









Prisma II High Density Dual Reverse Receiver Installation and Operation Guide

For Your Safety

Explanation of Warning and Caution Icons

Avoid personal injury and product damage! Do not proceed beyond any symbol until you fully understand the indicated conditions.

The following warning and caution icons alert you to important information about the safe operation of this product:

-  You may find this symbol in the document that accompanies this product. This symbol indicates important operating or maintenance instructions.
-  You may find this symbol affixed to the product. This symbol indicates a live terminal where a dangerous voltage may be present; the tip of the flash points to the terminal device.
-  You may find this symbol affixed to the product. This symbol indicates a protective ground terminal.
-  You may find this symbol affixed to the product. This symbol indicates a chassis terminal (normally used for equipotential bonding).
-  You may find this symbol affixed to the product. This symbol warns of a potentially hot surface.
-  You may find this symbol affixed to the product and in this document. This symbol indicates an infrared laser that transmits intensity-modulated light and emits invisible laser radiation or an LED that transmits intensity-modulated light.

Important

Please read this entire guide. If this guide provides installation or operation instructions, give particular attention to all safety statements included in this guide.

Notices

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Important Safety Instructions

Read and Retain Instructions

Carefully read all safety and operating instructions before operating this equipment, and retain them for future reference.

Follow Instructions and Heed Warnings

Follow all operating and use instructions. Pay attention to all warnings and cautions in the operating instructions, as well as those that are affixed to this equipment.

Terminology

The terms defined below are used in this document. The definitions given are based on those found in safety standards.

Service Personnel - The term *service personnel* applies to trained and qualified individuals who are allowed to install, replace, or service electrical equipment. The service personnel are expected to use their experience and technical skills to avoid possible injury to themselves and others due to hazards that exist in service and restricted access areas.

User and Operator - The terms *user* and *operator* apply to persons other than service personnel.

Ground(ing) and Earth(ing) - The terms *ground(ing)* and *earth(ing)* are synonymous. This document uses *ground(ing)* for clarity, but it can be interpreted as having the same meaning as *earth(ing)*.

Electric Shock Hazard

This equipment meets applicable safety standards.



WARNING:

To reduce risk of electric shock, perform only the instructions that are included in the operating instructions. Refer all servicing to qualified service personnel only.

Electric shock can cause personal injury or even death. Avoid direct contact with dangerous voltages at all times. The protective ground connection, where provided, is essential to safe operation and must be verified before connecting the power supply.

Know the following safety warnings and guidelines:

- Dangerous Voltages

Important Safety Instructions

- Only qualified service personnel are allowed to perform equipment installation or replacement.
- Only qualified service personnel are allowed to remove chassis covers and access any of the components inside the chassis.
- Grounding
 - Do not violate the protective grounding by using an extension cable, power cable, or autotransformer without a protective ground conductor.
 - Take care to maintain the protective grounding of this equipment during service or repair and to re-establish the protective grounding before putting this equipment back into operation.

Installation Site

When selecting the installation site, comply with the following:

- **Protective Ground** - The protective ground lead of the building's electrical installation should comply with national and local requirements.
- **Environmental Condition** - The installation site should be dry, clean, and ventilated. Do not use this equipment where it could be at risk of contact with water. Ensure that this equipment is operated in an environment that meets the requirements as stated in this equipment's technical specifications, which may be found on this equipment's data sheet.

Installation Requirements



WARNING:

Allow only qualified service personnel to install this equipment. The installation must conform to all local codes and regulations.

Equipment Placement



WARNING:

Avoid personal injury and damage to this equipment. An unstable mounting surface may cause this equipment to fall.

To protect against equipment damage or injury to personnel, comply with the following:

- Install this equipment in a restricted access location.
- Do not install near any heat sources such as radiators, heat registers, stoves, or other equipment (including amplifiers) that produce heat.
- Place this equipment close enough to a mains AC outlet to accommodate the length of this equipment's power cord.

- Route all power cords so that people cannot walk on, place objects on, or lean objects against them. This may pinch or damage the power cords. Pay particular attention to power cords at plugs, outlets, and the points where the power cords exit this equipment.
- Use only with a cart, stand, tripod, bracket, or table specified by the manufacturer, or sold with this equipment.
- Make sure the mounting surface or rack is stable and can support the size and weight of this equipment.
- The mounting surface or rack should be appropriately anchored according to manufacturer's specifications. Ensure this equipment is securely fastened to the mounting surface or rack where necessary to protect against damage due to any disturbance and subsequent fall.

Ventilation

This equipment has openings for ventilation to protect it from overheating. To ensure equipment reliability and safe operation, do not block or cover any of the ventilation openings. Install the equipment in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions.

Rack Mounting Safety Precautions

Mechanical Loading

Make sure that the rack is placed on a stable surface. If the rack has stabilizing devices, install these stabilizing devices before mounting any equipment in the rack.



WARNING:

Avoid personal injury and damage to this equipment. Mounting this equipment in the rack should be such that a hazardous condition is not caused due to uneven mechanical loading.

Reduced Airflow

When mounting this equipment in the rack, do not obstruct the cooling airflow through the rack. Be sure to mount the blanking plates to cover unused rack space. Additional components such as combiners and net strips should be mounted at the back of the rack, so that the free airflow is not restricted.



CAUTION:

Installation of this equipment in a rack should be such that the amount of airflow required for safe operation of this equipment is not compromised.

Elevated Operating Ambient Temperature

Only install this equipment in a humidity- and temperature-controlled environment that meets the requirements given in this equipment's technical specifications.

Important Safety Instructions



CAUTION:

If installed in a closed or multi-unit rack assembly, the operating ambient temperature of the rack environment may be greater than room ambient temperature. Therefore, install this equipment in an environment compatible with the manufacturer's maximum rated ambient temperature.

Handling Precautions

When moving a cart that contains this equipment, check for any of the following possible hazards:



WARNING:



Avoid personal injury and damage to this equipment! Move any equipment and cart combination with care. Quick stops, excessive force, and uneven surfaces may cause this equipment and cart to overturn.

- Use caution when moving this equipment/cart combination to avoid injury from tip-over.
- If the cart does not move easily, this condition may indicate obstructions or cables that may need to be disconnected before moving this equipment to another location.
- Avoid quick stops and starts when moving the cart.
- Check for uneven floor surfaces such as cracks or cables and cords.

Grounding

This section provides instructions for verifying that the equipment is properly grounded.

Safety Plugs (USA Only)

This equipment may be equipped with either a 3-terminal (grounding-type) safety plug or a 2-terminal (polarized) safety plug. The wide blade or the third terminal is provided for safety. Do not defeat the safety purpose of the grounding-type or polarized safety plug.

To properly ground this equipment, follow these safety guidelines:

- **Grounding-Type Plug** - For a 3-terminal plug (one terminal on this plug is a protective grounding pin), insert the plug into a grounded mains, 3-terminal outlet.
Note: This plug fits only one way. If this plug cannot be fully inserted into the outlet, contact an electrician to replace the obsolete 3-terminal outlet.
- **Polarized Plug** - For a 2-terminal plug (a polarized plug with one wide blade and one narrow blade), insert the plug into a polarized mains, 2-terminal outlet in which one socket is wider than the other.

Note: If this plug cannot be fully inserted into the outlet, try reversing the plug. If the plug still fails to fit, contact an electrician to replace the obsolete 2-terminal outlet.

Grounding Terminal

If this equipment is equipped with an external grounding terminal, attach one end of an 18-gauge wire (or larger) to the grounding terminal; then, attach the other end of the wire to a ground, such as a grounded equipment rack.

Safety Plugs (European Union)


- **Class I Mains Powered Equipment** – Provided with a 3-terminal AC inlet and requires connection to a 3-terminal mains supply outlet via a 3-terminal power cord for proper connection to the protective ground.

Note: The equipotential bonding terminal provided on some equipment is not designed to function as a protective ground connection.

- **Class II Mains Powered Equipment** – Provided with a 2-terminal AC inlet that may be connected by a 2-terminal power cord to the mains supply outlet. No connection to the protective ground is required as this class of equipment is provided with double or reinforced and/or supplementary insulation in addition to the basic insulation provided in Class I equipment.

Note: Class II equipment, which is subject to EN 50083-1, is provided with a chassis mounted equipotential bonding terminal. See the section titled **Equipotential Bonding** for connection instructions.

Equipotential Bonding

If this equipment is equipped with an external chassis terminal marked with the IEC 60417-5020 chassis icon () , the installer should refer to CENELEC standard EN 50083-1 or IEC standard IEC 60728-11 for correct equipotential bonding connection instructions.

AC Power

Important: If this equipment is a Class I equipment, it must be grounded.

- If this equipment plugs into an outlet, the outlet must be near this equipment, and must be easily accessible.
- Connect this equipment only to the power sources that are identified on the equipment-rating label normally located close to the power inlet connector(s).
- This equipment may have two power sources. Be sure to disconnect all power sources before working on this equipment.
- If this equipment **does not** have a main power switch, the power cord connector serves as the disconnect device.

Important Safety Instructions

- Always pull on the plug or the connector to disconnect a cable. Never pull on the cable itself.
- Unplug this equipment when unused for long periods of time.

Connection to -48 V DC/-60 V DC Power Sources

If this equipment is DC-powered, refer to the specific installation instructions in this manual or in companion manuals in this series for information on connecting this equipment to nominal -48 V DC/-60 V DC power sources.

Circuit Overload

Know the effects of circuit overloading before connecting this equipment to the power supply.



CAUTION:

Consider the connection of this equipment to the supply circuit and the effect that overloading of circuits might have on overcurrent protection and supply wiring. Refer to the information on the equipment-rating label when addressing this concern.

General Servicing Precautions



WARNING:

Avoid electric shock! Opening or removing this equipment's cover may expose you to dangerous voltages.



CAUTION:

These servicing precautions are for the guidance of qualified service personnel only. To reduce the risk of electric shock, do not perform any servicing other than that contained in the operating instructions unless you are qualified to do so. Refer all servicing to qualified service personnel.

Be aware of the following general precautions and guidelines:

- **Servicing** - Servicing is required when this equipment has been damaged in any way, such as power supply cord or plug is damaged, liquid has been spilled or objects have fallen into this equipment, this equipment has been exposed to rain or moisture, does not operate normally, or has been dropped.
- **Wristwatch and Jewelry** - For personal safety and to avoid damage of this equipment during service and repair, do not wear electrically conducting objects such as a wristwatch or jewelry.
- **Lightning** - Do not work on this equipment, or connect or disconnect cables, during periods of lightning.
- **Labels** - Do not remove any warning labels. Replace damaged or illegible

warning labels with new ones.

- **Covers** - Do not open the cover of this equipment and attempt service unless instructed to do so in the instructions. Refer all servicing to qualified service personnel only.
- **Moisture** - Do not allow moisture to enter this equipment.
- **Cleaning** - Use a damp cloth for cleaning.
- **Safety Checks** - After service, assemble this equipment and perform safety checks to ensure it is safe to use before putting it back into operation.

Electrostatic Discharge

Electrostatic discharge (ESD) results from the static electricity buildup on the human body and other objects. This static discharge can degrade components and cause failures.

Take the following precautions against electrostatic discharge:

- Use an anti-static bench mat and a wrist strap or ankle strap designed to safely ground ESD potentials through a resistive element.
- Keep components in their anti-static packaging until installed.
- Avoid touching electronic components when installing a module.

Fuse Replacement

To replace a fuse, comply with the following:

- Disconnect the power before changing fuses.
- Identify and clear the condition that caused the original fuse failure.
- Always use a fuse of the correct type and rating. The correct type and rating are indicated on this equipment.

Batteries

This product may contain batteries. Special instructions apply regarding the safe use and disposal of batteries:

Safety

- Insert batteries correctly. There may be a risk of explosion if the batteries are incorrectly inserted.
- Do not attempt to recharge 'disposable' or 'non-reusable' batteries.
- Please follow instructions provided for charging 'rechargeable' batteries.

Important Safety Instructions

- Replace batteries with the same or equivalent type recommended by manufacturer.
- Do not expose batteries to temperatures above 100°C (212°F).

Disposal

- The batteries may contain substances that could be harmful to the environment
- Recycle or dispose of batteries in accordance with the battery manufacturer's instructions and local/national disposal and recycling regulations.



廢電池請回收

- The batteries may contain perchlorate, a known hazardous substance, so special handling and disposal of this product might be necessary. For more information about perchlorate and best management practices for perchlorate-containing substance, see www.dtsc.ca.gov/hazardouswaste/perchlorate.

Modifications

This equipment has been designed and tested to comply with applicable safety, laser safety, and EMC regulations, codes, and standards to ensure safe operation in its intended environment. Refer to this equipment's data sheet for details about regulatory compliance approvals.

Do not make modifications to this equipment. Any changes or modifications could void the user's authority to operate this equipment.

Modifications have the potential to degrade the level of protection built into this equipment, putting people and property at risk of injury or damage. Those persons making any modifications expose themselves to the penalties arising from proven non-compliance with regulatory requirements and to civil litigation for compensation in respect of consequential damages or injury.

Accessories

Use only attachments or accessories specified by the manufacturer.

Electromagnetic Compatibility Regulatory Requirements

This equipment meets applicable electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) regulatory requirements. Refer to this equipment's data sheet for details about regulatory compliance approvals. EMC performance is dependent upon the use of correctly shielded cables of good quality for all external connections, except the power source, when installing this equipment.

- Ensure compliance with cable/connector specifications and associated installation instructions where given elsewhere in this manual.

Otherwise, comply with the following good practices:

- Multi-conductor cables should be of single-braided, shielded type and have conductive connector bodies and backshells with cable clamps that are conductively bonded to the backshell and capable of making 360° connection to the cable shielding. Exceptions from this general rule will be clearly stated in the connector description for the excepted connector in question.
- Ethernet cables should be of single-shielded or double-shielded type.
- Coaxial cables should be of the double-braided shielded type.

EMC Compliance Statements

Where this equipment is subject to USA FCC and/or Industry Canada rules, the following statements apply:

FCC Statement for Class A Equipment

This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class A digital device, pursuant to Part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference when this equipment is operated in a commercial environment.

This equipment generates, uses, and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instruction manual, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. Operation of this equipment in a residential area is likely to cause harmful interference in which case users will be required to correct the interference at their own expense.

Industry Canada - Industrie Canadienne Statement

This apparatus complies with Canadian ICES-003.
Cet appareil est conforme à la norme NMB-003 du Canada.

CENELEC/CISPR Statement with Respect to Class A Information Technology Equipment

This is a Class A equipment. In a domestic environment this equipment may cause radio interference in which case the user may be required to take adequate measures.

Safe Operation for Software Controlling Optical Transmission Equipment

If this manual discusses software, the software described is used to monitor and/or control ours and other vendors' electrical and optical equipment designed to transmit video, voice, or data signals. Certain safety precautions must be observed when operating equipment of this nature.

For equipment specific safety requirements, refer to the appropriate section of the equipment documentation.

For safe operation of this software, refer to the following warnings.



WARNING:

- **Ensure that all optical connections are complete or terminated before using this equipment to remotely control a laser device. An optical or laser device can pose a hazard to remotely located personnel when operated without their knowledge.**
- **Allow only personnel trained in laser safety to operate this software. Otherwise, injuries to personnel may occur.**
- **Restrict access of this software to authorized personnel only.**
- **Install this software in equipment that is located in a restricted access area.**

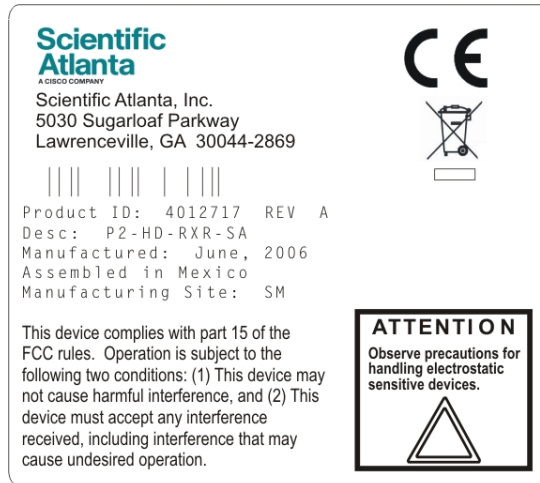
Warning Labels

The following labels are located on this product.

Laser Warning Label *



Product and Laser Information Label



* Located on host module only (not applicable to receiver module).

1

Module Introduction

Overview

This chapter describes the Prisma II High Density Dual Reverse Receiver Module.

Purpose

This guide provides information about the receiver. This chapter describes the front and back panels, and presents a setup summary for the receiver.

Who Should Use This Document

This document is intended for authorized service personnel who have experience working with similar equipment. The service personnel should have appropriate background and knowledge to complete the procedures described in this document.

Qualified Personnel

Only appropriately qualified and skilled personnel should attempt to install, operate, maintain, and service this product.



WARNING:

Only appropriately qualified and skilled personnel should attempt to install, operate, maintain, and service this product. Otherwise, personal injury or equipment damage may occur.

Scope

This guide discusses the following topics.

- Description of the receiver
- Installation procedures
- Operation using the ICIM
- Operation using LCI
- Maintenance and troubleshooting
- Customer support information
- Module parameter descriptions

Document Version

This is the sixth release of this guide.

In This Chapter

- Receiver Description..... 3
- High Density Dual Reverse Receiver Front and Back Panel 6
- Host Module..... 8
- Module Configuration 10

Receiver Description

Prisma II High Density Receivers are plug-in modules for the Prisma II and Prisma II XD platforms. These modules are part of the Prisma II optical network, an advanced transmission system designed to optimize network architectures and increase reliability, scalability, and cost effectiveness.

The receiver module installs into a Prisma II XD Chassis directly, or into a standard Prisma II Chassis by means of a host module that accepts up to two Prisma II High Density application modules.

The receiver front panel is designed with two optical connectors for optical input and two test points for RF output verification. All connectors are easily accessible. ALARM and Power ON indicators on the front panel allow you to monitor power and alarm status at a glance.

Receiver Features

The receiver has the following features.

- Front panel green light emitting diode (LED) to indicate operating status
- Front panel red LED to indicate alarm status
- -20 dB test point
- Optical input connectors
- Optical automatic gain control (AGC)
- Independently configurable redundancy mode for each receiver channel
- Plug-and-play capability
- Compatible with Intelligent Communications Interface Module (ICIM2 or ICIM2-XD), Local Craft Interface (LCI) software, Transmission Network Control System (TNCS) and ROSA software, Command Line Interface (CLI) software, and the ICIM Web Interface
- Blind-mate radio frequency (RF) connections

Receiver Operation

Reverse receivers are used in conjunction with reverse transmitters to receive reverse path signals to the hub or headend.



CAUTION:

Some 1310 nm transmitters with serial numbers beginning with NN are not compatible with these receivers. Do not install these transmitters in any daisy chain with one or more of these receivers.

The dual reverse receiver contains two separate optoelectronic receivers. Optical input is through two optical connectors mounted on the front of the module. The RF output is through two connectors on the rear of the module.

In the reverse receiver, each optical input signal is separately detected by a photodiode and converted to an electrical signal before being sent to an RF amplifier. Each amplified RF signal then goes to its respective output connector on the rear of the module.

Each RF output can be attenuated by as much as 26.25 dB, relative to no attenuation, in 0.75 dB increments. The actual RF output levels of the dual reverse receiver, attenuated by 20 dB, can be monitored at two -20 dB test points on the front panel.

An optical AGC feature can be used to regulate each RF output level. With this feature disabled, each receiver RF output level will change by 2 dB for every 1 dB change in its optical input level. When enabled, optical AGC automatically adjusts RF output attenuation to maintain the RF output level at a set value (within limits) despite changes in optical input level.

When the receiver module is placed in Single operating mode, both receiver channels in the module will continue to operate even if the optical input level falls below the major alarm threshold.

When the receiver module is placed in Independent operating mode, each receiver channel in the module can be independently configured for Master or Slave redundant operation. This eliminates the need for additional interface hardware to configure redundancy relationships, and if multiple chassis are used, requires only that the chassis be connected to the same ICIM domain.

RF output attenuation, optical AGC, redundancy, and other operating parameters of the reverse receiver can be controlled by an ICIM2 or ICIM2-XD, LCI software, TNCS or ROSA software, CLI commands, or the ICIM Web Interface.

Receiver Optical Input

The optical inputs are standard SC/APC connectors.

