

# Cisco Policy Suite 21.2.0 Release Notes

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### Introduction

This Release Note identifies installation notes, limitations, and restrictions, and open and resolved CDETS in Cisco Policy Suite (CPS) software version 21.2.0. Use this Release Note in combination with the documentation listed in the *Related Documentation* section.

**NOTE:** The PATS/ATS, ANDSF, and MOG products have reached end of life and are not supported in this release. Any references to these products (specific or implied), their components or functions in this document are coincidental and are not supported. Full d etails on the end of life for these products are available at: <a href="https://www.cisco.com/c/en/us/products/wireless/policy-suite-mobile/eos-eol-notice-listing.html">https://www.cisco.com/c/en/us/products/wireless/policy-suite-mobile/eos-eol-notice-listing.html</a>.

This Release Note includes the following sections:

- New and Changed Feature Information
- Installation Notes
- Limitations
- Open and Resolved CDETS
- Related Documentation
- Obtaining Documentation and Submitting a Service Request

# New and Changed Feature Information

For information about a complete list of features and behavior changes associated with this release, see the CPS Release Change Reference.

#### **Installation Notes**

# Download ISO Image

Download the 21.2.0 software package (ISO image) from:

https://software.cisco.com/download/home/284883882/type/284979976/release/21.2.0

#### Md5sum Details

#### **PCRF**

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#### DRA

01d7860e2f4636165e66aa953e770ff1 CPS\_Microservices\_DRA\_21.2.0.release.iso\_signed.tar.gz
ea5b5521ad0f78121f9cc6fff9ae6a2f CPS\_Microservices\_DRA\_21.2.0\_Base.release.vmdk\_signed.tar.gz
5f56814f96ee089a3a4b41f6d0414410 CPS\_Microservices\_DRA\_21.2.0\_Deployer.release.vmdk\_signed.tar.gz
845a6c0672c045b227938ae97bb66737 CPS\_Microservices\_DRA\_Binding\_21.2.0.release.iso\_signed.tar.gz

# **Component Versions**

The following table lists the component version details for this release.

Table 1 - Component Versions

Component	Version
API Router	21.2.0.release
Audit	21.2.0.release
Balance	21.2.0.release
Cisco API	21.2.0.release
Cisco CPAR	21.2.0.release
Congestion Reference Data	21.2.0.release
Control Center	21.2.0.release
Core	21.2.0.release
CSB	21.2.0.release
Custom Reference Data	21.2.0.release
DHCP	21.2.0.release
Diameter2	21.2.0.release
DRA	21.2.0.release
Fault Management	21.2.0.release
IPAM	21.2.0.release
ISG Prepaid	21.2.0.release
LDAP	21.2.0.release
LDAP Server	21.2.0.release
LWR	21.2.0.release
Microservices Enablement	21.2.0.release
Notification	21.2.0.release
Policy Intel	21.2.0.release

Component	Version
POP-3 Authentication	21.2.0.release
Recharge Wallet	21.2.0.release
SCE	21.2.0.release
Scheduled Events	21.2.0.release
SPR	21.2.0.release
UDC	21.2.0.release
UDSN Interface	21.2.0.release
Unified API	21.2.0.release

Additional security has been added in CPS to verify the downloaded images.

### **Image Signing**

Image signing allows for the following:

- Authenticity and Integrity: Image or software has not been modified and originated from a trusted source.
- Content Assurance: Image or software contains code from a trusted source, like Cisco.

### **Software Integrity Verification**

To verify the integrity of the software image you have from Cisco, you can validate the md5sum checksum information against the checksum identified by Cisco for the software.

Image checksum information is available through **cisco.com Software Download Details**. To find the checksum, hover the mouse pointer over the software image on cisco.com.

If md5sum is correct, run tar -zxvf command to extract the downloaded file.

The files are extracted to a new directory with the same name as the downloaded file name without extension (.tar.gz).

The extracted directory contains the certificate files (.cer), python file (cisco\_x509\_verify\_release.py), digital certificate file (.der), readme files (\*.README), signature files (.signature) and installation files (.iso .vmdk, .qcow2 and .tar.gz).

#### Certificate Validation

To verify whether the installation files are released by Cisco System Pvt. Ltd and are not tampered/modified or infected by virus, malware, spyware, or ransomware, follow the instruction given in corresponding \*.README file.

**NOTE:** Every installation file has its own signature and README file. Before following the instructions in the README file, make sure that cisco.com is accessible from verification server/host/machine/computer. In every README file, a Python command is provided which when executed connects you to cisco.com to verify that all the installation files are released by cisco.com or not. Python 2.7.4 and OpenSSL is required to execute cisco x509 verify release.py script.

