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1.3 audit 2.8.1 :3

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^L
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1.4 basesystem 10.0-7

1.5 bash 4.2.46 :30.el7

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@c ispell-local-pdict: "ispell-dict"
@c End:
From friedman@cli.com Thu May 25 12:19:06 1995
Flags: 10
Return-Path: friedman@cli.com
Received: from po.cwru.edu (root@po.CWRU.Edu [129.22.4.2]) by odin.INS.CWRU.Edu with ESMTP
(8.6.10+cwru/CWRU-2.1-ins)
 id MAA08685; Thu, 25 May 1995 12:19:05 -0400 (from friedman@cli.com for <chet@odin.INS.CWRU.Edu>)
Received: from cli.com (cli.com [192.31.85.1]) by po.cwru.edu with SMTP (8.6.10+cwru/CWRU-2.3)
 id MAA11299; Thu, 25 May 1995 12:19:00 -0400 (from friedman@cli.com for <chet@po.cwru.edu>)
Received: from tepui.cli.com by cli.com (4.1/SMI-4.1)
 id AA27213; Thu, 25 May 95 11:18:25 CDT
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Message-Id: <9505251618.AA16031@tepui.cli.com>
From: friedman@gnu.ai.mit.edu (Noah Friedman)
To: chet@po.cwru.edu
Subject: Bash scripts
Reply-To: friedman@gnu.ai.mit.edu
In-Reply-To: <chet@odin.ins.cwru.edu> Thu, 25 May 1995 11:19:59 -0400
References: <9505251519.AA06424.SM@odin.INS.CWRU.Edu>
Date: Thu, 25 May 95 11:18:21 CST

>Hi. I snagged some of your bash functions from your home directory on
>the FSF machines (naughty, I know), and I was wondering if you'd let
>me distribute them with bash-2.0. Thanks.

Sure. I think there's a later copy in
~ftp/friedman/shell-inits/init-4.89.tar.gz. There are also some elisp and
es frobs in that file.

It should serve as a pretty good example of how to get carried away. :-)
From spcecdt@armory.com Wed May 10 10:21:11 1995
Flags: 10
Return-Path: spcecdt@armory.com
Received: from po.cwru.edu (root@po.CWRU.Edu [129.22.4.2]) by odin.INS.CWRU.Edu with ESMTP
(8.6.10+cwru/CWRU-2.1-ins)

id KAA22876; Wed, 10 May 1995 10:21:10 -0400 (from spcecdt@armory.com for <chet@odin.INS.CWRU.Edu>)
Received: from deepthought.armory.com (mmdf@deepthought.armory.com [192.122.209.42]) by po.cwru.edu with SMTP (8.6.10+cwru/CWRU-2.3)
id BAA16354; Wed, 10 May 1995 01:33:22 -0400 (from spcecdt@armory.com for <chet@po.cwru.edu>)
From: John DuBois <spcecdt@armory.com>
Date: Tue, 9 May 1995 22:33:12 -0700
In-Reply-To: Chet Ramey <chet@odin.ins.cwru.edu>
"ksh scripts" (May 9, 1:36pm)
X-Www: http://www.armory.com/~spcecdt/
X-Mailer: Mail User's Shell (7.2.5 10/14/92)
To: chet@po.cwru.edu
Subject: Re: ksh scripts
Message-ID: <9505092233.aa13001@deepthought.armory.com>

Sure. The canonical versions are available on ftp.armory.com; you might want to pick up the latest versions before modifying them.

John

On May 9, 1:36pm, Chet Ramey wrote:
} Subject: ksh scripts
} From odin.ins.cwru.edu!chet Tue May 9 10:39:51 1995
} Received: from odin.INS.CWRU.Edu by deepthought.armory.com id aa22336;
} 9 May 95 10:39 PDT
} Received: (chet@localhost) by odin.INS.CWRU.Edu (8.6.10+cwru/CWRU-2.1-ins)
} id NAA20487; Tue, 9 May 1995 13:39:24 -0400 (from chet)
} Date: Tue, 9 May 1995 13:36:54 -0400
} From: Chet Ramey <chet@odin.ins.cwru.edu>
} To: john@armory.com
} Subject: ksh scripts
} Cc: chet@odin.ins.cwru.edu
} Reply-To: chet@po.cwru.edu
} Message-ID: <9505091736.AA20411.SM@odin.INS.CWRU.Edu>
} Read-Receipt-To: chet@po.CWRU.Edu
} MIME-Version: 1.0
} Content-Type: text/plain; charset=us-ascii
} Status: OR
}
} Hi. I'm the maintainer of bash (the GNU `Bourne Again shell') for
} the FSF.
}
} I picked up a tar file of ksh scripts you wrote from an anon FTP site
} a while back. I'd like your permission to include modified versions
} of some of them in the next major bash distribution (with proper credit
} given, of course). Is it OK if I do that?
}
} Chet Ramey
}

} --
} ``The lyf so short, the craft so long to lerne." - Chaucer
}
} Chet Ramey, Case Western Reserve University Internet: chet@po.CWRU.Edu
}-- End of excerpt from Chet Ramey
From mikel@ora.com Tue Aug 1 12:13:20 1995
Flags: 10
Return-Path: mikel@ora.com
Received: from ruby.ora.com (ruby.ora.com [198.112.208.25]) by odin.INS.CWRU.Edu with ESMTP
(8.6.12+cwru/CWRU-2.1-ins)
 id MAA01565; Tue, 1 Aug 1995 12:13:18 -0400 (from mikel@ora.com for <chet@odin.INS.CWRU.Edu>)
Received: (from fax@localhost) by ruby.ora.com (8.6.12/8.6.11) with UUCP id MAA23251; Tue, 1 Aug 1995
12:07:51 -0400
Received: by los.ora.com (4.1/Spike-2.1)
 id AA00672; Tue, 1 Aug 95 08:57:32 EDT
Date: Tue, 1 Aug 95 08:57:32 EDT
From: mikel@ora.com (Michael Loukides)
Message-Id: <9508011257.AA00672@los.ora.com>
Subject: Re: Ksh debugger from Rosenblatt's book [for bash]
To: Chet Ramey <chet@odin.INS.CWRU.Edu>
Cc: cmarie@ora.com, cam@iinet.com.au, brosenblatt@tm.com
In-Reply-To: Chet Ramey <chet@odin.INS.CWRU.Edu>, Mon, 31 Jul 1995 16:22:48 -0400

  I've modified a (modified) version of Bill Rosenblatt's ksh debugger
  to work with bash-2.0. Does ORA have any problem with me distributing
  it with bash-2.0?

That's great!

Go ahead and circulate it; in fact, we should probably grab it and
stick it in our ftp archive, and put a reference to it in the book.
(Too late to actually discuss the thing, at least for this edition).

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1.6 binutils 2.27 :27.base.el7

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the documentation, and info on specific files will go into an AUTHORS
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++++++++++++++++

Dean Elsner wrote the original gas for vax. [more details?]

Jay Fenlason maintained gas for a while, adding support for
gdb-specific debug information and the 68k series machines, most of
the preprocessing pass, and extensive changes in messages.c,
input-file.c, write.c.

K. Richard Pixley maintained gas for a while, adding various
enhancements and many bug fixes, including merging support for several
processors, breaking gas up to handle multiple object file format
backends (including heavy rewrite, testing, an integration of the coff
and b.out backends), adding configuration including heavy testing and
verification of cross assemblers and file splits and renaming,
converted gas to strictly ansi C including full prototypes, added
support for m680[34]0 & cpu32, considerable work on i960 including a
coff port (including considerable amounts of reverse engineering), a
sparc opcode file rewrite, decstation, rs6000, and hp300hpux host
ports, updated "know" assertions and made them work, much other
reorganization, cleanup, and lint.

Ken Raeburn wrote the high-level BFD interface code to replace most of
the code in format-specific I/O modules.

The original Vax-VMS support was contributed by David L. Kashtan.
Eric Youngdale and Pat Rankin have done much work with it since.

The Intel 80386 machine description was written by Eliot Dresselhaus.

Minh Tran-Le at IntelliCorp contributed some AIX 386 support.

The Motorola 88k machine description was contributed by Devon Bowen of Buffalo University and Torbjorn Granlund of the Swedish Institute of Computer Science.

Keith Knowles at the Open Software Foundation wrote the original MIPS back end (tc-mips.c, tc-mips.h), and contributed Rose format support that hasn't been merged in yet. Ralph Campbell worked with the MIPS code to support a.out format.

Support for the Zilog Z8k and Hitachi H8/300, H8/500 and SH processors (tc-z8k, tc-h8300, tc-h8500, tc-sh), and IEEE 695 object file format (obj-ieee), was written by Steve Chamberlain of Cygnus Solutions. Steve also modified the COFF back end (obj-coffbfd) to use BFD for some low-level operations, for use with the Hitachi, 29k and Zilog targets.

John Gilmore built the AMD 29000 support, added .include support, and simplified the configuration of which versions accept which pseudo-ops. He updated the 68k machine description so that Motorola's opcodes always produced fixed-size instructions (e.g. jsr), while synthetic instructions remained shrinkable (jbsr). John fixed many bugs, including true tested cross-compilation support, and one bug in relaxation that took a week and required the proverbial one-bit fix.

Ian Lance Taylor of Cygnus Solutions merged the Motorola and MIT syntaxes for the 68k, completed support for some COFF targets (68k, i386 SVR3, and SCO Unix), wrote the ECOFF support based on Michael Meissner's mips-tfile program, wrote the PowerPC and RS/6000 support, and made a few other minor patches. He handled the binutils releases for versions 2.7 through 2.9.

David Edelsohn contributed fixes for the PowerPC and AIX support.

Steve Chamberlain made gas able to generate listings.

Support for the HP9000/300 was contributed by Glenn Engel of HP.

Support for ELF format files has been worked on by Mark Eichin of Cygnus Solutions (original, incomplete implementation), Pete Hoogenboom at the University of Utah (HPPA mainly), Michael Meissner of the Open Software Foundation (i386 mainly), and Ken Raeburn of Cygnus Solutions (sparc, initial 64-bit support).

Several engineers at Cygnus Solutions have also provided many small
bug fixes and configuration enhancements.

The initial Alpha support was contributed by Carnegie-Mellon
University. Additional work was done by Ken Raeburn of Cygnus
Solutions. Richard Henderson then rewrote much of the Alpha support.

Ian Dall updated the support code for the National Semiconductor 32000
series, and added support for Mach 3 and NetBSD running on the PC532.

Klaus Kaempf ported the assembler and the binutils to openVMS/Alpha.

Steve Haworth contributed the support for the Texas Instruction c30
(tms320c30).

H.J. Lu has contributed many patches and much testing.

Alan Modra reworked much of the i386 backend, improving the error
checking, updating the code, and improving the 16 bit support, using
patches from the work of Martynas Kunigelis and H.J. Lu.

Many others have contributed large or small bugfixes and enhancements. If
you've contributed significant work and are not mentioned on this list, and
want to be, let us know. Some of the history has been lost; we aren't
intentionally leaving anyone out.

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@page
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In other cases, permission to use a particular library in non-free programs enables a greater number of people to use a large body of free software. For example, permission to use the GNU C Library in non-free programs enables many more people to use the whole GNU operating system, as well as its variant, the GNU/Linux operating system.

Although the Lesser General Public License is Less protective of the users' freedom, it does ensure that the user of a program that is linked with the Library has the freedom and the wherewithal to run that program using a modified version of the Library.

The precise terms and conditions for copying, distribution and modification follow. Pay close attention to the difference between a "work based on the library" and a "work that uses the library". The former contains code derived from the library, whereas the latter must be combined with the library in order to run.

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A "library" means a collection of software functions and/or data prepared so as to be conveniently linked with application programs (which use some of those functions and data) to form executables.

The "Library", below, refers to any such software library or work which has been distributed under these terms. A "work based on the Library" means either the Library or any derivative work under copyright law: that is to say, a work containing the Library or a portion of it, either verbatim or with modifications and/or translated straightforwardly into another language. (Hereinafter, translation is included without limitation in the term "modification".)

"Source code" for a work means the preferred form of the work for making modifications to it. For a library, complete source code means all the source code for all modules it contains, plus any associated interface definition files, plus the scripts used to control compilation and installation of the library.

Activities other than copying, distribution and modification are not covered by this License; they are outside its scope. The act of running a program using the Library is not restricted, and output from such a program is covered only if its contents constitute a work based on the Library (independent of the use of the Library in a tool for writing it). Whether that is true depends on what the Library does and what the program that uses the Library does.

1. You may copy and distribute verbatim copies of the Library's complete source code as you receive it, in any medium, provided that you conspicuously and appropriately publish on each copy an appropriate copyright notice and disclaimer of warranty; keep intact all the notices that refer to this License and to the absence of any warranty; and distribute a copy of this License along with the Library.

You may charge a fee for the physical act of transferring a copy, and you may at your option offer warranty protection in exchange for a fee.

2. You may modify your copy or copies of the Library or any portion of it, thus forming a work based on the Library, and copy and distribute such modifications or work under the terms of Section 1 above, provided that you also meet all of these conditions:

a) The modified work must itself be a software library.

b) You must cause the files modified to carry prominent notices stating that you changed the files and the date of any change.

c) You must cause the whole of the work to be licensed at no charge to all third parties under the terms of this License.

d) If a facility in the modified Library refers to a function or a

table of data to be supplied by an application program that uses the facility, other than as an argument passed when the facility is invoked, then you must make a good faith effort to ensure that, in the event an application does not supply such function or table, the facility still operates, and performs whatever part of its purpose remains meaningful.

(For example, a function in a library to compute square roots has a purpose that is entirely well-defined independent of the application. Therefore, Subsection 2d requires that any application-supplied function or table used by this function must be optional: if the application does not supply it, the square root function must still compute square roots.)

These requirements apply to the modified work as a whole. If identifiable sections of that work are not derived from the Library, and can be reasonably considered independent and separate works in themselves, then this License, and its terms, do not apply to those sections when you distribute them as separate works. But when you distribute the same sections as part of a whole which is a work based on the Library, the distribution of the whole must be on the terms of this License, whose permissions for other licensees extend to the entire whole, and thus to each and every part regardless of who wrote it.

Thus, it is not the intent of this section to claim rights or contest your rights to work written entirely by you; rather, the intent is to exercise the right to control the distribution of derivative or collective works based on the Library.

In addition, mere aggregation of another work not based on the Library with the Library (or with a work based on the Library) on a volume of a storage or distribution medium does not bring the other work under the scope of this License.

3. You may opt to apply the terms of the ordinary GNU General Public License instead of this License to a given copy of the Library. To do this, you must alter all the notices that refer to this License, so that they refer to the ordinary GNU General Public License, version 2, instead of to this License. (If a newer version than version 2 of the ordinary GNU General Public License has appeared, then you can specify that version instead if you wish.) Do not make any other change in these notices.

Once this change is made in a given copy, it is irreversible for that copy, so the ordinary GNU General Public License applies to all subsequent copies and derivative works made from that copy.

This option is useful when you wish to copy part of the code of the Library into a program that is not a library.

4. You may copy and distribute the Library (or a portion or derivative of it, under Section 2) in object code or executable form under the terms of Sections 1 and 2 above provided that you accompany it with the complete corresponding machine-readable source code, which must be distributed under the terms of Sections 1 and 2 above on a medium customarily used for software interchange.

If distribution of object code is made by offering access to copy from a designated place, then offering equivalent access to copy the source code from the same place satisfies the requirement to distribute the source code, even though third parties are not compelled to copy the source along with the object code.

5. A program that contains no derivative of any portion of the Library, but is designed to work with the Library by being compiled or linked with it, is called a "work that uses the Library". Such a work, in isolation, is not a derivative work of the Library, and therefore falls outside the scope of this License.

However, linking a "work that uses the Library" with the Library creates an executable that is a derivative of the Library (because it contains portions of the Library), rather than a "work that uses the library". The executable is therefore covered by this License. Section 6 states terms for distribution of such executables.

When a "work that uses the Library" uses material from a header file that is part of the Library, the object code for the work may be a derivative work of the Library even though the source code is not. Whether this is true is especially significant if the work can be linked without the Library, or if the work is itself a library. The threshold for this to be true is not precisely defined by law.

If such an object file uses only numerical parameters, data structure layouts and accessors, and small macros and small inline functions (ten lines or less in length), then the use of the object file is unrestricted, regardless of whether it is legally a derivative work. (Executables containing this object code plus portions of the Library will still fall under Section 6.)

Otherwise, if the work is a derivative of the Library, you may distribute the object code for the work under the terms of Section 6. Any executables containing that work also fall under Section 6, whether or not they are linked directly with the Library itself.

6. As an exception to the Sections above, you may also combine or

link a "work that uses the Library" with the Library to produce a work containing portions of the Library, and distribute that work under terms of your choice, provided that the terms permit modification of the work for the customer's own use and reverse engineering for debugging such modifications.

You must give prominent notice with each copy of the work that the Library is used in it and that the Library and its use are covered by this License. You must supply a copy of this License. If the work during execution displays copyright notices, you must include the copyright notice for the Library among them, as well as a reference directing the user to the copy of this License. Also, you must do one of these things:

a) Accompany the work with the complete corresponding machine-readable source code for the Library including whatever changes were used in the work (which must be distributed under Sections 1 and 2 above); and, if the work is an executable linked with the Library, with the complete machine-readable "work that uses the Library", as object code and/or source code, so that the user can modify the Library and then relink to produce a modified executable containing the modified Library. (It is understood that the user who changes the contents of definitions files in the Library will not necessarily be able to recompile the application to use the modified definitions.)

b) Use a suitable shared library mechanism for linking with the Library. A suitable mechanism is one that (1) uses at run time a copy of the library already present on the user's computer system, rather than copying library functions into the executable, and (2) will operate properly with a modified version of the library, if the user installs one, as long as the modified version is interface-compatible with the version that the work was made with.

c) Accompany the work with a written offer, valid for at least three years, to give the same user the materials specified in Subsection 6a, above, for a charge no more than the cost of performing this distribution.

d) If distribution of the work is made by offering access to copy from a designated place, offer equivalent access to copy the above specified materials from the same place.

e) Verify that the user has already received a copy of these materials or that you have already sent this user a copy.

For an executable, the required form of the "work that uses the Library" must include any data and utility programs needed for

reproducing the executable from it. However, as a special exception, the materials to be distributed need not include anything that is normally distributed (in either source or binary form) with the major components (compiler, kernel, and so on) of the operating system on which the executable runs, unless that component itself accompanies the executable.

It may happen that this requirement contradicts the license restrictions of other proprietary libraries that do not normally accompany the operating system. Such a contradiction means you cannot use both them and the Library together in an executable that you distribute.

7. You may place library facilities that are a work based on the Library side-by-side in a single library together with other library facilities not covered by this License, and distribute such a combined library, provided that the separate distribution of the work based on the Library and of the other library facilities is otherwise permitted, and provided that you do these two things:

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Version 2, June 1991

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[This is the first released version of the library GPL. It is
numbered 2 because it goes with version 2 of the ordinary GPL.]

Preamble

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Licenses are intended to guarantee your freedom to share and change
free software--to make sure the software is free for all its users.

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Also, for each distributor's protection, we want to make certain that everyone understands that there is no warranty for this free library. If the library is modified by someone else and passed on, we want its recipients to know that what they have is not the original version, so that any problems introduced by others will not reflect on the original authors' reputations.

Finally, any free program is threatened constantly by software patents. We wish to avoid the danger that companies distributing free software will individually obtain patent licenses, thus in effect transforming the program into proprietary software. To prevent this, we have made it clear that any patent must be licensed for everyone's free use or not licensed at all.

Most GNU software, including some libraries, is covered by the ordinary GNU General Public License, which was designed for utility programs. This license, the GNU Library General Public License, applies to certain designated libraries. This license is quite different from the ordinary one; be sure to read it in full, and don't assume that anything in it is the same as in the ordinary license.

The reason we have a separate public license for some libraries is that they blur the distinction we usually make between modifying or adding to a program and simply using it. Linking a program with a library, without changing the library, is in some sense simply using the library, and is analogous to running a utility program or application program. However, in a textual and legal sense, the linked executable is a combined work, a derivative of the original library, and the ordinary General Public License treats it as such.

Because of this blurred distinction, using the ordinary General Public License for libraries did not effectively promote software sharing, because most developers did not use the libraries. We concluded that weaker conditions might promote sharing better.

However, unrestricted linking of non-free programs would deprive the users of those programs of all benefit from the free status of the libraries themselves. This Library General Public License is intended to permit developers of non-free programs to use free libraries, while preserving your freedom as a user of such programs to change the free libraries that are incorporated in them. (We have not seen how to achieve this as regards changes in header files, but we have achieved it as regards changes in the actual functions of the Library.) The hope is that this will lead to faster development of free libraries.

The precise terms and conditions for copying, distribution and modification follow. Pay close attention to the difference between a "work based on the library" and a "work that uses the library". The former contains code derived from the library, while the latter only works together with the library.

Note that it is possible for a library to be covered by the ordinary General Public License rather than by this special one.

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A "library" means a collection of software functions and/or data prepared so as to be conveniently linked with application programs (which use some of those functions and data) to form executables.

The "Library", below, refers to any such software library or work which has been distributed under these terms. A "work based on the Library" means either the Library or any derivative work under copyright law: that is to say, a work containing the Library or a portion of it, either verbatim or with modifications and/or translated straightforwardly into another language. (Hereinafter, translation is included without limitation in the term "modification".)

"Source code" for a work means the preferred form of the work for making modifications to it. For a library, complete source code means all the source code for all modules it contains, plus any associated interface definition files, plus the scripts used to control compilation and installation of the library.

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running a program using the Library is not restricted, and output from such a program is covered only if its contents constitute a work based on the Library (independent of the use of the Library in a tool for writing it). Whether that is true depends on what the Library does and what the program that uses the Library does.

1. You may copy and distribute verbatim copies of the Library's complete source code as you receive it, in any medium, provided that you conspicuously and appropriately publish on each copy an appropriate copyright notice and disclaimer of warranty; keep intact all the notices that refer to this License and to the absence of any warranty; and distribute a copy of this License along with the Library.

You may charge a fee for the physical act of transferring a copy, and you may at your option offer warranty protection in exchange for a fee.

2. You may modify your copy or copies of the Library or any portion of it, thus forming a work based on the Library, and copy and distribute such modifications or work under the terms of Section 1 above, provided that you also meet all of these conditions:

a) The modified work must itself be a software library.

b) You must cause the files modified to carry prominent notices stating that you changed the files and the date of any change.

c) You must cause the whole of the work to be licensed at no charge to all third parties under the terms of this License.

d) If a facility in the modified Library refers to a function or a table of data to be supplied by an application program that uses the facility, other than as an argument passed when the facility is invoked, then you must make a good faith effort to ensure that, in the event an application does not supply such function or table, the facility still operates, and performs whatever part of its purpose remains meaningful.

(For example, a function in a library to compute square roots has a purpose that is entirely well-defined independent of the application. Therefore, Subsection 2d requires that any application-supplied function or table used by this function must be optional: if the application does not supply it, the square root function must still compute square roots.)

These requirements apply to the modified work as a whole. If identifiable sections of that work are not derived from the Library,

and can be reasonably considered independent and separate works in themselves, then this License, and its terms, do not apply to those sections when you distribute them as separate works. But when you distribute the same sections as part of a whole which is a work based on the Library, the distribution of the whole must be on the terms of this License, whose permissions for other licensees extend to the entire whole, and thus to each and every part regardless of who wrote it.

Thus, it is not the intent of this section to claim rights or contest your rights to work written entirely by you; rather, the intent is to exercise the right to control the distribution of derivative or collective works based on the Library.

In addition, mere aggregation of another work not based on the Library with the Library (or with a work based on the Library) on a volume of a storage or distribution medium does not bring the other work under the scope of this License.

3. You may opt to apply the terms of the ordinary GNU General Public License instead of this License to a given copy of the Library. To do this, you must alter all the notices that refer to this License, so that they refer to the ordinary GNU General Public License, version 2, instead of to this License. (If a newer version than version 2 of the ordinary GNU General Public License has appeared, then you can specify that version instead if you wish.) Do not make any other change in these notices.

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This option is useful when you wish to copy part of the code of the Library into a program that is not a library.

4. You may copy and distribute the Library (or a portion or derivative of it, under Section 2) in object code or executable form under the terms of Sections 1 and 2 above provided that you accompany it with the complete corresponding machine-readable source code, which must be distributed under the terms of Sections 1 and 2 above on a medium customarily used for software interchange.

If distribution of object code is made by offering access to copy from a designated place, then offering equivalent access to copy the source code from the same place satisfies the requirement to distribute the source code, even though third parties are not compelled to copy the source along with the object code.

5. A program that contains no derivative of any portion of the Library, but is designed to work with the Library by being compiled or linked with it, is called a "work that uses the Library". Such a work, in isolation, is not a derivative work of the Library, and therefore falls outside the scope of this License.

However, linking a "work that uses the Library" with the Library creates an executable that is a derivative of the Library (because it contains portions of the Library), rather than a "work that uses the library". The executable is therefore covered by this License. Section 6 states terms for distribution of such executables.

When a "work that uses the Library" uses material from a header file that is part of the Library, the object code for the work may be a derivative work of the Library even though the source code is not. Whether this is true is especially significant if the work can be linked without the Library, or if the work is itself a library. The threshold for this to be true is not precisely defined by law.

If such an object file uses only numerical parameters, data structure layouts and accessors, and small macros and small inline functions (ten lines or less in length), then the use of the object file is unrestricted, regardless of whether it is legally a derivative work. (Executables containing this object code plus portions of the Library will still fall under Section 6.)

Otherwise, if the work is a derivative of the Library, you may distribute the object code for the work under the terms of Section 6. Any executables containing that work also fall under Section 6, whether or not they are linked directly with the Library itself.

6. As an exception to the Sections above, you may also compile or link a "work that uses the Library" with the Library to produce a work containing portions of the Library, and distribute that work under terms of your choice, provided that the terms permit modification of the work for the customer's own use and reverse engineering for debugging such modifications.

You must give prominent notice with each copy of the work that the Library is used in it and that the Library and its use are covered by this License. You must supply a copy of this License. If the work during execution displays copyright notices, you must include the copyright notice for the Library among them, as well as a reference directing the user to the copy of this License. Also, you must do one of these things:

a) Accompany the work with the complete corresponding machine-readable source code for the Library including whatever

changes were used in the work (which must be distributed under Sections 1 and 2 above); and, if the work is an executable linked with the Library, with the complete machine-readable "work that uses the Library", as object code and/or source code, so that the user can modify the Library and then relink to produce a modified executable containing the modified Library. (It is understood that the user who changes the contents of definitions files in the Library will not necessarily be able to recompile the application to use the modified definitions.)

b) Accompany the work with a written offer, valid for at least three years, to give the same user the materials specified in Subsection 6a, above, for a charge no more than the cost of performing this distribution.

c) If distribution of the work is made by offering access to copy from a designated place, offer equivalent access to copy the above specified materials from the same place.

d) Verify that the user has already received a copy of these materials or that you have already sent this user a copy.

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1.7 bzip2 1.0.6 :13.el7.centos

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Julian Seward, jseward@bzip.org
bzip2/libbzip2 version 1.0.6 of 6 September 2010

1.8 ca-certificates 2017.2.14-71.el7

1.9 centos-release 7 :5.1804.4.el7.centos

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One of the key reasons we got delayed on the CentOS-6 release was lack of
suitable build resources, especially when we had to repeatedly build large
chunks of code. Norwood S came forward and worked with me to
setup a large build machine, then tune the build process and help improve
the overall build, test and validate process we were using. This build

machine he donated to the project was about 5 times more capable than the entire buildsystem we had. And he did this out of his own pocket, from his own time, and has since upgraded the machine as well. It's now a 128GB, 48 core machine, with 4 SSD's and 4 sata disks : but the key metric is that it can build from source, the entire CentOS-7 distro in under 22 hrs.

Having this capability was key in our ability to build, test and deliver CentOS-7 as rapidly as we have been able to.

We'd like to dedicate the CentOS-7 Release to Mr Norwood S, of Phoenix, AZ, USA for his continued support for the project.

