CPU time that the process has used in milliseconds
Invoked	Number of times the process has been invoked
uSecs	Average CPU time for each process invocation in microseconds
1Sec	Percentage of CPU usage for the last one second

To find out CPU usage for all threads that belong to a specific process ID (PID), use the **show process cpu detail <pid>** command, which is available in NX-OS Release 6.2x.

show processes cpu history Command

Use this command in order to display the CPU usage for the last 60 seconds, 60 minutes, and 72 hours. Be sure to check the average CPU usage (#) and the spikes (*).

```
switch# show processes cpu history

 1 131      12    1 1 1    1 2    1      1 1
195388933456577607393535376775867507294877653564353456145546
100
 90
 80
 70
 60
 50
 40    #
 30    #
 20    ##      ##      #      #      #
```

```

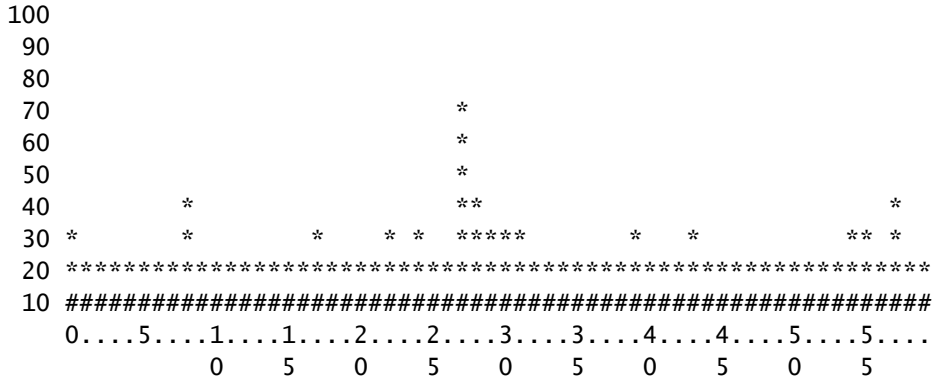
10 ##### # ##### # ##### # ##### # ##### # ##### #
0....5....1....1....2....2....3....3....4....4....5....5....
      0  5  0  5  0  5  0  5  0  5  0  5
      CPU% per second (last 60 seconds)
      # = average CPU%

```

```

2222222242212222122222222222642222112221222222222222121221412
523210211239434396322261541608790993139620151432210949597392

```

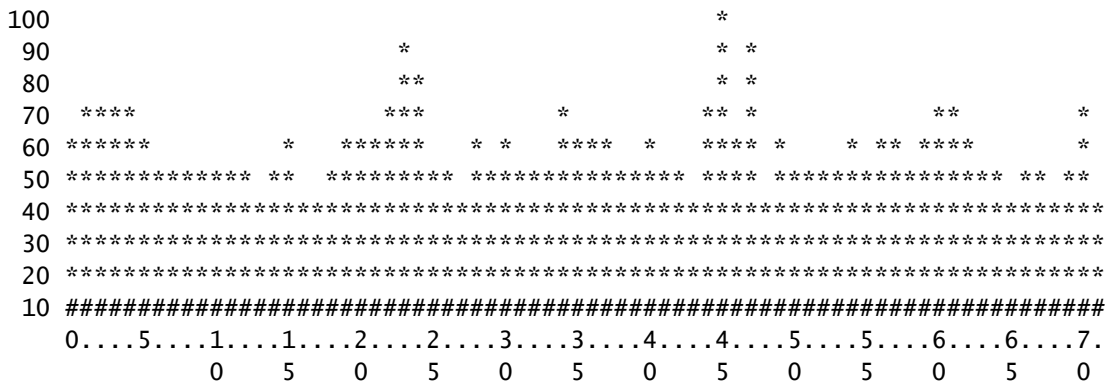


CPU% per minute (last 60 minutes)
 * = maximum CPU% # = average CPU%

```

                                     1
666765454544445544555669844465554466654464446069464554545555665544444474
459056619185613722269482096333506853055519639003005209696949867484693724

```



CPU% per hour (last 72 hours)
 * = maximum CPU% # = average CPU%

show process cpu detail <pid> Command

This command, which was added in Release 6.2, displays the CPU usage information for all threads that belong to a specific PID.

```

switch# show processes cpu sorted | grep cli
3965      23734      17872      1328      0.0%      0.1%      0.7%      -      cli
4024      3047        1256      2426      0.0%      0.0%      0.0%      -      diagclient
4094      787         258      3052      0.0%      0.0%      0.0%      -      cardclient
4728      227         209      1088      0.0%      0.0%      0.0%      -      port_client
4729      1351        499      2708      0.0%      0.0%      0.0%      -      statsclient

```

```
4730          2765          550   5028   0.0%   0.0%   0.0% -   xbar_client
```

```
switch# show processes cpu sorted | grep clis
```

```
3965          23734         17872   1328   0.0%   0.1%   0.7% -   clis
```

```
switch# show process cpu detailed 3965
```

```
CPU utilization for five seconds: 3%/3%; one minute: 0%; five minutes: 1%
```

PID	Runtime(ms)	Invoked	uSecs	5Sec	1Min	5Min	TTY	Process
3965	23734	17873	1327	0.0%	0.1%	0.6%	-	clis
4227	45	334	135	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	-	clis:clis-cli-t
4228	24	153	162	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	-	clis:clis-nvdb-
4760	75	224	335	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	-	clis:clis-seria


```
switch# show processes cpu sorted | grep netstack
```

```
4133          353          892   395   0.0%   0.0%   0.0% -   netstack
```

```
switch# show process cpu detailed 4133
```

```
CPU utilization for five seconds: 5%/5%; one minute: 1%; five minutes: 1%
```