#### **New Installations**

- VMware Environment
- OpenStack Environment

#### **VMware Environment**

To perform a new installation of CPS 21.2.0 in a VMware environment, see the CPS Installation Guide for VMware.

**NOTE:** After installation is complete, you need to configure at least one Graphite/Grafana user. Grafana supports Graphite data source credential configuration capability. Graphite data source requires common data source credential to be configured using Grafana for Grafana user. Data source credential must be configured after fresh installation. If you fail to add the user, then Grafana will not have access to Graphite database and you will get continuous prompts for Graphite/Grafana credentials.

All Grafana users configured will be available after fresh installation. However, you need to configure the Graphite data source in Grafana UI.

For more information on updating graphite data source, see Configuring Graphite User Credentials in Grafana in CPS Operations Guide.

#### **OpenStack Environment**

To perform a new installation of CPS 21.2.0 in an OpenStack environment, see the CPS Installation Guide for OpenStack.

**NOTE:** After installation is complete, you need to configure at least one Graphite/Grafana user. Grafana supports Graphite data source credential configuration capability. Graphite data source requires common data source credential to be configured using Grafana for Grafana user. Data source credential must be configured after fresh installation. If you fail to add the user, then Grafana will not have access to Graphite database, and you will get continuous prompts for Graphite/Grafana credentials.

All Grafana users configured will be available after fresh installation. However, you need to configure the graphite data source in Grafana

For more information on updating graphite data source, see Configuring Graphite User Credentials in Grafana in CPS Operations Guide.

### Migrate an Existing CPS Installation

To migrate an existing CPS installation, see the CPS Migration and Upgrade Guide. CPS migration is supported from CPS 19.4.0/CPS 21.1.0 to CPS 21.2.0.

**NOTE:** Before migration, you need to configure at least one Graphite/Grafana user. Grafana supports Graphite data source credential configuration capability. Graphite data source requires common data source credential to be configured using Grafana for Grafana user. Data source credential must be configured before migration. If you fail to add the user, then Grafana will not have access to Graphite database, and you will get continuous prompts for Graphite/Grafana credentials.

All Grafana users configured will be available after migration. However, you need to configure the graphite data source in Grafana UI.

For more information on updating graphite data source, see Configuring Graphite User Credentials in Grafana in CPS Operations Guide.

**NOTE:** As CPS 21.2.0 supports ESXi 6.7/7.0, make sure OVF tool version 4.3.0 is installed in CPS 19.4.0/CPS 21.1.0 from where you are migrating.

Version 4.3.0 for VMware 6.7/7.0: VMware-ovftool-4.3.0-13981069-lin.x86\_64.bundle

You can download the OVF tool version 4.3.0 from <a href="https://code.vmware.com/web/tool/4.3.0/ovf">https://code.vmware.com/web/tool/4.3.0/ovf</a>.

**NOTE:** CPS 21.2.0 puppet is upgraded from 3.6.2-3 to 5.5.19 version. Puppet code has been modified to adapt to this change. Previous release puppet code is not compatible with the current puppet version (5.5.19). Customer specific puppet code must be adapted to current release puppet version (5.5.19) before applying it to CPS 21.2.0.

**IMPORTANT**: Customers using Prometheus datastore must store data manually and recover it after the migration is complete. For more information, contact your Cisco Account representative.

# Upgrade an Existing CPS Installation

In-Service Software Upgrade (ISSU) is not supported when migrating from CPS 19.4.0/CPS 21.1.0 to CPS21.2.0.

# Post Migration/Upgrade Steps

#### Re-Apply Configuration Changes

After the migration/upgrade is complete, compare your modified configuration files that you backed up earlier with the newly installed versions. Re-apply any modifications to the configuration files.

### **Verify Configuration Settings**

After the migration/upgrade is finished, verify the following configuration settings.

NOTE: Use the default values listed below unless otherwise instructed by your Cisco Account representative.

**NOTE:** During the migration/upgrade process, these configuration files are not overwritten. Only during a new install will these settings be applied.

