



Open Source Used In Guest Shell (arch 32) Cisco IOS XE Gibraltar 16.12.1

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In your requests please include the following reference number 78EE117C99-207765843

Contents

- 1.1 acl 2.2.51 :14**
 - 1.1.1 Available under license
- 1.2 attr 2.4.46 :13.el7.centos**
 - 1.2.1 Available under license
- 1.3 bash bash-4.2.46-31**
 - 1.3.1 Available under license
- 1.4 binutils 2.27 :34.base.el7**
 - 1.4.1 Available under license
- 1.5 bzip2 1.0.6 :13.el7.centos**
 - 1.5.1 Available under license
- 1.6 ca-certificates 2018.2.22 :70.0.el7.centos**
- 1.7 centos-release 7 :6.1810.2.el7.centos**
 - 1.7.1 Available under license
- 1.8 chkconfig 1.7.4 :1.el7**
 - 1.8.1 Available under license
- 1.9 coreutils 8.22 :23.el7**
 - 1.9.1 Available under license
- 1.10 cpio 2.11 :27.el7.centos**
 - 1.10.1 Available under license
- 1.11 cracklib 2.9.0 :11.el7**
 - 1.11.1 Available under license
- 1.12 cronie 1.4.11 :19.el7**
 - 1.12.1 Available under license
- 1.13 cryptsetup 2.0.3 :3.el7**
 - 1.13.1 Available under license
- 1.14 curl 7.29.0 :51.el7**

- 1.14.1 Available under license
- 1.15 cyrus-sasl 2.1.26 :23.el7**
 - 1.15.1 Available under license
- 1.16 dbus 1.10.24 :12.el7.centos**
 - 1.16.1 Available under license
- 1.17 device-mapper-multipath 0.4.9 :123.el7**
 - 1.17.1 Available under license
- 1.18 diffutils 3.3 :4.el7.centos**
 - 1.18.1 Available under license
- 1.19 dracut 033 :554.el7**
 - 1.19.1 Available under license
- 1.20 e2fsprogs 1.42.9 :13.el7**
 - 1.20.1 Available under license
- 1.21 elfutils 0.172 :2.el7**
 - 1.21.1 Available under license
- 1.22 ethtool 4.8 :9.el7.centos**
 - 1.22.1 Available under license
- 1.23 expat 2.1.0 :10.el7_3**
 - 1.23.1 Available under license
- 1.24 file 5.11 :35.el7**
 - 1.24.1 Available under license
- 1.25 filesystem 3.2 :25.el7**
- 1.26 findutils 4.5.11 :6.el7**
 - 1.26.1 Available under license
- 1.27 fipscheck 1.4.1 :6.el7**
 - 1.27.1 Available under license
- 1.28 gawk 4.0.2 :4.el7_3.1**
 - 1.28.1 Available under license
- 1.29 gcc 4.8.5 :36.el7**
 - 1.29.1 Available under license
- 1.30 gdbm 1.10 :8.el7**
 - 1.30.1 Available under license
- 1.31 glib2 2.56.1 :2.el7**
 - 1.31.1 Available under license
- 1.32 glibc 2.17 :260.el7**
 - 1.32.1 Available under license
- 1.33 gmp 6.0.0 :15.el7**
 - 1.33.1 Available under license
- 1.34 gmp/gplv3 6.0.0 :15.el7**

1.34.1 Available under license
1.35 gnupg2 2.0.22 :5.el7_5
1.35.1 Available under license
1.36 gpgme 1.3.2 :5.el7
1.36.1 Available under license
1.37 grep 2.20 :3.el7
1.37.1 Available under license
1.38 gzip 1.5 :10.el7
1.38.1 Available under license
1.39 hardlink 1.0 :19.el7
1.39.1 Available under license
1.40 hostname 3.13 :3.el7
1.40.1 Available under license
1.41 initscripts 9.49.46 :1.el7
1.41.1 Available under license
1.42 iproute 4.11.0 :14.el7
1.42.1 Available under license
1.43 iptables 1.4.21 :28.el7
1.43.1 Available under license
1.44 iputils 20160308 :10.el7
1.44.1 Available under license
1.45 json-c 0.11 :4.el7.centos
1.45.1 Available under license
1.46 keyutils 1.5.8 :3.el7
1.46.1 Available under license
1.47 keyutils_GPLv2 1.5.8 :3.el7
1.47.1 Available under license
1.48 kmod 20 :23.el7
1.48.1 Available under license
1.49 kpartx 0.4.9 :123.el7
1.50 krb5 1.15.1 :34.el7
1.50.1 Available under license
1.51 libassuan 2.1.0 :3.el7
1.51.1 Available under license
1.52 libcap 2.22 :9.el7
1.52.1 Available under license
1.53 libcap-ng 0.7.5 :4.el7
1.53.1 Available under license
1.54 libcom_err 1.42.9 :13.el7

- 1.54.1 Available under license
- 1.55 libdb 5.3.21 :24.el7**
 - 1.55.1 Available under license
- 1.56 libedit 3.0 :12.20121213cvs.el7**
 - 1.56.1 Available under license
- 1.57 libestr 0.1.9 :2.el7**
 - 1.57.1 Available under license
- 1.58 libfastjson 0.99.4 :3.el7**
 - 1.58.1 Available under license
- 1.59 libfastjson 0.99.4 :2.el7**
 - 1.59.1 Available under license
- 1.60 libffi 3.0.13 :18.el7**
 - 1.60.1 Available under license
- 1.61 libffi_GPLv3 3.0.13 :18.el7**
 - 1.61.1 Available under license
- 1.62 libgcrypt 1.5.3 :14.el7**
 - 1.62.1 Available under license
- 1.63 libgpg-error 1.12 :3.el7**
 - 1.63.1 Available under license
- 1.64 libidn 1.28 :4.el7**
 - 1.64.1 Available under license
- 1.65 libmnl 1.0.3 :7.el7**
 - 1.65.1 Available under license
- 1.66 libmount 2.23.2 :59.el7**
 - 1.66.1 Available under license
- 1.67 libnetfilter_conntrack 1.0.6 :1.el7.centos**
 - 1.67.1 Available under license
- 1.68 libnfnetlink 1.0.1 :4.el7**
 - 1.68.1 Available under license
- 1.69 libpcap 1.5.3 :11.el7**
 - 1.69.1 Available under license
- 1.70 libpwquality 1.2.3 :5.el7**
 - 1.70.1 Available under license
- 1.71 libseline 2.5 :14.1.el7**
 - 1.71.1 Available under license
- 1.72 libsemanage 2.5 :14.el7**
 - 1.72.1 Available under license
- 1.73 libsepol 2.5 :10.el7**
 - 1.73.1 Available under license

- 1.74 libsmartcols 2.23.2-59**
 - 1.74.1 Available under license
- 1.75 libssh2 1.4.3 :12.el7**
 - 1.75.1 Available under license
- 1.76 libtasn1 4.10 :1.el7**
 - 1.76.1 Available under license
- 1.77 libuser 0.60 :9.el7**
 - 1.77.1 Available under license
- 1.78 libutempter 1.1.6 :4.el7**
 - 1.78.1 Available under license
- 1.79 libverto 0.2.5 :4.el7**
 - 1.79.1 Available under license
- 1.80 libxml2 2.9.1 :6.el7_2.3**
 - 1.80.1 Available under license
- 1.81 logrotate 3.8.6 :17.el7**
 - 1.81.1 Available under license
- 1.82 lua 5.1.4 :15.el7**
 - 1.82.1 Available under license
- 1.83 lz4 1.7.5 :2.el7**
 - 1.83.1 Available under license
- 1.84 make 3.82 :23.el7**
 - 1.84.1 Available under license
- 1.85 ncurses 5.9 :14.20130511.el7_4**
 - 1.85.1 Available under license
- 1.86 net-tools 2.0 :0.22.20131004git.el7**
 - 1.86.1 Available under license
- 1.87 nspr 4.19.0 :1.el7_5**
 - 1.87.1 Available under license
- 1.88 nss 3.36.0 :7.el7_5**
 - 1.88.1 Available under license
- 1.89 nss-pem 1.0.3 :5.el7**
 - 1.89.1 Available under license
- 1.90 nss-softokn 3.36.0 :5.el7_5**
 - 1.90.1 Available under license
- 1.91 openldap 2.4.44 :20.el7**
 - 1.91.1 Available under license
- 1.92 openssh 7.4p1 :16.el7**
 - 1.92.1 Available under license
- 1.93 openssl 1.0.2k :16.el7**

1.93.1 Available under license
1.94 p11-kit 0.23.5 :3.el7
1.94.1 Available under license
1.95 pam 1.1.8 :22.el7
1.95.1 Available under license
1.96 passwd 0.79 :4.el7
1.96.1 Available under license
1.97 pcre 8.32 :17.el7
1.97.1 Available under license
1.98 pinentry 0.8.1 :17.el7
1.98.1 Available under license
1.99 pkgconfig 0.27.1 :4.el7
1.99.1 Available under license
1.100 policycoreutils 2.5 :29.el7
1.100.1 Available under license
1.101 popt 1.13 :16.el7
1.101.1 Available under license
1.102 procps-ng 3.3.10 :23.el7
1.102.1 Available under license
1.103 pth 2.0.7 :23.el7
1.103.1 Available under license
1.104 pygpgme 0.3 :9.el7
1.104.1 Available under license
1.105 pyliblzma 0.5.3 :11.el7
1.105.1 Available under license
1.106 python 2.7.5 :76.el7
1.106.1 Available under license
1.107 python-iniparse 0.4 :9.el7
1.107.1 Available under license
1.108 python-pycurl 7.19.0 :19.el7
1.108.1 Available under license
1.109 python-urlgrabber 3.10 :9.el7
1.109.1 Available under license
1.110 pyxattr 0.5.1 :5.el7
1.110.1 Available under license
1.111 qrencode 3.4.1 :3.el7
1.111.1 Available under license
1.112 readline 6.2 :10.el7
1.112.1 Available under license

- 1.113 rootfiles 8.1 :11.el7**
 - 1.113.1 Available under license
- 1.114 rpm 4.11.3 :35.el7**
 - 1.114.1 Available under license
- 1.115 rsyslog 8.24.0 :34.el7**
 - 1.115.1 Available under license
- 1.116 sed 4.2.2 :5.el7**
 - 1.116.1 Available under license
- 1.117 shadow-utils 4.1.5.1 :25.el7**
 - 1.117.1 Available under license
- 1.118 shared-mime-info 1.8 :4.el7**
 - 1.118.1 Available under license
- 1.119 sqlite 3.7.17 :8.el7**
 - 1.119.1 Available under license
- 1.120 strace 4.12 :9.el7**
 - 1.120.1 Available under license
- 1.121 sudo 1.8.23 :3.el7**
 - 1.121.1 Available under license
- 1.122 systemd 219 :62.el7**
 - 1.122.1 Available under license
- 1.123 sysvinit 2.88 :14.dsf.el7**
 - 1.123.1 Available under license
- 1.124 tar 1.26 :35.el7**
 - 1.124.1 Available under license
- 1.125 tcp_wrappers 7.6 :77.el7**
 - 1.125.1 Available under license
- 1.126 tcpdump 4.9.2 :3.el7**
 - 1.126.1 Available under license
- 1.127 telnet 0.17 :64.el7**
- 1.128 traceroute 2.0.22 :2.el7**
 - 1.128.1 Available under license
- 1.129 tzdata 2018e :3.el7**
 - 1.129.1 Available under license
- 1.130 ustr 1.0.4 :16.el7**
 - 1.130.1 Available under license
- 1.131 util-linux 2.23.2 :59.el7**
 - 1.131.1 Available under license
- 1.132 vim 7.4.160 :5.el7**
 - 1.132.1 Available under license

1.133 wget 1.14 :18.el7

1.133.1 Available under license

1.134 which 2.20

1.134.1 Available under license

1.135 xz 5.2.2 :1.el7

1.135.1 Available under license

1.136 yum 3.4.3 :161.el7.centos

1.136.1 Available under license

1.137 yum-metadata-parser 1.1.4 :10.el7

1.137.1 Available under license

1.138 yum-utils 1.1.31 :50.el7

1.138.1 Available under license

1.139 zlib 1.2.7 :18.el7

1.139.1 Available under license

1.1 acl 2.2.51 :14

1.1.1 Available under license :

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```
<one line to give the program's name and a brief idea of what it does.>  
Copyright (C) <year> <name of author>
```

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If the program does terminal interaction, make it output a short notice like this when it starts in an interactive mode:

```
<program> Copyright (C) <year> <name of author>  
This program comes with ABSOLUTELY NO WARRANTY; for details type `show w'.  
This is free software, and you are welcome to redistribute it  
under certain conditions; type `show c' for details.
```

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```
#!/bin/sh -  
#  
# bashbug - create a bug report and mail it to the bug address  
#  
# The bug address depends on the release status of the shell. Versions  
# with status `devel', `alpha', `beta', or `rc' mail bug reports to  
# chet@cwru.edu and, optionally, to bash-testers@cwru.edu.  
# Other versions send mail to bug-bash@gnu.org.  
#  
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```

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#
# configuration section:
# these variables are filled in by the make target in Makefile
#
MACHINE="x86_64"
OS="linux-gnu"
CC="gcc"
CFLAGS="-DPROGRAM='bash' -DCONF_HOSTTYPE='x86_64' -DCONF_OSTYPE='linux-gnu' -
DCONF_MACHTYPE='x86_64-redhat-linux-gnu' -DCONF_VENDOR='redhat' -
DLOCALEDIR='/usr/share/locale' -DPACKAGE='bash' -DSHELL -DHAVE_CONFIG_H -I. -I./include -I./lib
-O2 -g -pipe -Wall -Wp,-D_FORTIFY_SOURCE=2 -fexceptions -fstack-protector-strong --param=ssp-buffer-
size=4 -grecord-gcc-switches -m64 -mtune=generic"
RELEASE="4.2"
PATCHLEVEL="46"
RELSTATUS="release"
MACHTYPE="x86_64-redhat-linux-gnu"

PATH=/bin:/usr/bin:/usr/local/bin:$PATH
export PATH

# Check if TMPDIR is set, default to /tmp
: ${TMPDIR:=/tmp}

#Securely create a temporary directory for the temporary files
TMPDIR=$TMPDIR/bbug.$$
(umask 077 && mkdir $TMPDIR) || {
echo "$0: could not create temporary directory" >&2
exit 1
}

TEMPFILE1=$TMPDIR/bbug1
TEMPFILE2=$TMPDIR/bbug2

USAGE="Usage: $0 [--help] [--version] [bug-report-email-address]"
VERSTR="GNU bashbug, version ${RELEASE}.${PATCHLEVEL}-${RELSTATUS}"

do_help= do_version=

while [ $# -gt 0 ]; do
case "$1" in
--help) shift ; do_help=y ;;
--version) shift ; do_version=y ;;
--) shift ; break ;;

```

```

-*) echo "bashbug: ${1}: invalid option" >&2
  echo "$USAGE" >& 2
  exit 2 ;;
*) break ;;
esac
done

```

```

if [ -n "$do_version" ]; then
  echo "${VERSTR}"
  exit 0
fi

```

```

if [ -n "$do_help" ]; then
  echo "${VERSTR}"
  echo "${USAGE}"
  echo
  cat << HERE_EOF

```

Bashbug is used to send mail to the Bash maintainers for when Bash doesn't behave like you'd like, or expect.

Bashbug will start up your editor (as defined by the shell's EDITOR environment variable) with a preformatted bug report template for you to fill in. The report will be mailed to the bug-bash mailing list by default. See the manual for details.

If you invoke bashbug by accident, just quit your editor without saving any changes to the template, and no bug report will be sent.

```

HERE_EOF
  exit 0
fi

```

```

# Figure out how to echo a string without a trailing newline
N=`echo 'hi there\c`
case "$N" in
*c) n=-n c= ;;
*) n= c='\c' ;;
esac

```

```

BASHTESTERS="bash-testers@cwru.edu"

```

```

case "$RELSTATUS" in
alpha*|beta*|devel*|rc*) BUGBASH=chet@cwru.edu ;;
*) BUGBASH=bug-bash@gnu.org ;;
esac

```

```

case "$RELSTATUS" in
alpha*|beta*|devel*|rc*)
  echo "$0: This is a testing release. Would you like your bug report"

```

```

echo "$0: to be sent to the bash-testers mailing list?"
echo $n "$0: Send to bash-testers? $c"
read ans
case "$ans" in
y*|Y*) BUGBASH="${BUGBASH},${BASHTESTERS}" ;;
esac ;;
esac

```

```
BUGADDR="${1-$BUGBASH}"
```

```

if [ -z "$DEFEDITOR" ] && [ -z "$EDITOR" ]; then
if [ -x /usr/bin/editor ]; then
DEFEDITOR=editor
elif [ -x /usr/local/bin/ce ]; then
DEFEDITOR=ce
elif [ -x /usr/local/bin/emacs ]; then
DEFEDITOR=emacs
elif [ -x /usr/contrib/bin/emacs ]; then
DEFEDITOR=emacs
elif [ -x /usr/bin/emacs ]; then
DEFEDITOR=emacs
elif [ -x /usr/bin/xemacs ]; then
DEFEDITOR=xemacs
elif [ -x /usr/contrib/bin/jove ]; then
DEFEDITOR=jove
elif [ -x /usr/local/bin/jove ]; then
DEFEDITOR=jove
elif [ -x /usr/bin/vi ]; then
DEFEDITOR=vi
else
echo "$0: No default editor found: attempting to use vi" >&2
DEFEDITOR=vi
fi
fi

```

```
: ${EDITOR=$DEFEDITOR}
```

```
: ${USER=${LOGNAME-`whoami`}}
```

```
trap 'rm -rf "$TEMPDIR"; exit 1' 1 2 3 13 15
```

```
trap 'rm -rf "$TEMPDIR"' 0
```

```
UN=
```

```
if (uname) >/dev/null 2>&1; then
```

```
UN=`uname -a`
```

```
fi
```

```
if [ -f /usr/lib/sendmail ] ; then
  RMAIL="/usr/lib/sendmail"
  SMARGS="-i -t"
elif [ -f /usr/sbin/sendmail ] ; then
  RMAIL="/usr/sbin/sendmail"
  SMARGS="-i -t"
else
  RMAIL=rmail
  SMARGS="$BUGADDR"
fi
```

```
INITIAL_SUBJECT='[50 character or so descriptive subject here (for reference)]'
```

```
cat > "$TEMPFILE1" <<EOF
From: ${USER}
To: ${BUGADDR}
Subject: ${INITIAL_SUBJECT}
```

Configuration Information [Automatically generated, do not change]:

```
Machine: $MACHINE
OS: $OS
Compiler: $CC
Compilation CFLAGS: $CFLAGS
uname output: $UN
Machine Type: $MACHTYPE
```

```
Bash Version: $RELEASE
Patch Level: $PATCHLEVEL
Release Status: $RELSTATUS
```

Description:
[Detailed description of the problem, suggestion, or complaint.]

Repeat-By:
[Describe the sequence of events that causes the problem
to occur.]

Fix:
[Description of how to fix the problem. If you don't know a
fix for the problem, don't include this section.]

EOF

```
cp "$TEMPFILE1" "$TEMPFILE2"
chmod u+w "$TEMPFILE1"
```

```
trap " 2 # ignore interrupts while in editor
```

```
edstat=1
```

```

while [ $edstat -ne 0 ]; do
$EDITOR "$TEMPFILE1"
edstat=$?

if [ $edstat -ne 0 ]; then
echo "$0: editor \'$EDITOR\' exited with nonzero status."
echo "$0: Perhaps it was interrupted."
echo "$0: Type \'y\' to give up, and lose your bug report;"
echo "$0: type \'n\' to re-enter the editor."
echo $n "$0: Do you want to give up? $c"

read ans
case "$ans" in
[Yy]*) exit 1 ;;
esac

continue
fi

# find the subject from the temp file and see if it's been changed
CURR_SUB=`grep '^Subject: ' "$TEMPFILE1" | sed 's|^Subject:[ ]*||' | sed 1q`

case "$CURR_SUB" in
"${INITIAL_SUBJECT}")
echo
echo "$0: You have not changed the subject from the default."
echo "$0: Please use a more descriptive subject header."
echo "$0: Type \'y\' to give up, and lose your bug report;"
echo "$0: type \'n\' to re-enter the editor."
echo $n "$0: Do you want to give up? $c"

read ans
case "$ans" in
[Yy]*) exit 1 ;;
esac

echo "$0: The editor will be restarted in five seconds."
sleep 5
edstat=1
;;
esac

done

trap 'rm -rf "$TEMPDIR"; exit 1' 2 # restore trap on SIGINT

if cmp -s "$TEMPFILE1" "$TEMPFILE2"
then

```

```

echo "File not changed, no bug report submitted."
exit
fi

echo $n "Send bug report to ${BUGADDR}? [y/n] $c"
read ans
case "$ans" in
[Nn]*) exit 0 ;;
esac

${RMAIL} $SMARGS < "$TEMPFILE1" || {
cat "$TEMPFILE1" >> $HOME/dead.bashbug
echo "$0: mail failed: report saved in $HOME/dead.bashbug" >&2
}

exit 0

```

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1.4 binutils 2.27 :34.base.el7

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- d) If a facility in the modified Library refers to a function or a table of data to be supplied by an application program that uses the facility, other than as an argument passed when the facility is invoked, then you must make a good faith effort to ensure that, in the event an application does not supply such function or table, the facility still operates, and performs whatever part of its purpose remains meaningful.

(For example, a function in a library to compute square roots has a purpose that is entirely well-defined independent of the application. Therefore, Subsection 2d requires that any application-supplied function or table used by this function must be optional: if the application does not supply it, the square root function must still compute square roots.)

These requirements apply to the modified work as a whole. If identifiable sections of that work are not derived from the Library, and can be reasonably considered independent and separate works in themselves, then this License, and its terms, do not apply to those sections when you distribute them as separate works. But when you distribute the same sections as part of a whole which is a work based on the Library, the distribution of the whole must be on the terms of this License, whose permissions for other licensees extend to the entire whole, and thus to each and every part regardless of who wrote it.

Thus, it is not the intent of this section to claim rights or contest your rights to work written entirely by you; rather, the intent is to exercise the right to control the distribution of derivative or collective works based on the Library.

In addition, mere aggregation of another work not based on the Library with the Library (or with a work based on the Library) on a volume of a storage or distribution medium does not bring the other work under the scope of this License.

3. You may opt to apply the terms of the ordinary GNU General Public License instead of this License to a given copy of the Library. To do this, you must alter all the notices that refer to this License, so

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Once this change is made in a given copy, it is irreversible for that copy, so the ordinary GNU General Public License applies to all subsequent copies and derivative works made from that copy.

This option is useful when you wish to copy part of the code of the Library into a program that is not a library.

4. You may copy and distribute the Library (or a portion or derivative of it, under Section 2) in object code or executable form under the terms of Sections 1 and 2 above provided that you accompany it with the complete corresponding machine-readable source code, which must be distributed under the terms of Sections 1 and 2 above on a medium customarily used for software interchange.

If distribution of object code is made by offering access to copy from a designated place, then offering equivalent access to copy the source code from the same place satisfies the requirement to distribute the source code, even though third parties are not compelled to copy the source along with the object code.

5. A program that contains no derivative of any portion of the Library, but is designed to work with the Library by being compiled or linked with it, is called a "work that uses the Library". Such a work, in isolation, is not a derivative work of the Library, and therefore falls outside the scope of this License.

However, linking a "work that uses the Library" with the Library creates an executable that is a derivative of the Library (because it contains portions of the Library), rather than a "work that uses the library". The executable is therefore covered by this License. Section 6 states terms for distribution of such executables.

When a "work that uses the Library" uses material from a header file that is part of the Library, the object code for the work may be a derivative work of the Library even though the source code is not. Whether this is true is especially significant if the work can be linked without the Library, or if the work is itself a library. The threshold for this to be true is not precisely defined by law.

If such an object file uses only numerical parameters, data structure layouts and accessors, and small macros and small inline functions (ten lines or less in length), then the use of the object

file is unrestricted, regardless of whether it is legally a derivative work. (Executables containing this object code plus portions of the Library will still fall under Section 6.)

Otherwise, if the work is a derivative of the Library, you may distribute the object code for the work under the terms of Section 6. Any executables containing that work also fall under Section 6, whether or not they are linked directly with the Library itself.

6. As an exception to the Sections above, you may also combine or link a "work that uses the Library" with the Library to produce a work containing portions of the Library, and distribute that work under terms of your choice, provided that the terms permit modification of the work for the customer's own use and reverse engineering for debugging such modifications.

You must give prominent notice with each copy of the work that the Library is used in it and that the Library and its use are covered by this License. You must supply a copy of this License. If the work during execution displays copyright notices, you must include the copyright notice for the Library among them, as well as a reference directing the user to the copy of this License. Also, you must do one of these things:

a) Accompany the work with the complete corresponding machine-readable source code for the Library including whatever changes were used in the work (which must be distributed under Sections 1 and 2 above); and, if the work is an executable linked with the Library, with the complete machine-readable "work that uses the Library", as object code and/or source code, so that the user can modify the Library and then relink to produce a modified executable containing the modified Library. (It is understood that the user who changes the contents of definitions files in the Library will not necessarily be able to recompile the application to use the modified definitions.)

b) Use a suitable shared library mechanism for linking with the Library. A suitable mechanism is one that (1) uses at run time a copy of the library already present on the user's computer system, rather than copying library functions into the executable, and (2) will operate properly with a modified version of the library, if the user installs one, as long as the modified version is interface-compatible with the version that the work was made with.

c) Accompany the work with a written offer, valid for at least three years, to give the same user the materials specified in Subsection 6a, above, for a charge no more than the cost of performing this distribution.

d) If distribution of the work is made by offering access to copy from a designated place, offer equivalent access to copy the above specified materials from the same place.

e) Verify that the user has already received a copy of these materials or that you have already sent this user a copy.

For an executable, the required form of the "work that uses the Library" must include any data and utility programs needed for reproducing the executable from it. However, as a special exception, the materials to be distributed need not include anything that is normally distributed (in either source or binary form) with the major components (compiler, kernel, and so on) of the operating system on which the executable runs, unless that component itself accompanies the executable.

It may happen that this requirement contradicts the license restrictions of other proprietary libraries that do not normally accompany the operating system. Such a contradiction means you cannot use both them and the Library together in an executable that you distribute.

7. You may place library facilities that are a work based on the Library side-by-side in a single library together with other library facilities not covered by this License, and distribute such a combined library, provided that the separate distribution of the work based on the Library and of the other library facilities is otherwise permitted, and provided that you do these two things:

a) Accompany the combined library with a copy of the same work based on the Library, uncombined with any other library facilities. This must be distributed under the terms of the Sections above.

b) Give prominent notice with the combined library of the fact that part of it is a work based on the Library, and explaining where to find the accompanying uncombined form of the same work.

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Finally, software patents pose a constant threat to the existence of any free program. We wish to make sure that a company cannot effectively restrict the users of a free program by obtaining a restrictive license from a patent holder. Therefore, we insist that any patent license obtained for a version of the library must be consistent with the full freedom of use specified in this license.

Most GNU software, including some libraries, is covered by the ordinary GNU General Public License. This license, the GNU Lesser General Public License, applies to certain designated libraries, and is quite different from the ordinary General Public License. We use this license for certain libraries in order to permit linking those libraries into non-free programs.

When a program is linked with a library, whether statically or using a shared library, the combination of the two is legally speaking a combined work, a derivative of the original library. The ordinary General Public License therefore permits such linking only if the entire combination fits its criteria of freedom. The Lesser General Public License permits more lax criteria for linking other code with the library.

We call this license the `Lesser` General Public License because it does *Less* to protect the user's freedom than the ordinary General Public License. It also provides other free software developers *Less* of an advantage over competing non-free programs. These disadvantages are the reason we use the ordinary General Public License for many libraries. However, the Lesser license provides advantages in certain special circumstances.

For example, on rare occasions, there may be a special need to

encourage the widest possible use of a certain library, so that it becomes a de-facto standard. To achieve this, non-free programs must be allowed to use the library. A more frequent case is that a free library does the same job as widely used non-free libraries. In this case, there is little to gain by limiting the free library to free software only, so we use the Lesser General Public License.

In other cases, permission to use a particular library in non-free programs enables a greater number of people to use a large body of free software. For example, permission to use the GNU C Library in non-free programs enables many more people to use the whole GNU operating system, as well as its variant, the GNU/Linux operating system.

Although the Lesser General Public License is Less protective of the users' freedom, it does ensure that the user of a program that is linked with the Library has the freedom and the wherewithal to run that program using a modified version of the Library.

The precise terms and conditions for copying, distribution and modification follow. Pay close attention to the difference between a ``work based on the library" and a ``work that uses the library". The former contains code derived from the library, whereas the latter must be combined with the library in order to run.

@iftex

@appendixsubsec TERMS AND CONDITIONS FOR COPYING, DISTRIBUTION AND MODIFICATION

@end iftex

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@center GNU LESSER GENERAL PUBLIC LICENSE

@center TERMS AND CONDITIONS FOR COPYING, DISTRIBUTION AND MODIFICATION

@end ifinfo

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A ``library" means a collection of software functions and/or data prepared so as to be conveniently linked with application programs (which use some of those functions and data) to form executables.

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copyright law: that is to say, a work containing the Library or a portion of it, either verbatim or with modifications and/or translated straightforwardly into another language. (Hereinafter, translation is included without limitation in the term "modification".)

"Source code" for a work means the preferred form of the work for making modifications to it. For a library, complete source code means all the source code for all modules it contains, plus any associated interface definition files, plus the scripts used to control compilation and installation of the library.

Activities other than copying, distribution and modification are not covered by this License; they are outside its scope. The act of running a program using the Library is not restricted, and output from such a program is covered only if its contents constitute a work based on the Library (independent of the use of the Library in a tool for writing it). Whether that is true depends on what the Library does and what the program that uses the Library does.

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The modified work must itself be a software library.

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You must cause the files modified to carry prominent notices stating that you changed the files and the date of any change.

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You must cause the whole of the work to be licensed at no

charge to all third parties under the terms of this License.

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If a facility in the modified Library refers to a function or a table of data to be supplied by an application program that uses the facility, other than as an argument passed when the facility is invoked, then you must make a good faith effort to ensure that, in the event an application does not supply such function or table, the facility still operates, and performs whatever part of its purpose remains meaningful.

(For example, a function in a library to compute square roots has a purpose that is entirely well-defined independent of the application. Therefore, Subsection 2d requires that any application-supplied function or table used by this function must be optional: if the application does not supply it, the square root function must still compute square roots.)

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These requirements apply to the modified work as a whole. If identifiable sections of that work are not derived from the Library, and can be reasonably considered independent and separate works in themselves, then this License, and its terms, do not apply to those sections when you distribute them as separate works. But when you distribute the same sections as part of a whole which is a work based on the Library, the distribution of the whole must be on the terms of this License, whose permissions for other licensees extend to the entire whole, and thus to each and every part regardless of who wrote it.

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This option is useful when you wish to copy part of the code of the Library into a program that is not a library.

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If distribution of object code is made by offering access to copy from a designated place, then offering equivalent access to copy the source code from the same place satisfies the requirement to distribute the source code, even though third parties are not compelled to copy the source along with the object code.

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When a ``work that uses the Library'' uses material from a header file that is part of the Library, the object code for the work may be a derivative work of the Library even though the source code is not. Whether this is true is especially significant if the work can be linked without the Library, or if the work is itself a library. The threshold for this to be true is not precisely defined by law.

If such an object file uses only numerical parameters, data structure layouts and accessors, and small macros and small inline functions (ten lines or less in length), then the use of the object file is unrestricted, regardless of whether it is legally a derivative work. (Executables containing this object code plus portions of the

Library will still fall under Section 6.)

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As an exception to the Sections above, you may also combine or link a ``work that uses the Library" with the Library to produce a work containing portions of the Library, and distribute that work under terms of your choice, provided that the terms permit modification of the work for the customer's own use and reverse engineering for debugging such modifications.

You must give prominent notice with each copy of the work that the Library is used in it and that the Library and its use are covered by this License. You must supply a copy of this License. If the work during execution displays copyright notices, you must include the copyright notice for the Library among them, as well as a reference directing the user to the copy of this License. Also, you must do one of these things:

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Accompany the work with the complete corresponding machine-readable source code for the Library including whatever changes were used in the work (which must be distributed under Sections 1 and 2 above); and, if the work is an executable linked with the Library, with the complete machine-readable ``work that uses the Library", as object code and/or source code, so that the user can modify the Library and then relink to produce a modified executable containing the modified Library. (It is understood that the user who changes the contents of definitions files in the Library will not necessarily be able to recompile the application to use the modified definitions.)

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Use a suitable shared library mechanism for linking with the Library. A suitable mechanism is one that (1) uses at run time a copy of the library already present on the user's computer system, rather than copying library functions into the executable, and (2) will operate properly with a modified version of the library, if the user installs one, as long as the modified version is interface-compatible with the version that the work was made with.

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Accompany the work with a written offer, valid for at

least three years, to give the same user the materials specified in Subsection 6a, above, for a charge no more than the cost of performing this distribution.

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@var{signature of Ty Coon}, 1 April 1990

Ty Coon, President of Vice

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+++++

Dean Elsner wrote the original gas for vax. [more details?]

Jay Fenlason maintained gas for a while, adding support for gdb-specific debug information and the 68k series machines, most of the preprocessing pass, and extensive changes in messages.c, input-file.c, write.c.

K. Richard Pixley maintained gas for a while, adding various enhancements and many bug fixes, including merging support for several processors, breaking gas up to handle multiple object file format backends (including heavy rewrite, testing, an integration of the coff and b.out backends), adding configuration including heavy testing and verification of cross assemblers and file splits and renaming, converted gas to strictly ansi C including full prototypes, added support for m680[34]0 & cpu32, considerable work on i960 including a coff port (including considerable amounts of reverse engineering), a sparc opcode file rewrite, decstation, rs6000, and hp300hpux host ports, updated "know" assertions and made them work, much other reorganization, cleanup, and lint.

Ken Raeburn wrote the high-level BFD interface code to replace most of the code in format-specific I/O modules.

The original Vax-VMS support was contributed by David L. Kashtan.

Eric Youngdale and Pat Rankin have done much work with it since.

The Intel 80386 machine description was written by Eliot Dresselhaus.

Minh Tran-Le at IntelliCorp contributed some AIX 386 support.

The Motorola 88k machine description was contributed by Devon Bowen of Buffalo University and Torbjorn Granlund of the Swedish Institute of Computer Science.

Keith Knowles at the Open Software Foundation wrote the original MIPS back end (tc-mips.c, tc-mips.h), and contributed Rose format support that hasn't been merged in yet. Ralph Campbell worked with the MIPS code to support a.out format.

Support for the Zilog Z8k and Hitachi H8/300, H8/500 and SH processors (tc-z8k, tc-h8300, tc-h8500, tc-sh), and IEEE 695 object file format (obj-ieee), was written by Steve Chamberlain of Cygnus Solutions. Steve also modified the COFF back end (obj-coffbfd) to use BFD for some low-level operations, for use with the Hitachi, 29k and Zilog targets.

John Gilmore built the AMD 29000 support, added .include support, and simplified the configuration of which versions accept which pseudo-ops. He updated the 68k machine description so that Motorola's opcodes always produced fixed-size instructions (e.g. jsr), while synthetic instructions remained shrinkable (jbsr). John fixed many bugs, including true tested cross-compilation support, and one bug in relaxation that took a week and required the proverbial one-bit fix.

Ian Lance Taylor of Cygnus Solutions merged the Motorola and MIT syntaxes for the 68k, completed support for some COFF targets (68k, i386 SVR3, and SCO Unix), wrote the ECOFF support based on Michael Meissner's mips-tfile program, wrote the PowerPC and RS/6000 support, and made a few other minor patches. He handled the binutils releases for versions 2.7 through 2.9.

David Edelsohn contributed fixes for the PowerPC and AIX support.

Steve Chamberlain made gas able to generate listings.

Support for the HP9000/300 was contributed by Glenn Engel of HP.

Support for ELF format files has been worked on by Mark Eichin of Cygnus Solutions (original, incomplete implementation), Pete Hoogenboom at the University of Utah (HPPA mainly), Michael Meissner of the Open Software Foundation (i386 mainly), and Ken Raeburn of Cygnus Solutions (sparc, initial 64-bit support).

Several engineers at Cygnus Solutions have also provided many small bug fixes and configuration enhancements.

The initial Alpha support was contributed by Carnegie-Mellon University. Additional work was done by Ken Raeburn of Cygnus Solutions. Richard Henderson then rewrote much of the Alpha support.

Ian Dall updated the support code for the National Semiconductor 32000 series, and added support for Mach 3 and NetBSD running on the PC532.

Klaus Kaempf ported the assembler and the binutils to openVMS/Alpha.

Steve Haworth contributed the support for the Texas Instruction c30 (tms320c30).

H.J. Lu has contributed many patches and much testing.

Alan Modra reworked much of the i386 backend, improving the error checking, updating the code, and improving the 16 bit support, using patches from the work of Martynas Kunigelis and H.J. Lu.

Many others have contributed large or small bugfixes and enhancements. If you've contributed significant work and are not mentioned on this list, and want to be, let us know. Some of the history has been lost; we aren't intentionally leaving anyone out.

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1.5 bzip2 1.0.6 :13.el7.centos

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Julian Seward, jseward@bzip.org
bzip2/libbzip2 version 1.0.6 of 6 September 2010

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Special Recognition

One of the key reasons we got delayed on the CentOS-6 release was lack of suitable build resources, especially when we had to repeatedly build large chunks of code. Norwood S came forward and worked with me to setup a large build machine, then tune the build process and help improve the overall build, test and validate process we were using. This build machine he donated to the project was about 5 times more capable than the entire buildsystem we had. And he did this out of his own pocket, from his own time, and has since upgraded the machine as well. It's now a 128GB, 48 core machine, with 4 SSD's and 4 sata disks : but the key metric is that it can build from source, the entire CentOS-7 distro in under 22 hrs.

Having this capability was key in our ability to build, test and deliver CentOS-7 as rapidly as we have been able to.

We'd like to dedicate the CentOS-7 Release to Mr Norwood S, of Phoenix, AZ, USA for his continued support for the project.

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The Red Hat developers, without whom CentOS would look very different

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1.8 chkconfig 1.7.4 :1.e17

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1.9 coreutils 8.22 :23.el7

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[This is the first released version of the Lesser GPL. It also counts
as the successor of the GNU Library Public License, version 2, hence
the version number 2.1.]

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this license or the ordinary General Public License is the better
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^L

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A "library" means a collection of software functions and/or data prepared so as to be conveniently linked with application programs (which use some of those functions and data) to form executables.

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In addition, mere aggregation of another work not based on the Library with the Library (or with a work based on the Library) on a volume of a storage or distribution medium does not bring the other work under the scope of this License.

3. You may opt to apply the terms of the ordinary GNU General Public License instead of this License to a given copy of the Library. To do this, you must alter all the notices that refer to this License, so that they refer to the ordinary GNU General Public License, version 2, instead of to this License. (If a newer version than version 2 of the ordinary GNU General Public License has appeared, then you can specify that version instead if you wish.) Do not make any other change in these notices.

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This option is useful when you wish to copy part of the code of the Library into a program that is not a library.

4. You may copy and distribute the Library (or a portion or derivative of it, under Section 2) in object code or executable form under the terms of Sections 1 and 2 above provided that you accompany it with the complete corresponding machine-readable source code, which must be distributed under the terms of Sections 1 and 2 above on a medium customarily used for software interchange.

If distribution of object code is made by offering access to copy from a designated place, then offering equivalent access to copy the source code from the same place satisfies the requirement to distribute the source code, even though third parties are not compelled to copy the source along with the object code.

5. A program that contains no derivative of any portion of the Library, but is designed to work with the Library by being compiled or linked with it, is called a "work that uses the Library". Such a work, in isolation, is not a derivative work of the Library, and therefore falls outside the scope of this License.

However, linking a "work that uses the Library" with the Library creates an executable that is a derivative of the Library (because it contains portions of the Library), rather than a "work that uses the library". The executable is therefore covered by this License. Section 6 states terms for distribution of such executables.

When a "work that uses the Library" uses material from a header file that is part of the Library, the object code for the work may be a derivative work of the Library even though the source code is not. Whether this is true is especially significant if the work can be linked without the Library, or if the work is itself a library. The threshold for this to be true is not precisely defined by law.

If such an object file uses only numerical parameters, data structure layouts and accessors, and small macros and small inline functions (ten lines or less in length), then the use of the object file is unrestricted, regardless of whether it is legally a derivative work. (Executables containing this object code plus portions of the Library will still fall under Section 6.)

Otherwise, if the work is a derivative of the Library, you may distribute the object code for the work under the terms of Section 6. Any executables containing that work also fall under Section 6, whether or not they are linked directly with the Library itself.

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6. As an exception to the Sections above, you may also combine or

link a "work that uses the Library" with the Library to produce a work containing portions of the Library, and distribute that work under terms of your choice, provided that the terms permit modification of the work for the customer's own use and reverse engineering for debugging such modifications.