PID	Runtime(ms)	Invoked	uSecs	5Sec	1Min	5Min	TTY	Process
4133	353	892	395	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	-	netstack
4145	322	6492	49	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	-	netstack:active
4151	239	247	971	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	-	netstack:ip-sys
4153	0	3	162	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	-	netstack:mplsda
4155	2	3	717	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	-	netstack:mplsct
4163	0	2	240	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	-	netstack:ipv6-d
4164	97	957	101	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	-	netstack:netsta
4166	15	628	25	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	-	netstack:ip-sys
4167	0	3	224	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	-	netstack:ip-pm-
4170	1	12	154	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	-	netstack:ip-uri
4171	9	30	323	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	-	netstack:ip-ipc
4173	0	5	167	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	-	netstack:ip-ipc
4175	0	2	305	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	-	netstack:ip-ret
4176	12	7	1838	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	-	netstack:ip-ppf
4178	4	15	289	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	-	netstack:ipv6-c
4179	41	445	93	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	-	netstack:disp
4180	0	6	98	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	-	netstack:worker
4181	33	501	66	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	-	netstack:worker
4182	0	2	232	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	-	netstack:worker
4183	0	2	227	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	-	netstack:worker
4184	0	3	152	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	-	netstack:worker
4185	0	2	278	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	-	netstack:worker
4186	0	2	254	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	-	netstack:worker
4187	0	3	168	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	-	netstack:worker
4188	0	2	266	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	-	netstack:worker
4189	0	2	248	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	-	netstack:worker
4190	0	2	254	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	-	netstack:worker
4191	0	3	201	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	-	netstack:worker
4192	0	2	258	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	-	netstack:worker
4193	0	7	111	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	-	netstack:worker
4194	0	8	78	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	-	netstack:worker
4195	0	2	313	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	-	netstack:worker
4196	15	632	23	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	-	netstack:ptacti
4197	0	5	120	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	-	netstack:tcp_ip
4198	4	11	390	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	-	netstack:ipv6-m
4199	0	3	240	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	-	netstack:ipv6-c
4200	0	1	561	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	-	netstack:ipv6-c
4201	0	3	246	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	-	netstack:icmpv6
4513	0	5	112	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	-	netstack:ipv6-m
4514	0	2	291	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	-	netstack:ipv6-m

 **Note:** All process information is based on proc in NX-OS. In NX-OS, all the threads share the memory allocated by any other thread, so it is not possible to display per thread information.

show system internal processes cpu Command

This command is equivalent to the **top** command in Linux, which provides an ongoing look at processor activity in real time.

```
switch# show system internal processes cpu
```

```
top - 23:51:41 up 51 min, 3 users, load average: 0.56, 0.49, 0.46
Tasks: 433 total, 1 running, 431 sleeping, 0 stopped, 1 zombie
Cpu(s): 5.9%us, 7.8%sy, 0.0%ni, 81.9%id, 3.6%wa, 0.1%hi, 0.6%si, 0.0%st
Mem: 8245436k total, 3531776k used, 4713660k free, 5360k buffers
Swap: 0k total, 0k used, 0k free, 1458188k cached
```

```
PID USER PR NI VIRT RES SHR S %CPU %MEM TIME+ COMMAND
3589 svc-isan 25 5 112m 8864 4572 S 5.7 0.1 0:21.60 stats_client
10881 sjlan 20 0 3732 1648 1140 R 3.8 0.0 0:00.04 top
26 root 20 0 0 0 0 S 1.9 0.0 1:07.07 kide/1
3280 root -2 0 101m 6104 3680 S 1.9 0.1 0:32.57 octopus
3570 root 20 0 123m 19m 6456 S 1.9 0.2 0:06.07 diag_port_lb
5151 root 20 0 205m 45m 9.8m S 1.9 0.6 0:02.61 netstack
1 root 20 0 1988 604 524 S 0.0 0.0 0:03.75 init
2 root 15 -5 0 0 0 S 0.0 0.0 0:00.00 kthreadd
3 root RT -5 0 0 0 S 0.0 0.0 0:00.00 migration/0
4 root 15 -5 0 0 0 S 0.0 0.0 0:00.61 ksoftirqd/0
5 root -2 -5 0 0 0 S 0.0 0.0 0:00.06 watchdog/0
6 root RT -5 0 0 0 S 0.0 0.0 0:00.00 migration/1
7 root 15 -5 0 0 0 S 0.0 0.0 0:04.80 ksoftirqd/1
```

Field	Description
PID	Process ID
USER	Name of the user that owns the process
PR	Priority assigned to the process
NI	Nice value of the process
VIRT	Amount of virtual memory used by the process
RES	Amount of physical RAM the process is using (its resident size) in kilobytes
SHR	Amount of shared memory used by the process
S	Status of the process. Possible values include: <ul style="list-style-type: none">• D - Uninterruptibly sleeping• R - Running• S - Sleeping• T - Traced or stopped• Z - Zombied
%CPU	Percentage of CPU time used by the process
%MEM	Percentage of available physical RAM used by the process
TIME+	Total amount of CPU time the process has consumed since it was started
COMMAND	Name of the command that was entered to start the process

The `{#seconds} | no-more` option allows the command to be executed every `#seconds` automatically until a **Ctrl-C** is entered. This is sample output:

<#root>

switch# show system internal processes cpu

5 | no-more

```
top - 17:31:12 up 4 days, 18:31, 3 users, load average: 0.52, 0.40, 0.32
Tasks: 449 total, 3 running, 446 sleeping, 0 stopped, 0 zombie
Cpu(s): 3.5%us, 4.5%sy, 0.0%ni, 91.2%id, 0.1%wa, 0.1%hi, 0.5%si, 0.0%st
Mem: 8245436k total, 4192740k used, 4052696k free, 27644k buffers
Swap: 0k total, 0k used, 0k free, 1919612k cached

  PID USER      PR  NI  VIRT  RES  SHR  S  %CPU  %MEM    TIME+  COMMAND
 2908 root        20   0  112m 8516 5516 S   7.5   0.1 264:44.25 pfm
31487 sjlan       20   0   3732 1652 1140 R   5.6   0.0  0:00.05 top
 3059 svc-isan   20   0 80288 7536 4440 S   3.8   0.1 65:44.59 diagmgr
 3192 root        20   0   334m 47m  11m S   1.9   0.6 25:36.52 netstack
 3578 svc-isan   20   0   118m 13m 6952 S   1.9   0.2 24:57.36 stp
 5119 svc-isan   20   0   139m 14m 7028 S   1.9   0.2  3:48.60 urib
 5151 root        20   0   209m 46m  11m S   1.9   0.6 38:53.39 netstack
 5402 svc-isan   20   0   117m 15m 9140 S   1.9   0.2 36:07.13 stp
 6175 svc-isan   20   0   118m 16m 9580 S   1.9   0.2 47:09.41 stp
   1 root        20   0   1988 604  524 S   0.0   0.0  0:06.51 init
   2 root        15  -5     0   0   0 S   0.0   0.0  0:00.00 kthreadd
   3 root        RT  -5     0   0   0 S   0.0   0.0  0:00.08 migration/0
   4 root        15  -5     0   0   0 S   0.0   0.0  1:07.77 ksoftirqd/0
```

```
top - 17:31:18 up 4 days, 18:31, 3 users, load average: 0.48, 0.39, 0.32
Tasks: 449 total, 1 running, 448 sleeping, 0 stopped, 0 zombie
Cpu(s): 3.5%us, 4.5%sy, 0.0%ni, 91.2%id, 0.1%wa, 0.1%hi, 0.5%si, 0.0%st
Mem: 8245436k total, 4192592k used, 4052844k free, 27644k buffers
Swap: 0k total, 0k used, 0k free, 1919612k cached
```

```
  PID USER      PR  NI  VIRT  RES  SHR  S  %CPU  %MEM    TIME+  COMMAND
 2908 root        20   0  112m 8516 5516 S   7.5   0.1 264:44.47 pfm
31490 sjlan       20   0   3732 1656 1140 R   3.8   0.0  0:00.04 top
   1 root        20   0   1988 604  524 S   0.0   0.0  0:06.51 init
   2 root        15  -5     0   0   0 S   0.0   0.0  0:00.00 kthreadd
   3 root        RT  -5     0   0   0 S   0.0   0.0  0:00.08 migration/0
   4 root        15  -5     0   0   0 S   0.0   0.0  1:07.77 ksoftirqd/0
   5 root        -2  -5     0   0   0 S   0.0   0.0  0:13.74 watchdog/0
   6 root        RT  -5     0   0   0 S   0.0   0.0  0:00.10 migration/1
   7 root        15  -5     0   0   0 S   0.0   0.0  0:54.47 ksoftirqd/1
   8 root        -2  -5     0   0   0 S   0.0   0.0  0:00.20 watchdog/1
   9 root        15  -5     0   0   0 S   0.0   0.0  0:02.94 events/0
  10 root        15  -5     0   0   0 S   0.0   0.0  0:02.58 events/1
  11 root        15  -5     0   0   0 S   0.0   0.0  0:00.00 khelper
```

```
top - 17:31:23 up 4 days, 18:31, 3 users, load average: 0.44, 0.39, 0.32
Tasks: 449 total, 1 running, 448 sleeping, 0 stopped, 0 zombie
Cpu(s): 3.5%us, 4.5%sy, 0.0%ni, 91.2%id, 0.1%wa, 0.1%hi, 0.5%si, 0.0%st
Mem: 8245436k total, 4192584k used, 4052852k free, 27644k buffers
Swap: 0k total, 0k used, 0k free, 1919612k cached
```

```
  PID USER      PR  NI  VIRT  RES  SHR  S  %CPU  %MEM    TIME+  COMMAND
31493 sjlan       20   0   3732 1656 1140 R   3.8   0.0  0:00.04 top
 5004 svc-isan   20   0   118m 13m 6852 S   1.9   0.2 41:35.81 stp
10337 svc-isan   20   0   133m 11m 7948 S   1.9   0.1  1:42.81 mcecm
   1 root        20   0   1988 604  524 S   0.0   0.0  0:06.51 init
```

```

 2 root      15  -5    0    0    0 S  0.0  0.0   0:00.00 kthreadd
 3 root      RT  -5    0    0    0 S  0.0  0.0   0:00.08 migration/0
 4 root      15  -5    0    0    0 S  0.0  0.0   1:07.77 ksoftirqd/0
 5 root      -2  -5    0    0    0 S  0.0  0.0   0:13.74 watchdog/0
 6 root      RT  -5    0    0    0 S  0.0  0.0   0:00.10 migration/1
 7 root      15  -5    0    0    0 S  0.0  0.0   0:54.47 ksoftirqd/1
 8 root      -2  -5    0    0    0 S  0.0  0.0   0:00.20 watchdog/1
 9 root      15  -5    0    0    0 S  0.0  0.0   0:02.94 events/0

10 root      15  -5    0    0    0 S  0.0  0.0   0:02.58 events/1
top - 17:31:29 up 4 days, 18:31, 3 users, load average: 0.41, 0.38, 0.32
Tasks: 449 total, 1 running, 448 sleeping, 0 stopped, 0 zombie
Cpu(s): 3.5%us, 4.5%sy, 0.0%ni, 91.2%id, 0.1%wa, 0.1%hi, 0.5%si, 0.0%st
Mem: 8245436k total, 4192708k used, 4052728k free, 27644k buffers
Swap: 0k total, 0k used, 0k free, 1919616k cached

```

show system internal sysmgr service pid <pid> Command

Use this command in order to display additional details, such as restart time, crash status, and current state, on the process/service by PID.

```

switch# show system internal processes cpu
top - 17:37:26 up 4 days, 18:37, 3 users, load average: 0.16, 0.35, 0.33
Tasks: 450 total, 2 running, 448 sleeping, 0 stopped, 0 zombie
Cpu(s): 3.5%us, 4.5%sy, 0.0%ni, 91.2%id, 0.1%wa, 0.1%hi, 0.5%si, 0.0%st
Mem: 8245436k total, 4193248k used, 4052188k free, 27668k buffers
Swap: 0k total, 0k used, 0k free, 1919664k cached
  PID USER      PR  NI  VIRT  RES  SHR  S  %CPU  %MEM   TIME+  COMMAND
 2908 root       20   0  112m 8516 5516 S   7.5  0.1 264:58.67 pfm
31710 sjlan     20   0  3732 1656 1140 R   3.8  0.0   0:00.04 top
 3192 root       20   0  334m  47m  11m S   1.9  0.6 25:38.39 netstack
 3578 svc-isan  20   0  118m  13m 6952 S   1.9  0.2 24:59.08 stp
 5151 root       20   0  209m  46m  11m S   1.9  0.6 38:55.52 netstack
 5402 svc-isan  20   0  117m  15m 9140 S   1.9  0.2 36:09.08 stp
 5751 root       20   0  209m  46m  10m S   1.9  0.6 41:20.58 netstack
 6098 svc-isan  20   0  151m  15m 6188 S   1.9  0.2   3:58.40 mrrib
 6175 svc-isan  20   0  118m  16m 9580 S   1.9  0.2 47:12.00 stp
   1 root       20   0  1988   604  524 S   0.0  0.0   0:06.52 init
   2 root       15  -5     0     0     0 S   0.0  0.0   0:00.00 kthreadd
   3 root       RT  -5     0     0     0 S   0.0  0.0   0:00.08 migration/0
   4 root       15  -5     0     0     0 S   0.0  0.0   1:07.83 ksoftirqd/0

```

```


switch# show system internal sysmgr service pid 2908
Service "Platform Manager" ("platform", 5):
  UUID = 0x18, PID = 2908, SAP = 39
  State: SRV_STATE_HANDSHAKED (entered at time Mon Oct 15 23:03:45 2012).
  Restart count: 1
  Time of last restart: Mon Oct 15 23:03:44 2012.
  The service never crashed since the last reboot.
  Tag = N/A
  Plugin ID: 0

```

Sample EEM Script

This is an example script that captures intermittent high CPU usage. The values used as well as the commands issued can be modified depending on the requirements:

```
event manager applet HIGH-CPU
event snmp oid 1.3.6.1.4.1.9.9.109.1.1.1.1.6.1 get-type exact entry-op ge
  entry-val 80 exit-val 30 poll-interval 5
action 1.0 syslog msg High CPU hit $_event_pub_time
action 2.0 cli enable
action 3.0 cli show clock >> bootflash:high-cpu.txt
action 4.0 cli show processes cpu sort >> bootflash:high-cpu.txt
```

 **Note:** It is necessary to define 'exit-val.' As the script collects data, it increases CPU utilization. A value for exit-val ensures that the script does not run in an endless loop.