- /etc/broadhop/qns.conf
  - o -Dmongo.client.thread.maxWaitTime.balance=1200
  - -Dmongo.connections.per.host.balance=10
  - o -Dmongo.threads.allowed.to.wait.for.connection.balance=10
  - -Dmongo.client.thread.maxWaitTime=1200
  - o -Dmongo.connections.per.host=5
  - o -Dmongo.threads.allowed.to.wait.for.connection=10
  - o -Dcom.mongodb.updaterIntervalMS=400
  - o -Dcom.mongodb.updaterConnectTimeoutMS=600
  - o -Dcom.mongodb.updaterSocketTimeoutMS=600
  - o -DdbSocketTimeout.balance=1000
  - o -DdbSocketTimeout=1000
  - o -DdbConnectTimeout.balance=1200
  - o -DdbConnectTimeout=1200
  - o -Dcontrolcenter.disableAndsf=true
  - o -DnodeHeartBeatInterval=9000
  - o -DdbConnectTimeout.balance=1200
  - o -Dstatistics.step.interval=1
  - o -DshardPingLoopLength=3
  - o -DshardPingCycle=200
  - o -DshardPingerTimeoutMs=75
  - o -Ddiameter.default.timeout.ms=2000
  - o -DmaxLockAttempts=3
  - o -DretryMs=3
  - o -DmessageSlaMs=1500

- o -DmemcacheClientTimeout=200
- o -Dlocking.disable=true

NOTE: The following setting should be present only for GR (multi-cluster) CPS deployments:

```
-DclusterFailureDetectionMS=1000
```

NOTE: In an HA or GR deployment with local chassis redundancy, the following setting should be set to true. By default, it is set to false.

```
-Dremote.locking.off
```

- /etc/broadhop/diameter endpoint/qns.conf
  - o -Dzmq.send.hwm=1000
  - o -Dzmq.recv.hwm=1000

#### Reconfigure Service Option

After upgrading from previous release to the current CPS release, Service option configured with Subscriber-Id becomes invalid and you need to reconfigure multiple Subscriber Id in SpendingLimitReport under Service Configurations.

#### Verify logback.xml Configuration

Make sure the following line exists in the logback.xml file being used. If not, then add the line:

```
context" name="HOSTNAME" value="${HOSTNAME}" />
```

To ensure logback.xml file changes are reflected at runtime, the scanPeriod must be explicitly specified:

<configuration scan="true" scanPeriod="1 minute">

**NOTE:** In case scanPeriod is missing from already deployed logback.xml file, the application needs to be restarted for the updated scanPeriod configuration to be applicable.

After completing the updates in logback.xml, execute the following command to copy the file to all the VMs:

SSHUSER\_PREFERROOT=true\_copytoall.sh/etc/broadhop/logback.xml/etc/broadhop/logback.xml

#### **Additional Notes**

This section provides additional notes necessary for proper installation/working of CPS.

- Session Manager Configuration: After a new deployment, session managers are not automatically configured.
  - a. Edit the /etc/broadhop/mongoConfig.cfg file to ensure all the data paths are set to /var/data and not /data.
  - b. Then execute the following command from pcrfclient01 to configure all the replication sets:

/var/qps/bin/support/mongo/build\_set.sh --all --create

- Default gateway in lb01/lb02: After the installation, the default gateway might not be set to the management LAN. If this is the case, change the default gateway to the management LAN gateway
- By default, pending transaction feature is enabled. If you are not using it, Cisco recommends disabling pending transaction feature post deployment.

To disable pending transaction, the following parameter can be configured in /etc/broadhop/qns.conf file:

com.broadhop.diameter.gx.pending txn.attempts=0

After adding the parameter in qns.conf file, restart all VMs using stopall.sh/startall.sh or restartall.sh command.

Add support to disable syncing carbon database and bulk stats files (ISSM)

Add the following flags in /var/install.cfg file:

SKIP BLKSTATS

SKIP CARBONDB

#### Example to disable synching:

SKIP\_BLKSTATS=1

SKIP\_CARBONDB=1

Add the following parameters in /var/install.cfg file to skip installation type selection and initialization steps during ISSU/ISSM:

INSTALL\_TYPE

INITIALIZE ENVIRONMENT

#### Example:

INSTALL\_TYPE=mobile

INITIALIZE ENVIRONMENT=yes

Inconsistency in DPR sent by CPS on executing monit stop command

Issue: When monit stop all is executed on Policy Director (LB) VMs with active VIP, DPR is not sent to all the diameter peers.

Conditions: monit stop all executed on Policy Director (LB) VMs with active VIP

Cause: DPR is sent to all the connected diameter peers. However, since monit stop all is executed, all the processes on the Policy Director (LB) go down including corosync/haproxy. As a result, some of the DPR messages go out and some are not delivered based on the order of the services going down.

Workaround: Instead of monit stop all, you can stop all the qns process on Policy Director (LB) VMs by executing monit stop qns-2/3/4 and then issue a monit stop all comand.