You must give prominent notice with each copy of the work that the Library is used in it and that the Library and its use are covered by this License. You must supply a copy of this License. If the work during execution displays copyright notices, you must include the copyright notice for the Library among them, as well as a reference directing the user to the copy of this License. Also, you must do one of these things:

a) Accompany the work with the complete corresponding machine-readable source code for the Library including whatever changes were used in the work (which must be distributed under Sections 1 and 2 above); and, if the work is an executable linked with the Library, with the complete machine-readable "work that uses the Library", as object code and/or source code, so that the user can modify the Library and then relink to produce a modified executable containing the modified Library. (It is understood that the user who changes the contents of definitions files in the Library will not necessarily be able to recompile the application to use the modified definitions.)

b) Use a suitable shared library mechanism for linking with the Library. A suitable mechanism is one that (1) uses at run time a copy of the library already present on the user's computer system, rather than copying library functions into the executable, and (2) will operate properly with a modified version of the library, if the user installs one, as long as the modified version is interface-compatible with the version that the work was made with.

c) Accompany the work with a written offer, valid for at least three years, to give the same user the materials specified in Subsection 6a, above, for a charge no more than the cost of performing this distribution.

d) If distribution of the work is made by offering access to copy from a designated place, offer equivalent access to copy the above specified materials from the same place.

e) Verify that the user has already received a copy of these materials or that you have already sent this user a copy.

For an executable, the required form of the "work that uses the Library" must include any data and utility programs needed for

reproducing the executable from it. However, as a special exception, the materials to be distributed need not include anything that is normally distributed (in either source or binary form) with the major components (compiler, kernel, and so on) of the operating system on which the executable runs, unless that component itself accompanies the executable.

It may happen that this requirement contradicts the license restrictions of other proprietary libraries that do not normally accompany the operating system. Such a contradiction means you cannot use both them and the Library together in an executable that you distribute.

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<one line to give the library's name and a brief idea of what it does.>

Copyright (C) <year> <name of author>

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Yoyodyne, Inc., hereby disclaims all copyright interest in the library 'Frob' (a library for tweaking knobs) written by James Random Hacker.

<signature of Ty Coon>, 1 April 1990
Ty Coon, President of Vice

That's all there is to it!

EFFECTIVE OCT 2008, LICENSE IS BEING CHANGED TO LGPL-2.1 (though not reflected
in released code until Nov 2009 - slow release cycle...)

Discussion thread from mailing list archive, with approval from everyone actively
involved or holding original licensing rights included.

[Cracklib-devel] cracklib license

From: Mike Frysinger <vapier@ge...> - 2007-10-02 01:16

Attachments: Message as HTML

looks like 2.8.11 is out and marked as "GPL-2" ... releasing libraries unde=
r=20

GPL-2 is not desirable at all ... this is why the LGPL-2.1 exists
=2Dmike

Re: [Cracklib-devel] cracklib license

From: Neulinger, Nathan <nneul@um...> - 2007-10-02 01:18

I understand that, and you're welcome to bring it up with Alec directly
and see if he wants to relicense his code as LGPL... but at this point,
it was enough to just get it consistent and documented as to what it was
released under. This wasn't actually a license change, just a
clarification of the licensing that was already in place.=20

-- Nathan

=20

Nathan Neulinger EMail: nneul@um...

University of Missouri - Rolla Phone: (573) 341-6679

UMR Information Technology Fax: (573) 341-4216

> -----Original Message-----

> From: cracklib-devel-bounces@li...

> [mailto:cracklib-devel-bounces@li...] On Behalf Of

> Mike Frysinger

> Sent: Monday, October 01, 2007 8:15 PM

> To: cracklib-devel@li...

> Subject: [Cracklib-devel] cracklib license

>=20

> looks like 2.8.11 is out and marked as "GPL-2" ... releasing

> libraries under

> GPL-2 is not desirable at all ... this is why the LGPL-2.1 exists

> -mike

Re: [Cracklib-devel] cracklib license
From: Mike Frysinger <vapier@ge...> - 2007-10-02 01:33

Attachments: Message as HTML

On Monday 01 October 2007, Neulinger, Nathan wrote:

> I understand that, and you're welcome to bring it up with Alec directly
> and see if he wants to relicense his code as LGPL... but at this point,
> it was enough to just get it consistent and documented as to what it was
> released under. This wasn't actually a license change, just a
> clarification of the licensing that was already in place.

the original license (before moving to sourceforge -- aka, 2.7) was not=20
GPL-2 ... it was a modified artistic license ... i didnt notice the license=
=20
change until it was mentioned in the latest notes.

unlike the old license, GPL-2 prevents people from using cracklib unless th=
eir=20
applications are also GPL-2 which imo is just wrong. it isnt the place of =
a=20
library to dictact to application writes what license they should be using.=
=20
thus LGPL-2.1 enters to fill this void.
=20
=20Dmike

Re: [Cracklib-devel] cracklib license
From: Neulinger, Nathan <nneul@um...> - 2007-10-02 01:46
Seems like the ideal thing here would be for you and the other distro
maintainers to get together with Alec in a conversation and come to a
decision as to what licensing scheme y'all want. I haven't really done
much other than cleaning up the packaging and patches and a small bit of
additional code, so whatever licensing y'all come up with is fine by me.

-- Nathan
=20

Nathan Neulinger EMail: nneul@um...
University of Missouri - Rolla Phone: (573) 341-6679
UMR Information Technology Fax: (573) 341-4216

> -----Original Message-----
> From: cracklib-devel-bounces@li...
> [mailto:cracklib-devel-bounces@li...] On Behalf Of
> Mike Frysinger
> Sent: Monday, October 01, 2007 8:33 PM
> To: Neulinger, Nathan

> Cc: cracklib-devel@li...; Alec Muffett
> Subject: Re: [Cracklib-devel] cracklib license
>=20
> On Monday 01 October 2007, Neulinger, Nathan wrote:
>> I understand that, and you're welcome to bring it up with Alec
> directly
>> and see if he wants to relicense his code as LGPL... but at this
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>> it was enough to just get it consistent and documented as to what
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> unless their
> applications are also GPL-2 which imo is just wrong. it isnt the
> place of a
> library to dictact to application writes what license they should
> be using.
> thus LGPL-2.1 enters to fill this void.
> -mike

Re: [Cracklib-devel] cracklib license

From: Alec Muffett <alecm@cr...> - 2007-10-02 08:57

> Seems like the ideal thing here would be for you and the other distro
> maintainers to get together with Alec in a conversation and come to a
> decision as to what licensing scheme y'all want. I haven't really done
> much other than cleaning up the packaging and patches and a small
> bit of
> additional code, so whatever licensing y'all come up with is fine
> by me.

I am sympathetic. Guys, what do you reckon?

What I am hearing so far is that LGPL makes sense, since it can be
linked with any code, not just GPL...

-a

Re: [Cracklib-devel] cracklib license

From: Devin Reade <gdr@gn...> - 2007-10-02 15:04

I would like to see it under LGPL as well. I think it is in everyone's best interests to have as secure systems as possible, and I think tainting it via GPL will just make it less likely that the library gets used, and will not usually cause companies/developers to GPL the dependent code (where it is not already GPL).

I like GPL, I use it when I can, but I don't think that it's the correct license in this situation.

Devin

--

If it's sinful, it's more fun.

Re: [Cracklib-devel] cracklib license

From: Nalin Dahyabhai <nalin@re...> - 2008-01-28 16:32

On Tue, Oct 02, 2007 at 09:57:31AM +0100, Alec Muffett wrote:

>> Seems like the ideal thing here would be for you and the other distro
>> maintainers to get together with Alec in a conversation and come to a
>> decision as to what licensing scheme y'all want. I haven't really done
>> much other than cleaning up the packaging and patches and a small
>> bit of
>> additional code, so whatever licensing y'all come up with is fine
>> by me.
>
> I am sympathetic. Guys, what do you reckon?
>
> What I am hearing so far is that LGPL makes sense, since it can be
> linked with any code, not just GPL...

My apologies for not chiming in in anything resembling a reasonable timeframe.

I'd also suggest the LGPL, for the reason you noted above. Alternately, GPLv2 with the option of using the library under a later version of the GPL would permit applications which were released under version 3 of the GPL to use the library, too, which would be sufficient for the packages which are included in Fedora. FWIW, I'd personally lean toward LGPL.

In any case, I thank you both for working on sorting this out.

Cheers,

Nalin

Re: [Cracklib-devel] cracklib license

From: Mike Frysinger <vapier@ge...> - 2008-10-05 21:27

Attachments: Message as HTML

On Monday 28 January 2008, Nalin Dahyabhai wrote:

> On Tue, Oct 02, 2007 at 09:57:31AM +0100, Alec Muffett wrote:

>>> Seems like the ideal thing here would be for you and the other distro
>>> maintainers to get together with Alec in a conversation and come to a
>>> decision as to what licensing scheme y'all want. I haven't really done
>>> much other than cleaning up the packaging and patches and a small
>>> bit of
>>> additional code, so whatever licensing y'all come up with is fine
>>> by me.

>>

>> I am sympathetic. Guys, what do you reckon?

>>

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>> linked with any code, not just GPL...

>

> My apologies for not chiming in in anything resembling a reasonable
> timeframe.

>

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> GPL would permit applications which were released under version 3 of the
> GPL to use the library, too, which would be sufficient for the packages
> which are included in Fedora. FWIW, I'd personally lean toward LGPL.

>

> In any case, I thank you both for working on sorting this out.

looks like everyone is OK with LGPL-2.1 (GNU Lesser license), so can we make
the change now ?

-mike

Re: [Cracklib-devel] cracklib license

From: Alec Muffett <alecm@cr...> - 2008-10-05 23:18

>> In any case, I thank you both for working on sorting this out.

>

> looks like everyone is OK with LGPL-2.1 (GNU Lesser license), so can we make
> the change now ?

yes. go for it. thanks++

-a

Re: [Cracklib-devel] cracklib license

From: Mike Frysinger <vapier@ge...> - 2008-10-25 22:34

Attachments: Message as HTML

On Sunday 05 October 2008, Alec Muffett wrote:

>>> In any case, I thank you both for working on sorting this out.
>>
>> looks like everyone is OK with LGPL-2.1 (GNU Lesser license), so can we
>> make the change now ?
>
> yes. go for it. thanks++

Nathan Neulinger is the only one who can actually make said change ...

-mike

BELOW IS ORIGINAL LICENSING DISCUSSION RE CHANGING TO GPL from Artistic.

CrackLib was originally licensed with a variant of the Artistic license. In the interests of wider acceptance and more modern licensing, it was switched with the original author's blessing to GPL v2.

This approval was carried out in email discussions in 2005, and has been reconfirmed as of 2007-10-01 with the following email from Alec Muffett.

The below email references nneul@umr.edu address, as that is the address that was used at the time. For any future emails regarding this, please use nneul@neulinger.org.

From alecm@crypticide.com Mon Oct 1 12:26:03 2007
Received: from umr-exproto2.cc.umr.edu ([131.151.0.192]) by UMR-CMAIL1.umr.edu with Microsoft SMTPSVC(6.0.3790.3959);
Mon, 1 Oct 2007 12:26:03 -0500
Received: from scansrv2.srv.mst.edu ([131.151.1.114]) by umr-exproto2.cc.umr.edu with Microsoft SMTPSVC(6.0.3790.3959);
Mon, 1 Oct 2007 12:26:02 -0500
Received: (qmail 8022 invoked from network); 1 Oct 2007 16:59:55 -0000
Received: from smtp1.srv.mst.edu (131.151.1.43)
by scanin-ipvs.cc.umr.edu with SMTP; 1 Oct 2007 16:59:55 -0000
Received: from spunkymail-mx8.g.dreamhost.com (mx1.spunky.mail.dreamhost.com [208.97.132.47])
by smtp1.srv.mst.edu (8.13.1/8.13.1) with ESMTP id 191Gxtpr020623
for <nneul@umr.edu>; Mon, 1 Oct 2007 11:59:55 -0500
Received: from rutherford.zen.co.uk (rutherford.zen.co.uk [212.23.3.142])

by spunkymail-mx8.g.dreamhost.com (Postfix) with ESMTP id 2C7734D311
for <nneul@neulinger.org>; Mon, 1 Oct 2007 09:59:50 -0700 (PDT)
Received: from [82.68.43.14] (helo=[192.168.1.3])
by rutherford.zen.co.uk with esmtp (Exim 4.50)
id 1IcOcX-0004Qt-6L
for nneul@neulinger.org; Mon, 01 Oct 2007 16:59:49 +0000
Mime-Version: 1.0 (Apple Message framework v752.2)
In-Reply-To: <1b1b3fd80710010908k11dac0afp1f2dd471059ff9a4@mail.gmail.com>
References: <1190922867.3457.147.camel@localhost.localdomain>
<EC90713277D2BE41B7110CCD74E235CEF44F38@UMR-CMAIL1.umr.edu>
<1b1b3fd80710010908k11dac0afp1f2dd471059ff9a4@mail.gmail.com>
Content-Type: text/plain; charset=US-ASCII; delsp=yes; format=flowed
Message-Id: <117A1264-F6DC-4E25-B0DD-56FBFE6E9F@crypticide.com>
Content-Transfer-Encoding: 7bit
From: Alec Muffett <alecm@crypticide.com>
Subject: Re: cracklib license
Date: Mon, 1 Oct 2007 17:59:46 +0100
To: Nathan Neulinger <nneul@neulinger.org>
X-Mailer: Apple Mail (2.752.2)
X-Originating-Rutherford-IP: [82.68.43.14]
Return-Path: alecm@crypticide.com
X-OriginalArrivalTime: 01 Oct 2007 17:26:03.0008 (UTC) FILETIME=[2420C000:01C80450]
Status: RO
Content-Length: 585
Lines: 21

>

> ----- Forwarded message -----

> From: Neulinger, Nathan <nneul@umr.edu>

> Date: Sep 27, 2007 2:58 PM

> Subject: RE: cracklib license

> To: alecm@crypto.dircon.co.uk

>

> Any chance you could write me a self-contained email stating clearly

> that the license is being changed to GPL, so I could include that

> email

> in the repository and clean up the repository/tarballs? I have all the

> original discussion, but something succinct and self contained

> would be

> ideal.

The license for my code in the Cracklib distribution is henceforth GPL.

Happy now? :-)

-a

```
#!/usr/bin/python
# Copyright 2009, 2012 Jan Dittberner <jan@dittberner.info>
#
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#
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# along with Prua; if not, write to the Free Software Foundation,
# Inc., 59 Temple Place, Suite 330, Boston, MA 02111-1307 USA
```

1.12 cronie 1.4.11 :19.el7

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```
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*
* @(#)bitstring.h 8.1 (Berkeley) 7/19/93
*/

1.13 cryptsetup 2.0.3 :3.el7

1.13.1 Available under license :

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Version 2.1, February 1999

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1.14 curl 7.29.0 :51.e17

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zlib http://www.gzip.org/zlib/zlib_license.html

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1.15 cyrus-sasl 2.1.26 :23.el7

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#endif /* _KERBEROS_MIT_COPYRIGHT_H */

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#define _KERBEROS_MIT_COPYRIGHT_H
```

```
/* #pragma ident "@(#)mit-copyright.h 1.4 93/02/04 SMI" */
```

```
#endif /* _KERBEROS_MIT_COPYRIGHT_H */
```

```
/* CMU libsasl
```

```
* Tim Martin
```

```
* Rob Earhart
```

```
* Rob Siemborski
```

```
*/
```

```
/*
```

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* Tim Martin
* Rob Earhart
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When we speak of free software, we are referring to freedom, not price. Our General Public Licenses are designed to make sure that you have the freedom to distribute copies of free software (and charge for this service if you wish), that you receive source code or can get it

if you want it, that you can change the software or use pieces of it in new free programs; and that you know you can do these things.

To protect your rights, we need to make restrictions that forbid anyone to deny you these rights or to ask you to surrender the rights. These restrictions translate to certain responsibilities for you if you distribute copies of the library, or if you modify it.

For example, if you distribute copies of the library, whether gratis or for a fee, you must give the recipients all the rights that we gave you. You must make sure that they, too, receive or can get the source code. If you link a program with the library, you must provide complete object files to the recipients so that they can relink them with the library, after making changes to the library and recompiling it. And you must show them these terms so they know their rights.

Our method of protecting your rights has two steps: (1) copyright the library, and (2) offer you this license which gives you legal permission to copy, distribute and/or modify the library.

Also, for each distributor's protection, we want to make certain that everyone understands that there is no warranty for this free library. If the library is modified by someone else and passed on, we want its recipients to know that what they have is not the original version, so that any problems introduced by others will not reflect on the original authors' reputations.

Finally, any free program is threatened constantly by software patents. We wish to avoid the danger that companies distributing free software will individually obtain patent licenses, thus in effect transforming the program into proprietary software. To prevent this, we have made it clear that any patent must be licensed for everyone's free use or not licensed at all.

Most GNU software, including some libraries, is covered by the ordinary GNU General Public License, which was designed for utility programs. This license, the GNU Library General Public License, applies to certain designated libraries. This license is quite different from the ordinary one; be sure to read it in full, and don't assume that anything in it is the same as in the ordinary license.

The reason we have a separate public license for some libraries is that they blur the distinction we usually make between modifying or adding to a program and simply using it. Linking a program with a library, without changing the library, is in some sense simply using the library, and is analogous to running a utility program or application program. However, in a textual and legal sense, the linked executable is a combined work, a derivative of the original library, and the ordinary General Public License

treats it as such.

Because of this blurred distinction, using the ordinary General Public License for libraries did not effectively promote software sharing, because most developers did not use the libraries. We concluded that weaker conditions might promote sharing better.

However, unrestricted linking of non-free programs would deprive the users of those programs of all benefit from the free status of the libraries themselves. This Library General Public License is intended to permit developers of non-free programs to use free libraries, while preserving your freedom as a user of such programs to change the free libraries that are incorporated in them. (We have not seen how to achieve this as regards changes in header files, but we have achieved it as regards changes in the actual functions of the Library.) The hope is that this will lead to faster development of free libraries.

The precise terms and conditions for copying, distribution and modification follow. Pay close attention to the difference between a "work based on the library" and a "work that uses the library". The former contains code derived from the library, while the latter only works together with the library.

Note that it is possible for a library to be covered by the ordinary General Public License rather than by this special one.

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0. This License Agreement applies to any software library which contains a notice placed by the copyright holder or other authorized party saying it may be distributed under the terms of this Library General Public License (also called "this License"). Each licensee is addressed as "you".

A "library" means a collection of software functions and/or data prepared so as to be conveniently linked with application programs (which use some of those functions and data) to form executables.

The "Library", below, refers to any such software library or work which has been distributed under these terms. A "work based on the Library" means either the Library or any derivative work under copyright law: that is to say, a work containing the Library or a portion of it, either verbatim or with modifications and/or translated straightforwardly into another language. (Hereinafter, translation is included without limitation in the term "modification".)

"Source code" for a work means the preferred form of the work for

making modifications to it. For a library, complete source code means all the source code for all modules it contains, plus any associated interface definition files, plus the scripts used to control compilation and installation of the library.

Activities other than copying, distribution and modification are not covered by this License; they are outside its scope. The act of running a program using the Library is not restricted, and output from such a program is covered only if its contents constitute a work based on the Library (independent of the use of the Library in a tool for writing it). Whether that is true depends on what the Library does and what the program that uses the Library does.

1. You may copy and distribute verbatim copies of the Library's complete source code as you receive it, in any medium, provided that you conspicuously and appropriately publish on each copy an appropriate copyright notice and disclaimer of warranty; keep intact all the notices that refer to this License and to the absence of any warranty; and distribute a copy of this License along with the Library.

You may charge a fee for the physical act of transferring a copy, and you may at your option offer warranty protection in exchange for a fee.

2. You may modify your copy or copies of the Library or any portion of it, thus forming a work based on the Library, and copy and distribute such modifications or work under the terms of Section 1 above, provided that you also meet all of these conditions:

- a) The modified work must itself be a software library.
- b) You must cause the files modified to carry prominent notices stating that you changed the files and the date of any change.
- c) You must cause the whole of the work to be licensed at no charge to all third parties under the terms of this License.
- d) If a facility in the modified Library refers to a function or a table of data to be supplied by an application program that uses the facility, other than as an argument passed when the facility is invoked, then you must make a good faith effort to ensure that, in the event an application does not supply such function or table, the facility still operates, and performs whatever part of its purpose remains meaningful.

(For example, a function in a library to compute square roots has a purpose that is entirely well-defined independent of the

application. Therefore, Subsection 2d requires that any application-supplied function or table used by this function must be optional: if the application does not supply it, the square root function must still compute square roots.)

These requirements apply to the modified work as a whole. If identifiable sections of that work are not derived from the Library, and can be reasonably considered independent and separate works in themselves, then this License, and its terms, do not apply to those sections when you distribute them as separate works. But when you distribute the same sections as part of a whole which is a work based on the Library, the distribution of the whole must be on the terms of this License, whose permissions for other licensees extend to the entire whole, and thus to each and every part regardless of who wrote it.

Thus, it is not the intent of this section to claim rights or contest your rights to work written entirely by you; rather, the intent is to exercise the right to control the distribution of derivative or collective works based on the Library.

In addition, mere aggregation of another work not based on the Library with the Library (or with a work based on the Library) on a volume of a storage or distribution medium does not bring the other work under the scope of this License.

3. You may opt to apply the terms of the ordinary GNU General Public License instead of this License to a given copy of the Library. To do this, you must alter all the notices that refer to this License, so that they refer to the ordinary GNU General Public License, version 2, instead of to this License. (If a newer version than version 2 of the ordinary GNU General Public License has appeared, then you can specify that version instead if you wish.) Do not make any other change in these notices.

Once this change is made in a given copy, it is irreversible for that copy, so the ordinary GNU General Public License applies to all subsequent copies and derivative works made from that copy.

This option is useful when you wish to copy part of the code of the Library into a program that is not a library.

4. You may copy and distribute the Library (or a portion or derivative of it, under Section 2) in object code or executable form under the terms of Sections 1 and 2 above provided that you accompany it with the complete corresponding machine-readable source code, which must be distributed under the terms of Sections 1 and 2 above on a medium customarily used for software interchange.

If distribution of object code is made by offering access to copy from a designated place, then offering equivalent access to copy the source code from the same place satisfies the requirement to distribute the source code, even though third parties are not compelled to copy the source along with the object code.

5. A program that contains no derivative of any portion of the Library, but is designed to work with the Library by being compiled or linked with it, is called a "work that uses the Library". Such a work, in isolation, is not a derivative work of the Library, and therefore falls outside the scope of this License.

However, linking a "work that uses the Library" with the Library creates an executable that is a derivative of the Library (because it contains portions of the Library), rather than a "work that uses the library". The executable is therefore covered by this License. Section 6 states terms for distribution of such executables.

When a "work that uses the Library" uses material from a header file that is part of the Library, the object code for the work may be a derivative work of the Library even though the source code is not. Whether this is true is especially significant if the work can be linked without the Library, or if the work is itself a library. The threshold for this to be true is not precisely defined by law.

If such an object file uses only numerical parameters, data structure layouts and accessors, and small macros and small inline functions (ten lines or less in length), then the use of the object file is unrestricted, regardless of whether it is legally a derivative work. (Executables containing this object code plus portions of the Library will still fall under Section 6.)

Otherwise, if the work is a derivative of the Library, you may distribute the object code for the work under the terms of Section 6. Any executables containing that work also fall under Section 6, whether or not they are linked directly with the Library itself.

6. As an exception to the Sections above, you may also compile or link a "work that uses the Library" with the Library to produce a work containing portions of the Library, and distribute that work under terms of your choice, provided that the terms permit modification of the work for the customer's own use and reverse engineering for debugging such modifications.

You must give prominent notice with each copy of the work that the Library is used in it and that the Library and its use are covered by this License. You must supply a copy of this License. If the work

during execution displays copyright notices, you must include the copyright notice for the Library among them, as well as a reference directing the user to the copy of this License. Also, you must do one of these things:

- a) Accompany the work with the complete corresponding machine-readable source code for the Library including whatever changes were used in the work (which must be distributed under Sections 1 and 2 above); and, if the work is an executable linked with the Library, with the complete machine-readable "work that uses the Library", as object code and/or source code, so that the user can modify the Library and then relink to produce a modified executable containing the modified Library. (It is understood that the user who changes the contents of definitions files in the Library will not necessarily be able to recompile the application to use the modified definitions.)
- b) Accompany the work with a written offer, valid for at least three years, to give the same user the materials specified in Subsection 6a, above, for a charge no more than the cost of performing this distribution.
- c) If distribution of the work is made by offering access to copy from a designated place, offer equivalent access to copy the above specified materials from the same place.
- d) Verify that the user has already received a copy of these materials or that you have already sent this user a copy.

For an executable, the required form of the "work that uses the Library" must include any data and utility programs needed for reproducing the executable from it. However, as a special exception, the source code distributed need not include anything that is normally distributed (in either source or binary form) with the major components (compiler, kernel, and so on) of the operating system on which the executable runs, unless that component itself accompanies the executable.

It may happen that this requirement contradicts the license restrictions of other proprietary libraries that do not normally accompany the operating system. Such a contradiction means you cannot use both them and the Library together in an executable that you distribute.

7. You may place library facilities that are a work based on the Library side-by-side in a single library together with other library facilities not covered by this License, and distribute such a combined library, provided that the separate distribution of the work based on

the Library and of the other library facilities is otherwise permitted, and provided that you do these two things:

- a) Accompany the combined library with a copy of the same work based on the Library, uncombined with any other library facilities. This must be distributed under the terms of the Sections above.
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refrain entirely from distribution of the Library.

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END OF TERMS AND CONDITIONS

Appendix: How to Apply These Terms to Your New Libraries

If you develop a new library, and you want it to be of the greatest possible use to the public, we recommend making it free software that everyone can redistribute and change. You can do so by permitting redistribution under these terms (or, alternatively, under the terms of the ordinary General Public License).

To apply these terms, attach the following notices to the library. It is safest to attach them to the start of each source file to most effectively convey the exclusion of warranty; and each file should have at least the "copyright" line and a pointer to where the full notice is found.

```
<one line to give the library's name and a brief idea of what it does.>  
Copyright (C) <year> <name of author>
```

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necessary. Here is a sample; alter the names:

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library `Frob' (a library for tweaking knobs) written by James Random Hacker.

<signature of Ty Coon>, 1 April 1990
Ty Coon, President of Vice

That's all there is to it!

1.18 diffutils 3.3 :4.el7.centos

1.18.1 Available under license :

From RPM File Metadata:GPLv3+
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Version 3, 29 June 2007

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To protect your rights, we need to prevent others from denying you these rights or asking you to surrender the rights. Therefore, you have certain responsibilities if you distribute copies of the software, or if you modify it: responsibilities to respect the freedom of others.

For example, if you distribute copies of such a program, whether gratis or for a fee, you must pass on to the recipients the same freedoms that you received. You must make sure that they, too, receive or can get the source code. And you must show them these terms so they know their rights.

Developers that use the GNU GPL protect your rights with two steps: (1) assert copyright on the software, and (2) offer you this License giving you legal permission to copy, distribute and/or modify it.

For the developers' and authors' protection, the GPL clearly explains that there is no warranty for this free software. For both users' and authors' sake, the GPL requires that modified versions be marked as changed, so that their problems will not be attributed erroneously to authors of previous versions.

Some devices are designed to deny users access to install or run modified versions of the software inside them, although the manufacturer can do so. This is fundamentally incompatible with the aim of protecting users' freedom to change the software. The systematic pattern of such abuse occurs in the area of products for individuals to use, which is precisely where it is most unacceptable. Therefore, we have designed this version of the GPL to prohibit the practice for those products. If such problems arise substantially in other domains, we stand ready to extend this provision to those domains in future versions of the GPL, as needed to protect the freedom of users.

Finally, every program is threatened constantly by software patents. States should not allow patents to restrict development and use of software on general-purpose computers, but in those that do, we wish to avoid the special danger that patents applied to a free program could make it effectively proprietary. To prevent this, the GPL assures that patents cannot be used to render the program non-free.

The precise terms and conditions for copying, distribution and modification follow.

TERMS AND CONDITIONS

0. Definitions.

"This License" refers to version 3 of the GNU General Public License.

"Copyright" also means copyright-like laws that apply to other kinds of works, such as semiconductor masks.

"The Program" refers to any copyrightable work licensed under this License. Each licensee is addressed as "you". "Licensees" and "recipients" may be individuals or organizations.

To "modify" a work means to copy from or adapt all or part of the work in a fashion requiring copyright permission, other than the making of an exact copy. The resulting work is called a "modified version" of the earlier work or a work "based on" the earlier work.

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To "convey" a work means any kind of propagation that enables other parties to make or receive copies. Mere interaction with a user through a computer network, with no transfer of a copy, is not conveying.

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1. Source Code.

The "source code" for a work means the preferred form of the work for making modifications to it. "Object code" means any non-source

form of a work.

A "Standard Interface" means an interface that either is an official standard defined by a recognized standards body, or, in the case of interfaces specified for a particular programming language, one that is widely used among developers working in that language.

The "System Libraries" of an executable work include anything, other than the work as a whole, that (a) is included in the normal form of packaging a Major Component, but which is not part of that Major Component, and (b) serves only to enable use of the work with that Major Component, or to implement a Standard Interface for which an implementation is available to the public in source code form. A "Major Component", in this context, means a major essential component (kernel, window system, and so on) of the specific operating system (if any) on which the executable work runs, or a compiler used to produce the work, or an object code interpreter used to run it.

The "Corresponding Source" for a work in object code form means all the source code needed to generate, install, and (for an executable work) run the object code and to modify the work, including scripts to control those activities. However, it does not include the work's System Libraries, or general-purpose tools or generally available free programs which are used unmodified in performing those activities but which are not part of the work. For example, Corresponding Source includes interface definition files associated with source files for the work, and the source code for shared libraries and dynamically linked subprograms that the work is specifically designed to require, such as by intimate data communication or control flow between those subprograms and other parts of the work.

The Corresponding Source need not include anything that users can regenerate automatically from other parts of the Corresponding Source.

The Corresponding Source for a work in source code form is that same work.

2. Basic Permissions.

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Conveying under any other circumstances is permitted solely under the conditions stated below. Sublicensing is not allowed; section 10 makes it unnecessary.

3. Protecting Users' Legal Rights From Anti-Circumvention Law.

No covered work shall be deemed part of an effective technological measure under any applicable law fulfilling obligations under article 11 of the WIPO copyright treaty adopted on 20 December 1996, or similar laws prohibiting or restricting circumvention of such measures.

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4. Conveying Verbatim Copies.

You may convey verbatim copies of the Program's source code as you receive it, in any medium, provided that you conspicuously and appropriately publish on each copy an appropriate copyright notice; keep intact all notices stating that this License and any non-permissive terms added in accord with section 7 apply to the code; keep intact all notices of the absence of any warranty; and give all recipients a copy of this License along with the Program.

You may charge any price or no price for each copy that you convey, and you may offer support or warranty protection for a fee.

5. Conveying Modified Source Versions.

You may convey a work based on the Program, or the modifications to produce it from the Program, in the form of source code under the

terms of section 4, provided that you also meet all of these conditions:

- a) The work must carry prominent notices stating that you modified it, and giving a relevant date.
- b) The work must carry prominent notices stating that it is released under this License and any conditions added under section 7. This requirement modifies the requirement in section 4 to "keep intact all notices".
- c) You must license the entire work, as a whole, under this License to anyone who comes into possession of a copy. This License will therefore apply, along with any applicable section 7 additional terms, to the whole of the work, and all its parts, regardless of how they are packaged. This License gives no permission to license the work in any other way, but it does not invalidate such permission if you have separately received it.
- d) If the work has interactive user interfaces, each must display Appropriate Legal Notices; however, if the Program has interactive interfaces that do not display Appropriate Legal Notices, your work need not make them do so.

A compilation of a covered work with other separate and independent works, which are not by their nature extensions of the covered work, and which are not combined with it such as to form a larger program, in or on a volume of a storage or distribution medium, is called an "aggregate" if the compilation and its resulting copyright are not used to limit the access or legal rights of the compilation's users beyond what the individual works permit. Inclusion of a covered work in an aggregate does not cause this License to apply to the other parts of the aggregate.

6. Conveying Non-Source Forms.

You may convey a covered work in object code form under the terms of sections 4 and 5, provided that you also convey the machine-readable Corresponding Source under the terms of this License, in one of these ways:

- a) Convey the object code in, or embodied in, a physical product (including a physical distribution medium), accompanied by the Corresponding Source fixed on a durable physical medium customarily used for software interchange.
- b) Convey the object code in, or embodied in, a physical product (including a physical distribution medium), accompanied by a written offer, valid for at least three years and valid for as

long as you offer spare parts or customer support for that product model, to give anyone who possesses the object code either (1) a copy of the Corresponding Source for all the software in the product that is covered by this License, on a durable physical medium customarily used for software interchange, for a price no more than your reasonable cost of physically performing this conveying of source, or (2) access to copy the Corresponding Source from a network server at no charge.

c) Convey individual copies of the object code with a copy of the written offer to provide the Corresponding Source. This alternative is allowed only occasionally and noncommercially, and only if you received the object code with such an offer, in accord with subsection 6b.

d) Convey the object code by offering access from a designated place (gratis or for a charge), and offer equivalent access to the Corresponding Source in the same way through the same place at no further charge. You need not require recipients to copy the Corresponding Source along with the object code. If the place to copy the object code is a network server, the Corresponding Source may be on a different server (operated by you or a third party) that supports equivalent copying facilities, provided you maintain clear directions next to the object code saying where to find the Corresponding Source. Regardless of what server hosts the Corresponding Source, you remain obligated to ensure that it is available for as long as needed to satisfy these requirements.

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1.19 dracut 033 :554.el7

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This is the Debian GNU/Linux prepackaged version of the `ss` command-line interface parsing library. It is currently distributed together with the EXT2 file system utilities, which are otherwise packaged as "e2fsprogs".

This package was put together by Yann Dirson <dirson@debian.org>, from sources obtained from a mirror of:
[tsx-11.mit.edu:/pub/linux/packages/ext2fs/](http://tsx-11.mit.edu/pub/linux/packages/ext2fs/)

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Sources were obtained from <http://sourceforge.net/projects/e2fsprogs>

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Theodore Ts'o
23-June-2007

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Theodore Ts'o
23-June-2007

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```
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```

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```
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under certain conditions; type `show c' for details.
```

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`Gnomovision' (which makes passes at compilers) written by James Hacker.

<signature of Ty Coon>, 1 April 1989

Ty Coon, President of Vice

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```
#
# This is a Makefile stub which handles the creation of BSD shared
# libraries.
#
# In order to use this stub, the following makefile variables must be defined.
#
# BSDLIB_VERSION = 1.0
# BSDLIB_IMAGE = libce
# BSDLIB_MYDIR = et
# BSDLIB_INSTALL_DIR = $(SHLIBDIR)
#
```

```
all:: image
```

```
real-subdirs:: Makefile
```

```
@echo " MKDIR pic"
```

```
@mkdir -p pic
```

```
BSD_LIB = $(BSDLIB_IMAGE).so.$(BSDLIB_VERSION)
```

```
BSDLIB_PIC_FLAG = -fpic
```

```
image: $(BSD_LIB)
```

```
$(BSD_LIB): $(OBJS)
```

```
(cd pic; ld -Bshareable -o $(BSD_LIB) $(LDFLAGS) $(OBJS))
```

```
$(MV) pic/$(BSD_LIB) .
```

```
$(RM) -f ../$(BSD_LIB)
```

```
(cd ..; $(LN) $(LINK_BUILD_FLAGS) \
```

```
`echo $(my_dir) | sed -e 's;lib/;;' /$(BSD_LIB) $(BSD_LIB))
```

```
install-shlibs install:: $(BSD_LIB)
```

```
@echo " INSTALL_PROGRAM $(BSDLIB_INSTALL_DIR)/$(BSD_LIB)"
```

```
@$(INSTALL_PROGRAM) $(BSD_LIB) \
```

```
$(DESTDIR)$$(BSDLIB_INSTALL_DIR)/$(BSD_LIB)
```

```
@-$(LDCONFIG)
```

```
install-strip: install
```

install-shlibs-strip: install-shlibs

uninstall-shlibs uninstall::

```
$(RM) -f $(DESTDIR)$(BSDLIB_INSTALL_DIR)/$(BSD_LIB)
```

clean::

```
$(RM) -rf pic
```

```
$(RM) -f $(BSD_LIB)
```

```
$(RM) -f ../$(BSD_LIB)
```

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*/

Index: tdbsa/tdb.c

--- tdbsa.orig/tdb.c

+++ tdbsa/tdb.c

@@ -4,11 +4,11 @@ Rev: 23371

Last Changed Date: 2007-06-06 20:14:06 -0400 (Wed, 06 Jun 2007)

*/

/*

- Unix SMB/CIFS implementation.
- + trivial database library - standalone version

- trivial database library - private includes

-

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- + Copyright (C) Andrew Tridgell 1999-2005
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- + Copyright (C) Paul 'Rusty' Russell 2000

** NOTE! The following LGPL license applies to the tdb

** library. This does NOT imply that all of Samba is released

1.21 elfutils 0.172 :2.el7

1.21.1 Available under license :

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Version 3, 29 June 2007

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1.24 file 5.11 :35.el7

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1.25 filesystem 3.2 :25.el7

1.26 findutils 4.5.11 :6.el7

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@page

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```
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  with the Invariant Sections being @var{list their titles}, with
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```
@c Local Variables:
@c ispell-local-pdict: "ispell-dict"
@c End:
```

1.27 fipscheck 1.4.1 :6.e17

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1.28 gawk 4.0.2 :4.el7_3.1

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1.29 gcc 4.8.5 :36.el7

1.29.1 Available under license :

```
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```

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```
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```

```
/**
```

```
* This interface provides information about a permission that can be  
* granted. Note that this is not the same as the class  
* java.security.Permission.
```

```
*
```

```
* @version 0.0
```

```
*
```

```
* @author Aaron M. Renn (arenn@urbanophile.com)
```

```
*/
```

```
public interface Permission
```

```
{
```

```
/**
```

```
* This method tests whether or not a specified Permission  
* (passed as an Object) is the same as this permission.
```

```
*
```

```
* @param perm The permission to check for equality
```

```
*
```

```
* @return true if the specified permission is the same as this one, false otherwise
```

```
*/
```

```
boolean equals (Object perm);
```

```
/**
```

```
* This method returns this Permission as a String.
```

```
*
```

```
* @return A String representing this permission.
```

```
*/
```

```
String toString();
```

```
}
```

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Directory native/fdlibm

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* m4/ax_func_which_gethostbyname_r.m4

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This is an attempt to acknowledge early contributions to the garbage collector. Later contributions should instead be mentioned in README.changes.

HISTORY -

Early versions of this collector were developed as a part of research projects supported in part by the National Science Foundation and the Defense Advance Research Projects Agency.

The garbage collector originated as part of the run-time system for the Russell programming language implementation. The first version of the garbage collector was written primarily by Al Demers. It was then refined and mostly rewritten, primarily by Hans-J. Boehm, at Cornell U., the University of Washington, Rice University (where it was first used for C and assembly code), Xerox PARC, SGI, and HP Labs. However, significant contributions have also been made by many others.

Some other contributors:

More recent contributors are mentioned in the modification history in README.changes. My apologies for any omissions.

The SPARC specific code was originally contributed by Mark Weiser. The Encore Multimax modifications were supplied by Kevin Kenny (kenny@m.cs.uiuc.edu). The adaptation to the IBM PC/RT is largely due to Vernon Lee, on machines made available to Rice by IBM. Much of the HP specific code and a number of good suggestions for improving the generic code are due to Walter Underwood. Robert Brazile (brazile@diamond.bbn.com) originally supplied the ULTRIX code. Al Dosser (dosser@src.dec.com) and Regis Cridlig (Regis.Cridlig@cl.cam.ac.uk) subsequently provided updates and information on variation between ULTRIX systems. Parag Patel (parag@netcom.com) supplied the A/UX code. Jesper Peterson(jep@mtiame.mtia.oz.au), Michel Schinz, and Martin Tauchmann (martintauchmann@bigfoot.com) supplied the Amiga port. Thomas Funke (thf@zelator.in-berlin.de(?)) and Brian D.Carlstrom (bdc@clark.lcs.mit.edu) supplied the NeXT ports. Douglas Steel (doug@wg.icl.co.uk) provided ICL DRS6000 code. Bill Janssen (janssen@parc.xerox.com) supplied the SunOS dynamic loader specific code. Manuel Serrano (serrano@cornas.inria.fr) supplied linux and Sony News specific code. Al Dosser provided Alpha/OSF/1 code. He and Dave Detlefs(detlefs@src.dec.com) also provided several generic bug fixes. Alistair G. Crooks(agg@uts.amdahl.com) supplied the NetBSD and 386BSD ports. Jeffrey Hsu (hsu@soda.berkeley.edu) provided the FreeBSD port. Brent Benson (brent@jade.ssd.csd.harris.com) ported the collector to a Motorola 88K processor running CX/UX (Harris NightHawk). Ari Huttunen (Ari.Huttunen@hut.fi) generalized the OS/2 port to nonIBM development environments (a nontrivial task). Patrick Beard (beard@cs.ucdavis.edu) provided the initial MacOS port. David Chase, then at Olivetti Research, suggested several improvements. Scott Schwartz (schwartz@groucho.cse.psu.edu) supplied some of the code to save and print call stacks for leak detection on a SPARC. Jesse Hull and John Ellis supplied the C++ interface code.

Zhong Shao performed much of the experimentation that led to the current typed allocation facility. (His dynamic type inference code hasn't made it into the released version of the collector, yet.)

@ignore

@c Set file name and title for man page.

@setfilename gpl

@settitle GNU General Public License

@c man begin SEEALSO

gfdl(7), fsf-funding(7).

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@c ispell-local-pdict: "ispell-dict"

@c End:

```
@c man end
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   (actually AT&T syntax for insns and operands,
   adapted to BSD conventions for symbol names and debugging.)
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```

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```
/* Use the Sequent Symmetry assembler syntax. */
```

```
/* Define the syntax of pseudo-ops, labels and comments. */
```

```
/* Prefix for internally generated assembler labels. If we aren't using
   underscores, we are using prefix `.'s to identify labels that should
   be ignored, as in `i386/gas.h' --karl@cs.umb.edu */
```

```
#define LPREFIX "L"
```

```
/* Assembler pseudos to introduce constants of various size. */
```

```
#define ASM_BYTE "\t.byte\t"
```

```
#define ASM_SHORT "\t.word\t"
```

```
#define ASM_LONG "\t.long\t"
```

```
#define ASM_QUAD "\t.quad\t" /* Should not be used for 32bit compilation. */
```

```
/* This was suggested, but it shouldn't be right for DBX output. -- RMS
```

```
#define ASM_OUTPUT_SOURCE_FILENAME(FILE, NAME) */
```

```
/* Define the syntax of labels and symbol definitions/declarations. */
```

```
/* This is how to output an assembler line
   that says to advance the location counter by SIZE bytes. */
```

```

#define ASM_OUTPUT_SKIP(FILE,SIZE) \
    fprintf (FILE, "\t.space \"HOST_WIDE_INT_PRINT_UNSIGNED\"\n", (SIZE))

/* Define the syntax of labels and symbol definitions/declarations. */

/* This says how to output an assembler line
   to define a global common symbol. */

#define ASM_OUTPUT_COMMON(FILE, NAME, SIZE, ROUNDED) \
    ( fputs (".comm ", (FILE)), \
      assemble_name ((FILE), (NAME)), \
      fprintf ((FILE), "%u\n", (int)(ROUNDED)))

/* This says how to output an assembler line
   to define a local common symbol. */

#define ASM_OUTPUT_LOCAL(FILE, NAME, SIZE, ROUNDED) \
    ( fputs (".lcomm ", (FILE)), \
      assemble_name ((FILE), (NAME)), \
      fprintf ((FILE), "%u\n", (int)(ROUNDED)))

#ifdef HAVE_GAS_LCOMM_WITH_ALIGNMENT
#define ASM_OUTPUT_ALIGNED_LOCAL(FILE, NAME, SIZE, ALIGNMENT) \
    ( fputs (".lcomm ", (FILE)), \
      assemble_name ((FILE), (NAME)), \
      fprintf ((FILE), "%u,%u\n", (int)(SIZE), (int)(ALIGNMENT) / BITS_PER_UNIT))
#endif

/* This is how to output an assembler line
   that says to advance the location counter
   to a multiple of 2**LOG bytes. */

#define ASM_OUTPUT_ALIGN(FILE,LOG) \
    if ((LOG)!=0) fprintf ((FILE), "\t.align %d\n", (LOG))

/* This is how to store into the string BUF
   the symbol_ref name of an internal numbered label where
   PREFIX is the class of label and NUM is the number within the class.
   This is suitable for output with `assemble_name'. */

#define ASM_GENERATE_INTERNAL_LABEL(BUF,PREFIX,NUMBER) \
    sprintf ((BUF), "%s%ld", (PREFIX), (long)(NUMBER))

/* The prefix to add to user-visible assembler symbols. */

#define USER_LABEL_PREFIX "_"

/* Sequent has some changes in the format of DBX symbols. */

```

```
#define DBX_NO_XREFS 1
```

```
/* Don't split DBX symbols into continuations. */
```

```
#define DBX_CONTIN_LENGTH 0
```

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Version 3, 29 June 2007

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href="status.html" title="Chapter1.Status" /><link rel="prev" href="status.html" title="Chapter1.Status" /><link

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href="bugs.html">Next</td></tr></table><hr /></div><div class="section"><div

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Prev	Up	Next
Chapter 1. Status	Home	Bugs

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<bridgehead xml:id="gpl-3-preamble" renderas="sect1">

Preamble

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</bridgehead>

<para>

You may convey verbatim copies of the Programs source code as you receive it, in any medium, provided that you conspicuously and appropriately publish on each copy an appropriate copyright notice; keep intact all notices stating that this License and any non-permissive terms added in accord with section 7 apply to the code; keep intact all notices of the absence of any warranty; and give all recipients a copy of this License along with the Program.

</para>

<para>

You may charge any price or no price for each copy that you convey, and you may offer support or warranty protection for a fee.

</para>

<bridgehead xml:id="ConveyingModified" renderas="sect1">

5. Conveying Modified Source Versions.

</bridgehead>

<para>

You may convey a work based on the Program, or the modifications to produce

it from the Program, in the form of source code under the terms of section 4, provided that you also meet all of these conditions:

</para>

<orderedlist numeration="loweralpha" inheritnum="ignore" continuation="restarts">

<listitem>

<para>

The work must carry prominent notices stating that you modified it, and giving a relevant date.

</para>

</listitem>

<listitem>

<para>

The work must carry prominent notices stating that it is released under this License and any conditions added under section 7. This requirement modifies the requirement in section 4 to keep intact all notices.

</para>

</listitem>

<listitem>

<para>

You must license the entire work, as a whole, under this License to anyone who comes into possession of a copy. This License will therefore apply, along with any applicable section 7 additional terms, to the whole of the work, and all its parts, regardless of how they are packaged. This License gives no permission to license the work in any other way, but it does not invalidate such permission if you have separately received it.

</para>

</listitem>

<listitem>

<para>

If the work has interactive user interfaces, each must display Appropriate Legal Notices; however, if the Program has interactive interfaces that do not display Appropriate Legal Notices, your work need not make them do so.

</para>

</listitem>

</orderedlist>

<para>

A compilation of a covered work with other separate and independent works, which are not by their nature extensions of the covered work, and which are not combined with it such as to form a larger program, in or on a volume of a storage or distribution medium, is called an aggregate if the compilation and its resulting copyright are not used to limit the access or legal rights of the compilation users beyond what the individual works permit. Inclusion of a covered work in an aggregate does not cause this License to apply to the other parts of the aggregate.

</para>

<bridgehead xml:id="ConveyingNonSource" renderas="sect1">

6. Conveying Non-Source Forms.

</bridgehead>

<para>

You may convey a covered work in object code form under the terms of sections 4 and 5, provided that you also convey the machine-readable Corresponding Source under the terms of this License, in one of these ways:

</para>

<orderedlist numeration="loweralpha" inheritnum="ignore" continuation="restarts">

<listitem>

<para>

Convey the object code in, or embodied in, a physical product (including a physical distribution medium), accompanied by the Corresponding Source fixed on a durable physical medium customarily used for software interchange.

</para>

</listitem>

<listitem>

<para>

Convey the object code in, or embodied in, a physical product (including a physical distribution medium), accompanied by a written offer, valid for at least three years and valid for as long as you offer spare parts or customer support for that product model, to give anyone who possesses the object code either (1) a copy of the Corresponding Source for all the software in the product that is covered by this License, on a durable physical medium customarily used for software interchange, for a price no more than your reasonable cost of physically performing this conveying of source, or (2) access to copy the Corresponding Source from a network server at no charge.

</para>

</listitem>

<listitem>

<para>

Convey individual copies of the object code with a copy of the written offer to provide the Corresponding Source. This alternative is allowed only occasionally and noncommercially, and only if you received the object code with such an offer, in accord with subsection 6b.

</para>

</listitem>

<listitem>

<para>

Convey the object code by offering access from a designated place (gratis or for a charge), and offer equivalent access to the Corresponding Source in the same way through the same place at no further charge. You need not require recipients to copy the Corresponding Source along with the object code. If the place to copy the object code is a network server, the Corresponding Source may be on a different server (operated by you or a third party) that supports

equivalent copying facilities, provided you maintain clear directions next to the object code saying where to find the Corresponding Source. Regardless of what server hosts the Corresponding Source, you remain obligated to ensure that it is available for as long as needed to satisfy these requirements.

</para>

</listitem>

<listitem>

<para>

Convey the object code using peer-to-peer transmission, provided you inform other peers where the object code and Corresponding Source of the work are being offered to the general public at no charge under subsection 6d.

</para>

</listitem>

</orderedlist>

<para>

A separable portion of the object code, whose source code is excluded from the Corresponding Source as a System Library, need not be included in conveying the object code work.

</para>

<para>

A User Product is either (1) a consumer product, which means any tangible personal property which is normally used for personal, family, or household purposes, or (2) anything designed or sold for incorporation into a dwelling. In determining whether a product is a consumer product, doubtful cases shall be resolved in favor of coverage. For a particular product received by a particular user, normally used refers to a typical or common use of that class of product, regardless of the status of the particular user or of the way in which the particular user actually uses, or expects or is expected to use, the product. A product is a consumer product regardless of whether the product has substantial commercial, industrial or non-consumer uses, unless such uses represent the only significant mode of use of the product.

</para>

<para>

Installation Information for a User Product means any methods, procedures, authorization keys, or other information required to install and execute modified versions of a covered work in that User Product from a modified version of its Corresponding Source. The information must suffice to ensure that the continued functioning of the modified object code is in no case prevented or interfered with solely because modification has been made.

</para>

<para>

If you convey an object code work under this section in, or with, or specifically for use in, a User Product, and the conveying occurs as part of a transaction in which the right of possession and use of the User Product

is transferred to the recipient in perpetuity or for a fixed term (regardless of how the transaction is characterized), the Corresponding Source conveyed under this section must be accompanied by the Installation Information. But this requirement does not apply if neither you nor any third party retains the ability to install modified object code on the User Product (for example, the work has been installed in <acronym>ROM</acronym>).

</para>

<para>

The requirement to provide Installation Information does not include a requirement to continue to provide support service, warranty, or updates for a work that has been modified or installed by the recipient, or for the User Product in which it has been modified or installed. Access to a network may be denied when the modification itself materially and adversely affects the operation of the network or violates the rules and protocols for communication across the network.

</para>

<para>

Corresponding Source conveyed, and Installation Information provided, in accord with this section must be in a format that is publicly documented (and with an implementation available to the public in source code form), and must require no special password or key for unpacking, reading or copying.

</para>

<bridgehead xml:id="AdditionalTerms" renderas="sect1">

7. Additional Terms.

</bridgehead>

<para>

Additional permissions are terms that supplement the terms of this License by making exceptions from one or more of its conditions. Additional permissions that are applicable to the entire Program shall be treated as though they were included in this License, to the extent that they are valid under applicable law. If additional permissions apply only to part of the Program, that part may be used separately under those permissions, but the entire Program remains governed by this License without regard to the additional permissions.

</para>

<para>

When you convey a copy of a covered work, you may at your option remove any additional permissions from that copy, or from any part of it. (Additional permissions may be written to require their own removal in certain cases when you modify the work.) You may place additional permissions on material, added by you to a covered work, for which you have or can give appropriate copyright permission.

</para>

<para>

Notwithstanding any other provision of this License, for material you add to a covered work, you may (if authorized by the copyright holders of that

material) supplement the terms of this License with terms:

```
</para>
<orderedlist numeration="loweralpha" inheritnum="ignore" continuation="restarts">
  <listitem>
    <para>
      Disclaiming warranty or limiting liability differently from the terms
      of sections 15 and 16 of this License; or
    </para>
  </listitem>
  <listitem>
    <para>
      Requiring preservation of specified reasonable legal notices or author
      attributions in that material or in the Appropriate Legal Notices
      displayed by works containing it; or
    </para>
  </listitem>
  <listitem>
    <para>
      Prohibiting misrepresentation of the origin of that material, or
      requiring that modified versions of such material be marked in
      reasonable ways as different from the original version; or
    </para>
  </listitem>
  <listitem>
    <para>
      Limiting the use for publicity purposes of names of licensors or
      authors of the material; or
    </para>
  </listitem>
  <listitem>
    <para>
      Declining to grant rights under trademark law for use of some trade
      names, trademarks, or service marks; or
    </para>
  </listitem>
  <listitem>
    <para>
      Requiring indemnification of licensors and authors of that material by
      anyone who conveys the material (or modified versions of it) with
      contractual assumptions of liability to the recipient, for any
      liability that these contractual assumptions directly impose on those
      licensors and authors.
    </para>
  </listitem>
</orderedlist>
<para>
  All other non-permissive additional terms are considered further
  restrictions within the meaning of section 10. If the Program as
```

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</para>

<para>

If you add terms to a covered work in accord with this section, you must place, in the relevant source files, a statement of the additional terms that apply to those files, or a notice indicating where to find the applicable terms.

</para>

<para>

Additional terms, permissive or non-permissive, may be stated in the form of a separately written license, or stated as exceptions; the above requirements apply either way.

</para>

<bridgehead xml:id="gpl-3-termination" renderas="sect1">

8. Termination.

</bridgehead>

<para>

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</para>

<para>

However, if you cease all violation of this License, then your license from a particular copyright holder is reinstated (a) provisionally, unless and until the copyright holder explicitly and finally terminates your license, and (b) permanently, if the copyright holder fails to notify you of the violation by some reasonable means prior to 60 days after the cessation.

</para>

<para>

Moreover, your license from a particular copyright holder is reinstated permanently if the copyright holder notifies you of the violation by some reasonable means, this is the first time you have received notice of violation of this License (for any work) from that copyright holder, and you cure the violation prior to 30 days after your receipt of the notice.

</para>

<para>

Termination of your rights under this section does not terminate the licenses of parties who have received copies or rights from you under this License. If your rights have been terminated and not permanently reinstated, you do not qualify to receive new licenses for the same

material under section 10.

</para>

<bridgehead xml:id="AcceptanceNotRequired" renderas="sect1">

9. Acceptance Not Required for Having Copies.

</bridgehead>

<para>

You are not required to accept this License in order to receive or run a copy of the Program. Ancillary propagation of a covered work occurring solely as a consequence of using peer-to-peer transmission to receive a copy likewise does not require acceptance. However, nothing other than this License grants you permission to propagate or modify any covered work. These actions infringe copyright if you do not accept this License. Therefore, by modifying or propagating a covered work, you indicate your acceptance of this License to do so.

</para>

<bridgehead xml:id="AutomaticDownstream" renderas="sect1">

10. Automatic Licensing of Downstream Recipients.

</bridgehead>

<para>

Each time you convey a covered work, the recipient automatically receives a license from the original licensors, to run, modify and propagate that work, subject to this License. You are not responsible for enforcing compliance by third parties with this License.

</para>

<para>

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</para>

<para>

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</para>

<bridgehead xml:id="Patents" renderas="sect1">

11. Patents.

</bridgehead>

<para>

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</para>

<para>

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</para>

<para>

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</para>

<para>

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</para>

<para>

If you convey a covered work, knowingly relying on a patent license, and the Corresponding Source of the work is not available for anyone to copy, free of charge and under the terms of this License, through a publicly available network server or other readily accessible means, then you must either (1) cause the Corresponding Source to be so available, or (2) arrange to deprive yourself of the benefit of the patent license for this particular work, or (3) arrange, in a manner consistent with the requirements of this License, to extend the patent license to downstream recipients. Knowingly relying means you have actual knowledge that, but for the patent license, your conveying the covered work in a country, or your recipients use of the covered work in a country, would infringe one or more identifiable patents in that country that you have reason to believe are valid.

</para>

<para>

If, pursuant to or in connection with a single transaction or arrangement, you convey, or propagate by procuring conveyance of, a covered work, and grant a patent license to some of the parties receiving the covered work

authorizing them to use, propagate, modify or convey a specific copy of the covered work, then the patent license you grant is automatically extended to all recipients of the covered work and works based on it.

</para>

<para>

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</para>

<para>

Nothing in this License shall be construed as excluding or limiting any implied license or other defenses to infringement that may otherwise be available to you under applicable patent law.

</para>

<bridgehead xml:id="NoSurrender" renderas="sect1">

12. No Surrender of Others Freedom.

</bridgehead>

<para>

If conditions are imposed on you (whether by court order, agreement or otherwise) that contradict the conditions of this License, they do not excuse you from the conditions of this License. If you cannot convey a covered work so as to satisfy simultaneously your obligations under this License and any other pertinent obligations, then as a consequence you may not convey it at all. For example, if you agree to terms that obligate you to collect a royalty for further conveying from those to whom you convey the Program, the only way you could satisfy both those terms and this License would be to refrain entirely from conveying the Program.

</para>

<bridgehead xml:id="UsedWithAGPL" renderas="sect1">

13. Use with the <acronym>GNU</acronym> Affero General Public License.

</bridgehead>

<para>

Notwithstanding any other provision of this License, you have permission to link or combine any covered work with a work licensed under version 3 of the <acronym>GNU</acronym> Affero General Public License into a single combined work, and to convey the resulting work. The terms of this License will continue to apply to the part which is the covered work, but the special requirements of the <acronym>GNU</acronym> Affero General Public License,

section 13, concerning interaction through a network will apply to the combination as such.

</para>

<bridgehead xml:id="RevisedVersions" renderas="sect1">

14. Revised Versions of this License.

</bridgehead>

<para>

The Free Software Foundation may publish revised and/or new versions of the <acronym>GNU</acronym> General Public License from time to time. Such new versions will be similar in spirit to the present version, but may differ in detail to address new problems or concerns.

</para>

<para>

Each version is given a distinguishing version number. If the Program specifies that a certain numbered version of the <acronym>GNU</acronym> General Public License or any later version applies to it, you have the option of following the terms and conditions either of that numbered version or of any later version published by the Free Software Foundation. If the Program does not specify a version number of the <acronym>GNU</acronym> General Public License, you may choose any version ever published by the Free Software Foundation.

</para>

<para>

If the Program specifies that a proxy can decide which future versions of the <acronym>GNU</acronym> General Public License can be used, that proxy's public statement of acceptance of a version permanently authorizes you to choose that version for the Program.

</para>

<para>

Later license versions may give you additional or different permissions. However, no additional obligations are imposed on any author or copyright holder as a result of your choosing to follow a later version.

</para>

<bridgehead xml:id="WarrantyDisclaimer" renderas="sect1">

15. Disclaimer of Warranty.

</bridgehead>

<para>

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</para>

<bridgehead xml:id="LiabilityLimitation" renderas="sect1">

16. Limitation of Liability.

</bridgehead>

<para>

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</para>

<bridgehead xml:id="InterpretationSecs1516" renderas="sect1">

17. Interpretation of Sections 15 and 16.

</bridgehead>

<para>

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</para>

<bridgehead>

END OF TERMS AND CONDITIONS

</bridgehead>

<bridgehead xml:id="HowToApply" renderas="sect1">

How to Apply These Terms to Your New Programs

</bridgehead>

<para>

If you develop a new program, and you want it to be of the greatest possible use to the public, the best way to achieve this is to make it free software which everyone can redistribute and change under these terms.

</para>

<para>

To do so, attach the following notices to the program. It is safest to attach them to the start of each source file to most effectively state the exclusion of warranty; and each file should have at least the copyright line and a pointer to where the full notice is found.

</para>

<screen>

```
<replaceable>one line to give the programs name and a brief idea of what it does.</replaceable>
Copyright (C) <replaceable>year</replaceable> <replaceable>name of author</replaceable>
```

This program is free software: you can redistribute it and/or modify it under the terms of the <acronym>GNU</acronym> General Public License as published by the Free Software Foundation, either version 3 of the License, or

(at your option) any later version.

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</screen>

<para>

Also add information on how to contact you by electronic and paper mail.

</para>

<para>

If the program does terminal interaction, make it output a short notice like this when it starts in an interactive mode:

</para>

<screen>

<replaceable>program</replaceable> Copyright (C) <replaceable>year</replaceable> <replaceable>name of author</replaceable>

This program comes with ABSOLUTELY NO WARRANTY; for details type <literal>show w</literal>.

This is free software, and you are welcome to redistribute it under certain conditions; type <literal>show c</literal> for details.

</screen>

<para>

The hypothetical commands <literal>show w</literal> and <literal>show c</literal> should show the appropriate parts of the General Public License. Of course, your programs commands might be different; for a GUI interface, you would use an about box.

</para>

<para>

You should also get your employer (if you work as a programmer) or school, if any, to sign a copyright disclaimer for the program, if necessary. For more information on this, and how to apply and follow the <acronym>GNU</acronym> <acronym>GPL</acronym>, see <link xmlns:xlink="http://www.w3.org/1999/xlink" xlink:href="http://www.gnu.org/licenses/">http://www.gnu.org/licenses/</link>.

</para>

<para>

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</para>

</appendix>

GCC RUNTIME LIBRARY EXCEPTION

Version 3.1, 31 March 2009

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This GCC Runtime Library Exception ("Exception") is an additional permission under section 7 of the GNU General Public License, version 3 ("GPLv3"). It applies to a given file (the "Runtime Library") that bears a notice placed by the copyright holder of the file stating that the file is governed by GPLv3 along with this Exception.

When you use GCC to compile a program, GCC may combine portions of certain GCC header files and runtime libraries with the compiled program. The purpose of this Exception is to allow compilation of non-GPL (including proprietary) programs to use, in this way, the header files and runtime libraries covered by this Exception.

0. Definitions.

A file is an "Independent Module" if it either requires the Runtime Library for execution after a Compilation Process, or makes use of an interface provided by the Runtime Library, but is not otherwise based on the Runtime Library.

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"Target Code" refers to output from any compiler for a real or virtual target processor architecture, in executable form or suitable for input to an assembler, loader, linker and/or execution phase. Notwithstanding that, Target Code does not include data in any format that is used as a compiler intermediate representation, or used for producing a compiler intermediate representation.

The "Compilation Process" transforms code entirely represented in non-intermediate languages designed for human-written code, and/or in

Java Virtual Machine byte code, into Target Code. Thus, for example, use of source code generators and preprocessors need not be considered part of the Compilation Process, since the Compilation Process can be understood as starting with the output of the generators or preprocessors.

A Compilation Process is "Eligible" if it is done using GCC, alone or with other GPL-compatible software, or if it is done without using any work based on GCC. For example, using non-GPL-compatible Software to optimize any GCC intermediate representations would not qualify as an Eligible Compilation Process.

1. Grant of Additional Permission.

You have permission to propagate a work of Target Code formed by combining the Runtime Library with Independent Modules, even if such propagation would otherwise violate the terms of GPLv3, provided that all Target Code was generated by Eligible Compilation Processes. You may then convey such a combination under terms of your choice, consistent with the licensing of the Independent Modules.

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Version 2.1, February 1999

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For example, on rare occasions, there may be a special need to encourage the widest possible use of a certain library, so that it becomes a de-facto standard. To achieve this, non-free programs must be allowed to use the library. A more frequent case is that a free library does the same job as widely used non-free libraries. In this case, there is little to gain by limiting the free library to free software only, so we use the Lesser General Public License.

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d) If a facility in the modified Library refers to a function or a table of data to be supplied by an application program that uses the facility, other than as an argument passed when the facility is invoked, then you must make a good faith effort to ensure that, in the event an application does not supply such function or table, the facility still operates, and performs whatever part of its purpose remains meaningful.

(For example, a function in a library to compute square roots has a purpose that is entirely well-defined independent of the application. Therefore, Subsection 2d requires that any application-supplied function or table used by this function must be optional: if the application does not supply it, the square root function must still compute square roots.)

These requirements apply to the modified work as a whole. If identifiable sections of that work are not derived from the Library, and can be reasonably considered independent and separate works in themselves, then this License, and its terms, do not apply to those sections when you distribute them as separate works. But when you distribute the same sections as part of a whole which is a work based on the Library, the distribution of the whole must be on the terms of this License, whose permissions for other licensees extend to the entire whole, and thus to each and every part regardless of who wrote it.

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If distribution of object code is made by offering access to copy from a designated place, then offering equivalent access to copy the source code from the same place satisfies the requirement to distribute the source code, even though third parties are not compelled to copy the source along with the object code.

5. A program that contains no derivative of any portion of the Library, but is designed to work with the Library by being compiled or linked with it, is called a "work that uses the Library". Such a work, in isolation, is not a derivative work of the Library, and therefore falls outside the scope of this License.

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If such an object file uses only numerical parameters, data structure layouts and accessors, and small macros and small inline functions (ten lines or less in length), then the use of the object file is unrestricted, regardless of whether it is legally a derivative work. (Executables containing this object code plus portions of the Library will still fall under Section 6.)

Otherwise, if the work is a derivative of the Library, you may distribute the object code for the work under the terms of Section 6. Any executables containing that work also fall under Section 6,

whether or not they are linked directly with the Library itself.

6. As an exception to the Sections above, you may also combine or link a "work that uses the Library" with the Library to produce a work containing portions of the Library, and distribute that work under terms of your choice, provided that the terms permit modification of the work for the customer's own use and reverse engineering for debugging such modifications.

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c) Accompany the work with a written offer, valid for at least three years, to give the same user the materials specified in Subsection 6a, above, for a charge no more than the cost of performing this distribution.

d) If distribution of the work is made by offering access to copy from a designated place, offer equivalent access to copy the above specified materials from the same place.

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(For example, a function in a library to compute square roots has a purpose that is entirely well-defined independent of the application. Therefore, Subsection 2d requires that any application-supplied function or table used by this function must be optional: if the application does not supply it, the square root function must still compute square roots.)

These requirements apply to the modified work as a whole. If identifiable sections of that work are not derived from the Library, and can be reasonably considered independent and separate works in themselves, then this License, and its terms, do not apply to those sections when you distribute them as separate works. But when you

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4. You may copy and distribute the Library (or a portion or derivative of it, under Section 2) in object code or executable form under the terms of Sections 1 and 2 above provided that you accompany it with the complete corresponding machine-readable source code, which must be distributed under the terms of Sections 1 and 2 above on a medium customarily used for software interchange.

If distribution of object code is made by offering access to copy from a designated place, then offering equivalent access to copy the source code from the same place satisfies the requirement to distribute the source code, even though third parties are not compelled to copy the source along with the object code.

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When a "work that uses the Library" uses material from a header file that is part of the Library, the object code for the work may be a derivative work of the Library even though the source code is not. Whether this is true is especially significant if the work can be linked without the Library, or if the work is itself a library. The threshold for this to be true is not precisely defined by law.

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Otherwise, if the work is a derivative of the Library, you may distribute the object code for the work under the terms of Section 6. Any executables containing that work also fall under Section 6, whether or not they are linked directly with the Library itself.

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- a) Accompany the work with the complete corresponding machine-readable source code for the Library including whatever changes were used in the work (which must be distributed under Sections 1 and 2 above); and, if the work is an executable linked with the Library, with the complete machine-readable "work that

uses the Library", as object code and/or source code, so that the user can modify the Library and then relink to produce a modified executable containing the modified Library. (It is understood that the user who changes the contents of definitions files in the Library will not necessarily be able to recompile the application to use the modified definitions.)

b) Use a suitable shared library mechanism for linking with the Library. A suitable mechanism is one that (1) uses at run time a copy of the library already present on the user's computer system, rather than copying library functions into the executable, and (2) will operate properly with a modified version of the library, if the user installs one, as long as the modified version is interface-compatible with the version that the work was made with.

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d) If distribution of the work is made by offering access to copy from a designated place, offer equivalent access to copy the above specified materials from the same place.

e) Verify that the user has already received a copy of these materials or that you have already sent this user a copy.

For an executable, the required form of the "work that uses the Library" must include any data and utility programs needed for reproducing the executable from it. However, as a special exception, the materials to be distributed need not include anything that is normally distributed (in either source or binary form) with the major components (compiler, kernel, and so on) of the operating system on which the executable runs, unless that component itself accompanies the executable.

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@appendixsubsec Preamble

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In other cases, permission to use a particular library in non-free programs enables a greater number of people to use a large body of free software. For example, permission to use the GNU C Library in non-free programs enables many more people to use the whole GNU operating system, as well as its variant, the GNU/Linux operating system.

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`@iftex`

`@appendixsubsec TERMS AND CONDITIONS FOR COPYING, DISTRIBUTION AND MODIFICATION`

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This option is useful when you wish to copy part of the code of the Library into a program that is not a library.

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@smallexample

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@var{signature of Ty Coon}, 1 April 1990

Ty Coon, President of Vice
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Version 2.1, February 1999

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```
Gnomovision version 69, Copyright (C) year name of author
Gnomovision comes with ABSOLUTELY NO WARRANTY; for details type `show w'.
This is free software, and you are welcome to redistribute it
under certain conditions; type `show c' for details.
```

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```
Yoyodyne, Inc., hereby disclaims all copyright interest in the program
`Gnomovision' (which makes passes at compilers) written by James Hacker.
```

```
<signature of Ty Coon>, 1 April 1989
Ty Coon, President of Vice
```

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```
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#
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#
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# the Free Software Foundation; either version 3, or (at your option)
# any later version.
```

```
# This script adjusts the copyright notices at the top of source files
```

```

# so that they have the form:
#
# Copyright XXXX-YYYY Free Software Foundation, Inc.
#
# It doesn't change code that is known to be maintained elsewhere or
# that carries a non-FSF copyright.
#
# The script also doesn't change testsuite files, except those in
# libstdc++-v3. This is because libstdc++-v3 has a conformance testsuite,
# while most tests in other directories are just things that failed at some
# point in the past.
#
# Pass --this-year to the script if you want it to add the current year
# to all applicable notices. Pass --quilt if you are using quilt and
# want files to be added to the quilt before being changed.
#
# By default the script will update all directories for which the
# output has been vetted. You can instead pass the names of individual
# directories, including those that haven't been approved. So:
#
# update-copyright.pl --this-year
#
# is the command that would be used at the beginning of a year to update
# all copyright notices (and possibly at other times to check whether
# new files have been added with old years). On the other hand:
#
# update-copyright.pl --this-year libjava
#
# would run the script on just libjava/.
#
# Note that things like --version output strings must be updated before
# this script is run. There's already a separate procedure for that.

```

```

import os
import re
import sys
import time
import subprocess

```

```

class Errors:
    def __init__(self):
        self.num_errors = 0

    def report(self, filename, string):
        if filename:
            string = filename + ': ' + string
            sys.stderr.write(string + '\n')
            self.num_errors += 1

```

```

def ok (self):
    return self.num_errors == 0

class GenericFilter:
    def __init__ (self):
        self.skip_files = set()
        self.skip_dirs = set()
        self.skip_extensions = set()
        self.fossilised_files = set()
        self.own_files = set()

        self.skip_files |= set ([
            # Skip licence files.
            'COPYING',
            'COPYING.LIB',
            'COPYING3',
            'COPYING3.LIB',
            'LICENSE',
            'fdl.texi',
            'gpl_v3.texi',
            'fdl-1.3.xml',
            'gpl-3.0.xml',

            # Skip auto- and libtool-related files
            'aclocal.m4',
            'compile',
            'config.guess',
            'config.sub',
            'depcomp',
            'install-sh',
            'libtool.m4',
            'ltmain.sh',
            'ltoptions.m4',
            'ltsugar.m4',
            'ltversion.m4',
            'lt~obsolete.m4',
            'missing',
            'mkdep',
            'mkinstalldirs',
            'move-if-change',
            'shlibpath.m4',
            'symlink-tree',
            'ylwrap',

            # Skip FSF mission statement, etc.
            'gnu.texi',
            'funding.texi',

```

```

        'appendix_free.xml',

        # Skip imported texinfo files.
        'texinfo.tex',
    ])

def get_line_filter (self, dir, filename):
    if filename.startswith ('ChangeLog'):
        # Ignore references to copyright in changelog entries.
        return re.compile ('\t')

    return None

def skip_file (self, dir, filename):
    if filename in self.skip_files:
        return True

    (base, extension) = os.path.splitext (os.path.join (dir, filename))
    if extension in self.skip_extensions:
        return True

    if extension == '.in':
        # Skip .in files produced by automake.
        if os.path.exists (base + '.am'):
            return True

        # Skip files produced by autogen
        if (os.path.exists (base + '.def')
            and os.path.exists (base + '.tpl')):
            return True

    # Skip configure files produced by autoconf
    if filename == 'configure':
        if os.path.exists (base + '.ac'):
            return True
        if os.path.exists (base + '.in'):
            return True

    return False

def skip_dir (self, dir, subdir):
    return subdir in self.skip_dirs

def is_fossilised_file (self, dir, filename):
    if filename in self.fossilised_files:
        return True
    # Only touch current current ChangeLogs.

```

```

if filename != 'ChangeLog' and filename.find ('ChangeLog') >= 0:
    return True
return False

def by_package_author (self, dir, filename):
    return filename in self.own_files

class Copyright:
    def __init__ (self, errors):
        self.errors = errors

        # Characters in a range of years. Include '.' for typos.
        ranges = '[0-9](?:[-0-9.,\s])\s+and\s+[0-9]'

        # Non-whitespace characters in a copyright holder's name.
        name = '[\w.,-]'

        # Matches one year.
        self.year_re = re.compile ('[0-9]+')

        # Matches part of a year or copyright holder.
        self.continuation_re = re.compile (ranges + '|' + name)

        # Matches a full copyright notice:
        self.copyright_re = re.compile (
            # 1: 'Copyright (C)', etc.
            '([Cc]opyright'
            '|[Cc]opyright\s+\([Cc]\)'
            '|[Cc]opyright\s+%s'
            '|[Cc]opyright\s+&copy;'
            '|[Cc]opyright\s+@copyright{ }'
            '|@set\s+copyright[\w-]+)'

            # 2: the years. Include the whitespace in the year, so that
            # we can remove any excess.
            '\s*(?:' + ranges + ',?'
            '@value\{[^\{]*\})\s*')

            # 3: 'by ', if used
            '(by\s+)?'

            # 4: the copyright holder. Don't allow multiple consecutive
            # spaces, so that right-margin gloss doesn't get caught
            # (e.g. gnat_ugn.texi).
            '(' + name + '(?:\s?' + name + ')*?')

        # A regexp for notices that might have slipped by. Just matching
        # 'copyright' is too noisy, and 'copyright.*[0-9]' falls foul of

```

```

# HTML header markers, so check for 'copyright' and two digits.
self.other_copyright_re = re.compile ('copyright.*[0-9][0-9]',
                                       re.IGNORECASE)
self.comment_re = re.compile('#+|[*]+;+|%+//+|@c |dnl ')
self.holders = { '@copying': '@copying' }
self.holder_prefixes = set()

# True to 'quilt add' files before changing them.
self.use_quilt = False

# If set, force all notices to include this year.
self.max_year = None

# Goes after the year(s). Could be ', '.
self.separator = ''

def add_package_author (self, holder, canon_form = None):
    if not canon_form:
        canon_form = holder
    self.holders[holder] = canon_form
    index = holder.find (' ')
    while index >= 0:
        self.holder_prefixes.add (holder[:index])
        index = holder.find (' ', index + 1)

def add_external_author (self, holder):
    self.holders[holder] = None

class BadYear():
    def __init__ (self, year):
        self.year = year

    def __str__ (self):
        return 'unrecognised year: ' + self.year

def parse_year (self, string):
    year = int (string)
    if len (string) == 2:
        if year > 70:
            return year + 1900
    elif len (string) == 4:
        return year
    raise self.BadYear (string)

def year_range (self, years):
    year_list = [self.parse_year (year)
                 for year in self.year_re.findall (years)]
    assert len (year_list) > 0

```

```

return (min (year_list), max (year_list))

def set_use_quilt (self, use_quilt):
    self.use_quilt = use_quilt

def include_year (self, year):
    assert not self.max_year
    self.max_year = year

def canonicalise_years (self, dir, filename, filter, years):
    # Leave texinfo variables alone.
    if years.startswith('@value'):
        return years

    (min_year, max_year) = self.year_range (years)

    # Update the upper bound, if enabled.
    if self.max_year and not filter.is_fossilised_file (dir, filename):
        max_year = max (max_year, self.max_year)

    # Use a range.
    if min_year == max_year:
        return '%d' % min_year
    else:
        return '%d-%d' % (min_year, max_year)

def strip_continuation (self, line):
    line = line.lstrip()
    match = self.comment_re.match (line)
    if match:
        line = line[match.end():].lstrip()
    return line

def is_complete (self, match):
    holder = match.group (4)
    return (holder
            and (holder not in self.holder_prefixes
                or holder in self.holders))

def update_copyright (self, dir, filename, filter, file, line, match):
    orig_line = line
    next_line = None
    pathname = os.path.join (dir, filename)

    intro = match.group (1)
    if intro.startswith('@set'):
        # Texinfo year variables should always be on one line
        after_years = line[match.end (2):].strip()

```

```

if after_years != "":
    self.errors.report (pathname,
                        'trailing characters in @set: '
                        + after_years)
    return (False, orig_line, next_line)
else:
    # If it looks like the copyright is incomplete, add the next line.
    while not self.is_complete (match):
        try:
            next_line = file.next()
        except StopIteration:
            break

        # If the next line doesn't look like a proper continuation,
        # assume that what we've got is complete.
        continuation = self.strip_continuation (next_line)
        if not self.continuation_re.match (continuation):
            break

        # Merge the lines for matching purposes.
        orig_line += next_line
        line = line.rstrip() + ' ' + continuation
        next_line = None

        # Rematch with the longer line, at the original position.
        match = self.copyright_re.match (line, match.start())
        assert match

    holder = match.group (4)

    # Use the filter to test cases where markup is getting in the way.
    if filter.by_package_author (dir, filename):
        assert holder not in self.holders

    elif not holder:
        self.errors.report (pathname, 'missing copyright holder')
        return (False, orig_line, next_line)

    elif holder not in self.holders:
        self.errors.report (pathname,
                            'unrecognised copyright holder: ' + holder)
        return (False, orig_line, next_line)

    else:
        # See whether the copyright is associated with the package
        # author.
        canon_form = self.holders[holder]
        if not canon_form:

```

```

        return (False, orig_line, next_line)

    # Make sure the author is given in a consistent way.
    line = (line[:match.start (4)]
           + canon_form
           + line[match.end (4):])

    # Remove any 'by'
    line = line[:match.start (3)] + line[match.end (3):]

# Update the copyright years.
years = match.group (2).strip()
try:
    canon_form = self.canonicalise_years (dir, filename, filter, years)
except self.BadYear as e:
    self.errors.report (pathname, str (e))
    return (False, orig_line, next_line)

line = (line[:match.start (2)]
       + ' ' + canon_form + self.separator
       + line[match.end (2):])

# Use the standard (C) form.
if intro.endswith ('right'):
    intro += ' (C)'
elif intro.endswith (('c')):
    intro = intro[:-3] + '(C)'
line = line[:match.start (1)] + intro + line[match.end (1):]

# Strip trailing whitespace
line = line.rstrip() + '\n'

return (line != orig_line, line, next_line)

def process_file (self, dir, filename, filter):
    pathname = os.path.join (dir, filename)
    if filename.endswith ('.tmp'):
        # Looks like something we tried to create before.
        try:
            os.remove (pathname)
        except OSError:
            pass
        return

    lines = []
    changed = False
    line_filter = filter.get_line_filter (dir, filename)
    with open (pathname, 'r') as file:

```

```

prev = None
for line in file:
    while line:
        next_line = None
        # Leave filtered-out lines alone.
        if not (line_filter and line_filter.match (line)):
            match = self.copyright_re.search (line)
            if match:
                res = self.update_copyright (dir, filename, filter,
                                             file, line, match)
                (this_changed, line, next_line) = res
                changed = changed or this_changed

            # Check for copyright lines that might have slipped by.
            elif self.other_copyright_re.search (line):
                self.errors.report (pathname,
                                   'unrecognised copyright: %s'
                                   % line.strip())
            lines.append (line)
            line = next_line

# If something changed, write the new file out.
if changed and self.errors.ok():
    tmp_pathname = pathname + '.tmp'
    with open (tmp_pathname, 'w') as file:
        for line in lines:
            file.write (line)
    if self.use_quilt:
        subprocess.call (['quilt', 'add', pathname])
    os.rename (tmp_pathname, pathname)

def process_tree (self, tree, filter):
    for (dir, subdirs, filenames) in os.walk (tree):
        # Don't recurse through directories that should be skipped.
        for i in xrange (len (subdirs) - 1, -1, -1):
            if filter.skip_dir (dir, subdirs[i]):
                del subdirs[i]

        # Handle the files in this directory.
        for filename in filenames:
            if filter.skip_file (dir, filename):
                sys.stdout.write ('Skipping %s\n'
                                  % os.path.join (dir, filename))
            else:
                self.process_file (dir, filename, filter)

class CmdLine:
    def __init__ (self, copyright = Copyright):

```

```

self.errors = Errors()
self.copyright = copyright (self.errors)
self.dirs = []
self.default_dirs = []
self.chosen_dirs = []
self.option_handlers = dict()
self.option_help = []

self.add_option ('--help', 'Print this help', self.o_help)
self.add_option ('--quilt', '"quilt add" files before changing them',
                self.o_quilt)
self.add_option ('--this-year', 'Add the current year to every notice',
                self.o_this_year)

def add_option (self, name, help, handler):
    self.option_help.append ((name, help))
    self.option_handlers[name] = handler

def add_dir (self, dir, filter = GenericFilter()):
    self.dirs.append ((dir, filter))

def o_help (self, option = None):
    sys.stdout.write ('Usage: %s [options] dir1 dir2...\n\n'
                    'Options:\n' % sys.argv[0])
    format = '%-15s %s\n'
    for (what, help) in self.option_help:
        sys.stdout.write (format % (what, help))
    sys.stdout.write ('\nDirectories:\n')

    format = '%-25s'
    i = 0
    for (dir, filter) in self.dirs:
        i += 1
        if i % 3 == 0 or i == len (self.dirs):
            sys.stdout.write (dir + '\n')
        else:
            sys.stdout.write (format % dir)
    sys.exit (0)

def o_quilt (self, option):
    self.copyright.set_use_quilt (True)

def o_this_year (self, option):
    self.copyright.include_year (time.localtime().tm_year)

def main (self):
    for arg in sys.argv[1:]:
        if arg[1] != '-':