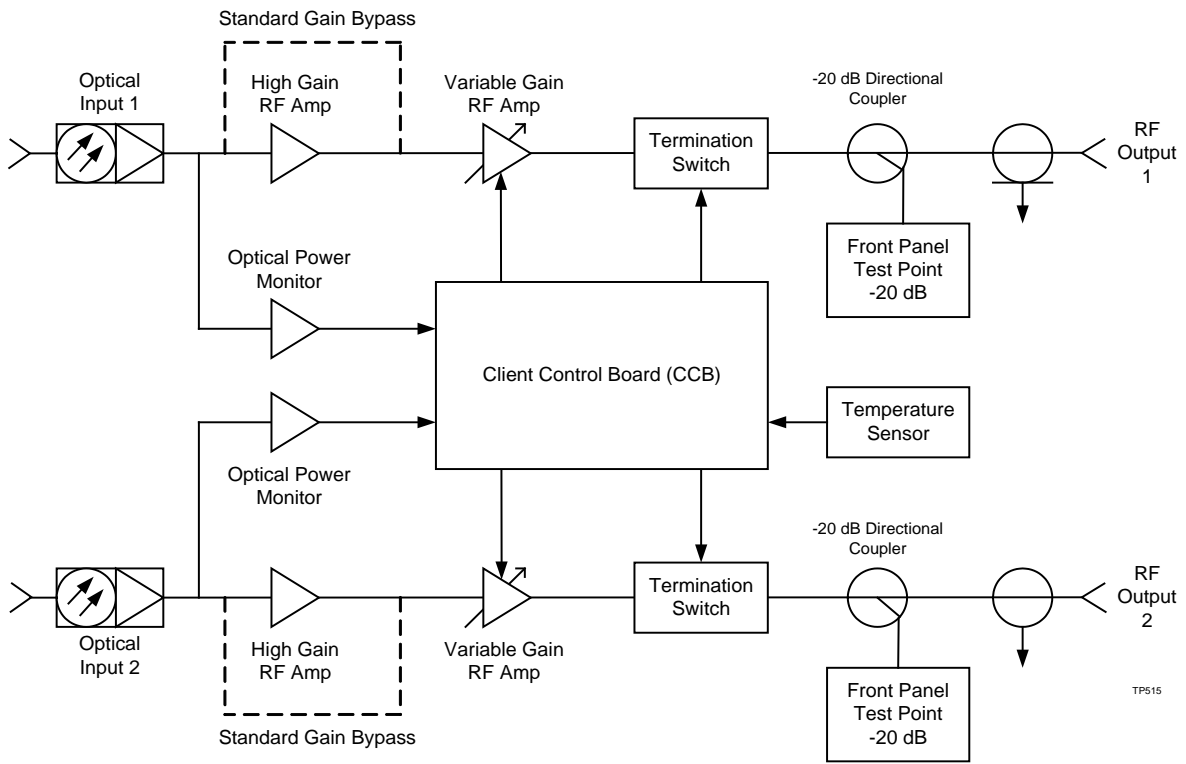
Laser Warning



WARNING:

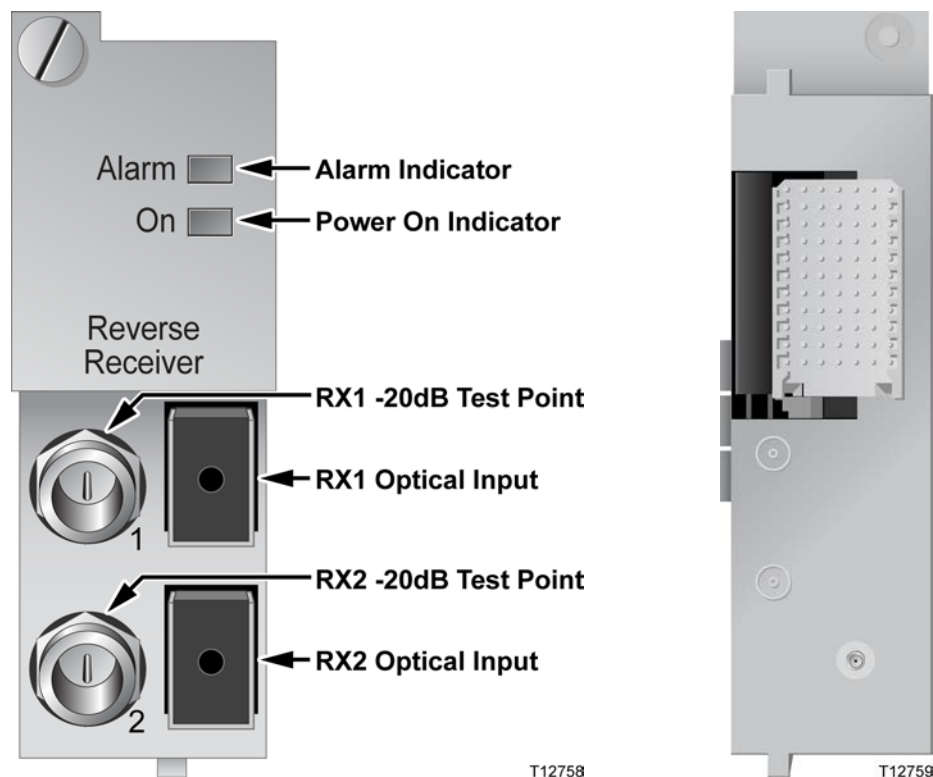
Avoid damage to your eyes! Do not look into any optical connector while the system is active. Even if the unit is off, there may still be hazardous optical levels present.

Receiver Block Diagram



High Density Dual Reverse Receiver Front and Back Panel

High Density Dual Reverse Receiver Illustration



High Density Dual Reverse Receiver Front Panel Features

Part	Function
Alarm Indicator	Illuminates or blinks when an alarm condition occurs.
Power On Indicator	Illuminates when power is supplied to the module.
Optical Inputs	Connects the input signal to the optical cable.
-20 dB Test Points	Provides a -20 dB sample of the RF output signal.

Back Panel Connectors

Blind-mate connectors make it easy to install this module. The push-on connector on the back of the module mates with the back plane bus connector inside the chassis. This 55-pin connector and the two RF connectors provide the following facilities.

- RF signal connection
- Electrical power input connection
- Alarm communications connections
- Status-monitoring communications
- Communications and control connections

The ESD guide pin near the bottom of the back panel serves as both a guide pin and an ESD ground connection. The length of the pin ensures that ground is the first electrical connection made as the module is inserted, and the last connection to be broken as the module is removed.

Host Module

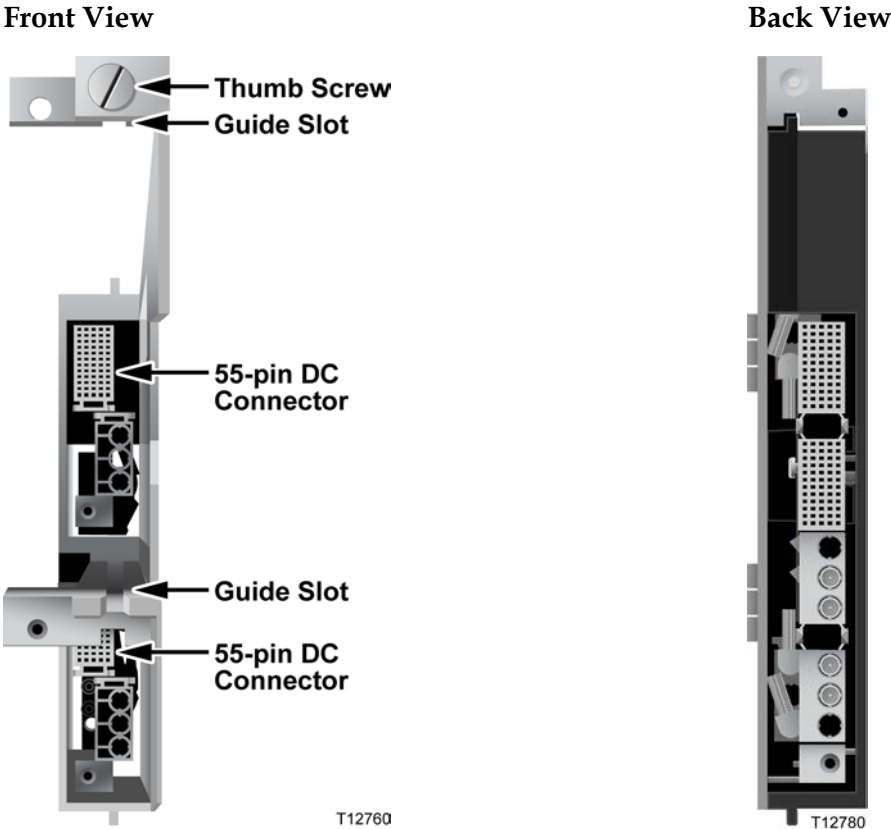
A host module is required to mount the application module in a standard Prisma II Chassis. The host module doubles the density of the Prisma II Chassis by providing two high density module slots for each current Prisma II slot. Its simple design allows for efficient routing of RF and electrical signal between the chassis back plane and each high density module.

Host Module Features

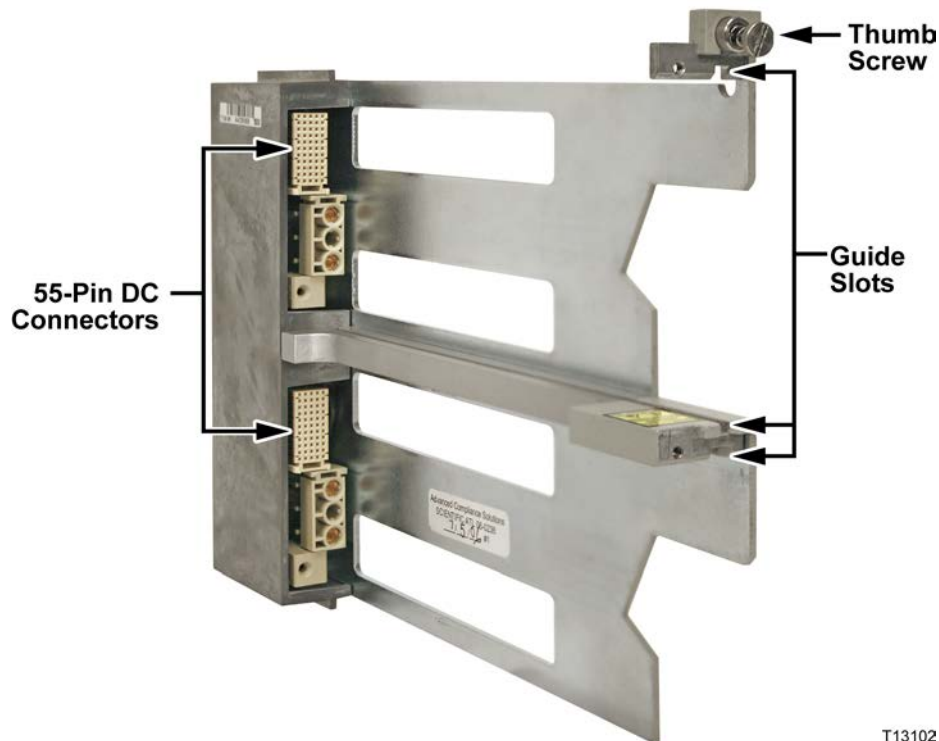
The host module has the following features:

- Provides upper and lower slots for two high density modules
- Incorporates a passive design for high reliability
- Provides for RF and DC routing between the chassis back plane and each high density module

Host Module Illustration



Side View



T13102

Host Module Back Panel Connectors

Blind-mate connectors make it easy to install the host module. The push-on connector on the back of the module mates with the back plane bus connector inside the chassis. This 110-pin connector provides the following facilities:

- RF signal input connection
- Electrical power input connection
- Alarm communications connections
- Status-monitoring connections
- Communications and control connections

Module Configuration

The module is shipped from the factory with operational parameters set to factory defaults. However, you will probably choose to configure the operating parameters so that they are best suited for your application.

Configuration and Monitoring Methods

The module may be controlled and monitored using any of the following methods.

- Prisma II ICIM Front Panel

When a standard Intelligent Communications Interface Module 2 (ICIM2) is used, its front-panel LCD and keypad interface can be used to configure and monitor this and other Prisma II modules in the ICIM domain. For instructions on operating this module using this ICIM, refer to *Operation using ICIM* (on page 39).

- LCI Software

Local Craft Interface (LCI) software running on a locally connected PC may be used to configure operating parameters of Prisma II modules. For instructions on operating this module using LCI software, refer to *Operation using LCI* (on page 75).

- TNCS Software

If an ICIM2 or ICIM2-XD is installed, TNCS software may be used to configure and monitor all Prisma II modules in the ICIM domain. For instructions on operating this module using TNCS, refer to the *TNCS Administrator Release 3.0 Software User's Guide*, part number 4013494.

- CLI Commands

If an ICIM2 or ICIM2-XD is installed, command line interface (CLI) commands enable communication between the ICIM and the operator over Telnet to allow for remote module setup and monitoring. For details, see the *Prisma II Platform Remote User Interface Guide, System Release 2.03*, part number 4025477.

- ICIM Web Interface

The ICIM Web Interface offers a user-friendly alternative to CLI commands for remote module setup and monitoring using an ICIM2 or ICIM2-XD. Users navigate a series of HTML pages through a standard web browser to view and, where permitted, adjust module parameters. For additional information, see the *Prisma II Platform Remote User Interface Guide, System Release 2.03*, part number 4025477.

Configuration Summary

You can use any of the methods listed above to perform the following configuration tasks:

- Enable or disable each receiver channel
- Force Mute
- Force Alarm (to service redundant modules)
- Select Master, Slave, Single, or Independent operation
- Select attenuation level per channel
- Configure AGC
- Configure redundancy modes
- Change receiver wavelength

For detailed information on configuring this module, refer to *Operation Using ICIM* (on page 39) or *Operation Using LCI* (on page 75).

2

Module Installation

Introduction

This chapter contains instructions for installing the module and describes the site requirements, equipment, and tools needed for module installation.

In This Chapter

- Preparing for Installation..... 14
- Site Requirements 15
- Connecting the RF Cables to the Chassis 19
- Installing the Module in the Chassis..... 21
- Connecting Optical Cables 25
- Connecting the ICIM to Additional Chassis 29
- Connecting a Chassis to the TNCS Server..... 31
- Configuring Redundancy 33

Preparing for Installation

Before you begin, make sure that the module is in good condition and that you have the tools and equipment listed here.

Unpacking and Inspecting the Module

As you unpack the module, inspect it for shipping damage. Inspect the rear connectors for bent pins.

If you find any damage, contact Customer Service. Refer to *Customer Support Information* (on page 105) for information on contacting Customer Service.

Equipment and Tools Needed

Before you begin, make sure that the module is in good condition. You need the following equipment and tools to install these modules.

You need . . .	To . . .
a Prisma II or Prisma II XD Chassis with power supply	provide housing, power, and input/output connections to the module.
3/8-in. flat-blade screwdriver	secure the module in the chassis.
optical cables with connectors	carry optical input and output signals.
optical cleaning materials	clean optical connectors.
optical power meter	verify optical input and output levels.
spectrum analyzer (for transmitter)	verify proper RF input.

Site Requirements

Before you begin, make certain that your installation site meets the requirements discussed in this section.

Access Requirements

**WARNING:**

Use this product in locations that restrict access to all persons who are not authorized. Otherwise, personal injury or equipment damage may occur.

Ensure that only authorized personnel have access to this equipment. Otherwise, personal injury or equipment damage may occur.

Equipment Rack

To install this module, your site must be equipped with an Electronics Industry Association (EIA) equipment rack that properly houses the chassis with proper spacing for air circulation. For instructions on installing the chassis in the rack, refer to the guide that was shipped with the chassis.

Operating Environment

**CAUTION:**

Avoid damage to this product! Operating this product outside the specified operating temperature limits voids the warranty.

Follow these recommendations to maintain an acceptable operating temperature of the equipment.

- Temperature at the air inlet must be between -40°C and 65°C (-40°F and 149°F).
- Keep cooling vents clear and free of obstructions.
- Provide ventilation as needed using air-deflecting baffles, forced-air ventilation, or air outlets above enclosures, either alone or in combination.

Power Requirements

All Prisma II application modules receive their electrical power from the chassis. The modules may be installed with the chassis under power.

Space Requirements

This is a single-width, half-height module. Actual space requirements depend on whether the module is installed in a standard Prisma II or a Prisma II XD chassis.

Prisma II Chassis Installation

When installed in a standard Prisma II Chassis, the module is placed in a host module and then inserted into the chassis in slots 5 through 16.

- If the module occupies the upper host module position, its slot number is the same (5 through 16) as that of the host module.
- If the module occupies the lower host module position, its slot number is 16 plus the host module slot number, or 21 through 32.

Slots 1 through 4 are usually reserved for the power supplies. If an ICIM is installed, it occupies slots 15 and 16. If an ICIM is not installed, any other module (or host module) can occupy these slots.

Slots 2 and 4 are reserved for an internal power supply, if installed. If an internal power supply is not installed here, any other module (or host module) can occupy these slots.

Prisma II XD Chassis Installation

When installed in a Prisma II XD Chassis, the module is inserted directly into an available application module slot on the chassis front panel. The application module slots are numbered 1 through 16.

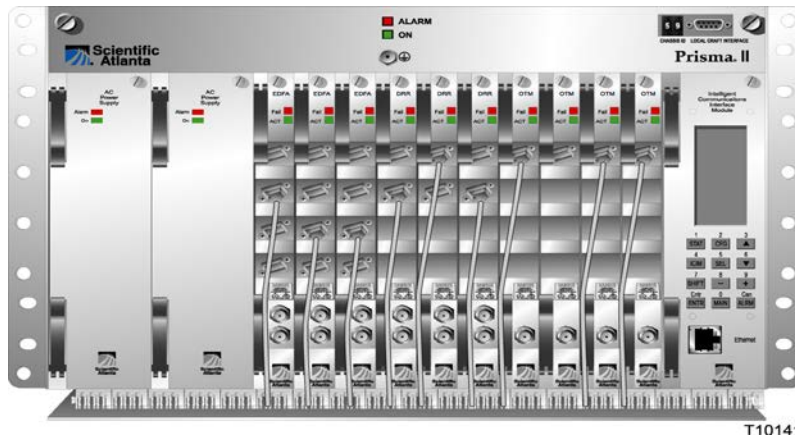
The chassis power supplies and ICIM are installed in dedicated slots on the chassis back panel, so slots 1 through 16 are available for application modules no matter how the chassis is configured.

Prisma II Chassis Style

The standard Prisma II chassis may be configured as front-access or rear-access depending on the system you have purchased. Power, RF input or output, and other connectors may be located on either the front or rear of the chassis. Connections to the chassis serve the same function and are made in the same manner regardless of the location of the connectors or chassis configuration.

Rear-Access Chassis - Front Panel Illustration

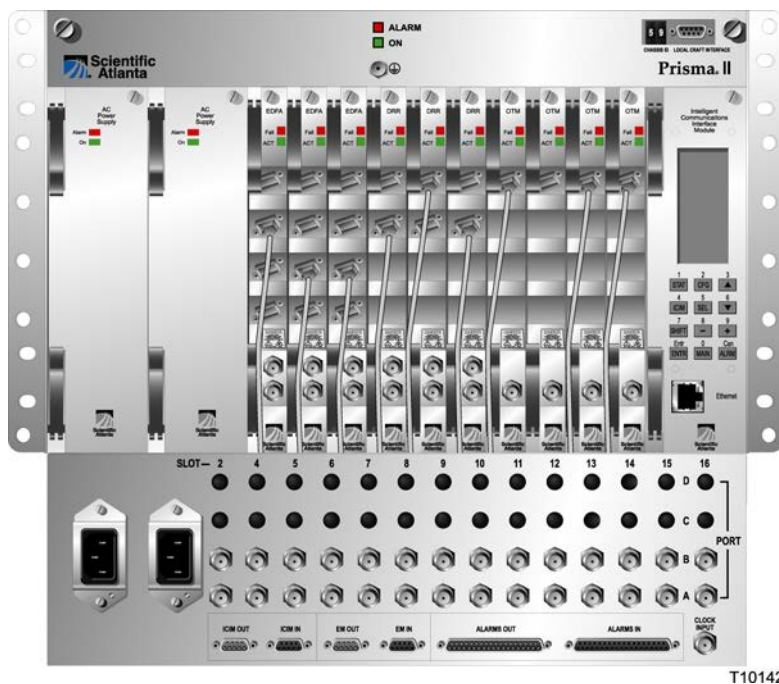
The following illustration shows the front of the rear-access Prisma II Chassis with two power supplies, 10 full-height modules, and the ICIM installed.



Front-Access Chassis - Front Panel Illustration

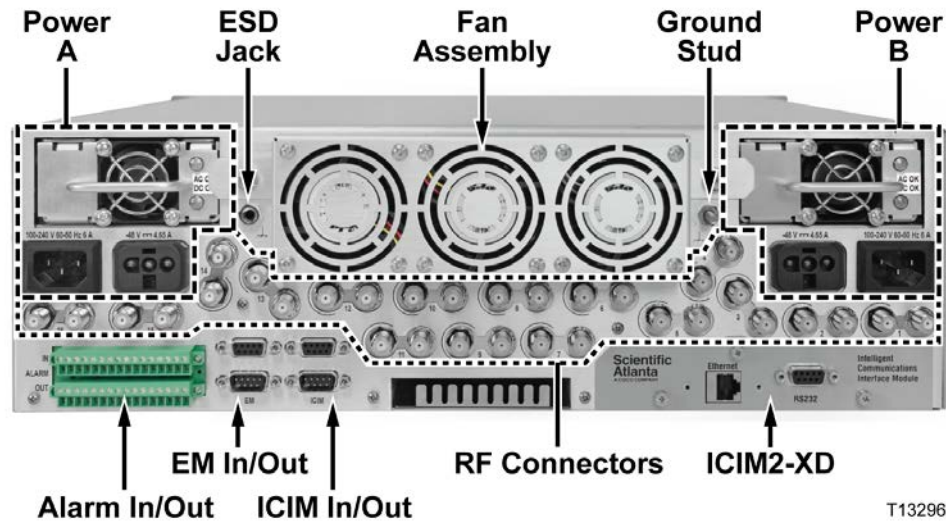
The following illustration shows the front of the front-access chassis with two power supplies, 10 full-height modules, and the ICIM installed.

The power inlets, RF input/output, and RF ports are located on the recessed bottom of the connector interface panel on the front-access version of the chassis.



Prisma II XD Chassis Style

The Prisma II XD chassis back panel serves as both a connector panel and a receptacle for AC power supply modules and the ICIM2-XD, when installed.



The RF connectors are arranged in numbered pairs to identify the corresponding application module slot. One connector in each pair has a black retaining nut and a black circle in the panel artwork to mark it as belonging to the upper connector on the chassis midplane.

Connecting the RF Cables to the Chassis

To Connect RF Cables for Each Module

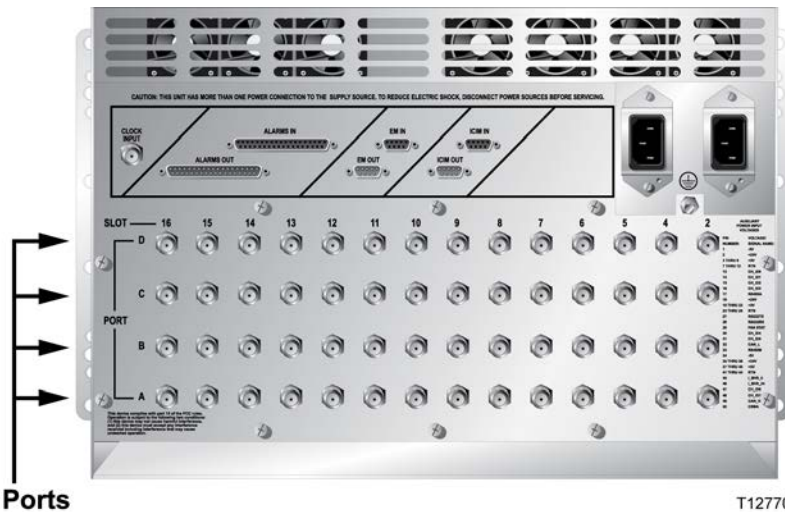
Complete the appropriate procedure below to connect RF cables for the module.