With this workaround, processes such as, haproxy/coronsync are up when DPR messages are generated, CPS makes sure that all DPR messages generated by the Policy Directors are delivered.

#### CSCvq51622: AAA-5065 due to missing RemoteGeoSiteName in /etc/broadhop/qns.conf

This is known issue due to missing RemoteGeoSiteName parameter configuration in qns.conffile or parameter is available but is not added in the SK database shards for the remote sites. You will observe the Null Pointer exception.

If the parameter is configured and remote SK database shards are available, you will not observe the Null Pointer exception.

This CDET is to avoid Null Pointer exception issue which is mentioned above.

#### CSCvq27866: DRA - Distributor VM not distributing connections in perfect round robin fashion

As vDRA does not support connection rebalancing, sometimes due to improper distribution, a single Policy Director (lb) having more connections than other Policy Directors crosses its rated capacity and results in a call failure.

#### CSCvr34614: Prometheus Containers stuck in started state after recovering from site failover

Prometheus is the third-party code, used in DRA and Binding VNFs.

For more information related to the issue, see https://github.com/prometheus/prometheus/issues/4058

**Issue:** Prometheus database blocks contain corrupted data and does not have *meta.json* file to initialize the database when Prometheus comes up.

**Solution:** Prometheus doesn't have enough capability to repair the corrupted database blocks. Currently, the solution is to manually delete the corrupted block and start the Prometheus process manually.

**NOTE:** If the Prometheus containers having issue are from Master VM, then some data will not be available and Grafana displays some gap in the data. It is expected behavior as corrupted folders have been deleted. One can access the missing data by adding the data source with another Prometheus container present on control-0 and control-1 VMs (HA for master Prometheus).

The following steps must be performed to delete the corrupted block and start the Prometheus process manually:

NOTE: If there are more than one failed Prometheus containers, the steps need to be repeated for each corrupted block.

- 1. Connect to the container which has failed to come up.
  - docker connect prometheus-hi-res-s101
- 2. From container, check whether Prometheus process is in FATAL state or not.
  - supervisorctl status prometheus
- 3. If the process is in "FATAL" state, remove the data folder from container.
  - rm -rf /data-2/\*

**NOTE:** The command deletes the data folder. As Prometheus data is available between master/control-0/control-1 VMs, data can be restored.

- 4. Inside container, start the Prometheus process again.
  - supervisorctl start prometheus
- 5. From inside container, check again whether Prometheus process is in RUNNING state or not.
  - supervisorctl status Prometheus

#### CSCvr21943: After site resiliency the consul gets struck in STARTED state

**Issue:** Consul containers remain in STARTED state when a site failure scenario is executed. After the failure scenario is executed, the system does not come up again in the expected state.

Condition: After multiple VM (or) site power off/on cycle, consul containers are stuck in STARTED/STARTING (non-HEALTHY) state.

admin@orchestrator[an-master] # show scheduling status / tab / include consul

consul 1 50 infrastructure SCHEDULING false

admin@orchestrator[an-master]# show docker service | tab | include consul

consul 1 consul-1 19.4.5-2019-10-01.8115.4fb2b4a an-master consul-1 STARTED true Pending health check

consul 1 consul-2 19.4.5-2019-10-01.8115.4fb2b4a an-control-0 consul-2 STARTED true Pending health check

consul 1 consul-3 19.4.5-2019-10-01.8115.4fb2b4a an-control-1 consul-3 STARTED true Pending health check

#### Solution:

Prepare peers.json file: Connect to the consul-1 container.

root@consul-1:/# consul info

Get the "latest\_configuration" value under raft:

Sample output of consul info:

raft:

...

last snapshot term = 1083

latest\_configuration = [{Suffrage:Voter ID:bb7e19b5-e709-3c8c-686f-e839e941773f Address:10.42.0.1:8300} {Suffrage:Voter ID:66a6756f-49ac-b2a7-74c6-07922e8c2f81 Address:10.40.0.3:8300} {Suffrage:Voter ID:7b62389e-af67-d0f3-79d9-95bb356ea52c Address:10.47.128.3:8300} {Suffrage:Voter ID:b753a43f-4278-6f45-27f1-d2f88081b6d3 Address:10.38.0.30:8300} {Suffrage:Voter ID:ad423368-98bd-d87a-4d73-99520091321b Address:10.45.0.26:8300} {Suffrage:Voter ID:b916b8d1-b2dd-4799-db95-09a1e1144380 Address:10.37.0.11:8300} {Suffrage:Voter ID:543ba9f7-110a-7559-3607-ea6d5d1ef83b Address:10.37.192.2:8300}}

```
latest_configuration_index = 2503803
num_peers = 6
...
```

• latest\_configuration: This is a list of dictionaries. The number of dictionaries is equal to the num\_peers field. Each dictionary has 2 keys, which are Voter ID and Address.