```

```

        self.chosen_dirs.append (arg)
    elif arg in self.option_handlers:
        self.option_handlers[arg] (arg)
    else:
        self.errors.report (None, 'unrecognised option: ' + arg)
if self.errors.ok():
    if len (self.chosen_dirs) == 0:
        self.chosen_dirs = self.default_dirs
    if len (self.chosen_dirs) == 0:
        self.o_help()
    else:
        for chosen_dir in self.chosen_dirs:
            canon_dir = os.path.join (chosen_dir, "")
            count = 0
            for (dir, filter) in self.dirs:
                if (dir + os.sep).startswith (canon_dir):
                    count += 1
                    self.copyright.process_tree (dir, filter)
            if count == 0:
                self.errors.report (None, 'unrecognised directory: '
                                    + chosen_dir)
sys.exit (0 if self.errors.ok() else 1)

```

#-----

```

class TopLevelFilter (GenericFilter):
    def skip_dir (self, dir, subdir):
        return True

class ConfigFilter (GenericFilter):
    def __init__ (self):
        GenericFilter.__init__ (self)

    def skip_file (self, dir, filename):
        if filename.endswith ('.m4'):
            pathname = os.path.join (dir, filename)
            with open (pathname) as file:
                # Skip files imported from gettext.
                if file.readline().find ('gettext-') >= 0:
                    return True
        return GenericFilter.skip_file (self, dir, filename)

```

```

class GCCFilter (GenericFilter):
    def __init__ (self):
        GenericFilter.__init__ (self)

    self.skip_files |= set ([
        # Not part of GCC

```

```

    'math-68881.h',
    ])

self.skip_dirs |= set ([
    # Better not create a merge nightmare for the GNAT folks.
    'ada',

    # Handled separately.
    'testsuite',
    ])

self.skip_extensions |= set ([
    # Maintained by the translation project.
    '.po',

    # Automatically-generated.
    '.pot',
    ])

self.fossilised_files |= set ([
    # Old news won't be updated.
    'ONEWS',
    ])

class TestsuiteFilter (GenericFilter):
    def __init__ (self):
        GenericFilter.__init__ (self)

        self.skip_extensions |= set ([
            # Don't change the tests, which could be woened by anyone.
            '.c',
            '.C',
            '.cc',
            '.h',
            '.hs',
            '.f',
            '.f90',
            '.go',
            '.inc',
            '.java',
            ])

    def skip_file (self, dir, filename):
        # g++.niklas/README contains historical copyright information
        # and isn't updated.
        if filename == 'README' and os.path.basename (dir) == 'g++.niklas':
            return True
        return GenericFilter.skip_file (self, dir, filename)

```

```

class LibCppFilter (GenericFilter):
    def __init__ (self):
        GenericFilter.__init__ (self)

        self.skip_extensions |= set ([
            # Maintained by the translation project.
            '.po',

            # Automatically-generated.
            '.pot',
        ])

class LibGCCFilter (GenericFilter):
    def __init__ (self):
        GenericFilter.__init__ (self)

        self.skip_dirs |= set ([
            # Imported from GLIBC.
            'soft-fp',
        ])

class LibJavaFilter (GenericFilter):
    def __init__ (self):
        GenericFilter.__init__ (self)

        self.skip_dirs |= set ([
            # Handled separately.
            'testsuite',

            # Not really part of the library
            'contrib',

            # Imported from upstream
            'classpath',
            'libltdl',
        ])

    def get_line_filter (self, dir, filename):
        if filename == 'NameDecoder.h':
            return re.compile ('.*NAME_COPYRIGHT')
        if filename == 'ICC_Profile.h':
            return re.compile ('.*icSigCopyrightTag')
        return GenericFilter.get_line_filter (self, dir, filename)

class LibMudflapFilter (GenericFilter):
    def __init__ (self):
        GenericFilter.__init__ (self)

```

```

self.skip_dirs |= set ([
    # Handled separately.
    'testsuite',
])

class LibStdCxxFilter (GenericFilter):
def __init__ (self):
    GenericFilter.__init__ (self)

self.skip_files |= set ([
    # Contains no copyright of its own, but quotes the GPL.
    'intro.xml',
])

self.skip_dirs |= set ([
    # Contains automatically-generated sources.
    'html',

    # The testsuite data files shouldn't be changed.
    'data',

    # Contains imported images
    'images',
])

self.own_files |= set ([
    # Contains markup around the copyright owner.
    'spine.xml',
])

def get_line_filter (self, dir, filename):
    if filename == 'boost_concept_check.h':
        return re.compile ('// \\\(C\\\) Copyright Jeremy Siek')
    return GenericFilter.get_line_filter (self, dir, filename)

class GCCCopyright (Copyright):
def __init__ (self, errors):
    Copyright.__init__ (self, errors)

    canon_fsf = 'Free Software Foundation, Inc.'
    self.add_package_author ('Free Software Foundation', canon_fsf)
    self.add_package_author ('Free Software Foundation.', canon_fsf)
    self.add_package_author ('Free Software Foundation Inc.', canon_fsf)
    self.add_package_author ('Free Software Foundation, Inc', canon_fsf)
    self.add_package_author ('Free Software Foundation, Inc.', canon_fsf)
    self.add_package_author ('The Free Software Foundation', canon_fsf)
    self.add_package_author ('The Free Software Foundation, Inc.', canon_fsf)

```

```

self.add_package_author ('Software Foundation, Inc.', canon_fsf)

self.add_external_author ('ARM')
self.add_external_author ('AdaCore')
self.add_external_author ('Ami Tavory and Vladimir Dreizin, IBM-HRL.')
self.add_external_author ('Cavium Networks.')
self.add_external_author ('Faraday Technology Corp.')
self.add_external_author ('Florida State University')
self.add_external_author ('Greg Colvin and Beman Dawes.')
self.add_external_author ('Hewlett-Packard Company')
self.add_external_author ('Information Technology Industry Council.')
self.add_external_author ('James Theiler, Brian Gough')
self.add_external_author ('Makoto Matsumoto and Takuji Nishimura,')
self.add_external_author ('National Research Council of Canada.')
self.add_external_author ('Peter Dimov and Multi Media Ltd.')
self.add_external_author ('Peter Dimov')
self.add_external_author ('Pipeline Associates, Inc.')
self.add_external_author ('Regents of the University of California.')
self.add_external_author ('Silicon Graphics Computer Systems, Inc.')
self.add_external_author ('Silicon Graphics')
self.add_external_author ('Stephen L. Moshier')
self.add_external_author ('Sun Microsystems, Inc. All rights reserved.')
self.add_external_author ('The Go Authors. All rights reserved.')
self.add_external_author ('The Go Authors. All rights reserved.')
self.add_external_author ('The Go Authors.')
self.add_external_author ('The Regents of the University of California.')
self.add_external_author ('Unicode, Inc.')
self.add_external_author ('University of Toronto.')

```

```
class GCCCmdLine (CmdLine):
```

```

    def __init__ (self):
        CmdLine.__init__ (self, GCCCopyright)

        self.add_dir ('.', TopLevelFilter())
        # Boehm-gc is imported from upstream.
        self.add_dir ('config', ConfigFilter())
        # contrib isn't really part of GCC.
        self.add_dir ('fixincludes')
        self.add_dir ('gcc', GCCFilter())
        self.add_dir (os.path.join ('gcc', 'testsuite'), TestsuiteFilter())
        self.add_dir ('gnattools')
        self.add_dir ('include')
        self.add_dir ('libada')
        self.add_dir ('libatomic')
        self.add_dir ('libbacktrace')
        self.add_dir ('libcpp', LibCppFilter())
        self.add_dir ('libdecnumber')
        # libffi is imported from upstream.

```

```

self.add_dir ('libgcc', LibGCCFilter())
self.add_dir ('libgfortran')
self.add_dir ('libgomp')
self.add_dir ('libiberty')
self.add_dir ('libitm')
self.add_dir ('libjava', LibJavaFilter())
self.add_dir (os.path.join ('libjava', 'testsuite'), TestsuiteFilter())
self.add_dir ('libmudflap', LibMudflapFilter())
self.add_dir (os.path.join ('libmudflap', 'testsuite'),
               TestsuiteFilter())
self.add_dir ('libobjc')
self.add_dir ('libquadmath')
# libsanitiser is imported from upstream.
self.add_dir ('libssp')
self.add_dir ('libstdc++-v3', LibStdCxxFilter())
self.add_dir ('lto-plugin')
# zlib is imported from upstream.

self.default_dirs = [
    'gcc',
    'libada',
    'libatomic',
    'libbacktrace',
    'libcpp',
    'libdecnumber',
    'libgcc',
    'libgfortran',
    'libgomp',
    'libitm',
    'libmudflap',
    'libobjc',
    'libstdc++-v3',
]

```

GCCCmdLine().main()

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```
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```
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```

```
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```

```
<signature of Ty Coon>, 1 April 1989  
Ty Coon, President of Vice
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```
package gnu.classpath.tools.taglets;
```

```
import java.util.Map;
```

```
import com.sun.tools.doclets.Taglet;
```

```
import com.sun.javadoc.Tag;
```

```

/**
 * A simple Taglet which handles Copyright information.
 */
public class CopyrightTaglet implements Taglet {

    private static final String NAME = "copyright";
    private static final String HEADER = "Copyright:";

    public String getName() {
        return NAME;
    }

    public boolean inField() {
        return true;
    }

    public boolean inConstructor() {
        return true;
    }

    public boolean inMethod() {
        return true;
    }

    public boolean inOverview() {
        return true;
    }

    public boolean inPackage() {
        return true;
    }

    public boolean inType() {
        return true;
    }

    public boolean isInlineTag() {
        return false;
    }

    public static void register(Map tagletMap) {
        CopyrightTaglet copyrightTaglet = new CopyrightTaglet();
        tagletMap.put(copyrightTaglet.getName(), copyrightTaglet);
    }

    public String toString(Tag tag) {
        return toString(new Tag[] { tag });
    }

```

```

}

public String toString(Tag[] tags) {
    if (tags.length == 0) {
        return null;
    }
    else {
        boolean haveValidTag = false;
        for (int i = 0; i < tags.length && !haveValidTag; ++i) {
            if (tags[i].text().length() > 0) {
                haveValidTag = true;
            }
        }

        if (haveValidTag) {
            StringBuffer result = new StringBuffer();
            result.append("<dl>");
            for (int i = 0; i < tags.length; i++) {
                if (tags[i].text().length() > 0) {
                    result.append("<dt><i>Copyright &#169; " + tags[i].text() + "</i></dt>");
                }
            }
            result.append("</dl>");
            return result.toString();
        }
        else {
            return null;
        }
    }
}

/* Permission.java -- The superclass for all permission objects
   Copyright (C) 1998, 2001, 2002, 2005 Free Software Foundation, Inc.

```

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```
package java.security;
```

```
import gnu.java.lang.CPStringBuilder;
```

```
import java.io.Serializable;
```

```
/**
```

```
* This class is the abstract superclass of all classes that implement  
* the concept of a permission. A permission consists of a permission name  
* and optionally a list of actions that relate to the permission. The  
* actual meaning of the name of the permission is defined only in the  
* context of a subclass. It may name a resource to which access permissions  
* are granted (for example, the name of a file) or it might represent  
* something else entirely. Similarly, the action list only has meaning  
* within the context of a subclass. Some permission names may have no  
* actions associated with them. That is, you either have the permission  
* or you don't.
```

```
*
```

```
* <p>The most important method in this class is <code>implies</code>. This  
* checks whether if one has this permission, then the specified  
* permission is also implied. As a conceptual example, consider the  
* permissions "Read All Files" and "Read File foo". The permission  
* "Read All Files" implies that the caller has permission to read the  
* file foo.
```

```
*
```

```
* <p><code>Permission</code>'s must be immutable - do not change their  
* state after creation.
```

```
*
```

```

* @author Aaron M. Renn (arenn@urbanophile.com)
* @see Permissions
* @see PermissionCollection
* @since 1.1
* @status updated to 1.4
*/
public abstract class Permission implements Guard, Serializable
{
/**
 * Compatible with JDK 1.1+.
 */
private static final long serialVersionUID = -563657022231596674L;

/**
 * This is the name assigned to this permission object.
 *
 * @serial the name of the permission
 */
private String name;

/**
 * Create an instance with the specified name.
 *
 * @param name the permission name
 */
public Permission(String name)
{
    this.name = name;
}

/**
 * This method implements the Guard interface for this class.
 * It calls the checkPermission method in
 * SecurityManager with this Permission as its
 * argument. This method returns silently if the security check succeeds
 * or throws an exception if it fails.
 *
 * @param obj the Object being guarded - ignored by this class
 * @throws SecurityException if the security check fails
 * @see GuardedObject
 * @see SecurityManager#checkPermission(Permission)
 */
public void checkGuard(Object obj)
{
    SecurityManager sm = System.getSecurityManager();
    if (sm != null)
        sm.checkPermission(this);
}

```

```

/**
 * This method tests whether this <code>Permission</code> implies that the
 * specified <code>Permission</code> is also granted.
 *
 * @param perm the <code>Permission</code> to test against
 * @return true if perm is implied by this
 */
public abstract boolean implies(Permission perm);

/**
 * Check to see if this object equals obj. Use <code>implies</code>, rather
 * than <code>equals</code>, when making access control decisions.
 *
 * @param obj the object to compare to
 */
public abstract boolean equals(Object obj);

/**
 * This method returns a hash code for this <code>Permission</code>. It
 * must satisfy the contract of <code>Object.hashCode</code>: it must be
 * the same for all objects that equals considers to be the same.
 *
 * @return a hash value
 */
public abstract int hashCode();

/**
 * Get the name of this <code>Permission</code>.
 *
 * @return the name
 */
public final String getName()
{
    return name;
}

/**
 * This method returns the list of actions for this <code>Permission</code>
 * as a <code>String</code>. The string should be in canonical order, for
 * example, both <code>new FilePermission(f, "write,read")</code> and
 * <code>new FilePermission(f, "read,write")</code> have the action list
 * "read,write".
 *
 * @return the action list for this <code>Permission</code>
 */
public abstract String getActions();

```

```

/**
 * This method returns an empty <code>PermissionCollection</code> object
 * that can store permissions of this type, or <code>null</code> if no
 * such collection is defined. Subclasses must override this to provide
 * an appropriate collection when one is needed to accurately calculate
 * <code>implies</code>.
 *
 * @return a new <code>PermissionCollection</code>
 */
public PermissionCollection newPermissionCollection()
{
    return null;
}

/**
 * This method returns a <code>String</code> representation of this
 * <code>Permission</code> object. This is in the format:
 * <code>'(' + getClass().getName() + ' ' + getName() + ' ' + getActions
 * + ')</code>.
 *
 * @return this object as a <code>String</code>
 */
public String toString()
{
    CPStringBuilder string = new CPStringBuilder();

    string = string.append('(');
    string = string.append(getClass().getName());
    string = string.append(' ');
    string = string.append(getName());

    if (!(getActions().equals("")))
    {
        string = string.append(' ');
        string = string.append(getActions());
    }

    string = string.append(')');
    return string.toString();
}
} // class Permission
/* Permission.java -- Information about an ACL permission
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```
package java.security.acl;
```

```
/**
```

```
* This interface provides information about a permission that can be  
* granted. Note that this is not the same as the class  
* java.security.Permission.
```

```
*
```

```
* @version 0.0
```

```
*
```

```
* @author Aaron M. Renn (arenn@urbanophile.com)
```

```
*/
```

```
public interface Permission
```

```
{
```

```
/**
```

```
* This method tests whether or not a specified Permission  
* (passed as an Object) is the same as this permission.
```

```
*
```

```
* @param perm The permission to check for equality
```

```

*
* @return <code>true</code> if the specified permission is the same as this one, <code>false</code> otherwise
*/
boolean equals (Object perm);

/**
* This method returns this <code>Permission</code> as a <code>String</code>.
*
* @return A <code>String</code> representing this permission.
*/
String toString();
}

```

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1998-05-11

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2000-05-05

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* m4/ax_func_which_gethostbyname_r.m4

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Ty Coon, President of Vice

That's all there is to it!
This is an attempt to acknowledge early contributions to the garbage collector. Later contributions should instead be mentioned in README.changes.

HISTORY -

Early versions of this collector were developed as a part of research projects supported in part by the National Science Foundation and the Defense Advance Research Projects Agency.

The garbage collector originated as part of the run-time system for the Russell programming language implementation. The first version of the garbage collector was written primarily by Al Demers. It was then refined

and mostly rewritten, primarily by Hans-J. Boehm, at Cornell U., the University of Washington, Rice University (where it was first used for C and assembly code), Xerox PARC, SGI, and HP Labs. However, significant contributions have also been made by many others.

Some other contributors:

More recent contributors are mentioned in the modification history in README.changes. My apologies for any omissions.

The SPARC specific code was originally contributed by Mark Weiser.

The Encore Multimax modifications were supplied by

Kevin Kenny (kenny@m.cs.uiuc.edu). The adaptation to the IBM PC/RT is largely due to Vernon Lee, on machines made available to Rice by IBM.

Much of the HP specific code and a number of good suggestions for improving the generic code are due to Walter Underwood.

Robert Brazile (brazile@diamond.bbn.com) originally supplied the ULTRIX code.

Al Dosser (dosser@src.dec.com) and Regis Cridlig (Regis.Cridlig@cl.cam.ac.uk)

subsequently provided updates and information on variation between ULTRIX systems. Parag Patel (parag@netcom.com) supplied the A/UX code.

Jesper Peterson(jep@mtiame.mtia.oz.au), Michel Schinz, and

Martin Tauchmann (martintauchmann@bigfoot.com) supplied the Amiga port.

Thomas Funke (thf@zelator.in-berlin.de(?)) and

Brian D.Carlstrom (bdc@clark.lcs.mit.edu) supplied the NeXT ports.

Douglas Steel (doug@wg.icl.co.uk) provided ICL DRS6000 code.

Bill Janssen (janssen@parc.xerox.com) supplied the SunOS dynamic loader

specific code. Manuel Serrano (serrano@cornas.inria.fr) supplied linux and

Sony News specific code. Al Dosser provided Alpha/OSF/1 code. He and

Dave Detlefs(detlefs@src.dec.com) also provided several generic bug fixes.

Alistair G. Crooks(agg@uts.amdahl.com) supplied the NetBSD and 386BSD ports.

Jeffrey Hsu (hsu@soda.berkeley.edu) provided the FreeBSD port.

Brent Benson (brent@jade.ssd.csd.harris.com) ported the collector to

a Motorola 88K processor running CX/UX (Harris NightHawk).

Ari Huttunen (Ari.Huttunen@hut.fi) generalized the OS/2 port to

nonIBM development environments (a nontrivial task).

Patrick Beard (beard@cs.ucdavis.edu) provided the initial MacOS port.

David Chase, then at Olivetti Research, suggested several improvements.

Scott Schwartz (schwartz@groucho.cse.psu.edu) supplied some of the

code to save and print call stacks for leak detection on a SPARC.

Jesse Hull and John Ellis supplied the C++ interface code.

Zhong Shao performed much of the experimentation that led to the

current typed allocation facility. (His dynamic type inference code hasn't made it into the released version of the collector, yet.)

@ignore

@c Set file name and title for man page.

@setfilename gpl

@settitle GNU General Public License

@c man begin SEEALSO

gfdl(7), fsf-funding(7).

@c man end

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@c man end

@end ignore

@node Copying

@c man begin DESCRIPTION

@unnumbered GNU General Public License

@center Version 3, 29 June 2007

@c This file is intended to be included in another file.

@display

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@enumerate a

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```
@c Local Variables:
@c ispell-local-pdict: "ispell-dict"
@c End:
```

```
@c man end
/* Definitions for BSD assembler syntax for Intel 386
   (actually AT&T syntax for insns and operands,
   adapted to BSD conventions for symbol names and debugging.)
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```

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```
/* Use the Sequent Symmetry assembler syntax. */
```

```
/* Define the syntax of pseudo-ops, labels and comments. */
```

```
/* Prefix for internally generated assembler labels. If we aren't using
underscores, we are using prefix `.'s to identify labels that should
be ignored, as in `i386/gas.h' --karl@cs.umb.edu */
```

```

#define LPREFIX "L"

/* Assembler pseudos to introduce constants of various size. */

#define ASM_BYTE "\t.byte\t"
#define ASM_SHORT "\t.word\t"
#define ASM_LONG "\t.long\t"
#define ASM_QUAD "\t.quad\t" /* Should not be used for 32bit compilation. */

/* This was suggested, but it shouldn't be right for DBX output. -- RMS
#define ASM_OUTPUT_SOURCE_FILENAME(FILE, NAME) */

/* Define the syntax of labels and symbol definitions/declarations. */

/* This is how to output an assembler line
that says to advance the location counter by SIZE bytes. */

#define ASM_OUTPUT_SKIP(FILE,SIZE) \
printf (FILE, "\t.space \"HOST_WIDE_INT_PRINT_UNSIGNED\"\n", (SIZE))

/* Define the syntax of labels and symbol definitions/declarations. */

/* This says how to output an assembler line
to define a global common symbol. */

#define ASM_OUTPUT_COMMON(FILE, NAME, SIZE, ROUNDED) \
( fputs (".comm ", (FILE)), \
assemble_name ((FILE), (NAME)), \
printf ((FILE), "%u\n", (int)(ROUNDED)))

/* This says how to output an assembler line
to define a local common symbol. */

#define ASM_OUTPUT_LOCAL(FILE, NAME, SIZE, ROUNDED) \
( fputs (".lcomm ", (FILE)), \
assemble_name ((FILE), (NAME)), \
printf ((FILE), "%u\n", (int)(ROUNDED)))

#ifndef HAVE_GAS_LCOMM_WITH_ALIGNMENT
#define ASM_OUTPUT_ALIGNED_LOCAL(FILE, NAME, SIZE, ALIGNMENT) \
( fputs (".lcomm ", (FILE)), \
assemble_name ((FILE), (NAME)), \
printf ((FILE), "%u,%u\n", (int)(SIZE), (int)(ALIGNMENT) / BITS_PER_UNIT))
#endif

/* This is how to output an assembler line

```

that says to advance the location counter
to a multiple of 2**LOG bytes. */

```
#define ASM_OUTPUT_ALIGN(FILE,LOG) \  
if ((LOG)!=0) fprintf ((FILE), "\t.align %d\n", (LOG))
```

```
/* This is how to store into the string BUF  
the symbol_ref name of an internal numbered label where  
PREFIX is the class of label and NUM is the number within the class.  
This is suitable for output with `assemble_name'. */
```

```
#define ASM_GENERATE_INTERNAL_LABEL(BUF,PREFIX,NUMBER) \  
sprintf ((BUF), "%s%ld", (PREFIX), (long)(NUMBER))
```

```
/* The prefix to add to user-visible assembler symbols. */
```

```
#define USER_LABEL_PREFIX "_"
```

```
/* Sequent has some changes in the format of DBX symbols. */
```

```
#define DBX_NO_XREFS 1
```

```
/* Don't split DBX symbols into continuations. */
```

```
#define DBX_CONTIN_LENGTH 0
```

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Version 3, 29 June 2007

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```
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```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8" standalone="no"?>
```

```
<!DOCTYPE html PUBLIC "-//W3C//DTD XHTML 1.0 Transitional//EN"
```

```
"http://www.w3.org/TR/xhtml1/DTD/xhtml1-transitional.dtd"><html
```

```
xmlns="http://www.w3.org/1999/xhtml"><head><meta http-equiv="Content-Type" content="text/html;
```

```
charset=UTF-8" /><title>License</title><meta name="generator" content="DocBook XSL-NS Stylesheets
```

```
V1.78.1" /><meta name="keywords" content="ISO C++, library" /><meta name="keywords" content="ISO C++,
```

```
runtime, library" /><link rel="home" href="../index.html" title="The GNU C++ Library" /><link rel="up"
```

```
href="status.html" title="Chapter1.Status" /><link rel="prev" href="status.html" title="Chapter1.Status" /><link
```

```
rel="next" href="bugs.html" title="Bugs" /></head><body><div class="navheader"><table width="100%"
```

```
summary="Navigation header"><tr><th colspan="3" align="center">License</th></tr><tr><td width="20%"
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```
align="left"><a accesskey="p" href="status.html">Prev</a></td><th width="60%"
```

```
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```

```
href="bugs.html">Next</a></td></tr></table><hr /></div><div class="section"><div
```

```
class="titlepage"><div><div><h2 class="title" style="clear: both"><a
```

```
id="manual.intro.status.license"></a>License</h2></div></div></div><p>
```

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```
</p><p>
```

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```
</p><div class="section"><div class="titlepage"><div><div><h3 class="title"><a
```

id="manual.intro.status.license.gpl">The Code: GPL</h3></div></div></div><p>

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A compilation of the Document or its derivatives with other separate and independent documents or works, in or on a volume of a storage or distribution medium, is called an aggregate if the copyright resulting from the compilation is not used to limit the legal rights of the compilations users beyond what the individual works permit. When the Document is included in an aggregate, this License does not apply to the other works in the aggregate which are not themselves derivative works of the Document.

</simpara>

<simpara>

If the Cover Text requirement of section 3 is applicable to these copies of the Document, then if the Document is less than one half of the entire aggregate, the Documents Cover Texts may be placed on covers that bracket the Document within the aggregate, or the electronic equivalent of covers if the Document is in electronic form. Otherwise they must appear on printed covers that bracket the whole aggregate.

</simpara>

<bridgehead xml:id="fdl-1-section8" renderas="sect2">

8. TRANSLATION

</bridgehead>

<simpara>

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</simpara>

<simpara>

If a section in the Document is Entitled Acknowledgements, Dedications, or History, the requirement (section 4) to Preserve its Title (section 1) will typically require changing the actual title.

</simpara>

<bridgehead xml:id="fdl-1-section9" renderas="sect2">

9. TERMINATION

</bridgehead>

<simpara>

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</simpara>

<simpara>

However, if you cease all violation of this License, then your license from a particular copyright holder is reinstated (a) provisionally, unless and until the copyright holder explicitly and finally terminates your license, and (b) permanently, if the copyright holder fails to notify you of the violation by some reasonable means prior to 60 days after the cessation.

</simpara>

<simpara>

Moreover, your license from a particular copyright holder is reinstated permanently if the copyright holder notifies you of the violation by some reasonable means, this is the first time you have received notice of violation of this License (for any work) from that copyright holder, and you cure the violation prior to 30 days after your receipt of the notice.

</simpara>

<simpara>

Termination of your rights under this section does not terminate the licenses of parties who have received copies or rights from you under this License. If your rights have been terminated and not permanently

reinstated, receipt of a copy of some or all of the same material does not give you any rights to use it.

</simpara>

<bridgehead xml:id="fdl-1-section10" renderas="sect2">

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</bridgehead>

<simpara>

The Free Software Foundation may publish new, revised versions of the GNU Free Documentation License from time to time. Such new versions will be similar in spirit to the present version, but may differ in detail to address new problems or concerns. See

<link xmlns:xlink="http://www.w3.org/1999/xlink" xlink:href="http://www.gnu.org/copyleft/">Copyleft</link>.

</simpara>

<simpara>

Each version of the License is given a distinguishing version number. If the Document specifies that a particular numbered version of this License or any later version applies to it, you have the option of following the terms and conditions either of that specified version or of any later version that has been published (not as a draft) by the Free Software Foundation. If the Document does not specify a version number of this License, you may choose any version ever published (not as a draft) by the Free Software Foundation. If the Document specifies that a proxy can decide which future versions of this License can be used, that proxys public statement of acceptance of a version permanently authorizes you to choose that version for the Document.

</simpara>

<bridgehead xml:id="fdl-1-section11" renderas="sect2">

11. RELICENSING

</bridgehead>

<simpara>

Massive Multiauthor Collaboration Site (or MMC Site) means any World Wide Web server that publishes copyrightable works and also provides prominent facilities for anybody to edit those works. A public wiki that anybody can edit is an example of such a server. A Massive Multiauthor Collaboration (or MMC) contained in the site means any set of copyrightable works thus published on the MMC site.

</simpara>

<simpara>

CC-BY-SA means the Creative Commons Attribution-Share Alike 3.0 license published by Creative Commons Corporation, a not-for-profit corporation with a principal place of business in San Francisco, California, as well as future copyleft versions of that license published by that same organization.

</simpara>

<simpara>

Incorporate means to publish or republish a Document, in whole or in part, as part of another Document.

</simpara>

<simpara>

An MMC is eligible for relicensing if it is licensed under this License, and if all works that were first published under this License somewhere other than this MMC, and subsequently incorporated in whole or in part into the MMC, (1) had no cover texts or invariant sections, and (2) were thus incorporated prior to November 1, 2008.

</simpara>

<simpara>

The operator of an MMC Site may republish an MMC contained in the site under CC-BY-SA on the same site at any time before August 1, 2009, provided the MMC is eligible for relicensing.

</simpara>

<bridgehead xml:id="fdl-1-addendum" renderas="sect2">

ADDENDUM: How to use this License for your documents

</bridgehead>

<simpara>

To use this License in a document you have written, include a copy of the License in the document and put the following copyright and license notices just after the title page:

</simpara>

<screen>Copyright YEAR YOUR NAME

Permission is granted to copy, distribute and/or modify this document under the terms of the GNU Free Documentation License, Version 1.3 or any later version published by the Free Software Foundation; with no Invariant Sections, no Front-Cover Texts, and no Back-Cover Texts. A copy of the license is included in the section entitled GNU Free Documentation License.</screen>

<simpara>

If you have Invariant Sections, Front-Cover Texts and Back-Cover Texts, replace the with Texts. line with this:

</simpara>

<screen>with the Invariant Sections being LIST THEIR TITLES, with the Front-Cover Texts being LIST, and with the Back-Cover Texts being LIST.</screen>

<simpara>

If you have Invariant Sections without Cover Texts, or some other combination of the three, merge those two alternatives to suit the situation.

</simpara>

<simpara>

If your document contains nontrivial examples of program code, we recommend releasing these examples in parallel under your choice of free software license, such as the GNU General Public License, to permit their use in free software.

</simpara>

</appendix>

<appendix xmlns="http://docbook.org/ns/docbook" version="5.0"

xml:id="appendix.gpl-3.0"><info><title>

<acronym>GNU</acronym> General Public License version 3
</title></info>
<?dbhtml filename="appendix_gpl.html"?>

<para>
Version 3, 29 June 2007
</para>

<para>
Copyright 2007 Free Software Foundation, Inc.
<link xmlns:xlink="http://www.w3.org/1999/xlink" xlink:href="http://www.fsf.org/">http://www.fsf.org/</link>
</para>

<para>
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</para>

<bridgehead xml:id="gpl-3-preamble" renderas="sect1">
Preamble
</bridgehead>

<para>
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</para>

<para>
When we speak of free software, we are referring to freedom, not price. Our General Public Licenses are designed to make sure that you have the freedom to distribute copies of free software (and charge for them if you wish), that you receive source code or can get it if you want it, that you can change the software or use pieces of it in new free programs, and that you know you can do these things.
</para>

<para>
To protect your rights, we need to prevent others from denying you these rights or asking you to surrender the rights. Therefore, you have certain responsibilities if you distribute copies of the software, or if you modify it: responsibilities to respect the freedom of others.
</para>

<para>
For example, if you distribute copies of such a program, whether gratis or

for a fee, you must pass on to the recipients the same freedoms that you received. You must make sure that they, too, receive or can get the source code. And you must show them these terms so they know their rights.

</para>

<para>

Developers that use the <acronym>GNU</acronym> <acronym>GPL</acronym> protect your rights with two steps: (1) assert copyright on the software, and (2) offer you this License giving you legal permission to copy, distribute and/or modify it.

</para>

<para>

For the developers and authors protection, the <acronym>GPL</acronym> clearly explains that there is no warranty for this free software. For both users and authors sake, the <acronym>GPL</acronym> requires that modified versions be marked as changed, so that their problems will not be attributed erroneously to authors of previous versions.

</para>

<para>

Some devices are designed to deny users access to install or run modified versions of the software inside them, although the manufacturer can do so. This is fundamentally incompatible with the aim of protecting users freedom to change the software. The systematic pattern of such abuse occurs in the area of products for individuals to use, which is precisely where it is most unacceptable. Therefore, we have designed this version of the <acronym>GPL</acronym> to prohibit the practice for those products. If such problems arise substantially in other domains, we stand ready to extend this provision to those domains in future versions of the <acronym>GPL</acronym>, as needed to protect the freedom of users.

</para>

<para>

Finally, every program is threatened constantly by software patents. States should not allow patents to restrict development and use of software on general-purpose computers, but in those that do, we wish to avoid the special danger that patents applied to a free program could make it effectively proprietary. To prevent this, the <acronym>GPL</acronym> assures that patents cannot be used to render the program non-free.

</para>

<para>

The precise terms and conditions for copying, distribution and modification follow.

</para>

<bridgehead>

TERMS AND CONDITIONS

</bridgehead>

<bridgehead xml:id="gpl-3-definitions" renderas="sect1">

0. Definitions.

</bridgehead>

<para>
This License refers to version 3 of the <acronym>GNU</acronym>
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</para>

<para>
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kinds of works, such as semiconductor masks.

</para>

<para>
The Program refers to any copyrightable work licensed under
this License. Each licensee is addressed as you.
Licensees and recipients may be individuals or
organizations.

</para>

<para>
To modify a work means to copy from or adapt all or part of
the work in a fashion requiring copyright permission, other than the making
of an exact copy. The resulting work is called a modified
version of the earlier work or a work based on the
earlier work.

</para>

<para>
A covered work means either the unmodified Program or a work
based on the Program.

</para>

<para>
To propagate a work means to do anything with it that, without
permission, would make you directly or secondarily liable for infringement
under applicable copyright law, except executing it on a computer or
modifying a private copy. Propagation includes copying, distribution (with
or without modification), making available to the public, and in some
countries other activities as well.

</para>

<para>
To convey a work means any kind of propagation that enables
other parties to make or receive copies. Mere interaction with a user
through a computer network, with no transfer of a copy, is not conveying.

</para>

<para>
An interactive user interface displays Appropriate Legal
Notices to the extent that it includes a convenient and prominently
visible feature that (1) displays an appropriate copyright notice, and (2)
tells the user that there is no warranty for the work (except to the extent
that warranties are provided), that licensees may convey the work under this
License, and how to view a copy of this License. If the interface presents
a list of user commands or options, such as a menu, a prominent item in the
list meets this criterion.

</para>

<bridgehead xml:id="SourceCode" renderas="sect1">

1. Source Code.

</bridgehead>

<para>

The source code for a work means the preferred form of the work for making modifications to it. Object code means any non-source form of a work.

</para>

<para>

A Standard Interface means an interface that either is an official standard defined by a recognized standards body, or, in the case of interfaces specified for a particular programming language, one that is widely used among developers working in that language.

</para>

<para>

The System Libraries of an executable work include anything, other than the work as a whole, that (a) is included in the normal form of packaging a Major Component, but which is not part of that Major Component, and (b) serves only to enable use of the work with that Major Component, or to implement a Standard Interface for which an implementation is available to the public in source code form. A Major Component, in this context, means a major essential component (kernel, window system, and so on) of the specific operating system (if any) on which the executable work runs, or a compiler used to produce the work, or an object code interpreter used to run it.

</para>

<para>

The Corresponding Source for a work in object code form means all the source code needed to generate, install, and (for an executable work) run the object code and to modify the work, including scripts to control those activities. However, it does not include the works System Libraries, or general-purpose tools or generally available free programs which are used unmodified in performing those activities but which are not part of the work. For example, Corresponding Source includes interface definition files associated with source files for the work, and the source code for shared libraries and dynamically linked subprograms that the work is specifically designed to require, such as by intimate data communication or control flow between those subprograms and other parts of the work.

</para>

<para>

The Corresponding Source need not include anything that users can regenerate automatically from other parts of the Corresponding Source.

</para>

<para>

The Corresponding Source for a work in source code form is that same work.

</para>

<bridgehead xml:id="BasicPermissions" renderas="sect1">

2. Basic Permissions.

</bridgehead>

<para>

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</para>

<para>

You may make, run and propagate covered works that you do not convey, without conditions so long as your license otherwise remains in force. You may convey covered works to others for the sole purpose of having them make modifications exclusively for you, or provide you with facilities for running those works, provided that you comply with the terms of this License in conveying all material for which you do not control copyright. Those thus making or running the covered works for you must do so exclusively on your behalf, under your direction and control, on terms that prohibit them from making any copies of your copyrighted material outside their relationship with you.

</para>

<para>

Conveying under any other circumstances is permitted solely under the conditions stated below. Sublicensing is not allowed; section 10 makes it unnecessary.

</para>

<bridgehead xml:id="Protecting" renderas="sect1">

3. Protecting Users Legal Rights From Anti-Circumvention Law.

</bridgehead>

<para>

No covered work shall be deemed part of an effective technological measure under any applicable law fulfilling obligations under article 11 of the WIPO copyright treaty adopted on 20 December 1996, or similar laws prohibiting or restricting circumvention of such measures.

</para>

<para>

When you convey a covered work, you waive any legal power to forbid circumvention of technological measures to the extent such circumvention is effected by exercising rights under this License with respect to the covered work, and you disclaim any intention to limit operation or modification of the work as a means of enforcing, against the works users, your or third parties legal rights to forbid circumvention of technological measures.

</para>

<bridgehead xml:id="ConveyingVerbatim" renderas="sect1">

4. Conveying Verbatim Copies.

</bridgehead>

<para>

You may convey verbatim copies of the Programs source code as you receive it, in any medium, provided that you conspicuously and appropriately publish on each copy an appropriate copyright notice; keep intact all notices stating that this License and any non-permissive terms added in accord with section 7 apply to the code; keep intact all notices of the absence of any warranty; and give all recipients a copy of this License along with the Program.

</para>

<para>

You may charge any price or no price for each copy that you convey, and you may offer support or warranty protection for a fee.

</para>

<bridgehead xml:id="ConveyingModified" renderas="sect1">

5. Conveying Modified Source Versions.

</bridgehead>

<para>

You may convey a work based on the Program, or the modifications to produce it from the Program, in the form of source code under the terms of section 4, provided that you also meet all of these conditions:

</para>

<orderedlist numeration="loweralpha" inheritnum="ignore" continuation="restarts">

<listitem>

<para>

The work must carry prominent notices stating that you modified it, and giving a relevant date.

</para>

</listitem>

<listitem>

<para>

The work must carry prominent notices stating that it is released under this License and any conditions added under section 7. This requirement modifies the requirement in section 4 to keep intact all notices.

</para>

</listitem>

<listitem>

<para>

You must license the entire work, as a whole, under this License to anyone who comes into possession of a copy. This License will therefore apply, along with any applicable section 7 additional terms, to the whole of the work, and all its parts, regardless of how they are packaged. This License gives no permission to license the work in any other way, but it does not invalidate such permission if you have separately received it.

</para>

</listitem>

<listitem>

<para>

If the work has interactive user interfaces, each must display Appropriate Legal Notices; however, if the Program has interactive interfaces that do not display Appropriate Legal Notices, your work need not make them do so.

</para>

</listitem>

</orderedlist>

<para>

A compilation of a covered work with other separate and independent works, which are not by their nature extensions of the covered work, and which are not combined with it such as to form a larger program, in or on a volume of a storage or distribution medium, is called an aggregate if the compilation and its resulting copyright are not used to limit the access or legal rights of the compilation users beyond what the individual works permit. Inclusion of a covered work in an aggregate does not cause this License to apply to the other parts of the aggregate.

</para>

<bridgehead xml:id="ConveyingNonSource" renderas="sect1">

6. Conveying Non-Source Forms.

</bridgehead>

<para>

You may convey a covered work in object code form under the terms of sections 4 and 5, provided that you also convey the machine-readable Corresponding Source under the terms of this License, in one of these ways:

</para>

<orderedlist numeration="loweralpha" inheritnum="ignore" continuation="restarts">

<listitem>

<para>

Convey the object code in, or embodied in, a physical product (including a physical distribution medium), accompanied by the Corresponding Source fixed on a durable physical medium customarily used for software interchange.

</para>

</listitem>

<listitem>

<para>

Convey the object code in, or embodied in, a physical product (including a physical distribution medium), accompanied by a written offer, valid for at least three years and valid for as long as you offer spare parts or customer support for that product model, to give anyone who possesses the object code either (1) a copy of the Corresponding Source for all the software in the product that is covered by this License, on a durable physical medium customarily used for software interchange, for a price no more than your reasonable cost of physically performing this conveying of source, or (2) access to copy the Corresponding Source from a network server at no charge.

</para>

</listitem>

<listitem>

<para>

Convey individual copies of the object code with a copy of the written offer to provide the Corresponding Source. This alternative is allowed only occasionally and noncommercially, and only if you received the object code with such an offer, in accord with subsection 6b.

</para>

</listitem>

<listitem>

<para>

Convey the object code by offering access from a designated place (gratis or for a charge), and offer equivalent access to the Corresponding Source in the same way through the same place at no further charge. You need not require recipients to copy the Corresponding Source along with the object code. If the place to copy the object code is a network server, the Corresponding Source may be on a different server (operated by you or a third party) that supports equivalent copying facilities, provided you maintain clear directions next to the object code saying where to find the Corresponding Source. Regardless of what server hosts the Corresponding Source, you remain obligated to ensure that it is available for as long as needed to satisfy these requirements.

</para>

</listitem>

<listitem>

<para>

Convey the object code using peer-to-peer transmission, provided you inform other peers where the object code and Corresponding Source of the work are being offered to the general public at no charge under subsection 6d.

</para>

</listitem>

</orderedlist>

<para>

A separable portion of the object code, whose source code is excluded from the Corresponding Source as a System Library, need not be included in conveying the object code work.

</para>

<para>

A User Product is either (1) a consumer product, which means any tangible personal property which is normally used for personal, family, or household purposes, or (2) anything designed or sold for incorporation into a dwelling. In determining whether a product is a consumer product, doubtful cases shall be resolved in favor of coverage. For a particular product received by a particular user, normally used refers to a typical or common use of that class of product,

regardless of the status of the particular user or of the way in which the particular user actually uses, or expects or is expected to use, the product. A product is a consumer product regardless of whether the product has substantial commercial, industrial or non-consumer uses, unless such uses represent the only significant mode of use of the product.

</para>

<para>

Installation Information for a User Product means any methods, procedures, authorization keys, or other information required to install and execute modified versions of a covered work in that User Product from a modified version of its Corresponding Source. The information must suffice to ensure that the continued functioning of the modified object code is in no case prevented or interfered with solely because modification has been made.

</para>

<para>

If you convey an object code work under this section in, or with, or specifically for use in, a User Product, and the conveying occurs as part of a transaction in which the right of possession and use of the User Product is transferred to the recipient in perpetuity or for a fixed term (regardless of how the transaction is characterized), the Corresponding Source conveyed under this section must be accompanied by the Installation Information. But this requirement does not apply if neither you nor any third party retains the ability to install modified object code on the User Product (for example, the work has been installed in <acronym>ROM</acronym>).

</para>

<para>

The requirement to provide Installation Information does not include a requirement to continue to provide support service, warranty, or updates for a work that has been modified or installed by the recipient, or for the User Product in which it has been modified or installed. Access to a network may be denied when the modification itself materially and adversely affects the operation of the network or violates the rules and protocols for communication across the network.

</para>

<para>

Corresponding Source conveyed, and Installation Information provided, in accord with this section must be in a format that is publicly documented (and with an implementation available to the public in source code form), and must require no special password or key for unpacking, reading or copying.

</para>

<bridgehead xml:id="AdditionalTerms" renderas="sect1">

7. Additional Terms.

</bridgehead>

<para>

Additional permissions are terms that supplement the terms of

this License by making exceptions from one or more of its conditions. Additional permissions that are applicable to the entire Program shall be treated as though they were included in this License, to the extent that they are valid under applicable law. If additional permissions apply only to part of the Program, that part may be used separately under those permissions, but the entire Program remains governed by this License without regard to the additional permissions.

</para>

<para>

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</para>

<para>

Notwithstanding any other provision of this License, for material you add to a covered work, you may (if authorized by the copyright holders of that material) supplement the terms of this License with terms:

</para>

<orderedlist numeration="loweralpha" inheritnum="ignore" continuation="restarts">

<listitem>

<para>

Disclaiming warranty or limiting liability differently from the terms of sections 15 and 16 of this License; or

</para>

</listitem>

<listitem>

<para>

Requiring preservation of specified reasonable legal notices or author attributions in that material or in the Appropriate Legal Notices displayed by works containing it; or

</para>

</listitem>

<listitem>

<para>

Prohibiting misrepresentation of the origin of that material, or requiring that modified versions of such material be marked in reasonable ways as different from the original version; or

</para>

</listitem>

<listitem>

<para>

Limiting the use for publicity purposes of names of licensors or authors of the material; or

</para>

</listitem>

<listitem>

<para>

Declining to grant rights under trademark law for use of some trade names, trademarks, or service marks; or

</para>

</listitem>

<listitem>

<para>

Requiring indemnification of licensors and authors of that material by anyone who conveys the material (or modified versions of it) with contractual assumptions of liability to the recipient, for any liability that these contractual assumptions directly impose on those licensors and authors.

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</listitem>

</orderedlist>

<para>

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</para>

<para>

If you add terms to a covered work in accord with this section, you must place, in the relevant source files, a statement of the additional terms that apply to those files, or a notice indicating where to find the applicable terms.

</para>

<para>

Additional terms, permissive or non-permissive, may be stated in the form of a separately written license, or stated as exceptions; the above requirements apply either way.

</para>

<bridgehead xml:id="gpl-3-termination" renderas="sect1">

8. Termination.

</bridgehead>

<para>

You may not propagate or modify a covered work except as expressly provided under this License. Any attempt otherwise to propagate or modify it is void, and will automatically terminate your rights under this License (including any patent licenses granted under the third paragraph of section 11).

</para>

<para>

However, if you cease all violation of this License, then your license from a particular copyright holder is reinstated (a) provisionally, unless and until the copyright holder explicitly and finally terminates your license, and (b) permanently, if the copyright holder fails to notify you of the violation by some reasonable means prior to 60 days after the cessation.

</para>

<para>

Moreover, your license from a particular copyright holder is reinstated permanently if the copyright holder notifies you of the violation by some reasonable means, this is the first time you have received notice of violation of this License (for any work) from that copyright holder, and you cure the violation prior to 30 days after your receipt of the notice.

</para>

<para>

Termination of your rights under this section does not terminate the licenses of parties who have received copies or rights from you under this License. If your rights have been terminated and not permanently reinstated, you do not qualify to receive new licenses for the same material under section 10.

</para>

<bridgehead xml:id="AcceptanceNotRequired" renderas="sect1">

9. Acceptance Not Required for Having Copies.

</bridgehead>

<para>

You are not required to accept this License in order to receive or run a copy of the Program. Ancillary propagation of a covered work occurring solely as a consequence of using peer-to-peer transmission to receive a copy likewise does not require acceptance. However, nothing other than this License grants you permission to propagate or modify any covered work. These actions infringe copyright if you do not accept this License. Therefore, by modifying or propagating a covered work, you indicate your acceptance of this License to do so.

</para>

<bridgehead xml:id="AutomaticDownstream" renderas="sect1">

10. Automatic Licensing of Downstream Recipients.

</bridgehead>

<para>

Each time you convey a covered work, the recipient automatically receives a license from the original licensors, to run, modify and propagate that work, subject to this License. You are not responsible for enforcing compliance by third parties with this License.

</para>

<para>

An entity transaction is a transaction transferring control of an organization, or substantially all assets of one, or subdividing an organization, or merging organizations. If propagation of a covered work results from an entity transaction, each party to that transaction who

receives a copy of the work also receives whatever licenses to the work the party's predecessor in interest had or could give under the previous paragraph, plus a right to possession of the Corresponding Source of the work from the predecessor in interest, if the predecessor has it or can get it with reasonable efforts.

</para>

<para>

You may not impose any further restrictions on the exercise of the rights granted or affirmed under this License. For example, you may not impose a license fee, royalty, or other charge for exercise of rights granted under this License, and you may not initiate litigation (including a cross-claim or counterclaim in a lawsuit) alleging that any patent claim is infringed by making, using, selling, offering for sale, or importing the Program or any portion of it.

</para>

<bridgehead xml:id="Patents" renderas="sect1">

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</appendix>

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1.31 glib2 2.56.1 :2.e17

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<signature of Ty Coon>, 1 April 1990

Ty Coon, President of Vice

That's all there is to it!

commit ef7344f09c5ce00eb519ed14598b2a8e39c68387

Author: Joseph Myers <joseph@codesourcery.com>

Date: Sun Dec 22 14:49:48 2013 +0000

Flatten sysdeps/unix/bsd/bsd4.4 into sysdeps/unix/bsd.

As discussed in

<<https://sourceware.org/ml/libc-alpha/2012-04/msg00840.html>> and
<<https://sourceware.org/ml/libc-alpha/2012-04/msg00989.html>>, it seems
appropriate to flatten sysdeps/unix/bsd/bsd4.4 into sysdeps/unix/bsd.

The bulk of the patch is just moving files. The only other changes
are: update paths in sysdeps/mach/hurd/Implies and
sysdeps/unix/sysv/linux/wait3.c; merge the two syscalls.list files,
with the removal of syscalls that were in
sysdeps/unix/bsd/syscalls.list but overridden in the bsd4.4 directory
by .c files there.

Tested x86_64. The installed shared libraries are identical before
and after the patch except for libc.so where the move of wait3.c
(included by sysdeps/unix/sysv/linux/wait3.c) affects debug info, but
the disassembly is unchanged.

- * sysdeps/mach/hurd/Implies: Change unix/bsd/bsd4.4 to unix/bsd.
- * sysdeps/unix/bsd/syscalls.list (chflags): Add entry from
sysdeps/unix/bsd/bsd4.4/syscalls.list.
- (fchflags): Likewise.
- (revoke): Likewise.
- (setlogin): Likewise.
- (sigaltstack): Likewise.
- (wait4): Likewise.
- (sigblock): Remove.
- (sigsetmask): Likewise.
- (wait3): Likewise.
- (waitpid): Likewise.
- * sysdeps/unix/bsd/bsd4.4/syscalls.list: Remove file.
- * sysdeps/unix/sysv/linux/wait3.c: Update directory of included
file.
- * sysdeps/unix/bsd/bsd4.4/Makefile: Move to ...
- * sysdeps/unix/bsd/Makefile: ... here.
- * sysdeps/unix/bsd/bsd4.4/Versions: Move to ...
- * sysdeps/unix/bsd/Versions: ... here.
- * sysdeps/unix/bsd/bsd4.4/bits/sockaddr.h: Move to ...
- * sysdeps/unix/bsd/bits/sockaddr.h: ... here.
- * sysdeps/unix/bsd/bsd4.4/cmsg_nxthdr.c: Move to ...
- * sysdeps/unix/bsd/cmsg_nxthdr.c: ... here.
- * sysdeps/unix/bsd/bsd4.4/sigblock.c: Move to ...
- * sysdeps/unix/bsd/sigblock.c: ... here.
- * sysdeps/unix/bsd/bsd4.4/sigsetmask.c: Move to ...
- * sysdeps/unix/bsd/sigsetmask.c: ... here.
- * sysdeps/unix/bsd/bsd4.4/sigvec.c: Move to ...