Note: This procedure assumes that the chassis is mounted in a rack.

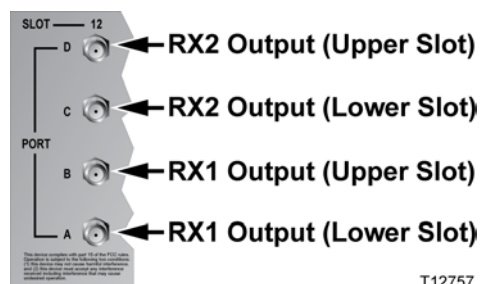
Standard Prisma II Chassis

Note: This procedure assumes a host module with receivers in both lower and upper half-slot positions. If only one receiver installed, it is not necessary to connect RF cables for the unused position.

- 1 Locate the RF ports on the chassis connector panel. The connector panel is on the front of a front-access chassis, and on the rear of a rear-access chassis. The figure below shows the connector panel for a rear-access chassis.



- 2 Connect RF cables to the Port A and Port C connectors for the chassis slot in which the host module will be installed. These are the RF output connections for the module in the lower half-slot position. Hand-tighten the connectors.



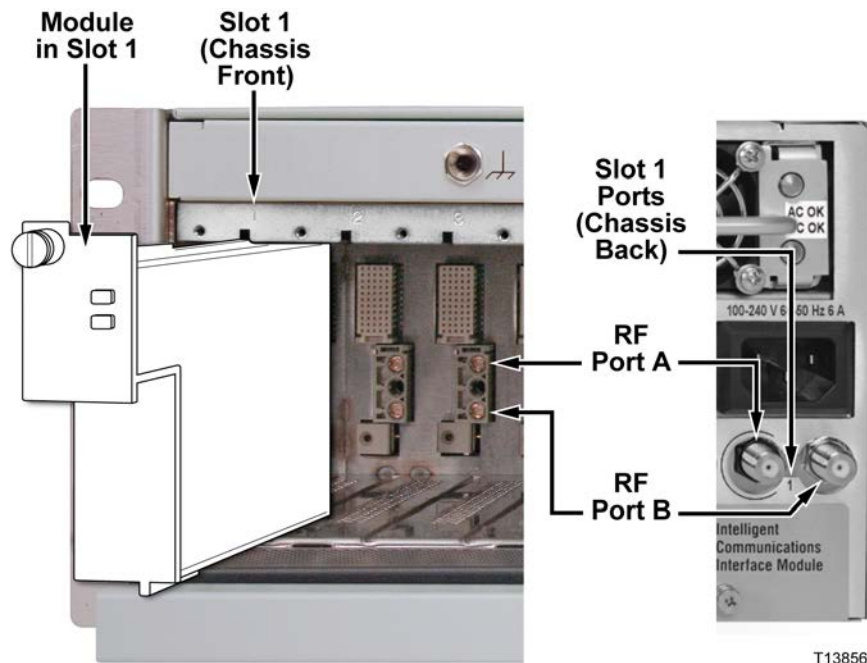
- 3 Route the RF cables from Ports A and C (for the lower half-slot module) to the appropriate RF destinations.

Chapter 2 Module Installation

- 4 Connect RF cables to the Port B and Port D connectors for the chassis slot in which the module will be installed. These are the RF output connections for the module in the upper half-slot position. Hand-tighten the connectors.
- 5 Route the RF cables from Ports B and D (for the upper half-slot module) to the appropriate RF destinations.
- 6 If F connectors are installed, use a 7/16-in. open-end wrench to secure all cables to the connectors at the chassis.

Prisma II XD Chassis

- 1 Attach a 75-ohm RF cable to the appropriate RF destination.
- 2 Locate the RF ports at the back of the chassis.



- 3 Attach the other end of the RF cable to Port A connector of the corresponding slot where the module is to be installed. This is the RF output connection.
- 4 If F connectors are installed, use a 7/16-in. open-end wrench to secure all cables to the connectors at the chassis.

Installing the Module in the Chassis

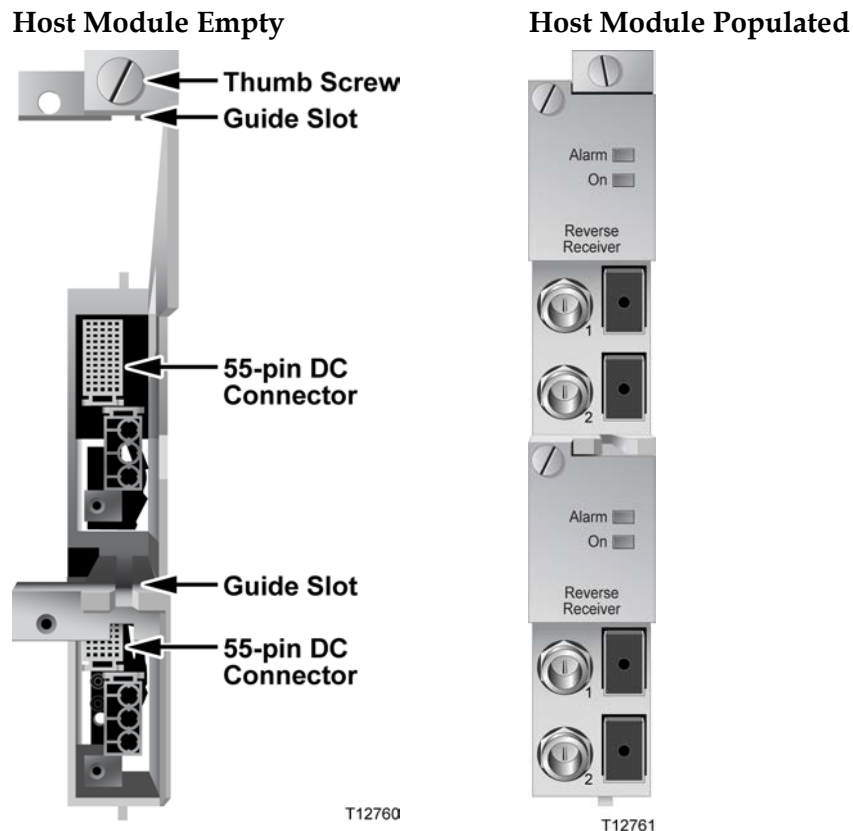
To Install the Receiver Modules in the Host Module

Note:

- All Prisma II high-density application modules must be installed in a host module before they can be mounted in a standard Prisma II Chassis.
- Prisma II host modules prior to Rev C (date codes through A2006) do not support the Controller Area Network (CAN) bus.
- To support CAN bus redundancy, the ICIM2 must be Rev B or later.

Complete the following steps to install the application modules in the host module.

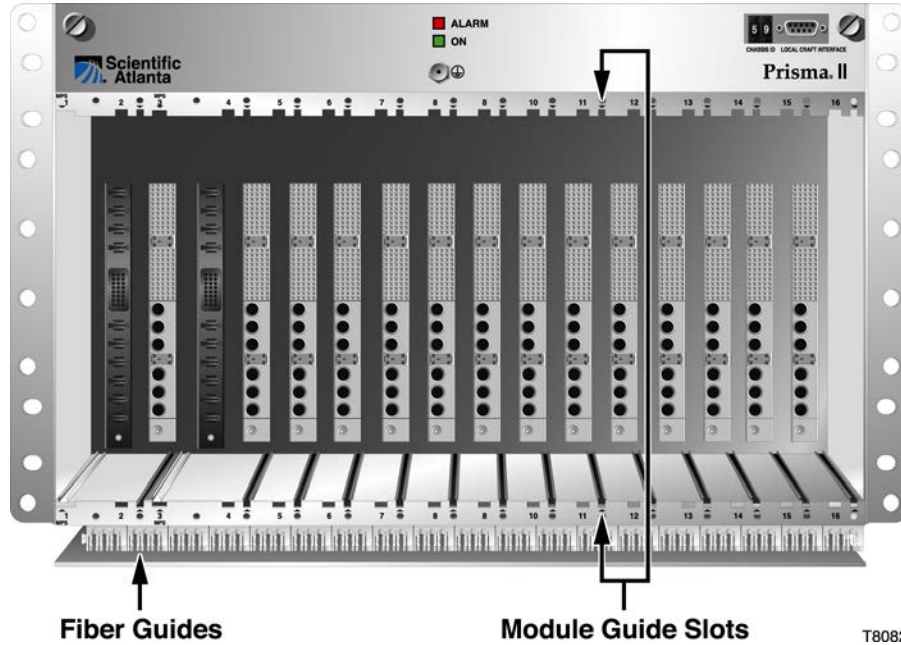
- 1 Align the ridges on the top and bottom of the module with the guide slots located on the host module and the chassis. Be careful to keep the module level as you slide it into the host to avoid bending the pins on the host back plane.
- 2 Gently slide the module into the host module until you feel the power and communications connections on the back of the module join connectors on the host module. Use the thumbscrew on the top of the module to lock it in place.



To Install the Module in the Chassis

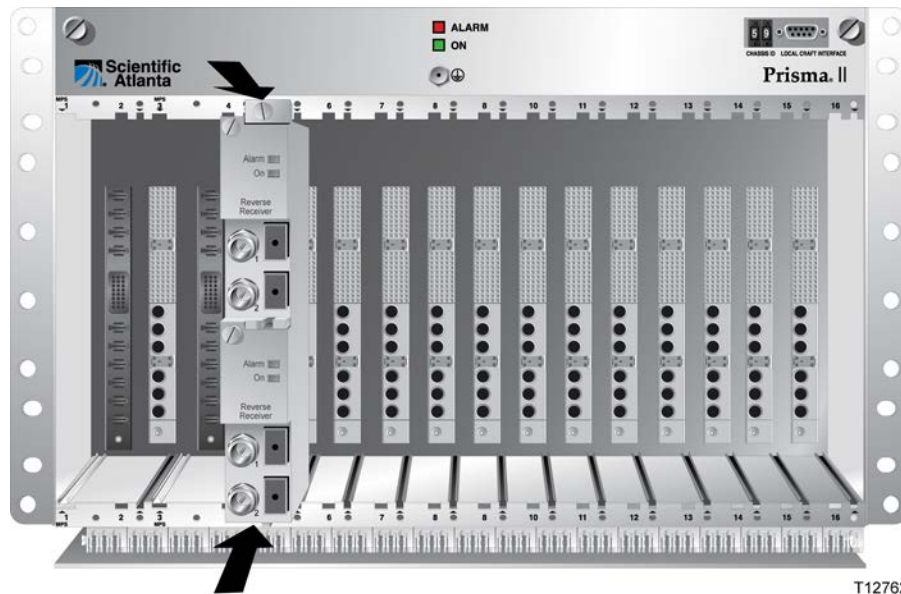
Note: This procedure assumes that the chassis is mounted in a rack.

- 1 Locate the fiber guides at the bottom of the chassis and the module guide slots inside the chassis as shown in the following illustration.



- 2 Align the ridges on the top and bottom of the host module with the guide slots on the chassis. Be careful to keep the host module level as you slide it into the chassis to avoid bending the pins on the back plane bus.
- 3 Gently slide the host module into the chassis until you feel the connections on the back of the host module join connectors on the back plane bus.

Note: Do not force or bang the host module into the chassis. If properly aligned, the host module should slide in with minimal force.



- 4 Hand-tighten the screw at the top of the host module to ensure that the first few threads engage smoothly. Use a 3/8-in. flat-blade screwdriver to secure the mounting screw. **Do not over-tighten.**
- 5 Fill any unused chassis slots with module blanks to help ensure proper cooling air flow. HD module blanks are available to fill unused host module slots.

To Install the Module in a Prisma II XD Chassis

Note: This procedure assumes that the chassis is installed in a rack.



WARNING:

Avoid damage to your eyes! Do not look into any optical connector while the system is active. Even if the unit is off, there may still be hazardous optical levels present.

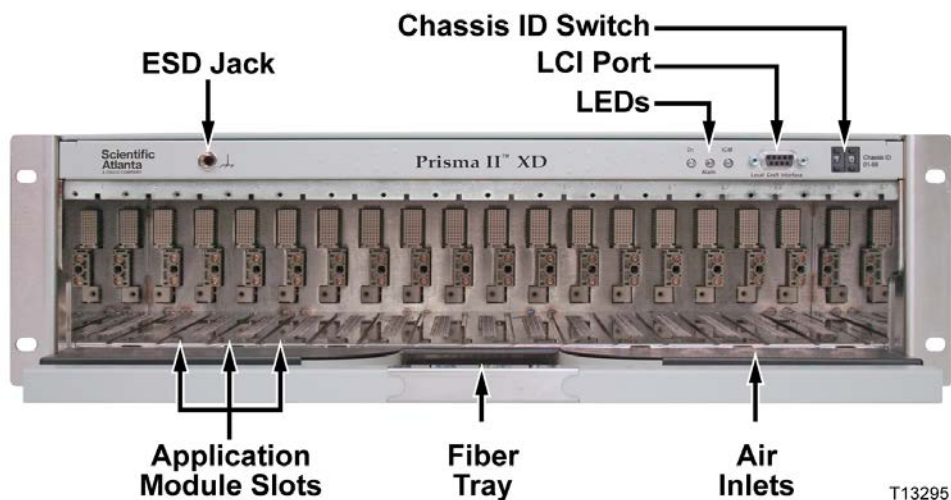
Complete the following steps to install the module in the chassis.



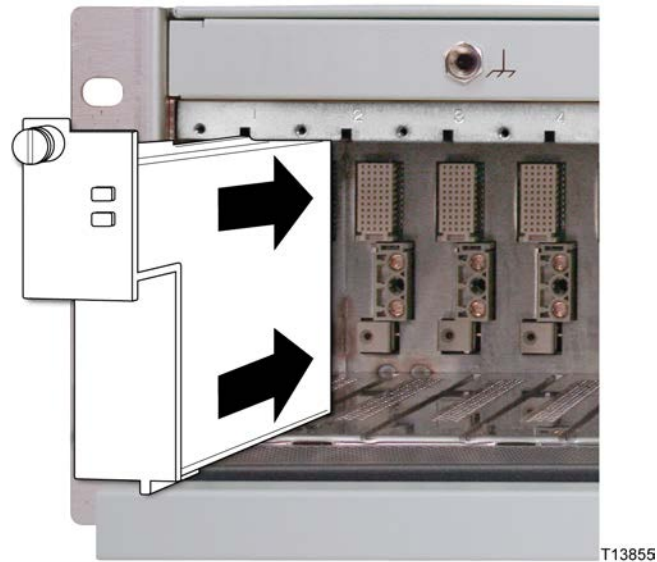
CAUTION:

Always use a screwdriver to loosen or tighten the screws holding the application modules, ICIM2-XD, fan assembly, power supply modules, DC-to-DC converters, or blanking panels in place. Do not attempt to loosen or tighten these screws solely by hand.

- 1 Locate the fiber guides at the bottom of the chassis and the module guide slots inside the chassis as shown in the following illustration.



- 2 Align the ridges on the top and bottom of the module with the module guide slots located on the chassis.
- 3 Gently slide the module into the chassis until its power and communications connections join connectors on the midplane bus. *Do not force the module into the chassis.* If properly aligned, it should slide in with minimal force.



- 4 Tighten the screw at the top of the module to secure it in the chassis. Use a 3/8-in. flat-blade screwdriver to secure. *Do not over-tighten.*
- 5 Fill any unused chassis slots with module blanks to help ensure proper cooling air flow.

Connecting Optical Cables

Fiber Fish Tool



WARNING:

Unterminated fiber cables and connectors may emit invisible laser radiation. Avoid direct exposure to the laser light source. Ensure that the fiber cable is terminated before "fishing."

The Fiber Fish tool that was shipped with the Prisma II Chassis is used to pull an optical cable from the rear of the chassis to the front of the chassis so the optical cables can be connected to optical connectors on the front panel of modules.



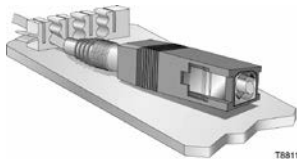
Fiber Fish Tool Hook

At the end of the Fiber Fish tool is a small hook that allows you to hold an optical cable so that you can pull it through to the front panel of chassis.



To Pull the Optical Cable to the Module

- 1 Insert the Fiber Fish tool through the slot located just above the bottom of the chassis.
- 2 At the rear of the chassis, locate the appropriate optical cable.
- 3 Insert the optical cable into the notched area of the Fiber Fish tool as shown below.



- 4 At the front of the chassis, pull the Fiber Fish tool (with cable attached) to the front of the chassis.
- 5 Disengage the optical cable from the Fiber Fish tool and attach to the appropriate connector on the desired module.



CAUTION:

Proper operation of this equipment requires clean optical fibers. Dirty fibers will adversely affect performance. Proper cleaning is imperative.

The proper procedure for cleaning optical connectors depends on the connector type. The following describes general instructions for fiber optic cleaning. Use your company's established procedures, if any, but also consider the following.

Cleaning fiber optic connectors can help prevent interconnect problems and aid system performance. When optical connectors are disconnected or reconnected, the fiber surface can become dirty or scratched, reducing system performance.

Inspect connectors prior to mating, clean as needed, and then remove all residue. Inspect connectors after cleaning to confirm that they are clean and undamaged.

Recommended Equipment

- CLETOP or OPTIPOP ferrule cleaner (for specific connector type)
- Compressed air (also called “canned air”)
- Lint-free wipes moistened with optical-grade (99%) isopropyl alcohol
- Bulkhead swabs (for specific connector type)
- Optical connector scope with appropriate adaptor

Tips for Optimal Fiber Optic Connector Performance

- Do not connect or disconnect optical connectors with optical power present.
- Always use compressed air before cleaning the fiber optic connectors and when cleaning connector end caps.
- Always install or leave end caps on connectors when they are not in use.
- If you have any degraded signal problems, clean the fiber optic connector.
- Advance a clean portion of the ferrule cleaner reel for each cleaning.
- Turn off optical power before making or breaking optical connections to avoid microscopic damage to fiber mating surfaces.

To Clean Optical Connectors



Warning:

- **Avoid personal injury! Use of controls, adjustments, or procedures other than those specified herein may result in hazardous radiation exposure.**
- **Avoid personal injury! The laser light source on this equipment (if a transmitter) or the fiber cables connected to this equipment emit invisible laser radiation.**
- **Avoid personal injury! Viewing the laser output (if a transmitter) or fiber cable with optical instruments (such as eye loupes, magnifiers, or microscopes) may pose an eye hazard.**

- Do not apply power to this equipment if the fiber is unmated or unterminated.
- Do not stare into an unmated fiber or at any mirror-like surface that could reflect light emitted from an unterminated fiber.
- Use safety-approved optical fiber cable to maintain compliance with applicable laser safety requirements.

Important: Ensure that no optical power is present prior to this procedure.

- 1 Turn optical power off to the connector.
- 2 Using an optical connector scope, inspect the connector for scratches, burns, or other signs of damage.

Note: If the connector is damaged, replace the jumper.

- 3 If the connector requires cleaning, swipe it across the face of the appropriate ferrule cleaner several times. This will remove dust and some films.

Note: You may hear a slight "squeak" while cleaning the connector, indicating that it is clean.

- 4 Inspect the connector again. If the connector requires further cleaning, clean it using 99% isopropyl alcohol and a lint-free wipe.
- 5 Swipe the connector across the face of the appropriate ferrule cleaner several more times to remove any film left by the alcohol.
- 6 Repeat all the steps above as needed until the connector is clean.

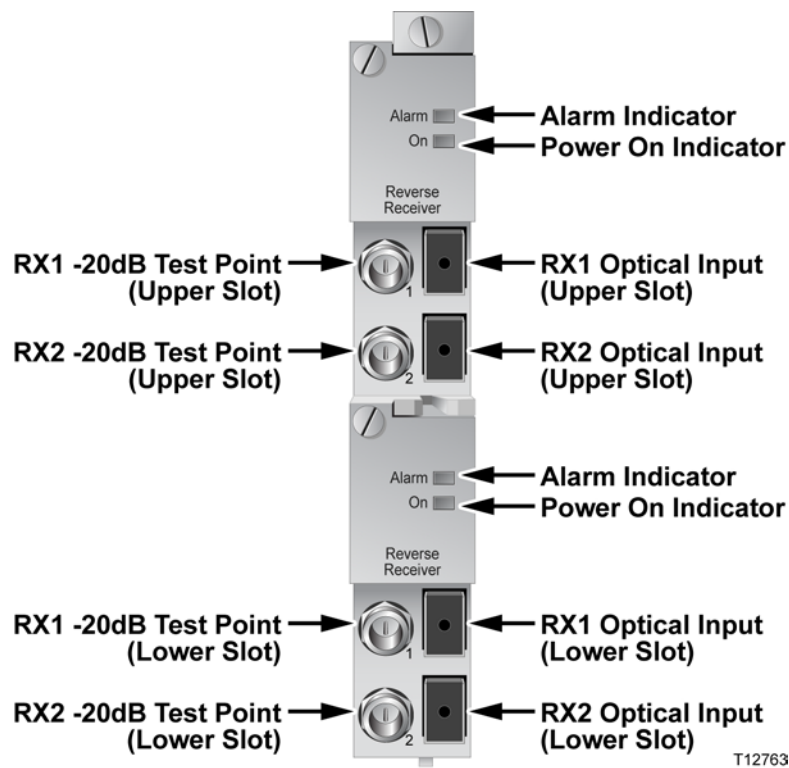
To Connect Optical Cables to Module

Note: This procedure assumes that the chassis is mounted in a rack.

Important: Observe laser safety precautions. Refer to the **Laser Safety** information earlier in this guide.