High CPU Usage Caused by Process or Traffic

There is no process vs. interrupt CPU usage (as on Cisco IOS[®] software platforms) when CPU usage is monitored. A quick way to determine the cause of high CPU usage is to use the **show system internal processes cpu** command. Mostly likely, high CPU usage triggered by traffic would cause Netstack, as well as other features and processes such as Address Resolution Protocol (ARP) and Internet Group Management Protocol (IGMP), to run high.

Process Causes High CPU Usage

Depending upon the processes and issues that are causing high CPU usage, there is the possible requirement to capture specific commands. These sections describe helpful methods.


show system internal <feature> mem-stats/memstats | in Grand Command

Use this command in order to show the memory allocation for a process; use the 'in Grand' option to monitor the Grand total memory. A memory leak can cause a process to misbehave, which can result in high CPU usage.

Ethalyzer

Use Ethalyzer to monitor traffic to the CPU.

debug Commands

 **Note:** Refer to [Important Information on Debug Commands](#) before you use **debug** commands. Use debug commands wisely on a production switch to avoid service disruption.

Use the **debug logfile** command whenever possible to direct the output to a specified file and to avoid locking up the session to fill up the syslog. This is an example of debug Simple Network Management Protocol (SNMP):

```
switch# debug logfile snmpdebug
```

```

switch# debug snmp all
switch# show debug logfile snmpdebug
2012 Oct 17 23:53:25.905914 snmpd: SDWRAP message Successfully processed
2012 Oct 17 23:53:25.906162 snmpd: Src: 0x00000501/23852 Dst: 0x00000501/28 ID
      : 0x006E3C9B Size: 276 [REQ] Opc: 182 (MTS_OPC_DEBUG_WRAP_MSG) RR: 0x006E3C9B
      HA_SEQNO: 0x00000000 TS: 0x10ADFFA1666FC REJ:0 SYNC:0 OPTIONS:0x0
2012 Oct 17 23:53:25.906208 snmpd: 01 00 00 00 E7 03 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00
2012 Oct 17 23:53:25.906225 snmpd: 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00
2012 Oct 17 23:53:25.906239 snmpd: 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00
2012 Oct 17 23:53:25.906255 snmpd: FF FF FF FF 2F 64 65 76 2F 70 74 73 2F 30 00 00
2012 Oct 17 23:53:25.906271 snmpd: 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00

```

```

switch# show log last 10
2012 Oct 17 17:51:06 SITE1-AGG1 %ETHPORT-5-IF_TX_FLOW_CONTROL: Interface
      Ethernet10/10, operational Transmit Flow Control state changed to off
2012 Oct 17 17:51:09 SITE1-AGG1 %ETH_PORT_CHANNEL-5-PORT_SUSPENDED:
      Ethernet10/10: Ethernet10/10 is suspended
2012 Oct 17 17:51:51 SITE1-AGG1 last message repeated 1 time
2012 Oct 17 17:51:51 SITE1-AGG1 %ETHPORT-5-IF_DOWN_LINK_FAILURE:
      Interface Ethernet10/10 is down (Link failure)
2012 Oct 17 17:51:52 SITE1-AGG1 %ETHPORT-5-SPEED: Interface Ethernet10/10,
      operational speed changed to 10 Gbps
2012 Oct 17 17:51:52 SITE1-AGG1 %ETHPORT-5-IF_DUPLEX: Interface
      Ethernet10/10, operational duplex mode changed to Full
2012 Oct 17 17:51:52 SITE1-AGG1 %ETHPORT-5-IF_RX_FLOW_CONTROL: Interface
      Ethernet10/10, operational Receive Flow Control state changed to off
2012 Oct 17 17:51:52 SITE1-AGG1 %ETHPORT-5-IF_TX_FLOW_CONTROL: Interface
      Ethernet10/10, operational Transmit Flow Control state changed to off
2012 Oct 17 17:51:55 SITE1-AGG1 %ETH_PORT_CHANNEL-5-PORT_UP: port-channel11:
      Ethernet10/10 is up
2012 Oct 17 17:51:56 SITE1-AGG1 %ETHPORT-5-IF_UP: Interface Ethernet10/10
      is up in mode trunk

```

Use the **debug-filter** command when possible in order to minimize the output on a production system. For example, a packet loss causes unidirectional link detection (UDLD) empty echo:

```

switch# debug logfile test size 1000000
switch# debug-filter pktmgr direction inbound
switch# debug-filter pktmgr dest-mac 0100.0ccc.cccc
switch# debug pktmgr client uuid 376
switch# debug pktmgr frame
switch# debug pktmgr pkt-errors

```

```

switch# debug-filter ?
  fabricpath  Debug fabricpath events
  ip          IP events
  ipv6       IPv6 events
  l2pt       L2 Protocol Tunneling events
  mpls       MPLS events
  pktmgr     Pm debug-filter
  routing     Routing events

```

Traffic Causes High CPU Usage

Use these tools when traffic causes high CPU usage:

- **Ethalyzer** - Monitor the type of traffic to or from the CPU.
- **Configuration** - Check the switch/interface/feature configuration
- **CoPP/Hardware Rate Limiter** - Ensure CoPP and HWRL are configured properly. Sometimes the CPU does not run high because it is being protected by CoPP and rate limiters. Check CoPP and HWRL to see if there are drops for certain traffic/packets.



Note: Both CoPP and HWRL are available only from the default virtual device context (VDC). They are enforced by each individual I/O module. Aggregate traffic from multiple modules can still burden the CPU heavily.

Root Cause Analysis of High CPU Usage

A network outage can be resolved by user intervention, or it can recover by itself. If you suspect that high CPU usage caused a network outage, use these guidelines in order to investigate causes.

Symptoms

Symptoms of high CPU usage include control plane instability, data plane connectivity issues caused by control plane failure, protocol flapping such as Hot Standby Router Protocol (HSRP)/RP flapping, UDLD error disabling, Spanning Tree Protocol (STP) failure, and other connectivity issues.

