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1.3 libreadline 6.3-1

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#---------------------------------------------------------------------------
#
# Module Name:  dbShelve.py
#
# Description:  A reimplementation of the standard shelve.py that
#               forces the use of cPickle, and DB.
#
# Creation Date:    11/3/97 3:39:04PM
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""" robotparser.py

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/* ---------------------------------------------------------------------

  unicodedata -- Provides access to the Unicode 5.1 data base.

  Data was extracted from the Unicode 5.1 UnicodeData.txt file.

  Written by Marc-Andre Lemburg (mal@lemburg.com).
  Modified for Python 2.0 by Fredrik Lundh (fredrik@pythonware.com)
  Modified by Martin v. L"wis (martin@v.loewis.de)
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==========

Python was created in the early 1990s by Guido van Rossum at Stichting
Mathematisch Centrum (CWI, see http://www.cwi.nl) in the Netherlands
as a successor of a language called ABC. Guido remains Python's
principal author, although it includes many contributions from others.

In 1995, Guido continued his work on Python at the Corporation for
National Research Initiatives (CNRI, see http://www.cnri.reston.va.us)
in Reston, Virginia where he released several versions of the
software.

In May 2000, Guido and the Python core development team moved to
BeOpen.com to form the BeOpen PythonLabs team. In October of the same
year, the PythonLabs team moved to Digital Creations (now Zope
Corporation, see http://www.zope.com). In 2001, the Python Software
Foundation (PSF, see http://www.python.org/psf/) was formed, a
non-profit organization created specifically to own Python-related
Intellectual Property. Zope Corporation is a sponsoring member of
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All Python releases are Open Source (see http://www.opensource.org for
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Release	Derived from	Year	Owner	GPL-compatible? (1)
0.9.0 thru 1.2		1991-1995	CWI	yes
1.3 thru 1.5.2	1.2	1995-1999	CNRI	yes
1.6	1.5.2	2000	CNRI	no
2.0	1.6	2000	BeOpen.com	no
1.6.1	1.6	2001	CNRI	yes (2)
2.1	2.0+1.6.1	2001	PSF	no
2.0.1	2.0+1.6.1	2001	PSF	yes
2.1.1	2.1+2.0.1	2001	PSF	yes
2.1.2	2.1.1	2002	PSF	yes
2.1.3	2.1.2	2002	PSF	yes

2.2 and above 2.1.1 2001-now PSF yes

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-- abs.decTest -- decimal absolute value   --
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----
/* Random objects */

/* --
  The code in this module was based on a download from:
   http://www.math.keio.ac.jp/~matumoto/MT2002/emt19937ar.html

  It was modified in 2002 by Raymond Hettinger as follows:

 * the principal computational lines untouched except for tabbing.

 * renamed genrand_res53() to random_random() and wrapped
   in python calling/return code.

 * genrand_int32() and the helper functions, init_genrand()
   and init_by_array(), were declared static, wrapped in
   Python calling/return code. also, their global data
   references were replaced with structure references.

 * unused functions from the original were deleted.
   new, original C python code was added to implement the
   Random() interface.

The following are the verbatim comments from the original code:

A C-program for MT19937, with initialization improved 2002/1/26.
Coded by Takuji Nishimura and Makoto Matsumoto.

Before using, initialize the state by using init_genrand(seed)
or init_by_array(init_key, key_length).

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# Unicode version:  3.2
# Table version:    1.0
# Table format:     Format A
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# Authors:          Marc-Andre Lemburg <mal@egenix.com>
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-- */
subprocess - Subprocesses with accessible I/O streams
#
For more information about this module, see PEP 324.
#
This module should remain compatible with Python 2.2, see PEP 291.
#
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---------- */

```
# ElementTree
# $Id: ElementInclude.py 1862 2004-06-18 07:31:02Z Fredrik $
#
# limited xinclude support for element trees
#
# history:
# 2003-08-15 fl   created
# 2003-11-14 fl   fixed default loader
#
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#
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# Original version written by Greg Stein (gstein@lyra.org)
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#
# Modifications and improvements for Python 2.0 by Jeremy Hylton and
# Mark Hammond
#
# Some fixes to try to have correct line number on almost all nodes
# (except Module, Discard and Stmt) added by Sylvain Thenault
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  IA64/unix Foreign Function Interface

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Mersenne Twister

The :mod:'_random' module includes code based on a download from http://www.math.keio.ac.jp/ matumoto/MT2002/emt19937ar.html. The following are the verbatim comments from the original code::

A C-program for MT19937, with initialization improved 2002/1/26.
Coded by Takuji Nishimura and Makoto Matsumoto.

Before using, initialize the state by using init_genrand(seed)
or init_by_array(init_key, key_length).

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Any feedback is very welcome.
http://www.math.keio.ac.jp/matumoto/emt.html
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Sockets

The :mod:'socket' module uses the functions, :func:'getaddrinfo', and :func:'getnameinfo', which are coded in separate source files from the WIDE Project, http://www.wide.ad.jp/. ::

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MD5 message digest algorithm

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L. Peter Deutsch
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Independent implementation of MD5 (RFC 1321).

This code implements the MD5 Algorithm defined in RFC 1321, whose
text is available at
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The code is derived from the text of the RFC, including the test suite
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The original and principal author of md5.h is L. Peter Deutsch
<ghost@aladdin.com>. Other authors are noted in the change history
that follows (in reverse chronological order):

2002-04-13 lpd Removed support for non-ANSI compilers; removed
    references to Ghostscript; clarified derivation from RFC 1321;
    now handles byte order either statically or dynamically.
1999-11-04 lpd Edited comments slightly for automatic TOC extraction.
1999-10-18 lpd Fixed typo in header comment (ansi2knr rather than md5);
    added conditionalization for C++ compilation from Martin
    Purschke <purschke@bnl.gov>.
1999-05-03 lpd Original version.

Asynchronous socket services

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Modified by Jack Jansen, CWI, July 1995:
- Use binascii module to do the actual line-by-line conversion
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1.6 libgcc 4.8-linaro-1

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import java.util.Map;

import com.sun.tools.doclets.Taglet;

import com.sun.javadoc.Tag;
```

```
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*  A simple Taglet which handles Copyright information.
*/
public class CopyrightTaglet implements Taglet {

  private static final String NAME = "copyright";
  private static final String HEADER = "Copyright:";

  public String getName() {
    return NAME;
  }

  public boolean inField() {
    return true;
  }

  public boolean inConstructor() {
    return true;
  }

  public boolean inMethod() {
    return true;
  }

  public boolean inOverview() {
    return true;
  }

  public boolean inPackage() {
    return true;
  }

  public boolean inType() {
    return true;
  }

  public boolean isInlineTag() {
    return false;
  }

  public static void register(Map tagletMap) {
    CopyrightTaglet copyrightTaglet = new CopyrightTaglet();
    tagletMap.put(copyrightTaglet.getName(), copyrightTaglet);
  }

  public String toString(Tag tag) {
    return toString(new Tag[] { tag });
```

```
  }

  public String toString(Tag[] tags) {
    if (tags.length == 0) {
      return null;
    }
    else {
      boolean haveValidTag = false;
      for (int i = 0; i < tags.length && !haveValidTag; ++i) {
        if (tags[i].text().length() > 0) {
          haveValidTag = true;
        }
      }

      if (haveValidTag) {
        StringBuffer result = new StringBuffer();
        result.append("<dl>");
        for (int i = 0; i < tags.length; i++) {
          if (tags[i].text().length() > 0) {
            result.append("<dt><i>Copyright &#169; " + tags[i].text() + "</i></dt>");
          }
        }
        result.append("</dl>");
        return result.toString();
      }
      else {
        return null;
      }
    }
  }
}
```

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That's all there is to it!

```
// DO NOT EDIT THIS FILE - it is machine generated -*- c++ -*-

#ifndef __java_security_Permission__
#define __java_security_Permission__

#pragma interface

#include <java/lang/Object.h>
extern "Java"
{
 namespace java
 {
   namespace security
   {
     class Permission;
     class PermissionCollection;
   }
 }
}

class java::security::Permission : public ::java::lang::Object
{

public:
 Permission(::java::lang::String *);
 virtual void checkGuard(::java::lang::Object *);
 virtual jboolean implies(::java::security::Permission *) = 0;
 virtual jboolean equals(::java::lang::Object *) = 0;
 virtual jint hashCode() = 0;
 virtual ::java::lang::String * getName();
 virtual ::java::lang::String * getActions() = 0;
 virtual ::java::security::PermissionCollection * newPermissionCollection();
```

```
 virtual ::java::lang::String * toString();
private:
 static const jlong serialVersionUID = -5636570222231596674LL;
 ::java::lang::String * __attribute__((aligned(__alignof__( ::java::lang::Object)))) name;
public:
 static ::java::lang::Class class$;
};

#endif // __java_security_Permission__
@ignore
@c Set file name and title for man page.
@setfilename gpl
@settitle GNU General Public License
@c man begin SEEALSO
gfdl(7), fsf-funding(7).
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@c man end
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exception statement from your version. */

```
package java.security;

import gnu.java.lang.CPStringBuilder;

import java.io.Serializable;

/**
* This class is the abstract superclass of all classes that implement
* the concept of a permission.  A permission consists of a permission name
* and optionally a list of actions that relate to the permission.  The
* actual meaning of the name of the permission is defined only in the
* context of a subclass.  It may name a resource to which access permissions
* are granted (for example, the name of a file) or it might represent
* something else entirely.  Similarly, the action list only has meaning
* within the context of a subclass.  Some permission names may have no
* actions associated with them.  That is, you either have the permission
* or you don't.
*
* <p>The most important method in this class is <code>implies</code>.  This
* checks whether if one has this permission, then the specified
* permission is also implied.  As a conceptual example, consider the
* permissions "Read All Files" and "Read File foo".  The permission
* "Read All Files" implies that the caller has permission to read the
* file foo.
*
* <p><code>Permission</code>'s must be immutable - do not change their
* state after creation.
*
* @author Aaron M. Renn (arenn@urbanophile.com)
* @see Permissions
* @see PermissionCollection
* @since 1.1
* @status updated to 1.4
*/
public abstract class Permission implements Guard, Serializable
{
 /**
```

```
 * Compatible with JDK 1.1+.
 */
private static final long serialVersionUID = -5636570222231596674L;

/**
 * This is the name assigned to this permission object.
 *
 * @serial the name of the permission
 */
private String name;

/**
 * Create an instance with the specified name.
 *
 * @param name the permission name
 */
public Permission(String name)
{
  this.name = name;
}

/**
 * This method implements the <code>Guard</code> interface for this class.
 * It calls the <code>checkPermission</code> method in
 * <code>SecurityManager</code> with this <code>Permission</code> as its
 * argument.  This method returns silently if the security check succeeds
 * or throws an exception if it fails.
 *
 * @param obj the <code>Object</code> being guarded - ignored by this class
 * @throws SecurityException if the security check fails
 * @see GuardedObject
 * @see SecurityManager#checkPermission(Permission)
 */
public void checkGuard(Object obj)
{
  SecurityManager sm = System.getSecurityManager();
  if (sm != null)
    sm.checkPermission(this);
}

/**
 * This method tests whether this <code>Permission</code> implies that the
 * specified <code>Permission</code> is also granted.
 *
 * @param perm the <code>Permission</code> to test against
 * @return true if perm is implied by this
 */
public abstract boolean implies(Permission perm);
```

```
/**
 * Check to see if this object equals obj. Use <code>implies</code>, rather
 * than <code>equals</code>, when making access control decisions.
 *
 * @param obj the object to compare to
 */
public abstract boolean equals(Object obj);

/**
 * This method returns a hash code for this <code>Permission</code>. It
 * must satisfy the contract of <code>Object.hashCode</code>: it must be
 * the same for all objects that equals considers to be the same.
 *
 * @return a hash value
 */
public abstract int hashCode();

/**
 * Get the name of this <code>Permission</code>.
 *
 * @return the name
 */
public final String getName()
{
  return name;
}

/**
 * This method returns the list of actions for this <code>Permission</code>
 * as a <code>String</code>. The string should be in canonical order, for
 * example, both <code>new FilePermission(f, "write,read")</code> and
 * <code>new FilePermission(f, "read,write")</code> have the action list
 * "read,write".
 *
 * @return the action list for this <code>Permission</code>
 */
public abstract String getActions();

/**
 * This method returns an empty <code>PermissionCollection</code> object
 * that can store permissions of this type, or <code>null</code> if no
 * such collection is defined. Subclasses must override this to provide
 * an appropriate collection when one is needed to accurately calculate
 * <code>implies</code>.
 *
 * @return a new <code>PermissionCollection</code>
 */
```

```
 public PermissionCollection newPermissionCollection()
 {
  return null;
 }

 /**
  * This method returns a <code>String</code> representation of this
  * <code>Permission</code> object. This is in the format:
  * <code>'(' + getClass().getName() + ' ' + getName() + ' ' + getActions
  * + ')'</code>.
  *
  * @return this object as a <code>String</code>
  */
 public String toString()
 {
  CPStringBuilder string = new CPStringBuilder();

  string = string.append('(');
  string = string.append(getClass().getName());
  string = string.append(' ');
  string = string.append(getName());

  if (!(getActions().equals("")))
    {
      string = string.append(' ');
      string = string.append(getActions());
    }

  string = string.append(')');
  return string.toString();
 }
} // class Permission
```

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  <acronym>GNU</acronym> General Public License version 3
 </title></info>
 <?dbhtml filename="appendix_gpl.html"?>

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 </para>
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</para>
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</para>
<para>
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follow.
</para>
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<para>
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</para>
<para>
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that warranties are provided), that licensees may convey the work under this
License, and how to view a copy of this License. If the interface presents
a list of user commands or options, such as a menu, a prominent item in the
list meets this criterion.
</para>
<bridgehead xml:id="SourceCode" renderas="sect1">
1. Source Code.
</bridgehead>
<para>
The source code for a work means the preferred form of the
work for making modifications to it. Object code means any
non-source form of a work.
</para>
<para>
A Standard Interface means an interface that either is an
official standard defined by a recognized standards body, or, in the case of
interfaces specified for a particular programming language, one that is
widely used among developers working in that language.

</para>
<para>
The System Libraries of an executable work include anything,
other than the work as a whole, that (a) is included in the normal form of
packaging a Major Component, but which is not part of that Major Component,
and (b) serves only to enable use of the work with that Major Component, or
to implement a Standard Interface for which an implementation is available
to the public in source code form. A Major Component, in this
context, means a major essential component (kernel, window system, and so
on) of the specific operating system (if any) on which the executable work
runs, or a compiler used to produce the work, or an object code interpreter
used to run it.
</para>
<para>
The Corresponding Source for a work in object code form means
all the source code needed to generate, install, and (for an executable
work) run the object code and to modify the work, including scripts to
control those activities. However, it does not include the works
System Libraries, or general-purpose tools or generally available free
programs which are used unmodified in performing those activities but which
are not part of the work. For example, Corresponding Source includes
interface definition files associated with source files for the work, and
the source code for shared libraries and dynamically linked subprograms that
the work is specifically designed to require, such as by intimate data
communication or control flow between those subprograms and other parts of
the work.
</para>
<para>
The Corresponding Source need not include anything that users can regenerate
automatically from other parts of the Corresponding Source.
</para>
<para>
The Corresponding Source for a work in source code form is that same work.
</para>
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</para>

<para>

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</para>

<bridgehead xml:id="Protecting" renderas="sect1">

3. Protecting Users Legal Rights From Anti-Circumvention Law.

</bridgehead>

<para>

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</para>

<para>

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</para>

<bridgehead xml:id="ConveyingVerbatim" renderas="sect1">

4. Conveying Verbatim Copies.

</bridgehead>

<para>

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</para>

<para>

You may charge any price or no price for each copy that you convey, and you may offer support or warranty protection for a fee.

</para>
<bridgehead xml:id="ConveyingModified" renderas="sect1">
 5. Conveying Modified Source Versions.
</bridgehead>
<para>
 You may convey a work based on the Program, or the modifications to produce
 it from the Program, in the form of source code under the terms of section
 4, provided that you also meet all of these conditions:
</para>
<orderedlist numeration="loweralpha" inheritnum="ignore" continuation="restarts">
 <listitem>
  <para>
   The work must carry prominent notices stating that you modified it, and
   giving a relevant date.
  </para>
 </listitem>
 <listitem>
  <para>
   The work must carry prominent notices stating that it is released under
   this License and any conditions added under section 7. This requirement
   modifies the requirement in section 4 to keep intact all
   notices.
  </para>
 </listitem>
 <listitem>
  <para>
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 </listitem>
 <listitem>
  <para>
   If the work has interactive user interfaces, each must display
   Appropriate Legal Notices; however, if the Program has interactive
   interfaces that do not display Appropriate Legal Notices, your work need
   not make them do so.
  </para>
 </listitem>
</orderedlist>
<para>
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 not combined with it such as to form a larger program, in or on a volume of

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or legal rights of the compilations users beyond what the individual works
permit. Inclusion of a covered work in an aggregate does not cause
this License to apply to the other parts of the aggregate.
</para>
<bridgehead xml:id="ConveyingNonSource" renderas="sect1">
6. Conveying Non-Source Forms.
</bridgehead>
<para>
You may convey a covered work in object code form under the terms of
sections 4 and 5, provided that you also convey the machine-readable
Corresponding Source under the terms of this License, in one of these ways:
</para>
<orderedlist numeration="loweralpha" inheritnum="ignore" continuation="restarts">
<listitem>
<para>
Convey the object code in, or embodied in, a physical product (including
a physical distribution medium), accompanied by the Corresponding Source
fixed on a durable physical medium customarily used for software
interchange.
</para>
</listitem>
<listitem>
<para>
Convey the object code in, or embodied in, a physical product (including
a physical distribution medium), accompanied by a written offer, valid
for at least three years and valid for as long as you offer spare parts
or customer support for that product model, to give anyone who possesses
the object code either (1) a copy of the Corresponding Source for all
the software in the product that is covered by this License, on a
durable physical medium customarily used for software interchange, for a
price no more than your reasonable cost of physically performing this
conveying of source, or (2) access to copy the Corresponding Source from
a network server at no charge.
</para>
</listitem>
<listitem>
<para>
Convey individual copies of the object code with a copy of the written
offer to provide the Corresponding Source. This alternative is allowed
only occasionally and noncommercially, and only if you received the
object code with such an offer, in accord with subsection 6b.
</para>
</listitem>
<listitem>
<para>
Convey the object code by offering access from a designated place

(gratis or for a charge), and offer equivalent access to the
Corresponding Source in the same way through the same place at no
further charge. You need not require recipients to copy the
Corresponding Source along with the object code. If the place to copy
the object code is a network server, the Corresponding Source may be on
a different server (operated by you or a third party) that supports
equivalent copying facilities, provided you maintain clear directions
next to the object code saying where to find the Corresponding Source.
Regardless of what server hosts the Corresponding Source, you remain
obligated to ensure that it is available for as long as needed to
satisfy these requirements.
</para>
</listitem>
<listitem>
<para>
Convey the object code using peer-to-peer transmission, provided you
inform other peers where the object code and Corresponding Source of the
work are being offered to the general public at no charge under
subsection 6d.
</para>
</listitem>
</orderedlist>
<para>
A separable portion of the object code, whose source code is excluded from
the Corresponding Source as a System Library, need not be included in
conveying the object code work.
</para>
<para>
A User Product is either (1) a consumer product,
which means any tangible personal property which is normally used for
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consumer product, doubtful cases shall be resolved in favor of coverage.
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regardless of the status of the particular user or of the way in which the
particular user actually uses, or expects or is expected to use, the
product. A product is a consumer product regardless of whether the product
has substantial commercial, industrial or non-consumer uses, unless such
uses represent the only significant mode of use of the product.
</para>
<para>
Installation Information for a User Product means any methods,
procedures, authorization keys, or other information required to install and
execute modified versions of a covered work in that User Product from a
modified version of its Corresponding Source. The information must suffice
to ensure that the continued functioning of the modified object code is in
no case prevented or interfered with solely because modification has been

made.
</para>
<para>
If you convey an object code work under this section in, or with, or specifically for use in, a User Product, and the conveying occurs as part of a transaction in which the right of possession and use of the User Product is transferred to the recipient in perpetuity or for a fixed term (regardless of how the transaction is characterized), the Corresponding Source conveyed under this section must be accompanied by the Installation Information. But this requirement does not apply if neither you nor any third party retains the ability to install modified object code on the User Product (for example, the work has been installed in <acronym>ROM</acronym>).
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<para>
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</para>
<para>
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</para>
<para>
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</para>
<para>
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</para>
<para>
Nothing in this License shall be construed as excluding or limiting any implied license or other defenses to infringement that may otherwise be available to you under applicable patent law.
</para>
<bridgehead xml:id="NoSurrender" renderas="sect1">
12. No Surrender of Others Freedom.
</bridgehead>
<para>
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</para>
<bridgehead xml:id="UsedWithAGPL" renderas="sect1">
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</bridgehead>
<para>

Notwithstanding any other provision of this License, you have permission to
link or combine any covered work with a work licensed under version 3 of the
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work, and to convey the resulting work. The terms of this License will
continue to apply to the part which is the covered work, but the special
requirements of the <acronym>GNU</acronym> Affero General Public License,
section 13, concerning interaction through a network will apply to the
combination as such.
</para>
<bridgehead xml:id="RevisedVersions" renderas="sect1">
14. Revised Versions of this License.
</bridgehead>
<para>
The Free Software Foundation may publish revised and/or new versions of the
<acronym>GNU</acronym> General Public License from time to time. Such new
versions will be similar in spirit to the present version, but may differ in
detail to address new problems or concerns.
</para>
<para>
Each version is given a distinguishing version number. If the Program
specifies that a certain numbered version of the <acronym>GNU</acronym>
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have the option of following the terms and conditions either of that
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<acronym>GNU</acronym> General Public License, you may choose any version
ever published by the Free Software Foundation.
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<para>
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the <acronym>GNU</acronym> General Public License can be used, that
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</para>
<bridgehead xml:id="WarrantyDisclaimer" renderas="sect1">
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</bridgehead>
<para>
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</bridgehead>
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</para>
<bridgehead xml:id="InterpretationSecs1516" renderas="sect1">
17. Interpretation of Sections 15 and 16.
</bridgehead>
<para>
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</para>
<bridgehead>
END OF TERMS AND CONDITIONS
</bridgehead>
<bridgehead xml:id="HowToApply" renderas="sect1">
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</bridgehead>
<para>
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</para>
<para>
To do so, attach the following notices to the program. It is safest to attach them to the start of each source file to most effectively state the exclusion of warranty; and each file should have at least the copyright line and a pointer to where the full notice is found.
</para>
<screen>

<replaceable>one line to give the programs name and a brief idea of what it does.</replaceable>
Copyright (C) <replaceable>year</replaceable> <replaceable>name of author</replaceable>

This program is free software: you can redistribute it and/or modify
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along with this program. If not, see <link xmlns:xlink="http://www.w3.org/1999/xlink"
xlink:href="http://www.gnu.org/licenses/">http://www.gnu.org/licenses/</link>.
</screen>
<para>
Also add information on how to contact you by electronic and paper mail.
</para>
<para>
If the program does terminal interaction, make it output a short notice like
this when it starts in an interactive mode:
</para>
<screen>
<replaceable>program</replaceable> Copyright (C) <replaceable>year</replaceable> <replaceable>name of
author</replaceable>
This program comes with ABSOLUTELY NO WARRANTY; for details type <literal>show w</literal>.
This is free software, and you are welcome to redistribute it
under certain conditions; type <literal>show c</literal> for details.
</screen>
<para>
The hypothetical commands <literal>show w</literal> and
<literal>show c</literal> should show the appropriate parts of
the General Public License. Of course, your programs commands might be
different; for a GUI interface, you would use an about box.
</para>
<para>
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if any, to sign a copyright disclaimer for the program, if
necessary. For more information on this, and how to apply and follow the
<acronym>GNU</acronym> <acronym>GPL</acronym>, see
<link xmlns:xlink="http://www.w3.org/1999/xlink"
xlink:href="http://www.gnu.org/licenses/">http://www.gnu.org/licenses/</link>.
</para>
<para>
The <acronym>GNU</acronym> General Public License does not permit
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```
   subroutine library, you may consider it more useful to permit linking
   proprietary applications with the library.  If this is what you want to do,
   use the <acronym>GNU</acronym> Lesser General Public License instead of this
   License.  But first, please read <link xmlns:xlink="http://www.w3.org/1999/xlink"
xlink:href="http://www.gnu.org/philosophy/why-not-lgpl.html">http://www.gnu.org/philosophy/why-not-
lgpl.html</link>.
 </para>
</appendix>
.\" Automatically generated by Pod::Man 2.25 (Pod::Simple 3.16)
.\"
.\" Standard preamble:
.\" ========================================================================
.de Sp \" Vertical space (when we can't use .PP)
.if t .sp .5v
.if n .sp
..
.de Vb \" Begin verbatim text
.ft CW
.nf
.ne \\$1
..
.de Ve \" End verbatim text
.ft R
.fi
..
.\" Set up some character translations and predefined strings.  \*(-- will
.\" give an unbreakable dash, \*(PI will give pi, \*(L" will give a left
.\" double quote, and \*(R" will give a right double quote.  \*(C+ will
.\" give a nicer C++.  Capital omega is used to do unbreakable dashes and
.\" therefore won't be available.  \*(C` and \*(C' expand to `' in nroff,
.\" nothing in troff, for use with C<>.
.tr \(*W-
.ds C+ C\v'-.1v'\h'-1p'\s-2+\h'-1p'+\s0\v'.1v'\h'-1p'
.ie n \{\
.    ds -- \(*W-
.    ds PI pi
.    if (\n(.H=4u)&(1m=24u) .ds -- \(*W\h'-12u'\(*W\h'-12u'-\" diablo 10 pitch
.    if (\n(.H=4u)&(1m=20u) .ds -- \(*W\h'-12u'\(*W\h'-8u'-\"  diablo 12 pitch
.    ds L" ""
.    ds R" ""
.    ds C` ""
.    ds C' ""
'br\}
.el\{\
.    ds -- \|\(em\|
.    ds PI \(*p
.    ds L" ``
.    ds R" ''
```

```
'br\}
.\"
.\" Escape single quotes in literal strings from groff's Unicode transform.
.ie \n(.g .ds Aq \(aq
.el       .ds Aq '
.\"
.\" If the F register is turned on, we'll generate index entries on stderr for
.\" titles (.TH), headers (.SH), subsections (.SS), items (.Ip), and index
.\" entries marked with X<> in POD.  Of course, you'll have to process the
.\" output yourself in some meaningful fashion.
.ie \nF \{\
.    de IX
.    tm Index:\\$1\t\\n%\t"\\$2"
..
.    nr % 0
.    rr F
.\}
.el \{\
.    de IX
..
.\}
.\"
.\" Accent mark definitions (@(#)ms.acc 1.5 88/02/08 SMI; from UCB 4.2).
.\" Fear.  Run.  Save yourself.  No user-serviceable parts.
.    \" fudge factors for nroff and troff
.if n \{\
.    ds #H 0
.    ds #V .8m
.    ds #F .3m
.    ds #[ \f1
.    ds #] \fP
.\}
.if t \{\
.    ds #H ((1u-(\\\\n(.fu%2u))*.13m)
.    ds #V .6m
.    ds #F 0
.    ds #[ \&
.    ds #] \&
.\}
.    \" simple accents for nroff and troff
.if n \{\
.    ds ' \&
.    ds ` \&
.    ds ^ \&
.    ds , \&
.    ds ~ ~
.    ds /
.\}
```

```
.if t \{\
.   ds ' \\k:\h'-(\\n(.wu*8/10-\*(#H)'\'\h'|\\n:u'
.   ds ` \\k:\h'-(\\n(.wu*8/10-\*(#H)'\`\h'|\\n:u'
.   ds ^ \\k:\h'-(\\n(.wu*10/11-\*(#H)'^\h'|\\n:u'
.   ds , \\k:\h'-(\\n(.wu*8/10)',\h'|\\n:u'
.   ds ~ \\k:\h'-(\\n(.wu-\*(#H-.1m)'~\h'|\\n:u'
.   ds / \\k:\h'-(\\n(.wu*8/10-\*(#H)'\z\(sl\h'|\\n:u'
.\}
.   \" troff and (daisy-wheel) nroff accents
.ds : \\k:\h'-(\\n(.wu*8/10-\*(#H+.1m+\*(#F)'\v'-\*(#V'\z.\h'.2m+\*(#F'.\h'|\\n:u'\v'\*(#V'
.ds 8 \h'\*(#H'\(*b\h'-\*(#H'
.ds o \\k:\h'-(\\n(.wu+\w'\(de'u-\*(#H)/2u'\v'-.3n'\*(#[\z\(de\v'.3n'\h'|\\n:u'\*(#]
.ds d- \h'\*(#H'\(pd\h'-\w'~'u'\v'-.25m'\f2\(hy\fP\v'.25m'\h'-\*(#H'
.ds D- D\\k:\h'-\w'D'u'\v'-.11m'\z\(hy\v'.11m'\h'|\\n:u'
.ds th \*(#[\v'.3m'\s+1I\s-1\v'-.3m'\h'-(\w'I'u*2/3)'\s-1o\s+1\*(#]
.ds Th \*(#[\s+2I\s-2\h'-\w'I'u*3/5'\v'-.3m'o\v'.3m'\*(#]
.ds ae a\h'-(\w'a'u*4/10)'e
.ds Ae A\h'-(\w'A'u*4/10)'E
.   \" corrections for vroff
.if v .ds ~ \\k:\h'-(\\n(.wu*9/10-\*(#H)'\s-2\u~\d\s+2\h'|\\n:u'
.if v .ds ^ \\k:\h'-(\\n(.wu*10/11-\*(#H)'\v'-.4m'^\v'.4m'\h'|\\n:u'
.   \" for low resolution devices (crt and lpr)
.if \n(.H>23 .if \n(.V>19 \
\{\
.   ds : e
.   ds 8 ss
.   ds o a
.   ds d- d\h'-1'\(ga
.   ds D- D\h'-1'\(hy
.   ds th \o'bp'
.   ds Th \o'LP'
.   ds ae ae
.   ds Ae AE
.\}
.rm #[ #] #H #V #F C
.\" ========================================================================
.\"
.IX Title "GPL 7"
.TH GPL 7 "2014-04-01" "gcc-4.8.3" "GNU"
.\" For nroff, turn off justification.  Always turn off hyphenation; it makes
.\" way too many mistakes in technical documents.
.if n .ad l
.nh
.SH "NAME"
gpl \- GNU General Public License
.SH "DESCRIPTION"
.IX Header "DESCRIPTION"
.SS "\s-1GNU\s0 General Public License"
```

.IX Subsection "GNU General Public License"
.SS "Version 3, 29 June 2007"
.IX Subsection "Version 3, 29 June 2007"
.Vb 1
\&   Copyright (c) 2007 Free Software Foundation, Inc. <http://fsf.org/>
\&
\&   Everyone is permitted to copy and distribute verbatim copies of this
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.Ve
.SS "Preamble"
.IX Subsection "Preamble"
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gratis or for a fee, you must pass on to the recipients the same
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receive or can get the source code. And you must show them these
terms so they know their rights.
.PP
Developers that use the \s-1GNU\s0 \s-1GPL\s0 protect your rights with two steps:
(1) assert copyright on the software, and (2) offer you this License
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.PP
For the developers' and authors' protection, the \s-1GPL\s0 clearly explains
that there is no warranty for this free software. For both users' and

authors' sake, the \s-1GPL\s0 requires that modified versions be marked as
changed, so that their problems will not be attributed erroneously to
authors of previous versions.
.PP
Some devices are designed to deny users access to install or run
modified versions of the software inside them, although the
manufacturer can do so. This is fundamentally incompatible with the
aim of protecting users' freedom to change the software. The
systematic pattern of such abuse occurs in the area of products for
individuals to use, which is precisely where it is most unacceptable.
Therefore, we have designed this version of the \s-1GPL\s0 to prohibit the
practice for those products. If such problems arise substantially in
other domains, we stand ready to extend this provision to those
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freedom of users.
.PP
Finally, every program is threatened constantly by software patents.
States should not allow patents to restrict development and use of
software on general-purpose computers, but in those that do, we wish
to avoid the special danger that patents applied to a free program
could make it effectively proprietary. To prevent this, the \s-1GPL\s0
assures that patents cannot be used to render the program non-free.
.PP
The precise terms and conditions for copying, distribution and
modification follow.
.SS "\s-1TERMS\s0 \s-1AND\s0 \s-1CONDITIONS\s0"
.IX Subsection "TERMS AND CONDITIONS"
.IP "0. Definitions." 4
.IX Item "0. Definitions."
\&*(L"This License*(R" refers to version 3 of the \s-1GNU\s0 General Public License.
.Sp
\&*(L"Copyright*(R" also means copyright-like laws that apply to other kinds
of works, such as semiconductor masks.
.Sp
\&*(L"The Program*(R" refers to any copyrightable work licensed under this
License. Each licensee is addressed as *(L"you*(R". *(L"Licensees*(R" and
\&*(L"recipients*(R" may be individuals or organizations.
.Sp
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in a fashion requiring copyright permission, other than the making of
an exact copy. The resulting work is called a *(L"modified version*(R" of
the earlier work or a work *(L"based on*(R" the earlier work.
.Sp
A *(L"covered work*(R" means either the unmodified Program or a work based
on the Program.
.Sp
To *(L"propagate*(R" a work means to do anything with it that, without
permission, would make you directly or secondarily liable for

infringement under applicable copyright law, except executing it on a
computer or modifying a private copy. Propagation includes copying,
distribution (with or without modification), making available to the
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.Sp
To *(L"convey*(R" a work means any kind of propagation that enables other
parties to make or receive copies. Mere interaction with a user
through a computer network, with no transfer of a copy, is not
conveying.
.Sp
An interactive user interface displays *(L"Appropriate Legal Notices*(R" to
the extent that it includes a convenient and prominently visible
feature that (1) displays an appropriate copyright notice, and (2)
tells the user that there is no warranty for the work (except to the
extent that warranties are provided), that licensees may convey the
work under this License, and how to view a copy of this License. If
the interface presents a list of user commands or options, such as a
menu, a prominent item in the list meets this criterion.
.IP "1. Source Code." 4
.IX Item "1. Source Code."
The *(L"source code*(R" for a work means the preferred form of the work for
making modifications to it. *(L"Object code*(R" means any non-source form
of a work.
.Sp
A *(L"Standard Interface*(R" means an interface that either is an official
standard defined by a recognized standards body, or, in the case of
interfaces specified for a particular programming language, one that
is widely used among developers working in that language.
.Sp
The *(L"System Libraries*(R" of an executable work include anything, other
than the work as a whole, that (a) is included in the normal form of
packaging a Major Component, but which is not part of that Major
Component, and (b) serves only to enable use of the work with that
Major Component, or to implement a Standard Interface for which an
implementation is available to the public in source code form. A
\&*(L"Major Component*(R", in this context, means a major essential component
(kernel, window system, and so on) of the specific operating system
(if any) on which the executable work runs, or a compiler used to
produce the work, or an object code interpreter used to run it.
.Sp
The *(L"Corresponding Source*(R" for a work in object code form means all
the source code needed to generate, install, and (for an executable
work) run the object code and to modify the work, including scripts to
control those activities. However, it does not include the work's
System Libraries, or general-purpose tools or generally available free
programs which are used unmodified in performing those activities but
which are not part of the work. For example, Corresponding Source
includes interface definition files associated with source files for

the work, and the source code for shared libraries and dynamically
linked subprograms that the work is specifically designed to require,
such as by intimate data communication or control flow between those
subprograms and other parts of the work.
.Sp
The Corresponding Source need not include anything that users can
regenerate automatically from other parts of the Corresponding Source.
.Sp
The Corresponding Source for a work in source code form is that same
work.
.IP "2. Basic Permissions." 4
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.Sp
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.IP "3. Protecting Users' Legal Rights From Anti-Circumvention Law." 4
.IX Item "3. Protecting Users' Legal Rights From Anti-Circumvention Law."
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.Sp
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.IP "4. Conveying Verbatim Copies." 4
.IX Item "4. Conveying Verbatim Copies."
You may convey verbatim copies of the Program's source code as you
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appropriately publish on each copy an appropriate copyright notice;
keep intact all notices stating that this License and any
non-permissive terms added in accord with section 7 apply to the code;
keep intact all notices of the absence of any warranty; and give all
recipients a copy of this License along with the Program.
.Sp
You may charge any price or no price for each copy that you convey,
and you may offer support or warranty protection for a fee.
.IP "5. Conveying Modified Source Versions." 4
.IX Item "5. Conveying Modified Source Versions."
You may convey a work based on the Program, or the modifications to
produce it from the Program, in the form of source code under the
terms of section 4, provided that you also meet all of these
conditions:
.RS 4
.IP "a." 4
.IX Item "a."
The work must carry prominent notices stating that you modified it,
and giving a relevant date.
.IP "b." 4
.IX Item "b."
The work must carry prominent notices stating that it is released
under this License and any conditions added under section 7. This
requirement modifies the requirement in section 4 to *(L"keep intact all
notices*(R".
.IP "c." 4
.IX Item "c."
You must license the entire work, as a whole, under this License to
anyone who comes into possession of a copy. This License will
therefore apply, along with any applicable section 7 additional terms,
to the whole of the work, and all its parts, regardless of how they
are packaged. This License gives no permission to license the work in
any other way, but it does not invalidate such permission if you have
separately received it.
.IP "d." 4
.IX Item "d."
If the work has interactive user interfaces, each must display
Appropriate Legal Notices; however, if the Program has interactive
interfaces that do not display Appropriate Legal Notices, your work
need not make them do so.
.RE
.RS 4
.Sp

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and which are not combined with it such as to form a larger program,
in or on a volume of a storage or distribution medium, is called an
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beyond what the individual works permit. Inclusion of a covered work
in an aggregate does not cause this License to apply to the other
parts of the aggregate.
.RE
.IP "6. Conveying Non-Source Forms." 4
.IX Item "6. Conveying Non-Source Forms."
You may convey a covered work in object code form under the terms of
sections 4 and 5, provided that you also convey the machine-readable
Corresponding Source under the terms of this License, in one of these
ways:
.RS 4
.IP "a." 4
.IX Item "a."
Convey the object code in, or embodied in, a physical product
(including a physical distribution medium), accompanied by the
Corresponding Source fixed on a durable physical medium customarily
used for software interchange.
.IP "b." 4
.IX Item "b."
Convey the object code in, or embodied in, a physical product
(including a physical distribution medium), accompanied by a written
offer, valid for at least three years and valid for as long as you
offer spare parts or customer support for that product model, to give
anyone who possesses the object code either (1) a copy of the
Corresponding Source for all the software in the product that is
covered by this License, on a durable physical medium customarily used
for software interchange, for a price no more than your reasonable
cost of physically performing this conveying of source, or (2) access
to copy the Corresponding Source from a network server at no charge.
.IP "c." 4
.IX Item "c."
Convey individual copies of the object code with a copy of the written
offer to provide the Corresponding Source. This alternative is
allowed only occasionally and noncommercially, and only if you
received the object code with such an offer, in accord with subsection
6b.
.IP "d." 4
.IX Item "d."
Convey the object code by offering access from a designated place
(gratis or for a charge), and offer equivalent access to the
Corresponding Source in the same way through the same place at no
further charge. You need not require recipients to copy the

Corresponding Source along with the object code. If the place to copy
the object code is a network server, the Corresponding Source may be
on a different server (operated by you or a third party) that supports
equivalent copying facilities, provided you maintain clear directions
next to the object code saying where to find the Corresponding Source.
Regardless of what server hosts the Corresponding Source, you remain
obligated to ensure that it is available for as long as needed to
satisfy these requirements.
.IP "e." 4
.IX Item "e."
Convey the object code using peer-to-peer transmission, provided you
inform other peers where the object code and Corresponding Source of
the work are being offered to the general public at no charge under
subsection 6d.
.RE
.RS 4
.Sp
A separable portion of the object code, whose source code is excluded
from the Corresponding Source as a System Library, need not be
included in conveying the object code work.
.Sp
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\&*(L"Installation Information*(R" for a User Product means any methods,
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Product from a modified version of its Corresponding Source. The
information must suffice to ensure that the continued functioning of
the modified object code is in no case prevented or interfered with
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If you convey an object code work under this section in, or with, or
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if neither you nor any third party retains the ability to install
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.IP "8. Termination." 4
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1MERCHANTABILITY\s0 \s-1AND\s0 \s-1FITNESS\s0 \s-1FOR\s0
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1SHOULD\s0 \s-1THE\s0 \s-1PROGRAM\s0 \s-1PROVE\s0
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.IP "16. Limitation of Liability." 4
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encourage the widest possible use of a certain library, so that it
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a de-facto standard. To achieve this, non-free programs must be

allowed to use the library. A more frequent case is that a free library does the same job as widely used non-free libraries. In this case, there is little to gain by limiting the free library to free software only, so we use the Lesser General Public License.

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Although the Lesser General Public License is Less protective of the users' freedom, it does ensure that the user of a program that is linked with the Library has the freedom and the wherewithal to run that program using a modified version of the Library.

The precise terms and conditions for copying, distribution and modification follow. Pay close attention to the difference between a "work based on the library" and a "work that uses the library". The former contains code derived from the library, whereas the latter must be combined with the library in order to run.
^L

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The "Library", below, refers to any such software library or work which has been distributed under these terms. A "work based on the Library" means either the Library or any derivative work under copyright law: that is to say, a work containing the Library or a portion of it, either verbatim or with modifications and/or translated straightforwardly into another language. (Hereinafter, translation is included without limitation in the term "modification".)

"Source code" for a work means the preferred form of the work for making modifications to it. For a library, complete source code means all the source code for all modules it contains, plus any associated interface definition files, plus the scripts used to control

compilation
and installation of the library.

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(For example, a function in a library to compute square roots has a purpose that is entirely well-defined independent of the application. Therefore, Subsection 2d requires that any application-supplied function or table used by this function must

be optional: if the application does not supply it, the square root function must still compute square roots.)

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In addition, mere aggregation of another work not based on the Library with the Library (or with a work based on the Library) on a volume of a storage or distribution medium does not bring the other work under the scope of this License.

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This option is useful when you wish to copy part of the code of the Library into a program that is not a library.

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If distribution of object code is made by offering access to copy

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5. A program that contains no derivative of any portion of the Library, but is designed to work with the Library by being compiled or linked with it, is called a "work that uses the Library". Such a work, in isolation, is not a derivative work of the Library, and therefore falls outside the scope of this License.

However, linking a "work that uses the Library" with the Library creates an executable that is a derivative of the Library (because it contains portions of the Library), rather than a "work that uses the library". The executable is therefore covered by this License. Section 6 states terms for distribution of such executables.

When a "work that uses the Library" uses material from a header file that is part of the Library, the object code for the work may be a derivative work of the Library even though the source code is not. Whether this is true is especially significant if the work can be linked without the Library, or if the work is itself a library. The threshold for this to be true is not precisely defined by law.

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Otherwise, if the work is a derivative of the Library, you may distribute the object code for the work under the terms of Section 6. Any executables containing that work also fall under Section 6, whether or not they are linked directly with the Library itself.
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6. As an exception to the Sections above, you may also combine or link a "work that uses the Library" with the Library to produce a work containing portions of the Library, and distribute that work under terms of your choice, provided that the terms permit modification of the work for the customer's own use and reverse engineering for debugging such modifications.

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directing the user to the copy of this License. Also, you must do one of these things:

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>()VCode
<init>(Ljava/lang/String;I)V
LineNumberTableLocalVariableTable
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$&%java/lang/System'(
arraycopy*(Ljava/lang/Object;ILjava/lang/Object;II)VvalueOfE(Ljava/lang/String;)Lgnu/javax/sound/AudioSecurit
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GCC RUNTIME LIBRARY EXCEPTION

Version 3.1, 31 March 2009

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When you use GCC to compile a program, GCC may combine portions of certain GCC header files and runtime libraries with the compiled program. The purpose of this Exception is to allow compilation of non-GPL (including proprietary) programs to use, in this way, the header files and runtime libraries covered by this Exception.

0. Definitions.

A file is an "Independent Module" if it either requires the Runtime Library for execution after a Compilation Process, or makes use of an interface provided by the Runtime Library, but is not otherwise based on the Runtime Library.

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"Target Code" refers to output from any compiler for a real or virtual target processor architecture, in executable form or suitable for input to an assembler, loader, linker and/or execution phase. Notwithstanding that, Target Code does not include data in any format that is used as a compiler intermediate representation, or used for producing a compiler intermediate representation.

The "Compilation Process" transforms code entirely represented in non-intermediate languages designed for human-written code, and/or in Java Virtual Machine byte code, into Target Code. Thus, for example, use of source code generators and preprocessors need not be considered part of the Compilation Process, since the Compilation Process can be understood as starting with the output of the generators or preprocessors.

A Compilation Process is "Eligible" if it is done using GCC, alone or with other GPL-compatible software, or if it is done without using any work based on GCC. For example, using non-GPL-compatible Software to optimize any GCC intermediate representations would not qualify as an Eligible Compilation Process.

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You have permission to propagate a work of Target Code formed by
combining the Runtime Library with Independent Modules, even if such
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V1.78.1" /><meta name="keywords" content="ISO C++, library" /><meta name="keywords" content="ISO C++,
runtime, library" /><link rel="home" href="../index.html" title="The GNU C++ Library" /><link rel="up"
href="status.html" title="Chapter1.Status" /><link rel="prev" href="status.html" title="Chapter1.Status" /><link
rel="next" href="bugs.html" title="Bugs" /></head><body> <table width="100%"
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href="bugs.html">Next</td></tr></table><hr /> <div
class="titlepage"> <h2 class="title" style="clear: both"><a
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  There are two licenses affecting GNU libstdc++: one for the code,
  and one for the documentation.

    There is a license section in the FAQ regarding common <a class="link"
href="../faq.html#faq.license">questions. If you have more
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Version3.1,31March2009

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0.Definitions.

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valign="top">Bugs</td></tr></table></div></body></html>
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# point in the past.
#
# Pass --this-year to the script if you want it to add the current year
# to all applicable notices.  Pass --quilt if you are using quilt and
# want files to be added to the quilt before being changed.
#
# By default the script will update all directories for which the
# output has been vetted.  You can instead pass the names of individual
# directories, including those that haven't been approved.  So:
#
#    update-copyright.pl --this-year
#
# is the command that would be used at the beginning of a year to update
# all copyright notices (and possibly at other times to check whether
# new files have been added with old years).  On the other hand:
#
#    update-copyright.pl --this-year libjava
#
# would run the script on just libjava/.
#
# Note that things like --version output strings must be updated before
# this script is run.  There's already a separate procedure for that.

import os
import re
import sys
import time
```

```
import subprocess

class Errors:
  def __init__ (self):
    self.num_errors = 0

  def report (self, filename, string):
    if filename:
      string = filename + ': ' + string
    sys.stderr.write (string + '\n')
    self.num_errors += 1

  def ok (self):
    return self.num_errors == 0

class GenericFilter:
  def __init__ (self):
    self.skip_files = set()
    self.skip_dirs = set()
    self.skip_extensions = set()
    self.fossilised_files = set()
    self.own_files = set()

    self.skip_files |= set ([
        # Skip licence files.
        'COPYING',
        'COPYING.LIB',
        'COPYING3',
        'COPYING3.LIB',
        'LICENSE',
        'fdl.texi',
        'gpl_v3.texi',
        'fdl-1.3.xml',
        'gpl-3.0.xml',

        # Skip auto- and libtool-related files
        'aclocal.m4',
        'compile',
        'config.guess',
        'config.sub',
        'depcomp',
        'install-sh',
        'libtool.m4',
        'ltmain.sh',
        'ltoptions.m4',
        'ltsugar.m4',
        'ltversion.m4',
        'lt~obsolete.m4',
```

```
            'missing',
            'mkdep',
            'mkinstalldirs',
            'move-if-change',
            'shlibpath.m4',
            'symlink-tree',
            'ylwrap',

            # Skip FSF mission statement, etc.
            'gnu.texi',
            'funding.texi',
            'appendix_free.xml',

            # Skip imported texinfo files.
            'texinfo.tex',
            ])


def get_line_filter (self, dir, filename):
    if filename.startswith ('ChangeLog'):
        # Ignore references to copyright in changelog entries.
        return re.compile ('\t')

    return None

def skip_file (self, dir, filename):
    if filename in self.skip_files:
        return True

    (base, extension) = os.path.splitext (os.path.join (dir, filename))
    if extension in self.skip_extensions:
        return True

    if extension == '.in':
        # Skip .in files produced by automake.
        if os.path.exists (base + '.am'):
            return True

        # Skip files produced by autogen
        if (os.path.exists (base + '.def')
            and os.path.exists (base + '.tpl')):
            return True

    # Skip configure files produced by autoconf
    if filename == 'configure':
        if os.path.exists (base + '.ac'):
            return True
        if os.path.exists (base + '.in'):
```

```
            return True

        return False

    def skip_dir (self, dir, subdir):
        return subdir in self.skip_dirs

    def is_fossilised_file (self, dir, filename):
        if filename in self.fossilised_files:
            return True
        # Only touch current current ChangeLogs.
        if filename != 'ChangeLog' and filename.find ('ChangeLog') >= 0:
            return True
        return False

    def by_package_author (self, dir, filename):
        return filename in self.own_files

class Copyright:
    def __init__ (self, errors):
        self.errors = errors

        # Characters in a range of years.  Include '.' for typos.
        ranges = '[0-9](?:[-0-9.,\s]|\s+and\s+)*[0-9]'

        # Non-whitespace characters in a copyright holder's name.
        name = '[\w.,-]'

        # Matches one year.
        self.year_re = re.compile ('[0-9]+')

        # Matches part of a year or copyright holder.
        self.continuation_re = re.compile (ranges + '|' + name)

        # Matches a full copyright notice:
        self.copyright_re = re.compile (
            # 1: 'Copyright (C)', etc.
            '([Cc]opyright'
            '|[Cc]opyright\s+\([Cc]\)'
            '|[Cc]opyright\s+%s'
            '|[Cc]opyright\s+&copy;'
            '|[Cc]opyright\s+@copyright{}'
            '|@set\s+copyright[\w-]+)'

            # 2: the years.  Include the whitespace in the year, so that
            # we can remove any excess.
            '(\s*(?:' + ranges + ',?'
            '|@value\{[^{}]*\})\s*)'
```

```
        # 3: 'by ', if used
        '(by\s+)?'

        # 4: the copyright holder.  Don't allow multiple consecutive
        # spaces, so that right-margin gloss doesn't get caught
        # (e.g. gnat_ugn.texi).
        '(' + name + '(?:\s?' + name + ')*)?')

    # A regexp for notices that might have slipped by.  Just matching
    # 'copyright' is too noisy, and 'copyright.*[0-9]' falls foul of
    # HTML header markers, so check for 'copyright' and two digits.
    self.other_copyright_re = re.compile ('copyright.*[0-9][0-9]',
                                          re.IGNORECASE)
    self.comment_re = re.compile('#+|[*]+|;+|%+|//+|@c |dnl ')
    self.holders = { '@copying': '@copying' }
    self.holder_prefixes = set()

    # True to 'quilt add' files before changing them.
    self.use_quilt = False

    # If set, force all notices to include this year.
    self.max_year = None

    # Goes after the year(s).  Could be ', '.
    self.separator = ' '

def add_package_author (self, holder, canon_form = None):
    if not canon_form:
        canon_form = holder
    self.holders[holder] = canon_form
    index = holder.find (' ')
    while index >= 0:
        self.holder_prefixes.add (holder[:index])
        index = holder.find (' ', index + 1)

def add_external_author (self, holder):
    self.holders[holder] = None

class BadYear():
    def __init__ (self, year):
        self.year = year

    def __str__ (self):
        return 'unrecognised year: ' + self.year

def parse_year (self, string):
    year = int (string)
```

```
    if len (string) == 2:
        if year > 70:
            return year + 1900
    elif len (string) == 4:
        return year
    raise self.BadYear (string)

def year_range (self, years):
    year_list = [self.parse_year (year)
                 for year in self.year_re.findall (years)]
    assert len (year_list) > 0
    return (min (year_list), max (year_list))

def set_use_quilt (self, use_quilt):
    self.use_quilt = use_quilt

def include_year (self, year):
    assert not self.max_year
    self.max_year = year

def canonicalise_years (self, dir, filename, filter, years):
    # Leave texinfo variables alone.
    if years.startswith ('@value'):
        return years

    (min_year, max_year) = self.year_range (years)

    # Update the upper bound, if enabled.
    if self.max_year and not filter.is_fossilised_file (dir, filename):
        max_year = max (max_year, self.max_year)

    # Use a range.
    if min_year == max_year:
        return '%d' % min_year
    else:
        return '%d-%d' % (min_year, max_year)

def strip_continuation (self, line):
    line = line.lstrip()
    match = self.comment_re.match (line)
    if match:
        line = line[match.end():].lstrip()
    return line

def is_complete (self, match):
    holder = match.group (4)
    return (holder
            and (holder not in self.holder_prefixes
```

```
                or holder in self.holders))

    def update_copyright (self, dir, filename, filter, file, line, match):
        orig_line = line
        next_line = None
        pathname = os.path.join (dir, filename)

        intro = match.group (1)
        if intro.startswith ('@set'):
            # Texinfo year variables should always be on one line
            after_years = line[match.end (2):].strip()
            if after_years != '':
                self.errors.report (pathname,
                                    'trailing characters in @set: '
                                    + after_years)
                return (False, orig_line, next_line)
        else:
            # If it looks like the copyright is incomplete, add the next line.
            while not self.is_complete (match):
                try:
                    next_line = file.next()
                except StopIteration:
                    break

                # If the next line doesn't look like a proper continuation,
                # assume that what we've got is complete.
                continuation = self.strip_continuation (next_line)
                if not self.continuation_re.match (continuation):
                    break

                # Merge the lines for matching purposes.
                orig_line += next_line
                line = line.rstrip() + ' ' + continuation
                next_line = None

                # Rematch with the longer line, at the original position.
                match = self.copyright_re.match (line, match.start())
                assert match

            holder = match.group (4)

            # Use the filter to test cases where markup is getting in the way.
            if filter.by_package_author (dir, filename):
                assert holder not in self.holders

            elif not holder:
                self.errors.report (pathname, 'missing copyright holder')
                return (False, orig_line, next_line)
```

```
        elif holder not in self.holders:
            self.errors.report (pathname,
                                'unrecognised copyright holder: ' + holder)
            return (False, orig_line, next_line)

        else:
            # See whether the copyright is associated with the package
            # author.
            canon_form = self.holders[holder]
            if not canon_form:
                return (False, orig_line, next_line)

            # Make sure the author is given in a consistent way.
            line = (line[:match.start (4)]
                    + canon_form
                    + line[match.end (4):])

            # Remove any 'by'
            line = line[:match.start (3)] + line[match.end (3):]

    # Update the copyright years.
    years = match.group (2).strip()
    try:
        canon_form = self.canonicalise_years (dir, filename, filter, years)
    except self.BadYear as e:
        self.errors.report (pathname, str (e))
        return (False, orig_line, next_line)

    line = (line[:match.start (2)]
            + ' ' + canon_form + self.separator
            + line[match.end (2):])

    # Use the standard (C) form.
    if intro.endswith ('right'):
        intro += ' (C)'
    elif intro.endswith ('(c)'):
        intro = intro[:-3] + '(C)'
    line = line[:match.start (1)] + intro + line[match.end (1):]

    # Strip trailing whitespace
    line = line.rstrip() + '\n'

    return (line != orig_line, line, next_line)

def process_file (self, dir, filename, filter):
    pathname = os.path.join (dir, filename)
    if filename.endswith ('.tmp'):
```

```
            # Looks like something we tried to create before.
            try:
                os.remove (pathname)
            except OSError:
                pass
            return

        lines = []
        changed = False
        line_filter = filter.get_line_filter (dir, filename)
        with open (pathname, 'r') as file:
            prev = None
            for line in file:
                while line:
                    next_line = None
                    # Leave filtered-out lines alone.
                    if not (line_filter and line_filter.match (line)):
                        match = self.copyright_re.search (line)
                        if match:
                            res = self.update_copyright (dir, filename, filter,
                                                         file, line, match)
                            (this_changed, line, next_line) = res
                            changed = changed or this_changed

                        # Check for copyright lines that might have slipped by.
                        elif self.other_copyright_re.search (line):
                            self.errors.report (pathname,
                                                'unrecognised copyright: %s'
                                                % line.strip())
                    lines.append (line)
                    line = next_line

        # If something changed, write the new file out.
        if changed and self.errors.ok():
            tmp_pathname = pathname + '.tmp'
            with open (tmp_pathname, 'w') as file:
                for line in lines:
                    file.write (line)
            if self.use_quilt:
                subprocess.call (['quilt', 'add', pathname])
            os.rename (tmp_pathname, pathname)

    def process_tree (self, tree, filter):
        for (dir, subdirs, filenames) in os.walk (tree):
            # Don't recurse through directories that should be skipped.
            for i in xrange (len (subdirs) - 1, -1, -1):
                if filter.skip_dir (dir, subdirs[i]):
                    del subdirs[i]
```

```
            # Handle the files in this directory.
            for filename in filenames:
               if filter.skip_file (dir, filename):
                  sys.stdout.write ('Skipping %s\n'
                                    % os.path.join (dir, filename))
               else:
                  self.process_file (dir, filename, filter)

class CmdLine:
   def __init__ (self, copyright = Copyright):
      self.errors = Errors()
      self.copyright = copyright (self.errors)
      self.dirs = []
      self.default_dirs = []
      self.chosen_dirs = []
      self.option_handlers = dict()
      self.option_help = []

      self.add_option ('--help', 'Print this help', self.o_help)
      self.add_option ('--quilt', '"quilt add" files before changing them',
                       self.o_quilt)
      self.add_option ('--this-year', 'Add the current year to every notice',
                       self.o_this_year)

   def add_option (self, name, help, handler):
      self.option_help.append ((name, help))
      self.option_handlers[name] = handler

   def add_dir (self, dir, filter = GenericFilter()):
      self.dirs.append ((dir, filter))

   def o_help (self, option = None):
      sys.stdout.write ('Usage: %s [options] dir1 dir2...\n\n'
                        'Options:\n' % sys.argv[0])
      format = '%-15s %s\n'
      for (what, help) in self.option_help:
         sys.stdout.write (format % (what, help))
      sys.stdout.write ('\nDirectories:\n')

      format = '%-25s'
      i = 0
      for (dir, filter) in self.dirs:
         i += 1
         if i % 3 == 0 or i == len (self.dirs):
            sys.stdout.write (dir + '\n')
         else:
            sys.stdout.write (format % dir)
```

```
        sys.exit (0)

    def o_quilt (self, option):
        self.copyright.set_use_quilt (True)

    def o_this_year (self, option):
        self.copyright.include_year (time.localtime().tm_year)

    def main (self):
        for arg in sys.argv[1:]:
            if arg[:1] != '-':
                self.chosen_dirs.append (arg)
            elif arg in self.option_handlers:
                self.option_handlers[arg] (arg)
            else:
                self.errors.report (None, 'unrecognised option: ' + arg)
        if self.errors.ok():
            if len (self.chosen_dirs) == 0:
                self.chosen_dirs = self.default_dirs
            if len (self.chosen_dirs) == 0:
                self.o_help()
            else:
                for chosen_dir in self.chosen_dirs:
                    canon_dir = os.path.join (chosen_dir, '')
                    count = 0
                    for (dir, filter) in self.dirs:
                        if (dir + os.sep).startswith (canon_dir):
                            count += 1
                            self.copyright.process_tree (dir, filter)
                    if count == 0:
                        self.errors.report (None, 'unrecognised directory: '
                                        + chosen_dir)
        sys.exit (0 if self.errors.ok() else 1)

#--------------------------------------------------------------------------

class TopLevelFilter (GenericFilter):
    def skip_dir (self, dir, subdir):
        return True

class ConfigFilter (GenericFilter):
    def __init__ (self):
        GenericFilter.__init__ (self)

    def skip_file (self, dir, filename):
        if filename.endswith ('.m4'):
            pathname = os.path.join (dir, filename)
            with open (pathname) as file:
```

```
            # Skip files imported from gettext.
            if file.readline().find ('gettext-') >= 0:
               return True
        return GenericFilter.skip_file (self, dir, filename)

class GCCFilter (GenericFilter):
  def __init__ (self):
      GenericFilter.__init__ (self)

      self.skip_files |= set ([
            # Not part of GCC
            'math-68881.h',
            ])

      self.skip_dirs |= set ([
            # Better not create a merge nightmare for the GNAT folks.
            'ada',

            # Handled separately.
            'testsuite',
            ])

      self.skip_extensions |= set ([
            # Maintained by the translation project.
            '.po',

            # Automatically-generated.
            '.pot',
            ])

      self.fossilised_files |= set ([
            # Old news won't be updated.
            'ONEWS',
            ])

class TestsuiteFilter (GenericFilter):
  def __init__ (self):
      GenericFilter.__init__ (self)

      self.skip_extensions |= set ([
            # Don't change the tests, which could be woend by anyone.
            '.c',
            '.C',
            '.cc',
            '.h',
            '.hs',
            '.f',
            '.f90',
```

```
            '.go',
            '.inc',
            '.java',
            ])

    def skip_file (self, dir, filename):
        # g++.niklas/README contains historical copyright information
        # and isn't updated.
        if filename == 'README' and os.path.basename (dir) == 'g++.niklas':
            return True
        return GenericFilter.skip_file (self, dir, filename)

class LibCppFilter (GenericFilter):
    def __init__ (self):
        GenericFilter.__init__ (self)

        self.skip_extensions |= set ([
            # Maintained by the translation project.
            '.po',

            # Automatically-generated.
            '.pot',
            ])

class LibGCCFilter (GenericFilter):
    def __init__ (self):
        GenericFilter.__init__ (self)

        self.skip_dirs |= set ([
            # Imported from GLIBC.
            'soft-fp',
            ])

class LibJavaFilter (GenericFilter):
    def __init__ (self):
        GenericFilter.__init__ (self)

        self.skip_dirs |= set ([
            # Handled separately.
            'testsuite',

            # Not really part of the library
            'contrib',

            # Imported from upstream
            'classpath',
            'libltdl',
            ])
```

```
  def get_line_filter (self, dir, filename):
    if filename == 'NameDecoder.h':
      return re.compile ('.*NAME_COPYRIGHT')
    if filename == 'ICC_Profile.h':
      return re.compile ('.*icSigCopyrightTag')
    return GenericFilter.get_line_filter (self, dir, filename)

class LibMudflapFilter (GenericFilter):
  def __init__ (self):
    GenericFilter.__init__ (self)

    self.skip_dirs |= set ([
        # Handled separately.
        'testsuite',
        ])

class LibStdCxxFilter (GenericFilter):
  def __init__ (self):
    GenericFilter.__init__ (self)

    self.skip_files |= set ([
        # Contains no copyright of its own, but quotes the GPL.
        'intro.xml',
        ])

    self.skip_dirs |= set ([
        # Contains automatically-generated sources.
        'html',

        # The testsuite data files shouldn't be changed.
        'data',

        # Contains imported images
        'images',
        ])

    self.own_files |= set ([
        # Contains markup around the copyright owner.
        'spine.xml',
        ])

  def get_line_filter (self, dir, filename):
    if filename == 'boost_concept_check.h':
      return re.compile ('// \(C\) Copyright Jeremy Siek')
    return GenericFilter.get_line_filter (self, dir, filename)

class GCCCopyright (Copyright):
```

```
  def __init__ (self, errors):
    Copyright.__init__ (self, errors)

    canon_fsf = 'Free Software Foundation, Inc.'
    self.add_package_author ('Free Software Foundation', canon_fsf)
    self.add_package_author ('Free Software Foundation.', canon_fsf)
    self.add_package_author ('Free Software Foundation Inc.', canon_fsf)
    self.add_package_author ('Free Software Foundation, Inc', canon_fsf)
    self.add_package_author ('Free Software Foundation, Inc.', canon_fsf)
    self.add_package_author ('The Free Software Foundation', canon_fsf)
    self.add_package_author ('The Free Software Foundation, Inc.', canon_fsf)
    self.add_package_author ('Software Foundation, Inc.', canon_fsf)

    self.add_external_author ('ARM')
    self.add_external_author ('AdaCore')
    self.add_external_author ('Ami Tavory and Vladimir Dreizin, IBM-HRL.')
    self.add_external_author ('Cavium Networks.')
    self.add_external_author ('Faraday Technology Corp.')
    self.add_external_author ('Florida State University')
    self.add_external_author ('Greg Colvin and Beman Dawes.')
    self.add_external_author ('Hewlett-Packard Company')
    self.add_external_author ('Information Technology Industry Council.')
    self.add_external_author ('James Theiler, Brian Gough')
    self.add_external_author ('Makoto Matsumoto and Takuji Nishimura,')
    self.add_external_author ('National Research Council of Canada.')
    self.add_external_author ('Peter Dimov and Multi Media Ltd.')
    self.add_external_author ('Peter Dimov')
    self.add_external_author ('Pipeline Associates, Inc.')
    self.add_external_author ('Regents of the University of California.')
    self.add_external_author ('Silicon Graphics Computer Systems, Inc.')
    self.add_external_author ('Silicon Graphics')
    self.add_external_author ('Stephen L. Moshier')
    self.add_external_author ('Sun Microsystems, Inc. All rights reserved.')
    self.add_external_author ('The Go Authors.  All rights reserved.')
    self.add_external_author ('The Go Authors. All rights reserved.')
    self.add_external_author ('The Go Authors.')
    self.add_external_author ('The Regents of the University of California.')
    self.add_external_author ('Unicode, Inc.')
    self.add_external_author ('University of Toronto.')

class GCCCmdLine (CmdLine):
  def __init__ (self):
    CmdLine.__init__ (self, GCCCopyright)

    self.add_dir ('.', TopLevelFilter())
    # boehm-gc is imported from upstream.
    self.add_dir ('config', ConfigFilter())
    # contrib isn't really part of GCC.
```

```
    self.add_dir ('fixincludes')
    self.add_dir ('gcc', GCCFilter())
    self.add_dir (os.path.join ('gcc', 'testsuite'), TestsuiteFilter())
    self.add_dir ('gnattools')
    self.add_dir ('include')
    self.add_dir ('libada')
    self.add_dir ('libatomic')
    self.add_dir ('libbacktrace')
    self.add_dir ('libcpp', LibCppFilter())
    self.add_dir ('libdecnumber')
    # libffi is imported from upstream.
    self.add_dir ('libgcc', LibGCCFilter())
    self.add_dir ('libgfortran')
    self.add_dir ('libgomp')
    self.add_dir ('libiberty')
    self.add_dir ('libitm')
    self.add_dir ('libjava', LibJavaFilter())
    self.add_dir (os.path.join ('libjava', 'testsuite'), TestsuiteFilter())
    self.add_dir ('libmudflap', LibMudflapFilter())
    self.add_dir (os.path.join ('libmudflap', 'testsuite'),
                  TestsuiteFilter())
    self.add_dir ('libobjc')
    self.add_dir ('libquadmath')
    # libsanitiser is imported from upstream.
    self.add_dir ('libssp')
    self.add_dir ('libstdc++-v3', LibStdCxxFilter())
    self.add_dir ('lto-plugin')
    # zlib is imported from upstream.

    self.default_dirs = [
       'gcc',
       'libada',
       'libatomic',
       'libbacktrace',
       'libcpp',
       'libdecnumber',
       'libgcc',
       'libgfortran',
       'libgomp',
       'libitm',
       'libmudflap',
       'libobjc',
       'libstdc++-v3',
       ]

GCCCmdLine().main()
1f+gnu/classpath/tools/taglets/CopyrightTagletjava/lang/Objectcom/sun/tools/doclets/TagletNAMELjava/lang/Strin
g;
```

ConstantValue copyrightHEADER
Copyright:<init>()VCode
LineNumberTableLocalVariableTablethis-
Lgnu/classpath/tools/taglets/CopyrightTaglet;getName()Ljava/lang/String;inField()Z
inConstructorinMethod
inOverview inPackageinTypeisInlineTagregister(Ljava/util/Map;)V

&(*)
java/util/Map+,put8(Ljava/lang/Object;Ljava/lang/Object;)Ljava/lang/Object;
tagletMapLjava/util/Map;copyrightTaglettoString)(Lcom/sun/javadoc/Tag;)Ljava/lang/String;3com/sun/javadoc/Tag
506*([Lcom/sun/javadoc/Tag;)Ljava/lang/String;tagLcom/sun/javadoc/Tag;2:;text
=?>java/lang/String@Alength()ICjava/lang/StringBuffer
BF<dl>
BHIJappend,(Ljava/lang/String;)Ljava/lang/StringBuffer;Ljava/lang/StringBuilderN<dt>Copyright ©
KPQ(Ljava/lang/String;)V
KSIT-(Ljava/lang/String;)Ljava/lang/StringBuilder;V </dt>
KX0Z</dl>
BXtags[Lcom/sun/javadoc/Tag;haveValidTagZiIresultLjava/lang/StringBuffer;
SourceFileCopyrightTaglet.java!

/*1-
7,;,?,C,G,K ,O!,S "#QY$L*+%+'WWXY-.
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its purpose remains meaningful.

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@end enumerate

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@item
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contains portions of the Library), rather than a ``work that uses the
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Section 6 states terms for distribution of such executables.

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threshold for this to be true is not precisely defined by law.

If such an object file uses only numerical parameters, data
structure layouts and accessors, and small macros and small inline
functions (ten lines or less in length), then the use of the object
file is unrestricted, regardless of whether it is legally a derivative
work. (Executables containing this object code plus portions of the
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@item

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@enumerate a
@item
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@item
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@item
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@end enumerate

@iftex
@heading END OF TERMS AND CONDITIONS
@end iftex
@ifinfo
@center END OF TERMS AND CONDITIONS
@end ifinfo

@page
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ConstantValue?(WQ~nameLjava/lang/String;<init>(Ljava/lang/String;)VCode
()V LineNumberTableLocalVariableTablethisLjava/security/Permission;
checkGuard(Ljava/lang/Object;)V
! java/lang/System"#getSecurityManager()Ljava/lang/SecurityManager;
%'&java/lang/SecurityManager()checkPermission(Ljava/security/Permission;)VobjLjava/lang/Object;smLjava/lang/
SecurityManager;implies(Ljava/security/Permission;)Zequals(Ljava/lang/Object;)ZhashCode()IgetName()Ljava/lan
g/String;
getActionsnewPermissionCollection&()Ljava/security/PermissionCollection;toString;gnu/java/lang/CPStringBuilde
r
:
:>?@append"(C)Lgnu/java/lang/CPStringBuilder;
BCDgetClass()Ljava/lang/Class;
FHGjava/lang/Class45
:J?K3(Ljava/lang/String;)Lgnu/java/lang/CPStringBuilder;
H
N65P

RTSjava/lang/String01
:V95stringLgnu/java/lang/CPStringBuilder;
SourceFilePermission.java!
F
**+[] ^

XM,,*$nop
q *+
,-./012345/*6578,95S:Y<L+(=L+*AEIL+ =L+*LIL*MOQ+ =L+*MIL+)=L+U*
"+7>GNSKWXYZ

```
// DO NOT EDIT THIS FILE - it is machine generated -*- c++ -*-

#ifndef __java_security_acl_Permission__
#define __java_security_acl_Permission__

#pragma interface

#include <java/lang/Object.h>
extern "Java"
{
 namespace java
 {
   namespace security
   {
     namespace acl
     {
         class Permission;
     }
   }
 }
}

class java::security::acl::Permission : public ::java::lang::Object
{

public:
 virtual jboolean equals(::java::lang::Object *) = 0;
 virtual ::java::lang::String * toString() = 0;
 static ::java::lang::Class class$;
} __attribute__ ((java_interface));

#endif // __java_security_acl_Permission__
```

This is an attempt to acknowledge early contributions to the garbage
collector. Later contributions should instead be mentioned in
README.changes.

HISTORY -

Early versions of this collector were developed as a part of research
projects supported in part by the National Science Foundation
and the Defense Advance Research Projects Agency.

The garbage collector originated as part of the run-time system for
the Russell programming language implementation. The first version of the
garbage collector was written primarily by Al Demers. It was then refined
and mostly rewritten, primarily by Hans-J. Boehm, at Cornell U.,
the University of Washington, Rice University (where it was first used for
C and assembly code), Xerox PARC, SGI, and HP Labs. However, significant
contributions have also been made by many others.

Some other contributors:

More recent contributors are mentioned in the modification history in
README.changes. My apologies for any omissions.

The SPARC specific code was originally contributed by Mark Weiser.
The Encore Multimax modifications were supplied by
Kevin Kenny (kenny@m.cs.uiuc.edu). The adaptation to the IBM PC/RT is largely
due to Vernon Lee, on machines made available to Rice by IBM.
Much of the HP specific code and a number of good suggestions for improving the
generic code are due to Walter Underwood.
Robert Brazile (brazile@diamond.bbn.com) originally supplied the ULTRIX code.
Al Dosser (dosser@src.dec.com) and Regis Cridlig (Regis.Cridlig@cl.cam.ac.uk)
subsequently provided updates and information on variation between ULTRIX
systems. Parag Patel (parag@netcom.com) supplied the A/UX code.
Jesper Peterson(jep@mtiame.mtia.oz.au), Michel Schinz, and
Martin Tauchmann (martintauchmann@bigfoot.com) supplied the Amiga port.
Thomas Funke (thf@zelator.in-berlin.de(?)) and
Brian D.Carlstrom (bdc@clark.lcs.mit.edu) supplied the NeXT ports.
Douglas Steel (doug@wg.icl.co.uk) provided ICL DRS6000 code.
Bill Janssen (janssen@parc.xerox.com) supplied the SunOS dynamic loader
specific code. Manuel Serrano (serrano@cornas.inria.fr) supplied linux and
Sony News specific code. Al Dosser provided Alpha/OSF/1 code. He and
Dave Detlefs(detlefs@src.dec.com) also provided several generic bug fixes.
Alistair G. Crooks(agc@uts.amdahl.com) supplied the NetBSD and 386BSD ports.
Jeffrey Hsu (hsu@soda.berkeley.edu) provided the FreeBSD port.
Brent Benson (brent@jade.ssd.csd.harris.com) ported the collector to
a Motorola 88K processor running CX/UX (Harris NightHawk).
Ari Huttunen (Ari.Huttunen@hut.fi) generalized the OS/2 port to
nonIBM development environments (a nontrivial task).
Patrick Beard (beard@cs.ucdavis.edu) provided the initial MacOS port.
David Chase, then at Olivetti Research, suggested several improvements.
Scott Schwartz (schwartz@groucho.cse.psu.edu) supplied some of the
code to save and print call stacks for leak detection on a SPARC.
Jesse Hull and John Ellis supplied the C++ interface code.

Zhong Shao performed much of the experimentation that led to the
current typed allocation facility. (His dynamic type inference code hasn't
made it into the released version of the collector, yet.)
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```
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/**
* This interface provides information about a permission that can be
* granted.  Note that this is <em>not</em> the same as the class
* <code>java.security.Permission</code>.
*
* @version 0.0
*
* @author Aaron M. Renn (arenn@urbanophile.com)
*/
public interface Permission
{
 /**
  * This method tests whether or not a specified <code>Permission</code>
  * (passed as an <code>Object</code>) is the same as this permission.
  *
  * @param perm The permission to check for equality
  *
  * @return <code>true</code> if the specified permission is the same as this one, <code>false</code> otherwise
  */
 boolean equals (Object perm);

 /**
  * This method returns this <code>Permission</code> as a <code>String</code>.
  *
  * @return A <code>String</code> representing this permission.
  */
 String toString();
```

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* m4/ax_func_which_gethostbyname_r.m4

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/* Use the Sequent Symmetry assembler syntax. */

/* Define the syntax of pseudo-ops, labels and comments. */

/* Prefix for internally generated assembler labels. If we aren't using
underscores, we are using prefix `.'s to identify labels that should
be ignored, as in `i386/gas.h' --karl@cs.umb.edu */

#define LPREFIX "L"

/* Assembler pseudos to introduce constants of various size. */

#define ASM_BYTE "\t.byte\t"
#define ASM_SHORT "\t.word\t"

```
#define ASM_LONG "\t.long\t"
#define ASM_QUAD "\t.quad\t"  /* Should not be used for 32bit compilation.  */

/* This was suggested, but it shouldn't be right for DBX output. -- RMS
  #define ASM_OUTPUT_SOURCE_FILENAME(FILE, NAME) */


/* Define the syntax of labels and symbol definitions/declarations.  */

/* This is how to output an assembler line
  that says to advance the location counter by SIZE bytes.  */

#define ASM_OUTPUT_SKIP(FILE,SIZE)  \
 fprintf (FILE, "\t.space "HOST_WIDE_INT_PRINT_UNSIGNED"\n", (SIZE))

/* Define the syntax of labels and symbol definitions/declarations.  */

/* This says how to output an assembler line
  to define a global common symbol.  */

#define ASM_OUTPUT_COMMON(FILE, NAME, SIZE, ROUNDED)  \
( fputs (".comm ", (FILE)),   \
 assemble_name ((FILE), (NAME)),  \
 fprintf ((FILE), ",%u\n", (int)(ROUNDED)))

/* This says how to output an assembler line
  to define a local common symbol.  */

#define ASM_OUTPUT_LOCAL(FILE, NAME, SIZE, ROUNDED)  \
( fputs (".lcomm ", (FILE)),   \
 assemble_name ((FILE), (NAME)),  \
 fprintf ((FILE), ",%u\n", (int)(ROUNDED)))

#ifdef HAVE_GAS_LCOMM_WITH_ALIGNMENT
#define ASM_OUTPUT_ALIGNED_LOCAL(FILE, NAME, SIZE, ALIGNMENT)  \
( fputs (".lcomm ", (FILE)),   \
 assemble_name ((FILE), (NAME)),  \
 fprintf ((FILE), ",%u,%u\n", (int)(SIZE), (int)(ALIGNMENT) / BITS_PER_UNIT))
#endif

/* This is how to output an assembler line
  that says to advance the location counter
  to a multiple of 2**LOG bytes.  */

#define ASM_OUTPUT_ALIGN(FILE,LOG) \
 if ((LOG)!=0) fprintf ((FILE), "\t.align %d\n", (LOG))

/* This is how to store into the string BUF
```

```
  the symbol_ref name of an internal numbered label where
  PREFIX is the class of label and NUM is the number within the class.
  This is suitable for output with `assemble_name'.  */

#define ASM_GENERATE_INTERNAL_LABEL(BUF,PREFIX,NUMBER) \
  sprintf ((BUF), "*%s%ld", (PREFIX), (long)(NUMBER))

/* The prefix to add to user-visible assembler symbols.  */

#define USER_LABEL_PREFIX "_"

/* Sequent has some changes in the format of DBX symbols.  */
#define DBX_NO_XREFS 1

/* Don't split DBX symbols into continuations.  */
#define DBX_CONTIN_LENGTH 0
```