Complete the following steps for each optical cable to be connected to the module.

- 1 Attach one end of the optical cable to the optical input connector located on the front of the module.



- 2 Route the other end of the optical cable to the appropriate destination.

Connecting the ICIM to Additional Chassis

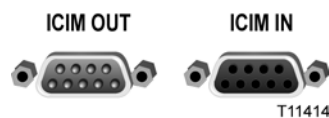
The Prisma II platform allows the ICIM2 or ICIM2-XD to be located in one chassis and control modules located in several other chassis. This communication “daisy-chain” can be enabled by connecting cables to the **ICIM IN** and **ICIM OUT** connectors located on the connector interface panel of the chassis. This connection is required if an ICIM2 or ICIM2-XD in one chassis is to communicate with or control any module located in a separate chassis.

Note: An ICIM2 or ICIM2-XD can control a maximum of 140 modules. Depending on your application, this is typically 6 or 7 chassis to a rack. Do not exceed these limits.

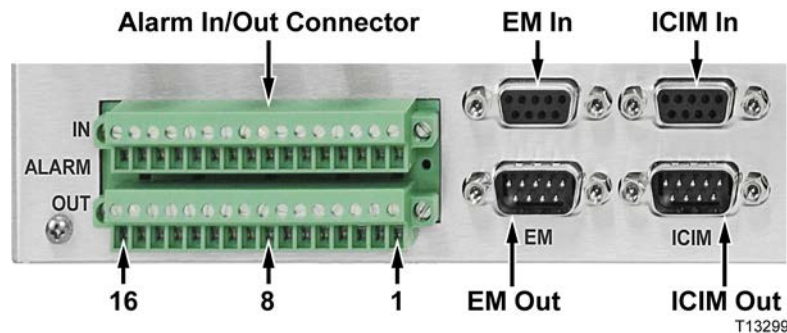
ICIM IN and ICIM OUT Connectors

Every Prisma II Standard and II XD Chassis has a DB9 **ICIM IN** and a DB9 **ICIM OUT** connector for the purpose of chassis-to-chassis ICIM connections. **ICIM IN** is a female connector and **ICIM OUT** is a male connector.

Standard Prisma II Chassis



Prisma II XD Chassis



ICIM IN and ICIM OUT Cables

The cable required for both **ICIM IN** and **ICIM OUT** connections is a shielded 9-wire serial extension cable, DB9 Female to DB9 Male. This cable can be purchased locally or from the factory. The chassis data sheet lists the part number for a 6-foot DB9 Female to DB9 Male serial extension cable. The connectors are a serial 9-pin D-shell (EIA 574/232).

To Connect Chassis-to-Chassis ICIM IN and ICIM OUT Ports

- 1 Connect the serial extension cable from the **ICIM OUT** of the chassis containing the ICIM to the **ICIM IN** connector of the second chassis.
- 2 Connect a serial extension cable from the **ICIM OUT** of the second chassis to the **ICIM IN** of the third chassis.
- 3 Continue this “daisy-chain” connection until all chassis are connected.
- 4 Connect an ICIM OUT terminator, part number 4013014, to the ICIM OUT connector on the last chassis in the daisy-chain connection. The ICIM OUT terminator ships with the ICIM.

Important:

- All chassis connected in the daisy-chain must be powered and have a fan tray installed. A chassis connected in the daisy-chain that is not powered or has no fan tray installed will cause faulty operation of the ICIM.
- All chassis connected in this daisy-chain must have a unique chassis ID number.
- If the ICIM OUT terminator that ships with the ICIM is not installed on the last chassis of a daisy-chain connection, faulty communication with the ICIM may occur.

Connecting a Chassis to the TNCS Server

Cable Kits for Connecting a Chassis to the TNCS Server

Connecting the chassis to the TNCS server requires two special cable kits that are available from the factory.

- The RS-485 cable kit, part number 735748, includes the following:
 - Breakout boxes, 4 each
 - RS-485 cable assemblies (50 feet), 4 each
 - Breakout box mounting brackets, 4 each
 - 6-32 screws (1.25 inches), 100 each
- The Prisma II cable kit, part number 738686, includes the following:
 - Prisma II cable assemblies, 4 each

The RS-485 cable kit is used to communicate with the RS-485/422/TTL devices.

To Connect TNCS to the Chassis EM IN Port

- 1 Mount one of the breakout boxes (included in the RS-485 cable kit) in a rack location central to the appropriate Prisma II Chassis.



- 2 Connect an RS-485 cable assembly (included in the RS-485 cable kit) from the breakout box to the **RS-485 COM** port on the TNCS server.
- 3 Connect one Prisma II cable assembly (included in the Prisma II cable kit) from the breakout box to the **EM IN** port of each Prisma II Chassis containing an ICIM2 or ICIM2-XD.

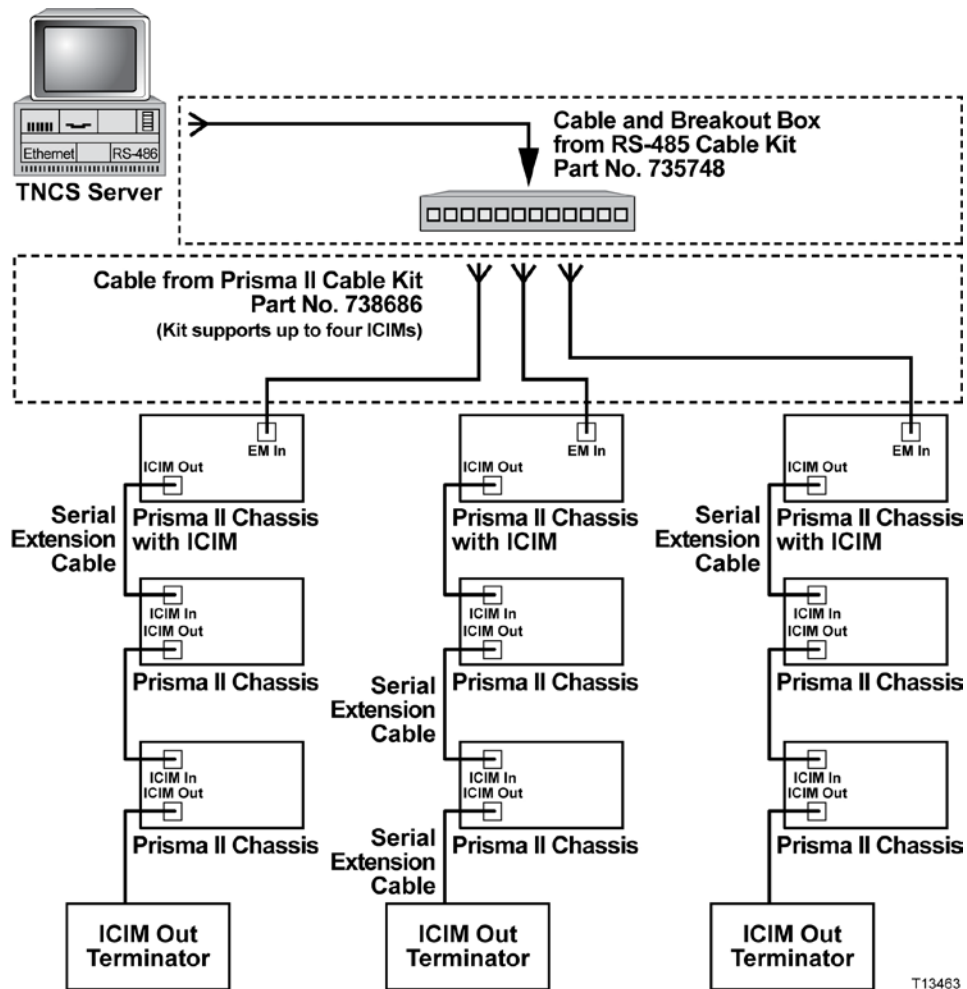


Note: As a general rule, it is recommended that the total number of ICIM2 or ICIM2-XD control units connected to any single COM port on the TNCS server be limited to four (4). However, you may connect more than four ICIM2 or ICIM2-XD control units per TNCS COM port as long as the total number of devices (modules) monitored by a single COM port does not exceed four-hundred (400) *and* the total number of devices monitored by any single ICIM2 or ICIM2-XD does not exceed 140.

Using TNCS with Multiple Chassis

All chassis within an ICIM domain are connected in series via the ICIM IN/ICIM OUT connectors using standard 9-wire serial extension cable, DB9 Female to DB9 Male. Using the EM IN/EM OUT connectors, a chassis with an ICIM installed is connected to a breakout box as shown below.

The breakout box is connected to the TNCS server with the cable included in the RS-485 cable kit.



T13463

Configuring Redundancy

You can configure the receiver module for redundancy in one of two ways:

- Use the ICIM or LCI to place both receiver channels in either Master or Slave operating mode, and then use a redundancy interface panel to hard-wire the desired Master-Slave relationships between receiver modules.
- Use the ICIM or LCI to place the receiver module in Independent operating mode, configure each receiver channel individually for either Master or Slave operation, and define the desired Master-Slave relationships between receiver channels.

This section explains the hardware configurations required to support each of the methods described above. Procedures for using the ICIM or LCI to configure the module for redundancy are provided in *Operation Using ICIM* (on page 39) and *Operation Using LCI* (on page 75).

Important: The two methods described in this section are not compatible with each other. Do not connect the redundancy interface panel to the receiver module when using Independent mode operation to provide redundancy.

External Alarm Connections

The Prisma II Standard and XD Chassis can be configured for local hard-wired redundancy using the **ALARM IN** and **ALARM OUT** connectors located on the connector interface panel. A pair of application modules can be configured in a Master-Slave relationship so that, if the Master fails, the Slave takes over in response to **ALARM IN** and **ALARM OUT** signaling.

This module ships from the factory configured for Single mode operation. In Single mode, the module acts as a stand-alone device unaffected by the alarm status of any other application module. When used in pairs in a redundant configuration, one module in the pair is set to Master mode operation and the other is set to Slave mode.

With this configuration, the Master communicates its critical alarm status to the Slave. When the Master module is not in alarm, the Master is enabled and the Slave is disabled. When the Master is in alarm, the Master is disabled and the Slave is enabled.

The ICIM2 front panel, LCI, TNCS or ROSA, CLI, or ICIM Web Interface can be used to select Master, Slave, or Single mode operation of the module as needed.

ALARMS IN and ALARMS OUT Connectors

Every Prisma II Standard and II XD chassis provides connectors for external alarms to and from each module slot. These alarm connectors are located on the chassis connector panel and are labeled **ALARMS IN** and **ALARMS OUT**.

For detailed information on **ALARM IN** and **ALARM OUT** connectors, see the *Prisma II Chassis Installation and Operation Guide*, part number 713375 or the *Prisma II™ XD Platform System Guide*, part number 4021339.

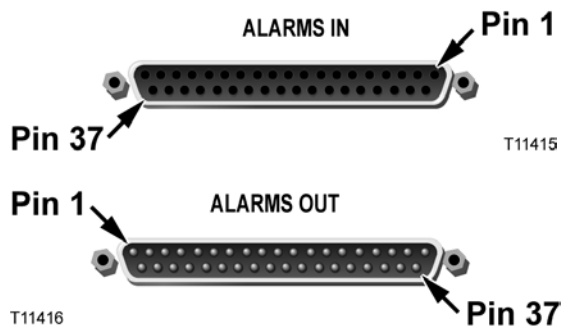
When a critical alarm occurs in a Master module, the Master turns off and the Slave (redundant module) is enabled. To make this happen, the pin representing the Master module slot in the **ALARM OUT** connector must be externally wired to the pin representing the Slave module slot in the **ALARM IN** connector. After wiring these contacts, take care to ensure that the Master and Slave modules are not moved to other slots. Otherwise, the **ALARM IN** and **ALARM OUT** connectors will need to be rewired to the appropriate pins.

Note:

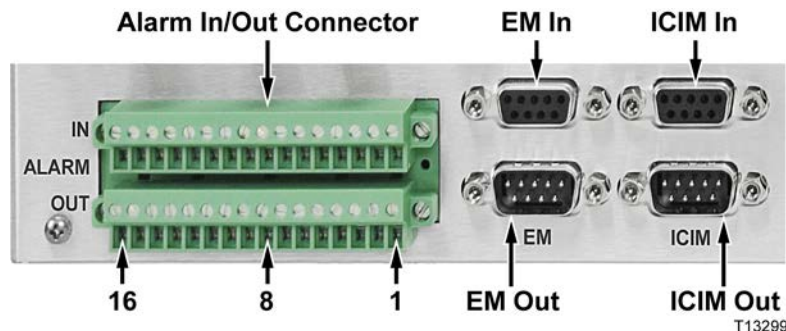
- Any device configured as Single or Master ignores its **ALARM IN** contacts.
- To verify proper wiring and redundant configuration, simply unplug the Master module and observe that the Slave module turns on.

ALARMS IN and ALARMS OUT Connector Illustration

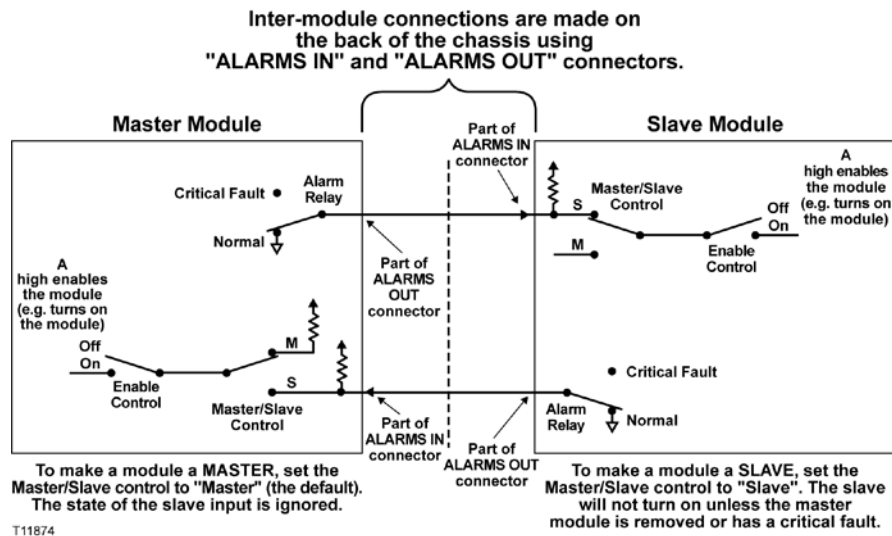
Standard Prisma II Chassis



Prisma II XD Chassis



Master/Slave Illustration



Redundancy Interface Panel

The Prisma II Redundancy Interface Panel is an accessory to the Prisma II platform. It is intended to be used with the master/slave feature and the contact closure alarm feature of the Prisma II platform.

The Prisma II Redundancy Interface Panel serves as an extension to the two DB-37 connectors labeled **ALARM IN** and **ALARM OUT** on the connector interface panel of the chassis. The terminals on the redundancy interface panel are extensions of pins on the **ALARMS OUT** and **ALARMS IN** connectors on the chassis.

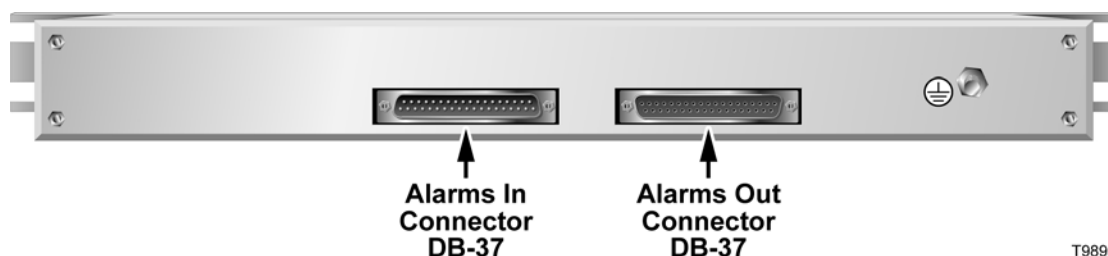
For additional information, see the *Prisma II Chassis Installation and Operation Guide*, part number 713375.

Prisma II Redundancy Interface Panel Illustrations

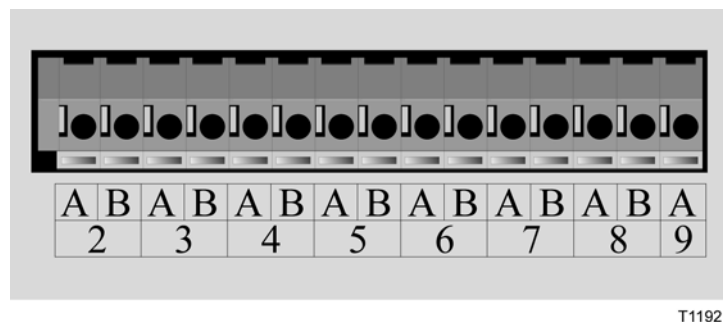
Front Panel



Back Panel



Close-up of Front Panel Terminal Strips



Independent Mode Redundancy

The use of Independent mode to configure redundancy for the module avoids the need for ALARM IN/ALARM OUT hard-wiring to define the Master-Slave relationships between receiver channels.

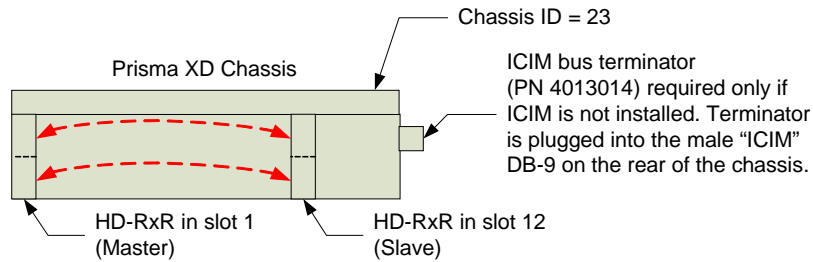
The only additional hardware requirement for Independent mode redundancy is that every chassis in the configuration must be connected to the same ICIM domain using an appropriate interconnect cable (part number 180143 or equivalent) through the chassis ICIM IN and ICIM OUT ports.

Note:

- Every chassis that does not have an ICIM installed but has an open ICIM IN or ICIM OUT connector on the back panel must have an ICIM bus terminator, part number 4013014 or equivalent, installed in the open ICIM connector (one terminator per chassis is sufficient).
- The ICIM itself is needed only to configure modules for redundant operation. It is not required to support actual redundant operation.

Example 1: Single Chassis Configuration

This example shows the control parameter values needed to define the Master-Slave relationship between two receiver modules installed in slots 1 and 12 of chassis 23.

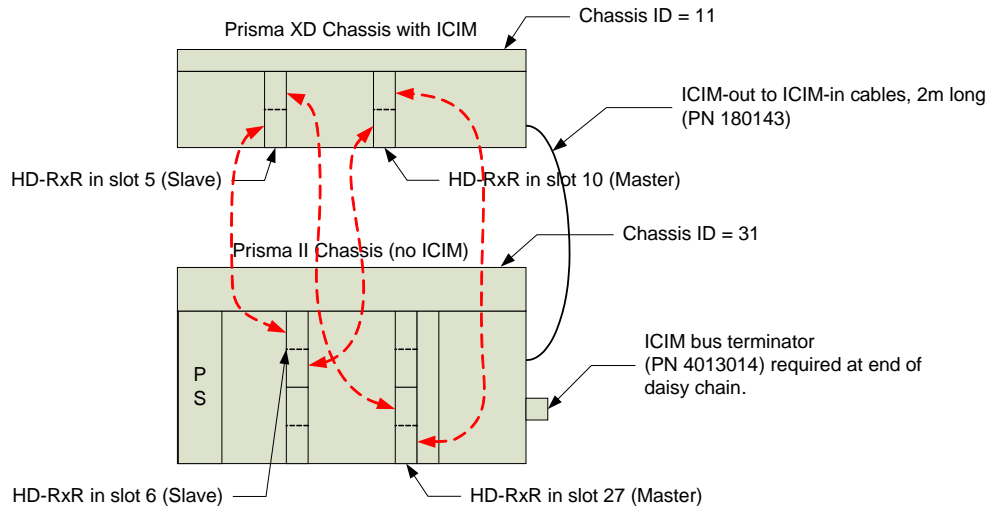


Control	Slot 1 Settings	Slot 12 Settings
Mode	Independent	Independent
Mode1	Master	Slave
Mode2	Master	Slave
Alarm1	Off	Off
Alarm2	Off	Off
Red1Chas	23	23
Red1Slot	12	1
Red1Sub	1	1
Red2Chas	23	23
Red2Slot	12	1
Red2Sub	2	2

Note: Because each receiver channel is individually configurable, pairs of control parameters (Mode 1 and Mode2, Alarm1 and Alarm2, etc.) are needed to define the settings for each module. All controls are described in *Module Parameter Descriptions* (on page 107).

Example 2: Multiple Chassis Configuration

This example shows the control parameter values needed to define a more complex Master-Slave relationship among four individual receiver channels in slots 6 and 27 of chassis 31 and slots 5 and 10 of chassis 11.



Control	Slot 5 Settings	Slot 10 Settings	Slot 6 Settings	Slot 27 Settings
Mode	Independent	Independent	Independent	Independent
Mode1	Slave	Slave	Slave	Master
Mode2	Master	Master	Slave	Master
Alarm1	Off	Off	Off	Off
Alarm2	Off	Off	Off	Off
Red1Chas	31	31	11	11
Red1Slot	27	27	5	5
Red1Sub	1	2	2	1
Red2Chas	31	31	11	11
Red2Slot	6	6	10	10
Red2Sub	1	2	2	1

In this example:

- Receiver 1 in slot 27 of chassis 31 is backed up by receiver 1 in slot 5 of chassis 11.
- Receiver 2 in slot 27 of chassis 31 is backed up by receiver 1 in slot 10 of chassis 11.
- Receiver 2 in slot 5 of chassis 11 is backed up by receiver 1 in slot 6 of chassis 31.
- Receiver 2 in slot 10 of chassis 11 is backed up by receiver 2 in slot 6 of chassis 31.