```

* sysdeps/unix/bsd/sigvec.c: ... here.
* sysdeps/unix/bsd/bsd4.4/tcdrain.c: Move to ...
* sysdeps/unix/bsd/tcdrain.c: ... here.
* sysdeps/unix/bsd/bsd4.4/tcgetattr.c: Move to ...
* sysdeps/unix/bsd/tcgetattr.c: ... here.
* sysdeps/unix/bsd/bsd4.4/tcsetattr.c: Move to ...
* sysdeps/unix/bsd/tcsetattr.c: ... here.
* sysdeps/unix/bsd/bsd4.4/wait.c: Move to ...
* sysdeps/unix/bsd/wait.c: ... here.
* sysdeps/unix/bsd/bsd4.4/wait3.c: Move to ...
* sysdeps/unix/bsd/wait3.c: ... here.
* sysdeps/unix/bsd/bsd4.4/waitpid.c: Move to ...
* sysdeps/unix/bsd/waitpid.c: ... here.

```

```

diff --git a/sysdeps/mach/hurd/Implies b/sysdeps/mach/hurd/Implies
index b6063463ce34f3b7..d2d5234c1fdf1522 100644

```

```

--- a/sysdeps/mach/hurd/Implies
+++ b/sysdeps/mach/hurd/Implies
@@ -2,4 +2,4 @@

```

```

# Hurd-based GNU systems.

```

```

gnu

```

```

# The Hurd provides a rough superset of the functionality of 4.4 BSD.

```

```

-unix/bsd/bsd4.4

```

```

+unix/bsd

```

```

diff --git a/sysdeps/unix/bsd/bsd4.4/Makefile b/sysdeps/unix/bsd/Makefile
similarity index 100%

```

```

rename from sysdeps/unix/bsd/bsd4.4/Makefile

```

```

rename to sysdeps/unix/bsd/Makefile

```

```

diff --git a/sysdeps/unix/bsd/bsd4.4/Versions b/sysdeps/unix/bsd/Versions
similarity index 100%

```

```

rename from sysdeps/unix/bsd/bsd4.4/Versions

```

```

rename to sysdeps/unix/bsd/Versions

```

```

diff --git a/sysdeps/unix/bsd/bsd4.4/bits/sockaddr.h b/sysdeps/unix/bsd/bits/sockaddr.h
similarity index 100%

```

```

rename from sysdeps/unix/bsd/bsd4.4/bits/sockaddr.h

```

```

rename to sysdeps/unix/bsd/bits/sockaddr.h

```

```

diff --git a/sysdeps/unix/bsd/bsd4.4/syscalls.list b/sysdeps/unix/bsd/bsd4.4/syscalls.list
deleted file mode 100644

```

```

index a4d354685424ac61..0000000000000000

```

```

--- a/sysdeps/unix/bsd/bsd4.4/syscalls.list

```

```

+++ /dev/null

```

```

@@ -1,8 +0,0 @@

```

```

-# File name Caller Syscall name # args Strong name Weak names

```

```

-

```

```

-chflags - chflags 2 chflags

```

```

-fchflags - fchflags 2 fchflags

```

```

-revoke - revoke 1 revoke

```

```

-setlogin - setlogin 2 setlogin

```

```

-sigtstack - sigtstack 2 __sigtstack sigtstack
-wait4 - wait4 4 __wait4 wait4
diff --git a/sysdeps/unix/bsd/bsd4.4/cmsg_nxthdr.c b/sysdeps/unix/bsd/cmsg_nxthdr.c
similarity index 100%
rename from sysdeps/unix/bsd/bsd4.4/cmsg_nxthdr.c
rename to sysdeps/unix/bsd/cmsg_nxthdr.c
diff --git a/sysdeps/unix/bsd/bsd4.4/sigblock.c b/sysdeps/unix/bsd/sigblock.c
similarity index 100%
rename from sysdeps/unix/bsd/bsd4.4/sigblock.c
rename to sysdeps/unix/bsd/sigblock.c
diff --git a/sysdeps/unix/bsd/bsd4.4/sigsetmask.c b/sysdeps/unix/bsd/sigsetmask.c
similarity index 100%
rename from sysdeps/unix/bsd/bsd4.4/sigsetmask.c
rename to sysdeps/unix/bsd/sigsetmask.c
diff --git a/sysdeps/unix/bsd/bsd4.4/sigvec.c b/sysdeps/unix/bsd/sigvec.c
similarity index 100%
rename from sysdeps/unix/bsd/bsd4.4/sigvec.c
rename to sysdeps/unix/bsd/sigvec.c
diff --git a/sysdeps/unix/bsd/syscalls.list b/sysdeps/unix/bsd/syscalls.list
index e84819dc1f19d148..9f48a144d475f342 100644
--- a/sysdeps/unix/bsd/syscalls.list
+++ b/sysdeps/unix/bsd/syscalls.list
@@ -1,14 +1,16 @@
# File name Caller Syscall name # args Strong name Weak names

+chflags - chflags 2 chflags
+fchflags - fchflags 2 fchflags
flock - flock 2 __flock flock
getdents - getdirenties 4 __getdirenties getdirenties
getdentsz - getdtablesize 0 __getdtablesize getdtablesize
getpagesize - getpagesize 0 __getpagesize getpagesize
killpg - killpg 2 killpg
-sigblock - sigblock 1 __sigblock sigblock
+revoke - revoke 1 revoke
+setlogin - setlogin 2 setlogin
+sigtstack - sigtstack 2 __sigtstack sigtstack
sigpause - sigpause 1 __sigpause sigpause
-sigsetmask - sigsetmask 1 __sigsetmask sigsetmask
sigstack - sigstack 2 sigstack
sigvec - sigvec 3 __sigvec sigvec
-wait3 - wait3 3 __wait3 wait3
-waitpid - waitpid 3 __waitpid waitpid
+wait4 - wait4 4 __wait4 wait4
diff --git a/sysdeps/unix/bsd/bsd4.4/tcdrain.c b/sysdeps/unix/bsd/tcdrain.c
similarity index 100%
rename from sysdeps/unix/bsd/bsd4.4/tcdrain.c
rename to sysdeps/unix/bsd/tcdrain.c
diff --git a/sysdeps/unix/bsd/bsd4.4/tcgetattr.c b/sysdeps/unix/bsd/tcgetattr.c

```

```

similarity index 100%
rename from sysdeps/unix/bsd/bsd4.4/tcgetattr.c
rename to sysdeps/unix/bsd/tcgetattr.c
diff --git a/sysdeps/unix/bsd/bsd4.4/tcsetattr.c b/sysdeps/unix/bsd/tcsetattr.c
similarity index 100%
rename from sysdeps/unix/bsd/bsd4.4/tcsetattr.c
rename to sysdeps/unix/bsd/tcsetattr.c
diff --git a/sysdeps/unix/bsd/bsd4.4/wait.c b/sysdeps/unix/bsd/wait.c
similarity index 100%
rename from sysdeps/unix/bsd/bsd4.4/wait.c
rename to sysdeps/unix/bsd/wait.c
diff --git a/sysdeps/unix/bsd/bsd4.4/wait3.c b/sysdeps/unix/bsd/wait3.c
similarity index 100%
rename from sysdeps/unix/bsd/bsd4.4/wait3.c
rename to sysdeps/unix/bsd/wait3.c
diff --git a/sysdeps/unix/bsd/bsd4.4/waitpid.c b/sysdeps/unix/bsd/waitpid.c
similarity index 100%
rename from sysdeps/unix/bsd/bsd4.4/waitpid.c
rename to sysdeps/unix/bsd/waitpid.c
diff --git a/sysdeps/unix/sysv/linux/wait3.c b/sysdeps/unix/sysv/linux/wait3.c
index 0b3bdee771782b7b..2ff027f0e1d83eb2 100644
--- a/sysdeps/unix/sysv/linux/wait3.c
+++ b/sysdeps/unix/sysv/linux/wait3.c
@@ -1,1 @@
-#include <sysdeps/unix/bsd/bsd4.4/wait3.c>
+#include <sysdeps/unix/bsd/wait3.c>

```

1.33 gmp 6.0.0 :15.e17

1.33.1 Available under license :

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```
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```

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```
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```

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1.37 grep 2.20 :3.el7

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```

1.39 hardlink 1.0 :19.e17

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Boston, MA 02111-1307, USA. */
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1.41 initscripts 9.49.46 :1.el7

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```

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1.44 iputils 20160308 :10.e17

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1.45 json-c 0.11 :4.el7.centos

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1.46 keyutils 1.5.8 :3.e17

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```
<signature of Ty Coon>, 1 April 1990  
Ty Coon, President of Vice
```

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1.47 keyutils_GPLv2 1.5.8 :3.e17

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```
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*  
* Copyright (C) 2005,2011 Red Hat, Inc. All Rights Reserved.  
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*
```

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```

1.48 kmod 20 :23.el7

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```
*/  
/* -*- mode: c; c-basic-offset: 4; indent-tabs-mode: nil -*- */  
/*
```

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```
*/  
/* -*- mode: c; c-basic-offset: 4; indent-tabs-mode: nil -*- */  
/*
```

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cmd/krb5/slave/kpropd_rpc.c
lib/gss_mechs/mech_krb5/et/kdb5_err.c
lib/gss_mechs/mech_spnego/mech_gssapiP_spnego.h
lib/gss_mechs/mech_spnego/mech_spnego_mech.c
lib/krb5/kadm5/kadm_host_srv_names.c
lib/krb5/kdb/kdb_convert.c

lib/krb5/kdb/kdb_hdr.h
lib/krb5/kdb/kdb_log.c
lib/krb5/kdb/kdb_log.h
lib/libgss/g_accept_sec_context.c
lib/libgss/g_acquire_cred.c
lib/libgss/g_canon_name.c
lib/libgss/g_compare_name.c
lib/libgss/g_context_time.c
lib/libgss/g_delete_sec_context.c
lib/libgss/g_dsp_name.c
lib/libgss/g_dsp_status.c
lib/libgss/g_dup_name.c
lib/libgss/g_exp_sec_context.c
lib/libgss/g_export_name.c
lib/libgss/g_glue.c
lib/libgss/g_imp_name.c
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lib/libgss/g_init_sec_context.c
lib/libgss/g_initialize.c
lib/libgss/g_inquire_context.c
lib/libgss/g_inquire_cred.c
lib/libgss/g_inquire_names.c
lib/libgss/g_process_context.c
lib/libgss/g_rel_buffer.c
lib/libgss/g_rel_cred.c
lib/libgss/g_rel_name.c
lib/libgss/g_rel_oid_set.c
lib/libgss/g_seal.c
lib/libgss/g_sign.c
lib/libgss/g_store_cred.c
lib/libgss/g_unseal.c
lib/libgss/g_userok.c
lib/libgss/g_utils.c
lib/libgss/g_verify.c
lib/libgss/gssd_pname_to_uid.c
uts/common/gssapi/include/gssapi_err_generic.h
uts/common/gssapi/include/mechglueP.h

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```
<!DOCTYPE html PUBLIC "-//W3C//DTD XHTML 1.0 Transitional//EN"
"http://www.w3.org/TR/xhtml1/DTD/xhtml1-transitional.dtd">
```

```
<html xmlns="http://www.w3.org/1999/xhtml">
```

```
<head>
```

```
<meta http-equiv="Content-Type" content="text/html; charset=utf-8" />
```

```
<title>MIT Kerberos License information &mdash; MIT Kerberos Documentation</title>
```

```
<link rel="stylesheet" href="_static/agogo.css" type="text/css" />
```

```
<link rel="stylesheet" href="_static/pygments.css" type="text/css" />
```

```
<link rel="stylesheet" href="_static/kerb.css" type="text/css" />
```

```
<script type="text/javascript">
```

```
var DOCUMENTATION_OPTIONS = {
```

```
    URL_ROOT:    '.',
```

```
    VERSION:    '1.15.1',
```

```
    COLLAPSE_INDEX: false,
```

```
    FILE_SUFFIX: '.html',
```

```
    HAS_SOURCE: true
```

```
};
```

```
</script>
```

```
<script type="text/javascript" src="_static/jquery.js"></script>
```

```
<script type="text/javascript" src="_static/underscore.js"></script>
```

```
<script type="text/javascript" src="_static/doctools.js"></script>
```

```
<link rel="author" title="About these documents" href="about.html" />
```

```
<link rel="copyright" title="Copyright" href="copyright.html" />
```

```
<link rel="top" title="MIT Kerberos Documentation" href="index.html" />
```

```
<link rel="up" title="MIT Kerberos features" href="mitK5features.html" />
```

```
<link rel="next" title="Copyright" href="copyright.html" />
```

```
<link rel="prev" title="MIT Kerberos features" href="mitK5features.html" />
```

```
</head>
```

```
<body>
```

```
<div class="header-wrapper">
```

```
<div class="header">
```

<h1>MIT Kerberos Documentation</h1>

<div class="rel">

<a href="index.html" title="Full Table of Contents"
accesskey="C">Contents |

<a href="mitK5features.html" title="MIT Kerberos features"
accesskey="P">previous |

<a href="copyright.html" title="Copyright"
accesskey="N">next |

<a href="genindex.html" title="General Index"
accesskey="I">index |

<a href="search.html" title="Enter search criteria"
accesskey="S">Search |

<a href="mailto:krb5-bugs@mit.edu?subject=Documentation__MIT Kerberos License
information">feedback

</div>

</div>

</div>

<div class="content-wrapper">

<div class="content">

<div class="document">

<div class="documentwrapper">

<div class="bodywrapper">

<div class="body">

<div class="section" id="mit-kerberos-license-information">

<h1>MIT Kerberos License information<a class="headerlink" href="#mit-
kerberos-license-information" title="Permalink to this headline"></h1>

<div class="toctree-wrapper compound">

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<tt class="docutils literal"><span class="pre">src/lib/gssapi</span></tt>, including the following files:</p>
<div class="highlight-python"><div class="highlight"><pre><span class="n">lib</span><span
class="o">/</span><span class="n">gssapi</span><span class="o">/</span><span
class="n">generic</span><span class="o">/</span><span class="n">gssapi_err_generic</span><span
class="o">.</span><span class="n">et</span>
<span class="n">lib</span><span class="o">/</span><span class="n">gssapi</span><span
class="o">/</span><span class="n">mechglue</span><span class="o">/</span><span
class="n">g_accept_sec_context</span><span class="o">.</span><span class="n">c</span>
<span class="n">lib</span><span class="o">/</span><span class="n">gssapi</span><span
class="o">/</span><span class="n">mechglue</span><span class="o">/</span><span
class="n">g_acquire_cred</span><span class="o">.</span><span class="n">c</span>
<span class="n">lib</span><span class="o">/</span><span class="n">gssapi</span><span
class="o">/</span><span class="n">mechglue</span><span class="o">/</span><span
class="n">g_canon_name</span><span class="o">.</span><span class="n">c</span>
<span class="n">lib</span><span class="o">/</span><span class="n">gssapi</span><span
class="o">/</span><span class="n">mechglue</span><span class="o">/</span><span
class="n">g_compare_name</span><span class="o">.</span><span class="n">c</span>
<span class="n">lib</span><span class="o">/</span><span class="n">gssapi</span><span
class="o">/</span><span class="n">mechglue</span><span class="o">/</span><span
class="n">g_context_time</span><span class="o">.</span><span class="n">c</span>

```


the following new or changed files:</p></div>

```
<div class="highlight-python"><div class="highlight"><pre><span class="n">include</span><span class="o">.</span><span class="n">iprop_hdr</span><span class="o">.</span><span class="n">h</span><span class="n">kadmin</span><span class="o">.</span><span class="n">server</span><span class="o">.</span><span class="n">ipropd_svc</span><span class="o">.</span><span class="n">c</span><span class="n">lib</span><span class="o">.</span><span class="n">kdb</span><span class="o">.</span><span class="n">iprop</span><span class="o">.</span><span class="n">x</span><span class="n">lib</span><span class="o">.</span><span class="n">kdb</span><span class="o">.</span><span class="n">kdb_convert</span><span class="o">.</span><span class="n">c</span><span class="n">lib</span><span class="o">.</span><span class="n">kdb</span><span class="o">.</span><span class="n">kdb_log</span><span class="o">.</span><span class="n">c</span><span class="n">lib</span><span class="o">.</span><span class="n">kdb</span><span class="o">.</span><span class="n">kdb_log</span><span class="o">.</span><span class="n">h</span><span class="n">lib</span><span class="o">.</span><span class="n">krb5</span><span class="o">.</span><span class="n">error_tables</span><span class="o">.</span><span class="n">kdb5_err</span><span class="o">.</span><span class="n">et</span><span class="n">slave</span><span class="o">.</span><span class="n">kpropd_rpc</span><span class="o">.</span><span class="n">c</span><span class="n">slave</span><span class="o">.</span><span class="n">kproplog</span><span class="o">.</span><span class="n">c</span></pre></div></div>
```

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<ul>
<li><a class="reference internal" href="#">MIT Kerberos License information</a></li>
</ul>

<br/>
<h2>Table of contents</h2>
<ul>
<li class="toctree-l1"><a class="reference internal" href="user/index.html">For users</a></li>
<li class="toctree-l1"><a class="reference internal" href="admin/index.html">For administrators</a></li>
<li class="toctree-l1"><a class="reference internal" href="appdev/index.html">For application developers</a></li>
<li class="toctree-l1"><a class="reference internal" href="plugindev/index.html">For plugin module
developers</a></li>
<li class="toctree-l1"><a class="reference internal" href="build/index.html">Building Kerberos V5</a></li>
<li class="toctree-l1"><a class="reference internal" href="basic/index.html">Kerberos V5 concepts</a></li>
<li class="toctree-l1"><a class="reference internal" href="formats/index.html">Protocols and file formats</a></li>
<li class="toctree-l1"><a class="reference internal" href="mitK5features.html">MIT Kerberos features</a></li>
<li class="toctree-l1"><a class="reference internal" href="build_this.html">How to build this documentation from
the source</a></li>
<li class="toctree-l1"><a class="reference internal" href="about.html">Contributing to the MIT Kerberos
Documentation</a></li>
<li class="toctree-l1"><a class="reference internal" href="resources.html">Resources</a></li>
</ul>

<br/>
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<h4>Search</h4>
<form class="search" action="search.html" method="get">
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  <div class="clearer"></div>
</div>
</div>

<div class="footer-wrapper">
  <div class="footer" >

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</div>
<div class="left">

<a href="index.html" title="Full Table of Contents"
  >Contents</a> |
<a href="mitK5features.html" title="MIT Kerberos features"
  >previous</a> |
<a href="copyright.html" title="Copyright"
  >next</a> |
<a href="genindex.html" title="General Index"
  >index</a> |
<a href="search.html" title="Enter search criteria"
  >Search</a> |
<a href="mailto:krb5-bugs@mit.edu?subject=Documentation__MIT Kerberos License
information">feedback</a>
  </div>
</div>
</div>

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</html>
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  <link rel="stylesheet" href="_static/pygments.css" type="text/css" />
  <link rel="stylesheet" href="_static/kerb.css" type="text/css" />

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      VERSION:    '1.15.1',
      COLLAPSE_INDEX: false,
      FILE_SUFFIX: '.html',
      HAS_SOURCE:  true
    };
  </script>
  <script type="text/javascript" src="_static/jquery.js"></script>
  <script type="text/javascript" src="_static/underscore.js"></script>

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<link rel="copyright" title="Copyright" href="#" />
<link rel="top" title="MIT Kerberos Documentation" href="index.html" />
<link rel="up" title="MIT Kerberos License information" href="mitK5license.html" />
<link rel="next" title="How to build this documentation from the source" href="build_this.html" />
<link rel="prev" title="MIT Kerberos License information" href="mitK5license.html" />
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    <h1><a href="index.html">MIT Kerberos Documentation</a></h1>

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      <a href="index.html" title="Full Table of Contents"
        accesskey="C">Contents</a> |
      <a href="mitK5license.html" title="MIT Kerberos License information"
        accesskey="P">previous</a> |
      <a href="build_this.html" title="How to build this documentation from the source"
        accesskey="N">next</a> |
      <a href="genindex.html" title="General Index"
        accesskey="I">index</a> |
      <a href="search.html" title="Enter search criteria"
        accesskey="S">Search</a> |
      <a href="mailto:krb5-bugs@mit.edu?subject=Documentation__Copyright">feedback</a>
    </div>
  </div>
</div>

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    <div class="document">

      <div class="documentwrapper">
        <div class="bodywrapper">
          <div class="body">

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                information.</p>
            </div>
          </div>
        </div>
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    </div>
  </div>
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</div>
  </div>
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    <h2>On this page</h2>
    <ul>
<li><a class="reference internal" href="#">Copyright</a></li>
</ul>

  <br/>
  <h2>Table of contents</h2>
  <ul>
<li class="toctree-l1"><a class="reference internal" href="user/index.html">For users</a></li>
<li class="toctree-l1"><a class="reference internal" href="admin/index.html">For administrators</a></li>
<li class="toctree-l1"><a class="reference internal" href="appdev/index.html">For application developers</a></li>
<li class="toctree-l1"><a class="reference internal" href="plugindev/index.html">For plugin module
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</ul>

  <br/>
  <h4><a href="index.html">Full Table of Contents</a></h4>
  <h4>Search</h4>
  <form class="search" action="search.html" method="get">
    <input type="text" name="q" size="18" />
    <input type="submit" value="Go" />
    <input type="hidden" name="check_keywords" value="yes" />
    <input type="hidden" name="area" value="default" />
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  </div>
  <div class="clearer"></div>
</div>
</div>

<div class="footer-wrapper">
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<div class="left">

<a href="index.html" title="Full Table of Contents"
  >Contents</a> |
<a href="mitK5license.html" title="MIT Kerberos License information"
  >previous</a> |
<a href="build_this.html" title="How to build this documentation from the source"
  >next</a> |
<a href="genindex.html" title="General Index"
  >index</a> |
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  >Search</a> |
<a href="mailto:krb5-bugs@mit.edu?subject=Documentation__Copyright">feedback</a>
</div>
</div>
</div>

</body>
</html>
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# checks for violations of the coding standards related to copyright
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import os
import sys
import re

def warn(fname, ln, msg):
    print '%s: %d: %s' % (fname, ln + 1, msg)

def indicates_license(line):
    return 'Copyright' in line or 'COPYRIGHT' in line or 'License' in line

# Check a comment for boilerplate violations. Return true if the comment
# is a license statement.
def check_comment(comment, fname, ln, code_seen, nonlicense_seen):
    text_seen = False
    is_license = False
    for line in comment:
        if not is_license and indicates_license(line):
            is_license = True
            if text_seen:
                warn(fname, ln, 'License begins after first line of comment')
            elif code_seen:
                warn(fname, ln, 'License after code')
            elif nonlicense_seen:
                warn(fname, ln, 'License after non-license comments')
            break
        # DB2 licenses start with '/*-' and we don't want to change them.
        if line != " and line != '-':
            text_seen = True
    return is_license

def check_file(lines, fname):
    # Skip emacs mode line if present.
    ln = 0
    if '-*- mode: c;' in lines[ln]:
        ln += 1

    # Check filename comment if present.
    m = re.match(r'^* ([^ ]*)( - .*)? \*/', lines[ln])
    if m:
        if m.group(1) != fname:

```

```

        warn(fname, ln, 'Wrong filename in comment')
    ln += 1

# Scan for license statements.
in_comment = False
code_seen = False
nonlicense_seen = False
for line in lines[ln:]:
    # Strip out whitespace and comments contained within a line.
    if not in_comment:
        line = re.sub(r'\s.*?\s*/', '', line)
        line = line.strip()

    if not in_comment and '/*' in line:
        (line, sep, comment_part) = line.partition('/*')
        comment = [comment_part.strip()]
        comment_starts_at = ln
        in_comment = True
    elif in_comment and '*/' not in line:
        comment.append(line.lstrip('*').rstrip())
    elif in_comment:
        (comment_part, sep, line) = line.partition('*/')
        comment.append(comment_part.strip())
        is_license = check_comment(comment, fname, comment_starts_at,
                                   code_seen, nonlicense_seen)
        nonlicense_seen = nonlicense_seen or not is_license
        in_comment = False
    elif line.strip() != "":
        code_seen = True

    ln += 1

for fname in sys.argv[1:]:
    if fname.startswith('./'):
        fname = fname[2:]
    f = open(fname)
    lines = f.readlines()
    f.close()
    check_file(lines, fname)
/* -*- mode: c; c-basic-offset: 4; indent-tabs-mode: nil -*- */
/*

```

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*/  
/* -*- mode: c; c-basic-offset: 4; indent-tabs-mode: nil -*- */  
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```

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```
*/  
/* -*- mode: c; c-basic-offset: 4; indent-tabs-mode: nil -*- */  
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*/

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lib/gss_mechs/mech_spnego/mech_gssapiP_spnego.h
lib/gss_mechs/mech_spnego/mech_spnego_mech.c
lib/krb5/kadm5/kadm_host_srv_names.c
lib/krb5/kdb/kdb_convert.c
lib/krb5/kdb/kdb_hdr.h
lib/krb5/kdb/kdb_log.c
lib/krb5/kdb/kdb_log.h
lib/libgss/g_accept_sec_context.c
lib/libgss/g_acquire_cred.c
lib/libgss/g_canon_name.c
lib/libgss/g_compare_name.c
lib/libgss/g_context_time.c
lib/libgss/g_delete_sec_context.c
lib/libgss/g_dsp_name.c
lib/libgss/g_dsp_status.c
lib/libgss/g_dup_name.c
lib/libgss/g_exp_sec_context.c
lib/libgss/g_export_name.c
lib/libgss/g_glue.c
lib/libgss/g_imp_name.c

lib/libgss/g_imp_sec_context.c
lib/libgss/g_init_sec_context.c
lib/libgss/g_initialize.c
lib/libgss/g_inquire_context.c
lib/libgss/g_inquire_cred.c
lib/libgss/g_inquire_names.c
lib/libgss/g_process_context.c
lib/libgss/g_rel_buffer.c
lib/libgss/g_rel_cred.c
lib/libgss/g_rel_name.c
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lib/libgss/g_verify.c
lib/libgss/gssd_pname_to_uid.c
uts/common/gssapi/include/gssapi_err_generic.h
uts/common/gssapi/include/mechglueP.h

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```

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  <title>MIT Kerberos License information &mdash; MIT Kerberos Documentation</title>

  <link rel="stylesheet" href="_static/agogo.css" type="text/css" />
  <link rel="stylesheet" href="_static/pygments.css" type="text/css" />
  <link rel="stylesheet" href="_static/kerb.css" type="text/css" />

  <script type="text/javascript">
    var DOCUMENTATION_OPTIONS = {
      URL_ROOT: './',
      VERSION: '1.15.1',
      COLLAPSE_INDEX: false,
      FILE_SUFFIX: '.html',
      HAS_SOURCE: true
    };
  </script>
  <script type="text/javascript" src="_static/jquery.js"></script>
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</head>
<body>
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      <div class="rel">

        <a href="index.html" title="Full Table of Contents"
          accesskey="C">Contents</a> |
        <a href="mitK5features.html" title="MIT Kerberos features"
          accesskey="P">previous</a> |
        <a href="copyright.html" title="Copyright"
          accesskey="N">next</a> |
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</div>

</div>

</div>

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<div class="content">

<div class="document">

<div class="documentwrapper">

<div class="bodywrapper">

<div class="body">

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<div class="highlight-python"><div class="highlight"><pre>lib/gssapi/generic/gssapi_err_generic/et

lib/gssapi/mechglue/g_accept_sec_context/c

lib/gssapi/mechglue/g_acquire_cred/c

lib/gssapi/mechglue/g_canon_name/c

lib/gssapi/mechglue/g_compare_name/c

lib/gssapi/mechglue/g_context_time/c

lib/gssapi/mechglue/g_delete_sec_context/c

lib/gssapi/mechglue/g_dsp_name/c

lib/gssapi/mechglue/g_dsp_status/c

lib/gssapi/mechglue/g_dup_name/c

lib/gssapi/mechglue/g_exp_sec_context/c

lib/gssapi/mechglue/g_exp_sec_context/c


```
<span class="n">slave</span><span class="o">/</span><span class="n">kpropd_rpc</span><span
class="o">.</span><span class="n">c</span>
<span class="n">slave</span><span class="o">/</span><span class="n">kproplog</span><span
class="o">.</span><span class="n">c</span>
</pre></div>
</div>
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</div>

</div>

</div>

</div>

<div class="sidebar">

<h2>On this page</h2>

MIT Kerberos License information

<h2>Table of contents</h2>

- [For users](user/index.html)
- [For administrators](admin/index.html)
- [For application developers](appdev/index.html)
- [For plugin module developers](plugindev/index.html)
- [Building Kerberos V5](build/index.html)
- [Kerberos V5 concepts](basic/index.html)
- [Protocols and file formats](formats/index.html)
- [MIT Kerberos features](mitK5features.html)
- [How to build this documentation from the source](build_this.html)
- [Contributing to the MIT Kerberos Documentation](about.html)
- [Resources](resources.html)

<h4>Full Table of Contents</h4>

<h4>Search</h4>

<form class="search" action="search.html" method="get">

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<div class="clearer"></div>

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<div class="left">

<a href="index.html" title="Full Table of Contents"

>Contents |

<a href="mitK5features.html" title="MIT Kerberos features"

>previous |

<a href="copyright.html" title="Copyright"

>next |

<a href="genindex.html" title="General Index"

>index |

<a href="search.html" title="Enter search criteria"

>Search |

<a href="mailto:krb5-bugs@mit.edu?subject=Documentation__MIT Kerberos License"

```

information">feedback</a>
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<link rel="prev" title="MIT Kerberos License information" href="mitK5license.html" />
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<div class="header">

<h1><a href="index.html">MIT Kerberos Documentation</a></h1>

<div class="rel">

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```

<a href="index.html" title="Full Table of Contents"
  accesskey="C">Contents</a> |
<a href="mitK5license.html" title="MIT Kerberos License information"
  accesskey="P">previous</a> |
<a href="build_this.html" title="How to build this documentation from the source"
  accesskey="N">next</a> |
<a href="genindex.html" title="General Index"
  accesskey="I">index</a> |
<a href="search.html" title="Enter search criteria"
  accesskey="S">Search</a> |
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</div>
</div>
  <div class="sidebar">
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<ul>
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</ul>

<br/>
<h2>Table of contents</h2>
<ul>
<li class="toctree-l1"><a class="reference internal" href="user/index.html">For users</a></li>

```

- [For administrators](admin/index.html)
- [For application developers](appdev/index.html)
- [For plugin module developers](plugindev/index.html)
- [Building Kerberos V5](build/index.html)
- [Kerberos V5 concepts](basic/index.html)
- [Protocols and file formats](formats/index.html)
- [MIT Kerberos features](mitK5features.html)
- [How to build this documentation from the source](build_this.html)
- [Contributing to the MIT Kerberos Documentation](about.html)
- [Resources](resources.html)

<h4>Full Table of Contents</h4>

<h4>Search</h4>

```
<form class="search" action="search.html" method="get">
  <input type="text" name="q" size="18" />
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<a href="index.html" title="Full Table of Contents"

>Contents |

<a href="mitK5license.html" title="MIT Kerberos License information"

>previous |

<a href="build_this.html" title="How to build this documentation from the source"

>next |

<a href="genindex.html" title="General Index"

>index |

<a href="search.html" title="Enter search criteria"

>Search |

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.. parsed-literal::

```
lib/gssapi/generic/gssapi_err_generic.et
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g_accept_sec_context.c
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g_acquire_cred.c
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g_canon_name.c
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g_compare_name.c
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g_context_time.c
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g_delete_sec_context.c
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g_dsp_name.c
```

lib/gssapi/mechglue/g_dsp_status.c
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g_dup_name.c
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g_exp_sec_context.c
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g_export_name.c
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g_glue.c
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g_imp_name.c
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lib/gssapi/mechglue/g_init_sec_context.c
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g_initialize.c
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g_inquire_context.c
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lib/gssapi/mechglue/g_inquire_names.c
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g_process_context.c
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lib/gssapi/mechglue/g_seal.c
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g_sign.c
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g_store_cred.c
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g_unseal.c
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g_userok.c
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g_utils.c
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g_verify.c
lib/gssapi/mechglue/gssd_pname_to_uid.c
lib/gssapi/mechglue/mglueP.h
lib/gssapi/mechglue/oid_ops.c
lib/gssapi/spnego/gssapiP_spnego.h
lib/gssapi/spnego/spnego_mech.c

and the initial implementation of incremental propagation, including the following new or changed files:

.. parsed-literal::

include/iprop_hdr.h
kadmin/server/ipropd_svc.c
lib/kdb/iprop.x
lib/kdb/kdb_convert.c
lib/kdb/kdb_log.c
lib/kdb/kdb_log.h
lib/krb5/error_tables/kdb5_err.et
slave/kpropd_rpc.c
slave/kproplog.c

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The implementations of GSSAPI mechglue in GSSAPI-SPNEGO in  
"src/lib/gssapi", including the following files:

lib/gssapi/generic/gssapi\_err\_generic.et  
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g\_accept\_sec\_context.c  
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g\_acquire\_cred.c  
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g\_canon\_name.c  
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g\_compare\_name.c  
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g\_context\_time.c  
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g\_delete\_sec\_context.c  
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g\_dsp\_name.c

lib/gssapi/mechglue/g\_dsp\_status.c  
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g\_dup\_name.c  
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g\_exp\_sec\_context.c  
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g\_export\_name.c  
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g\_glue.c  
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g\_imp\_name.c  
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g\_imp\_sec\_context.c  
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g\_init\_sec\_context.c  
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g\_initialize.c  
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g\_inquire\_context.c  
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g\_inquire\_cred.c  
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g\_inquire\_names.c  
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g\_process\_context.c  
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g\_rel\_buffer.c  
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g\_rel\_cred.c  
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g\_rel\_name.c  
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g\_rel\_oid\_set.c  
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g\_seal.c  
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g\_sign.c  
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g\_store\_cred.c  
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g\_unseal.c  
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g\_userok.c  
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g\_utils.c  
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g\_verify.c  
lib/gssapi/mechglue/gssd\_pname\_to\_uid.c  
lib/gssapi/mechglue/mglueP.h  
lib/gssapi/mechglue/oid\_ops.c  
lib/gssapi/spnego/gssapiP\_spnego.h  
lib/gssapi/spnego/spnego\_mech.c

and the initial implementation of incremental propagation, including the following new or changed files:

include/ipropr\_hdr.h  
kadmin/server/ipropr\_svc.c  
lib/kdb/ipropr.x  
lib/kdb/kdb\_convert.c  
lib/kdb/kdb\_log.c  
lib/kdb/kdb\_log.h  
lib/krb5/error\_tables/kdb5\_err.et  
slave/kpropr\_rpc.c  
slave/kproprlog.c

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@end iftex

@ifinfo

@center END OF TERMS AND CONDITIONS

@end ifinfo

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```
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@var{one line to give the program's name and a brief idea of what it does.}
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```

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@end smallexample

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If the program does terminal interaction, make it output a short notice like this when it starts in an interactive mode:

```
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This program comes with ABSOLUTELY NO WARRANTY; for details type @samp{show w}.
This is free software, and you are welcome to redistribute it under certain conditions; type @samp{show c} for
details.
@end smallexample
```

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```
@end enumerate
```

@node Library Copying  
@appendix GNU LESSER GENERAL PUBLIC LICENSE

@cindex LGPL, Lesser General Public License  
@center Version 2.1, February 1999

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```
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@appendixsubsec TERMS AND CONDITIONS FOR COPYING, DISTRIBUTION AND MODIFICATION
@end iftex
@ifinfo
@center GNU LESSER GENERAL PUBLIC LICENSE
@center TERMS AND CONDITIONS FOR COPYING, DISTRIBUTION AND MODIFICATION
@end ifinfo
```

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@enumerate 0
```

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@item
```

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@page  
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Because of this blurred distinction, using the ordinary General Public License for libraries did not effectively promote software sharing, because most developers did not use the libraries. We concluded that weaker conditions might promote sharing better.