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```
// DO NOT EDIT THIS FILE - it is machine generated -*- c++ -*-

#ifndef __gnu_javax_sound_AudioSecurityManager$Permission__
#define __gnu_javax_sound_AudioSecurityManager$Permission__

#pragma interface

#include <java/lang/Enum.h>
```

```
#include <gcj/array.h>

extern "Java"
{
 namespace gnu
 {
  namespace javax
  {
    namespace sound
    {
       class AudioSecurityManager$Permission;
    }
  }
 }
}

class gnu::javax::sound::AudioSecurityManager$Permission : public ::java::lang::Enum
{

 AudioSecurityManager$Permission(::java::lang::String *, jint);
public:
 static JArray< ::gnu::javax::sound::AudioSecurityManager$Permission * > * values();
 static ::gnu::javax::sound::AudioSecurityManager$Permission * valueOf(::java::lang::String *);
 static ::gnu::javax::sound::AudioSecurityManager$Permission * PLAY;
 static ::gnu::javax::sound::AudioSecurityManager$Permission * RECORD;
 static ::gnu::javax::sound::AudioSecurityManager$Permission * ALL;
private:
 static JArray< ::gnu::javax::sound::AudioSecurityManager$Permission * > * ENUM$VALUES;
public:
 static ::java::lang::Class class$;
};

#endif // __gnu_javax_sound_AudioSecurityManager$Permission__
```

1.7 fci 2

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1.8 json-c 0.11

1.8.1 Available under license :

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1.9 swap-utils 2.25.2

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```
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*/
bsd.lo: bsd.c ../../../config.h \
/home/shiva/mar15/sdk-openwrt/staging_dir/toolchain-arm_v7-a_gcc-4.5-linaro_glibc-2.14.1_eabi/lib/gcc/arm-openwrt-linux-gnueabi/4.5.4/../../../../arm-openwrt-linux-gnueabi/sys-include/stdio.h \
/home/shiva/mar15/sdk-openwrt/staging_dir/toolchain-arm_v7-a_gcc-4.5-linaro_glibc-2.14.1_eabi/lib/gcc/arm-openwrt-linux-gnueabi/4.5.4/../../../../arm-openwrt-linux-gnueabi/sys-include/features.h \
/home/shiva/mar15/sdk-openwrt/staging_dir/toolchain-arm_v7-a_gcc-4.5-linaro_glibc-2.14.1_eabi/lib/gcc/arm-openwrt-linux-gnueabi/4.5.4/../../../../arm-openwrt-linux-gnueabi/sys-include/sys/cdefs.h \
/home/shiva/mar15/sdk-openwrt/staging_dir/toolchain-arm_v7-a_gcc-4.5-linaro_glibc-2.14.1_eabi/lib/gcc/arm-openwrt-linux-gnueabi/4.5.4/../../../../arm-openwrt-linux-gnueabi/sys-include/bits/wordsize.h \
/home/shiva/mar15/sdk-openwrt/staging_dir/toolchain-arm_v7-a_gcc-4.5-linaro_glibc-2.14.1_eabi/lib/gcc/arm-openwrt-linux-gnueabi/4.5.4/../../../../arm-openwrt-linux-gnueabi/sys-include/gnu/stubs.h \
/home/shiva/mar15/sdk-openwrt/staging_dir/toolchain-arm_v7-a_gcc-4.5-linaro_glibc-2.14.1_eabi/lib/gcc/arm-
```

openwrt-linux-gnueabi/4.5.4/include/stddef.h \
/home/shiva/mar15/sdk-openwrt/staging_dir/toolchain-arm_v7-a_gcc-4.5-linaro_glibc-2.14.1_eabi/lib/gcc/arm-openwrt-linux-gnueabi/4.5.4/../../../../arm-openwrt-linux-gnueabi/sys-include/bits/types.h \
/home/shiva/mar15/sdk-openwrt/staging_dir/toolchain-arm_v7-a_gcc-4.5-linaro_glibc-2.14.1_eabi/lib/gcc/arm-openwrt-linux-gnueabi/4.5.4/../../../../arm-openwrt-linux-gnueabi/sys-include/bits/typesizes.h \
/home/shiva/mar15/sdk-openwrt/staging_dir/toolchain-arm_v7-a_gcc-4.5-linaro_glibc-2.14.1_eabi/lib/gcc/arm-openwrt-linux-gnueabi/4.5.4/../../../../arm-openwrt-linux-gnueabi/sys-include/libio.h \
/home/shiva/mar15/sdk-openwrt/staging_dir/toolchain-arm_v7-a_gcc-4.5-linaro_glibc-2.14.1_eabi/lib/gcc/arm-openwrt-linux-gnueabi/4.5.4/../../../../arm-openwrt-linux-gnueabi/sys-include/_G_config.h \
/home/shiva/mar15/sdk-openwrt/staging_dir/toolchain-arm_v7-a_gcc-4.5-linaro_glibc-2.14.1_eabi/lib/gcc/arm-openwrt-linux-gnueabi/4.5.4/../../../../arm-openwrt-linux-gnueabi/sys-include/wchar.h \
/home/shiva/mar15/sdk-openwrt/staging_dir/toolchain-arm_v7-a_gcc-4.5-linaro_glibc-2.14.1_eabi/lib/gcc/arm-openwrt-linux-gnueabi/4.5.4/include/stdarg.h \
/home/shiva/mar15/sdk-openwrt/staging_dir/toolchain-arm_v7-a_gcc-4.5-linaro_glibc-2.14.1_eabi/lib/gcc/arm-openwrt-linux-gnueabi/4.5.4/../../../../arm-openwrt-linux-gnueabi/sys-include/bits/stdio_lim.h \
/home/shiva/mar15/sdk-openwrt/staging_dir/toolchain-arm_v7-a_gcc-4.5-linaro_glibc-2.14.1_eabi/lib/gcc/arm-openwrt-linux-gnueabi/4.5.4/../../../../arm-openwrt-linux-gnueabi/sys-include/bits/sys_errlist.h \
/home/shiva/mar15/sdk-openwrt/staging_dir/toolchain-arm_v7-a_gcc-4.5-linaro_glibc-2.14.1_eabi/lib/gcc/arm-openwrt-linux-gnueabi/4.5.4/../../../../arm-openwrt-linux-gnueabi/sys-include/string.h \
/home/shiva/mar15/sdk-openwrt/staging_dir/toolchain-arm_v7-a_gcc-4.5-linaro_glibc-2.14.1_eabi/lib/gcc/arm-openwrt-linux-gnueabi/4.5.4/../../../../arm-openwrt-linux-gnueabi/sys-include/xlocale.h \
/home/shiva/mar15/sdk-openwrt/staging_dir/toolchain-arm_v7-a_gcc-4.5-linaro_glibc-2.14.1_eabi/lib/gcc/arm-openwrt-linux-gnueabi/4.5.4/../../../../arm-openwrt-linux-gnueabi/sys-include/stdlib.h \
/home/shiva/mar15/sdk-openwrt/staging_dir/toolchain-arm_v7-a_gcc-4.5-linaro_glibc-2.14.1_eabi/lib/gcc/arm-openwrt-linux-gnueabi/4.5.4/../../../../arm-openwrt-linux-gnueabi/sys-include/bits/waitflags.h \
/home/shiva/mar15/sdk-openwrt/staging_dir/toolchain-arm_v7-a_gcc-4.5-linaro_glibc-2.14.1_eabi/lib/gcc/arm-openwrt-linux-gnueabi/4.5.4/../../../../arm-openwrt-linux-gnueabi/sys-include/bits/waitstatus.h \
/home/shiva/mar15/sdk-openwrt/staging_dir/toolchain-arm_v7-a_gcc-4.5-linaro_glibc-2.14.1_eabi/lib/gcc/arm-openwrt-linux-gnueabi/4.5.4/../../../../arm-openwrt-linux-gnueabi/sys-include/endian.h \
/home/shiva/mar15/sdk-openwrt/staging_dir/toolchain-arm_v7-a_gcc-4.5-linaro_glibc-2.14.1_eabi/lib/gcc/arm-openwrt-linux-gnueabi/4.5.4/../../../../arm-openwrt-linux-gnueabi/sys-include/bits/endian.h \
/home/shiva/mar15/sdk-openwrt/staging_dir/toolchain-arm_v7-a_gcc-4.5-linaro_glibc-2.14.1_eabi/lib/gcc/arm-openwrt-linux-gnueabi/4.5.4/../../../../arm-openwrt-linux-gnueabi/sys-include/bits/byteswap.h \
/home/shiva/mar15/sdk-openwrt/staging_dir/toolchain-arm_v7-a_gcc-4.5-linaro_glibc-2.14.1_eabi/lib/gcc/arm-openwrt-linux-gnueabi/4.5.4/../../../../arm-openwrt-linux-gnueabi/sys-include/sys/types.h \
/home/shiva/mar15/sdk-openwrt/staging_dir/toolchain-arm_v7-a_gcc-4.5-linaro_glibc-2.14.1_eabi/lib/gcc/arm-openwrt-linux-gnueabi/4.5.4/../../../../arm-openwrt-linux-gnueabi/sys-include/time.h \
/home/shiva/mar15/sdk-openwrt/staging_dir/toolchain-arm_v7-a_gcc-4.5-linaro_glibc-2.14.1_eabi/lib/gcc/arm-openwrt-linux-gnueabi/4.5.4/../../../../arm-openwrt-linux-gnueabi/sys-include/sys/select.h \
/home/shiva/mar15/sdk-openwrt/staging_dir/toolchain-arm_v7-a_gcc-4.5-linaro_glibc-2.14.1_eabi/lib/gcc/arm-openwrt-linux-gnueabi/4.5.4/../../../../arm-openwrt-linux-gnueabi/sys-include/bits/select.h \
/home/shiva/mar15/sdk-openwrt/staging_dir/toolchain-arm_v7-a_gcc-4.5-linaro_glibc-2.14.1_eabi/lib/gcc/arm-openwrt-linux-gnueabi/4.5.4/../../../../arm-openwrt-linux-gnueabi/sys-include/bits/sigset.h \
/home/shiva/mar15/sdk-openwrt/staging_dir/toolchain-arm_v7-a_gcc-4.5-linaro_glibc-2.14.1_eabi/lib/gcc/arm-openwrt-linux-gnueabi/4.5.4/../../../../arm-openwrt-linux-gnueabi/sys-include/bits/time.h \
/home/shiva/mar15/sdk-openwrt/staging_dir/toolchain-arm_v7-a_gcc-4.5-linaro_glibc-2.14.1_eabi/lib/gcc/arm-openwrt-linux-gnueabi/4.5.4/../../../../arm-openwrt-linux-gnueabi/sys-include/sys/sysmacros.h \
/home/shiva/mar15/sdk-openwrt/staging_dir/toolchain-arm_v7-a_gcc-4.5-linaro_glibc-2.14.1_eabi/lib/gcc/arm-

openwrt-linux-gnueabi/4.5.4/../../../../arm-openwrt-linux-gnueabi/sys-include/bits/pthreadtypes.h \
/home/shiva/mar15/sdk-openwrt/staging_dir/toolchain-arm_v7-a_gcc-4.5-linaro_glibc-2.14.1_eabi/lib/gcc/arm-openwrt-linux-gnueabi/4.5.4/../../../../arm-openwrt-linux-gnueabi/sys-include/alloca.h \
/home/shiva/mar15/sdk-openwrt/staging_dir/toolchain-arm_v7-a_gcc-4.5-linaro_glibc-2.14.1_eabi/lib/gcc/arm-openwrt-linux-gnueabi/4.5.4/include/stdint.h \
/home/shiva/mar15/sdk-openwrt/staging_dir/toolchain-arm_v7-a_gcc-4.5-linaro_glibc-2.14.1_eabi/lib/gcc/arm-openwrt-linux-gnueabi/4.5.4/../../../../arm-openwrt-linux-gnueabi/sys-include/stdint.h \
/home/shiva/mar15/sdk-openwrt/staging_dir/toolchain-arm_v7-a_gcc-4.5-linaro_glibc-2.14.1_eabi/lib/gcc/arm-openwrt-linux-gnueabi/4.5.4/../../../../arm-openwrt-linux-gnueabi/sys-include/bits/wchar.h \
partitions.h ../../../libblkid/src/blkidP.h \
/home/shiva/mar15/sdk-openwrt/staging_dir/toolchain-arm_v7-a_gcc-4.5-linaro_glibc-2.14.1_eabi/lib/gcc/arm-openwrt-linux-gnueabi/4.5.4/../../../../arm-openwrt-linux-gnueabi/sys-include/dirent.h \
/home/shiva/mar15/sdk-openwrt/staging_dir/toolchain-arm_v7-a_gcc-4.5-linaro_glibc-2.14.1_eabi/lib/gcc/arm-openwrt-linux-gnueabi/4.5.4/../../../../arm-openwrt-linux-gnueabi/sys-include/bits/dirent.h \
/home/shiva/mar15/sdk-openwrt/staging_dir/toolchain-arm_v7-a_gcc-4.5-linaro_glibc-2.14.1_eabi/lib/gcc/arm-openwrt-linux-gnueabi/4.5.4/../../../../arm-openwrt-linux-gnueabi/sys-include/bits/posix1_lim.h \
/home/shiva/mar15/sdk-openwrt/staging_dir/toolchain-arm_v7-a_gcc-4.5-linaro_glibc-2.14.1_eabi/lib/gcc/arm-openwrt-linux-gnueabi/4.5.4/../../../../arm-openwrt-linux-gnueabi/sys-include/bits/local_lim.h \
/home/shiva/mar15/sdk-openwrt/staging_dir/toolchain-arm_v7-a_gcc-4.5-linaro_glibc-2.14.1_eabi/lib/gcc/arm-openwrt-linux-gnueabi/4.5.4/../../../../arm-openwrt-linux-gnueabi/sys-include/linux/limits.h \
/home/shiva/mar15/sdk-openwrt/staging_dir/toolchain-arm_v7-a_gcc-4.5-linaro_glibc-2.14.1_eabi/lib/gcc/arm-openwrt-linux-gnueabi/4.5.4/../../../../arm-openwrt-linux-gnueabi/sys-include/sys/stat.h \
/home/shiva/mar15/sdk-openwrt/staging_dir/toolchain-arm_v7-a_gcc-4.5-linaro_glibc-2.14.1_eabi/lib/gcc/arm-openwrt-linux-gnueabi/4.5.4/../../../../arm-openwrt-linux-gnueabi/sys-include/bits/stat.h \
../../../include/c.h \
/home/shiva/mar15/sdk-openwrt/staging_dir/toolchain-arm_v7-a_gcc-4.5-linaro_glibc-2.14.1_eabi/lib/gcc/arm-openwrt-linux-gnueabi/4.5.4/include-fixed/limits.h \
/home/shiva/mar15/sdk-openwrt/staging_dir/toolchain-arm_v7-a_gcc-4.5-linaro_glibc-2.14.1_eabi/lib/gcc/arm-openwrt-linux-gnueabi/4.5.4/include-fixed/syslimits.h \
/home/shiva/mar15/sdk-openwrt/staging_dir/toolchain-arm_v7-a_gcc-4.5-linaro_glibc-2.14.1_eabi/lib/gcc/arm-openwrt-linux-gnueabi/4.5.4/../../../../arm-openwrt-linux-gnueabi/sys-include/limits.h \
/home/shiva/mar15/sdk-openwrt/staging_dir/toolchain-arm_v7-a_gcc-4.5-linaro_glibc-2.14.1_eabi/lib/gcc/arm-openwrt-linux-gnueabi/4.5.4/../../../../arm-openwrt-linux-gnueabi/sys-include/bits/posix2_lim.h \
/home/shiva/mar15/sdk-openwrt/staging_dir/toolchain-arm_v7-a_gcc-4.5-linaro_glibc-2.14.1_eabi/lib/gcc/arm-openwrt-linux-gnueabi/4.5.4/../../../../arm-openwrt-linux-gnueabi/sys-include/bits/xopen_lim.h \
/home/shiva/mar15/sdk-openwrt/staging_dir/toolchain-arm_v7-a_gcc-4.5-linaro_glibc-2.14.1_eabi/lib/gcc/arm-openwrt-linux-gnueabi/4.5.4/../../../../arm-openwrt-linux-gnueabi/sys-include/errno.h \
/home/shiva/mar15/sdk-openwrt/staging_dir/toolchain-arm_v7-a_gcc-4.5-linaro_glibc-2.14.1_eabi/lib/gcc/arm-openwrt-linux-gnueabi/4.5.4/../../../../arm-openwrt-linux-gnueabi/sys-include/bits/errno.h \
/home/shiva/mar15/sdk-openwrt/staging_dir/toolchain-arm_v7-a_gcc-4.5-linaro_glibc-2.14.1_eabi/lib/gcc/arm-openwrt-linux-gnueabi/4.5.4/../../../../arm-openwrt-linux-gnueabi/sys-include/linux/errno.h \
/home/shiva/mar15/sdk-openwrt/staging_dir/toolchain-arm_v7-a_gcc-4.5-linaro_glibc-2.14.1_eabi/lib/gcc/arm-openwrt-linux-gnueabi/4.5.4/../../../../arm-openwrt-linux-gnueabi/sys-include/asm/errno.h \
/home/shiva/mar15/sdk-openwrt/staging_dir/toolchain-arm_v7-a_gcc-4.5-linaro_glibc-2.14.1_eabi/lib/gcc/arm-openwrt-linux-gnueabi/4.5.4/../../../../arm-openwrt-linux-gnueabi/sys-include/asm-generic/errno.h \
/home/shiva/mar15/sdk-openwrt/staging_dir/toolchain-arm_v7-a_gcc-4.5-linaro_glibc-2.14.1_eabi/lib/gcc/arm-openwrt-linux-gnueabi/4.5.4/../../../../arm-openwrt-linux-gnueabi/sys-include/asm-generic/errno-base.h \
/home/shiva/mar15/sdk-openwrt/staging_dir/toolchain-arm_v7-a_gcc-4.5-linaro_glibc-2.14.1_eabi/lib/gcc/arm-

openwrt-linux-gnueabi/4.5.4/../../../../arm-openwrt-linux-gnueabi/sys-include/err.h \
/home/shiva/mar15/sdk-openwrt/staging_dir/toolchain-arm_v7-a_gcc-4.5-linaro_glibc-2.14.1_eabi/lib/gcc/arm-openwrt-linux-gnueabi/4.5.4/../../../../arm-openwrt-linux-gnueabi/sys-include/fcntl.h \
/home/shiva/mar15/sdk-openwrt/staging_dir/toolchain-arm_v7-a_gcc-4.5-linaro_glibc-2.14.1_eabi/lib/gcc/arm-openwrt-linux-gnueabi/4.5.4/../../../../arm-openwrt-linux-gnueabi/sys-include/bits/fcntl.h \
/home/shiva/mar15/sdk-openwrt/staging_dir/toolchain-arm_v7-a_gcc-4.5-linaro_glibc-2.14.1_eabi/lib/gcc/arm-openwrt-linux-gnueabi/4.5.4/../../../../arm-openwrt-linux-gnueabi/sys-include/bits/uio.h \
../../../include/bitops.h \
/home/shiva/mar15/sdk-openwrt/staging_dir/toolchain-arm_v7-a_gcc-4.5-linaro_glibc-2.14.1_eabi/lib/gcc/arm-openwrt-linux-gnueabi/4.5.4/../../../../arm-openwrt-linux-gnueabi/sys-include/sys/param.h \
/home/shiva/mar15/sdk-openwrt/staging_dir/toolchain-arm_v7-a_gcc-4.5-linaro_glibc-2.14.1_eabi/lib/gcc/arm-openwrt-linux-gnueabi/4.5.4/../../../../arm-openwrt-linux-gnueabi/sys-include/linux/param.h \
/home/shiva/mar15/sdk-openwrt/staging_dir/toolchain-arm_v7-a_gcc-4.5-linaro_glibc-2.14.1_eabi/lib/gcc/arm-openwrt-linux-gnueabi/4.5.4/../../../../arm-openwrt-linux-gnueabi/sys-include/asm/param.h \
../../../include/blkdev.h \
/home/shiva/mar15/sdk-openwrt/staging_dir/toolchain-arm_v7-a_gcc-4.5-linaro_glibc-2.14.1_eabi/lib/gcc/arm-openwrt-linux-gnueabi/4.5.4/../../../../arm-openwrt-linux-gnueabi/sys-include/sys/ioctl.h \
/home/shiva/mar15/sdk-openwrt/staging_dir/toolchain-arm_v7-a_gcc-4.5-linaro_glibc-2.14.1_eabi/lib/gcc/arm-openwrt-linux-gnueabi/4.5.4/../../../../arm-openwrt-linux-gnueabi/sys-include/bits/ioctls.h \
/home/shiva/mar15/sdk-openwrt/staging_dir/toolchain-arm_v7-a_gcc-4.5-linaro_glibc-2.14.1_eabi/lib/gcc/arm-openwrt-linux-gnueabi/4.5.4/../../../../arm-openwrt-linux-gnueabi/sys-include/asm/ioctls.h \
/home/shiva/mar15/sdk-openwrt/staging_dir/toolchain-arm_v7-a_gcc-4.5-linaro_glibc-2.14.1_eabi/lib/gcc/arm-openwrt-linux-gnueabi/4.5.4/../../../../arm-openwrt-linux-gnueabi/sys-include/asm-generic/ioctls.h \
/home/shiva/mar15/sdk-openwrt/staging_dir/toolchain-arm_v7-a_gcc-4.5-linaro_glibc-2.14.1_eabi/lib/gcc/arm-openwrt-linux-gnueabi/4.5.4/../../../../arm-openwrt-linux-gnueabi/sys-include/linux/ioctl.h \
/home/shiva/mar15/sdk-openwrt/staging_dir/toolchain-arm_v7-a_gcc-4.5-linaro_glibc-2.14.1_eabi/lib/gcc/arm-openwrt-linux-gnueabi/4.5.4/../../../../arm-openwrt-linux-gnueabi/sys-include/asm/ioctl.h \
/home/shiva/mar15/sdk-openwrt/staging_dir/toolchain-arm_v7-a_gcc-4.5-linaro_glibc-2.14.1_eabi/lib/gcc/arm-openwrt-linux-gnueabi/4.5.4/../../../../arm-openwrt-linux-gnueabi/sys-include/asm-generic/ioctl.h \
/home/shiva/mar15/sdk-openwrt/staging_dir/toolchain-arm_v7-a_gcc-4.5-linaro_glibc-2.14.1_eabi/lib/gcc/arm-openwrt-linux-gnueabi/4.5.4/../../../../arm-openwrt-linux-gnueabi/sys-include/bits/ioctl-types.h \
/home/shiva/mar15/sdk-openwrt/staging_dir/toolchain-arm_v7-a_gcc-4.5-linaro_glibc-2.14.1_eabi/lib/gcc/arm-openwrt-linux-gnueabi/4.5.4/../../../../arm-openwrt-linux-gnueabi/sys-include/sys/ttydefaults.h \
/home/shiva/mar15/sdk-openwrt/staging_dir/toolchain-arm_v7-a_gcc-4.5-linaro_glibc-2.14.1_eabi/lib/gcc/arm-openwrt-linux-gnueabi/4.5.4/../../../../arm-openwrt-linux-gnueabi/sys-include/unistd.h \
/home/shiva/mar15/sdk-openwrt/staging_dir/toolchain-arm_v7-a_gcc-4.5-linaro_glibc-2.14.1_eabi/lib/gcc/arm-openwrt-linux-gnueabi/4.5.4/../../../../arm-openwrt-linux-gnueabi/sys-include/bits/posix_opt.h \
/home/shiva/mar15/sdk-openwrt/staging_dir/toolchain-arm_v7-a_gcc-4.5-linaro_glibc-2.14.1_eabi/lib/gcc/arm-openwrt-linux-gnueabi/4.5.4/../../../../arm-openwrt-linux-gnueabi/sys-include/bits/environments.h \
/home/shiva/mar15/sdk-openwrt/staging_dir/toolchain-arm_v7-a_gcc-4.5-linaro_glibc-2.14.1_eabi/lib/gcc/arm-openwrt-linux-gnueabi/4.5.4/../../../../arm-openwrt-linux-gnueabi/sys-include/bits/confname.h \
/home/shiva/mar15/sdk-openwrt/staging_dir/toolchain-arm_v7-a_gcc-4.5-linaro_glibc-2.14.1_eabi/lib/gcc/arm-openwrt-linux-gnueabi/4.5.4/../../../../arm-openwrt-linux-gnueabi/sys-include/getopt.h \
../../../libblkid/src/blkid.h ../../../include/list.h blkid_parttypes.h

../../../config.h:

/home/shiva/mar15/sdk-openwrt/staging_dir/toolchain-arm_v7-a_gcc-4.5-linaro_glibc-2.14.1_eabi/lib/gcc/arm-

openwrt-linux-gnueabi/4.5.4/../../../../arm-openwrt-linux-gnueabi/sys-include/stdio.h:

/home/shiva/mar15/sdk-openwrt/staging_dir/toolchain-arm_v7-a_gcc-4.5-linaro_glibc-2.14.1_eabi/lib/gcc/arm-openwrt-linux-gnueabi/4.5.4/../../../../arm-openwrt-linux-gnueabi/sys-include/features.h:

/home/shiva/mar15/sdk-openwrt/staging_dir/toolchain-arm_v7-a_gcc-4.5-linaro_glibc-2.14.1_eabi/lib/gcc/arm-openwrt-linux-gnueabi/4.5.4/../../../../arm-openwrt-linux-gnueabi/sys-include/sys/cdefs.h:

/home/shiva/mar15/sdk-openwrt/staging_dir/toolchain-arm_v7-a_gcc-4.5-linaro_glibc-2.14.1_eabi/lib/gcc/arm-openwrt-linux-gnueabi/4.5.4/../../../../arm-openwrt-linux-gnueabi/sys-include/bits/wordsize.h:

/home/shiva/mar15/sdk-openwrt/staging_dir/toolchain-arm_v7-a_gcc-4.5-linaro_glibc-2.14.1_eabi/lib/gcc/arm-openwrt-linux-gnueabi/4.5.4/../../../../arm-openwrt-linux-gnueabi/sys-include/gnu/stubs.h:

/home/shiva/mar15/sdk-openwrt/staging_dir/toolchain-arm_v7-a_gcc-4.5-linaro_glibc-2.14.1_eabi/lib/gcc/arm-openwrt-linux-gnueabi/4.5.4/include/stddef.h:

/home/shiva/mar15/sdk-openwrt/staging_dir/toolchain-arm_v7-a_gcc-4.5-linaro_glibc-2.14.1_eabi/lib/gcc/arm-openwrt-linux-gnueabi/4.5.4/../../../../arm-openwrt-linux-gnueabi/sys-include/bits/types.h:

/home/shiva/mar15/sdk-openwrt/staging_dir/toolchain-arm_v7-a_gcc-4.5-linaro_glibc-2.14.1_eabi/lib/gcc/arm-openwrt-linux-gnueabi/4.5.4/../../../../arm-openwrt-linux-gnueabi/sys-include/bits/typesizes.h:

/home/shiva/mar15/sdk-openwrt/staging_dir/toolchain-arm_v7-a_gcc-4.5-linaro_glibc-2.14.1_eabi/lib/gcc/arm-openwrt-linux-gnueabi/4.5.4/../../../../arm-openwrt-linux-gnueabi/sys-include/libio.h:

/home/shiva/mar15/sdk-openwrt/staging_dir/toolchain-arm_v7-a_gcc-4.5-linaro_glibc-2.14.1_eabi/lib/gcc/arm-openwrt-linux-gnueabi/4.5.4/../../../../arm-openwrt-linux-gnueabi/sys-include/_G_config.h:

/home/shiva/mar15/sdk-openwrt/staging_dir/toolchain-arm_v7-a_gcc-4.5-linaro_glibc-2.14.1_eabi/lib/gcc/arm-openwrt-linux-gnueabi/4.5.4/../../../../arm-openwrt-linux-gnueabi/sys-include/wchar.h:

/home/shiva/mar15/sdk-openwrt/staging_dir/toolchain-arm_v7-a_gcc-4.5-linaro_glibc-2.14.1_eabi/lib/gcc/arm-openwrt-linux-gnueabi/4.5.4/include/stdarg.h:

/home/shiva/mar15/sdk-openwrt/staging_dir/toolchain-arm_v7-a_gcc-4.5-linaro_glibc-2.14.1_eabi/lib/gcc/arm-openwrt-linux-gnueabi/4.5.4/../../../../arm-openwrt-linux-gnueabi/sys-include/bits/stdio_lim.h:

/home/shiva/mar15/sdk-openwrt/staging_dir/toolchain-arm_v7-a_gcc-4.5-linaro_glibc-2.14.1_eabi/lib/gcc/arm-openwrt-linux-gnueabi/4.5.4/../../../../arm-openwrt-linux-gnueabi/sys-include/bits/sys_errlist.h:

/home/shiva/mar15/sdk-openwrt/staging_dir/toolchain-arm_v7-a_gcc-4.5-linaro_glibc-2.14.1_eabi/lib/gcc/arm-openwrt-linux-gnueabi/4.5.4/../../../../arm-openwrt-linux-gnueabi/sys-include/string.h:

/home/shiva/mar15/sdk-openwrt/staging_dir/toolchain-arm_v7-a_gcc-4.5-linaro_glibc-2.14.1_eabi/lib/gcc/arm-openwrt-linux-gnueabi/4.5.4/../../../../arm-openwrt-linux-gnueabi/sys-include/xlocale.h:

/home/shiva/mar15/sdk-openwrt/staging_dir/toolchain-arm_v7-a_gcc-4.5-linaro_glibc-2.14.1_eabi/lib/gcc/arm-

openwrt-linux-gnueabi/4.5.4/../../../../arm-openwrt-linux-gnueabi/sys-include/stdlib.h:

/home/shiva/mar15/sdk-openwrt/staging_dir/toolchain-arm_v7-a_gcc-4.5-linaro_glibc-2.14.1_eabi/lib/gcc/arm-openwrt-linux-gnueabi/4.5.4/../../../../arm-openwrt-linux-gnueabi/sys-include/bits/waitflags.h:

/home/shiva/mar15/sdk-openwrt/staging_dir/toolchain-arm_v7-a_gcc-4.5-linaro_glibc-2.14.1_eabi/lib/gcc/arm-openwrt-linux-gnueabi/4.5.4/../../../../arm-openwrt-linux-gnueabi/sys-include/bits/waitstatus.h:

/home/shiva/mar15/sdk-openwrt/staging_dir/toolchain-arm_v7-a_gcc-4.5-linaro_glibc-2.14.1_eabi/lib/gcc/arm-openwrt-linux-gnueabi/4.5.4/../../../../arm-openwrt-linux-gnueabi/sys-include/endian.h:

/home/shiva/mar15/sdk-openwrt/staging_dir/toolchain-arm_v7-a_gcc-4.5-linaro_glibc-2.14.1_eabi/lib/gcc/arm-openwrt-linux-gnueabi/4.5.4/../../../../arm-openwrt-linux-gnueabi/sys-include/bits/endian.h:

/home/shiva/mar15/sdk-openwrt/staging_dir/toolchain-arm_v7-a_gcc-4.5-linaro_glibc-2.14.1_eabi/lib/gcc/arm-openwrt-linux-gnueabi/4.5.4/../../../../arm-openwrt-linux-gnueabi/sys-include/bits/byteswap.h:

/home/shiva/mar15/sdk-openwrt/staging_dir/toolchain-arm_v7-a_gcc-4.5-linaro_glibc-2.14.1_eabi/lib/gcc/arm-openwrt-linux-gnueabi/4.5.4/../../../../arm-openwrt-linux-gnueabi/sys-include/sys/types.h:

/home/shiva/mar15/sdk-openwrt/staging_dir/toolchain-arm_v7-a_gcc-4.5-linaro_glibc-2.14.1_eabi/lib/gcc/arm-openwrt-linux-gnueabi/4.5.4/../../../../arm-openwrt-linux-gnueabi/sys-include/time.h:

/home/shiva/mar15/sdk-openwrt/staging_dir/toolchain-arm_v7-a_gcc-4.5-linaro_glibc-2.14.1_eabi/lib/gcc/arm-openwrt-linux-gnueabi/4.5.4/../../../../arm-openwrt-linux-gnueabi/sys-include/sys/select.h:

/home/shiva/mar15/sdk-openwrt/staging_dir/toolchain-arm_v7-a_gcc-4.5-linaro_glibc-2.14.1_eabi/lib/gcc/arm-openwrt-linux-gnueabi/4.5.4/../../../../arm-openwrt-linux-gnueabi/sys-include/bits/select.h:

/home/shiva/mar15/sdk-openwrt/staging_dir/toolchain-arm_v7-a_gcc-4.5-linaro_glibc-2.14.1_eabi/lib/gcc/arm-openwrt-linux-gnueabi/4.5.4/../../../../arm-openwrt-linux-gnueabi/sys-include/bits/sigset.h:

/home/shiva/mar15/sdk-openwrt/staging_dir/toolchain-arm_v7-a_gcc-4.5-linaro_glibc-2.14.1_eabi/lib/gcc/arm-openwrt-linux-gnueabi/4.5.4/../../../../arm-openwrt-linux-gnueabi/sys-include/bits/time.h:

/home/shiva/mar15/sdk-openwrt/staging_dir/toolchain-arm_v7-a_gcc-4.5-linaro_glibc-2.14.1_eabi/lib/gcc/arm-openwrt-linux-gnueabi/4.5.4/../../../../arm-openwrt-linux-gnueabi/sys-include/sys/sysmacros.h:

/home/shiva/mar15/sdk-openwrt/staging_dir/toolchain-arm_v7-a_gcc-4.5-linaro_glibc-2.14.1_eabi/lib/gcc/arm-openwrt-linux-gnueabi/4.5.4/../../../../arm-openwrt-linux-gnueabi/sys-include/bits/pthreadtypes.h:

/home/shiva/mar15/sdk-openwrt/staging_dir/toolchain-arm_v7-a_gcc-4.5-linaro_glibc-2.14.1_eabi/lib/gcc/arm-openwrt-linux-gnueabi/4.5.4/../../../../arm-openwrt-linux-gnueabi/sys-include/alloca.h:

/home/shiva/mar15/sdk-openwrt/staging_dir/toolchain-arm_v7-a_gcc-4.5-linaro_glibc-2.14.1_eabi/lib/gcc/arm-openwrt-linux-gnueabi/4.5.4/include/stdint.h:

/home/shiva/mar15/sdk-openwrt/staging_dir/toolchain-arm_v7-a_gcc-4.5-linaro_glibc-2.14.1_eabi/lib/gcc/arm-

openwrt-linux-gnueabi/4.5.4/../../../../arm-openwrt-linux-gnueabi/sys-include/stdint.h:

/home/shiva/mar15/sdk-openwrt/staging_dir/toolchain-arm_v7-a_gcc-4.5-linaro_glibc-2.14.1_eabi/lib/gcc/arm-openwrt-linux-gnueabi/4.5.4/../../../../arm-openwrt-linux-gnueabi/sys-include/bits/wchar.h:

partitions.h:

../../../libblkid/src/blkidP.h:

/home/shiva/mar15/sdk-openwrt/staging_dir/toolchain-arm_v7-a_gcc-4.5-linaro_glibc-2.14.1_eabi/lib/gcc/arm-openwrt-linux-gnueabi/4.5.4/../../../../arm-openwrt-linux-gnueabi/sys-include/dirent.h:

/home/shiva/mar15/sdk-openwrt/staging_dir/toolchain-arm_v7-a_gcc-4.5-linaro_glibc-2.14.1_eabi/lib/gcc/arm-openwrt-linux-gnueabi/4.5.4/../../../../arm-openwrt-linux-gnueabi/sys-include/bits/dirent.h:

/home/shiva/mar15/sdk-openwrt/staging_dir/toolchain-arm_v7-a_gcc-4.5-linaro_glibc-2.14.1_eabi/lib/gcc/arm-openwrt-linux-gnueabi/4.5.4/../../../../arm-openwrt-linux-gnueabi/sys-include/bits/posix1_lim.h:

/home/shiva/mar15/sdk-openwrt/staging_dir/toolchain-arm_v7-a_gcc-4.5-linaro_glibc-2.14.1_eabi/lib/gcc/arm-openwrt-linux-gnueabi/4.5.4/../../../../arm-openwrt-linux-gnueabi/sys-include/bits/local_lim.h:

/home/shiva/mar15/sdk-openwrt/staging_dir/toolchain-arm_v7-a_gcc-4.5-linaro_glibc-2.14.1_eabi/lib/gcc/arm-openwrt-linux-gnueabi/4.5.4/../../../../arm-openwrt-linux-gnueabi/sys-include/linux/limits.h:

/home/shiva/mar15/sdk-openwrt/staging_dir/toolchain-arm_v7-a_gcc-4.5-linaro_glibc-2.14.1_eabi/lib/gcc/arm-openwrt-linux-gnueabi/4.5.4/../../../../arm-openwrt-linux-gnueabi/sys-include/sys/stat.h:

/home/shiva/mar15/sdk-openwrt/staging_dir/toolchain-arm_v7-a_gcc-4.5-linaro_glibc-2.14.1_eabi/lib/gcc/arm-openwrt-linux-gnueabi/4.5.4/../../../../arm-openwrt-linux-gnueabi/sys-include/bits/stat.h:

../../../include/c.h:

/home/shiva/mar15/sdk-openwrt/staging_dir/toolchain-arm_v7-a_gcc-4.5-linaro_glibc-2.14.1_eabi/lib/gcc/arm-openwrt-linux-gnueabi/4.5.4/include-fixed/limits.h:

/home/shiva/mar15/sdk-openwrt/staging_dir/toolchain-arm_v7-a_gcc-4.5-linaro_glibc-2.14.1_eabi/lib/gcc/arm-openwrt-linux-gnueabi/4.5.4/include-fixed/syslimits.h:

/home/shiva/mar15/sdk-openwrt/staging_dir/toolchain-arm_v7-a_gcc-4.5-linaro_glibc-2.14.1_eabi/lib/gcc/arm-openwrt-linux-gnueabi/4.5.4/../../../../arm-openwrt-linux-gnueabi/sys-include/limits.h:

/home/shiva/mar15/sdk-openwrt/staging_dir/toolchain-arm_v7-a_gcc-4.5-linaro_glibc-2.14.1_eabi/lib/gcc/arm-openwrt-linux-gnueabi/4.5.4/../../../../arm-openwrt-linux-gnueabi/sys-include/bits/posix2_lim.h:

/home/shiva/mar15/sdk-openwrt/staging_dir/toolchain-arm_v7-a_gcc-4.5-linaro_glibc-2.14.1_eabi/lib/gcc/arm-openwrt-linux-gnueabi/4.5.4/../../../../arm-openwrt-linux-gnueabi/sys-include/bits/xopen_lim.h:

/home/shiva/mar15/sdk-openwrt/staging_dir/toolchain-arm_v7-a_gcc-4.5-linaro_glibc-2.14.1_eabi/lib/gcc/arm-

openwrt-linux-gnueabi/4.5.4/../../../../arm-openwrt-linux-gnueabi/sys-include/errno.h:

/home/shiva/mar15/sdk-openwrt/staging_dir/toolchain-arm_v7-a_gcc-4.5-linaro_glibc-2.14.1_eabi/lib/gcc/arm-openwrt-linux-gnueabi/4.5.4/../../../../arm-openwrt-linux-gnueabi/sys-include/bits/errno.h:

/home/shiva/mar15/sdk-openwrt/staging_dir/toolchain-arm_v7-a_gcc-4.5-linaro_glibc-2.14.1_eabi/lib/gcc/arm-openwrt-linux-gnueabi/4.5.4/../../../../arm-openwrt-linux-gnueabi/sys-include/linux/errno.h:

/home/shiva/mar15/sdk-openwrt/staging_dir/toolchain-arm_v7-a_gcc-4.5-linaro_glibc-2.14.1_eabi/lib/gcc/arm-openwrt-linux-gnueabi/4.5.4/../../../../arm-openwrt-linux-gnueabi/sys-include/asm/errno.h:

/home/shiva/mar15/sdk-openwrt/staging_dir/toolchain-arm_v7-a_gcc-4.5-linaro_glibc-2.14.1_eabi/lib/gcc/arm-openwrt-linux-gnueabi/4.5.4/../../../../arm-openwrt-linux-gnueabi/sys-include/asm-generic/errno.h:

/home/shiva/mar15/sdk-openwrt/staging_dir/toolchain-arm_v7-a_gcc-4.5-linaro_glibc-2.14.1_eabi/lib/gcc/arm-openwrt-linux-gnueabi/4.5.4/../../../../arm-openwrt-linux-gnueabi/sys-include/asm-generic/errno-base.h:

/home/shiva/mar15/sdk-openwrt/staging_dir/toolchain-arm_v7-a_gcc-4.5-linaro_glibc-2.14.1_eabi/lib/gcc/arm-openwrt-linux-gnueabi/4.5.4/../../../../arm-openwrt-linux-gnueabi/sys-include/err.h:

/home/shiva/mar15/sdk-openwrt/staging_dir/toolchain-arm_v7-a_gcc-4.5-linaro_glibc-2.14.1_eabi/lib/gcc/arm-openwrt-linux-gnueabi/4.5.4/../../../../arm-openwrt-linux-gnueabi/sys-include/fcntl.h:

/home/shiva/mar15/sdk-openwrt/staging_dir/toolchain-arm_v7-a_gcc-4.5-linaro_glibc-2.14.1_eabi/lib/gcc/arm-openwrt-linux-gnueabi/4.5.4/../../../../arm-openwrt-linux-gnueabi/sys-include/bits/fcntl.h:

/home/shiva/mar15/sdk-openwrt/staging_dir/toolchain-arm_v7-a_gcc-4.5-linaro_glibc-2.14.1_eabi/lib/gcc/arm-openwrt-linux-gnueabi/4.5.4/../../../../arm-openwrt-linux-gnueabi/sys-include/bits/uio.h:

../../../include/bitops.h:

/home/shiva/mar15/sdk-openwrt/staging_dir/toolchain-arm_v7-a_gcc-4.5-linaro_glibc-2.14.1_eabi/lib/gcc/arm-openwrt-linux-gnueabi/4.5.4/../../../../arm-openwrt-linux-gnueabi/sys-include/sys/param.h:

/home/shiva/mar15/sdk-openwrt/staging_dir/toolchain-arm_v7-a_gcc-4.5-linaro_glibc-2.14.1_eabi/lib/gcc/arm-openwrt-linux-gnueabi/4.5.4/../../../../arm-openwrt-linux-gnueabi/sys-include/linux/param.h:

/home/shiva/mar15/sdk-openwrt/staging_dir/toolchain-arm_v7-a_gcc-4.5-linaro_glibc-2.14.1_eabi/lib/gcc/arm-openwrt-linux-gnueabi/4.5.4/../../../../arm-openwrt-linux-gnueabi/sys-include/asm/param.h:

../../../include/blkdev.h:

/home/shiva/mar15/sdk-openwrt/staging_dir/toolchain-arm_v7-a_gcc-4.5-linaro_glibc-2.14.1_eabi/lib/gcc/arm-openwrt-linux-gnueabi/4.5.4/../../../../arm-openwrt-linux-gnueabi/sys-include/sys/ioctl.h:

/home/shiva/mar15/sdk-openwrt/staging_dir/toolchain-arm_v7-a_gcc-4.5-linaro_glibc-2.14.1_eabi/lib/gcc/arm-openwrt-linux-gnueabi/4.5.4/../../../../arm-openwrt-linux-gnueabi/sys-include/bits/ioctls.h:

/home/shiva/mar15/sdk-openwrt/staging_dir/toolchain-arm_v7-a_gcc-4.5-linaro_glibc-2.14.1_eabi/lib/gcc/arm-openwrt-linux-gnueabi/4.5.4/../../../../arm-openwrt-linux-gnueabi/sys-include/asm/ioctls.h:

/home/shiva/mar15/sdk-openwrt/staging_dir/toolchain-arm_v7-a_gcc-4.5-linaro_glibc-2.14.1_eabi/lib/gcc/arm-openwrt-linux-gnueabi/4.5.4/../../../../arm-openwrt-linux-gnueabi/sys-include/asm-generic/ioctls.h:

/home/shiva/mar15/sdk-openwrt/staging_dir/toolchain-arm_v7-a_gcc-4.5-linaro_glibc-2.14.1_eabi/lib/gcc/arm-openwrt-linux-gnueabi/4.5.4/../../../../arm-openwrt-linux-gnueabi/sys-include/linux/ioctl.h:

/home/shiva/mar15/sdk-openwrt/staging_dir/toolchain-arm_v7-a_gcc-4.5-linaro_glibc-2.14.1_eabi/lib/gcc/arm-openwrt-linux-gnueabi/4.5.4/../../../../arm-openwrt-linux-gnueabi/sys-include/asm/ioctl.h:

/home/shiva/mar15/sdk-openwrt/staging_dir/toolchain-arm_v7-a_gcc-4.5-linaro_glibc-2.14.1_eabi/lib/gcc/arm-openwrt-linux-gnueabi/4.5.4/../../../../arm-openwrt-linux-gnueabi/sys-include/asm-generic/ioctl.h:

/home/shiva/mar15/sdk-openwrt/staging_dir/toolchain-arm_v7-a_gcc-4.5-linaro_glibc-2.14.1_eabi/lib/gcc/arm-openwrt-linux-gnueabi/4.5.4/../../../../arm-openwrt-linux-gnueabi/sys-include/bits/ioctl-types.h:

/home/shiva/mar15/sdk-openwrt/staging_dir/toolchain-arm_v7-a_gcc-4.5-linaro_glibc-2.14.1_eabi/lib/gcc/arm-openwrt-linux-gnueabi/4.5.4/../../../../arm-openwrt-linux-gnueabi/sys-include/sys/ttydefaults.h:

/home/shiva/mar15/sdk-openwrt/staging_dir/toolchain-arm_v7-a_gcc-4.5-linaro_glibc-2.14.1_eabi/lib/gcc/arm-openwrt-linux-gnueabi/4.5.4/../../../../arm-openwrt-linux-gnueabi/sys-include/unistd.h:

/home/shiva/mar15/sdk-openwrt/staging_dir/toolchain-arm_v7-a_gcc-4.5-linaro_glibc-2.14.1_eabi/lib/gcc/arm-openwrt-linux-gnueabi/4.5.4/../../../../arm-openwrt-linux-gnueabi/sys-include/bits/posix_opt.h:

/home/shiva/mar15/sdk-openwrt/staging_dir/toolchain-arm_v7-a_gcc-4.5-linaro_glibc-2.14.1_eabi/lib/gcc/arm-openwrt-linux-gnueabi/4.5.4/../../../../arm-openwrt-linux-gnueabi/sys-include/bits/environments.h:

/home/shiva/mar15/sdk-openwrt/staging_dir/toolchain-arm_v7-a_gcc-4.5-linaro_glibc-2.14.1_eabi/lib/gcc/arm-openwrt-linux-gnueabi/4.5.4/../../../../arm-openwrt-linux-gnueabi/sys-include/bits/confname.h:

/home/shiva/mar15/sdk-openwrt/staging_dir/toolchain-arm_v7-a_gcc-4.5-linaro_glibc-2.14.1_eabi/lib/gcc/arm-openwrt-linux-gnueabi/4.5.4/../../../../arm-openwrt-linux-gnueabi/sys-include/getopt.h:

../../../libblkid/src/blkid.h:

../../../include/list.h:

blkid_parttypes.h:
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Version 3, 29 June 2007

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<signature of Ty Coon>, 1 April 1990
Ty Coon, President of Vice

That's all there is to it!
/* Align/Truncate a string in a given screen width
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GNU General Public License for more details.

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/* Written by P"draig Brady. */
bsd.lo - a libtool object file
Generated by libtool (GNU libtool) 2.4
#
Please DO NOT delete this file!
It is necessary for linking the library.

# Name of the PIC object.
pic_object='.libs/bsd.o'

# Name of the non-PIC object
non_pic_object='bsd.o'
/*
* Copyright (C) 1980 The Regents of the University of California.
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* WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTIBILITY AND FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE.
*/
Initialize empty image
f1c9645dbc14efddc7d8a322685f26eb bsd.img
Create new DOS partition table
57e721e38d1266c2df055067c18f2cf9 bsd.img

---layout----------
Disk <removed>: 10 MiB, 10485760 bytes, 20480 sectors

Units: sectors of 1 * 512 = 512 bytes
Sector size (logical/physical): 512 bytes / 512 bytes
I/O size (minimum/optimal): 512 bytes / 512 bytes
Disklabel type: dos
Disk identifier: <removed>

Create 1st primary partition
ada64ace122978d00d1d1c0e5ee45d26 bsd.img

---layout----------
Disk <removed>: 10 MiB, 10485760 bytes, 20480 sectors
Units: sectors of 1 * 512 = 512 bytes
Sector size (logical/physical): 512 bytes / 512 bytes
I/O size (minimum/optimal): 512 bytes / 512 bytes
Disklabel type: dos
Disk identifier: <removed>

Device Boot Start End Sectors Size Id Type
<removed>1 2048 4095 2048 1M 83 Linux

Create 2st primary partition
1bebf87248e05d6e4e62b749da65d023 bsd.img
Set 2nd partition type
2d8e8dff51a88a045db233418dd73fbe bsd.img

---layout----------
Disk <removed>: 10 MiB, 10485760 bytes, 20480 sectors
Units: sectors of 1 * 512 = 512 bytes
Sector size (logical/physical): 512 bytes / 512 bytes
I/O size (minimum/optimal): 512 bytes / 512 bytes
Disklabel type: dos
Disk identifier: <removed>

Device Boot Start End Sectors Size Id Type
<removed>1 2048 4095 2048 1M 83 Linux
<removed>2 4096 20479 16384 8M a5 FreeBSD

Create default BSD
2e1cee529cb59c9341afef0443f196a1 bsd.img

---layout----------

Welcome to fdisk <removed>.
Changes will remain in memory only, until you decide to write them.
Be careful before using the write command.

Command (m for help): Entering nested BSD disklabel.

Command (m for help): Disk <removed>2: 10 MiB, 10485760 bytes, 20480 sectors
Geometry: 255 heads, 63 sectors/track, 1 cylinders
Units: sectors of 1 * 512 = 512 bytes
Sector size (logical/physical): 512 bytes / 512 bytes
I/O size (minimum/optimal): 512 bytes / 512 bytes
Disklabel type: bsd
partitions: 4

Slice	Start	End	Sectors	Size	Type	Fsize	Bsize	Cpg
c	4096	20479	16384	8M	unused	0	0	0
d	0	16064	16065	7.9M	unused	0	0	0

Partition table entries are not in disk order.

Command (m for help): Leaving nested disklabel.

Command (m for help):
---

b5c121c2091b2ff26b880551feac7112 bsd.img

---layout----------
Welcome to fdisk <removed>.
Changes will remain in memory only, until you decide to write them.
Be careful before using the write command.

Command (m for help): Entering nested BSD disklabel.

Command (m for help): Disk <removed>2: 10 MiB, 10485760 bytes, 20480 sectors
Geometry: 255 heads, 63 sectors/track, 1 cylinders
Units: sectors of 1 * 512 = 512 bytes
Sector size (logical/physical): 512 bytes / 512 bytes
I/O size (minimum/optimal): 512 bytes / 512 bytes
Disklabel type: bsd
partitions: 4

Slice	Start	End	Sectors	Size	Type	Fsize	Bsize	Cpg
a	4096	6144	2049	1M	4.2BSD	0	0	0
c	4096	20479	16384	8M	unused	0	0	0
d	0	16064	16065	7.9M	unused	0	0	0

Partition table entries are not in disk order.

Command (m for help): Leaving nested disklabel.

Command (m for help):

Changes will remain in memory only, until you decide to write them.
Be careful before using the write command.

Command (m for help): Entering nested BSD disklabel.

Command (m for help):
0 unused 5 4.1BSD 9 4.4LFS d boot
1 swap 6 Eighth Edition a unknown e ADOS
2 Version 6 7 4.2BSD b HPFS f HFS
3 Version 7 8 MS-DOS c ISO-9660 10 AdvFS
4 System V

Command (m for help):
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../Documentation/licenses/COPYING.BSD-3 file.
/* tailf.c -- tail a log file and then follow it
* Created: Tue Jan 9 15:49:21 1996 by faith@acm.org
* Copyright 1996, 2003 Rickard E. Faith (faith@acm.org)
*
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* copy of this software and associated documentation files (the "Software"),
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* OTHER LIABILITY, WHETHER IN AN ACTION OF CONTRACT, TORT OR OTHERWISE,

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* OTHER DEALINGS IN THE SOFTWARE.
*
* less -F and tail -f cause a disk access every five seconds. This
* program avoids this problem by waiting for the file size to change.
* Hence, the file is not accessed, and the access time does not need to be
* flushed back to disk. This is sort of a "stealth" tail.
*/

1.10 libip4tc 1.4.21

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Version 2, June 1991

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1.11 librt 2.19-1

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Jan 21, 2002

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```
/* gnu.classpath.tools.taglets.CopyrightTaglet
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exception statement from your version. */

package gnu.classpath.tools.taglets;

import java.util.Map;

import com.sun.tools.doclets.Taglet;

import com.sun.javadoc.Tag;

/**
*  A simple Taglet which handles Copyright information.
*/
```

```
public class CopyrightTaglet implements Taglet {

  private static final String NAME = "copyright";
  private static final String HEADER = "Copyright:";

  public String getName() {
    return NAME;
  }

  public boolean inField() {
    return true;
  }

  public boolean inConstructor() {
    return true;
  }

  public boolean inMethod() {
    return true;
  }

  public boolean inOverview() {
    return true;
  }

  public boolean inPackage() {
    return true;
  }

  public boolean inType() {
    return true;
  }

  public boolean isInlineTag() {
    return false;
  }

  public static void register(Map tagletMap) {
    CopyrightTaglet copyrightTaglet = new CopyrightTaglet();
    tagletMap.put(copyrightTaglet.getName(), copyrightTaglet);
  }

  public String toString(Tag tag) {
    return toString(new Tag[] { tag });
  }

  public String toString(Tag[] tags) {
    if (tags.length == 0) {
```

```
      return null;
    }
    else {
      boolean haveValidTag = false;
      for (int i = 0; i < tags.length && !haveValidTag; ++i) {
        if (tags[i].text().length() > 0) {
          haveValidTag = true;
        }
      }

      if (haveValidTag) {
        StringBuffer result = new StringBuffer();
        result.append("<dl>");
        for (int i = 0; i < tags.length; i++) {
          if (tags[i].text().length() > 0) {
            result.append("<dt><i>Copyright &#169; " + tags[i].text() + "</i></dt>");
          }
        }
        result.append("</dl>");
        return result.toString();
      }
      else {
        return null;
      }
    }
  }
}
```

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```
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 Random Hacker.

 <signature of Ty Coon>, 1 April 1990
 Ty Coon, President of Vice
```

That's all there is to it!

```
// DO NOT EDIT THIS FILE - it is machine generated -*- c++ -*-

#ifndef __java_security_Permission__
#define __java_security_Permission__

#pragma interface

#include <java/lang/Object.h>
extern "Java"
{
 namespace java
 {
  namespace security
  {
    class Permission;
    class PermissionCollection;
  }
 }
}

class java::security::Permission : public ::java::lang::Object
{

public:
 Permission(::java::lang::String *);
 virtual void checkGuard(::java::lang::Object *);
 virtual jboolean implies(::java::security::Permission *) = 0;
 virtual jboolean equals(::java::lang::Object *) = 0;
```

```
 virtual jint hashCode() = 0;
 virtual ::java::lang::String * getName();
 virtual ::java::lang::String * getActions() = 0;
 virtual ::java::security::PermissionCollection * newPermissionCollection();
 virtual ::java::lang::String * toString();
private:
 static const jlong serialVersionUID = -5636570222231596674LL;
 ::java::lang::String * __attribute__((aligned(__alignof__( ::java::lang::Object)))) name;
public:
 static ::java::lang::Class class$;
};

#endif // __java_security_Permission__
@ignore
@c Set file name and title for man page.
@setfilename gpl
@settitle GNU General Public License
@c man begin SEEALSO
gfdl(7), fsf-funding(7).
@c man end
@c man begin COPYRIGHT
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package java.security;

import gnu.java.lang.CPStringBuilder;

import java.io.Serializable;

/**
* This class is the abstract superclass of all classes that implement
* the concept of a permission. A permission consists of a permission name
* and optionally a list of actions that relate to the permission. The
* actual meaning of the name of the permission is defined only in the
* context of a subclass. It may name a resource to which access permissions
* are granted (for example, the name of a file) or it might represent
* something else entirely. Similarly, the action list only has meaning
* within the context of a subclass. Some permission names may have no
* actions associated with them. That is, you either have the permission
* or you don't.
*
* <p>The most important method in this class is <code>implies</code>. This
* checks whether if one has this permission, then the specified
* permission is also implied. As a conceptual example, consider the
* permissions "Read All Files" and "Read File foo". The permission
* "Read All Files" implies that the caller has permission to read the
* file foo.
*
* <p><code>Permission</code>'s must be immutable - do not change their
* state after creation.
*
* @author Aaron M. Renn (arenn@urbanophile.com)
* @see Permissions
* @see PermissionCollection
* @since 1.1
* @status updated to 1.4

```
*/
public abstract class Permission implements Guard, Serializable
{
 /**
  * Compatible with JDK 1.1+.
  */
 private static final long serialVersionUID = -5636570222231596674L;

 /**
  * This is the name assigned to this permission object.
  *
  * @serial the name of the permission
  */
 private String name;

 /**
  * Create an instance with the specified name.
  *
  * @param name the permission name
  */
 public Permission(String name)
 {
   this.name = name;
 }

 /**
  * This method implements the <code>Guard</code> interface for this class.
  * It calls the <code>checkPermission</code> method in
  * <code>SecurityManager</code> with this <code>Permission</code> as its
  * argument.  This method returns silently if the security check succeeds
  * or throws an exception if it fails.
  *
  * @param obj the <code>Object</code> being guarded - ignored by this class
  * @throws SecurityException if the security check fails
  * @see GuardedObject
  * @see SecurityManager#checkPermission(Permission)
  */
 public void checkGuard(Object obj)
 {
   SecurityManager sm = System.getSecurityManager();
   if (sm != null)
     sm.checkPermission(this);
 }

 /**
  * This method tests whether this <code>Permission</code> implies that the
  * specified <code>Permission</code> is also granted.
  *
```

```
 * @param perm the <code>Permission</code> to test against
 * @return true if perm is implied by this
 */
public abstract boolean implies(Permission perm);

/**
 * Check to see if this object equals obj. Use <code>implies</code>, rather
 * than <code>equals</code>, when making access control decisions.
 *
 * @param obj the object to compare to
 */
public abstract boolean equals(Object obj);

/**
 * This method returns a hash code for this <code>Permission</code>. It
 * must satisfy the contract of <code>Object.hashCode</code>: it must be
 * the same for all objects that equals considers to be the same.
 *
 * @return a hash value
 */
public abstract int hashCode();

/**
 * Get the name of this <code>Permission</code>.
 *
 * @return the name
 */
public final String getName()
{
  return name;
}

/**
 * This method returns the list of actions for this <code>Permission</code>
 * as a <code>String</code>. The string should be in canonical order, for
 * example, both <code>new FilePermission(f, "write,read")</code> and
 * <code>new FilePermission(f, "read,write")</code> have the action list
 * "read,write".
 *
 * @return the action list for this <code>Permission</code>
 */
public abstract String getActions();

/**
 * This method returns an empty <code>PermissionCollection</code> object
 * that can store permissions of this type, or <code>null</code> if no
 * such collection is defined. Subclasses must override this to provide
 * an appropriate collection when one is needed to accurately calculate
```

```
 * <code>implies</code>.
 *
 * @return a new <code>PermissionCollection</code>
 */
public PermissionCollection newPermissionCollection()
{
  return null;
}

/**
 * This method returns a <code>String</code> representation of this
 * <code>Permission</code> object. This is in the format:
 * <code>'(' + getClass().getName() + ' ' + getName() + ' ' + getActions
 * + ')'</code>.
 *
 * @return this object as a <code>String</code>
 */
public String toString()
{
  CPStringBuilder string = new CPStringBuilder();

  string = string.append('(');
  string = string.append(getClass().getName());
  string = string.append(' ');
  string = string.append(getName());

  if (!(getActions().equals("")))
    {
      string = string.append(' ');
      string = string.append(getActions());
    }

  string = string.append(')');
  return string.toString();
}
} // class Permission
```

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</para>
<para>

The Program refers to any copyrightable work licensed under
this License. Each licensee is addressed as you.
Licensees and recipients may be individuals or
organizations.
</para>
<para>
To modify a work means to copy from or adapt all or part of
the work in a fashion requiring copyright permission, other than the making
of an exact copy. The resulting work is called a modified
version of the earlier work or a work based on the
earlier work.
</para>
<para>
A covered work means either the unmodified Program or a work
based on the Program.
</para>
<para>
To propagate a work means to do anything with it that, without
permission, would make you directly or secondarily liable for infringement
under applicable copyright law, except executing it on a computer or
modifying a private copy. Propagation includes copying, distribution (with
or without modification), making available to the public, and in some
countries other activities as well.
</para>
<para>
To convey a work means any kind of propagation that enables
other parties to make or receive copies. Mere interaction with a user
through a computer network, with no transfer of a copy, is not conveying.
</para>
<para>
An interactive user interface displays Appropriate Legal
Notices to the extent that it includes a convenient and prominently
visible feature that (1) displays an appropriate copyright notice, and (2)
tells the user that there is no warranty for the work (except to the extent
that warranties are provided), that licensees may convey the work under this
License, and how to view a copy of this License. If the interface presents
a list of user commands or options, such as a menu, a prominent item in the
list meets this criterion.
</para>
<bridgehead xml:id="SourceCode" renderas="sect1">
1. Source Code.
</bridgehead>
<para>
The source code for a work means the preferred form of the
work for making modifications to it. Object code means any
non-source form of a work.
</para>
<para>

A Standard Interface means an interface that either is an official standard defined by a recognized standards body, or, in the case of interfaces specified for a particular programming language, one that is widely used among developers working in that language.
</para>
<para>
The System Libraries of an executable work include anything, other than the work as a whole, that (a) is included in the normal form of packaging a Major Component, but which is not part of that Major Component, and (b) serves only to enable use of the work with that Major Component, or to implement a Standard Interface for which an implementation is available to the public in source code form. A Major Component, in this context, means a major essential component (kernel, window system, and so on) of the specific operating system (if any) on which the executable work runs, or a compiler used to produce the work, or an object code interpreter used to run it.
</para>
<para>
The Corresponding Source for a work in object code form means all the source code needed to generate, install, and (for an executable work) run the object code and to modify the work, including scripts to control those activities. However, it does not include the works System Libraries, or general-purpose tools or generally available free programs which are used unmodified in performing those activities but which are not part of the work. For example, Corresponding Source includes interface definition files associated with source files for the work, and the source code for shared libraries and dynamically linked subprograms that the work is specifically designed to require, such as by intimate data communication or control flow between those subprograms and other parts of the work.
</para>
<para>
The Corresponding Source need not include anything that users can regenerate automatically from other parts of the Corresponding Source.
</para>
<para>
The Corresponding Source for a work in source code form is that same work.
</para>
<bridgehead xml:id="BasicPermissions" renderas="sect1">
2. Basic Permissions.
</bridgehead>
<para>
All rights granted under this License are granted for the term of copyright on the Program, and are irrevocable provided the stated conditions are met. This License explicitly affirms your unlimited permission to run the unmodified Program. The output from running a covered work is covered by this License only if the output, given its content, constitutes a covered work. This License acknowledges your rights of fair use or other

equivalent, as provided by copyright law.
</para>
<para>
You may make, run and propagate covered works that you do not convey, without conditions so long as your license otherwise remains in force. You may convey covered works to others for the sole purpose of having them make modifications exclusively for you, or provide you with facilities for running those works, provided that you comply with the terms of this License in conveying all material for which you do not control copyright. Those thus making or running the covered works for you must do so exclusively on your behalf, under your direction and control, on terms that prohibit them from making any copies of your copyrighted material outside their relationship with you.
</para>
<para>
Conveying under any other circumstances is permitted solely under the conditions stated below. Sublicensing is not allowed; section 10 makes it unnecessary.
</para>
<bridgehead xml:id="Protecting" renderas="sect1">
3. Protecting Users Legal Rights From Anti-Circumvention Law.
</bridgehead>
<para>
No covered work shall be deemed part of an effective technological measure under any applicable law fulfilling obligations under article 11 of the WIPO copyright treaty adopted on 20 December 1996, or similar laws prohibiting or restricting circumvention of such measures.
</para>
<para>
When you convey a covered work, you waive any legal power to forbid circumvention of technological measures to the extent such circumvention is effected by exercising rights under this License with respect to the covered work, and you disclaim any intention to limit operation or modification of the work as a means of enforcing, against the works users, your or third parties legal rights to forbid circumvention of technological measures.
</para>
<bridgehead xml:id="ConveyingVerbatim" renderas="sect1">
4. Conveying Verbatim Copies.
</bridgehead>
<para>
You may convey verbatim copies of the Programs source code as you receive it, in any medium, provided that you conspicuously and appropriately publish on each copy an appropriate copyright notice; keep intact all notices stating that this License and any non-permissive terms added in accord with section 7 apply to the code; keep intact all notices of the absence of any warranty; and give all recipients a copy of this License along with the Program.

</para>
<para>
You may charge any price or no price for each copy that you convey, and you
may offer support or warranty protection for a fee.
</para>
<bridgehead xml:id="ConveyingModified" renderas="sect1">
5. Conveying Modified Source Versions.
</bridgehead>
<para>
You may convey a work based on the Program, or the modifications to produce
it from the Program, in the form of source code under the terms of section
4, provided that you also meet all of these conditions:
</para>
<orderedlist numeration="loweralpha" inheritnum="ignore" continuation="restarts">
<listitem>
<para>
The work must carry prominent notices stating that you modified it, and
giving a relevant date.
</para>
</listitem>
<listitem>
<para>
The work must carry prominent notices stating that it is released under
this License and any conditions added under section 7. This requirement
modifies the requirement in section 4 to keep intact all
notices.
</para>
</listitem>
<listitem>
<para>
You must license the entire work, as a whole, under this License to
anyone who comes into possession of a copy. This License will therefore
apply, along with any applicable section 7 additional terms, to the
whole of the work, and all its parts, regardless of how they are
packaged. This License gives no permission to license the work in any
other way, but it does not invalidate such permission if you have
separately received it.
</para>
</listitem>
<listitem>
<para>
If the work has interactive user interfaces, each must display
Appropriate Legal Notices; however, if the Program has interactive
interfaces that do not display Appropriate Legal Notices, your work need
not make them do so.
</para>
</listitem>
</orderedlist>

<para>
A compilation of a covered work with other separate and independent works,
which are not by their nature extensions of the covered work, and which are
not combined with it such as to form a larger program, in or on a volume of
a storage or distribution medium, is called an aggregate if
the compilation and its resulting copyright are not used to limit the access
or legal rights of the compilations users beyond what the individual works
permit. Inclusion of a covered work in an aggregate does not cause
this License to apply to the other parts of the aggregate.
</para>
<bridgehead xml:id="ConveyingNonSource" renderas="sect1">
6. Conveying Non-Source Forms.
</bridgehead>
<para>
You may convey a covered work in object code form under the terms of
sections 4 and 5, provided that you also convey the machine-readable
Corresponding Source under the terms of this License, in one of these ways:
</para>
<orderedlist numeration="loweralpha" inheritnum="ignore" continuation="restarts">
<listitem>
<para>
Convey the object code in, or embodied in, a physical product (including
a physical distribution medium), accompanied by the Corresponding Source
fixed on a durable physical medium customarily used for software
interchange.
</para>
</listitem>
<listitem>
<para>
Convey the object code in, or embodied in, a physical product (including
a physical distribution medium), accompanied by a written offer, valid
for at least three years and valid for as long as you offer spare parts
or customer support for that product model, to give anyone who possesses
the object code either (1) a copy of the Corresponding Source for all
the software in the product that is covered by this License, on a
durable physical medium customarily used for software interchange, for a
price no more than your reasonable cost of physically performing this
conveying of source, or (2) access to copy the Corresponding Source from
a network server at no charge.
</para>
</listitem>
<listitem>
<para>
Convey individual copies of the object code with a copy of the written
offer to provide the Corresponding Source. This alternative is allowed
only occasionally and noncommercially, and only if you received the
object code with such an offer, in accord with subsection 6b.
</para>

</listitem>
<listitem>
<para>
Convey the object code by offering access from a designated place (gratis or for a charge), and offer equivalent access to the Corresponding Source in the same way through the same place at no further charge. You need not require recipients to copy the Corresponding Source along with the object code. If the place to copy the object code is a network server, the Corresponding Source may be on a different server (operated by you or a third party) that supports equivalent copying facilities, provided you maintain clear directions next to the object code saying where to find the Corresponding Source. Regardless of what server hosts the Corresponding Source, you remain obligated to ensure that it is available for as long as needed to satisfy these requirements.
</para>
</listitem>
<listitem>
<para>
Convey the object code using peer-to-peer transmission, provided you inform other peers where the object code and Corresponding Source of the work are being offered to the general public at no charge under subsection 6d.
</para>
</listitem>
</orderedlist>
<para>
A separable portion of the object code, whose source code is excluded from the Corresponding Source as a System Library, need not be included in conveying the object code work.
</para>
<para>
A User Product is either (1) a consumer product, which means any tangible personal property which is normally used for personal, family, or household purposes, or (2) anything designed or sold for incorporation into a dwelling. In determining whether a product is a consumer product, doubtful cases shall be resolved in favor of coverage. For a particular product received by a particular user, normally used refers to a typical or common use of that class of product, regardless of the status of the particular user or of the way in which the particular user actually uses, or expects or is expected to use, the product. A product is a consumer product regardless of whether the product has substantial commercial, industrial or non-consumer uses, unless such uses represent the only significant mode of use of the product.
</para>
<para>
Installation Information for a User Product means any methods, procedures, authorization keys, or other information required to install and

execute modified versions of a covered work in that User Product from a modified version of its Corresponding Source. The information must suffice to ensure that the continued functioning of the modified object code is in no case prevented or interfered with solely because modification has been made.
</para>
<para>
If you convey an object code work under this section in, or with, or specifically for use in, a User Product, and the conveying occurs as part of a transaction in which the right of possession and use of the User Product is transferred to the recipient in perpetuity or for a fixed term (regardless of how the transaction is characterized), the Corresponding Source conveyed under this section must be accompanied by the Installation Information. But this requirement does not apply if neither you nor any third party retains the ability to install modified object code on the User Product (for example, the work has been installed in <acronym>ROM</acronym>).
</para>
<para>
The requirement to provide Installation Information does not include a requirement to continue to provide support service, warranty, or updates for a work that has been modified or installed by the recipient, or for the User Product in which it has been modified or installed. Access to a network may be denied when the modification itself materially and adversely affects the operation of the network or violates the rules and protocols for communication across the network.
</para>
<para>
Corresponding Source conveyed, and Installation Information provided, in accord with this section must be in a format that is publicly documented (and with an implementation available to the public in source code form), and must require no special password or key for unpacking, reading or copying.
</para>
<bridgehead xml:id="AdditionalTerms" renderas="sect1">
7. Additional Terms.
</bridgehead>
<para>
Additional permissions are terms that supplement the terms of this License by making exceptions from one or more of its conditions. Additional permissions that are applicable to the entire Program shall be treated as though they were included in this License, to the extent that they are valid under applicable law. If additional permissions apply only to part of the Program, that part may be used separately under those permissions, but the entire Program remains governed by this License without regard to the additional permissions.
</para>
<para>

When you convey a copy of a covered work, you may at your option remove any additional permissions from that copy, or from any part of it. (Additional permissions may be written to require their own removal in certain cases when you modify the work.) You may place additional permissions on material, added by you to a covered work, for which you have or can give appropriate copyright permission.

</para>

<para>

Notwithstanding any other provision of this License, for material you add to a covered work, you may (if authorized by the copyright holders of that material) supplement the terms of this License with terms:

</para>

<orderedlist numeration="loweralpha" inheritnum="ignore" continuation="restarts">

<listitem>

<para>

Disclaiming warranty or limiting liability differently from the terms of sections 15 and 16 of this License; or

</para>

</listitem>

<listitem>

<para>

Requiring preservation of specified reasonable legal notices or author attributions in that material or in the Appropriate Legal Notices displayed by works containing it; or

</para>

</listitem>

<listitem>

<para>

Prohibiting misrepresentation of the origin of that material, or requiring that modified versions of such material be marked in reasonable ways as different from the original version; or

</para>

</listitem>

<listitem>

<para>

Limiting the use for publicity purposes of names of licensors or authors of the material; or

</para>

</listitem>

<listitem>

<para>

Declining to grant rights under trademark law for use of some trade names, trademarks, or service marks; or

</para>

</listitem>

<listitem>

<para>

Requiring indemnification of licensors and authors of that material by

anyone who conveys the material (or modified versions of it) with
contractual assumptions of liability to the recipient, for any
liability that these contractual assumptions directly impose on those
licensors and authors.
</para>
</listitem>
</orderedlist>
<para>
All other non-permissive additional terms are considered further
restrictions within the meaning of section 10. If the Program as
you received it, or any part of it, contains a notice stating that it is
governed by this License along with a term that is a further restriction,
you may remove that term. If a license document contains a further
restriction but permits relicensing or conveying under this License, you
may add to a covered work material governed by the terms of that license
document, provided that the further restriction does not survive such
relicensing or conveying.
</para>
<para>
If you add terms to a covered work in accord with this section, you must
place, in the relevant source files, a statement of the additional terms
that apply to those files, or a notice indicating where to find the
applicable terms.
</para>
<para>
Additional terms, permissive or non-permissive, may be stated in the form
of a separately written license, or stated as exceptions; the above
requirements apply either way.
</para>
<bridgehead xml:id="gpl-3-termination" renderas="sect1">
8. Termination.
</bridgehead>
<para>
You may not propagate or modify a covered work except as expressly provided
under this License. Any attempt otherwise to propagate or modify it is
void, and will automatically terminate your rights under this License
(including any patent licenses granted under the third paragraph of section
11).
</para>
<para>
However, if you cease all violation of this License, then your license from
a particular copyright holder is reinstated (a) provisionally, unless and
until the copyright holder explicitly and finally terminates your license,
and (b) permanently, if the copyright holder fails to notify you of the
violation by some reasonable means prior to 60 days after the cessation.
</para>
<para>
Moreover, your license from a particular copyright holder is reinstated

permanently if the copyright holder notifies you of the violation by some reasonable means, this is the first time you have received notice of violation of this License (for any work) from that copyright holder, and you cure the violation prior to 30 days after your receipt of the notice.
</para>
<para>
Termination of your rights under this section does not terminate the licenses of parties who have received copies or rights from you under this License. If your rights have been terminated and not permanently reinstated, you do not qualify to receive new licenses for the same material under section 10.
</para>
<bridgehead xml:id="AcceptanceNotRequired" renderas="sect1">
9. Acceptance Not Required for Having Copies.
</bridgehead>
<para>
You are not required to accept this License in order to receive or run a copy of the Program. Ancillary propagation of a covered work occurring solely as a consequence of using peer-to-peer transmission to receive a copy likewise does not require acceptance. However, nothing other than this License grants you permission to propagate or modify any covered work. These actions infringe copyright if you do not accept this License. Therefore, by modifying or propagating a covered work, you indicate your acceptance of this License to do so.
</para>
<bridgehead xml:id="AutomaticDownstream" renderas="sect1">
10. Automatic Licensing of Downstream Recipients.
</bridgehead>
<para>
Each time you convey a covered work, the recipient automatically receives a license from the original licensors, to run, modify and propagate that work, subject to this License. You are not responsible for enforcing compliance by third parties with this License.
</para>
<para>
An entity transaction is a transaction transferring control of an organization, or substantially all assets of one, or subdividing an organization, or merging organizations. If propagation of a covered work results from an entity transaction, each party to that transaction who receives a copy of the work also receives whatever licenses to the work the partys predecessor in interest had or could give under the previous paragraph, plus a right to possession of the Corresponding Source of the work from the predecessor in interest, if the predecessor has it or can get it with reasonable efforts.
</para>
<para>
You may not impose any further restrictions on the exercise of the rights granted or affirmed under this License. For example, you may not impose a

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</para>

<bridgehead xml:id="Patents" renderas="sect1">

11. Patents.

</bridgehead>

<para>

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</para>

<para>

A contributors essential patent claims are all patent claims owned or controlled by the contributor, whether already acquired or hereafter acquired, that would be infringed by some manner, permitted by this License, of making, using, or selling its contributor version, but do not include claims that would be infringed only as a consequence of further modification of the contributor version. For purposes of this definition, control includes the right to grant patent sublicenses in a manner consistent with the requirements of this License.

</para>

<para>

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</para>

<para>

In the following three paragraphs, a patent license is any express agreement or commitment, however denominated, not to enforce a patent (such as an express permission to practice a patent or covenant not to sue for patent infringement). To grant such a patent license to a party means to make such an agreement or commitment not to enforce a patent against the party.

</para>

<para>

If you convey a covered work, knowingly relying on a patent license, and the Corresponding Source of the work is not available for anyone to copy, free of charge and under the terms of this License, through a publicly available network server or other readily accessible means, then you must either (1) cause the Corresponding Source to be so available, or (2) arrange to deprive yourself of the benefit of the patent license for this particular work, or (3) arrange, in a manner consistent with the requirements of this License, to extend the patent license to downstream recipients. Knowingly

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license, your conveying the covered work in a country, or your
recipients use of the covered work in a country, would infringe one
or more identifiable patents in that country that you have reason to believe
are valid.
</para>
<para>
If, pursuant to or in connection with a single transaction or arrangement,
you convey, or propagate by procuring conveyance of, a covered work, and
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authorizing them to use, propagate, modify or convey a specific copy of the
covered work, then the patent license you grant is automatically extended to
all recipients of the covered work and works based on it.
</para>
<para>
A patent license is discriminatory if it does not include
within the scope of its coverage, prohibits the exercise of, or is
conditioned on the non-exercise of one or more of the rights that are
specifically granted under this License. You may not convey a covered work
if you are a party to an arrangement with a third party that is in the
business of distributing software, under which you make payment to the third
party based on the extent of your activity of conveying the work, and under
which the third party grants, to any of the parties who would receive the
covered work from you, a discriminatory patent license (a) in connection
with copies of the covered work conveyed by you (or copies made from those
copies), or (b) primarily for and in connection with specific products or
compilations that contain the covered work, unless you entered into that
arrangement, or that patent license was granted, prior to 28 March 2007.
</para>
<para>
Nothing in this License shall be construed as excluding or limiting any
implied license or other defenses to infringement that may otherwise be
available to you under applicable patent law.
</para>
<bridgehead xml:id="NoSurrender" renderas="sect1">
12. No Surrender of Others Freedom.
</bridgehead>
<para>
If conditions are imposed on you (whether by court order, agreement or
otherwise) that contradict the conditions of this License, they do not
excuse you from the conditions of this License. If you cannot convey a
covered work so as to satisfy simultaneously your obligations under this
License and any other pertinent obligations, then as a consequence you may
not convey it at all. For example, if you agree to terms that obligate you
to collect a royalty for further conveying from those to whom you convey the
Program, the only way you could satisfy both those terms and this License
would be to refrain entirely from conveying the Program.
</para>

<bridgehead xml:id="UsedWithAGPL" renderas="sect1">
13. Use with the <acronym>GNU</acronym> Affero General Public License.
</bridgehead>
<para>
Notwithstanding any other provision of this License, you have permission to link or combine any covered work with a work licensed under version 3 of the <acronym>GNU</acronym> Affero General Public License into a single combined work, and to convey the resulting work. The terms of this License will continue to apply to the part which is the covered work, but the special requirements of the <acronym>GNU</acronym> Affero General Public License, section 13, concerning interaction through a network will apply to the combination as such.
</para>
<bridgehead xml:id="RevisedVersions" renderas="sect1">
14. Revised Versions of this License.
</bridgehead>
<para>
The Free Software Foundation may publish revised and/or new versions of the <acronym>GNU</acronym> General Public License from time to time. Such new versions will be similar in spirit to the present version, but may differ in detail to address new problems or concerns.
</para>
<para>
Each version is given a distinguishing version number. If the Program specifies that a certain numbered version of the <acronym>GNU</acronym> General Public License or any later version applies to it, you have the option of following the terms and conditions either of that numbered version or of any later version published by the Free Software Foundation. If the Program does not specify a version number of the <acronym>GNU</acronym> General Public License, you may choose any version ever published by the Free Software Foundation.
</para>
<para>
If the Program specifies that a proxy can decide which future versions of the <acronym>GNU</acronym> General Public License can be used, that proxys public statement of acceptance of a version permanently authorizes you to choose that version for the Program.
</para>
<para>
Later license versions may give you additional or different permissions. However, no additional obligations are imposed on any author or copyright holder as a result of your choosing to follow a later version.
</para>
<bridgehead xml:id="WarrantyDisclaimer" renderas="sect1">
15. Disclaimer of Warranty.
</bridgehead>
<para>
THERE IS NO WARRANTY FOR THE PROGRAM, TO THE EXTENT PERMITTED BY APPLICABLE

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</para>

<bridgehead xml:id="LiabilityLimitation" renderas="sect1">

16. Limitation of Liability.

</bridgehead>

<para>

IN NO EVENT UNLESS REQUIRED BY APPLICABLE LAW OR AGREED TO IN WRITING WILL ANY COPYRIGHT HOLDER, OR ANY OTHER PARTY WHO MODIFIES AND/OR CONVEYS THE PROGRAM AS PERMITTED ABOVE, BE LIABLE TO YOU FOR DAMAGES, INCLUDING ANY GENERAL, SPECIAL, INCIDENTAL OR CONSEQUENTIAL DAMAGES ARISING OUT OF THE USE OR INABILITY TO USE THE PROGRAM (INCLUDING BUT NOT LIMITED TO LOSS OF DATA OR DATA BEING RENDERED INACCURATE OR LOSSES SUSTAINED BY YOU OR THIRD PARTIES OR A FAILURE OF THE PROGRAM TO OPERATE WITH ANY OTHER PROGRAMS), EVEN IF SUCH HOLDER OR OTHER PARTY HAS BEEN ADVISED OF THE POSSIBILITY OF SUCH DAMAGES.

</para>

<bridgehead xml:id="InterpretationSecs1516" renderas="sect1">

17. Interpretation of Sections 15 and 16.

</bridgehead>

<para>

If the disclaimer of warranty and limitation of liability provided above cannot be given local legal effect according to their terms, reviewing courts shall apply local law that most closely approximates an absolute waiver of all civil liability in connection with the Program, unless a warranty or assumption of liability accompanies a copy of the Program in return for a fee.

</para>

<bridgehead>

END OF TERMS AND CONDITIONS

</bridgehead>

<bridgehead xml:id="HowToApply" renderas="sect1">

How to Apply These Terms to Your New Programs

</bridgehead>

<para>

If you develop a new program, and you want it to be of the greatest possible use to the public, the best way to achieve this is to make it free software which everyone can redistribute and change under these terms.

</para>

<para>

To do so, attach the following notices to the program. It is safest to attach them to the start of each source file to most effectively state the exclusion of warranty; and each file should have at least the

copyright line and a pointer to where the full notice is
found.
</para>
<screen>
<replaceable>one line to give the programs name and a brief idea of what it does.</replaceable>
Copyright (C) <replaceable>year</replaceable> <replaceable>name of author</replaceable>

This program is free software: you can redistribute it and/or modify
it under the terms of the <acronym>GNU</acronym> General Public License as published by
the Free Software Foundation, either version 3 of the License, or
(at your option) any later version.

This program is distributed in the hope that it will be useful,
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MERCHANTABILITY or FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE. See the
<acronym>GNU</acronym> General Public License for more details.

You should have received a copy of the <acronym>GNU</acronym> General Public License
along with this program. If not, see <link xmlns:xlink="http://www.w3.org/1999/xlink"
xlink:href="http://www.gnu.org/licenses/">http://www.gnu.org/licenses/</link>.
</screen>
<para>
Also add information on how to contact you by electronic and paper mail.
</para>
<para>
If the program does terminal interaction, make it output a short notice like
this when it starts in an interactive mode:
</para>
<screen>
<replaceable>program</replaceable> Copyright (C) <replaceable>year</replaceable> <replaceable>name of
author</replaceable>
This program comes with ABSOLUTELY NO WARRANTY; for details type <literal>show w</literal>.
This is free software, and you are welcome to redistribute it
under certain conditions; type <literal>show c</literal> for details.
</screen>
<para>
The hypothetical commands <literal>show w</literal> and
<literal>show c</literal> should show the appropriate parts of
the General Public License. Of course, your programs commands might be
different; for a GUI interface, you would use an about box.
</para>
<para>
You should also get your employer (if you work as a programmer) or school,
if any, to sign a copyright disclaimer for the program, if
necessary. For more information on this, and how to apply and follow the
<acronym>GNU</acronym> <acronym>GPL</acronym>, see
<link xmlns:xlink="http://www.w3.org/1999/xlink"
xlink:href="http://www.gnu.org/licenses/">http://www.gnu.org/licenses/</link>.