This configuration takes advantage of the ability to configure each receiver channel individually to provide greater flexibility in defining Master-Slave relationships.

3

Operation using ICIM

Introduction

The procedures in this chapter apply if you are using the Prisma II ICIM2 front-panel interface to configure and operate the module. For information on using CLI commands or the ICIM Web Interface to configure and operate the module, see the *Prisma II Platform Remote User Interface Guide, System Release 2.03*, part number 4025477.

Scope of This Chapter

Included in this chapter are descriptions of the ICIM2 front-panel keyboard and liquid crystal display (LCD), and detailed procedures on how to use front-panel menus to configure the module.

Note: You must use CLI commands or the ICIM Web Interface to configure and operate the module when using the ICIM2-XD. For details, see the *Prisma II Platform Remote User Interface Guide, System Release 2.03*, part number 4025477.

In This Chapter

■ ICIM Introduction.....	41
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■ Operating the ICIM	51
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ICIM Introduction

Laser Warning

**WARNING:**

- **Avoid personal injury! Use of controls, adjustments, or procedures other than those specified herein may result in hazardous radiation exposure.**
 - **Avoid personal injury! The laser light source on this equipment (if a transmitter) or the fiber cables connected to this equipment emit invisible laser radiation. Avoid direct exposure to the laser light source.**
 - **Avoid personal injury! Viewing the laser output (if a transmitter) or fiber cable with optical instruments (such as eye loupes, magnifiers, or microscopes) may pose an eye hazard.**
- Do not apply power to this equipment if the fiber is unmated or unterminated.
 - Do not stare into an unmated fiber or at any mirror-like surface that could reflect light emitted from an unterminated fiber.
 - Do not view an activated fiber with optical instruments (e.g., eye loupes, magnifiers, microscopes).
 - Use safety-approved optical fiber cable to maintain compliance with applicable laser safety requirements.
 - Even if the unit is off, there may still be hazardous optical levels present.

ICIM Function

The ICIM functions as the module-user interface as well as the interface between the Prisma II modules and the Transmission Networks Control Systems (TNCS).

The ICIM allows local module configuration and status monitoring for up to 140 modules located in multiple chassis. The ICIM features easy-to-use software that can be navigated locally on models equipped with a front-panel keypad and LCD display.

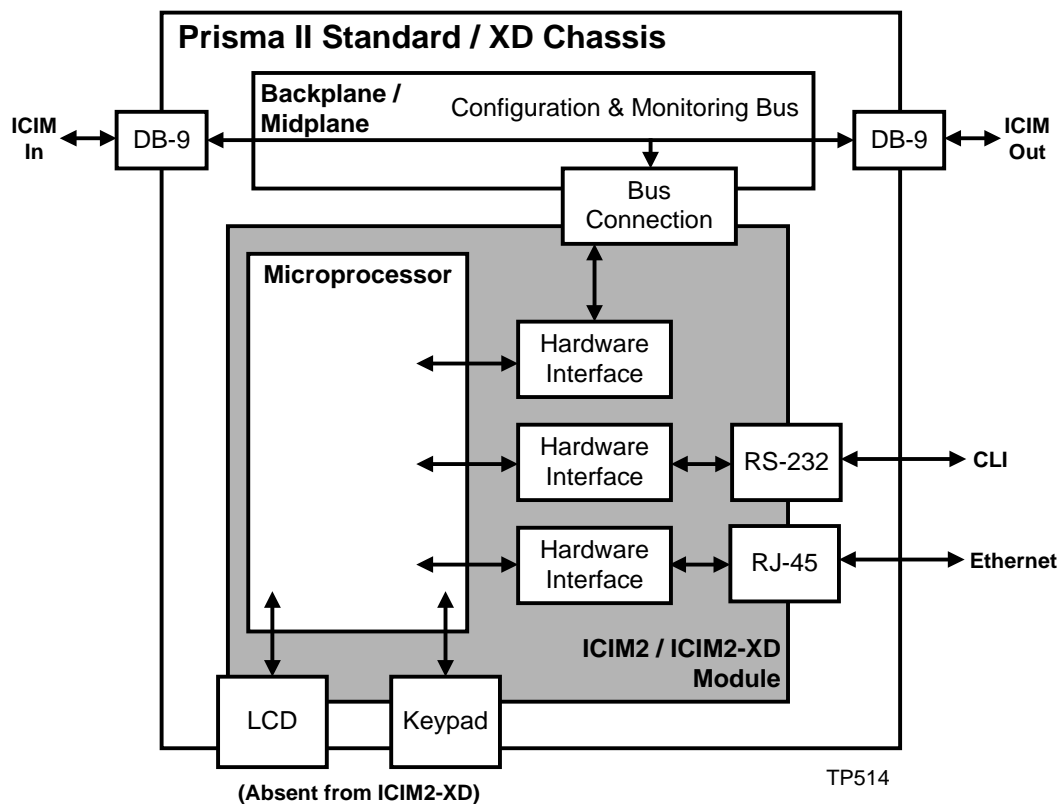
The ICIM can also be navigated remotely using CLI commands or the ICIM Web Interface. For additional information, see the *Prisma II Platform Remote User Interface Guide, System Release 2.03*, part number 4025477.

Important:

- Do not operate any Prisma II Chassis without a fan tray installed properly. If a fan tray is not installed in the Prisma II Chassis, the ICIM will not communicate with any of the modules in that chassis.
- All chassis connected in a daisy-chain must be powered and have a fan tray installed. A chassis that is connected but is either not powered, or does not have a fan tray installed will cause faulty operation of the ICIM.
- All chassis connected in this daisy-chain must have a unique chassis identification (ID) number.
- The last chassis in the daisy-chain must have a terminator installed in the ICIM OUT connector. Otherwise, faulty communication with the ICIM may occur.

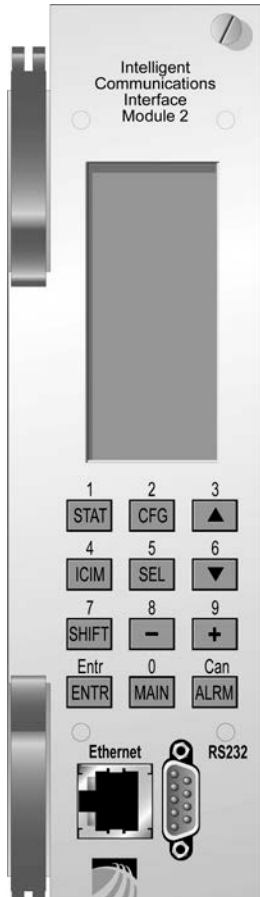
ICIM Block Diagram

A block diagram representing the ICIM2 or ICIM2-XD is shown below.



ICIM2 Front Panel

ICIM2 Illustration (Front Panel)



ICIM2 Front Panel Features

Part	Function
LCD screen	Displays the ICIM2 menus, alarms, and status information.
12-key numeric keypad	Used to navigate the ICIM2 menus and configure the application modules.
Ethernet connector	Directly connects the ICIM2 to an IP network. The ICIM2 Ethernet port is suitable for connection to intra-building wiring, non-exposed wiring or cabling only.
Yellow LED on Ethernet connector	Glows when the Ethernet port is operating in full duplex. Blinks when collisions occur on the Ethernet port.
Green LED on Ethernet connector	Glows when a link is established on the Ethernet port. Blinks during data activity on the Ethernet port.
RS232 connector	Used to connect a PC to the Prisma II system for CLI communication and setup.

ICIM LCD

The ICIM LCD is the operator's visual link to the ICIM software. When the ICIM is installed and powered up, the **MAIN** menu is displayed on the LCD.

ICIM MAIN Menu Illustration













The ICIM MAIN menu is shown below.

MAIN
Offline
Modules 15
Alarms 0
Scroll
Module Shelf Slot

TP011

ICIM Keypad

The ICIM keypad has 12 keys that allow you to input and monitor operational parameters. Each key and a brief description of its function are shown here.

Button	Function
	Displays status information for the selected module.
	Displays configuration information for the selected module.
	Displays all of the parameters in alarm for a selected module.
	Moves the menu selection area up. Also increases numerical readings of selected configuration parameters.
	Moves the menu selection area down. Also decreases numerical readings of selected configuration parameters.
	Selects the highlighted parameter.
	Displays ICIM module information such as firmware version, serial number, and baud rate.
	Shifts function of a keypad button to the function or number label just above that button.
	Decreases numerical readings of selected configuration parameters.
	Increases numerical readings of selected configuration parameters.
	Enters input data (if valid).
	Exits the current menu and displays the MAIN ICIM menu.

ICIM Password

The ICIM allows you to send configuration commands, change alarm thresholds, and restore factory default settings in Prisma II modules. To prevent unauthorized changes to these parameters, you have the option of using a password protection system. Password authorization only applies to configurable parameters. Status and alarm information is always available on the ICIM, regardless of password implementation.

Note: The following instructions pertain to the use of the ICIM2 front-panel interface (LCD and keyboard). Remote password and other administrative functions are also supported using CLI Commands or the ICIM Web Interface. For details, see the *Prisma II Platform Remote User Interface Guide, System Release 2.03*, part number 4025477.

Password Protection System

The ICIM menu options available in the password protection system are shown here.

ICIM Menu Option	Description
User Psw	A user-settable password. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Created, entered, and changed by the system operator(s) ■ Must be exactly eight digits, using only the 0-9 number keys
Change Psw	Changes an existing user password.
Disable Psw	Disables the user password function.
SA Psw	A service password used by factory personnel only.

Important: If you only want to monitor status and alarm data, skip the password function when it appears on the ICIM menu. You can access all module status and alarm information without a password.

However, once a user password is entered, you are required to enter it every time you want to set configurable parameters to any module controlled by that ICIM. Refer to *Expired Password or Inactive Password Messages* (on page 47) and *To Enter the User Password* (on page 47).

To Access the Password Menu

The Password menu allows you to create, enter, change, or disable the user password. It also allows service personnel to use the factory default password.

- 1 Press the **ICIM** key.
- 2 Use the **▼** key to scroll down until **Password** is highlighted.
- 3 Press the **SEL** key. The Password menu appears. **User Psw** is highlighted.

MAIN	ICIM	ICIM	ICIM
Offline	Shelf 7 Slot 15	Shelf 7 Slot 15	Shelf 7 Slot 15
Modules 0	Mfg Data	Mfg Data	User Psw
Alarms 0	Password IP Setup	Password IP Setup	SA Psw
Scroll	Update Adr	Update Adr	Change Psw
Module Shelf Slot			Disable Psw

TP012

Expired Password or Inactive Password Messages

The entry of a valid password allows changes to system parameters for a period of 10 minutes. If more than 10 minutes has passed since your last keystroke, and you attempt to make any changes to system parameters, the menu displays **Psw Expired**. If, after more than 10 minutes, you attempt to disable the password the menu displays **Failed, Password Not Active**. If either of these messages is displayed, you are required to re-enter the password. To re-enter the password, follow the procedure in *To Enter the User Password* (on page 47).

To Enter the User Password

To use the user password feature, you must create and enter a password of exactly eight digits using only the 0-9 number keys.

The password remains active for 10 minutes after your last keystroke. To change configuration parameters after 10 minutes, you must re-enter your password.

Complete the following steps to enter a user password.

- 1 Access the Password menu as shown in *To Access the Password Menu* (on page 46).
- 2 Press the **SEL** key. The user password menu appears.

- 3 When **User Psw/Shift Off** appears, press the **SHIFT** key to display **Shift On**, and then enter the eight digits of your password, using the 0-9 number keys.
 - To change a digit you have just typed, use the **CAN** (Cancel) function by pressing the **ALRM** key. This deletes the last digit typed.
- 4 Press the **ENTER** key to enter the password. The ICIM2 or ICIM2-XD display updates to show whether your password entry was accepted.
 - If the password is accepted, the word **Accepted** appears in the menu, and you are able to return to the MAIN menu.
 - If the password was rejected, the word **Rejected** appears in the menu. Reasons for a password to be rejected include:
 - Entering more than eight digits for the password.
 - Pressing keys other than the 0-9 number keys.
 - Entering an incorrect password if a valid password has been entered.

If the password is rejected, press the **SHIFT** key to return to the password menu and re-enter the password as described in step 3 above.

ICIM	ICIM	ICIM	ICIM
Shelf 0 Slot 15	Shelf 0 Slot 15	Shelf 0 Slot 15	Shelf 0 Slot 15
User Psw	User Psw *****	User Psw 1234****	User Psw 12345678
Shift Off	Shift On	Rejected Shift Off	Accepted Shift Off

TP013

To Change the User Password

If a user password has been entered, it may be changed. However, the current password must be active prior to changing it. If the current password has expired (more than 10 minutes have passed since your last keystroke), you must re-enter the current password before changing to a new one.

- 1 Access the Password menu as shown in the procedure *To Access the Password Menu* (on page 46).
- 2 Use the **▼** key to scroll down until **Change Psw** is highlighted.
- 3 Press the **SEL** key to select **Change Psw**.

- 4 When **Change Psw/Shift Off** appears, press the **SHIFT** key to display **Shift On**, and then enter the eight digits of your new password, using the 0-9 number keys. If at any time you input a digit that is incorrect or wish to change a digit, use the **CAN** (Cancel) function by pressing the **ALRM** key to delete that digit.
- 5 Press the **ENTER** key to input the new password.

Results:

 - The ICIM updates the display to show if your password entry was accepted or rejected.
 - If the entry was accepted, you are able to return to the MAIN menu.
- 6 If the new password you entered is rejected, press the **SHIFT** key to return to the password entry menu. Clear all digits using the **CAN** (Cancel) function, then re-enter an 8-digit password using only the 0-9 number keys. Press the **ENTER** key to input the password.

ICIM	ICIM	ICIM	ICIM
Shelf 7 Slot 15	Shelf 7 Slot 15	Shelf 7 Slot 15	Shelf 7 Slot 15
User Psw	Change Psw	Change Psw *****	Change Psw 87654321
SA Psw			
Change Psw			
Disable Psw	Shift Off	Shift On	Shift On

TP014

To Disable the User Password using ICIM

If a user password has been entered, you may disable it at any time. However, the current password must be active prior to disabling it. If the current password has expired (more than 10 minutes have passed since your last keystroke), you must re-enter the current password before disabling it.

- 1 Press the **ICIM** key.
- 2 Use the **▼** key to scroll down until **Password** is highlighted.
- 3 Press the **SEL** key.
- 4 Use the **▼** key to scroll down until **Disable Psw** is highlighted.
- 5 Press the **SEL** key to select **Disable Psw**.

Chapter 3 Operation using ICIM

- 6 If the current password is active, the menu displays **Password Is Now Disabled**. You can now make changes to parameters without any password.
- 7 If the current password has expired (more than 10 minutes have passed since your last keystroke), the menu displays **Failed, Password Not Active**. You must re-enter the current password and then repeat this procedure.

ICIM	ICIM	ICIM
Shelf 7 Slot 15	Shelf 7 Slot 15	Shelf 7 Slot 15
User Psw	Enter Psw 8765****	Enter Psw 87654321
SA Psw		
Change Psw	Password Is Now Disabled	Failed, Password Not Active
Disable Psw	Shift Off	Shift Off




TP015

Operating the ICIM

Using the ICIM

Once the module is installed, it runs without the aid of an operator. Unless alarms are generated or your system configuration changes, you should not need to make any adjustments to the module beyond the initial setup.

To Access the ICIM LCD Contrast

To access the ICIM LCD contrast control from the MAIN menu, press the  key. Use the  key to increase or the  key to decrease ICIM display contrast.

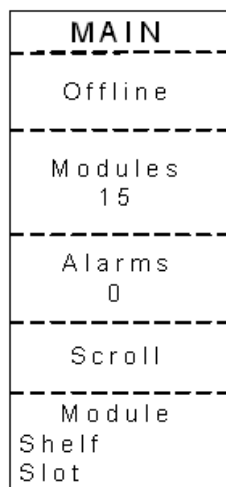
ICIM MAIN Menu

A few seconds after power-up, the MAIN menu appears. Press the  key to select the specific option.

Display	Description
Offline	Indicates TNCS or ROSA communication status with the ICIM2 or ICIM2-XD.
Modules	Indicates the number of modules in the ICIM2 or ICIM2-XD domain.
Alarms	Displays the number of currently active alarms. Selecting this option allows scrolling through all modules in alarm condition.
Scroll	Allows scrolling through all modules in the ICIM2 or ICIM2-XD domain.
Module Shelf Slot	Allows selection of any specific module in the ICIM2 or ICIM2-XD domain.

ICIM MAIN Menu Illustration

The ICIM MAIN menu is shown below.

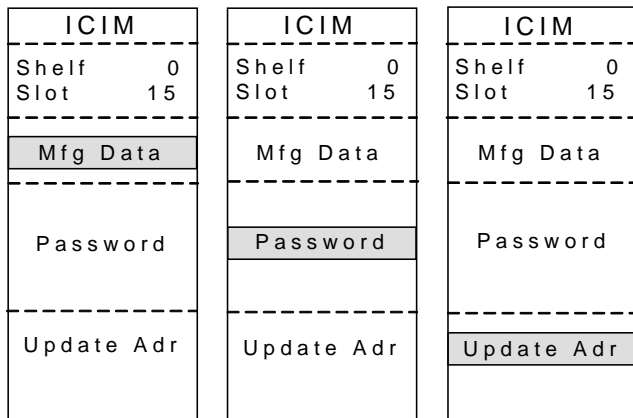


TP011

Prisma II ICIM Menu

To display the ICIM menu, press the **ICIM** key. The ICIM menu appears. Press the **SEL** key to select the specific option.

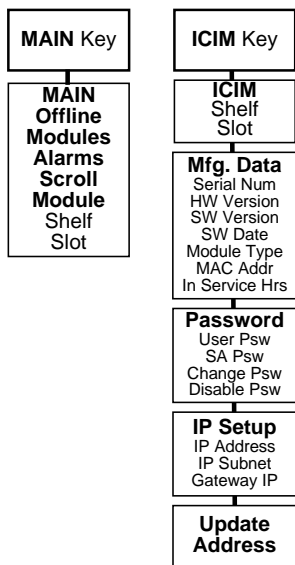
Display	Description
Shelf Slot	Displays the location of the ICIM2 or ICIM2-XD.
Mfg Data	Displays manufacturing data about the ICIM2 or ICIM2-XD.
Password	Allows you to enter, change, or disable a system password. See Using the ICIM Password earlier in this chapter.
Update Adr	If the Chassis ID number switch has been changed, you must highlight the Update Adr menu and press the SEL key for the ICIM2 or ICIM2-XD to recognize the change.



TP016

Prisma II MAIN Menu and ICIM Menu Structure

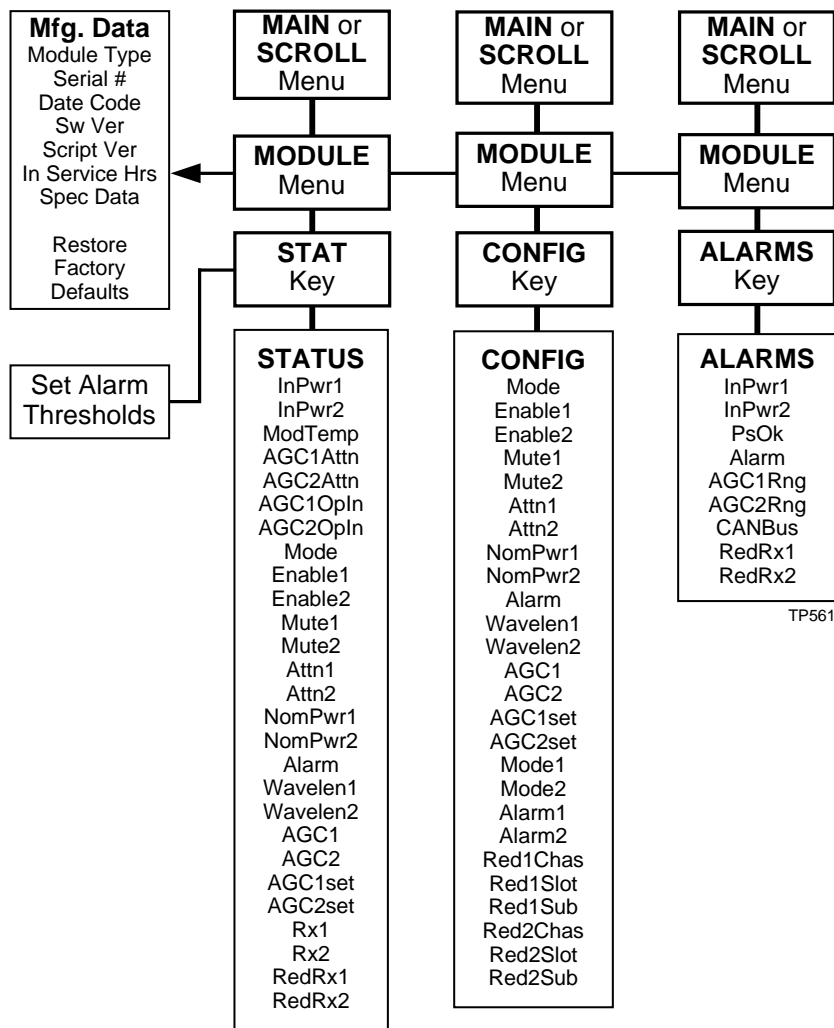
Pressing the **MAIN** key initiates the MAIN software menu. Pressing the **ICIM** key initiates the ICIM2 or ICIM2-XD software menu. The MAIN and ICIM software structures are shown below.



TP025

Prisma II Receiver Module Software Menu Structure






From the MAIN or SCROLL menus, you can navigate to the MODULE menu. From the MODULE menu, press the **STAT**, **CFG**, or **ALRM** key to display the desired parameter menu.






Checking the Operating Status using the ICIM





To Check the Operating Status using ICIM

You can use the ICIM to check the status of all operating parameters of this module. All status information is displayed on the ICIM LCD.

- 1 At the MAIN menu, press the  key to highlight the **Shelf** and **Slot** fields.
- 2 Press the  key to address the **Shelf** number. Then press the  key or the  key to scroll to the number of the desired shelf.
- 3 Press the  key.