CPU History

show processes cpu history Command

If the switch was not reloaded or switched over, run the **show processes cpu history** command within 72 hours of the outage in order to see if high CPU usage occurred at the time of the event.

CoPP and HWRL

If high CPU usage was the root cause of a past outage, and if you suspect that the outage was triggered by network traffic, you can use CoPP and HWRL (hardware rate limiter) in order to help identify the type of traffic.

show policy-map interface control-plane Command

This is sample output from the **show policy-map interface control-plane** command:

```
switch# show policy-map interface control-plane
Control Plane

  service-policy input: copp-system-p-policy-strict

  class-map copp-system-p-class-critical (match-any)
    match access-group name copp-system-p-acl-bgp
    match access-group name copp-system-p-acl-bgp6
    match access-group name copp-system-p-acl-igmp
    match access-group name copp-system-p-acl-msdp
```

```

match access-group name copp-system-p-acl-ospf

match access-group name copp-system-p-acl-pim
match access-group name copp-system-p-acl-pim6
match access-group name copp-system-p-acl-rip
match access-group name copp-system-p-acl-rip6
match access-group name copp-system-p-acl-vpc
match access-group name copp-system-p-acl-eigrp
match access-group name copp-system-p-acl-eigrp6
match access-group name copp-system-p-acl-mac-l2pt
match access-group name copp-system-p-acl-mps-ldp
match access-group name copp-system-p-acl-mps-oam
match access-group name copp-system-p-acl-ospf6
match access-group name copp-system-p-acl-otv-as
match access-group name copp-system-p-acl-mac-otv-isis
match access-group name copp-system-p-acl-mps-rsvp
match access-group name copp-system-p-acl-mac-fabricpath-isis
match protocol mpls router-alert
match protocol mpls exp 6
set cos 7
police cir 39600 kbps , bc 250 ms
module 1 :
    conformed 1108497274 bytes; action: transmit
    violated 0 bytes; action: drop

module 3 :
    conformed 0 bytes; action: transmit
    violated 0 bytes; action: drop

module 10 :
    conformed 0 bytes; action: transmit
.
.
.

```

show hardware rate-limiter mod <x> Command

This is sample output from the **show hardware rate-limiter mod 1** command earlier than NX-OS Release 6.1:

```
switch# show hardware rate-limiter mod 1
```

Units for Config: packets per second

Allowed, Dropped & Total: aggregated since last clear counters

Rate Limiter Class	Parameters
layer-3 mtu	Config : 500 Allowed : 0 Dropped : 0 Total : 0
layer-3 ttl	Config : 500 Allowed : 0 Dropped : 0 Total : 0

```

layer-3 control          Config    : 10000
                        Allowed    : 0
                        Dropped    : 0
.
.
.

```

This is a sample output from the **show hardware rate-limiter mod 1** command in NX-OS Release 6.1 or later:

```

switch# show hardware rate-limiter mod 1
switch# show hardware rate-limiter module 1

```

Units for Config: packets per second
 Allowed, Dropped & Total: aggregated since last clear counters

Module: 1

R-L Class	Config	Allowed	Dropped	Total
L3 mtu	500	0	0	0
L3 ttl	500	0	0	0
L3 control	10000	0	0	0
L3 glean	100	0	0	0
L3 mcast dirconn	3000	0	0	0
L3 mcast loc-grp	3000	0	0	0
L3 mcast rpf-leak	500	0	0	0
L2 storm-ctrl	Disable			
access-list-log	100	0	0	0
copy	30000	0	0	0
receive	30000	40583	0	40583
L2 port-sec	500	20435006	0	20435006
L2 mcast-snoop	10000	0	0	0
L2 vpc-low	4000	0	0	0
L2 l2pt	500	0	0	0
f1 r1-1	4500		0	
f1 r1-2	1000		0	
f1 r1-3	1000		0	
f1 r1-4	100		0	
f1 r1-5	1500		0	
L2 vpc-peer-gw	5000	0	0	0
L2 lisp-map-cache	5000	0	0	0

Look for any class with the dropped count incrementing. Find out if it is normal for a class exceeding the configured threshold.

Inband Driver

show hardware internal cpu-mac inband [counters / stats / events] Command

Use this command in order to check for drops in CPU path, XOFF flow control, maximum CPU receive and transmit rates, and so forth.

switch# show hardware internal cpu-mac inband stats
i82571 registers

=====

RMON counters	Rx	Tx
total packets	70563313	139905960
good packets	70563313	139905960
64 bytes packets	0	0
65-127 bytes packets	66052368	135828505
128-255 bytes packets	1424632	1327796
256-511 bytes packets	280422	325220
512-1023 bytes packets	17060	14480
1024-max bytes packets	2788831	2409959

broadcast packets	0	0
multicast packets	0	0
good octets (hi)	0	0
good octets (low)	18573099828	25929913975
total octets (hi)	0	0
total octets (low)	18573090123	25929922452
XON packets	0	0
XOFF packets	0	0
management packets	0	0

-----> Pause Frame back to R2D2 when the traffic exceeds SUP limit

Interrupt counters

Misc	57079706
Other	0
Assertions	57079706
Rx packet timer	9638
Rx absolute timer	0
Rx overrun	0
Rx descr min thresh	0
Tx packet timer	4189
Tx absolute timer	6476
Tx queue empty	0
Tx descr thresh low	0
txdw	44983549
txqe	2
lsc	0
rxseq	0
rxdmt	213229
rxo	0
rxt	32433891
mdac	0
rxcfg	0
gpi	0

Error counters

CRC errors	0
Alignment errors	0
Symbol errors	0
Sequence errors	0
RX errors	0
Missed packets (FIFO overflow)	0
Single collisions	0
Excessive collisions	0
Multiple collisions	0

```

Late collisions ..... 0
Collisions ..... 0
Defers ..... 0
Tx no CRS ..... 0
Carrier extension errors ..... 0

Rx length errors ..... 0
FC Rx unsupported ..... 0
Rx no buffers ..... 0 ----- no buffer
Rx undersize ..... 0
Rx fragments ..... 0
Rx oversize ..... 0
Rx jabbers ..... 0
Rx management packets dropped .. 0
Tx TCP segmentation context .... 0
Tx TCP segmentation context fail 0

```

Throttle statistics

```

-----+-----
Throttle interval ..... 2 * 100ms
Packet rate limit ..... 32000 pps
Rate limit reached counter .. 0
Tick counter ..... 2132276
Active ..... 0
Rx packet rate (current/max) 169 / 610 pps ----- Rx rate (current/max)
Tx packet rate (current/max) 429 / 926 pps

```

NAPI statistics

```

-----+-----
Weight ..... 64
Poll scheduled . 57079706
Poll rescheduled 0
Poll invoked ... 117135124
Weight reached . 9
Tx packets ..... 139905960
Rx packets ..... 70563313
Rx congested ... 0
Rx redelivered . 0