In the sample output above, the number of dictionaries is 7 (num peers + self) corresponding to num peers=6.

Each dictionary represents the **Voter ID** and **Address** corresponding to each Consul Node (consul-1, consul-2, consul-3, and so on) not in any particular order.

So, fetch the **Voter ID/Address** corresponding to consul-1, consul-2 and consul-3 from the latest\_configuration as mentioned below.

root@consul-1:/# ifconfig

Get the inet addr: value (IP adress) corresponding to ethwe: interface.

Compare this IP address from ifconfig command against the **Address** field in **latest\_configuration**. Make a note of the corresponding **Voter ID** field of the matching **Address** field.

Identify the values of Voter ID and Address fields corresponding to consul-1 that need to be populated into peers, json file

**NOTE:** Mapping between latest\_configuration and peers.json.

Table 2 - Mapping Table

latest_configuration	peers.json
Address (should be same as IP address got from Consul container's ifconfig command)	address
Voter ID	id

 $Similarly, connect to consul-2 \ and \ consul-3 \ containers \ and \ get \ the \ \textbf{Voter ID} \ for \ the \ matching \ \textbf{Address}.$ 

Identify the details of **Address** and **Voter ID** corresponding to consul-2 and consul-3 containers, they must be populated into peers. json file.

Now peers. json file should be populated with details corresponding to consul-1, consul-2 and consul-3 containers as identified above.

Create peers.json file on Master VM.

Sample peers.json

Copy peers.json file:

sudo cp peers.json /data/consul-1/data/raft/

sudo cp peers.json /data/consul-2/data/raft/

**Installation Notes** 

**NOTE:** The sample peers. json file should not be used. The file is for reference purposes only. Add "id" and "address" fields based on your deployment.

```
"id": "bb7e19b5-e709-3c8c-686f-e839e941773f",
  "address": "10.42.0.1:8300",
 "non_voter": false
  "id": "66a6756f-49ac-b2a7-74c6-07922e8c2f81",
  "address": "10.40.0.3:8300",
  "non_voter": false
},
  "id": "7b62389e-af67-d0f3-79d9-95bb356ea52c",
  "address": "10.47.128.3:8300",
  "non_voter": false
}
Restart the service after copying peers.json file:
peers. json is created on the Master VM.
Copy peers. json file from Master VM to the Control VM's.
Stop the services:
Stop all the services on all the consul containers of Master and Control VM's.
From Orchestrator CLI:
admin@orchestrator[an-master]# docker connect consul-1
root@consul-1:/# supervisorctl stop all
admin@orchestrator[an-master]# docker connect consul-2
root@consul-2:/# supervisorctl stop all
admin@orchestrator[an-master]# docker connect consul-3
root@consul-3:/# supervisorctl stop all
```

On Master VM, copy peers.json file onto "/data/raft" of the consul-1 container.

On Control-0 VM, copy peers.json file onto "/data/raft" of the consul-2 container.

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On Control-1 VM, copy peers.json file onto "/data/raft" of the consu-3 container. sudo cp peers.json /data/consul-3/data/raft/

• Start the services:

Start all the services on all the consul containers of Master and Control VM's.

From Orchestrator CLI:

admin@orchestrator[an-master]# docker connect consul-1

root@consul-1:/# supervisorctl start all

admin@orchestrator[an-master]# docker connect consul-2

root@consul-2:/# supervisorctl start all

admin@orchestrator[an-master]# docker connect consul-3

root@consul-3:/# supervisorctl start all

All the consul containers will be restored to HEALTHY state.

admin@orchestrator[an-master]# show docker service | tab | include consul

consul 1 consul-1 19.4.5-2019-10-01.8115.4fb2b4a an-master consul-1 HEALTHY false -

consul 1 consul-2 19.4.5-2019-10-01.8115.4fb2b4a an-control-0 consul-2 HEALTHY false -

consul 1 consul-3 19.4.5-2019-10-01.8115.4fb2b4a an-control-1 consul-3 HEALTHY false -

admin@orchestrator[an-master]# show scheduling status | tab | include consul

consul 1 50 infrastructure RUNNING false

#### CSCvv46487: snmpwalk alternatives for CPS 20.2 running on Centos 8

As CPS 21.2.0 is built on CentOS 8.1, *snmpwalk* command has limitations and hence cannot perform a direct snmpwalk on the OID such as .1.3.6.1.4.1.26878.200.3.2.70. Instead of *snmpwalk*, you need to use *snmpget* command along with the complete OID such as .1.3.6.1.4.1.26878.200.3.2.70.1.1. The list of OIDs for the individual machines are available in /etc/snmp/snmpd.conf file. The OIDs are part of the line containing the word proxy.