Result: The **Slot** field is highlighted.

- 4 Press the  key or the  key to scroll to the number of the desired slot.
 - 5 Press the  key.
- Result:** The **MODULE** menu displays on the ICIM.

- 6 Press the  key.
 - 7 Press the  key or the  key to scroll through the monitored parameters until you find the parameter of interest.
 - 8 Check the status of the desired parameter or select other parameters to monitor.
- When finished, press the  key to return to the **MAIN** menu.

STATUS Menus

Press the **STAT** key to select the STATUS menu. Typical STATUS menus are shown below.

<table border="1"> <thead> <tr><th colspan="2">STATUS</th></tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr><td>Shelf</td><td>5</td></tr> <tr><td>Slot</td><td>12</td></tr> <tr><td colspan="2">-----</td></tr> <tr><td colspan="2">P2-HD-RXR-HG</td></tr> <tr><td colspan="2">-----</td></tr> <tr><td>InPwr1</td><td>1.173 dBm</td></tr> <tr><td>InPwr2</td><td>1.152 dBm</td></tr> <tr><td>▲</td><td>▼</td></tr> </tbody> </table>	STATUS		Shelf	5	Slot	12	-----		P2-HD-RXR-HG		-----		InPwr1	1.173 dBm	InPwr2	1.152 dBm	▲	▼	<table border="1"> <thead> <tr><th colspan="2">STATUS</th></tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr><td>Shelf</td><td>5</td></tr> <tr><td>Slot</td><td>12</td></tr> <tr><td colspan="2">-----</td></tr> <tr><td colspan="2">P2-HD-RXR-HG</td></tr> <tr><td colspan="2">-----</td></tr> <tr><td>ModTemp</td><td>34.00 degC</td></tr> <tr><td>Relay</td><td>Off</td></tr> <tr><td>▲</td><td>▼</td></tr> </tbody> </table>	STATUS		Shelf	5	Slot	12	-----		P2-HD-RXR-HG		-----		ModTemp	34.00 degC	Relay	Off	▲	▼	<table border="1"> <thead> <tr><th colspan="2">STATUS</th></tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr><td>Shelf</td><td>5</td></tr> <tr><td>Slot</td><td>12</td></tr> <tr><td colspan="2">-----</td></tr> <tr><td colspan="2">P2-HD-RXR-HG</td></tr> <tr><td colspan="2">-----</td></tr> <tr><td>AGC1Attn</td><td>0 dB</td></tr> <tr><td>AGC2Attn</td><td>0 dB</td></tr> <tr><td>▲</td><td>▼</td></tr> </tbody> </table>	STATUS		Shelf	5	Slot	12	-----		P2-HD-RXR-HG		-----		AGC1Attn	0 dB	AGC2Attn	0 dB	▲	▼	<table border="1"> <thead> <tr><th colspan="2">STATUS</th></tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr><td>Shelf</td><td>5</td></tr> <tr><td>Slot</td><td>12</td></tr> <tr><td colspan="2">-----</td></tr> <tr><td colspan="2">P2-HD-RXR-HG</td></tr> <tr><td colspan="2">-----</td></tr> <tr><td>AGC1OpIn</td><td>0 dBm</td></tr> <tr><td>AGC2OpIn</td><td>0 dBm</td></tr> <tr><td>▲</td><td>▼</td></tr> </tbody> </table>	STATUS		Shelf	5	Slot	12	-----		P2-HD-RXR-HG		-----		AGC1OpIn	0 dBm	AGC2OpIn	0 dBm	▲	▼	<table border="1"> <thead> <tr><th colspan="2">STATUS</th></tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr><td>Shelf</td><td>5</td></tr> <tr><td>Slot</td><td>12</td></tr> <tr><td colspan="2">-----</td></tr> <tr><td colspan="2">P2-HD-RXR-HG</td></tr> <tr><td colspan="2">-----</td></tr> <tr><td>Mode</td><td>Single</td></tr> <tr><td>Enable1</td><td>On</td></tr> <tr><td>▲</td><td>▼</td></tr> </tbody> </table>	STATUS		Shelf	5	Slot	12	-----		P2-HD-RXR-HG		-----		Mode	Single	Enable1	On	▲	▼	<table border="1"> <thead> <tr><th colspan="2">STATUS</th></tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr><td>Shelf</td><td>5</td></tr> <tr><td>Slot</td><td>12</td></tr> <tr><td colspan="2">-----</td></tr> <tr><td colspan="2">P2-HD-RXR-HG</td></tr> <tr><td colspan="2">-----</td></tr> <tr><td>Enable2</td><td>On</td></tr> <tr><td>Mute1</td><td>Off</td></tr> <tr><td>▲</td><td>▼</td></tr> </tbody> </table>	STATUS		Shelf	5	Slot	12	-----		P2-HD-RXR-HG		-----		Enable2	On	Mute1	Off	▲	▼
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













TP562

Note: For details on all operating status parameters, see *Module Parameter Descriptions* (on page 107).

Configuring the Module using the ICIM

To Configure Parameters using the ICIM

You can use the ICIM to configure the parameters of this module.

- 1 From the **MAIN** menu, press the  key to highlight the **Shelf** and **Slot** fields.
- 2 Press the  key to address the **Shelf** number. Then press the  key or the  key to scroll to the number of the desired shelf.
- 3 Press the  key.
Result: The **Slot** field is highlighted.
- 4 Press the  key or the  keys to scroll to the number of the desired slot.
- 5 Press the  key.
Result: The **MODULE** menu appears on the ICIM LCD.
- 6 To configure the module, press the  key.
- 7 Press the  key or the  key to scroll through the configurable controls until you find the parameter of interest.
- 8 Press the  key to select the highlighted control.
- 9 Press the  key or the  key to activate or change the value of the selected control.
- 10 Press the  key to save the changes and return to the **MAIN** menu.

Alarm Threshold Menus




Some typical alarm threshold menus are shown below.

STATUS		STATUS	
Shelf	5	Shelf	5
Slot	12	Slot	12
P2-HD-RXR-HG		P2-HD-RXR-HG	
InPwr1		InPwr2	
MajH3.200		MajH3.200	
MinH3.200		MinH3.200	
MinL-4.000		MinL-4.000	
MajL-20.00		MajL-20.00	

TP156

Note: For details on all alarm thresholds, see *Module Parameter Descriptions* (on page 107).

CONFIG Menus

When the **CONFIG** menu is selected, the **Shelf** number field is highlighted. The shelf and slot number fields may only be incremented with the  key or the  key. The  key highlights the **Slot** number field. Once you exit the slot field, the Up and Down arrows will scroll through the parameters that are specific to this module.

Sample **CONFIG** menus are shown below.

CONFIG	CONFIG	CONFIG	CONFIG
Shelf 5 Slot 16	Shelf 5 Slot 16	Shelf 5 Slot 16	Shelf 5 Slot 16
P2-HD-RXR-HG	P2-HD-RXR-HG	P2-HD-RXR-HG	P2-HD-RXR-HG
Mode Enable1 Enable2 Mute1 Mute 2 ▲ ▼	Attn1 Attn2 NomPwr1 NomPwr2 Alarm ▲ ▼	Wavelen1 Wavelen2 AGC1 AGC2 AGC1set ▲ ▼	AGC2set

TP518

Note: For details on all configurable parameters, see *Module Parameter Descriptions* (on page 107).













Checking Alarms using the ICIM

To Check Alarms using ICIM

Alarms fall into one of the following categories.





- Major low
- Minor low
- Minor high
- Major high

If the red ALARM LED on the front panel is blinking, a minor alarm condition is indicated. If the ALARM LED on the front panel is illuminated, a major alarm condition is indicated.

- 1 From the MAIN menu, press the  key to highlight the **Shelf** and **Slot** fields.
- 2 Press the  key to address the **Shelf** number. Then press the  key or the  keys to scroll to the number of the desired shelf.
- 3 Press the  key.
Result: The **Slot** field is highlighted.
- 4 Press the  key or the  key to Scroll to the number of the desired slot.
- 5 Press the  key.
Result: The **MODULE** menu displays on the ICIM.
- 6 Press the  key.
Result: Module alarm conditions display.
- 7 Use the  key or the  key to scroll through alarm conditions until the desired alarm is displayed.
- 8 Monitor the alarm condition(s). Take appropriate action. Verify that all settings and thresholds relating to the alarm indication are set correctly to rule out an unintended alarm.
- 9 When finished, press the  key to return to the MAIN menu.

ALARMS Menus

When a module **ALARMS** menu is selected, press the  key or the  key to scroll through alarms. Some typical **ALARMS** menus are shown below.












ALARMS		ALARMS	
Shelf	5	Shelf	5
Slot	12	Slot	12
P2-HD-RXR-HG		P2-HD-RXR-HG	
InPwr1 MajL		InPwr2 MajL	
 		 	

TP154

Note: For details on all alarm parameters, see *Module Parameter Descriptions* (on page 107).

To Set Adjustable Alarm Thresholds using the ICIM

You can use the ICIM to change the adjustable alarm thresholds of this module from their factory default values.










- At the MODULE menu, press the  key.
Result: The STATUS menu appears on the ICIM LCD.
 - Press the  key. The alarm thresholds previously set are displayed. If the label **n/a** is displayed, you cannot configure that alarm threshold. Press the  key to highlight the alarm threshold for the next parameter.
 - When the threshold that you wish to set is highlighted, press the  key.
 - Press the  key or the  key to change the increment size.
 - Press the  key or the  key to adjust the alarm threshold.
- Note:** Press the Cancel () key to return to the previous menu.
- Press the  key to save the changes.
Result: **Data Saved** displays.
 - When finished, press the  key to return to the MAIN menu.

Checking Manufacturing Data using the ICIM

To Check Manufacturing Data

You can display the manufacturing data for this module on the ICIM LCD.

Complete the following steps to access the manufacturing data.



- 1 From the MAIN menu, press the  key to highlight the **Shelf** and **Slot** fields.
- 2 Press the  key to address the **Shelf** number. Then press the  key or the  key to scroll to the number of the desired shelf.
- 3 Press the  key. The **Slot** field is highlighted.
- 4 Press the  key or the  key to scroll to the number of the desired slot.
- 5 Press the  key. The MODULE menu for this module will be selected, as shown on the left below. Press the  key to enter the start of the MFG. DATA menus, as shown on the right below.

MODULE	MFG. DATA
Shelf 5 Slot 12	Shelf 5 Slot 12
P2-HD-RXR-HG	P2-HD-RXR-HG
Alarms 1	Module Type
Mfg. Data	2022
▲ ▼	▲ ▼

TP563

Use the  and  keys to scroll through the manufacturing data.

MFG. DATA Menus

When the **MFG. DATA** menu is selected, the  key or the  key allows you to scroll through the manufacturing parameters specific to this module. Sample **MFG. DATA** menus are shown below.

MFG. DATA	MFG. DATA	MFG. DATA	MFG. DATA
Shelf 5 Slot 12	Shelf 5 Slot 12	Shelf 5 Slot 12	Shelf 5 Slot 12
P2-HD-RXR- HG	P2-HD-RXR- HG	P2-HD-RXR- HG	P2-HD-RXR- HG
Module Type 2022 ▲ ▼	Serial # ^ABCDEFGF Date Code A06 ▲ ▼	Sw Ver CF_CCB3 Script Ver N/A ▲ ▼	In Service Hours 25 ▲ ▼

TP564

Note: For details on all manufacturing data parameters, see *Module Parameter Descriptions* (on page 107).

Saving the Configuration using the ICIM

To Save the Current Configuration

- 1 After you have changed a parameter or entered data, press the **ENTER** key to save the changes and return to the MAIN menu.
- 2 If you do not save your changes for two minutes, or if you press the **SHIFT** **CAN** keys at the same time, changes are aborted and the display returns to the MAIN menu.

Configuration Complete

If no alarms are indicated after using the ICIM to configure this module to your system specifications, no further action is necessary. The module operates without further input. Alarms, changes in operating parameters, electrical power fluctuations, or changes in system design may be cause for additional action.

SNMP Configuration

The IP Setup item in the ICIM menu lets you enter an IP address, IP subnet, and Gateway IP to configure the ICIM for remote status monitoring and control by a Simple Network Management Protocol (SNMP) network management system.

This section does not describe SNMP implementation. Refer to your SNMP manager documentation or management information base (MIB) information for instructions on implementing SNMP, Version 1.

All of this configuration is also available through the Boot Dialog. The Boot Dialog also allows community names and the default port number for traps to be changed.

Note: Contact Customer Service for MIB files. Refer to *Customer Support Information* (on page 105) for assistance center phone numbers.

SNMP Considerations

The following items should be considered when implementing SNMP.

- The SNMP connection is made through the Ethernet port on the front of the ICIM2 or ICIM2-XD. (Use 10baseT cable with an RJ-45 connector.) In order to meet the requirements of GR1089-CORE, a shielded cable must be used and both ends must be grounded.
- The network management system (NMS) must be installed behind a firewall to prevent any ill-intentioned persons with an SNMP manager from accessing and tampering with the ICIM2 or ICIM2-XD.
- When the ICIM2 or ICIM2-XD has to handle excessive SNMP traffic, it will respond slowly to both SNMP control and front panel input. If this occurs, reduce the update rate of the SNMP manager.


Basic SNMP Setup

Refer to your SNMP manager documentation or MIB information for instructions on implementing SNMP. Before you can use and reconfigure SNMP services, you need to know the community strings in your network and the IP addresses or computer names for SNMP management hosts to which traps are sent.


To Set Up the IP Configuration Parameters for SNMP Support using ICIM


- 1 Press the ICIM key.
Result: The ICIM menu appears.
- 2 Select the **Password** menu and enter the User Password.
Result: The ICIM allows configuration changes for the next 10 minutes.

Note: Refer to your specific hardware Installation and Operation Guide for more information on using, entering, or changing the ICIM user password.



- 3 Press the  key.


Result: The ICIM menu appears.

- 4 Use the  key to scroll down until **IP Setup** is highlighted.

- 5 Press the  key.

Result: The IP Setup menu appears.




- 6 Use the  or  keys to scroll to and highlight the desired configuration parameter; IP Address, IP Subnet, or Gateway IP.




- 7 Press the  key.

Result: The Adjust menu for the selected IP parameter displays and the first segment of the address is highlighted.

- 8 Enter the correct numbers for the first segment of the address.

Note: One of two methods can be used to enter the numbers, as follows:

- Press the  or  keys to increase/decrease the number to set value.
- Press the  key to change to the numeric entry mode. Confirm that **Numlock On** appears on the front panel LCD. Then enter the exact number using the number keys on the 12-key numeric keypad.

- 9 Press the  key to accept your entry and move to the next address segment to the right. You can also use the  or  keys to move to the address segment of your choice.

Note: If you are using the numeric entry mode, the cursor moves to the next address segment to the right automatically after you enter the last digit of the current address segment.

- 10 Repeat steps 8 and 9 until all address segments are entered.

Result: After you enter the last address segment and press the Enter key, the system returns to the IP Setup menu.

- 11 Repeat steps 6 through 10 for each IP Setup parameter that you need to enter.

- 12 Restart the ICIM.

Important: IP Setup parameters do not take effect until the ICIM is restarted.

To Restart the ICIM by Removing the ICIM

- 1 Unscrew the captive screw near the top right-hand corner of the ICIM.
- 2 Unlock the top and bottom ejector levers near the left-hand side of the ICIM.
- 3 Pull the ejector levers out and away from the front panel to disconnect the ICIM from the chassis backplane connector.
- 4 Pull the ICIM at least 1.5 inches (3.81 cm) out from the front of the chassis to ensure that it is fully separated from the chassis backplane connector.
- 5 Reinsert the ICIM into the chassis until the ejector levers insert into their respective slots in the chassis.
- 6 Push the ejector levers in and flat against the ICIM front panel to reconnect the ICIM to the backplane connector until the ejector levers lock in place.
- 7 Screw in the captive screw to secure the ICIM in the chassis.

Community Strings

Default Community Strings

The community string provides primitive security and context checking for both agents and managers that request and initiate trap operations. An agent does not accept a request from a manager outside the community.

Community strings that the ICIM2 or ICIM2-XD expects are:

Read Community	public
Write Community	private
Trap Community	SNMP_trap

Setting SNMP Trap Receiver Parameters

You can use the SNMP trap receiver parameters to specify up to five IP addresses to which proprietary traps will be sent. You can also specify the events that will result in a trap being sent to the network management systems at these IP addresses.

The Cold Start trap will always be sent to all network management systems. The Authentication Failure trap will also be sent to all trap receivers if the `snmpEnableAuthenTraps` is set to Enabled.

You can specify which enterprise specific traps are sent to each trap receiver by setting variables in the `P2TrapRecv` table.

To Set Traps for a Specific IP Address using `P2TrapRecvEntry`

Entries to the `P2TrapRecvEntry` file can be made to send the trap information to a trap handler. The SNMP agent automatically sends an alert when the value of an object changes or exceeds a predefined threshold.

- 1 On an SNMP manager, go to the `P2TrapRecvEntry` table.
- 2 Type the IP address to which you want the trap sent.
- 3 Select **Enable** from the drop-down list.

Result: The new IP address is enabled and traps are sent to this IP address. Any changes are immediately stored to the EEPROM, so the changes are not lost if power is lost or the ICIM is reset.

New SNMP Variables

Support for traps requires additional data available through SNMP. This additional data may be useful even if not using traps.

SNMP is the only way this additional data can be accessed. It cannot be accessed through the ICIM front panel or an SMC interface.

Table of Inserted Modules

This table is named `p2InsertModuleTable`. It contains a list of modules inserted since the last time the ICIM was reset or told to update the chassis ID for all modules. It does not include modules found when the initial search for modules is performed.

The modules are displayed in chronological order, with the most recently inserted module always being in index position 1. If the number of modules inserted exceeds the capacity of the table, the oldest entries are deleted.

This table only contains the chassis and slot ID for a detected module. It is necessary to look at the other tables for more information.

Each row of this table is made up of the following variables:

Variable	Description
<code>p2InsertModuleIndex</code>	The index for this table. The most recently inserted module is always in index position 1.
<code>p2InsertModuleChassisID</code>	The chassis ID number of the new module.
<code>p2InsertModuleSlotID</code>	The slot ID number of the new module.

Table of Removed Modules

This table is named `p2RemoveModuleTable`. It contains a list of modules removed since the last time the ICIM was reset or told to update the chassis ID for all modules.

The modules are displayed in chronological order, with the most recently removed module always being in index position 1. If the number of modules removed exceeds the capacity of the table, the oldest entries are deleted.

If a module is removed before the "plug-and-play" data is read in, the type, name, and serial number are blank.

Each row of this table is made up of the following variables:

Variable	Description
p2RemoveModuleIndex	The index for this table. The most recently removed module is always in index position 1.
p2RemoveModuleChassisID	The chassis ID number of the removed module.
p2RemoveModuleSlotID	The slot ID number of the removed module.
p2RemoveModuleName	The name of the removed module. This is the name from the plug-and-play data for this module, and matches what the ICIM and SNMP display as the name. TNCS and LCI may use a different name.
p2RemoveModuleType	The TNCS type number of the removed module. This number uniquely identifies every type of module.
p2RemoveModuleSerialNum	The serial number of the removed module. This information is needed to determine if a module has been replaced with one that is the same type.

Previous IP Address

This variable is named p2PreviousIP. When the IP of the ICIM is changed using the front panel, this variable returns the previous ICIM IP address. It returns 0.0.0.0 until the IP address of the ICIM is changed for the first time.

Boot Dialog for ICIM/SNMP Configuration

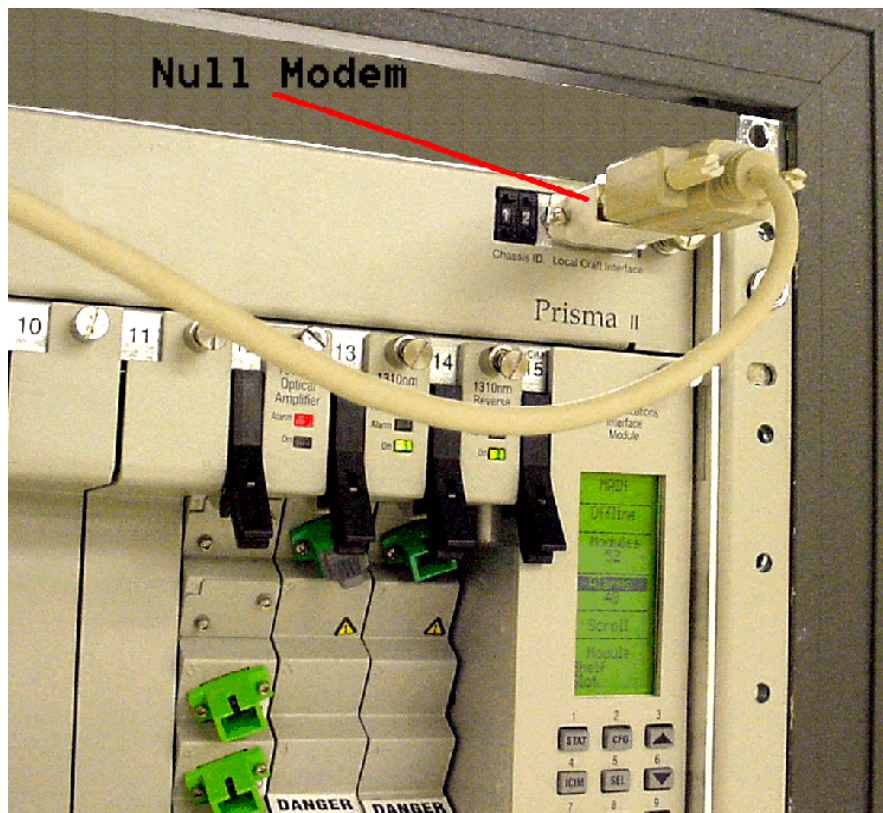
The boot dialog is presented whenever the ICIM is powered up (a cold boot). It is accessible via the LCI communications port on the front of the chassis.

Important: A null modem is required along with a terminal emulator program, such as HyperTerminal on a Windows PC.