```

qdisc stats:

```

-----+-----
Tx queue depth . 1000
qlen ..... 0
packets ..... 139905960
bytes ..... 23411617016
drops ..... 0

```

Bahrain registers (cleared by chip reset only)

```

=====
revision          0x00000108
scratchpad        0xaaaaaaaa
MAC status        0x00000001
MAC SerDes synced 0x00000001
MAC status 2      0x000100f8
Auto-XOFF config  1
Auto-XOFF status  0

```

MAC counters	MAC0 (R2D2)		MAC1 (CPU)	
	Rx	Tx	Rx	Tx
-----+-----	-----+-----	-----+-----	-----+-----	-----+-----

64 bytes packets	0	0	0	0
65-127 bytes packets	66907289	136682635	135828505	66052368
128-255 bytes packets	570131	473705	1327796	1424632
256-511 bytes packets	280003	325182	325220	280422
512-1023 bytes packets	17061	14482	14480	17060
1024-1518 bytes packets	623614	242009	241831	623569
1519-max bytes packets	2165215	2167947	2168128	2165262
-----+-----+-----+-----+-----				
total packets	70563313	139905960	139905960	70563313
total bytes	405350248	2496404376	160120520	1393236630
-----+-----+-----+-----+-----				
undersized packets	0		0	
fragmented packets	0		0	
FCS errors	0		0	
-----+-----+-----+-----+-----				
auto-XOFF state entered	0 times			
auto-XOFF reset	0 times			
XOFF packets auto-generated		0		
XOFF packets		0	0	
XON packets	0		0	
-----+-----+-----+-----+-----				
parity error	0	0	0	0
fifo errors	0		0	
overflow errors		0		0
-----+-----+-----+-----+-----				

After NX-OS Version 5.X, 'events' is a command option that provides the time when the maximum packets per second (PPS) receive (RX) or transmit (TX) CPU rate is reached. This example shows how to determine the time when the last peak of CPU traffic was encountered:

```
switch# show hardware internal cpu-mac inband events
```

- 1) Event:TX_PPS_MAX, length:4, at 648617 usecs after Fri Oct 19 13:23:06 2012
new maximum = 926
- 2) Event:TX_PPS_MAX, length:4, at 648622 usecs after Fri Oct 19 13:15:06 2012
new maximum = 916
- 3) Event:TX_PPS_MAX, length:4, at 648612 usecs after Fri Oct 19 13:14:06 2012
new maximum = 915
- 4) Event:TX_PPS_MAX, length:4, at 648625 usecs after Fri Oct 19 13:12:06 2012
new maximum = 914
- 5) Event:TX_PPS_MAX, length:4, at 648626 usecs after Fri Oct 19 13:11:06 2012
new maximum = 911
- 6) Event:TX_PPS_MAX, length:4, at 648620 usecs after Fri Oct 19 13:08:06 2012
new maximum = 910

show system internal pktmgr internal vdc inband <int> Command

Use this command to identify the source of traffic punted to CPU.

```
switch# show system internal pktmgr internal vdc inband e1/5
Interface          Src Index      VDC ID      Packet rcvd
-----
Ethernet1/5        0xa1d         1           14640
```

Netstack/Pktmgr

Netstack is a complete IP stack implemented in the user space of Nexus 7000. Components include a L2 Packet Manager, ARP, Adjacency Manager, IPv4, Internet Control Message Protocol v4 (ICMPv4), IPv6, ICMPv6, TCP/UDP, and socket library. When traffic to the CPU is triggering high CPU usage, you often see that Netstack and its respective process are running high.

show system inband queuing status Command

This example shows how to display the Netstack queuing algorithm in use:

```
switch# show system inband queuing status
  Weighted Round Robin Algorithm
  Weights BPDU - 32, Q0 - 8, Q1 - 4, Q2 - 2 Q3 - 64
```

show system inband queuing statistics Command

This example shows the counters in kernel-loadable module (KLM) and user space process.

The KLM is a single instance that runs on the default VDC and operates on both the inband and management interface. The KLM comes in to the picture only during ingress packet processing for sending ingress frames to the right VDC Netstack for processing.

```
switch# show system inband queuing statistics
  Inband packets unmapped to a queue: 0
  Inband packets mapped to bpdu queue: 7732593
  Inband packets mapped to q0: 686667
  Inband packets mapped to q1: 0
  Inband packets mapped to q2: 0
  Inband packets mapped to q3: 20128
  In KLM packets mapped to bpdu: 7732593
  In KLM packets mapped to arp : 912
  In KLM packets mapped to q0 : 686667
  In KLM packets mapped to q1 : 0
  In KLM packets mapped to q2 : 0
  In KLM packets mapped to q3 : 20128
  In KLM packets mapped to veobc : 0
  Inband Queues:
    bpdu: rcv 1554390, drop 0, congested 0 rcvbuf 2097152, sndbuf 262142 no drop 1
```

(q0): rcv 686667, drop 0, congested 0 rcvbuf 2097152, sndbuf 262142 no drop 0
(q1): rcv 0, drop 0, congested 0 rcvbuf 2097152, sndbuf 262142 no drop 0
(q2): rcv 0, drop 0, congested 0 rcvbuf 2097152, sndbuf 262142 no drop 0
(q3): rcv 20128, drop 0, congested 0 rcvbuf 2097152, sndbuf 262142 no drop 0