```
 </para>
 <para>
   The <acronym>GNU</acronym> General Public License does not permit
   incorporating your program into proprietary programs.  If your program is a
   subroutine library, you may consider it more useful to permit linking
   proprietary applications with the library.  If this is what you want to do,
   use the <acronym>GNU</acronym> Lesser General Public License instead of this
   License.  But first, please read <link xmlns:xlink="http://www.w3.org/1999/xlink"
xlink:href="http://www.gnu.org/philosophy/why-not-lgpl.html">http://www.gnu.org/philosophy/why-not-
lgpl.html</link>.
 </para>
</appendix>
.\" Automatically generated by Pod::Man 2.25 (Pod::Simple 3.16)
.\"
.\" Standard preamble:
.\" ========================================================================
.de Sp \" Vertical space (when we can't use .PP)
.if t .sp .5v
.if n .sp
..
.de Vb \" Begin verbatim text
.ft CW
.nf
.ne \\$1
..
.de Ve \" End verbatim text
.ft R
.fi
..
.\" Set up some character translations and predefined strings.  \*(-- will
.\" give an unbreakable dash, \*(PI will give pi, \*(L" will give a left
.\" double quote, and \*(R" will give a right double quote.  \*(C+ will
.\" give a nicer C++.  Capital omega is used to do unbreakable dashes and
.\" therefore won't be available.  \*(C` and \*(C' expand to `' in nroff,
.\" nothing in troff, for use with C<>.
.tr \(*W-
.ds C+ C\v'-.1v'\h'-1p'\s-2+\h'-1p'+\s0\v'.1v'\h'-1p'
.ie n \{\
.    ds -- \(*W-
.    ds PI pi
.    if (\n(.H=4u)&(1m=24u) .ds -- \(*W\h'-12u'\(*W\h'-12u'-\" diablo 10 pitch
.    if (\n(.H=4u)&(1m=20u) .ds -- \(*W\h'-12u'\(*W\h'-8u'-\"  diablo 12 pitch
.    ds L" ""
.    ds R" ""
.    ds C` ""
.    ds C' ""
'br\}
.el\{\
```

```
.    ds -- \|\(em\|
.    ds PI \(*p
.    ds L" ``
.    ds R" ''
'br\}
.\"
.\" Escape single quotes in literal strings from groff's Unicode transform.
.ie \n(.g .ds Aq \(aq
.el       .ds Aq '
.\"
.\" If the F register is turned on, we'll generate index entries on stderr for
.\" titles (.TH), headers (.SH), subsections (.SS), items (.Ip), and index
.\" entries marked with X<> in POD.  Of course, you'll have to process the
.\" output yourself in some meaningful fashion.
.ie \nF \{\
.    de IX
.    tm Index:\\$1\t\\n%\t"\\$2"
..
.    nr % 0
.    rr F
.\}
.el \{\
.    de IX
..
.\}
.\"
.\" Accent mark definitions (@(#)ms.acc 1.5 88/02/08 SMI; from UCB 4.2).
.\" Fear.  Run.  Save yourself.  No user-serviceable parts.
.    \" fudge factors for nroff and troff
.if n \{\
.    ds #H 0
.    ds #V .8m
.    ds #F .3m
.    ds #[ \f1
.    ds #] \fP
.\}
.if t \{\
.    ds #H ((1u-(\\\\n(.fu%2u))*.13m)
.    ds #V .6m
.    ds #F 0
.    ds #[ \&
.    ds #] \&
.\}
.    \" simple accents for nroff and troff
.if n \{\
.    ds ' \&
.    ds ` \&
.    ds ^ \&
```

```
.    ds , \&
.    ds ~ ~
.    ds /
.\}
.if t \{\
.    ds ' \\k:\h'-(\\n(.wu*8/10-\*(#H)'\'\h'|\\n:u'
.    ds ` \\k:\h'-(\\n(.wu*8/10-\*(#H)'\`\h'|\\n:u'
.    ds ^ \\k:\h'-(\\n(.wu*10/11-\*(#H)'^\h'|\\n:u'
.    ds , \\k:\h'-(\\n(.wu*8/10)',\h'|\\n:u'
.    ds ~ \\k:\h'-(\\n(.wu-\*(#H-.1m)'~\h'|\\n:u'
.    ds / \\k:\h'-(\\n(.wu*8/10-\*(#H)'\z\(sl\h'|\\n:u'
.\}
.    \" troff and (daisy-wheel) nroff accents
.ds : \\k:\h'-(\\n(.wu*8/10-\*(#H+.1m+\*(#F)'\v'-\*(#V'\z.\h'.2m+\*(#F'.\h'|\\n:u'\v'\*(#V'
.ds 8 \h'\*(#H'\(*b\h'-\*(#H'
.ds o \\k:\h'-(\\n(.wu+\w'\(de'u-\*(#H)/2u'\v'-.3n'\*(#[\z\(de\v'.3n'\h'|\\n:u'\*(#]
.ds d- \h'\*(#H'\(pd\h'-\w'~'u'\v'-.25m'\f2\(hy\fP\v'.25m'\h'-\*(#H'
.ds D- D\\k:\h'-\w'D'u'\v'-.11m'\z\(hy\v'.11m'\h'|\\n:u'
.ds th \*(#[\v'.3m'\s+1I\s-1\v'-.3m'\h'-(\w'I'u*2/3)'\s-1o\s+1\*(#]
.ds Th \*(#[\s+2I\s-2\h'-\w'I'u*3/5'\v'-.3m'o\v'.3m'\*(#]
.ds ae a\h'-(\w'a'u*4/10)'e
.ds Ae A\h'-(\w'A'u*4/10)'E
.    \" corrections for vroff
.if v .ds ~ \\k:\h'-(\\n(.wu*9/10-\*(#H)'\s-2\u~\d\s+2\h'|\\n:u'
.if v .ds ^ \\k:\h'-(\\n(.wu*10/11-\*(#H)'\v'-.4m'^\v'.4m'\h'|\\n:u'
.    \" for low resolution devices (crt and lpr)
.if \n(.H>23 .if \n(.V>19 \
\{\
.    ds : e
.    ds 8 ss
.    ds o a
.    ds d- d\h'-1'\(ga
.    ds D- D\h'-1'\(hy
.    ds th \o'bp'
.    ds Th \o'LP'
.    ds ae ae
.    ds Ae AE
.\}
.rm #[ #] #H #V #F C
.\" ========================================================================
.\"
.IX Title "GPL 7"
.TH GPL 7 "2014-04-01" "gcc-4.8.3" "GNU"
.\" For nroff, turn off justification.  Always turn off hyphenation; it makes
.\" way too many mistakes in technical documents.
.if n .ad l
.nh
.SH "NAME"
```

gpl \- GNU General Public License
.SH "DESCRIPTION"
.IX Header "DESCRIPTION"
.SS "\s-1GNU\s0 General Public License"
.IX Subsection "GNU General Public License"
.SS "Version 3, 29 June 2007"
.IX Subsection "Version 3, 29 June 2007"
.Vb 1
\&   Copyright (c) 2007 Free Software Foundation, Inc. <http://fsf.org/>
\&
\&   Everyone is permitted to copy and distribute verbatim copies of this
\&   license document, but changing it is not allowed.
.Ve
.SS "Preamble"
.IX Subsection "Preamble"
The \s-1GNU\s0 General Public License is a free, copyleft license for
software and other kinds of works.
.PP
The licenses for most software and other practical works are designed
to take away your freedom to share and change the works. By contrast,
the \s-1GNU\s0 General Public License is intended to guarantee your freedom
to share and change all versions of a program*(--to make sure it remains
free software for all its users. We, the Free Software Foundation,
use the \s-1GNU\s0 General Public License for most of our software; it
applies also to any other work released this way by its authors. You
can apply it to your programs, too.
.PP
When we speak of free software, we are referring to freedom, not
price. Our General Public Licenses are designed to make sure that you
have the freedom to distribute copies of free software (and charge for
them if you wish), that you receive source code or can get it if you
want it, that you can change the software or use pieces of it in new
free programs, and that you know you can do these things.
.PP
To protect your rights, we need to prevent others from denying you
these rights or asking you to surrender the rights. Therefore, you
have certain responsibilities if you distribute copies of the
software, or if you modify it: responsibilities to respect the freedom
of others.
.PP
For example, if you distribute copies of such a program, whether
gratis or for a fee, you must pass on to the recipients the same
freedoms that you received. You must make sure that they, too,
receive or can get the source code. And you must show them these
terms so they know their rights.
.PP
Developers that use the \s-1GNU\s0 \s-1GPL\s0 protect your rights with two steps:
(1) assert copyright on the software, and (2) offer you this License

giving you legal permission to copy, distribute and/or modify it.
.PP
For the developers' and authors' protection, the \s-1GPL\s0 clearly explains
that there is no warranty for this free software. For both users' and
authors' sake, the \s-1GPL\s0 requires that modified versions be marked as
changed, so that their problems will not be attributed erroneously to
authors of previous versions.
.PP
Some devices are designed to deny users access to install or run
modified versions of the software inside them, although the
manufacturer can do so. This is fundamentally incompatible with the
aim of protecting users' freedom to change the software. The
systematic pattern of such abuse occurs in the area of products for
individuals to use, which is precisely where it is most unacceptable.
Therefore, we have designed this version of the \s-1GPL\s0 to prohibit the
practice for those products. If such problems arise substantially in
other domains, we stand ready to extend this provision to those
domains in future versions of the \s-1GPL\s0, as needed to protect the
freedom of users.
.PP
Finally, every program is threatened constantly by software patents.
States should not allow patents to restrict development and use of
software on general-purpose computers, but in those that do, we wish
to avoid the special danger that patents applied to a free program
could make it effectively proprietary. To prevent this, the \s-1GPL\s0
assures that patents cannot be used to render the program non-free.
.PP
The precise terms and conditions for copying, distribution and
modification follow.
.SS "\s-1TERMS\s0 \s-1AND\s0 \s-1CONDITIONS\s0"
.IX Subsection "TERMS AND CONDITIONS"
.IP "0. Definitions." 4
.IX Item "0. Definitions."
\&*(L"This License*(R" refers to version 3 of the \s-1GNU\s0 General Public License.
.Sp
\&*(L"Copyright*(R" also means copyright-like laws that apply to other kinds
of works, such as semiconductor masks.
.Sp
\&*(L"The Program*(R" refers to any copyrightable work licensed under this
License. Each licensee is addressed as *(L"you*(R". *(L"Licensees*(R" and
\&*(L"recipients*(R" may be individuals or organizations.
.Sp
To *(L"modify*(R" a work means to copy from or adapt all or part of the work
in a fashion requiring copyright permission, other than the making of
an exact copy. The resulting work is called a *(L"modified version*(R" of
the earlier work or a work *(L"based on*(R" the earlier work.
.Sp
A *(L"covered work*(R" means either the unmodified Program or a work based

on the Program.
.Sp
To *(L"propagate*(R" a work means to do anything with it that, without
permission, would make you directly or secondarily liable for
infringement under applicable copyright law, except executing it on a
computer or modifying a private copy. Propagation includes copying,
distribution (with or without modification), making available to the
public, and in some countries other activities as well.
.Sp
To *(L"convey*(R" a work means any kind of propagation that enables other
parties to make or receive copies. Mere interaction with a user
through a computer network, with no transfer of a copy, is not
conveying.
.Sp
An interactive user interface displays *(L"Appropriate Legal Notices*(R" to
the extent that it includes a convenient and prominently visible
feature that (1) displays an appropriate copyright notice, and (2)
tells the user that there is no warranty for the work (except to the
extent that warranties are provided), that licensees may convey the
work under this License, and how to view a copy of this License. If
the interface presents a list of user commands or options, such as a
menu, a prominent item in the list meets this criterion.
.IP "1. Source Code." 4
.IX Item "1. Source Code."
The *(L"source code*(R" for a work means the preferred form of the work for
making modifications to it. *(L"Object code*(R" means any non-source form
of a work.
.Sp
A *(L"Standard Interface*(R" means an interface that either is an official
standard defined by a recognized standards body, or, in the case of
interfaces specified for a particular programming language, one that
is widely used among developers working in that language.
.Sp
The *(L"System Libraries*(R" of an executable work include anything, other
than the work as a whole, that (a) is included in the normal form of
packaging a Major Component, but which is not part of that Major
Component, and (b) serves only to enable use of the work with that
Major Component, or to implement a Standard Interface for which an
implementation is available to the public in source code form. A
\&*(L"Major Component*(R", in this context, means a major essential component
(kernel, window system, and so on) of the specific operating system
(if any) on which the executable work runs, or a compiler used to
produce the work, or an object code interpreter used to run it.
.Sp
The *(L"Corresponding Source*(R" for a work in object code form means all
the source code needed to generate, install, and (for an executable
work) run the object code and to modify the work, including scripts to
control those activities. However, it does not include the work's

System Libraries, or general-purpose tools or generally available free
programs which are used unmodified in performing those activities but
which are not part of the work. For example, Corresponding Source
includes interface definition files associated with source files for
the work, and the source code for shared libraries and dynamically
linked subprograms that the work is specifically designed to require,
such as by intimate data communication or control flow between those
subprograms and other parts of the work.
.Sp
The Corresponding Source need not include anything that users can
regenerate automatically from other parts of the Corresponding Source.
.Sp
The Corresponding Source for a work in source code form is that same
work.
.IP "2. Basic Permissions." 4
.IX Item "2. Basic Permissions."
All rights granted under this License are granted for the term of
copyright on the Program, and are irrevocable provided the stated
conditions are met. This License explicitly affirms your unlimited
permission to run the unmodified Program. The output from running a
covered work is covered by this License only if the output, given its
content, constitutes a covered work. This License acknowledges your
rights of fair use or other equivalent, as provided by copyright law.
.Sp
You may make, run and propagate covered works that you do not convey,
without conditions so long as your license otherwise remains in force.
You may convey covered works to others for the sole purpose of having
them make modifications exclusively for you, or provide you with
facilities for running those works, provided that you comply with the
terms of this License in conveying all material for which you do not
control copyright. Those thus making or running the covered works for
you must do so exclusively on your behalf, under your direction and
control, on terms that prohibit them from making any copies of your
copyrighted material outside their relationship with you.
.Sp
Conveying under any other circumstances is permitted solely under the
conditions stated below. Sublicensing is not allowed; section 10
makes it unnecessary.
.IP "3. Protecting Users' Legal Rights From Anti-Circumvention Law." 4
.IX Item "3. Protecting Users' Legal Rights From Anti-Circumvention Law."
No covered work shall be deemed part of an effective technological
measure under any applicable law fulfilling obligations under article
11 of the \s-1WIPO\s0 copyright treaty adopted on 20 December 1996, or
similar laws prohibiting or restricting circumvention of such
measures.
.Sp
When you convey a covered work, you waive any legal power to forbid
circumvention of technological measures to the extent such

circumvention is effected by exercising rights under this License with respect to the covered work, and you disclaim any intention to limit operation or modification of the work as a means of enforcing, against the work's users, your or third parties' legal rights to forbid circumvention of technological measures.
.IP "4. Conveying Verbatim Copies." 4
.IX Item "4. Conveying Verbatim Copies."
You may convey verbatim copies of the Program's source code as you receive it, in any medium, provided that you conspicuously and appropriately publish on each copy an appropriate copyright notice; keep intact all notices stating that this License and any non-permissive terms added in accord with section 7 apply to the code; keep intact all notices of the absence of any warranty; and give all recipients a copy of this License along with the Program.
.Sp
You may charge any price or no price for each copy that you convey, and you may offer support or warranty protection for a fee.
.IP "5. Conveying Modified Source Versions." 4
.IX Item "5. Conveying Modified Source Versions."
You may convey a work based on the Program, or the modifications to produce it from the Program, in the form of source code under the terms of section 4, provided that you also meet all of these conditions:
.RS 4
.IP "a." 4
.IX Item "a."
The work must carry prominent notices stating that you modified it, and giving a relevant date.
.IP "b." 4
.IX Item "b."
The work must carry prominent notices stating that it is released under this License and any conditions added under section 7. This requirement modifies the requirement in section 4 to *(L"keep intact all notices*(R".
.IP "c." 4
.IX Item "c."
You must license the entire work, as a whole, under this License to anyone who comes into possession of a copy. This License will therefore apply, along with any applicable section 7 additional terms, to the whole of the work, and all its parts, regardless of how they are packaged. This License gives no permission to license the work in any other way, but it does not invalidate such permission if you have separately received it.
.IP "d." 4
.IX Item "d."
If the work has interactive user interfaces, each must display Appropriate Legal Notices; however, if the Program has interactive interfaces that do not display Appropriate Legal Notices, your work

need not make them do so.
.RE
.RS 4
.Sp
A compilation of a covered work with other separate and independent
works, which are not by their nature extensions of the covered work,
and which are not combined with it such as to form a larger program,
in or on a volume of a storage or distribution medium, is called an
\&*(L"aggregate*(R" if the compilation and its resulting copyright are not
used to limit the access or legal rights of the compilation's users
beyond what the individual works permit. Inclusion of a covered work
in an aggregate does not cause this License to apply to the other
parts of the aggregate.
.RE
.IP "6. Conveying Non-Source Forms." 4
.IX Item "6. Conveying Non-Source Forms."
You may convey a covered work in object code form under the terms of
sections 4 and 5, provided that you also convey the machine-readable
Corresponding Source under the terms of this License, in one of these
ways:
.RS 4
.IP "a." 4
.IX Item "a."
Convey the object code in, or embodied in, a physical product
(including a physical distribution medium), accompanied by the
Corresponding Source fixed on a durable physical medium customarily
used for software interchange.
.IP "b." 4
.IX Item "b."
Convey the object code in, or embodied in, a physical product
(including a physical distribution medium), accompanied by a written
offer, valid for at least three years and valid for as long as you
offer spare parts or customer support for that product model, to give
anyone who possesses the object code either (1) a copy of the
Corresponding Source for all the software in the product that is
covered by this License, on a durable physical medium customarily used
for software interchange, for a price no more than your reasonable
cost of physically performing this conveying of source, or (2) access
to copy the Corresponding Source from a network server at no charge.
.IP "c." 4
.IX Item "c."
Convey individual copies of the object code with a copy of the written
offer to provide the Corresponding Source. This alternative is
allowed only occasionally and noncommercially, and only if you
received the object code with such an offer, in accord with subsection
6b.
.IP "d." 4
.IX Item "d."

Convey the object code by offering access from a designated place
(gratis or for a charge), and offer equivalent access to the
Corresponding Source in the same way through the same place at no
further charge. You need not require recipients to copy the
Corresponding Source along with the object code. If the place to copy
the object code is a network server, the Corresponding Source may be
on a different server (operated by you or a third party) that supports
equivalent copying facilities, provided you maintain clear directions
next to the object code saying where to find the Corresponding Source.
Regardless of what server hosts the Corresponding Source, you remain
obligated to ensure that it is available for as long as needed to
satisfy these requirements.
.IP "e." 4
.IX Item "e."
Convey the object code using peer-to-peer transmission, provided you
inform other peers where the object code and Corresponding Source of
the work are being offered to the general public at no charge under
subsection 6d.
.RE
.RS 4
.Sp
A separable portion of the object code, whose source code is excluded
from the Corresponding Source as a System Library, need not be
included in conveying the object code work.
.Sp
A *(L"User Product*(R" is either (1) a *(L"consumer product*(R", which means any
tangible personal property which is normally used for personal,
family, or household purposes, or (2) anything designed or sold for
incorporation into a dwelling. In determining whether a product is a
consumer product, doubtful cases shall be resolved in favor of
coverage. For a particular product received by a particular user,
\&*(L"normally used*(R" refers to a typical or common use of that class of
product, regardless of the status of the particular user or of the way
in which the particular user actually uses, or expects or is expected
to use, the product. A product is a consumer product regardless of
whether the product has substantial commercial, industrial or
non-consumer uses, unless such uses represent the only significant
mode of use of the product.
.Sp
\&*(L"Installation Information*(R" for a User Product means any methods,
procedures, authorization keys, or other information required to
install and execute modified versions of a covered work in that User
Product from a modified version of its Corresponding Source. The
information must suffice to ensure that the continued functioning of
the modified object code is in no case prevented or interfered with
solely because modification has been made.
.Sp
If you convey an object code work under this section in, or with, or

specifically for use in, a User Product, and the conveying occurs as
part of a transaction in which the right of possession and use of the
User Product is transferred to the recipient in perpetuity or for a
fixed term (regardless of how the transaction is characterized), the
Corresponding Source conveyed under this section must be accompanied
by the Installation Information. But this requirement does not apply
if neither you nor any third party retains the ability to install
modified object code on the User Product (for example, the work has
been installed in \s-1ROM\s0).
.Sp
The requirement to provide Installation Information does not include a
requirement to continue to provide support service, warranty, or
updates for a work that has been modified or installed by the
recipient, or for the User Product in which it has been modified or
installed. Access to a network may be denied when the modification
itself materially and adversely affects the operation of the network
or violates the rules and protocols for communication across the
network.
.Sp
Corresponding Source conveyed, and Installation Information provided,
in accord with this section must be in a format that is publicly
documented (and with an implementation available to the public in
source code form), and must require no special password or key for
unpacking, reading or copying.
.RE
.IP "7. Additional Terms." 4
.IX Item "7. Additional Terms."
\&*(L"Additional permissions*(R" are terms that supplement the terms of this
License by making exceptions from one or more of its conditions.
Additional permissions that are applicable to the entire Program shall
be treated as though they were included in this License, to the extent
that they are valid under applicable law. If additional permissions
apply only to part of the Program, that part may be used separately
under those permissions, but the entire Program remains governed by
this License without regard to the additional permissions.
.Sp
When you convey a copy of a covered work, you may at your option
remove any additional permissions from that copy, or from any part of
it. (Additional permissions may be written to require their own
removal in certain cases when you modify the work.) You may place
additional permissions on material, added by you to a covered work,
for which you have or can give appropriate copyright permission.
.Sp
Notwithstanding any other provision of this License, for material you
add to a covered work, you may (if authorized by the copyright holders
of that material) supplement the terms of this License with terms:
.RS 4
.IP "a." 4

.IX Item "a."
Disclaiming warranty or limiting liability differently from the terms
of sections 15 and 16 of this License; or
.IP "b." 4
.IX Item "b."
Requiring preservation of specified reasonable legal notices or author
attributions in that material or in the Appropriate Legal Notices
displayed by works containing it; or
.IP "c." 4
.IX Item "c."
Prohibiting misrepresentation of the origin of that material, or
requiring that modified versions of such material be marked in
reasonable ways as different from the original version; or
.IP "d." 4
.IX Item "d."
Limiting the use for publicity purposes of names of licensors or
authors of the material; or
.IP "e." 4
.IX Item "e."
Declining to grant rights under trademark law for use of some trade
names, trademarks, or service marks; or
.IP "f." 4
.IX Item "f."
Requiring indemnification of licensors and authors of that material by
anyone who conveys the material (or modified versions of it) with
contractual assumptions of liability to the recipient, for any
liability that these contractual assumptions directly impose on those
licensors and authors.
.RE
.RS 4
.Sp
All other non-permissive additional terms are considered *(L"further
restrictions*(R" within the meaning of section 10. If the Program as you
received it, or any part of it, contains a notice stating that it is
governed by this License along with a term that is a further
restriction, you may remove that term. If a license document contains
a further restriction but permits relicensing or conveying under this
License, you may add to a covered work material governed by the terms
of that license document, provided that the further restriction does
not survive such relicensing or conveying.
.Sp
If you add terms to a covered work in accord with this section, you
must place, in the relevant source files, a statement of the
additional terms that apply to those files, or a notice indicating
where to find the applicable terms.
.Sp
Additional terms, permissive or non-permissive, may be stated in the
form of a separately written license, or stated as exceptions; the

above requirements apply either way.
.RE
.IP "8. Termination." 4
.IX Item "8. Termination."
You may not propagate or modify a covered work except as expressly
provided under this License. Any attempt otherwise to propagate or
modify it is void, and will automatically terminate your rights under
this License (including any patent licenses granted under the third
paragraph of section 11).
.Sp
However, if you cease all violation of this License, then your license
from a particular copyright holder is reinstated (a) provisionally,
unless and until the copyright holder explicitly and finally
terminates your license, and (b) permanently, if the copyright holder
fails to notify you of the violation by some reasonable means prior to
60 days after the cessation.
.Sp
Moreover, your license from a particular copyright holder is
reinstated permanently if the copyright holder notifies you of the
violation by some reasonable means, this is the first time you have
received notice of violation of this License (for any work) from that
copyright holder, and you cure the violation prior to 30 days after
your receipt of the notice.
.Sp
Termination of your rights under this section does not terminate the
licenses of parties who have received copies or rights from you under
this License. If your rights have been terminated and not permanently
reinstated, you do not qualify to receive new licenses for the same
material under section 10.
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 Ty Coon, President of Vice

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16/gnu/javax/sound/AudioSecurityManager$Permissionjava/lang/EnumPLAY1Lgnu/javax/sound/AudioSecurityMa
nager$Permission;RECORDALLENUM$VALUES2[Lgnu/javax/sound/AudioSecurityManager$Permission;<clinit
>()VCode
<init>(Ljava/lang/String;I)V
LineNumberTableLocalVariableTable
thisvalues4()[Lgnu/javax/sound/AudioSecurityManager$Permission;
$&%java/lang/System'(
arraycopy*(Ljava/lang/Object;ILjava/lang/Object;II)VvalueOfE(Ljava/lang/String;)Lgnu/javax/sound/AudioSecurit
yManager$Permission;

,)-5(Ljava/lang/Class;Ljava/lang/String;)Ljava/lang/Enum;
SourceFileAudioSecurityManager.java
SignatureCLjava/lang/Enum<Lgnu/javax/sound/AudioSecurityManager$Permission;>;InnerClasses4$gnu/javax/sound/AudioSecurityManager
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GCC RUNTIME LIBRARY EXCEPTION

Version 3.1, 31 March 2009

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0. Definitions.

A file is an "Independent Module" if it either requires the Runtime Library for execution after a Compilation Process, or makes use of an interface provided by the Runtime Library, but is not otherwise based on the Runtime Library.

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2. No Weakening of GCC Copyleft.

The availability of this Exception does not imply any general presumption that third-party software is unaffected by the copyleft requirements of the license of GCC.

```
#!/usr/bin/python
#
# Copyright (C) 2013 Free Software Foundation, Inc.
#
# This script is free software; you can redistribute it and/or modify
# it under the terms of the GNU General Public License as published by
# the Free Software Foundation; either version 3, or (at your option)
# any later version.

# This script adjusts the copyright notices at the top of source files
# so that they have the form:
#
#   Copyright XXXX-YYYY Free Software Foundation, Inc.
#
# It doesn't change code that is known to be maintained elsewhere or
# that carries a non-FSF copyright.
#
# The script also doesn't change testsuite files, except those in
# libstdc++-v3.  This is because libstdc++-v3 has a conformance testsuite,
# while most tests in other directories are just things that failed at some
# point in the past.
#
# Pass --this-year to the script if you want it to add the current year
# to all applicable notices.  Pass --quilt if you are using quilt and
# want files to be added to the quilt before being changed.
#
# By default the script will update all directories for which the
# output has been vetted.  You can instead pass the names of individual
# directories, including those that haven't been approved.  So:
```

```
#
#    update-copyright.pl --this-year
#
# is the command that would be used at the beginning of a year to update
# all copyright notices (and possibly at other times to check whether
# new files have been added with old years).  On the other hand:
#
#    update-copyright.pl --this-year libjava
#
# would run the script on just libjava/.
#
# Note that things like --version output strings must be updated before
# this script is run.  There's already a separate procedure for that.

import os
import re
import sys
import time
import subprocess

class Errors:
  def __init__ (self):
      self.num_errors = 0

  def report (self, filename, string):
      if filename:
          string = filename + ': ' + string
      sys.stderr.write (string + '\n')
      self.num_errors += 1

  def ok (self):
      return self.num_errors == 0

class GenericFilter:
  def __init__ (self):
      self.skip_files = set()
      self.skip_dirs = set()
      self.skip_extensions = set()
      self.fossilised_files = set()
      self.own_files = set()

      self.skip_files |= set ([
            # Skip licence files.
            'COPYING',
            'COPYING.LIB',
            'COPYING3',
            'COPYING3.LIB',
            'LICENSE',
```

```
            'fdl.texi',
            'gpl_v3.texi',
            'fdl-1.3.xml',
            'gpl-3.0.xml',

            # Skip auto- and libtool-related files
            'aclocal.m4',
            'compile',
            'config.guess',
            'config.sub',
            'depcomp',
            'install-sh',
            'libtool.m4',
            'ltmain.sh',
            'ltoptions.m4',
            'ltsugar.m4',
            'ltversion.m4',
            'lt~obsolete.m4',
            'missing',
            'mkdep',
            'mkinstalldirs',
            'move-if-change',
            'shlibpath.m4',
            'symlink-tree',
            'ylwrap',

            # Skip FSF mission statement, etc.
            'gnu.texi',
            'funding.texi',
            'appendix_free.xml',

            # Skip imported texinfo files.
            'texinfo.tex',
            ])


def get_line_filter (self, dir, filename):
    if filename.startswith ('ChangeLog'):
        # Ignore references to copyright in changelog entries.
        return re.compile ('\t')

    return None

def skip_file (self, dir, filename):
    if filename in self.skip_files:
        return True

    (base, extension) = os.path.splitext (os.path.join (dir, filename))
```

```
      if extension in self.skip_extensions:
        return True

      if extension == '.in':
        # Skip .in files produced by automake.
        if os.path.exists (base + '.am'):
          return True

        # Skip files produced by autogen
        if (os.path.exists (base + '.def')
          and os.path.exists (base + '.tpl')):
          return True

      # Skip configure files produced by autoconf
      if filename == 'configure':
        if os.path.exists (base + '.ac'):
          return True
        if os.path.exists (base + '.in'):
          return True

      return False

    def skip_dir (self, dir, subdir):
      return subdir in self.skip_dirs

    def is_fossilised_file (self, dir, filename):
      if filename in self.fossilised_files:
        return True
      # Only touch current current ChangeLogs.
      if filename != 'ChangeLog' and filename.find ('ChangeLog') >= 0:
        return True
      return False

    def by_package_author (self, dir, filename):
      return filename in self.own_files

  class Copyright:
    def __init__ (self, errors):
      self.errors = errors

      # Characters in a range of years.  Include '.' for typos.
      ranges = '[0-9](?:[-0-9.,\s]|\s+and\s+)*[0-9]'

      # Non-whitespace characters in a copyright holder's name.
      name = '[\w.,-]'

      # Matches one year.
      self.year_re = re.compile ('[0-9]+')
```

```
    # Matches part of a year or copyright holder.
    self.continuation_re = re.compile (ranges + '|' + name)

    # Matches a full copyright notice:
    self.copyright_re = re.compile (
       # 1: 'Copyright (C)', etc.
       '([Cc]opyright'
       '|[Cc]opyright\s+\([Cc]\)'
       '|[Cc]opyright\s+%s'
       '|[Cc]opyright\s+&copy;'
       '|[Cc]opyright\s+@copyright{}'
       '|@set\s+copyright[\w-]+)'

       # 2: the years.  Include the whitespace in the year, so that
       # we can remove any excess.
       '(\s*(?:' + ranges + ',?'
       '|@value\{[^{}]*\})\s*)'

       # 3: 'by ', if used
       '(by\s+)?'

       # 4: the copyright holder.  Don't allow multiple consecutive
       # spaces, so that right-margin gloss doesn't get caught
       # (e.g. gnat_ugn.texi).
       '(' + name + '(?:\s?' + name + ')*)?')

    # A regexp for notices that might have slipped by.  Just matching
    # 'copyright' is too noisy, and 'copyright.*[0-9]' falls foul of
    # HTML header markers, so check for 'copyright' and two digits.
    self.other_copyright_re = re.compile ('copyright.*[0-9][0-9]',
                                          re.IGNORECASE)
    self.comment_re = re.compile('#+|[*]+|;+|%+|//+|@c |dnl ')
    self.holders = { '@copying': '@copying' }
    self.holder_prefixes = set()

    # True to 'quilt add' files before changing them.
    self.use_quilt = False

    # If set, force all notices to include this year.
    self.max_year = None

    # Goes after the year(s).  Could be ', '.
    self.separator = ' '

  def add_package_author (self, holder, canon_form = None):
    if not canon_form:
       canon_form = holder
```

```
    self.holders[holder] = canon_form
    index = holder.find (' ')
    while index >= 0:
        self.holder_prefixes.add (holder[:index])
        index = holder.find (' ', index + 1)

def add_external_author (self, holder):
    self.holders[holder] = None

class BadYear():
    def __init__ (self, year):
        self.year = year

    def __str__ (self):
        return 'unrecognised year: ' + self.year

def parse_year (self, string):
    year = int (string)
    if len (string) == 2:
        if year > 70:
            return year + 1900
    elif len (string) == 4:
        return year
    raise self.BadYear (string)

def year_range (self, years):
    year_list = [self.parse_year (year)
                 for year in self.year_re.findall (years)]
    assert len (year_list) > 0
    return (min (year_list), max (year_list))

def set_use_quilt (self, use_quilt):
    self.use_quilt = use_quilt

def include_year (self, year):
    assert not self.max_year
    self.max_year = year

def canonicalise_years (self, dir, filename, filter, years):
    # Leave texinfo variables alone.
    if years.startswith ('@value'):
        return years

    (min_year, max_year) = self.year_range (years)

    # Update the upper bound, if enabled.
    if self.max_year and not filter.is_fossilised_file (dir, filename):
        max_year = max (max_year, self.max_year)
```

```
    # Use a range.
    if min_year == max_year:
      return '%d' % min_year
    else:
      return '%d-%d' % (min_year, max_year)

  def strip_continuation (self, line):
    line = line.lstrip()
    match = self.comment_re.match (line)
    if match:
      line = line[match.end():].lstrip()
    return line

  def is_complete (self, match):
    holder = match.group (4)
    return (holder
        and (holder not in self.holder_prefixes
          or holder in self.holders))

  def update_copyright (self, dir, filename, filter, file, line, match):
    orig_line = line
    next_line = None
    pathname = os.path.join (dir, filename)

    intro = match.group (1)
    if intro.startswith ('@set'):
      # Texinfo year variables should always be on one line
      after_years = line[match.end (2):].strip()
      if after_years != '':
        self.errors.report (pathname,
                  'trailing characters in @set: '
                  + after_years)
        return (False, orig_line, next_line)
    else:
      # If it looks like the copyright is incomplete, add the next line.
      while not self.is_complete (match):
        try:
          next_line = file.next()
        except StopIteration:
          break

        # If the next line doesn't look like a proper continuation,
        # assume that what we've got is complete.
        continuation = self.strip_continuation (next_line)
        if not self.continuation_re.match (continuation):
          break
```

```
            # Merge the lines for matching purposes.
            orig_line += next_line
            line = line.rstrip() + ' ' + continuation
            next_line = None

            # Rematch with the longer line, at the original position.
            match = self.copyright_re.match (line, match.start())
            assert match

        holder = match.group (4)

        # Use the filter to test cases where markup is getting in the way.
        if filter.by_package_author (dir, filename):
            assert holder not in self.holders

        elif not holder:
            self.errors.report (pathname, 'missing copyright holder')
            return (False, orig_line, next_line)

        elif holder not in self.holders:
            self.errors.report (pathname,
                                'unrecognised copyright holder: ' + holder)
            return (False, orig_line, next_line)

        else:
            # See whether the copyright is associated with the package
            # author.
            canon_form = self.holders[holder]
            if not canon_form:
                return (False, orig_line, next_line)

            # Make sure the author is given in a consistent way.
            line = (line[:match.start (4)]
                    + canon_form
                    + line[match.end (4):])

            # Remove any 'by'
            line = line[:match.start (3)] + line[match.end (3):]

    # Update the copyright years.
    years = match.group (2).strip()
    try:
        canon_form = self.canonicalise_years (dir, filename, filter, years)
    except self.BadYear as e:
        self.errors.report (pathname, str (e))
        return (False, orig_line, next_line)

    line = (line[:match.start (2)]
```

```
            + ' ' + canon_form + self.separator
            + line[match.end (2):])

    # Use the standard (C) form.
    if intro.endswith ('right'):
        intro += ' (C)'
    elif intro.endswith ('(c)'):
        intro = intro[:-3] + '(C)'
    line = line[:match.start (1)] + intro + line[match.end (1):]

    # Strip trailing whitespace
    line = line.rstrip() + '\n'

    return (line != orig_line, line, next_line)

def process_file (self, dir, filename, filter):
    pathname = os.path.join (dir, filename)
    if filename.endswith ('.tmp'):
        # Looks like something we tried to create before.
        try:
            os.remove (pathname)
        except OSError:
            pass
        return

    lines = []
    changed = False
    line_filter = filter.get_line_filter (dir, filename)
    with open (pathname, 'r') as file:
        prev = None
        for line in file:
            while line:
                next_line = None
                # Leave filtered-out lines alone.
                if not (line_filter and line_filter.match (line)):
                    match = self.copyright_re.search (line)
                    if match:
                        res = self.update_copyright (dir, filename, filter,
                                                     file, line, match)
                        (this_changed, line, next_line) = res
                        changed = changed or this_changed

                    # Check for copyright lines that might have slipped by.
                    elif self.other_copyright_re.search (line):
                        self.errors.report (pathname,
                                            'unrecognised copyright: %s'
                                            % line.strip())
                lines.append (line)
```

```
                line = next_line

        # If something changed, write the new file out.
        if changed and self.errors.ok():
            tmp_pathname = pathname + '.tmp'
            with open (tmp_pathname, 'w') as file:
                for line in lines:
                    file.write (line)
            if self.use_quilt:
                subprocess.call (['quilt', 'add', pathname])
            os.rename (tmp_pathname, pathname)

    def process_tree (self, tree, filter):
        for (dir, subdirs, filenames) in os.walk (tree):
            # Don't recurse through directories that should be skipped.
            for i in xrange (len (subdirs) - 1, -1, -1):
                if filter.skip_dir (dir, subdirs[i]):
                    del subdirs[i]

            # Handle the files in this directory.
            for filename in filenames:
                if filter.skip_file (dir, filename):
                    sys.stdout.write ('Skipping %s\n'
                                      % os.path.join (dir, filename))
                else:
                    self.process_file (dir, filename, filter)

class CmdLine:
    def __init__ (self, copyright = Copyright):
        self.errors = Errors()
        self.copyright = copyright (self.errors)
        self.dirs = []
        self.default_dirs = []
        self.chosen_dirs = []
        self.option_handlers = dict()
        self.option_help = []

        self.add_option ('--help', 'Print this help', self.o_help)
        self.add_option ('--quilt', '"quilt add" files before changing them',
                         self.o_quilt)
        self.add_option ('--this-year', 'Add the current year to every notice',
                         self.o_this_year)

    def add_option (self, name, help, handler):
        self.option_help.append ((name, help))
        self.option_handlers[name] = handler

    def add_dir (self, dir, filter = GenericFilter()):
```

```
    self.dirs.append ((dir, filter))

def o_help (self, option = None):
    sys.stdout.write ('Usage: %s [options] dir1 dir2...\n\n'
                      'Options:\n' % sys.argv[0])
    format = '%-15s %s\n'
    for (what, help) in self.option_help:
        sys.stdout.write (format % (what, help))
    sys.stdout.write ('\nDirectories:\n')

    format = '%-25s'
    i = 0
    for (dir, filter) in self.dirs:
        i += 1
        if i % 3 == 0 or i == len (self.dirs):
            sys.stdout.write (dir + '\n')
        else:
            sys.stdout.write (format % dir)
    sys.exit (0)

def o_quilt (self, option):
    self.copyright.set_use_quilt (True)

def o_this_year (self, option):
    self.copyright.include_year (time.localtime().tm_year)

def main (self):
    for arg in sys.argv[1:]:
        if arg[:1] != '-':
            self.chosen_dirs.append (arg)
        elif arg in self.option_handlers:
            self.option_handlers[arg] (arg)
        else:
            self.errors.report (None, 'unrecognised option: ' + arg)
    if self.errors.ok():
        if len (self.chosen_dirs) == 0:
            self.chosen_dirs = self.default_dirs
        if len (self.chosen_dirs) == 0:
            self.o_help()
        else:
            for chosen_dir in self.chosen_dirs:
                canon_dir = os.path.join (chosen_dir, '')
                count = 0
                for (dir, filter) in self.dirs:
                    if (dir + os.sep).startswith (canon_dir):
                        count += 1
                        self.copyright.process_tree (dir, filter)
                if count == 0:
```

```
                    self.errors.report (None, 'unrecognised directory: '
                                        + chosen_dir)
        sys.exit (0 if self.errors.ok() else 1)

#-----------------------------------------------------------------------------

class TopLevelFilter (GenericFilter):
  def skip_dir (self, dir, subdir):
      return True

class ConfigFilter (GenericFilter):
  def __init__ (self):
      GenericFilter.__init__ (self)

  def skip_file (self, dir, filename):
      if filename.endswith ('.m4'):
          pathname = os.path.join (dir, filename)
          with open (pathname) as file:
              # Skip files imported from gettext.
              if file.readline().find ('gettext-') >= 0:
                  return True
      return GenericFilter.skip_file (self, dir, filename)

class GCCFilter (GenericFilter):
  def __init__ (self):
      GenericFilter.__init__ (self)

      self.skip_files |= set ([
            # Not part of GCC
            'math-68881.h',
            ])

      self.skip_dirs |= set ([
            # Better not create a merge nightmare for the GNAT folks.
            'ada',

            # Handled separately.
            'testsuite',
            ])

      self.skip_extensions |= set ([
            # Maintained by the translation project.
            '.po',

            # Automatically-generated.
            '.pot',
            ])
```

```
      self.fossilised_files |= set ([
            # Old news won't be updated.
            'ONEWS',
            ])

class TestsuiteFilter (GenericFilter):
  def __init__ (self):
      GenericFilter.__init__ (self)

      self.skip_extensions |= set ([
            # Don't change the tests, which could be woend by anyone.
            '.c',
            '.C',
            '.cc',
            '.h',
            '.hs',
            '.f',
            '.f90',
            '.go',
            '.inc',
            '.java',
            ])

  def skip_file (self, dir, filename):
      # g++.niklas/README contains historical copyright information
      # and isn't updated.
      if filename == 'README' and os.path.basename (dir) == 'g++.niklas':
         return True
      return GenericFilter.skip_file (self, dir, filename)

class LibCppFilter (GenericFilter):
  def __init__ (self):
      GenericFilter.__init__ (self)

      self.skip_extensions |= set ([
            # Maintained by the translation project.
            '.po',

            # Automatically-generated.
            '.pot',
            ])

class LibGCCFilter (GenericFilter):
  def __init__ (self):
      GenericFilter.__init__ (self)

      self.skip_dirs |= set ([
            # Imported from GLIBC.
```

```
            'soft-fp',
            ])

class LibJavaFilter (GenericFilter):
  def __init__ (self):
    GenericFilter.__init__ (self)

    self.skip_dirs |= set ([
            # Handled separately.
            'testsuite',

            # Not really part of the library
            'contrib',

            # Imported from upstream
            'classpath',
            'libltdl',
            ])

  def get_line_filter (self, dir, filename):
    if filename == 'NameDecoder.h':
      return re.compile ('.*NAME_COPYRIGHT')
    if filename == 'ICC_Profile.h':
      return re.compile ('.*icSigCopyrightTag')
    return GenericFilter.get_line_filter (self, dir, filename)

class LibMudflapFilter (GenericFilter):
  def __init__ (self):
    GenericFilter.__init__ (self)

    self.skip_dirs |= set ([
            # Handled separately.
            'testsuite',
            ])

class LibStdCxxFilter (GenericFilter):
  def __init__ (self):
    GenericFilter.__init__ (self)

    self.skip_files |= set ([
            # Contains no copyright of its own, but quotes the GPL.
            'intro.xml',
            ])

    self.skip_dirs |= set ([
            # Contains automatically-generated sources.
            'html',
```

```
            # The testsuite data files shouldn't be changed.
            'data',

            # Contains imported images
            'images',
            ])

        self.own_files |= set ([
            # Contains markup around the copyright owner.
            'spine.xml',
            ])

    def get_line_filter (self, dir, filename):
        if filename == 'boost_concept_check.h':
            return re.compile ('// \(C\) Copyright Jeremy Siek')
        return GenericFilter.get_line_filter (self, dir, filename)

class GCCCopyright (Copyright):
    def __init__ (self, errors):
        Copyright.__init__ (self, errors)

        canon_fsf = 'Free Software Foundation, Inc.'
        self.add_package_author ('Free Software Foundation', canon_fsf)
        self.add_package_author ('Free Software Foundation.', canon_fsf)
        self.add_package_author ('Free Software Foundation Inc.', canon_fsf)
        self.add_package_author ('Free Software Foundation, Inc', canon_fsf)
        self.add_package_author ('Free Software Foundation, Inc.', canon_fsf)
        self.add_package_author ('The Free Software Foundation', canon_fsf)
        self.add_package_author ('The Free Software Foundation, Inc.', canon_fsf)
        self.add_package_author ('Software Foundation, Inc.', canon_fsf)

        self.add_external_author ('ARM')
        self.add_external_author ('AdaCore')
        self.add_external_author ('Ami Tavory and Vladimir Dreizin, IBM-HRL.')
        self.add_external_author ('Cavium Networks.')
        self.add_external_author ('Faraday Technology Corp.')
        self.add_external_author ('Florida State University')
        self.add_external_author ('Greg Colvin and Beman Dawes.')
        self.add_external_author ('Hewlett-Packard Company')
        self.add_external_author ('Information Technology Industry Council.')
        self.add_external_author ('James Theiler, Brian Gough')
        self.add_external_author ('Makoto Matsumoto and Takuji Nishimura,')
        self.add_external_author ('National Research Council of Canada.')
        self.add_external_author ('Peter Dimov and Multi Media Ltd.')
        self.add_external_author ('Peter Dimov')
        self.add_external_author ('Pipeline Associates, Inc.')
        self.add_external_author ('Regents of the University of California.')
        self.add_external_author ('Silicon Graphics Computer Systems, Inc.')
```

```
        self.add_external_author ('Silicon Graphics')
        self.add_external_author ('Stephen L. Moshier')
        self.add_external_author ('Sun Microsystems, Inc. All rights reserved.')
        self.add_external_author ('The Go Authors.  All rights reserved.')
        self.add_external_author ('The Go Authors. All rights reserved.')
        self.add_external_author ('The Go Authors.')
        self.add_external_author ('The Regents of the University of California.')
        self.add_external_author ('Unicode, Inc.')
        self.add_external_author ('University of Toronto.')

    class GCCCmdLine (CmdLine):
      def __init__ (self):
        CmdLine.__init__ (self, GCCCopyright)

        self.add_dir ('.', TopLevelFilter())
        # boehm-gc is imported from upstream.
        self.add_dir ('config', ConfigFilter())
        # contrib isn't really part of GCC.
        self.add_dir ('fixincludes')
        self.add_dir ('gcc', GCCFilter())
        self.add_dir (os.path.join ('gcc', 'testsuite'), TestsuiteFilter())
        self.add_dir ('gnattools')
        self.add_dir ('include')
        self.add_dir ('libada')
        self.add_dir ('libatomic')
        self.add_dir ('libbacktrace')
        self.add_dir ('libcpp', LibCppFilter())
        self.add_dir ('libdecnumber')
        # libffi is imported from upstream.
        self.add_dir ('libgcc', LibGCCFilter())
        self.add_dir ('libgfortran')
        self.add_dir ('libgomp')
        self.add_dir ('libiberty')
        self.add_dir ('libitm')
        self.add_dir ('libjava', LibJavaFilter())
        self.add_dir (os.path.join ('libjava', 'testsuite'), TestsuiteFilter())
        self.add_dir ('libmudflap', LibMudflapFilter())
        self.add_dir (os.path.join ('libmudflap', 'testsuite'),
                      TestsuiteFilter())
        self.add_dir ('libobjc')
        self.add_dir ('libquadmath')
        # libsanitiser is imported from upstream.
        self.add_dir ('libssp')
        self.add_dir ('libstdc++-v3', LibStdCxxFilter())
        self.add_dir ('lto-plugin')
        # zlib is imported from upstream.

        self.default_dirs = [
```

```
        'gcc',
        'libada',
        'libatomic',
        'libbacktrace',
        'libcpp',
        'libdecnumber',
        'libgcc',
        'libgfortran',
        'libgomp',
        'libitm',
        'libmudflap',
        'libobjc',
        'libstdc++-v3',
        ]

GCCCmdLine().main()
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8" standalone="no"?>
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```

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ThisGCCRuntimeLibraryException("Exception")isanadditional
permissionundersection7oftheGNUGeneralPublicLicense,version
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bearsanoticeplacedbythecopyrightholderofthefilestatingthat
thefileisgovernedbyGPLv3alongwiththisException.

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certainGCCheaderfilesandruntimelibrarieswiththecompiled
program.ThepurposeofthisExceptionistoallowcompilationof
non-GPL(includingproprietary)programstouse,inthisway,the
headerfilesandruntimelibrariescoveredbythisException.

0.Definitions.

Afileisan"IndependentModule"ifiteitherrequirestheRuntime
LibraryforexecutionafteraCompilationProcess,ormakesuseofan
interfaceprovidedbytheRuntimeLibrary,butisnototherwisebased
ontheRuntimeLibrary.

"GCC"meansaversionoftheGNUCompilerCollection,withorwithout
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subsequentversionspublishedbytheFSF.

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modificationandusewouldpermitcombinationwithGCCinaccordwith
thelicenseofGCC.

"TargetCode"referstooutputfromanycompilerforarealorvirtual
targetprocessorarchitecture,inexecutableformorsuitablefor
inputtoanassembler,loader,linkerand/orexecution
phase.Notwithstandingthat,TargetCodedoesnotincludedatainany
formatthatisusedasacompilerintermediaterepresentation,orused
forproducingacompilerintermediaterepresentation.

The"CompilationProcess"transformscodeentirelyrepresentedin
non-intermediatelanguagesdesignedforhuman-writtencode,and/orin
JavaVirtualMachinebytecode,intoTargetCode.Thus,forexample,
useofsourcecodegeneratorsandpreprocessorsneednotbeconsidered
partoftheCompilationProcess,sincetheCompilationProcesscanbe
understoodasstartingwiththeoutputofthegeneratorsor

preprocessors.

ACompilationProcessis"Eligible"ifitisdoneusingGCC,aloneor
withotherGPL-compatiblesoftware,orifitisdonewithoutusingany
workbasedonGCC.Forexample,usingnon-GPL-compatibleSoftwareto
optimizeanyGCCintermediaterepresentationswouldnotqualifyasan
EligibleCompilationProcess.

1.GrantofAdditionalPermission.

YouhavepermissiontopropagateaworkofTargetCodeformedby
combiningtheRuntimeLibrarywithIndependentModules,evenifsuch
propagationwouldotherwiseviolatethetermsofGPLv3,providedthat
allTargetCodewasgeneratedbyEligibleCompilationProcesses.You
maythenconveysuchacombinationundertermsofyourchoice,
consistentwiththelicensingoftheIndependentModules.

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KSIT-(Ljava/lang/String;)Ljava/lang/StringBuilder;V </dt>
KX0Z</dl>
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@appendixsubsec Preamble

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@end iftex
@ifinfo
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@page
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```
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#ifndef __java_security_acl_Permission__
#define __java_security_acl_Permission__

#pragma interface

#include <java/lang/Object.h>
extern "Java"
{
 namespace java
 {
   namespace security
   {
     namespace acl
     {
         class Permission;
     }
   }
 }
}

class java::security::acl::Permission : public ::java::lang::Object
{

public:
 virtual jboolean equals(::java::lang::Object *) = 0;
 virtual ::java::lang::String * toString() = 0;
 static ::java::lang::Class class$;
} __attribute__ ((java_interface));

#endif // __java_security_acl_Permission__
```

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HISTORY -

Early versions of this collector were developed as a part of research
projects supported in part by the National Science Foundation
and the Defense Advance Research Projects Agency.

The garbage collector originated as part of the run-time system for
the Russell programming language implementation. The first version of the
garbage collector was written primarily by Al Demers. It was then refined
and mostly rewritten, primarily by Hans-J. Boehm, at Cornell U.,
the University of Washington, Rice University (where it was first used for
C and assembly code), Xerox PARC, SGI, and HP Labs. However, significant
contributions have also been made by many others.

Some other contributors:

More recent contributors are mentioned in the modification history in
README.changes. My apologies for any omissions.

The SPARC specific code was originally contributed by Mark Weiser.
The Encore Multimax modifications were supplied by
Kevin Kenny (kenny@m.cs.uiuc.edu). The adaptation to the IBM PC/RT is largely
due to Vernon Lee, on machines made available to Rice by IBM.
Much of the HP specific code and a number of good suggestions for improving the
generic code are due to Walter Underwood.
Robert Brazile (brazile@diamond.bbn.com) originally supplied the ULTRIX code.
Al Dosser (dosser@src.dec.com) and Regis Cridlig (Regis.Cridlig@cl.cam.ac.uk)
subsequently provided updates and information on variation between ULTRIX
systems. Parag Patel (parag@netcom.com) supplied the A/UX code.
Jesper Peterson(jep@mtiame.mtia.oz.au), Michel Schinz, and
Martin Tauchmann (martintauchmann@bigfoot.com) supplied the Amiga port.
Thomas Funke (thf@zelator.in-berlin.de(?)) and
Brian D.Carlstrom (bdc@clark.lcs.mit.edu) supplied the NeXT ports.
Douglas Steel (doug@wg.icl.co.uk) provided ICL DRS6000 code.
Bill Janssen (janssen@parc.xerox.com) supplied the SunOS dynamic loader
specific code. Manuel Serrano (serrano@cornas.inria.fr) supplied linux and
Sony News specific code. Al Dosser provided Alpha/OSF/1 code. He and
Dave Detlefs(detlefs@src.dec.com) also provided several generic bug fixes.
Alistair G. Crooks(agc@uts.amdahl.com) supplied the NetBSD and 386BSD ports.
Jeffrey Hsu (hsu@soda.berkeley.edu) provided the FreeBSD port.

Brent Benson (brent@jade.ssd.csd.harris.com) ported the collector to
a Motorola 88K processor running CX/UX (Harris NightHawk).
Ari Huttunen (Ari.Huttunen@hut.fi) generalized the OS/2 port to
nonIBM development environments (a nontrivial task).
Patrick Beard (beard@cs.ucdavis.edu) provided the initial MacOS port.
David Chase, then at Olivetti Research, suggested several improvements.
Scott Schwartz (schwartz@groucho.cse.psu.edu) supplied some of the
code to save and print call stacks for leak detection on a SPARC.
Jesse Hull and John Ellis supplied the C++ interface code.
Zhong Shao performed much of the experimentation that led to the
current typed allocation facility. (His dynamic type inference code hasn't
made it into the released version of the collector, yet.)
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```
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/**
* This interface provides information about a permission that can be
* granted.  Note that this is <em>not</em> the same as the class
* <code>java.security.Permission</code>.
*
* @version 0.0
*
* @author Aaron M. Renn (arenn@urbanophile.com)
*/
public interface Permission
{
 /**
  * This method tests whether or not a specified <code>Permission</code>
  * (passed as an <code>Object</code>) is the same as this permission.
  *
  * @param perm The permission to check for equality
  *
  * @return <code>true</code> if the specified permission is the same as this one, <code>false</code> otherwise
  */
 boolean equals (Object perm);

 /**
```

```
 * This method returns this <code>Permission</code> as a <code>String</code>.
 *
 * @return A <code>String</code> representing this permission.
 */
 String toString();
}
```

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  adapted to BSD conventions for symbol names and debugging.)
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<http://www.gnu.org/licenses/>. */

/* Use the Sequent Symmetry assembler syntax. */

/* Define the syntax of pseudo-ops, labels and comments. */

/* Prefix for internally generated assembler labels. If we aren't using
  underscores, we are using prefix `.'s to identify labels that should
  be ignored, as in `i386/gas.h' --karl@cs.umb.edu */

#define LPREFIX "L"

```
/* Assembler pseudos to introduce constants of various size.  */

#define ASM_BYTE "\t.byte\t"
#define ASM_SHORT "\t.word\t"
#define ASM_LONG "\t.long\t"
#define ASM_QUAD "\t.quad\t"  /* Should not be used for 32bit compilation.  */

/* This was suggested, but it shouldn't be right for DBX output. -- RMS
  #define ASM_OUTPUT_SOURCE_FILENAME(FILE, NAME) */


/* Define the syntax of labels and symbol definitions/declarations.  */

/* This is how to output an assembler line
  that says to advance the location counter by SIZE bytes.  */

#define ASM_OUTPUT_SKIP(FILE,SIZE)  \
 fprintf (FILE, "\t.space "HOST_WIDE_INT_PRINT_UNSIGNED"\n", (SIZE))

/* Define the syntax of labels and symbol definitions/declarations.  */

/* This says how to output an assembler line
  to define a global common symbol.  */

#define ASM_OUTPUT_COMMON(FILE, NAME, SIZE, ROUNDED)  \
( fputs (".comm ", (FILE)),   \
 assemble_name ((FILE), (NAME)),  \
 fprintf ((FILE), ",%u\n", (int)(ROUNDED)))

/* This says how to output an assembler line
  to define a local common symbol.  */

#define ASM_OUTPUT_LOCAL(FILE, NAME, SIZE, ROUNDED)  \
( fputs (".lcomm ", (FILE)),   \
 assemble_name ((FILE), (NAME)),  \
 fprintf ((FILE), ",%u\n", (int)(ROUNDED)))

#ifdef HAVE_GAS_LCOMM_WITH_ALIGNMENT
#define ASM_OUTPUT_ALIGNED_LOCAL(FILE, NAME, SIZE, ALIGNMENT)  \
( fputs (".lcomm ", (FILE)),   \
 assemble_name ((FILE), (NAME)),  \
 fprintf ((FILE), ",%u,%u\n", (int)(SIZE), (int)(ALIGNMENT) / BITS_PER_UNIT))
#endif

/* This is how to output an assembler line
  that says to advance the location counter
  to a multiple of 2**LOG bytes.  */
```

```
#define ASM_OUTPUT_ALIGN(FILE,LOG) \
 if ((LOG)!=0) fprintf ((FILE), "\t.align %d\n", (LOG))

/* This is how to store into the string BUF
  the symbol_ref name of an internal numbered label where
  PREFIX is the class of label and NUM is the number within the class.
  This is suitable for output with `assemble_name'.  */

#define ASM_GENERATE_INTERNAL_LABEL(BUF,PREFIX,NUMBER) \
   sprintf ((BUF), "*%s%ld", (PREFIX), (long)(NUMBER))

/* The prefix to add to user-visible assembler symbols.  */

#define USER_LABEL_PREFIX "_"

/* Sequent has some changes in the format of DBX symbols.  */
#define DBX_NO_XREFS 1

/* Don't split DBX symbols into continuations.  */
#define DBX_CONTIN_LENGTH 0
```

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Version 3, 29 June 2007

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// DO NOT EDIT THIS FILE - it is machine generated -*- c++ -*-

#ifndef __gnu_javax_sound_AudioSecurityManager$Permission__

```
#define __gnu_javax_sound_AudioSecurityManager$Permission__

#pragma interface

#include <java/lang/Enum.h>
#include <gcj/array.h>

extern "Java"
{
 namespace gnu
 {
   namespace javax
   {
     namespace sound
     {
        class AudioSecurityManager$Permission;
     }
   }
 }
}

class gnu::javax::sound::AudioSecurityManager$Permission : public ::java::lang::Enum
{

 AudioSecurityManager$Permission(::java::lang::String *, jint);
public:
 static JArray< ::gnu::javax::sound::AudioSecurityManager$Permission * > * values();
 static ::gnu::javax::sound::AudioSecurityManager$Permission * valueOf(::java::lang::String *);
 static ::gnu::javax::sound::AudioSecurityManager$Permission * PLAY;
 static ::gnu::javax::sound::AudioSecurityManager$Permission * RECORD;
 static ::gnu::javax::sound::AudioSecurityManager$Permission * ALL;
private:
 static JArray< ::gnu::javax::sound::AudioSecurityManager$Permission * > * ENUM$VALUES;
public:
 static ::java::lang::Class class$;
};

#endif // __gnu_javax_sound_AudioSecurityManager$Permission__
```

1.12 libpcap 1.5.3

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1.13 busybox 1.23.2

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Julian Seward, Cambridge, UK.
jseward@bzip.org
bzip2/libbzip2 version 1.0.4 of 20 December 2006
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nickc@redhat.com and I'll correct the situation.

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the documentation, and info on specific files will go into an AUTHORS
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++++++++++++++++

Dean Elsner wrote the original gas for vax. [more details?]

Jay Fenlason maintained gas for a while, adding support for
gdb-specific debug information and the 68k series machines, most of
the preprocessing pass, and extensive changes in messages.c,
input-file.c, write.c.

K. Richard Pixley maintained gas for a while, adding various
enhancements and many bug fixes, including merging support for several
processors, breaking gas up to handle multiple object file format
backends (including heavy rewrite, testing, an integration of the coff
and b.out backends), adding configuration including heavy testing and
verification of cross assemblers and file splits and renaming,
converted gas to strictly ansi C including full prototypes, added
support for m680[34]0 & cpu32, considerable work on i960 including a
coff port (including considerable amounts of reverse engineering), a
sparc opcode file rewrite, decstation, rs6000, and hp300hpux host
ports, updated "know" assertions and made them work, much other
reorganization, cleanup, and lint.

Ken Raeburn wrote the high-level BFD interface code to replace most of
the code in format-specific I/O modules.

The original Vax-VMS support was contributed by David L. Kashtan.
Eric Youngdale and Pat Rankin have done much work with it since.

The Intel 80386 machine description was written by Eliot Dresselhaus.

Minh Tran-Le at IntelliCorp contributed some AIX 386 support.

The Motorola 88k machine description was contributed by Devon Bowen of Buffalo University and Torbjorn Granlund of the Swedish Institute of Computer Science.

Keith Knowles at the Open Software Foundation wrote the original MIPS back end (tc-mips.c, tc-mips.h), and contributed Rose format support that hasn't been merged in yet. Ralph Campbell worked with the MIPS code to support a.out format.

Support for the Zilog Z8k and Hitachi H8/300, H8/500 and SH processors (tc-z8k, tc-h8300, tc-h8500, tc-sh), and IEEE 695 object file format (obj-ieee), was written by Steve Chamberlain of Cygnus Solutions. Steve also modified the COFF back end (obj-coffbfd) to use BFD for some low-level operations, for use with the Hitachi, 29k and Zilog targets.

John Gilmore built the AMD 29000 support, added .include support, and simplified the configuration of which versions accept which pseudo-ops. He updated the 68k machine description so that Motorola's opcodes always produced fixed-size instructions (e.g. jsr), while synthetic instructions remained shrinkable (jbsr). John fixed many bugs, including true tested cross-compilation support, and one bug in relaxation that took a week and required the proverbial one-bit fix.

Ian Lance Taylor of Cygnus Solutions merged the Motorola and MIT syntaxes for the 68k, completed support for some COFF targets (68k, i386 SVR3, and SCO Unix), wrote the ECOFF support based on Michael Meissner's mips-tfile program, wrote the PowerPC and RS/6000 support, and made a few other minor patches. He handled the binutils releases for versions 2.7 through 2.9.

David Edelsohn contributed fixes for the PowerPC and AIX support.

Steve Chamberlain made gas able to generate listings.

Support for the HP9000/300 was contributed by Glenn Engel of HP.

Support for ELF format files has been worked on by Mark Eichin of Cygnus Solutions (original, incomplete implementation), Pete Hoogenboom at the University of Utah (HPPA mainly), Michael Meissner of the Open Software Foundation (i386 mainly), and Ken Raeburn of Cygnus Solutions (sparc, initial 64-bit support).

Several engineers at Cygnus Solutions have also provided many small bug fixes and configuration enhancements.

The initial Alpha support was contributed by Carnegie-Mellon University. Additional work was done by Ken Raeburn of Cygnus Solutions. Richard Henderson then rewrote much of the Alpha support.

Ian Dall updated the support code for the National Semiconductor 32000 series, and added support for Mach 3 and NetBSD running on the PC532.

Klaus Kaempf ported the assembler and the binutils to openVMS/Alpha.

Steve Haworth contributed the support for the Texas Instruction c30 (tms320c30).

H.J. Lu has contributed many patches and much testing.

Alan Modra reworked much of the i386 backend, improving the error checking, updating the code, and improving the 16 bit support, using patches from the work of Martynas Kunigelis and H.J. Lu.

Many others have contributed large or small bugfixes and enhancements. If you've contributed significant work and are not mentioned on this list, and want to be, let us know. Some of the history has been lost; we aren't intentionally leaving anyone out.

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For example, on rare occasions, there may be a special need to encourage the widest possible use of a certain library, so that it becomes a de-facto standard. To achieve this, non-free programs must be allowed to use the library. A more frequent case is that a free library does the same job as widely used non-free libraries. In this case, there is little to gain by limiting the free library to free software only, so we use the Lesser General Public License.

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Although the Lesser General Public License is Less protective of the users' freedom, it does ensure that the user of a program that is linked with the Library has the freedom and the wherewithal to run that program using a modified version of the Library.

The precise terms and conditions for copying, distribution and modification follow. Pay close attention to the difference between a "work based on the library" and a "work that uses the library". The former contains code derived from the library, whereas the latter must be combined with the library in order to run.

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0. This License Agreement applies to any software library or other program which contains a notice placed by the copyright holder or other authorized party saying it may be distributed under the terms of this Lesser General Public License (also called "this License"). Each licensee is addressed as "you".

A "library" means a collection of software functions and/or data prepared so as to be conveniently linked with application programs (which use some of those functions and data) to form executables.

The "Library", below, refers to any such software library or work which has been distributed under these terms. A "work based on the Library" means either the Library or any derivative work under copyright law: that is to say, a work containing the Library or a portion of it, either verbatim or with modifications and/or translated straightforwardly into another language. (Hereinafter, translation is included without limitation in the term "modification".)

"Source code" for a work means the preferred form of the work for making modifications to it. For a library, complete source code means all the source code for all modules it contains, plus any associated interface definition files, plus the scripts used to control compilation and installation of the library.

Activities other than copying, distribution and modification are not covered by this License; they are outside its scope. The act of running a program using the Library is not restricted, and output from such a program is covered only if its contents constitute a work based on the Library (independent of the use of the Library in a tool for writing it). Whether that is true depends on what the Library does and what the program that uses the Library does.

1. You may copy and distribute verbatim copies of the Library's complete source code as you receive it, in any medium, provided that you conspicuously and appropriately publish on each copy an appropriate copyright notice and disclaimer of warranty; keep intact all the notices that refer to this License and to the absence of any warranty; and distribute a copy of this License along with the Library.

You may charge a fee for the physical act of transferring a copy, and you may at your option offer warranty protection in exchange for a fee.

2. You may modify your copy or copies of the Library or any portion of it, thus forming a work based on the Library, and copy and distribute such modifications or work under the terms of Section 1 above, provided that you also meet all of these conditions:

a) The modified work must itself be a software library.

b) You must cause the files modified to carry prominent notices stating that you changed the files and the date of any change.

c) You must cause the whole of the work to be licensed at no charge to all third parties under the terms of this License.

d) If a facility in the modified Library refers to a function or a table of data to be supplied by an application program that uses the facility, other than as an argument passed when the facility is invoked, then you must make a good faith effort to ensure that, in the event an application does not supply such function or table, the facility still operates, and performs whatever part of its purpose remains meaningful.

(For example, a function in a library to compute square roots has a purpose that is entirely well-defined independent of the application. Therefore, Subsection 2d requires that any application-supplied function or table used by this function must be optional: if the application does not supply it, the square root function must still compute square roots.)

These requirements apply to the modified work as a whole. If identifiable sections of that work are not derived from the Library, and can be reasonably considered independent and separate works in themselves, then this License, and its terms, do not apply to those sections when you distribute them as separate works. But when you distribute the same sections as part of a whole which is a work based on the Library, the distribution of the whole must be on the terms of this License, whose permissions for other licensees extend to the entire whole, and thus to each and every part regardless of who wrote it.

Thus, it is not the intent of this section to claim rights or contest your rights to work written entirely by you; rather, the intent is to exercise the right to control the distribution of derivative or collective works based on the Library.

In addition, mere aggregation of another work not based on the Library with the Library (or with a work based on the Library) on a volume of a storage or distribution medium does not bring the other work under the scope of this License.

3. You may opt to apply the terms of the ordinary GNU General Public License instead of this License to a given copy of the Library. To do this, you must alter all the notices that refer to this License, so that they refer to the ordinary GNU General Public License, version 2, instead of to this License. (If a newer version than version 2 of the ordinary GNU General Public License has appeared, then you can specify that version instead if you wish.) Do not make any other change in these notices.

Once this change is made in a given copy, it is irreversible for that copy, so the ordinary GNU General Public License applies to all subsequent copies and derivative works made from that copy.

This option is useful when you wish to copy part of the code of the Library into a program that is not a library.

4. You may copy and distribute the Library (or a portion or derivative of it, under Section 2) in object code or executable form under the terms of Sections 1 and 2 above provided that you accompany it with the complete corresponding machine-readable source code, which

must be distributed under the terms of Sections 1 and 2 above on a medium customarily used for software interchange.

If distribution of object code is made by offering access to copy from a designated place, then offering equivalent access to copy the source code from the same place satisfies the requirement to distribute the source code, even though third parties are not compelled to copy the source along with the object code.

5. A program that contains no derivative of any portion of the Library, but is designed to work with the Library by being compiled or linked with it, is called a "work that uses the Library". Such a work, in isolation, is not a derivative work of the Library, and therefore falls outside the scope of this License.

However, linking a "work that uses the Library" with the Library creates an executable that is a derivative of the Library (because it contains portions of the Library), rather than a "work that uses the library". The executable is therefore covered by this License. Section 6 states terms for distribution of such executables.

When a "work that uses the Library" uses material from a header file that is part of the Library, the object code for the work may be a derivative work of the Library even though the source code is not. Whether this is true is especially significant if the work can be linked without the Library, or if the work is itself a library. The threshold for this to be true is not precisely defined by law.

If such an object file uses only numerical parameters, data structure layouts and accessors, and small macros and small inline functions (ten lines or less in length), then the use of the object file is unrestricted, regardless of whether it is legally a derivative work. (Executables containing this object code plus portions of the Library will still fall under Section 6.)

Otherwise, if the work is a derivative of the Library, you may distribute the object code for the work under the terms of Section 6. Any executables containing that work also fall under Section 6, whether or not they are linked directly with the Library itself.

6. As an exception to the Sections above, you may also combine or link a "work that uses the Library" with the Library to produce a work containing portions of the Library, and distribute that work under terms of your choice, provided that the terms permit modification of the work for the customer's own use and reverse engineering for debugging such modifications.

You must give prominent notice with each copy of the work that the

Library is used in it and that the Library and its use are covered by this License. You must supply a copy of this License. If the work during execution displays copyright notices, you must include the copyright notice for the Library among them, as well as a reference directing the user to the copy of this License. Also, you must do one of these things:

a) Accompany the work with the complete corresponding machine-readable source code for the Library including whatever changes were used in the work (which must be distributed under Sections 1 and 2 above); and, if the work is an executable linked with the Library, with the complete machine-readable "work that uses the Library", as object code and/or source code, so that the user can modify the Library and then relink to produce a modified executable containing the modified Library. (It is understood that the user who changes the contents of definitions files in the Library will not necessarily be able to recompile the application to use the modified definitions.)

b) Use a suitable shared library mechanism for linking with the Library. A suitable mechanism is one that (1) uses at run time a copy of the library already present on the user's computer system, rather than copying library functions into the executable, and (2) will operate properly with a modified version of the library, if the user installs one, as long as the modified version is interface-compatible with the version that the work was made with.

c) Accompany the work with a written offer, valid for at least three years, to give the same user the materials specified in Subsection 6a, above, for a charge no more than the cost of performing this distribution.

d) If distribution of the work is made by offering access to copy from a designated place, offer equivalent access to copy the above specified materials from the same place.

e) Verify that the user has already received a copy of these materials or that you have already sent this user a copy.