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1.11 coreutils 8.22 :21.el7

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b) Use a suitable shared library mechanism for linking with the Library. A suitable mechanism is one that (1) uses at run time a copy of the library already present on the user's computer system, rather than copying library functions into the executable, and (2) will operate properly with a modified version of the library, if the user installs one, as long as the modified version is interface-compatible with the version that the work was made with.

c) Accompany the work with a written offer, valid for at least three years, to give the same user the materials specified in Subsection 6a, above, for a charge no more than the cost of performing this distribution.

d) If distribution of the work is made by offering access to copy from a designated place, offer equivalent access to copy the above specified materials from the same place.

e) Verify that the user has already received a copy of these materials or that you have already sent this user a copy.

For an executable, the required form of the "work that uses the Library" must include any data and utility programs needed for reproducing the executable from it. However, as a special exception, the materials to be distributed need not include anything that is normally distributed (in either source or binary form) with the major components (compiler, kernel, and so on) of the operating system on which the executable runs, unless that component itself accompanies the executable.

It may happen that this requirement contradicts the license restrictions of other proprietary libraries that do not normally accompany the operating system. Such a contradiction means you cannot use both them and the Library together in an executable that you distribute.
^L
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Also add information on how to contact you by electronic and paper
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your
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necessary. Here is a sample; alter the names:

Yoyodyne, Inc., hereby disclaims all copyright interest in the
library 'Frob' (a library for tweaking knobs) written by James
Random Hacker.

<signature of Ty Coon>, 1 April 1990
Ty Coon, President of Vice

That's all there is to it!

EFFECTIVE OCT 2008, LICENSE IS BEING CHANGED TO LGPL-2.1 (though not reflected in released code until Nov 2009 - slow release cycle...)

Discussion thread from mailing list archive, with approval from everyone actively involved or holding original licensing rights included.

[Cracklib-devel] cracklib license
From: Mike Frysinger <vapier@ge...> - 2007-10-02 01:16

Attachments: Message as HTML
looks like 2.8.11 is out and marked as "GPL-2" ... releasing libraries unde=
r=20
GPL-2 is not desirable at all ... this is why the LGPL-2.1 exists
=2Dmike

Re: [Cracklib-devel] cracklib license
From: Neulinger, Nathan <nneul@um...> - 2007-10-02 01:18
I understand that, and you're welcome to bring it up with Alec directly
and see if he wants to relicense his code as LGPL... but at this point,
it was enough to just get it consistent and documented as to what it was
released under. This wasn't actually a license change, just a
clarification of the licensing that was already in place.=20

-- Nathan
=20

Nathan Neulinger EMail: nneul@um...
University of Missouri - Rolla Phone: (573) 341-6679
UMR Information Technology Fax: (573) 341-4216

> -----Original Message-----
> From: cracklib-devel-bounces@li...
> [mailto:cracklib-devel-bounces@li...] On Behalf Of
> Mike Frysinger
> Sent: Monday, October 01, 2007 8:15 PM
> To: cracklib-devel@li...
> Subject: [Cracklib-devel] cracklib license
>=20
> looks like 2.8.11 is out and marked as "GPL-2" ... releasing
> libraries under
> GPL-2 is not desirable at all ... this is why the LGPL-2.1 exists
> -mike

Re: [Cracklib-devel] cracklib license
From: Mike Frysinger <vapier@ge...> - 2007-10-02 01:33

Attachments: Message as HTML
On Monday 01 October 2007, Neulinger, Nathan wrote:
> I understand that, and you're welcome to bring it up with Alec directly
> and see if he wants to relicense his code as LGPL... but at this point,
> it was enough to just get it consistent and documented as to what it was
> released under. This wasn't actually a license change, just a
> clarification of the licensing that was already in place.

the original license (before moving to sourceforge -- aka, 2.7) was not=20
GPL-2 ... it was a modified artistic license ... i didnt notice the license=
=20
change until it was mentioned in the latest notes.

unlike the old license, GPL-2 prevents people from using cracklib unless th=
eir=20
applications are also GPL-2 which imo is just wrong. it isnt the place of =

a=20
library to dictact to application writes what license they should be using.=
=20
thus LGPL-2.1 enters to fill this void.
=2Dmike

Re: [Cracklib-devel] cracklib license
From: Neulinger, Nathan <nneul@um...> - 2007-10-02 01:46
Seems like the ideal thing here would be for you and the other distro maintainers to get together with Alec in a conversation and come to a decision as to what licensing scheme y'all want. I haven't really done much other than cleaning up the packaging and patches and a small bit of additional code, so whatever licensing y'all come up with is fine by me.

-- Nathan
=20

Nathan Neulinger EMail: nneul@um...
University of Missouri - Rolla Phone: (573) 341-6679
UMR Information Technology Fax: (573) 341-4216

> -----Original Message-----
> From: cracklib-devel-bounces@li...
> [mailto:cracklib-devel-bounces@li...] On Behalf Of
> Mike Frysinger
> Sent: Monday, October 01, 2007 8:33 PM
> To: Neulinger, Nathan
> Cc: cracklib-devel@li...; Alec Muffett
> Subject: Re: [Cracklib-devel] cracklib license
>=20
> On Monday 01 October 2007, Neulinger, Nathan wrote:
> > I understand that, and you're welcome to bring it up with Alec
> directly
> > and see if he wants to relicense his code as LGPL... but at this
> point,
> > it was enough to just get it consistent and documented as to what
> it was
> > released under. This wasn't actually a license change, just a
> > clarification of the licensing that was already in place.
>=20
> the original license (before moving to sourceforge -- aka, 2.7) was
> not
> GPL-2 ... it was a modified artistic license ... i didnt notice the
> license
> change until it was mentioned in the latest notes.
>=20
> unlike the old license, GPL-2 prevents people from using cracklib

> unless their
> applications are also GPL-2 which imo is just wrong. it isnt the
> place of a
> library to dictact to application writes what license they should
> be using.
> thus LGPL-2.1 enters to fill this void.
> -mike

Re: [Cracklib-devel] cracklib license
From: Alec Muffett <alecm@cr...> - 2007-10-02 08:57
> Seems like the ideal thing here would be for you and the other distro
> maintainers to get together with Alec in a conversation and come to a
> decision as to what licensing scheme y'all want. I haven't really done
> much other than cleaning up the packaging and patches and a small
> bit of
> additional code, so whatever licensing y'all come up with is fine
> by me.

I am sympathetic. Guys, what do you reckon?

What I am hearing so far is that LGPL makes sense, since it can be
linked with any code, not just GPL...

-a

Re: [Cracklib-devel] cracklib license
From: Devin Reade <gdr@gn...> - 2007-10-02 15:04
I would like to see it under LGPL as well. I think it is in everyone's
best interests to have as secure systems as possible, and I think tainting
it via GPL will just make it less likely that the library gets used, and
will not usually cause companies/developers to GPL the dependent code
(where it is not already GPL).

I like GPL, I use it when I can, but I don't think that it's the correct
license in this situation.

Devin
--
If it's sinful, it's more fun.

Re: [Cracklib-devel] cracklib license
From: Nalin Dahyabhai <nalin@re...> - 2008-01-28 16:32
On Tue, Oct 02, 2007 at 09:57:31AM +0100, Alec Muffett wrote:
> > Seems like the ideal thing here would be for you and the other distro
> > maintainers to get together with Alec in a conversation and come to a

> > decision as to what licensing scheme y'all want. I haven't really done
> > much other than cleaning up the packaging and patches and a small
> > bit of
> > additional code, so whatever licensing y'all come up with is fine
> > by me.
>
> I am sympathetic. Guys, what do you reckon?
>
> What I am hearing so far is that LGPL makes sense, since it can be
> linked with any code, not just GPL...

My apologies for not chiming in in anything resembling a reasonable timeframe.

I'd also suggest the LGPL, for the reason you noted above. Alternately, GPLv2 with the option of using the library under a later version of the GPL would permit applications which were released under version 3 of the GPL to use the library, too, which would be sufficient for the packages which are included in Fedora. FWIW, I'd personally lean toward LGPL.

In any case, I thank you both for working on sorting this out.

Cheers,

Nalin

Re: [Cracklib-devel] cracklib license
From: Mike Frysinger <vapier@ge...> - 2008-10-05 21:27

Attachments: Message as HTML
On Monday 28 January 2008, Nalin Dahyabhai wrote:
> On Tue, Oct 02, 2007 at 09:57:31AM +0100, Alec Muffett wrote:
> > > Seems like the ideal thing here would be for you and the other distro
> > > maintainers to get together with Alec in a conversation and come to a
> > > decision as to what licensing scheme y'all want. I haven't really done
> > > much other than cleaning up the packaging and patches and a small
> > > bit of
> > > additional code, so whatever licensing y'all come up with is fine
> > > by me.
> >
> > I am sympathetic. Guys, what do you reckon?
> >
> > What I am hearing so far is that LGPL makes sense, since it can be
> > linked with any code, not just GPL...
>
> My apologies for not chiming in in anything resembling a reasonable
> timeframe.

>
> I'd also suggest the LGPL, for the reason you noted above. Alternately,
> GPLv2 with the option of using the library under a later version of the
> GPL would permit applications which were released under version 3 of the
> GPL to use the library, too, which would be sufficient for the packages
> which are included in Fedora. FWIW, I'd personally lean toward LGPL.
>
> In any case, I thank you both for working on sorting this out.

looks like everyone is OK with LGPL-2.1 (GNU Lesser license), so can we make
the change now ?
-mike

Re: [Cracklib-devel] cracklib license
From: Alec Muffett <alecm@cr...> - 2008-10-05 23:18
>> In any case, I thank you both for working on sorting this out.
>
> looks like everyone is OK with LGPL-2.1 (GNU Lesser license), so can we make
> the change now ?

yes. go for it. thanks++

-a

Re: [Cracklib-devel] cracklib license
From: Mike Frysinger <vapier@ge...> - 2008-10-25 22:34

Attachments: Message as HTML
On Sunday 05 October 2008, Alec Muffett wrote:
> >> In any case, I thank you both for working on sorting this out.
> >
> > looks like everyone is OK with LGPL-2.1 (GNU Lesser license), so can we
> > make the change now ?
>
> yes. go for it. thanks++

Nathan Neulinger is the only one who can actually make said change ...
-mike

BELOW IS ORIGINAL LICENSING DISCUSSION RE CHANGING TO GPL from Artistic.

CrackLib was originally licensed with a variant of the Artistic license. In the

interests of wider acceptance and more modern licensing, it was switched with
the original author's blessing to GPL v2.

This approval was carried out in email discussions in 2005, and has been reconfirmed
as of 2007-10-01 with the following email from Alec Muffett.

The below email references nneul@umr.edu address, as that is the address
that was used at the time. For any future emails regarding this, please
use nneul@neulinger.org.

From alecm@crypticide.com Mon Oct 1 12:26:03 2007
Received: from umr-exproto2.cc.umr.edu ([131.151.0.192]) by UMR-CMAIL1.umr.edu with Microsoft SMTPSVC(6.0.3790.3959);
 Mon, 1 Oct 2007 12:26:03 -0500
Received: from scansrv2.srv.mst.edu ([131.151.1.114]) by umr-exproto2.cc.umr.edu with Microsoft SMTPSVC(6.0.3790.3959);
 Mon, 1 Oct 2007 12:26:02 -0500
Received: (qmail 8022 invoked from network); 1 Oct 2007 16:59:55 -0000
Received: from smtp1.srv.mst.edu (131.151.1.43)
 by scanin-ipvs.cc.umr.edu with SMTP; 1 Oct 2007 16:59:55 -0000
Received: from spunkymail-mx8.g.dreamhost.com (mx1.spunky.mail.dreamhost.com [208.97.132.47])
 by smtp1.srv.mst.edu (8.13.1/8.13.1) with ESMTP id l91Gxtpr020623
 for <nneul@umr.edu>; Mon, 1 Oct 2007 11:59:55 -0500
Received: from rutherford.zen.co.uk (rutherford.zen.co.uk [212.23.3.142])
 by spunkymail-mx8.g.dreamhost.com (Postfix) with ESMTP id 2C7734D311
 for <nneul@neulinger.org>; Mon, 1 Oct 2007 09:59:50 -0700 (PDT)
Received: from [82.68.43.14] (helo=[192.168.1.3])
 by rutherford.zen.co.uk with esmtp (Exim 4.50)
 id 1IcOcX-0004Qt-6L
 for nneul@neulinger.org; Mon, 01 Oct 2007 16:59:49 +0000
Mime-Version: 1.0 (Apple Message framework v752.2)
In-Reply-To: <1b1b3fd80710010908k11dac0afp1f2dd471059ff9a4@mail.gmail.com>
References: <1190922867.3457.147.camel@localhost.localdomain>
<EC90713277D2BE41B7110CCD74E235CEF44F38@UMR-CMAIL1.umr.edu>
<1b1b3fd80710010908k11dac0afp1f2dd471059ff9a4@mail.gmail.com>
Content-Type: text/plain; charset=US-ASCII; delsp=yes; format=flowed
Message-Id: <117A1264-F6DC-4E25-B0DD-56FBFEBE6E9F@crypticide.com>
Content-Transfer-Encoding: 7bit
From: Alec Muffett <alecm@crypticide.com>
Subject: Re: cracklib license
Date: Mon, 1 Oct 2007 17:59:46 +0100
To: Nathan Neulinger <nneul@neulinger.org>
X-Mailer: Apple Mail (2.752.2)
X-Originating-Rutherford-IP: [82.68.43.14]

Return-Path: alecm@crypticide.com
X-OriginalArrivalTime: 01 Oct 2007 17:26:03.0008 (UTC) FILETIME=[2420C000:01C80450]
Status: RO
Content-Length: 585
Lines: 21

>
> ---------- Forwarded message ----------
> From: Neulinger, Nathan <nneul@umr.edu>
> Date: Sep 27, 2007 2:58 PM
> Subject: RE: cracklib license
> To: alecm@crypto.dircon.co.uk
>
> Any chance you could write me a self-contained email stating clearly
> that the license is being changed to GPL, so I could include that
> email
> in the repository and clean up the repository/tarballs? I have all the
> original discussion, but something succinct and self contained
> would be
> ideal.

The license for my code in the Cracklib distribution is henceforth GPL.

Happy now? :-)

 -a

#!/usr/bin/python
Copyright 2009, 2012 Jan Dittberner <jan@dittberner.info>
#
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(at your option) any later version.
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Inc., 59 Temple Place, Suite 330, Boston, MA 02111-1307 USA

1.14 cronie 1.4.11 :19.el7

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```
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*
```

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*
* @(#)bitstring.h 8.1 (Berkeley) 7/19/93
*/

1.15 cryptsetup 1.7.4 :4.el7

1.15.1 Available under license :

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Version 2.1, February 1999

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[This is the first released version of the Lesser GPL. It also counts

as the successor of the GNU Library Public License, version 2, hence the version number 2.1.]

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1.16 curl 7.29.0 :46.el7

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1.17 cyrus-sasl 2.1.26 :23.el7

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1.20 diffutils 3.3 :4.el7.centos

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1.22 e2fsprogs 1.42.9 :11.el7

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Theodore Ts'o
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Index: tdbsa/tdb.c
===
--- tdbsa.orig/tdb.c
+++ tdbsa/tdb.c
@@ -4,11 +4,11 @@ Rev: 23371
Last Changed Date: 2007-06-06 20:14:06 -0400 (Wed, 06 Jun 2007)
*/
 /*
- Unix SMB/CIFS implementation.
+ trivial database library - standalone version

- trivial database library - private includes
-
- Copyright (C) Andrew Tridgell 2005
+ Copyright (C) Andrew Tridgell 1999-2005
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** NOTE! The following LGPL license applies to the tdb
** library. This does NOT imply that all of Samba is released
#
This is a Makefile stub which handles the creation of BSD shared
libraries.
#
In order to use this stub, the following makefile variables must be defined.
#
BSDLIB_VERSION = 1.0

```
# BSDLIB_IMAGE = libce
# BSDLIB_MYDIR = et
# BSDLIB_INSTALL_DIR = $(SHLIBDIR)
#

all:: image

real-subdirs:: Makefile
 @echo " MKDIR pic"
 @mkdir -p pic

BSD_LIB = $(BSDLIB_IMAGE).so.$(BSDLIB_VERSION)
BSDLIB_PIC_FLAG = -fpic

image:  $(BSD_LIB)

$(BSD_LIB): $(OBJS)
 (cd pic; ld -Bshareable -o $(BSD_LIB) $(LDFLAGS) $(OBJS))
 $(MV) pic/$(BSD_LIB) .
 $(RM) -f ../$(BSD_LIB)
 (cd ..; $(LN) $(LINK_BUILD_FLAGS) \
  `echo $(my_dir) | sed -e 's;lib/;;'`/$(BSD_LIB) $(BSD_LIB))

install-shlibs install:: $(BSD_LIB)
 @echo " INSTALL_PROGRAM $(BSDLIB_INSTALL_DIR)/$(BSD_LIB)"
 @$(INSTALL_PROGRAM) $(BSD_LIB) \
  $(DESTDIR)$(BSDLIB_INSTALL_DIR)/$(BSD_LIB)
 @-$(LDCONFIG)

install-strip: install

install-shlibs-strip: install-shlibs

uninstall-shlibs uninstall::
 $(RM) -f $(DESTDIR)$(BSDLIB_INSTALL_DIR)/$(BSD_LIB)

clean::
 $(RM) -rf pic
 $(RM) -f $(BSD_LIB)
 $(RM) -f ../$(BSD_LIB)
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Gadi Oxman, August 1995

------------------------------------------------------------------------

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```

Version 2, June 1991

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1.23 elfutils 0.170 :4.el7

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1.29 fipscheck 1.4.1 :6.el7

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1.30 gawk 4.0.2 :4.el7_3.1

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"Source code" for a work means the preferred form of the work for making modifications to it. For a library, complete source code means all the source code for all modules it contains, plus any associated interface definition files, plus the scripts used to control compilation and installation of the library.

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This option is useful when you wish to copy part of the code of the Library into a program that is not a library.

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If distribution of object code is made by offering access to copy from a designated place, then offering equivalent access to copy the source code from the same place satisfies the requirement to distribute the source code, even though third parties are not

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d) If distribution of the work is made by offering access to copy from a designated place, offer equivalent access to copy the above specified materials from the same place.

e) Verify that the user has already received a copy of these materials or that you have already sent this user a copy.

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Finally, every program is threatened constantly by software patents. States should not allow patents to restrict development and use of software on general-purpose computers, but in those that do, we wish to avoid the special danger that patents applied to a free program could make it effectively proprietary. To prevent this, the GPL assures that patents cannot be used to render the program non-free.

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TERMS AND CONDITIONS

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Program   Directory
-------   ---------
mach_override   lib/interception/mach_override
/* Definitions for BSD assembler syntax for Intel 386
  (actually AT&T syntax for insns and operands,
  adapted to BSD conventions for symbol names and debugging.)
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<http://www.gnu.org/licenses/>. */

/* Use the Sequent Symmetry assembler syntax. */

```
/* Define the syntax of pseudo-ops, labels and comments.  */

/* Prefix for internally generated assembler labels.  If we aren't using
  underscores, we are using prefix `.'s to identify labels that should
  be ignored, as in `i386/gas.h' --karl@cs.umb.edu  */

#define LPREFIX "L"

/* Assembler pseudos to introduce constants of various size.  */

#define ASM_BYTE "\t.byte\t"
#define ASM_SHORT "\t.word\t"
#define ASM_LONG "\t.long\t"
#define ASM_QUAD "\t.quad\t"  /* Should not be used for 32bit compilation.  */

/* This was suggested, but it shouldn't be right for DBX output. -- RMS
  #define ASM_OUTPUT_SOURCE_FILENAME(FILE, NAME) */


/* Define the syntax of labels and symbol definitions/declarations.  */

/* This is how to output an assembler line
  that says to advance the location counter by SIZE bytes.  */

#define ASM_OUTPUT_SKIP(FILE,SIZE)  \
 fprintf (FILE, "\t.space "HOST_WIDE_INT_PRINT_UNSIGNED"\n", (SIZE))

/* Define the syntax of labels and symbol definitions/declarations.  */

/* This says how to output an assembler line
  to define a global common symbol.  */

#define ASM_OUTPUT_COMMON(FILE, NAME, SIZE, ROUNDED)  \
( fputs (".comm ", (FILE)),   \
 assemble_name ((FILE), (NAME)),  \
 fprintf ((FILE), ",%u\n", (int)(ROUNDED)))

/* This says how to output an assembler line
  to define a local common symbol.  */

#define ASM_OUTPUT_LOCAL(FILE, NAME, SIZE, ROUNDED)  \
( fputs (".lcomm ", (FILE)),   \
 assemble_name ((FILE), (NAME)),  \
 fprintf ((FILE), ",%u\n", (int)(ROUNDED)))

#ifdef HAVE_GAS_LCOMM_WITH_ALIGNMENT
#define ASM_OUTPUT_ALIGNED_LOCAL(FILE, NAME, SIZE, ALIGNMENT)  \
```

```
( fputs (".lcomm ", (FILE)),   \
 assemble_name ((FILE), (NAME)),  \
 fprintf ((FILE), ",%u,%u\n", (int)(SIZE), (int)(ALIGNMENT) / BITS_PER_UNIT))
#endif

/* This is how to output an assembler line
  that says to advance the location counter
  to a multiple of 2**LOG bytes.  */

#define ASM_OUTPUT_ALIGN(FILE,LOG) \
 if ((LOG)!=0) fprintf ((FILE), "\t.align %d\n", (LOG))

/* This is how to store into the string BUF
  the symbol_ref name of an internal numbered label where
  PREFIX is the class of label and NUM is the number within the class.
  This is suitable for output with `assemble_name'.  */

#define ASM_GENERATE_INTERNAL_LABEL(BUF,PREFIX,NUMBER) \
   sprintf ((BUF), "*%s%ld", (PREFIX), (long)(NUMBER))

/* The prefix to add to user-visible assembler symbols.  */

#define USER_LABEL_PREFIX "_"

/* Sequent has some changes in the format of DBX symbols.  */
#define DBX_NO_XREFS 1

/* Don't split DBX symbols into continuations.  */
#define DBX_CONTIN_LENGTH 0
@ignore
@c Set file name and title for man page.
@setfilename gfdl
@settitle GNU Free Documentation License
@c man begin SEEALSO
gpl(7), fsf-funding(7).
@c man end
@c man begin COPYRIGHT
Copyright @copyright{} 2000, 2001, 2002, 2007, 2008 Free Software Foundation, Inc.
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@c This file is intended to be included within another document,
@c hence no sectioning command or @node.
@c man end
@end ignore
@c Special handling for inclusion in the install manual.
@ifset gfdlhtml
```

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@end ifnothtml
@html
<h1 align="center">Installing GCC: GNU Free Documentation License</h1>
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@end ifset
@c man begin DESCRIPTION
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the ``copyright'' line and a pointer to where the full notice is found.

@smallexample
@var{one line to give the program's name and a brief idea of what it does.}
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notice like this when it starts in an interactive mode:

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This is free software, and you are welcome to redistribute it
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@end smallexample

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This is an attempt to acknowledge early contributions to the garbage
collector. Later contributions should instead be mentioned in
README.changes.

HISTORY -

 Early versions of this collector were developed as a part of research
projects supported in part by the National Science Foundation
and the Defense Advance Research Projects Agency.

The garbage collector originated as part of the run-time system for
the Russell programming language implementation. The first version of the
garbage collector was written primarily by Al Demers. It was then refined
and mostly rewritten, primarily by Hans-J. Boehm, at Cornell U.,
the University of Washington, Rice University (where it was first used for

C and assembly code), Xerox PARC, SGI, and HP Labs. However, significant
contributions have also been made by many others.

Some other contributors:

More recent contributors are mentioned in the modification history in
README.changes. My apologies for any omissions.

The SPARC specific code was originally contributed by Mark Weiser.
The Encore Multimax modifications were supplied by
Kevin Kenny (kenny@m.cs.uiuc.edu). The adaptation to the IBM PC/RT is largely
due to Vernon Lee, on machines made available to Rice by IBM.
Much of the HP specific code and a number of good suggestions for improving the
generic code are due to Walter Underwood.
Robert Brazile (brazile@diamond.bbn.com) originally supplied the ULTRIX code.
Al Dosser (dosser@src.dec.com) and Regis Cridlig (Regis.Cridlig@cl.cam.ac.uk)
subsequently provided updates and information on variation between ULTRIX
systems. Parag Patel (parag@netcom.com) supplied the A/UX code.
Jesper Peterson(jep@mtiame.mtia.oz.au), Michel Schinz, and
Martin Tauchmann (martintauchmann@bigfoot.com) supplied the Amiga port.
Thomas Funke (thf@zelator.in-berlin.de(?)) and
Brian D.Carlstrom (bdc@clark.lcs.mit.edu) supplied the NeXT ports.
Douglas Steel (doug@wg.icl.co.uk) provided ICL DRS6000 code.
Bill Janssen (janssen@parc.xerox.com) supplied the SunOS dynamic loader
specific code. Manuel Serrano (serrano@cornas.inria.fr) supplied linux and
Sony News specific code. Al Dosser provided Alpha/OSF/1 code. He and
Dave Detlefs(detlefs@src.dec.com) also provided several generic bug fixes.
Alistair G. Crooks(agc@uts.amdahl.com) supplied the NetBSD and 386BSD ports.
Jeffrey Hsu (hsu@soda.berkeley.edu) provided the FreeBSD port.
Brent Benson (brent@jade.ssd.csd.harris.com) ported the collector to
a Motorola 88K processor running CX/UX (Harris NightHawk).
Ari Huttunen (Ari.Huttunen@hut.fi) generalized the OS/2 port to
nonIBM development environments (a nontrivial task).
Patrick Beard (beard@cs.ucdavis.edu) provided the initial MacOS port.
David Chase, then at Olivetti Research, suggested several improvements.
Scott Schwartz (schwartz@groucho.cse.psu.edu) supplied some of the
code to save and print call stacks for leak detection on a SPARC.
Jesse Hull and John Ellis supplied the C++ interface code.
Zhong Shao performed much of the experimentation that led to the
current typed allocation facility. (His dynamic type inference code hasn't
made it into the released version of the collector, yet.)
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```
#!/usr/bin/python
#
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#
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# it under the terms of the GNU General Public License as published by
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# any later version.