However, unrestricted linking of non-free programs would deprive the users of those programs of all benefit from the free status of the libraries themselves. This Library General Public License is intended to

permit developers of non-free programs to use free libraries, while preserving your freedom as a user of such programs to change the free libraries that are incorporated in them. (We have not seen how to achieve this as regards changes in header files, but we have achieved it as regards changes in the actual functions of the Library.) The hope is that this will lead to faster development of free libraries.

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Gadi Oxman, August 1995

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```
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<signature of Ty Coon>, 1 April 1989

Ty Coon, President of Vice

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```

This is a Makefile stub which handles the creation of BSD shared
libraries.

In order to use this stub, the following makefile variables must be defined.

BSDLIB_VERSION = 1.0
BSDLIB_IMAGE = libce
BSDLIB_MYDIR = et
BSDLIB_INSTALL_DIR = $(SHLIBDIR)
#
```

```
all:: image
```

```
real-subdirs:: Makefile
```

```
@echo " MKDIR pic"
```

```
@mkdir -p pic
```

```
BSD_LIB = $(BSDLIB_IMAGE).so.$(BSDLIB_VERSION)
```

```
BSDLIB_PIC_FLAG = -fpic
```

```
image: $(BSD_LIB)
```

```
$(BSD_LIB): $(OBJS)
```

```
(cd pic; ld -Bshareable -o $(BSD_LIB) $(LDFLAGS) $(OBJS))
```

```
$(MV) pic/$(BSD_LIB) .
```

```
$(RM) -f ../$(BSD_LIB)
(cd ..; $(LN) $(LINK_BUILD_FLAGS) \
`echo $(my_dir) | sed -e 's;lib/;;'~/$(BSD_LIB) $(BSD_LIB))

install-shlibs install: $(BSD_LIB)
@echo " INSTALL_PROGRAM $(BSDLIB_INSTALL_DIR)/$(BSD_LIB)"
@$(INSTALL_PROGRAM) $(BSD_LIB) \
$(DESTDIR)$$(BSDLIB_INSTALL_DIR)/$(BSD_LIB)
@-$(LDCONFIG)
```

install-strip: install

install-shlibs-strip: install-shlibs

```
uninstall-shlibs uninstall:
$(RM) -f $(DESTDIR)$$(BSDLIB_INSTALL_DIR)/$(BSD_LIB)
```

```
clean:
$(RM) -rf pic
$(RM) -f $(BSD_LIB)
$(RM) -f ../$(BSD_LIB)
/*
```

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\*/

Index: tdbsa/tdb.c

=====

--- tdbsa.orig/tdb.c

+++ tdbsa/tdb.c

@@ -4,11 +4,11 @@ Rev: 23371

Last Changed Date: 2007-06-06 20:14:06 -0400 (Wed, 06 Jun 2007)

\*/

/\*

- Unix SMB/CIFS implementation.

- + trivial database library - standalone version
- trivial database library - private includes
- 
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This package was added to the e2fsprogs debian source package by  
 Theodore Ts'o <tytso@mit.edu> on Sat Mar 15 15:33:37 EST 2003

It is part of the main e2fsprogs distribution, which can be found at:

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This package was put together by Yann Dirson <dirson@debian.org>, from sources obtained from a mirror of:  
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## 1.55 libdb 5.3.21 :24.el7

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```

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## 1.58 libfastjson 0.99.4 :3.e17

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## 1.60 libffi 3.0.13 :18.e17

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## 1.62 libgcrypt 1.5.3 :14.el7

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Version 2.1, February 1999

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## 1.63 libgpg-error 1.12 :3.el7

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(For example, a function in a library to compute square roots has a purpose that is entirely well-defined independent of the application. Therefore, Subsection 2d requires that any application-supplied function or table used by this function must be optional: if the application does not supply it, the square root function must still compute square roots.)

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(For example, a function in a library to compute square roots has a purpose that is entirely well-defined independent of the application. Therefore, Subsection 2d requires that any application-supplied function or table used by this function must

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If such an object file uses only numerical parameters, data structure layouts and accessors, and small macros and small inline functions (ten lines or less in length), then the use of the object file is unrestricted, regardless of whether it is legally a derivative work. (Executables containing this object code plus portions of the Library will still fall under Section 6.)

Otherwise, if the work is a derivative of the Library, you may distribute the object code for the work under the terms of Section 6. Any executables containing that work also fall under Section 6, whether or not they are linked directly with the Library itself.

6. As an exception to the Sections above, you may also combine or link a "work that uses the Library" with the Library to produce a work containing portions of the Library, and distribute that work under terms of your choice, provided that the terms permit modification of the work for the customer's own use and reverse engineering for debugging such modifications.

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a) Accompany the work with the complete corresponding machine-readable source code for the Library including whatever changes were used in the work (which must be distributed under Sections 1 and 2 above); and, if the work is an executable linked with the Library, with the complete machine-readable "work that uses the Library", as object code and/or source code, so that the user can modify the Library and then relink to produce a modified executable containing the modified Library. (It is understood that the user who changes the contents of definitions files in the Library will not necessarily be able to recompile the application to use the modified definitions.)

b) Use a suitable shared library mechanism for linking with the Library. A suitable mechanism is one that (1) uses at run time a copy of the library already present on the user's computer system, rather than copying library functions into the executable, and (2) will operate properly with a modified version of the library, if the user installs one, as long as the modified version is interface-compatible with the version that the work was made with.

c) Accompany the work with a written offer, valid for at least three years, to give the same user the materials specified in Subsection 6a, above, for a charge no more than the cost of performing this distribution.

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For an executable, the required form of the "work that uses the Library" must include any data and utility programs needed for reproducing the executable from it. However, as a special exception, the materials to be distributed need not include anything that is normally distributed (in either source or binary form) with the major components (compiler, kernel, and so on) of the operating system on which the executable runs, unless that component itself accompanies the executable.

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## 1.65 libmnl 1.0.3 :7.el7

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(For example, a function in a library to compute square roots has a purpose that is entirely well-defined independent of the application. Therefore, Subsection 2d requires that any application-supplied function or table used by this function must be optional: if the application does not supply it, the square root function must still compute square roots.)

These requirements apply to the modified work as a whole. If identifiable sections of that work are not derived from the Library, and can be reasonably considered independent and separate works in themselves, then this License, and its terms, do not apply to those sections when you distribute them as separate works. But when you distribute the same sections as part of a whole which is a work based on the Library, the distribution of the whole must be on the terms of this License, whose permissions for other licensees extend to the entire whole, and thus to each and every part regardless of who wrote it.

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If distribution of object code is made by offering access to copy from a designated place, then offering equivalent access to copy the source code from the same place satisfies the requirement to distribute the source code, even though third parties are not compelled to copy the source along with the object code.

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b) Use a suitable shared library mechanism for linking with the Library. A suitable mechanism is one that (1) uses at run time a copy of the library already present on the user's computer system, rather than copying library functions into the executable, and (2) will operate properly with a modified version of the library, if the user installs one, as long as the modified version is interface-compatible with the version that the work was made with.

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## 1.66 libmount 2.23.2 :59.e17

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Initialize empty image

f1c9645dbc14efddc7d8a322685f26eb bsd.img

Create new DOS partition table

57e721e38d1266c2df055067c18f2cf9 bsd.img

---layout-----

\_\_ts\_dev\_\_: 10 MB, 10485760 bytes, 20480 sectors

Units = sectors of 1 \* 512 = 512 bytes

Sector size (logical/physical): 512 bytes / 512 bytes

I/O size (minimum/optimal): 512 bytes / 512 bytes

Disk label type: dos

Disk identifier: 0x00000001

Device	Boot	Start	End	Blocks	Id	System
__ts_dev__						

-----

Create 1st primary partition

ada64ace122978d00d1d1c0e5ee45d26 bsd.img

---layout-----

\_\_ts\_dev\_\_: 10 MB, 10485760 bytes, 20480 sectors

Units = sectors of 1 \* 512 = 512 bytes

Sector size (logical/physical): 512 bytes / 512 bytes

I/O size (minimum/optimal): 512 bytes / 512 bytes

Disk label type: dos

Disk identifier: 0x00000001

Device	Boot	Start	End	Blocks	Id	System
__ts_dev__1		2048	4095	1024	83	Linux

-----  
Create 2st primary partition  
1bebf87248e05d6e4e62b749da65d023 bsd.img  
Set 2nd partition type  
2d8e8dff51a88a045db233418dd73fbe bsd.img

---layout-----  
\_\_ts\_dev\_\_: 10 MB, 10485760 bytes, 20480 sectors  
Units = sectors of 1 \* 512 = 512 bytes  
Sector size (logical/physical): 512 bytes / 512 bytes  
I/O size (minimum/optimal): 512 bytes / 512 bytes  
Disk label type: dos  
Disk identifier: 0x00000001

Device	Boot	Start	End	Blocks	Id	System
__ts_dev__1		2048	4095	1024	83	Linux
__ts_dev__2		4096	20479	8192	a5	FreeBSD

-----  
Create default BSD  
2e1cee529cb59c9341afef0443f196a1 bsd.img

---layout-----

Changes will remain in memory only, until you decide to write them.  
Be careful before using the write command.

Command (m for help):

BSD disklabel command (m for help):

4 partitions:

#	start	end	size	fstype	[fsize	bsize	cpg]
c:	4096	20479	16384	unused	0	0	
d:	0	16064	16065	unused	0	0	

BSD disklabel command (m for help):

Command (m for help):

-----  
b5c121c2091b2ff26b880551feac7112 bsd.img

---layout-----

Changes will remain in memory only, until you decide to write them.  
Be careful before using the write command.

Command (m for help):

BSD disklabel command (m for help):

4 partitions:

#	start	end	size	fstype	[fsize	bsize	cpg]
a:	4096	6144	2049	4.2BSD	0	0	0
c:	4096	20479	16384	unused	0	0	
d:	0	16064	16065	unused	0	0	

BSD disklabel command (m for help):

Command (m for help):

-----

Changes will remain in memory only, until you decide to write them.  
Be careful before using the write command.

Command (m for help):

BSD disklabel command (m for help):

0	unused	5	4.1BSD	9	4.4LFS	d	boot
1	swap	6	Eighth Edition	a	unknown	e	ADOS
2	Version 6	7	4.2BSD	b	HPFS	f	HFS
3	Version 7	8	MS-DOS	c	ISO-9660	10	AdvFS
4	System V						

BSD disklabel command (m for help):

size: 8388608, sector size: 512, PT: dos, offset: 446, id=0x8f8378c0

---

#1:	32	7648	0x83
#2:	7680	8704	0xa5
#5:	7936	4864	0x7 (freebsd)
#6:	12544	3584	0x7 (freebsd)

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<one line to give the program's name and a brief idea of what it does.>

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```
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This is free software, and you are welcome to redistribute it
under certain conditions; type `show c' for details.
```

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## 1.68 libnfnlink 1.0.1 :4.e17

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To do so, attach the following notices to the program. It is safest to attach them to the start of each source file to most effectively convey the exclusion of warranty; and each file should have at least the "copyright" line and a pointer to where the full notice is found.

```
<one line to give the program's name and a brief idea of what it does.>
Copyright (C) <year> <name of author>
```

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```
Gnomovision version 69, Copyright (C) year name of author
Gnomovision comes with ABSOLUTELY NO WARRANTY; for details type `show w'.
This is free software, and you are welcome to redistribute it
under certain conditions; type `show c' for details.
```

The hypothetical commands `show w' and `show c' should show the appropriate parts of the General Public License. Of course, the commands you use may be called something other than `show w' and `show c'; they could even be mouse-clicks or menu items--whatever suits your program.

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```
Yoyodyne, Inc., hereby disclaims all copyright interest in the program
'Gnomovision' (which makes passes at compilers) written by James Hacker.
```

```
<signature of Ty Coon>, 1 April 1989
Ty Coon, President of Vice
```

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## 1.71 libselinux 2.5 :14.1.el7

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## 1.73 libsepol 2.5 :10.el7

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(For example, a function in a library to compute square roots has a purpose that is entirely well-defined independent of the application. Therefore, Subsection 2d requires that any application-supplied function or table used by this function must be optional: if the application does not supply it, the square root function must still compute square roots.)

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If such an object file uses only numerical parameters, data structure layouts and accessors, and small macros and small inline functions (ten lines or less in length), then the use of the object file is unrestricted, regardless of whether it is legally a derivative work. (Executables containing this object code plus portions of the Library will still fall under Section 6.)

Otherwise, if the work is a derivative of the Library, you may distribute the object code for the work under the terms of Section 6. Any executables containing that work also fall under Section 6, whether or not they are linked directly with the Library itself.

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## 1.74 libsmartcols 2.23.2-59

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(For example, a function in a library to compute square roots has a purpose that is entirely well-defined independent of the application. Therefore, Subsection 2d requires that any application-supplied function or table used by this function must be optional: if the application does not supply it, the square root function must still compute square roots.)

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*/
```

```
#!/bin/sh
```

```
Get modification time of a file or directory and pretty-print it.
```

```
scriptversion=2010-08-21.06; # UTC
```

```
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```
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```

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```
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```

```
<signature of Ty Coon>, 1 April 1989
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## 1.77 libuser 0.60 :9.e17

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# 1.78 libutempter 1.1.6 :4.e17

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## 1.79 libverto 0.2.5 :4.el7

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```

```
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Upstream-Contact: Yann Collet <[Cyan4973@github.com](mailto:Cyan4973@github.com)>

Source: <https://github.com/lz4/lz4>

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The reason we have a separate public license for some libraries is that they blur the distinction we usually make between modifying or adding to a program and simply using it. Linking a program with a library, without changing the library, is in some sense simply using the library, and is analogous to running a utility program or application program. However, in a textual and legal sense, the linked executable is a combined work, a derivative of the original library, and the ordinary General Public License treats it as such.

Because of this blurred distinction, using the ordinary General Public License for libraries did not effectively promote software sharing, because most developers did not use the libraries. We concluded that weaker conditions might promote sharing better.

However, unrestricted linking of non-free programs would deprive the users of those programs of all benefit from the free status of the libraries themselves. This Library General Public License is intended to permit developers of non-free programs to use free libraries, while preserving your freedom as a user of such programs to change the free libraries that are incorporated in them. (We have not seen how to achieve

this as regards changes in header files, but we have achieved it as regards changes in the actual functions of the Library.) The hope is that this will lead to faster development of free libraries.

The precise terms and conditions for copying, distribution and modification follow. Pay close attention to the difference between a "work based on the library" and a "work that uses the library". The former contains code derived from the library, while the latter only works together with the library.

Note that it is possible for a library to be covered by the ordinary General Public License rather than by this special one.

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0. This License Agreement applies to any software library which contains a notice placed by the copyright holder or other authorized party saying it may be distributed under the terms of this Library General Public License (also called "this License"). Each licensee is addressed as "you".

A "library" means a collection of software functions and/or data prepared so as to be conveniently linked with application programs (which use some of those functions and data) to form executables.

The "Library", below, refers to any such software library or work which has been distributed under these terms. A "work based on the Library" means either the Library or any derivative work under copyright law: that is to say, a work containing the Library or a portion of it, either verbatim or with modifications and/or translated straightforwardly into another language. (Hereinafter, translation is included without limitation in the term "modification".)

"Source code" for a work means the preferred form of the work for making modifications to it. For a library, complete source code means all the source code for all modules it contains, plus any associated interface definition files, plus the scripts used to control compilation and installation of the library.

Activities other than copying, distribution and modification are not covered by this License; they are outside its scope. The act of running a program using the Library is not restricted, and output from such a program is covered only if its contents constitute a work based on the Library (independent of the use of the Library in a tool for writing it). Whether that is true depends on what the Library does and what the program that uses the Library does.

1. You may copy and distribute verbatim copies of the Library's complete source code as you receive it, in any medium, provided that you conspicuously and appropriately publish on each copy an appropriate copyright notice and disclaimer of warranty; keep intact all the notices that refer to this License and to the absence of any warranty; and distribute a copy of this License along with the Library.

You may charge a fee for the physical act of transferring a copy, and you may at your option offer warranty protection in exchange for a fee.

2. You may modify your copy or copies of the Library or any portion of it, thus forming a work based on the Library, and copy and distribute such modifications or work under the terms of Section 1 above, provided that you also meet all of these conditions:

- a) The modified work must itself be a software library.
- b) You must cause the files modified to carry prominent notices stating that you changed the files and the date of any change.
- c) You must cause the whole of the work to be licensed at no charge to all third parties under the terms of this License.
- d) If a facility in the modified Library refers to a function or a table of data to be supplied by an application program that uses the facility, other than as an argument passed when the facility is invoked, then you must make a good faith effort to ensure that, in the event an application does not supply such function or table, the facility still operates, and performs whatever part of its purpose remains meaningful.

(For example, a function in a library to compute square roots has a purpose that is entirely well-defined independent of the application. Therefore, Subsection 2d requires that any application-supplied function or table used by this function must be optional: if the application does not supply it, the square root function must still compute square roots.)

These requirements apply to the modified work as a whole. If identifiable sections of that work are not derived from the Library, and can be reasonably considered independent and separate works in themselves, then this License, and its terms, do not apply to those sections when you distribute them as separate works. But when you distribute the same sections as part of a whole which is a work based on the Library, the distribution of the whole must be on the terms of this License, whose permissions for other licensees extend to the

entire whole, and thus to each and every part regardless of who wrote it.

Thus, it is not the intent of this section to claim rights or contest your rights to work written entirely by you; rather, the intent is to exercise the right to control the distribution of derivative or collective works based on the Library.

In addition, mere aggregation of another work not based on the Library with the Library (or with a work based on the Library) on a volume of a storage or distribution medium does not bring the other work under the scope of this License.

3. You may opt to apply the terms of the ordinary GNU General Public License instead of this License to a given copy of the Library. To do this, you must alter all the notices that refer to this License, so that they refer to the ordinary GNU General Public License, version 2, instead of to this License. (If a newer version than version 2 of the ordinary GNU General Public License has appeared, then you can specify that version instead if you wish.) Do not make any other change in these notices.

Once this change is made in a given copy, it is irreversible for that copy, so the ordinary GNU General Public License applies to all subsequent copies and derivative works made from that copy.

This option is useful when you wish to copy part of the code of the Library into a program that is not a library.

4. You may copy and distribute the Library (or a portion or derivative of it, under Section 2) in object code or executable form under the terms of Sections 1 and 2 above provided that you accompany it with the complete corresponding machine-readable source code, which must be distributed under the terms of Sections 1 and 2 above on a medium customarily used for software interchange.

If distribution of object code is made by offering access to copy from a designated place, then offering equivalent access to copy the source code from the same place satisfies the requirement to distribute the source code, even though third parties are not compelled to copy the source along with the object code.

5. A program that contains no derivative of any portion of the Library, but is designed to work with the Library by being compiled or linked with it, is called a "work that uses the Library". Such a work, in isolation, is not a derivative work of the Library, and therefore falls outside the scope of this License.

However, linking a "work that uses the Library" with the Library creates an executable that is a derivative of the Library (because it contains portions of the Library), rather than a "work that uses the library". The executable is therefore covered by this License. Section 6 states terms for distribution of such executables.

When a "work that uses the Library" uses material from a header file that is part of the Library, the object code for the work may be a derivative work of the Library even though the source code is not. Whether this is true is especially significant if the work can be linked without the Library, or if the work is itself a library. The threshold for this to be true is not precisely defined by law.

If such an object file uses only numerical parameters, data structure layouts and accessors, and small macros and small inline functions (ten lines or less in length), then the use of the object file is unrestricted, regardless of whether it is legally a derivative work. (Executables containing this object code plus portions of the Library will still fall under Section 6.)

Otherwise, if the work is a derivative of the Library, you may distribute the object code for the work under the terms of Section 6. Any executables containing that work also fall under Section 6, whether or not they are linked directly with the Library itself.

6. As an exception to the Sections above, you may also compile or link a "work that uses the Library" with the Library to produce a work containing portions of the Library, and distribute that work under terms of your choice, provided that the terms permit modification of the work for the customer's own use and reverse engineering for debugging such modifications.

You must give prominent notice with each copy of the work that the Library is used in it and that the Library and its use are covered by this License. You must supply a copy of this License. If the work during execution displays copyright notices, you must include the copyright notice for the Library among them, as well as a reference directing the user to the copy of this License. Also, you must do one of these things:

- a) Accompany the work with the complete corresponding machine-readable source code for the Library including whatever changes were used in the work (which must be distributed under Sections 1 and 2 above); and, if the work is an executable linked with the Library, with the complete machine-readable "work that uses the Library", as object code and/or source code, so that the user can modify the Library and then relink to produce a modified executable containing the modified Library. (It is understood

that the user who changes the contents of definitions files in the Library will not necessarily be able to recompile the application to use the modified definitions.)

b) Accompany the work with a written offer, valid for at least three years, to give the same user the materials specified in Subsection 6a, above, for a charge no more than the cost of performing this distribution.

c) If distribution of the work is made by offering access to copy from a designated place, offer equivalent access to copy the above specified materials from the same place.

d) Verify that the user has already received a copy of these materials or that you have already sent this user a copy.

For an executable, the required form of the "work that uses the Library" must include any data and utility programs needed for reproducing the executable from it. However, as a special exception, the source code distributed need not include anything that is normally distributed (in either source or binary form) with the major components (compiler, kernel, and so on) of the operating system on which the executable runs, unless that component itself accompanies the executable.

It may happen that this requirement contradicts the license restrictions of other proprietary libraries that do not normally accompany the operating system. Such a contradiction means you cannot use both them and the Library together in an executable that you distribute.

7. You may place library facilities that are a work based on the Library side-by-side in a single library together with other library facilities not covered by this License, and distribute such a combined library, provided that the separate distribution of the work based on the Library and of the other library facilities is otherwise permitted, and provided that you do these two things:

a) Accompany the combined library with a copy of the same work based on the Library, uncombined with any other library facilities. This must be distributed under the terms of the Sections above.

b) Give prominent notice with the combined library of the fact that part of it is a work based on the Library, and explaining where to find the accompanying uncombined form of the same work.

8. You may not copy, modify, sublicense, link with, or distribute

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system; it is up to the author/donor to decide if he or she is willing to distribute software through any other system and a licensee cannot impose that choice.

This section is intended to make thoroughly clear what is believed to be a consequence of the rest of this License.

12. If the distribution and/or use of the Library is restricted in certain countries either by patents or by copyrighted interfaces, the original copyright holder who places the Library under this License may add an explicit geographical distribution limitation excluding those countries, so that distribution is permitted only in or among countries not thus excluded. In such case, this License incorporates the limitation as if written in the body of this License.

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#### END OF TERMS AND CONDITIONS

#### Appendix: How to Apply These Terms to Your New Libraries

If you develop a new library, and you want it to be of the greatest possible use to the public, we recommend making it free software that everyone can redistribute and change. You can do so by permitting redistribution under these terms (or, alternatively, under the terms of the ordinary General Public License).

To apply these terms, attach the following notices to the library. It is safest to attach them to the start of each source file to most effectively convey the exclusion of warranty; and each file should have at least the "copyright" line and a pointer to where the full notice is found.

<one line to give the library's name and a brief idea of what it does.>  
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You should have received a copy of the GNU Library General Public License along with this library; if not, write to the Free Software Foundation, Inc., 675 Mass Ave, Cambridge, MA 02139, USA.

Also add information on how to contact you by electronic and paper mail.

You should also get your employer (if you work as a programmer) or your school, if any, to sign a "copyright disclaimer" for the library, if

necessary. Here is a sample; alter the names:

Yoyodyne, Inc., hereby disclaims all copyright interest in the library `Frob' (a library for tweaking knobs) written by James Random Hacker.

<signature of Ty Coon>, 1 April 1990

Ty Coon, President of Vice

That's all there is to it!

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Version 3, 29 June 2007

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To protect your rights, we need to prevent others from denying you these rights or asking you to surrender the rights. Therefore, you have certain responsibilities if you distribute copies of the software, or if you modify it: responsibilities to respect the freedom of others.

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For the developers' and authors' protection, the GPL clearly explains that there is no warranty for this free software. For both users' and authors' sake, the GPL requires that modified versions be marked as changed, so that their problems will not be attributed erroneously to authors of previous versions.

Some devices are designed to deny users access to install or run modified versions of the software inside them, although the manufacturer can do so. This is fundamentally incompatible with the aim of protecting users' freedom to change the software. The systematic pattern of such abuse occurs in the area of products for individuals to use, which is precisely where it is most unacceptable. Therefore, we have designed this version of the GPL to prohibit the practice for those products. If such problems arise substantially in other domains, we stand ready to extend this provision to those domains in future versions of the GPL, as needed to protect the freedom of users.

Finally, every program is threatened constantly by software patents. States should not allow patents to restrict development and use of software on general-purpose computers, but in those that do, we wish to avoid the special danger that patents applied to a free program could make it effectively proprietary. To prevent this, the GPL assures that patents cannot be used to render the program non-free.

The precise terms and conditions for copying, distribution and modification follow.

## TERMS AND CONDITIONS

### 0. Definitions.

"This License" refers to version 3 of the GNU General Public License.

"Copyright" also means copyright-like laws that apply to other kinds of works, such as semiconductor masks.

"The Program" refers to any copyrightable work licensed under this License. Each licensee is addressed as "you". "Licensees" and "recipients" may be individuals or organizations.

To "modify" a work means to copy from or adapt all or part of the work in a fashion requiring copyright permission, other than the making of an exact copy. The resulting work is called a "modified version" of the earlier work or a work "based on" the earlier work.

A "covered work" means either the unmodified Program or a work based on the Program.

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To "convey" a work means any kind of propagation that enables other parties to make or receive copies. Mere interaction with a user through a computer network, with no transfer of a copy, is not conveying.

An interactive user interface displays "Appropriate Legal Notices" to the extent that it includes a convenient and prominently visible feature that (1) displays an appropriate copyright notice, and (2) tells the user that there is no warranty for the work (except to the extent that warranties are provided), that licensees may convey the work under this License, and how to view a copy of this License. If the interface presents a list of user commands or options, such as a menu, a prominent item in the list meets this criterion.

#### 1. Source Code.

The "source code" for a work means the preferred form of the work for making modifications to it. "Object code" means any non-source form of a work.

A "Standard Interface" means an interface that either is an official standard defined by a recognized standards body, or, in the case of interfaces specified for a particular programming language, one that is widely used among developers working in that language.

The "System Libraries" of an executable work include anything, other than the work as a whole, that (a) is included in the normal form of packaging a Major Component, but which is not part of that Major Component, and (b) serves only to enable use of the work with that Major Component, or to implement a Standard Interface for which an implementation is available to the public in source code form. A "Major Component", in this context, means a major essential component (kernel, window system, and so on) of the specific operating system (if any) on which the executable work runs, or a compiler used to produce the work, or an object code interpreter used to run it.

The "Corresponding Source" for a work in object code form means all the source code needed to generate, install, and (for an executable

work) run the object code and to modify the work, including scripts to control those activities. However, it does not include the work's System Libraries, or general-purpose tools or generally available free programs which are used unmodified in performing those activities but which are not part of the work. For example, Corresponding Source includes interface definition files associated with source files for the work, and the source code for shared libraries and dynamically linked subprograms that the work is specifically designed to require, such as by intimate data communication or control flow between those subprograms and other parts of the work.

The Corresponding Source need not include anything that users can regenerate automatically from other parts of the Corresponding Source.

The Corresponding Source for a work in source code form is that same work.

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#### 5. Conveying Modified Source Versions.

You may convey a work based on the Program, or the modifications to produce it from the Program, in the form of source code under the terms of section 4, provided that you also meet all of these conditions:

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- b) The work must carry prominent notices stating that it is released under this License and any conditions added under section 7. This requirement modifies the requirement in section 4 to "keep intact all notices".
- c) You must license the entire work, as a whole, under this License to anyone who comes into possession of a copy. This License will therefore apply, along with any applicable section 7 additional terms, to the whole of the work, and all its parts, regardless of how they are packaged. This License gives no permission to license the work in any other way, but it does not invalidate such permission if you have separately received it.
- d) If the work has interactive user interfaces, each must display Appropriate Legal Notices; however, if the Program has interactive

interfaces that do not display Appropriate Legal Notices, your work need not make them do so.

A compilation of a covered work with other separate and independent works, which are not by their nature extensions of the covered work, and which are not combined with it such as to form a larger program, in or on a volume of a storage or distribution medium, is called an "aggregate" if the compilation and its resulting copyright are not used to limit the access or legal rights of the compilation's users beyond what the individual works permit. Inclusion of a covered work in an aggregate does not cause this License to apply to the other parts of the aggregate.

#### 6. Conveying Non-Source Forms.

You may convey a covered work in object code form under the terms of sections 4 and 5, provided that you also convey the machine-readable Corresponding Source under the terms of this License, in one of these ways:

- a) Convey the object code in, or embodied in, a physical product (including a physical distribution medium), accompanied by the Corresponding Source fixed on a durable physical medium customarily used for software interchange.
- b) Convey the object code in, or embodied in, a physical product (including a physical distribution medium), accompanied by a written offer, valid for at least three years and valid for as long as you offer spare parts or customer support for that product model, to give anyone who possesses the object code either (1) a copy of the Corresponding Source for all the software in the product that is covered by this License, on a durable physical medium customarily used for software interchange, for a price no more than your reasonable cost of physically performing this conveying of source, or (2) access to copy the Corresponding Source from a network server at no charge.
- c) Convey individual copies of the object code with a copy of the written offer to provide the Corresponding Source. This alternative is allowed only occasionally and noncommercially, and only if you received the object code with such an offer, in accord with subsection 6b.
- d) Convey the object code by offering access from a designated place (gratis or for a charge), and offer equivalent access to the Corresponding Source in the same way through the same place at no further charge. You need not require recipients to copy the Corresponding Source along with the object code. If the place to

copy the object code is a network server, the Corresponding Source may be on a different server (operated by you or a third party) that supports equivalent copying facilities, provided you maintain clear directions next to the object code saying where to find the Corresponding Source. Regardless of what server hosts the Corresponding Source, you remain obligated to ensure that it is available for as long as needed to satisfy these requirements.

e) Convey the object code using peer-to-peer transmission, provided you inform other peers where the object code and Corresponding Source of the work are being offered to the general public at no charge under subsection 6d.

A separable portion of the object code, whose source code is excluded from the Corresponding Source as a System Library, need not be included in conveying the object code work.

A "User Product" is either (1) a "consumer product", which means any tangible personal property which is normally used for personal, family, or household purposes, or (2) anything designed or sold for incorporation into a dwelling. In determining whether a product is a consumer product, doubtful cases shall be resolved in favor of coverage. For a particular product received by a particular user, "normally used" refers to a typical or common use of that class of product, regardless of the status of the particular user or of the way in which the particular user actually uses, or expects or is expected to use, the product. A product is a consumer product regardless of whether the product has substantial commercial, industrial or non-consumer uses, unless such uses represent the only significant mode of use of the product.

"Installation Information" for a User Product means any methods, procedures, authorization keys, or other information required to install and execute modified versions of a covered work in that User Product from a modified version of its Corresponding Source. The information must suffice to ensure that the continued functioning of the modified object code is in no case prevented or interfered with solely because modification has been made.

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The requirement to provide Installation Information does not include a requirement to continue to provide support service, warranty, or updates for a work that has been modified or installed by the recipient, or for the User Product in which it has been modified or installed. Access to a network may be denied when the modification itself materially and adversely affects the operation of the network or violates the rules and protocols for communication across the network.