For an executable, the required form of the "work that uses the Library" must include any data and utility programs needed for reproducing the executable from it. However, as a special exception, the materials to be distributed need not include anything that is normally distributed (in either source or binary form) with the major components (compiler, kernel, and so on) of the operating system on which the executable runs, unless that component itself accompanies the executable.

It may happen that this requirement contradicts the license restrictions of other proprietary libraries that do not normally accompany the operating system. Such a contradiction means you cannot use both them and the Library together in an executable that you distribute.

7. You may place library facilities that are a work based on the Library side-by-side in a single library together with other library facilities not covered by this License, and distribute such a combined library, provided that the separate distribution of the work based on the Library and of the other library facilities is otherwise permitted, and provided that you do these two things:

a) Accompany the combined library with a copy of the same work based on the Library, uncombined with any other library facilities. This must be distributed under the terms of the Sections above.

b) Give prominent notice with the combined library of the fact that part of it is a work based on the Library, and explaining where to find the accompanying uncombined form of the same work.

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@appendixsubsec Preamble

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This license, the Lesser General Public License, applies to some specially designated software---typically libraries---of the Free Software Foundation and other authors who decide to use it. You can use it too, but we suggest you first think carefully about whether this license or the ordinary General Public License is the better strategy to use in any particular case, based on the explanations below.

When we speak of free software, we are referring to freedom of use, not price. Our General Public Licenses are designed to make sure that you have the freedom to distribute copies of free software (and charge for this service if you wish); that you receive source code or can get it if you want it; that you can change the software and use pieces of it in new free programs; and that you are informed that you can do these things.

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We protect your rights with a two-step method: (1) we copyright the library, and (2) we offer you this license, which gives you legal permission to copy, distribute and/or modify the library.

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Finally, software patents pose a constant threat to the existence of any free program. We wish to make sure that a company cannot effectively restrict the users of a free program by obtaining a restrictive license from a patent holder. Therefore, we insist that any patent license obtained for a version of the library must be consistent with the full freedom of use specified in this license.

Most GNU software, including some libraries, is covered by the ordinary GNU General Public License. This license, the GNU Lesser General Public License, applies to certain designated libraries, and is quite different from the ordinary General Public License. We use this license for certain libraries in order to permit linking those libraries into non-free programs.

When a program is linked with a library, whether statically or using a shared library, the combination of the two is legally speaking a combined work, a derivative of the original library. The ordinary General Public License therefore permits such linking only if the entire combination fits its criteria of freedom. The Lesser General Public License permits more lax criteria for linking other code with the library.

We call this license the @dfn{Lesser} General Public License because it does @emph{Less} to protect the user's freedom than the ordinary General Public License. It also provides other free software developers Less of an advantage over competing non-free programs. These disadvantages are the reason we use the ordinary General Public License for many libraries. However, the Lesser license provides advantages in certain special circumstances.

For example, on rare occasions, there may be a special need to encourage the widest possible use of a certain library, so that it becomes a de-facto standard. To achieve this, non-free programs must be allowed to use the library. A more frequent case is that a free library does the same job as widely used non-free libraries. In this case, there is little to gain by limiting the free library to free software only, so we use the Lesser General Public License.

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that program using a modified version of the Library.

The precise terms and conditions for copying, distribution and modification follow. Pay close attention to the difference between a ``work based on the library'' and a ``work that uses the library''. The former contains code derived from the library, whereas the latter must be combined with the library in order to run.

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a purpose that is entirely well-defined independent of the
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If such an object file uses only numerical parameters, data structure layouts and accessors, and small macros and small inline functions (ten lines or less in length), then the use of the object file is unrestricted, regardless of whether it is legally a derivative work. (Executables containing this object code plus portions of the Library will still fall under Section 6.)

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You must give prominent notice with each copy of the work that the Library is used in it and that the Library and its use are covered by

this License. You must supply a copy of this License. If the work during execution displays copyright notices, you must include the copyright notice for the Library among them, as well as a reference directing the user to the copy of this License. Also, you must do one of these things:

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Accompany the work with the complete corresponding machine-readable source code for the Library including whatever changes were used in the work (which must be distributed under Sections 1 and 2 above); and, if the work is an executable linked with the Library, with the complete machine-readable ``work that uses the Library'', as object code and/or source code, so that the user can modify the Library and then relink to produce a modified executable containing the modified Library. (It is understood that the user who changes the contents of definitions files in the Library will not necessarily be able to recompile the application to use the modified definitions.)

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@iftex
@heading END OF TERMS AND CONDITIONS
@end iftex
@ifinfo
@center END OF TERMS AND CONDITIONS
@end ifinfo

@page
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Ty Coon, President of Vice
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1.15 libc 2.19

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@enumerate a
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@subheading END OF TERMS AND CONDITIONS

@page
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@var{signature of Ty Coon}, 1 April 1990
Ty Coon, President of Vice
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1.16 libwrap 7.6

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This code is derived from section 17.1 of Applied Cryptography,
second edition, which describes a stream cipher allegedly
compatible with RSA Labs "RC4" cipher (the actual description of
which is a trade secret). The same algorithm is used as a stream
cipher called "arcfour" in Tatu Ylonen's ssh package.

Here the stream cipher has been modified always to include the time
when initializing the state. That makes it impossible to
regenerate the same random sequence twice, so this can't be used
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Equivalent code is available from RSA Data Security, Inc.
This code has been tested against that, and is equivalent,
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To compute the message digest of a chunk of bytes, declare an
MD5Context structure, pass it to MD5Init, call MD5Update as
needed on buffers full of bytes, and then call MD5Final, which
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This code is derived from section 17.1 of Applied Cryptography,
second edition, which describes a stream cipher allegedly
compatible with RSA Labs "RC4" cipher (the actual description of
which is a trade secret). The same algorithm is used as a stream
cipher called "arcfour" in Tatu Ylonen's ssh package.

Here the stream cipher has been modified always to include the time
when initializing the state. That makes it impossible to
regenerate the same random sequence twice, so this can't be used
for encryption, but will generate good random numbers.

RC4 is a registered trademark of RSA Laboratories.

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This code implements the MD5 message-digest algorithm.
The algorithm is due to Ron Rivest. This code was
written by Colin Plumb in 1993, no copyright is claimed.
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Equivalent code is available from RSA Data Security, Inc.
This code has been tested against that, and is equivalent,
except that you don't need to include two pages of legalese
with every copy.

To compute the message digest of a chunk of bytes, declare an
MD5Context structure, pass it to MD5Init, call MD5Update as
needed on buffers full of bytes, and then call MD5Final, which
will fill a supplied 16-byte array with the digest.

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1.18 libblobmsg-json 2015-06-14-d1c66ef1131d14f0ed197b368d03f71b964e45f8

1.19 avahi 0.6.31

1.19.1 Available under license :

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1.20 base-files 157-r46692

1.21 libxml 2.9.2

1.21.1 Available under license :

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1.22 xl2tpd 1.3.6

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1.23 wifi-check 1.00-1

1.24 boardinfo 1.0

1.25 ddns-scripts 1.0.0

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Version 2, December 2004

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=====

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=====

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loginrec.h
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and strlcat() (included in util.c) are from OpenSSH 3.6.1p2, and are licensed
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*
* curve25519-donna: Curve25519 elliptic curve, public key function
*
* http://code.google.com/p/curve25519-donna/
*
* Adam Langley <agl@imperialviolet.org>
*
* Derived from public domain C code by Daniel J. Bernstein <djb@cr.yp.to>
*
* More information about curve25519 can be found here
*   http://cr.yp.to/ecdh.html
*
* djb's sample implementation of curve25519 is written in a special assembly
* language called qhasm and uses the floating point registers.
*
* This is, almost, a clean room reimplementation from the curve25519 paper. It
* uses many of the tricks described therein. Only the crecip function is taken
* from the sample implementation.
*/
```

1.27 bzip2 1.0.6

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```
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Julian Seward, Cambridge, UK.
jseward@acm.org
bzip2/libbzip2 version 1.0.2 of 30 December 2001

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libbz2.dll test program.
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usage: minibz2 [-d] [-{1,2,..9}] [[srcfilename] destfilename]
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Metadata-Version: 1.1
Name: libtree
Version: 1.0.0
Summary: Postgres-based library to handle and persist wide trees
Home-page: https://github.com/conceptsandtraining/libtree
Author: Fabian Kochem
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1.31 cyclesoak n/a

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This code is derived from section 17.1 of Applied Cryptography, second edition, which describes a stream cipher allegedly compatible with RSA Labs "RC4" cipher (the actual description of which is a trade secret). The same algorithm is used as a stream cipher called "arcfour" in Tatu Ylonen's ssh package.

Here the stream cipher has been modified always to include the time when initializing the state. That makes it impossible to regenerate the same random sequence twice, so this can't be used for encryption, but will generate good random numbers.

RC4 is a registered trademark of RSA Laboratories.

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This code implements the MD5 message-digest algorithm.
The algorithm is due to Ron Rivest. This code was
written by Colin Plumb in 1993, no copyright is claimed.
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Equivalent code is available from RSA Data Security, Inc.
This code has been tested against that, and is equivalent,
except that you don't need to include two pages of legalese
with every copy.

To compute the message digest of a chunk of bytes, declare an
MD5Context structure, pass it to MD5Init, call MD5Update as
needed on buffers full of bytes, and then call MD5Final, which
will fill a supplied 16-byte array with the digest.

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1.32 dnsmasq 2.84

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1.33 ipsec-tools 0.8.1

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/* $NetBSD: debug.h,v 1.5 2008/12/23 14:03:12 tteras Exp $ */

/* Id: debug.h,v 1.3 2004/06/11 16:00:16 ludvigm Exp */

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1.34 open-ldap 2.4.23

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* /opt/cola/permits/1257742454_1643005421.5/0/jsonfilter-tar-gz/jsonfilter-2014-06-19/lexer.c

1.37 iptables 1.4.21

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1.38 6in4 21-2

1.39 zlib 1.2.8

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/* zlib.h -- interface of the 'zlib' general purpose compression library
version 1.2.11, January 15th, 2017

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1.41 qos-uci 1.0

1.42 libncurses 5.9

1.42.1 Available under license :

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1.43 ip-full 4.0.0-1

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1.44 6rd 2-1

1.45 strongswan 5.5.1

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1.51 fdisk 2.25.2

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Initialize empty image
f1c9645dbc14efddc7d8a322685f26eb bsd.img
Create new DOS partition table
57e721e38d1266c2df055067c18f2cf9 bsd.img

---layout----------
Disk <removed>: 10 MiB, 10485760 bytes, 20480 sectors
Units: sectors of 1 * 512 = 512 bytes
Sector size (logical/physical): 512 bytes / 512 bytes
I/O size (minimum/optimal): 512 bytes / 512 bytes
Disklabel type: dos
Disk identifier: <removed>

Create 1st primary partition
ada64ace122978d00d1d1c0e5ee45d26 bsd.img

---layout----------
Disk <removed>: 10 MiB, 10485760 bytes, 20480 sectors
Units: sectors of 1 * 512 = 512 bytes
Sector size (logical/physical): 512 bytes / 512 bytes
I/O size (minimum/optimal): 512 bytes / 512 bytes
Disklabel type: dos
Disk identifier: <removed>

Device Boot Start End Sectors Size Id Type
<removed>1 2048 4095 2048 1M 83 Linux

Create 2st primary partition
1bebf87248e05d6e4e62b749da65d023 bsd.img
Set 2nd partition type
2d8e8dff51a88a045db233418dd73fbe bsd.img

---layout----------
Disk <removed>: 10 MiB, 10485760 bytes, 20480 sectors
Units: sectors of 1 * 512 = 512 bytes
Sector size (logical/physical): 512 bytes / 512 bytes
I/O size (minimum/optimal): 512 bytes / 512 bytes
Disklabel type: dos
Disk identifier: <removed>

Device Boot Start End Sectors Size Id Type

<removed>1 2048 4095 2048 1M 83 Linux
<removed>2 4096 20479 16384 8M a5 FreeBSD

Create default BSD
2e1cee529cb59c9341afef0443f196a1 bsd.img

---layout----------
Welcome to fdisk <removed>.
Changes will remain in memory only, until you decide to write them.
Be careful before using the write command.

Command (m for help): Entering nested BSD disklabel.

Command (m for help): Disk <removed>2: 10 MiB, 10485760 bytes, 20480 sectors
Geometry: 255 heads, 63 sectors/track, 1 cylinders
Units: sectors of 1 * 512 = 512 bytes
Sector size (logical/physical): 512 bytes / 512 bytes
I/O size (minimum/optimal): 512 bytes / 512 bytes
Disklabel type: bsd
partitions: 4

Slice Start End Sectors Size Type Fsize Bsize Cpg
c 4096 20479 16384 8M unused 0 0 0
d 0 16064 16065 7.9M unused 0 0 0

Partition table entries are not in disk order.

Command (m for help): Leaving nested disklabel.

Command (m for help):
---

b5c121c2091b2ff26b880551feac7112 bsd.img

---layout----------
Welcome to fdisk <removed>.
Changes will remain in memory only, until you decide to write them.
Be careful before using the write command.

Command (m for help): Entering nested BSD disklabel.

Command (m for help): Disk <removed>2: 10 MiB, 10485760 bytes, 20480 sectors
Geometry: 255 heads, 63 sectors/track, 1 cylinders
Units: sectors of 1 * 512 = 512 bytes

Sector size (logical/physical): 512 bytes / 512 bytes
I/O size (minimum/optimal): 512 bytes / 512 bytes
Disklabel type: bsd
partitions: 4

Slice	Start	End Sectors	Size	Type	Fsize	Bsize	Cpg
a	4096	6144	2049	1M 4.2BSD	0	0	0
c	4096	20479	16384	8M unused	0	0	0
d	0	16064	16065	7.9M unused	0	0	0

Partition table entries are not in disk order.

Command (m for help): Leaving nested disklabel.

Command (m for help):

Changes will remain in memory only, until you decide to write them.
Be careful before using the write command.

Command (m for help): Entering nested BSD disklabel.

Command (m for help):

0 unused	5 4.1BSD	9 4.4LFS	d boot
1 swap	6 Eighth Edition	a unknown	e ADOS
2 Version 6	7 4.2BSD	b HPFS	f HFS
3 Version 7	8 MS-DOS	c ISO-9660	10 AdvFS
4 System V			

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1.52 haserl 0.9.32

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Version 3, 29 June 2007

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<one line to give the program's name and a brief idea of what it does.>
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1.54 libnetfilter-conntrack 1.0.4

1.54.1 Available under license :

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1.55 pcre 8.35

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THE BASIC LIBRARY FUNCTIONS

Written by: Philip Hazel
Email local part: ph10
Email domain: cam.ac.uk

University of Cambridge Computing Service,
Cambridge, England.

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1.56 libusb 1.0.19

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When a "work that uses the Library" uses material from a header file that is part of the Library, the object code for the work may be a derivative work of the Library even though the source code is not. Whether this is true is especially significant if the work can be linked without the Library, or if the work is itself a library. The threshold for this to be true is not precisely defined by law.

If such an object file uses only numerical parameters, data structure layouts and accessors, and small macros and small inline functions (ten lines or less in length), then the use of the object

file is unrestricted, regardless of whether it is legally a derivative work. (Executables containing this object code plus portions of the Library will still fall under Section 6.)

Otherwise, if the work is a derivative of the Library, you may distribute the object code for the work under the terms of Section 6. Any executables containing that work also fall under Section 6, whether or not they are linked directly with the Library itself.

6. As an exception to the Sections above, you may also combine or link a "work that uses the Library" with the Library to produce a work containing portions of the Library, and distribute that work under terms of your choice, provided that the terms permit modification of the work for the customer's own use and reverse engineering for debugging such modifications.

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b) Use a suitable shared library mechanism for linking with the Library. A suitable mechanism is one that (1) uses at run time a copy of the library already present on the user's computer system, rather than copying library functions into the executable, and (2) will operate properly with a modified version of the library, if the user installs one, as long as the modified version is interface-compatible with the version that the work was made with.

c) Accompany the work with a written offer, valid for at least three years, to give the same user the materials specified in Subsection 6a, above, for a charge no more than the cost of performing this distribution.

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For an executable, the required form of the "work that uses the Library" must include any data and utility programs needed for reproducing the executable from it. However, as a special exception, the materials to be distributed need not include anything that is normally distributed (in either source or binary form) with the major components (compiler, kernel, and so on) of the operating system on which the executable runs, unless that component itself accompanies the executable.

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1.57 glib 2.41.1

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Because of this blurred distinction, using the ordinary General Public License for libraries did not effectively promote software sharing, because most developers did not use the libraries. We concluded that weaker conditions might promote sharing better.

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Initialize empty image
f1c9645dbc14efddc7d8a322685f26eb bsd.img
Create new DOS partition table
57e721e38d1266c2df055067c18f2cf9 bsd.img

---layout----------
Disk <removed>: 10 MiB, 10485760 bytes, 20480 sectors
Units: sectors of 1 * 512 = 512 bytes
Sector size (logical/physical): 512 bytes / 512 bytes
I/O size (minimum/optimal): 512 bytes / 512 bytes
Disklabel type: dos
Disk identifier: <removed>

Create 1st primary partition
ada64ace122978d00d1d1c0e5ee45d26 bsd.img

---layout----------
Disk <removed>: 10 MiB, 10485760 bytes, 20480 sectors
Units: sectors of 1 * 512 = 512 bytes
Sector size (logical/physical): 512 bytes / 512 bytes
I/O size (minimum/optimal): 512 bytes / 512 bytes
Disklabel type: dos
Disk identifier: <removed>

Device Boot Start End Sectors Size Id Type
<removed>1 2048 4095 2048 1M 83 Linux

Create 2st primary partition
1bebf87248e05d6e4e62b749da65d023 bsd.img
Set 2nd partition type
2d8e8dff51a88a045db233418dd73fbe bsd.img

---layout----------
Disk <removed>: 10 MiB, 10485760 bytes, 20480 sectors
Units: sectors of 1 * 512 = 512 bytes
Sector size (logical/physical): 512 bytes / 512 bytes
I/O size (minimum/optimal): 512 bytes / 512 bytes

Disklabel type: dos
Disk identifier: <removed>

Device Boot Start End Sectors Size Id Type
<removed>1 2048 4095 2048 1M 83 Linux
<removed>2 4096 20479 16384 8M a5 FreeBSD

Create default BSD
2e1cee529cb59c9341afef0443f196a1 bsd.img

---layout----------
Welcome to fdisk <removed>.
Changes will remain in memory only, until you decide to write them.
Be careful before using the write command.

Command (m for help): Entering nested BSD disklabel.

Command (m for help): Disk <removed>2: 10 MiB, 10485760 bytes, 20480 sectors
Geometry: 255 heads, 63 sectors/track, 1 cylinders
Units: sectors of 1 * 512 = 512 bytes
Sector size (logical/physical): 512 bytes / 512 bytes
I/O size (minimum/optimal): 512 bytes / 512 bytes
Disklabel type: bsd
partitions: 4

Slice Start End Sectors Size Type Fsize Bsize Cpg
c 4096 20479 16384 8M unused 0 0 0
d 0 16064 16065 7.9M unused 0 0 0

Partition table entries are not in disk order.

Command (m for help): Leaving nested disklabel.

Command (m for help):
---

b5c121c2091b2ff26b880551feac7112 bsd.img

---layout----------
Welcome to fdisk <removed>.
Changes will remain in memory only, until you decide to write them.
Be careful before using the write command.

Command (m for help): Entering nested BSD disklabel.

Command (m for help): Disk <removed>2: 10 MiB, 10485760 bytes, 20480 sectors
Geometry: 255 heads, 63 sectors/track, 1 cylinders
Units: sectors of 1 * 512 = 512 bytes
Sector size (logical/physical): 512 bytes / 512 bytes
I/O size (minimum/optimal): 512 bytes / 512 bytes
Disklabel type: bsd
partitions: 4

Slice	Start	End	Sectors	Size	Type	Fsize	Bsize	Cpg
a	4096	6144	2049	1M	4.2BSD	0	0	0
c	4096	20479	16384	8M	unused	0	0	0
d	0	16064	16065	7.9M	unused	0	0	0

Partition table entries are not in disk order.

Command (m for help): Leaving nested disklabel.

Command (m for help):

Changes will remain in memory only, until you decide to write them.
Be careful before using the write command.

Command (m for help): Entering nested BSD disklabel.

Command (m for help):

0 unused	5 4.1BSD	9 4.4LFS	d boot
1 swap	6 Eighth Edition	a unknown	e ADOS
2 Version 6	7 4.2BSD	b HPFS	f HFS
3 Version 7	8 MS-DOS	c ISO-9660	10 AdvFS
4 System V			

Command (m for help):
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1.60 fstools 2015-05-24-09027fc86babc3986027a0e677aca1b6999a9e1

1.61 comgt-ncm 0.32-25

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```
package gnu.classpath.tools.taglets;

import java.util.Map;

import com.sun.tools.doclets.Taglet;

import com.sun.javadoc.Tag;

/**
*  A simple Taglet which handles Copyright information.
*/
public class CopyrightTaglet implements Taglet {

  private static final String NAME = "copyright";
  private static final String HEADER = "Copyright:";

  public String getName() {
    return NAME;
  }

  public boolean inField() {
    return true;
  }

  public boolean inConstructor() {
    return true;
  }

  public boolean inMethod() {
```

```
  return true;
}

public boolean inOverview() {
  return true;
}

public boolean inPackage() {
  return true;
}

public boolean inType() {
  return true;
}

public boolean isInlineTag() {
  return false;
}

public static void register(Map tagletMap) {
  CopyrightTaglet copyrightTaglet = new CopyrightTaglet();
  tagletMap.put(copyrightTaglet.getName(), copyrightTaglet);
}

public String toString(Tag tag) {
  return toString(new Tag[] { tag });
}

public String toString(Tag[] tags) {
  if (tags.length == 0) {
    return null;
  }
  else {
    boolean haveValidTag = false;
    for (int i = 0; i < tags.length && !haveValidTag; ++i) {
      if (tags[i].text().length() > 0) {
        haveValidTag = true;
      }
    }

    if (haveValidTag) {
      StringBuffer result = new StringBuffer();
      result.append("<dl>");
      for (int i = 0; i < tags.length; i++) {
        if (tags[i].text().length() > 0) {
          result.append("<dt><i>Copyright &#169; " + tags[i].text() + "</i></dt>");
        }
      }
```

```
          result.append("</dl>");
          return result.toString();
        }
        else {
          return null;
        }
      }
    }
}
```

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The "Library", below, refers to any such software library or work which has been distributed under these terms. A "work based on the Library" means either the Library or any derivative work under copyright law: that is to say, a work containing the Library or a portion of it, either verbatim or with modifications and/or translated straightforwardly into another language. (Hereinafter, translation is included without limitation in the term "modification".)

"Source code" for a work means the preferred form of the work for making modifications to it. For a library, complete source code means all the source code for all modules it contains, plus any associated interface definition files, plus the scripts used to control compilation and installation of the library.

Activities other than copying, distribution and modification are not covered by this License; they are outside its scope. The act of running a program using the Library is not restricted, and output from such a program is covered only if its contents constitute a work based on the Library (independent of the use of the Library in a tool for writing it). Whether that is true depends on what the Library does and what the program that uses the Library does.

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b) You must cause the files modified to carry prominent notices stating that you changed the files and the date of any change.

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d) If a facility in the modified Library refers to a function or a table of data to be supplied by an application program that uses the facility, other than as an argument passed when the facility is invoked, then you must make a good faith effort to ensure that, in the event an application does not supply such function or table, the facility still operates, and performs whatever part of its purpose remains meaningful.

(For example, a function in a library to compute square roots has a purpose that is entirely well-defined independent of the application. Therefore, Subsection 2d requires that any application-supplied function or table used by this function must be optional: if the application does not supply it, the square root function must still compute square roots.)

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In addition, mere aggregation of another work not based on the Library with the Library (or with a work based on the Library) on a volume of a storage or distribution medium does not bring the other work under the scope of this License.

3. You may opt to apply the terms of the ordinary GNU General Public License instead of this License to a given copy of the Library. To do this, you must alter all the notices that refer to this License, so that they refer to the ordinary GNU General Public License, version 2, instead of to this License. (If a newer version than version 2 of the ordinary GNU General Public License has appeared, then you can specify that version instead if you wish.) Do not make any other change in these notices.

Once this change is made in a given copy, it is irreversible for that copy, so the ordinary GNU General Public License applies to all subsequent copies and derivative works made from that copy.

This option is useful when you wish to copy part of the code of the Library into a program that is not a library.

4. You may copy and distribute the Library (or a portion or derivative of it, under Section 2) in object code or executable form under the terms of Sections 1 and 2 above provided that you accompany it with the complete corresponding machine-readable source code, which must be distributed under the terms of Sections 1 and 2 above on a medium customarily used for software interchange.

If distribution of object code is made by offering access to copy from a designated place, then offering equivalent access to copy the source code from the same place satisfies the requirement to distribute the source code, even though third parties are not compelled to copy the source along with the object code.

5. A program that contains no derivative of any portion of the Library, but is designed to work with the Library by being compiled or linked with it, is called a "work that uses the Library". Such a work, in isolation, is not a derivative work of the Library, and therefore falls outside the scope of this License.

However, linking a "work that uses the Library" with the Library creates an executable that is a derivative of the Library (because it contains portions of the Library), rather than a "work that uses the library". The executable is therefore covered by this License. Section 6 states terms for distribution of such executables.

When a "work that uses the Library" uses material from a header file

that is part of the Library, the object code for the work may be a derivative work of the Library even though the source code is not. Whether this is true is especially significant if the work can be linked without the Library, or if the work is itself a library. The threshold for this to be true is not precisely defined by law.

If such an object file uses only numerical parameters, data structure layouts and accessors, and small macros and small inline functions (ten lines or less in length), then the use of the object file is unrestricted, regardless of whether it is legally a derivative work. (Executables containing this object code plus portions of the Library will still fall under Section 6.)

Otherwise, if the work is a derivative of the Library, you may distribute the object code for the work under the terms of Section 6. Any executables containing that work also fall under Section 6, whether or not they are linked directly with the Library itself.

6. As an exception to the Sections above, you may also combine or link a "work that uses the Library" with the Library to produce a work containing portions of the Library, and distribute that work under terms of your choice, provided that the terms permit modification of the work for the customer's own use and reverse engineering for debugging such modifications.

You must give prominent notice with each copy of the work that the Library is used in it and that the Library and its use are covered by this License. You must supply a copy of this License. If the work during execution displays copyright notices, you must include the copyright notice for the Library among them, as well as a reference directing the user to the copy of this License. Also, you must do one of these things:

a) Accompany the work with the complete corresponding machine-readable source code for the Library including whatever changes were used in the work (which must be distributed under Sections 1 and 2 above); and, if the work is an executable linked with the Library, with the complete machine-readable "work that uses the Library", as object code and/or source code, so that the user can modify the Library and then relink to produce a modified executable containing the modified Library. (It is understood that the user who changes the contents of definitions files in the Library will not necessarily be able to recompile the application to use the modified definitions.)

b) Use a suitable shared library mechanism for linking with the Library. A suitable mechanism is one that (1) uses at run time a copy of the library already present on the user's computer system,

rather than copying library functions into the executable, and (2) will operate properly with a modified version of the library, if the user installs one, as long as the modified version is interface-compatible with the version that the work was made with.

c) Accompany the work with a written offer, valid for at least three years, to give the same user the materials specified in Subsection 6a, above, for a charge no more than the cost of performing this distribution.

d) If distribution of the work is made by offering access to copy from a designated place, offer equivalent access to copy the above specified materials from the same place.

e) Verify that the user has already received a copy of these materials or that you have already sent this user a copy.

For an executable, the required form of the "work that uses the Library" must include any data and utility programs needed for reproducing the executable from it. However, as a special exception, the materials to be distributed need not include anything that is normally distributed (in either source or binary form) with the major components (compiler, kernel, and so on) of the operating system on which the executable runs, unless that component itself accompanies the executable.

It may happen that this requirement contradicts the license restrictions of other proprietary libraries that do not normally accompany the operating system. Such a contradiction means you cannot use both them and the Library together in an executable that you distribute.

7. You may place library facilities that are a work based on the Library side-by-side in a single library together with other library facilities not covered by this License, and distribute such a combined library, provided that the separate distribution of the work based on the Library and of the other library facilities is otherwise permitted, and provided that you do these two things:

a) Accompany the combined library with a copy of the same work based on the Library, uncombined with any other library facilities. This must be distributed under the terms of the Sections above.

b) Give prominent notice with the combined library of the fact that part of it is a work based on the Library, and explaining where to find the accompanying uncombined form of the same work.

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To apply these terms, attach the following notices to the library. It is safest to attach them to the start of each source file to most effectively convey the exclusion of warranty; and each file should have at least the "copyright" line and a pointer to where the full notice is found.

<one line to give the library's name and a brief idea of what it does.>
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Also add information on how to contact you by electronic and paper mail.

You should also get your employer (if you work as a programmer) or
your school, if any, to sign a "copyright disclaimer" for the library,
if necessary. Here is a sample; alter the names:

 Yoyodyne, Inc., hereby disclaims all copyright interest in the
 library `Frob' (a library for tweaking knobs) written by James
 Random Hacker.

 <signature of Ty Coon>, 1 April 1990
 Ty Coon, President of Vice

That's all there is to it!

```
// DO NOT EDIT THIS FILE - it is machine generated -*- c++ -*-

#ifndef __java_security_Permission__
#define __java_security_Permission__

#pragma interface

#include <java/lang/Object.h>
extern "Java"
{
 namespace java
 {
   namespace security
   {
       class Permission;
       class PermissionCollection;
   }
 }
}

class java::security::Permission : public ::java::lang::Object
{

public:
 Permission(::java::lang::String *);
 virtual void checkGuard(::java::lang::Object *);
 virtual jboolean implies(::java::security::Permission *) = 0;
 virtual jboolean equals(::java::lang::Object *) = 0;
 virtual jint hashCode() = 0;
 virtual ::java::lang::String * getName();
 virtual ::java::lang::String * getActions() = 0;
 virtual ::java::security::PermissionCollection * newPermissionCollection();
 virtual ::java::lang::String * toString();
```

```
private:
 static const jlong serialVersionUID = -5636570222231596674LL;
 ::java::lang::String * __attribute__((aligned(__alignof__( ::java::lang::Object)))) name;
public:
 static ::java::lang::Class class$;
};

#endif // __java_security_Permission__
@ignore
@c Set file name and title for man page.
@setfilename gpl
@settitle GNU General Public License
@c man begin SEEALSO
gfdl(7), fsf-funding(7).
@c man end
@c man begin COPYRIGHT
Copyright @copyright{} 2007 Free Software Foundation, Inc.

Everyone is permitted to copy and distribute verbatim copies of this
license document, but changing it is not allowed.
@c man end
@end ignore
@node Copying
@c man begin DESCRIPTION
@unnumbered GNU General Public License
@center Version 3, 29 June 2007

@c This file is intended to be included in another file.

@display
Copyright @copyright{} 2007 Free Software Foundation, Inc. @url{http://fsf.org/}

Everyone is permitted to copy and distribute verbatim copies of this
license document, but changing it is not allowed.
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to share and change all versions of a program--to make sure it remains
free software for all its users.  We, the Free Software Foundation,
use the GNU General Public License for most of our software; it
applies also to any other work released this way by its authors.  You
```

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Some devices are designed to deny users access to install or run modified versions of the software inside them, although the manufacturer can do so. This is fundamentally incompatible with the aim of protecting users' freedom to change the software. The systematic pattern of such abuse occurs in the area of products for individuals to use, which is precisely where it is most unacceptable. Therefore, we have designed this version of the GPL to prohibit the practice for those products. If such problems arise substantially in other domains, we stand ready to extend this provision to those domains in future versions of the GPL, as needed to protect the freedom of users.

Finally, every program is threatened constantly by software patents. States should not allow patents to restrict development and use of software on general-purpose computers, but in those that do, we wish to avoid the special danger that patents applied to a free program could make it effectively proprietary. To prevent this, the GPL

assures that patents cannot be used to render the program non-free.

The precise terms and conditions for copying, distribution and
modification follow.

@heading TERMS AND CONDITIONS

@enumerate 0
@item Definitions.

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``Copyright'' also means copyright-like laws that apply to other kinds
of works, such as semiconductor masks.

``The Program'' refers to any copyrightable work licensed under this
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To ``modify'' a work means to copy from or adapt all or part of the work
in a fashion requiring copyright permission, other than the making of
an exact copy. The resulting work is called a ``modified version'' of
the earlier work or a work ``based on'' the earlier work.

A ``covered work'' means either the unmodified Program or a work based
on the Program.

To ``propagate'' a work means to do anything with it that, without
permission, would make you directly or secondarily liable for
infringement under applicable copyright law, except executing it on a
computer or modifying a private copy. Propagation includes copying,
distribution (with or without modification), making available to the
public, and in some countries other activities as well.

To ``convey'' a work means any kind of propagation that enables other
parties to make or receive copies. Mere interaction with a user
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conveying.

An interactive user interface displays ``Appropriate Legal Notices'' to
the extent that it includes a convenient and prominently visible
feature that (1) displays an appropriate copyright notice, and (2)
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extent that warranties are provided), that licensees may convey the
work under this License, and how to view a copy of this License. If
the interface presents a list of user commands or options, such as a
menu, a prominent item in the list meets this criterion.

@item Source Code.

The ``source code'' for a work means the preferred form of the work for making modifications to it. ``Object code'' means any non-source form of a work.

A ``Standard Interface'' means an interface that either is an official standard defined by a recognized standards body, or, in the case of interfaces specified for a particular programming language, one that is widely used among developers working in that language.

The ``System Libraries'' of an executable work include anything, other than the work as a whole, that (a) is included in the normal form of packaging a Major Component, but which is not part of that Major Component, and (b) serves only to enable use of the work with that Major Component, or to implement a Standard Interface for which an implementation is available to the public in source code form. A ``Major Component'', in this context, means a major essential component (kernel, window system, and so on) of the specific operating system (if any) on which the executable work runs, or a compiler used to produce the work, or an object code interpreter used to run it.

The ``Corresponding Source'' for a work in object code form means all the source code needed to generate, install, and (for an executable work) run the object code and to modify the work, including scripts to control those activities. However, it does not include the work's System Libraries, or general-purpose tools or generally available free programs which are used unmodified in performing those activities but which are not part of the work. For example, Corresponding Source includes interface definition files associated with source files for the work, and the source code for shared libraries and dynamically linked subprograms that the work is specifically designed to require, such as by intimate data communication or control flow between those subprograms and other parts of the work.

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You may convey a work based on the Program, or the modifications to produce it from the Program, in the form of source code under the terms of section 4, provided that you also meet all of these conditions:

@enumerate a
@item
The work must carry prominent notices stating that you modified it, and giving a relevant date.

@item
The work must carry prominent notices stating that it is released under this License and any conditions added under section 7. This requirement modifies the requirement in section 4 to ``keep intact all notices''.

@item
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@item
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@end enumerate

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@item Conveying Non-Source Forms.

You may convey a covered work in object code form under the terms of sections 4 and 5, provided that you also convey the machine-readable Corresponding Source under the terms of this License, in one of these

ways:

@enumerate a
@item
Convey the object code in, or embodied in, a physical product (including a physical distribution medium), accompanied by the Corresponding Source fixed on a durable physical medium customarily used for software interchange.

@item
Convey the object code in, or embodied in, a physical product (including a physical distribution medium), accompanied by a written offer, valid for at least three years and valid for as long as you offer spare parts or customer support for that product model, to give anyone who possesses the object code either (1) a copy of the Corresponding Source for all the software in the product that is covered by this License, on a durable physical medium customarily used for software interchange, for a price no more than your reasonable cost of physically performing this conveying of source, or (2) access to copy the Corresponding Source from a network server at no charge.

@item
Convey individual copies of the object code with a copy of the written offer to provide the Corresponding Source. This alternative is allowed only occasionally and noncommercially, and only if you received the object code with such an offer, in accord with subsection 6b.

@item
Convey the object code by offering access from a designated place (gratis or for a charge), and offer equivalent access to the Corresponding Source in the same way through the same place at no further charge. You need not require recipients to copy the Corresponding Source along with the object code. If the place to copy the object code is a network server, the Corresponding Source may be on a different server (operated by you or a third party) that supports equivalent copying facilities, provided you maintain clear directions next to the object code saying where to find the Corresponding Source. Regardless of what server hosts the Corresponding Source, you remain obligated to ensure that it is available for as long as needed to satisfy these requirements.

@item
Convey the object code using peer-to-peer transmission, provided you inform other peers where the object code and Corresponding Source of the work are being offered to the general public at no charge under subsection 6d.

@end enumerate

A separable portion of the object code, whose source code is excluded from the Corresponding Source as a System Library, need not be included in conveying the object code work.

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```
package java.security;

import gnu.java.lang.CPStringBuilder;

import java.io.Serializable;

/**
* This class is the abstract superclass of all classes that implement
* the concept of a permission.  A permission consists of a permission name
* and optionally a list of actions that relate to the permission.  The
* actual meaning of the name of the permission is defined only in the
* context of a subclass.  It may name a resource to which access permissions
* are granted (for example, the name of a file) or it might represent
* something else entirely.  Similarly, the action list only has meaning
* within the context of a subclass.  Some permission names may have no
* actions associated with them.  That is, you either have the permission
* or you don't.
*
* <p>The most important method in this class is <code>implies</code>.  This
* checks whether if one has this permission, then the specified
* permission is also implied.  As a conceptual example, consider the
* permissions "Read All Files" and "Read File foo".  The permission
* "Read All Files" implies that the caller has permission to read the
* file foo.
*
* <p><code>Permission</code>'s must be immutable - do not change their
* state after creation.
*
* @author Aaron M. Renn (arenn@urbanophile.com)
* @see Permissions
* @see PermissionCollection
* @since 1.1
* @status updated to 1.4
*/
public abstract class Permission implements Guard, Serializable
{
 /**
  * Compatible with JDK 1.1+.
```

```
 */
private static final long serialVersionUID = -5636570222231596674L;

/**
 * This is the name assigned to this permission object.
 *
 * @serial the name of the permission
 */
private String name;

/**
 * Create an instance with the specified name.
 *
 * @param name the permission name
 */
public Permission(String name)
{
  this.name = name;
}

/**
 * This method implements the <code>Guard</code> interface for this class.
 * It calls the <code>checkPermission</code> method in
 * <code>SecurityManager</code> with this <code>Permission</code> as its
 * argument.  This method returns silently if the security check succeeds
 * or throws an exception if it fails.
 *
 * @param obj the <code>Object</code> being guarded - ignored by this class
 * @throws SecurityException if the security check fails
 * @see GuardedObject
 * @see SecurityManager#checkPermission(Permission)
 */
public void checkGuard(Object obj)
{
  SecurityManager sm = System.getSecurityManager();
  if (sm != null)
    sm.checkPermission(this);
}

/**
 * This method tests whether this <code>Permission</code> implies that the
 * specified <code>Permission</code> is also granted.
 *
 * @param perm the <code>Permission</code> to test against
 * @return true if perm is implied by this
 */
public abstract boolean implies(Permission perm);
```

```
/**
 * Check to see if this object equals obj. Use <code>implies</code>, rather
 * than <code>equals</code>, when making access control decisions.
 *
 * @param obj the object to compare to
 */
public abstract boolean equals(Object obj);

/**
 * This method returns a hash code for this <code>Permission</code>. It
 * must satisfy the contract of <code>Object.hashCode</code>: it must be
 * the same for all objects that equals considers to be the same.
 *
 * @return a hash value
 */
public abstract int hashCode();

/**
 * Get the name of this <code>Permission</code>.
 *
 * @return the name
 */
public final String getName()
{
  return name;
}

/**
 * This method returns the list of actions for this <code>Permission</code>
 * as a <code>String</code>. The string should be in canonical order, for
 * example, both <code>new FilePermission(f, "write,read")</code> and
 * <code>new FilePermission(f, "read,write")</code> have the action list
 * "read,write".
 *
 * @return the action list for this <code>Permission</code>
 */
public abstract String getActions();

/**
 * This method returns an empty <code>PermissionCollection</code> object
 * that can store permissions of this type, or <code>null</code> if no
 * such collection is defined. Subclasses must override this to provide
 * an appropriate collection when one is needed to accurately calculate
 * <code>implies</code>.
 *
 * @return a new <code>PermissionCollection</code>
 */
public PermissionCollection newPermissionCollection()
```

```
{
  return null;
}

/**
 * This method returns a <code>String</code> representation of this
 * <code>Permission</code> object. This is in the format:
 * <code>'(' + getClass().getName() + ' ' + getName() + ' ' + getActions
 * + ')'</code>.
 *
 * @return this object as a <code>String</code>
 */
public String toString()
{
  CPStringBuilder string = new CPStringBuilder();

  string = string.append('(');
  string = string.append(getClass().getName());
  string = string.append(' ');
  string = string.append(getName());

  if (!(getActions().equals("")))
    {
      string = string.append(' ');
      string = string.append(getActions());
    }

  string = string.append(')');
  return string.toString();
}
} // class Permission
```

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d) If a facility in the modified Library refers to a function or a table of data to be supplied by an application program that uses the facility, other than as an argument passed when the facility is invoked, then you must make a good faith effort to ensure that, in the event an application does not supply such function or table, the facility still operates, and performs whatever part of its purpose remains meaningful.

(For example, a function in a library to compute square roots has a purpose that is entirely well-defined independent of the application. Therefore, Subsection 2d requires that any application-supplied function or table used by this function must be optional: if the application does not supply it, the square root function must still compute square roots.)

These requirements apply to the modified work as a whole. If identifiable sections of that work are not derived from the Library, and can be reasonably considered independent and separate works in themselves, then this License, and its terms, do not apply to those sections when you distribute them as separate works. But when you distribute the same sections as part of a whole which is a work based on the Library, the distribution of the whole must be on the terms of this License, whose permissions for other licensees extend to the entire whole, and thus to each and every part regardless of who wrote it.

Thus, it is not the intent of this section to claim rights or contest your rights to work written entirely by you; rather, the intent is to exercise the right to control the distribution of derivative or collective works based on the Library.

In addition, mere aggregation of another work not based on the Library with the Library (or with a work based on the Library) on a volume of a storage or distribution medium does not bring the other work under the scope of this License.

3. You may opt to apply the terms of the ordinary GNU General Public License instead of this License to a given copy of the Library. To do this, you must alter all the notices that refer to this License, so that they refer to the ordinary GNU General Public License, version 2, instead of to this License. (If a newer version than version 2 of the ordinary GNU General Public License has appeared, then you can specify that version instead if you wish.) Do not make any other change in these notices.

Once this change is made in a given copy, it is irreversible for that copy, so the ordinary GNU General Public License applies to all subsequent copies and derivative works made from that copy.

This option is useful when you wish to copy part of the code of the Library into a program that is not a library.

4. You may copy and distribute the Library (or a portion or derivative of it, under Section 2) in object code or executable form under the terms of Sections 1 and 2 above provided that you accompany it with the complete corresponding machine-readable source code, which

must be distributed under the terms of Sections 1 and 2 above on a medium customarily used for software interchange.

If distribution of object code is made by offering access to copy from a designated place, then offering equivalent access to copy the source code from the same place satisfies the requirement to distribute the source code, even though third parties are not compelled to copy the source along with the object code.

5. A program that contains no derivative of any portion of the Library, but is designed to work with the Library by being compiled or linked with it, is called a "work that uses the Library". Such a work, in isolation, is not a derivative work of the Library, and therefore falls outside the scope of this License.

However, linking a "work that uses the Library" with the Library creates an executable that is a derivative of the Library (because it contains portions of the Library), rather than a "work that uses the library". The executable is therefore covered by this License. Section 6 states terms for distribution of such executables.

When a "work that uses the Library" uses material from a header file that is part of the Library, the object code for the work may be a derivative work of the Library even though the source code is not. Whether this is true is especially significant if the work can be linked without the Library, or if the work is itself a library. The threshold for this to be true is not precisely defined by law.

If such an object file uses only numerical parameters, data structure layouts and accessors, and small macros and small inline functions (ten lines or less in length), then the use of the object file is unrestricted, regardless of whether it is legally a derivative work. (Executables containing this object code plus portions of the Library will still fall under Section 6.)

Otherwise, if the work is a derivative of the Library, you may distribute the object code for the work under the terms of Section 6. Any executables containing that work also fall under Section 6, whether or not they are linked directly with the Library itself.

6. As an exception to the Sections above, you may also combine or link a "work that uses the Library" with the Library to produce a work containing portions of the Library, and distribute that work under terms of your choice, provided that the terms permit modification of the work for the customer's own use and reverse engineering for debugging such modifications.

You must give prominent notice with each copy of the work that the

Library is used in it and that the Library and its use are covered by this License. You must supply a copy of this License. If the work during execution displays copyright notices, you must include the copyright notice for the Library among them, as well as a reference directing the user to the copy of this License. Also, you must do one of these things:

a) Accompany the work with the complete corresponding machine-readable source code for the Library including whatever changes were used in the work (which must be distributed under Sections 1 and 2 above); and, if the work is an executable linked with the Library, with the complete machine-readable "work that uses the Library", as object code and/or source code, so that the user can modify the Library and then relink to produce a modified executable containing the modified Library. (It is understood that the user who changes the contents of definitions files in the Library will not necessarily be able to recompile the application to use the modified definitions.)

b) Use a suitable shared library mechanism for linking with the Library. A suitable mechanism is one that (1) uses at run time a copy of the library already present on the user's computer system, rather than copying library functions into the executable, and (2) will operate properly with a modified version of the library, if the user installs one, as long as the modified version is interface-compatible with the version that the work was made with.

c) Accompany the work with a written offer, valid for at least three years, to give the same user the materials specified in Subsection 6a, above, for a charge no more than the cost of performing this distribution.

d) If distribution of the work is made by offering access to copy from a designated place, offer equivalent access to copy the above specified materials from the same place.

e) Verify that the user has already received a copy of these materials or that you have already sent this user a copy.

For an executable, the required form of the "work that uses the Library" must include any data and utility programs needed for reproducing the executable from it. However, as a special exception, the materials to be distributed need not include anything that is normally distributed (in either source or binary form) with the major components (compiler, kernel, and so on) of the operating system on which the executable runs, unless that component itself accompanies the executable.

It may happen that this requirement contradicts the license restrictions of other proprietary libraries that do not normally accompany the operating system. Such a contradiction means you cannot use both them and the Library together in an executable that you distribute.

7. You may place library facilities that are a work based on the Library side-by-side in a single library together with other library facilities not covered by this License, and distribute such a combined library, provided that the separate distribution of the work based on the Library and of the other library facilities is otherwise permitted, and provided that you do these two things:

a) Accompany the combined library with a copy of the same work based on the Library, uncombined with any other library facilities. This must be distributed under the terms of the Sections above.

b) Give prominent notice with the combined library of the fact that part of it is a work based on the Library, and explaining where to find the accompanying uncombined form of the same work.

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END OF TERMS AND CONDITIONS

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To apply these terms, attach the following notices to the library. It is safest to attach them to the start of each source file to most effectively convey the exclusion of warranty; and each file should have at least the

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<one line to give the library's name and a brief idea of what it does.>
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library `Frob' (a library for tweaking knobs) written by James Random Hacker.

<signature of Ty Coon>, 1 April 1990
Ty Coon, President of Vice

That's all there is to it!
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xml:id="appendix.gpl-3.0"><info><title>
<acronym>GNU</acronym> General Public License version 3
</title></info>
<?dbhtml filename="appendix_gpl.html"?>

<para>
Version 3, 29 June 2007
</para>
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Copyright 2007 Free Software Foundation, Inc.
<link xmlns:xlink="http://www.w3.org/1999/xlink" xlink:href="http://www.fsf.org/">http://www.fsf.org/</link>
</para>
<para>
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</para>
<bridgehead xml:id="gpl-3-preamble" renderas="sect1">
Preamble
</bridgehead>
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<para>
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freedom to share and change all versions of a programto make sure it
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use the <acronym>GNU</acronym> General Public License for most of our
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<para>
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it: responsibilities to respect the freedom of others.
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<para>
For example, if you distribute copies of such a program, whether gratis or
for a fee, you must pass on to the recipients the same freedoms that you
received. You must make sure that they, too, receive or can get the source
code. And you must show them these terms so they know their rights.
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<para>
Developers that use the <acronym>GNU</acronym> <acronym>GPL</acronym>
protect your rights with two steps: (1) assert copyright on the software,
and (2) offer you this License giving you legal permission to copy,
distribute and/or modify it.
</para>
<para>
For the developers and authors protection, the
<acronym>GPL</acronym> clearly explains that there is no warranty for this
free software. For both users and authors sake, the

<acronym>GPL</acronym> requires that modified versions be marked as changed,
so that their problems will not be attributed erroneously to authors of
previous versions.
</para>
<para>
Some devices are designed to deny users access to install or run modified
versions of the software inside them, although the manufacturer can do so.
This is fundamentally incompatible with the aim of protecting users
freedom to change the software. The systematic pattern of such abuse occurs
in the area of products for individuals to use, which is precisely where it
is most unacceptable. Therefore, we have designed this version of the
<acronym>GPL</acronym> to prohibit the practice for those products. If such
problems arise substantially in other domains, we stand ready to extend this
provision to those domains in future versions of the <acronym>GPL</acronym>,
as needed to protect the freedom of users.
</para>
<para>
Finally, every program is threatened constantly by software patents. States
should not allow patents to restrict development and use of software on
general-purpose computers, but in those that do, we wish to avoid the
special danger that patents applied to a free program could make it
effectively proprietary. To prevent this, the <acronym>GPL</acronym>
assures that patents cannot be used to render the program non-free.
</para>
<para>
The precise terms and conditions for copying, distribution and modification
follow.
</para>
<bridgehead>
TERMS AND CONDITIONS
</bridgehead>
<bridgehead xml:id="gpl-3-definitions" renderas="sect1">
0. Definitions.
</bridgehead>
<para>
This License refers to version 3 of the <acronym>GNU</acronym>
General Public License.
</para>
<para>
Copyright also means copyright-like laws that apply to other
kinds of works, such as semiconductor masks.
</para>
<para>
The Program refers to any copyrightable work licensed under
this License. Each licensee is addressed as you.
Licensees and recipients may be individuals or
organizations.
</para>

<para>
To modify a work means to copy from or adapt all or part of
the work in a fashion requiring copyright permission, other than the making
of an exact copy. The resulting work is called a modified
version of the earlier work or a work based on the
earlier work.
</para>
<para>
A covered work means either the unmodified Program or a work
based on the Program.
</para>
<para>
To propagate a work means to do anything with it that, without
permission, would make you directly or secondarily liable for infringement
under applicable copyright law, except executing it on a computer or
modifying a private copy. Propagation includes copying, distribution (with
or without modification), making available to the public, and in some
countries other activities as well.
</para>
<para>
To convey a work means any kind of propagation that enables
other parties to make or receive copies. Mere interaction with a user
through a computer network, with no transfer of a copy, is not conveying.
</para>
<para>
An interactive user interface displays Appropriate Legal
Notices to the extent that it includes a convenient and prominently
visible feature that (1) displays an appropriate copyright notice, and (2)
tells the user that there is no warranty for the work (except to the extent
that warranties are provided), that licensees may convey the work under this
License, and how to view a copy of this License. If the interface presents
a list of user commands or options, such as a menu, a prominent item in the
list meets this criterion.
</para>
<bridgehead xml:id="SourceCode" renderas="sect1">
1. Source Code.
</bridgehead>
<para>
The source code for a work means the preferred form of the
work for making modifications to it. Object code means any
non-source form of a work.
</para>
<para>
A Standard Interface means an interface that either is an
official standard defined by a recognized standards body, or, in the case of
interfaces specified for a particular programming language, one that is
widely used among developers working in that language.
</para>

<para>
The System Libraries of an executable work include anything,
other than the work as a whole, that (a) is included in the normal form of
packaging a Major Component, but which is not part of that Major Component,
and (b) serves only to enable use of the work with that Major Component, or
to implement a Standard Interface for which an implementation is available
to the public in source code form. A Major Component, in this
context, means a major essential component (kernel, window system, and so
on) of the specific operating system (if any) on which the executable work
runs, or a compiler used to produce the work, or an object code interpreter
used to run it.
</para>
<para>
The Corresponding Source for a work in object code form means
all the source code needed to generate, install, and (for an executable
work) run the object code and to modify the work, including scripts to
control those activities. However, it does not include the works
System Libraries, or general-purpose tools or generally available free
programs which are used unmodified in performing those activities but which
are not part of the work. For example, Corresponding Source includes
interface definition files associated with source files for the work, and
the source code for shared libraries and dynamically linked subprograms that
the work is specifically designed to require, such as by intimate data
communication or control flow between those subprograms and other parts of
the work.
</para>
<para>
The Corresponding Source need not include anything that users can regenerate
automatically from other parts of the Corresponding Source.
</para>
<para>
The Corresponding Source for a work in source code form is that same work.
</para>
<bridgehead xml:id="BasicPermissions" renderas="sect1">
2. Basic Permissions.
</bridgehead>
<para>
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unmodified Program. The output from running a covered work is covered by
this License only if the output, given its content, constitutes a covered
work. This License acknowledges your rights of fair use or other
equivalent, as provided by copyright law.
</para>
<para>
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without conditions so long as your license otherwise remains in force. You

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</para>

<para>

Conveying under any other circumstances is permitted solely under the conditions stated below. Sublicensing is not allowed; section 10 makes it unnecessary.

</para>

<bridgehead xml:id="Protecting" renderas="sect1">

3. Protecting Users Legal Rights From Anti-Circumvention Law.

</bridgehead>

<para>

No covered work shall be deemed part of an effective technological measure under any applicable law fulfilling obligations under article 11 of the WIPO copyright treaty adopted on 20 December 1996, or similar laws prohibiting or restricting circumvention of such measures.

</para>

<para>

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</para>

<bridgehead xml:id="ConveyingVerbatim" renderas="sect1">

4. Conveying Verbatim Copies.

</bridgehead>

<para>

You may convey verbatim copies of the Programs source code as you receive it, in any medium, provided that you conspicuously and appropriately publish on each copy an appropriate copyright notice; keep intact all notices stating that this License and any non-permissive terms added in accord with section 7 apply to the code; keep intact all notices of the absence of any warranty; and give all recipients a copy of this License along with the Program.

</para>

<para>

You may charge any price or no price for each copy that you convey, and you may offer support or warranty protection for a fee.

</para>

<bridgehead xml:id="ConveyingModified" renderas="sect1">
 5. Conveying Modified Source Versions.
</bridgehead>
<para>
 You may convey a work based on the Program, or the modifications to produce
 it from the Program, in the form of source code under the terms of section
 4, provided that you also meet all of these conditions:
</para>
<orderedlist numeration="loweralpha" inheritnum="ignore" continuation="restarts">
 <listitem>
  <para>
   The work must carry prominent notices stating that you modified it, and
   giving a relevant date.
  </para>
 </listitem>
 <listitem>
  <para>
   The work must carry prominent notices stating that it is released under
   this License and any conditions added under section 7. This requirement
   modifies the requirement in section 4 to keep intact all
   notices.
  </para>
 </listitem>
 <listitem>
  <para>
   You must license the entire work, as a whole, under this License to
   anyone who comes into possession of a copy. This License will therefore
   apply, along with any applicable section 7 additional terms, to the
   whole of the work, and all its parts, regardless of how they are
   packaged. This License gives no permission to license the work in any
   other way, but it does not invalidate such permission if you have
   separately received it.
  </para>
 </listitem>
 <listitem>
  <para>
   If the work has interactive user interfaces, each must display
   Appropriate Legal Notices; however, if the Program has interactive
   interfaces that do not display Appropriate Legal Notices, your work need
   not make them do so.
  </para>
 </listitem>
</orderedlist>
<para>
 A compilation of a covered work with other separate and independent works,
 which are not by their nature extensions of the covered work, and which are
 not combined with it such as to form a larger program, in or on a volume of
 a storage or distribution medium, is called an aggregate if

the compilation and its resulting copyright are not used to limit the access
or legal rights of the compilations users beyond what the individual works
permit. Inclusion of a covered work in an aggregate does not cause
this License to apply to the other parts of the aggregate.
</para>
<bridgehead xml:id="ConveyingNonSource" renderas="sect1">
6. Conveying Non-Source Forms.
</bridgehead>
<para>
You may convey a covered work in object code form under the terms of
sections 4 and 5, provided that you also convey the machine-readable
Corresponding Source under the terms of this License, in one of these ways:
</para>
<orderedlist numeration="loweralpha" inheritnum="ignore" continuation="restarts">
<listitem>
<para>
Convey the object code in, or embodied in, a physical product (including
a physical distribution medium), accompanied by the Corresponding Source
fixed on a durable physical medium customarily used for software
interchange.
</para>
</listitem>
<listitem>
<para>
Convey the object code in, or embodied in, a physical product (including
a physical distribution medium), accompanied by a written offer, valid
for at least three years and valid for as long as you offer spare parts
or customer support for that product model, to give anyone who possesses
the object code either (1) a copy of the Corresponding Source for all
the software in the product that is covered by this License, on a
durable physical medium customarily used for software interchange, for a
price no more than your reasonable cost of physically performing this
conveying of source, or (2) access to copy the Corresponding Source from
a network server at no charge.
</para>
</listitem>
<listitem>
<para>
Convey individual copies of the object code with a copy of the written
offer to provide the Corresponding Source. This alternative is allowed
only occasionally and noncommercially, and only if you received the
object code with such an offer, in accord with subsection 6b.
</para>
</listitem>
<listitem>
<para>
Convey the object code by offering access from a designated place
(gratis or for a charge), and offer equivalent access to the

Corresponding Source in the same way through the same place at no
further charge. You need not require recipients to copy the
Corresponding Source along with the object code. If the place to copy
the object code is a network server, the Corresponding Source may be on
a different server (operated by you or a third party) that supports
equivalent copying facilities, provided you maintain clear directions
next to the object code saying where to find the Corresponding Source.
Regardless of what server hosts the Corresponding Source, you remain
obligated to ensure that it is available for as long as needed to
satisfy these requirements.
</para>
</listitem>
<listitem>
<para>
Convey the object code using peer-to-peer transmission, provided you
inform other peers where the object code and Corresponding Source of the
work are being offered to the general public at no charge under
subsection 6d.
</para>
</listitem>
</orderedlist>
<para>
A separable portion of the object code, whose source code is excluded from
the Corresponding Source as a System Library, need not be included in
conveying the object code work.
</para>
<para>
A User Product is either (1) a consumer product,
which means any tangible personal property which is normally used for
personal, family, or household purposes, or (2) anything designed or sold
for incorporation into a dwelling. In determining whether a product is a
consumer product, doubtful cases shall be resolved in favor of coverage.
For a particular product received by a particular user, normally
used refers to a typical or common use of that class of product,
regardless of the status of the particular user or of the way in which the
particular user actually uses, or expects or is expected to use, the
product. A product is a consumer product regardless of whether the product
has substantial commercial, industrial or non-consumer uses, unless such
uses represent the only significant mode of use of the product.
</para>
<para>
Installation Information for a User Product means any methods,
procedures, authorization keys, or other information required to install and
execute modified versions of a covered work in that User Product from a
modified version of its Corresponding Source. The information must suffice
to ensure that the continued functioning of the modified object code is in
no case prevented or interfered with solely because modification has been
made.

</para>
<para>
If you convey an object code work under this section in, or with, or specifically for use in, a User Product, and the conveying occurs as part of a transaction in which the right of possession and use of the User Product is transferred to the recipient in perpetuity or for a fixed term (regardless of how the transaction is characterized), the Corresponding Source conveyed under this section must be accompanied by the Installation Information. But this requirement does not apply if neither you nor any third party retains the ability to install modified object code on the User Product (for example, the work has been installed in <acronym>ROM</acronym>).
</para>
<para>
The requirement to provide Installation Information does not include a requirement to continue to provide support service, warranty, or updates for a work that has been modified or installed by the recipient, or for the User Product in which it has been modified or installed. Access to a network may be denied when the modification itself materially and adversely affects the operation of the network or violates the rules and protocols for communication across the network.
</para>
<para>
Corresponding Source conveyed, and Installation Information provided, in accord with this section must be in a format that is publicly documented (and with an implementation available to the public in source code form), and must require no special password or key for unpacking, reading or copying.
</para>
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</bridgehead>
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</para>
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</para>
<orderedlist numeration="loweralpha" inheritnum="ignore" continuation="restarts">
<listitem>
<para>
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</para>
</listitem>
<listitem>
<para>
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displayed by works containing it; or
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</listitem>
<listitem>
<para>
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</listitem>
<listitem>
<para>
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</listitem>
<listitem>
<para>
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<listitem>
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</listitem>
</orderedlist>
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</para>
<para>
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</para>
<para>
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</para>
<bridgehead xml:id="gpl-3-termination" renderas="sect1">
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</bridgehead>
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</para>
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</bridgehead>
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</para>
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</bridgehead>
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<para>
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</bridgehead>
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</para>
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<para>
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</para>

<bridgehead xml:id="RevisedVersions" renderas="sect1">

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</bridgehead>

<para>

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<para>

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<bridgehead xml:id="WarrantyDisclaimer" renderas="sect1">

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</para>
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</bridgehead>
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</para>
<bridgehead xml:id="InterpretationSecs1516" renderas="sect1">
17. Interpretation of Sections 15 and 16.
</bridgehead>
<para>
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</para>
<bridgehead>
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</bridgehead>
<bridgehead xml:id="HowToApply" renderas="sect1">
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</bridgehead>
<para>
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</para>
<para>
To do so, attach the following notices to the program. It is safest to attach them to the start of each source file to most effectively state the exclusion of warranty; and each file should have at least the copyright line and a pointer to where the full notice is found.
</para>
<screen>
<replaceable>one line to give the programs name and a brief idea of what it does.</replaceable>

Copyright (C) <replaceable>year</replaceable> <replaceable>name of author</replaceable>

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xlink:href="http://www.gnu.org/licenses/">http://www.gnu.org/licenses/</link>.
</screen>
<para>
Also add information on how to contact you by electronic and paper mail.
</para>
<para>
If the program does terminal interaction, make it output a short notice like
this when it starts in an interactive mode:
</para>
<screen>
<replaceable>program</replaceable> Copyright (C) <replaceable>year</replaceable> <replaceable>name of
author</replaceable>
This program comes with ABSOLUTELY NO WARRANTY; for details type <literal>show w</literal>.
This is free software, and you are welcome to redistribute it
under certain conditions; type <literal>show c</literal> for details.
</screen>
<para>
The hypothetical commands <literal>show w</literal> and
<literal>show c</literal> should show the appropriate parts of
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different; for a GUI interface, you would use an about box.
</para>
<para>
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</para>
<para>
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```
   proprietary applications with the library.  If this is what you want to do,
   use the <acronym>GNU</acronym> Lesser General Public License instead of this
   License.  But first, please read <link xmlns:xlink="http://www.w3.org/1999/xlink"
xlink:href="http://www.gnu.org/philosophy/why-not-lgpl.html">http://www.gnu.org/philosophy/why-not-
lgpl.html</link>.
 </para>
</appendix>
.\" Automatically generated by Pod::Man 2.25 (Pod::Simple 3.16)
.\"
.\" Standard preamble:
.\" ========================================================================
.de Sp \" Vertical space (when we can't use .PP)
.if t .sp .5v
.if n .sp
..
.de Vb \" Begin verbatim text
.ft CW
.nf
.ne \\$1
..
.de Ve \" End verbatim text
.ft R
.fi
..
.\" Set up some character translations and predefined strings.  \*(-- will
.\" give an unbreakable dash, \*(PI will give pi, \*(L" will give a left
.\" double quote, and \*(R" will give a right double quote.  \*(C+ will
.\" give a nicer C++.  Capital omega is used to do unbreakable dashes and
.\" therefore won't be available.  \*(C` and \*(C' expand to `' in nroff,
.\" nothing in troff, for use with C<>.
.tr \(*W-
.ds C+ C\v'-.1v'\h'-1p'\s-2+\h'-1p'+\s0\v'.1v'\h'-1p'
.ie n \{\
.    ds -- \(*W-
.    ds PI pi
.    if (\n(.H=4u)&(1m=24u) .ds -- \(*W\h'-12u'\(*W\h'-12u'-\" diablo 10 pitch
.    if (\n(.H=4u)&(1m=20u) .ds -- \(*W\h'-12u'\(*W\h'-8u'-\"  diablo 12 pitch
.    ds L" ""
.    ds R" ""
.    ds C` ""
.    ds C' ""
'br\}
.el\{\
.    ds -- \|\(em\|
.    ds PI \(*p
.    ds L" ``
.    ds R" ''
'br\}
```

```
.\"
.\" Escape single quotes in literal strings from groff's Unicode transform.
.ie \n(.g .ds Aq \(aq
.el       .ds Aq '
.\"
.\" If the F register is turned on, we'll generate index entries on stderr for
.\" titles (.TH), headers (.SH), subsections (.SS), items (.Ip), and index
.\" entries marked with X<> in POD.  Of course, you'll have to process the
.\" output yourself in some meaningful fashion.
.ie \nF \{\
.    de IX
.    tm Index:\\$1\t\\n%\t"\\$2"
..
.    nr % 0
.    rr F
.\}
.el \{\
.    de IX
..
.\}
.\"
.\" Accent mark definitions (@(#)ms.acc 1.5 88/02/08 SMI; from UCB 4.2).
.\" Fear.  Run.  Save yourself.  No user-serviceable parts.
.    \" fudge factors for nroff and troff
.if n \{\
.    ds #H 0
.    ds #V .8m
.    ds #F .3m
.    ds #[ \f1
.    ds #] \fP
.\}
.if t \{\
.    ds #H ((1u-(\\\\n(.fu%2u))*.13m)
.    ds #V .6m
.    ds #F 0
.    ds #[ \&
.    ds #] \&
.\}
.    \" simple accents for nroff and troff
.if n \{\
.    ds ' \&
.    ds ` \&
.    ds ^ \&
.    ds , \&
.    ds ~ ~
.    ds /
.\}
.if t \{\
```

```
.    ds ' \\k:\h'-(\\n(.wu*8/10-\*(#H)'\'\h'|\\n:u'
.    ds ` \\k:\h'-(\\n(.wu*8/10-\*(#H)'\`\h'|\\n:u'
.    ds ^ \\k:\h'-(\\n(.wu*10/11-\*(#H)'^\h'|\\n:u'
.    ds , \\k:\h'-(\\n(.wu*8/10)',\h'|\\n:u'
.    ds ~ \\k:\h'-(\\n(.wu-\*(#H-.1m)'~\h'|\\n:u'
.    ds / \\k:\h'-(\\n(.wu*8/10-\*(#H)'\z\(sl\h'|\\n:u'
.\}
.    \" troff and (daisy-wheel) nroff accents
.ds : \\k:\h'-(\\n(.wu*8/10-\*(#H+.1m+\*(#F)'\v'-\*(#V'\z.\h'.2m+\*(#F'.\h'|\\n:u'\v'\*(#V'
.ds 8 \h'\*(#H'\(*b\h'-\*(#H'
.ds o \\k:\h'-(\\n(.wu+\w'\(de'u-\*(#H)/2u'\v'-.3n'\*(#[\z\(de\v'.3n'\h'|\\n:u'\*(#]
.ds d- \h'\*(#H'\(pd\h'-\w'~'u'\v'-.25m'\f2\(hy\fP\v'.25m'\h'-\*(#H'
.ds D- D\\k:\h'-\w'D'u'\v'-.11m'\z\(hy\v'.11m'\h'|\\n:u'
.ds th \*(#[\v'.3m'\s+1I\s-1\v'-.3m'\h'-(\w'I'u*2/3)'\s-1o\s+1\*(#]
.ds Th \*(#[\s+2I\s-2\h'-\w'I'u*3/5'\v'-.3m'o\v'.3m'\*(#]
.ds ae a\h'-(\w'a'u*4/10)'e
.ds Ae A\h'-(\w'A'u*4/10)'E
.    \" corrections for vroff
.if v .ds ~ \\k:\h'-(\\n(.wu*9/10-\*(#H)'\s-2\u~\d\s+2\h'|\\n:u'
.if v .ds ^ \\k:\h'-(\\n(.wu*10/11-\*(#H)'\v'-.4m'^\v'.4m'\h'|\\n:u'
.    \" for low resolution devices (crt and lpr)
.if \n(.H>23 .if \n(.V>19 \
\{\
.    ds : e
.    ds 8 ss
.    ds o a
.    ds d- d\h'-1'\(ga
.    ds D- D\h'-1'\(hy
.    ds th \o'bp'
.    ds Th \o'LP'
.    ds ae ae
.    ds Ae AE
.\}
.rm #[ #] #H #V #F C
.\" ========================================================================
.\"
.IX Title "GPL 7"
.TH GPL 7 "2014-04-01" "gcc-4.8.3" "GNU"
.\" For nroff, turn off justification.  Always turn off hyphenation; it makes
.\" way too many mistakes in technical documents.
.if n .ad l
.nh
.SH "NAME"
gpl \- GNU General Public License
.SH "DESCRIPTION"
.IX Header "DESCRIPTION"
.SS "\s-1GNU\s0 General Public License"
.IX Subsection "GNU General Public License"
```

.SS "Version 3, 29 June 2007"
.IX Subsection "Version 3, 29 June 2007"
.Vb 1
\&   Copyright (c) 2007 Free Software Foundation, Inc. <http://fsf.org/>
\&
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.Ve
.SS "Preamble"
.IX Subsection "Preamble"
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authors' sake, the \s-1GPL\s0 requires that modified versions be marked as

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authors of previous versions.
.PP
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systematic pattern of such abuse occurs in the area of products for
individuals to use, which is precisely where it is most unacceptable.
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freedom of users.
.PP
Finally, every program is threatened constantly by software patents.
States should not allow patents to restrict development and use of
software on general-purpose computers, but in those that do, we wish
to avoid the special danger that patents applied to a free program
could make it effectively proprietary. To prevent this, the \s-1GPL\s0
assures that patents cannot be used to render the program non-free.
.PP
The precise terms and conditions for copying, distribution and
modification follow.
.SS "\s-1TERMS\s0 \s-1AND\s0 \s-1CONDITIONS\s0"
.IX Subsection "TERMS AND CONDITIONS"
.IP "0. Definitions." 4
.IX Item "0. Definitions."
\&*(L"This License*(R" refers to version 3 of the \s-1GNU\s0 General Public License.
.Sp
\&*(L"Copyright*(R" also means copyright-like laws that apply to other kinds
of works, such as semiconductor masks.
.Sp
\&*(L"The Program*(R" refers to any copyrightable work licensed under this
License. Each licensee is addressed as *(L"you*(R". *(L"Licensees*(R" and
\&*(L"recipients*(R" may be individuals or organizations.
.Sp
To *(L"modify*(R" a work means to copy from or adapt all or part of the work
in a fashion requiring copyright permission, other than the making of
an exact copy. The resulting work is called a *(L"modified version*(R" of
the earlier work or a work *(L"based on*(R" the earlier work.
.Sp
A *(L"covered work*(R" means either the unmodified Program or a work based
on the Program.
.Sp
To *(L"propagate*(R" a work means to do anything with it that, without
permission, would make you directly or secondarily liable for
infringement under applicable copyright law, except executing it on a

computer or modifying a private copy. Propagation includes copying,
distribution (with or without modification), making available to the
public, and in some countries other activities as well.
.Sp
To *(L"convey*(R" a work means any kind of propagation that enables other
parties to make or receive copies. Mere interaction with a user
through a computer network, with no transfer of a copy, is not
conveying.
.Sp
An interactive user interface displays *(L"Appropriate Legal Notices*(R" to
the extent that it includes a convenient and prominently visible
feature that (1) displays an appropriate copyright notice, and (2)
tells the user that there is no warranty for the work (except to the
extent that warranties are provided), that licensees may convey the
work under this License, and how to view a copy of this License. If
the interface presents a list of user commands or options, such as a
menu, a prominent item in the list meets this criterion.
.IP "1. Source Code." 4
.IX Item "1. Source Code."
The *(L"source code*(R" for a work means the preferred form of the work for
making modifications to it. *(L"Object code*(R" means any non-source form
of a work.
.Sp
A *(L"Standard Interface*(R" means an interface that either is an official
standard defined by a recognized standards body, or, in the case of
interfaces specified for a particular programming language, one that
is widely used among developers working in that language.
.Sp
The *(L"System Libraries*(R" of an executable work include anything, other
than the work as a whole, that (a) is included in the normal form of
packaging a Major Component, but which is not part of that Major
Component, and (b) serves only to enable use of the work with that
Major Component, or to implement a Standard Interface for which an
implementation is available to the public in source code form. A
\&*(L"Major Component*(R", in this context, means a major essential component
(kernel, window system, and so on) of the specific operating system
(if any) on which the executable work runs, or a compiler used to
produce the work, or an object code interpreter used to run it.
.Sp
The *(L"Corresponding Source*(R" for a work in object code form means all
the source code needed to generate, install, and (for an executable
work) run the object code and to modify the work, including scripts to
control those activities. However, it does not include the work's
System Libraries, or general-purpose tools or generally available free
programs which are used unmodified in performing those activities but
which are not part of the work. For example, Corresponding Source
includes interface definition files associated with source files for
the work, and the source code for shared libraries and dynamically

linked subprograms that the work is specifically designed to require, such as by intimate data communication or control flow between those subprograms and other parts of the work.
.Sp
The Corresponding Source need not include anything that users can regenerate automatically from other parts of the Corresponding Source.
.Sp
The Corresponding Source for a work in source code form is that same work.
.IP "2. Basic Permissions." 4
.IX Item "2. Basic Permissions."
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.Sp
Conveying under any other circumstances is permitted solely under the conditions stated below. Sublicensing is not allowed; section 10 makes it unnecessary.
.IP "3. Protecting Users' Legal Rights From Anti-Circumvention Law." 4
.IX Item "3. Protecting Users' Legal Rights From Anti-Circumvention Law."
No covered work shall be deemed part of an effective technological measure under any applicable law fulfilling obligations under article 11 of the \s-1WIPO\s0 copyright treaty adopted on 20 December 1996, or similar laws prohibiting or restricting circumvention of such measures.
.Sp
When you convey a covered work, you waive any legal power to forbid circumvention of technological measures to the extent such circumvention is effected by exercising rights under this License with respect to the covered work, and you disclaim any intention to limit operation or modification of the work as a means of enforcing, against the work's users, your or third parties' legal rights to forbid circumvention of technological measures.