# This script adjusts the copyright notices at the top of source files
# so that they have the form:
#
#   Copyright XXXX-YYYY Free Software Foundation, Inc.
#
# It doesn't change code that is known to be maintained elsewhere or
# that carries a non-FSF copyright.
#
# The script also doesn't change testsuite files, except those in
# libstdc++-v3.  This is because libstdc++-v3 has a conformance testsuite,
# while most tests in other directories are just things that failed at some
# point in the past.
#
# Pass --this-year to the script if you want it to add the current year
# to all applicable notices.  Pass --quilt if you are using quilt and
# want files to be added to the quilt before being changed.
#
# By default the script will update all directories for which the
# output has been vetted.  You can instead pass the names of individual
# directories, including those that haven't been approved.  So:
#
#    update-copyright.pl --this-year
#
```

```
# is the command that would be used at the beginning of a year to update
# all copyright notices (and possibly at other times to check whether
# new files have been added with old years).  On the other hand:
#
#    update-copyright.pl --this-year libjava
#
# would run the script on just libjava/.
#
# Note that things like --version output strings must be updated before
# this script is run.  There's already a separate procedure for that.

import os
import re
import sys
import time
import subprocess

class Errors:
  def __init__ (self):
     self.num_errors = 0

  def report (self, filename, string):
     if filename:
        string = filename + ': ' + string
     sys.stderr.write (string + '\n')
     self.num_errors += 1

  def ok (self):
     return self.num_errors == 0

class GenericFilter:
  def __init__ (self):
     self.skip_files = set()
     self.skip_dirs = set()
     self.skip_extensions = set()
     self.fossilised_files = set()
     self.own_files = set()

     self.skip_files |= set ([
           # Skip licence files.
           'COPYING',
           'COPYING.LIB',
           'COPYING3',
           'COPYING3.LIB',
           'LICENSE',
           'fdl.texi',
           'gpl_v3.texi',
           'fdl-1.3.xml',
```

```
            'gpl-3.0.xml',

            # Skip auto- and libtool-related files
            'aclocal.m4',
            'compile',
            'config.guess',
            'config.sub',
            'depcomp',
            'install-sh',
            'libtool.m4',
            'ltmain.sh',
            'ltoptions.m4',
            'ltsugar.m4',
            'ltversion.m4',
            'lt~obsolete.m4',
            'missing',
            'mkdep',
            'mkinstalldirs',
            'move-if-change',
            'shlibpath.m4',
            'symlink-tree',
            'ylwrap',

            # Skip FSF mission statement, etc.
            'gnu.texi',
            'funding.texi',
            'appendix_free.xml',

            # Skip imported texinfo files.
            'texinfo.tex',
            ])


    def get_line_filter (self, dir, filename):
        if filename.startswith ('ChangeLog'):
            # Ignore references to copyright in changelog entries.
            return re.compile ('\t')

        return None

    def skip_file (self, dir, filename):
        if filename in self.skip_files:
            return True

        (base, extension) = os.path.splitext (os.path.join (dir, filename))
        if extension in self.skip_extensions:
            return True
```

```
        if extension == '.in':
            # Skip .in files produced by automake.
            if os.path.exists (base + '.am'):
                return True

            # Skip files produced by autogen
            if (os.path.exists (base + '.def')
                and os.path.exists (base + '.tpl')):
                return True

        # Skip configure files produced by autoconf
        if filename == 'configure':
            if os.path.exists (base + '.ac'):
                return True
            if os.path.exists (base + '.in'):
                return True

        return False

    def skip_dir (self, dir, subdir):
        return subdir in self.skip_dirs

    def is_fossilised_file (self, dir, filename):
        if filename in self.fossilised_files:
            return True
        # Only touch current current ChangeLogs.
        if filename != 'ChangeLog' and filename.find ('ChangeLog') >= 0:
            return True
        return False

    def by_package_author (self, dir, filename):
        return filename in self.own_files

class Copyright:
    def __init__ (self, errors):
        self.errors = errors

        # Characters in a range of years.  Include '.' for typos.
        ranges = '[0-9](?:[-0-9.,\s]|\s+and\s+)*[0-9]'

        # Non-whitespace characters in a copyright holder's name.
        name = '[\w.,-]'

        # Matches one year.
        self.year_re = re.compile ('[0-9]+')

        # Matches part of a year or copyright holder.
        self.continuation_re = re.compile (ranges + '|' + name)
```

```
    # Matches a full copyright notice:
    self.copyright_re = re.compile (
       # 1: 'Copyright (C)', etc.
       '([Cc]opyright'
       '|[Cc]opyright\s+\([Cc]\)'
       '|[Cc]opyright\s+%s'
       '|[Cc]opyright\s+&copy;'
       '|[Cc]opyright\s+@copyright{}'
       '|@set\s+copyright[\w-]+)'

       # 2: the years.  Include the whitespace in the year, so that
       # we can remove any excess.
       '(\s*(?:' + ranges + ',?'
       '|@value\{[^{}]*\})\s*)'

       # 3: 'by ', if used
       '(by\s+)?'

       # 4: the copyright holder.  Don't allow multiple consecutive
       # spaces, so that right-margin gloss doesn't get caught
       # (e.g. gnat_ugn.texi).
       '(' + name + '(?:\s?' + name + ')*)?')

    # A regexp for notices that might have slipped by.  Just matching
    # 'copyright' is too noisy, and 'copyright.*[0-9]' falls foul of
    # HTML header markers, so check for 'copyright' and two digits.
    self.other_copyright_re = re.compile ('copyright.*[0-9][0-9]',
                                          re.IGNORECASE)
    self.comment_re = re.compile('#+|[*]+|;+|%+|//+|@c |dnl ')
    self.holders = { '@copying': '@copying' }
    self.holder_prefixes = set()

    # True to 'quilt add' files before changing them.
    self.use_quilt = False

    # If set, force all notices to include this year.
    self.max_year = None

    # Goes after the year(s).  Could be ', '.
    self.separator = ' '

def add_package_author (self, holder, canon_form = None):
    if not canon_form:
       canon_form = holder
    self.holders[holder] = canon_form
    index = holder.find (' ')
    while index >= 0:
```

```
        self.holder_prefixes.add (holder[:index])
        index = holder.find (' ', index + 1)

    def add_external_author (self, holder):
        self.holders[holder] = None

    class BadYear():
        def __init__ (self, year):
            self.year = year

        def __str__ (self):
            return 'unrecognised year: ' + self.year

    def parse_year (self, string):
        year = int (string)
        if len (string) == 2:
            if year > 70:
                return year + 1900
        elif len (string) == 4:
            return year
        raise self.BadYear (string)

    def year_range (self, years):
        year_list = [self.parse_year (year)
                     for year in self.year_re.findall (years)]
        assert len (year_list) > 0
        return (min (year_list), max (year_list))

    def set_use_quilt (self, use_quilt):
        self.use_quilt = use_quilt

    def include_year (self, year):
        assert not self.max_year
        self.max_year = year

    def canonicalise_years (self, dir, filename, filter, years):
        # Leave texinfo variables alone.
        if years.startswith ('@value'):
            return years

        (min_year, max_year) = self.year_range (years)

        # Update the upper bound, if enabled.
        if self.max_year and not filter.is_fossilised_file (dir, filename):
            max_year = max (max_year, self.max_year)

        # Use a range.
        if min_year == max_year:
```

```
        return '%d' % min_year
    else:
        return '%d-%d' % (min_year, max_year)

def strip_continuation (self, line):
    line = line.lstrip()
    match = self.comment_re.match (line)
    if match:
        line = line[match.end():].lstrip()
    return line

def is_complete (self, match):
    holder = match.group (4)
    return (holder
            and (holder not in self.holder_prefixes
                 or holder in self.holders))

def update_copyright (self, dir, filename, filter, file, line, match):
    orig_line = line
    next_line = None
    pathname = os.path.join (dir, filename)

    intro = match.group (1)
    if intro.startswith ('@set'):
        # Texinfo year variables should always be on one line
        after_years = line[match.end (2):].strip()
        if after_years != '':
            self.errors.report (pathname,
                                'trailing characters in @set: '
                                + after_years)
            return (False, orig_line, next_line)
    else:
        # If it looks like the copyright is incomplete, add the next line.
        while not self.is_complete (match):
            try:
                next_line = file.next()
            except StopIteration:
                break

            # If the next line doesn't look like a proper continuation,
            # assume that what we've got is complete.
            continuation = self.strip_continuation (next_line)
            if not self.continuation_re.match (continuation):
                break

            # Merge the lines for matching purposes.
            orig_line += next_line
            line = line.rstrip() + ' ' + continuation
```

```
            next_line = None

            # Rematch with the longer line, at the original position.
            match = self.copyright_re.match (line, match.start())
            assert match

        holder = match.group (4)

        # Use the filter to test cases where markup is getting in the way.
        if filter.by_package_author (dir, filename):
            assert holder not in self.holders

        elif not holder:
            self.errors.report (pathname, 'missing copyright holder')
            return (False, orig_line, next_line)

        elif holder not in self.holders:
            self.errors.report (pathname,
                                'unrecognised copyright holder: ' + holder)
            return (False, orig_line, next_line)

        else:
            # See whether the copyright is associated with the package
            # author.
            canon_form = self.holders[holder]
            if not canon_form:
                return (False, orig_line, next_line)

            # Make sure the author is given in a consistent way.
            line = (line[:match.start (4)]
                    + canon_form
                    + line[match.end (4):])

            # Remove any 'by'
            line = line[:match.start (3)] + line[match.end (3):]

    # Update the copyright years.
    years = match.group (2).strip()
    try:
        canon_form = self.canonicalise_years (dir, filename, filter, years)
    except self.BadYear as e:
        self.errors.report (pathname, str (e))
        return (False, orig_line, next_line)

    line = (line[:match.start (2)]
            + ' ' + canon_form + self.separator
            + line[match.end (2):])
```

```
        # Use the standard (C) form.
        if intro.endswith ('right'):
            intro += ' (C)'
        elif intro.endswith ('(c)'):
            intro = intro[:-3] + '(C)'
        line = line[:match.start (1)] + intro + line[match.end (1):]

        # Strip trailing whitespace
        line = line.rstrip() + '\n'

        return (line != orig_line, line, next_line)

    def process_file (self, dir, filename, filter):
        pathname = os.path.join (dir, filename)
        if filename.endswith ('.tmp'):
            # Looks like something we tried to create before.
            try:
                os.remove (pathname)
            except OSError:
                pass
            return

        lines = []
        changed = False
        line_filter = filter.get_line_filter (dir, filename)
        with open (pathname, 'r') as file:
            prev = None
            for line in file:
                while line:
                    next_line = None
                    # Leave filtered-out lines alone.
                    if not (line_filter and line_filter.match (line)):
                        match = self.copyright_re.search (line)
                        if match:
                            res = self.update_copyright (dir, filename, filter,
                                                         file, line, match)
                            (this_changed, line, next_line) = res
                            changed = changed or this_changed

                        # Check for copyright lines that might have slipped by.
                        elif self.other_copyright_re.search (line):
                            self.errors.report (pathname,
                                                'unrecognised copyright: %s'
                                                % line.strip())
                    lines.append (line)
                    line = next_line

        # If something changed, write the new file out.
```

```
        if changed and self.errors.ok():
            tmp_pathname = pathname + '.tmp'
            with open (tmp_pathname, 'w') as file:
                for line in lines:
                    file.write (line)
            if self.use_quilt:
                subprocess.call (['quilt', 'add', pathname])
            os.rename (tmp_pathname, pathname)

    def process_tree (self, tree, filter):
        for (dir, subdirs, filenames) in os.walk (tree):
            # Don't recurse through directories that should be skipped.
            for i in xrange (len (subdirs) - 1, -1, -1):
                if filter.skip_dir (dir, subdirs[i]):
                    del subdirs[i]

            # Handle the files in this directory.
            for filename in filenames:
                if filter.skip_file (dir, filename):
                    sys.stdout.write ('Skipping %s\n'
                                      % os.path.join (dir, filename))
                else:
                    self.process_file (dir, filename, filter)

class CmdLine:
    def __init__ (self, copyright = Copyright):
        self.errors = Errors()
        self.copyright = copyright (self.errors)
        self.dirs = []
        self.default_dirs = []
        self.chosen_dirs = []
        self.option_handlers = dict()
        self.option_help = []

        self.add_option ('--help', 'Print this help', self.o_help)
        self.add_option ('--quilt', '"quilt add" files before changing them',
                         self.o_quilt)
        self.add_option ('--this-year', 'Add the current year to every notice',
                         self.o_this_year)

    def add_option (self, name, help, handler):
        self.option_help.append ((name, help))
        self.option_handlers[name] = handler

    def add_dir (self, dir, filter = GenericFilter()):
        self.dirs.append ((dir, filter))

    def o_help (self, option = None):
```

```
    sys.stdout.write ('Usage: %s [options] dir1 dir2...\n\n'
                      'Options:\n' % sys.argv[0])
    format = '%-15s %s\n'
    for (what, help) in self.option_help:
        sys.stdout.write (format % (what, help))
    sys.stdout.write ('\nDirectories:\n')

    format = '%-25s'
    i = 0
    for (dir, filter) in self.dirs:
        i += 1
        if i % 3 == 0 or i == len (self.dirs):
            sys.stdout.write (dir + '\n')
        else:
            sys.stdout.write (format % dir)
    sys.exit (0)

def o_quilt (self, option):
    self.copyright.set_use_quilt (True)

def o_this_year (self, option):
    self.copyright.include_year (time.localtime().tm_year)

def main (self):
    for arg in sys.argv[1:]:
        if arg[:1] != '-':
            self.chosen_dirs.append (arg)
        elif arg in self.option_handlers:
            self.option_handlers[arg] (arg)
        else:
            self.errors.report (None, 'unrecognised option: ' + arg)
    if self.errors.ok():
        if len (self.chosen_dirs) == 0:
            self.chosen_dirs = self.default_dirs
        if len (self.chosen_dirs) == 0:
            self.o_help()
        else:
            for chosen_dir in self.chosen_dirs:
                canon_dir = os.path.join (chosen_dir, '')
                count = 0
                for (dir, filter) in self.dirs:
                    if (dir + os.sep).startswith (canon_dir):
                        count += 1
                        self.copyright.process_tree (dir, filter)
                if count == 0:
                    self.errors.report (None, 'unrecognised directory: '
                                        + chosen_dir)
    sys.exit (0 if self.errors.ok() else 1)
```

```
#-----------------------------------------------------------------------------

class TopLevelFilter (GenericFilter):
  def skip_dir (self, dir, subdir):
    return True

class ConfigFilter (GenericFilter):
  def __init__ (self):
    GenericFilter.__init__ (self)

  def skip_file (self, dir, filename):
    if filename.endswith ('.m4'):
      pathname = os.path.join (dir, filename)
      with open (pathname) as file:
        # Skip files imported from gettext.
        if file.readline().find ('gettext-') >= 0:
          return True
    return GenericFilter.skip_file (self, dir, filename)

class GCCFilter (GenericFilter):
  def __init__ (self):
    GenericFilter.__init__ (self)

    self.skip_files |= set ([
        # Not part of GCC
        'math-68881.h',
        ])

    self.skip_dirs |= set ([
        # Better not create a merge nightmare for the GNAT folks.
        'ada',

        # Handled separately.
        'testsuite',
        ])

    self.skip_extensions |= set ([
        # Maintained by the translation project.
        '.po',

        # Automatically-generated.
        '.pot',
        ])

    self.fossilised_files |= set ([
        # Old news won't be updated.
        'ONEWS',
```

```
            ])

class TestsuiteFilter (GenericFilter):
  def __init__ (self):
    GenericFilter.__init__ (self)

    self.skip_extensions |= set ([
            # Don't change the tests, which could be woend by anyone.
            '.c',
            '.C',
            '.cc',
            '.h',
            '.hs',
            '.f',
            '.f90',
            '.go',
            '.inc',
            '.java',
            ])

  def skip_file (self, dir, filename):
    # g++.niklas/README contains historical copyright information
    # and isn't updated.
    if filename == 'README' and os.path.basename (dir) == 'g++.niklas':
      return True
    return GenericFilter.skip_file (self, dir, filename)

class LibCppFilter (GenericFilter):
  def __init__ (self):
    GenericFilter.__init__ (self)

    self.skip_extensions |= set ([
            # Maintained by the translation project.
            '.po',

            # Automatically-generated.
            '.pot',
            ])

class LibGCCFilter (GenericFilter):
  def __init__ (self):
    GenericFilter.__init__ (self)

    self.skip_dirs |= set ([
            # Imported from GLIBC.
            'soft-fp',
            ])
```

```
class LibJavaFilter (GenericFilter):
  def __init__ (self):
    GenericFilter.__init__ (self)

    self.skip_dirs |= set ([
        # Handled separately.
        'testsuite',

        # Not really part of the library
        'contrib',

        # Imported from upstream
        'classpath',
        'libltdl',
        ])

  def get_line_filter (self, dir, filename):
    if filename == 'NameDecoder.h':
      return re.compile ('.*NAME_COPYRIGHT')
    if filename == 'ICC_Profile.h':
      return re.compile ('.*icSigCopyrightTag')
    return GenericFilter.get_line_filter (self, dir, filename)

class LibMudflapFilter (GenericFilter):
  def __init__ (self):
    GenericFilter.__init__ (self)

    self.skip_dirs |= set ([
        # Handled separately.
        'testsuite',
        ])

class LibStdCxxFilter (GenericFilter):
  def __init__ (self):
    GenericFilter.__init__ (self)

    self.skip_files |= set ([
        # Contains no copyright of its own, but quotes the GPL.
        'intro.xml',
        ])

    self.skip_dirs |= set ([
        # Contains automatically-generated sources.
        'html',

        # The testsuite data files shouldn't be changed.
        'data',
```

```
            # Contains imported images
            'images',
            ])

        self.own_files |= set ([
            # Contains markup around the copyright owner.
            'spine.xml',
            ])

    def get_line_filter (self, dir, filename):
        if filename == 'boost_concept_check.h':
            return re.compile ('// \(C\) Copyright Jeremy Siek')
        return GenericFilter.get_line_filter (self, dir, filename)

class GCCCopyright (Copyright):
    def __init__ (self, errors):
        Copyright.__init__ (self, errors)

        canon_fsf = 'Free Software Foundation, Inc.'
        self.add_package_author ('Free Software Foundation', canon_fsf)
        self.add_package_author ('Free Software Foundation.', canon_fsf)
        self.add_package_author ('Free Software Foundation Inc.', canon_fsf)
        self.add_package_author ('Free Software Foundation, Inc', canon_fsf)
        self.add_package_author ('Free Software Foundation, Inc.', canon_fsf)
        self.add_package_author ('The Free Software Foundation', canon_fsf)
        self.add_package_author ('The Free Software Foundation, Inc.', canon_fsf)
        self.add_package_author ('Software Foundation, Inc.', canon_fsf)

        self.add_external_author ('ARM')
        self.add_external_author ('AdaCore')
        self.add_external_author ('Ami Tavory and Vladimir Dreizin, IBM-HRL.')
        self.add_external_author ('Cavium Networks.')
        self.add_external_author ('Faraday Technology Corp.')
        self.add_external_author ('Florida State University')
        self.add_external_author ('Greg Colvin and Beman Dawes.')
        self.add_external_author ('Hewlett-Packard Company')
        self.add_external_author ('Information Technology Industry Council.')
        self.add_external_author ('James Theiler, Brian Gough')
        self.add_external_author ('Makoto Matsumoto and Takuji Nishimura,')
        self.add_external_author ('National Research Council of Canada.')
        self.add_external_author ('Peter Dimov and Multi Media Ltd.')
        self.add_external_author ('Peter Dimov')
        self.add_external_author ('Pipeline Associates, Inc.')
        self.add_external_author ('Regents of the University of California.')
        self.add_external_author ('Silicon Graphics Computer Systems, Inc.')
        self.add_external_author ('Silicon Graphics')
        self.add_external_author ('Stephen L. Moshier')
        self.add_external_author ('Sun Microsystems, Inc. All rights reserved.')
```

```
        self.add_external_author ('The Go Authors.  All rights reserved.')
        self.add_external_author ('The Go Authors. All rights reserved.')
        self.add_external_author ('The Go Authors.')
        self.add_external_author ('The Regents of the University of California.')
        self.add_external_author ('Unicode, Inc.')
        self.add_external_author ('University of Toronto.')

    class GCCCmdLine (CmdLine):
      def __init__ (self):
        CmdLine.__init__ (self, GCCCopyright)

        self.add_dir ('.', TopLevelFilter())
        # boehm-gc is imported from upstream.
        self.add_dir ('config', ConfigFilter())
        # contrib isn't really part of GCC.
        self.add_dir ('fixincludes')
        self.add_dir ('gcc', GCCFilter())
        self.add_dir (os.path.join ('gcc', 'testsuite'), TestsuiteFilter())
        self.add_dir ('gnattools')
        self.add_dir ('include')
        self.add_dir ('libada')
        self.add_dir ('libatomic')
        self.add_dir ('libbacktrace')
        self.add_dir ('libcpp', LibCppFilter())
        self.add_dir ('libdecnumber')
        # libffi is imported from upstream.
        self.add_dir ('libgcc', LibGCCFilter())
        self.add_dir ('libgfortran')
        self.add_dir ('libgomp')
        self.add_dir ('libiberty')
        self.add_dir ('libitm')
        self.add_dir ('libjava', LibJavaFilter())
        self.add_dir (os.path.join ('libjava', 'testsuite'), TestsuiteFilter())
        self.add_dir ('libmudflap', LibMudflapFilter())
        self.add_dir (os.path.join ('libmudflap', 'testsuite'),
                      TestsuiteFilter())
        self.add_dir ('libobjc')
        self.add_dir ('libquadmath')
        # libsanitiser is imported from upstream.
        self.add_dir ('libssp')
        self.add_dir ('libstdc++-v3', LibStdCxxFilter())
        self.add_dir ('lto-plugin')
        # zlib is imported from upstream.

        self.default_dirs = [
           'gcc',
           'libada',
           'libatomic',
```

```
        'libbacktrace',
        'libcpp',
        'libdecnumber',
        'libgcc',
        'libgfortran',
        'libgomp',
        'libitm',
        'libmudflap',
        'libobjc',
        'libstdc++-v3',
        ]

GCCCmdLine().main()
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```


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0.Definitions.

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You may charge any price or no price for each copy that you convey, and you may offer support or warranty protection for a fee.
</para>
<bridgehead xml:id="ConveyingModified" renderas="sect1">
5. Conveying Modified Source Versions.
</bridgehead>
<para>
You may convey a work based on the Program, or the modifications to produce it from the Program, in the form of source code under the terms of section 4, provided that you also meet all of these conditions:
</para>
<orderedlist numeration="loweralpha" inheritnum="ignore" continuation="restarts">
<listitem>
<para>
The work must carry prominent notices stating that you modified it, and giving a relevant date.
</para>
</listitem>
<listitem>
<para>
The work must carry prominent notices stating that it is released under this License and any conditions added under section 7. This requirement modifies the requirement in section 4 to keep intact all notices.
</para>
</listitem>
<listitem>
<para>
You must license the entire work, as a whole, under this License to anyone who comes into possession of a copy. This License will therefore apply, along with any applicable section 7 additional terms, to the whole of the work, and all its parts, regardless of how they are packaged. This License gives no permission to license the work in any other way, but it does not invalidate such permission if you have separately received it.
</para>
</listitem>
<listitem>
<para>
If the work has interactive user interfaces, each must display Appropriate Legal Notices; however, if the Program has interactive interfaces that do not display Appropriate Legal Notices, your work need not make them do so.
</para>
</listitem>
</orderedlist>
<para>
A compilation of a covered work with other separate and independent works,

which are not by their nature extensions of the covered work, and which are
not combined with it such as to form a larger program, in or on a volume of
a storage or distribution medium, is called an aggregate if
the compilation and its resulting copyright are not used to limit the access
or legal rights of the compilations users beyond what the individual works
permit. Inclusion of a covered work in an aggregate does not cause
this License to apply to the other parts of the aggregate.
</para>
<bridgehead xml:id="ConveyingNonSource" renderas="sect1">
6. Conveying Non-Source Forms.
</bridgehead>
<para>
You may convey a covered work in object code form under the terms of
sections 4 and 5, provided that you also convey the machine-readable
Corresponding Source under the terms of this License, in one of these ways:
</para>
<orderedlist numeration="loweralpha" inheritnum="ignore" continuation="restarts">
<listitem>
<para>
Convey the object code in, or embodied in, a physical product (including
a physical distribution medium), accompanied by the Corresponding Source
fixed on a durable physical medium customarily used for software
interchange.
</para>
</listitem>
<listitem>
<para>
Convey the object code in, or embodied in, a physical product (including
a physical distribution medium), accompanied by a written offer, valid
for at least three years and valid for as long as you offer spare parts
or customer support for that product model, to give anyone who possesses
the object code either (1) a copy of the Corresponding Source for all
the software in the product that is covered by this License, on a
durable physical medium customarily used for software interchange, for a
price no more than your reasonable cost of physically performing this
conveying of source, or (2) access to copy the Corresponding Source from
a network server at no charge.
</para>
</listitem>
<listitem>
<para>
Convey individual copies of the object code with a copy of the written
offer to provide the Corresponding Source. This alternative is allowed
only occasionally and noncommercially, and only if you received the
object code with such an offer, in accord with subsection 6b.
</para>
</listitem>
<listitem>

<para>
Convey the object code by offering access from a designated place (gratis or for a charge), and offer equivalent access to the Corresponding Source in the same way through the same place at no further charge. You need not require recipients to copy the Corresponding Source along with the object code. If the place to copy the object code is a network server, the Corresponding Source may be on a different server (operated by you or a third party) that supports equivalent copying facilities, provided you maintain clear directions next to the object code saying where to find the Corresponding Source. Regardless of what server hosts the Corresponding Source, you remain obligated to ensure that it is available for as long as needed to satisfy these requirements.
</para>
</listitem>
<listitem>
<para>
Convey the object code using peer-to-peer transmission, provided you inform other peers where the object code and Corresponding Source of the work are being offered to the general public at no charge under subsection 6d.
</para>
</listitem>
</orderedlist>
<para>
A separable portion of the object code, whose source code is excluded from the Corresponding Source as a System Library, need not be included in conveying the object code work.
</para>
<para>
A User Product is either (1) a consumer product, which means any tangible personal property which is normally used for personal, family, or household purposes, or (2) anything designed or sold for incorporation into a dwelling. In determining whether a product is a consumer product, doubtful cases shall be resolved in favor of coverage. For a particular product received by a particular user, normally used refers to a typical or common use of that class of product, regardless of the status of the particular user or of the way in which the particular user actually uses, or expects or is expected to use, the product. A product is a consumer product regardless of whether the product has substantial commercial, industrial or non-consumer uses, unless such uses represent the only significant mode of use of the product.
</para>
<para>
Installation Information for a User Product means any methods, procedures, authorization keys, or other information required to install and execute modified versions of a covered work in that User Product from a modified version of its Corresponding Source. The information must suffice

to ensure that the continued functioning of the modified object code is in no case prevented or interfered with solely because modification has been made.
</para>
<para>
If you convey an object code work under this section in, or with, or specifically for use in, a User Product, and the conveying occurs as part of a transaction in which the right of possession and use of the User Product is transferred to the recipient in perpetuity or for a fixed term (regardless of how the transaction is characterized), the Corresponding Source conveyed under this section must be accompanied by the Installation Information. But this requirement does not apply if neither you nor any third party retains the ability to install modified object code on the User Product (for example, the work has been installed in <acronym>ROM</acronym>).
</para>
<para>
The requirement to provide Installation Information does not include a requirement to continue to provide support service, warranty, or updates for a work that has been modified or installed by the recipient, or for the User Product in which it has been modified or installed. Access to a network may be denied when the modification itself materially and adversely affects the operation of the network or violates the rules and protocols for communication across the network.
</para>
<para>
Corresponding Source conveyed, and Installation Information provided, in accord with this section must be in a format that is publicly documented (and with an implementation available to the public in source code form), and must require no special password or key for unpacking, reading or copying.
</para>
<bridgehead xml:id="AdditionalTerms" renderas="sect1">
7. Additional Terms.
</bridgehead>
<para>
Additional permissions are terms that supplement the terms of this License by making exceptions from one or more of its conditions. Additional permissions that are applicable to the entire Program shall be treated as though they were included in this License, to the extent that they are valid under applicable law. If additional permissions apply only to part of the Program, that part may be used separately under those permissions, but the entire Program remains governed by this License without regard to the additional permissions.
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<para>
When you convey a copy of a covered work, you may at your option remove any additional permissions from that copy, or from any part of it. (Additional

permissions may be written to require their own removal in certain cases
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<para>
Notwithstanding any other provision of this License, for material you add
to a covered work, you may (if authorized by the copyright holders of that
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<orderedlist numeration="loweralpha" inheritnum="ignore" continuation="restarts">
<listitem>
<para>
Disclaiming warranty or limiting liability differently from the terms
of sections 15 and 16 of this License; or
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<listitem>
<para>
Requiring preservation of specified reasonable legal notices or author
attributions in that material or in the Appropriate Legal Notices
displayed by works containing it; or
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<para>
Prohibiting misrepresentation of the origin of that material, or
requiring that modified versions of such material be marked in
reasonable ways as different from the original version; or
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authors of the material; or
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<para>
Declining to grant rights under trademark law for use of some trade
names, trademarks, or service marks; or
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<listitem>
<para>
Requiring indemnification of licensors and authors of that material by
anyone who conveys the material (or modified versions of it) with
contractual assumptions of liability to the recipient, for any

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</orderedlist>
<para>
All other non-permissive additional terms are considered further restrictions within the meaning of section 10. If the Program as you received it, or any part of it, contains a notice stating that it is governed by this License along with a term that is a further restriction, you may remove that term. If a license document contains a further restriction but permits relicensing or conveying under this License, you may add to a covered work material governed by the terms of that license document, provided that the further restriction does not survive such relicensing or conveying.
</para>
<para>
If you add terms to a covered work in accord with this section, you must place, in the relevant source files, a statement of the additional terms that apply to those files, or a notice indicating where to find the applicable terms.
</para>
<para>
Additional terms, permissive or non-permissive, may be stated in the form of a separately written license, or stated as exceptions; the above requirements apply either way.
</para>
<bridgehead xml:id="gpl-3-termination" renderas="sect1">
8. Termination.
</bridgehead>
<para>
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<para>
However, if you cease all violation of this License, then your license from a particular copyright holder is reinstated (a) provisionally, unless and until the copyright holder explicitly and finally terminates your license, and (b) permanently, if the copyright holder fails to notify you of the violation by some reasonable means prior to 60 days after the cessation.
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<para>
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</para>
<bridgehead xml:id="AcceptanceNotRequired" renderas="sect1">
9. Acceptance Not Required for Having Copies.
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You are not required to accept this License in order to receive or run a
copy of the Program. Ancillary propagation of a covered work occurring
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acceptance of this License to do so.
</para>
<bridgehead xml:id="AutomaticDownstream" renderas="sect1">
10. Automatic Licensing of Downstream Recipients.
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license from the original licensors, to run, modify and propagate that
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partys predecessor in interest had or could give under the previous
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it with reasonable efforts.
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<para>
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</para>
<bridgehead xml:id="Patents" renderas="sect1">
11. Patents.
</bridgehead>
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</para>
<para>
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<para>
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<para>
If you convey a covered work, knowingly relying on a patent license, and the Corresponding Source of the work is not available for anyone to copy, free of charge and under the terms of this License, through a publicly available network server or other readily accessible means, then you must either (1) cause the Corresponding Source to be so available, or (2) arrange to deprive yourself of the benefit of the patent license for this particular work, or (3) arrange, in a manner consistent with the requirements of this License, to extend the patent license to downstream recipients. Knowingly relying means you have actual knowledge that, but for the patent license, your conveying the covered work in a country, or your

recipients use of the covered work in a country, would infringe one
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<para>
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<para>
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</para>
<para>
Nothing in this License shall be construed as excluding or limiting any
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</para>
<bridgehead xml:id="NoSurrender" renderas="sect1">
12. No Surrender of Others Freedom.
</bridgehead>
<para>
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otherwise) that contradict the conditions of this License, they do not
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to collect a royalty for further conveying from those to whom you convey the
Program, the only way you could satisfy both those terms and this License
would be to refrain entirely from conveying the Program.
</para>
<bridgehead xml:id="UsedWithAGPL" renderas="sect1">
13. Use with the <acronym>GNU</acronym> Affero General Public License.