The serial port on the PC used by the terminal emulator program should be set up with these parameters:

- 9600 baud
- 8 data bit
- No parity bit
- 1 stop bit

This parameter is often displayed as: 9600 8-N-1



The boot dialog's primary use is to flash a new version of the ICIM application via a TFTP server.

Important: Do this only under the direction of Cisco Services.

During a flash operation, the low-level parameters can be changed, including community strings, port number for traps, IP address, etc.

The procedures below initially tell the ICIM that it is to be updated (flashed), whereupon it presents a configuration dialog. After new values are entered and saved, the ICIM is told to **not** update the program and proceed to normal ICIM operations.

To Prepare to Change Parameters

- 1 When the ICIM is powered up, it presents a summary screen along with a prompt to "...press any key within 5 seconds."

Result: The following information appears.

```
Start-Up Configuration Dialog
Copyright (c) 2000 - 2004, Cisco Systems, Inc.
-----
START-UP MODE:
  Run ICIM Application
NETWORK INTERFACE PARAMETERS:
  IP address on LAN is 192.133.194.219
  LAN interface's subnet mask is 0xffffffff
SNMPv1 COMMUNITY:
  Read Community: public           Write Community: private
  Trap Community: SNMP_trap       Trap Port: 162
HARDWARE PARAMETERS:
  Serial channels will use a baud rate of 9600
  Board's Serial Number is ^AAIIJHC
HARDWARE PARAMETERS:
  ICIM BSP Revision: ICIM Boot Rom, Rev: BT 0204 (02-23-2004)
  MPC860 (Rev 0.2) CPU running at 49 Mhz with 5 Mhz input clock
  ICIM Board with 16 Mbytes DRAM and 4 Mbytes App FLASH and 2 Mbytes Boot
  FLASH
  This board's Ethernet hardware address is 0:2:DE:1:2:3
BOOT ROM PARAMETERS:
  IP address of the TFTP host is 192.133.194.4
  The file to download and start is ram.crc
  After board is reset, start-up code will wait 5 seconds
-----
To change any of this, press any key within 5 seconds.
```

Note: During the first couple of seconds, the ICIM does not respond to a key press.

- 2 Press any key repeatedly until the following prompt appears.

```
(M)odify any of this or (C)ontinue? [M]
```

- 3 Press **Enter** to get the default value for Modify.

```
For each of the following questions, you can press < Return > to
select the value shown in braces, or you can enter a new value.
How should the board boot?
1. pROBE+ (for debugging)
2. TFTP (for code download)
3. Run ICIM Application
Which one do you want? [3] 2
```

- 4 Select **2** for TFTP.

Note: We will **not** be doing a code download, but this gets access to the rest of the parameters dialog.

To Change Parameters

Below is an example dialog where one of the parameters (Trap Community) is changed. Any of the parameters can be changed, although some should be changed only with the advice of a Cisco Services representative.

Note: Hardware parameters (serial channel baud rate, serial number, and board Ethernet address) should **not** be changed.

```

NETWORK INTERFACE PARAMETERS:
Do you want a LAN interface? [Y]
This board's LAN IP address(0.0.0.0 = RARP)? [192.133.194.219]
Subnet mask for LAN (0 for none)? [255.255.255.0]
Should there be a default gateway for packet routing? [Y]
What is its IP address? [192.133.194.254]
SNMP COMMUNITY STRINGS:
Read Community [public]
Write Community [private]
Trap Community [SNMP_trap] ICIM_Trap
Trap Port for P2 traps [162]
HARDWARE PARAMETERS:
Baud rate for serial channels [9600]
Enter the Serial number? [^AAIIJHC]
HARDWARE PARAMETERS:
Do you want to change the board's Ethernet address? [N]
BOOT ROM PARAMETERS:
IP address of the TFTP Boot server to boot from? [192.133.194.4]
What is the name of the file to be loaded and started? [ram014.crc]
How long (in seconds) should CPU delay before starting up? [5]

```

Each time a prompt is given, the default value is displayed in square brackets.

- 1 Press **Enter** to retain the current value and move onto the next parameter.

Note: As an example in the above screen, the Trap Community string has been changed to a new value. The prompt for delay time is the last one before the summary screen is presented.

- 2 Press any key repeatedly until the following prompt appears.

```
(M)odify any of this or (C)ontinue? [M]
```

- 3 Press **Enter** to get the default value for Modify.

To Restart the ICIM using ICIM

The boot selection dialog appears again.

```

For each of the following questions, you can press < Return > to select the
value shown in braces, or you can enter a new value.
How should the board boot?
1. pROBE+ (for debugging)
2. TFTP (for code download)
3. Run ICIM Application
Which one do you want? [2] 3

```

- 1 Select **3** to indicate that the normal ICIM application should be run (instead of TFTP).

Result: The summary page appears.

- 2 Do nothing and when the 5 second timeout expires, the ICIM restarts normally.

Adjusting Alarm Thresholds

To Adjust Alarm Thresholds

Relative alarm thresholds are both displayed and stored as relative values. This method for adjusting alarm thresholds lets you choose any valid increment size and adjust the alarm threshold to any valid value.

You can use the ICIM to change the adjustable alarm thresholds of this module from their factory default values.

- 1 At the MODULE menu, press the **STAT** key.
Result: The STATUS menu appears on the ICIM LCD.
- 2 Press the **SEL** key. The alarm thresholds previously set are displayed. If the label **n/a** is displayed, you cannot configure that alarm threshold. Press the **▼** key to highlight the alarm threshold for the next parameter.
- 3 When the threshold that you wish to set is highlighted, press the **ENTER** key.
- 4 Press the **▼** key or the **▲** key to change the increment size.
- 5 Press the **+** key or the **-** key to adjust the alarm threshold.
Note: Press the Cancel (**ALRM**) key to return to the previous menu.
- 6 Press the **ENTER** key to save the changes.
Result: **Data Saved** displays.
- 7 When finished, press the **MAIN** key to return to the MAIN menu.

4

Operation using LCI

Introduction

This chapter provides LCI installation instructions and detailed descriptions of how to use LCI. This chapter applies to you if you are using the Local Craft Interface (LCI) to operate a module.

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■ LCI Introduction	76
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■ Starting LCI Software	83
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■ Checking the Module Alarms using LCI	95
■ Modifying Module Alarm Limits using LCI	97
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LCI Introduction

LCI Function

LCI is software that functions as a user interface for the Prisma II platform. LCI is installed on a computer, which is then connected to a Prisma II Chassis. Using LCI, you can configure and monitor the modules in the chassis to which the computer is connected.

Important: Do not operate any Prisma II Chassis without a fan tray installed. If a fan tray is not installed in the Prisma II Chassis, the LCI will not communicate with any of the power supplies in that chassis.

System Requirements

You will need the following computer software and hardware to run LCI.

Computer Requirements

- Pentium II 300 MHz processor or equivalent
- 128 MB RAM
- 10 MB available hard drive space
- CD-ROM Drive
- Windows 95 or later operating system software

Cable Requirements

The required cable is a standard serial extension cable, DB9 Female to DB9 Male. This cable can be purchased locally or ordered from the factory as part number 180143. The connectors are a serial 9-pin D-shell (EIA 574/232).

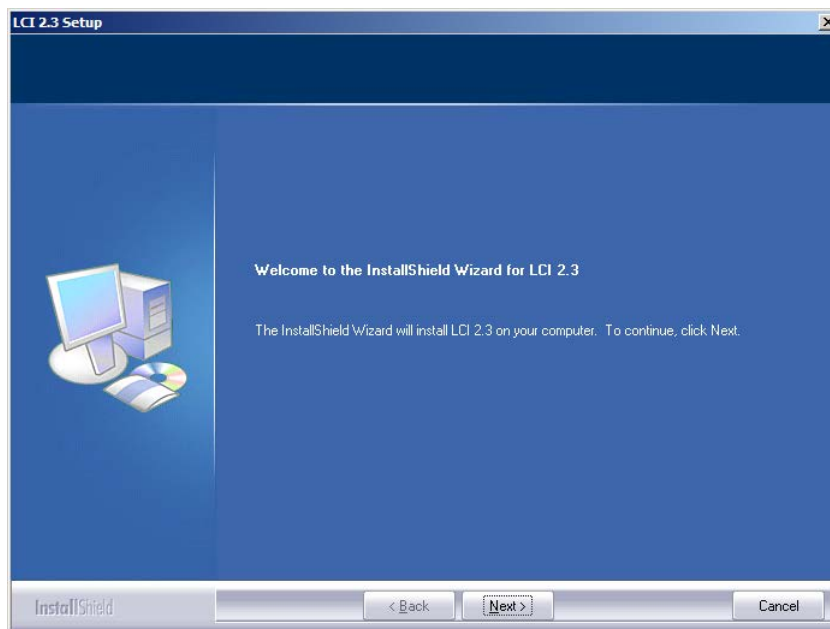
Installing LCI

This section describes how to install your LCI software.

To Install the LCI Software

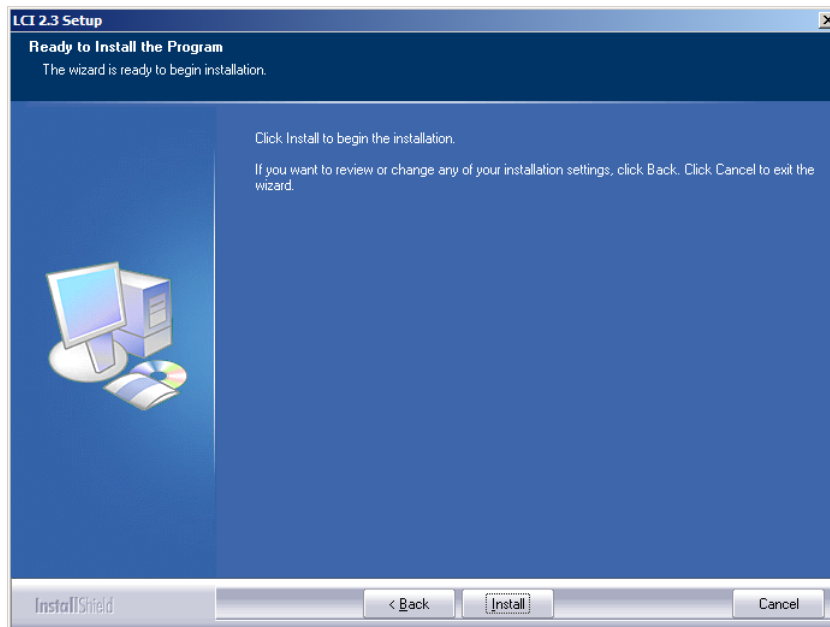
Complete the following steps to install the LCI software.

- 1 Obtain the LCI installation program from customer support and copy the program file to your Windows desktop. See *Customer Support Information* (on page 105) to locate customer support for your area.
- 2 Launch the LCI installation program. The Welcome screen appears as shown in the following illustration.



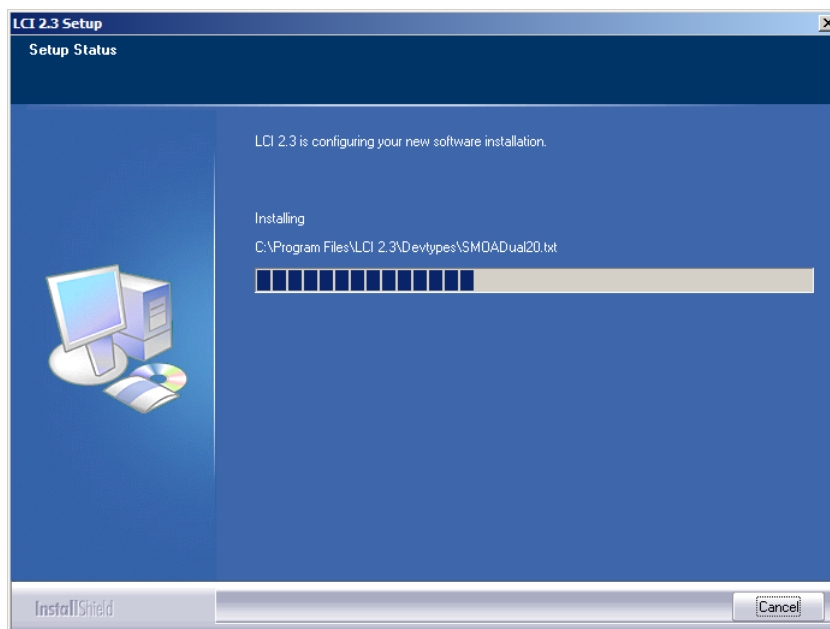
- 3 Click **Next** to continue with the installation process.

Result: The Ready to Install the Program screen appears as shown in the following illustration.

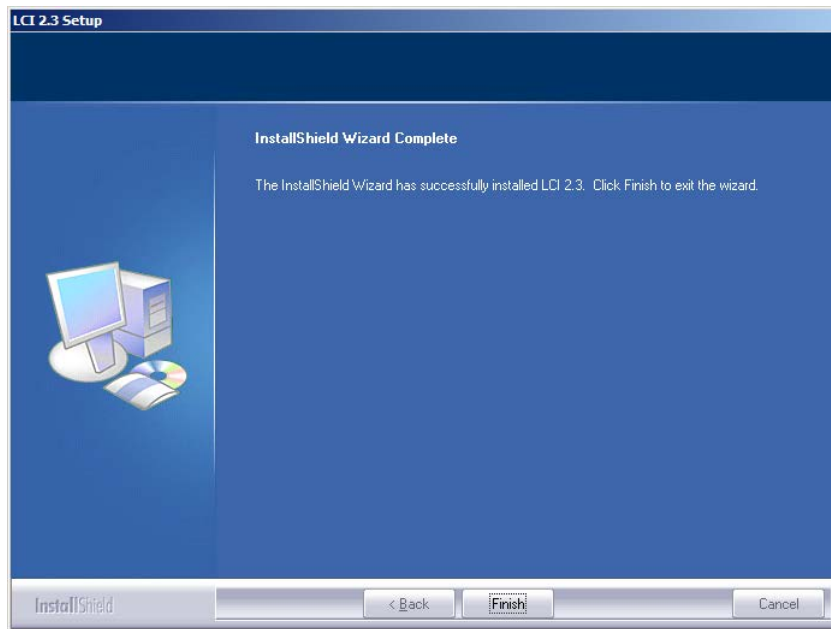


- 4 Click **Install** to begin installation.

Result: After a moment, the **Setup Status** screen appears displaying a progress indicator, as shown in the following illustration.



- 5 When finished, the InstallShield Wizard Complete screen appears, as shown in the following illustration.



- 6 Click **Finish** to exit the Install wizard.

Result: An LCI shortcut is placed on your Windows desktop, as shown in the following illustration.



The LCI software is now ready to use.

Connecting Your Computer to the Chassis

Before you start LCI, you must first connect your computer to the chassis that contains the module(s) you want to check.

Important:

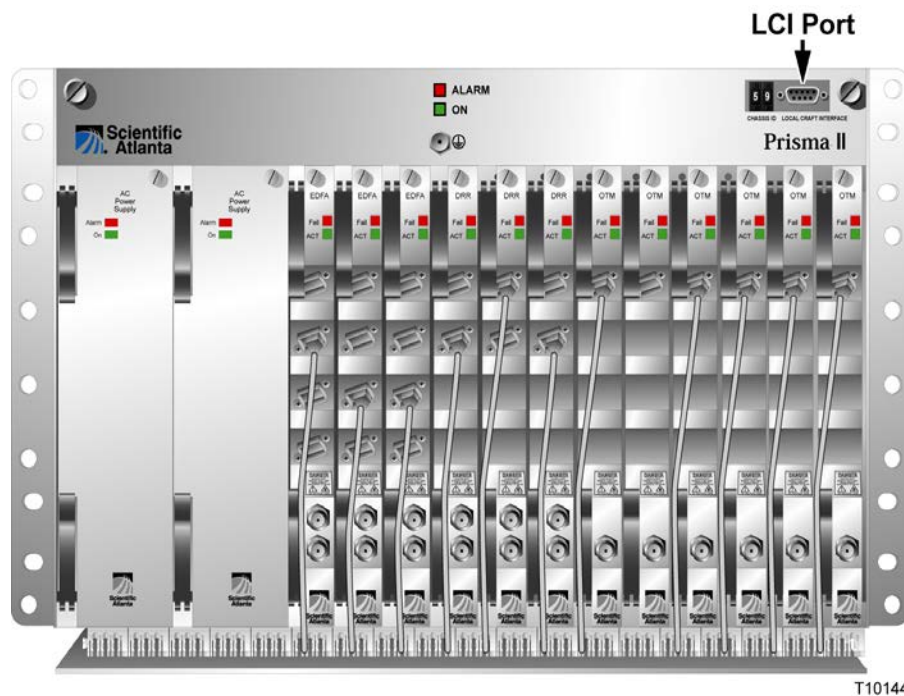
- LCI only communicates with modules installed in the chassis to which your computer is connected. To check other modules, you must connect your computer to the chassis in which they are installed.
- If LCI does not communicate with a module in the chassis to which your computer is connected, it may be necessary to update the LCI application.

To Connect a Computer to the Chassis

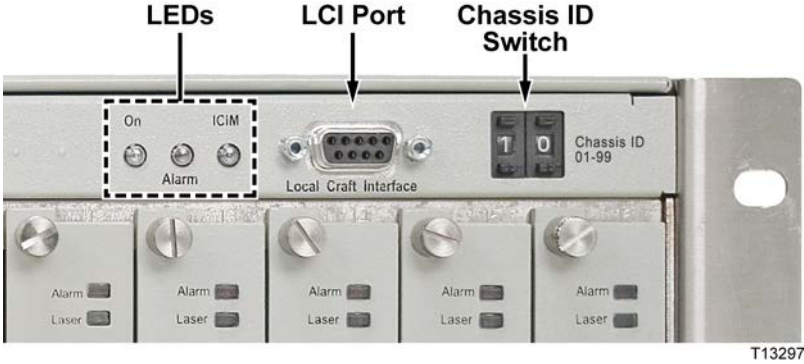
Complete the following steps to connect your computer to the chassis.

- 1 Plug one end of a 9-pin RS-232serial extension cable into your computer.
- 2 Plug the other end of the cable into the LCI port, labeled **Local Craft Interface**.

Standard Prisma II Chassis



Prisma II XD Chassis (Top Right Corner Detail)



T13297

Starting LCI Software

When you start LCI, it polls the module(s) located in the chassis to which your computer is attached. For each module it finds, LCI does the following:

- Represents the module in the module tree of the main LCI window
- Makes the polling information available so you can check and configure various parameters

Important: Your computer must be connected to the chassis before you start LCI. For instructions, refer to *Connecting Your Computer to the Chassis* (on page 81).

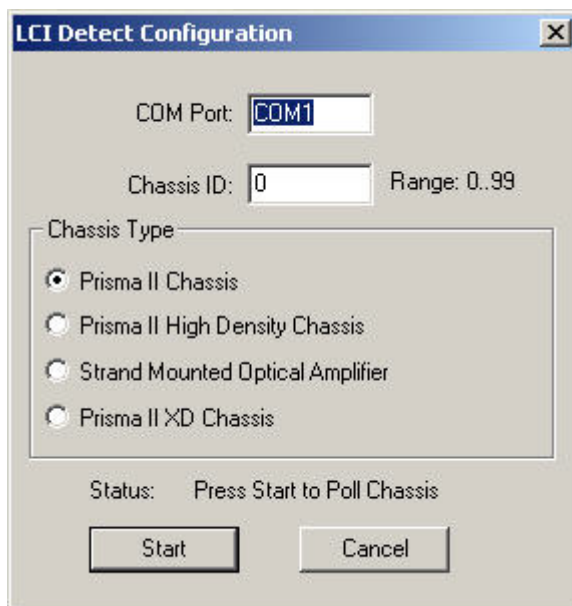
To Start LCI Software

Complete the following steps to start the LCI software.

- 1 Double-click the LCI icon on your Windows desktop.

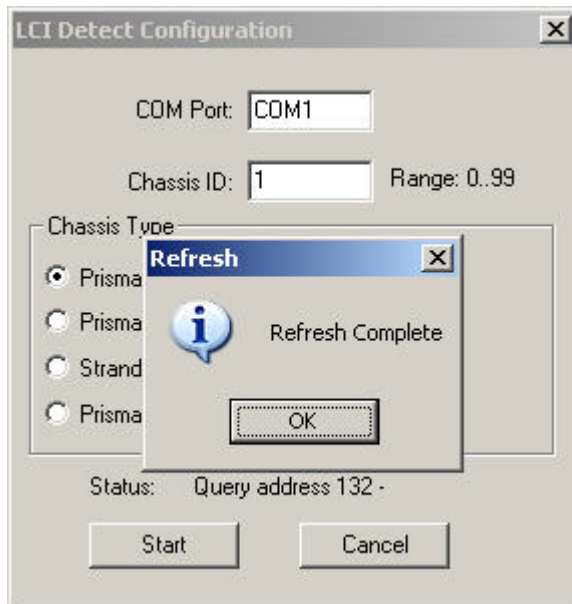


Result: The LCI Detect Configuration window appears as shown below.



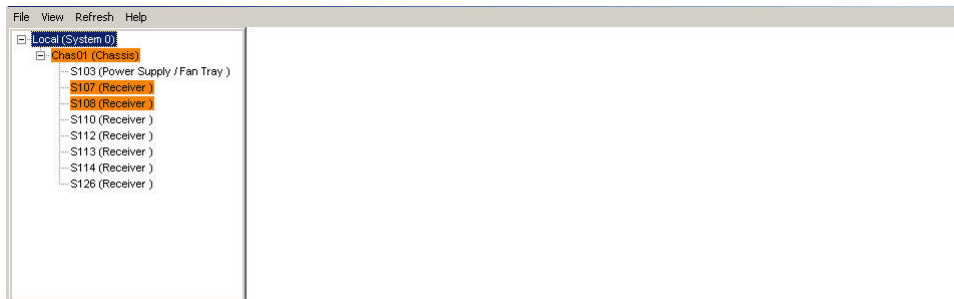
- 2 In the LCI Detect Configuration window, select the appropriate COM port, chassis ID, and chassis type, and then click **Start**.