.IP "4. Conveying Verbatim Copies." 4
.IX Item "4. Conveying Verbatim Copies."
You may convey verbatim copies of the Program's source code as you
receive it, in any medium, provided that you conspicuously and
appropriately publish on each copy an appropriate copyright notice;
keep intact all notices stating that this License and any
non-permissive terms added in accord with section 7 apply to the code;
keep intact all notices of the absence of any warranty; and give all
recipients a copy of this License along with the Program.
.Sp
You may charge any price or no price for each copy that you convey,
and you may offer support or warranty protection for a fee.
.IP "5. Conveying Modified Source Versions." 4
.IX Item "5. Conveying Modified Source Versions."
You may convey a work based on the Program, or the modifications to
produce it from the Program, in the form of source code under the
terms of section 4, provided that you also meet all of these
conditions:
.RS 4
.IP "a." 4
.IX Item "a."
The work must carry prominent notices stating that you modified it,
and giving a relevant date.
.IP "b." 4
.IX Item "b."
The work must carry prominent notices stating that it is released
under this License and any conditions added under section 7. This
requirement modifies the requirement in section 4 to *(L"keep intact all
notices*(R".
.IP "c." 4
.IX Item "c."
You must license the entire work, as a whole, under this License to
anyone who comes into possession of a copy. This License will
therefore apply, along with any applicable section 7 additional terms,
to the whole of the work, and all its parts, regardless of how they
are packaged. This License gives no permission to license the work in
any other way, but it does not invalidate such permission if you have
separately received it.
.IP "d." 4
.IX Item "d."
If the work has interactive user interfaces, each must display
Appropriate Legal Notices; however, if the Program has interactive
interfaces that do not display Appropriate Legal Notices, your work
need not make them do so.
.RE
.RS 4
.Sp
A compilation of a covered work with other separate and independent

works, which are not by their nature extensions of the covered work,
and which are not combined with it such as to form a larger program,
in or on a volume of a storage or distribution medium, is called an
\&*(L"aggregate*(R" if the compilation and its resulting copyright are not
used to limit the access or legal rights of the compilation's users
beyond what the individual works permit. Inclusion of a covered work
in an aggregate does not cause this License to apply to the other
parts of the aggregate.
.RE
.IP "6. Conveying Non-Source Forms." 4
.IX Item "6. Conveying Non-Source Forms."
You may convey a covered work in object code form under the terms of
sections 4 and 5, provided that you also convey the machine-readable
Corresponding Source under the terms of this License, in one of these
ways:
.RS 4
.IP "a." 4
.IX Item "a."
Convey the object code in, or embodied in, a physical product
(including a physical distribution medium), accompanied by the
Corresponding Source fixed on a durable physical medium customarily
used for software interchange.
.IP "b." 4
.IX Item "b."
Convey the object code in, or embodied in, a physical product
(including a physical distribution medium), accompanied by a written
offer, valid for at least three years and valid for as long as you
offer spare parts or customer support for that product model, to give
anyone who possesses the object code either (1) a copy of the
Corresponding Source for all the software in the product that is
covered by this License, on a durable physical medium customarily used
for software interchange, for a price no more than your reasonable
cost of physically performing this conveying of source, or (2) access
to copy the Corresponding Source from a network server at no charge.
.IP "c." 4
.IX Item "c."
Convey individual copies of the object code with a copy of the written
offer to provide the Corresponding Source. This alternative is
allowed only occasionally and noncommercially, and only if you
received the object code with such an offer, in accord with subsection
6b.
.IP "d." 4
.IX Item "d."
Convey the object code by offering access from a designated place
(gratis or for a charge), and offer equivalent access to the
Corresponding Source in the same way through the same place at no
further charge. You need not require recipients to copy the
Corresponding Source along with the object code. If the place to copy

the object code is a network server, the Corresponding Source may be
on a different server (operated by you or a third party) that supports
equivalent copying facilities, provided you maintain clear directions
next to the object code saying where to find the Corresponding Source.
Regardless of what server hosts the Corresponding Source, you remain
obligated to ensure that it is available for as long as needed to
satisfy these requirements.
.IP "e." 4
.IX Item "e."
Convey the object code using peer-to-peer transmission, provided you
inform other peers where the object code and Corresponding Source of
the work are being offered to the general public at no charge under
subsection 6d.
.RE
.RS 4
.Sp
A separable portion of the object code, whose source code is excluded
from the Corresponding Source as a System Library, need not be
included in conveying the object code work.
.Sp
A *(L"User Product*(R" is either (1) a *(L"consumer product*(R", which means any
tangible personal property which is normally used for personal,
family, or household purposes, or (2) anything designed or sold for
incorporation into a dwelling. In determining whether a product is a
consumer product, doubtful cases shall be resolved in favor of
coverage. For a particular product received by a particular user,
\&*(L"normally used*(R" refers to a typical or common use of that class of
product, regardless of the status of the particular user or of the way
in which the particular user actually uses, or expects or is expected
to use, the product. A product is a consumer product regardless of
whether the product has substantial commercial, industrial or
non-consumer uses, unless such uses represent the only significant
mode of use of the product.
.Sp
\&*(L"Installation Information*(R" for a User Product means any methods,
procedures, authorization keys, or other information required to
install and execute modified versions of a covered work in that User
Product from a modified version of its Corresponding Source. The
information must suffice to ensure that the continued functioning of
the modified object code is in no case prevented or interfered with
solely because modification has been made.
.Sp
If you convey an object code work under this section in, or with, or
specifically for use in, a User Product, and the conveying occurs as
part of a transaction in which the right of possession and use of the
User Product is transferred to the recipient in perpetuity or for a
fixed term (regardless of how the transaction is characterized), the
Corresponding Source conveyed under this section must be accompanied

by the Installation Information. But this requirement does not apply
if neither you nor any third party retains the ability to install
modified object code on the User Product (for example, the work has
been installed in \s-1ROM\s0).
.Sp
The requirement to provide Installation Information does not include a
requirement to continue to provide support service, warranty, or
updates for a work that has been modified or installed by the
recipient, or for the User Product in which it has been modified or
installed. Access to a network may be denied when the modification
itself materially and adversely affects the operation of the network
or violates the rules and protocols for communication across the
network.
.Sp
Corresponding Source conveyed, and Installation Information provided,
in accord with this section must be in a format that is publicly
documented (and with an implementation available to the public in
source code form), and must require no special password or key for
unpacking, reading or copying.
.RE
.IP "7. Additional Terms." 4
.IX Item "7. Additional Terms."
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.RS 4
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.IX Item "a."
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.IX Item "c."
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.IX Item "d."
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names, trademarks, or service marks; or
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.RE
.RS 4
.Sp
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.RE
.IP "8. Termination." 4
.IX Item "8. Termination."
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.IX Item "11. Patents."
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section 13, concerning interaction through a network will apply to the
combination as such.
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.IP "15. Disclaimer of Warranty." 4
.IX Item "15. Disclaimer of Warranty."
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\s-1THE\s0 \s-1EXTENT\s0 \s-1PERMITTED\s0 \s-1BY\s0
\&\s-1APPLICABLE\s0 \s-1LAW\s0. \s-1EXCEPT\s0 \s-1WHEN\s0 \s-1OTHERWISE\s0 \s-1STATED\s0 \s-
1IN\s0 \s-1WRITING\s0 \s-1THE\s0 \s-1COPYRIGHT\s0
\&\s-1HOLDERS\s0 \s-1AND/OR\s0 \s-1OTHER\s0 \s-1PARTIES\s0 \s-1PROVIDE\s0 \s-1THE\s0 \s-
1PROGRAM\s0 *(L"\s-1AS\s0 \s-1IS\s0*(R" \s-1WITHOUT\s0
\&\s-1WARRANTY\s0 \s-1OF\s0 \s-1ANY\s0 \s-1KIND\s0, \s-1EITHER\s0 \s-1EXPRESSED\s0 \s-1OR\s0 \s-
1IMPLIED\s0, \s-1INCLUDING\s0, \s-1BUT\s0 \s-1NOT\s0
\&\s-1LIMITED\s0 \s-1TO\s0, \s-1THE\s0 \s-1IMPLIED\s0 \s-1WARRANTIES\s0 \s-1OF\s0 \s-
1MERCHANTABILITY\s0 \s-1AND\s0 \s-1FITNESS\s0 \s-1FOR\s0
A \s-1PARTICULAR\s0 \s-1PURPOSE\s0. \s-1THE\s0 \s-1ENTIRE\s0 \s-1RISK\s0 \s-1AS\s0 \s-1TO\s0 \s-
1THE\s0 \s-1QUALITY\s0 \s-1AND\s0
\&\s-1PERFORMANCE\s0 \s-1OF\s0 \s-1THE\s0 \s-1PROGRAM\s0 \s-1IS\s0 \s-1WITH\s0 \s-1YOU\s0. \s-
1SHOULD\s0 \s-1THE\s0 \s-1PROGRAM\s0 \s-1PROVE\s0
\&\s-1DEFECTIVE\s0, \s-1YOU\s0 \s-1ASSUME\s0 \s-1THE\s0 \s-1COST\s0 \s-1OF\s0 \s-1ALL\s0 \s-
1NECESSARY\s0 \s-1SERVICING\s0, \s-1REPAIR\s0 \s-1OR\s0
\&\s-1CORRECTION\s0.

.IP "16. Limitation of Liability." 4
.IX Item "16. Limitation of Liability."
\&\s-1IN\s0 \s-1NO\s0 \s-1EVENT\s0 \s-1UNLESS\s0 \s-1REQUIRED\s0 \s-1BY\s0 \s-1APPLICABLE\s0 \s-1LAW\s0 \s-1OR\s0 \s-1AGREED\s0 \s-1TO\s0 \s-1IN\s0 \s-1WRITING\s0
\&\s-1WILL\s0 \s-1ANY\s0 \s-1COPYRIGHT\s0 \s-1HOLDER\s0, \s-1OR\s0 \s-1ANY\s0 \s-1OTHER\s0 \s-1PARTY\s0 \s-1WHO\s0 \s-1MODIFIES\s0 \s-1AND/OR\s0
\&\s-1CONVEYS\s0 \s-1THE\s0 \s-1PROGRAM\s0 \s-1AS\s0 \s-1PERMITTED\s0 \s-1ABOVE\s0, \s-1BE\s0 \s-1LIABLE\s0 \s-1TO\s0 \s-1YOU\s0 \s-1FOR\s0 \s-1DAMAGES\s0,
\&\s-1INCLUDING\s0 \s-1ANY\s0 \s-1GENERAL\s0, \s-1SPECIAL\s0, \s-1INCIDENTAL\s0 \s-1OR\s0 \s-1CONSEQUENTIAL\s0 \s-1DAMAGES\s0
\&\s-1ARISING\s0 \s-1OUT\s0 \s-1OF\s0 \s-1THE\s0 \s-1USE\s0 \s-1OR\s0 \s-1INABILITY\s0 \s-1TO\s0 \s-1USE\s0 \s-1THE\s0 \s-1PROGRAM\s0 (\s-1INCLUDING\s0 \s-1BUT\s0
\&\s-1NOT\s0 \s-1LIMITED\s0 \s-1TO\s0 \s-1LOSS\s0 \s-1OF\s0 \s-1DATA\s0 \s-1OR\s0 \s-1DATA\s0 \s-1BEING\s0 \s-1RENDERED\s0 \s-1INACCURATE\s0 \s-1OR\s0
\&\s-1LOSSES\s0 \s-1SUSTAINED\s0 \s-1BY\s0 \s-1YOU\s0 \s-1OR\s0 \s-1THIRD\s0 \s-1PARTIES\s0 \s-1OR\s0 A \s-1FAILURE\s0 \s-1OF\s0 \s-1THE\s0 \s-1PROGRAM\s0
\&\s-1TO\s0 \s-1OPERATE\s0 \s-1WITH\s0 \s-1ANY\s0 \s-1OTHER\s0 \s-1PROGRAMS\s0), \s-1EVEN\s0 \s-1IF\s0 \s-1SUCH\s0 \s-1HOLDER\s0 \s-1OR\s0 \s-1OTHER\s0
\&\s-1PARTY\s0 \s-1HAS\s0 \s-1BEEN\s0 \s-1ADVISED\s0 \s-1OF\s0 \s-1THE\s0 \s-1POSSIBILITY\s0 \s-1OF\s0 \s-1SUCH\s0 \s-1DAMAGES\s0.
.IP "17. Interpretation of Sections 15 and 16." 4
.IX Item "17. Interpretation of Sections 15 and 16."
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<init>(Ljava/lang/String;I)V
LineNumberTableLocalVariableTable
thisvalues4()[Lgnu/javax/sound/AudioSecurityManager$Permission;
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arraycopy*(Ljava/lang/Object;ILjava/lang/Object;II)VvalueOfE(Ljava/lang/String;)Lgnu/javax/sound/AudioSecurit
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GCC RUNTIME LIBRARY EXCEPTION

Version 3.1, 31 March 2009

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```
#!/usr/bin/python
#
# Copyright (C) 2013 Free Software Foundation, Inc.
#
# This script is free software; you can redistribute it and/or modify
# it under the terms of the GNU General Public License as published by
# the Free Software Foundation; either version 3, or (at your option)
# any later version.

# This script adjusts the copyright notices at the top of source files
# so that they have the form:
#
#   Copyright XXXX-YYYY Free Software Foundation, Inc.
#
# It doesn't change code that is known to be maintained elsewhere or
# that carries a non-FSF copyright.
#
# The script also doesn't change testsuite files, except those in
# libstdc++-v3.  This is because libstdc++-v3 has a conformance testsuite,
# while most tests in other directories are just things that failed at some
# point in the past.
#
# Pass --this-year to the script if you want it to add the current year
# to all applicable notices.  Pass --quilt if you are using quilt and
# want files to be added to the quilt before being changed.
#
# By default the script will update all directories for which the
# output has been vetted.  You can instead pass the names of individual
# directories, including those that haven't been approved.  So:
#
#    update-copyright.pl --this-year
#
# is the command that would be used at the beginning of a year to update
# all copyright notices (and possibly at other times to check whether
```

```
# new files have been added with old years).  On the other hand:
#
#    update-copyright.pl --this-year libjava
#
# would run the script on just libjava/.
#
# Note that things like --version output strings must be updated before
# this script is run.  There's already a separate procedure for that.

import os
import re
import sys
import time
import subprocess

class Errors:
  def __init__ (self):
    self.num_errors = 0

  def report (self, filename, string):
    if filename:
      string = filename + ': ' + string
    sys.stderr.write (string + '\n')
    self.num_errors += 1

  def ok (self):
    return self.num_errors == 0

class GenericFilter:
  def __init__ (self):
    self.skip_files = set()
    self.skip_dirs = set()
    self.skip_extensions = set()
    self.fossilised_files = set()
    self.own_files = set()

    self.skip_files |= set ([
        # Skip licence files.
        'COPYING',
        'COPYING.LIB',
        'COPYING3',
        'COPYING3.LIB',
        'LICENSE',
        'fdl.texi',
        'gpl_v3.texi',
        'fdl-1.3.xml',
        'gpl-3.0.xml',
```

```
            # Skip auto- and libtool-related files
            'aclocal.m4',
            'compile',
            'config.guess',
            'config.sub',
            'depcomp',
            'install-sh',
            'libtool.m4',
            'ltmain.sh',
            'ltoptions.m4',
            'ltsugar.m4',
            'ltversion.m4',
            'lt~obsolete.m4',
            'missing',
            'mkdep',
            'mkinstalldirs',
            'move-if-change',
            'shlibpath.m4',
            'symlink-tree',
            'ylwrap',

            # Skip FSF mission statement, etc.
            'gnu.texi',
            'funding.texi',
            'appendix_free.xml',

            # Skip imported texinfo files.
            'texinfo.tex',
            ])


    def get_line_filter (self, dir, filename):
        if filename.startswith ('ChangeLog'):
            # Ignore references to copyright in changelog entries.
            return re.compile ('\t')

        return None

    def skip_file (self, dir, filename):
        if filename in self.skip_files:
            return True

        (base, extension) = os.path.splitext (os.path.join (dir, filename))
        if extension in self.skip_extensions:
            return True

        if extension == '.in':
            # Skip .in files produced by automake.
```

```
            if os.path.exists (base + '.am'):
                return True

            # Skip files produced by autogen
            if (os.path.exists (base + '.def')
                and os.path.exists (base + '.tpl')):
                return True

        # Skip configure files produced by autoconf
        if filename == 'configure':
            if os.path.exists (base + '.ac'):
                return True
            if os.path.exists (base + '.in'):
                return True

        return False

    def skip_dir (self, dir, subdir):
        return subdir in self.skip_dirs

    def is_fossilised_file (self, dir, filename):
        if filename in self.fossilised_files:
            return True
        # Only touch current current ChangeLogs.
        if filename != 'ChangeLog' and filename.find ('ChangeLog') >= 0:
            return True
        return False

    def by_package_author (self, dir, filename):
        return filename in self.own_files

class Copyright:
    def __init__ (self, errors):
        self.errors = errors

        # Characters in a range of years.  Include '.' for typos.
        ranges = '[0-9](?:[-0-9.,\s]|\s+and\s+)*[0-9]'

        # Non-whitespace characters in a copyright holder's name.
        name = '[\w.,-]'

        # Matches one year.
        self.year_re = re.compile ('[0-9]+')

        # Matches part of a year or copyright holder.
        self.continuation_re = re.compile (ranges + '|' + name)

        # Matches a full copyright notice:
```

```
    self.copyright_re = re.compile (
       # 1: 'Copyright (C)', etc.
       '([Cc]opyright'
       '|[Cc]opyright\s+\([Cc]\)'
       '|[Cc]opyright\s+%s'
       '|[Cc]opyright\s+&copy;'
       '|[Cc]opyright\s+@copyright{}'
       '|@set\s+copyright[\w-]+)'

       # 2: the years.  Include the whitespace in the year, so that
       # we can remove any excess.
       '(\s*(?:' + ranges + ',?'
       '|@value\{[^{}]*\})\s*)'

       # 3: 'by ', if used
       '(by\s+)?'

       # 4: the copyright holder.  Don't allow multiple consecutive
       # spaces, so that right-margin gloss doesn't get caught
       # (e.g. gnat_ugn.texi).
       '(' + name + '(?:\s?' + name + ')*)?')

    # A regexp for notices that might have slipped by.  Just matching
    # 'copyright' is too noisy, and 'copyright.*[0-9]' falls foul of
    # HTML header markers, so check for 'copyright' and two digits.
    self.other_copyright_re = re.compile ('copyright.*[0-9][0-9]',
                                          re.IGNORECASE)
    self.comment_re = re.compile('#+|[*]+|;+|%+|//+|@c |dnl ')
    self.holders = { '@copying': '@copying' }
    self.holder_prefixes = set()

    # True to 'quilt add' files before changing them.
    self.use_quilt = False

    # If set, force all notices to include this year.
    self.max_year = None

    # Goes after the year(s).  Could be ', '.
    self.separator = ' '

def add_package_author (self, holder, canon_form = None):
    if not canon_form:
       canon_form = holder
    self.holders[holder] = canon_form
    index = holder.find (' ')
    while index >= 0:
       self.holder_prefixes.add (holder[:index])
       index = holder.find (' ', index + 1)
```

```
def add_external_author (self, holder):
   self.holders[holder] = None

class BadYear():
   def __init__ (self, year):
      self.year = year

   def __str__ (self):
      return 'unrecognised year: ' + self.year

def parse_year (self, string):
   year = int (string)
   if len (string) == 2:
      if year > 70:
         return year + 1900
   elif len (string) == 4:
      return year
   raise self.BadYear (string)

def year_range (self, years):
   year_list = [self.parse_year (year)
                for year in self.year_re.findall (years)]
   assert len (year_list) > 0
   return (min (year_list), max (year_list))

def set_use_quilt (self, use_quilt):
   self.use_quilt = use_quilt

def include_year (self, year):
   assert not self.max_year
   self.max_year = year

def canonicalise_years (self, dir, filename, filter, years):
   # Leave texinfo variables alone.
   if years.startswith ('@value'):
      return years

   (min_year, max_year) = self.year_range (years)

   # Update the upper bound, if enabled.
   if self.max_year and not filter.is_fossilised_file (dir, filename):
      max_year = max (max_year, self.max_year)

   # Use a range.
   if min_year == max_year:
      return '%d' % min_year
   else:
```

```
        return '%d-%d' % (min_year, max_year)

    def strip_continuation (self, line):
        line = line.lstrip()
        match = self.comment_re.match (line)
        if match:
            line = line[match.end():].lstrip()
        return line

    def is_complete (self, match):
        holder = match.group (4)
        return (holder
                and (holder not in self.holder_prefixes
                     or holder in self.holders))

    def update_copyright (self, dir, filename, filter, file, line, match):
        orig_line = line
        next_line = None
        pathname = os.path.join (dir, filename)

        intro = match.group (1)
        if intro.startswith ('@set'):
            # Texinfo year variables should always be on one line
            after_years = line[match.end (2):].strip()
            if after_years != '':
                self.errors.report (pathname,
                                    'trailing characters in @set: '
                                    + after_years)
                return (False, orig_line, next_line)
        else:
            # If it looks like the copyright is incomplete, add the next line.
            while not self.is_complete (match):
                try:
                    next_line = file.next()
                except StopIteration:
                    break

                # If the next line doesn't look like a proper continuation,
                # assume that what we've got is complete.
                continuation = self.strip_continuation (next_line)
                if not self.continuation_re.match (continuation):
                    break

                # Merge the lines for matching purposes.
                orig_line += next_line
                line = line.rstrip() + ' ' + continuation
                next_line = None
```

```
        # Rematch with the longer line, at the original position.
        match = self.copyright_re.match (line, match.start())
        assert match

    holder = match.group (4)

    # Use the filter to test cases where markup is getting in the way.
    if filter.by_package_author (dir, filename):
        assert holder not in self.holders

    elif not holder:
        self.errors.report (pathname, 'missing copyright holder')
        return (False, orig_line, next_line)

    elif holder not in self.holders:
        self.errors.report (pathname,
                            'unrecognised copyright holder: ' + holder)
        return (False, orig_line, next_line)

    else:
        # See whether the copyright is associated with the package
        # author.
        canon_form = self.holders[holder]
        if not canon_form:
            return (False, orig_line, next_line)

        # Make sure the author is given in a consistent way.
        line = (line[:match.start (4)]
                + canon_form
                + line[match.end (4):])

        # Remove any 'by'
        line = line[:match.start (3)] + line[match.end (3):]

# Update the copyright years.
years = match.group (2).strip()
try:
    canon_form = self.canonicalise_years (dir, filename, filter, years)
except self.BadYear as e:
    self.errors.report (pathname, str (e))
    return (False, orig_line, next_line)

line = (line[:match.start (2)]
        + ' ' + canon_form + self.separator
        + line[match.end (2):])

# Use the standard (C) form.
if intro.endswith ('right'):
```

```
            intro += ' (C)'
        elif intro.endswith ('(c)'):
            intro = intro[:-3] + '(C)'
        line = line[:match.start (1)] + intro + line[match.end (1):]

        # Strip trailing whitespace
        line = line.rstrip() + '\n'

        return (line != orig_line, line, next_line)

    def process_file (self, dir, filename, filter):
        pathname = os.path.join (dir, filename)
        if filename.endswith ('.tmp'):
            # Looks like something we tried to create before.
            try:
                os.remove (pathname)
            except OSError:
                pass
            return

        lines = []
        changed = False
        line_filter = filter.get_line_filter (dir, filename)
        with open (pathname, 'r') as file:
            prev = None
            for line in file:
                while line:
                    next_line = None
                    # Leave filtered-out lines alone.
                    if not (line_filter and line_filter.match (line)):
                        match = self.copyright_re.search (line)
                        if match:
                            res = self.update_copyright (dir, filename, filter,
                                                         file, line, match)
                            (this_changed, line, next_line) = res
                            changed = changed or this_changed

                        # Check for copyright lines that might have slipped by.
                        elif self.other_copyright_re.search (line):
                            self.errors.report (pathname,
                                                'unrecognised copyright: %s'
                                                % line.strip())
                    lines.append (line)
                    line = next_line

        # If something changed, write the new file out.
        if changed and self.errors.ok():
            tmp_pathname = pathname + '.tmp'
```

```
            with open (tmp_pathname, 'w') as file:
                for line in lines:
                    file.write (line)
            if self.use_quilt:
                subprocess.call (['quilt', 'add', pathname])
            os.rename (tmp_pathname, pathname)

        def process_tree (self, tree, filter):
            for (dir, subdirs, filenames) in os.walk (tree):
                # Don't recurse through directories that should be skipped.
                for i in xrange (len (subdirs) - 1, -1, -1):
                    if filter.skip_dir (dir, subdirs[i]):
                        del subdirs[i]

                # Handle the files in this directory.
                for filename in filenames:
                    if filter.skip_file (dir, filename):
                        sys.stdout.write ('Skipping %s\n'
                                          % os.path.join (dir, filename))
                    else:
                        self.process_file (dir, filename, filter)

    class CmdLine:
        def __init__ (self, copyright = Copyright):
            self.errors = Errors()
            self.copyright = copyright (self.errors)
            self.dirs = []
            self.default_dirs = []
            self.chosen_dirs = []
            self.option_handlers = dict()
            self.option_help = []

            self.add_option ('--help', 'Print this help', self.o_help)
            self.add_option ('--quilt', '"quilt add" files before changing them',
                             self.o_quilt)
            self.add_option ('--this-year', 'Add the current year to every notice',
                             self.o_this_year)

        def add_option (self, name, help, handler):
            self.option_help.append ((name, help))
            self.option_handlers[name] = handler

        def add_dir (self, dir, filter = GenericFilter()):
            self.dirs.append ((dir, filter))

        def o_help (self, option = None):
            sys.stdout.write ('Usage: %s [options] dir1 dir2...\n\n'
                              'Options:\n' % sys.argv[0])
```

```
        format = '%-15s %s\n'
        for (what, help) in self.option_help:
            sys.stdout.write (format % (what, help))
        sys.stdout.write ('\nDirectories:\n')

        format = '%-25s'
        i = 0
        for (dir, filter) in self.dirs:
            i += 1
            if i % 3 == 0 or i == len (self.dirs):
                sys.stdout.write (dir + '\n')
            else:
                sys.stdout.write (format % dir)
        sys.exit (0)

    def o_quilt (self, option):
        self.copyright.set_use_quilt (True)

    def o_this_year (self, option):
        self.copyright.include_year (time.localtime().tm_year)

    def main (self):
        for arg in sys.argv[1:]:
            if arg[:1] != '-':
                self.chosen_dirs.append (arg)
            elif arg in self.option_handlers:
                self.option_handlers[arg] (arg)
            else:
                self.errors.report (None, 'unrecognised option: ' + arg)
        if self.errors.ok():
            if len (self.chosen_dirs) == 0:
                self.chosen_dirs = self.default_dirs
            if len (self.chosen_dirs) == 0:
                self.o_help()
            else:
                for chosen_dir in self.chosen_dirs:
                    canon_dir = os.path.join (chosen_dir, '')
                    count = 0
                    for (dir, filter) in self.dirs:
                        if (dir + os.sep).startswith (canon_dir):
                            count += 1
                            self.copyright.process_tree (dir, filter)
                    if count == 0:
                        self.errors.report (None, 'unrecognised directory: '
                                            + chosen_dir)
        sys.exit (0 if self.errors.ok() else 1)

#------------------------------------------------------------------------
```

```
class TopLevelFilter (GenericFilter):
  def skip_dir (self, dir, subdir):
    return True

class ConfigFilter (GenericFilter):
  def __init__ (self):
    GenericFilter.__init__ (self)

  def skip_file (self, dir, filename):
    if filename.endswith ('.m4'):
      pathname = os.path.join (dir, filename)
      with open (pathname) as file:
        # Skip files imported from gettext.
        if file.readline().find ('gettext-') >= 0:
          return True
    return GenericFilter.skip_file (self, dir, filename)

class GCCFilter (GenericFilter):
  def __init__ (self):
    GenericFilter.__init__ (self)

    self.skip_files |= set ([
        # Not part of GCC
        'math-68881.h',
        ])

    self.skip_dirs |= set ([
        # Better not create a merge nightmare for the GNAT folks.
        'ada',

        # Handled separately.
        'testsuite',
        ])

    self.skip_extensions |= set ([
        # Maintained by the translation project.
        '.po',

        # Automatically-generated.
        '.pot',
        ])

    self.fossilised_files |= set ([
        # Old news won't be updated.
        'ONEWS',
        ])
```

```
class TestsuiteFilter (GenericFilter):
  def __init__ (self):
    GenericFilter.__init__ (self)

    self.skip_extensions |= set ([
        # Don't change the tests, which could be woend by anyone.
        '.c',
        '.C',
        '.cc',
        '.h',
        '.hs',
        '.f',
        '.f90',
        '.go',
        '.inc',
        '.java',
        ])

  def skip_file (self, dir, filename):
    # g++.niklas/README contains historical copyright information
    # and isn't updated.
    if filename == 'README' and os.path.basename (dir) == 'g++.niklas':
      return True
    return GenericFilter.skip_file (self, dir, filename)

class LibCppFilter (GenericFilter):
  def __init__ (self):
    GenericFilter.__init__ (self)

    self.skip_extensions |= set ([
        # Maintained by the translation project.
        '.po',

        # Automatically-generated.
        '.pot',
        ])

class LibGCCFilter (GenericFilter):
  def __init__ (self):
    GenericFilter.__init__ (self)

    self.skip_dirs |= set ([
        # Imported from GLIBC.
        'soft-fp',
        ])

class LibJavaFilter (GenericFilter):
  def __init__ (self):
```

```
      GenericFilter.__init__ (self)

      self.skip_dirs |= set ([
            # Handled separately.
            'testsuite',

            # Not really part of the library
            'contrib',

            # Imported from upstream
            'classpath',
            'libltdl',
            ])

  def get_line_filter (self, dir, filename):
      if filename == 'NameDecoder.h':
         return re.compile ('.*NAME_COPYRIGHT')
      if filename == 'ICC_Profile.h':
         return re.compile ('.*icSigCopyrightTag')
      return GenericFilter.get_line_filter (self, dir, filename)

class LibMudflapFilter (GenericFilter):
  def __init__ (self):
      GenericFilter.__init__ (self)

      self.skip_dirs |= set ([
            # Handled separately.
            'testsuite',
            ])

class LibStdCxxFilter (GenericFilter):
  def __init__ (self):
      GenericFilter.__init__ (self)

      self.skip_files |= set ([
            # Contains no copyright of its own, but quotes the GPL.
            'intro.xml',
            ])

      self.skip_dirs |= set ([
            # Contains automatically-generated sources.
            'html',

            # The testsuite data files shouldn't be changed.
            'data',

            # Contains imported images
            'images',
```

```
            ])

        self.own_files |= set ([
            # Contains markup around the copyright owner.
            'spine.xml',
            ])

    def get_line_filter (self, dir, filename):
        if filename == 'boost_concept_check.h':
            return re.compile ('// \(C\) Copyright Jeremy Siek')
        return GenericFilter.get_line_filter (self, dir, filename)

class GCCCopyright (Copyright):
    def __init__ (self, errors):
        Copyright.__init__ (self, errors)

        canon_fsf = 'Free Software Foundation, Inc.'
        self.add_package_author ('Free Software Foundation', canon_fsf)
        self.add_package_author ('Free Software Foundation.', canon_fsf)
        self.add_package_author ('Free Software Foundation Inc.', canon_fsf)
        self.add_package_author ('Free Software Foundation, Inc', canon_fsf)
        self.add_package_author ('Free Software Foundation, Inc.', canon_fsf)
        self.add_package_author ('The Free Software Foundation', canon_fsf)
        self.add_package_author ('The Free Software Foundation, Inc.', canon_fsf)
        self.add_package_author ('Software Foundation, Inc.', canon_fsf)

        self.add_external_author ('ARM')
        self.add_external_author ('AdaCore')
        self.add_external_author ('Ami Tavory and Vladimir Dreizin, IBM-HRL.')
        self.add_external_author ('Cavium Networks.')
        self.add_external_author ('Faraday Technology Corp.')
        self.add_external_author ('Florida State University')
        self.add_external_author ('Greg Colvin and Beman Dawes.')
        self.add_external_author ('Hewlett-Packard Company')
        self.add_external_author ('Information Technology Industry Council.')
        self.add_external_author ('James Theiler, Brian Gough')
        self.add_external_author ('Makoto Matsumoto and Takuji Nishimura,')
        self.add_external_author ('National Research Council of Canada.')
        self.add_external_author ('Peter Dimov and Multi Media Ltd.')
        self.add_external_author ('Peter Dimov')
        self.add_external_author ('Pipeline Associates, Inc.')
        self.add_external_author ('Regents of the University of California.')
        self.add_external_author ('Silicon Graphics Computer Systems, Inc.')
        self.add_external_author ('Silicon Graphics')
        self.add_external_author ('Stephen L. Moshier')
        self.add_external_author ('Sun Microsystems, Inc. All rights reserved.')
        self.add_external_author ('The Go Authors.  All rights reserved.')
        self.add_external_author ('The Go Authors. All rights reserved.')
```

```
        self.add_external_author ('The Go Authors.')
        self.add_external_author ('The Regents of the University of California.')
        self.add_external_author ('Unicode, Inc.')
        self.add_external_author ('University of Toronto.')

    class GCCCmdLine (CmdLine):
      def __init__ (self):
        CmdLine.__init__ (self, GCCCopyright)

        self.add_dir ('.', TopLevelFilter())
        # boehm-gc is imported from upstream.
        self.add_dir ('config', ConfigFilter())
        # contrib isn't really part of GCC.
        self.add_dir ('fixincludes')
        self.add_dir ('gcc', GCCFilter())
        self.add_dir (os.path.join ('gcc', 'testsuite'), TestsuiteFilter())
        self.add_dir ('gnattools')
        self.add_dir ('include')
        self.add_dir ('libada')
        self.add_dir ('libatomic')
        self.add_dir ('libbacktrace')
        self.add_dir ('libcpp', LibCppFilter())
        self.add_dir ('libdecnumber')
        # libffi is imported from upstream.
        self.add_dir ('libgcc', LibGCCFilter())
        self.add_dir ('libgfortran')
        self.add_dir ('libgomp')
        self.add_dir ('libiberty')
        self.add_dir ('libitm')
        self.add_dir ('libjava', LibJavaFilter())
        self.add_dir (os.path.join ('libjava', 'testsuite'), TestsuiteFilter())
        self.add_dir ('libmudflap', LibMudflapFilter())
        self.add_dir (os.path.join ('libmudflap', 'testsuite'),
                      TestsuiteFilter())
        self.add_dir ('libobjc')
        self.add_dir ('libquadmath')
        # libsanitiser is imported from upstream.
        self.add_dir ('libssp')
        self.add_dir ('libstdc++-v3', LibStdCxxFilter())
        self.add_dir ('lto-plugin')
        # zlib is imported from upstream.

        self.default_dirs = [
           'gcc',
           'libada',
           'libatomic',
           'libbacktrace',
           'libcpp',
```

```
        'libdecnumber',
        'libgcc',
        'libgfortran',
        'libgomp',
        'libitm',
        'libmudflap',
        'libobjc',
        'libstdc++-v3',
        ]

GCCCmdLine().main()
```

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8" standalone="no"?>
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"http://www.w3.org/TR/xhtml1/DTD/xhtml1-transitional.dtd"><html
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rel="next" href="bugs.html" title="Bugs" /></head><body><div class="navheader"><table width="100%"
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align="center">Chapter1.Status</th><td width="20%" align="right"><a accesskey="n"
href="bugs.html">Next</a></td></tr></table><hr /></div><div class="section"><div
class="titlepage"><div><div><h2 class="title" style="clear: both"><a
id="manual.intro.status.license"></a>License</h2></div></div></div><p>
  There are two licenses affecting GNU libstdc++: one for the code,
  and one for the documentation.
  </p><p>
    There is a license section in the FAQ regarding common <a class="link"
href="../faq.html#faq.license">questions</a>. If you have more
    questions, ask the FSF or the <a class="link" href="http://gcc.gnu.org/lists.html" target="_top">gcc mailing
list</a>.
  </p><div class="section"><div class="titlepage"><div><div><h3 class="title"><a
id="manual.intro.status.license.gpl"></a>The Code: GPL</h3></div></div></div><p>
    The source code is distributed under the <a class="link" href="appendix_gpl.html" title="AppendixD. GNU
General Public License version 3">GNU General Public License version 3</a>,
    with the addition under section 7 of an exception described in
    the <span class="quote"><span class="quote">GCC Runtime Library Exception, version 3.1</span></span>
    as follows (or see the file COPYING.RUNTIME):
  </p><div class="literallayout"><p><br />
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bearsanoticeplacedbythecopyrightholderofthefilestatingthat
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0.Definitions.

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align="center">Up</td><td width="40%" align="right"><a
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valign="top">Chapter1.Status</td><td width="20%" align="center"><a accesskey="h"
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@appendixsubsec Preamble

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We call this license the @dfn{Lesser} General Public License because it does @emph{Less} to protect the user's freedom than the ordinary General Public License. It also provides other free software developers Less of an advantage over competing non-free programs. These disadvantages are the reason we use the ordinary General Public License for many libraries. However, the Lesser license provides advantages in certain special circumstances.

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@item
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checkGuard(Ljava/lang/Object;)V
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%'&java/lang/SecurityManager()checkPermission(Ljava/security/Permission;)VobjLjava/lang/Object;smLjava/lang/
SecurityManager;implies(Ljava/security/Permission;)Zequals(Ljava/lang/Object;)ZhashCode()IgetName()Ljava/lan
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FHGjava/lang/Class45
:J?K3(Ljava/lang/String;)Lgnu/java/lang/CPStringBuilder;
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:V95stringLgnu/java/lang/CPStringBuilder;
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"+7>GNSKWXYZ

// DO NOT EDIT THIS FILE - it is machine generated -*- c++ -*-

#ifndef __java_security_acl_Permission__
#define __java_security_acl_Permission__

#pragma interface

#include <java/lang/Object.h>
extern "Java"
{
 namespace java
 {
   namespace security
   {
     namespace acl
     {
       class Permission;
     }
   }
 }
}

class java::security::acl::Permission : public ::java::lang::Object
{

public:
 virtual jboolean equals(::java::lang::Object *) = 0;
 virtual ::java::lang::String * toString() = 0;
 static ::java::lang::Class class$;
} __attribute__ ((java_interface));

#endif // __java_security_acl_Permission__
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This is an attempt to acknowledge early contributions to the garbage
collector. Later contributions should instead be mentioned in
README.changes.

HISTORY -

Early versions of this collector were developed as a part of research
projects supported in part by the National Science Foundation
and the Defense Advance Research Projects Agency.

The garbage collector originated as part of the run-time system for
the Russell programming language implementation. The first version of the
garbage collector was written primarily by Al Demers. It was then refined
and mostly rewritten, primarily by Hans-J. Boehm, at Cornell U.,
the University of Washington, Rice University (where it was first used for
C and assembly code), Xerox PARC, SGI, and HP Labs. However, significant
contributions have also been made by many others.

Some other contributors:

More recent contributors are mentioned in the modification history in
README.changes. My apologies for any omissions.

The SPARC specific code was originally contributed by Mark Weiser.
The Encore Multimax modifications were supplied by
Kevin Kenny (kenny@m.cs.uiuc.edu). The adaptation to the IBM PC/RT is largely
due to Vernon Lee, on machines made available to Rice by IBM.
Much of the HP specific code and a number of good suggestions for improving the
generic code are due to Walter Underwood.
Robert Brazile (brazile@diamond.bbn.com) originally supplied the ULTRIX code.
Al Dosser (dosser@src.dec.com) and Regis Cridlig (Regis.Cridlig@cl.cam.ac.uk)

subsequently provided updates and information on variation between ULTRIX
systems. Parag Patel (parag@netcom.com) supplied the A/UX code.
Jesper Peterson(jep@mtiame.mtia.oz.au), Michel Schinz, and
Martin Tauchmann (martintauchmann@bigfoot.com) supplied the Amiga port.
Thomas Funke (thf@zelator.in-berlin.de(?)) and
Brian D.Carlstrom (bdc@clark.lcs.mit.edu) supplied the NeXT ports.
Douglas Steel (doug@wg.icl.co.uk) provided ICL DRS6000 code.
Bill Janssen (janssen@parc.xerox.com) supplied the SunOS dynamic loader
specific code. Manuel Serrano (serrano@cornas.inria.fr) supplied linux and
Sony News specific code. Al Dosser provided Alpha/OSF/1 code. He and
Dave Detlefs(detlefs@src.dec.com) also provided several generic bug fixes.
Alistair G. Crooks(agc@uts.amdahl.com) supplied the NetBSD and 386BSD ports.
Jeffrey Hsu (hsu@soda.berkeley.edu) provided the FreeBSD port.
Brent Benson (brent@jade.ssd.csd.harris.com) ported the collector to
a Motorola 88K processor running CX/UX (Harris NightHawk).
Ari Huttunen (Ari.Huttunen@hut.fi) generalized the OS/2 port to
nonIBM development environments (a nontrivial task).
Patrick Beard (beard@cs.ucdavis.edu) provided the initial MacOS port.
David Chase, then at Olivetti Research, suggested several improvements.
Scott Schwartz (schwartz@groucho.cse.psu.edu) supplied some of the
code to save and print call stacks for leak detection on a SPARC.
Jesse Hull and John Ellis supplied the C++ interface code.
Zhong Shao performed much of the experimentation that led to the
current typed allocation facility. (His dynamic type inference code hasn't
made it into the released version of the collector, yet.)

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Version 2, June 1991

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```
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/**
* This interface provides information about a permission that can be
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* <code>java.security.Permission</code>.
*
* @version 0.0
*
* @author Aaron M. Renn (arenn@urbanophile.com)
*/
public interface Permission
{
 /**
  * This method tests whether or not a specified <code>Permission</code>
  * (passed as an <code>Object</code>) is the same as this permission.
  *
  * @param perm The permission to check for equality
  *
  * @return <code>true</code> if the specified permission is the same as this one, <code>false</code> otherwise
  */
 boolean equals (Object perm);

 /**
  * This method returns this <code>Permission</code> as a <code>String</code>.
  *
  * @return A <code>String</code> representing this permission.
  */
 String toString();
}
```

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* m4/ax_func_which_gethostbyname_r.m4

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<http://www.gnu.org/licenses/>. */

/* Use the Sequent Symmetry assembler syntax. */

/* Define the syntax of pseudo-ops, labels and comments. */

/* Prefix for internally generated assembler labels. If we aren't using
underscores, we are using prefix `.'s to identify labels that should
be ignored, as in `i386/gas.h' --karl@cs.umb.edu */

#define LPREFIX "L"

/* Assembler pseudos to introduce constants of various size. */

#define ASM_BYTE "\t.byte\t"
#define ASM_SHORT "\t.word\t"
#define ASM_LONG "\t.long\t"

```
#define ASM_QUAD "\t.quad\t"  /* Should not be used for 32bit compilation.  */

/* This was suggested, but it shouldn't be right for DBX output. -- RMS
  #define ASM_OUTPUT_SOURCE_FILENAME(FILE, NAME) */


/* Define the syntax of labels and symbol definitions/declarations.  */

/* This is how to output an assembler line
  that says to advance the location counter by SIZE bytes.  */

#define ASM_OUTPUT_SKIP(FILE,SIZE)  \
 fprintf (FILE, "\t.space "HOST_WIDE_INT_PRINT_UNSIGNED"\n", (SIZE))

/* Define the syntax of labels and symbol definitions/declarations.  */

/* This says how to output an assembler line
  to define a global common symbol.  */

#define ASM_OUTPUT_COMMON(FILE, NAME, SIZE, ROUNDED)  \
( fputs (".comm ", (FILE)),   \
 assemble_name ((FILE), (NAME)),  \
 fprintf ((FILE), ",%u\n", (int)(ROUNDED)))

/* This says how to output an assembler line
  to define a local common symbol.  */

#define ASM_OUTPUT_LOCAL(FILE, NAME, SIZE, ROUNDED)  \
( fputs (".lcomm ", (FILE)),   \
 assemble_name ((FILE), (NAME)),  \
 fprintf ((FILE), ",%u\n", (int)(ROUNDED)))

#ifdef HAVE_GAS_LCOMM_WITH_ALIGNMENT
#define ASM_OUTPUT_ALIGNED_LOCAL(FILE, NAME, SIZE, ALIGNMENT)  \
( fputs (".lcomm ", (FILE)),   \
 assemble_name ((FILE), (NAME)),  \
 fprintf ((FILE), ",%u,%u\n", (int)(SIZE), (int)(ALIGNMENT) / BITS_PER_UNIT))
#endif

/* This is how to output an assembler line
  that says to advance the location counter
  to a multiple of 2**LOG bytes.  */

#define ASM_OUTPUT_ALIGN(FILE,LOG) \
 if ((LOG)!=0) fprintf ((FILE), "\t.align %d\n", (LOG))

/* This is how to store into the string BUF
  the symbol_ref name of an internal numbered label where
```

```
  PREFIX is the class of label and NUM is the number within the class.
  This is suitable for output with `assemble_name'.  */

#define ASM_GENERATE_INTERNAL_LABEL(BUF,PREFIX,NUMBER) \
  sprintf ((BUF), "*%s%ld", (PREFIX), (long)(NUMBER))

/* The prefix to add to user-visible assembler symbols.  */

#define USER_LABEL_PREFIX "_"

/* Sequent has some changes in the format of DBX symbols.  */
#define DBX_NO_XREFS 1

/* Don't split DBX symbols into continuations.  */
#define DBX_CONTIN_LENGTH 0
```

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Version 3, 29 June 2007

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// DO NOT EDIT THIS FILE - it is machine generated -*- c++ -*-

#ifndef __gnu_javax_sound_AudioSecurityManager$Permission__
#define __gnu_javax_sound_AudioSecurityManager$Permission__

#pragma interface

#include <java/lang/Enum.h>
#include <gcj/array.h>

```
extern "Java"
{
 namespace gnu
 {
   namespace javax
   {
     namespace sound
     {
        class AudioSecurityManager$Permission;
     }
   }
 }
}

class gnu::javax::sound::AudioSecurityManager$Permission : public ::java::lang::Enum
{

 AudioSecurityManager$Permission(::java::lang::String *, jint);
public:
 static JArray< ::gnu::javax::sound::AudioSecurityManager$Permission * > * values();
 static ::gnu::javax::sound::AudioSecurityManager$Permission * valueOf(::java::lang::String *);
 static ::gnu::javax::sound::AudioSecurityManager$Permission * PLAY;
 static ::gnu::javax::sound::AudioSecurityManager$Permission * RECORD;
 static ::gnu::javax::sound::AudioSecurityManager$Permission * ALL;
private:
 static JArray< ::gnu::javax::sound::AudioSecurityManager$Permission * > * ENUM$VALUES;
public:
 static ::java::lang::Class class$;
};

#endif // __gnu_javax_sound_AudioSecurityManager$Permission__
```

1.63 ppp 2.4.5

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ppp-2.4.5/modules/ppp_comp.c
ppp-2.4.5/pppdump/deflate.c
ppp-2.4.5/pppdump/ppp-comp.h
ppp-2.4.5/solaris/ppp.c
ppp-2.4.5/solaris/ppp_comp.c
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*
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* - disconnect method added
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ppp-2.4.5/pppd/plugins/radius/radattr.c
ppp-2.4.5/pppd/plugins/rp-pppoe/common.c
ppp-2.4.5/pppd/plugins/rp-pppoe/debug.c
ppp-2.4.5/pppd/plugins/rp-pppoe/discovery.c
ppp-2.4.5/pppd/plugins/rp-pppoe/if.c
ppp-2.4.5/pppd/plugins/rp-pppoe/Makefile.linux
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ppp-2.4.5/pppd/plugins/radius/config.c
ppp-2.4.5/pppd/plugins/radius/dict.c
ppp-2.4.5/pppd/plugins/radius/includes.h

ppp-2.4.5/pppd/plugins/radius/ip_util.c
ppp-2.4.5/pppd/plugins/radius/lock.c
ppp-2.4.5/pppd/plugins/radius/options.h
ppp-2.4.5/pppd/plugins/radius/pathnames.h
ppp-2.4.5/pppd/plugins/radius/radiusclient.h
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ppp-2.4.5/pppd/plugins/radius/includes.h
ppp-2.4.5/pppd/plugins/radius/ip_util.c
ppp-2.4.5/pppd/plugins/radius/pathnames.h
ppp-2.4.5/pppd/plugins/radius/radiusclient.h
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ppp-2.4.5/include/linux/if_pppol2tp.h
/***
* Linux PPP over L2TP (PPPoL2TP) Socket Implementation (RFC 2661)
*
* This file supplies definitions required by the PPP over L2TP driver
* (pppol2tp.c). All version information wrt this file is located in
* pppol2tp.c
*

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*
*/

ppp-2.4.5/pppd/plugins/pppol2tp/l2tp_event.h

```
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*
*****************************************************************************/
```

ppp-2.4.5/pppd/plugins/pppol2tp/openl2tp.c

```
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* Foundation, Inc., 59 Temple Place, Suite 330, Boston, MA  02111-1307  USA
*
*****************************************************************************/
```

ppp-2.4.5/pppd/plugins/pppol2tp/pppol2tp.c

```
/* pppol2tp.c - pppd plugin to implement PPPoL2TP protocol
*   for Linux using kernel pppol2tp support.
*
* Requires kernel pppol2tp driver which is integrated into the kernel
* from 2.6.23 onwards. For earlier kernels, a version can be obtained
* from the OpenL2TP project at
* http://www.sourceforge.net/projects/openl2tp/
*
* Original by Martijn van Oosterhout <kleptog@svana.org>
* Modified by jchapman@katalix.com
*
* Heavily based upon pppoatm.c: original notice follows
*
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* Updated to ppp-2.4.1 by Bernhard Kaindl
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*/
```

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1.64 glibc 2.19

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@c Local Variables:
@c ispell-local-pdict: "ispell-dict"
@c End:
(This file is under construction.) -*- text -*-

If you've contributed to gas and your name isn't listed here, it is
not meant as a slight. I just don't know about it. Email me,
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This file will eventually be deleted: The general info will go into
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++++++++++++++++

Dean Elsner wrote the original gas for vax. [more details?]

Jay Fenlason maintained gas for a while, adding support for
gdb-specific debug information and the 68k series machines, most of
the preprocessing pass, and extensive changes in messages.c,
input-file.c, write.c.

K. Richard Pixley maintained gas for a while, adding various
enhancements and many bug fixes, including merging support for several
processors, breaking gas up to handle multiple object file format
backends (including heavy rewrite, testing, an integration of the coff
and b.out backends), adding configuration including heavy testing and
verification of cross assemblers and file splits and renaming,
converted gas to strictly ansi C including full prototypes, added
support for m680[34]0 & cpu32, considerable work on i960 including a
coff port (including considerable amounts of reverse engineering), a
sparc opcode file rewrite, decstation, rs6000, and hp300hpux host
ports, updated "know" assertions and made them work, much other
reorganization, cleanup, and lint.

Ken Raeburn wrote the high-level BFD interface code to replace most of
the code in format-specific I/O modules.

The original Vax-VMS support was contributed by David L. Kashtan.
Eric Youngdale and Pat Rankin have done much work with it since.

The Intel 80386 machine description was written by Eliot Dresselhaus.

Minh Tran-Le at IntelliCorp contributed some AIX 386 support.

The Motorola 88k machine description was contributed by Devon Bowen of Buffalo University and Torbjorn Granlund of the Swedish Institute of Computer Science.

Keith Knowles at the Open Software Foundation wrote the original MIPS back end (tc-mips.c, tc-mips.h), and contributed Rose format support that hasn't been merged in yet. Ralph Campbell worked with the MIPS code to support a.out format.

Support for the Zilog Z8k and Hitachi H8/300, H8/500 and SH processors (tc-z8k, tc-h8300, tc-h8500, tc-sh), and IEEE 695 object file format (obj-ieee), was written by Steve Chamberlain of Cygnus Solutions. Steve also modified the COFF back end (obj-coffbfd) to use BFD for some low-level operations, for use with the Hitachi, 29k and Zilog targets.

John Gilmore built the AMD 29000 support, added .include support, and simplified the configuration of which versions accept which pseudo-ops. He updated the 68k machine description so that Motorola's opcodes always produced fixed-size instructions (e.g. jsr), while synthetic instructions remained shrinkable (jbsr). John fixed many bugs, including true tested cross-compilation support, and one bug in relaxation that took a week and required the proverbial one-bit fix.

Ian Lance Taylor of Cygnus Solutions merged the Motorola and MIT syntaxes for the 68k, completed support for some COFF targets (68k, i386 SVR3, and SCO Unix), wrote the ECOFF support based on Michael Meissner's mips-tfile program, wrote the PowerPC and RS/6000 support, and made a few other minor patches. He handled the binutils releases for versions 2.7 through 2.9.

David Edelsohn contributed fixes for the PowerPC and AIX support.

Steve Chamberlain made gas able to generate listings.

Support for the HP9000/300 was contributed by Glenn Engel of HP.

Support for ELF format files has been worked on by Mark Eichin of Cygnus Solutions (original, incomplete implementation), Pete Hoogenboom at the University of Utah (HPPA mainly), Michael Meissner of the Open Software Foundation (i386 mainly), and Ken Raeburn of Cygnus Solutions (sparc, initial 64-bit support).

Several engineers at Cygnus Solutions have also provided many small

bug fixes and configuration enhancements.

The initial Alpha support was contributed by Carnegie-Mellon University. Additional work was done by Ken Raeburn of Cygnus Solutions. Richard Henderson then rewrote much of the Alpha support.

Ian Dall updated the support code for the National Semiconductor 32000 series, and added support for Mach 3 and NetBSD running on the PC532.

Klaus Kaempf ported the assembler and the binutils to openVMS/Alpha.

Steve Haworth contributed the support for the Texas Instruction c30 (tms320c30).

H.J. Lu has contributed many patches and much testing.

Alan Modra reworked much of the i386 backend, improving the error checking, updating the code, and improving the 16 bit support, using patches from the work of Martynas Kunigelis and H.J. Lu.

Many others have contributed large or small bugfixes and enhancements. If you've contributed significant work and are not mentioned on this list, and want to be, let us know. Some of the history has been lost; we aren't intentionally leaving anyone out.

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d) If a facility in the modified Library refers to a function or a table of data to be supplied by an application program that uses the facility, other than as an argument passed when the facility is invoked, then you must make a good faith effort to ensure that, in the event an application does not supply such function or table, the facility still operates, and performs whatever part of its purpose remains meaningful.

(For example, a function in a library to compute square roots has a purpose that is entirely well-defined independent of the application. Therefore, Subsection 2d requires that any application-supplied function or table used by this function must be optional: if the application does not supply it, the square root function must still compute square roots.)

These requirements apply to the modified work as a whole. If identifiable sections of that work are not derived from the Library, and can be reasonably considered independent and separate works in themselves, then this License, and its terms, do not apply to those sections when you distribute them as separate works. But when you distribute the same sections as part of a whole which is a work based on the Library, the distribution of the whole must be on the terms of this License, whose permissions for other licensees extend to the entire whole, and thus to each and every part regardless of who wrote it.

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If distribution of object code is made by offering access to copy from a designated place, then offering equivalent access to copy the source code from the same place satisfies the requirement to distribute the source code, even though third parties are not compelled to copy the source along with the object code.

5. A program that contains no derivative of any portion of the Library, but is designed to work with the Library by being compiled or linked with it, is called a "work that uses the Library". Such a work, in isolation, is not a derivative work of the Library, and therefore falls outside the scope of this License.

However, linking a "work that uses the Library" with the Library creates an executable that is a derivative of the Library (because it contains portions of the Library), rather than a "work that uses the library". The executable is therefore covered by this License. Section 6 states terms for distribution of such executables.

When a "work that uses the Library" uses material from a header file that is part of the Library, the object code for the work may be a derivative work of the Library even though the source code is not. Whether this is true is especially significant if the work can be linked without the Library, or if the work is itself a library. The threshold for this to be true is not precisely defined by law.

If such an object file uses only numerical parameters, data structure layouts and accessors, and small macros and small inline functions (ten lines or less in length), then the use of the object file is unrestricted, regardless of whether it is legally a derivative work. (Executables containing this object code plus portions of the Library will still fall under Section 6.)

Otherwise, if the work is a derivative of the Library, you may distribute the object code for the work under the terms of Section 6. Any executables containing that work also fall under Section 6, whether or not they are linked directly with the Library itself.

6. As an exception to the Sections above, you may also combine or link a "work that uses the Library" with the Library to produce a work containing portions of the Library, and distribute that work under terms of your choice, provided that the terms permit modification of the work for the customer's own use and reverse engineering for debugging such modifications.

You must give prominent notice with each copy of the work that the Library is used in it and that the Library and its use are covered by this License. You must supply a copy of this License. If the work during execution displays copyright notices, you must include the copyright notice for the Library among them, as well as a reference directing the user to the copy of this License. Also, you must do one of these things:

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which the executable runs, unless that component itself accompanies
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Because of this blurred distinction, using the ordinary General Public License for libraries did not effectively promote software sharing, because most developers did not use the libraries. We concluded that weaker conditions might promote sharing better.

However, unrestricted linking of non-free programs would deprive the users of those programs of all benefit from the free status of the libraries themselves. This Library General Public License is intended to permit developers of non-free programs to use free libraries, while preserving your freedom as a user of such programs to change the free libraries that are incorporated in them. (We have not seen how to achieve this as regards changes in header files, but we have achieved it as regards changes in the actual functions of the Library.) The hope is that this will lead to faster development of free libraries.

The precise terms and conditions for copying, distribution and modification follow. Pay close attention to the difference between a "work based on the library" and a "work that uses the library". The former contains code derived from the library, while the latter only works together with the library.

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"Source code" for a work means the preferred form of the work for making modifications to it. For a library, complete source code means all the source code for all modules it contains, plus any associated interface definition files, plus the scripts used to control compilation and installation of the library.

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b) You must cause the files modified to carry prominent notices stating that you changed the files and the date of any change.

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d) If a facility in the modified Library refers to a function or a table of data to be supplied by an application program that uses the facility, other than as an argument passed when the facility is invoked, then you must make a good faith effort to ensure that, in the event an application does not supply such function or table, the facility still operates, and performs whatever part of its purpose remains meaningful.

(For example, a function in a library to compute square roots has a purpose that is entirely well-defined independent of the application. Therefore, Subsection 2d requires that any application-supplied function or table used by this function must be optional: if the application does not supply it, the square root function must still compute square roots.)

These requirements apply to the modified work as a whole. If identifiable sections of that work are not derived from the Library, and can be reasonably considered independent and separate works in themselves, then this License, and its terms, do not apply to those sections when you distribute them as separate works. But when you distribute the same sections as part of a whole which is a work based on the Library, the distribution of the whole must be on the terms of this License, whose permissions for other licensees extend to the entire whole, and thus to each and every part regardless of who wrote it.

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Appendix: How to Apply These Terms to Your New Libraries

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To apply these terms, attach the following notices to the library. It is safest to attach them to the start of each source file to most effectively convey the exclusion of warranty; and each file should have at least the "copyright" line and a pointer to where the full notice is found.

<one line to give the library's name and a brief idea of what it does.>
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Also add information on how to contact you by electronic and paper mail.

You should also get your employer (if you work as a programmer) or your school, if any, to sign a "copyright disclaimer" for the library, if necessary. Here is a sample; alter the names:

Yoyodyne, Inc., hereby disclaims all copyright interest in the

library `Frob' (a library for tweaking knobs) written by James Random Hacker.

<signature of Ty Coon>, 1 April 1990
Ty Coon, President of Vice

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@appendixsec GNU LESSER GENERAL PUBLIC LICENSE

@cindex LGPL, Lesser General Public License
@center Version 2.1, February 1999

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[This is the first released version of the Lesser GPL. It also counts
as the successor of the GNU Library Public License, version 2, hence the
version number 2.1.]
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@appendixsubsec Preamble

The licenses for most software are designed to take away your
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free software---to make sure the software is free for all its users.

This license, the Lesser General Public License, applies to some
specially designated software---typically libraries---of the Free
Software Foundation and other authors who decide to use it. You can use
it too, but we suggest you first think carefully about whether this
license or the ordinary General Public License is the better strategy to
use in any particular case, based on the explanations below.

When we speak of free software, we are referring to freedom of use,
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you have the freedom to distribute copies of free software (and charge
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in new free programs; and that you are informed that you can do these
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To protect your rights, we need to make restrictions that forbid
distributors to deny you these rights or to ask you to surrender these

rights. These restrictions translate to certain responsibilities for you if you distribute copies of the library or if you modify it.

For example, if you distribute copies of the library, whether gratis or for a fee, you must give the recipients all the rights that we gave you. You must make sure that they, too, receive or can get the source code. If you link other code with the library, you must provide complete object files to the recipients, so that they can relink them with the library after making changes to the library and recompiling it. And you must show them these terms so they know their rights.

We protect your rights with a two-step method: (1) we copyright the library, and (2) we offer you this license, which gives you legal permission to copy, distribute and/or modify the library.

To protect each distributor, we want to make it very clear that there is no warranty for the free library. Also, if the library is modified by someone else and passed on, the recipients should know that what they have is not the original version, so that the original author's reputation will not be affected by problems that might be introduced by others.

Finally, software patents pose a constant threat to the existence of any free program. We wish to make sure that a company cannot effectively restrict the users of a free program by obtaining a restrictive license from a patent holder. Therefore, we insist that any patent license obtained for a version of the library must be consistent with the full freedom of use specified in this license.

Most GNU software, including some libraries, is covered by the ordinary GNU General Public License. This license, the GNU Lesser General Public License, applies to certain designated libraries, and is quite different from the ordinary General Public License. We use this license for certain libraries in order to permit linking those libraries into non-free programs.

When a program is linked with a library, whether statically or using a shared library, the combination of the two is legally speaking a combined work, a derivative of the original library. The ordinary General Public License therefore permits such linking only if the entire combination fits its criteria of freedom. The Lesser General Public License permits more lax criteria for linking other code with the library.

We call this license the @dfn{Lesser} General Public License because it does @emph{Less} to protect the user's freedom than the ordinary General Public License. It also provides other free software developers Less of an advantage over competing non-free programs. These disadvantages

are the reason we use the ordinary General Public License for many libraries. However, the Lesser license provides advantages in certain special circumstances.

For example, on rare occasions, there may be a special need to encourage the widest possible use of a certain library, so that it becomes a de-facto standard. To achieve this, non-free programs must be allowed to use the library. A more frequent case is that a free library does the same job as widely used non-free libraries. In this case, there is little to gain by limiting the free library to free software only, so we use the Lesser General Public License.

In other cases, permission to use a particular library in non-free programs enables a greater number of people to use a large body of free software. For example, permission to use the GNU C Library in non-free programs enables many more people to use the whole GNU operating system, as well as its variant, the GNU/Linux operating system.

Although the Lesser General Public License is Less protective of the users' freedom, it does ensure that the user of a program that is linked with the Library has the freedom and the wherewithal to run that program using a modified version of the Library.

The precise terms and conditions for copying, distribution and modification follow. Pay close attention to the difference between a ``work based on the library'' and a ``work that uses the library''. The former contains code derived from the library, whereas the latter must be combined with the library in order to run.

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@appendixsubsec TERMS AND CONDITIONS FOR COPYING, DISTRIBUTION AND MODIFICATION
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@ifinfo
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@end ifinfo

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A ``library'' means a collection of software functions and/or data prepared so as to be conveniently linked with application programs

(which use some of those functions and data) to form executables.

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``Source code'' for a work means the preferred form of the work for making modifications to it. For a library, complete source code means all the source code for all modules it contains, plus any associated interface definition files, plus the scripts used to control compilation and installation of the library.

Activities other than copying, distribution and modification are not covered by this License; they are outside its scope. The act of running a program using the Library is not restricted, and output from such a program is covered only if its contents constitute a work based on the Library (independent of the use of the Library in a tool for writing it). Whether that is true depends on what the Library does and what the program that uses the Library does.

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@enumerate a
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@item

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@item
You must cause the whole of the work to be licensed at no
charge to all third parties under the terms of this License.

@item
If a facility in the modified Library refers to a function or a
table of data to be supplied by an application program that uses
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is invoked, then you must make a good faith effort to ensure that,
in the event an application does not supply such function or
table, the facility still operates, and performs whatever part of
its purpose remains meaningful.

(For example, a function in a library to compute square roots has
a purpose that is entirely well-defined independent of the
application. Therefore, Subsection 2d requires that any
application-supplied function or table used by this function must
be optional: if the application does not supply it, the square
root function must still compute square roots.)
@end enumerate

These requirements apply to the modified work as a whole. If
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and can be reasonably considered independent and separate works in
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distribute the same sections as part of a whole which is a work based
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your rights to work written entirely by you; rather, the intent is to
exercise the right to control the distribution of derivative or
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these notices.

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the Library into a program that is not a library.

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under the terms of Sections 1 and 2 above provided that you accompany
it with the complete corresponding machine-readable source code, which
must be distributed under the terms of Sections 1 and 2 above on a
medium customarily used for software interchange.

If distribution of object code is made by offering access to copy
from a designated place, then offering equivalent access to copy the
source code from the same place satisfies the requirement to
distribute the source code, even though third parties are not
compelled to copy the source along with the object code.

@item
A program that contains no derivative of any portion of the
Library, but is designed to work with the Library by being compiled or
linked with it, is called a ``work that uses the Library". Such a
work, in isolation, is not a derivative work of the Library, and
therefore falls outside the scope of this License.

However, linking a ``work that uses the Library" with the Library
creates an executable that is a derivative of the Library (because it
contains portions of the Library), rather than a ``work that uses the
library". The executable is therefore covered by this License.
Section 6 states terms for distribution of such executables.

When a ``work that uses the Library" uses material from a header file
that is part of the Library, the object code for the work may be a
derivative work of the Library even though the source code is not.
Whether this is true is especially significant if the work can be
linked without the Library, or if the work is itself a library. The
threshold for this to be true is not precisely defined by law.

If such an object file uses only numerical parameters, data structure layouts and accessors, and small macros and small inline functions (ten lines or less in length), then the use of the object file is unrestricted, regardless of whether it is legally a derivative work. (Executables containing this object code plus portions of the Library will still fall under Section 6.)

Otherwise, if the work is a derivative of the Library, you may distribute the object code for the work under the terms of Section 6. Any executables containing that work also fall under Section 6, whether or not they are linked directly with the Library itself.

@item
As an exception to the Sections above, you may also combine or link a ``work that uses the Library'' with the Library to produce a work containing portions of the Library, and distribute that work under terms of your choice, provided that the terms permit modification of the work for the customer's own use and reverse engineering for debugging such modifications.

You must give prominent notice with each copy of the work that the Library is used in it and that the Library and its use are covered by this License. You must supply a copy of this License. If the work during execution displays copyright notices, you must include the copyright notice for the Library among them, as well as a reference directing the user to the copy of this License. Also, you must do one of these things:

@enumerate a
@item
Accompany the work with the complete corresponding machine-readable source code for the Library including whatever changes were used in the work (which must be distributed under Sections 1 and 2 above); and, if the work is an executable linked with the Library, with the complete machine-readable ``work that uses the Library'', as object code and/or source code, so that the user can modify the Library and then relink to produce a modified executable containing the modified Library. (It is understood that the user who changes the contents of definitions files in the Library will not necessarily be able to recompile the application to use the modified definitions.)

@item
Use a suitable shared library mechanism for linking with the Library. A suitable mechanism is one that (1) uses at run time a copy of the library already present on the user's computer system, rather than copying library functions into the executable, and (2) will operate properly with a modified version of the library, if the user installs

one, as long as the modified version is interface-compatible with the
version that the work was made with.

@item
Accompany the work with a written offer, valid for at
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specified in Subsection 6a, above, for a charge no more
than the cost of performing this distribution.

@item
If distribution of the work is made by offering access to copy
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specified materials from the same place.

@item
Verify that the user has already received a copy of these
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@end enumerate

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reproducing the executable from it. However, as a special exception,
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components (compiler, kernel, and so on) of the operating system on
which the executable runs, unless that component itself accompanies the
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library, provided that the separate distribution of the work based on
the Library and of the other library facilities is otherwise
permitted, and provided that you do these two things:

@enumerate a
@item
Accompany the combined library with a copy of the same work
based on the Library, uncombined with any other library
facilities. This must be distributed under the terms of the
Sections above.

@item
Give prominent notice with the combined library of the fact
that part of it is a work based on the Library, and explaining
where to find the accompanying uncombined form of the same work.
@end enumerate

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@end enumerate

@iftex
@heading END OF TERMS AND CONDITIONS
@end iftex
@ifinfo
@center END OF TERMS AND CONDITIONS
@end ifinfo

@page
@appendixsubsec How to Apply These Terms to Your New Libraries

If you develop a new library, and you want it to be of the greatest possible use to the public, we recommend making it free software that everyone can redistribute and change. You can do so by permitting redistribution under these terms (or, alternatively, under the terms of the ordinary General Public License).

To apply these terms, attach the following notices to the library. It is safest to attach them to the start of each source file to most effectively

convey the exclusion of warranty; and each file should have at least the
``copyright'' line and a pointer to where the full notice is found.

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@var{one line to give the library's name and an idea of what it does.}
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USA.
@end smallexample

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school, if any, to sign a ``copyright disclaimer'' for the library, if
necessary. Here is a sample; alter the names:

@smallexample
Yoyodyne, Inc., hereby disclaims all copyright interest in the library
`Frob' (a library for tweaking knobs) written by James Random Hacker.

@var{signature of Ty Coon}, 1 April 1990
Ty Coon, President of Vice
@end smallexample

That's all there is to it!

1.66 msmtp 1.6.1-3

1.66.1 Available under license :

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Version 3, 29 June 2007

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Some devices are designed to deny users access to install or run modified versions of the software inside them, although the manufacturer can do so. This is fundamentally incompatible with the aim of protecting users' freedom to change the software. The systematic

pattern of such abuse occurs in the area of products for individuals to use, which is precisely where it is most unacceptable. Therefore, we have designed this version of the GPL to prohibit the practice for those products. If such problems arise substantially in other domains, we stand ready to extend this provision to those domains in future versions of the GPL, as needed to protect the freedom of users.

Finally, every program is threatened constantly by software patents. States should not allow patents to restrict development and use of software on general-purpose computers, but in those that do, we wish to avoid the special danger that patents applied to a free program could make it effectively proprietary. To prevent this, the GPL assures that patents cannot be used to render the program non-free.

The precise terms and conditions for copying, distribution and modification follow.

TERMS AND CONDITIONS

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"Copyright" also means copyright-like laws that apply to other kinds of works, such as semiconductor masks.

"The Program" refers to any copyrightable work licensed under this License. Each licensee is addressed as "you". "Licensees" and "recipients" may be individuals or organizations.

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1. Source Code.

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1.68 libldap 186

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1.73 libubox 2015-06-14-d1c66ef1131d14f0ed197b368d03f71b964e45f8

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1.74 libjson-c 0.11

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1.75 binutils 2.24

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b) under the GNU GPL, with none of the additional permissions of this License applicable to that copy.

3. Object Code Incorporating Material from Library Header Files.

The object code form of an Application may incorporate material from a header file that is part of the Library. You may convey such object code under terms of your choice, provided that, if the incorporated material is not limited to numerical parameters, data structure layouts and accessors, or small macros, inline functions and templates (ten or fewer lines in length), you do both of the following:

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"Source code" for a work means the preferred form of the work for making modifications to it. For a library, complete source code means all the source code for all modules it contains, plus any associated interface definition files, plus the scripts used to control compilation and installation of the library.

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d) If a facility in the modified Library refers to a function or a table of data to be supplied by an application program that uses the facility, other than as an argument passed when the facility is invoked, then you must make a good faith effort to ensure that, in the event an application does not supply such function or table, the facility still operates, and performs whatever part of its purpose remains meaningful.

(For example, a function in a library to compute square roots has a purpose that is entirely well-defined independent of the application. Therefore, Subsection 2d requires that any application-supplied function or table used by this function must be optional: if the application does not supply it, the square root function must still compute square roots.)

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This option is useful when you wish to copy part of the code of the Library into a program that is not a library.

4. You may copy and distribute the Library (or a portion or derivative of it, under Section 2) in object code or executable form under the terms of Sections 1 and 2 above provided that you accompany it with the complete corresponding machine-readable source code, which must be distributed under the terms of Sections 1 and 2 above on a medium customarily used for software interchange.

If distribution of object code is made by offering access to copy from a designated place, then offering equivalent access to copy the source code from the same place satisfies the requirement to distribute the source code, even though third parties are not compelled to copy the source along with the object code.

5. A program that contains no derivative of any portion of the Library, but is designed to work with the Library by being compiled or linked with it, is called a "work that uses the Library". Such a work, in isolation, is not a derivative work of the Library, and therefore falls outside the scope of this License.

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When a "work that uses the Library" uses material from a header file that is part of the Library, the object code for the work may be a derivative work of the Library even though the source code is not. Whether this is true is especially significant if the work can be linked without the Library, or if the work is itself a library. The threshold for this to be true is not precisely defined by law.

If such an object file uses only numerical parameters, data

structure layouts and accessors, and small macros and small inline functions (ten lines or less in length), then the use of the object file is unrestricted, regardless of whether it is legally a derivative work. (Executables containing this object code plus portions of the Library will still fall under Section 6.)

Otherwise, if the work is a derivative of the Library, you may distribute the object code for the work under the terms of Section 6. Any executables containing that work also fall under Section 6, whether or not they are linked directly with the Library itself.

6. As an exception to the Sections above, you may also combine or link a "work that uses the Library" with the Library to produce a work containing portions of the Library, and distribute that work under terms of your choice, provided that the terms permit modification of the work for the customer's own use and reverse engineering for debugging such modifications.

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b) Use a suitable shared library mechanism for linking with the Library. A suitable mechanism is one that (1) uses at run time a copy of the library already present on the user's computer system, rather than copying library functions into the executable, and (2) will operate properly with a modified version of the library, if the user installs one, as long as the modified version is interface-compatible with the version that the work was made with.

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Version 3, 29 June 2007

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The precise terms and conditions for copying, distribution and modification follow.

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1. Source Code.

The "source code" for a work means the preferred form of the work for making modifications to it. "Object code" means any non-source form of a work.

A "Standard Interface" means an interface that either is an official standard defined by a recognized standards body, or, in the case of interfaces specified for a particular programming language, one that is widely used among developers working in that language.

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1.76 libeventlog 0.2.13

1.76.1 Available under license :

This package was debianized by SZALAY Attila <sasa@balabit.hu> on
Tue May 24 20:33:23 CEST 2005

The original source can always be found at:
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1.77 comgt 0.32

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1.82 whereis 2.25.2

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DAMAGE.
Initialize empty image
f1c9645dbc14efddc7d8a322685f26eb bsd.img
Create new DOS partition table
57e721e38d1266c2df055067c18f2cf9 bsd.img

---layout----------
Disk <removed>: 10 MiB, 10485760 bytes, 20480 sectors
Units: sectors of 1 * 512 = 512 bytes
Sector size (logical/physical): 512 bytes / 512 bytes
I/O size (minimum/optimal): 512 bytes / 512 bytes
Disklabel type: dos
Disk identifier: <removed>

Create 1st primary partition
ada64ace122978d00d1d1c0e5ee45d26 bsd.img

---layout----------
Disk <removed>: 10 MiB, 10485760 bytes, 20480 sectors
Units: sectors of 1 * 512 = 512 bytes
Sector size (logical/physical): 512 bytes / 512 bytes
I/O size (minimum/optimal): 512 bytes / 512 bytes
Disklabel type: dos
Disk identifier: <removed>

Device Boot Start End Sectors Size Id Type
<removed>1 2048 4095 2048 1M 83 Linux

Create 2st primary partition
1bebf87248e05d6e4e62b749da65d023 bsd.img
Set 2nd partition type
2d8e8dff51a88a045db233418dd73fbe bsd.img

---layout----------
Disk <removed>: 10 MiB, 10485760 bytes, 20480 sectors
Units: sectors of 1 * 512 = 512 bytes
Sector size (logical/physical): 512 bytes / 512 bytes
I/O size (minimum/optimal): 512 bytes / 512 bytes
Disklabel type: dos
Disk identifier: <removed>

Device Boot Start End Sectors Size Id Type
<removed>1 2048 4095 2048 1M 83 Linux
<removed>2 4096 20479 16384 8M a5 FreeBSD

Create default BSD
2e1cee529cb59c9341afef0443f196a1 bsd.img

---layout----------
Welcome to fdisk <removed>.
Changes will remain in memory only, until you decide to write them.
Be careful before using the write command.

Command (m for help): Entering nested BSD disklabel.

Command (m for help): Disk <removed>2: 10 MiB, 10485760 bytes, 20480 sectors
Geometry: 255 heads, 63 sectors/track, 1 cylinders
Units: sectors of 1 * 512 = 512 bytes
Sector size (logical/physical): 512 bytes / 512 bytes
I/O size (minimum/optimal): 512 bytes / 512 bytes
Disklabel type: bsd
partitions: 4

Slice Start End Sectors Size Type Fsize Bsize Cpg
c 4096 20479 16384 8M unused 0 0 0
d 0 16064 16065 7.9M unused 0 0 0

Partition table entries are not in disk order.

Command (m for help): Leaving nested disklabel.

Command (m for help):
---

b5c121c2091b2ff26b880551feac7112 bsd.img

---layout----------
Welcome to fdisk <removed>.
Changes will remain in memory only, until you decide to write them.
Be careful before using the write command.

Command (m for help): Entering nested BSD disklabel.

Command (m for help): Disk <removed>2: 10 MiB, 10485760 bytes, 20480 sectors
Geometry: 255 heads, 63 sectors/track, 1 cylinders
Units: sectors of 1 * 512 = 512 bytes
Sector size (logical/physical): 512 bytes / 512 bytes
I/O size (minimum/optimal): 512 bytes / 512 bytes
Disklabel type: bsd
partitions: 4

Slice Start End Sectors Size Type Fsize Bsize Cpg
a 4096 6144 2049 1M 4.2BSD 0 0 0

c 4096 20479 16384 8M unused 0 0 0
d 0 16064 16065 7.9M unused 0 0 0

Partition table entries are not in disk order.

Command (m for help): Leaving nested disklabel.

Command (m for help):

Changes will remain in memory only, until you decide to write them.
Be careful before using the write command.

Command (m for help): Entering nested BSD disklabel.

Command (m for help):
0 unused 5 4.1BSD 9 4.4LFS d boot
1 swap 6 Eighth Edition a unknown e ADOS
2 Version 6 7 4.2BSD b HPFS f HFS
3 Version 7 8 MS-DOS c ISO-9660 10 AdvFS
4 System V

Command (m for help):
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1.83 libdb47 4.7.25

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$Id: Makefile,v 1.2 2006/10/05 01:06:05 bostic Exp $

BUILD= license_db.html

all: ${BUILD}
<!--$Id: license_db.so,v 10.18 2006/10/05 20:52:51 bostic Exp $-->
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1.84 libqmi 1.8.0

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1.91 linux-kernel 4.1.8

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```
/* nicstar.c  v0.22  Jawaid Bazyar (bazyar@hypermall.com)
* nicstar.c, M. Welsh (matt.welsh@cl.cam.ac.uk)
*
* Hacked October, 1997 by Jawaid Bazyar, Interlink Advertising Services Inc.
*  http://www.hypermall.com/
* 10/1/97 - commented out CFG_PHYIE bit - we don't care when the PHY
* interrupts us (except possibly for removal/insertion of the cable?)
* 10/4/97 - began heavy inline documentation of the code. Corrected typos
* and spelling mistakes.
* 10/5/97 - added code to handle PHY interrupts, disable PHY on
```

```
* loss of link, and correctly re-enable PHY when link is
* re-established. (put back CFG_PHYIE)
*
*   Modified to work with the IDT7721 nicstar -- AAL5 (tested) only.
*
* R. D. Rechenmacher <ron@fnal.gov>, Aug. 6, 1997
*
* Linux driver for the IDT77201 NICStAR PCI ATM controller.
* PHY component is expected to be 155 Mbps S/UNI-Lite or IDT 77155;
* see init_nicstar() for PHY initialization to change this. This driver
* expects the Linux ATM stack to support scatter-gather lists
* (skb->atm.iovcnt != 0) for Rx skb's passed to vcc->push.
*
* Implementing minimal-copy of received data:
*   IDT always receives data into a small buffer, then large buffers
*     as needed. This means that data must always be copied to create
*     the linear buffer needed by most non-ATM protocol stacks (e.g. IP)
*     Fix is simple: make large buffers large enough to hold entire
*     SDU, and leave <small_buffer_data> bytes empty at the start. Then
*     copy small buffer contents to head of large buffer.
*   Trick is to avoid fragmenting Linux, due to need for a lot of large
*     buffers. This is done by 2 things:
*       1) skb->destructor / skb->atm.recycle_buffer
*            combined, allow nicstar_free_rx_skb to be called to
*            recycle large data buffers
*       2) skb_clone of received buffers
*   See nicstar_free_rx_skb and linearize_buffer for implementation
*     details.
*
*
*
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*   along with this program; if not, write to the Free Software
*   Foundation, Inc., 675 Mass Ave, Cambridge, MA 02139, USA.
*
* M. Welsh, 6 July 1996
```

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*
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Christian Theiss
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for their continuing work on the DVB driver

Michael Holzt <kju@debian.org>
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Diego Picciani <d.picciani@novacomp.it>
 for CyberLogin for Linux which allows logging onto EON
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Martin Schaller <martin@smurf.franken.de>
 for patching the cable card decoder driver

Klaus Schmidinger <Klaus.Schmidinger@cadsoft.de>
 for various fixes regarding tuning, OSD and CI stuff and his work on VDR

Steve Brown <sbrown@cortland.com>
 for his AFC kernel thread

Christoph Martin <martin@uni-mainz.de>
 for his LIRC infrared handler

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Ronny Strutz <3des@elitedvb.de>
Wolfram Joost <dbox2@frokaschwei.de>
...and all the other dbox2 people
 for many bugfixes in the generic DVB Core, frontend drivers and
 their work on the dbox2 port of the DVB driver

Oliver Endriss <o.endriss@gmx.de>
 for many bugfixes

Andrew de Quincey <adq_dvb@lidskialf.net>
 for the tda1004x frontend driver, and various bugfixes

Peter Schildmann <peter.schildmann@web.de>
 for the driver for the Technisat SkyStar2 PCI DVB card

Vadim Catana <skystar@moldova.cc>
Roberto Ragusa <r.ragusa@libero.it>
Augusto Cardoso <augusto@carhil.net>
 for all the work for the FlexCopII chipset by B2C2,Inc.

Davor Emard <emard@softhome.net>
 for his work on the budget drivers, the demux code,
 the module unloading problems, ...

Hans-Frieder Vogt <hfvogt@arcor.de>
 for his work on calculating and checking the crc's for the

TechnoTrend/Hauppauge DEC driver firmware

Michael Dreher <michael@5dot1.de>
Andreas 'randy' Weinberger
for the support of the Fujitsu-Siemens Activy budget DVB-S

Kenneth Aafly <ke-aa@frisurf.no>
for adding support for Typhoon DVB-S budget card

Ernst Peinlich <e.peinlich@inode.at>
for tuning/DiSEqC support for the DEC 3000-s

Peter Beutner <p.beutner@gmx.net>
for the IR code for the ttusb-dec driver

Wilson Michaels <wilsonmichaels@earthlink.net>
for the lgdt330x frontend driver, and various bugfixes

Michael Krufky <mkrufky@linuxtv.org>
for maintaining v4l/dvb inter-tree dependencies

Taylor Jacob <rtjacob@earthlink.net>
for the nxt2002 frontend driver

Jean-Francois Thibert <jeanfrancois@sagetv.com>
for the nxt2004 frontend driver

Kirk Lapray <kirk.lapray@gmail.com>
for the or51211 and or51132 frontend drivers, and
for merging the nxt2002 and nxt2004 modules into a
single nxt200x frontend driver.

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```
package gnu.classpath.tools.taglets;

import java.util.Map;

import com.sun.tools.doclets.Taglet;

import com.sun.javadoc.Tag;

/**
*  A simple Taglet which handles Copyright information.
*/
public class CopyrightTaglet implements Taglet {

  private static final String NAME = "copyright";
  private static final String HEADER = "Copyright:";

  public String getName() {
    return NAME;
```

```
}

public boolean inField() {
  return true;
}

public boolean inConstructor() {
  return true;
}

public boolean inMethod() {
  return true;
}

public boolean inOverview() {
  return true;
}

public boolean inPackage() {
  return true;
}

public boolean inType() {
  return true;
}

public boolean isInlineTag() {
  return false;
}

public static void register(Map tagletMap) {
  CopyrightTaglet copyrightTaglet = new CopyrightTaglet();
  tagletMap.put(copyrightTaglet.getName(), copyrightTaglet);
}

public String toString(Tag tag) {
  return toString(new Tag[] { tag });
}

public String toString(Tag[] tags) {
  if (tags.length == 0) {
    return null;
  }
  else {
    boolean haveValidTag = false;
    for (int i = 0; i < tags.length && !haveValidTag; ++i) {
      if (tags[i].text().length() > 0) {
        haveValidTag = true;
```

```
        }
      }

      if (haveValidTag) {
        StringBuffer result = new StringBuffer();
        result.append("<dl>");
        for (int i = 0; i < tags.length; i++) {
          if (tags[i].text().length() > 0) {
            result.append("<dt><i>Copyright &#169; " + tags[i].text() + "</i></dt>");
          }
        }
        result.append("</dl>");
        return result.toString();
      }
      else {
        return null;
      }
    }
  }
}
```

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b) Use a suitable shared library mechanism for linking with the Library. A suitable mechanism is one that (1) uses at run time a copy of the library already present on the user's computer system, rather than copying library functions into the executable, and (2) will operate properly with a modified version of the library, if the user installs one, as long as the modified version is interface-compatible with the version that the work was made with.