</bridgehead>
<para>
Notwithstanding any other provision of this License, you have permission to
link or combine any covered work with a work licensed under version 3 of the
<acronym>GNU</acronym> Affero General Public License into a single combined
work, and to convey the resulting work. The terms of this License will
continue to apply to the part which is the covered work, but the special
requirements of the <acronym>GNU</acronym> Affero General Public License,
section 13, concerning interaction through a network will apply to the
combination as such.
</para>
<bridgehead xml:id="RevisedVersions" renderas="sect1">
14. Revised Versions of this License.
</bridgehead>
<para>
The Free Software Foundation may publish revised and/or new versions of the
<acronym>GNU</acronym> General Public License from time to time. Such new
versions will be similar in spirit to the present version, but may differ in
detail to address new problems or concerns.
</para>
<para>
Each version is given a distinguishing version number. If the Program
specifies that a certain numbered version of the <acronym>GNU</acronym>
General Public License or any later version applies to it, you
have the option of following the terms and conditions either of that
numbered version or of any later version published by the Free Software
Foundation. If the Program does not specify a version number of the
<acronym>GNU</acronym> General Public License, you may choose any version
ever published by the Free Software Foundation.
</para>
<para>
If the Program specifies that a proxy can decide which future versions of
the <acronym>GNU</acronym> General Public License can be used, that
proxys public statement of acceptance of a version permanently
authorizes you to choose that version for the Program.
</para>
<para>
Later license versions may give you additional or different permissions.
However, no additional obligations are imposed on any author or copyright
holder as a result of your choosing to follow a later version.
</para>
<bridgehead xml:id="WarrantyDisclaimer" renderas="sect1">
15. Disclaimer of Warranty.
</bridgehead>
<para>
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LAW. EXCEPT WHEN OTHERWISE STATED IN WRITING THE COPYRIGHT HOLDERS AND/OR
OTHER PARTIES PROVIDE THE PROGRAM AS IS WITHOUT WARRANTY OF

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</para>

<bridgehead xml:id="LiabilityLimitation" renderas="sect1">

16. Limitation of Liability.

</bridgehead>

<para>

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</para>

<bridgehead xml:id="InterpretationSecs1516" renderas="sect1">

17. Interpretation of Sections 15 and 16.

</bridgehead>

<para>

If the disclaimer of warranty and limitation of liability provided above cannot be given local legal effect according to their terms, reviewing courts shall apply local law that most closely approximates an absolute waiver of all civil liability in connection with the Program, unless a warranty or assumption of liability accompanies a copy of the Program in return for a fee.

</para>

<bridgehead>

END OF TERMS AND CONDITIONS

</bridgehead>

<bridgehead xml:id="HowToApply" renderas="sect1">

How to Apply These Terms to Your New Programs

</bridgehead>

<para>

If you develop a new program, and you want it to be of the greatest possible use to the public, the best way to achieve this is to make it free software which everyone can redistribute and change under these terms.

</para>

<para>

To do so, attach the following notices to the program. It is safest to attach them to the start of each source file to most effectively state the exclusion of warranty; and each file should have at least the copyright line and a pointer to where the full notice is found.

</para>
<screen>
<replaceable>one line to give the programs name and a brief idea of what it does.</replaceable>
Copyright (C) <replaceable>year</replaceable> <replaceable>name of author</replaceable>

This program is free software: you can redistribute it and/or modify
it under the terms of the <acronym>GNU</acronym> General Public License as published by
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(at your option) any later version.

This program is distributed in the hope that it will be useful,
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along with this program. If not, see <link xmlns:xlink="http://www.w3.org/1999/xlink"
xlink:href="http://www.gnu.org/licenses/">http://www.gnu.org/licenses/</link>.
</screen>
<para>
  Also add information on how to contact you by electronic and paper mail.
</para>
<para>
  If the program does terminal interaction, make it output a short notice like
  this when it starts in an interactive mode:
</para>
<screen>
<replaceable>program</replaceable> Copyright (C) <replaceable>year</replaceable> <replaceable>name of
author</replaceable>
This program comes with ABSOLUTELY NO WARRANTY; for details type <literal>show w</literal>.
This is free software, and you are welcome to redistribute it
under certain conditions; type <literal>show c</literal> for details.
</screen>
<para>
  The hypothetical commands <literal>show w</literal> and
  <literal>show c</literal> should show the appropriate parts of
  the General Public License. Of course, your programs commands might be
  different; for a GUI interface, you would use an about box.
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<para>
  You should also get your employer (if you work as a programmer) or school,
  if any, to sign a copyright disclaimer for the program, if
  necessary. For more information on this, and how to apply and follow the
  <acronym>GNU</acronym> <acronym>GPL</acronym>, see
  <link xmlns:xlink="http://www.w3.org/1999/xlink"
xlink:href="http://www.gnu.org/licenses/">http://www.gnu.org/licenses/</link>.
</para>
<para>

The <acronym>GNU</acronym> General Public License does not permit
incorporating your program into proprietary programs. If your program is a
subroutine library, you may consider it more useful to permit linking
proprietary applications with the library. If this is what you want to do,
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License. But first, please read <link xmlns:xlink="http://www.w3.org/1999/xlink"
xlink:href="http://www.gnu.org/philosophy/why-not-lgpl.html">http://www.gnu.org/philosophy/why-not-lgpl.html</link>.
</para>
</appendix>
@node Library Copying
@appendixsec GNU LESSER GENERAL PUBLIC LICENSE

@cindex LGPL, Lesser General Public License
@center Version 2.1, February 1999

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[This is the first released version of the Lesser GPL. It also counts
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version number 2.1.]
@end display

@appendixsubsec Preamble

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freedom to share and change it. By contrast, the GNU General Public
Licenses are intended to guarantee your freedom to share and change
free software---to make sure the software is free for all its users.

This license, the Lesser General Public License, applies to some
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it too, but we suggest you first think carefully about whether this
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use in any particular case, based on the explanations below.

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To protect your rights, we need to make restrictions that forbid distributors to deny you these rights or to ask you to surrender these rights. These restrictions translate to certain responsibilities for you if you distribute copies of the library or if you modify it.

For example, if you distribute copies of the library, whether gratis or for a fee, you must give the recipients all the rights that we gave you. You must make sure that they, too, receive or can get the source code. If you link other code with the library, you must provide complete object files to the recipients, so that they can relink them with the library after making changes to the library and recompiling it. And you must show them these terms so they know their rights.

We protect your rights with a two-step method: (1) we copyright the library, and (2) we offer you this license, which gives you legal permission to copy, distribute and/or modify the library.

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Most GNU software, including some libraries, is covered by the ordinary GNU General Public License. This license, the GNU Lesser General Public License, applies to certain designated libraries, and is quite different from the ordinary General Public License. We use this license for certain libraries in order to permit linking those libraries into non-free programs.

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We call this license the @dfn{Lesser} General Public License because it
does @emph{Less} to protect the user's freedom than the ordinary General
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For example, on rare occasions, there may be a special need to
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The precise terms and conditions for copying, distribution and
modification follow. Pay close attention to the difference between a
``work based on the library'' and a ``work that uses the library''. The
former contains code derived from the library, whereas the latter must
be combined with the library in order to run.

@iftex
@appendixsubsec TERMS AND CONDITIONS FOR COPYING, DISTRIBUTION AND MODIFICATION
@end iftex
@ifinfo
@center GNU LESSER GENERAL PUBLIC LICENSE
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@end ifinfo

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A ``library" means a collection of software functions and/or data prepared so as to be conveniently linked with application programs (which use some of those functions and data) to form executables.

The ``Library", below, refers to any such software library or work which has been distributed under these terms. A ``work based on the Library" means either the Library or any derivative work under copyright law: that is to say, a work containing the Library or a portion of it, either verbatim or with modifications and/or translated straightforwardly into another language. (Hereinafter, translation is included without limitation in the term ``modification".)

``Source code" for a work means the preferred form of the work for making modifications to it. For a library, complete source code means all the source code for all modules it contains, plus any associated interface definition files, plus the scripts used to control compilation and installation of the library.

Activities other than copying, distribution and modification are not covered by this License; they are outside its scope. The act of running a program using the Library is not restricted, and output from such a program is covered only if its contents constitute a work based on the Library (independent of the use of the Library in a tool for writing it). Whether that is true depends on what the Library does and what the program that uses the Library does.

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You may modify your copy or copies of the Library or any portion of it, thus forming a work based on the Library, and copy and distribute such modifications or work under the terms of Section 1 above, provided that you also meet all of these conditions:

@enumerate a

@item
The modified work must itself be a software library.

@item
You must cause the files modified to carry prominent notices
stating that you changed the files and the date of any change.

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You must cause the whole of the work to be licensed at no
charge to all third parties under the terms of this License.

@item
If a facility in the modified Library refers to a function or a
table of data to be supplied by an application program that uses
the facility, other than as an argument passed when the facility
is invoked, then you must make a good faith effort to ensure that,
in the event an application does not supply such function or
table, the facility still operates, and performs whatever part of
its purpose remains meaningful.

(For example, a function in a library to compute square roots has
a purpose that is entirely well-defined independent of the
application. Therefore, Subsection 2d requires that any
application-supplied function or table used by this function must
be optional: if the application does not supply it, the square
root function must still compute square roots.)
@end enumerate

These requirements apply to the modified work as a whole. If
identifiable sections of that work are not derived from the Library,
and can be reasonably considered independent and separate works in
themselves, then this License, and its terms, do not apply to those
sections when you distribute them as separate works. But when you
distribute the same sections as part of a whole which is a work based
on the Library, the distribution of the whole must be on the terms of
this License, whose permissions for other licensees extend to the
entire whole, and thus to each and every part regardless of who wrote
it.

Thus, it is not the intent of this section to claim rights or contest
your rights to work written entirely by you; rather, the intent is to
exercise the right to control the distribution of derivative or
collective works based on the Library.

In addition, mere aggregation of another work not based on the Library
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a storage or distribution medium does not bring the other work under
the scope of this License.

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License instead of this License to a given copy of the Library. To do
this, you must alter all the notices that refer to this License, so
that they refer to the ordinary GNU General Public License, version 2,
instead of to this License. (If a newer version than version 2 of the
ordinary GNU General Public License has appeared, then you can specify
that version instead if you wish.) Do not make any other change in
these notices.

Once this change is made in a given copy, it is irreversible for
that copy, so the ordinary GNU General Public License applies to all
subsequent copies and derivative works made from that copy.

This option is useful when you wish to copy part of the code of
the Library into a program that is not a library.

@item
You may copy and distribute the Library (or a portion or
derivative of it, under Section 2) in object code or executable form
under the terms of Sections 1 and 2 above provided that you accompany
it with the complete corresponding machine-readable source code, which
must be distributed under the terms of Sections 1 and 2 above on a
medium customarily used for software interchange.

If distribution of object code is made by offering access to copy
from a designated place, then offering equivalent access to copy the
source code from the same place satisfies the requirement to
distribute the source code, even though third parties are not
compelled to copy the source along with the object code.

@item
A program that contains no derivative of any portion of the
Library, but is designed to work with the Library by being compiled or
linked with it, is called a ``work that uses the Library". Such a
work, in isolation, is not a derivative work of the Library, and
therefore falls outside the scope of this License.

However, linking a ``work that uses the Library" with the Library
creates an executable that is a derivative of the Library (because it
contains portions of the Library), rather than a ``work that uses the
library". The executable is therefore covered by this License.
Section 6 states terms for distribution of such executables.

When a ``work that uses the Library" uses material from a header file
that is part of the Library, the object code for the work may be a
derivative work of the Library even though the source code is not.

Whether this is true is especially significant if the work can be linked without the Library, or if the work is itself a library. The threshold for this to be true is not precisely defined by law.

If such an object file uses only numerical parameters, data structure layouts and accessors, and small macros and small inline functions (ten lines or less in length), then the use of the object file is unrestricted, regardless of whether it is legally a derivative work. (Executables containing this object code plus portions of the Library will still fall under Section 6.)

Otherwise, if the work is a derivative of the Library, you may distribute the object code for the work under the terms of Section 6. Any executables containing that work also fall under Section 6, whether or not they are linked directly with the Library itself.

@item
As an exception to the Sections above, you may also combine or link a ``work that uses the Library'' with the Library to produce a work containing portions of the Library, and distribute that work under terms of your choice, provided that the terms permit modification of the work for the customer's own use and reverse engineering for debugging such modifications.

You must give prominent notice with each copy of the work that the Library is used in it and that the Library and its use are covered by this License. You must supply a copy of this License. If the work during execution displays copyright notices, you must include the copyright notice for the Library among them, as well as a reference directing the user to the copy of this License. Also, you must do one of these things:

@enumerate a
@item
Accompany the work with the complete corresponding machine-readable source code for the Library including whatever changes were used in the work (which must be distributed under Sections 1 and 2 above); and, if the work is an executable linked with the Library, with the complete machine-readable ``work that uses the Library'', as object code and/or source code, so that the user can modify the Library and then relink to produce a modified executable containing the modified Library. (It is understood that the user who changes the contents of definitions files in the Library will not necessarily be able to recompile the application to use the modified definitions.)

@item
Use a suitable shared library mechanism for linking with the Library. A

suitable mechanism is one that (1) uses at run time a copy of the library already present on the user's computer system, rather than copying library functions into the executable, and (2) will operate properly with a modified version of the library, if the user installs one, as long as the modified version is interface-compatible with the version that the work was made with.

@item
Accompany the work with a written offer, valid for at least three years, to give the same user the materials specified in Subsection 6a, above, for a charge no more than the cost of performing this distribution.

@item
If distribution of the work is made by offering access to copy from a designated place, offer equivalent access to copy the above specified materials from the same place.

@item
Verify that the user has already received a copy of these materials or that you have already sent this user a copy.
@end enumerate

For an executable, the required form of the ``work that uses the Library" must include any data and utility programs needed for reproducing the executable from it. However, as a special exception, the materials to be distributed need not include anything that is normally distributed (in either source or binary form) with the major components (compiler, kernel, and so on) of the operating system on which the executable runs, unless that component itself accompanies the executable.

It may happen that this requirement contradicts the license restrictions of other proprietary libraries that do not normally accompany the operating system. Such a contradiction means you cannot use both them and the Library together in an executable that you distribute.

@item
You may place library facilities that are a work based on the Library side-by-side in a single library together with other library facilities not covered by this License, and distribute such a combined library, provided that the separate distribution of the work based on the Library and of the other library facilities is otherwise permitted, and provided that you do these two things:

@enumerate a
@item

Accompany the combined library with a copy of the same work
based on the Library, uncombined with any other library
facilities. This must be distributed under the terms of the
Sections above.

@item
Give prominent notice with the combined library of the fact
that part of it is a work based on the Library, and explaining
where to find the accompanying uncombined form of the same work.
@end enumerate

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@end enumerate

@iftex
@heading END OF TERMS AND CONDITIONS
@end iftex
@ifinfo
@center END OF TERMS AND CONDITIONS
@end ifinfo

@page
@appendixsubsec How to Apply These Terms to Your New Libraries

If you develop a new library, and you want it to be of the greatest
possible use to the public, we recommend making it free software that
everyone can redistribute and change. You can do so by permitting
redistribution under these terms (or, alternatively, under the terms of the

ordinary General Public License).

To apply these terms, attach the following notices to the library. It is safest to attach them to the start of each source file to most effectively convey the exclusion of warranty; and each file should have at least the ``copyright'' line and a pointer to where the full notice is found.

@smallexample
@var{one line to give the library's name and an idea of what it does.}
Copyright (C) @var{year} @var{name of author}

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@end smallexample

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You should also get your employer (if you work as a programmer) or your school, if any, to sign a ``copyright disclaimer'' for the library, if necessary. Here is a sample; alter the names:

@smallexample
Yoyodyne, Inc., hereby disclaims all copyright interest in the library `Frob' (a library for tweaking knobs) written by James Random Hacker.

@var{signature of Ty Coon}, 1 April 1990
Ty Coon, President of Vice
@end smallexample

That's all there is to it!

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Version 2.1, February 1999

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strategy to use in any particular case, based on the explanations
below.

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For example, if you distribute copies of the library, whether gratis
or for a fee, you must give the recipients all the rights that we gave
you. You must make sure that they, too, receive or can get the source
code. If you link other code with the library, you must provide
complete object files to the recipients, so that they can relink them
with the library after making changes to the library and recompiling
it. And you must show them these terms so they know their rights.

We protect your rights with a two-step method: (1) we copyright the
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^L
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Most GNU software, including some libraries, is covered by the ordinary GNU General Public License. This license, the GNU Lesser General Public License, applies to certain designated libraries, and is quite different from the ordinary General Public License. We use this license for certain libraries in order to permit linking those libraries into non-free programs.

When a program is linked with a library, whether statically or using a shared library, the combination of the two is legally speaking a combined work, a derivative of the original library. The ordinary General Public License therefore permits such linking only if the entire combination fits its criteria of freedom. The Lesser General Public License permits more lax criteria for linking other code with the library.

We call this license the "Lesser" General Public License because it does Less to protect the user's freedom than the ordinary General Public License. It also provides other free software developers Less of an advantage over competing non-free programs. These disadvantages are the reason we use the ordinary General Public License for many libraries. However, the Lesser license provides advantages in certain special circumstances.

For example, on rare occasions, there may be a special need to encourage the widest possible use of a certain library, so that it becomes
a de-facto standard. To achieve this, non-free programs must be allowed to use the library. A more frequent case is that a free library does the same job as widely used non-free libraries. In this case, there is little to gain by limiting the free library to free software only, so we use the Lesser General Public License.

In other cases, permission to use a particular library in non-free programs enables a greater number of people to use a large body of free software. For example, permission to use the GNU C Library in

non-free programs enables many more people to use the whole GNU operating system, as well as its variant, the GNU/Linux operating system.

Although the Lesser General Public License is Less protective of the users' freedom, it does ensure that the user of a program that is linked with the Library has the freedom and the wherewithal to run that program using a modified version of the Library.

The precise terms and conditions for copying, distribution and modification follow. Pay close attention to the difference between a "work based on the library" and a "work that uses the library". The former contains code derived from the library, whereas the latter must be combined with the library in order to run.
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A "library" means a collection of software functions and/or data prepared so as to be conveniently linked with application programs (which use some of those functions and data) to form executables.

The "Library", below, refers to any such software library or work which has been distributed under these terms. A "work based on the Library" means either the Library or any derivative work under copyright law: that is to say, a work containing the Library or a portion of it, either verbatim or with modifications and/or translated straightforwardly into another language. (Hereinafter, translation is included without limitation in the term "modification".)

"Source code" for a work means the preferred form of the work for making modifications to it. For a library, complete source code means all the source code for all modules it contains, plus any associated interface definition files, plus the scripts used to control compilation
and installation of the library.

Activities other than copying, distribution and modification are not covered by this License; they are outside its scope. The act of running a program using the Library is not restricted, and output from such a program is covered only if its contents constitute a work based on the Library (independent of the use of the Library in a tool for

writing it). Whether that is true depends on what the Library does and what the program that uses the Library does.

1. You may copy and distribute verbatim copies of the Library's complete source code as you receive it, in any medium, provided that you conspicuously and appropriately publish on each copy an appropriate copyright notice and disclaimer of warranty; keep intact all the notices that refer to this License and to the absence of any warranty; and distribute a copy of this License along with the Library.

You may charge a fee for the physical act of transferring a copy, and you may at your option offer warranty protection in exchange for a fee.

2. You may modify your copy or copies of the Library or any portion of it, thus forming a work based on the Library, and copy and distribute such modifications or work under the terms of Section 1 above, provided that you also meet all of these conditions:

a) The modified work must itself be a software library.

b) You must cause the files modified to carry prominent notices stating that you changed the files and the date of any change.

c) You must cause the whole of the work to be licensed at no charge to all third parties under the terms of this License.

d) If a facility in the modified Library refers to a function or a table of data to be supplied by an application program that uses the facility, other than as an argument passed when the facility is invoked, then you must make a good faith effort to ensure that, in the event an application does not supply such function or table, the facility still operates, and performs whatever part of its purpose remains meaningful.

(For example, a function in a library to compute square roots has a purpose that is entirely well-defined independent of the application. Therefore, Subsection 2d requires that any application-supplied function or table used by this function must be optional: if the application does not supply it, the square root function must still compute square roots.)

These requirements apply to the modified work as a whole. If identifiable sections of that work are not derived from the Library, and can be reasonably considered independent and separate works in themselves, then this License, and its terms, do not apply to those sections when you distribute them as separate works. But when you

distribute the same sections as part of a whole which is a work based on the Library, the distribution of the whole must be on the terms of this License, whose permissions for other licensees extend to the entire whole, and thus to each and every part regardless of who wrote it.

Thus, it is not the intent of this section to claim rights or contest your rights to work written entirely by you; rather, the intent is to exercise the right to control the distribution of derivative or collective works based on the Library.

In addition, mere aggregation of another work not based on the Library with the Library (or with a work based on the Library) on a volume of a storage or distribution medium does not bring the other work under the scope of this License.

3. You may opt to apply the terms of the ordinary GNU General Public License instead of this License to a given copy of the Library. To do this, you must alter all the notices that refer to this License, so that they refer to the ordinary GNU General Public License, version 2, instead of to this License. (If a newer version than version 2 of the ordinary GNU General Public License has appeared, then you can specify that version instead if you wish.) Do not make any other change in these notices.
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Once this change is made in a given copy, it is irreversible for that copy, so the ordinary GNU General Public License applies to all subsequent copies and derivative works made from that copy.

This option is useful when you wish to copy part of the code of the Library into a program that is not a library.

4. You may copy and distribute the Library (or a portion or derivative of it, under Section 2) in object code or executable form under the terms of Sections 1 and 2 above provided that you accompany it with the complete corresponding machine-readable source code, which must be distributed under the terms of Sections 1 and 2 above on a medium customarily used for software interchange.

If distribution of object code is made by offering access to copy from a designated place, then offering equivalent access to copy the source code from the same place satisfies the requirement to distribute the source code, even though third parties are not compelled to copy the source along with the object code.

5. A program that contains no derivative of any portion of the Library, but is designed to work with the Library by being compiled or linked with it, is called a "work that uses the Library". Such a

work, in isolation, is not a derivative work of the Library, and therefore falls outside the scope of this License.

However, linking a "work that uses the Library" with the Library creates an executable that is a derivative of the Library (because it contains portions of the Library), rather than a "work that uses the library". The executable is therefore covered by this License. Section 6 states terms for distribution of such executables.

When a "work that uses the Library" uses material from a header file that is part of the Library, the object code for the work may be a derivative work of the Library even though the source code is not. Whether this is true is especially significant if the work can be linked without the Library, or if the work is itself a library. The threshold for this to be true is not precisely defined by law.

If such an object file uses only numerical parameters, data structure layouts and accessors, and small macros and small inline functions (ten lines or less in length), then the use of the object file is unrestricted, regardless of whether it is legally a derivative work. (Executables containing this object code plus portions of the Library will still fall under Section 6.)

Otherwise, if the work is a derivative of the Library, you may distribute the object code for the work under the terms of Section 6. Any executables containing that work also fall under Section 6, whether or not they are linked directly with the Library itself.
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6. As an exception to the Sections above, you may also combine or link a "work that uses the Library" with the Library to produce a work containing portions of the Library, and distribute that work under terms of your choice, provided that the terms permit modification of the work for the customer's own use and reverse engineering for debugging such modifications.

You must give prominent notice with each copy of the work that the Library is used in it and that the Library and its use are covered by this License. You must supply a copy of this License. If the work during execution displays copyright notices, you must include the copyright notice for the Library among them, as well as a reference directing the user to the copy of this License. Also, you must do one of these things:

a) Accompany the work with the complete corresponding machine-readable source code for the Library including whatever changes were used in the work (which must be distributed under Sections 1 and 2 above); and, if the work is an executable linked with the Library, with the complete machine-readable "work that

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b) Use a suitable shared library mechanism for linking with the Library. A suitable mechanism is one that (1) uses at run time a copy of the library already present on the user's computer system, rather than copying library functions into the executable, and (2) will operate properly with a modified version of the library, if the user installs one, as long as the modified version is interface-compatible with the version that the work was made with.