Here is an example:

proxy -e 0x0102030405060708 -v 3 -u cisco\_snmpv3 -a SHA -m 0x71d8d544a7447e377fa5fc355d8f08f81f1a901c -x AES -m 0x71d8d544a7447e377fa5fc355d8f08f8 -l authPriv localhost .1.3.6.1.4.1.26878.200.3.2.70.1.1.0 .1.3.6.1.4.1.2021.11.9.0

Here .1.3.6.1.4.1.26878.200.3.2.70.1.1.0 is the OID and hence the snmpget must be triggered as follows:

 $snmpget-e\ 0x0102030405060708-v\ 3-u\ cisco\_snmpv3-a\ SHA-A\ cisco\_12345-x\ AES-l\ authNoPriv-m+/etc/snmp/mibs/BROADHOP-MIB.txt:/etc/snmp/mibs/CISCO-QNS-MIB.txt\ lb01".1.3.6.1.4.1.26878.200.3.3.70.11.2.0"\ CISCO-QNS-MIB::kpiLBPCRFProxyInternalCurrentSessions.0 = STRING: 0$ 

For more information, see Configuration for SNMP Gets and Walks section in the CPS SNMP, Alarms, and Clearing Procedures Guide.

### CSCvy72547: Help content is not correct for getting tag padded session count

Help content displays listShardsTagPadding instead of getTagSessionCount in OSGi console.

**Current Display:** listShardsTagPadding 0/1 newConnection This command will list the no of Sessions for Tag Padding. 0 for without Tag Padding, 1 for with Tag Padding, newConnection is to get data with new Mongo Connection

**Correct Display:** getTagSessionCount 0/1 newConnection This command will list the no of Sessions for Tag Padding. 0 for without Tag Padding, 1 for with Tag Padding. newConnection is to get data with new Mongo Connection

Limitations

**NOTE:** You must use *getTagSessionCount* command in OSGi console.

#### Limitations

This section lists the limitations of this release:

Solicited Application Reporting

The following are some restrictions on configuration for the new service options:

- The pre-configured ADC rule generated by CRD lookup has ADC-Rule-Install AVP definition with support for only three AVPs ADC-Rule-Name, TDF-Application-Identifier, Mute-Notification.
- o For AVPs that are multi-valued, CRD tables are expected to have multiple records each giving the same output.
- Comma(,) is not a valid character to be used in values for referenced CRD column in SdToggleConfiguration.
- o AVP Table currently only supports OctetStringAvp value for AVP Data-type.
- During performance testing, it has been found that defining many QoS Group of Rule Definitions for a single session results in degraded CPU performance. Testing with 50 QoS Group of Rule Definitions resulted in a 2x increase in CPU consumption. The relationship appears to be a linear relationship to the number of defined QoS Group of Rule Definitions on a service.
- Hour Boundary Enhancement

#### Change in cell congestion level when look-ahead rule is already installed:

If a cell congestion value changes for current hour or any of the look-ahead hours, there will be no change in rule sent for the rules that are already installed.

#### No applicability to QoS Rules:

The look-ahead works for PCC rules only where we have rule activation/deactivation capabilities and can install upcoming changes in advance. However, if the RAN Congestion use case is changed to use the QoS-Info AVP instead of using PCC rules, we need to fall back to the current RAR on the hour boundary implementation for that use case since the standard do not let us install QoS-info changes ahead of time like we can with PCC rules.

- The Cluster Manager's internal (private) network IP address must be assigned to the host name "installer" in the /etc/hosts file. If not, backup/restore scripts (env\_import.sh, env\_export.sh) will have access issues to OAM (pcrfclient01/pcrfclient02) VMs.
- CSCva02957: Redisinstances continue to run, even after Redisis disabled using the parameter
   DenableQueueSystem=false in qns.conf(/etc/broadhop/) file and /etc/broadhop/redisTopology.ini
   file.
- CSCva16388: A split-brain scenario (that is, VIPs are up on both nodes) can still occur when there is connectivity loss between lb01 and lb02 and not with other hosts.