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<signature of Ty Coon>, 1 April 1990
Ty Coon, President of Vice

That's all there is to it!

// DO NOT EDIT THIS FILE - it is machine generated -*- c++ -*-

#ifndef __java_security_Permission__
#define __java_security_Permission__

#pragma interface

#include <java/lang/Object.h>
extern "Java"

```
{
 namespace java
 {
  namespace security
  {
     class Permission;
     class PermissionCollection;
  }
 }
}

class java::security::Permission : public ::java::lang::Object
{

public:
 Permission(::java::lang::String *);
 virtual void checkGuard(::java::lang::Object *);
 virtual jboolean implies(::java::security::Permission *) = 0;
 virtual jboolean equals(::java::lang::Object *) = 0;
 virtual jint hashCode() = 0;
 virtual ::java::lang::String * getName();
 virtual ::java::lang::String * getActions() = 0;
 virtual ::java::security::PermissionCollection * newPermissionCollection();
 virtual ::java::lang::String * toString();
private:
 static const jlong serialVersionUID = -5636570222231596674LL;
 ::java::lang::String * __attribute__((aligned(__alignof__( ::java::lang::Object)))) name;
public:
 static ::java::lang::Class class$;
};

#endif // __java_security_Permission__
@ignore
@c Set file name and title for man page.
@setfilename gpl
@settitle GNU General Public License
@c man begin SEEALSO
gfdl(7), fsf-funding(7).
@c man end
@c man begin COPYRIGHT
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@c man end
@end ignore
@node Copying
@c man begin DESCRIPTION
```

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@item
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@c man end
/* Permission.java -- The superclass for all permission objects
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obligated to do so. If you do not wish to do so, delete this
exception statement from your version. */

```
package java.security;

import gnu.java.lang.CPStringBuilder;

import java.io.Serializable;

/**
* This class is the abstract superclass of all classes that implement
* the concept of a permission. A permission consists of a permission name
* and optionally a list of actions that relate to the permission. The
* actual meaning of the name of the permission is defined only in the
* context of a subclass. It may name a resource to which access permissions
* are granted (for example, the name of a file) or it might represent
* something else entirely. Similarly, the action list only has meaning
```

```
* within the context of a subclass.  Some permission names may have no
* actions associated with them.  That is, you either have the permission
* or you don't.
*
* <p>The most important method in this class is <code>implies</code>.  This
* checks whether if one has this permission, then the specified
* permission is also implied.  As a conceptual example, consider the
* permissions "Read All Files" and "Read File foo".  The permission
* "Read All Files" implies that the caller has permission to read the
* file foo.
*
* <p><code>Permission</code>'s must be immutable - do not change their
* state after creation.
*
* @author Aaron M. Renn (arenn@urbanophile.com)
* @see Permissions
* @see PermissionCollection
* @since 1.1
* @status updated to 1.4
*/
public abstract class Permission implements Guard, Serializable
{
 /**
  * Compatible with JDK 1.1+.
  */
 private static final long serialVersionUID = -5636570222231596674L;

 /**
  * This is the name assigned to this permission object.
  *
  * @serial the name of the permission
  */
 private String name;

 /**
  * Create an instance with the specified name.
  *
  * @param name the permission name
  */
 public Permission(String name)
 {
   this.name = name;
 }

 /**
  * This method implements the <code>Guard</code> interface for this class.
  * It calls the <code>checkPermission</code> method in
  * <code>SecurityManager</code> with this <code>Permission</code> as its
```

```
 * argument.  This method returns silently if the security check succeeds
 * or throws an exception if it fails.
 *
 * @param obj the <code>Object</code> being guarded - ignored by this class
 * @throws SecurityException if the security check fails
 * @see GuardedObject
 * @see SecurityManager#checkPermission(Permission)
 */
public void checkGuard(Object obj)
{
  SecurityManager sm = System.getSecurityManager();
  if (sm != null)
    sm.checkPermission(this);
}

/**
 * This method tests whether this <code>Permission</code> implies that the
 * specified <code>Permission</code> is also granted.
 *
 * @param perm the <code>Permission</code> to test against
 * @return true if perm is implied by this
 */
public abstract boolean implies(Permission perm);

/**
 * Check to see if this object equals obj. Use <code>implies</code>, rather
 * than <code>equals</code>, when making access control decisions.
 *
 * @param obj the object to compare to
 */
public abstract boolean equals(Object obj);

/**
 * This method returns a hash code for this <code>Permission</code>. It
 * must satisfy the contract of <code>Object.hashCode</code>: it must be
 * the same for all objects that equals considers to be the same.
 *
 * @return a hash value
 */
public abstract int hashCode();

/**
 * Get the name of this <code>Permission</code>.
 *
 * @return the name
 */
public final String getName()
{
```

```
  return name;
}

/**
 * This method returns the list of actions for this <code>Permission</code>
 * as a <code>String</code>. The string should be in canonical order, for
 * example, both <code>new FilePermission(f, "write,read")</code> and
 * <code>new FilePermission(f, "read,write")</code> have the action list
 * "read,write".
 *
 * @return the action list for this <code>Permission</code>
 */
public abstract String getActions();

/**
 * This method returns an empty <code>PermissionCollection</code> object
 * that can store permissions of this type, or <code>null</code> if no
 * such collection is defined. Subclasses must override this to provide
 * an appropriate collection when one is needed to accurately calculate
 * <code>implies</code>.
 *
 * @return a new <code>PermissionCollection</code>
 */
public PermissionCollection newPermissionCollection()
{
  return null;
}

/**
 * This method returns a <code>String</code> representation of this
 * <code>Permission</code> object. This is in the format:
 * <code>'(' + getClass().getName() + ' ' + getName() + ' ' + getActions
 * + ')'</code>.
 *
 * @return this object as a <code>String</code>
 */
public String toString()
{
  CPStringBuilder string = new CPStringBuilder();

  string = string.append('(');
  string = string.append(getClass().getName());
  string = string.append(' ');
  string = string.append(getName());

  if (!(getActions().equals("")))
    {
      string = string.append(' ');
```

```
      string = string.append(getActions());
    }

  string = string.append(')');
  return string.toString();
 }
} // class Permission
```

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<signature of Ty Coon>, 1 April 1990
Ty Coon, President of Vice

That's all there is to it!
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  xml:id="appendix.gpl-3.0"><info><title>
  <acronym>GNU</acronym> General Public License version 3
 </title></info>
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 </para>
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 </para>
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<para>
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<para>
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<para>
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</para>

<para>
The precise terms and conditions for copying, distribution and modification
follow.
</para>
<bridgehead>
TERMS AND CONDITIONS
</bridgehead>
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earlier work.
</para>
<para>
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</para>
<para>
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countries other activities as well.
</para>
<para>
To convey a work means any kind of propagation that enables
other parties to make or receive copies. Mere interaction with a user
through a computer network, with no transfer of a copy, is not conveying.
</para>

<para>
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Notices to the extent that it includes a convenient and prominently
visible feature that (1) displays an appropriate copyright notice, and (2)
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that warranties are provided), that licensees may convey the work under this
License, and how to view a copy of this License. If the interface presents
a list of user commands or options, such as a menu, a prominent item in the
list meets this criterion.
</para>
<bridgehead xml:id="SourceCode" renderas="sect1">
1. Source Code.
</bridgehead>
<para>
The source code for a work means the preferred form of the
work for making modifications to it. Object code means any
non-source form of a work.
</para>
<para>
A Standard Interface means an interface that either is an
official standard defined by a recognized standards body, or, in the case of
interfaces specified for a particular programming language, one that is
widely used among developers working in that language.
</para>
<para>
The System Libraries of an executable work include anything,
other than the work as a whole, that (a) is included in the normal form of
packaging a Major Component, but which is not part of that Major Component,
and (b) serves only to enable use of the work with that Major Component, or
to implement a Standard Interface for which an implementation is available
to the public in source code form. A Major Component, in this
context, means a major essential component (kernel, window system, and so
on) of the specific operating system (if any) on which the executable work
runs, or a compiler used to produce the work, or an object code interpreter
used to run it.
</para>
<para>
The Corresponding Source for a work in object code form means
all the source code needed to generate, install, and (for an executable
work) run the object code and to modify the work, including scripts to
control those activities. However, it does not include the works
System Libraries, or general-purpose tools or generally available free
programs which are used unmodified in performing those activities but which
are not part of the work. For example, Corresponding Source includes
interface definition files associated with source files for the work, and
the source code for shared libraries and dynamically linked subprograms that
the work is specifically designed to require, such as by intimate data
communication or control flow between those subprograms and other parts of

the work.
</para>
<para>
The Corresponding Source need not include anything that users can regenerate automatically from other parts of the Corresponding Source.
</para>
<para>
The Corresponding Source for a work in source code form is that same work.
</para>
<bridgehead xml:id="BasicPermissions" renderas="sect1">
2. Basic Permissions.
</bridgehead>
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</para>
<para>
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</para>
<bridgehead xml:id="Protecting" renderas="sect1">
3. Protecting Users Legal Rights From Anti-Circumvention Law.
</bridgehead>
<para>
No covered work shall be deemed part of an effective technological measure under any applicable law fulfilling obligations under article 11 of the WIPO copyright treaty adopted on 20 December 1996, or similar laws prohibiting or restricting circumvention of such measures.
</para>
<para>

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</para>
<bridgehead xml:id="ConveyingVerbatim" renderas="sect1">
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</bridgehead>
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accord with section 7 apply to the code; keep intact all notices of the
absence of any warranty; and give all recipients a copy of this License
along with the Program.
</para>
<para>
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may offer support or warranty protection for a fee.
</para>
<bridgehead xml:id="ConveyingModified" renderas="sect1">
5. Conveying Modified Source Versions.
</bridgehead>
<para>
You may convey a work based on the Program, or the modifications to produce
it from the Program, in the form of source code under the terms of section
4, provided that you also meet all of these conditions:
</para>
<orderedlist numeration="loweralpha" inheritnum="ignore" continuation="restarts">
<listitem>
<para>
The work must carry prominent notices stating that you modified it, and
giving a relevant date.
</para>
</listitem>
<listitem>
<para>
The work must carry prominent notices stating that it is released under
this License and any conditions added under section 7. This requirement
modifies the requirement in section 4 to keep intact all
notices.
</para>
</listitem>
<listitem>

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</listitem>
<listitem>
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interfaces that do not display Appropriate Legal Notices, your work need
not make them do so.
</para>
</listitem>
</orderedlist>
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or legal rights of the compilations users beyond what the individual works
permit. Inclusion of a covered work in an aggregate does not cause
this License to apply to the other parts of the aggregate.
</para>
<bridgehead xml:id="ConveyingNonSource" renderas="sect1">
6. Conveying Non-Source Forms.
</bridgehead>
<para>
You may convey a covered work in object code form under the terms of
sections 4 and 5, provided that you also convey the machine-readable
Corresponding Source under the terms of this License, in one of these ways:
</para>
<orderedlist numeration="loweralpha" inheritnum="ignore" continuation="restarts">
<listitem>
<para>
Convey the object code in, or embodied in, a physical product (including
a physical distribution medium), accompanied by the Corresponding Source
fixed on a durable physical medium customarily used for software
interchange.
</para>
</listitem>
<listitem>
<para>

Convey the object code in, or embodied in, a physical product (including a physical distribution medium), accompanied by a written offer, valid for at least three years and valid for as long as you offer spare parts or customer support for that product model, to give anyone who possesses the object code either (1) a copy of the Corresponding Source for all the software in the product that is covered by this License, on a durable physical medium customarily used for software interchange, for a price no more than your reasonable cost of physically performing this conveying of source, or (2) access to copy the Corresponding Source from a network server at no charge.

</para>

</listitem>

<listitem>

<para>

Convey individual copies of the object code with a copy of the written offer to provide the Corresponding Source. This alternative is allowed only occasionally and noncommercially, and only if you received the object code with such an offer, in accord with subsection 6b.

</para>

</listitem>

<listitem>

<para>

Convey the object code by offering access from a designated place (gratis or for a charge), and offer equivalent access to the Corresponding Source in the same way through the same place at no further charge. You need not require recipients to copy the Corresponding Source along with the object code. If the place to copy the object code is a network server, the Corresponding Source may be on a different server (operated by you or a third party) that supports equivalent copying facilities, provided you maintain clear directions next to the object code saying where to find the Corresponding Source. Regardless of what server hosts the Corresponding Source, you remain obligated to ensure that it is available for as long as needed to satisfy these requirements.

</para>

</listitem>

<listitem>

<para>

Convey the object code using peer-to-peer transmission, provided you inform other peers where the object code and Corresponding Source of the work are being offered to the general public at no charge under subsection 6d.

</para>

</listitem>

</orderedlist>

<para>

A separable portion of the object code, whose source code is excluded from the Corresponding Source as a System Library, need not be included in

conveying the object code work.
</para>
<para>
A User Product is either (1) a consumer product,
which means any tangible personal property which is normally used for
personal, family, or household purposes, or (2) anything designed or sold
for incorporation into a dwelling. In determining whether a product is a
consumer product, doubtful cases shall be resolved in favor of coverage.
For a particular product received by a particular user, normally
used refers to a typical or common use of that class of product,
regardless of the status of the particular user or of the way in which the
particular user actually uses, or expects or is expected to use, the
product. A product is a consumer product regardless of whether the product
has substantial commercial, industrial or non-consumer uses, unless such
uses represent the only significant mode of use of the product.
</para>
<para>
Installation Information for a User Product means any methods,
procedures, authorization keys, or other information required to install and
execute modified versions of a covered work in that User Product from a
modified version of its Corresponding Source. The information must suffice
to ensure that the continued functioning of the modified object code is in
no case prevented or interfered with solely because modification has been
made.
</para>
<para>
If you convey an object code work under this section in, or with, or
specifically for use in, a User Product, and the conveying occurs as part of
a transaction in which the right of possession and use of the User Product
is transferred to the recipient in perpetuity or for a fixed term
(regardless of how the transaction is characterized), the Corresponding
Source conveyed under this section must be accompanied by the Installation
Information. But this requirement does not apply if neither you nor any
third party retains the ability to install modified object code on the User
Product (for example, the work has been installed in
<acronym>ROM</acronym>).
</para>
<para>
The requirement to provide Installation Information does not include a
requirement to continue to provide support service, warranty, or updates for
a work that has been modified or installed by the recipient, or for the User
Product in which it has been modified or installed. Access to a network may
be denied when the modification itself materially and adversely affects the
operation of the network or violates the rules and protocols for
communication across the network.
</para>
<para>
Corresponding Source conveyed, and Installation Information provided, in

accord with this section must be in a format that is publicly documented
(and with an implementation available to the public in source code form),
and must require no special password or key for unpacking, reading or
copying.
</para>
<bridgehead xml:id="AdditionalTerms" renderas="sect1">
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</bridgehead>
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<para>
If you add terms to a covered work in accord with this section, you must
place, in the relevant source files, a statement of the additional terms
that apply to those files, or a notice indicating where to find the
applicable terms.
</para>
<para>
Additional terms, permissive or non-permissive, may be stated in the form
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</para>

<bridgehead xml:id="gpl-3-termination" renderas="sect1">
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</bridgehead>
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<para>
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<bridgehead xml:id="AutomaticDownstream" renderas="sect1">
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</bridgehead>
<para>

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</para>
<bridgehead xml:id="InterpretationSecs1516" renderas="sect1">
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</bridgehead>
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</para>
<bridgehead>
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<para>
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found.
</para>
<screen>
<replaceable>one line to give the programs name and a brief idea of what it does.</replaceable>
Copyright (C) <replaceable>year</replaceable> <replaceable>name of author</replaceable>

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xlink:href="http://www.gnu.org/licenses/">http://www.gnu.org/licenses/</link>.
</screen>
<para>
Also add information on how to contact you by electronic and paper mail.
</para>
<para>
If the program does terminal interaction, make it output a short notice like
this when it starts in an interactive mode:
</para>
<screen>

<replaceable>program</replaceable> Copyright (C) <replaceable>year</replaceable> <replaceable>name of author</replaceable>
This program comes with ABSOLUTELY NO WARRANTY; for details type <literal>show w</literal>.
This is free software, and you are welcome to redistribute it
under certain conditions; type <literal>show c</literal> for details.
</screen>
<para>
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the General Public License. Of course, your programs commands might be
different; for a GUI interface, you would use an about box.
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</para>
</appendix>
.\" Automatically generated by Pod::Man 2.25 (Pod::Simple 3.16)
.\"
.\" Standard preamble:
.\" ==
.de Sp \" Vertical space (when we can't use .PP)
.if t .sp .5v
.if n .sp
..
.de Vb \" Begin verbatim text
.ft CW
.nf
.ne \\$1
..
.de Ve \" End verbatim text
.ft R
.fi
..

```
.\" Set up some character translations and predefined strings.  \*(-- will
.\" give an unbreakable dash, \*(PI will give pi, \*(L" will give a left
.\" double quote, and \*(R" will give a right double quote.  \*(C+ will
.\" give a nicer C++.  Capital omega is used to do unbreakable dashes and
.\" therefore won't be available.  \*(C` and \*(C' expand to `' in nroff,
.\" nothing in troff, for use with C<>.
.tr \(*W-
.ds C+ C\v'-.1v'\h'-1p'\s-2+\h'-1p'+\s0\v'.1v'\h'-1p'
.ie n \{\
.    ds -- \(*W-
.    ds PI pi
.    if (\n(.H=4u)&(1m=24u) .ds -- \(*W\h'-12u'\(*W\h'-12u'-\" diablo 10 pitch
.    if (\n(.H=4u)&(1m=20u) .ds -- \(*W\h'-12u'\(*W\h'-8u'-\"  diablo 12 pitch
.    ds L" ""
.    ds R" ""
.    ds C` ""
.    ds C' ""
'br\}
.el\{\
.    ds -- \|\(em\|
.    ds PI \(*p
.    ds L" ``
.    ds R" ''
'br\}
.\"
.\" Escape single quotes in literal strings from groff's Unicode transform.
.ie \n(.g .ds Aq \(aq
.el       .ds Aq '
.\"
.\" If the F register is turned on, we'll generate index entries on stderr for
.\" titles (.TH), headers (.SH), subsections (.SS), items (.Ip), and index
.\" entries marked with X<> in POD.  Of course, you'll have to process the
.\" output yourself in some meaningful fashion.
.ie \nF \{\
.    de IX
.    tm Index:\\$1\t\\n%\t"\\$2"
..
.    nr % 0
.    rr F
.\}
.el \{\
.    de IX
..
.\}
.\"
.\" Accent mark definitions (@(#)ms.acc 1.5 88/02/08 SMI; from UCB 4.2).
.\" Fear.  Run.  Save yourself.  No user-serviceable parts.
.    \" fudge factors for nroff and troff
```

```
.if n \{\
.    ds #H 0
.    ds #V .8m
.    ds #F .3m
.    ds #[ \f1
.    ds #] \fP
.\}
.if t \{\
.    ds #H ((1u-(\\\n(.fu%2u))*.13m)
.    ds #V .6m
.    ds #F 0
.    ds #[ \&
.    ds #] \&
.\}
.    \" simple accents for nroff and troff
.if n \{\
.    ds ' \&
.    ds ` \&
.    ds ^ \&
.    ds , \&
.    ds ~ ~
.    ds /
.\}
.if t \{\
.    ds ' \\k:\h'-(\\n(.wu*8/10-\*(#H)'\'\h'|\\n:u"
.    ds ` \\k:\h'-(\\n(.wu*8/10-\*(#H)'\`\h'|\\n:u'
.    ds ^ \\k:\h'-(\\n(.wu*10/11-\*(#H)'^\h'|\\n:u'
.    ds , \\k:\h'-(\\n(.wu*8/10)',\h'|\\n:u'
.    ds ~ \\k:\h'-(\\n(.wu-\*(#H-.1m)'~\h'|\\n:u'
.    ds / \\k:\h'-(\\n(.wu*8/10-\*(#H)'\z\(sl\h'|\\n:u'
.\}
.    \" troff and (daisy-wheel) nroff accents
.ds : \\k:\h'-(\\n(.wu*8/10-\*(#H+.1m+\*(#F)'\v'-\*(#V'\z.\h'.2m+\*(#F'.\h'|\\n:u'\v'\*(#V'
.ds 8 \h'\*(#H'\(*b\h'-\*(#H'
.ds o \\k:\h'-(\\n(.wu+\w'\(de'u-\*(#H)/2u'\v'-.3n'\*(#[\z\(de\v'.3n'\h'|\\n:u'\*(#]
.ds d- \h'\*(#H'\(pd\h'-\w'~'u'\v'-.25m'\f2\(hy\fP\v'.25m'\h'-\*(#H'
.ds D- D\\k:\h'-\w'D'u'\v'-.11m'\z\(hy\v'.11m'\h'|\\n:u'
.ds th \*(#[\v'.3m'\s+1I\s-1\v'-.3m'\h'-(\w'I'u*2/3)'\s-1o\s+1\*(#]
.ds Th \*(#[\s+2I\s-2\h'-\w'I'u*3/5'\v'-.3m'o\v'.3m'\*(#]
.ds ae a\h'-(\w'a'u*4/10)'e
.ds Ae A\h'-(\w'A'u*4/10)'E
.    \" corrections for vroff
.if v .ds ~ \\k:\h'-(\\n(.wu*9/10-\*(#H)'\s-2\u~\d\s+2\h'|\\n:u'
.if v .ds ^ \\k:\h'-(\\n(.wu*10/11-\*(#H)'\v'-.4m'^\v'.4m'\h'|\\n:u'
.    \" for low resolution devices (crt and lpr)
.if \n(.H>23 .if \n(.V>19 \
\{\
.    ds : e
```

```
.   ds 8 ss
.   ds o a
.   ds d- d\h'-1'\(ga
.   ds D- D\h'-1'\(hy
.   ds th \o'bp'
.   ds Th \o'LP'
.   ds ae ae
.   ds Ae AE
.\}
.rm #[ #] #H #V #F C
.\" ========================================================================
.\"
.IX Title "GPL 7"
.TH GPL 7 "2014-04-01" "gcc-4.8.3" "GNU"
.\" For nroff, turn off justification.  Always turn off hyphenation; it makes
.\" way too many mistakes in technical documents.
.if n .ad l
.nh
.SH "NAME"
gpl \- GNU General Public License
.SH "DESCRIPTION"
.IX Header "DESCRIPTION"
.SS "\s-1GNU\s0 General Public License"
.IX Subsection "GNU General Public License"
.SS "Version 3, 29 June 2007"
.IX Subsection "Version 3, 29 June 2007"
.Vb 1
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.Ve
.SS "Preamble"
.IX Subsection "Preamble"
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.PP
The precise terms and conditions for copying, distribution and
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.SS "\s-1TERMS\s0 \s-1AND\s0 \s-1CONDITIONS\s0"
.IX Subsection "TERMS AND CONDITIONS"
.IP "0. Definitions." 4
.IX Item "0. Definitions."
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.Sp
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.Sp
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conveying.
.Sp
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the extent that it includes a convenient and prominently visible
feature that (1) displays an appropriate copyright notice, and (2)
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work under this License, and how to view a copy of this License. If
the interface presents a list of user commands or options, such as a
menu, a prominent item in the list meets this criterion.
.IP "1. Source Code." 4
.IX Item "1. Source Code."
The *(L"source code*(R" for a work means the preferred form of the work for
making modifications to it. *(L"Object code*(R" means any non-source form
of a work.
.Sp
A *(L"Standard Interface*(R" means an interface that either is an official

standard defined by a recognized standards body, or, in the case of
interfaces specified for a particular programming language, one that
is widely used among developers working in that language.
.Sp
The *(L"System Libraries*(R" of an executable work include anything, other
than the work as a whole, that (a) is included in the normal form of
packaging a Major Component, but which is not part of that Major
Component, and (b) serves only to enable use of the work with that
Major Component, or to implement a Standard Interface for which an
implementation is available to the public in source code form. A
\&*(L"Major Component*(R", in this context, means a major essential component
(kernel, window system, and so on) of the specific operating system
(if any) on which the executable work runs, or a compiler used to
produce the work, or an object code interpreter used to run it.
.Sp
The *(L"Corresponding Source*(R" for a work in object code form means all
the source code needed to generate, install, and (for an executable
work) run the object code and to modify the work, including scripts to
control those activities. However, it does not include the work's
System Libraries, or general-purpose tools or generally available free
programs which are used unmodified in performing those activities but
which are not part of the work. For example, Corresponding Source
includes interface definition files associated with source files for
the work, and the source code for shared libraries and dynamically
linked subprograms that the work is specifically designed to require,
such as by intimate data communication or control flow between those
subprograms and other parts of the work.
.Sp
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.Sp
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.IP "3. Protecting Users' Legal Rights From Anti-Circumvention Law." 4
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You may charge any price or no price for each copy that you convey, and you may offer support or warranty protection for a fee.
.IP "5. Conveying Modified Source Versions." 4
.IX Item "5. Conveying Modified Source Versions."
You may convey a work based on the Program, or the modifications to produce it from the Program, in the form of source code under the terms of section 4, provided that you also meet all of these conditions:
.RS 4
.IP "a." 4
.IX Item "a."
The work must carry prominent notices stating that you modified it, and giving a relevant date.
.IP "b." 4

.IX Item "b."
The work must carry prominent notices stating that it is released
under this License and any conditions added under section 7. This
requirement modifies the requirement in section 4 to *(L"keep intact all
notices*(R".
.IP "c." 4
.IX Item "c."
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to the whole of the work, and all its parts, regardless of how they
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any other way, but it does not invalidate such permission if you have
separately received it.
.IP "d." 4
.IX Item "d."
If the work has interactive user interfaces, each must display
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interfaces that do not display Appropriate Legal Notices, your work
need not make them do so.
.RE
.RS 4
.Sp
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works, which are not by their nature extensions of the covered work,
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in or on a volume of a storage or distribution medium, is called an
\&*(L"aggregate*(R" if the compilation and its resulting copyright are not
used to limit the access or legal rights of the compilation's users
beyond what the individual works permit. Inclusion of a covered work
in an aggregate does not cause this License to apply to the other
parts of the aggregate.
.RE
.IP "6. Conveying Non-Source Forms." 4
.IX Item "6. Conveying Non-Source Forms."
You may convey a covered work in object code form under the terms of
sections 4 and 5, provided that you also convey the machine-readable
Corresponding Source under the terms of this License, in one of these
ways:
.RS 4
.IP "a." 4
.IX Item "a."
Convey the object code in, or embodied in, a physical product
(including a physical distribution medium), accompanied by the
Corresponding Source fixed on a durable physical medium customarily
used for software interchange.
.IP "b." 4
.IX Item "b."

Convey the object code in, or embodied in, a physical product
(including a physical distribution medium), accompanied by a written
offer, valid for at least three years and valid for as long as you
offer spare parts or customer support for that product model, to give
anyone who possesses the object code either (1) a copy of the
Corresponding Source for all the software in the product that is
covered by this License, on a durable physical medium customarily used
for software interchange, for a price no more than your reasonable
cost of physically performing this conveying of source, or (2) access
to copy the Corresponding Source from a network server at no charge.
.IP "c." 4
.IX Item "c."
Convey individual copies of the object code with a copy of the written
offer to provide the Corresponding Source. This alternative is
allowed only occasionally and noncommercially, and only if you
received the object code with such an offer, in accord with subsection
6b.
.IP "d." 4
.IX Item "d."
Convey the object code by offering access from a designated place
(gratis or for a charge), and offer equivalent access to the
Corresponding Source in the same way through the same place at no
further charge. You need not require recipients to copy the
Corresponding Source along with the object code. If the place to copy
the object code is a network server, the Corresponding Source may be
on a different server (operated by you or a third party) that supports
equivalent copying facilities, provided you maintain clear directions
next to the object code saying where to find the Corresponding Source.
Regardless of what server hosts the Corresponding Source, you remain
obligated to ensure that it is available for as long as needed to
satisfy these requirements.
.IP "e." 4
.IX Item "e."
Convey the object code using peer-to-peer transmission, provided you
inform other peers where the object code and Corresponding Source of
the work are being offered to the general public at no charge under
subsection 6d.
.RE
.RS 4
.Sp
A separable portion of the object code, whose source code is excluded
from the Corresponding Source as a System Library, need not be
included in conveying the object code work.
.Sp
A *(L"User Product*(R" is either (1) a *(L"consumer product*(R", which means any
tangible personal property which is normally used for personal,
family, or household purposes, or (2) anything designed or sold for
incorporation into a dwelling. In determining whether a product is a

consumer product, doubtful cases shall be resolved in favor of
coverage. For a particular product received by a particular user,
\&*(L"normally used*(R" refers to a typical or common use of that class of
product, regardless of the status of the particular user or of the way
in which the particular user actually uses, or expects or is expected
to use, the product. A product is a consumer product regardless of
whether the product has substantial commercial, industrial or
non-consumer uses, unless such uses represent the only significant
mode of use of the product.
.Sp
\&*(L"Installation Information*(R" for a User Product means any methods,
procedures, authorization keys, or other information required to
install and execute modified versions of a covered work in that User
Product from a modified version of its Corresponding Source. The
information must suffice to ensure that the continued functioning of
the modified object code is in no case prevented or interfered with
solely because modification has been made.
.Sp
If you convey an object code work under this section in, or with, or
specifically for use in, a User Product, and the conveying occurs as
part of a transaction in which the right of possession and use of the
User Product is transferred to the recipient in perpetuity or for a
fixed term (regardless of how the transaction is characterized), the
Corresponding Source conveyed under this section must be accompanied
by the Installation Information. But this requirement does not apply
if neither you nor any third party retains the ability to install
modified object code on the User Product (for example, the work has
been installed in \s-1ROM\s0).
.Sp
The requirement to provide Installation Information does not include a
requirement to continue to provide support service, warranty, or
updates for a work that has been modified or installed by the
recipient, or for the User Product in which it has been modified or
installed. Access to a network may be denied when the modification
itself materially and adversely affects the operation of the network
or violates the rules and protocols for communication across the
network.
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Corresponding Source conveyed, and Installation Information provided,
in accord with this section must be in a format that is publicly
documented (and with an implementation available to the public in
source code form), and must require no special password or key for
unpacking, reading or copying.
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.IX Item "7. Additional Terms."
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.IX Item "15. Disclaimer of Warranty."
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\s-1THE\s0 \s-1EXTENT\s0 \s-1PERMITTED\s0 \s-1BY\s0
\&\s-1APPLICABLE\s0 \s-1LAW\s0. \s-1EXCEPT\s0 \s-1WHEN\s0 \s-1OTHERWISE\s0 \s-1STATED\s0 \s-
1IN\s0 \s-1WRITING\s0 \s-1THE\s0 \s-1COPYRIGHT\s0
\&\s-1HOLDERS\s0 \s-1AND/OR\s0 \s-1OTHER\s0 \s-1PARTIES\s0 \s-1PROVIDE\s0 \s-1THE\s0 \s-
1PROGRAM\s0 *(L"\s-1AS\s0 \s-1IS\s0*(R" \s-1WITHOUT\s0
\&\s-1WARRANTY\s0 \s-1OF\s0 \s-1ANY\s0 \s-1KIND\s0, \s-1EITHER\s0 \s-1EXPRESSED\s0 \s-1OR\s0 \s-
1IMPLIED\s0, \s-1INCLUDING\s0, \s-1BUT\s0 \s-1NOT\s0
\&\s-1LIMITED\s0 \s-1TO\s0, \s-1THE\s0 \s-1IMPLIED\s0 \s-1WARRANTIES\s0 \s-1OF\s0 \s-
1MERCHANTABILITY\s0 \s-1AND\s0 \s-1FITNESS\s0 \s-1FOR\s0
A \s-1PARTICULAR\s0 \s-1PURPOSE\s0. \s-1THE\s0 \s-1ENTIRE\s0 \s-1RISK\s0 \s-1AS\s0 \s-1TO\s0 \s-
1THE\s0 \s-1QUALITY\s0 \s-1AND\s0
\&\s-1PERFORMANCE\s0 \s-1OF\s0 \s-1THE\s0 \s-1PROGRAM\s0 \s-1IS\s0 \s-1WITH\s0 \s-1YOU\s0. \s-
1SHOULD\s0 \s-1THE\s0 \s-1PROGRAM\s0 \s-1PROVE\s0
\&\s-1DEFECTIVE\s0, \s-1YOU\s0 \s-1ASSUME\s0 \s-1THE\s0 \s-1COST\s0 \s-1OF\s0 \s-1ALL\s0 \s-
1NECESSARY\s0 \s-1SERVICING\s0, \s-1REPAIR\s0 \s-1OR\s0
\&\s-1CORRECTION\s0.
.IP "16. Limitation of Liability." 4
.IX Item "16. Limitation of Liability."
\&\s-1IN\s0 \s-1NO\s0 \s-1EVENT\s0 \s-1UNLESS\s0 \s-1REQUIRED\s0 \s-1BY\s0 \s-1APPLICABLE\s0 \s-
1LAW\s0 \s-1OR\s0 \s-1AGREED\s0 \s-1TO\s0 \s-1IN\s0 \s-1WRITING\s0
\&\s-1WILL\s0 \s-1ANY\s0 \s-1COPYRIGHT\s0 \s-1HOLDER\s0, \s-1OR\s0 \s-1ANY\s0 \s-1OTHER\s0 \s-
1PARTY\s0 \s-1WHO\s0 \s-1MODIFIES\s0 \s-1AND/OR\s0
\&\s-1CONVEYS\s0 \s-1THE\s0 \s-1PROGRAM\s0 \s-1AS\s0 \s-1PERMITTED\s0 \s-1ABOVE\s0, \s-1BE\s0 \s-
1LIABLE\s0 \s-1TO\s0 \s-1YOU\s0 \s-1FOR\s0 \s-1DAMAGES\s0,
\&\s-1INCLUDING\s0 \s-1ANY\s0 \s-1GENERAL\s0, \s-1SPECIAL\s0, \s-1INCIDENTAL\s0 \s-1OR\s0 \s-
1CONSEQUENTIAL\s0 \s-1DAMAGES\s0
\&\s-1ARISING\s0 \s-1OUT\s0 \s-1OF\s0 \s-1THE\s0 \s-1USE\s0 \s-1OR\s0 \s-1INABILITY\s0 \s-1TO\s0 \s-
1USE\s0 \s-1THE\s0 \s-1PROGRAM\s0 (\s-1INCLUDING\s0 \s-1BUT\s0
\&\s-1NOT\s0 \s-1LIMITED\s0 \s-1TO\s0 \s-1LOSS\s0 \s-1OF\s0 \s-1DATA\s0 \s-1OR\s0 \s-1DATA\s0 \s-
1BEING\s0 \s-1RENDERED\s0 \s-1INACCURATE\s0 \s-1OR\s0
\&\s-1LOSSES\s0 \s-1SUSTAINED\s0 \s-1BY\s0 \s-1YOU\s0 \s-1OR\s0 \s-1THIRD\s0 \s-1PARTIES\s0 \s-1OR\s0
A \s-1FAILURE\s0 \s-1OF\s0 \s-1THE\s0 \s-1PROGRAM\s0
\&\s-1TO\s0 \s-1OPERATE\s0 \s-1WITH\s0 \s-1ANY\s0 \s-1OTHER\s0 \s-1PROGRAMS\s0), \s-1EVEN\s0 \s-
1IF\s0 \s-1SUCH\s0 \s-1HOLDER\s0 \s-1OR\s0 \s-1OTHER\s0
\&\s-1PARTY\s0 \s-1HAS\s0 \s-1BEEN\s0 \s-1ADVISED\s0 \s-1OF\s0 \s-1THE\s0 \s-1POSSIBILITY\s0 \s-
1OF\s0 \s-1SUCH\s0 \s-1DAMAGES\s0.
.IP "17. Interpretation of Sections 15 and 16." 4
.IX Item "17. Interpretation of Sections 15 and 16."
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.SS "\s-1END\s0 \s-1OF\s0 \s-1TERMS\s0 \s-1AND\s0 \s-1CONDITIONS\s0"
.IX Subsection "END OF TERMS AND CONDITIONS"
.SS "How to Apply These Terms to Your New Programs"
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GCC RUNTIME LIBRARY EXCEPTION

Version 3.1, 31 March 2009

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align="left">Prev</td><th width="60%"
align="center">Chapter1.Status</th><td width="20%" align="right"><a accesskey="n"
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modifications,governedbyversion3(oraspecifiedlaterversion)of
theGNUGeneralPublicLicense(GPL)withtheoptionofusingany
subsequentversionspublishedbytheFSF.

"GPL-compatibleSoftware"issoftwarewhoseconditionsofpropagation,
modificationandusewouldpermitcombinationwithGCCinaccordwith
thelicenseofGCC.

"TargetCode"referstooutputfromanycompilerforarealorvirtual
targetprocessorarchitecture,inexecutableformorsuitablefor
inputtoanassembler,loader,linkerand/orexecution
phase.Notwithstandingthat,TargetCodedoesnotincludedatainany
formatthatisusedasacompilerintermediaterepresentation,orused
forproducingacompilerintermediaterepresentation.

The"CompilationProcess"transformscodeentirelyrepresentedin
non-intermediatelanguagesdesignedforhuman-writtencode,and/orin
JavaVirtualMachinebytecode,intoTargetCode.Thus,forexample,
useofsourcecodegeneratorsandpreprocessorsneednotbeconsidered
partoftheCompilationProcess,sincetheCompilationProcesscanbe
understoodasstartingwiththeoutputofthegeneratorsor
preprocessors.

ACompilationProcessis"Eligible"ifitisdoneusingGCC,aloneor
withotherGPL-compatiblesoftware,orifitisdonewithoutusingany
workbasedonGCC.Forexample,usingnon-GPL-compatibleSoftwareto
optimizeanyGCCintermediaterepresentationswouldnotqualifyasan
EligibleCompilationProcess.

1.GrantofAdditionalPermission.

YouhavepermissiontopropagateaworkofTargetCodeformedby
combiningtheRuntimeLibrarywithIndependentModules,evenifsuch
propagationwouldotherwiseviolatethetermsofGPLv3,providedthat
allTargetCodewasgeneratedbyEligibleCompilationProcesses.You
maythenconveysuchacombinationundertermsofyourchoice,
consistentwiththelicensingoftheIndependentModules.

2.NoWeakeningofGCCCopyleft.

TheavailabilityofthisExceptiondoesnotimplyanygeneral
presumptionthatthird-partysoftwareisunaffectedbythecopyleft
requirementsofthelicenseofGCC.

Hopefully that text is self-explanatory. If it isn't, you need to speak
to your lawyer, or the Free Software Foundation.
<h3 class="title"><a

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  <hr /><table width="100%" summary="Navigation footer"><tr><td width="40%" align="left">Prev</td><td width="20%" align="center">Up</td><td width="40%" align="right">Next</td></tr><tr><td width="40%" align="left" valign="top">Chapter1.Status</td><td width="20%" align="center">Home</td><td width="40%" align="right" valign="top">Bugs</td></tr></table> </body></html>
#!/usr/bin/python
#
Copyright (C) 2013 Free Software Foundation, Inc.
#
This script is free software; you can redistribute it and/or modify
it under the terms of the GNU General Public License as published by
the Free Software Foundation; either version 3, or (at your option)
any later version.

This script adjusts the copyright notices at the top of source files
so that they have the form:
#
Copyright XXXX-YYYY Free Software Foundation, Inc.
#
It doesn't change code that is known to be maintained elsewhere or
that carries a non-FSF copyright.
#
The script also doesn't change testsuite files, except those in
libstdc++-v3. This is because libstdc++-v3 has a conformance testsuite,
while most tests in other directories are just things that failed at some
point in the past.
#
Pass --this-year to the script if you want it to add the current year
to all applicable notices. Pass --quilt if you are using quilt and

```
# want files to be added to the quilt before being changed.
#
# By default the script will update all directories for which the
# output has been vetted.  You can instead pass the names of individual
# directories, including those that haven't been approved.  So:
#
#    update-copyright.pl --this-year
#
# is the command that would be used at the beginning of a year to update
# all copyright notices (and possibly at other times to check whether
# new files have been added with old years).  On the other hand:
#
#    update-copyright.pl --this-year libjava
#
# would run the script on just libjava/.
#
# Note that things like --version output strings must be updated before
# this script is run.  There's already a separate procedure for that.

import os
import re
import sys
import time
import subprocess

class Errors:
  def __init__ (self):
      self.num_errors = 0

  def report (self, filename, string):
      if filename:
          string = filename + ': ' + string
      sys.stderr.write (string + '\n')
      self.num_errors += 1

  def ok (self):
      return self.num_errors == 0

class GenericFilter:
  def __init__ (self):
      self.skip_files = set()
      self.skip_dirs = set()
      self.skip_extensions = set()
      self.fossilised_files = set()
      self.own_files = set()

      self.skip_files |= set ([
            # Skip licence files.
```

```
            'COPYING',
            'COPYING.LIB',
            'COPYING3',
            'COPYING3.LIB',
            'LICENSE',
            'fdl.texi',
            'gpl_v3.texi',
            'fdl-1.3.xml',
            'gpl-3.0.xml',

            # Skip auto- and libtool-related files
            'aclocal.m4',
            'compile',
            'config.guess',
            'config.sub',
            'depcomp',
            'install-sh',
            'libtool.m4',
            'ltmain.sh',
            'ltoptions.m4',
            'ltsugar.m4',
            'ltversion.m4',
            'lt~obsolete.m4',
            'missing',
            'mkdep',
            'mkinstalldirs',
            'move-if-change',
            'shlibpath.m4',
            'symlink-tree',
            'ylwrap',

            # Skip FSF mission statement, etc.
            'gnu.texi',
            'funding.texi',
            'appendix_free.xml',

            # Skip imported texinfo files.
            'texinfo.tex',
            ])


def get_line_filter (self, dir, filename):
    if filename.startswith ('ChangeLog'):
        # Ignore references to copyright in changelog entries.
        return re.compile ('\t')

    return None
```

```
  def skip_file (self, dir, filename):
    if filename in self.skip_files:
      return True

    (base, extension) = os.path.splitext (os.path.join (dir, filename))
    if extension in self.skip_extensions:
      return True

    if extension == '.in':
      # Skip .in files produced by automake.
      if os.path.exists (base + '.am'):
        return True

      # Skip files produced by autogen
      if (os.path.exists (base + '.def')
        and os.path.exists (base + '.tpl')):
        return True

    # Skip configure files produced by autoconf
    if filename == 'configure':
      if os.path.exists (base + '.ac'):
        return True
      if os.path.exists (base + '.in'):
        return True

    return False

  def skip_dir (self, dir, subdir):
    return subdir in self.skip_dirs

  def is_fossilised_file (self, dir, filename):
    if filename in self.fossilised_files:
      return True
    # Only touch current current ChangeLogs.
    if filename != 'ChangeLog' and filename.find ('ChangeLog') >= 0:
      return True
    return False

  def by_package_author (self, dir, filename):
    return filename in self.own_files

class Copyright:
  def __init__ (self, errors):
    self.errors = errors

    # Characters in a range of years.  Include '.' for typos.
    ranges = '[0-9](?:[-0-9.,\s]|\s+and\s+)*[0-9]'
```

```
# Non-whitespace characters in a copyright holder's name.
name = '[\w.,-]'

# Matches one year.
self.year_re = re.compile ('[0-9]+')

# Matches part of a year or copyright holder.
self.continuation_re = re.compile (ranges + '|' + name)

# Matches a full copyright notice:
self.copyright_re = re.compile (
   # 1: 'Copyright (C)', etc.
   '([Cc]opyright'
   '|[Cc]opyright\s+\([Cc]\)'
   '|[Cc]opyright\s+%s'
   '|[Cc]opyright\s+&copy;'
   '|[Cc]opyright\s+@copyright{}'
   '|@set\s+copyright[\w-]+)'

   # 2: the years.  Include the whitespace in the year, so that
   # we can remove any excess.
   '(\s*(?:' + ranges + ',?'
   '|@value\{[^{}]*\})\s*)'

   # 3: 'by ', if used
   '(by\s+)?'

   # 4: the copyright holder.  Don't allow multiple consecutive
   # spaces, so that right-margin gloss doesn't get caught
   # (e.g. gnat_ugn.texi).
   '(' + name + '(?:\s?' + name + ')*)?')

# A regexp for notices that might have slipped by.  Just matching
# 'copyright' is too noisy, and 'copyright.*[0-9]' falls foul of
# HTML header markers, so check for 'copyright' and two digits.
self.other_copyright_re = re.compile ('copyright.*[0-9][0-9]',
                                      re.IGNORECASE)
self.comment_re = re.compile('#+|[*]+|;+|%+|//+|@c |dnl ')
self.holders = { '@copying': '@copying' }
self.holder_prefixes = set()

# True to 'quilt add' files before changing them.
self.use_quilt = False

# If set, force all notices to include this year.
self.max_year = None

# Goes after the year(s).  Could be ', '.
```

```
    self.separator = ' '

def add_package_author (self, holder, canon_form = None):
    if not canon_form:
        canon_form = holder
    self.holders[holder] = canon_form
    index = holder.find (' ')
    while index >= 0:
        self.holder_prefixes.add (holder[:index])
        index = holder.find (' ', index + 1)

def add_external_author (self, holder):
    self.holders[holder] = None

class BadYear():
    def __init__ (self, year):
        self.year = year

    def __str__ (self):
        return 'unrecognised year: ' + self.year

def parse_year (self, string):
    year = int (string)
    if len (string) == 2:
        if year > 70:
            return year + 1900
    elif len (string) == 4:
        return year
    raise self.BadYear (string)

def year_range (self, years):
    year_list = [self.parse_year (year)
                 for year in self.year_re.findall (years)]
    assert len (year_list) > 0
    return (min (year_list), max (year_list))

def set_use_quilt (self, use_quilt):
    self.use_quilt = use_quilt

def include_year (self, year):
    assert not self.max_year
    self.max_year = year

def canonicalise_years (self, dir, filename, filter, years):
    # Leave texinfo variables alone.
    if years.startswith ('@value'):
        return years
```

```
    (min_year, max_year) = self.year_range (years)

    # Update the upper bound, if enabled.
    if self.max_year and not filter.is_fossilised_file (dir, filename):
      max_year = max (max_year, self.max_year)

    # Use a range.
    if min_year == max_year:
      return '%d' % min_year
    else:
      return '%d-%d' % (min_year, max_year)

  def strip_continuation (self, line):
    line = line.lstrip()
    match = self.comment_re.match (line)
    if match:
      line = line[match.end():].lstrip()
    return line

  def is_complete (self, match):
    holder = match.group (4)
    return (holder
        and (holder not in self.holder_prefixes
          or holder in self.holders))

  def update_copyright (self, dir, filename, filter, file, line, match):
    orig_line = line
    next_line = None
    pathname = os.path.join (dir, filename)

    intro = match.group (1)
    if intro.startswith ('@set'):
      # Texinfo year variables should always be on one line
      after_years = line[match.end (2):].strip()
      if after_years != '':
        self.errors.report (pathname,
                  'trailing characters in @set: '
                  + after_years)
        return (False, orig_line, next_line)
    else:
      # If it looks like the copyright is incomplete, add the next line.
      while not self.is_complete (match):
        try:
          next_line = file.next()
        except StopIteration:
          break

        # If the next line doesn't look like a proper continuation,
```

```
        # assume that what we've got is complete.
        continuation = self.strip_continuation (next_line)
        if not self.continuation_re.match (continuation):
            break

        # Merge the lines for matching purposes.
        orig_line += next_line
        line = line.rstrip() + ' ' + continuation
        next_line = None

        # Rematch with the longer line, at the original position.
        match = self.copyright_re.match (line, match.start())
        assert match

    holder = match.group (4)

    # Use the filter to test cases where markup is getting in the way.
    if filter.by_package_author (dir, filename):
        assert holder not in self.holders

    elif not holder:
        self.errors.report (pathname, 'missing copyright holder')
        return (False, orig_line, next_line)

    elif holder not in self.holders:
        self.errors.report (pathname,
                            'unrecognised copyright holder: ' + holder)
        return (False, orig_line, next_line)

    else:
        # See whether the copyright is associated with the package
        # author.
        canon_form = self.holders[holder]
        if not canon_form:
            return (False, orig_line, next_line)

        # Make sure the author is given in a consistent way.
        line = (line[:match.start (4)]
                + canon_form
                + line[match.end (4):])

        # Remove any 'by'
        line = line[:match.start (3)] + line[match.end (3):]

# Update the copyright years.
years = match.group (2).strip()
try:
    canon_form = self.canonicalise_years (dir, filename, filter, years)
```

```
        except self.BadYear as e:
            self.errors.report (pathname, str (e))
            return (False, orig_line, next_line)

        line = (line[:match.start (2)]
                + ' ' + canon_form + self.separator
                + line[match.end (2):])

        # Use the standard (C) form.
        if intro.endswith ('right'):
            intro += ' (C)'
        elif intro.endswith ('(c)'):
            intro = intro[:-3] + '(C)'
        line = line[:match.start (1)] + intro + line[match.end (1):]

        # Strip trailing whitespace
        line = line.rstrip() + '\n'

        return (line != orig_line, line, next_line)

    def process_file (self, dir, filename, filter):
        pathname = os.path.join (dir, filename)
        if filename.endswith ('.tmp'):
            # Looks like something we tried to create before.
            try:
                os.remove (pathname)
            except OSError:
                pass
            return

        lines = []
        changed = False
        line_filter = filter.get_line_filter (dir, filename)
        with open (pathname, 'r') as file:
            prev = None
            for line in file:
                while line:
                    next_line = None
                    # Leave filtered-out lines alone.
                    if not (line_filter and line_filter.match (line)):
                        match = self.copyright_re.search (line)
                        if match:
                            res = self.update_copyright (dir, filename, filter,
                                                         file, line, match)
                            (this_changed, line, next_line) = res
                            changed = changed or this_changed

                        # Check for copyright lines that might have slipped by.
```

```
                elif self.other_copyright_re.search (line):
                    self.errors.report (pathname,
                                        'unrecognised copyright: %s'
                                        % line.strip())
                lines.append (line)
                line = next_line

        # If something changed, write the new file out.
        if changed and self.errors.ok():
            tmp_pathname = pathname + '.tmp'
            with open (tmp_pathname, 'w') as file:
                for line in lines:
                    file.write (line)
            if self.use_quilt:
                subprocess.call (['quilt', 'add', pathname])
            os.rename (tmp_pathname, pathname)

    def process_tree (self, tree, filter):
        for (dir, subdirs, filenames) in os.walk (tree):
            # Don't recurse through directories that should be skipped.
            for i in xrange (len (subdirs) - 1, -1, -1):
                if filter.skip_dir (dir, subdirs[i]):
                    del subdirs[i]

            # Handle the files in this directory.
            for filename in filenames:
                if filter.skip_file (dir, filename):
                    sys.stdout.write ('Skipping %s\n'
                                      % os.path.join (dir, filename))
                else:
                    self.process_file (dir, filename, filter)

class CmdLine:
    def __init__ (self, copyright = Copyright):
        self.errors = Errors()
        self.copyright = copyright (self.errors)
        self.dirs = []
        self.default_dirs = []
        self.chosen_dirs = []
        self.option_handlers = dict()
        self.option_help = []

        self.add_option ('--help', 'Print this help', self.o_help)
        self.add_option ('--quilt', '"quilt add" files before changing them',
                         self.o_quilt)
        self.add_option ('--this-year', 'Add the current year to every notice',
                         self.o_this_year)
```

```
def add_option (self, name, help, handler):
    self.option_help.append ((name, help))
    self.option_handlers[name] = handler

def add_dir (self, dir, filter = GenericFilter()):
    self.dirs.append ((dir, filter))

def o_help (self, option = None):
    sys.stdout.write ('Usage: %s [options] dir1 dir2...\n\n'
                      'Options:\n' % sys.argv[0])
    format = '%-15s %s\n'
    for (what, help) in self.option_help:
        sys.stdout.write (format % (what, help))
    sys.stdout.write ('\nDirectories:\n')

    format = '%-25s'
    i = 0
    for (dir, filter) in self.dirs:
        i += 1
        if i % 3 == 0 or i == len (self.dirs):
            sys.stdout.write (dir + '\n')
        else:
            sys.stdout.write (format % dir)
    sys.exit (0)

def o_quilt (self, option):
    self.copyright.set_use_quilt (True)

def o_this_year (self, option):
    self.copyright.include_year (time.localtime().tm_year)

def main (self):
    for arg in sys.argv[1:]:
        if arg[:1] != '-':
            self.chosen_dirs.append (arg)
        elif arg in self.option_handlers:
            self.option_handlers[arg] (arg)
        else:
            self.errors.report (None, 'unrecognised option: ' + arg)
    if self.errors.ok():
        if len (self.chosen_dirs) == 0:
            self.chosen_dirs = self.default_dirs
        if len (self.chosen_dirs) == 0:
            self.o_help()
        else:
            for chosen_dir in self.chosen_dirs:
                canon_dir = os.path.join (chosen_dir, '')
                count = 0
```

```
            for (dir, filter) in self.dirs:
              if (dir + os.sep).startswith (canon_dir):
                count += 1
                self.copyright.process_tree (dir, filter)
            if count == 0:
              self.errors.report (None, 'unrecognised directory: '
                                  + chosen_dir)
        sys.exit (0 if self.errors.ok() else 1)

#------------------------------------------------------------------------

class TopLevelFilter (GenericFilter):
  def skip_dir (self, dir, subdir):
    return True

class ConfigFilter (GenericFilter):
  def __init__ (self):
    GenericFilter.__init__ (self)

  def skip_file (self, dir, filename):
    if filename.endswith ('.m4'):
      pathname = os.path.join (dir, filename)
      with open (pathname) as file:
        # Skip files imported from gettext.
        if file.readline().find ('gettext-') >= 0:
          return True
    return GenericFilter.skip_file (self, dir, filename)

class GCCFilter (GenericFilter):
  def __init__ (self):
    GenericFilter.__init__ (self)

    self.skip_files |= set ([
        # Not part of GCC
        'math-68881.h',
        ])

    self.skip_dirs |= set ([
        # Better not create a merge nightmare for the GNAT folks.
        'ada',

        # Handled separately.
        'testsuite',
        ])

    self.skip_extensions |= set ([
        # Maintained by the translation project.
        '.po',
```

```
            # Automatically-generated.
            '.pot',
            ])

        self.fossilised_files |= set ([
            # Old news won't be updated.
            'ONEWS',
            ])

class TestsuiteFilter (GenericFilter):
  def __init__ (self):
      GenericFilter.__init__ (self)

      self.skip_extensions |= set ([
            # Don't change the tests, which could be woend by anyone.
            '.c',
            '.C',
            '.cc',
            '.h',
            '.hs',
            '.f',
            '.f90',
            '.go',
            '.inc',
            '.java',
            ])

  def skip_file (self, dir, filename):
      # g++.niklas/README contains historical copyright information
      # and isn't updated.
      if filename == 'README' and os.path.basename (dir) == 'g++.niklas':
         return True
      return GenericFilter.skip_file (self, dir, filename)

class LibCppFilter (GenericFilter):
  def __init__ (self):
      GenericFilter.__init__ (self)

      self.skip_extensions |= set ([
            # Maintained by the translation project.
            '.po',

            # Automatically-generated.
            '.pot',
            ])

class LibGCCFilter (GenericFilter):
```

```
  def __init__ (self):
    GenericFilter.__init__ (self)

    self.skip_dirs |= set ([
        # Imported from GLIBC.
        'soft-fp',
        ])

class LibJavaFilter (GenericFilter):
  def __init__ (self):
    GenericFilter.__init__ (self)

    self.skip_dirs |= set ([
        # Handled separately.
        'testsuite',

        # Not really part of the library
        'contrib',

        # Imported from upstream
        'classpath',
        'libltdl',
        ])

  def get_line_filter (self, dir, filename):
    if filename == 'NameDecoder.h':
      return re.compile ('.*NAME_COPYRIGHT')
    if filename == 'ICC_Profile.h':
      return re.compile ('.*icSigCopyrightTag')
    return GenericFilter.get_line_filter (self, dir, filename)

class LibMudflapFilter (GenericFilter):
  def __init__ (self):
    GenericFilter.__init__ (self)

    self.skip_dirs |= set ([
        # Handled separately.
        'testsuite',
        ])

class LibStdCxxFilter (GenericFilter):
  def __init__ (self):
    GenericFilter.__init__ (self)

    self.skip_files |= set ([
        # Contains no copyright of its own, but quotes the GPL.
        'intro.xml',
        ])
```

```
        self.skip_dirs |= set ([
            # Contains automatically-generated sources.
            'html',

            # The testsuite data files shouldn't be changed.
            'data',

            # Contains imported images
            'images',
            ])

        self.own_files |= set ([
            # Contains markup around the copyright owner.
            'spine.xml',
            ])

    def get_line_filter (self, dir, filename):
        if filename == 'boost_concept_check.h':
            return re.compile ('// \(C\) Copyright Jeremy Siek')
        return GenericFilter.get_line_filter (self, dir, filename)

class GCCCopyright (Copyright):
    def __init__ (self, errors):
        Copyright.__init__ (self, errors)

        canon_fsf = 'Free Software Foundation, Inc.'
        self.add_package_author ('Free Software Foundation', canon_fsf)
        self.add_package_author ('Free Software Foundation.', canon_fsf)
        self.add_package_author ('Free Software Foundation Inc.', canon_fsf)
        self.add_package_author ('Free Software Foundation, Inc', canon_fsf)
        self.add_package_author ('Free Software Foundation, Inc.', canon_fsf)
        self.add_package_author ('The Free Software Foundation', canon_fsf)
        self.add_package_author ('The Free Software Foundation, Inc.', canon_fsf)
        self.add_package_author ('Software Foundation, Inc.', canon_fsf)

        self.add_external_author ('ARM')
        self.add_external_author ('AdaCore')
        self.add_external_author ('Ami Tavory and Vladimir Dreizin, IBM-HRL.')
        self.add_external_author ('Cavium Networks.')
        self.add_external_author ('Faraday Technology Corp.')
        self.add_external_author ('Florida State University')
        self.add_external_author ('Greg Colvin and Beman Dawes.')
        self.add_external_author ('Hewlett-Packard Company')
        self.add_external_author ('Information Technology Industry Council.')
        self.add_external_author ('James Theiler, Brian Gough')
        self.add_external_author ('Makoto Matsumoto and Takuji Nishimura,')
        self.add_external_author ('National Research Council of Canada.')
```

```
        self.add_external_author ('Peter Dimov and Multi Media Ltd.')
        self.add_external_author ('Peter Dimov')
        self.add_external_author ('Pipeline Associates, Inc.')
        self.add_external_author ('Regents of the University of California.')
        self.add_external_author ('Silicon Graphics Computer Systems, Inc.')
        self.add_external_author ('Silicon Graphics')
        self.add_external_author ('Stephen L. Moshier')
        self.add_external_author ('Sun Microsystems, Inc. All rights reserved.')
        self.add_external_author ('The Go Authors.  All rights reserved.')
        self.add_external_author ('The Go Authors. All rights reserved.')
        self.add_external_author ('The Go Authors.')
        self.add_external_author ('The Regents of the University of California.')
        self.add_external_author ('Unicode, Inc.')
        self.add_external_author ('University of Toronto.')

    class GCCCmdLine (CmdLine):
      def __init__ (self):
        CmdLine.__init__ (self, GCCCopyright)

        self.add_dir ('.', TopLevelFilter())
        # boehm-gc is imported from upstream.
        self.add_dir ('config', ConfigFilter())
        # contrib isn't really part of GCC.
        self.add_dir ('fixincludes')
        self.add_dir ('gcc', GCCFilter())
        self.add_dir (os.path.join ('gcc', 'testsuite'), TestsuiteFilter())
        self.add_dir ('gnattools')
        self.add_dir ('include')
        self.add_dir ('libada')
        self.add_dir ('libatomic')
        self.add_dir ('libbacktrace')
        self.add_dir ('libcpp', LibCppFilter())
        self.add_dir ('libdecnumber')
        # libffi is imported from upstream.
        self.add_dir ('libgcc', LibGCCFilter())
        self.add_dir ('libgfortran')
        self.add_dir ('libgomp')
        self.add_dir ('libiberty')
        self.add_dir ('libitm')
        self.add_dir ('libjava', LibJavaFilter())
        self.add_dir (os.path.join ('libjava', 'testsuite'), TestsuiteFilter())
        self.add_dir ('libmudflap', LibMudflapFilter())
        self.add_dir (os.path.join ('libmudflap', 'testsuite'),
                      TestsuiteFilter())
        self.add_dir ('libobjc')
        self.add_dir ('libquadmath')
        # libsanitiser is imported from upstream.
        self.add_dir ('libssp')
```

```
    self.add_dir ('libstdc++-v3', LibStdCxxFilter())
    self.add_dir ('lto-plugin')
    # zlib is imported from upstream.

    self.default_dirs = [
       'gcc',
       'libada',
       'libatomic',
       'libbacktrace',
       'libcpp',
       'libdecnumber',
       'libgcc',
       'libgfortran',
       'libgomp',
       'libitm',
       'libmudflap',
       'libobjc',
       'libstdc++-v3',
       ]

GCCCmdLine().main()
1f+gnu/classpath/tools/taglets/CopyrightTagletjava/lang/Objectcom/sun/tools/doclets/TagletNAMELjava/lang/Strin
g;
ConstantValue copyrightHEADER
Copyright:<init>()VCode
LineNumberTableLocalVariableTablethis-
Lgnu/classpath/tools/taglets/CopyrightTaglet;getName()Ljava/lang/String;inField()Z
inConstructorinMethod
inOverview inPackageinTypeisInlineTagregister(Ljava/util/Map;)V

&(*)
java/util/Map+,put8(Ljava/lang/Object;Ljava/lang/Object;)Ljava/lang/Object;
tagletMapLjava/util/Map;copyrightTaglettoString)(Lcom/sun/javadoc/Tag;)Ljava/lang/String;3com/sun/javadoc/Ta
g
506*([Lcom/sun/javadoc/Tag;)Ljava/lang/String;tagLcom/sun/javadoc/Tag;2:;text
=?>java/lang/String@Alength()ICjava/lang/StringBuffer
BF<dl>
BHIJappend,(Ljava/lang/String;)Ljava/lang/StringBuffer;Ljava/lang/StringBuilderN<dt><i>Copyright &#169;
KPQ(Ljava/lang/String;)V
KSIT-(Ljava/lang/String;)Ljava/lang/StringBuilder;V </i></dt>
KX0Z</dl>
BXtags[Lcom/sun/javadoc/Tag;haveValidTagZiIresultLjava/lang/StringBuffer;
SourceFileCopyrightTaglet.java!

/*1-
7,;,?,C,G,K ,O!,S "#QY$L*+%+'WWXY-.
/01A
*2Y+S4\
```

7806)+=>+29<=+_BYDN-EGW67+29<%-KYMO+29RURWGW+-YGW-[F`ad efge+k/l7m>nDoSpunstw>\] ^_
`a7TbcA>`ade

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Developed by:

LLVM Team

University of Illinois at Urbana-Champaign

http://llvm.org

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@cindex LGPL, Lesser General Public License
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We call this license the @dfn{Lesser} General Public License because it does @emph{Less} to protect the user's freedom than the ordinary General Public License. It also provides other free software developers Less of an advantage over competing non-free programs. These disadvantages are the reason we use the ordinary General Public License for many libraries. However, the Lesser license provides advantages in certain

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For example, on rare occasions, there may be a special need to encourage the widest possible use of a certain library, so that it becomes a de-facto standard. To achieve this, non-free programs must be allowed to use the library. A more frequent case is that a free library does the same job as widely used non-free libraries. In this case, there is little to gain by limiting the free library to free software only, so we use the Lesser General Public License.

In other cases, permission to use a particular library in non-free programs enables a greater number of people to use a large body of free software. For example, permission to use the GNU C Library in non-free programs enables many more people to use the whole GNU operating system, as well as its variant, the GNU/Linux operating system.

Although the Lesser General Public License is Less protective of the users' freedom, it does ensure that the user of a program that is linked with the Library has the freedom and the wherewithal to run that program using a modified version of the Library.

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@item
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If such an object file uses only numerical parameters, data structure layouts and accessors, and small macros and small inline

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@enumerate a
@item
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@item
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@item
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@item
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@item
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@item

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@iftex
@heading END OF TERMS AND CONDITIONS
@end iftex
@ifinfo
@center END OF TERMS AND CONDITIONS
@end ifinfo

@page
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To apply these terms, attach the following notices to the library. It is safest to attach them to the start of each source file to most effectively convey the exclusion of warranty; and each file should have at least the ``copyright'' line and a pointer to where the full notice is found.

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@end smallexample

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@var{signature of Ty Coon}, 1 April 1990
Ty Coon, President of Vice
@end smallexample

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checkGuard(Ljava/lang/Object;)V
! java/lang/System"#getSecurityManager()Ljava/lang/SecurityManager;
%'&java/lang/SecurityManager()checkPermission(Ljava/security/Permission;)VobjLjava/lang/Object;smLjava/lang/
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r
:
:>?@append"(C)Lgnu/java/lang/CPStringBuilder;
BCDgetClass()Ljava/lang/Class;
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H
N65P
RTSjava/lang/String01
:V95stringLgnu/java/lang/CPStringBuilder;
SourceFilePermission.java!
 F
**+[] ^

XM,,*$nop
q *+
,-./012345/*6578,95S:Y<L+(=L+*AEIL+ =L+*LIL*MOQ+ =L+*MIL+)=L+U*
"+7>GNSKWXYZ

// DO NOT EDIT THIS FILE - it is machine generated -*- c++ -*-

#ifndef __java_security_acl_Permission__
#define __java_security_acl_Permission__

#pragma interface

#include <java/lang/Object.h>
extern "Java"
{
 namespace java
 {
   namespace security
   {

```
    namespace acl
    {
        class Permission;
    }
  }
 }
}

class java::security::acl::Permission : public ::java::lang::Object
{

public:
 virtual jboolean equals(::java::lang::Object *) = 0;
 virtual ::java::lang::String * toString() = 0;
 static ::java::lang::Class class$;
} __attribute__ ((java_interface));

#endif // __java_security_acl_Permission__
```

This is an attempt to acknowledge early contributions to the garbage collector. Later contributions should instead be mentioned in README.changes.

HISTORY -

Early versions of this collector were developed as a part of research projects supported in part by the National Science Foundation and the Defense Advance Research Projects Agency.

The garbage collector originated as part of the run-time system for the Russell programming language implementation. The first version of the garbage collector was written primarily by Al Demers. It was then refined and mostly rewritten, primarily by Hans-J. Boehm, at Cornell U., the University of Washington, Rice University (where it was first used for C and assembly code), Xerox PARC, SGI, and HP Labs. However, significant contributions have also been made by many others.

Some other contributors:

More recent contributors are mentioned in the modification history in README.changes. My apologies for any omissions.

The SPARC specific code was originally contributed by Mark Weiser.
The Encore Multimax modifications were supplied by
Kevin Kenny (kenny@m.cs.uiuc.edu). The adaptation to the IBM PC/RT is largely due to Vernon Lee, on machines made available to Rice by IBM.
Much of the HP specific code and a number of good suggestions for improving the generic code are due to Walter Underwood.
Robert Brazile (brazile@diamond.bbn.com) originally supplied the ULTRIX code.

Al Dosser (dosser@src.dec.com) and Regis Cridlig (Regis.Cridlig@cl.cam.ac.uk)
subsequently provided updates and information on variation between ULTRIX
systems. Parag Patel (parag@netcom.com) supplied the A/UX code.
Jesper Peterson(jep@mtiame.mtia.oz.au), Michel Schinz, and
Martin Tauchmann (martintauchmann@bigfoot.com) supplied the Amiga port.
Thomas Funke (thf@zelator.in-berlin.de(?)) and
Brian D.Carlstrom (bdc@clark.lcs.mit.edu) supplied the NeXT ports.
Douglas Steel (doug@wg.icl.co.uk) provided ICL DRS6000 code.
Bill Janssen (janssen@parc.xerox.com) supplied the SunOS dynamic loader
specific code. Manuel Serrano (serrano@cornas.inria.fr) supplied linux and
Sony News specific code. Al Dosser provided Alpha/OSF/1 code. He and
Dave Detlefs(detlefs@src.dec.com) also provided several generic bug fixes.
Alistair G. Crooks(agc@uts.amdahl.com) supplied the NetBSD and 386BSD ports.
Jeffrey Hsu (hsu@soda.berkeley.edu) provided the FreeBSD port.
Brent Benson (brent@jade.ssd.csd.harris.com) ported the collector to
a Motorola 88K processor running CX/UX (Harris NightHawk).
Ari Huttunen (Ari.Huttunen@hut.fi) generalized the OS/2 port to
nonIBM development environments (a nontrivial task).
Patrick Beard (beard@cs.ucdavis.edu) provided the initial MacOS port.
David Chase, then at Olivetti Research, suggested several improvements.
Scott Schwartz (schwartz@groucho.cse.psu.edu) supplied some of the
code to save and print call stacks for leak detection on a SPARC.
Jesse Hull and John Ellis supplied the C++ interface code.
Zhong Shao performed much of the experimentation that led to the
current typed allocation facility. (His dynamic type inference code hasn't
made it into the released version of the collector, yet.)

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/**
* This interface provides information about a permission that can be
* granted.  Note that this is <em>not</em> the same as the class
* <code>java.security.Permission</code>.
```

```
*
* @version 0.0
*
* @author Aaron M. Renn (arenn@urbanophile.com)
*/
public interface Permission
{
 /**
  * This method tests whether or not a specified <code>Permission</code>
  * (passed as an <code>Object</code>) is the same as this permission.
  *
  * @param perm The permission to check for equality
  *
  * @return <code>true</code> if the specified permission is the same as this one, <code>false</code> otherwise
  */
 boolean equals (Object perm);

 /**
  * This method returns this <code>Permission</code> as a <code>String</code>.
  *
  * @return A <code>String</code> representing this permission.
  */
 String toString();
}
```

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* m4/ax_func_which_gethostbyname_r.m4

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/* Use the Sequent Symmetry assembler syntax.  */

/* Define the syntax of pseudo-ops, labels and comments.  */

/* Prefix for internally generated assembler labels.  If we aren't using
  underscores, we are using prefix `.'s to identify labels that should
  be ignored, as in `i386/gas.h' --karl@cs.umb.edu  */

#define LPREFIX "L"

/* Assembler pseudos to introduce constants of various size.  */

#define ASM_BYTE "\t.byte\t"
#define ASM_SHORT "\t.word\t"
#define ASM_LONG "\t.long\t"
#define ASM_QUAD "\t.quad\t"  /* Should not be used for 32bit compilation.  */

/* This was suggested, but it shouldn't be right for DBX output. -- RMS
  #define ASM_OUTPUT_SOURCE_FILENAME(FILE, NAME) */


/* Define the syntax of labels and symbol definitions/declarations.  */

/* This is how to output an assembler line
  that says to advance the location counter by SIZE bytes.  */

#define ASM_OUTPUT_SKIP(FILE,SIZE)  \
 fprintf (FILE, "\t.space "HOST_WIDE_INT_PRINT_UNSIGNED"\n", (SIZE))

/* Define the syntax of labels and symbol definitions/declarations.  */

/* This says how to output an assembler line
  to define a global common symbol.  */

#define ASM_OUTPUT_COMMON(FILE, NAME, SIZE, ROUNDED)  \
( fputs (".comm ", (FILE)),   \
 assemble_name ((FILE), (NAME)),  \
 fprintf ((FILE), ",%u\n", (int)(ROUNDED)))
```

```
/* This says how to output an assembler line
  to define a local common symbol.  */

#define ASM_OUTPUT_LOCAL(FILE, NAME, SIZE, ROUNDED)  \
( fputs (".lcomm ", (FILE)),   \
 assemble_name ((FILE), (NAME)),  \
 fprintf ((FILE), ",%u\n", (int)(ROUNDED)))

#ifdef HAVE_GAS_LCOMM_WITH_ALIGNMENT
#define ASM_OUTPUT_ALIGNED_LOCAL(FILE, NAME, SIZE, ALIGNMENT)  \
( fputs (".lcomm ", (FILE)),   \
 assemble_name ((FILE), (NAME)),  \
 fprintf ((FILE), ",%u,%u\n", (int)(SIZE), (int)(ALIGNMENT) / BITS_PER_UNIT))
#endif

/* This is how to output an assembler line
  that says to advance the location counter
  to a multiple of 2**LOG bytes.  */

#define ASM_OUTPUT_ALIGN(FILE,LOG) \
 if ((LOG)!=0) fprintf ((FILE), "\t.align %d\n", (LOG))

/* This is how to store into the string BUF
  the symbol_ref name of an internal numbered label where
  PREFIX is the class of label and NUM is the number within the class.
  This is suitable for output with `assemble_name'.  */

#define ASM_GENERATE_INTERNAL_LABEL(BUF,PREFIX,NUMBER) \
   sprintf ((BUF), "*%s%ld", (PREFIX), (long)(NUMBER))

/* The prefix to add to user-visible assembler symbols.  */

#define USER_LABEL_PREFIX "_"

/* Sequent has some changes in the format of DBX symbols.  */
#define DBX_NO_XREFS 1

/* Don't split DBX symbols into continuations.  */
#define DBX_CONTIN_LENGTH 0
```

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```
// DO NOT EDIT THIS FILE - it is machine generated -*- c++ -*-

#ifndef __gnu_javax_sound_AudioSecurityManager$Permission__
#define __gnu_javax_sound_AudioSecurityManager$Permission__

#pragma interface

#include <java/lang/Enum.h>
#include <gcj/array.h>

extern "Java"
{
 namespace gnu
 {
   namespace javax
   {
     namespace sound
     {
         class AudioSecurityManager$Permission;
     }
   }
 }
}

class gnu::javax::sound::AudioSecurityManager$Permission : public ::java::lang::Enum
{

 AudioSecurityManager$Permission(::java::lang::String *, jint);
public:
 static JArray< ::gnu::javax::sound::AudioSecurityManager$Permission * > * values();
 static ::gnu::javax::sound::AudioSecurityManager$Permission * valueOf(::java::lang::String *);
 static ::gnu::javax::sound::AudioSecurityManager$Permission * PLAY;
 static ::gnu::javax::sound::AudioSecurityManager$Permission * RECORD;
```

```
 static ::gnu::javax::sound::AudioSecurityManager$Permission * ALL;
private:
 static JArray< ::gnu::javax::sound::AudioSecurityManager$Permission * > * ENUM$VALUES;
public:
 static ::java::lang::Class class$;
};

#endif // __gnu_javax_sound_AudioSecurityManager$Permission__
```

1.93 mwan3 1.4

1.93.1 Available under license :

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1.94 firmware 1-1

1.95 libpam 1.1.8

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 Structure taken from pam_lastlogin by Andrew Morgan
  <morgan@parc.power.net> 1996
*/
/* By Tim Baverstock <warwick@mmm.co.uk>, Multi Media Machine Ltd.
* 5 March 1997
*
* Stuff stolen from pam_rootok and pam_listfile
*
* Changes by Tomas Mraz <tmraz@redhat.com> 5 January 2005, 26 January 2006
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1.100 conntrack-tools 0.9.12

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1.103 util-linux 2.25.2-4

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Initialize empty image
f1c9645dbc14efddc7d8a322685f26eb bsd.img
Create new DOS partition table
57e721e38d1266c2df055067c18f2cf9 bsd.img

---layout----------
Disk <removed>: 10 MiB, 10485760 bytes, 20480 sectors
Units: sectors of 1 * 512 = 512 bytes
Sector size (logical/physical): 512 bytes / 512 bytes
I/O size (minimum/optimal): 512 bytes / 512 bytes
Disklabel type: dos
Disk identifier: <removed>

Create 1st primary partition
ada64ace122978d00d1d1c0e5ee45d26 bsd.img

---layout----------
Disk <removed>: 10 MiB, 10485760 bytes, 20480 sectors
Units: sectors of 1 * 512 = 512 bytes
Sector size (logical/physical): 512 bytes / 512 bytes
I/O size (minimum/optimal): 512 bytes / 512 bytes
Disklabel type: dos
Disk identifier: <removed>

Device Boot Start End Sectors Size Id Type
<removed>1 2048 4095 2048 1M 83 Linux

Create 2st primary partition
1bebf87248e05d6e4e62b749da65d023 bsd.img
Set 2nd partition type
2d8e8dff51a88a045db233418dd73fbe bsd.img

---layout----------
Disk <removed>: 10 MiB, 10485760 bytes, 20480 sectors
Units: sectors of 1 * 512 = 512 bytes
Sector size (logical/physical): 512 bytes / 512 bytes
I/O size (minimum/optimal): 512 bytes / 512 bytes
Disklabel type: dos
Disk identifier: <removed>

Device Boot Start End Sectors Size Id Type
<removed>1 2048 4095 2048 1M 83 Linux
<removed>2 4096 20479 16384 8M a5 FreeBSD

Create default BSD
2e1cee529cb59c9341afef0443f196a1 bsd.img

---layout----------
Welcome to fdisk <removed>.
Changes will remain in memory only, until you decide to write them.
Be careful before using the write command.