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David Megginson, sax@megginson.com
1998-05-11

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* m4/ax_func_which_gethostbyname_r.m4

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```
package gnu.classpath.tools.taglets;

import java.util.Map;

import com.sun.tools.doclets.Taglet;

import com.sun.javadoc.Tag;

/**
*  A simple Taglet which handles Copyright information.
*/
public class CopyrightTaglet implements Taglet {

  private static final String NAME = "copyright";
  private static final String HEADER = "Copyright:";

  public String getName() {
    return NAME;
  }

  public boolean inField() {
    return true;
  }

  public boolean inConstructor() {
    return true;
  }

  public boolean inMethod() {
    return true;
  }

  public boolean inOverview() {
    return true;
```

```
}

public boolean inPackage() {
  return true;
}

public boolean inType() {
  return true;
}

public boolean isInlineTag() {
  return false;
}

public static void register(Map tagletMap) {
  CopyrightTaglet copyrightTaglet = new CopyrightTaglet();
  tagletMap.put(copyrightTaglet.getName(), copyrightTaglet);
}

public String toString(Tag tag) {
  return toString(new Tag[] { tag });
}

public String toString(Tag[] tags) {
  if (tags.length == 0) {
    return null;
  }
  else {
    boolean haveValidTag = false;
    for (int i = 0; i < tags.length && !haveValidTag; ++i) {
      if (tags[i].text().length() > 0) {
        haveValidTag = true;
      }
    }

    if (haveValidTag) {
      StringBuffer result = new StringBuffer();
      result.append("<dl>");
      for (int i = 0; i < tags.length; i++) {
        if (tags[i].text().length() > 0) {
          result.append("<dt><i>Copyright &#169; " + tags[i].text() + "</i></dt>");
        }
      }
      result.append("</dl>");
      return result.toString();
    }
    else {
      return null;
```

```
      }
    }
  }
}
/* Permission.java -- The superclass for all permission objects
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package java.security;

import gnu.java.lang.CPStringBuilder;

import java.io.Serializable;

/**
```

```
* This class is the abstract superclass of all classes that implement
* the concept of a permission.  A permission consists of a permission name
* and optionally a list of actions that relate to the permission.  The
* actual meaning of the name of the permission is defined only in the
* context of a subclass.  It may name a resource to which access permissions
* are granted (for example, the name of a file) or it might represent
* something else entirely.  Similarly, the action list only has meaning
* within the context of a subclass.  Some permission names may have no
* actions associated with them.  That is, you either have the permission
* or you don't.
*
* <p>The most important method in this class is <code>implies</code>.  This
* checks whether if one has this permission, then the specified
* permission is also implied.  As a conceptual example, consider the
* permissions "Read All Files" and "Read File foo".  The permission
* "Read All Files" implies that the caller has permission to read the
* file foo.
*
* <p><code>Permission</code>'s must be immutable - do not change their
* state after creation.
*
* @author Aaron M. Renn (arenn@urbanophile.com)
* @see Permissions
* @see PermissionCollection
* @since 1.1
* @status updated to 1.4
*/
public abstract class Permission implements Guard, Serializable
{
 /**
  * Compatible with JDK 1.1+.
  */
 private static final long serialVersionUID = -5636570222231596674L;

 /**
  * This is the name assigned to this permission object.
  *
  * @serial the name of the permission
  */
 private String name;

 /**
  * Create an instance with the specified name.
  *
  * @param name the permission name
  */
 public Permission(String name)
 {
```

```
  this.name = name;
}

/**
 * This method implements the <code>Guard</code> interface for this class.
 * It calls the <code>checkPermission</code> method in
 * <code>SecurityManager</code> with this <code>Permission</code> as its
 * argument.  This method returns silently if the security check succeeds
 * or throws an exception if it fails.
 *
 * @param obj the <code>Object</code> being guarded - ignored by this class
 * @throws SecurityException if the security check fails
 * @see GuardedObject
 * @see SecurityManager#checkPermission(Permission)
 */
public void checkGuard(Object obj)
{
  SecurityManager sm = System.getSecurityManager();
  if (sm != null)
    sm.checkPermission(this);
}

/**
 * This method tests whether this <code>Permission</code> implies that the
 * specified <code>Permission</code> is also granted.
 *
 * @param perm the <code>Permission</code> to test against
 * @return true if perm is implied by this
 */
public abstract boolean implies(Permission perm);

/**
 * Check to see if this object equals obj. Use <code>implies</code>, rather
 * than <code>equals</code>, when making access control decisions.
 *
 * @param obj the object to compare to
 */
public abstract boolean equals(Object obj);

/**
 * This method returns a hash code for this <code>Permission</code>. It
 * must satisfy the contract of <code>Object.hashCode</code>: it must be
 * the same for all objects that equals considers to be the same.
 *
 * @return a hash value
 */
public abstract int hashCode();
```

```
/**
 * Get the name of this <code>Permission</code>.
 *
 * @return the name
 */
public final String getName()
{
  return name;
}

/**
 * This method returns the list of actions for this <code>Permission</code>
 * as a <code>String</code>. The string should be in canonical order, for
 * example, both <code>new FilePermission(f, "write,read")</code> and
 * <code>new FilePermission(f, "read,write")</code> have the action list
 * "read,write".
 *
 * @return the action list for this <code>Permission</code>
 */
public abstract String getActions();

/**
 * This method returns an empty <code>PermissionCollection</code> object
 * that can store permissions of this type, or <code>null</code> if no
 * such collection is defined. Subclasses must override this to provide
 * an appropriate collection when one is needed to accurately calculate
 * <code>implies</code>.
 *
 * @return a new <code>PermissionCollection</code>
 */
public PermissionCollection newPermissionCollection()
{
  return null;
}

/**
 * This method returns a <code>String</code> representation of this
 * <code>Permission</code> object. This is in the format:
 * <code>'(' + getClass().getName() + ' ' + getName() + ' ' + getActions
 * + ')'</code>.
 *
 * @return this object as a <code>String</code>
 */
public String toString()
{
  CPStringBuilder string = new CPStringBuilder();

  string = string.append('(');
```

```
  string = string.append(getClass().getName());
  string = string.append(' ');
  string = string.append(getName());

  if (!(getActions().equals("")))
    {
      string = string.append(' ');
      string = string.append(getActions());
    }

  string = string.append(')');
  return string.toString();
 }
} // class Permission
```

```
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package java.security.acl;

/**
* This interface provides information about a permission that can be
* granted. Note that this is not the same as the class
* <code>java.security.Permission</code>.
*
* @version 0.0
*
* @author Aaron M. Renn (arenn@urbanophile.com)
*/
public interface Permission
{
 /**
  * This method tests whether or not a specified <code>Permission</code>
  * (passed as an <code>Object</code>) is the same as this permission.
  *
  * @param perm The permission to check for equality
  *
  * @return <code>true</code> if the specified permission is the same as this one, <code>false</code> otherwise
  */
 boolean equals (Object perm);

 /**
  * This method returns this <code>Permission</code> as a <code>String</code>.
  *
  * @return A <code>String</code> representing this permission.
  */
 String toString();
}
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A "library" means a collection of software functions and/or data prepared so as to be conveniently linked with application programs (which use some of those functions and data) to form executables.

The "Library", below, refers to any such software library or work which has been distributed under these terms. A "work based on the Library" means either the Library or any derivative work under copyright law: that is to say, a work containing the Library or a portion of it, either verbatim or with modifications and/or translated straightforwardly into another language. (Hereinafter, translation is included without limitation in the term "modification".)

"Source code" for a work means the preferred form of the work for making modifications to it. For a library, complete source code means all the source code for all modules it contains, plus any associated interface definition files, plus the scripts used to control compilation and installation of the library.

Activities other than copying, distribution and modification are not covered by this License; they are outside its scope. The act of running a program using the Library is not restricted, and output from such a program is covered only if its contents constitute a work based on the Library (independent of the use of the Library in a tool for writing it). Whether that is true depends on what the Library does and what the program that uses the Library does.

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b) You must cause the files modified to carry prominent notices stating that you changed the files and the date of any change.

c) You must cause the whole of the work to be licensed at no charge to all third parties under the terms of this License.

d) If a facility in the modified Library refers to a function or a table of data to be supplied by an application program that uses the facility, other than as an argument passed when the facility is invoked, then you must make a good faith effort to ensure that, in the event an application does not supply such function or table, the facility still operates, and performs whatever part of its purpose remains meaningful.

(For example, a function in a library to compute square roots has a purpose that is entirely well-defined independent of the application. Therefore, Subsection 2d requires that any application-supplied function or table used by this function must be optional: if the application does not supply it, the square root function must still compute square roots.)

These requirements apply to the modified work as a whole. If identifiable sections of that work are not derived from the Library, and can be reasonably considered independent and separate works in themselves, then this License, and its terms, do not apply to those sections when you distribute them as separate works. But when you distribute the same sections as part of a whole which is a work based on the Library, the distribution of the whole must be on the terms of this License, whose permissions for other licensees extend to the entire whole, and thus to each and every part regardless of who wrote it.

Thus, it is not the intent of this section to claim rights or contest your rights to work written entirely by you; rather, the intent is to exercise the right to control the distribution of derivative or collective works based on the Library.

In addition, mere aggregation of another work not based on the Library with the Library (or with a work based on the Library) on a volume of a storage or distribution medium does not bring the other work under the scope of this License.

3. You may opt to apply the terms of the ordinary GNU General Public License instead of this License to a given copy of the Library. To do this, you must alter all the notices that refer to this License, so that they refer to the ordinary GNU General Public License, version 2, instead of to this License. (If a newer version than version 2 of the ordinary GNU General Public License has appeared, then you can specify that version instead if you wish.) Do not make any other change in these notices.

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This option is useful when you wish to copy part of the code of the Library into a program that is not a library.

4. You may copy and distribute the Library (or a portion or derivative of it, under Section 2) in object code or executable form under the terms of Sections 1 and 2 above provided that you accompany it with the complete corresponding machine-readable source code, which must be distributed under the terms of Sections 1 and 2 above on a medium customarily used for software interchange.

If distribution of object code is made by offering access to copy from a designated place, then offering equivalent access to copy the source code from the same place satisfies the requirement to distribute the source code, even though third parties are not compelled to copy the source along with the object code.

5. A program that contains no derivative of any portion of the Library, but is designed to work with the Library by being compiled or linked with it, is called a "work that uses the Library". Such a work, in isolation, is not a derivative work of the Library, and therefore falls outside the scope of this License.

However, linking a "work that uses the Library" with the Library creates an executable that is a derivative of the Library (because it contains portions of the Library), rather than a "work that uses the library". The executable is therefore covered by this License. Section 6 states terms for distribution of such executables.

When a "work that uses the Library" uses material from a header file that is part of the Library, the object code for the work may be a

derivative work of the Library even though the source code is not. Whether this is true is especially significant if the work can be linked without the Library, or if the work is itself a library. The threshold for this to be true is not precisely defined by law.

If such an object file uses only numerical parameters, data structure layouts and accessors, and small macros and small inline functions (ten lines or less in length), then the use of the object file is unrestricted, regardless of whether it is legally a derivative work. (Executables containing this object code plus portions of the Library will still fall under Section 6.)

Otherwise, if the work is a derivative of the Library, you may distribute the object code for the work under the terms of Section 6. Any executables containing that work also fall under Section 6, whether or not they are linked directly with the Library itself.

6. As an exception to the Sections above, you may also combine or link a "work that uses the Library" with the Library to produce a work containing portions of the Library, and distribute that work under terms of your choice, provided that the terms permit modification of the work for the customer's own use and reverse engineering for debugging such modifications.

You must give prominent notice with each copy of the work that the Library is used in it and that the Library and its use are covered by this License. You must supply a copy of this License. If the work during execution displays copyright notices, you must include the copyright notice for the Library among them, as well as a reference directing the user to the copy of this License. Also, you must do one of these things:

a) Accompany the work with the complete corresponding machine-readable source code for the Library including whatever changes were used in the work (which must be distributed under Sections 1 and 2 above); and, if the work is an executable linked with the Library, with the complete machine-readable "work that uses the Library", as object code and/or source code, so that the user can modify the Library and then relink to produce a modified executable containing the modified Library. (It is understood that the user who changes the contents of definitions files in the Library will not necessarily be able to recompile the application to use the modified definitions.)

b) Use a suitable shared library mechanism for linking with the Library. A suitable mechanism is one that (1) uses at run time a copy of the library already present on the user's computer system, rather than copying library functions into the executable, and (2)

will operate properly with a modified version of the library, if
the user installs one, as long as the modified version is
interface-compatible with the version that the work was made with.

c) Accompany the work with a written offer, valid for at
least three years, to give the same user the materials
specified in Subsection 6a, above, for a charge no more
than the cost of performing this distribution.

d) If distribution of the work is made by offering access to copy
from a designated place, offer equivalent access to copy the above
specified materials from the same place.

e) Verify that the user has already received a copy of these
materials or that you have already sent this user a copy.

For an executable, the required form of the "work that uses the
Library" must include any data and utility programs needed for
reproducing the executable from it. However, as a special exception,
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which the executable runs, unless that component itself accompanies
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That's all there is to it!
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End

1.34 glibc 2.17 :222.el7

1.34.1 Available under license :

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Most GNU software, including some libraries, is covered by the ordinary GNU General Public License, which was designed for utility programs. This license, the GNU Library General Public License, applies to certain designated libraries. This license is quite different from the ordinary one; be sure to read it in full, and don't assume that anything in it is the same as in the ordinary license.

The reason we have a separate public license for some libraries is that they blur the distinction we usually make between modifying or adding to a program and simply using it. Linking a program with a library, without changing the library, is in some sense simply using the library, and is analogous to running a utility program or application program. However, in a textual and legal sense, the linked executable is a combined work, a derivative of the original library, and the ordinary General Public License treats it as such.

Because of this blurred distinction, using the ordinary General Public License for libraries did not effectively promote software sharing, because most developers did not use the libraries. We concluded that weaker conditions might promote sharing better.

However, unrestricted linking of non-free programs would deprive the users of those programs of all benefit from the free status of the libraries themselves. This Library General Public License is intended to permit developers of non-free programs to use free libraries, while preserving your freedom as a user of such programs to change the free libraries that are incorporated in them. (We have not seen how to achieve this as regards changes in header files, but we have achieved it as regards changes in the actual functions of the Library.) The hope is that this will lead to faster development of free libraries.

The precise terms and conditions for copying, distribution and modification follow. Pay close attention to the difference between a "work based on the library" and a "work that uses the library". The former contains code derived from the library, while the latter only works together with the library.

Note that it is possible for a library to be covered by the ordinary General Public License rather than by this special one.

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2. You may modify your copy or copies of the Library or any portion of it, thus forming a work based on the Library, and copy and distribute such modifications or work under the terms of Section 1 above, provided that you also meet all of these conditions:

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b) You must cause the files modified to carry prominent notices stating that you changed the files and the date of any change.

c) You must cause the whole of the work to be licensed at no charge to all third parties under the terms of this License.

d) If a facility in the modified Library refers to a function or a table of data to be supplied by an application program that uses the facility, other than as an argument passed when the facility is invoked, then you must make a good faith effort to ensure that, in the event an application does not supply such function or table, the facility still operates, and performs whatever part of its purpose remains meaningful.

(For example, a function in a library to compute square roots has a purpose that is entirely well-defined independent of the application. Therefore, Subsection 2d requires that any application-supplied function or table used by this function must

be optional: if the application does not supply it, the square
root function must still compute square roots.)

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3. You may opt to apply the terms of the ordinary GNU General Public License instead of this License to a given copy of the Library. To do this, you must alter all the notices that refer to this License, so that they refer to the ordinary GNU General Public License, version 2, instead of to this License. (If a newer version than version 2 of the ordinary GNU General Public License has appeared, then you can specify that version instead if you wish.) Do not make any other change in these notices.

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This option is useful when you wish to copy part of the code of the Library into a program that is not a library.

4. You may copy and distribute the Library (or a portion or derivative of it, under Section 2) in object code or executable form under the terms of Sections 1 and 2 above provided that you accompany it with the complete corresponding machine-readable source code, which must be distributed under the terms of Sections 1 and 2 above on a medium customarily used for software interchange.

If distribution of object code is made by offering access to copy

from a designated place, then offering equivalent access to copy the source code from the same place satisfies the requirement to distribute the source code, even though third parties are not compelled to copy the source along with the object code.

5. A program that contains no derivative of any portion of the Library, but is designed to work with the Library by being compiled or linked with it, is called a "work that uses the Library". Such a work, in isolation, is not a derivative work of the Library, and therefore falls outside the scope of this License.

However, linking a "work that uses the Library" with the Library creates an executable that is a derivative of the Library (because it contains portions of the Library), rather than a "work that uses the library". The executable is therefore covered by this License. Section 6 states terms for distribution of such executables.

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If such an object file uses only numerical parameters, data structure layouts and accessors, and small macros and small inline functions (ten lines or less in length), then the use of the object file is unrestricted, regardless of whether it is legally a derivative work. (Executables containing this object code plus portions of the Library will still fall under Section 6.)

Otherwise, if the work is a derivative of the Library, you may distribute the object code for the work under the terms of Section 6. Any executables containing that work also fall under Section 6, whether or not they are linked directly with the Library itself.

6. As an exception to the Sections above, you may also compile or link a "work that uses the Library" with the Library to produce a work containing portions of the Library, and distribute that work under terms of your choice, provided that the terms permit modification of the work for the customer's own use and reverse engineering for debugging such modifications.

You must give prominent notice with each copy of the work that the Library is used in it and that the Library and its use are covered by this License. You must supply a copy of this License. If the work during execution displays copyright notices, you must include the copyright notice for the Library among them, as well as a reference

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a) Accompany the work with the complete corresponding machine-readable source code for the Library including whatever changes were used in the work (which must be distributed under Sections 1 and 2 above); and, if the work is an executable linked with the Library, with the complete machine-readable "work that uses the Library", as object code and/or source code, so that the user can modify the Library and then relink to produce a modified executable containing the modified Library. (It is understood that the user who changes the contents of definitions files in the Library will not necessarily be able to recompile the application to use the modified definitions.)

b) Accompany the work with a written offer, valid for at least three years, to give the same user the materials specified in Subsection 6a, above, for a charge no more than the cost of performing this distribution.

c) If distribution of the work is made by offering access to copy from a designated place, offer equivalent access to copy the above specified materials from the same place.

d) Verify that the user has already received a copy of these materials or that you have already sent this user a copy.

For an executable, the required form of the "work that uses the Library" must include any data and utility programs needed for reproducing the executable from it. However, as a special exception, the source code distributed need not include anything that is normally distributed (in either source or binary form) with the major components (compiler, kernel, and so on) of the operating system on which the executable runs, unless that component itself accompanies the executable.

It may happen that this requirement contradicts the license restrictions of other proprietary libraries that do not normally accompany the operating system. Such a contradiction means you cannot use both them and the Library together in an executable that you distribute.

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@item
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1.38 gpgme 1.3.2 :5.el7

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1.47 iputils 20160308 :10.el7

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1.48 keyutils 1.5.8 :3.el7

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1.49 keyutils_GPLv2 1.5.8 :3.el7

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1.50 kmod 20 :21.el7

1.50.1 Available under license :

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"Source code" for a work means the preferred form of the work for making modifications to it. For a library, complete source code means all the source code for all modules it contains, plus any associated interface definition files, plus the scripts used to control compilation and installation of the library.

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(For example, a function in a library to compute square roots has a purpose that is entirely well-defined independent of the application. Therefore, Subsection 2d requires that any application-supplied function or table used by this function must be optional: if the application does not supply it, the square root function must still compute square roots.)

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Thus, it is not the intent of this section to claim rights or contest your rights to work written entirely by you; rather, the intent is to exercise the right to control the distribution of derivative or collective works based on the Library.

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1.51 krb5 1.15.1 :18.el7

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```
/* -*- mode: c; c-basic-offset: 4; indent-tabs-mode: nil -*- */
/*

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# checks for violations of the coding standards related to copyright
# and license statements in source code comments.

import os
import sys
import re

def warn(fname, ln, msg):
  print '%s: %d: %s' % (fname, ln + 1, msg)

def indicates_license(line):
  return 'Copyright' in line or 'COPYRIGHT' in line or 'License' in line

# Check a comment for boilerplate violations.  Return true if the comment
# is a license statement.
def check_comment(comment, fname, ln, code_seen, nonlicense_seen):
  text_seen = False
  is_license = False
  for line in comment:
    if not is_license and indicates_license(line):
      is_license = True
      if text_seen:
        warn(fname, ln, 'License begins after first line of comment')
      elif code_seen:
        warn(fname, ln, 'License after code')
      elif nonlicense_seen:
        warn(fname, ln, 'License after non-license comments')
      break
    # DB2 licenses start with '/*-' and we don't want to change them.
    if line != '' and line != '-':
      text_seen = True
  return is_license

def check_file(lines, fname):
  # Skip emacs mode line if present.
  ln = 0
  if '-*- mode: c;' in lines[ln]:
    ln += 1

  # Check filename comment if present.
  m = re.match(r'/\* ([^ ]*)( - .*)? \*/', lines[ln])
  if m:
    if m.group(1) != fname:
      warn(fname, ln, 'Wrong filename in comment')
    ln += 1
```

```
  # Scan for license statements.
  in_comment = False
  code_seen = False
  nonlicense_seen = False
  for line in lines[ln:]:
     # Strip out whitespace and comments contained within a line.
     if not in_comment:
        line = re.sub(r'/\*.*?\*/', '', line)
     line = line.strip()

     if not in_comment and '/*' in line:
        (line, sep, comment_part) = line.partition('/*')
        comment = [comment_part.strip()]
        comment_starts_at = ln
        in_comment = True
     elif in_comment and '*/' not in line:
        comment.append(line.lstrip('*').lstrip())
     elif in_comment:
        (comment_part, sep, line) = line.partition('*/')
        comment.append(comment_part.strip())
        is_license = check_comment(comment, fname, comment_starts_at,
                                   code_seen, nonlicense_seen)
        nonlicense_seen = nonlicense_seen or not is_license
        in_comment = False
     elif line.strip() != '':
        code_seen = True