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 */

#ifdef HAVE_SETRESGID
int setresgid(gid_t, gid_t, gid_t);
#endif
#ifdef HAVE_SETRESUID
int setresuid(uid_t, uid_t, uid_t);
#endif
/* $OpenBSD: poll.h,v 1.11 2003/12/10 23:10:08 millert Exp $ */

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```
/* OPENBSD ORIGINAL: sys/sys/poll.h */
```

```
#if !defined(HAVE_POLL) && !defined(HAVE_POLL_H)
#ifdef _COMPAT_POLL_H_
#define _COMPAT_POLL_H_
```

```
typedef struct pollfd {
 int fd;
 short events;
 short revents;
} pollfd_t;
```

```
typedef unsigned int nfds_t;
```

```
#define POLLIN 0x0001
#define POLLOUT 0x0004
#define POLLERR 0x0008
#define POLLHUP 0x0010
#define POLLNVAL 0x0020
```

```
#if 0
```

```
/* the following are currently not implemented */
```

```
#define POLLPRI 0x0002
#define POLLRDNORM 0x0040
#define POLLNORM POLLRDNORM
#define POLLWRNORM POLLOUT
#define POLLRDBAND 0x0080
#define POLLWRBAND 0x0100
#endif
```

```
#define INFTIM (-1) /* not standard */
```

```
int poll(struct pollfd *, nfd_t, int);
```

```
#endif /* !_COMPAT_POLL_H_ */
```

```
#endif /* !HAVE_POLL_H */
```

```
/*
```

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*/

```

```

#ifndef _BSD_WAITPID_H
#define _BSD_WAITPID_H

#ifndef HAVE_WAITPID
/* Clean out any potential issues */
#undef WIFEXITED
#undef WIFSTOPPED
#undef WIFSIGNALED

/* Define required functions to mimic a POSIX look and feel */
#define _W_INT(w) (*(int*)&(w)) /* convert union wait to int */
#define WIFEXITED(w) (!((_W_INT(w)) & 0377))
#define WIFSTOPPED(w) ((_W_INT(w)) & 0100)
#define WIFSIGNALED(w) (!WIFEXITED(w) && !WIFSTOPPED(w))
#define WEXITSTATUS(w) (int)(WIFEXITED(w) ? ((_W_INT(w)) >> 8) & 0377) : -1)
#define WTERMSIG(w) (int)(WIFSIGNALED(w) ? (_W_INT(w) & 0177) : -1)
#define WCOREFLAG 0x80
#define WCOREDUMP(w) ((_W_INT(w)) & WCOREFLAG)

/* Prototype */
pid_t waitpid(int, int *, int);

#endif /* !HAVE_WAITPID */
#endif /* _BSD_WAITPID_H */

```

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```
$OpenBSD: LICENCE,v 1.19 2004/08/30 09:18:08 markus Exp $
diff -up openssl-7.4p1/sftp-server.8.sftp-force-mode openssl-7.4p1/sftp-server.8
--- openssl-7.4p1/sftp-server.8.sftp-force-mode 2016-12-19 05:59:41.000000000 +0100
+++ openssl-7.4p1/sftp-server.8 2017-02-09 10:35:41.926475399 +0100
@@ -38,6 +38,7 @@
```

```

.Op Fl P Ar blacklisted_requests
.Op Fl p Ar whitelisted_requests
.Op Fl u Ar umask
+.Op Fl m Ar force_file_perms
.Ek
.Nm
.Fl Q Ar protocol_feature
@@ -138,6 +139,10 @@ Sets an explicit
.Xr umask 2
to be applied to newly-created files and directories, instead of the
user's default mask.
+.It Fl m Ar force_file_perms
+Sets explicit file permissions to be applied to newly-created files instead
+of the default or client requested mode. Numeric values include:
+777, 755, 750, 666, 644, 640, etc. Option -u is ineffective if -m is set.
.El
.Pp
On some systems,
diff -up openssl-7.4p1/sftp-server.c.sftp-force-mode openssl-7.4p1/sftp-server.c
--- openssl-7.4p1/sftp-server.c.sftp-force-mode 2017-02-09 10:22:36.498019921 +0100
+++ openssl-7.4p1/sftp-server.c 2017-02-09 10:35:07.190520959 +0100
@@ -65,6 +65,10 @@ struct sshbuf *oqueue;
/* Version of client */
static u_int version;

+/* Force file permissions */
+int permforce = 0;
+long permforcemode;
+
+/* SSH2_FXP_INIT received */
static int init_done;

@@ -679,6 +683,7 @@ process_open(u_int32_t id)
Attrib a;
char *name;
int r, handle, fd, flags, mode, status = SSH2_FX_FAILURE;
+ mode_t old_umask = 0;

if ((r = sshbuf_get_cstring(iqueue, &name, NULL)) != 0 ||
 (r = sshbuf_get_u32(iqueue, &pflags)) != 0 || /* portable flags */
@@ -688,6 +693,10 @@ process_open(u_int32_t id)
debug3("request %u: open flags %d", id, pflags);
flags = flags_from_portable(pflags);
mode = (a.flags & SSH2_FILEXFER_ATTR_PERMISSIONS) ? a.perm : 0666;
+ if (permforce == 1) { /* Force perm if -m is set */
+ mode = permforcemode;
+ old_umask = umask(0); /* so umask does not interfere */
+ }

```

```

logit("open \"%s\" flags %s mode 0%o",
 name, string_from_portable(pflags), mode);
if (readonly &&
@@ -709,6 +718,8 @@ process_open(u_int32_t id)
 }
 }
 }
+ if (permforce == 1)
+ (void) umask(old_umask); /* restore umask to something sane */
if (status != SSH2_FX_OK)
 send_status(id, status);
free(name);
@@ -1490,7 +1501,7 @@ sftp_server_usage(void)
fprintf(stderr,
 "usage: %s [-ehR] [-d start_directory] [-f log_facility] "
 "[-l log_level]\n\t[-P blacklisted_requests] "
- "[-p whitelisted_requests] [-u umask]\n"
+ "[-p whitelisted_requests] [-u umask] [-m force_file_perms]\n"
 " %s -Q protocol_feature\n",
 __progname, __progname);
exit(1);
@@ -1516,7 +1527,7 @@ sftp_server_main(int argc, char **argv,
pw = pwcopu(user_pw);

while (!skipargs && (ch = getopt(argc, argv,
- "d:f:l:P:p:Q:u:cehR")) != -1) {
+ "d:f:l:P:p:Q:u:m:cehR")) != -1) {
 switch (ch) {
 case 'Q':
 if (strcasecmp(optarg, "requests") != 0) {
@@ -1576,6 +1587,15 @@ sftp_server_main(int argc, char **argv,
 fatal("Invalid umask \"%s\"", optarg);
 (void)umask((mode_t)mask);
 break;
+ case 'm':
+ /* Force permissions on file received via sftp */
+ permforce = 1;
+ permforcemode = strtol(optarg, &cp, 8);
+ if (permforcemode < 0 || permforcemode > 0777 ||
+ *cp != '\0' || (permforcemode == 0 &&
+ errno != 0))
+ fatal("Invalid file mode \"%s\"", optarg);
+ break;
 case 'h':
 default:
 sftp_server_usage();

```

This package was debianized by Jamie Beverly <soupboy@sourceforge.net> on  
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```

```

/* OPENBSD ORIGINAL: sys/sys/poll.h */

```

```

#if !defined(HAVE_POLL) && !defined(HAVE_POLL_H)

```

```

#ifdef _COMPAT_POLL_H_

```

```

#define _COMPAT_POLL_H_

```

```

typedef struct pollfd {

```

```

 int fd;

```

```

 short events;

```

```

 short revents;

```

```

} pollfd_t;

```

```

typedef unsigned int nfds_t;

```

```

#define POLLIN 0x0001

```

```

#define POLLOUT 0x0004

```

```

#define POLLERR 0x0008

```

```

#if 0

```

```

/* the following are currently not implemented */

```

```

#define POLLPRI 0x0002

```

```

#define POLLHUP 0x0010

```

```

#define POLLNVAL 0x0020

```

```

#define POLLRDNORM 0x0040

```

```

#define POLLNORM POLLRDNORM

```

```

#define POLLWRNORM POLLOUT

```

```

#define POLLRDBAND 0x0080

```

```

#define POLLWRBAND 0x0100

```

```

#endif

```

```

#define INFTIM (-1) /* not standard */

```

```

int poll(struct pollfd *, nfds_t, int);

```

```

#endif /* !_COMPAT_POLL_H_ */

```

```

#endif /* !HAVE_POLL_H */
/* $Id: BSD_WAITPID.H,v 1.5 2003/08/29 16:59:52 mouring Exp $ */

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 */

#ifndef _BSD_WAITPID_H
#define _BSD_WAITPID_H

#ifndef HAVE_WAITPID
/* Clean out any potential issues */
#undef WIFEXITED
#undef WIFSTOPPED
#undef WIFSIGNALED

/* Define required functions to mimic a POSIX look and feel */
#define _W_INT(w) (*(int*)&(w)) /* convert union wait to int */
#define WIFEXITED(w) (!((_W_INT(w)) & 0377))
#define WIFSTOPPED(w) ((_W_INT(w)) & 0100)
#define WIFSIGNALED(w) (!WIFEXITED(w) && !WIFSTOPPED(w))
#define WEXITSTATUS(w) (int)(WIFEXITED(w) ? ((_W_INT(w)) >> 8) & 0377) : -1)
#define WTERMSIG(w) (int)(WIFSIGNALED(w) ? (_W_INT(w) & 0177) : -1)
#define WCOREFLAG 0x80
#define WCOREDUMP(w) ((_W_INT(w)) & WCOREFLAG)

/* Prototype */

```

```
pid_t waitpid(int, int *, int);
```

```
#endif /* !HAVE_WAITPID */
```

```
#endif /* _BSD_WAITPID_H */
```

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\* Foremost, OpenSSH from which this project is derived.

\* Jamie Beverly

\* Rafael D'Halleweyn - 2011-06-05 18:56:24 EDT

\* Jan-Pieter Cornet ( johnpc ) - 2012-03-23 03:25:52 PDT

\* chrysn@fsfe.org

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```

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<signature of Ty Coon>, 1 April 1989
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## 1.97 pcre 8.32 :17.el7

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-----

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Email domain: cam.ac.uk

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Cambridge, England.

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(For example, a function in a library to compute square roots has a purpose that is entirely well-defined independent of the application. Therefore, Subsection 2d requires that any application-supplied function or table used by this function must be optional: if the application does not supply it, the square root function must still compute square roots.)

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However, linking a "work that uses the Library" with the Library creates an executable that is a derivative of the Library (because it contains portions of the Library), rather than a "work that uses the library". The executable is therefore covered by this License. Section 6 states terms for distribution of such executables.

When a "work that uses the Library" uses material from a header file that is part of the Library, the object code for the work may be a derivative work of the Library even though the source code is not. Whether this is true is especially significant if the work can be linked without the Library, or if the work is itself a library. The threshold for this to be true is not precisely defined by law.

If such an object file uses only numerical parameters, data structure layouts and accessors, and small macros and small inline functions (ten lines or less in length), then the use of the object file is unrestricted, regardless of whether it is legally a derivative work. (Executables containing this object code plus portions of the Library will still fall under Section 6.)

Otherwise, if the work is a derivative of the Library, you may distribute the object code for the work under the terms of Section 6. Any executables containing that work also fall under Section 6, whether or not they are linked directly with the Library itself.

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- b) Accompany the work with a written offer, valid for at least three years, to give the same user the materials specified in Subsection 6a, above, for a charge no more than the cost of performing this distribution.
- c) If distribution of the work is made by offering access to copy from a designated place, offer equivalent access to copy the above specified materials from the same place.
- d) Verify that the user has already received a copy of these materials or that you have already sent this user a copy.

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The reason we have a separate public license for some libraries is that they blur the distinction we usually make between modifying or adding to a program and simply using it. Linking a program with a library, without changing the library, is in some sense simply using the library, and is analogous to running a utility program or application program. However, in a textual and legal sense, the linked executable is a combined work, a derivative of the original library, and the ordinary General Public License treats it as such.

Because of this blurred distinction, using the ordinary General Public License for libraries did not effectively promote software sharing, because most developers did not use the libraries. We concluded that weaker conditions might promote sharing better.

However, unrestricted linking of non-free programs would deprive the users of those programs of all benefit from the free status of the libraries themselves. This Library General Public License is intended to

permit developers of non-free programs to use free libraries, while preserving your freedom as a user of such programs to change the free libraries that are incorporated in them. (We have not seen how to achieve this as regards changes in header files, but we have achieved it as regards changes in the actual functions of the Library.) The hope is that this will lead to faster development of free libraries.

The precise terms and conditions for copying, distribution and modification follow. Pay close attention to the difference between a "work based on the library" and a "work that uses the library". The former contains code derived from the library, while the latter only works together with the library.

Note that it is possible for a library to be covered by the ordinary General Public License rather than by this special one.

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If distribution of object code is made by offering access to copy from a designated place, then offering equivalent access to copy the source code from the same place satisfies the requirement to distribute the source code, even though third parties are not compelled to copy the source along with the object code.

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(For example, a function in a library to compute square roots has a purpose that is entirely well-defined independent of the application. Therefore, Subsection 2d requires that any application-supplied function or table used by this function must be optional: if the application does not supply it, the square root function must still compute square roots.)

These requirements apply to the modified work as a whole. If identifiable sections of that work are not derived from the Library, and can be reasonably considered independent and separate works in themselves, then this License, and its terms, do not apply to those sections when you distribute them as separate works. But when you distribute the same sections as part of a whole which is a work based on the Library, the distribution of the whole must be on the terms of

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If distribution of object code is made by offering access to copy from a designated place, then offering equivalent access to copy the source code from the same place satisfies the requirement to distribute the source code, even though third parties are not compelled to copy the source along with the object code.

5. A program that contains no derivative of any portion of the Library, but is designed to work with the Library by being compiled or linked with it, is called a "work that uses the Library". Such a work, in isolation, is not a derivative work of the Library, and therefore falls outside the scope of this License.

However, linking a "work that uses the Library" with the Library creates an executable that is a derivative of the Library (because it contains portions of the Library), rather than a "work that uses the library". The executable is therefore covered by this License. Section 6 states terms for distribution of such executables.

When a "work that uses the Library" uses material from a header file that is part of the Library, the object code for the work may be a derivative work of the Library even though the source code is not. Whether this is true is especially significant if the work can be linked without the Library, or if the work is itself a library. The threshold for this to be true is not precisely defined by law.

If such an object file uses only numerical parameters, data structure layouts and accessors, and small macros and small inline functions (ten lines or less in length), then the use of the object file is unrestricted, regardless of whether it is legally a derivative work. (Executables containing this object code plus portions of the Library will still fall under Section 6.)

Otherwise, if the work is a derivative of the Library, you may distribute the object code for the work under the terms of Section 6. Any executables containing that work also fall under Section 6, whether or not they are linked directly with the Library itself.

6. As an exception to the Sections above, you may also compile or link a "work that uses the Library" with the Library to produce a work containing portions of the Library, and distribute that work under terms of your choice, provided that the terms permit modification of the work for the customer's own use and reverse engineering for debugging such modifications.

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executable containing the modified Library. (It is understood that the user who changes the contents of definitions files in the Library will not necessarily be able to recompile the application to use the modified definitions.)

b) Accompany the work with a written offer, valid for at least three years, to give the same user the materials specified in Subsection 6a, above, for a charge no more than the cost of performing this distribution.

c) If distribution of the work is made by offering access to copy from a designated place, offer equivalent access to copy the above specified materials from the same place.

d) Verify that the user has already received a copy of these materials or that you have already sent this user a copy.

For an executable, the required form of the "work that uses the Library" must include any data and utility programs needed for reproducing the executable from it. However, as a special exception, the source code distributed need not include anything that is normally distributed (in either source or binary form) with the major components (compiler, kernel, and so on) of the operating system on which the executable runs, unless that component itself accompanies the executable.

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## 1.103 pth 2.0.7 :23.e17

### 1.103.1 Available under license :

```

| _\|_|_|_ ``Ian Fleming was a UNIX fan!
| |_)|_|'_\ How do I know? Well, James Bond
| _/|_|_|_| had the (license to kill) number 007,
| | _|_|_| i.e., he could execute anyone!"
```

GNU Pth - The GNU Portable Threads

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- d) If a facility in the modified Library refers to a function or a table of data to be supplied by an application program that uses the facility, other than as an argument passed when the facility is invoked, then you must make a good faith effort to ensure that,

in the event an application does not supply such function or table, the facility still operates, and performs whatever part of its purpose remains meaningful.

(For example, a function in a library to compute square roots has a purpose that is entirely well-defined independent of the application. Therefore, Subsection 2d requires that any application-supplied function or table used by this function must be optional: if the application does not supply it, the square root function must still compute square roots.)

These requirements apply to the modified work as a whole. If identifiable sections of that work are not derived from the Library, and can be reasonably considered independent and separate works in themselves, then this License, and its terms, do not apply to those sections when you distribute them as separate works. But when you distribute the same sections as part of a whole which is a work based on the Library, the distribution of the whole must be on the terms of this License, whose permissions for other licensees extend to the entire whole, and thus to each and every part regardless of who wrote it.

Thus, it is not the intent of this section to claim rights or contest your rights to work written entirely by you; rather, the intent is to exercise the right to control the distribution of derivative or collective works based on the Library.

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This option is useful when you wish to copy part of the code of the Library into a program that is not a library.

4. You may copy and distribute the Library (or a portion or derivative of it, under Section 2) in object code or executable form under the terms of Sections 1 and 2 above provided that you accompany it with the complete corresponding machine-readable source code, which must be distributed under the terms of Sections 1 and 2 above on a medium customarily used for software interchange.

If distribution of object code is made by offering access to copy from a designated place, then offering equivalent access to copy the source code from the same place satisfies the requirement to distribute the source code, even though third parties are not compelled to copy the source along with the object code.

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If such an object file uses only numerical parameters, data structure layouts and accessors, and small macros and small inline functions (ten lines or less in length), then the use of the object file is unrestricted, regardless of whether it is legally a derivative work. (Executables containing this object code plus portions of the Library will still fall under Section 6.)

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## 1.106 python 2.7.5 :76.el7

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```
.. highlightlang:: none
```

```
.. _history-and-license:
```

```

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```
History and License
```

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```
History of the software
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```
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```

```
Python was created in the early 1990s by Guido van Rossum at Stichting
Mathematisch Centrum (CWI, see http://www.cwi.nl/) in the Netherlands as a
```

successor of a language called ABC. Guido remains Python's principal author, although it includes many contributions from others.

In 1995, Guido continued his work on Python at the Corporation for National Research Initiatives (CNRI, see <http://www.cnri.reston.va.us/>) in Reston, Virginia where he released several versions of the software.

In May 2000, Guido and the Python core development team moved to BeOpen.com to form the BeOpen PythonLabs team. In October of the same year, the PythonLabs team moved to Digital Creations (now Zope Corporation; see <http://www.zope.com/>). In 2001, the Python Software Foundation (PSF, see <http://www.python.org/psf/>) was formed, a non-profit organization created specifically to own Python-related Intellectual Property. Zope Corporation is a sponsoring member of the PSF.

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Release	Derived from	Year	Owner	GPL compatible?
0.9.0 thru 1.2	n/a	1991-1995	CWI	yes
1.3 thru 1.5.2	1.2	1995-1999	CNRI	yes
1.6	1.5.2	2000	CNRI	no
2.0	1.6	2000	BeOpen.com	no
1.6.1	1.6	2001	CNRI	no
2.1	2.0+1.6.1	2001	PSF	no
2.0.1	2.0+1.6.1	2001	PSF	yes
2.1.1	2.1+2.0.1	2001	PSF	yes
2.2	2.1.1	2001	PSF	yes
2.1.2	2.1.1	2002	PSF	yes
2.1.3	2.1.2	2002	PSF	yes
2.2.1	2.2	2002	PSF	yes
2.2.2	2.2.1	2002	PSF	yes

2.2.3	2.2.2	2002-2003	PSF	yes	
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+					
2.3	2.2.2	2002-2003	PSF	yes	
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+					
2.3.1	2.3	2002-2003	PSF	yes	
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+					
2.3.2	2.3.1	2003	PSF	yes	
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+					
2.3.3	2.3.2	2003	PSF	yes	
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+					
2.3.4	2.3.3	2004	PSF	yes	
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+					
2.3.5	2.3.4	2005	PSF	yes	
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+					
2.4	2.3	2004	PSF	yes	
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+					
2.4.1	2.4	2005	PSF	yes	
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+					
2.4.2	2.4.1	2005	PSF	yes	
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+					
2.4.3	2.4.2	2006	PSF	yes	
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+					
2.4.4	2.4.3	2006	PSF	yes	
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+					
2.5	2.4	2006	PSF	yes	
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+					
2.5.1	2.5	2007	PSF	yes	
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+					
2.5.2	2.5.1	2008	PSF	yes	
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+					
2.5.3	2.5.2	2008	PSF	yes	
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+					
2.6	2.5	2008	PSF	yes	
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+					
2.6.1	2.6	2008	PSF	yes	
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+					
2.6.2	2.6.1	2009	PSF	yes	
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+					
2.6.3	2.6.2	2009	PSF	yes	
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+					
2.6.4	2.6.3	2010	PSF	yes	
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+					
2.7	2.6	2010	PSF	yes	
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+					

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Mersenne Twister  
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A C-program for MT19937, with initialization improved 2002/1/26.  
Coded by Takuji Nishimura and Makoto Matsumoto.

Before using, initialize the state by using `init_genrand(seed)`  
or `init_by_array(init_key, key_length)`.

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<http://www.math.sci.hiroshima-u.ac.jp/~m-mat/MT/emt.html>

email: m-mat @ math.sci.hiroshima-u.ac.jp (remove space)

Sockets

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The `:mod:`socket`` module uses the functions, `:func:`getaddrinfo``, and `:func:`getnameinfo``, which are coded in separate source files from the WIDE Project, <http://www.wide.ad.jp/>. ::

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Floating point exception control

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MD5 message digest algorithm

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L. Peter Deutsch  
ghost@aladdin.com

Independent implementation of MD5 (RFC 1321).

This code implements the MD5 Algorithm defined in RFC 1321, whose text is available at

<http://www.ietf.org/rfc/rfc1321.txt>

The code is derived from the text of the RFC, including the test suite (section A.5) but excluding the rest of Appendix A. It does not include any code or documentation that is identified in the RFC as being copyrighted.

The original and principal author of md5.h is L. Peter Deutsch <ghost@aladdin.com>. Other authors are noted in the change history that follows (in reverse chronological order):

- 2002-04-13 lpd Removed support for non-ANSI compilers; removed references to Ghostscript; clarified derivation from RFC 1321; now handles byte order either statically or dynamically.
- 1999-11-04 lpd Edited comments slightly for automatic TOC extraction.
- 1999-10-18 lpd Fixed typo in header comment (ansi2knr rather than md5); added conditionalization for C++ compilation from Martin Purschke <purschke@bnl.gov>.
- 1999-05-03 lpd Original version.

Asynchronous socket services

-----

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Execution tracing

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UUencode and UUdecode functions

-----

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Modified by Jack Jansen, CWI, July 1995:

- Use binascii module to do the actual line-by-line conversion between ascii and binary. This results in a 1000-fold speedup. The C version is still 5 times faster, though.
- Arguments more compliant with Python standard

#### XML Remote Procedure Calls

-----

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test\_epoll

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Select kqueue

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strtod and dtoa

-----

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```

OpenSSL

-----

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In 1995, Guido continued his work on Python at the Corporation for National Research Initiatives (CNRI, see <http://www.cnri.reston.va.us>) in Reston, Virginia where he released several versions of the software.

In May 2000, Guido and the Python core development team moved to BeOpen.com to form the BeOpen PythonLabs team. In October of the same year, the PythonLabs team moved to Digital Creations (now Zope Corporation, see <http://www.zope.com>). In 2001, the Python Software Foundation (PSF, see <http://www.python.org/psf/>) was formed, a non-profit organization created specifically to own Python-related Intellectual Property. Zope Corporation is a sponsoring member of the PSF.

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0.9.0 thru 1.2		1991-1995	CWI	yes
1.3 thru 1.5.2	1.2	1995-1999	CNRI	yes
1.6	1.5.2	2000	CNRI	no
2.0	1.6	2000	BeOpen.com	no
1.6.1	1.6	2001	CNRI	yes (2)
2.1	2.0+1.6.1	2001	PSF	no
2.0.1	2.0+1.6.1	2001	PSF	yes
2.1.1	2.1+2.0.1	2001	PSF	yes
2.2	2.1.1	2001	PSF	yes
2.1.2	2.1.1	2002	PSF	yes
2.1.3	2.1.2	2002	PSF	yes
2.2.1	2.2	2002	PSF	yes
2.2.2	2.2.1	2002	PSF	yes
2.2.3	2.2.2	2003	PSF	yes
2.3	2.2.2	2002-2003	PSF	yes
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2.3.2	2.3.1	2002-2003	PSF	yes
2.3.3	2.3.2	2002-2003	PSF	yes
2.3.4	2.3.3	2004	PSF	yes
2.3.5	2.3.4	2005	PSF	yes
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2.5.3	2.5.2	2008	PSF	yes
2.6	2.5	2008	PSF	yes
2.6.1	2.6	2008	PSF	yes

2.6.2	2.6.1	2009	PSF	yes
2.6.3	2.6.2	2009	PSF	yes
2.6.4	2.6.3	2009	PSF	yes
2.6.5	2.6.4	2010	PSF	yes
2.7	2.6	2010	PSF	yes

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## 1.107 python-iniparse 0.4 :9.e17

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Python was created in the early 1990s by Guido van Rossum at Stichting Mathematisch Centrum (CWI, see <http://www.cwi.nl>) in the Netherlands as a successor of a language called ABC. Guido remains Python's principal author, although it includes many contributions from others.

In 1995, Guido continued his work on Python at the Corporation for National Research Initiatives (CNRI, see <http://www.cnri.reston.va.us>) in Reston, Virginia where he released several versions of the software.

In May 2000, Guido and the Python core development team moved to BeOpen.com to form the BeOpen PythonLabs team. In October of the same year, the PythonLabs team moved to Digital Creations (now Zope Corporation, see <http://www.zope.com>). In 2001, the Python Software

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Release from	Derived from	Year	Owner	GPL-compatible? (1)
0.9.0 thru 1.2		1991-1995	CWI	yes
1.3 thru 1.5.2	1.2	1995-1999	CNRI	yes
1.6	1.5.2	2000	CNRI	no
2.0	1.6	2000	BeOpen.com	no
1.6.1	1.6	2001	CNRI	yes (2)
2.1	2.0+1.6.1	2001	PSF	no
2.0.1	2.0+1.6.1	2001	PSF	yes
2.1.1	2.1+2.0.1	2001	PSF	yes
2.2	2.1.1	2001	PSF	yes
2.1.2	2.1.1	2002	PSF	yes
2.1.3	2.1.2	2002	PSF	yes
2.2.1	2.2	2002	PSF	yes
2.2.2	2.2.1	2002	PSF	yes
2.2.3	2.2.2	2003	PSF	yes
2.3	2.2.2	2002-2003	PSF	yes
2.3.1	2.3	2002-2003	PSF	yes
2.3.2	2.3.1	2002-2003	PSF	yes
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## 1.108 python-pycurl 7.19.0 :19.e17

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(For example, a function in a library to compute square roots has a purpose that is entirely well-defined independent of the application. Therefore, Subsection 2d requires that any application-supplied function or table used by this function must be optional: if the application does not supply it, the square root function must still compute square roots.)

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If distribution of object code is made by offering access to copy from a designated place, then offering equivalent access to copy the source code from the same place satisfies the requirement to distribute the source code, even though third parties are not compelled to copy the source along with the object code.

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However, linking a "work that uses the Library" with the Library creates an executable that is a derivative of the Library (because it contains portions of the Library), rather than a "work that uses the library". The executable is therefore covered by this License. Section 6 states terms for distribution of such executables.

When a "work that uses the Library" uses material from a header file that is part of the Library, the object code for the work may be a derivative work of the Library even though the source code is not. Whether this is true is especially significant if the work can be linked without the Library, or if the work is itself a library. The threshold for this to be true is not precisely defined by law.

If such an object file uses only numerical parameters, data structure layouts and accessors, and small macros and small inline functions (ten lines or less in length), then the use of the object file is unrestricted, regardless of whether it is legally a derivative work. (Executables containing this object code plus portions of the Library will still fall under Section 6.)

Otherwise, if the work is a derivative of the Library, you may distribute the object code for the work under the terms of Section 6. Any executables containing that work also fall under Section 6, whether or not they are linked directly with the Library itself.

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## 1.109 python-urlgrabber 3.10 :9.e17

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(For example, a function in a library to compute square roots has a purpose that is entirely well-defined independent of the application. Therefore, Subsection 2d requires that any application-supplied function or table used by this function must be optional: if the application does not supply it, the square root function must still compute square roots.)

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If such an object file uses only numerical parameters, data structure layouts and accessors, and small macros and small inline functions (ten lines or less in length), then the use of the object file is unrestricted, regardless of whether it is legally a derivative work. (Executables containing this object code plus portions of the Library will still fall under Section 6.)

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## 1.111 qrencode 3.4.1 :3.e17

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## 1.115 rsyslog 8.24.0 :34.e17

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# 1.116 sed 4.2.2 :5.e17

## 1.116.1 Available under license :

=====

Test 1.1:101

=====

Testing argument parsing

First type

e1\_11\_1

e1\_11\_1

e1\_11\_2

e1\_11\_2

e1\_11\_3

e1\_11\_3

e1\_11\_4

e1\_11\_4

e1\_11\_5

e1\_11\_5

e1\_11\_6

e1\_11\_6

e1\_11\_7

e1\_11\_7

e1\_11\_8

e1\_11\_8

e1\_11\_9

e1\_11\_9

e1\_11\_10

e1\_11\_10

e1\_11\_11

e1\_11\_11

e1\_11\_12

e1\_11\_12

e1\_11\_13

e1\_11\_13

e1\_11\_14

e1\_11\_14

=====

Test 1.2:102

=====

e1\_11\_1

e1\_11\_2

e1\_11\_3

e1\_11\_4

e1\_11\_5

e1\_11\_6

e1\_11\_7  
e1\_11\_8  
e1\_11\_9  
e1\_11\_10  
e1\_11\_11  
e1\_11\_12  
e1\_11\_13  
e1\_11\_14

=====

Test 1.3:103

=====

e1\_11\_1  
e1\_11\_1  
e1\_11\_2  
e1\_11\_2  
e1\_11\_3  
e1\_11\_3  
e1\_11\_4  
e1\_11\_4  
e1\_11\_5  
e1\_11\_5  
e1\_11\_6  
e1\_11\_6  
e1\_11\_7  
e1\_11\_7  
e1\_11\_8  
e1\_11\_8  
e1\_11\_9  
e1\_11\_9  
e1\_11\_10  
e1\_11\_10  
e1\_11\_11  
e1\_11\_11  
e1\_11\_12  
e1\_11\_12  
e1\_11\_13  
e1\_11\_13  
e1\_11\_14  
e1\_11\_14

=====

Test 1.4:104

=====

e1\_11\_1  
e1\_11\_2  
e1\_11\_3  
e1\_11\_4

e1\_11\_5  
e1\_11\_6  
e1\_11\_7  
e1\_11\_8  
e1\_11\_9  
e1\_11\_10  
e1\_11\_11  
e1\_11\_12  
e1\_11\_13  
e1\_11\_14  
Second type

=====  
Test 1.4.1:105

=====  
l1\_1  
l1\_2  
l1\_3  
l1\_4  
l1\_5  
l1\_6  
l1\_7  
l1\_8  
l1\_9  
l1\_10  
l1\_11  
l1\_12  
l1\_13  
l1\_14

=====  
Test 1.5:106

=====  
s1\_11\_1  
s1\_11\_1  
s1\_11\_2  
s1\_11\_2  
s1\_11\_3  
s1\_11\_3  
s1\_11\_4  
s1\_11\_4  
s1\_11\_5  
s1\_11\_5  
s1\_11\_6  
s1\_11\_6  
s1\_11\_7  
s1\_11\_7  
s1\_11\_8

s1\_11\_8  
s1\_11\_9  
s1\_11\_9  
s1\_11\_10  
s1\_11\_10  
s1\_11\_11  
s1\_11\_11  
s1\_11\_12  
s1\_11\_12  
s1\_11\_13  
s1\_11\_13  
s1\_11\_14  
s1\_11\_14

=====  
Test 1.6:107

=====  
s1\_11\_1  
s1\_11\_1  
s1\_11\_2  
s1\_11\_2  
s1\_11\_3  
s1\_11\_3  
s1\_11\_4  
s1\_11\_4  
s1\_11\_5  
s1\_11\_5  
s1\_11\_6  
s1\_11\_6  
s1\_11\_7  
s1\_11\_7  
s1\_11\_8  
s1\_11\_8  
s1\_11\_9  
s1\_11\_9  
s1\_11\_10  
s1\_11\_10  
s1\_11\_11  
s1\_11\_11  
s1\_11\_12  
s1\_11\_12  
s1\_11\_13  
s1\_11\_13  
s1\_11\_14  
s1\_11\_14

=====  
Test 1.7:108

=====

e1\_11\_1  
e1\_11\_1  
e1\_11\_2  
e1\_11\_2  
e1\_11\_3  
e1\_11\_3  
e1\_11\_4  
e1\_11\_4  
e1\_11\_5  
e1\_11\_5  
e1\_11\_6  
e1\_11\_6  
e1\_11\_7  
e1\_11\_7  
e1\_11\_8  
e1\_11\_8  
e1\_11\_9  
e1\_11\_9  
e1\_11\_10  
e1\_11\_10  
e1\_11\_11  
e1\_11\_11  
e1\_11\_12  
e1\_11\_12  
e1\_11\_13  
e1\_11\_13  
e1\_11\_14  
e1\_11\_14

=====

Test 1.8:109

=====

e1\_11\_1  
e1\_11\_1  
e1\_11\_2  
e1\_11\_2  
e1\_11\_3  
e1\_11\_3  
e1\_11\_4  
e1\_11\_4  
e1\_11\_5  
e1\_11\_5  
e1\_11\_6  
e1\_11\_6  
e1\_11\_7  
e1\_11\_7  
e1\_11\_8

e1\_11\_8  
e1\_11\_9  
e1\_11\_9  
e1\_11\_10  
e1\_11\_10  
e1\_11\_11  
e1\_11\_11  
e1\_11\_12  
e1\_11\_12  
e1\_11\_13  
e1\_11\_13  
e1\_11\_14  
e1\_11\_14

=====  
Test 1.9:110

=====  
s1\_11\_1  
s1\_11\_2  
s1\_11\_3  
s1\_11\_4  
s1\_11\_5  
s1\_11\_6  
s1\_11\_7  
s1\_11\_8  
s1\_11\_9  
s1\_11\_10  
s1\_11\_11  
s1\_11\_12  
s1\_11\_13  
s1\_11\_14

=====  
Test 1.10:111

=====  
s1\_11\_1  
s1\_11\_2  
s1\_11\_3  
s1\_11\_4  
s1\_11\_5  
s1\_11\_6  
s1\_11\_7  
s1\_11\_8  
s1\_11\_9  
s1\_11\_10  
s1\_11\_11  
s1\_11\_12  
s1\_11\_13

s1\_11\_14

=====  
Test 1.11:112

=====  
e1\_11\_1  
e1\_11\_2  
e1\_11\_3  
e1\_11\_4  
e1\_11\_5  
e1\_11\_6  
e1\_11\_7  
e1\_11\_8  
e1\_11\_9  
e1\_11\_10  
e1\_11\_11  
e1\_11\_12  
e1\_11\_13  
e1\_11\_14

=====  
Test 1.12:113

=====  
e1\_11\_1  
e1\_11\_2  
e1\_11\_3  
e1\_11\_4  
e1\_11\_5  
e1\_11\_6  
e1\_11\_7  
e1\_11\_8  
e1\_11\_9  
e1\_11\_10  
e1\_11\_11  
e1\_11\_12  
e1\_11\_13  
e1\_11\_14

=====  
Test 1.13:114

=====  
e1\_11\_1  
e2\_e1\_11\_1  
e2\_e1\_11\_1  
e1\_11\_2  
e2\_e1\_11\_2  
e2\_e1\_11\_2  
e1\_11\_3

e2\_e1\_11\_3  
e2\_e1\_11\_3  
e1\_11\_4  
e2\_e1\_11\_4  
e2\_e1\_11\_4  
e1\_11\_5  
e2\_e1\_11\_5  
e2\_e1\_11\_5  
e1\_11\_6  
e2\_e1\_11\_6  
e2\_e1\_11\_6  
e1\_11\_7  
e2\_e1\_11\_7  
e2\_e1\_11\_7  
e1\_11\_8  
e2\_e1\_11\_8  
e2\_e1\_11\_8  
e1\_11\_9  
e2\_e1\_11\_9  
e2\_e1\_11\_9  
e1\_11\_10  
e2\_e1\_11\_10  
e2\_e1\_11\_10  
e1\_11\_11  
e2\_e1\_11\_11  
e2\_e1\_11\_11  
e1\_11\_12  
e2\_e1\_11\_12  
e2\_e1\_11\_12  
e1\_11\_13  
e2\_e1\_11\_13  
e2\_e1\_11\_13  
e1\_11\_14  
e2\_e1\_11\_14  
e2\_e1\_11\_14

=====

Test 1.14:115

=====

s1\_11\_1  
s2\_s1\_11\_1  
s2\_s1\_11\_1  
s1\_11\_2  
s2\_s1\_11\_2  
s2\_s1\_11\_2  
s1\_11\_3  
s2\_s1\_11\_3  
s2\_s1\_11\_3

s1\_11\_4  
s2\_s1\_11\_4  
s2\_s1\_11\_4  
s1\_11\_5  
s2\_s1\_11\_5  
s2\_s1\_11\_5  
s1\_11\_6  
s2\_s1\_11\_6  
s2\_s1\_11\_6  
s1\_11\_7  
s2\_s1\_11\_7  
s2\_s1\_11\_7  
s1\_11\_8  
s2\_s1\_11\_8  
s2\_s1\_11\_8  
s1\_11\_9  
s2\_s1\_11\_9  
s2\_s1\_11\_9  
s1\_11\_10  
s2\_s1\_11\_10  
s2\_s1\_11\_10  
s1\_11\_11  
s2\_s1\_11\_11  
s2\_s1\_11\_11  
s1\_11\_12  
s2\_s1\_11\_12  
s2\_s1\_11\_12  
s1\_11\_13  
s2\_s1\_11\_13  
s2\_s1\_11\_13  
s1\_11\_14  
s2\_s1\_11\_14  
s2\_s1\_11\_14

=====

Test 1.15:116

=====

e1\_11\_1  
s1\_e1\_11\_1  
s1\_e1\_11\_1  
e1\_11\_2  
s1\_e1\_11\_2  
s1\_e1\_11\_2  
e1\_11\_3  
s1\_e1\_11\_3  
s1\_e1\_11\_3  
e1\_11\_4  
s1\_e1\_11\_4

s1\_e1\_11\_4  
e1\_11\_5  
s1\_e1\_11\_5  
s1\_e1\_11\_5  
e1\_11\_6  
s1\_e1\_11\_6  
s1\_e1\_11\_6  
e1\_11\_7  
s1\_e1\_11\_7  
s1\_e1\_11\_7  
e1\_11\_8  
s1\_e1\_11\_8  
s1\_e1\_11\_8  
e1\_11\_9  
s1\_e1\_11\_9  
s1\_e1\_11\_9  
e1\_11\_10  
s1\_e1\_11\_10  
s1\_e1\_11\_10  
e1\_11\_11  
s1\_e1\_11\_11  
s1\_e1\_11\_11  
e1\_11\_12  
s1\_e1\_11\_12  
s1\_e1\_11\_12  
e1\_11\_13  
s1\_e1\_11\_13  
s1\_e1\_11\_13  
e1\_11\_14  
s1\_e1\_11\_14  
s1\_e1\_11\_14

=====

Test 1.16:117

=====

e1\_11\_1  
e1\_11\_1  
e1\_11\_2  
e1\_11\_2  
e1\_11\_3  
e1\_11\_3  
e1\_11\_4  
e1\_11\_4  
e1\_11\_5  
e1\_11\_5  
e1\_11\_6  
e1\_11\_6  
e1\_11\_7

e1\_11\_7  
e1\_11\_8  
e1\_11\_8  
e1\_11\_9  
e1\_11\_9  
e1\_11\_10  
e1\_11\_10  
e1\_11\_11  
e1\_11\_11  
e1\_11\_12  
e1\_11\_12  
e1\_11\_13  
e1\_11\_13  
e1\_11\_14  
e1\_11\_14  
e1\_11\_1  
e1\_11\_1  
e1\_11\_2  
e1\_11\_2  
e1\_11\_3  
e1\_11\_3  
e1\_11\_4  
e1\_11\_4  
e1\_11\_5  
e1\_11\_5  
e1\_11\_6  
e1\_11\_6  
e1\_11\_7  
e1\_11\_7  
e1\_11\_8  
e1\_11\_8  
e1\_11\_9  
e1\_11\_9  
e1\_11\_10  
e1\_11\_10  
e1\_11\_11  
e1\_11\_11  
e1\_11\_12  
e1\_11\_12  
e1\_11\_13  
e1\_11\_13  
e1\_11\_14  
e1\_11\_14

=====

Test 1.17:118

=====

11\_1

11\_1  
11\_2  
11\_2  
11\_3  
11\_3  
11\_4  
11\_4  
11\_5  
11\_5  
11\_6  
11\_6  
11\_7  
11\_7  
11\_8  
11\_8  
11\_9  
11\_9  
11\_10  
11\_10  
11\_11  
11\_11  
11\_12  
11\_12  
11\_13  
11\_13  
11\_14  
11\_14

=====

Test 1.18:119

=====

11\_1  
11\_2  
11\_3  
11\_4  
11\_5  
11\_6  
11\_7  
11\_8  
11\_9  
11\_10  
11\_11  
11\_12  
11\_13  
11\_14

Testing address ranges

=====

Test 2.1:120

=====

11\_4

=====

Test 2.2:121

=====

12\_6

=====

Test 2.3:122

=====

11\_14

=====

Test 2.4:123

=====

12\_9

=====

Test 2.5:124

=====

=====

Test 2.6:125

=====

12\_9

=====

Test 2.7:126

=====

=====

Test 2.9:127

=====

11\_7

=====

Test 2.10:128

=====

11\_7

=====

Test 2.11:129

=====

11\_7

=====

Test 2.12:130

=====

11\_1  
11\_2  
11\_3  
11\_4

=====

Test 2.13:131

=====

11\_1  
11\_2  
11\_3  
11\_4  
11\_5  
11\_6  
11\_7  
11\_8  
11\_9  
11\_10  
11\_11  
11\_12  
11\_13  
11\_14  
12\_1  
12\_2  
12\_3  
12\_4  
12\_5  
12\_6  
12\_7  
12\_8  
12\_9

=====

Test 2.14:132

=====

11\_1  
11\_2  
11\_3  
11\_4  
11\_5  
11\_6  
11\_7  
11\_8  
11\_9  
11\_10  
11\_11

11\_12  
11\_13  
11\_14  
12\_1  
12\_2  
12\_3  
12\_4  
12\_5  
12\_6  
12\_7  
12\_8  
12\_9

=====

Test 2.15:133

=====

11\_4  
11\_5  
11\_6  
11\_7  
11\_8  
11\_9  
11\_10  
11\_11  
11\_12  
11\_13  
11\_14  
12\_1  
12\_2  
12\_3  
12\_4  
12\_5  
12\_6  
12\_7  
12\_8  
12\_9

=====

Test 2.16:134

=====

11\_4  
11\_5  
11\_6  
11\_7  
11\_8  
11\_9  
11\_10  
11\_11

11\_12  
11\_13  
11\_14  
12\_1  
12\_2  
12\_3  
12\_4  
12\_5  
12\_6

=====

Test 2.17:135

=====

11\_4  
11\_5  
11\_6  
11\_7  
11\_8  
11\_9  
11\_10  
11\_14  
12\_1  
12\_2  
12\_3  
12\_4  
12\_5  
12\_6  
12\_7  
12\_8  
12\_9

=====

Test 2.18:136

=====

12\_3  
12\_4  
12\_5  
12\_6  
12\_7  
12\_8  
12\_9

=====

Test 2.19:137

=====

11\_12

=====

Test 2.20:138

=====

11\_7

Brace and other grouping

=====

Test 3.1:139

=====

11\_1

11\_2

11\_3

^11T4\$

^11T5\$

^11T6\$

^11T7\$

^11T8\$

^11T9\$

^11T10\$

^11T11\$

^11T12\$

11\_13

11\_14

=====

Test 3.2:140

=====

11\_1

11\_2

11\_3

^11\_4

^11\_5

^11\_6\$

^11\_7\$

^11T8\$

^11\_9\$

^11\_10\$

^11\_11

^11\_12

11\_13

11\_14

=====

Test 3.3:141

=====

^11T1\$

^11T2\$

^11T3\$

11\_4

l1\_5  
l1\_6  
l1\_7  
l1\_8  
l1\_9  
l1\_10  
l1\_11  
l1\_12  
^l1T13\$  
^l1T14\$

=====

Test 3.4:142

=====

^l1\_1  
^l1\_2  
^l1\_3  
l1\_4  
l1\_5  
l1\_6  
l1\_7  
l1\_8  
l1\_9  
l1\_10  
l1\_11  
l1\_12  
^l1\_13  
^l1\_14

Testing a c d and i commands

=====

Test 4.1:143

=====

before\_il1\_1  
after\_ibefore\_il1\_1  
before\_il1\_2  
after\_ibefore\_il1\_2  
before\_il1\_3  
after\_ibefore\_il1\_3  
before\_il1\_4  
after\_ibefore\_il1\_4  
before\_il1\_5  
after\_ibefore\_il1\_5  
before\_il1\_6  
after\_ibefore\_il1\_6  
before\_il1\_7  
after\_ibefore\_il1\_7  
before\_il1\_8

after\_ibefore\_il1\_8  
before\_il1\_9  
after\_ibefore\_il1\_9  
before\_il1\_10  
after\_ibefore\_il1\_10  
before\_il1\_11  
after\_ibefore\_il1\_11  
before\_il1\_12  
after\_ibefore\_il1\_12  
before\_il1\_13  
after\_ibefore\_il1\_13  
before\_il1\_14  
after\_ibefore\_il1\_14  
before\_il2\_1  
after\_ibefore\_il2\_1  
before\_il2\_2  
after\_ibefore\_il2\_2  
before\_il2\_3  
after\_ibefore\_il2\_3  
before\_il2\_4  
after\_ibefore\_il2\_4  
before\_il2\_5  
after\_ibefore\_il2\_5  
before\_il2\_6  
inserted  
after\_ibefore\_il2\_6  
before\_il2\_7  
after\_ibefore\_il2\_7  
before\_il2\_8  
after\_ibefore\_il2\_8  
before\_il2\_9  
after\_ibefore\_il2\_9