Command (m for help): Entering nested BSD disklabel.

Command (m for help): Disk <removed>2: 10 MiB, 10485760 bytes, 20480 sectors
Geometry: 255 heads, 63 sectors/track, 1 cylinders
Units: sectors of 1 * 512 = 512 bytes
Sector size (logical/physical): 512 bytes / 512 bytes
I/O size (minimum/optimal): 512 bytes / 512 bytes
Disklabel type: bsd
partitions: 4

Slice Start End Sectors Size Type Fsize Bsize Cpg
c 4096 20479 16384 8M unused 0 0 0
d 0 16064 16065 7.9M unused 0 0 0

Partition table entries are not in disk order.

Command (m for help): Leaving nested disklabel.

Command (m for help):
---

b5c121c2091b2ff26b880551feac7112 bsd.img

---layout----------
Welcome to fdisk <removed>.

Changes will remain in memory only, until you decide to write them.
Be careful before using the write command.

Command (m for help): Entering nested BSD disklabel.

Command (m for help): Disk <removed>2: 10 MiB, 10485760 bytes, 20480 sectors
Geometry: 255 heads, 63 sectors/track, 1 cylinders
Units: sectors of 1 * 512 = 512 bytes
Sector size (logical/physical): 512 bytes / 512 bytes
I/O size (minimum/optimal): 512 bytes / 512 bytes
Disklabel type: bsd
partitions: 4

Slice	Start	End	Sectors	Size	Type	Fsize	Bsize	Cpg
a	4096	6144	2049	1M	4.2BSD	0	0	0
c	4096	20479	16384	8M	unused	0	0	0
d	0	16064	16065	7.9M	unused	0	0	0

Partition table entries are not in disk order.

Command (m for help): Leaving nested disklabel.

Command (m for help):

Changes will remain in memory only, until you decide to write them.
Be careful before using the write command.

Command (m for help): Entering nested BSD disklabel.

Command (m for help):

0 unused	5 4.1BSD	9 4.4LFS	d boot
1 swap	6 Eighth Edition	a unknown	e ADOS
2 Version 6	7 4.2BSD	b HPFS	f HFS
3 Version 7	8 MS-DOS	c ISO-9660	10 AdvFS
4 System V			

Command (m for help):
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1.104 pamkrb 4.7

1.104.1 Available under license :

```
/*
* Standard structure for PAM data.
*
* The PAM utility functions often need an initial argument that encapsulates
* the PAM handle, some configuration information, and possibly a Kerberos
* context.  This header provides a standard structure definition.
*
* The individual PAM modules should provide a definition of the pam_config
* struct appropriate to that module.  None of the PAM utility functions need
* to know what that configuration struct looks like.
*
* The canonical version of this file is maintained in the rra-c-util package,
* which can be found at <http://www.eyrie.org/~eagle/software/rra-c-util/>.
*
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```

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Files: m4/kadm5clnt.m4 m4/krb5-config.m4 m4/krb5.m4 m4/ld-version.m4
m4/lib-depends.m4 m4/lib-helper.m4 m4/lib-pathname.m4 m4/pam-const.m4
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Files: pam-util/args.c pam-util/args.h pam-util/logging.c
pam-util/logging.h pam-util/options.c pam-util/options.h
tests/data/generate-krb5-conf tests/data/valgrind.supp
tests/docs/pod-spelling-t tests/docs/pod-t tests/fakepam/config.c
tests/fakepam/data.c tests/fakepam/general.c tests/fakepam/internal.h
tests/fakepam/kuserok.c tests/fakepam/logging.c tests/fakepam/pam.h
tests/fakepam/script.c tests/fakepam/script.h tests/pam-util/args-t.c

tests/pam-util/fakepam-t.c tests/pam-util/logging-t.c
tests/pam-util/options-t.c tests/runtests.c tests/tap/basic.c
tests/tap/basic.h tests/tap/kadmin.c tests/tap/kadmin.h
tests/tap/kerberos.c tests/tap/kerberos.h tests/tap/libtap.sh
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Files: pam-util/vector.c pam-util/vector.h portable/asprintf.c
portable/dummy.c portable/issetugid.c portable/kadmin.h
portable/krb5-extra.c portable/krb5.h portable/macros.h portable/mkstemp.c
portable/pam.h portable/pam_syslog.c portable/pam_vsyslog.c
portable/reallocarray.c portable/stdbool.h portable/strlcat.c
portable/strlcpy.c portable/strndup.c portable/system.h
tests/pam-util/vector-t.c tests/portable/asprintf-t.c
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1.105 procd 2015-08-16-0da5bf2ff222d1a499172a6e09507388676b5a08

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/*
* runqueue-example.c
*
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*
*/

#include <stdlib.h>
#include <stddef.h>
#include <stdarg.h>
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdbool.h>
#include <unistd.h>
#include <getopt.h>
#include <errno.h>
#include <dirent.h>
#include <fcntl.h>
#include <syslog.h>
#include <sys/stat.h>
#include <sys/types.h>
#include <string.h>

#define PATH_SIZE 512

#ifndef strlcpy
#define strlcpy(d,s,l) (strncpy(d,s,l), (d)[(l)-1] = '\0')
#endif

#ifndef strlcat
```

```
#define strlcat(d,s,l) strncat(d,s,(l)-strlen(d)-1)
#endif

static int verbose;
static int dry_run;

static void log_message(int priority, const char *format, ...)
{
 va_list args;

 va_start(args, format);
 vsyslog(priority, format, args);
 va_end(args);
}

#undef err
#define err(format, arg...)                     \
  do {                                  \
     log_message(LOG_ERR ,"%s: " format ,__FUNCTION__ ,## arg);  \
  } while (0)

#undef info
#define info(format, arg...)                        \
  do {                                  \
     log_message(LOG_INFO ,"%s: " format ,__FUNCTION__ ,## arg); \
  } while (0)

#ifdef DEBUG
#undef dbg
#define dbg(format, arg...)                     \
  do {                                  \
     log_message(LOG_DEBUG ,"%s: " format ,__FUNCTION__ ,## arg);    \
  } while (0)
#else
#define dbg(...) do {} while(0)
#endif


static void trigger_uevent(const char *devpath)
{
 char filename[PATH_SIZE];
 int fd;

 strlcpy(filename, "/sys", sizeof(filename));
 strlcat(filename, devpath, sizeof(filename));
 strlcat(filename, "/uevent", sizeof(filename));

 if (verbose)
```

```
 printf("%s\n", devpath);

 if (dry_run)
  return;

 fd = open(filename, O_WRONLY);
 if (fd < 0) {
  dbg("error on opening %s: %s\n", filename, strerror(errno));
  return;
 }

 if (write(fd, "add", 3) < 0)
  info("error on triggering %s: %s\n", filename, strerror(errno));

 close(fd);
}

static int sysfs_resolve_link(char *devpath, size_t size)
{
 char link_path[PATH_SIZE];
 char link_target[PATH_SIZE];
 int len;
 int i;
 int back;

 strlcpy(link_path, "/sys", sizeof(link_path));
 strlcat(link_path, devpath, sizeof(link_path));
 len = readlink(link_path, link_target, sizeof(link_target));
 if (len <= 0)
  return -1;
 link_target[len] = '\0';
 dbg("path link '%s' points to '%s'", devpath, link_target);

 for (back = 0; strncmp(&link_target[back * 3], "../", 3) == 0; back++)
  ;
 dbg("base '%s', tail '%s', back %i", devpath, &link_target[back * 3], back);
 for (i = 0; i <= back; i++) {
  char *pos = strrchr(devpath, '/');

  if (pos == NULL)
   return -1;
  pos[0] = '\0';
 }
 dbg("after moving back '%s'", devpath);
 strlcat(devpath, "/", size);
 strlcat(devpath, &link_target[back * 3], size);
 return 0;
}
```

```
static bool device_has_attribute(const char *path, const char *attr,
    mode_t mode)
{
 char filename[PATH_SIZE];
 struct stat statbuf;

 strlcpy(filename, path, sizeof(filename));
 strlcat(filename, attr, sizeof(filename));

 if (stat(filename, &statbuf) < 0)
  return false;

 if (!(statbuf.st_mode & mode))
  return false;

 return true;
}

static int device_list_insert(const char *path)
{
 char devpath[PATH_SIZE];
 struct stat statbuf;

 dbg("add '%s'" , path);

 /* we only have a device, if we have a dev and an uevent file */
 if (!device_has_attribute(path, "/dev", S_IRUSR) ||
     !device_has_attribute(path, "/uevent", S_IWUSR))
  return -1;

 strlcpy(devpath, &path[4], sizeof(devpath));

 /* resolve possible link to real target */
 if (lstat(path, &statbuf) < 0)
  return -1;
 if (S_ISLNK(statbuf.st_mode))
  if (sysfs_resolve_link(devpath, sizeof(devpath)) != 0)
   return -1;

 trigger_uevent(devpath);
 return 0;
}

static void scan_subdir(const char *base, const char *subdir,
         bool insert, int depth)
{
 DIR *dir;
```

```
 struct dirent *dent;

 dir = opendir(base);
 if (dir == NULL)
  return;

 for (dent = readdir(dir); dent != NULL; dent = readdir(dir)) {
  char dirname[PATH_SIZE];

  if (dent->d_name[0] == '.')
   continue;

  strlcpy(dirname, base, sizeof(dirname));
  strlcat(dirname, "/", sizeof(dirname));
  strlcat(dirname, dent->d_name, sizeof(dirname));

  if (insert) {
   int err;

   err = device_list_insert(dirname);
   if (err)
    continue;
  }

  if (subdir)
   strlcat(dirname, subdir, sizeof(base));

  if (depth)
   scan_subdir(dirname, NULL, true, depth - 1);
 }

 closedir(dir);
}

int main(int argc, char *argv[], char *envp[])
{
 struct stat statbuf;
 int option;

 openlog("udevtrigger", LOG_PID | LOG_CONS, LOG_DAEMON);

 while (1) {
  option = getopt(argc, argv, "vnh");
  if (option == -1)
   break;

  switch (option) {
  case 'v':
```

```
  verbose = 1;
  break;
 case 'n':
  dry_run = 1;
  break;
 case 'h':
  printf("Usage: udevtrigger OPTIONS\n"
         "  -v                print the list of devices while running\n"
         "  -n                do not actually trigger the events\n"
         "  -h                print this text\n"
         "\n");
  goto exit;
 default:
  goto exit;
 }
}


/* if we have /sys/subsystem, forget all the old stuff */
scan_subdir("/sys/bus", "/devices", false, 1);
scan_subdir("/sys/class", NULL, false, 1);

/* scan "block" if it isn't a "class" */
if (stat("/sys/class/block", &statbuf) != 0)
 scan_subdir("/sys/block", NULL, true, 1);

exit:

 closelog();
 return 0;
}
/*
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*/
```

1.106 vpnresourcemgmt fsl-1

1.107 webfilter fsl-1

1.108 block-mount 2015-05-24-09027fc86babc3986027a0e677aca1b6999a9e14

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* Franklin St, Fifth Floor, Boston, MA 02110-1301 USA
*/

/*
* An utility to delete UBI devices (detach MTD devices from UBI).
*
* Author: Artem Bityutskiy
*/

#define PROGRAM_NAME    "ubidetach"
#define VERSION "owrt-fstools"

#include <sys/types.h>
#include <sys/stat.h>
#include <fcntl.h>
#include <stdio.h>
```

```
#include <stdint.h>
#include <getopt.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <string.h>
#include <unistd.h>

#include "libubi-tiny.h"

#define DEFAULT_CTRL_DEV "/dev/ubi_ctrl"

static int ubi_write(char *node, int fd, const void *buf, int len)
{
 int ret;

 while (len) {
  ret = write(fd, buf, len);
  if (ret < 0) {
   if (errno == EINTR) {
    fprintf(stderr, "do not interrupt me!");
    continue;
   }
   fprintf(stderr, "cannot write %d bytes to volume \"%s\"", len, node);
   return -1;
  }

  if (ret == 0) {
   fprintf(stderr, "cannot write %d bytes to volume \"%s\"", len, node);
   return -1;
  }
  len -= ret;
  buf += ret;
 }

 return 0;
}

static int update_volume(libubi_t libubi, struct ubi_vol_info *vol_info, char *node, char *img, int skip)
{
 int err, fd, ifd;
 long long bytes;
 char *buf;
 struct stat st;

 buf = malloc(vol_info->leb_size);
 if (!buf) {
  fprintf(stderr, "cannot allocate %d bytes of memory", vol_info->leb_size);
  return -1;
 }
```

```
err = stat(img, &st);
if (err < 0) {
 fprintf(stderr, "stat failed on \"%s\"", img);
 goto out_free;
}

bytes = st.st_size - skip;

if (bytes > vol_info->rsvd_bytes) {
 fprintf(stderr, "\"%s\" (size %lld) will not fit volume \"%s\" (size %lld)",
       img, bytes, node, vol_info->rsvd_bytes);
 goto out_free;
}

fd = open(node, O_RDWR);
if (fd == -1) {
 fprintf(stderr, "cannot open UBI volume \"%s\"", node);
 goto out_free;
}

ifd = open(img, O_RDONLY);
if (ifd == -1) {
 fprintf(stderr, "cannot open \"%s\"", img);
 goto out_close1;
}

if (skip && lseek(ifd, skip, SEEK_CUR) == -1) {
 fprintf(stderr, "lseek input by %d failed", skip);
 goto out_close;
}

err = ubi_update_start(libubi, fd, bytes);
if (err) {
 fprintf(stderr, "cannot start volume \"%s\" update", node);
 goto out_close;
}

while (bytes) {
 ssize_t ret;
 int to_copy = vol_info->leb_size;
 if (to_copy > bytes)
  to_copy = bytes;

 ret = read(ifd, buf, to_copy);
 if (ret <= 0) {
  if (errno == EINTR) {
   fprintf(stderr, "do not interrupt me!");
   continue;
```

```
  } else {
   fprintf(stderr, "cannot read %d bytes from \"%s\"",
     to_copy, img);
   goto out_close;
  }
 }

 err = ubi_write(node, fd, buf, ret);
 if (err)
  goto out_close;
 bytes -= ret;
}

 close(ifd);
 close(fd);
 free(buf);
 return 0;

out_close:
 close(ifd);
out_close1:
 close(fd);
out_free:
 free(buf);
 return -1;
}

int ubiattach(libubi_t libubi, char *mtd)
{
 struct ubi_attach_request req = {
  .dev_num = UBI_DEV_NUM_AUTO,
  .mtd_num = -1,
  .vid_hdr_offset = 0,
  .max_beb_per1024 = 0,
  .mtd_dev_node = mtd,
 };
 int err = ubi_attach(libubi, DEFAULT_CTRL_DEV, &req);

 if (err) {
  fprintf(stderr, "cannot attach \"%s\"", mtd);
  return err;
 }

 return 0;
}

int ubidetach(libubi_t libubi, char *mtd)
{
```

```
 return ubi_detach(libubi, DEFAULT_CTRL_DEV, mtd);
}

int ubirsvol(libubi_t libubi, char *node, char *name, int bytes)
{
 struct ubi_dev_info dev_info;
 struct ubi_vol_info vol_info;
 int err = ubi_get_dev_info(libubi, node, &dev_info);

 if (err) {
  fprintf(stderr, "cannot get information about UBI device \"%s\"",
   node);
  return -1;
 }
 err = ubi_get_vol_info1_nm(libubi, dev_info.dev_num, name, &vol_info);
 if (err) {
  fprintf(stderr, "cannot find UBI volume \"%s\"", name);
  return -1;
 }

 err = ubi_rsvol(libubi, node, vol_info.vol_id, bytes);
 if (err) {
  fprintf(stderr, "cannot UBI resize volume");
  return -1;
 }

 return 0;
}

int ubirmvol(libubi_t libubi, char *node, char *name)
{
 struct ubi_dev_info dev_info;
 struct ubi_vol_info vol_info;
 int err = ubi_get_dev_info(libubi, node, &dev_info);

 if (err) {
  fprintf(stderr, "cannot get information about UBI device \"%s\"",
   node);
  return -1;
 }

 err = ubi_get_vol_info1_nm(libubi, dev_info.dev_num, name, &vol_info);
 if (err) {
  fprintf(stderr, "cannot find UBI volume \"%s\"", name);
  return -1;
 }

 err = ubi_rmvol(libubi, node, vol_info.vol_id);
```

```
 if (err) {
  fprintf(stderr, "cannot UBI remove volume");
  return -1;
 }

 return 0;
}

int ubimkvol(libubi_t libubi, char *node, char *name, int maxavs)
{
 struct ubi_dev_info dev_info;
 struct ubi_vol_info vol_info;
 struct ubi_mkvol_request req;
 int err = ubi_get_dev_info(libubi, node, &dev_info);

 if (err) {
  fprintf(stderr, "cannot get information about UBI device \"%s\"",
   node);
  return -1;
 }

 if (dev_info.avail_bytes == 0) {
  fprintf(stderr, "UBI device does not have free logical eraseblocks");
  return -1;
 }

 if (maxavs)
  printf("Set volume size to %lld\n", dev_info.avail_bytes);

 req.vol_id = UBI_VOL_NUM_AUTO;
 req.alignment = 1;
 req.bytes = dev_info.avail_bytes;
 req.vol_type = UBI_DYNAMIC_VOLUME;
 req.name = name;

 err = ubi_mkvol(libubi, node, &req);
 if (err < 0) {
  fprintf(stderr, "cannot UBI create volume");
  return -1;
 }

 /* Print information about the created device */
 err = ubi_get_vol_info1(libubi, dev_info.dev_num, req.vol_id, &vol_info);
 if (err) {
  fprintf(stderr, "cannot get information about newly created UBI volume");
  return -1;
 }
```

```
 printf("Volume ID %d, size %d LEBs (", vol_info.vol_id, vol_info.rsvd_lebs);
 ubiutils_print_bytes(vol_info.rsvd_bytes, 0);
 printf("), LEB size ");
 ubiutils_print_bytes(vol_info.leb_size, 1);
 printf(", %s, name \"%s\", alignment %d\n",
  req.vol_type == UBI_DYNAMIC_VOLUME ? "dynamic" : "static",
  vol_info.name, vol_info.alignment);

 return 0;
}

int ubiupdatevol(libubi_t libubi, char *node, char *file)
{
 struct ubi_vol_info vol_info;
 int err = ubi_get_vol_info(libubi, node, &vol_info);

 if (err) {
  fprintf(stderr, "cannot get information about UBI volume \"%s\"",
   node);
  return -1;
 }

 return update_volume(libubi, &vol_info, node, file, 0);
}

int ubitruncatevol(libubi_t libubi, char *node)
{
 int err, fd;

 fd = open(node, O_RDWR);
 if (fd == -1) {
  fprintf(stderr, "cannot open \"%s\"", node);
  return -1;
 }

 err = ubi_update_start(libubi, fd, 0);
 if (err) {
  fprintf(stderr, "cannot truncate volume \"%s\"", node);
  close(fd);
  return -1;
 }

 close(fd);
 return 0;
}
/*
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*
```

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#include <sys/stat.h>
#include <fcntl.h>
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdint.h>
#include <getopt.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <string.h>
#include <unistd.h>

#include <libubox/ulog.h>

#include "libubi/libubi-tiny.h"

static int print_usage(void)
{
 printf("ubi info\n");
 printf("ubi detach kernel|rootfs\n");
 printf("ubi kernel <image.kernel.ubi>\n");
 printf("ubi rootfs <image.rootfs.ubi>\n");
 printf("ubi overlay <image.rootfs-overlay.ubi>\n");

 return -1;
}

static int mtd_find_index(char *name)
{
 FILE *fp = fopen("/proc/mtd", "r");
 char line[256];
 char *index = NULL;

 if (!fp)
  return -1;

 while (!index && fgets(line, sizeof(line), fp)) {
  if (strstr(line, name)) {
   char *eol = strstr(line, ":");
```

```
  if (!eol)
   continue;

  *eol = '\0';
  index = &line[3];
 }
}

fclose(fp);

if (!index)
 return -1;

return atoi(index);
}

static int mtd_find(char *name, char *ret)
{
 int index = mtd_find_index(name);
 if (index < 0)
  return -1;

 sprintf(ret, "/dev/mtd%d", index);

 return 0;
}

static int ubi_find(libubi_t libubi, char *name, char *ret)
{
 int index = mtd_find_index(name);
 int ubi = 0;

 while (ubi_dev_present(libubi, ubi))
 {
  struct ubi_dev_info info;

  if (ubi_get_dev_info1(libubi, ubi++, &info))
   continue;

  if (info.mtd_num != index)
   continue;

  sprintf(ret, "/dev/ubi%d", info.dev_num);

  return 0;
 }

 return -1;
```

```
}

static int volume_find(libubi_t libubi, char *name, char *ret)
{
 int index = mtd_find_index(name);
 struct ubi_vol_info vol;
 int ubi = 0;

 if (index < 0)
  return -1;

 if (mtd_num2ubi_dev(libubi, index, &ubi)) {
  ULOG_ERR("failed to get ubi node for %s\n", name);
  return -1;
 }

 if (ubi_get_vol_info1_nm(libubi, ubi, name, &vol)) {
  ULOG_ERR("failed to get ubi volume info for %s\n", name);
  return -1;
 }

 sprintf(ret, "/dev/ubi%d_%d", ubi, vol.vol_id);

 return 0;
}

static int main_detach(char *type)
{
 libubi_t libubi;
 char mtd[64];
 int err;

 if (!strcmp(type, "kernel"))
  err = mtd_find("kernel_ubi", mtd);
 else if (!strcmp(type, "rootfs"))
  err = mtd_find("rootfs_ubi", mtd);
 else
  return print_usage();

 if (err) {
  ULOG_ERR("MTD partition '%s_ubi' not found\n", type);
  return -1;
 }

 libubi = libubi_open();
 if (!libubi) {
  ULOG_ERR("cannot open libubi");
  return -1;
```

```
 }

 err = ubidetach(libubi, mtd);
 if (err) {
  ULOG_ERR("cannot detach \"%s\"", mtd);
  return -1;
 }

 return 0;
}

static int main_image(char *partition, char *image, char *overlay)
{
 libubi_t libubi;
 struct stat s;
 int err;
 char mtd[64];
 char _part[64];
 char node[64];
 char volume[64];
 char _data[64];
 char *data = NULL;

 if (stat(image, &s)) {
  ULOG_ERR("image not found %s\n", image);
  return -1;
 }

 if (!strcmp(partition, "kernel"))
  err = mtd_find("kernel", _part);
 else
  err = mtd_find("rootfs", _part);

 if (overlay && !mtd_find(overlay, _data))
  data = _data;

 libubi = libubi_open();
 if (!libubi) {
  ULOG_ERR("cannot open libubi");
  return -1;
 }

 if (!strcmp(partition, "kernel"))
  err = mtd_find("kernel_ubi", mtd);
 else
  err = mtd_find("rootfs_ubi", mtd);
 if (err) {
  ULOG_ERR("MTD partition '%s_ubi' not found\n", partition);
```

```
 return -1;
}

if (!strcmp(partition, "kernel"))
 err = ubi_find(libubi, "kernel_ubi", node);
else
 err = ubi_find(libubi, "rootfs_ubi", node);
if (err) {
 ULOG_ERR("UBI volume '%s' not found\n", partition);
 return -1;
}

err = ubidetach(libubi, mtd);
if (err) {
 ULOG_ERR("cannot detach \"%s\"", mtd);
 return -1;
}

err = ubiattach(libubi, mtd);
if (err) {
 ULOG_ERR("cannot attach \"%s\"", mtd);
 return -1;
}

if (data) {
 err = ubirmvol(libubi, node, overlay);
 if (err) {
  ULOG_ERR("cannot remove \"%s\"", node);
  return -1;
 }
}

if (volume_find(libubi, partition, volume) < 0) {
 ULOG_ERR("UBI volume '%s' not found\n", partition);
 return -1;
}

err = ubirsvol(libubi, node, partition, s.st_size);
if (err) {
 ULOG_ERR("cannot resize \"%s\"", partition);
 return -1;
}

err = ubiupdatevol(libubi, volume, image);
if (err) {
 ULOG_ERR("cannot update \"%s\"", volume);
 return -1;
}
```

```
 if (overlay) {
  err = ubimkvol(libubi, node, overlay, 1);
  if (err) {
   ULOG_ERR("cannot make \"%s\"", overlay);
   return -1;
  }
 }

 libubi_close(libubi);

 return err;
}

static int main_info(void)
{
 struct ubi_info info;
 libubi_t libubi;
 int i;

 libubi = libubi_open();
 if (!libubi) {
  ULOG_ERR("cannot open libubi");
  return -1;
 }

 if (ubi_get_info(libubi, &info)) {
  ULOG_ERR("failed to get info\n");
  return -1;
 }

 for (i = info.lowest_dev_num; i <= info.highest_dev_num; i++) {
  struct ubi_dev_info dinfo;
  char ubi[64];
  int j;

  sprintf(ubi, "/dev/ubi%d", i);
  if (ubi_get_dev_info(libubi, ubi, &dinfo))
   continue;
  printf("device - %s\n  size: %lldBytes\n  bad blocks: %d\n",
         &ubi[5], dinfo.total_bytes, dinfo.bad_count);
  for (j = dinfo.lowest_vol_id; j <= dinfo.highest_vol_id; j++) {
   struct ubi_vol_info vinfo;

   sprintf(ubi, "/dev/ubi%d_%d", i, j);
   if (ubi_get_vol_info(libubi, ubi, &vinfo))
    continue;
   printf("  volume - %s\n", &ubi[5]);
```

```
  printf("\tname: %s\n", vinfo.name);
  printf("\tsize: %lld\n", vinfo.data_bytes);
 }
}

libubi_close(libubi);

return 0;
}

int main(int argc, char **argv)
{
 if (argc > 1 && !strcmp(argv[1], "info"))
  return main_info();

 if (argc < 3)
  return print_usage();

 if (!strcmp(argv[1], "kernel")) {
  return main_image("kernel", argv[2], NULL);

 } else if (!strcmp(argv[1], "rootfs")) {
  return main_image("rootfs", argv[2], NULL);

 } else if (!strcmp(argv[1], "overlay")) {
  return main_image("rootfs", argv[2], "rootfs_data");

 } else if (!strcmp(argv[1], "detach")) {
  return main_detach(argv[2]);
 }

 return -1;
}
```

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1.110 openvpn 2.3.6

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1.115 krb5-libs 1.8

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cmd/krb5/slave/kpropd_rpc.c
lib/gss_mechs/mech_krb5/et/kdb5_err.c
lib/gss_mechs/mech_spnego/mech/gssapiP_spnego.h
lib/gss_mechs/mech_spnego/mech/spnego_mech.c
lib/krb5/kadm5/kadm_host_srv_names.c
lib/krb5/kdb/kdb_convert.c
lib/krb5/kdb/kdb_hdr.h
lib/krb5/kdb/kdb_log.c
lib/krb5/kdb/kdb_log.h
lib/libgss/g_accept_sec_context.c
lib/libgss/g_acquire_cred.c
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lib/libgss/g_sign.c
lib/libgss/g_store_cred.c
lib/libgss/g_unseal.c
lib/libgss/g_userok.c
lib/libgss/g_utils.c
lib/libgss/g_verify.c
lib/libgss/gssd_pname_to_uid.c

uts/common/gssapi/include/gssapi_err_generic.h
uts/common/gssapi/include/mechglueP.h

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The implementations of GSSAPI mechglue in GSSAPI-SPNEGO in src/lib/gssapi, including the following files:

lib/gssapi/generic/gssapi_err_generic.et
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g_accept_sec_context.c
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g_acquire_cred.c
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g_canon_name.c
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g_compare_name.c
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g_context_time.c
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g_delete_sec_context.c
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g_dsp_name.c
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g_dsp_status.c
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g_dup_name.c
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g_exp_sec_context.c
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g_export_name.c
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g_glue.c
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g_imp_name.c
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g_imp_sec_context.c
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g_init_sec_context.c
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g_initialize.c
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g_inquire_context.c
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g_inquire_cred.c
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g_inquire_names.c
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g_process_context.c
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g_rel_buffer.c
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g_rel_cred.c
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g_rel_name.c
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g_rel_oid_set.c
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g_seal.c
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g_sign.c
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g_store_cred.c
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g_unseal.c

lib/gssapi/mechglue/g_userok.c
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g_utils.c
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g_verify.c
lib/gssapi/mechglue/gssd_pname_to_uid.c
lib/gssapi/mechglue/mglueP.h
lib/gssapi/mechglue/oid_ops.c
lib/gssapi/spnego/gssapiP_spnego.h
lib/gssapi/spnego/spnego_mech.c

and the initial implementation of incremental propagation, including
the following new or changed files:

include/iprop_hdr.h
kadmin/server/ipropd_svc.c
lib/kdb/iprop.x
lib/kdb/kdb_convert.c
lib/kdb/kdb_log.c
lib/kdb/kdb_log.h
lib/krb5/error_tables/kdb5_err.et
slave/kpropd_rpc.c
slave/kproplog.c

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1.119 mtd-utils 1.5.0

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For example, on rare occasions, there may be a special need to encourage the widest possible use of a certain library, so that it becomes a de-facto standard. To achieve this, non-free programs must be allowed to use the library. A more frequent case is that a free library does the same job as widely used non-free libraries. In this case, there is little to gain by limiting the free library to free software only, so we use the Lesser General Public License.

In other cases, permission to use a particular library in non-free programs enables a greater number of people to use a large body of free software. For example, permission to use the GNU C Library in non-free programs enables many more people to use the whole GNU operating system, as well as its variant, the GNU/Linux operating system.

Although the Lesser General Public License is Less protective of the users' freedom, it does ensure that the user of a program that is linked with the Library has the freedom and the wherewithal to run that program using a modified version of the Library.

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(For example, a function in a library to compute square roots has a purpose that is entirely well-defined independent of the application. Therefore, Subsection 2d requires that any application-supplied function or table used by this function must be optional: if the application does not supply it, the square root function must still compute square roots.)

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If distribution of object code is made by offering access to copy from a designated place, then offering equivalent access to copy the source code from the same place satisfies the requirement to distribute the source code, even though third parties are not compelled to copy the source along with the object code.

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When a "work that uses the Library" uses material from a header file that is part of the Library, the object code for the work may be a derivative work of the Library even though the source code is not. Whether this is true is especially significant if the work can be linked without the Library, or if the work is itself a library. The threshold for this to be true is not precisely defined by law.

If such an object file uses only numerical parameters, data structure layouts and accessors, and small macros and small inline functions (ten lines or less in length), then the use of the object file is unrestricted, regardless of whether it is legally a derivative work. (Executables containing this object code plus portions of the Library will still fall under Section 6.)

Otherwise, if the work is a derivative of the Library, you may distribute the object code for the work under the terms of Section 6. Any executables containing that work also fall under Section 6, whether or not they are linked directly with the Library itself.

6. As an exception to the Sections above, you may also combine or link a "work that uses the Library" with the Library to produce a work containing portions of the Library, and distribute that work under terms of your choice, provided that the terms permit

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1.122 libcli 1.9.4

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b) Use a suitable shared library mechanism for linking with the Library. A suitable mechanism is one that (1) uses at run time a copy of the library already present on the user's computer system, rather than copying library functions into the executable, and (2) will operate properly with a modified version of the library, if the user installs one, as long as the modified version is interface-compatible with the version that the work was made with.

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1.123 perl-crypt-rijndael 1.13

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*/

/*
* Rijndael is a 128/192/256-bit block cipher that accepts key sizes of

* 128, 192, or 256 bits, designed by Joan Daemen and Vincent Rijmen. See
* http://www.esat.kuleuven.ac.be/~rijmen/rijndael/ for details.
*/

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1.124 gre 1

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1.126 radvd 1.9.1

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```
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```

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```
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<signature of Ty Coon>, 1 April 1989
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1.128 usb-modeswitch 2014-08-26

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*
*****************************************************************************/
/*
* File:        nbvpn_relay.c
*
* Description: NBVPN user space application for netbios broadcast relay
*
* Authors:     Sridhar Pothuganti <sridhar.pothuganti@nxp.com>
```

```
*
* History
*  Version     Date           Author              Change Description
*    1.0       19/07/2015     Sridhar Pothuganti  Initial Development
*
**************************************************************************/

/*
Part of the code taken from https://github.com/nomeata/udp-broadcast-relay/ which is based on GPLv2
*/

/*
**********************************************************************
udp-broadcast-relay
 Relays UDP broadcasts to other networks, forging
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Based upon:
udp_broadcast_fw ; Forwards UDP broadcast packets to all local
 interfaces as though they originated from sender

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Thanks:

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1.132 libnetfilter-queue 1.0.2

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the documentation, and info on specific files will go into an AUTHORS
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++++++++++++++++

Dean Elsner wrote the original gas for vax. [more details?]

Jay Fenlason maintained gas for a while, adding support for

gdb-specific debug information and the 68k series machines, most of the preprocessing pass, and extensive changes in messages.c, input-file.c, write.c.

K. Richard Pixley maintained gas for a while, adding various enhancements and many bug fixes, including merging support for several processors, breaking gas up to handle multiple object file format backends (including heavy rewrite, testing, an integration of the coff and b.out backends), adding configuration including heavy testing and verification of cross assemblers and file splits and renaming, converted gas to strictly ansi C including full prototypes, added support for m680[34]0 & cpu32, considerable work on i960 including a coff port (including considerable amounts of reverse engineering), a sparc opcode file rewrite, decstation, rs6000, and hp300hpux host ports, updated "know" assertions and made them work, much other reorganization, cleanup, and lint.

Ken Raeburn wrote the high-level BFD interface code to replace most of the code in format-specific I/O modules.

The original Vax-VMS support was contributed by David L. Kashtan. Eric Youngdale and Pat Rankin have done much work with it since.

The Intel 80386 machine description was written by Eliot Dresselhaus.

Minh Tran-Le at IntelliCorp contributed some AIX 386 support.

The Motorola 88k machine description was contributed by Devon Bowen of Buffalo University and Torbjorn Granlund of the Swedish Institute of Computer Science.

Keith Knowles at the Open Software Foundation wrote the original MIPS back end (tc-mips.c, tc-mips.h), and contributed Rose format support that hasn't been merged in yet. Ralph Campbell worked with the MIPS code to support a.out format.

Support for the Zilog Z8k and Hitachi H8/300, H8/500 and SH processors (tc-z8k, tc-h8300, tc-h8500, tc-sh), and IEEE 695 object file format (obj-ieee), was written by Steve Chamberlain of Cygnus Solutions. Steve also modified the COFF back end (obj-coffbfd) to use BFD for some low-level operations, for use with the Hitachi, 29k and Zilog targets.

John Gilmore built the AMD 29000 support, added .include support, and simplified the configuration of which versions accept which pseudo-ops. He updated the 68k machine description so that Motorola's opcodes always produced fixed-size instructions (e.g. jsr), while synthetic instructions remained shrinkable (jbsr). John fixed many

bugs, including true tested cross-compilation support, and one bug in relaxation that took a week and required the proverbial one-bit fix.

Ian Lance Taylor of Cygnus Solutions merged the Motorola and MIT syntaxes for the 68k, completed support for some COFF targets (68k, i386 SVR3, and SCO Unix), wrote the ECOFF support based on Michael Meissner's mips-tfile program, wrote the PowerPC and RS/6000 support, and made a few other minor patches. He handled the binutils releases for versions 2.7 through 2.9.

David Edelsohn contributed fixes for the PowerPC and AIX support.

Steve Chamberlain made gas able to generate listings.

Support for the HP9000/300 was contributed by Glenn Engel of HP.

Support for ELF format files has been worked on by Mark Eichin of Cygnus Solutions (original, incomplete implementation), Pete Hoogenboom at the University of Utah (HPPA mainly), Michael Meissner of the Open Software Foundation (i386 mainly), and Ken Raeburn of Cygnus Solutions (sparc, initial 64-bit support).

Several engineers at Cygnus Solutions have also provided many small bug fixes and configuration enhancements.

The initial Alpha support was contributed by Carnegie-Mellon University. Additional work was done by Ken Raeburn of Cygnus Solutions. Richard Henderson then rewrote much of the Alpha support.

Ian Dall updated the support code for the National Semiconductor 32000 series, and added support for Mach 3 and NetBSD running on the PC532.

Klaus Kaempf ported the assembler and the binutils to openVMS/Alpha.

Steve Haworth contributed the support for the Texas Instruction c30 (tms320c30).

H.J. Lu has contributed many patches and much testing.

Alan Modra reworked much of the i386 backend, improving the error checking, updating the code, and improving the 16 bit support, using patches from the work of Martynas Kunigelis and H.J. Lu.

Many others have contributed large or small bugfixes and enhancements. If you've contributed significant work and are not mentioned on this list, and want to be, let us know. Some of the history has been lost; we aren't intentionally leaving anyone out.

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numbered 2 because it goes with version 2 of the ordinary GPL.]

Preamble

The licenses for most software are designed to take away your freedom to share and change it. By contrast, the GNU General Public Licenses are intended to guarantee your freedom to share and change free software--to make sure the software is free for all its users.

This license, the Library General Public License, applies to some specially designated Free Software Foundation software, and to any other libraries whose authors decide to use it. You can use it for your libraries, too.

When we speak of free software, we are referring to freedom, not price. Our General Public Licenses are designed to make sure that you have the freedom to distribute copies of free software (and charge for this service if you wish), that you receive source code or can get it if you want it, that you can change the software or use pieces of it in new free programs; and that you know you can do these things.

To protect your rights, we need to make restrictions that forbid anyone to deny you these rights or to ask you to surrender the rights. These restrictions translate to certain responsibilities for you if you distribute copies of the library, or if you modify it.

For example, if you distribute copies of the library, whether gratis or for a fee, you must give the recipients all the rights that we gave you. You must make sure that they, too, receive or can get the source code. If you link a program with the library, you must provide complete object files to the recipients so that they can relink them with the library, after making changes to the library and recompiling it. And you must show them these terms so they know their rights.

Our method of protecting your rights has two steps: (1) copyright

the library, and (2) offer you this license which gives you legal permission to copy, distribute and/or modify the library.

Also, for each distributor's protection, we want to make certain that everyone understands that there is no warranty for this free library. If the library is modified by someone else and passed on, we want its recipients to know that what they have is not the original version, so that any problems introduced by others will not reflect on the original authors' reputations.

Finally, any free program is threatened constantly by software patents. We wish to avoid the danger that companies distributing free software will individually obtain patent licenses, thus in effect transforming the program into proprietary software. To prevent this, we have made it clear that any patent must be licensed for everyone's free use or not licensed at all.

Most GNU software, including some libraries, is covered by the ordinary GNU General Public License, which was designed for utility programs. This license, the GNU Library General Public License, applies to certain designated libraries. This license is quite different from the ordinary one; be sure to read it in full, and don't assume that anything in it is the same as in the ordinary license.

The reason we have a separate public license for some libraries is that they blur the distinction we usually make between modifying or adding to a program and simply using it. Linking a program with a library, without changing the library, is in some sense simply using the library, and is analogous to running a utility program or application program. However, in a textual and legal sense, the linked executable is a combined work, a derivative of the original library, and the ordinary General Public License treats it as such.

Because of this blurred distinction, using the ordinary General Public License for libraries did not effectively promote software sharing, because most developers did not use the libraries. We concluded that weaker conditions might promote sharing better.

However, unrestricted linking of non-free programs would deprive the users of those programs of all benefit from the free status of the libraries themselves. This Library General Public License is intended to permit developers of non-free programs to use free libraries, while preserving your freedom as a user of such programs to change the free libraries that are incorporated in them. (We have not seen how to achieve this as regards changes in header files, but we have achieved it as regards changes in the actual functions of the Library.) The hope is that this will lead to faster development of free libraries.

The precise terms and conditions for copying, distribution and modification follow. Pay close attention to the difference between a "work based on the library" and a "work that uses the library". The former contains code derived from the library, while the latter only works together with the library.

Note that it is possible for a library to be covered by the ordinary General Public License rather than by this special one.

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0. This License Agreement applies to any software library which contains a notice placed by the copyright holder or other authorized party saying it may be distributed under the terms of this Library General Public License (also called "this License"). Each licensee is addressed as "you".

A "library" means a collection of software functions and/or data prepared so as to be conveniently linked with application programs (which use some of those functions and data) to form executables.

The "Library", below, refers to any such software library or work which has been distributed under these terms. A "work based on the Library" means either the Library or any derivative work under copyright law: that is to say, a work containing the Library or a portion of it, either verbatim or with modifications and/or translated straightforwardly into another language. (Hereinafter, translation is included without limitation in the term "modification".)

"Source code" for a work means the preferred form of the work for making modifications to it. For a library, complete source code means all the source code for all modules it contains, plus any associated interface definition files, plus the scripts used to control compilation and installation of the library.

Activities other than copying, distribution and modification are not covered by this License; they are outside its scope. The act of running a program using the Library is not restricted, and output from such a program is covered only if its contents constitute a work based on the Library (independent of the use of the Library in a tool for writing it). Whether that is true depends on what the Library does and what the program that uses the Library does.

1. You may copy and distribute verbatim copies of the Library's complete source code as you receive it, in any medium, provided that you conspicuously and appropriately publish on each copy an appropriate copyright notice and disclaimer of warranty; keep intact

all the notices that refer to this License and to the absence of any warranty; and distribute a copy of this License along with the Library.

You may charge a fee for the physical act of transferring a copy, and you may at your option offer warranty protection in exchange for a fee.

2. You may modify your copy or copies of the Library or any portion of it, thus forming a work based on the Library, and copy and distribute such modifications or work under the terms of Section 1 above, provided that you also meet all of these conditions:

a) The modified work must itself be a software library.

b) You must cause the files modified to carry prominent notices stating that you changed the files and the date of any change.

c) You must cause the whole of the work to be licensed at no charge to all third parties under the terms of this License.

d) If a facility in the modified Library refers to a function or a table of data to be supplied by an application program that uses the facility, other than as an argument passed when the facility is invoked, then you must make a good faith effort to ensure that, in the event an application does not supply such function or table, the facility still operates, and performs whatever part of its purpose remains meaningful.

(For example, a function in a library to compute square roots has a purpose that is entirely well-defined independent of the application. Therefore, Subsection 2d requires that any application-supplied function or table used by this function must be optional: if the application does not supply it, the square root function must still compute square roots.)

These requirements apply to the modified work as a whole. If identifiable sections of that work are not derived from the Library, and can be reasonably considered independent and separate works in themselves, then this License, and its terms, do not apply to those sections when you distribute them as separate works. But when you distribute the same sections as part of a whole which is a work based on the Library, the distribution of the whole must be on the terms of this License, whose permissions for other licensees extend to the entire whole, and thus to each and every part regardless of who wrote it.

Thus, it is not the intent of this section to claim rights or contest

your rights to work written entirely by you; rather, the intent is to exercise the right to control the distribution of derivative or collective works based on the Library.

In addition, mere aggregation of another work not based on the Library with the Library (or with a work based on the Library) on a volume of a storage or distribution medium does not bring the other work under the scope of this License.

3. You may opt to apply the terms of the ordinary GNU General Public License instead of this License to a given copy of the Library. To do this, you must alter all the notices that refer to this License, so that they refer to the ordinary GNU General Public License, version 2, instead of to this License. (If a newer version than version 2 of the ordinary GNU General Public License has appeared, then you can specify that version instead if you wish.) Do not make any other change in these notices.

Once this change is made in a given copy, it is irreversible for that copy, so the ordinary GNU General Public License applies to all subsequent copies and derivative works made from that copy.

This option is useful when you wish to copy part of the code of the Library into a program that is not a library.

4. You may copy and distribute the Library (or a portion or derivative of it, under Section 2) in object code or executable form under the terms of Sections 1 and 2 above provided that you accompany it with the complete corresponding machine-readable source code, which must be distributed under the terms of Sections 1 and 2 above on a medium customarily used for software interchange.

If distribution of object code is made by offering access to copy from a designated place, then offering equivalent access to copy the source code from the same place satisfies the requirement to distribute the source code, even though third parties are not compelled to copy the source along with the object code.

5. A program that contains no derivative of any portion of the Library, but is designed to work with the Library by being compiled or linked with it, is called a "work that uses the Library". Such a work, in isolation, is not a derivative work of the Library, and therefore falls outside the scope of this License.

However, linking a "work that uses the Library" with the Library creates an executable that is a derivative of the Library (because it contains portions of the Library), rather than a "work that uses the library". The executable is therefore covered by this License.

Section 6 states terms for distribution of such executables.

When a "work that uses the Library" uses material from a header file that is part of the Library, the object code for the work may be a derivative work of the Library even though the source code is not. Whether this is true is especially significant if the work can be linked without the Library, or if the work is itself a library. The threshold for this to be true is not precisely defined by law.

If such an object file uses only numerical parameters, data structure layouts and accessors, and small macros and small inline functions (ten lines or less in length), then the use of the object file is unrestricted, regardless of whether it is legally a derivative work. (Executables containing this object code plus portions of the Library will still fall under Section 6.)

Otherwise, if the work is a derivative of the Library, you may distribute the object code for the work under the terms of Section 6. Any executables containing that work also fall under Section 6, whether or not they are linked directly with the Library itself.

6. As an exception to the Sections above, you may also compile or link a "work that uses the Library" with the Library to produce a work containing portions of the Library, and distribute that work under terms of your choice, provided that the terms permit modification of the work for the customer's own use and reverse engineering for debugging such modifications.

You must give prominent notice with each copy of the work that the Library is used in it and that the Library and its use are covered by this License. You must supply a copy of this License. If the work during execution displays copyright notices, you must include the copyright notice for the Library among them, as well as a reference directing the user to the copy of this License. Also, you must do one of these things:

a) Accompany the work with the complete corresponding machine-readable source code for the Library including whatever changes were used in the work (which must be distributed under Sections 1 and 2 above); and, if the work is an executable linked with the Library, with the complete machine-readable "work that uses the Library", as object code and/or source code, so that the user can modify the Library and then relink to produce a modified executable containing the modified Library. (It is understood that the user who changes the contents of definitions files in the Library will not necessarily be able to recompile the application to use the modified definitions.)

b) Accompany the work with a written offer, valid for at least three years, to give the same user the materials specified in Subsection 6a, above, for a charge no more than the cost of performing this distribution.

c) If distribution of the work is made by offering access to copy from a designated place, offer equivalent access to copy the above specified materials from the same place.

d) Verify that the user has already received a copy of these materials or that you have already sent this user a copy.

For an executable, the required form of the "work that uses the Library" must include any data and utility programs needed for reproducing the executable from it. However, as a special exception, the source code distributed need not include anything that is normally distributed (in either source or binary form) with the major components (compiler, kernel, and so on) of the operating system on which the executable runs, unless that component itself accompanies the executable.

It may happen that this requirement contradicts the license restrictions of other proprietary libraries that do not normally accompany the operating system. Such a contradiction means you cannot use both them and the Library together in an executable that you distribute.

7. You may place library facilities that are a work based on the Library side-by-side in a single library together with other library facilities not covered by this License, and distribute such a combined library, provided that the separate distribution of the work based on the Library and of the other library facilities is otherwise permitted, and provided that you do these two things:

a) Accompany the combined library with a copy of the same work based on the Library, uncombined with any other library facilities. This must be distributed under the terms of the Sections above.

b) Give prominent notice with the combined library of the fact that part of it is a work based on the Library, and explaining where to find the accompanying uncombined form of the same work.

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If any portion of this section is held invalid or unenforceable under any particular circumstance, the balance of the section is intended to apply, and the section as a whole is intended to apply in other circumstances.

It is not the purpose of this section to induce you to infringe any patents or other property right claims or to contest validity of any such claims; this section has the sole purpose of protecting the integrity of the free software distribution system which is implemented by public license practices. Many people have made generous contributions to the wide range of software distributed through that system in reliance on consistent application of that system; it is up to the author/donor to decide if he or she is willing to distribute software through any other system and a licensee cannot impose that choice.

This section is intended to make thoroughly clear what is believed to be a consequence of the rest of this License.

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END OF TERMS AND CONDITIONS

Appendix: How to Apply These Terms to Your New Libraries

If you develop a new library, and you want it to be of the greatest possible use to the public, we recommend making it free software that everyone can redistribute and change. You can do so by permitting redistribution under these terms (or, alternatively, under the terms of the ordinary General Public License).

To apply these terms, attach the following notices to the library. It is safest to attach them to the start of each source file to most effectively convey the exclusion of warranty; and each file should have at least the "copyright" line and a pointer to where the full notice is found.

<one line to give the library's name and a brief idea of what it does.>
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Also add information on how to contact you by electronic and paper mail.

You should also get your employer (if you work as a programmer) or your school, if any, to sign a "copyright disclaimer" for the library, if necessary. Here is a sample; alter the names:

Yoyodyne, Inc., hereby disclaims all copyright interest in the

library `Frob' (a library for tweaking knobs) written by James Random Hacker.

<signature of Ty Coon>, 1 April 1990
Ty Coon, President of Vice

That's all there is to it!
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@cindex LGPL, Lesser General Public License
@center Version 2.1, February 1999

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[This is the first released version of the Lesser GPL. It also counts
as the successor of the GNU Library Public License, version 2, hence the
version number 2.1.]
@end display

@appendixsubsec Preamble

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specially designated software---typically libraries---of the Free
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it too, but we suggest you first think carefully about whether this
license or the ordinary General Public License is the better strategy to
use in any particular case, based on the explanations below.

When we speak of free software, we are referring to freedom of use,
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for this service if you wish); that you receive source code or can get
it if you want it; that you can change the software and use pieces of it
in new free programs; and that you are informed that you can do these
things.

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To protect each distributor, we want to make it very clear that there is no warranty for the free library. Also, if the library is modified by someone else and passed on, the recipients should know that what they have is not the original version, so that the original author's reputation will not be affected by problems that might be introduced by others.

Finally, software patents pose a constant threat to the existence of any free program. We wish to make sure that a company cannot effectively restrict the users of a free program by obtaining a restrictive license from a patent holder. Therefore, we insist that any patent license obtained for a version of the library must be consistent with the full freedom of use specified in this license.

Most GNU software, including some libraries, is covered by the ordinary GNU General Public License. This license, the GNU Lesser General Public License, applies to certain designated libraries, and is quite different from the ordinary General Public License. We use this license for certain libraries in order to permit linking those libraries into non-free programs.

When a program is linked with a library, whether statically or using a shared library, the combination of the two is legally speaking a combined work, a derivative of the original library. The ordinary General Public License therefore permits such linking only if the entire combination fits its criteria of freedom. The Lesser General Public License permits more lax criteria for linking other code with the library.

We call this license the @dfn{Lesser} General Public License because it does @emph{Less} to protect the user's freedom than the ordinary General Public License. It also provides other free software developers Less of an advantage over competing non-free programs. These disadvantages

are the reason we use the ordinary General Public License for many libraries. However, the Lesser license provides advantages in certain special circumstances.

For example, on rare occasions, there may be a special need to encourage the widest possible use of a certain library, so that it becomes a de-facto standard. To achieve this, non-free programs must be allowed to use the library. A more frequent case is that a free library does the same job as widely used non-free libraries. In this case, there is little to gain by limiting the free library to free software only, so we use the Lesser General Public License.

In other cases, permission to use a particular library in non-free programs enables a greater number of people to use a large body of free software. For example, permission to use the GNU C Library in non-free programs enables many more people to use the whole GNU operating system, as well as its variant, the GNU/Linux operating system.

Although the Lesser General Public License is Less protective of the users' freedom, it does ensure that the user of a program that is linked with the Library has the freedom and the wherewithal to run that program using a modified version of the Library.

The precise terms and conditions for copying, distribution and modification follow. Pay close attention to the difference between a ``work based on the library'' and a ``work that uses the library''. The former contains code derived from the library, whereas the latter must be combined with the library in order to run.

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@ifinfo
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@end ifinfo

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@item
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A ``library'' means a collection of software functions and/or data prepared so as to be conveniently linked with application programs

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The ``Library'', below, refers to any such software library or work which has been distributed under these terms. A ``work based on the Library'' means either the Library or any derivative work under copyright law: that is to say, a work containing the Library or a portion of it, either verbatim or with modifications and/or translated straightforwardly into another language. (Hereinafter, translation is included without limitation in the term ``modification''.)

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You may charge a fee for the physical act of transferring a copy, and you may at your option offer warranty protection in exchange for a fee.

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root function must still compute square roots.)
@end enumerate

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sections when you distribute them as separate works. But when you
distribute the same sections as part of a whole which is a work based
on the Library, the distribution of the whole must be on the terms of
this License, whose permissions for other licensees extend to the
entire whole, and thus to each and every part regardless of who wrote
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that they refer to the ordinary GNU General Public License, version 2,
instead of to this License. (If a newer version than version 2 of the
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This option is useful when you wish to copy part of the code of
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derivative of it, under Section 2) in object code or executable form
under the terms of Sections 1 and 2 above provided that you accompany
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If such an object file uses only numerical parameters, data structure layouts and accessors, and small macros and small inline functions (ten lines or less in length), then the use of the object file is unrestricted, regardless of whether it is legally a derivative work. (Executables containing this object code plus portions of the Library will still fall under Section 6.)

Otherwise, if the work is a derivative of the Library, you may distribute the object code for the work under the terms of Section 6. Any executables containing that work also fall under Section 6, whether or not they are linked directly with the Library itself.

@item
As an exception to the Sections above, you may also combine or link a ``work that uses the Library'' with the Library to produce a work containing portions of the Library, and distribute that work under terms of your choice, provided that the terms permit modification of the work for the customer's own use and reverse engineering for debugging such modifications.

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@enumerate a
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Accompany the work with the complete corresponding machine-readable source code for the Library including whatever changes were used in the work (which must be distributed under Sections 1 and 2 above); and, if the work is an executable linked with the Library, with the complete machine-readable ``work that uses the Library'', as object code and/or source code, so that the user can modify the Library and then relink to produce a modified executable containing the modified Library. (It is understood that the user who changes the contents of definitions files in the Library will not necessarily be able to recompile the application to use the modified definitions.)

@item
Use a suitable shared library mechanism for linking with the Library. A suitable mechanism is one that (1) uses at run time a copy of the library already present on the user's computer system, rather than copying library functions into the executable, and (2) will operate properly with a modified version of the library, if the user installs

one, as long as the modified version is interface-compatible with the
version that the work was made with.

@item
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@item
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@item
Verify that the user has already received a copy of these
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@end enumerate

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reproducing the executable from it. However, as a special exception,
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@enumerate a
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@item
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@end enumerate

@iftex
@heading END OF TERMS AND CONDITIONS
@end iftex
@ifinfo
@center END OF TERMS AND CONDITIONS
@end ifinfo

@page
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1.137 cportal 1.0.27-1

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1.138 bzip2 1.0.6

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Julian Seward, jseward@bzip.org
bzip2/libbzip2 version 1.0.6 of 6 September 2010

1.139 libnetfilter-cthelper 1.0.0

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1.144 perl 5.22.0

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1.145 smcroute 2.0.0

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USE OF THIS SOFTWARE, EVEN IF NOT ADVISED OF THE POSSIBILITY OF SUCH
DAMAGE.
Initialize empty image
f1c9645dbc14efddc7d8a322685f26eb bsd.img
Create new DOS partition table
57e721e38d1266c2df055067c18f2cf9 bsd.img

---layout----------
Disk <removed>: 10 MiB, 10485760 bytes, 20480 sectors
Units: sectors of 1 * 512 = 512 bytes
Sector size (logical/physical): 512 bytes / 512 bytes
I/O size (minimum/optimal): 512 bytes / 512 bytes
Disklabel type: dos
Disk identifier: <removed>

Create 1st primary partition
ada64ace122978d00d1d1c0e5ee45d26 bsd.img

---layout----------
Disk <removed>: 10 MiB, 10485760 bytes, 20480 sectors
Units: sectors of 1 * 512 = 512 bytes
Sector size (logical/physical): 512 bytes / 512 bytes
I/O size (minimum/optimal): 512 bytes / 512 bytes
Disklabel type: dos
Disk identifier: <removed>

Device Boot Start End Sectors Size Id Type
<removed>1 2048 4095 2048 1M 83 Linux

Create 2st primary partition
1bebf87248e05d6e4e62b749da65d023 bsd.img
Set 2nd partition type
2d8e8dff51a88a045db233418dd73fbe bsd.img

---layout----------
Disk <removed>: 10 MiB, 10485760 bytes, 20480 sectors
Units: sectors of 1 * 512 = 512 bytes
Sector size (logical/physical): 512 bytes / 512 bytes
I/O size (minimum/optimal): 512 bytes / 512 bytes
Disklabel type: dos
Disk identifier: <removed>

Device	Boot	Start	End	Sectors	Size	Id	Type
<removed>1		2048	4095	2048	1M	83	Linux
<removed>2		4096	20479	16384	8M	a5	FreeBSD

Create default BSD
2e1cee529cb59c9341afef0443f196a1 bsd.img

---layout----------
Welcome to fdisk <removed>.
Changes will remain in memory only, until you decide to write them.
Be careful before using the write command.

Command (m for help): Entering nested BSD disklabel.

Command (m for help): Disk <removed>2: 10 MiB, 10485760 bytes, 20480 sectors
Geometry: 255 heads, 63 sectors/track, 1 cylinders
Units: sectors of 1 * 512 = 512 bytes
Sector size (logical/physical): 512 bytes / 512 bytes
I/O size (minimum/optimal): 512 bytes / 512 bytes
Disklabel type: bsd
partitions: 4

Slice	Start	End	Sectors	Size	Type	Fsize	Bsize	Cpg
c	4096	20479	16384	8M	unused	0	0	0
d	0	16064	16065	7.9M	unused	0	0	0

Partition table entries are not in disk order.

Command (m for help): Leaving nested disklabel.

Command (m for help):
---

b5c121c2091b2ff26b880551feac7112 bsd.img

---layout----------
Welcome to fdisk <removed>.
Changes will remain in memory only, until you decide to write them.
Be careful before using the write command.

Command (m for help): Entering nested BSD disklabel.

Command (m for help): Disk <removed>2: 10 MiB, 10485760 bytes, 20480 sectors
Geometry: 255 heads, 63 sectors/track, 1 cylinders
Units: sectors of 1 * 512 = 512 bytes
Sector size (logical/physical): 512 bytes / 512 bytes
I/O size (minimum/optimal): 512 bytes / 512 bytes
Disklabel type: bsd
partitions: 4

Slice	Start	End	Sectors	Size	Type	Fsize	Bsize	Cpg
a	4096	6144	2049	1M	4.2BSD	0	0	0
c	4096	20479	16384	8M	unused	0	0	0
d	0	16064	16065	7.9M	unused	0	0	0

Partition table entries are not in disk order.

Command (m for help): Leaving nested disklabel.

Command (m for help):

Changes will remain in memory only, until you decide to write them.
Be careful before using the write command.

Command (m for help): Entering nested BSD disklabel.

Command (m for help):

0 unused	5 4.1BSD	9 4.4LFS	d boot
1 swap	6 Eighth Edition	a unknown	e ADOS
2 Version 6	7 4.2BSD	b HPFS	f HFS
3 Version 7	8 MS-DOS	c ISO-9660	10 AdvFS
4 System V			

Command (m for help):
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1.147 libdaemon 0.14

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1.148 libxtables 1.4.21

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1.150 libevent 1.4.14

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1.151 libffi 3.0.13

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1.153 quagga 0.99.22.4

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1.154 sudo 1.8.14

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Ackeret, Matt
Adler, Mark
Allbery, Russ
Anderson, Jamie
Andrew, Nick
Andric, Dimitry
Barron, Danny
Bates, Tom
Behan, Zdenk
Bellis, Ray
Benali, Elias
Beverly, Jamie
Boardman, Spider
Bostley, P.J.
Bowes, Keith
Boyce, Keith Garry
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Gelman, Stephen
Gerraty, Simon J.
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Hayman, Randy M.
Henke, Joachim
Hideaki, YOSHIFUJI
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Libby, Kendall
Lobbes, Phillip E.
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MacKenzie, David J.
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Marchionna, Michael D.
Markham, Paul
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Mueller, Andreas
Mller, Dworkin
Nieusma, Jeff
Nikitser, Peter A.
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Rowe, William A., Jr.
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Wetzel, Timm
Wieringen, Marco van
Winiger, Gary
Wood, David
Zacarias, Gustavo
Zolnowsky, John

The following people have worked to translate sudo into other languages:

Blttermann, Mario
Bogusz, Jakub
Casagrande, Milo
Castro, Felipe
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Diguez, Francisco
Ferreira, Rafael
Garca-Fontes, Walter
Gezer, Volkan
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For example, if you distribute copies of the library, whether gratis or for a fee, you must give the recipients all the rights that we gave you. You must make sure that they, too, receive or can get the source code. If you link a program with the library, you must provide complete object files to the recipients so that they can relink them with the library, after making changes to the library and recompiling it. And you must show them these terms so they know their rights.

Our method of protecting your rights has two steps: (1) copyright the library, and (2) offer you this license which gives you legal permission to copy, distribute and/or modify the library.

Also, for each distributor's protection, we want to make certain that everyone understands that there is no warranty for this free library. If the library is modified by someone else and passed on, we want its recipients to know that what they have is not the original version, so that any problems introduced by others will not reflect on the original authors' reputations.

Finally, any free program is threatened constantly by software patents. We wish to avoid the danger that companies distributing free software will individually obtain patent licenses, thus in effect transforming the program into proprietary software. To prevent this, we have made it clear that any patent must be licensed for everyone's free use or not licensed at all.

Most GNU software, including some libraries, is covered by the ordinary GNU General Public License, which was designed for utility programs. This license, the GNU Library General Public License, applies to certain designated libraries. This license is quite different from the ordinary one; be sure to read it in full, and don't assume that anything in it is the same as in the ordinary license.

The reason we have a separate public license for some libraries is that they blur the distinction we usually make between modifying or adding to a

program and simply using it. Linking a program with a library, without changing the library, is in some sense simply using the library, and is analogous to running a utility program or application program. However, in a textual and legal sense, the linked executable is a combined work, a derivative of the original library, and the ordinary General Public License treats it as such.

Because of this blurred distinction, using the ordinary General Public License for libraries did not effectively promote software sharing, because most developers did not use the libraries. We concluded that weaker conditions might promote sharing better.

However, unrestricted linking of non-free programs would deprive the users of those programs of all benefit from the free status of the libraries themselves. This Library General Public License is intended to permit developers of non-free programs to use free libraries, while preserving your freedom as a user of such programs to change the free libraries that are incorporated in them. (We have not seen how to achieve this as regards changes in header files, but we have achieved it as regards changes in the actual functions of the Library.) The hope is that this will lead to faster development of free libraries.

The precise terms and conditions for copying, distribution and modification follow. Pay close attention to the difference between a "work based on the library" and a "work that uses the library". The former contains code derived from the library, while the latter only works together with the library.

Note that it is possible for a library to be covered by the ordinary General Public License rather than by this special one.

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A "library" means a collection of software functions and/or data prepared so as to be conveniently linked with application programs (which use some of those functions and data) to form executables.

The "Library", below, refers to any such software library or work which has been distributed under these terms. A "work based on the Library" means either the Library or any derivative work under copyright law: that is to say, a work containing the Library or a

portion of it, either verbatim or with modifications and/or translated straightforwardly into another language. (Hereinafter, translation is included without limitation in the term "modification".)

"Source code" for a work means the preferred form of the work for making modifications to it. For a library, complete source code means all the source code for all modules it contains, plus any associated interface definition files, plus the scripts used to control compilation and installation of the library.

Activities other than copying, distribution and modification are not covered by this License; they are outside its scope. The act of running a program using the Library is not restricted, and output from such a program is covered only if its contents constitute a work based on the Library (independent of the use of the Library in a tool for writing it). Whether that is true depends on what the Library does and what the program that uses the Library does.

1. You may copy and distribute verbatim copies of the Library's complete source code as you receive it, in any medium, provided that you conspicuously and appropriately publish on each copy an appropriate copyright notice and disclaimer of warranty; keep intact all the notices that refer to this License and to the absence of any warranty; and distribute a copy of this License along with the Library.

You may charge a fee for the physical act of transferring a copy, and you may at your option offer warranty protection in exchange for a fee.

2. You may modify your copy or copies of the Library or any portion of it, thus forming a work based on the Library, and copy and distribute such modifications or work under the terms of Section 1 above, provided that you also meet all of these conditions:

a) The modified work must itself be a software library.

b) You must cause the files modified to carry prominent notices stating that you changed the files and the date of any change.

c) You must cause the whole of the work to be licensed at no charge to all third parties under the terms of this License.

d) If a facility in the modified Library refers to a function or a table of data to be supplied by an application program that uses the facility, other than as an argument passed when the facility is invoked, then you must make a good faith effort to ensure that, in the event an application does not supply such function or

table, the facility still operates, and performs whatever part of its purpose remains meaningful.

(For example, a function in a library to compute square roots has a purpose that is entirely well-defined independent of the application. Therefore, Subsection 2d requires that any application-supplied function or table used by this function must be optional: if the application does not supply it, the square root function must still compute square roots.)

These requirements apply to the modified work as a whole. If identifiable sections of that work are not derived from the Library, and can be reasonably considered independent and separate works in themselves, then this License, and its terms, do not apply to those sections when you distribute them as separate works. But when you distribute the same sections as part of a whole which is a work based on the Library, the distribution of the whole must be on the terms of this License, whose permissions for other licensees extend to the entire whole, and thus to each and every part regardless of who wrote it.

Thus, it is not the intent of this section to claim rights or contest your rights to work written entirely by you; rather, the intent is to exercise the right to control the distribution of derivative or collective works based on the Library.

In addition, mere aggregation of another work not based on the Library with the Library (or with a work based on the Library) on a volume of a storage or distribution medium does not bring the other work under the scope of this License.

3. You may opt to apply the terms of the ordinary GNU General Public License instead of this License to a given copy of the Library. To do this, you must alter all the notices that refer to this License, so that they refer to the ordinary GNU General Public License, version 2, instead of to this License. (If a newer version than version 2 of the ordinary GNU General Public License has appeared, then you can specify that version instead if you wish.) Do not make any other change in these notices.

Once this change is made in a given copy, it is irreversible for that copy, so the ordinary GNU General Public License applies to all subsequent copies and derivative works made from that copy.

This option is useful when you wish to copy part of the code of the Library into a program that is not a library.

4. You may copy and distribute the Library (or a portion or

derivative of it, under Section 2) in object code or executable form under the terms of Sections 1 and 2 above provided that you accompany it with the complete corresponding machine-readable source code, which must be distributed under the terms of Sections 1 and 2 above on a medium customarily used for software interchange.

If distribution of object code is made by offering access to copy from a designated place, then offering equivalent access to copy the source code from the same place satisfies the requirement to distribute the source code, even though third parties are not compelled to copy the source along with the object code.

5. A program that contains no derivative of any portion of the Library, but is designed to work with the Library by being compiled or linked with it, is called a "work that uses the Library". Such a work, in isolation, is not a derivative work of the Library, and therefore falls outside the scope of this License.

However, linking a "work that uses the Library" with the Library creates an executable that is a derivative of the Library (because it contains portions of the Library), rather than a "work that uses the library". The executable is therefore covered by this License. Section 6 states terms for distribution of such executables.

When a "work that uses the Library" uses material from a header file that is part of the Library, the object code for the work may be a derivative work of the Library even though the source code is not. Whether this is true is especially significant if the work can be linked without the Library, or if the work is itself a library. The threshold for this to be true is not precisely defined by law.

If such an object file uses only numerical parameters, data structure layouts and accessors, and small macros and small inline functions (ten lines or less in length), then the use of the object file is unrestricted, regardless of whether it is legally a derivative work. (Executables containing this object code plus portions of the Library will still fall under Section 6.)

Otherwise, if the work is a derivative of the Library, you may distribute the object code for the work under the terms of Section 6. Any executables containing that work also fall under Section 6, whether or not they are linked directly with the Library itself.

6. As an exception to the Sections above, you may also compile or link a "work that uses the Library" with the Library to produce a work containing portions of the Library, and distribute that work under terms of your choice, provided that the terms permit modification of the work for the customer's own use and reverse

engineering for debugging such modifications.

You must give prominent notice with each copy of the work that the Library is used in it and that the Library and its use are covered by this License. You must supply a copy of this License. If the work during execution displays copyright notices, you must include the copyright notice for the Library among them, as well as a reference directing the user to the copy of this License. Also, you must do one of these things:

a) Accompany the work with the complete corresponding machine-readable source code for the Library including whatever changes were used in the work (which must be distributed under Sections 1 and 2 above); and, if the work is an executable linked with the Library, with the complete machine-readable "work that uses the Library", as object code and/or source code, so that the user can modify the Library and then relink to produce a modified executable containing the modified Library. (It is understood that the user who changes the contents of definitions files in the Library will not necessarily be able to recompile the application to use the modified definitions.)

b) Accompany the work with a written offer, valid for at least three years, to give the same user the materials specified in Subsection 6a, above, for a charge no more than the cost of performing this distribution.

c) If distribution of the work is made by offering access to copy from a designated place, offer equivalent access to copy the above specified materials from the same place.

d) Verify that the user has already received a copy of these materials or that you have already sent this user a copy.

For an executable, the required form of the "work that uses the Library" must include any data and utility programs needed for reproducing the executable from it. However, as a special exception, the source code distributed need not include anything that is normally distributed (in either source or binary form) with the major components (compiler, kernel, and so on) of the operating system on which the executable runs, unless that component itself accompanies the executable.

It may happen that this requirement contradicts the license restrictions of other proprietary libraries that do not normally accompany the operating system. Such a contradiction means you cannot use both them and the Library together in an executable that you distribute.

7. You may place library facilities that are a work based on the Library side-by-side in a single library together with other library facilities not covered by this License, and distribute such a combined library, provided that the separate distribution of the work based on the Library and of the other library facilities is otherwise permitted, and provided that you do these two things:

a) Accompany the combined library with a copy of the same work based on the Library, uncombined with any other library facilities. This must be distributed under the terms of the Sections above.

b) Give prominent notice with the combined library of the fact that part of it is a work based on the Library, and explaining where to find the accompanying uncombined form of the same work.

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END OF TERMS AND CONDITIONS

Appendix: How to Apply These Terms to Your New Libraries

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To apply these terms, attach the following notices to the library. It is safest to attach them to the start of each source file to most effectively convey the exclusion of warranty; and each file should have at least the "copyright" line and a pointer to where the full notice is found.

<one line to give the library's name and a brief idea of what it does.>
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<signature of Ty Coon>, 1 April 1990
Ty Coon, President of Vice

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[This is the first released version of the library GPL. It is
numbered 2 because it goes with version 2 of the ordinary GPL.]

Preamble

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freedom to share and change it. By contrast, the GNU General Public
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You may charge a fee for the physical act of transferring a copy, and you may at your option offer warranty protection in exchange for a fee.

2. You may modify your copy or copies of the Library or any portion of it, thus forming a work based on the Library, and copy and distribute such modifications or work under the terms of Section 1 above, provided that you also meet all of these conditions:

a) The modified work must itself be a software library.

b) You must cause the files modified to carry prominent notices stating that you changed the files and the date of any change.

c) You must cause the whole of the work to be licensed at no charge to all third parties under the terms of this License.

d) If a facility in the modified Library refers to a function or a table of data to be supplied by an application program that uses the facility, other than as an argument passed when the facility

is invoked, then you must make a good faith effort to ensure that, in the event an application does not supply such function or table, the facility still operates, and performs whatever part of its purpose remains meaningful.

(For example, a function in a library to compute square roots has a purpose that is entirely well-defined independent of the application. Therefore, Subsection 2d requires that any application-supplied function or table used by this function must be optional: if the application does not supply it, the square root function must still compute square roots.)

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3. You may opt to apply the terms of the ordinary GNU General Public License instead of this License to a given copy of the Library. To do this, you must alter all the notices that refer to this License, so that they refer to the ordinary GNU General Public License, version 2, instead of to this License. (If a newer version than version 2 of the ordinary GNU General Public License has appeared, then you can specify that version instead if you wish.) Do not make any other change in these notices.

Once this change is made in a given copy, it is irreversible for that copy, so the ordinary GNU General Public License applies to all subsequent copies and derivative works made from that copy.

This option is useful when you wish to copy part of the code of the Library into a program that is not a library.

4. You may copy and distribute the Library (or a portion or derivative of it, under Section 2) in object code or executable form under the terms of Sections 1 and 2 above provided that you accompany it with the complete corresponding machine-readable source code, which must be distributed under the terms of Sections 1 and 2 above on a medium customarily used for software interchange.

If distribution of object code is made by offering access to copy from a designated place, then offering equivalent access to copy the source code from the same place satisfies the requirement to distribute the source code, even though third parties are not compelled to copy the source along with the object code.

5. A program that contains no derivative of any portion of the Library, but is designed to work with the Library by being compiled or linked with it, is called a "work that uses the Library". Such a work, in isolation, is not a derivative work of the Library, and therefore falls outside the scope of this License.

However, linking a "work that uses the Library" with the Library creates an executable that is a derivative of the Library (because it contains portions of the Library), rather than a "work that uses the library". The executable is therefore covered by this License. Section 6 states terms for distribution of such executables.

When a "work that uses the Library" uses material from a header file that is part of the Library, the object code for the work may be a derivative work of the Library even though the source code is not. Whether this is true is especially significant if the work can be linked without the Library, or if the work is itself a library. The threshold for this to be true is not precisely defined by law.

If such an object file uses only numerical parameters, data structure layouts and accessors, and small macros and small inline functions (ten lines or less in length), then the use of the object file is unrestricted, regardless of whether it is legally a derivative work. (Executables containing this object code plus portions of the Library will still fall under Section 6.)

Otherwise, if the work is a derivative of the Library, you may distribute the object code for the work under the terms of Section 6. Any executables containing that work also fall under Section 6, whether or not they are linked directly with the Library itself.

6. As an exception to the Sections above, you may also compile or link a "work that uses the Library" with the Library to produce a work containing portions of the Library, and distribute that work

under terms of your choice, provided that the terms permit modification of the work for the customer's own use and reverse engineering for debugging such modifications.

You must give prominent notice with each copy of the work that the Library is used in it and that the Library and its use are covered by this License. You must supply a copy of this License. If the work during execution displays copyright notices, you must include the copyright notice for the Library among them, as well as a reference directing the user to the copy of this License. Also, you must do one of these things:

a) Accompany the work with the complete corresponding machine-readable source code for the Library including whatever changes were used in the work (which must be distributed under Sections 1 and 2 above); and, if the work is an executable linked with the Library, with the complete machine-readable "work that uses the Library", as object code and/or source code, so that the user can modify the Library and then relink to produce a modified executable containing the modified Library. (It is understood that the user who changes the contents of definitions files in the Library will not necessarily be able to recompile the application to use the modified definitions.)

b) Accompany the work with a written offer, valid for at least three years, to give the same user the materials specified in Subsection 6a, above, for a charge no more than the cost of performing this distribution.

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For an executable, the required form of the "work that uses the Library" must include any data and utility programs needed for reproducing the executable from it. However, as a special exception, the source code distributed need not include anything that is normally distributed (in either source or binary form) with the major components (compiler, kernel, and so on) of the operating system on which the executable runs, unless that component itself accompanies the executable.

It may happen that this requirement contradicts the license restrictions of other proprietary libraries that do not normally accompany the operating system. Such a contradiction means you cannot

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b) Give prominent notice with the combined library of the fact that part of it is a work based on the Library, and explaining where to find the accompanying uncombined form of the same work.

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To apply these terms, attach the following notices to the library. It is safest to attach them to the start of each source file to most effectively convey the exclusion of warranty; and each file should have at least the "copyright" line and a pointer to where the full notice is found.

<one line to give the library's name and a brief idea of what it does.>

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You should also get your employer (if you work as a programmer) or your
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<signature of Ty Coon>, 1 April 1990
Ty Coon, President of Vice

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@cindex LGPL, Lesser General Public License
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@appendixsubsec Preamble

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When we speak of free software, we are referring to freedom of use, not price. Our General Public Licenses are designed to make sure that you have the freedom to distribute copies of free software (and charge for this service if you wish); that you receive source code or can get it if you want it; that you can change the software and use pieces of it in new free programs; and that you are informed that you can do these things.

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@appendixsubsec TERMS AND CONDITIONS FOR COPYING, DISTRIBUTION AND MODIFICATION
@end iftex
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@enumerate a
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@item
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(For example, a function in a library to compute square roots has
a purpose that is entirely well-defined independent of the
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root function must still compute square roots.)
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@enumerate a
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@end enumerate

@iftex
@heading END OF TERMS AND CONDITIONS
@end iftex
@ifinfo
@center END OF TERMS AND CONDITIONS
@end ifinfo

@page
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To apply these terms, attach the following notices to the library. It is safest to attach them to the start of each source file to most effectively convey the exclusion of warranty; and each file should have at least the ``copyright'' line and a pointer to where the full notice is found.