     ln += 1

for fname in sys.argv[1:]:
  if fname.startswith('./'):
     fname = fname[2:]
  f = open(fname)
  lines = f.readlines()
  f.close()
  check_file(lines, fname)
```

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      COLLAPSE_INDEX: false,
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<tt class="docutils literal">src/lib/gssapi</tt>, including the following files:
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class="o">/gssapi/<span
class="n">generic/gssapi_err_generic<span
class="o">.et
lib/gssapi<span
class="o">/mechglue/<span
class="n">g_accept_sec_context.c
lib/gssapi<span
class="o">/mechglue/<span
class="n">g_acquire_cred.c
lib/gssapi<span
class="o">/mechglue/<span
class="n">g_canon_name.c
lib/gssapi<span
class="o">/mechglue/<span
class="n">g_compare_name.c
lib/gssapi<span
class="o">/mechglue/<span
class="n">g_context_time.c
lib/gssapi<span
class="o">/mechglue/<span
class="n">g_delete_sec_context.c
lib/gssapi<span

class="o">/mechglue/g_dsp_name.clib/gssapi/mechglue/g_dsp_status.clib/gssapi/mechglue/g_dup_name.clib/gssapi/mechglue/g_exp_sec_context.clib/gssapi/mechglue/g_export_name.clib/gssapi/mechglue/g_glue.clib/gssapi/mechglue/g_imp_name.clib/gssapi/mechglue/g_imp_sec_context.clib/gssapi/mechglue/g_init_sec_context.clib/gssapi/mechglue/g_initialize.clib/gssapi/mechglue/g_inquire_context.clib/gssapi/mechglue/g_inquire_cred.clib/gssapi/mechglue/g_inquire_names.clib/gssapi/mechglue/g_process_context.clib/gssapi/mechglue/g_rel_buffer.clib/gssapi/mechglue/g_rel_cred.clib/gssapi<span

class="o">/mechglue/<span
class="n">g_rel_name.c
lib/gssapi<span
class="o">/mechglue/<span
class="n">g_rel_oid_set.c
lib/gssapi<span
class="o">/mechglue/<span
class="n">g_seal.c
lib/gssapi<span
class="o">/mechglue/<span
class="n">g_sign.c
lib/gssapi<span
class="o">/mechglue/<span
class="n">g_store_cred.c
lib/gssapi<span
class="o">/mechglue/<span
class="n">g_unseal.c
lib/gssapi<span
class="o">/mechglue/<span
class="n">g_userok.c
lib/gssapi<span
class="o">/mechglue/<span
class="n">g_utils.c
lib/gssapi<span
class="o">/mechglue/<span
class="n">g_verify.c
lib/gssapi<span
class="o">/mechglue/<span
class="n">gssd_pname_to_uid.c
lib/gssapi<span
class="o">/mechglue/<span
class="n">mglueP.h
lib/gssapi<span
class="o">/mechglue/<span
class="n">oid_ops.c
lib/gssapi<span
class="o">/spnego/<span
class="n">gssapiP_spnego.h
lib/gssapi<span
class="o">/spnego/<span
class="n">spnego_mech.c
</pre>

and the initial implementation of incremental propagation, including
the following new or changed files:
<pre>include<span
class="o">/iprop_hdr.h
kadmin/server<span

class="o">/ipropd_svc.c
lib/kdb/iprop.x
lib/kdb/kdb_convert.c
lib/kdb/kdb_log.c
lib/kdb/kdb_log.h
lib/krb5/error_tables/kdb5_err.et
slave/kpropd_rpc.c
slave/kproplog.c
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      <div class="clearer"></div>
    </div>
  </div>

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```

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         >Contents</a> |
      <a href="mitK5license.html" title="MIT Kerberos License information"
         >previous</a> |
      <a href="build_this.html" title="How to build this documentation from the source"
         >next</a> |
      <a href="genindex.html" title="General Index"
         >index</a> |
      <a href="search.html" title="Enter search criteria"
         >Search</a> |
    <a href="mailto:krb5-bugs@mit.edu?subject=Documentation__Copyright">feedback</a>
         </div>
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    </div>

  </body>
</html>
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The implementations of GSSAPI mechglue in GSSAPI-SPNEGO in
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.. parsed-literal::

  lib/gssapi/generic/gssapi_err_generic.et
  lib/gssapi/mechglue/g_accept_sec_context.c
  lib/gssapi/mechglue/g_acquire_cred.c
  lib/gssapi/mechglue/g_canon_name.c
  lib/gssapi/mechglue/g_compare_name.c
  lib/gssapi/mechglue/g_context_time.c
  lib/gssapi/mechglue/g_delete_sec_context.c
  lib/gssapi/mechglue/g_dsp_name.c
  lib/gssapi/mechglue/g_dsp_status.c
  lib/gssapi/mechglue/g_dup_name.c
  lib/gssapi/mechglue/g_exp_sec_context.c
  lib/gssapi/mechglue/g_export_name.c
  lib/gssapi/mechglue/g_glue.c
  lib/gssapi/mechglue/g_imp_name.c
  lib/gssapi/mechglue/g_imp_sec_context.c

lib/gssapi/mechglue/g_init_sec_context.c
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g_initialize.c
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g_inquire_context.c
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g_inquire_cred.c
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g_inquire_names.c
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g_process_context.c
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g_rel_buffer.c
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g_rel_cred.c
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g_rel_name.c
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g_rel_oid_set.c
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g_seal.c
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g_sign.c
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g_store_cred.c
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g_unseal.c
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g_userok.c
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g_utils.c
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g_verify.c
lib/gssapi/mechglue/gssd_pname_to_uid.c
lib/gssapi/mechglue/mglueP.h
lib/gssapi/mechglue/oid_ops.c
lib/gssapi/spnego/gssapiP_spnego.h
lib/gssapi/spnego/spnego_mech.c

and the initial implementation of incremental propagation, including
the following new or changed files:

.. parsed-literal::

include/iprop_hdr.h
kadmin/server/ipropd_svc.c
lib/kdb/iprop.x
lib/kdb/kdb_convert.c
lib/kdb/kdb_log.c
lib/kdb/kdb_log.h
lib/krb5/error_tables/kdb5_err.et
slave/kpropd_rpc.c
slave/kproplog.c

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The implementations of GSSAPI mechglue in GSSAPI-SPNEGO in "src/lib/gssapi", including the following files:

lib/gssapi/generic/gssapi_err_generic.et
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g_accept_sec_context.c
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g_acquire_cred.c
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g_canon_name.c
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g_compare_name.c
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g_context_time.c
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g_delete_sec_context.c
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g_dsp_name.c
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g_dsp_status.c
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g_dup_name.c
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g_exp_sec_context.c
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g_export_name.c
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g_glue.c
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g_imp_name.c
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g_imp_sec_context.c
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g_init_sec_context.c
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g_initialize.c
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g_inquire_context.c
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g_inquire_cred.c
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g_inquire_names.c
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g_process_context.c
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g_rel_buffer.c
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g_rel_cred.c
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g_rel_name.c
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g_rel_oid_set.c

lib/gssapi/mechglue/g_seal.c
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g_sign.c
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g_store_cred.c
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g_unseal.c
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g_userok.c
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g_utils.c
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g_verify.c
lib/gssapi/mechglue/gssd_pname_to_uid.c
lib/gssapi/mechglue/mglueP.h
lib/gssapi/mechglue/oid_ops.c
lib/gssapi/spnego/gssapiP_spnego.h
lib/gssapi/spnego/spnego_mech.c

and the initial implementation of incremental propagation, including
the following new or changed files:

include/iprop_hdr.h
kadmin/server/ipropd_svc.c
lib/kdb/iprop.x
lib/kdb/kdb_convert.c
lib/kdb/kdb_log.c
lib/kdb/kdb_log.h
lib/krb5/error_tables/kdb5_err.et
slave/kpropd_rpc.c
slave/kproplog.c

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@item
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@item
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@item
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When a ``work that uses the Library'' uses material from a header file that is part of the Library, the object code for the work may be a derivative work of the Library even though the source code is not. Whether this is true is especially significant if the work can be linked without the Library, or if the work is itself a library. The threshold for this to be true is not precisely defined by law.

If such an object file uses only numerical parameters, data structure layouts and accessors, and small macros and small inline functions (ten lines or less in length), then the use of the object file is unrestricted, regardless of whether it is legally a derivative work. (Executables containing this object code plus portions of the Library will still fall under Section 6.)

Otherwise, if the work is a derivative of the Library, you may distribute the object code for the work under the terms of Section 6. Any executables containing that work also fall under Section 6, whether or not they are linked directly with the Library itself.

@item
As an exception to the Sections above, you may also combine or link a ``work that uses the Library'' with the Library to produce a work containing portions of the Library, and distribute that work under terms of your choice, provided that the terms permit modification of the work for the customer's own use and reverse engineering for debugging such modifications.

You must give prominent notice with each copy of the work that the Library is used in it and that the Library and its use are covered by this License. You must supply a copy of this License. If the work during execution displays copyright notices, you must include the copyright notice for the Library among them, as well as a reference directing the user to the copy of this License. Also, you must do one of these things:

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@item
Accompany the work with the complete corresponding machine-readable source code for the Library including whatever changes were used in the work (which must be distributed under Sections 1 and 2 above); and, if the work is an executable linked with the Library, with the complete machine-readable ``work that uses the Library'', as object code and/or source code, so that the user can modify the Library and then relink to produce a modified executable containing the modified Library. (It is understood that the user who changes the contents of definitions files in the Library will not necessarily be able to recompile the application

to use the modified definitions.)

@item
Use a suitable shared library mechanism for linking with the Library. A suitable mechanism is one that (1) uses at run time a copy of the library already present on the user's computer system, rather than copying library functions into the executable, and (2) will operate properly with a modified version of the library, if the user installs one, as long as the modified version is interface-compatible with the version that the work was made with.

@item
Accompany the work with a written offer, valid for at least three years, to give the same user the materials specified in Subsection 6a, above, for a charge no more than the cost of performing this distribution.

@item
If distribution of the work is made by offering access to copy from a designated place, offer equivalent access to copy the above specified materials from the same place.

@item
Verify that the user has already received a copy of these materials or that you have already sent this user a copy.
@end enumerate

For an executable, the required form of the ``work that uses the Library" must include any data and utility programs needed for reproducing the executable from it. However, as a special exception, the materials to be distributed need not include anything that is normally distributed (in either source or binary form) with the major components (compiler, kernel, and so on) of the operating system on which the executable runs, unless that component itself accompanies the executable.

It may happen that this requirement contradicts the license restrictions of other proprietary libraries that do not normally accompany the operating system. Such a contradiction means you cannot use both them and the Library together in an executable that you distribute.

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You may place library facilities that are a work based on the Library side-by-side in a single library together with other library facilities not covered by this License, and distribute such a combined library, provided that the separate distribution of the work based on the Library and of the other library facilities is otherwise

permitted, and provided that you do these two things:

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Accompany the combined library with a copy of the same work
based on the Library, uncombined with any other library
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Give prominent notice with the combined library of the fact
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@end enumerate

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@heading END OF TERMS AND CONDITIONS
@end iftex
@ifinfo
@center END OF TERMS AND CONDITIONS

@end ifinfo

@page
@appendixsubsec How to Apply These Terms to Your New Libraries

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@var{signature of Ty Coon}, 1 April 1990
Ty Coon, President of Vice

@end smallexample

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The precise terms and conditions for copying, distribution and modification follow. Pay close attention to the difference between a "work based on the library" and a "work that uses the library". The former contains code derived from the library, whereas the latter must be combined with the library in order to run.

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"Source code" for a work means the preferred form of the work for making modifications to it. For a library, complete source code means all the source code for all modules it contains, plus any associated interface definition files, plus the scripts used to control

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b) You must cause the files modified to carry prominent notices stating that you changed the files and the date of any change.

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d) If a facility in the modified Library refers to a function or a table of data to be supplied by an application program that uses the facility, other than as an argument passed when the facility is invoked, then you must make a good faith effort to ensure that, in the event an application does not supply such function or table, the facility still operates, and performs whatever part of its purpose remains meaningful.

(For example, a function in a library to compute square roots has a purpose that is entirely well-defined independent of the application. Therefore, Subsection 2d requires that any application-supplied function or table used by this function must be optional: if the application does not supply it, the square

root function must still compute square roots.)

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Thus, it is not the intent of this section to claim rights or contest your rights to work written entirely by you; rather, the intent is to exercise the right to control the distribution of derivative or collective works based on the Library.

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If distribution of object code is made by offering access to copy from a designated place, then offering equivalent access to copy the

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5. A program that contains no derivative of any portion of the Library, but is designed to work with the Library by being compiled or linked with it, is called a "work that uses the Library". Such a work, in isolation, is not a derivative work of the Library, and therefore falls outside the scope of this License.

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When a "work that uses the Library" uses material from a header file that is part of the Library, the object code for the work may be a derivative work of the Library even though the source code is not. Whether this is true is especially significant if the work can be linked without the Library, or if the work is itself a library. The threshold for this to be true is not precisely defined by law.

If such an object file uses only numerical parameters, data structure layouts and accessors, and small macros and small inline functions (ten lines or less in length), then the use of the object file is unrestricted, regardless of whether it is legally a derivative work. (Executables containing this object code plus portions of the Library will still fall under Section 6.)

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1.58 libfastjson 0.99.4 :2.el7

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1.59 libffi 3.0.13 :18.el7

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1.60 libffi_GPLv3 3.0.13 :18.el7

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Although the Lesser General Public License is Less protective of the users' freedom, it does ensure that the user of a program that is linked with the Library has the freedom and the wherewithal to run that program using a modified version of the Library.

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A "library" means a collection of software functions and/or data prepared so as to be conveniently linked with application programs (which use some of those functions and data) to form executables.

The "Library", below, refers to any such software library or work which has been distributed under these terms. A "work based on the Library" means either the Library or any derivative work under copyright law: that is to say, a work containing the Library or a portion of it, either verbatim or with modifications and/or translated straightforwardly into another language. (Hereinafter, translation is included without limitation in the term "modification".)

"Source code" for a work means the preferred form of the work for making modifications to it. For a library, complete source code means all the source code for all modules it contains, plus any associated interface definition files, plus the scripts used to control compilation and installation of the library.

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(For example, a function in a library to compute square roots has a purpose that is entirely well-defined independent of the application. Therefore, Subsection 2d requires that any application-supplied function or table used by this function must be optional: if the application does not supply it, the square root function must still compute square roots.)

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However, linking a "work that uses the Library" with the Library creates an executable that is a derivative of the Library (because it contains portions of the Library), rather than a "work that uses the library". The executable is therefore covered by this License. Section 6 states terms for distribution of such executables.

When a "work that uses the Library" uses material from a header file that is part of the Library, the object code for the work may be a derivative work of the Library even though the source code is not. Whether this is true is especially significant if the work can be linked without the Library, or if the work is itself a library. The threshold for this to be true is not precisely defined by law.

If such an object file uses only numerical parameters, data structure layouts and accessors, and small macros and small inline functions (ten lines or less in length), then the use of the object file is unrestricted, regardless of whether it is legally a derivative work. (Executables containing this object code plus portions of the Library will still fall under Section 6.)

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d) If a facility in the modified Library refers to a function or a table of data to be supplied by an application program that uses the facility, other than as an argument passed when the facility is invoked, then you must make a good faith effort to ensure that, in the event an application does not supply such function or table, the facility still operates, and performs whatever part of its purpose remains meaningful.

(For example, a function in a library to compute square roots has a purpose that is entirely well-defined independent of the application. Therefore, Subsection 2d requires that any application-supplied function or table used by this function must be optional: if the application does not supply it, the square root function must still compute square roots.)

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If distribution of object code is made by offering access to copy from a designated place, then offering equivalent access to copy the source code from the same place satisfies the requirement to distribute the source code, even though third parties are not compelled to copy the source along with the object code.

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1.65 libnetfilter_conntrack 1.0.6 :1.el7_3

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(For example, a function in a library to compute square roots has a purpose that is entirely well-defined independent of the application. Therefore, Subsection 2d requires that any application-supplied function or table used by this function must be optional: if the application does not supply it, the square root function must still compute square roots.)

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4. You may copy and distribute the Library (or a portion or derivative of it, under Section 2) in object code or executable form under the terms of Sections 1 and 2 above provided that you accompany it with the complete corresponding machine-readable source code, which must be distributed under the terms of Sections 1 and 2 above on a medium customarily used for software interchange.

If distribution of object code is made by offering access to copy from a designated place, then offering equivalent access to copy the source code from the same place satisfies the requirement to distribute the source code, even though third parties are not compelled to copy the source along with the object code.

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When a "work that uses the Library" uses material from a header file that is part of the Library, the object code for the work may be a derivative work of the Library even though the source code is not. Whether this is true is especially significant if the work can be linked without the Library, or if the work is itself a library. The threshold for this to be true is not precisely defined by law.

If such an object file uses only numerical parameters, data structure layouts and accessors, and small macros and small inline functions (ten lines or less in length), then the use of the object file is unrestricted, regardless of whether it is legally a derivative work. (Executables containing this object code plus portions of the Library will still fall under Section 6.)

Otherwise, if the work is a derivative of the Library, you may distribute the object code for the work under the terms of Section 6. Any executables containing that work also fall under Section 6, whether or not they are linked directly with the Library itself.

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For an executable, the required form of the "work that uses the Library" must include any data and utility programs needed for reproducing the executable from it. However, as a special exception, the materials to be distributed need not include anything that is normally distributed (in either source or binary form) with the major components (compiler, kernel, and so on) of the operating system on which the executable runs, unless that component itself accompanies the executable.

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(For example, a function in a library to compute square roots has a purpose that is entirely well-defined independent of the application. Therefore, Subsection 2d requires that any application-supplied function or table used by this function must be optional: if the application does not supply it, the square root function must still compute square roots.)

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1.74 libuser 0.60 :9.el7

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1.78 logrotate 3.8.6 :15.el7

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1.82 make 3.82 :23.el7

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END OF TERMS AND CONDITIONS

Appendix: How to Apply These Terms to Your New Libraries

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To apply these terms, attach the following notices to the library. It is safest to attach them to the start of each source file to most effectively convey the exclusion of warranty; and each file should have at least the "copyright" line and a pointer to where the full notice is found.

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Some devices are designed to deny users access to install or run modified versions of the software inside them, although the manufacturer can do so. This is fundamentally incompatible with the aim of protecting users' freedom to change the software. The systematic pattern of such abuse occurs in the area of products for individuals to

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1.91 openssh 7.4p1 :16.el7

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*/

#ifndef HAVE_SETRESGID
int setresgid(gid_t, gid_t, gid_t);
#endif
#ifndef HAVE_SETRESUID
int setresuid(uid_t, uid_t, uid_t);
#endif
/* $OpenBSD: poll.h,v 1.11 2003/12/10 23:10:08 millert Exp $ */

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*/

/* OPENBSD ORIGINAL: sys/sys/poll.h */

#if !defined(HAVE_POLL) && !defined(HAVE_POLL_H)
#ifndef _COMPAT_POLL_H_
#define _COMPAT_POLL_H_

typedef struct pollfd {
 int  fd;
 short events;
 short revents;
} pollfd_t;

typedef unsigned int nfds_t;

#define POLLIN  0x0001
#define POLLOUT  0x0004
#define POLLERR  0x0008
#define POLLHUP  0x0010
#define POLLNVAL 0x0020
#if 0
/* the following are currently not implemented */
#define POLLPRI  0x0002
#define POLLRDNORM 0x0040
#define POLLNORM POLLRDNORM
#define POLLWRNORM      POLLOUT
#define POLLRDBAND 0x0080
#define POLLWRBAND 0x0100
#endif
```

```
#define INFTIM  (-1) /* not standard */

int   poll(struct pollfd *, nfds_t, int);
#endif /* !_COMPAT_POLL_H_ */
#endif /* !HAVE_POLL_H */
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*/

#ifndef _BSD_WAITPID_H
#define _BSD_WAITPID_H

#ifndef HAVE_WAITPID
/* Clean out any potental issues */
#undef WIFEXITED
#undef WIFSTOPPED
#undef WIFSIGNALED

/* Define required functions to mimic a POSIX look and feel */
#define _W_INT(w) (*(int*)&(w)) /* convert union wait to int */
#define WIFEXITED(w) (!((_W_INT(w)) & 0377))
#define WIFSTOPPED(w) ((_W_INT(w)) & 0100)
#define WIFSIGNALED(w) (!WIFEXITED(w) && !WIFSTOPPED(w))
#define WEXITSTATUS(w) (int)(WIFEXITED(w) ? ((_W_INT(w) >> 8) & 0377) : -1)
#define WTERMSIG(w) (int)(WIFSIGNALED(w) ? (_W_INT(w) & 0177) : -1)
#define WCOREFLAG 0x80
```

```
#define WCOREDUMP(w)  ((_W_INT(w)) & WCOREFLAG)

/* Prototype */
pid_t waitpid(int, int *, int);

#endif /* !HAVE_WAITPID */
#endif /* _BSD_WAITPID_H */
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*
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* @author Antoon Bosselaers <antoon.bosselaers@esat.kuleuven.ac.be>
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------
$OpenBSD: LICENCE,v 1.19 2004/08/30 09:18:08 markus Exp $
diff -up openssh-7.4p1/sftp-server.8.sftp-force-mode openssh-7.4p1/sftp-server.8
--- openssh-7.4p1/sftp-server.8.sftp-force-mode 2016-12-19 05:59:41.000000000 +0100
+++ openssh-7.4p1/sftp-server.8 2017-02-09 10:35:41.926475399 +0100
@@ -38,6 +38,7 @@
.Op Fl P Ar blacklisted_requests
.Op Fl p Ar whitelisted_requests
.Op Fl u Ar umask
+.Op Fl m Ar force_file_perms
.Ek
.Nm
.Fl Q Ar protocol_feature
@@ -138,6 +139,10 @@ Sets an explicit
.Xr umask 2
to be applied to newly-created files and directories, instead of the
user's default mask.
+.It Fl m Ar force_file_perms
+Sets explicit file permissions to be applied to newly-created files instead
+of the default or client requested mode.  Numeric values include:
+777, 755, 750, 666, 644, 640, etc.  Option -u is ineffective if -m is set.
.El
.Pp
On some systems,
diff -up openssh-7.4p1/sftp-server.c.sftp-force-mode openssh-7.4p1/sftp-server.c
--- openssh-7.4p1/sftp-server.c.sftp-force-mode 2017-02-09 10:22:36.498019921 +0100
+++ openssh-7.4p1/sftp-server.c 2017-02-09 10:35:07.190520959 +0100
@@ -65,6 +65,10 @@ struct sshbuf *oqueue;
/* Version of client */
static u_int version;

+/* Force file permissions */
+int permforce = 0;
+long permforcemode;
+
/* SSH2_FXP_INIT received */
static int init_done;

@@ -679,6 +683,7 @@ process_open(u_int32_t id)
```

```
 Attrib a;
 char *name;
 int r, handle, fd, flags, mode, status = SSH2_FX_FAILURE;
+ mode_t old_umask = 0;

 if ((r = sshbuf_get_cstring(iqueue, &name, NULL)) != 0 ||
     (r = sshbuf_get_u32(iqueue, &pflags)) != 0 || /* portable flags */
@@ -688,6 +693,10 @@ process_open(u_int32_t id)
 debug3("request %u: open flags %d", id, pflags);
 flags = flags_from_portable(pflags);
 mode = (a.flags & SSH2_FILEXFER_ATTR_PERMISSIONS) ? a.perm : 0666;
+ if (permforce == 1) {    /* Force perm if -m is set */
+  mode = permforcemode;
+  old_umask = umask(0); /* so umask does not interfere */
+ }
 logit("open \"%s\" flags %s mode 0%o",
     name, string_from_portable(pflags), mode);
 if (readonly &&
@@ -709,6 +718,8 @@ process_open(u_int32_t id)
   }
  }
 }
+ if (permforce == 1)
+  (void) umask(old_umask); /* restore umask to something sane */
 if (status != SSH2_FX_OK)
  send_status(id, status);
 free(name);
@@ -1490,7 +1501,7 @@ sftp_server_usage(void)
 fprintf(stderr,
     "usage: %s [-ehR] [-d start_directory] [-f log_facility] "
     "[-l log_level]\n\t[-P blacklisted_requests] "
-    "[-p whitelisted_requests] [-u umask]\n"
+    "[-p whitelisted_requests] [-u umask] [-m force_file_perms]\n"
     "       %s -Q protocol_feature\n",
     __progname, __progname);
 exit(1);
@@ -1516,7 +1527,7 @@ sftp_server_main(int argc, char **argv,
 pw = pwcopy(user_pw);

 while (!skipargs && (ch = getopt(argc, argv,
-    "d:f:l:P:p:Q:u:cehR")) != -1) {
+    "d:f:l:P:p:Q:u:m:cehR")) != -1) {
  switch (ch) {
  case 'Q':
   if (strcasecmp(optarg, "requests") != 0) {
@@ -1576,6 +1587,15 @@ sftp_server_main(int argc, char **argv,
    fatal("Invalid umask \"%s\"", optarg);
   (void)umask((mode_t)mask);
```

```
   break;
+  case 'm':
+   /* Force permissions on file received via sftp */
+   permforce = 1;
+   permforcemode = strtol(optarg, &cp, 8);
+   if (permforcemode < 0 || permforcemode > 0777 ||
+       *cp != '\0' || (permforcemode == 0 &&
+       errno != 0))
+    fatal("Invalid file mode \"%s\"", optarg);
+   break;
   case 'h':
   default:
    sftp_server_usage();
```

This package was debianized by Jamie Beverly <soupboy@sourceforge.net> on
Wed, 13 Jan 2010 01:08:49 +0300.

It was downloaded from http://pamsshagentauth.sf.net/

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/* OPENBSD ORIGINAL: sys/sys/poll.h */

#if !defined(HAVE_POLL) && !defined(HAVE_POLL_H)
#ifndef _COMPAT_POLL_H_
#define _COMPAT_POLL_H_

typedef struct pollfd {
 int  fd;
 short events;
 short revents;
} pollfd_t;

typedef unsigned int nfds_t;

#define POLLIN  0x0001
#define POLLOUT  0x0004
#define POLLERR  0x0008
#if 0
```

```
/* the following are currently not implemented */
#define POLLPRI  0x0002
#define POLLHUP  0x0010
#define POLLNVAL 0x0020
#define POLLRDNORM 0x0040
#define POLLNORM POLLRDNORM
#define POLLWRNORM      POLLOUT
#define POLLRDBAND 0x0080
#define POLLWRBAND 0x0100
#endif

#define INFTIM  (-1) /* not standard */

int   poll(struct pollfd *, nfds_t, int);
#endif /* !_COMPAT_POLL_H_ */
#endif /* !HAVE_POLL_H */
/* $Id: bsd-waitpid.h,v 1.5 2003/08/29 16:59:52 mouring Exp $ */

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*/

#ifndef _BSD_WAITPID_H
#define _BSD_WAITPID_H

#ifndef HAVE_WAITPID
/* Clean out any potental issues */
```

```
#undef WIFEXITED
#undef WIFSTOPPED
#undef WIFSIGNALED

/* Define required functions to mimic a POSIX look and feel */
#define _W_INT(w) (*(int*)&(w)) /* convert union wait to int */
#define WIFEXITED(w) (!((_W_INT(w)) & 0377))
#define WIFSTOPPED(w) ((_W_INT(w)) & 0100)
#define WIFSIGNALED(w) (!WIFEXITED(w) && !WIFSTOPPED(w))
#define WEXITSTATUS(w) (int)(WIFEXITED(w) ? ((_W_INT(w) >> 8) & 0377) : -1)
#define WTERMSIG(w) (int)(WIFSIGNALED(w) ? (_W_INT(w) & 0177) : -1)
#define WCOREFLAG 0x80
#define WCOREDUMP(w)  ((_W_INT(w)) & WCOREFLAG)

/* Prototype */
pid_t waitpid(int, int *, int);

#endif /* !HAVE_WAITPID */
#endif /* _BSD_WAITPID_H */
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1.102 pth 2.0.7 :23.el7

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==========

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In 1995, Guido continued his work on Python at the Corporation for National Research Initiatives (CNRI, see http://www.cnri.reston.va.us/) in Reston, Virginia where he released several versions of the software.

In May 2000, Guido and the Python core development team moved to BeOpen.com to form the BeOpen PythonLabs team. In October of the same year, the PythonLabs

team moved to Digital Creations (now Zope Corporation; see http://www.zope.com/). In 2001, the Python Software Foundation (PSF, see http://www.python.org/psf/) was formed, a non-profit organization created specifically to own Python-related Intellectual Property. Zope Corporation is a sponsoring member of the PSF.

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2.1.2	2.1.1	2002	PSF	yes
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2.3.5	2.3.4	2005	PSF	yes
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2.5.3	2.5.2	2008	PSF	yes
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2.6.2	2.6.1	2009	PSF	yes
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Mersenne Twister

The :mod:`_random` module includes code based on a download from http://www.math.sci.hiroshima-u.ac.jp/~m-mat/MT/MT2002/emt19937ar.html. The following are the verbatim comments from the original code::

A C-program for MT19937, with initialization improved 2002/1/26.
Coded by Takuji Nishimura and Makoto Matsumoto.

Before using, initialize the state by using init_genrand(seed)
or init_by_array(init_key, key_length).

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http://www.math.sci.hiroshima-u.ac.jp/~m-mat/MT/emt.html
email: m-mat @ math.sci.hiroshima-u.ac.jp (remove space)

Sockets

The :mod:`socket` module uses the functions, :func:`getaddrinfo`, and
:func:`getnameinfo`, which are coded in separate source files from the WIDE
Project, http://www.wide.ad.jp/. ::

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MD5 message digest algorithm

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L. Peter Deutsch
ghost@aladdin.com

Independent implementation of MD5 (RFC 1321).

This code implements the MD5 Algorithm defined in RFC 1321, whose
text is available at
    http://www.ietf.org/rfc/rfc1321.txt
The code is derived from the text of the RFC, including the test suite
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The original and principal author of md5.h is L. Peter Deutsch
<ghost@aladdin.com>. Other authors are noted in the change history
that follows (in reverse chronological order):

2002-04-13 lpd Removed support for non-ANSI compilers; removed
    references to Ghostscript; clarified derivation from RFC 1321;
    now handles byte order either statically or dynamically.
1999-11-04 lpd Edited comments slightly for automatic TOC extraction.
1999-10-18 lpd Fixed typo in header comment (ansi2knr rather than md5);
    added conditionalization for C++ compilation from Martin
    Purschke <purschke@bnl.gov>.
1999-05-03 lpd Original version.

Asynchronous socket services

The :mod:`asynchat` and :mod:`asyncore` modules contain the following notice::

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UUencode and UUdecode functions

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Modified by Jack Jansen, CWI, July 1995:
- Use binascii module to do the actual line-by-line conversion
between ascii and binary. This results in a 1000-fold speedup. The C

version is still 5 times faster, though.
- Arguments more compliant with Python standard

XML Remote Procedure Calls

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Python was created in the early 1990s by Guido van Rossum at Stichting
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principal author, although it includes many contributions from others.

In 1995, Guido continued his work on Python at the Corporation for
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In May 2000, Guido and the Python core development team moved to
BeOpen.com to form the BeOpen PythonLabs team. In October of the same
year, the PythonLabs team moved to Digital Creations (now Zope
Corporation, see http://www.zope.com). In 2001, the Python Software
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1.3 thru 1.5.2	1.2	1995-1999	CNRI	yes
1.6	1.5.2	2000	CNRI	no
2.0	1.6	2000	BeOpen.com	no
1.6.1	1.6	2001	CNRI	yes (2)
2.1	2.0+1.6.1	2001	PSF	no
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2.1.1	2.1+2.0.1	2001	PSF	yes
2.2	2.1.1	2001	PSF	yes
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2.6	2.5	2008	PSF	yes
2.6.1	2.6	2008	PSF	yes
2.6.2	2.6.1	2009	PSF	yes
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1.106 python-iniparse 0.4 :9.el7

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Python was created in the early 1990s by Guido van Rossum at Stichting Mathematisch Centrum (CWI, see http://www.cwi.nl) in the Netherlands as a successor of a language called ABC. Guido remains Python's principal author, although it includes many contributions from others.

In 1995, Guido continued his work on Python at the Corporation for National Research Initiatives (CNRI, see http://www.cnri.reston.va.us) in Reston, Virginia where he released several versions of the software.

In May 2000, Guido and the Python core development team moved to BeOpen.com to form the BeOpen PythonLabs team. In October of the same year, the PythonLabs team moved to Digital Creations (now Zope Corporation, see http://www.zope.com). In 2001, the Python Software Foundation (PSF, see http://www.python.org/psf/) was formed, a non-profit organization created specifically to own Python-related Intellectual Property. Zope Corporation is a sponsoring member of the PSF.

All Python releases are Open Source (see http://www.opensource.org for the Open Source Definition). Historically, most, but not all, Python releases have also been GPL-compatible; the table below summarizes the various releases.

Release	Derived from	Year	Owner	GPL-compatible? (1)
0.9.0 thru 1.2		1991-1995	CWI	yes
1.3 thru 1.5.2	1.2	1995-1999	CNRI	yes
1.6	1.5.2	2000	CNRI	no
2.0	1.6	2000	BeOpen.com	no
1.6.1	1.6	2001	CNRI	yes (2)
2.1	2.0+1.6.1	2001	PSF	no
2.0.1	2.0+1.6.1	2001	PSF	yes
2.1.1	2.1+2.0.1	2001	PSF	yes
2.2	2.1.1	2001	PSF	yes
2.1.2	2.1.1	2002	PSF	yes
2.1.3	2.1.2	2002	PSF	yes
2.2.1	2.2	2002	PSF	yes
2.2.2	2.2.1	2002	PSF	yes

2.2.3	2.2.2	2003	PSF	yes
2.3	2.2.2	2002-2003	PSF	yes
2.3.1	2.3	2002-2003	PSF	yes
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1.107 python-pycurl 7.19.0 :19.el7

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If such an object file uses only numerical parameters, data structure layouts and accessors, and small macros and small inline functions (ten lines or less in length), then the use of the object file is unrestricted, regardless of whether it is legally a derivative work. (Executables containing this object code plus portions of the Library will still fall under Section 6.)

Otherwise, if the work is a derivative of the Library, you may distribute the object code for the work under the terms of Section 6. Any executables containing that work also fall under Section 6, whether or not they are linked directly with the Library itself.

6. As an exception to the Sections above, you may also combine or link a "work that uses the Library" with the Library to produce a work containing portions of the Library, and distribute that work under terms of your choice, provided that the terms permit modification of the work for the customer's own use and reverse engineering for debugging such modifications.

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b) Use a suitable shared library mechanism for linking with the Library. A suitable mechanism is one that (1) uses at run time a copy of the library already present on the user's computer system,

rather than copying library functions into the executable, and (2) will operate properly with a modified version of the library, if the user installs one, as long as the modified version is interface-compatible with the version that the work was made with.

c) Accompany the work with a written offer, valid for at least three years, to give the same user the materials specified in Subsection 6a, above, for a charge no more than the cost of performing this distribution.

d) If distribution of the work is made by offering access to copy from a designated place, offer equivalent access to copy the above specified materials from the same place.

e) Verify that the user has already received a copy of these materials or that you have already sent this user a copy.