# Open and Resolved CDETS

The following sections list open and resolved CDETS for this release. For your convenience in location CDETS in Cisco's Bug Toolkit, the caveat titles listed in this section are drawn directly from the Bug Toolkit database. These caveat titles are not intended to be read as complete sentences because the title field length is limited. In the caveat titles, some truncation of wording or punctuation might be necessary to provide the most complete and concise description.

NOTE: If you are a registered cisco.com user, view Bug Toolkit on cisco.com at the following website:

Open and Resolved CDETS

#### https://tools.cisco.com/bugsearch

To become a registered cisco.com user, go to the following website:

https://tools.cisco.com/RPF/register/register.do?exit\_url=

## **Open CDETS**

The following table lists the open CDETS in this release.

### **CPS Open CDETS**

#### Table 3 - CPS Open CDETS

CDETS ID	Headline
CSCvx56049	PCRF is not sending SLR-Intermediate after all re-initiate retries exhaust when clusterB LB are down
CSCvx56096	Extraction of session id does not work on getting UPDATE_REQ from UDC
CSCvy72547	Help content is not correct for getting tag padded session count
CSCvz35779	CentOS 8: Ruby:2.7 (CESA-2021:3020) and Glib2 (CESA-2021:3058) Vulnerabilities

### vDRA Open CDETS

#### Table 4 - vDRA Open CDETS

CDETS ID	Headline
CSCvw73327	CIAM: mongodb zookeeper ncurses sqlite go
CSCvx05887	CIAM: Zing libraries Vulnerability.
CSCvx14701	Gx / Rx Timeout dashboard shows incorrect message processing time
CSCvy43291	vPAS: DRA Binding application retry connecting continuously when down DB VM/Shard are recovered.
CSCvz12235	Ubuntu 16.04 LTS: Unix Operating System Unsupported Version Detection, GNU binutils vulnerabilities

### **Resolved CDETS**

This section lists the resolved/verified CDETS in this release.

#### **CPS Resolved CDETS**

Table 5 - CPS Resolved CDETS

CDETS ID	Headline
CSCvv38709	PCRF is not sending SUCCESS for PCI in Rx RAR
CSCvx46883	/mnt/iso/migrate.sh enable arbiter <file path="" with=""> is giving error while ISSM of 3rd site arbiter</file>
CSCvx58636	Eth-1 were not coming up in ifconfig when configure CM with SCSI vmware_virtualpara
CSCvx58800	Removing or modifying in the existing Rx prioritization table is not taking any impact

CDETS ID	Headline
CSCvx67219	Incoming Messages timing out on LB after Diameter Stack Changes
CSCvx77939	pcrfclient01 does not have agg-stats for pcrfclient02 and vice versa
CSCvx82748	Evaluation of qps for OpenSSL March 2021 vulnerabilities
CSCvx84460	CPS PCRF 20.2, TLS v1.1 is not working
CSCvx86305	security vulnerabilities need to be fixed
CSCvx93305	Mongo *_frag_stats.csv file entries incrementing
CSCvx95004	Sy result code-based action not working with Sy Per PDN feature
CSCvy05788	Security vulnerabilities needs to be fixed in CPS 21.1
CSCvy11459	Mongo replication lag in secondary member
CSCvy17723	Nessus Scan -Oracle Java SE 1.7.0_241/1.8.0_231/1.11.0_5/1.13.0_1 Multiple Vulnerabilities on 21.1.1
CSCvy17733	Nessus Scan - The remote CentOS host is missing one or more security updates on 21.1.1
CSCvy22736	About.sh script takes more time to execute in 21.1
CSCvy22825	SEC-CRY-PRIM-6: Use approved cryptographic primitives and parameters.
CSCvy28797	PCRF is not storing the AVP in the session
CSCvy41701	PCRF is not sending GBR values during midsession change in acwsvcnetwork
CSCvy45124	PCRF is not sending Rx_RAR on timer expiry
CSCvy50822	Fresh install is failing when mongo authentication is enabled
CSCvy57238	LWR subscriber update is missing the latest information causing the UDC to go in a loop
CSCvy66341	Nessus Scan Vulnerability issue CPS 21.2
CSCvy83025	diagnostics.shget_session_shard_health is failing when sessionmgr01 stopped
CSCvy90842	puppet fails when sysuser name starts with capital letter
CSCvy94680	graphite-web memcached port config should be changed to internal_Address
CSCvz05249	WPS Priority Merge call Rx Session must be considered as Priority Session, instead of non-priority
CSCvz09289	monit and systemctl memcached service status output mismatch
CSCvz13447	Nessus Scan Python Vulnerability issue CPS 21.2
CSCvz15647	NessusScan-Oracle Java SE 1.7.0_311/1.8.0_301/1.11.0_12/1.16.0_2 Multiple Vulnerabilities
CSCvz21105	Ignore alarm related WARN messages in diagnostics output
CSCvz24620	The corosync.conf contains incorrect transport protocol name
CSCvz27392	CPS 21.1 jvalidate utility script doesn't throw error if a host is in disconnected state
CSCvz29197	SVN returning with 503 for URL http://lbvip02/repos/current//.broadhopFileRepository:

Related Documentation

#### **vDRA** Resolved CDETS

Table 6 - vDRA Resolved CDETS

CDETS ID	Headline
CSCvw41683	vPas: Application Performance Improvement for WPS consumer deployment
CSCvx05836	CIAM: Ubuntu system Library Vulnerabilities.
CSCvx35157	Hardening Grafana datasource backup and reload process
CSCvx42930	Some CRD table do not allow rows to edit which has empty field values.
CSCvx45818	Some database CLIs execution fails with permission denied error
CSCvx52272	Application (qns) log reports o.e.jetty.servlet.ServletHandler exception multiple times
CSCvx53020	vDRA - Director - real-server-monitor - Diameter endpoint health check optimization
CSCvx85694	Ubuntu 16.04 LTS / 18.04 LTS / 20.04 LTS / 20.10 : Idb and Linux kernel vulnerabilities
CSCvx95592	SW Downgrade from P7 to P5 shows two drops in connections at different intervals
CSCvx98370	CPS vDRA, 19.5 P5, after downgrade (p7 to P5) Grafana panels have disabled filters
CSCvy04818	Problem Running PCRF IPv6 API Load with latency
CSCvy05350	Ubuntu 16.04 LTS / 18.04 LTS: Linux kernel vulnerabilities, Update the affected packages.
CSCvy25607	Ubuntu 16.04 LTS / 18.04 LTS: Bind and Samba vulnerabilities, Update the affected packages.
CSCvy25700	Clear stale alerts
CSCvy30845	Jobs in many containers show FATAL status
CSCvy51525	Database status for replica member should be NO_CONNECTION during connection timed out exception
CSCvy62012	DRA failed to update relay endpoints as empty set-in peer up/down control messages
CSCvy69080	PAS: Routing fails with peer group not found when peer route cache not updated properly
CSCvy73273	vDRA: Sometimes disabled outbound endpoints not stopped properly
CSCvy75328	jackson-databind vulnerability reported for 2.7.6 version
CSCvy90196	Network services not responding to TCP syn after new dra-distributor service configuration
CSCvy91291	Routing fails when forwarding message to peer connected at remote site based on srk
CSCvz00189	CLI "db-authentication remove password database mongo/Redis" confirmation prompt needs to be added
CSCvz00205	With the remove password from CLI, databases went into bad state as db VMs went into JOINING state.

# **Related Documentation**

This section contains information about the documentation available for Cisco Policy Suite.

# Release-Specific Documents

Refer to the following documents for better understanding of Cisco Policy Suite.

- CPS Advanced Tuning Guide
- CPS Backup and Restore Guide
- CPS CCI Guide for Full Privilege Administrators
- CPS CCI Guide for View Only Administrators
- CPS Central Administration Guide
- CPS Documentation Map
- CPS Geographic Redundancy Guide
- CPS Installation Guide OpenStack
- CPS Installation Guide VMware
- CPS Migration and Upgrade Guide
- CPS Mobile Configuration Guide
- CPS Operations Guide
- CPS Policy Reporting Guide
- CPS Release Change Reference
- CPS Release Notes
- CPS SNMP, Alarms, and Clearing Procedures Guide
- CPS Troubleshooting Guide
- CPS Unified API Reference Guide
- CPS vDRA Administration Guide
- CPS vDRA Advanced Tuning Guide
- CPS vDRA Configuration Guide
- CPS vDRA Installation Guide for VMware
- CPS vDRA Operations Guide
- CPS vDRA SNMP and Alarms Guide
- CPS vDRA Troubleshooting Guide

These documents can be downloaded from <a href="https://www.cisco.com/c/en/us/support/wireless/policy-suite-mobile/products-installation-and-configuration-guides-list.html">https://www.cisco.com/c/en/us/support/wireless/policy-suite-mobile/products-installation-and-configuration-guides-list.html</a>.

# Obtaining Documentation and Submitting a Service Request

For information on obtaining documentation, using the Cisco Bug Search Tool (BST), submitting a service request, and gathering additional information, see What's New in Cisco Product Documentation, at:

http://www.cisco.com/c/en/us/td/docs/general/whatsnew/whatsnew.html.

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