show system internal pktmgr internal vdc global-stats Command

This command is similar to the preceding **show system inband queuing statistics** command and provides many details:

```
switch# show system internal pktmgr internal vdc global-stats
```

```
VDC KLM global statistics:  
Inband packets not mapped to a VDC: 0  
Inband diag packets received: 998222  
Weighted Round Robin Algorithm  
Weights BPDU - 32, Q0 - 8, Q1 - 4, Q2 - 2 Q3 - 64  
Inband packets unmapped to a queue: 0  
Inband packets mapped to bpdu queue: 7734430 (7734430)  
Inband packets mapped to q0: 686779 (686779)  
Inband packets mapped to q1: 0 (0)  
Inband packets mapped to q2: 0 (0)  
Inband packets mapped to q3: 20128 (20128)  
Pkt Size History : 2811395 for index 1  
Pkt Size History : 274508 for index 2  
Pkt Size History : 74284 for index 3  
Pkt Size History : 43401 for index 4  
Pkt Size History : 70915 for index 5  
Pkt Size History : 35602 for index 6  
Pkt Size History : 30085 for index 7  
Pkt Size History : 29408 for index 8  
Pkt Size History : 21221 for index 9  
Pkt Size History : 15683 for index 10  
Pkt Size History : 13212 for index 11  
Pkt Size History : 10646 for index 12  
Pkt Size History : 9290 for index 13  
Pkt Size History : 50298 for index 14  
Pkt Size History : 5473 for index 15  
Pkt Size History : 4871 for index 16  
Pkt Size History : 4687 for index 17  
Pkt Size History : 5507 for index 18  
Pkt Size History : 15416 for index 19  
Pkt Size History : 11333 for index 20  
Pkt Size History : 5478 for index 21  
Pkt Size History : 4281 for index 22  
Pkt Size History : 3543 for index 23  
Pkt Size History : 3059 for index 24  
Pkt Size History : 2228 for index 25  
Pkt Size History : 4390 for index 26  
Pkt Size History : 19892 for index 27  
Pkt Size History : 524 for index 28  
Pkt Size History : 478 for index 29  
Pkt Size History : 348 for index 30  
Pkt Size History : 447 for index 31  
Pkt Size History : 1545 for index 32  
Pkt Size History : 152 for index 33  
Pkt Size History : 105 for index 34
```

```

Pkt Size History : 1424 for index 35
Pkt Size History : 43 for index 36
Pkt Size History : 60 for index 37
Pkt Size History : 60 for index 38
Pkt Size History : 46 for index 39
Pkt Size History : 58 for index 40
Pkt Size History : 829 for index 41
Pkt Size History : 32 for index 42
Pkt Size History : 26 for index 43
Pkt Size History : 1965 for index 44
Pkt Size History : 21 for index 45
Pkt Size History : 1 for index 46
Pkt Size History : 1 for index 48
Pkt Size History : 1 for index 51
Pkt Size History : 1 for index 52
Pkt Size History : 1 for index 53
Pkt Size History : 3 for index 55
In KLM packets mapped to bpdu: 7734430
In KLM packets mapped to arp : 912
In KLM packets mapped to q0 : 686779
In KLM packets mapped to q1 : 0
In KLM packets mapped to q2 : 0
In KLM packets mapped to q3 : 20128
In KLM packets mapped to veobc : 0
In KLM Queue Mapping (0 1 2 3 4)
Data Available in FDs (0 0 0 0 0)
Inband Queues:
bpdu: rcv 1556227, drop 0, congested 0 rcvbuf 2097152, sndbuf 262142 no drop 1
(q0): rcv 686779, drop 0, congested 0 rcvbuf 2097152, sndbuf 262142 no drop 0
(q1): rcv 0, drop 0, congested 0 rcvbuf 2097152, sndbuf 262142 no drop 0
(q2): rcv 0, drop 0, congested 0 rcvbuf 2097152, sndbuf 262142 no drop 0
(q3): rcv 20128, drop 0, congested 0 rcvbuf 2097152, sndbuf 262142 no drop 0
Mgmt packets not mapped to a VDC: 227551
Mgmt multicast packets dropped: 92365
Mgmt multicast packets delivered: 0
Mgmt packets broadcast to each VDC: 23119
Mgmt debugging packets copied: 0
Mgmt IPv6 multicast packets delivered: 0
Mgmt IPv6 link-local packets delivered: 0
Mgmt LLDP packets received: 0

```

show system internal pktmgr interface ethernet <int> Command

Use this command in order to look at the packet rate as well as type of traffic (unicast or multicast) for CPU-punted traffic from an interface.

```

switch# show system internal pktmgr interface e1/5
Ethernet1/5, ordinal: 73
SUP-traffic statistics: (sent/received)
  Packets: 63503 / 61491
  Bytes: 6571717 / 5840641
  Instant packet rate: 0 pps / 0 pps
  Packet rate limiter (Out/In): 0 pps / 0 pps
  Average packet rates(1min/5min/15min/EWMA):
  Packet statistics:
    Tx: Unicast 3198, Multicast 60302
        Broadcast 3

```

Rx: Unicast 3195, Multicast 58294
Broadcast 2

show system internal pktmgr client <uuid> Command

This command displays applications such as STP or Cisco Discovery Protocol (CDP) that are registered with the Packet Manager as well as the number of packets sent and received by those applications.

```
switch# show system internal pktmgr client
Client uuid: 268, 4 filters, pid 3127
  Filter 1: EthType 0x0806,
  Rx: 2650, Drop: 0
  Filter 2: EthType 0xffff0, Exc 8,
  Rx: 0, Drop: 0
  Filter 3: EthType 0x8841, Snap 34881,
  Rx: 0, Drop: 0
  Filter 4: EthType 0x0800, DstIf 0x150b0000, Excl. Any
  Rx: 0, Drop: 0
Options: TO 0, Flags 0x18040, AppId 0, Epid 0
Ctrl SAP: 278, Data SAP 337 (1)
Total Rx: 2650, Drop: 0, Tx: 1669, Drop: 0
Recirc Rx: 0, Drop: 0
Rx pps Inst/Max: 0/20
Tx pps Inst/Max: 0/5
COS=0 Rx: 0, Tx: 0    COS=1 Rx: 912, Tx: 0
COS=2 Rx: 0, Tx: 0    COS=3 Rx: 0, Tx: 0
COS=4 Rx: 0, Tx: 0    COS=5 Rx: 0, Tx: 1669
COS=6 Rx: 0, Tx: 0    COS=7 Rx: 1738, Tx: 0
```

```
Client uuid: 270, 1 filters, pid 3128
  Filter 1: EthType 0x86dd, DstIf 0x150b0000, Excl. Any
  Rx: 0, Drop: 0
Options: TO 0, Flags 0x18040, AppId 0, Epid 0
Ctrl SAP: 281, Data SAP 283 (1)
Total Rx: 0, Drop: 0, Tx: 0, Drop: 0
Recirc Rx: 0, Drop: 0
Rx pps Inst/Max: 0/0
Tx pps Inst/Max: 0/0
COS=0 Rx: 0, Tx: 0    COS=1 Rx: 0, Tx: 0
COS=2 Rx: 0, Tx: 0    COS=3 Rx: 0, Tx: 0
COS=4 Rx: 0, Tx: 0    COS=5 Rx: 0, Tx: 0
COS=6 Rx: 0, Tx: 0    COS=7 Rx: 0, Tx: 0
```

show system internal pktmgr stats Command

Use this command in order to check if packets are reaching the packet manager in the ingress path and if packets are being sent out by the packet manager. This command can also help you determine if there are problems with mbuffers in either the receive or transmit path.

```
switch# show system internal pktmgr stats
Route Processor Layer-2 frame statistics
```

