Client–Initiated L2TPv2 Tunnel with ISR4000 That Acts as a Server Configuration Example



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Introduction

This document describes how to configure a client–initiated Layer 2 Tunneling Protocol version 2 (L2TPv2) tunnel with a Cisco 4000 Series Integrated Services Router– ISR4451–X/K9 (ISR4000) that acts as a server.

Prerequisites

Requirements

Cisco recommends that you meet these requirements before you attempt this configuration:

- Active *appxk9* license on the ISR4451–X/K9 that acts as a server
- Layer 2 connectivity between the client router and server

Note: This document was created with a Cisco 887VA as the client router. However, the client can be a Microsoft Windows machine as well.

Components Used

This document is not restricted to specific software and hardware versions.

The information in this document was created from the devices in a specific lab environment. All of the devices used in this document started with a cleared (default) configuration. If your network is live, make sure

that you understand the potential impact of any command.

Background

Client-initiated dial-in Virtual Private Dialup Network (VPDN) tunneling deployments allow remote users to access a private network over a shared infrastructure with end-to-end protection of private data. Client-initiated VPDN tunneling does not require additional security to protect data between the client and the ISP Network Access Server (NAS).

Restriction – *appxk9* must be active on the ISR4000 router. Without this license, the route will get installed towards the client at the end of PPP negotiation, but Layer 3 connectivity between the client and the server will not be established.

Configure

Note: Use the Command Lookup Tool (registered customers only) in order to obtain more information on the commands used in this section.

Network Diagram



Configurations

Configuration on the Client Router

An example of the configuration on the client router is shown here:

```
12tp-class CISCO
pseudowire-class CLASS
encapsulation 12tpv2
ip local interface Vlan333
interface FastEthernet0/0
switchport access vlan 333
no ip address
no keepalive
interface Virtual-PPP1
ip address negotiated
ppp chap hostname cisco@cisco.com
ppp chap password 0 cisco
                                         !! Specifies the IP address of the tunnel
pseudowire 10.1.1.2 1 pw-class CLASS
server and the 32-bit virtual circuit identifier (VCID) shared between the
devices at each end of the control channel.
interface Vlan333
ip address 10.1.1.1 255.255.255.0
```

Configuration on the ISR4451 That Acts as a Server

An example of the configuration on ISR4000 that acts as a server is shown here:

```
vpdn enable
vpdn-group 1
accept-dialin
 protocol 12tp
 virtual-template 1
terminate-from hostname CLIENT
no 12tp tunnel authentication
license boot level appxk9 !! License must be appxk9
username cisco@cisco.com password 0 cisco
interface Loopback1
ip address 192.168.1.2 255.255.255.0
interface FastEthernet0/0
ip address 10.1.1.2 255.255.255.0
negotiation auto
ip local pool TEST 10.1.1.3 10.1.1.100
interface Virtual-Template1
ip unnumbered Loopback1
peer default ip address pool TEST
ppp authentication chap
```

Verify

Use this section in order to verify your configuration.

The Output Interpreter Tool (registered customers only) supports certain *show* commands. Use the Output Interpreter Tool in order to view an analysis of *show* command output.

Verification on the Client Router

Enter these commands in order to verify the configuration on client router:

```
CLIENT#show vpdn session
L2TP Session Information Total tunnels 1 sessions 1
LocID
         RemID
                   TunID
                             Username, Intf/ State Last Chg Uniq ID
                              Vcid, Circuit
1 Vn1
9886 40437 48058 1, Vp1
                                                   est 00:17:51 17
!! Session up since 17:51 Minutes
CLIENT#show caller ip
 Line User IP Address Local Number Remote Number <->
Vpl SERVER 192.168.1.2 - - in
!! Tunnel Server
CLIENT#ping 192.168.1.2 !! Tunnel Server Reachable
Type escape sequence to abort.
Sending 5, 100-byte ICMP Echos to 192.168.1.2, timeout is 2 seconds:
11111
Success rate is 100 percent (5/5), round-trip min/avg/max = 1/1/1 ms
```

```
CLIENT#show ppp all
```

Interface/ID	OPEN+ I	Nego*	Fail-	Stage	Peer	Address	Peer Name
laV	LCP+ I	PCP+ C	CDPCP-	LocalT	192.1	168.1.2	SERVER

Verification on the ISR4000 That Acts as a Server

```
SERVER#show license feature
Feature name
                     Enforcement Evaluation Subscription Enabled RightToUse
appxk9
                     yes yes no
                                                          yes
                                                                  yes
 !! License must be Active
SERVER#show vpdn session
L2TP Session Information Total tunnels 1 sessions 1
        RemID TunID
                            Username, Intf/
LocID
                                                State Last Chg Uniq ID
                             Vcid, Circuit
      9886 19763
40437
                             cisco@cisc..., Vi3.1 est 00:16:56 2
SERVER#show caller ip
                    IP Address Local Number
                                                      Remote Number
 Vi3.1
              cisco@cisco.com \
                         10.1.1.4
                                                                     in
 !! IP address of the Client allocated from local address pool (TEST)
SERVER#ping 10.1.1.4 !! Client reachable
Type escape sequence to abort.
Sending 5, 100-byte ICMP Echos to 10.1.1.4, timeout is 2 seconds:
Success rate is 100 percent (5/5), round-trip min/avg/max = 1/1/1 ms
```

Troubleshoot

Note: Refer to Important Information on Debug Commands before you use debug commands.

Use standard VPDN/ L2TP/ PPP procedures in order to troubleshoot any issues. However, this list of debugs can also be helpful.

```
debug ppp events
debug ppp error
debug ppp negotiation
debug vpdn error
debug vpdn event
debug vpdn 12x events
debug vpdn 12x errors
debug 12tp error
debug 12tp event
debug vtemplate event
debug vtemplate error
debug vtemplate cloning
```

Related Information

- Configuring Client-Initiated Dial-In VPDN Tunneling
- Technical Support & Documentation Cisco Systems