For an executable, the required form of the "work that uses the Library" must include any data and utility programs needed for reproducing the executable from it. However, as a special exception, the materials to be distributed need not include anything that is normally distributed (in either source or binary form) with the major components (compiler, kernel, and so on) of the operating system on which the executable runs, unless that component itself accompanies the executable.

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1.108 python-urlgrabber 3.10 :8.el7

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This option is useful when you wish to copy part of the code of the Library into a program that is not a library.

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1.109 pyxattr 0.5.1 :5.el7

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(For example, a function in a library to compute square roots has a purpose that is entirely well-defined independent of the application. Therefore, Subsection 2d requires that any application-supplied function or table used by this function must be optional: if the application does not supply it, the square root function must still compute square roots.)

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If such an object file uses only numerical parameters, data structure layouts and accessors, and small macros and small inline functions (ten lines or less in length), then the use of the object file is unrestricted, regardless of whether it is legally a derivative work. (Executables containing this object code plus portions of the Library will still fall under Section 6.)

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1.110 qrencode 3.4.1 :3.el7

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1. Source Code.

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1.115 sed 4.2.2 :5.el7

1.115.1 Available under license :

```
============
Test 1.1:101
============
Testing argument parsing
First type
e1_l1_1
e1_l1_1
e1_l1_2
e1_l1_2
e1_l1_3
e1_l1_3
e1_l1_4
e1_l1_4
e1_l1_5
e1_l1_5
e1_l1_6
e1_l1_6
e1_l1_7
e1_l1_7
e1_l1_8
e1_l1_8
e1_l1_9
e1_l1_9
```

e1_l1_10
e1_l1_10
e1_l1_11
e1_l1_11
e1_l1_12
e1_l1_12
e1_l1_13
e1_l1_13
e1_l1_14
e1_l1_14

==========
Test 1.2:102
==========
e1_l1_1
e1_l1_2
e1_l1_3
e1_l1_4
e1_l1_5
e1_l1_6
e1_l1_7
e1_l1_8
e1_l1_9
e1_l1_10
e1_l1_11
e1_l1_12
e1_l1_13
e1_l1_14

==========
Test 1.3:103
==========
e1_l1_1
e1_l1_1
e1_l1_2
e1_l1_2
e1_l1_3
e1_l1_3
e1_l1_4
e1_l1_4
e1_l1_5
e1_l1_5
e1_l1_6
e1_l1_6
e1_l1_7
e1_l1_7
e1_l1_8
e1_l1_8

e1_l1_9
e1_l1_9
e1_l1_10
e1_l1_10
e1_l1_11
e1_l1_11
e1_l1_12
e1_l1_12
e1_l1_13
e1_l1_13
e1_l1_14
e1_l1_14

==========
Test 1.4:104
==========
e1_l1_1
e1_l1_2
e1_l1_3
e1_l1_4
e1_l1_5
e1_l1_6
e1_l1_7
e1_l1_8
e1_l1_9
e1_l1_10
e1_l1_11
e1_l1_12
e1_l1_13
e1_l1_14
Second type

==========
Test 1.4.1:105
==========
l1_1
l1_2
l1_3
l1_4
l1_5
l1_6
l1_7
l1_8
l1_9
l1_10
l1_11
l1_12
l1_13

l1_14

==========
Test 1.5:106
==========
s1_l1_1
s1_l1_1
s1_l1_2
s1_l1_2
s1_l1_3
s1_l1_3
s1_l1_4
s1_l1_4
s1_l1_5
s1_l1_5
s1_l1_6
s1_l1_6
s1_l1_7
s1_l1_7
s1_l1_8
s1_l1_8
s1_l1_9
s1_l1_9
s1_l1_10
s1_l1_10
s1_l1_11
s1_l1_11
s1_l1_12
s1_l1_12
s1_l1_13
s1_l1_13
s1_l1_14
s1_l1_14

==========
Test 1.6:107
==========
s1_l1_1
s1_l1_1
s1_l1_2
s1_l1_2
s1_l1_3
s1_l1_3
s1_l1_4
s1_l1_4
s1_l1_5
s1_l1_5
s1_l1_6

s1_l1_6
s1_l1_7
s1_l1_7
s1_l1_8
s1_l1_8
s1_l1_9
s1_l1_9
s1_l1_10
s1_l1_10
s1_l1_11
s1_l1_11
s1_l1_12
s1_l1_12
s1_l1_13
s1_l1_13
s1_l1_14
s1_l1_14

==========
Test 1.7:108
==========
e1_l1_1
e1_l1_1
e1_l1_2
e1_l1_2
e1_l1_3
e1_l1_3
e1_l1_4
e1_l1_4
e1_l1_5
e1_l1_5
e1_l1_6
e1_l1_6
e1_l1_7
e1_l1_7
e1_l1_8
e1_l1_8
e1_l1_9
e1_l1_9
e1_l1_10
e1_l1_10
e1_l1_11
e1_l1_11
e1_l1_12
e1_l1_12
e1_l1_13
e1_l1_13
e1_l1_14

e1_l1_14

==========
Test 1.8:109
==========
e1_l1_1
e1_l1_1
e1_l1_2
e1_l1_2
e1_l1_3
e1_l1_3
e1_l1_4
e1_l1_4
e1_l1_5
e1_l1_5
e1_l1_6
e1_l1_6
e1_l1_7
e1_l1_7
e1_l1_8
e1_l1_8
e1_l1_9
e1_l1_9
e1_l1_10
e1_l1_10
e1_l1_11
e1_l1_11
e1_l1_12
e1_l1_12
e1_l1_13
e1_l1_13
e1_l1_14
e1_l1_14

==========
Test 1.9:110
==========
s1_l1_1
s1_l1_2
s1_l1_3
s1_l1_4
s1_l1_5
s1_l1_6
s1_l1_7
s1_l1_8
s1_l1_9
s1_l1_10
s1_l1_11

s1_l1_12
s1_l1_13
s1_l1_14

==========
Test 1.10:111
==========
s1_l1_1
s1_l1_2
s1_l1_3
s1_l1_4
s1_l1_5
s1_l1_6
s1_l1_7
s1_l1_8
s1_l1_9
s1_l1_10
s1_l1_11
s1_l1_12
s1_l1_13
s1_l1_14

==========
Test 1.11:112
==========
e1_l1_1
e1_l1_2
e1_l1_3
e1_l1_4
e1_l1_5
e1_l1_6
e1_l1_7
e1_l1_8
e1_l1_9
e1_l1_10
e1_l1_11
e1_l1_12
e1_l1_13
e1_l1_14

==========
Test 1.12:113
==========
e1_l1_1
e1_l1_2
e1_l1_3
e1_l1_4
e1_l1_5

e1_l1_6
e1_l1_7
e1_l1_8
e1_l1_9
e1_l1_10
e1_l1_11
e1_l1_12
e1_l1_13
e1_l1_14

==========
Test 1.13:114
==========
e1_l1_1
e2_e1_l1_1
e2_e1_l1_1
e1_l1_2
e2_e1_l1_2
e2_e1_l1_2
e1_l1_3
e2_e1_l1_3
e2_e1_l1_3
e1_l1_4
e2_e1_l1_4
e2_e1_l1_4
e1_l1_5
e2_e1_l1_5
e2_e1_l1_5
e1_l1_6
e2_e1_l1_6
e2_e1_l1_6
e1_l1_7
e2_e1_l1_7
e2_e1_l1_7
e1_l1_8
e2_e1_l1_8
e2_e1_l1_8
e1_l1_9
e2_e1_l1_9
e2_e1_l1_9
e1_l1_10
e2_e1_l1_10
e2_e1_l1_10
e1_l1_11
e2_e1_l1_11
e2_e1_l1_11
e1_l1_12
e2_e1_l1_12

e2_e1_l1_12
e1_l1_13
e2_e1_l1_13
e2_e1_l1_13
e1_l1_14
e2_e1_l1_14
e2_e1_l1_14

==========
Test 1.14:115
==========
s1_l1_1
s2_s1_l1_1
s2_s1_l1_1
s1_l1_2
s2_s1_l1_2
s2_s1_l1_2
s1_l1_3
s2_s1_l1_3
s2_s1_l1_3
s1_l1_4
s2_s1_l1_4
s2_s1_l1_4
s1_l1_5
s2_s1_l1_5
s2_s1_l1_5
s1_l1_6
s2_s1_l1_6
s2_s1_l1_6
s1_l1_7
s2_s1_l1_7
s2_s1_l1_7
s1_l1_8
s2_s1_l1_8
s2_s1_l1_8
s1_l1_9
s2_s1_l1_9
s2_s1_l1_9
s1_l1_10
s2_s1_l1_10
s2_s1_l1_10
s1_l1_11
s2_s1_l1_11
s2_s1_l1_11
s1_l1_12
s2_s1_l1_12
s2_s1_l1_12
s1_l1_13

s2_s1_l1_13
s2_s1_l1_13
s1_l1_14
s2_s1_l1_14
s2_s1_l1_14

==========
Test 1.15:116
==========
e1_l1_1
s1_e1_l1_1
s1_e1_l1_1
e1_l1_2
s1_e1_l1_2
s1_e1_l1_2
e1_l1_3
s1_e1_l1_3
s1_e1_l1_3
e1_l1_4
s1_e1_l1_4
s1_e1_l1_4
e1_l1_5
s1_e1_l1_5
s1_e1_l1_5
e1_l1_6
s1_e1_l1_6
s1_e1_l1_6
e1_l1_7
s1_e1_l1_7
s1_e1_l1_7
e1_l1_8
s1_e1_l1_8
s1_e1_l1_8
e1_l1_9
s1_e1_l1_9
s1_e1_l1_9
e1_l1_10
s1_e1_l1_10
s1_e1_l1_10
e1_l1_11
s1_e1_l1_11
s1_e1_l1_11
e1_l1_12
s1_e1_l1_12
s1_e1_l1_12
e1_l1_13
s1_e1_l1_13
s1_e1_l1_13

e1_l1_14
s1_e1_l1_14
s1_e1_l1_14

==========
Test 1.16:117
==========
e1_l1_1
e1_l1_1
e1_l1_2
e1_l1_2
e1_l1_3
e1_l1_3
e1_l1_4
e1_l1_4
e1_l1_5
e1_l1_5
e1_l1_6
e1_l1_6
e1_l1_7
e1_l1_7
e1_l1_8
e1_l1_8
e1_l1_9
e1_l1_9
e1_l1_10
e1_l1_10
e1_l1_11
e1_l1_11
e1_l1_12
e1_l1_12
e1_l1_13
e1_l1_13
e1_l1_14
e1_l1_14
e1_l1_1
e1_l1_1
e1_l1_2
e1_l1_2
e1_l1_3
e1_l1_3
e1_l1_4
e1_l1_4
e1_l1_5
e1_l1_5
e1_l1_6
e1_l1_6
e1_l1_7

e1_l1_7
e1_l1_8
e1_l1_8
e1_l1_9
e1_l1_9
e1_l1_10
e1_l1_10
e1_l1_11
e1_l1_11
e1_l1_12
e1_l1_12
e1_l1_13
e1_l1_13
e1_l1_14
e1_l1_14

==========
Test 1.17:118
==========
l1_1
l1_1
l1_2
l1_2
l1_3
l1_3
l1_4
l1_4
l1_5
l1_5
l1_6
l1_6
l1_7
l1_7
l1_8
l1_8
l1_9
l1_9
l1_10
l1_10
l1_11
l1_11
l1_12
l1_12
l1_13
l1_13
l1_14
l1_14

```
=============
Test 1.18:119
=============
l1_1
l1_2
l1_3
l1_4
l1_5
l1_6
l1_7
l1_8
l1_9
l1_10
l1_11
l1_12
l1_13
l1_14
Testing address ranges

============
Test 2.1:120
============
l1_4

============
Test 2.2:121
============
l2_6

============
Test 2.3:122
============
l1_14

============
Test 2.4:123
============
l2_9

============
Test 2.5:124
============

============
Test 2.6:125
============
l2_9
```

```
============
Test 2.7:126
============

============
Test 2.9:127
============
l1_7

=============
Test 2.10:128
=============
l1_7

=============
Test 2.11:129
=============
l1_7

=============
Test 2.12:130
=============
l1_1
l1_2
l1_3
l1_4

=============
Test 2.13:131
=============
l1_1
l1_2
l1_3
l1_4
l1_5
l1_6
l1_7
l1_8
l1_9
l1_10
l1_11
l1_12
l1_13
l1_14
l2_1
l2_2
l2_3
l2_4
```

l2_5
l2_6
l2_7
l2_8
l2_9

==========
Test 2.14:132
==========
l1_1
l1_2
l1_3
l1_4
l1_5
l1_6
l1_7
l1_8
l1_9
l1_10
l1_11
l1_12
l1_13
l1_14
l2_1
l2_2
l2_3
l2_4
l2_5
l2_6
l2_7
l2_8
l2_9

==========
Test 2.15:133
==========
l1_4
l1_5
l1_6
l1_7
l1_8
l1_9
l1_10
l1_11
l1_12
l1_13
l1_14
l2_1

l2_2
l2_3
l2_4
l2_5
l2_6
l2_7
l2_8
l2_9

==========
Test 2.16:134
==========
l1_4
l1_5
l1_6
l1_7
l1_8
l1_9
l1_10
l1_11
l1_12
l1_13
l1_14
l2_1
l2_2
l2_3
l2_4
l2_5
l2_6

==========
Test 2.17:135
==========
l1_4
l1_5
l1_6
l1_7
l1_8
l1_9
l1_10
l1_14
l2_1
l2_2
l2_3
l2_4
l2_5
l2_6
l2_7

l2_8
l2_9

==========
Test 2.18:136
==========
l2_3
l2_4
l2_5
l2_6
l2_7
l2_8
l2_9

==========
Test 2.19:137
==========
l1_12

==========
Test 2.20:138
==========
l1_7
Brace and other grouping

==========
Test 3.1:139
==========
l1_1
l1_2
l1_3
^l1T4$
^l1T5$
^l1T6$
^l1T7$
^l1T8$
^l1T9$
^l1T10$
^l1T11$
^l1T12$
l1_13
l1_14

==========
Test 3.2:140
==========
l1_1
l1_2

l1_3
^l1_4
^l1_5
^l1_6$
^l1_7$
^l1T8$
^l1_9$
^l1_10$
^l1_11
^l1_12
l1_13
l1_14

==========
Test 3.3:141
==========
^l1T1$
^l1T2$
^l1T3$
l1_4
l1_5
l1_6
l1_7
l1_8
l1_9
l1_10
l1_11
l1_12
^l1T13$
^l1T14$

==========
Test 3.4:142
==========
^l1_1
^l1_2
^l1_3
l1_4
l1_5
l1_6
l1_7
l1_8
l1_9
l1_10
l1_11
l1_12
^l1_13
^l1_14

Testing a c d and i commands

==========
Test 4.1:143
==========
before_il1_1
after_ibefore_il1_1
before_il1_2
after_ibefore_il1_2
before_il1_3
after_ibefore_il1_3
before_il1_4
after_ibefore_il1_4
before_il1_5
after_ibefore_il1_5
before_il1_6
after_ibefore_il1_6
before_il1_7
after_ibefore_il1_7
before_il1_8
after_ibefore_il1_8
before_il1_9
after_ibefore_il1_9
before_il1_10
after_ibefore_il1_10
before_il1_11
after_ibefore_il1_11
before_il1_12
after_ibefore_il1_12
before_il1_13
after_ibefore_il1_13
before_il1_14
after_ibefore_il1_14
before_il2_1
after_ibefore_il2_1
before_il2_2
after_ibefore_il2_2
before_il2_3
after_ibefore_il2_3
before_il2_4
after_ibefore_il2_4
before_il2_5
after_ibefore_il2_5
before_il2_6
inserted
after_ibefore_il2_6
before_il2_7
after_ibefore_il2_7

```
before_il2_8
after_ibefore_il2_8
before_il2_9
after_ibefore_il2_9

============
Test 4.2:144
============
before_al1_1
after_abefore_al1_1
before_al1_2
after_abefore_al1_2
before_al1_3
after_abefore_al1_3
before_al1_4
after_abefore_al1_4
before_a5-12l1_5
after_abefore_a5-12l1_5
appended
before_a5-12l1_6
after_abefore_a5-12l1_6
appended
before_a5-12l1_7
after_abefore_a5-12l1_7
appended
before_a5-12l1_8
after_abefore_a5-12l1_8
appended
before_a5-12l1_9
after_abefore_a5-12l1_9
appended
before_a5-12l1_10
after_abefore_a5-12l1_10
appended
before_a5-12l1_11
after_abefore_a5-12l1_11
appended
before_a5-12l1_12
after_abefore_a5-12l1_12
appended
before_al1_13
after_abefore_al1_13
before_al1_14
after_abefore_al1_14
before_al2_1
after_abefore_al2_1
before_al2_2
after_abefore_al2_2
```

before_al2_3
after_abefore_al2_3
before_al2_4
after_abefore_al2_4
before_al2_5
after_abefore_al2_5
before_al2_6
after_abefore_al2_6
before_al2_7
after_abefore_al2_7
before_al2_8
after_abefore_al2_8
before_al2_9
after_abefore_al2_9

==========
Test 4.3:145
==========
^l1_1
^l1_1$
appended
^l1_2
^l1_2$
appended
^l1_3
^l1_3$
appended
^l1_4
^l1_4$
appended
^l1_5
^l1_5$
appended
^l1_6
^l1_6$
appended
^l1_7
^l1_7$
appended
^l1_8
appended
^l1_8
l1_9$
^l1_10
appended
^l1_10
l1_11$
^l1_12

^l1_12$
appended
^l1_13
^l1_13$
appended
^l1_14
^l1_14$
appended
^l2_1
^l2_1$
^l2_2
^l2_2$
^l2_3
^l2_3$
^l2_4
^l2_4$
^l2_5
^l2_5$
^l2_6
^l2_6$
^l2_7
^l2_7$
^l2_8
^l2_8$
^l2_9
^l2_9$

==========
Test 4.4:146
==========
hello
hello
hello
hello
hello
hello
hello
hello
hello
hello
hello
hello
hello
hello

==========
Test 4.5:147
==========

hello

==========
Test 4.6:148
==========
hello

==========
Test 4.7:149
==========
hello

==========
Test 4.8:150
==========
Testing labels and branching

==========
Test 5.1:151
==========
label2_l1_1
label3_label2_l1_1
label1_l1_2
label1_l1_3
label1_l1_4
label1_l1_5
label1_l1_6
label1_l1_7
label1_l1_8
label1_l1_9
label1_l1_10
label1_l1_11
label1_l1_12
label2_l1_13
label3_label2_l1_13
label2_l1_14
label3_label2_l1_14

==========
Test 5.2:152
==========
tested l2_1
tested l2_2
tested l2_3
tested l2_4
tested l2_5
tested l2_6
tested l2_7

tested l2_8
tested l2_9
tested l2_10
tested l2_11
tested l2_12
tested l2_13
tested l2_14

==========
Test 5.3:153
==========
^l1_1
^l1_1$
^l1_2
^l1_2$
^l1_3
^l1_3$
^l1_4
^l1_4$
l1_5$
l1_6$
l1_7$
l1_8$

==========
Test 5.4:154
==========
^l1_1$
^l1_2$
^l1_3$
^l1_4$
^l1_5$
^l1_6$
^l1_7$
^l1_8$
l1_9$
l1_10$
l1_11$
l1_12$
l1_13$
l1_14$

==========
Test 5.5:155
==========
^l1_1
^l1_2
^l1_4

^l1_6
^l1_8

==========
Test 5.6:156
==========
l1_1
l1_2
l1_3
l1_4
l1_5

==========
Test 5.7:157
==========
l1_1
l1_2
l1_3
l1_4
hello
l1_5

==========
Test 5.8:158
==========
m1_1
m1_2
m1_3
m1_4
m1_5
m1_6
m1_7
m1_8
m1_9
m1_10
m1_11
m1_12
m1_13
m1_14
Pattern space commands

==========
Test 6.1:159
==========
changed
changed
changed
changed

changed
changed
changed
changed
changed
changed
changed
changed
changed
changed

==========
Test 6.2:160
==========
l1_1
l1_2
l1_3
l1_5
l1_6
l1_7
l1_8
l1_9
l1_10
l1_11
l1_12
l1_13
l1_14

==========
Test 6.3:161
==========
l1_5
l1_6
l1_7
l1_8
l1_9
l1_10
l1_11
l1_12
l1_13
l1_14

==========
Test 6.4:162
==========
l1_1
l1_2
l1_3

```
l1_2
l1_3
l1_5
l1_2
l1_3
l1_2
l1_3
l1_6
l1_6
l1_7
l1_8
l1_9
l1_10
l1_11
l1_12
l1_13
l1_14

============
Test 6.5:163
============
l1_1
l1_2
l1_3
l1_4
l1_5
l1_6
l1_7
l1_8
l1_9
l1_10
l1_11
l1_12
l1_13
l1_14

============
Test 6.6:164
============
Testing print and file routines

============
Test 7.1:165
============
\001\002\003\004\005\006\a\b\t$
\v\f\r\016\017\020\021\022\023\024\025\026\027\030\031\032\033\034\
\035\036\037 !"#$%&'()*+,-./0123456789:;<=>?@ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUVWX\
YZ[\\]^_`abcdefghijklmnopqrstuvwxyz{|}~\177\200\201\202\203\204\205\
```

```
\206\207\210\211\212\213\214\215\216\217\220\221\222\223\224\225\226\
\227\230\231\232\233\234\235\236\237\240\241\242\243\244\245\246\247\
\250\251\252\253\254\255\256\257\260\261\262\263\264\265\266\267\270\
\271\272\273\274\275\276\277\300\301\302\303\304\305\306\307\310\311\
\312\313\314\315\316\317\320\321\322\323\324\325\326\327\330\331\332\
\333\334\335\336\337\340\341\342\343\344\345\346\347\350\351\352\353\
\354\355\356\357\360\361\362\363\364\365\366\367\370\371\372\373\374\
\375\376\377$
$

============
Test 7.2:166
============
l1_1
l1_2
l1_3
l1_4
l1_5
l1_6
l1_7
l1_8
l1_9
l1_10
l1_11
l1_12
l1_13
l1_14
15
l2_1
16
l2_2
17
l2_3
18
l2_4
19
l2_5
20
l2_6
21
l2_7
22
l2_8
23
l2_9

============
Test 7.3:167
```

```
============
l1_1
l1_2
l1_3
l1_4
l1_5
l1_6
l1_7
l1_8
l1_9
l1_10
l1_11
l1_12
l1_13
l1_14
w results
l1_3
l1_4
l1_5
l1_6
l1_7
l1_8
l1_9
l1_10
l1_11
l1_12

============
Test 7.4:168
============
l1_1
l1_2
l1_3
l1_4
l2_1
l2_2
l2_3
l2_4
l2_5
l2_6
l2_7
l2_8
l2_9
l1_5
l1_6
l1_7
l1_8
l1_9
```

l1_10
l1_11
l1_12
l1_13
l1_14

==========
Test 7.5:169
==========
l1_1
l1_2
l1_3
l1_4
l1_5
l1_6
l1_7
l1_8
l1_9
l1_10
l1_11
l1_12
l1_13
l1_14

==========
Test 7.6:170
==========
l1_1
l1_2
l1_3
l1_4
l1_5
l1_6
l1_7
l1_8
l1_9
l1_10
l1_11
l1_12
l1_13
l1_14

==========
Test 7.8:171
==========

Testing substitution commands

============
Test 8.1:172
============
XXXX
XXXX
XXXX
XXXX
XXXX
XXXX
XXXX
XXXX
XXXX
XXXXX
XXXXX
XXXXX
XXXXX
XXXXX

============
Test 8.2:173
============
XXXX
XXXX
XXXX
XXXX
XXXX
XXXX
XXXX
XXXX
XXXX
XXXXX
XXXXX
XXXXX
XXXXX
XXXXX

============
Test 8.3:174
============
XXXX
XXXX
XXXX
XXXX
XXXX
XXXX
XXXX
XXXX
XXXX

XXXXX
XXXXX
XXXXX
XXXXX
XXXXX

==========
Test 8.4:175
==========
l1_1
l1_2
l1_3
l1_4
l1_5
l1_6
l1_7
l1_8
l1_9
l1_10
l1_11
l1_12
l1_13
l1_14

==========
Test 8.5:176
==========
l1X1
l1X2
l1X3
l1X4
l1X5
l1X6
l1X7
l1X8
l1X9
l1X10
l1X11
l1X12
l1X13
l1X14

==========
Test 8.6:177
==========
(l)(1)(_)(1)
(l)(1)(_)(2)
(l)(1)(_)(3)

(l)(1)(_)(4)
(l)(1)(_)(5)
(l)(1)(_)(6)
(l)(1)(_)(7)
(l)(1)(_)(8)
(l)(1)(_)(9)
(l)(1)(_)(1)(0)
(l)(1)(_)(1)(1)
(l)(1)(_)(1)(2)
(l)(1)(_)(1)(3)
(l)(1)(_)(1)(4)

==========
Test 8.7:178
==========
(&)(&)(&)(&)
(&)(&)(&)(&)
(&)(&)(&)(&)
(&)(&)(&)(&)
(&)(&)(&)(&)
(&)(&)(&)(&)
(&)(&)(&)(&)
(&)(&)(&)(&)
(&)(&)(&)(&)(&)
(&)(&)(&)(&)(&)
(&)(&)(&)(&)(&)
(&)(&)(&)(&)(&)
(&)(&)(&)(&)(&)

==========
Test 8.8:179
==========
x_x1xl1
x_x1xl2
x_x1xl3
x_x1xl4
x_x1xl5
x_x1xl6
x_x1xl7
x_x1xl8
x_x1xl9
x_x1xl10
x_x1xl11
x_x1xl12
x_x1xl13
x_x1xl14

```
============
Test 8.9:180
============
l1u0
u1
u21
l1u0
u1
u22
l1u0
u1
u23
l1u0
u1
u24
l1u0
u1
u25
l1u0
u1
u26
l1u0
u1
u27
l1u0
u1
u28
l1u0
u1
u29
l1u0
u1
u210
l1u0
u1
u211
l1u0
u1
u212
l1u0
u1
u213
l1u0
u1
u214

=============
Test 8.10:181
```

==========
l1_X
l1_X
l1_X
l1_X
l1_X
l1_X
l1_X
l1_X
l1_X
l1_X0
l1_X1
l1_X2
l1_X3
l1_X4

==========
Test 8.11:182
==========
lX_1
lX_2
lX_3
lX_4
lX_5
lX_6
lX_7
lX_8
lX_9
lX_10
lX_11
lX_12
lX_13
lX_14
s wfile results
lX_1
lX_2
lX_3
lX_4
lX_5
lX_6
lX_7
lX_8
lX_9
lX_10
lX_11
lX_12
lX_13
lX_14

==========
Test 8.12:183
==========
lX_X
lX_X
lX_X
lX_4
lX_5
lX_6
lX_7
lX_8
lX_9
lX_X0
lX_XX
lX_XX
lX_XX
lX_X4

==========
Test 8.13:184
==========
l8_8
l8_7
l8_6
l8_5
l8_4
l8_3
l8_2
l8_1
l8_0
l8_89
l8_88
l8_87
l8_86
l8_85

==========
Test 8.14:185
==========
l8_8
l8_7
l8_6
l8_5
l8_4
l8_3
l8_2
l8_1

l8_0
l8_89
l8_88
l8_87
l8_86
l8_85

==========
Test 8.15:186
==========
l1_1Xl1_2
l1_3
l1_4
l1_5
l1_6
l1_7
l1_8
l1_9
l1_10
l1_11
l1_12
l1_13
l1_14

==========
Test 8.16:187
==========
eeefff
Xeefff
XYefff
XYeYff
XYeYYf
XYeYYY
XYeYYY

==========
Test 8.17:188
==========
&&&&
&&&&
&&&&
&&&&
&&&&
&&&&
&&&&
&&&&
&&&&
&&&&&

&&&&&
&&&&&
&&&&&
&&&&&

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1.121 sudo 1.8.19p2 :13.el7

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Adler, Mark
Allbery, Russ
Anderson, Jamie
Andrew, Nick
Andric, Dimitry
Barron, Danny
Bates, Tom
Behan, Zdenk
Bellis, Ray
Benali, Elias
Beverly, Jamie
Boardman, Spider
Bostley, P.J.
Bowes, Keith
Boyce, Keith Garry
Brantley, Michael
Braun, Rob
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Brown, Jerry
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Burton, Ross
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Calvin, Gary
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Chazelas, Stephane
ek, Vtzslav
Coleman, Chris
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Hunter, Michael T.
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Kadow, Kevin
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Kienenberger, Mike
King, Dale
King, Michael
Klyachkin, Andrey
Knoble, Jim
Knox, Tim
Komarnitsky, Alek O.
Kondrashov, Nikolai
Kopeek, Daniel
Kranenburg, Paul
Krause, David
Lakin, Eric
Larsen, Case
Levin, Dmitry V.
Libby, Kendall
Lobbes, Phillip E.
McIntyre, Jason
MacKenzie, David J.
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Makey, Jeff
Marchionna, Michael D.
Markham, Paul
Martinian, Emin

Meskes, Michael
Michael, David
Miller, Todd C.
Minier, Loc
Moffat, Darren
Moldung, Jan Thomas
Morris, Charles
Mueller, Andreas
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Nieusma, Jeff
Nikitser, Peter A.
Nussel, Ludwig
Ouellet, Jean-Philippe
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Perera, Andres
Peron, Christian S.J.
Peschel, Aaron
Peslyak, Alexander
Peterson, Toby
Petten, Diego Elio
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Plotnick, Alex
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Reid, Steve
Richards, Matt
Rossum, Guido van
Rouillard, John P.
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The following people have worked to translate sudo into other languages:

Blttermann, Mario
Bogusz, Jakub
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Castro, Felipe
Cho, Seong-ho
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1.123 sysvinit 2.88 :14.dsf.el7

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The of the start-stop-daemon

* A rewrite of the original Debian's start-stop-daemon Perl script
* in C (faster - it is executed many times during system startup).
*
* Written by Marek Michalkiewicz <marekm@i17linuxb.ists.pwr.wroc.pl>,
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1.124 tar 1.26 :34.el7

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size: 8388608, sector size: 512, PT: dos, offset: 446, id=0x8f8378c0

#1: 32 7648 0x83
#2: 7680 8704 0xa5
#5: 7936 4864 0x7 (freebsd)
#6: 12544 3584 0x7 (freebsd)
Initialize empty image
f1c9645dbc14efddc7d8a322685f26eb bsd.img
Create new DOS partition table
57e721e38d1266c2df055067c18f2cf9 bsd.img

---layout----------
__ts_dev__: 10 MB, 10485760 bytes, 20480 sectors
Units = sectors of 1 * 512 = 512 bytes
Sector size (logical/physical): 512 bytes / 512 bytes
I/O size (minimum/optimal): 512 bytes / 512 bytes
Disk label type: dos
Disk identifier: 0x00000001

   Device Boot Start End Blocks Id System

Create 1st primary partition
ada64ace122978d00d1d1c0e5ee45d26 bsd.img

---layout----------
__ts_dev__: 10 MB, 10485760 bytes, 20480 sectors
Units = sectors of 1 * 512 = 512 bytes
Sector size (logical/physical): 512 bytes / 512 bytes
I/O size (minimum/optimal): 512 bytes / 512 bytes
Disk label type: dos
Disk identifier: 0x00000001

   Device Boot Start End Blocks Id System
__ts_dev__1 2048 4095 1024 83 Linux

Create 2st primary partition

1bebf87248e05d6e4e62b749da65d023 bsd.img
Set 2nd partition type
2d8e8dff51a88a045db233418dd73fbe bsd.img

---layout----------
__ts_dev__: 10 MB, 10485760 bytes, 20480 sectors
Units = sectors of 1 * 512 = 512 bytes
Sector size (logical/physical): 512 bytes / 512 bytes
I/O size (minimum/optimal): 512 bytes / 512 bytes
Disk label type: dos
Disk identifier: 0x00000001

Device	Boot	Start	End	Blocks	Id	System
__ts_dev__1		2048	4095	1024	83	Linux
__ts_dev__2		4096	20479	8192	a5	FreeBSD

Create default BSD
2e1cee529cb59c9341afef0443f196a1 bsd.img

---layout----------

Changes will remain in memory only, until you decide to write them.
Be careful before using the write command.