=====

Test 4.2:144

=====

before\_al1\_1  
after\_abefore\_al1\_1  
before\_al1\_2  
after\_abefore\_al1\_2  
before\_al1\_3  
after\_abefore\_al1\_3  
before\_al1\_4  
after\_abefore\_al1\_4  
before\_a5-1211\_5  
after\_abefore\_a5-1211\_5  
appended  
before\_a5-1211\_6

after\_abefore\_a5-1211\_6  
appended  
before\_a5-1211\_7  
after\_abefore\_a5-1211\_7  
appended  
before\_a5-1211\_8  
after\_abefore\_a5-1211\_8  
appended  
before\_a5-1211\_9  
after\_abefore\_a5-1211\_9  
appended  
before\_a5-1211\_10  
after\_abefore\_a5-1211\_10  
appended  
before\_a5-1211\_11  
after\_abefore\_a5-1211\_11  
appended  
before\_a5-1211\_12  
after\_abefore\_a5-1211\_12  
appended  
before\_al1\_13  
after\_abefore\_al1\_13  
before\_al1\_14  
after\_abefore\_al1\_14  
before\_al2\_1  
after\_abefore\_al2\_1  
before\_al2\_2  
after\_abefore\_al2\_2  
before\_al2\_3  
after\_abefore\_al2\_3  
before\_al2\_4  
after\_abefore\_al2\_4  
before\_al2\_5  
after\_abefore\_al2\_5  
before\_al2\_6  
after\_abefore\_al2\_6  
before\_al2\_7  
after\_abefore\_al2\_7  
before\_al2\_8  
after\_abefore\_al2\_8  
before\_al2\_9  
after\_abefore\_al2\_9

=====

Test 4.3:145

=====

^11\_1

^11\_1\$

appended

^11\_2

^11\_2\$

appended

^11\_3

^11\_3\$

appended

^11\_4

^11\_4\$

appended

^11\_5

^11\_5\$

appended

^11\_6

^11\_6\$

appended

^11\_7

^11\_7\$

appended

^11\_8

appended

^11\_8

11\_9\$

^11\_10

appended

^11\_10

11\_11\$

^11\_12

^11\_12\$

appended

^11\_13

^11\_13\$

appended

^11\_14

^11\_14\$

appended

^12\_1

^12\_1\$

^12\_2

^12\_2\$

^12\_3

^12\_3\$

^12\_4

^12\_4\$

^12\_5

^12\_5\$

^12\_6

^12\_6\$

^12\_7  
^12\_7\$  
^12\_8  
^12\_8\$  
^12\_9  
^12\_9\$

=====  
Test 4.4:146

=====  
hello  
hello

=====  
Test 4.5:147

=====  
hello

=====  
Test 4.6:148

=====  
hello

=====  
Test 4.7:149

=====  
hello

=====  
Test 4.8:150

=====  
Testing labels and branching

=====  
Test 5.1:151

label2\_11\_1  
label3\_label2\_11\_1  
label1\_11\_2  
label1\_11\_3  
label1\_11\_4  
label1\_11\_5  
label1\_11\_6  
label1\_11\_7  
label1\_11\_8  
label1\_11\_9  
label1\_11\_10  
label1\_11\_11  
label1\_11\_12  
label2\_11\_13  
label3\_label2\_11\_13  
label2\_11\_14  
label3\_label2\_11\_14

=====

Test 5.2:152

=====

tested l2\_1  
tested l2\_2  
tested l2\_3  
tested l2\_4  
tested l2\_5  
tested l2\_6  
tested l2\_7  
tested l2\_8  
tested l2\_9  
tested l2\_10  
tested l2\_11  
tested l2\_12  
tested l2\_13  
tested l2\_14

=====

Test 5.3:153

=====

^l1\_1  
^l1\_1\$  
^l1\_2  
^l1\_2\$  
^l1\_3  
^l1\_3\$  
^l1\_4  
^l1\_4\$  
l1\_5\$

11\_6\$

11\_7\$

11\_8\$

=====

Test 5.4:154

=====

^11\_1\$

^11\_2\$

^11\_3\$

^11\_4\$

^11\_5\$

^11\_6\$

^11\_7\$

^11\_8\$

11\_9\$

11\_10\$

11\_11\$

11\_12\$

11\_13\$

11\_14\$

=====

Test 5.5:155

=====

^11\_1

^11\_2

^11\_4

^11\_6

^11\_8

=====

Test 5.6:156

=====

11\_1

11\_2

11\_3

11\_4

11\_5

=====

Test 5.7:157

=====

11\_1

11\_2

11\_3

11\_4

hello

11\_5

=====

Test 5.8:158

=====

m1\_1

m1\_2

m1\_3

m1\_4

m1\_5

m1\_6

m1\_7

m1\_8

m1\_9

m1\_10

m1\_11

m1\_12

m1\_13

m1\_14

Pattern space commands

=====

Test 6.1:159

=====

changed

=====

Test 6.2:160

=====

11\_1

11\_2

11\_3

11\_5

11\_6

11\_7

11\_8  
11\_9  
11\_10  
11\_11  
11\_12  
11\_13  
11\_14

=====  
Test 6.3:161

=====  
11\_5  
11\_6  
11\_7  
11\_8  
11\_9  
11\_10  
11\_11  
11\_12  
11\_13  
11\_14

=====  
Test 6.4:162

=====  
11\_1  
11\_2  
11\_3  
11\_2  
11\_3  
11\_5  
11\_2  
11\_3  
11\_2  
11\_3  
11\_6  
11\_6  
11\_7  
11\_8  
11\_9  
11\_10  
11\_11  
11\_12  
11\_13  
11\_14

=====  
Test 6.5:163

=====

11\_1  
11\_2  
11\_3  
11\_4  
11\_5  
11\_6  
11\_7  
11\_8  
11\_9  
11\_10  
11\_11  
11\_12  
11\_13  
11\_14

=====

Test 6.6:164

=====

Testing print and file routines

=====

Test 7.1:165

=====

\001\002\003\004\005\006\a\b\t\$\n  
\v\fr\016\017\020\021\022\023\024\025\026\027\030\031\032\033\034\  
\035\036\037 !"#%&'()\*+,-./0123456789;<=>?@ABCDEFGHIJKLMN  
OPQRSTUVWXYZ[\]^\_`abcdefghijklmnopqrstuvwxy{|}~\177\200\201\202\203\204\205\  
\206\207\210\211\212\213\214\215\216\217\220\221\222\223\224\225\226\  
\227\230\231\232\233\234\235\236\237\240\241\242\243\244\245\246\247\  
\250\251\252\253\254\255\256\257\260\261\262\263\264\265\266\267\270\  
\271\272\273\274\275\276\277\300\301\302\303\304\305\306\307\310\311\  
\312\313\314\315\316\317\320\321\322\323\324\325\326\327\330\331\332\  
\333\334\335\336\337\340\341\342\343\344\345\346\347\350\351\352\353\  
\354\355\356\357\360\361\362\363\364\365\366\367\370\371\372\373\374\  
\375\376\377\$\n  
\$

=====

Test 7.2:166

=====

11\_1  
11\_2  
11\_3  
11\_4  
11\_5  
11\_6  
11\_7

11\_8  
11\_9  
11\_10  
11\_11  
11\_12  
11\_13  
11\_14  
15  
12\_1  
16  
12\_2  
17  
12\_3  
18  
12\_4  
19  
12\_5  
20  
12\_6  
21  
12\_7  
22  
12\_8  
23  
12\_9

=====

Test 7.3:167

=====

11\_1  
11\_2  
11\_3  
11\_4  
11\_5  
11\_6  
11\_7  
11\_8  
11\_9  
11\_10  
11\_11  
11\_12  
11\_13  
11\_14  
w results  
11\_3  
11\_4  
11\_5  
11\_6

11\_7  
11\_8  
11\_9  
11\_10  
11\_11  
11\_12

=====

Test 7.4:168

=====

11\_1  
11\_2  
11\_3  
11\_4  
12\_1  
12\_2  
12\_3  
12\_4  
12\_5  
12\_6  
12\_7  
12\_8  
12\_9  
11\_5  
11\_6  
11\_7  
11\_8  
11\_9  
11\_10  
11\_11  
11\_12  
11\_13  
11\_14

=====

Test 7.5:169

=====

11\_1  
11\_2  
11\_3  
11\_4  
11\_5  
11\_6  
11\_7  
11\_8  
11\_9  
11\_10  
11\_11

11\_12

11\_13

11\_14

=====

Test 7.6:170

=====

11\_1

11\_2

11\_3

11\_4

11\_5

11\_6

11\_7

11\_8

11\_9

11\_10

11\_11

11\_12

11\_13

11\_14

=====

Test 7.8:171

=====

Testing substitution commands

=====

Test 8.1:172

=====

XXXX

XXXX

XXXX

XXXX

XXXX

XXXX

XXXX

XXXX

XXXX

XXXXX

XXXXX

XXXXX

XXXXX

XXXXX

XXXXX

=====

Test 8.2:173

=====

XXXX  
XXXXX  
XXXXXX  
XXXXXX  
XXXXXX  
XXXXXX

=====

Test 8.3:174

=====

XXXX  
XXXX  
XXXX  
XXXX  
XXXX  
XXXX  
XXXX  
XXXX  
XXXX  
XXXXX  
XXXXXX  
XXXXXX  
XXXXXX  
XXXXXX

=====

Test 8.4:175

=====

11\_1  
11\_2  
11\_3  
11\_4  
11\_5  
11\_6  
11\_7  
11\_8  
11\_9  
11\_10  
11\_11

11\_12

11\_13

11\_14

=====

Test 8.5:176

=====

11X1

11X2

11X3

11X4

11X5

11X6

11X7

11X8

11X9

11X10

11X11

11X12

11X13

11X14

=====

Test 8.6:177

=====

(1)(1)(1)(1)

(1)(1)(1)(2)

(1)(1)(1)(3)

(1)(1)(1)(4)

(1)(1)(1)(5)

(1)(1)(1)(6)

(1)(1)(1)(7)

(1)(1)(1)(8)

(1)(1)(1)(9)

(1)(1)(1)(1)(0)

(1)(1)(1)(1)(1)

(1)(1)(1)(1)(2)

(1)(1)(1)(1)(3)

(1)(1)(1)(1)(4)

=====

Test 8.7:178

=====

(&)(&)(&)(&)

(&)(&)(&)(&)

(&)(&)(&)(&)

(&)(&)(&)(&)

(&)(&)(&)(&)

(&)(&)(&)(&)  
(&)(&)(&)(&)  
(&)(&)(&)(&)  
(&)(&)(&)(&)  
(&)(&)(&)(&)(&)  
(&)(&)(&)(&)(&)  
(&)(&)(&)(&)(&)  
(&)(&)(&)(&)(&)  
(&)(&)(&)(&)(&)

=====

Test 8.8:179

=====

x\_x1x11  
x\_x1x12  
x\_x1x13  
x\_x1x14  
x\_x1x15  
x\_x1x16  
x\_x1x17  
x\_x1x18  
x\_x1x19  
x\_x1x110  
x\_x1x111  
x\_x1x112  
x\_x1x113  
x\_x1x114

=====

Test 8.9:180

=====

11u0  
u1  
u21  
11u0  
u1  
u22  
11u0  
u1  
u23  
11u0  
u1  
u24  
11u0  
u1  
u25  
11u0  
u1

u26  
l1u0  
u1  
u27  
l1u0  
u1  
u28  
l1u0  
u1  
u29  
l1u0  
u1  
u210  
l1u0  
u1  
u211  
l1u0  
u1  
u212  
l1u0  
u1  
u213  
l1u0  
u1  
u214

=====  
Test 8.10:181

=====  
l1\_X  
l1\_X  
l1\_X  
l1\_X  
l1\_X  
l1\_X  
l1\_X  
l1\_X  
l1\_X  
l1\_X0  
l1\_X1  
l1\_X2  
l1\_X3  
l1\_X4

=====  
Test 8.11:182

=====  
lX\_1

IX\_2  
IX\_3  
IX\_4  
IX\_5  
IX\_6  
IX\_7  
IX\_8  
IX\_9  
IX\_10  
IX\_11  
IX\_12  
IX\_13  
IX\_14

s wfile results

IX\_1  
IX\_2  
IX\_3  
IX\_4  
IX\_5  
IX\_6  
IX\_7  
IX\_8  
IX\_9  
IX\_10  
IX\_11  
IX\_12  
IX\_13  
IX\_14

=====

Test 8.12:183

=====

IX\_X  
IX\_X  
IX\_X  
IX\_4  
IX\_5  
IX\_6  
IX\_7  
IX\_8  
IX\_9  
IX\_X0  
IX\_XX  
IX\_XX  
IX\_XX  
IX\_X4

=====

Test 8.13:184

=====

18\_8

18\_7

18\_6

18\_5

18\_4

18\_3

18\_2

18\_1

18\_0

18\_89

18\_88

18\_87

18\_86

18\_85

=====

Test 8.14:185

=====

18\_8

18\_7

18\_6

18\_5

18\_4

18\_3

18\_2

18\_1

18\_0

18\_89

18\_88

18\_87

18\_86

18\_85

=====

Test 8.15:186

=====

11\_1X11\_2

11\_3

11\_4

11\_5

11\_6

11\_7

11\_8

11\_9

11\_10

11\_11

11\_12

11\_13

11\_14

=====

Test 8.16:187

=====

eeefff

Xeefff

XYefff

XYeYff

XYeYYf

XYeYYY

XYeYYY

=====

Test 8.17:188

=====

&&&&

&&&&

&&&&

&&&&

&&&&

&&&&

&&&&

&&&&

&&&&

&&&&&

&&&&&

&&&&&

&&&&&

&&&&&

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Adler, Mark  
Allbery, Russ  
Anderson, Jamie  
Andrew, Nick  
Andric, Dimitry  
Barron, Danny  
Bates, Tom  
Behan, Zdenk  
Bellis, Ray  
Benali, Elias  
Beverly, Jamie  
Boardman, Spider  
Bostley, P.J.  
Bowes, Keith  
Boyce, Keith Garry  
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Burton, Ross  
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Campbell, Aaron  
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Henke, Joachim  
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Holloway, Nick  
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Reid, Steve  
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Rossum, Guido van  
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Wieringen, Marco van  
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Winiger, Gary  
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Zolnowsky, John

The following people have worked to translate sudo into other languages:

Blttermann, Mario  
Bogusz, Jakub  
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Casagrande, Milo  
Castro, Felipe  
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# 1.122 systemd 219 :62.el7

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The of the start-stop-daemon

- \* A rewrite of the original Debian's start-stop-daemon Perl script
- \* in C (faster - it is executed many times during system startup).
- \*
- \* Written by Marek Michalkiewicz <[marekm@i17linuxb.ists.pwr.wroc.pl](mailto:marekm@i17linuxb.ists.pwr.wroc.pl)>,
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# 1.124 tar 1.26 :35.e17

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Version 3, 29 June 2007

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@c Local Variables:
@c ispell-local-pdict: "ispell-dict"
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## 1.125 tcp\_wrappers 7.6 :77.el7

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## 1.127 telnet 0.17 :64.el7

## 1.128 traceroute 2.0.22 :2.el7

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## 1.131 util-linux 2.23.2 :59.el7

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Initialize empty image

f1c9645dbc14efddc7d8a322685f26eb bsd.img

Create new DOS partition table

57e721e38d1266c2df055067c18f2cf9 bsd.img

---layout-----

\_\_ts\_dev\_\_: 10 MB, 10485760 bytes, 20480 sectors

Units = sectors of 1 \* 512 = 512 bytes

Sector size (logical/physical): 512 bytes / 512 bytes

I/O size (minimum/optimal): 512 bytes / 512 bytes

Disk label type: dos

Disk identifier: 0x00000001

Device	Boot	Start	End	Blocks	Id	System
--------	------	-------	-----	--------	----	--------

-----

Create 1st primary partition  
ada64ace122978d00d1d1c0e5ee45d26 bsd.img

---layout-----

\_\_ts\_dev\_\_: 10 MB, 10485760 bytes, 20480 sectors  
Units = sectors of 1 \* 512 = 512 bytes  
Sector size (logical/physical): 512 bytes / 512 bytes  
I/O size (minimum/optimal): 512 bytes / 512 bytes  
Disk label type: dos  
Disk identifier: 0x00000001

Device	Boot	Start	End	Blocks	Id	System
__ts_dev__1		2048	4095	1024	83	Linux

-----

Create 2st primary partition  
1bebf87248e05d6e4e62b749da65d023 bsd.img  
Set 2nd partition type  
2d8e8dff51a88a045db233418dd73fbe bsd.img

---layout-----

\_\_ts\_dev\_\_: 10 MB, 10485760 bytes, 20480 sectors  
Units = sectors of 1 \* 512 = 512 bytes  
Sector size (logical/physical): 512 bytes / 512 bytes  
I/O size (minimum/optimal): 512 bytes / 512 bytes  
Disk label type: dos  
Disk identifier: 0x00000001

Device	Boot	Start	End	Blocks	Id	System
__ts_dev__1		2048	4095	1024	83	Linux
__ts_dev__2		4096	20479	8192	a5	FreeBSD

-----

Create default BSD  
2e1cee529cb59c9341afef0443f196a1 bsd.img

---layout-----

Changes will remain in memory only, until you decide to write them.  
Be careful before using the write command.

Command (m for help):

BSD disklabel command (m for help):

4 partitions:

# start end size fstype [fsize bsize cpg]

```
c: 4096 20479 16384 unused 0 0
d: 0 16064 16065 unused 0 0
```

BSD disklabel command (m for help):

Command (m for help):

-----

b5c121c2091b2ff26b880551feac7112 bsd.img

---layout-----

Changes will remain in memory only, until you decide to write them.  
Be careful before using the write command.

Command (m for help):

BSD disklabel command (m for help):

4 partitions:

```
start end size fstype [fsize bsize cpg]
a: 4096 6144 2049 4.2BSD 0 0 0
c: 4096 20479 16384 unused 0 0
d: 0 16064 16065 unused 0 0
```

BSD disklabel command (m for help):

Command (m for help):

-----

Changes will remain in memory only, until you decide to write them.  
Be careful before using the write command.

Command (m for help):

BSD disklabel command (m for help):

```
0 unused 5 4.1BSD 9 4.4LFS d boot
1 swap 6 Eighth Edition a unknown e ADOS
2 Version 6 7 4.2BSD b HPFS f HFS
3 Version 7 8 MS-DOS c ISO-9660 10 AdvFS
4 System V
```

BSD disklabel command (m for help):

size: 8388608, sector size: 512, PT: dos, offset: 446, id=0x8f8378c0

---

```
#1: 32 7648 0x83
#2: 7680 8704 0xa5
```

#5: 7936 4864 0x7 (freebsd)

#6: 12544 3584 0x7 (freebsd)

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Version 2, June 1991

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Yoyodyne, Inc., hereby disclaims all copyright interest in the library `Frob' (a library for tweaking knobs) written by James Random Hacker.

<signature of Ty Coon>, 1 April 1990

Ty Coon, President of Vice

That's all there is to it!

/\*

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\*

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DAMAGE.

Initialize empty image

f1c9645dbc14efddc7d8a322685f26eb bsd.img

Create new DOS partition table

57e721e38d1266c2df055067c18f2cf9 bsd.img

---layout-----

\_\_ts\_dev\_\_: 10 MB, 10485760 bytes, 20480 sectors

Units = sectors of 1 \* 512 = 512 bytes

Sector size (logical/physical): 512 bytes / 512 bytes

I/O size (minimum/optimal): 512 bytes / 512 bytes

Disk label type: dos

Disk identifier: 0x00000001

Device	Boot	Start	End	Blocks	Id	System
-----						

Create 1st primary partition

ada64ace122978d00d1d1c0e5ee45d26 bsd.img

---layout-----

\_\_ts\_dev\_\_: 10 MB, 10485760 bytes, 20480 sectors

Units = sectors of 1 \* 512 = 512 bytes

Sector size (logical/physical): 512 bytes / 512 bytes

I/O size (minimum/optimal): 512 bytes / 512 bytes

Disk label type: dos

Disk identifier: 0x00000001

Device	Boot	Start	End	Blocks	Id	System
__ts_dev__1		2048	4095	1024	83	Linux
-----						

Create 2st primary partition

1bebf87248e05d6e4e62b749da65d023 bsd.img

Set 2nd partition type

2d8e8dff51a88a045db233418dd73fbe bsd.img

---layout-----

\_\_ts\_dev\_\_: 10 MB, 10485760 bytes, 20480 sectors

Units = sectors of 1 \* 512 = 512 bytes

Sector size (logical/physical): 512 bytes / 512 bytes

I/O size (minimum/optimal): 512 bytes / 512 bytes

Disk label type: dos

Disk identifier: 0x00000001

Device	Boot	Start	End	Blocks	Id	System
__ts_dev__1		2048	4095	1024	83	Linux
__ts_dev__2		4096	20479	8192	a5	FreeBSD

-----  
Create default BSD  
2e1cee529cb59c9341afef0443f196a1 bsd.img

---layout-----

Changes will remain in memory only, until you decide to write them.  
Be careful before using the write command.

Command (m for help):

BSD disklabel command (m for help):

4 partitions:

#	start	end	size	fstype	[fsize	bsize	cpg]
c:	4096	20479	16384	unused	0	0	
d:	0	16064	16065	unused	0	0	

BSD disklabel command (m for help):

Command (m for help):

-----

b5c121c2091b2ff26b880551feac7112 bsd.img

---layout-----

Changes will remain in memory only, until you decide to write them.  
Be careful before using the write command.

Command (m for help):

BSD disklabel command (m for help):

4 partitions:

#	start	end	size	fstype	[fsize	bsize	cpg]
a:	4096	6144	2049	4.2BSD	0	0	0
c:	4096	20479	16384	unused	0	0	
d:	0	16064	16065	unused	0	0	

BSD disklabel command (m for help):

Command (m for help):

-----

Changes will remain in memory only, until you decide to write them.  
Be careful before using the write command.

Command (m for help):

BSD disklabel command (m for help):

0 unused	5 4.1BSD	9 4.4LFS	d boot
1 swap	6 Eighth Edition	a unknown	e ADOS
2 Version 6	7 4.2BSD	b HPFS	f HFS
3 Version 7	8 MS-DOS	c ISO-9660	10 AdvFS
4 System V			

BSD disklabel command (m for help):

size: 8388608, sector size: 512, PT: dos, offset: 446, id=0x8f8378c0

---

#1:	32	7648	0x83
#2:	7680	8704	0xa5
#5:	7936	4864	0x7 (freebsd)
#6:	12544	3584	0x7 (freebsd)

## 1.132 vim 7.4.160 :5.e17

### 1.132.1 Available under license :

/\*

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\*uganda.txt\* For Vim version 7.4. Last change: 2013 Jul 06

VIM REFERENCE MANUAL by Bram Moolenaar

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## SUMMARY

\*iccf\* \*ICCF\*

Vim is Charityware. You can use and copy it as much as you like, but you are encouraged to make a donation for needy children in Uganda. Please see [kcc] below or visit the ICCF web site, available at these URLs:

<http://iccf-holland.org/>

<http://www.vim.org/iccf/>

<http://www.iccf.nl/>

You can also sponsor the development of Vim. Vim sponsors can vote for features. See [sponsor]. The money goes to Uganda anyway.

The Open Publication License applies to the Vim documentation, see [manual-copyright].

=== begin of license ===

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I) There are no restrictions on distributing unmodified copies of Vim except that they must include this license text. You can also distribute unmodified parts of Vim, likewise unrestricted except that they must include this license text. You are also allowed to include executables that you made from the unmodified Vim sources, plus your own usage examples and Vim scripts.

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must make your changes, including source code, available to the maintainer without fee. The maintainer reserves the right to include your changes in the official version of Vim. What the maintainer will do with your changes and under what license they will be distributed is negotiable. If there has been no negotiation then this license, or a later version, also applies to your changes. The current maintainer is Bram Moolenaar <Bram@vim.org>. If this changes it will be announced in appropriate places (most likely vim.sf.net, www.vim.org and/or comp.editors). When it is completely impossible to contact the maintainer, the obligation to send him your changes ceases. Once the maintainer has confirmed that he has received your changes they will not have to be sent again.

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4) The contact information as required under 2)a) and 2)d) must not be removed or changed, except that the person himself can make corrections.

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==== end of license ====

Note:

- If you are happy with Vim, please express that by reading the rest of this file and consider helping needy children in Uganda.
- If you want to support further Vim development consider becoming a [sponsor]. The money goes to Uganda anyway.
- According to Richard Stallman the Vim license is GNU GPL compatible. A few minor changes have been made since he checked it, but that should not make a difference.
- If you link Vim with a library that goes under the GNU GPL, this limits further distribution to the GNU GPL. Also when you didn't actually change anything in Vim.
- Once a change is included that goes under the GNU GPL, this forces all further changes to also be made under the GNU GPL or a compatible license.
- If you distribute a modified version of Vim, you can include your name and contact information with the "--with-modified-by" configure argument or the MODIFIED\_BY define.

=====  
Kibaale Children's Centre \*kcc\* \*Kibaale\* \*charity\*

Kibaale Children's Centre (KCC) is located in Kibaale, a small town in the south of Uganda, near Tanzania, in East Africa. The area is known as Rakai District. The population is mostly farmers. Although people are poor, there is enough food. But this district is suffering from AIDS more than any other part of the world. Some say that it started there. Estimations are that 10 to 30% of the Ugandans are infected with HIV. Because parents die, there are

many orphans. In this district about 60,000 children have lost one or both parents, out of a population of 350,000. And this is still continuing.

The children need a lot of help. The KCC is working hard to provide the needy with food, medical care and education. Food and medical care to keep them healthy now, and education so that they can take care of themselves in the future. KCC works on a Christian base, but help is given to children of any religion.

The key to solving the problems in this area is education. This has been neglected in the past years with president Idi Amin and the following civil wars. Now that the government is stable again, the children and parents have to learn how to take care of themselves and how to avoid infections. There is also help for people who are ill and hungry, but the primary goal is to prevent people from getting ill and to teach them how to grow healthy food.

Most of the orphans are living in an extended family. An uncle or older sister is taking care of them. Because these families are big and the income (if any) is low, a child is lucky if it gets healthy food. Clothes, medical care and schooling is beyond its reach. To help these needy children, a sponsorship program was put into place. A child can be financially adopted. For a few dollars a month KCC sees to it that the child gets indispensable items, is healthy, goes to school and KCC takes care of anything else that needs to be done for the child and the family that supports it.

Besides helping the child directly, the environment where the child grows up needs to be improved. KCC helps schools to improve their teaching methods. There is a demonstration school at the centre and teacher trainings are given. Health workers are being trained, hygiene education is carried out and households are stimulated to build a proper latrine. I helped setting up a production site for cement slabs. These are used to build a good latrine. They are sold below cost price.

There is a small clinic at the project, which provides children and their family with medical help. When needed, transport to a hospital is offered. Immunization programs are carried out and help is provided when an epidemic is breaking out (measles and cholera have been a problem).

\*donate\*

Summer 1994 to summer 1995 I spent a whole year at the centre, working as a volunteer. I have helped to expand the centre and worked in the area of water and sanitation. I learned that the help that the KCC provides really helps. When I came back to Holland, I wanted to continue supporting KCC. To do this I'm raising funds and organizing the sponsorship program. Please consider one of these possibilities:

1. Sponsor a child in primary school: 17 euro a month (or more).
2. Sponsor a child in secondary school: 25 euro a month (or more).
3. Sponsor the clinic: Any amount a month or quarter

#### 4. A one-time donation

Compared with other organizations that do child sponsorship the amounts are very low. This is because the money goes directly to the centre. Less than 5% is used for administration. This is possible because this is a small organization that works with volunteers. If you would like to sponsor a child, you should have the intention to do this for at least one year.

How do you know that the money will be spent right? First of all you have my personal guarantee as the author of Vim. I trust the people that are working at the centre, I know them personally. Further more, the centre has been co-sponsored and inspected by World Vision, Save the Children Fund and is now under the supervision of Pacific Academy Outreach Society. The centre is visited about once a year to check the progress (at our own cost). I have visited the centre myself many times, starting in 1993. The visit reports are on the ICCF web site.

If you have any further questions, send me e-mail: <Bram@vim.org>.

The address of the centre is:

Kibaale Children's Centre  
p.o. box 1658  
Masaka, Uganda, East Africa

Sending money: \*iccf-donations\*

Check the ICCF web site for the latest information! See |iccf| for the URL.

USA: The methods mentioned below can be used.

Sending a check to the Nehemiah Group Outreach Society (NGOS) is no longer possible, unfortunately. We are looking for another way to get you an IRS tax receipt.

For sponsoring a child contact KCF in Canada (see below). US checks can be sent to them to lower banking costs.

Canada: Contact Kibaale Children's Fund (KCF) in Surrey, Canada. They take care of the Canadian sponsors for the children in Kibaale. KCF forwards 100% of the money to the project in Uganda. You can send them a one time donation directly.

Please send me a note so that I know what has been donated because of Vim. Ask KCF for information about sponsorship.

Kibaale Children's Fund c/o Pacific Academy

10238-168 Street

Surrey, B.C. V4N 1Z4

Canada

Phone: 604-581-5353

If you make a donation to Kibaale Children's Fund (KCF) you

will receive a tax receipt which can be submitted with your tax return.

Holland: Transfer to the account of "Stichting ICCF Holland" in Lisse.

This will allow for tax deduction if you live in Holland.

Postbank, nr. 4548774

IBAN: NL95 INGB 0004 5487 74

Germany: It is possible to make donations that allow for a tax return.

Check the ICCF web site for the latest information:

<http://iccf-holland.org/germany.html>

World: Use a postal money order. That should be possible from any country, mostly from the post office. Use this name (which is in my passport): "Abraham Moolenaar". Use Euro for the currency if possible.

Europe: Use a bank transfer if possible. Your bank should have a form that you can use for this. See "Others" below for the swift code and IBAN number.

Any other method should work. Ask for information about sponsorship.

Credit Card: You can use PayPal to send money with a Credit card. This is the most widely used Internet based payment system. It's really simple to use. Use this link to find more info:

[https://www.paypal.com/en\\_US/mrb/pal=XAC62PML3GF8Q](https://www.paypal.com/en_US/mrb/pal=XAC62PML3GF8Q)

The e-mail address for sending the money to is:

[Bram@iccf-holland.org](mailto:Bram@iccf-holland.org)

For amounts above 400 Euro (\$500) sending a check is preferred.

Others: Transfer to one of these accounts if possible:

Postbank, account 4548774

Swift code: INGB NL 2A

IBAN: NL95 INGB 0004 5487 74

under the name "stichting ICCF Holland", Lisse

If that doesn't work:

Rabobank Lisse, account 3765.05.117

Swift code: RABO NL 2U

under the name "Bram Moolenaar", Lisse

Otherwise, send a check in euro or US dollars to the address below. Minimal amount: \$70 (my bank does not accept smaller amounts for foreign check, sorry)

Address to send checks to:

Bram Moolenaar

Finsterruethof 1



```

" install_type location machine_type mod_date number os_name os_release
" os_version pose_as_os_name pose_as_os_release readme revision
" share_link title vendor_tag
syn region psfAttUnquotString matchgroup=psfAttrib start=~^\s*[\^#]+\s\+[\^#"]~rs=e-1
contains=psfUnquotString,psfComment end=~$~ keepend oneline

syn region psfAttQuotString matchgroup=psfAttrib start=~^\s*[\^#]+\s\+"~rs=e-1
contains=psfQuotString,psfComment skip=~\|"~ matchgroup=psfQuotString end=~"~ keepend

" These regions are defined in attempt to do syntax checking for some
" of the attributes.
syn region psfAttTag matchgroup=psfAttrib start="^\s*tag\s\+" contains=psfObjTag,psfComment end="$" keepend
oneline

syn region psfAttSpec matchgroup=psfAttrib
start="^\s*(ancestor\|applied_patches\|applied_to\|contents\|corequisites\|exquisites\|prerequisites\|software_spec\|
supersedes\|superseded_by\)\s\+" contains=psfObjTag,psfAttAbbrev,psfComment end="$" keepend

syn region psfAttTags matchgroup=psfAttrib start="^\s*all_filesets\s\+" contains=psfObjTags,psfComment end="$"
keepend

syn region psfAttNumber matchgroup=psfAttrib
start="^\s*(compressed_size\|instance_id\|media_sequence_number\|sequence_number\|size\)\s\+"
contains=psfNumber,psfComment end="$" keepend oneline

syn region psfAttTime matchgroup=psfAttrib start="^\s*(create_time\|ctime\|mod_time\|mtime\|timestamp)\s\+"
contains=psfNumber,psfComment end="$" keepend oneline

syn region psfAttFloat matchgroup=psfAttrib start="^\s*(data_model_revision\|layout_version)\s\+"
contains=psfFloat,psfComment end="$" keepend oneline

syn region psfAttLongDate matchgroup=psfAttrib start="^\s*install_date\s\+" contains=psfLongDate,psfComment
end="$" keepend oneline

syn region psfAttState matchgroup=psfAttrib start="^\s*(state)\s\+" contains=psfState,psfComment end="$"
keepend oneline

syn region psfAttPState matchgroup=psfAttrib start="^\s*(patch_state)\s\+" contains=psfPState,psfComment
end="$" keepend oneline

syn region psfAttBoolean matchgroup=psfAttrib
start="^\s*(is_kernel\|is_locatable\|is_patch\|is_protected\|is_reboot\|is_reference\|is_secure\|is_sparse)\s\+"
contains=psfBoolean,psfComment end="$" keepend oneline

syn match psfComment "#.*$"

```

```

" Define the default highlighting.
" For version 5.7 and earlier: only when not done already
" For version 5.8 and later: only when an item doesn't have highlighting yet
if version >= 508 || !exists("did_psf_syntax_inits")
if version < 508
 let did_psf_syntax_inits = 1
 command -nargs=+ HiLink hi link <args>
else
 command -nargs=+ HiLink hi def link <args>
endif

HiLink psfObject Statement
HiLink psfAttrib Type
HiLink psfQuotString String
HiLink psfObjTag Identifier
HiLink psfAttAbbrev PreProc
HiLink psfObjTags Identifier

HiLink psfComment Comment

delcommand HiLink
endif

" Long descriptions and copyrights confuse the syntax highlighting, so
" force vim to backup at least 100 lines before the top visible line
" looking for a sync location.
syn sync lines=100

let b:current_syntax = "psf"

```

## 1.133 wget 1.14 :18.el7

### 1.133.1 Available under license :

From RPM File Metadata:GPLv3+  
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 Version 3, 29 June 2007

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# 1.135 xz 5.2.2 :1.e17

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```

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```
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```

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```
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```

```
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# 1.136 yum 3.4.3 :161.el7.centos

## 1.136.1 Available under license :

```
diff -up yum-3.4.3/yum/update_md.py.org yum-3.4.3/yum/update_md.py
--- yum-3.4.3/yum/update_md.py.org 2017-01-24 18:55:03.529842775 +0100
+++ yum-3.4.3/yum/update_md.py 2017-01-24 18:55:57.213511475 +0100
@@ -58,7 +58,7 @@ class UpdateNotice(object):
```

```
 A single update notice (for instance, a security fix).
 """"
```

```
- def __init__(self, elem=None):
+ def __init__(self, elem=None, repoid=None, vlogger=None):
 self._md = {
 'from' : "",
 'type' : "",
@@ -83,6 +83,9 @@ class UpdateNotice(object):
 if elem:
 self._parse(elem)

+ self._repoid = repoid
+ self._vlogger = vlogger
```

```

+
def __getitem__(self, item):
 """ Allows scriptable metadata access (ie: un['update_id']). """
 if type(item) is int:
@@ -103,6 +106,24 @@ class UpdateNotice(object):
 # Tests to see if it's "the same data", which means that the
 # packages can be different (see add_notice).

+
def _rid(un):
+
 if hasattr(un, '_repid') and un._repid is not None:
+
 return un._repid
+
 else:
+
 return '<unknown>'
+
+
def _log_failure(data):
+
 """Log the mismatched data similarly to conflict markers in git."""
+
 if self._vlogger is None:
+
 return
+
 msg = _('Duplicate of %s differs in some fields:\n')
+
 msg %= other._md['update_id']
+
 msg += '<<<<<<<< %s:%s\n' % (_rid(other), data)
+
 msg += '%r\n=====\n%r\n' % (other._md[data], self._md[data])
+
 msg += '>>>>>>> %s:%s' % (_rid(self), data)
+
 # --verbose mode enables this
+
 self._vlogger.log(logginglevels.DEBUG_3, msg)
+
+
 if not other or not hasattr(other, '_md'):
 return False

@@ -113,6 +134,7 @@ class UpdateNotice(object):
 if data == 'status': # FIXME: See below...
 continue
 if self._md[data] != other._md[data]:
+
 _log_failure(data)
 return False

 # FIXME: Massive hack, Fedora is really broken and gives status=stable
 # and status=testing for updateinfo notices, just depending on which
@@ -120,8 +142,10 @@ class UpdateNotice(object):
 data = 'status'
 if self._md[data] != other._md[data]:
 if self._md[data] not in ('stable', 'testing'):
+
 _log_failure(data)
 return False
 if other._md[data] not in ('stable', 'testing'):
+
 _log_failure(data)
 return False
 # They are both really "stable" ...
 self._md[data] = 'stable'

```

```

@@ -574,7 +598,7 @@ class UpdateMetadata(object):
 for event, elem in safe_iterparse(infile, logger=self._logger):
 if elem.tag == 'update':
 try:
- un = UpdateNotice(elem)
+ un = UpdateNotice(elem, repoid, self._vlogger)
 except UpdateNoticeException, e:
 msg = _("An update notice%s is broken, skipping.") % _rid(repoid)
 if self._vlogger:
@@ -587,6 +611,8 @@ class UpdateMetadata(object):
 msg = _("Update notice %s%s is broken, or a bad duplicate, skipping.") % (un['update_id'],
_rid(repoid))
 if not have_dup:
 msg += _("\nYou should report this problem to the owner of the %srepository.") % _rid(repoid, "%s ")
+ msg += _("\nIf you are the owner, consider re-running the same command with --verbose to see the "
+ 'exact data that caused the conflict.')
 have_dup = True
 if self._vlogger:
 self._vlogger.warn("%s", msg)

```

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```
diff --git a/yum/update_md.py b/yum/update_md.py
--- a/yum/update_md.py 2015-01-19 07:44:35.567107008 -0500
+++ b/yum/update_md.py 2015-01-19 08:57:31.576489424 -0500
@@ -398,6 +399,9 @@ class UpdateMetadata(object):
 except Errors.RepoMDError:
 continue # No metadata found for this repo

+ self.arch_storage = ArchStorage()
+ self.archlist = self.arch_storage.archlist
+
 def get_notices(self, name=None):
 """ Return all notices. """
 if name is None:
@@ -434,16 +438,29 @@ class UpdateMetadata(object):
 name = oldpkg tup[0]
 arch = oldpkg tup[1]
 ret = []
+
+ other_arch_list = []
+ notices = set()
 for notice in self.get_notices(name):
 for upkg in notice['pkglist']:
 for pkg in upkg['packages']:
+
+ other_arch = False
 if pkg['name'] != name or pkg['arch'] != arch:
- continue
+
+ if (notice not in notices and pkg['name'] == name and pkg['arch'] in self.archlist):
```

```

+ other_arch = True
+ else:
+ continue
 pkg tup = (pkg['name'], pkg['arch'], pkg['epoch'] or '0',
 pkg['version'], pkg['release'])
 if _rpm_tup_vercmp(pkg tup, oldpkg tup) <= 0:
 continue
- ret.append((pkg tup, notice))
+ if other_arch:
+ other_arch_list.append((pkg tup, notice))
+ else:
+ ret.append((pkg tup, notice))
+ notices.add(notice)
+ for pkg tup, notice in other_arch_list:
+ if notice not in notices:
+ ret.append((pkg tup, notice))
 ret.sort(cmp=_rpm_tup_vercmp, key=lambda x: x[0], reverse=True)
 return ret

```

```

diff -up yum-3.4.3/yum/update_md.py.old yum-3.4.3/yum/update_md.py
--- yum-3.4.3/yum/update_md.py.old 2015-05-28 19:23:35.589691937 +0200
+++ yum-3.4.3/yum/update_md.py 2015-05-28 19:24:05.971806965 +0200
@@ -33,6 +33,7 @@ import Errors
import logginglevels

```

```

import rpmUtils.miscutils
+from rpmUtils.arch import ArchStorage

```

```

def safe_iterparse(filename, logger=None):

```

## 1.137 yum-metadata-parser 1.1.4 :10.el7

### 1.137.1 Available under license :

From RPM File Metadata:GPLv2

## 1.138 yum-utils 1.1.31 :50.el7

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```
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This is free software, and you are welcome to redistribute it
under certain conditions; type `show c' for details.
```

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```
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`Gnomovision' (which makes passes at compilers) written by James Hacker.
```

```
<signature of Ty Coon>, 1 April 1989
Ty Coon, President of Vice
```

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