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@end smallexample

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`Frob' (a library for tweaking knobs) written by James Random Hacker.

@var{signature of Ty Coon}, 1 April 1990
Ty Coon, President of Vice
@end smallexample

That's all there is to it!

1.158 libthread-db 2.19-1

1.158.1 Available under license :

Jan 21, 2002

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```
package gnu.classpath.tools.taglets;

import java.util.Map;

import com.sun.tools.doclets.Taglet;

import com.sun.javadoc.Tag;

/**
*  A simple Taglet which handles Copyright information.
*/
public class CopyrightTaglet implements Taglet {

  private static final String NAME = "copyright";
```

```
private static final String HEADER = "Copyright:";

public String getName() {
  return NAME;
}

public boolean inField() {
  return true;
}

public boolean inConstructor() {
  return true;
}

public boolean inMethod() {
  return true;
}

public boolean inOverview() {
  return true;
}

public boolean inPackage() {
  return true;
}

public boolean inType() {
  return true;
}

public boolean isInlineTag() {
  return false;
}

public static void register(Map tagletMap) {
  CopyrightTaglet copyrightTaglet = new CopyrightTaglet();
  tagletMap.put(copyrightTaglet.getName(), copyrightTaglet);
}

public String toString(Tag tag) {
  return toString(new Tag[] { tag });
}

public String toString(Tag[] tags) {
  if (tags.length == 0) {
    return null;
  }
  else {
```

```
      boolean haveValidTag = false;
      for (int i = 0; i < tags.length && !haveValidTag; ++i) {
        if (tags[i].text().length() > 0) {
          haveValidTag = true;
        }
      }

      if (haveValidTag) {
        StringBuffer result = new StringBuffer();
        result.append("<dl>");
        for (int i = 0; i < tags.length; i++) {
          if (tags[i].text().length() > 0) {
            result.append("<dt><i>Copyright &#169; " + tags[i].text() + "</i></dt>");
          }
        }
        result.append("</dl>");
        return result.toString();
      }
      else {
        return null;
      }
    }
  }
}
```

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 <signature of Ty Coon>, 1 April 1990
 Ty Coon, President of Vice

That's all there is to it!

```
// DO NOT EDIT THIS FILE - it is machine generated -*- c++ -*-

#ifndef __java_security_Permission__
#define __java_security_Permission__

#pragma interface

#include <java/lang/Object.h>
extern "Java"
{
 namespace java
 {
  namespace security
  {
    class Permission;
    class PermissionCollection;
  }
 }
}

class java::security::Permission : public ::java::lang::Object
{

public:
 Permission(::java::lang::String *);
 virtual void checkGuard(::java::lang::Object *);
 virtual jboolean implies(::java::security::Permission *) = 0;
 virtual jboolean equals(::java::lang::Object *) = 0;
 virtual jint hashCode() = 0;
 virtual ::java::lang::String * getName();
 virtual ::java::lang::String * getActions() = 0;
```

```
 virtual ::java::security::PermissionCollection * newPermissionCollection();
 virtual ::java::lang::String * toString();
private:
 static const jlong serialVersionUID = -5636570222231596674LL;
 ::java::lang::String * __attribute__((aligned(__alignof__( ::java::lang::Object)))) name;
public:
 static ::java::lang::Class class$;
};

#endif // __java_security_Permission__
@ignore
@c Set file name and title for man page.
@setfilename gpl
@settitle GNU General Public License
@c man begin SEEALSO
gfdl(7), fsf-funding(7).
@c man end
@c man begin COPYRIGHT
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@end ignore
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exception statement from your version. */

```
package java.security;

import gnu.java.lang.CPStringBuilder;

import java.io.Serializable;

/**
* This class is the abstract superclass of all classes that implement
* the concept of a permission. A permission consists of a permission name
```

```
* and optionally a list of actions that relate to the permission.  The
* actual meaning of the name of the permission is defined only in the
* context of a subclass.  It may name a resource to which access permissions
* are granted (for example, the name of a file) or it might represent
* something else entirely.  Similarly, the action list only has meaning
* within the context of a subclass.  Some permission names may have no
* actions associated with them.  That is, you either have the permission
* or you don't.
*
* <p>The most important method in this class is <code>implies</code>.  This
* checks whether if one has this permission, then the specified
* permission is also implied.  As a conceptual example, consider the
* permissions "Read All Files" and "Read File foo".  The permission
* "Read All Files" implies that the caller has permission to read the
* file foo.
*
* <p><code>Permission</code>'s must be immutable - do not change their
* state after creation.
*
* @author Aaron M. Renn (arenn@urbanophile.com)
* @see Permissions
* @see PermissionCollection
* @since 1.1
* @status updated to 1.4
*/
public abstract class Permission implements Guard, Serializable
{
 /**
  * Compatible with JDK 1.1+.
  */
 private static final long serialVersionUID = -5636570222231596674L;

 /**
  * This is the name assigned to this permission object.
  *
  * @serial the name of the permission
  */
 private String name;

 /**
  * Create an instance with the specified name.
  *
  * @param name the permission name
  */
 public Permission(String name)
 {
   this.name = name;
 }
```

```
/**
 * This method implements the <code>Guard</code> interface for this class.
 * It calls the <code>checkPermission</code> method in
 * <code>SecurityManager</code> with this <code>Permission</code> as its
 * argument.  This method returns silently if the security check succeeds
 * or throws an exception if it fails.
 *
 * @param obj the <code>Object</code> being guarded - ignored by this class
 * @throws SecurityException if the security check fails
 * @see GuardedObject
 * @see SecurityManager#checkPermission(Permission)
 */
public void checkGuard(Object obj)
{
  SecurityManager sm = System.getSecurityManager();
  if (sm != null)
    sm.checkPermission(this);
}

/**
 * This method tests whether this <code>Permission</code> implies that the
 * specified <code>Permission</code> is also granted.
 *
 * @param perm the <code>Permission</code> to test against
 * @return true if perm is implied by this
 */
public abstract boolean implies(Permission perm);

/**
 * Check to see if this object equals obj. Use <code>implies</code>, rather
 * than <code>equals</code>, when making access control decisions.
 *
 * @param obj the object to compare to
 */
public abstract boolean equals(Object obj);

/**
 * This method returns a hash code for this <code>Permission</code>. It
 * must satisfy the contract of <code>Object.hashCode</code>: it must be
 * the same for all objects that equals considers to be the same.
 *
 * @return a hash value
 */
public abstract int hashCode();

/**
 * Get the name of this <code>Permission</code>.
```

```
 *
 * @return the name
 */
public final String getName()
{
  return name;
}

/**
 * This method returns the list of actions for this <code>Permission</code>
 * as a <code>String</code>. The string should be in canonical order, for
 * example, both <code>new FilePermission(f, "write,read")</code> and
 * <code>new FilePermission(f, "read,write")</code> have the action list
 * "read,write".
 *
 * @return the action list for this <code>Permission</code>
 */
public abstract String getActions();

/**
 * This method returns an empty <code>PermissionCollection</code> object
 * that can store permissions of this type, or <code>null</code> if no
 * such collection is defined. Subclasses must override this to provide
 * an appropriate collection when one is needed to accurately calculate
 * <code>implies</code>.
 *
 * @return a new <code>PermissionCollection</code>
 */
public PermissionCollection newPermissionCollection()
{
  return null;
}

/**
 * This method returns a <code>String</code> representation of this
 * <code>Permission</code> object. This is in the format:
 * <code>'(' + getClass().getName() + ' ' + getName() + ' ' + getActions
 * + ')'</code>.
 *
 * @return this object as a <code>String</code>
 */
public String toString()
{
  CPStringBuilder string = new CPStringBuilder();

  string = string.append('(');
  string = string.append(getClass().getName());
  string = string.append(' ');
```

```
  string = string.append(getName());

  if (!(getActions().equals("")))
    {
      string = string.append(' ');
      string = string.append(getActions());
    }

  string = string.append(')');
  return string.toString();
 }
} // class Permission
```

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Version 2.1, February 1999

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  xml:id="appendix.gpl-3.0"><info><title>
  <acronym>GNU</acronym> General Public License version 3
 </title></info>
 <?dbhtml filename="appendix_gpl.html"?>

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 </para>
 <para>
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 </para>
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<para>
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<para>
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</para>
<para>
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</para>
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countries other activities as well.
</para>
<para>
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</para>
<para>
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License, and how to view a copy of this License. If the interface presents
a list of user commands or options, such as a menu, a prominent item in the
list meets this criterion.
</para>
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</bridgehead>
<para>
The source code for a work means the preferred form of the
work for making modifications to it. Object code means any
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</para>
<para>
A Standard Interface means an interface that either is an
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</para>
<para>
The System Libraries of an executable work include anything,
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and (b) serves only to enable use of the work with that Major Component, or
to implement a Standard Interface for which an implementation is available
to the public in source code form. A Major Component, in this
context, means a major essential component (kernel, window system, and so
on) of the specific operating system (if any) on which the executable work
runs, or a compiler used to produce the work, or an object code interpreter
used to run it.
</para>
<para>
The Corresponding Source for a work in object code form means
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the source code for shared libraries and dynamically linked subprograms that
the work is specifically designed to require, such as by intimate data
communication or control flow between those subprograms and other parts of
the work.
</para>
<para>
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</para>
<para>
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</para>
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<para>

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</para>

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</bridgehead>

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</para>

<para>

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</para>
<bridgehead xml:id="ConveyingModified" renderas="sect1">
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</bridgehead>
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You may convey a work based on the Program, or the modifications to produce it from the Program, in the form of source code under the terms of section 4, provided that you also meet all of these conditions:
</para>
<orderedlist numeration="loweralpha" inheritnum="ignore" continuation="restarts">
<listitem>
<para>
The work must carry prominent notices stating that you modified it, and giving a relevant date.
</para>
</listitem>
<listitem>
<para>
The work must carry prominent notices stating that it is released under this License and any conditions added under section 7. This requirement modifies the requirement in section 4 to keep intact all notices.
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<listitem>
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</para>
<bridgehead xml:id="ConveyingNonSource" renderas="sect1">
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</bridgehead>
<para>
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</para>
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<listitem>
<para>
Convey the object code in, or embodied in, a physical product (including
a physical distribution medium), accompanied by the Corresponding Source
fixed on a durable physical medium customarily used for software
interchange.
</para>
</listitem>
<listitem>
<para>
Convey the object code in, or embodied in, a physical product (including
a physical distribution medium), accompanied by a written offer, valid
for at least three years and valid for as long as you offer spare parts
or customer support for that product model, to give anyone who possesses
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durable physical medium customarily used for software interchange, for a
price no more than your reasonable cost of physically performing this
conveying of source, or (2) access to copy the Corresponding Source from
a network server at no charge.
</para>
</listitem>
<listitem>
<para>
Convey individual copies of the object code with a copy of the written
offer to provide the Corresponding Source. This alternative is allowed
only occasionally and noncommercially, and only if you received the
object code with such an offer, in accord with subsection 6b.
</para>
</listitem>
<listitem>
<para>

Convey the object code by offering access from a designated place (gratis or for a charge), and offer equivalent access to the Corresponding Source in the same way through the same place at no further charge. You need not require recipients to copy the Corresponding Source along with the object code. If the place to copy the object code is a network server, the Corresponding Source may be on a different server (operated by you or a third party) that supports equivalent copying facilities, provided you maintain clear directions next to the object code saying where to find the Corresponding Source. Regardless of what server hosts the Corresponding Source, you remain obligated to ensure that it is available for as long as needed to satisfy these requirements.

</para>

</listitem>

<listitem>

<para>

Convey the object code using peer-to-peer transmission, provided you inform other peers where the object code and Corresponding Source of the work are being offered to the general public at no charge under subsection 6d.

</para>

</listitem>

</orderedlist>

<para>

A separable portion of the object code, whose source code is excluded from the Corresponding Source as a System Library, need not be included in conveying the object code work.

</para>

<para>

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</para>

<para>

Installation Information for a User Product means any methods, procedures, authorization keys, or other information required to install and execute modified versions of a covered work in that User Product from a modified version of its Corresponding Source. The information must suffice to ensure that the continued functioning of the modified object code is in

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</para>
<para>
If you convey an object code work under this section in, or with, or specifically for use in, a User Product, and the conveying occurs as part of a transaction in which the right of possession and use of the User Product is transferred to the recipient in perpetuity or for a fixed term (regardless of how the transaction is characterized), the Corresponding Source conveyed under this section must be accompanied by the Installation Information. But this requirement does not apply if neither you nor any third party retains the ability to install modified object code on the User Product (for example, the work has been installed in <acronym>ROM</acronym>).
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<para>
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<para>
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holder as a result of your choosing to follow a later version.
</para>
<bridgehead xml:id="WarrantyDisclaimer" renderas="sect1">
15. Disclaimer of Warranty.
</bridgehead>
<para>
THERE IS NO WARRANTY FOR THE PROGRAM, TO THE EXTENT PERMITTED BY APPLICABLE
LAW. EXCEPT WHEN OTHERWISE STATED IN WRITING THE COPYRIGHT HOLDERS AND/OR
OTHER PARTIES PROVIDE THE PROGRAM AS IS WITHOUT WARRANTY OF
ANY KIND, EITHER EXPRESSED OR IMPLIED, INCLUDING, BUT NOT LIMITED TO, THE

IMPLIED WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY AND FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE. THE ENTIRE RISK AS TO THE QUALITY AND PERFORMANCE OF THE PROGRAM IS WITH YOU. SHOULD THE PROGRAM PROVE DEFECTIVE, YOU ASSUME THE COST OF ALL NECESSARY SERVICING, REPAIR OR CORRECTION.
</para>
<bridgehead xml:id="LiabilityLimitation" renderas="sect1">
16. Limitation of Liability.
</bridgehead>
<para>
IN NO EVENT UNLESS REQUIRED BY APPLICABLE LAW OR AGREED TO IN WRITING WILL ANY COPYRIGHT HOLDER, OR ANY OTHER PARTY WHO MODIFIES AND/OR CONVEYS THE PROGRAM AS PERMITTED ABOVE, BE LIABLE TO YOU FOR DAMAGES, INCLUDING ANY GENERAL, SPECIAL, INCIDENTAL OR CONSEQUENTIAL DAMAGES ARISING OUT OF THE USE OR INABILITY TO USE THE PROGRAM (INCLUDING BUT NOT LIMITED TO LOSS OF DATA OR DATA BEING RENDERED INACCURATE OR LOSSES SUSTAINED BY YOU OR THIRD PARTIES OR A FAILURE OF THE PROGRAM TO OPERATE WITH ANY OTHER PROGRAMS), EVEN IF SUCH HOLDER OR OTHER PARTY HAS BEEN ADVISED OF THE POSSIBILITY OF SUCH DAMAGES.
</para>
<bridgehead xml:id="InterpretationSecs1516" renderas="sect1">
17. Interpretation of Sections 15 and 16.
</bridgehead>
<para>
If the disclaimer of warranty and limitation of liability provided above cannot be given local legal effect according to their terms, reviewing courts shall apply local law that most closely approximates an absolute waiver of all civil liability in connection with the Program, unless a warranty or assumption of liability accompanies a copy of the Program in return for a fee.
</para>
<bridgehead>
END OF TERMS AND CONDITIONS
</bridgehead>
<bridgehead xml:id="HowToApply" renderas="sect1">
How to Apply These Terms to Your New Programs
</bridgehead>
<para>
If you develop a new program, and you want it to be of the greatest possible use to the public, the best way to achieve this is to make it free software which everyone can redistribute and change under these terms.
</para>
<para>
To do so, attach the following notices to the program. It is safest to attach them to the start of each source file to most effectively state the exclusion of warranty; and each file should have at least the copyright line and a pointer to where the full notice is found.
</para>

<screen>
<replaceable>one line to give the programs name and a brief idea of what it does.</replaceable>
Copyright (C) <replaceable>year</replaceable> <replaceable>name of author</replaceable>

This program is free software: you can redistribute it and/or modify
it under the terms of the <acronym>GNU</acronym> General Public License as published by
the Free Software Foundation, either version 3 of the License, or
(at your option) any later version.

This program is distributed in the hope that it will be useful,
but WITHOUT ANY WARRANTY; without even the implied warranty of
MERCHANTABILITY or FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE. See the
<acronym>GNU</acronym> General Public License for more details.

You should have received a copy of the <acronym>GNU</acronym> General Public License
along with this program. If not, see <link xmlns:xlink="http://www.w3.org/1999/xlink"
xlink:href="http://www.gnu.org/licenses/">http://www.gnu.org/licenses/</link>.
</screen>
<para>
  Also add information on how to contact you by electronic and paper mail.
</para>
<para>
  If the program does terminal interaction, make it output a short notice like
  this when it starts in an interactive mode:
</para>
<screen>
<replaceable>program</replaceable> Copyright (C) <replaceable>year</replaceable> <replaceable>name of
author</replaceable>
This program comes with ABSOLUTELY NO WARRANTY; for details type <literal>show w</literal>.
This is free software, and you are welcome to redistribute it
under certain conditions; type <literal>show c</literal> for details.
</screen>
<para>
  The hypothetical commands <literal>show w</literal> and
  <literal>show c</literal> should show the appropriate parts of
  the General Public License. Of course, your programs commands might be
  different; for a GUI interface, you would use an about box.
</para>
<para>
  You should also get your employer (if you work as a programmer) or school,
  if any, to sign a copyright disclaimer for the program, if
  necessary. For more information on this, and how to apply and follow the
  <acronym>GNU</acronym> <acronym>GPL</acronym>, see
  <link xmlns:xlink="http://www.w3.org/1999/xlink"
xlink:href="http://www.gnu.org/licenses/">http://www.gnu.org/licenses/</link>.
</para>
<para>
  The <acronym>GNU</acronym> General Public License does not permit

```
   incorporating your program into proprietary programs.  If your program is a
   subroutine library, you may consider it more useful to permit linking
   proprietary applications with the library.  If this is what you want to do,
   use the <acronym>GNU</acronym> Lesser General Public License instead of this
   License.  But first, please read <link xmlns:xlink="http://www.w3.org/1999/xlink"
xlink:href="http://www.gnu.org/philosophy/why-not-lgpl.html">http://www.gnu.org/philosophy/why-not-
lgpl.html</link>.
 </para>
</appendix>
.\" Automatically generated by Pod::Man 2.25 (Pod::Simple 3.16)
.\"
.\" Standard preamble:
.\" ========================================================================
.de Sp \" Vertical space (when we can't use .PP)
.if t .sp .5v
.if n .sp
..
.de Vb \" Begin verbatim text
.ft CW
.nf
.ne \\$1
..
.de Ve \" End verbatim text
.ft R
.fi
..
.\" Set up some character translations and predefined strings.  \*(-- will
.\" give an unbreakable dash, \*(PI will give pi, \*(L" will give a left
.\" double quote, and \*(R" will give a right double quote.  \*(C+ will
.\" give a nicer C++.  Capital omega is used to do unbreakable dashes and
.\" therefore won't be available.  \*(C` and \*(C' expand to `' in nroff,
.\" nothing in troff, for use with C<>.
.tr \(*W-
.ds C+ C\v'-.1v'\h'-1p'\s-2+\h'-1p'+\s0\v'.1v'\h'-1p'
.ie n \{\
.    ds -- \(*W-
.    ds PI pi
.    if (\n(.H=4u)&(1m=24u) .ds -- \(*W\h'-12u'\(*W\h'-12u'-\" diablo 10 pitch
.    if (\n(.H=4u)&(1m=20u) .ds -- \(*W\h'-12u'\(*W\h'-8u'-\"  diablo 12 pitch
.    ds L" ""
.    ds R" ""
.    ds C` ""
.    ds C' ""
'br\}
.el\{\
.    ds -- \|\(em\|
.    ds PI \(*p
.    ds L" ``
```

```
.    ds R" "
'br\}
.\"
.\" Escape single quotes in literal strings from groff's Unicode transform.
.ie \n(.g .ds Aq \(aq
.el       .ds Aq '
.\"
.\" If the F register is turned on, we'll generate index entries on stderr for
.\" titles (.TH), headers (.SH), subsections (.SS), items (.Ip), and index
.\" entries marked with X<> in POD.  Of course, you'll have to process the
.\" output yourself in some meaningful fashion.
.ie \nF \{\
.    de IX
.    tm Index:\\$1\t\\n%\t"\\$2"
..
.    nr % 0
.    rr F
.\}
.el \{\
.    de IX
..
.\}
.\"
.\" Accent mark definitions (@(#)ms.acc 1.5 88/02/08 SMI; from UCB 4.2).
.\" Fear.  Run.  Save yourself.  No user-serviceable parts.
.    \" fudge factors for nroff and troff
.if n \{\
.    ds #H 0
.    ds #V .8m
.    ds #F .3m
.    ds #[ \f1
.    ds #] \fP
.\}
.if t \{\
.    ds #H ((1u-(\\\\n(.fu%2u))*.13m)
.    ds #V .6m
.    ds #F 0
.    ds #[ \&
.    ds #] \&
.\}
.    \" simple accents for nroff and troff
.if n \{\
.    ds ' \&
.    ds ` \&
.    ds ^ \&
.    ds , \&
.    ds ~ ~
.    ds /
```

```
.\}
.if t \{\
.   ds ' \\k:\h'-(\\n(.wu*8/10-\*(#H)'\'\h'|\\n:u'
.   ds ` \\k:\h'-(\\n(.wu*8/10-\*(#H)'\`\h'|\\n:u'
.   ds ^ \\k:\h'-(\\n(.wu*10/11-\*(#H)'^\h'|\\n:u'
.   ds , \\k:\h'-(\\n(.wu*8/10)',\h'|\\n:u'
.   ds ~ \\k:\h'-(\\n(.wu-\*(#H-.1m)'~\h'|\\n:u'
.   ds / \\k:\h'-(\\n(.wu*8/10-\*(#H)'\z\(sl\h'|\\n:u'
.\}
.   \" troff and (daisy-wheel) nroff accents
.ds : \\k:\h'-(\\n(.wu*8/10-\*(#H+.1m+\*(#F)'\v'-\*(#V'\z.\h'.2m+\*(#F'.\h'|\\n:u'\v'\*(#V'
.ds 8 \h'\*(#H'\(*b\h'-\*(#H'
.ds o \\k:\h'-(\\n(.wu+\w'\(de'u-\*(#H)/2u'\v'-.3n'\*(#[\z\(de\v'.3n'\h'|\\n:u'\*(#]
.ds d- \h'\*(#H'\(pd\h'-\w'~'u'\v'-.25m'\f2\(hy\fP\v'.25m'\h'-\*(#H'
.ds D- D\\k:\h'-\w'D'u'\v'-.11m'\z\(hy\v'.11m'\h'|\\n:u'
.ds th \*(#[\v'.3m'\s+1I\s-1\v'-.3m'\h'-(\w'I'u*2/3)'\s-1o\s+1\*(#]
.ds Th \*(#[\s+2I\s-2\h'-\w'I'u*3/5'\v'-.3m'o\v'.3m'\*(#]
.ds ae a\h'-(\w'a'u*4/10)'e
.ds Ae A\h'-(\w'A'u*4/10)'E
.   \" corrections for vroff
.if v .ds ~ \\k:\h'-(\\n(.wu*9/10-\*(#H)'\s-2\u~\d\s+2\h'|\\n:u'
.if v .ds ^ \\k:\h'-(\\n(.wu*10/11-\*(#H)'\v'-.4m'^\v'.4m'\h'|\\n:u'
.   \" for low resolution devices (crt and lpr)
.if \n(.H>23 .if \n(.V>19 \
\{\
.   ds : e
.   ds 8 ss
.   ds o a
.   ds d- d\h'-1'\(ga
.   ds D- D\h'-1'\(hy
.   ds th \o'bp'
.   ds Th \o'LP'
.   ds ae ae
.   ds Ae AE
.\}
.rm #[ #] #H #V #F C
.\" ========================================================================
.\"
.IX Title "GPL 7"
.TH GPL 7 "2014-04-01" "gcc-4.8.3" "GNU"
.\" For nroff, turn off justification.  Always turn off hyphenation; it makes
.\" way too many mistakes in technical documents.
.if n .ad l
.nh
.SH "NAME"
gpl \- GNU General Public License
.SH "DESCRIPTION"
.IX Header "DESCRIPTION"
```

.SS "\s-1GNU\s0 General Public License"
.IX Subsection "GNU General Public License"
.SS "Version 3, 29 June 2007"
.IX Subsection "Version 3, 29 June 2007"
.Vb 1
\&   Copyright (c) 2007 Free Software Foundation, Inc. <http://fsf.org/>
\&
\&   Everyone is permitted to copy and distribute verbatim copies of this
\&   license document, but changing it is not allowed.
.Ve
.SS "Preamble"
.IX Subsection "Preamble"
The \s-1GNU\s0 General Public License is a free, copyleft license for
software and other kinds of works.
.PP
The licenses for most software and other practical works are designed
to take away your freedom to share and change the works. By contrast,
the \s-1GNU\s0 General Public License is intended to guarantee your freedom
to share and change all versions of a program*(--to make sure it remains
free software for all its users. We, the Free Software Foundation,
use the \s-1GNU\s0 General Public License for most of our software; it
applies also to any other work released this way by its authors. You
can apply it to your programs, too.
.PP
When we speak of free software, we are referring to freedom, not
price. Our General Public Licenses are designed to make sure that you
have the freedom to distribute copies of free software (and charge for
them if you wish), that you receive source code or can get it if you
want it, that you can change the software or use pieces of it in new
free programs, and that you know you can do these things.
.PP
To protect your rights, we need to prevent others from denying you
these rights or asking you to surrender the rights. Therefore, you
have certain responsibilities if you distribute copies of the
software, or if you modify it: responsibilities to respect the freedom
of others.
.PP
For example, if you distribute copies of such a program, whether
gratis or for a fee, you must pass on to the recipients the same
freedoms that you received. You must make sure that they, too,
receive or can get the source code. And you must show them these
terms so they know their rights.
.PP
Developers that use the \s-1GNU\s0 \s-1GPL\s0 protect your rights with two steps:
(1) assert copyright on the software, and (2) offer you this License
giving you legal permission to copy, distribute and/or modify it.
.PP
For the developers' and authors' protection, the \s-1GPL\s0 clearly explains

that there is no warranty for this free software. For both users' and
authors' sake, the \s-1GPL\s0 requires that modified versions be marked as
changed, so that their problems will not be attributed erroneously to
authors of previous versions.
.PP
Some devices are designed to deny users access to install or run
modified versions of the software inside them, although the
manufacturer can do so. This is fundamentally incompatible with the
aim of protecting users' freedom to change the software. The
systematic pattern of such abuse occurs in the area of products for
individuals to use, which is precisely where it is most unacceptable.
Therefore, we have designed this version of the \s-1GPL\s0 to prohibit the
practice for those products. If such problems arise substantially in
other domains, we stand ready to extend this provision to those
domains in future versions of the \s-1GPL\s0, as needed to protect the
freedom of users.
.PP
Finally, every program is threatened constantly by software patents.
States should not allow patents to restrict development and use of
software on general-purpose computers, but in those that do, we wish
to avoid the special danger that patents applied to a free program
could make it effectively proprietary. To prevent this, the \s-1GPL\s0
assures that patents cannot be used to render the program non-free.
.PP
The precise terms and conditions for copying, distribution and
modification follow.
.SS "\s-1TERMS\s0 \s-1AND\s0 \s-1CONDITIONS\s0"
.IX Subsection "TERMS AND CONDITIONS"
.IP "0. Definitions." 4
.IX Item "0. Definitions."
\&*(L"This License*(R" refers to version 3 of the \s-1GNU\s0 General Public License.
.Sp
\&*(L"Copyright*(R" also means copyright-like laws that apply to other kinds
of works, such as semiconductor masks.
.Sp
\&*(L"The Program*(R" refers to any copyrightable work licensed under this
License. Each licensee is addressed as *(L"you*(R". *(L"Licensees*(R" and
\&*(L"recipients*(R" may be individuals or organizations.
.Sp
To *(L"modify*(R" a work means to copy from or adapt all or part of the work
in a fashion requiring copyright permission, other than the making of
an exact copy. The resulting work is called a *(L"modified version*(R" of
the earlier work or a work *(L"based on*(R" the earlier work.
.Sp
A *(L"covered work*(R" means either the unmodified Program or a work based
on the Program.
.Sp
To *(L"propagate*(R" a work means to do anything with it that, without

permission, would make you directly or secondarily liable for
infringement under applicable copyright law, except executing it on a
computer or modifying a private copy. Propagation includes copying,
distribution (with or without modification), making available to the
public, and in some countries other activities as well.
.Sp
To *(L"convey*(R" a work means any kind of propagation that enables other
parties to make or receive copies. Mere interaction with a user
through a computer network, with no transfer of a copy, is not
conveying.
.Sp
An interactive user interface displays *(L"Appropriate Legal Notices*(R" to
the extent that it includes a convenient and prominently visible
feature that (1) displays an appropriate copyright notice, and (2)
tells the user that there is no warranty for the work (except to the
extent that warranties are provided), that licensees may convey the
work under this License, and how to view a copy of this License. If
the interface presents a list of user commands or options, such as a
menu, a prominent item in the list meets this criterion.
.IP "1. Source Code." 4
.IX Item "1. Source Code."
The *(L"source code*(R" for a work means the preferred form of the work for
making modifications to it. *(L"Object code*(R" means any non-source form
of a work.
.Sp
A *(L"Standard Interface*(R" means an interface that either is an official
standard defined by a recognized standards body, or, in the case of
interfaces specified for a particular programming language, one that
is widely used among developers working in that language.
.Sp
The *(L"System Libraries*(R" of an executable work include anything, other
than the work as a whole, that (a) is included in the normal form of
packaging a Major Component, but which is not part of that Major
Component, and (b) serves only to enable use of the work with that
Major Component, or to implement a Standard Interface for which an
implementation is available to the public in source code form. A
\&*(L"Major Component*(R", in this context, means a major essential component
(kernel, window system, and so on) of the specific operating system
(if any) on which the executable work runs, or a compiler used to
produce the work, or an object code interpreter used to run it.
.Sp
The *(L"Corresponding Source*(R" for a work in object code form means all
the source code needed to generate, install, and (for an executable
work) run the object code and to modify the work, including scripts to
control those activities. However, it does not include the work's
System Libraries, or general-purpose tools or generally available free
programs which are used unmodified in performing those activities but
which are not part of the work. For example, Corresponding Source

includes interface definition files associated with source files for
the work, and the source code for shared libraries and dynamically
linked subprograms that the work is specifically designed to require,
such as by intimate data communication or control flow between those
subprograms and other parts of the work.
.Sp
The Corresponding Source need not include anything that users can
regenerate automatically from other parts of the Corresponding Source.
.Sp
The Corresponding Source for a work in source code form is that same
work.
.IP "2. Basic Permissions." 4
.IX Item "2. Basic Permissions."
All rights granted under this License are granted for the term of
copyright on the Program, and are irrevocable provided the stated
conditions are met. This License explicitly affirms your unlimited
permission to run the unmodified Program. The output from running a
covered work is covered by this License only if the output, given its
content, constitutes a covered work. This License acknowledges your
rights of fair use or other equivalent, as provided by copyright law.
.Sp
You may make, run and propagate covered works that you do not convey,
without conditions so long as your license otherwise remains in force.
You may convey covered works to others for the sole purpose of having
them make modifications exclusively for you, or provide you with
facilities for running those works, provided that you comply with the
terms of this License in conveying all material for which you do not
control copyright. Those thus making or running the covered works for
you must do so exclusively on your behalf, under your direction and
control, on terms that prohibit them from making any copies of your
copyrighted material outside their relationship with you.
.Sp
Conveying under any other circumstances is permitted solely under the
conditions stated below. Sublicensing is not allowed; section 10
makes it unnecessary.
.IP "3. Protecting Users' Legal Rights From Anti-Circumvention Law." 4
.IX Item "3. Protecting Users' Legal Rights From Anti-Circumvention Law."
No covered work shall be deemed part of an effective technological
measure under any applicable law fulfilling obligations under article
11 of the \s-1WIPO\s0 copyright treaty adopted on 20 December 1996, or
similar laws prohibiting or restricting circumvention of such
measures.
.Sp
When you convey a covered work, you waive any legal power to forbid
circumvention of technological measures to the extent such
circumvention is effected by exercising rights under this License with
respect to the covered work, and you disclaim any intention to limit
operation or modification of the work as a means of enforcing, against

the work's users, your or third parties' legal rights to forbid
circumvention of technological measures.
.IP "4. Conveying Verbatim Copies." 4
.IX Item "4. Conveying Verbatim Copies."
You may convey verbatim copies of the Program's source code as you
receive it, in any medium, provided that you conspicuously and
appropriately publish on each copy an appropriate copyright notice;
keep intact all notices stating that this License and any
non-permissive terms added in accord with section 7 apply to the code;
keep intact all notices of the absence of any warranty; and give all
recipients a copy of this License along with the Program.
.Sp
You may charge any price or no price for each copy that you convey,
and you may offer support or warranty protection for a fee.
.IP "5. Conveying Modified Source Versions." 4
.IX Item "5. Conveying Modified Source Versions."
You may convey a work based on the Program, or the modifications to
produce it from the Program, in the form of source code under the
terms of section 4, provided that you also meet all of these
conditions:
.RS 4
.IP "a." 4
.IX Item "a."
The work must carry prominent notices stating that you modified it,
and giving a relevant date.
.IP "b." 4
.IX Item "b."
The work must carry prominent notices stating that it is released
under this License and any conditions added under section 7. This
requirement modifies the requirement in section 4 to *(L"keep intact all
notices*(R".
.IP "c." 4
.IX Item "c."
You must license the entire work, as a whole, under this License to
anyone who comes into possession of a copy. This License will
therefore apply, along with any applicable section 7 additional terms,
to the whole of the work, and all its parts, regardless of how they
are packaged. This License gives no permission to license the work in
any other way, but it does not invalidate such permission if you have
separately received it.
.IP "d." 4
.IX Item "d."
If the work has interactive user interfaces, each must display
Appropriate Legal Notices; however, if the Program has interactive
interfaces that do not display Appropriate Legal Notices, your work
need not make them do so.
.RE
.RS 4

.Sp
A compilation of a covered work with other separate and independent
works, which are not by their nature extensions of the covered work,
and which are not combined with it such as to form a larger program,
in or on a volume of a storage or distribution medium, is called an
\&*(L"aggregate*(R" if the compilation and its resulting copyright are not
used to limit the access or legal rights of the compilation's users
beyond what the individual works permit. Inclusion of a covered work
in an aggregate does not cause this License to apply to the other
parts of the aggregate.
.RE
.IP "6. Conveying Non-Source Forms." 4
.IX Item "6. Conveying Non-Source Forms."
You may convey a covered work in object code form under the terms of
sections 4 and 5, provided that you also convey the machine-readable
Corresponding Source under the terms of this License, in one of these
ways:
.RS 4
.IP "a." 4
.IX Item "a."
Convey the object code in, or embodied in, a physical product
(including a physical distribution medium), accompanied by the
Corresponding Source fixed on a durable physical medium customarily
used for software interchange.
.IP "b." 4
.IX Item "b."
Convey the object code in, or embodied in, a physical product
(including a physical distribution medium), accompanied by a written
offer, valid for at least three years and valid for as long as you
offer spare parts or customer support for that product model, to give
anyone who possesses the object code either (1) a copy of the
Corresponding Source for all the software in the product that is
covered by this License, on a durable physical medium customarily used
for software interchange, for a price no more than your reasonable
cost of physically performing this conveying of source, or (2) access
to copy the Corresponding Source from a network server at no charge.
.IP "c." 4
.IX Item "c."
Convey individual copies of the object code with a copy of the written
offer to provide the Corresponding Source. This alternative is
allowed only occasionally and noncommercially, and only if you
received the object code with such an offer, in accord with subsection
6b.
.IP "d." 4
.IX Item "d."
Convey the object code by offering access from a designated place
(gratis or for a charge), and offer equivalent access to the
Corresponding Source in the same way through the same place at no

further charge. You need not require recipients to copy the
Corresponding Source along with the object code. If the place to copy
the object code is a network server, the Corresponding Source may be
on a different server (operated by you or a third party) that supports
equivalent copying facilities, provided you maintain clear directions
next to the object code saying where to find the Corresponding Source.
Regardless of what server hosts the Corresponding Source, you remain
obligated to ensure that it is available for as long as needed to
satisfy these requirements.
.IP "e." 4
.IX Item "e."
Convey the object code using peer-to-peer transmission, provided you
inform other peers where the object code and Corresponding Source of
the work are being offered to the general public at no charge under
subsection 6d.
.RE
.RS 4
.Sp
A separable portion of the object code, whose source code is excluded
from the Corresponding Source as a System Library, need not be
included in conveying the object code work.
.Sp
A *(L"User Product*(R" is either (1) a *(L"consumer product*(R", which means any
tangible personal property which is normally used for personal,
family, or household purposes, or (2) anything designed or sold for
incorporation into a dwelling. In determining whether a product is a
consumer product, doubtful cases shall be resolved in favor of
coverage. For a particular product received by a particular user,
\&*(L"normally used*(R" refers to a typical or common use of that class of
product, regardless of the status of the particular user or of the way
in which the particular user actually uses, or expects or is expected
to use, the product. A product is a consumer product regardless of
whether the product has substantial commercial, industrial or
non-consumer uses, unless such uses represent the only significant
mode of use of the product.
.Sp
\&*(L"Installation Information*(R" for a User Product means any methods,
procedures, authorization keys, or other information required to
install and execute modified versions of a covered work in that User
Product from a modified version of its Corresponding Source. The
information must suffice to ensure that the continued functioning of
the modified object code is in no case prevented or interfered with
solely because modification has been made.
.Sp
If you convey an object code work under this section in, or with, or
specifically for use in, a User Product, and the conveying occurs as
part of a transaction in which the right of possession and use of the
User Product is transferred to the recipient in perpetuity or for a

fixed term (regardless of how the transaction is characterized), the
Corresponding Source conveyed under this section must be accompanied
by the Installation Information. But this requirement does not apply
if neither you nor any third party retains the ability to install
modified object code on the User Product (for example, the work has
been installed in \s-1ROM\s0).
.Sp
The requirement to provide Installation Information does not include a
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d) If a facility in the modified Library refers to a function or a table of data to be supplied by an application program that uses the facility, other than as an argument passed when the facility is invoked, then you must make a good faith effort to ensure that, in the event an application does not supply such function or table, the facility still operates, and performs whatever part of its purpose remains meaningful.

(For example, a function in a library to compute square roots has a purpose that is entirely well-defined independent of the application. Therefore, Subsection 2d requires that any

application-supplied function or table used by this function must be optional: if the application does not supply it, the square root function must still compute square roots.)

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16/gnu/javax/sound/AudioSecurityManager$Permissionjava/lang/EnumPLAY1Lgnu/javax/sound/AudioSecurityMa
nager$Permission;RECORDALLENUM$VALUES2[Lgnu/javax/sound/AudioSecurityManager$Permission;<clinit
>()VCode
<init>(Ljava/lang/String;I)V
LineNumberTableLocalVariableTable
thisvalues4()[Lgnu/javax/sound/AudioSecurityManager$Permission;
$&%java/lang/System'(
arraycopy*(Ljava/lang/Object;ILjava/lang/Object;II)VvalueOfE(Ljava/lang/String;)Lgnu/javax/sound/AudioSecurit
yManager$Permission;
,)-5(Ljava/lang/Class;Ljava/lang/String;)Ljava/lang/Enum;
SourceFileAudioSecurityManager.java
SignatureCLjava/lang/Enum<Lgnu/javax/sound/AudioSecurityManager$Permission;>;InnerClasses4$gnu/javax/sou

nd/AudioSecurityManager
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GCC RUNTIME LIBRARY EXCEPTION

Version 3.1, 31 March 2009

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The "Compilation Process" transforms code entirely represented in non-intermediate languages designed for human-written code, and/or in Java Virtual Machine byte code, into Target Code. Thus, for example, use of source code generators and preprocessors need not be considered part of the Compilation Process, since the Compilation Process can be understood as starting with the output of the generators or preprocessors.

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xmlns="http://www.w3.org/1999/xhtml"><head><meta http-equiv="Content-Type" content="text/html;
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runtime, library" /><link rel="home" href="../index.html" title="The GNU C++ Library" /><link rel="up"
href="status.html" title="Chapter1.Status" /><link rel="prev" href="status.html" title="Chapter1.Status" /><link
rel="next" href="bugs.html" title="Bugs" /></head><body> <table width="100%"
summary="Navigation header"><tr><th colspan="3" align="center">License</th></tr><tr><td width="20%"
align="left">Prev</td><th width="60%"
align="center">Chapter1.Status</th><td width="20%" align="right"><a accesskey="n"
href="bugs.html">Next</td></tr></table><hr /> <div
class="titlepage"> <h2 class="title" style="clear: both"><a
id="manual.intro.status.license">License</h2>
  There are two licenses affecting GNU libstdc++: one for the code,
  and one for the documentation.

    There is a license section in the FAQ regarding common <a class="link"
href="../faq.html#faq.license">questions. If you have more
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Version3.1,31March2009

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0.Definitions.

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inputtoanassembler,loader,linkerand/orexecution
phase.Notwithstandingthat,TargetCodedoesnotincludedatainany
formatthatisusedasacompilerintermediaterepresentation,orused
forproducingacompilerintermediaterepresentation.

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non-intermediatelanguagesdesignedforhuman-writtencode,and/orin
JavaVirtualMachinebytecode,intoTargetCode.Thus,forexample,
useofsourcecodegeneratorsandpreprocessorsneednotbeconsidered
partoftheCompilationProcess,sincetheCompilationProcesscanbe
understoodasstartingwiththeoutputofthegeneratorsor

preprocessors.

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width="40%" align="left">Prev</td><td width="20%"
align="center">Up</td><td width="40%" align="right"><a
accesskey="n" href="bugs.html">Next</td></tr><tr><td width="40%" align="left"
valign="top">Chapter1.Status</td><td width="20%" align="center"><a accesskey="h"

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href="../index.html">Home</a></td><td width="40%" align="right"
valign="top">Bugs</td></tr></table></div></body></html>
#!/usr/bin/python
#
# Copyright (C) 2013 Free Software Foundation, Inc.
#
# This script is free software; you can redistribute it and/or modify
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# any later version.

# This script adjusts the copyright notices at the top of source files
# so that they have the form:
#
#   Copyright XXXX-YYYY Free Software Foundation, Inc.
#
# It doesn't change code that is known to be maintained elsewhere or
# that carries a non-FSF copyright.
#
# The script also doesn't change testsuite files, except those in
# libstdc++-v3.  This is because libstdc++-v3 has a conformance testsuite,
# while most tests in other directories are just things that failed at some
# point in the past.
#
# Pass --this-year to the script if you want it to add the current year
# to all applicable notices.  Pass --quilt if you are using quilt and
# want files to be added to the quilt before being changed.
#
# By default the script will update all directories for which the
# output has been vetted.  You can instead pass the names of individual
# directories, including those that haven't been approved.  So:
#
#    update-copyright.pl --this-year
#
# is the command that would be used at the beginning of a year to update
# all copyright notices (and possibly at other times to check whether
# new files have been added with old years).  On the other hand:
#
#    update-copyright.pl --this-year libjava
#
# would run the script on just libjava/.
#
# Note that things like --version output strings must be updated before
# this script is run.  There's already a separate procedure for that.

import os
import re
import sys
```

```
import time
import subprocess

class Errors:
  def __init__ (self):
    self.num_errors = 0

  def report (self, filename, string):
    if filename:
      string = filename + ': ' + string
    sys.stderr.write (string + '\n')
    self.num_errors += 1

  def ok (self):
    return self.num_errors == 0

class GenericFilter:
  def __init__ (self):
    self.skip_files = set()
    self.skip_dirs = set()
    self.skip_extensions = set()
    self.fossilised_files = set()
    self.own_files = set()

    self.skip_files |= set ([
        # Skip licence files.
        'COPYING',
        'COPYING.LIB',
        'COPYING3',
        'COPYING3.LIB',
        'LICENSE',
        'fdl.texi',
        'gpl_v3.texi',
        'fdl-1.3.xml',
        'gpl-3.0.xml',

        # Skip auto- and libtool-related files
        'aclocal.m4',
        'compile',
        'config.guess',
        'config.sub',
        'depcomp',
        'install-sh',
        'libtool.m4',
        'ltmain.sh',
        'ltoptions.m4',
        'ltsugar.m4',
        'ltversion.m4',
```

```
            'lt~obsolete.m4',
            'missing',
            'mkdep',
            'mkinstalldirs',
            'move-if-change',
            'shlibpath.m4',
            'symlink-tree',
            'ylwrap',

            # Skip FSF mission statement, etc.
            'gnu.texi',
            'funding.texi',
            'appendix_free.xml',

            # Skip imported texinfo files.
            'texinfo.tex',
            ])


    def get_line_filter (self, dir, filename):
        if filename.startswith ('ChangeLog'):
            # Ignore references to copyright in changelog entries.
            return re.compile ('\t')

        return None

    def skip_file (self, dir, filename):
        if filename in self.skip_files:
            return True

        (base, extension) = os.path.splitext (os.path.join (dir, filename))
        if extension in self.skip_extensions:
            return True

        if extension == '.in':
            # Skip .in files produced by automake.
            if os.path.exists (base + '.am'):
                return True

            # Skip files produced by autogen
            if (os.path.exists (base + '.def')
                and os.path.exists (base + '.tpl')):
                return True

        # Skip configure files produced by autoconf
        if filename == 'configure':
            if os.path.exists (base + '.ac'):
                return True
```

```
            if os.path.exists (base + '.in'):
                return True

        return False

    def skip_dir (self, dir, subdir):
        return subdir in self.skip_dirs

    def is_fossilised_file (self, dir, filename):
        if filename in self.fossilised_files:
            return True
        # Only touch current current ChangeLogs.
        if filename != 'ChangeLog' and filename.find ('ChangeLog') >= 0:
            return True
        return False

    def by_package_author (self, dir, filename):
        return filename in self.own_files

class Copyright:
    def __init__ (self, errors):
        self.errors = errors

        # Characters in a range of years.  Include '.' for typos.
        ranges = '[0-9](?:[-0-9.,\s]|\s+and\s+)*[0-9]'

        # Non-whitespace characters in a copyright holder's name.
        name = '[\w.,-]'

        # Matches one year.
        self.year_re = re.compile ('[0-9]+')

        # Matches part of a year or copyright holder.
        self.continuation_re = re.compile (ranges + '|' + name)

        # Matches a full copyright notice:
        self.copyright_re = re.compile (
            # 1: 'Copyright (C)', etc.
            '([Cc]opyright'
            '|[Cc]opyright\s+\([Cc]\)'
            '|[Cc]opyright\s+%s'
            '|[Cc]opyright\s+&copy;'
            '|[Cc]opyright\s+@copyright{}'
            '|@set\s+copyright[\w-]+)'

            # 2: the years.  Include the whitespace in the year, so that
            # we can remove any excess.
            '(\s*(?:' + ranges + ',?'
```

```
        '|@value\{[^{}]*\})\s*)'

        # 3: 'by ', if used
        '(by\s+)?'

        # 4: the copyright holder.  Don't allow multiple consecutive
        # spaces, so that right-margin gloss doesn't get caught
        # (e.g. gnat_ugn.texi).
        '(' + name + '(?:\s?' + name + ')*)?')

    # A regexp for notices that might have slipped by.  Just matching
    # 'copyright' is too noisy, and 'copyright.*[0-9]' falls foul of
    # HTML header markers, so check for 'copyright' and two digits.
    self.other_copyright_re = re.compile ('copyright.*[0-9][0-9]',
                                          re.IGNORECASE)
    self.comment_re = re.compile('#+|[*]+|;+|%+|//+|@c |dnl ')
    self.holders = { '@copying': '@copying' }
    self.holder_prefixes = set()

    # True to 'quilt add' files before changing them.
    self.use_quilt = False

    # If set, force all notices to include this year.
    self.max_year = None

    # Goes after the year(s).  Could be ', '.
    self.separator = ' '

def add_package_author (self, holder, canon_form = None):
    if not canon_form:
        canon_form = holder
    self.holders[holder] = canon_form
    index = holder.find (' ')
    while index >= 0:
        self.holder_prefixes.add (holder[:index])
        index = holder.find (' ', index + 1)

def add_external_author (self, holder):
    self.holders[holder] = None

class BadYear():
    def __init__ (self, year):
        self.year = year

    def __str__ (self):
        return 'unrecognised year: ' + self.year

def parse_year (self, string):
```

```
    year = int (string)
    if len (string) == 2:
        if year > 70:
            return year + 1900
    elif len (string) == 4:
        return year
    raise self.BadYear (string)

def year_range (self, years):
    year_list = [self.parse_year (year)
                 for year in self.year_re.findall (years)]
    assert len (year_list) > 0
    return (min (year_list), max (year_list))

def set_use_quilt (self, use_quilt):
    self.use_quilt = use_quilt

def include_year (self, year):
    assert not self.max_year
    self.max_year = year

def canonicalise_years (self, dir, filename, filter, years):
    # Leave texinfo variables alone.
    if years.startswith ('@value'):
        return years

    (min_year, max_year) = self.year_range (years)

    # Update the upper bound, if enabled.
    if self.max_year and not filter.is_fossilised_file (dir, filename):
        max_year = max (max_year, self.max_year)

    # Use a range.
    if min_year == max_year:
        return '%d' % min_year
    else:
        return '%d-%d' % (min_year, max_year)

def strip_continuation (self, line):
    line = line.lstrip()
    match = self.comment_re.match (line)
    if match:
        line = line[match.end():].lstrip()
    return line

def is_complete (self, match):
    holder = match.group (4)
    return (holder
```

```
            and (holder not in self.holder_prefixes
                 or holder in self.holders))

    def update_copyright (self, dir, filename, filter, file, line, match):
        orig_line = line
        next_line = None
        pathname = os.path.join (dir, filename)

        intro = match.group (1)
        if intro.startswith ('@set'):
            # Texinfo year variables should always be on one line
            after_years = line[match.end (2):].strip()
            if after_years != '':
                self.errors.report (pathname,
                                    'trailing characters in @set: '
                                    + after_years)
                return (False, orig_line, next_line)
        else:
            # If it looks like the copyright is incomplete, add the next line.
            while not self.is_complete (match):
                try:
                    next_line = file.next()
                except StopIteration:
                    break

                # If the next line doesn't look like a proper continuation,
                # assume that what we've got is complete.
                continuation = self.strip_continuation (next_line)
                if not self.continuation_re.match (continuation):
                    break

                # Merge the lines for matching purposes.
                orig_line += next_line
                line = line.rstrip() + ' ' + continuation
                next_line = None

                # Rematch with the longer line, at the original position.
                match = self.copyright_re.match (line, match.start())
                assert match

            holder = match.group (4)

            # Use the filter to test cases where markup is getting in the way.
            if filter.by_package_author (dir, filename):
                assert holder not in self.holders

            elif not holder:
                self.errors.report (pathname, 'missing copyright holder')
```

```
            return (False, orig_line, next_line)

        elif holder not in self.holders:
            self.errors.report (pathname,
                                'unrecognised copyright holder: ' + holder)
            return (False, orig_line, next_line)

        else:
            # See whether the copyright is associated with the package
            # author.
            canon_form = self.holders[holder]
            if not canon_form:
                return (False, orig_line, next_line)

            # Make sure the author is given in a consistent way.
            line = (line[:match.start (4)]
                    + canon_form
                    + line[match.end (4):])

            # Remove any 'by'
            line = line[:match.start (3)] + line[match.end (3):]

    # Update the copyright years.
    years = match.group (2).strip()
    try:
        canon_form = self.canonicalise_years (dir, filename, filter, years)
    except self.BadYear as e:
        self.errors.report (pathname, str (e))
        return (False, orig_line, next_line)

    line = (line[:match.start (2)]
            + ' ' + canon_form + self.separator
            + line[match.end (2):])

    # Use the standard (C) form.
    if intro.endswith ('right'):
        intro += ' (C)'
    elif intro.endswith ('(c)'):
        intro = intro[:-3] + '(C)'
    line = line[:match.start (1)] + intro + line[match.end (1):]

    # Strip trailing whitespace
    line = line.rstrip() + '\n'

    return (line != orig_line, line, next_line)

def process_file (self, dir, filename, filter):
    pathname = os.path.join (dir, filename)
```

```
    if filename.endswith ('.tmp'):
        # Looks like something we tried to create before.
        try:
            os.remove (pathname)
        except OSError:
            pass
        return

    lines = []
    changed = False
    line_filter = filter.get_line_filter (dir, filename)
    with open (pathname, 'r') as file:
        prev = None
        for line in file:
            while line:
                next_line = None
                # Leave filtered-out lines alone.
                if not (line_filter and line_filter.match (line)):
                    match = self.copyright_re.search (line)
                    if match:
                        res = self.update_copyright (dir, filename, filter,
                                                     file, line, match)
                        (this_changed, line, next_line) = res
                        changed = changed or this_changed

                    # Check for copyright lines that might have slipped by.
                    elif self.other_copyright_re.search (line):
                        self.errors.report (pathname,
                                            'unrecognised copyright: %s'
                                            % line.strip())
                lines.append (line)
                line = next_line

    # If something changed, write the new file out.
    if changed and self.errors.ok():
        tmp_pathname = pathname + '.tmp'
        with open (tmp_pathname, 'w') as file:
            for line in lines:
                file.write (line)
        if self.use_quilt:
            subprocess.call (['quilt', 'add', pathname])
        os.rename (tmp_pathname, pathname)

def process_tree (self, tree, filter):
    for (dir, subdirs, filenames) in os.walk (tree):
        # Don't recurse through directories that should be skipped.
        for i in xrange (len (subdirs) - 1, -1, -1):
            if filter.skip_dir (dir, subdirs[i]):
```

```
                del subdirs[i]

            # Handle the files in this directory.
            for filename in filenames:
                if filter.skip_file (dir, filename):
                    sys.stdout.write ('Skipping %s\n'
                                      % os.path.join (dir, filename))
                else:
                    self.process_file (dir, filename, filter)

class CmdLine:
    def __init__ (self, copyright = Copyright):
        self.errors = Errors()
        self.copyright = copyright (self.errors)
        self.dirs = []
        self.default_dirs = []
        self.chosen_dirs = []
        self.option_handlers = dict()
        self.option_help = []

        self.add_option ('--help', 'Print this help', self.o_help)
        self.add_option ('--quilt', '"quilt add" files before changing them',
                         self.o_quilt)
        self.add_option ('--this-year', 'Add the current year to every notice',
                         self.o_this_year)

    def add_option (self, name, help, handler):
        self.option_help.append ((name, help))
        self.option_handlers[name] = handler

    def add_dir (self, dir, filter = GenericFilter()):
        self.dirs.append ((dir, filter))

    def o_help (self, option = None):
        sys.stdout.write ('Usage: %s [options] dir1 dir2...\n\n'
                          'Options:\n' % sys.argv[0])
        format = '%-15s %s\n'
        for (what, help) in self.option_help:
            sys.stdout.write (format % (what, help))
        sys.stdout.write ('\nDirectories:\n')

        format = '%-25s'
        i = 0
        for (dir, filter) in self.dirs:
            i += 1
            if i % 3 == 0 or i == len (self.dirs):
                sys.stdout.write (dir + '\n')
            else:
```

```
            sys.stdout.write (format % dir)
        sys.exit (0)

    def o_quilt (self, option):
        self.copyright.set_use_quilt (True)

    def o_this_year (self, option):
        self.copyright.include_year (time.localtime().tm_year)

    def main (self):
        for arg in sys.argv[1:]:
            if arg[:1] != '-':
                self.chosen_dirs.append (arg)
            elif arg in self.option_handlers:
                self.option_handlers[arg] (arg)
            else:
                self.errors.report (None, 'unrecognised option: ' + arg)
        if self.errors.ok():
            if len (self.chosen_dirs) == 0:
                self.chosen_dirs = self.default_dirs
            if len (self.chosen_dirs) == 0:
                self.o_help()
            else:
                for chosen_dir in self.chosen_dirs:
                    canon_dir = os.path.join (chosen_dir, '')
                    count = 0
                    for (dir, filter) in self.dirs:
                        if (dir + os.sep).startswith (canon_dir):
                            count += 1
                            self.copyright.process_tree (dir, filter)
                    if count == 0:
                        self.errors.report (None, 'unrecognised directory: '
                                            + chosen_dir)
        sys.exit (0 if self.errors.ok() else 1)

#------------------------------------------------------------------------------

class TopLevelFilter (GenericFilter):
    def skip_dir (self, dir, subdir):
        return True

class ConfigFilter (GenericFilter):
    def __init__ (self):
        GenericFilter.__init__ (self)

    def skip_file (self, dir, filename):
        if filename.endswith ('.m4'):
            pathname = os.path.join (dir, filename)
```

```
            with open (pathname) as file:
                # Skip files imported from gettext.
                if file.readline().find ('gettext-') >= 0:
                    return True
        return GenericFilter.skip_file (self, dir, filename)

class GCCFilter (GenericFilter):
    def __init__ (self):
        GenericFilter.__init__ (self)

        self.skip_files |= set ([
                # Not part of GCC
                'math-68881.h',
                ])

        self.skip_dirs |= set ([
                # Better not create a merge nightmare for the GNAT folks.
                'ada',

                # Handled separately.
                'testsuite',
                ])

        self.skip_extensions |= set ([
                # Maintained by the translation project.
                '.po',

                # Automatically-generated.
                '.pot',
                ])

        self.fossilised_files |= set ([
                # Old news won't be updated.
                'ONEWS',
                ])

class TestsuiteFilter (GenericFilter):
    def __init__ (self):
        GenericFilter.__init__ (self)

        self.skip_extensions |= set ([
                # Don't change the tests, which could be woend by anyone.
                '.c',
                '.C',
                '.cc',
                '.h',
                '.hs',
                '.f',
```

```
            '.f90',
            '.go',
            '.inc',
            '.java',
            ])

    def skip_file (self, dir, filename):
        # g++.niklas/README contains historical copyright information
        # and isn't updated.
        if filename == 'README' and os.path.basename (dir) == 'g++.niklas':
            return True
        return GenericFilter.skip_file (self, dir, filename)

class LibCppFilter (GenericFilter):
    def __init__ (self):
        GenericFilter.__init__ (self)

        self.skip_extensions |= set ([
            # Maintained by the translation project.
            '.po',

            # Automatically-generated.
            '.pot',
            ])

class LibGCCFilter (GenericFilter):
    def __init__ (self):
        GenericFilter.__init__ (self)

        self.skip_dirs |= set ([
            # Imported from GLIBC.
            'soft-fp',
            ])

class LibJavaFilter (GenericFilter):
    def __init__ (self):
        GenericFilter.__init__ (self)

        self.skip_dirs |= set ([
            # Handled separately.
            'testsuite',

            # Not really part of the library
            'contrib',

            # Imported from upstream
            'classpath',
            'libltdl',
```

```
            ])

    def get_line_filter (self, dir, filename):
        if filename == 'NameDecoder.h':
            return re.compile ('.*NAME_COPYRIGHT')
        if filename == 'ICC_Profile.h':
            return re.compile ('.*icSigCopyrightTag')
        return GenericFilter.get_line_filter (self, dir, filename)

class LibMudflapFilter (GenericFilter):
    def __init__ (self):
        GenericFilter.__init__ (self)

        self.skip_dirs |= set ([
            # Handled separately.
            'testsuite',
            ])

class LibStdCxxFilter (GenericFilter):
    def __init__ (self):
        GenericFilter.__init__ (self)

        self.skip_files |= set ([
            # Contains no copyright of its own, but quotes the GPL.
            'intro.xml',
            ])

        self.skip_dirs |= set ([
            # Contains automatically-generated sources.
            'html',

            # The testsuite data files shouldn't be changed.
            'data',

            # Contains imported images
            'images',
            ])

        self.own_files |= set ([
            # Contains markup around the copyright owner.
            'spine.xml',
            ])

    def get_line_filter (self, dir, filename):
        if filename == 'boost_concept_check.h':
            return re.compile ('// \(C\) Copyright Jeremy Siek')
        return GenericFilter.get_line_filter (self, dir, filename)
```

```
class GCCCopyright (Copyright):
  def __init__ (self, errors):
      Copyright.__init__ (self, errors)

      canon_fsf = 'Free Software Foundation, Inc.'
      self.add_package_author ('Free Software Foundation', canon_fsf)
      self.add_package_author ('Free Software Foundation.', canon_fsf)
      self.add_package_author ('Free Software Foundation Inc.', canon_fsf)
      self.add_package_author ('Free Software Foundation, Inc', canon_fsf)
      self.add_package_author ('Free Software Foundation, Inc.', canon_fsf)
      self.add_package_author ('The Free Software Foundation', canon_fsf)
      self.add_package_author ('The Free Software Foundation, Inc.', canon_fsf)
      self.add_package_author ('Software Foundation, Inc.', canon_fsf)

      self.add_external_author ('ARM')
      self.add_external_author ('AdaCore')
      self.add_external_author ('Ami Tavory and Vladimir Dreizin, IBM-HRL.')
      self.add_external_author ('Cavium Networks.')
      self.add_external_author ('Faraday Technology Corp.')
      self.add_external_author ('Florida State University')
      self.add_external_author ('Greg Colvin and Beman Dawes.')
      self.add_external_author ('Hewlett-Packard Company')
      self.add_external_author ('Information Technology Industry Council.')
      self.add_external_author ('James Theiler, Brian Gough')
      self.add_external_author ('Makoto Matsumoto and Takuji Nishimura,')
      self.add_external_author ('National Research Council of Canada.')
      self.add_external_author ('Peter Dimov and Multi Media Ltd.')
      self.add_external_author ('Peter Dimov')
      self.add_external_author ('Pipeline Associates, Inc.')
      self.add_external_author ('Regents of the University of California.')
      self.add_external_author ('Silicon Graphics Computer Systems, Inc.')
      self.add_external_author ('Silicon Graphics')
      self.add_external_author ('Stephen L. Moshier')
      self.add_external_author ('Sun Microsystems, Inc. All rights reserved.')
      self.add_external_author ('The Go Authors.  All rights reserved.')
      self.add_external_author ('The Go Authors. All rights reserved.')
      self.add_external_author ('The Go Authors.')
      self.add_external_author ('The Regents of the University of California.')
      self.add_external_author ('Unicode, Inc.')
      self.add_external_author ('University of Toronto.')

class GCCCmdLine (CmdLine):
  def __init__ (self):
      CmdLine.__init__ (self, GCCCopyright)

      self.add_dir ('.', TopLevelFilter())
      # boehm-gc is imported from upstream.
      self.add_dir ('config', ConfigFilter())
```

```
        # contrib isn't really part of GCC.
        self.add_dir ('fixincludes')
        self.add_dir ('gcc', GCCFilter())
        self.add_dir (os.path.join ('gcc', 'testsuite'), TestsuiteFilter())
        self.add_dir ('gnattools')
        self.add_dir ('include')
        self.add_dir ('libada')
        self.add_dir ('libatomic')
        self.add_dir ('libbacktrace')
        self.add_dir ('libcpp', LibCppFilter())
        self.add_dir ('libdecnumber')
        # libffi is imported from upstream.
        self.add_dir ('libgcc', LibGCCFilter())
        self.add_dir ('libgfortran')
        self.add_dir ('libgomp')
        self.add_dir ('libiberty')
        self.add_dir ('libitm')
        self.add_dir ('libjava', LibJavaFilter())
        self.add_dir (os.path.join ('libjava', 'testsuite'), TestsuiteFilter())
        self.add_dir ('libmudflap', LibMudflapFilter())
        self.add_dir (os.path.join ('libmudflap', 'testsuite'),
                      TestsuiteFilter())
        self.add_dir ('libobjc')
        self.add_dir ('libquadmath')
        # libsanitiser is imported from upstream.
        self.add_dir ('libssp')
        self.add_dir ('libstdc++-v3', LibStdCxxFilter())
        self.add_dir ('lto-plugin')
        # zlib is imported from upstream.

        self.default_dirs = [
           'gcc',
           'libada',
           'libatomic',
           'libbacktrace',
           'libcpp',
           'libdecnumber',
           'libgcc',
           'libgfortran',
           'libgomp',
           'libitm',
           'libmudflap',
           'libobjc',
           'libstdc++-v3',
           ]

GCCCmdLine().main()
```

1f+gnu/classpath/tools/taglets/CopyrightTagletjava/lang/Objectcom/sun/tools/doclets/TagletNAMELjava/lang/String;
ConstantValue copyrightHEADER
Copyright:<init>()VCode
LineNumberTableLocalVariableTablethis-
Lgnu/classpath/tools/taglets/CopyrightTaglet;getName()Ljava/lang/String;inField()Z
inConstructorinMethod
inOverview inPackageinTypeisInlineTagregister(Ljava/util/Map;)V

&(*)
java/util/Map+,put8(Ljava/lang/Object;Ljava/lang/Object;)Ljava/lang/Object;
tagletMapLjava/util/Map;copyrightTaglettoString)(Lcom/sun/javadoc/Tag;)Ljava/lang/String;3com/sun/javadoc/Tag
506*([Lcom/sun/javadoc/Tag;)Ljava/lang/String;tagLcom/sun/javadoc/Tag;2:;text
=?>java/lang/String@Alength()ICjava/lang/StringBuffer
BF<dl>
BHIJappend,(Ljava/lang/String;)Ljava/lang/StringBuffer;Ljava/lang/StringBuilderN<dt>Copyright ©
KPQ(Ljava/lang/String;)V
KSIT-(Ljava/lang/String;)Ljava/lang/StringBuilder;V </dt>
KX0Z</dl>
BXtags[Lcom/sun/javadoc/Tag;haveValidTagZiIresultLjava/lang/StringBuffer;
SourceFileCopyrightTaglet.java!

/*1-
7,;,?,C,G,K ,O!,S "#QY$L*+%+'WWXY-.
/01A
*2Y+S4\

7806)+=>+29<=+_BYDN-EGW67+29<%-KYMO+29RURWGW+-YGW-[F`ad efge+k/l7m>nDoSpunstw>\] ^_
`a7TbcA>`ade
@ignore
@c Set file name and title for man page.
@setfilename gfdl
@settitle GNU Free Documentation License
@c man begin SEEALSO
gpl(7), fsf-funding(7).
@c man end
@c man begin COPYRIGHT
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@c hence no sectioning command or @node.
@c man end
@end ignore
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@ifset gfdlhtml
@ifnothtml
@comment node-name, next, previous, up
@node GNU Free Documentation License, Concept Index, Old, Top
@end ifnothtml
@html
<h1 align="center">Installing GCC: GNU Free Documentation License</h1>
@end html
@ifnothtml
@unnumbered GNU Free Documentation License
@end ifnothtml
@end ifset
@c man begin DESCRIPTION
@ifclear gfdlhtml
@node GNU Free Documentation License
@unnumbered GNU Free Documentation License
@end ifclear

@cindex FDL, GNU Free Documentation License
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@enumerate a
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@end enumerate

@iftex
@heading END OF TERMS AND CONDITIONS
@end iftex
@ifinfo
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@page
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1java/security/acl/Permissionjava/lang/Objectequals(Ljava/lang/Object;)ZtoString()Ljava/lang/String;
SourceFilePermission.java
     GNU GENERAL PUBLIC LICENSE
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```
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```

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```
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<signature of Ty Coon>, 1 April 1989
Ty Coon, President of Vice
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```
1[java/security/Permissionjava/lang/Objectjava/security/Guardjava/io/SerializableserialVersionUIDJ
ConstantValue?(WQ~nameLjava/lang/String;<init>(Ljava/lang/String;)VCode
()V LineNumberTableLocalVariableTablethisLjava/security/Permission;
checkGuard(Ljava/lang/Object;)V
! java/lang/System"#getSecurityManager()Ljava/lang/SecurityManager;
%'&java/lang/SecurityManager()checkPermission(Ljava/security/Permission;)VobjLjava/lang/Object;smLjava/lang/
SecurityManager;implies(Ljava/security/Permission;)Zequals(Ljava/lang/Object;)ZhashCode()IgetName()Ljava/lan
g/String;
getActionsnewPermissionCollection&()Ljava/security/PermissionCollection;toString;gnu/java/lang/CPStringBuilde
r
:
:>?@append"(C)Lgnu/java/lang/CPStringBuilder;
BCDgetClass()Ljava/lang/Class;
FHGjava/lang/Class45
:J?K3(Ljava/lang/String;)Lgnu/java/lang/CPStringBuilder;
```

H
N65P
RTSjava/lang/String01
:V95stringLgnu/java/lang/CPStringBuilder;
SourceFilePermission.java!
 F
**+[] ^

XM,,*$nop
q *+
,-./012345/*6578,95S:Y<L+(=L+*AEIL+ =L+*LIL*MOQ+ =L+*MIL+)=L+U*
"+7>GNSKWXYZ

```
// DO NOT EDIT THIS FILE - it is machine generated -*- c++ -*-

#ifndef __java_security_acl_Permission__
#define __java_security_acl_Permission__

#pragma interface

#include <java/lang/Object.h>
extern "Java"
{
 namespace java
 {
   namespace security
   {
     namespace acl
     {
       class Permission;
     }
   }
 }
}

class java::security::acl::Permission : public ::java::lang::Object
{

public:
 virtual jboolean equals(::java::lang::Object *) = 0;
 virtual ::java::lang::String * toString() = 0;
 static ::java::lang::Class class$;
} __attribute__ ((java_interface));

#endif // __java_security_acl_Permission__
```

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This is an attempt to acknowledge early contributions to the garbage
collector. Later contributions should instead be mentioned in
README.changes.

HISTORY -

Early versions of this collector were developed as a part of research
projects supported in part by the National Science Foundation
and the Defense Advance Research Projects Agency.

The garbage collector originated as part of the run-time system for
the Russell programming language implementation. The first version of the
garbage collector was written primarily by Al Demers. It was then refined
and mostly rewritten, primarily by Hans-J. Boehm, at Cornell U.,
the University of Washington, Rice University (where it was first used for
C and assembly code), Xerox PARC, SGI, and HP Labs. However, significant
contributions have also been made by many others.

Some other contributors:

More recent contributors are mentioned in the modification history in
README.changes. My apologies for any omissions.

The SPARC specific code was originally contributed by Mark Weiser.

The Encore Multimax modifications were supplied by
Kevin Kenny (kenny@m.cs.uiuc.edu). The adaptation to the IBM PC/RT is largely
due to Vernon Lee, on machines made available to Rice by IBM.
Much of the HP specific code and a number of good suggestions for improving the
generic code are due to Walter Underwood.
Robert Brazile (brazile@diamond.bbn.com) originally supplied the ULTRIX code.
Al Dosser (dosser@src.dec.com) and Regis Cridlig (Regis.Cridlig@cl.cam.ac.uk)
subsequently provided updates and information on variation between ULTRIX
systems. Parag Patel (parag@netcom.com) supplied the A/UX code.
Jesper Peterson(jep@mtiame.mtia.oz.au), Michel Schinz, and
Martin Tauchmann (martintauchmann@bigfoot.com) supplied the Amiga port.
Thomas Funke (thf@zelator.in-berlin.de(?)) and
Brian D.Carlstrom (bdc@clark.lcs.mit.edu) supplied the NeXT ports.
Douglas Steel (doug@wg.icl.co.uk) provided ICL DRS6000 code.
Bill Janssen (janssen@parc.xerox.com) supplied the SunOS dynamic loader
specific code. Manuel Serrano (serrano@cornas.inria.fr) supplied linux and
Sony News specific code. Al Dosser provided Alpha/OSF/1 code. He and
Dave Detlefs(detlefs@src.dec.com) also provided several generic bug fixes.
Alistair G. Crooks(agc@uts.amdahl.com) supplied the NetBSD and 386BSD ports.
Jeffrey Hsu (hsu@soda.berkeley.edu) provided the FreeBSD port.
Brent Benson (brent@jade.ssd.csd.harris.com) ported the collector to
a Motorola 88K processor running CX/UX (Harris NightHawk).
Ari Huttunen (Ari.Huttunen@hut.fi) generalized the OS/2 port to
nonIBM development environments (a nontrivial task).
Patrick Beard (beard@cs.ucdavis.edu) provided the initial MacOS port.
David Chase, then at Olivetti Research, suggested several improvements.
Scott Schwartz (schwartz@groucho.cse.psu.edu) supplied some of the
code to save and print call stacks for leak detection on a SPARC.
Jesse Hull and John Ellis supplied the C++ interface code.
Zhong Shao performed much of the experimentation that led to the
current typed allocation facility. (His dynamic type inference code hasn't
made it into the released version of the collector, yet.)
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```
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/**
* This interface provides information about a permission that can be
* granted.  Note that this is <em>not</em> the same as the class
* <code>java.security.Permission</code>.
*
* @version 0.0
*
* @author Aaron M. Renn (arenn@urbanophile.com)
*/
public interface Permission
{
 /**
  * This method tests whether or not a specified <code>Permission</code>
  * (passed as an <code>Object</code>) is the same as this permission.
  *
  * @param perm The permission to check for equality
  *
  * @return <code>true</code> if the specified permission is the same as this one, <code>false</code> otherwise
  */
 boolean equals (Object perm);

 /**
  * This method returns this <code>Permission</code> as a <code>String</code>.
  *
  * @return A <code>String</code> representing this permission.
```

```
 */
String toString();
}
```

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* m4/ax_func_which_gethostbyname_r.m4

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<http://www.gnu.org/licenses/>. */

/* Use the Sequent Symmetry assembler syntax. */

/* Define the syntax of pseudo-ops, labels and comments. */

/* Prefix for internally generated assembler labels. If we aren't using
  underscores, we are using prefix `.'s to identify labels that should
  be ignored, as in `i386/gas.h' --karl@cs.umb.edu */

#define LPREFIX "L"

/* Assembler pseudos to introduce constants of various size. */

```
#define ASM_BYTE "\t.byte\t"
#define ASM_SHORT "\t.word\t"
#define ASM_LONG "\t.long\t"
#define ASM_QUAD "\t.quad\t"  /* Should not be used for 32bit compilation.  */

/* This was suggested, but it shouldn't be right for DBX output. -- RMS
  #define ASM_OUTPUT_SOURCE_FILENAME(FILE, NAME) */


/* Define the syntax of labels and symbol definitions/declarations.  */

/* This is how to output an assembler line
  that says to advance the location counter by SIZE bytes.  */

#define ASM_OUTPUT_SKIP(FILE,SIZE)  \
 fprintf (FILE, "\t.space "HOST_WIDE_INT_PRINT_UNSIGNED"\n", (SIZE))

/* Define the syntax of labels and symbol definitions/declarations.  */

/* This says how to output an assembler line
  to define a global common symbol.  */

#define ASM_OUTPUT_COMMON(FILE, NAME, SIZE, ROUNDED)  \
( fputs (".comm ", (FILE)),   \
 assemble_name ((FILE), (NAME)),  \
 fprintf ((FILE), ",%u\n", (int)(ROUNDED)))

/* This says how to output an assembler line
  to define a local common symbol.  */

#define ASM_OUTPUT_LOCAL(FILE, NAME, SIZE, ROUNDED)  \
( fputs (".lcomm ", (FILE)),   \
 assemble_name ((FILE), (NAME)),  \
 fprintf ((FILE), ",%u\n", (int)(ROUNDED)))

#ifdef HAVE_GAS_LCOMM_WITH_ALIGNMENT
#define ASM_OUTPUT_ALIGNED_LOCAL(FILE, NAME, SIZE, ALIGNMENT)  \
( fputs (".lcomm ", (FILE)),   \
 assemble_name ((FILE), (NAME)),  \
 fprintf ((FILE), ",%u,%u\n", (int)(SIZE), (int)(ALIGNMENT) / BITS_PER_UNIT))
#endif

/* This is how to output an assembler line
  that says to advance the location counter
  to a multiple of 2**LOG bytes.  */

#define ASM_OUTPUT_ALIGN(FILE,LOG) \
 if ((LOG)!=0) fprintf ((FILE), "\t.align %d\n", (LOG))
```

```
/* This is how to store into the string BUF
  the symbol_ref name of an internal numbered label where
  PREFIX is the class of label and NUM is the number within the class.
  This is suitable for output with `assemble_name'.  */

#define ASM_GENERATE_INTERNAL_LABEL(BUF,PREFIX,NUMBER) \
   sprintf ((BUF), "*%s%ld", (PREFIX), (long)(NUMBER))

/* The prefix to add to user-visible assembler symbols.  */

#define USER_LABEL_PREFIX "_"

/* Sequent has some changes in the format of DBX symbols.  */
#define DBX_NO_XREFS 1

/* Don't split DBX symbols into continuations.  */
#define DBX_CONTIN_LENGTH 0
```

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Version 3, 29 June 2007

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// DO NOT EDIT THIS FILE - it is machine generated -*- c++ -*-

#ifndef __gnu_javax_sound_AudioSecurityManager$Permission__
#define __gnu_javax_sound_AudioSecurityManager$Permission__

#pragma interface

```
#include <java/lang/Enum.h>
#include <gcj/array.h>

extern "Java"
{
 namespace gnu
 {
   namespace javax
   {
     namespace sound
     {
        class AudioSecurityManager$Permission;
     }
   }
 }
}

class gnu::javax::sound::AudioSecurityManager$Permission : public ::java::lang::Enum
{

 AudioSecurityManager$Permission(::java::lang::String *, jint);
public:
 static JArray< ::gnu::javax::sound::AudioSecurityManager$Permission * > * values();
 static ::gnu::javax::sound::AudioSecurityManager$Permission * valueOf(::java::lang::String *);
 static ::gnu::javax::sound::AudioSecurityManager$Permission * PLAY;
 static ::gnu::javax::sound::AudioSecurityManager$Permission * RECORD;
 static ::gnu::javax::sound::AudioSecurityManager$Permission * ALL;
private:
 static JArray< ::gnu::javax::sound::AudioSecurityManager$Permission * > * ENUM$VALUES;
public:
 static ::java::lang::Class class$;
};

#endif // __gnu_javax_sound_AudioSecurityManager$Permission__
```

1.159 perl-net-snmpkey 5.2.0

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1.160 ntpclient 2007_365

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1.161 ldconfig 2.19-1

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@subheading END OF TERMS AND CONDITIONS

@page
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@end group
@end smallexample

If you have Invariant Sections, Front-Cover Texts and Back-Cover Texts,
replace the ``with@dots{}Texts."@: line with this:

@smallexample
@group
  with the Invariant Sections being @var{list their titles}, with
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@end group
@end smallexample

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@c Local Variables:
@c ispell-local-pdict: "ispell-dict"
@c End:

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