Command (m for help):

BSD disklabel command (m for help):
4 partitions:

#	start	end	size	fstype	[fsize	bsize	cpg]
c:	4096	20479	16384	unused	0	0	
d:	0	16064	16065	unused	0	0	

BSD disklabel command (m for help):
Command (m for help):
---

b5c121c2091b2ff26b880551feac7112 bsd.img

---layout----------

Changes will remain in memory only, until you decide to write them.
Be careful before using the write command.

Command (m for help):

BSD disklabel command (m for help):
4 partitions:

#	start	end	size	fstype	[fsize	bsize	cpg]
a:	4096	6144	2049	4.2BSD	0	0	0
c:	4096	20479	16384	unused	0	0	
d:	0	16064	16065	unused	0	0	

BSD disklabel command (m for help):
Command (m for help):

Changes will remain in memory only, until you decide to write them.
Be careful before using the write command.

Command (m for help):

BSD disklabel command (m for help):

0 unused	5 4.1BSD	9 4.4LFS	d boot
1 swap	6 Eighth Edition	a unknown	e ADOS
2 Version 6	7 4.2BSD	b HPFS	f HFS
3 Version 7	8 MS-DOS	c ISO-9660	10 AdvFS
4 System V			

BSD disklabel command (m for help):
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Also add information on how to contact you by electronic and paper mail.

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school, if any, to sign a "copyright disclaimer" for the library, if
necessary. Here is a sample; alter the names:

Yoyodyne, Inc., hereby disclaims all copyright interest in the
library `Frob' (a library for tweaking knobs) written by James Random Hacker.

<signature of Ty Coon>, 1 April 1990
Ty Coon, President of Vice

That's all there is to it!

1.133 vim 7.4.160 :4.el7

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*/

```
Arnaud LE HORS      BULL Research FRANCE -- Koala Project
                    (XPM - X PixMap format version 2 & 3)
  Internet:       lehors@sophia.inria.fr
Surface Mail:       Arnaud LE HORS, INRIA - Sophia Antipolis,
                    2004, route des Lucioles, 06565 Valbonne Cedex -- FRANCE
Voice phone:        (33) 93.65.77.71, Fax: (33) 93 65 77 66, Telex: 97 00 50 F
" Vim syntax file
" Language: Software Distributor product specification file
"  (POSIX 1387.2-1995).
" Maintainer: Rex Barzee <rex_barzee@hp.com>
" Last change: 25 Apr 2001

if version < 600
 " Remove any old syntax stuff hanging around
 syn clear
elseif exists("b:current_syntax")
 finish
endif

" Product specification files are case sensitive
syn case match

syn keyword psfObject bundle category control_file depot distribution
syn keyword psfObject end file fileset host installed_software media
syn keyword psfObject product root subproduct vendor

syn match  psfUnquotString +[^'"#  ][^#]*+ contained
syn region psfQuotString   start=+"+ skip=+\\"+ end=+"+ contained

syn match  psfObjTag    "\<[-_+A-Z0-9a-z]\+\(\.[-_+A-Z0-9a-z]\+\)*" contained
syn match  psfAttAbbrev ",\<\(fa\|fr\|[aclqrv]\)\(<\|>\|<=\|>=\|=\|==\)[^,]\+" contained
syn match  psfObjTags   "\<[-_+A-Z0-9a-z]\+\(\.[-_+A-Z0-9a-z]\+\)*\(\s\+\<[-_+A-Z0-9a-z]\+\(\.[-_+A-Z0-9a-
z]\+\)*\)*" contained

syn match  psfNumber    "\<\d\+\>" contained
syn match  psfFloat     "\<\d\+\>\(\.\<\d\+\>\)*" contained

syn match  psfLongDate  "\<\d\d\d\d\d\d\d\d\d\d\d\d\d\.\d\d\>" contained

syn keyword psfState    available configured corrupt installed transient contained
syn keyword psfPState   applied committed superseded contained

syn keyword psfBoolean  false true contained


"Some of the attributes covered by attUnquotString and attQuotString:
" architecture category_tag control_directory copyright
" create_date description directory file_permissions install_source
```

```
" install_type location machine_type mod_date number os_name os_release
" os_version pose_as_os_name pose_as_os_release readme revision
" share_link title vendor_tag
syn region psfAttUnquotString matchgroup=psfAttrib start=~^\s*[^#  ]\+\s\+[^#"  ]~rs=e-1
contains=psfUnquotString,psfComment end=~$~ keepend oneline

syn region psfAttQuotString matchgroup=psfAttrib start=~^\s*[^#  ]\+\s\+"~rs=e-1
contains=psfQuotString,psfComment skip=~\\"~ matchgroup=psfQuotString end=~"~ keepend


" These regions are defined in attempt to do syntax checking for some
" of the attributes.
syn region psfAttTag matchgroup=psfAttrib start="^\s*tag\s\+" contains=psfObjTag,psfComment end="$" keepend
oneline

syn region psfAttSpec matchgroup=psfAttrib
start="^\s*\(ancestor\|applied_patches\|applied_to\|contents\|corequisites\|exrequisites\|prerequisites\|software_spec\|
supersedes\|superseded_by\)\s\+" contains=psfObjTag,psfAttAbbrev,psfComment end="$" keepend

syn region psfAttTags matchgroup=psfAttrib start="^\s*all_filesets\s\+" contains=psfObjTags,psfComment end="$"
keepend

syn region psfAttNumber matchgroup=psfAttrib
start="^\s*\(compressed_size\|instance_id\|media_sequence_number\|sequence_number\|size\)\s\+"
contains=psfNumber,psfComment end="$" keepend oneline

syn region psfAttTime matchgroup=psfAttrib start="^\s*\(create_time\|ctime\|mod_time\|mtime\|timestamp\)\s\+"
contains=psfNumber,psfComment end="$" keepend oneline

syn region psfAttFloat matchgroup=psfAttrib start="^\s*\(data_model_revision\|layout_version\)\s\+"
contains=psfFloat,psfComment end="$" keepend oneline

syn region psfAttLongDate matchgroup=psfAttrib start="^\s*install_date\s\+" contains=psfLongDate,psfComment
end="$" keepend oneline

syn region psfAttState matchgroup=psfAttrib start="^\s*\(state\)\s\+" contains=psfState,psfComment end="$"
keepend oneline

syn region psfAttPState matchgroup=psfAttrib start="^\s*\(patch_state\)\s\+" contains=psfPState,psfComment
end="$" keepend oneline

syn region psfAttBoolean matchgroup=psfAttrib
start="^\s*\(is_kernel\|is_locatable\|is_patch\|is_protected\|is_reboot\|is_reference\|is_secure\|is_sparse\)\s\+"
contains=psfBoolean,psfComment end="$" keepend oneline

syn match  psfComment "#.*$"
```

```
" Define the default highlighting.
" For version 5.7 and earlier: only when not done already
" For version 5.8 and later: only when an item doesn't have highlighting yet
if version >= 508 || !exists("did_psf_syntax_inits")
 if version < 508
  let did_psf_syntax_inits = 1
  command -nargs=+ HiLink hi link <args>
 else
  command -nargs=+ HiLink hi def link <args>
 endif

 HiLink psfObject       Statement
 HiLink psfAttrib       Type
 HiLink psfQuotString   String
 HiLink psfObjTag       Identifier
 HiLink psfAttAbbrev    PreProc
 HiLink psfObjTags      Identifier

 HiLink psfComment      Comment

 delcommand HiLink
endif

" Long descriptions and copyrights confuse the syntax highlighting, so
" force vim to backup at least 100 lines before the top visible line
" looking for a sync location.
syn sync lines=100

let b:current_syntax = "psf"
*uganda.txt*    For Vim version 7.4.  Last change: 2013 Jul 06


    VIM REFERENCE MANUAL    by Bram Moolenaar


  *uganda* *Uganda* *copying* *copyright* *license*
SUMMARY
       *iccf* *ICCF*
Vim is Charityware.  You can use and copy it as much as you like, but you are
encouraged to make a donation for needy children in Uganda.  Please see |kcc|
below or visit the ICCF web site, available at these URLs:

 http://iccf-holland.org/
 http://www.vim.org/iccf/
 http://www.iccf.nl/

You can also sponsor the development of Vim.  Vim sponsors can vote for
features.  See |sponsor|.  The money goes to Uganda anyway.
```

The Open Publication License applies to the Vim documentation, see
|manual-copyright|.

=== begin of license ===

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  include this license text. You are also allowed to include executables
  that you made from the unmodified Vim sources, plus your own usage
  examples and Vim scripts.

II) It is allowed to distribute a modified (or extended) version of Vim,
  including executables and/or source code, when the following four
  conditions are met:
  1) This license text must be included unmodified.
  2) The modified Vim must be distributed in one of the following five ways:
    a) If you make changes to Vim yourself, you must clearly describe in
  the distribution how to contact you. When the maintainer asks you
  (in any way) for a copy of the modified Vim you distributed, you
  must make your changes, including source code, available to the
  maintainer without fee. The maintainer reserves the right to
  include your changes in the official version of Vim. What the
  maintainer will do with your changes and under what license they
  will be distributed is negotiable. If there has been no negotiation
  then this license, or a later version, also applies to your changes.
  The current maintainer is Bram Moolenaar <Bram@vim.org>. If this
  changes it will be announced in appropriate places (most likely
  vim.sf.net, www.vim.org and/or comp.editors). When it is completely
  impossible to contact the maintainer, the obligation to send him
  your changes ceases. Once the maintainer has confirmed that he has
  received your changes they will not have to be sent again.
    b) If you have received a modified Vim that was distributed as
  mentioned under a) you are allowed to further distribute it
  unmodified, as mentioned at I). If you make additional changes the
  text under a) applies to those changes.
    c) Provide all the changes, including source code, with every copy of
  the modified Vim you distribute. This may be done in the form of a
  context diff. You can choose what license to use for new code you
  add. The changes and their license must not restrict others from
  making their own changes to the official version of Vim.
    d) When you have a modified Vim which includes changes as mentioned
  under c), you can distribute it without the source code for the
  changes if the following three conditions are met:
  - The license that applies to the changes permits you to distribute

the changes to the Vim maintainer without fee or restriction, and permits the Vim maintainer to include the changes in the official version of Vim without fee or restriction.

- You keep the changes for at least three years after last distributing the corresponding modified Vim. When the maintainer or someone who you distributed the modified Vim to asks you (in any way) for the changes within this period, you must make them available to him.
- You clearly describe in the distribution how to contact you. This contact information must remain valid for at least three years after last distributing the corresponding modified Vim, or as long as possible.

e) When the GNU General Public License (GPL) applies to the changes, you can distribute the modified Vim under the GNU GPL version 2 or any later version.

3) A message must be added, at least in the output of the ":version" command and in the intro screen, such that the user of the modified Vim is able to see that it was modified. When distributing as mentioned under 2)e) adding the message is only required for as far as this does not conflict with the license used for the changes.

4) The contact information as required under 2)a) and 2)d) must not be removed or changed, except that the person himself can make corrections.

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IV) It is not allowed to remove this license from the distribution of the Vim sources, parts of it or from a modified version. You may use this license for previous Vim releases instead of the license that they came with, at your option.

=== end of license ===

Note:

- If you are happy with Vim, please express that by reading the rest of this file and consider helping needy children in Uganda.

- If you want to support further Vim development consider becoming a |sponsor|. The money goes to Uganda anyway.

- According to Richard Stallman the Vim license is GNU GPL compatible.

A few minor changes have been made since he checked it, but that should not make a difference.

- If you link Vim with a library that goes under the GNU GPL, this limits further distribution to the GNU GPL. Also when you didn't actually change anything in Vim.

- Once a change is included that goes under the GNU GPL, this forces all further changes to also be made under the GNU GPL or a compatible license.

- If you distribute a modified version of Vim, you can include your name and contact information with the "--with-modified-by" configure argument or the MODIFIED_BY define.

==

Kibaale Children's Centre *kcc* *Kibaale* *charity*

Kibaale Children's Centre (KCC) is located in Kibaale, a small town in the south of Uganda, near Tanzania, in East Africa. The area is known as Rakai District. The population is mostly farmers. Although people are poor, there is enough food. But this district is suffering from AIDS more than any other part of the world. Some say that it started there. Estimations are that 10 to 30% of the Ugandans are infected with HIV. Because parents die, there are many orphans. In this district about 60,000 children have lost one or both parents, out of a population of 350,000. And this is still continuing.

The children need a lot of help. The KCC is working hard to provide the needy with food, medical care and education. Food and medical care to keep them healthy now, and education so that they can take care of themselves in the future. KCC works on a Christian base, but help is given to children of any religion.

The key to solving the problems in this area is education. This has been neglected in the past years with president Idi Amin and the following civil wars. Now that the government is stable again, the children and parents have to learn how to take care of themselves and how to avoid infections. There is also help for people who are ill and hungry, but the primary goal is to prevent people from getting ill and to teach them how to grow healthy food.

Most of the orphans are living in an extended family. An uncle or older sister is taking care of them. Because these families are big and the income (if any) is low, a child is lucky if it gets healthy food. Clothes, medical care and schooling is beyond its reach. To help these needy children, a sponsorship program was put into place. A child can be financially adopted. For a few dollars a month KCC sees to it that the child gets indispensable items, is healthy, goes to school and KCC takes care of anything else that needs to be done for the child and the family that supports it.

Besides helping the child directly, the environment where the child grows up needs to be improved. KCC helps schools to improve their teaching methods. There is a demonstration school at the centre and teacher trainings are given. Health workers are being trained, hygiene education is carried out and households are stimulated to build a proper latrine. I helped setting up a production site for cement slabs. These are used to build a good latrine. They are sold below cost price.

There is a small clinic at the project, which provides children and their family with medical help. When needed, transport to a hospital is offered. Immunization programs are carried out and help is provided when an epidemic is breaking out (measles and cholera have been a problem).

donate

Summer 1994 to summer 1995 I spent a whole year at the centre, working as a volunteer. I have helped to expand the centre and worked in the area of water and sanitation. I learned that the help that the KCC provides really helps. When I came back to Holland, I wanted to continue supporting KCC. To do this I'm raising funds and organizing the sponsorship program. Please consider one of these possibilities:

1. Sponsor a child in primary school: 17 euro a month (or more).
2. Sponsor a child in secondary school: 25 euro a month (or more).
3. Sponsor the clinic: Any amount a month or quarter
4. A one-time donation

Compared with other organizations that do child sponsorship the amounts are very low. This is because the money goes directly to the centre. Less than 5% is used for administration. This is possible because this is a small organization that works with volunteers. If you would like to sponsor a child, you should have the intention to do this for at least one year.

How do you know that the money will be spent right? First of all you have my personal guarantee as the author of Vim. I trust the people that are working at the centre, I know them personally. Further more, the centre has been co-sponsored and inspected by World Vision, Save the Children Fund and is now under the supervision of Pacific Academy Outreach Society. The centre is visited about once a year to check the progress (at our own cost). I have visited the centre myself many times, starting in 1993. The visit reports are on the ICCF web site.

If you have any further questions, send me e-mail: <Bram@vim.org>.

The address of the centre is:
Kibaale Children's Centre
p.o. box 1658
Masaka, Uganda, East Africa

Sending money: *iccf-donations*

Check the ICCF web site for the latest information! See |iccf| for the URL.

USA: The methods mentioned below can be used.
Sending a check to the Nehemiah Group Outreach Society (NGOS)
is no longer possible, unfortunately. We are looking for
another way to get you an IRS tax receipt.
For sponsoring a child contact KCF in Canada (see below). US
checks can be sent to them to lower banking costs.

Canada: Contact Kibaale Children's Fund (KCF) in Surrey, Canada. They
take care of the Canadian sponsors for the children in
Kibaale. KCF forwards 100% of the money to the project in
Uganda. You can send them a one time donation directly.
Please send me a note so that I know what has been donated
because of Vim. Ask KCF for information about sponsorship.
Kibaale Children's Fund c/o Pacific Academy
10238-168 Street
Surrey, B.C. V4N 1Z4
Canada
Phone: 604-581-5353
If you make a donation to Kibaale Children's Fund (KCF) you
will receive a tax receipt which can be submitted with your
tax return.

Holland: Transfer to the account of "Stichting ICCF Holland" in Lisse.
This will allow for tax deduction if you live in Holland.
Postbank, nr. 4548774
IBAN: NL95 INGB 0004 5487 74

Germany: It is possible to make donations that allow for a tax return.
Check the ICCF web site for the latest information:
http://iccf-holland.org/germany.html

World: Use a postal money order. That should be possible from any
country, mostly from the post office. Use this name (which is
in my passport): "Abraham Moolenaar". Use Euro for the
currency if possible.

Europe: Use a bank transfer if possible. Your bank should have a form
that you can use for this. See "Others" below for the swift
code and IBAN number.
Any other method should work. Ask for information about
sponsorship.

Credit Card: You can use PayPal to send money with a Credit card. This is
the most widely used Internet based payment system. It's

really simple to use. Use this link to find more info:
https://www.paypal.com/en_US/mrb/pal=XAC62PML3GF8Q
The e-mail address for sending the money to is:
Bram@iccf-holland.org
For amounts above 400 Euro ($500) sending a check is
preferred.

Others: Transfer to one of these accounts if possible:
Postbank, account 4548774
Swift code: INGB NL 2A
IBAN: NL95 INGB 0004 5487 74
under the name "stichting ICCF Holland", Lisse
If that doesn't work:
Rabobank Lisse, account 3765.05.117
Swift code: RABO NL 2U
under the name "Bram Moolenaar", Lisse
Otherwise, send a check in euro or US dollars to the address
below. Minimal amount: $70 (my bank does not accept smaller
amounts for foreign check, sorry)

Address to send checks to:
Bram Moolenaar
Finsterruetihof 1
8134 Adliswil
Switzerland

This address is expected to be valid for a long time.

vim:tw=78:ts=8:ft=help:norl:

1.134 wget 1.14 :15.el7_4.1

1.134.1 Available under license :

From RPM File Metadata:GPLv3+

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Version 3, 29 June 2007

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1.136 xz 5.2.2 :1.el7

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1.137 yum 3.4.3 :158.el7.centos

1.137.1 Available under license :

```
diff -up yum-3.4.3/yum/update_md.py.org yum-3.4.3/yum/update_md.py
--- yum-3.4.3/yum/update_md.py.org 2017-01-24 18:55:03.529842775 +0100
+++ yum-3.4.3/yum/update_md.py 2017-01-24 18:55:57.213511475 +0100
@@ -58,7 +58,7 @@ class UpdateNotice(object):
    A single update notice (for instance, a security fix).
    """

-   def __init__(self, elem=None):
+   def __init__(self, elem=None, repoid=None, vlogger=None):
        self._md = {
            'from'            : '',
            'type'            : '',
@@ -83,6 +83,9 @@ class UpdateNotice(object):
        if elem:
            self._parse(elem)

+       self._repoid = repoid
+       self._vlogger = vlogger
```

```
+
   def __getitem__(self, item):
      """ Allows scriptable metadata access (ie: un['update_id']). """
      if type(item) is int:
@@ -103,6 +106,24 @@ class UpdateNotice(object):
      #  Tests to see if it's "the same data", which means that the
      # packages can be different (see add_notice).

+      def _rid(un):
+         if hasattr(un, '_repoid') and un._repoid is not None:
+            return un._repoid
+         else:
+            return '<unknown>'
+
+      def _log_failure(data):
+         """Log the mismatched data similarly to conflict markers in git."""
+         if self._vlogger is None:
+            return
+         msg = _('Duplicate of %s differs in some fields:\n')
+         msg %= other._md['update_id']
+         msg += '<<<<<<< %s:%s\n' % (_rid(other), data)
+         msg += '%r\n=======\n%r\n' % (other._md[data], self._md[data])
+         msg += '>>>>>>> %s:%s' % (_rid(self), data)
+         # --verbose mode enables this
+         self._vlogger.log(logginglevels.DEBUG_3, msg)
+
      if not other or not hasattr(other, '_md'):
         return False

@@ -113,6 +134,7 @@ class UpdateNotice(object):
         if data == 'status': # FIXME: See below...
            continue
         if self._md[data] != other._md[data]:
+            _log_failure(data)
            return False
      # FIXME: Massive hack, Fedora is really broken and gives status=stable
      # and status=testing for updateinfo notices, just depending on which
@@ -120,8 +142,10 @@ class UpdateNotice(object):
      data = 'status'
      if self._md[data] != other._md[data]:
         if self._md[data]  not in ('stable', 'testing'):
+            _log_failure(data)
            return False
         if other._md[data] not in ('stable', 'testing'):
+            _log_failure(data)
           return False
         # They are both really "stable" ...
         self._md[data]  = 'stable'
```

```
@@ -574,7 +598,7 @@ class UpdateMetadata(object):
        for event, elem in safe_iterparse(infile, logger=self._logger):
            if elem.tag == 'update':
                try:
-                    un = UpdateNotice(elem)
+                    un = UpdateNotice(elem, repoid, self._vlogger)
                except UpdateNoticeException, e:
                    msg = _("An update notice%s is broken, skipping.") % _rid(repoid)
                    if self._vlogger:
@@ -587,6 +611,8 @@ class UpdateMetadata(object):
                    msg = _("Update notice %s%s is broken, or a bad duplicate, skipping.") % (un['update_id'],
_rid(repoid))
                    if not have_dup:
                        msg += _('\nYou should report this problem to the owner of the %srepository.') % _rid(repoid, "%s ")
+                        msg += _('\nIf you are the owner, consider re-running the same command with --verbose to see the '
+                                 'exact data that caused the conflict.')
                    have_dup = True
                    if self._vlogger:
                        self._vlogger.warn("%s", msg)
diff --git a/yum/update_md.py b/yum/update_md.py
--- a/yum/update_md.py 2015-01-19 07:44:35.567107008 -0500
+++ b/yum/update_md.py 2015-01-19 08:57:31.576489424 -0500
@@ -398,6 +399,9 @@ class UpdateMetadata(object):
            except Errors.RepoMDError:
                continue # No metadata found for this repo

+        self.arch_storage = ArchStorage()
+        self.archlist = self.arch_storage.archlist
+
    def get_notices(self, name=None):
        """ Return all notices. """
        if name is None:
@@ -434,16 +438,29 @@ class UpdateMetadata(object):
        name = oldpkgtup[0]
        arch = oldpkgtup[1]
        ret = []
+        other_arch_list = []
+        notices = set()
        for notice in self.get_notices(name):
            for upkg in notice['pkglist']:
                for pkg in upkg['packages']:
+                    other_arch = False
                    if pkg['name'] != name or pkg['arch'] != arch:
-                        continue
+                        if (notice not in notices and pkg['name'] == name and pkg['arch'] in self.archlist):
+                            other_arch = True
+                        else:
+                            continue
```

```
                pkgtup = (pkg['name'], pkg['arch'], pkg['epoch'] or '0',
                        pkg['version'], pkg['release'])
                if _rpm_tup_vercmp(pkgtup, oldpkgtup) <= 0:
                    continue
-               ret.append((pkgtup, notice))
+               if other_arch:
+                   other_arch_list.append((pkgtup, notice))
+               else:
+                   ret.append((pkgtup, notice))
+                   notices.add(notice)
+       for pkgtup, notice in other_arch_list:
+           if notice not in notices:
+               ret.append((pkgtup, notice))
        ret.sort(cmp=_rpm_tup_vercmp, key=lambda x: x[0], reverse=True)
        return ret

diff -up yum-3.4.3/yum/update_md.py.old yum-3.4.3/yum/update_md.py
--- yum-3.4.3/yum/update_md.py.old 2015-05-28 19:23:35.589691937 +0200
+++ yum-3.4.3/yum/update_md.py 2015-05-28 19:24:05.971806965 +0200
@@ -33,6 +33,7 @@ import Errors
import logginglevels

import rpmUtils.miscutils
+from rpmUtils.arch import ArchStorage


def safe_iterparse(filename, logger=None):
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1.138 yum-metadata-parser 1.1.4 :10.el7

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1.139 yum-utils 1.1.31 :45.el7

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