Inband driver: valid 1, state 0, rd-thr 1, wr-thr 0, Q-count 0
Inband sent: 56441521, copy_drop: 0, ioctl_drop: 0,
unavailable_buffer_hdr_drop: 0
Inband standby_sent: 0
Inband encap_drop: 0, linecard_down_drop: 0
Inband sent by priority [0=11345585,5=164281,6=43280117,7=1651538]
Inband max output queue depth 0
Inband recv: 89226232, copy_drop: 0, ioctl_drop: 0,
unavailable_buffer_hdr_drop: 0
Inband decap_drop: 0, crc_drop: 0, recv by priority: [0=89226232]
Inband bad_si 0, bad_if 0, if_down 0
Inband last_bad_si 0, last_bad_if 0, bad_di 0
Inband kernel recv 44438488, drop 0, rcvbuf 2097152, sndbuf 4194304

Mgmt driver: valid 1, state 0, rd-thr 1, wr-thr 0, Q-count 0
Mgmt sent: 971834, copy_drop: 0, ioctl_drop: 0,
unavailable_buffer_hdr_drop: 0
Mgmt standby_sent: 0
Mgmt encap_drop: 0, linecard_down_drop: 0
Mgmt sent by priority [0=925871,5=45963]
Mgmt max output queue depth 0
Mgmt recv: 1300932, copy_drop: 0, ioctl_drop: 0,
unavailable_buffer_hdr_drop: 0
Mgmt decap_drop: 0, crc_drop: 0, recv by priority: [0=1300932]
Mgmt bad_si 0, bad_if 0, if_down 0
Mgmt last_bad_si 0, last_bad_if 0, bad_di 0
Mgmt kernel recv 1300932, drop 0, rcvbuf 2097152, sndbuf 2097152

Inband2 driver: valid 0, state 1, rd-thr 0, wr-thr 0, Q-count 0

No of packets passed by	PM Policy database	876452
No of packets dropped by	PM Policy database	0
No of packets bypassed by	PM Policy database	424480
No of packets dropped by	PM originating from kernel	0

Mbufsk Tx: 57413355 pkts (requested 57413355 denied 0), 62236110 mbufs
function invoked 57413355 denied 0/0 c/realloc 0/0
Mbufsk Rx: 90527161 pkts, 90527421 mbufs (requested 2388154951 denied 0)
function invoked 35132836

Global input drops: bad-interface 0, bad-encap 0, failed-decap 0,
no prot 42371
recv_encap_err 0, recv_decap_err 0, recv_mac_mismatch 0, recv_no_client 0
recv_no_svi 0, recv_no_vlan 0, recv_client_notreg 0, recv_enqueue_fail 0

Global output drops:
send_ifdown_fail 13, send_invalid_iod 0
send_invalid_vlan 0, send_security_drop 0 send_loopback_drop 0,
send_small_pkt_fail 0
send_vsl_err 0, send_dce_err 0, send_enqueue_fail 0, send_alloc_fail 0

DCE errors:
misc_err 0, lookup_err 0, encap_err 0, decap_err 0

Platform errors:
generic_encap_err 0, encap_err 0, decap_err 0
vlan_encap_err 0, vlan_decap_err 0

DC3HDR errors:
pkt_err 0, vlan_err 0, ifidx_err 0, portidx_err 0

RECIRC errors:

misc_err 0, lookup_err 0

Lcache errors:

init_err 0, timer_err 0

Stats errors:

misc_err 0, init_err 0, timer_err 0

Client errors:

alloc_err 0, pid_err 0, register_err 0, unregister_err 0
add_err 0, delete_err 0, update_err 0

VDC errors:

alloc_err 0, set_err 0, update_err 0

Misc. errors:

mts_err 0, mbuf_err 0, drop_exception 0
invalid_drv_type 0, interface_err 0
eth_output_err 0, gre_err 0, otv_err 0
tunnel_6to4_err 0, mcec_err 0, invalid_gpc 0, invalid_ftag 0, invalid_l2_type :0
register_err 0, unregister_err 0, invalid_args 0, file_open_err 0
inband_err 0, vlan_err 0, pm_alloc_err 0, pm_ha_err 0, pm_init_err 0
arp_init_err 0, rtm_init_err 0, am_init_err 0, ui_init_err 0, mpls_init_err 0,
evc_init_err 0
sdb_err 95670, sdb_init_err 0
sysmgr_err 0, eth_span_err 0, buf_pool_err 0, feature_err 0
uuid2client_err 16, dot1q_drop 0, nfcache_init_err 0

Crossbar down drops : 0

Exception packets: mtu-fail 0, icmp-redirect 0, icmp-unreach 0, ttl 0
options 0, rpf 0, two-mcast-rpf 0, l3-bridge-drop 0
mcast-next-hop 0, multicast 0
drop 0, acl-redirect 0, acl-redirect-arp 0, acl-redirect-dhcp 0
sup-shim-pkt 229385 Pkts recvd with peergway SUP DI 0

VPC Frame Statistics

VPC Mgr reg state 1, im-ext-sdb-state 1
Ingress BPDUs qualified for redirection 0
Ingress BPDUs redirected to peer 0
Egress BPDUs qualified for redirection 0
Egress BPDUs dropped due to remote down 0
Egress BPDUs redirected to peer 0
Ingress pkts qualified for peergateway tunneling 0
Ingress pkts tunneled to peer with peergateway conf 0
Peer-gw pkts tunneled tx :
From VPC+ leg 0, From VPC leg 0, From l2mp network 0
From orphan port in VPC+ 0, from orphan port in VPC 0
For ARP 0, IP 0, IPv6 0, unknown 0
Total Tunneled packets received from peer 0
Local delivery 0, Transmit down 0, peer-gw tunneled 0
Tunnel rx packets drop due to local vpc leg down 0
Peer-gw pkts tunneled rx :
From VPC+ leg 0, VPC leg 0, From l2mp network 0
From orphan port in VPC+ 0, from orphan port in VPC 0
For ARP 0, IP 0, IPv6 0, unknown 0

Error Statistics

VPC manager: uninit 0, library 0
Tunnel (ingress): non-mct rx 0, bad_hdr 0, badpkts 0, non_gpc_peer 0
Tunnel (ingress): redirlooperror 0
Tunnel (egress): in-bpdu 0, e-bpdu 0, peer-gw 0
Mbuf: alloc: 0, prepend: 0, pullup: 0

Invalid filter: 0

Peergw tunneling tx: invalid ftag 0, invalid swid 0
invalid iftype 0, invalid GPC of peer 0

Peergw tunneling rx: invalid msg subtype 0, invalid GPC of core 0
invalid GPC of peer 0, invalid svi 0

Unicast pkts which passed egress redirection check 0

statistics last reset 2w0d