Result: LCI polls the modules in the chassis, and when finished, displays a Refresh Complete message.



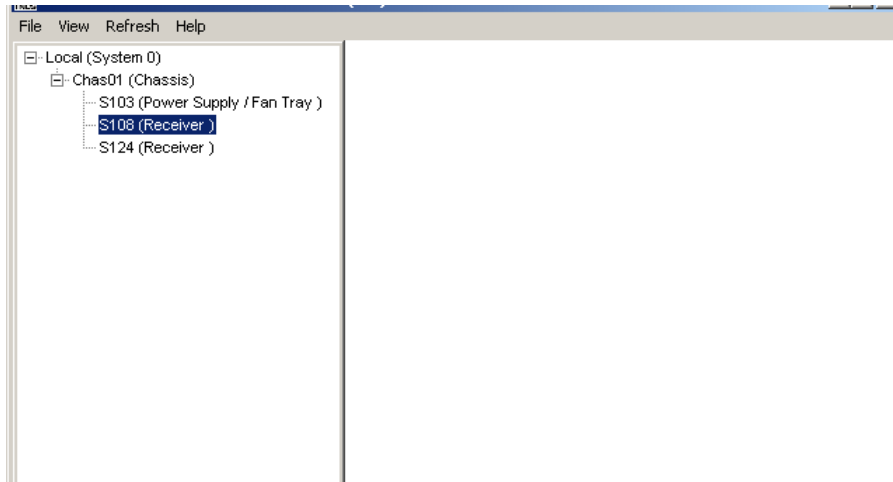
- 3 Click OK to continue with LCI startup.

Result: The main LCI window appears as shown in the example below.



LCI Module Tree

The LCI main window contains a tree that represents your system in a hierarchical manner.



Module Tree

The module tree represents a computer connected to a chassis that contains five modules. The three tree levels are described in the following table.

Module Tree Level	Description
Local (System 0)	Computer being used
Chass00 (Chassis)	Chassis the computer is connected to
Sxx (Module name)	<p>Module(s) located within the chassis. Each module is of the format <i>chassis slot location (module name)</i>.</p> <p>Slot location is from 17-32 if the module is located at the lower slot of the host module. The slot number will be the regular upper slot number plus 16.</p> <p>Example: In the module tree graphic, S24 (Receiver) represents a receiver located in slot 24 of the chassis (lower half of slot 8).</p>

Accessing the Module Detail Information

The Module Details window displays information about module parameters, alarms, and status. You can access this window from the module tree using any of these methods:

- Double-click the chassis and select the module in the graphic that appears.
- Right-click the chassis and select **Open** from the menu that appears.
- Double-click the module.
- Right-click the module and select **Details** from the menu that appears.

This section describes the steps for accessing module information using all of these methods. In practice, use the method most convenient for you.

Module Details Window

The Module Details window displays slightly different information depending on the module operating mode.

- In Single mode, the Module Details screen window appears as shown in the following example.

The screenshot shows a window titled "P2-HD-RXR" with the following sections:

Parameters						
	Present Value	Present Status	Nominal Value	Minor-Alarm Low-Limit	Minor-Alarm High-Limit	Major-Alarm Low-Limit
Rx 1 Optical Input Power	1.4	Normal	0.0	-4.0	3.2	-20.0
Rx 2 Optical Input Power	0.6	Normal	0.0	-4.0	3.2	-20.0

Alarms

Summary Status	Normal
Communication Status	Normal
Power Supply Status	Normal
Forced Alarm Status	Normal
AGC 1 Range Status	Normal
AGC 2 Range Status	Normal

Status

Module Temperature	33.3	deg-C
AGC 1 Attenuator	0.00	dB
AGC 2 Attenuator	0.00	dB
AGC 1 Opt Inp Pwr	-2.7	dBm
AGC 2 Opt Inp Pwr	0.0	dBm

Controls

Mode Select	Single	
Rx 1 Receiver Enable	On	
Rx 2 Receiver Enable	On	
Rx 1 Mute Switch	Off	
Rx 2 Mute Switch	Off	
Rx 1 Attenuator	0.00	dB
Rx 2 Attenuator	0.00	dB
Rx 1 Wavelength	1310	nm
Rx 2 Wavelength	1310	nm
AGC 1 Control	Manual	
AGC 2 Control	Manual	
AGC 1 Set Control	Lock	
AGC 2 Set Control	Lock	

Properties

Devtype Revision	1.02	
Name	S126	
Graphic		
Service Name		
Symbol		
Device Location		
Alias		
Notify Set A		
Notify Set B		
M&C-Scan	On-Scan	
Maintenance Mode	Normal	
Poll Counter	41	
Script		
Comm Alarm Threshold	1	
Comm Quality	%	
Address	126	
Port	COM1	
Generic Name	Receiver	
Description	P2-HD-RXR	
Software Revision	1.01.13	
Serial Number	*ABCDEFG	
Time Of Service	444	Hrs
Date Code	A06	
Module Type	2019	

- If the module is changed to Master mode, an additional Manual Alarm control appears at the bottom of the Controls table, as shown in the following example:

Parameters

	Present Value	Present Status	Nominal Value	Minor-Alarm Low-Limit	Minor-Alarm High-Limit	Major-Alarm Low-Limit	Major-Alarm High-Limit	
Rx 1 Optical Input Power	1.4	Normal	0.0	-4.0	3.2	-20.0	3.2	dBm
Rx 2 Optical Input Power	0.6	Normal	0.0	-4.0	3.2	-20.0	3.2	dBm

Alarms

- Summary Status: Normal
- Communication Status: Normal
- Power Supply Status: Normal
- Forced Alarm Status: Normal
- AGC 1 Range Status: Normal
- AGC 2 Range Status: Normal

Status

- Module Temperature: 33.3 deg-C
- AGC 1 Attenuator: 0.00 dB
- AGC 2 Attenuator: 0.00 dB
- AGC 1 Opt Inp Pwr: -2.7 dBm
- AGC 2 Opt Inp Pwr: 0.0 dBm

Controls

- Mode Select: Master
- Rx 1 Receiver Enable: On
- Rx 2 Receiver Enable: On
- Rx 1 Mute Switch: Off
- Rx 2 Mute Switch: Off
- Rx 1 Attenuator: 0.00 dB
- Rx 2 Attenuator: 0.00 dB
- Manual Alarm: Off
- Rx 1 Wavelength: 1310 nm
- Rx 2 Wavelength: 1310 nm
- AGC 1 Control: Manual
- AGC 2 Control: Manual
- AGC 1 Set Control: Lock
- AGC 2 Set Control: Lock

Properties

- Devtype Revision: 1.02
- Name: S126
- Graphic
- Service Name
- Symbol
- Device Location
- Alias
- Notify Set A
- Notify Set B
- M&C-Scan: On-Scan
- Maintenance Mode: Normal
- Poll Counter: 97
- Script
- Comm Alarm Threshold: 1
- Comm Quality: %
- Address: 126
- Port: COM1
- Generic Name: Receiver
- Description: P2-HD-RXR
- Software Revision: 1.01.13
- Serial Number: *ABCDEFG
- Time Of Service: 444 Hrs
- Date Code: A06
- Module Type: 2019

- If the module is changed to Independent mode, additional alarm, status, and control parameters associated with redundancy settings appear as shown here:

Parameters

	Present Value	Present Status	Nominal Value	Minor-Alarm Low-Limit	Minor-Alarm High-Limit	Major-Alarm Low-Limit	Major-Alarm High-Limit	
Rx 1 Optical Input Power	-24.6	Low	0.0	-4.0	3.2	-35.0	3.2	dBm
Rx 2 Optical Input Power	-24.6	Low	0.0	-4.0	3.2	-30.0	3.2	dBm

Alarms

- Summary Status: Alarm
- Communication Status: Normal
- Power Supply Status: Normal
- Forced Alarm Status: Normal
- Forced Alarm Rx1 Status: Normal
- Forced Alarm Rx2 Status: Normal
- AGC 1 Range Status: Normal
- AGC 2 Range Status: Normal
- CAN Bus Status: Normal
- Redundant Receiver 1 Alarm: Normal
- Redundant Receiver 2 Alarm: Normal

Status

- Module Temperature: 25.8 deg-C
- AGC 1 Attenuator: 0.00 dB
- AGC 2 Attenuator: 0.00 dB
- AGC 1 Opt Inp Pwr: 0.0 dBm
- AGC 2 Opt Inp Pwr: 0.0 dBm
- Receiver 1 Status: Active
- Receiver 2 Status: Active
- Redundant Receiver 1 Status: Stby
- Redundant Receiver 2 Status: Stby

Controls

- Mode Select: Independent
- Rx 1 Receiver Enable: On
- Rx 2 Receiver Enable: On
- Rx 1 Mute Switch: Off
- Rx 2 Mute Switch: Off
- Rx 1 Attenuator: 0.00 dB
- Rx 2 Attenuator: 0.00 dB
- Rx 1 Wavelength: 1310 nm
- Rx 2 Wavelength: 1310 nm
- AGC 1 Control: Manual
- AGC 2 Control: Manual
- AGC 1 Set Control: Lock
- AGC 2 Set Control: Lock
- Receiver 1 Mode: Master
- Receiver 2 Mode: Master
- Receiver 1 Alarm: Off
- Receiver 2 Alarm: Off
- Receiver 1 Redundant ID Chassis: 98
- Receiver 1 Redundant ID Slot: 2
- Receiver 1 Redundant ID Rcvr: 1
- Receiver 2 Redundant ID Chassis: 98
- Receiver 2 Redundant ID Slot: 2
- Receiver 2 Redundant ID Rcvr: 2

Properties

- Devtype Revision: 1.01
- Name: S9801
- Graphic
- Service Name
- Symbol
- Device Location
- Alias
- Notify Set A
- Notify Set B
- M&C-Scan: On-Scan
- Maintenance Mode: Normal
- Poll Counter: 23
- Script
- Comm Alarm Threshold: 1
- Comm Quality: %
- Address: 9801
- Port: COM1
- Generic Name: Receiver
- Description: P2-HD-RXR
- Software Revision: 1.01.16
- Serial Number: *ABCDEFG
- Time Of Service: 25 Hrs
- Date Code: A06
- Module Type: 2023

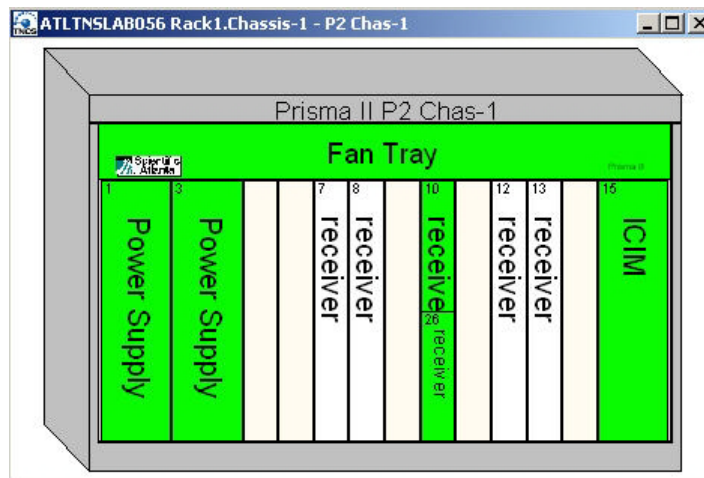
The examples in this section show the Module Details window as it appears with the module in Slave mode.

To Access the Module Details, Double-Click the Chassis

- 1 Double-click the chassis.

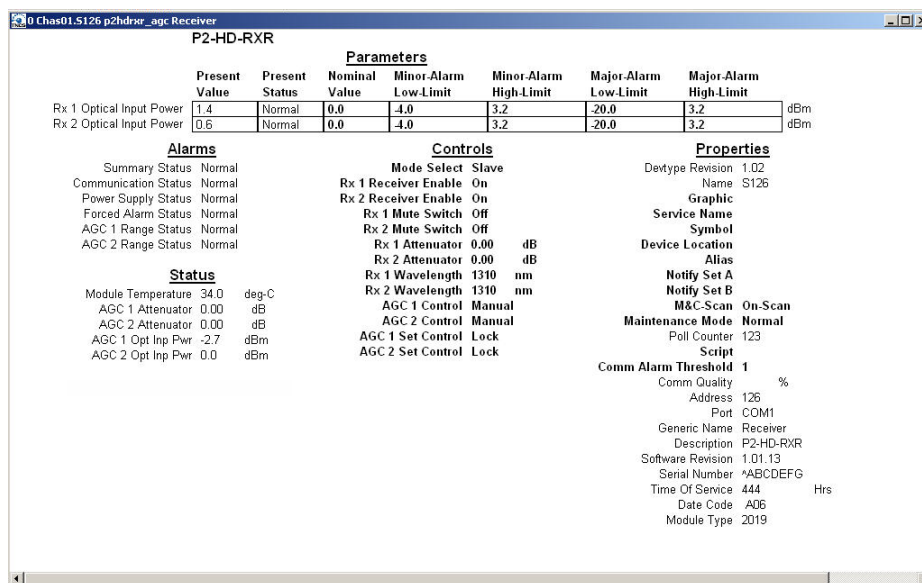


Result: A graphic representation of the chassis appears.



- 2 Double-click the module whose information you want to view or configure.

Result: The Module Details window appears.



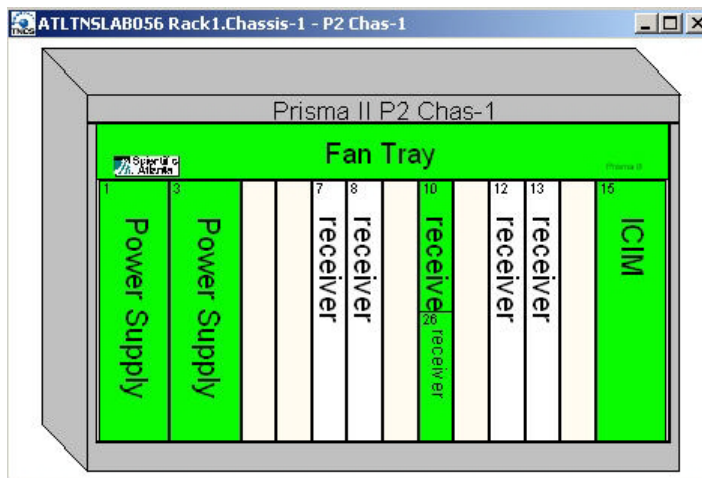
- 3 Proceed with viewing or configuring information.

To Access the Module Details, Right-Click the Chassis

- 1 Right-click the chassis, and then click **Open**.

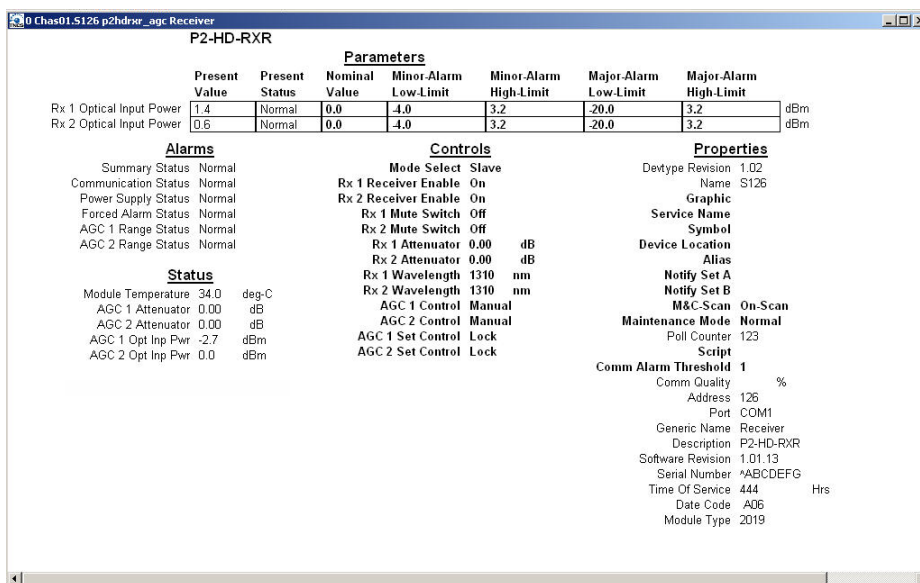


Result: A graphic representation of the chassis appears.



- 2 Double-click the module whose information you want to view or configure.

Result: The Module Details window appears.



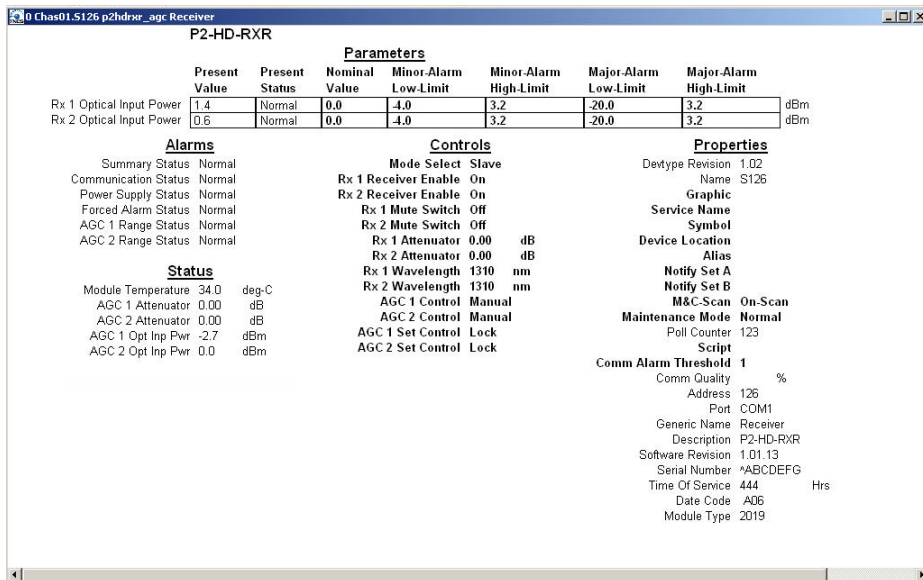
- 3 Proceed with viewing or configuring information.

To Access the Module Details, Double-Click the Module

- 1 Double-click the module.



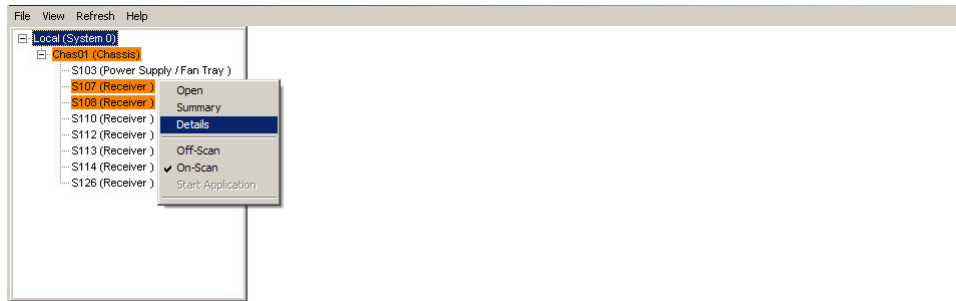
Result: The Module Details window appears.



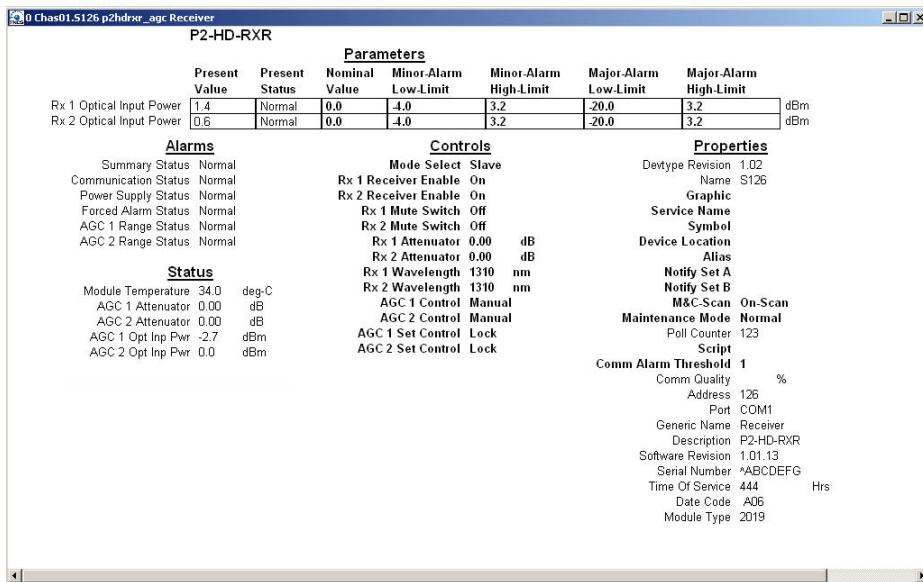
- 2 Proceed with viewing or configuring information.

To Access the Module Details, Right-Click the Module

- 1 Right-click the module, and then click **Details**.



Result: The Module Details window appears.



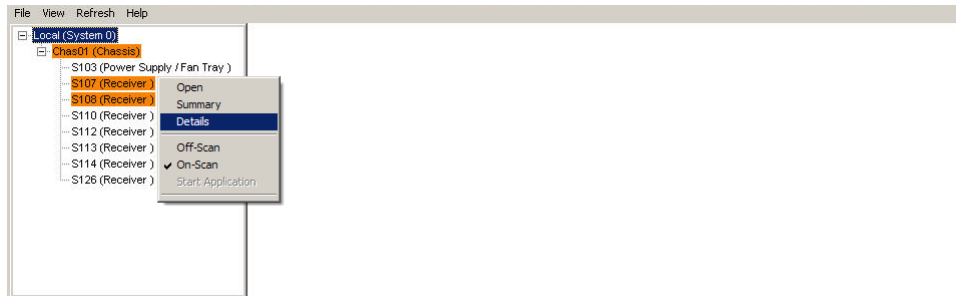
- 2 Proceed with viewing or configuring information.

Checking the Operating Status

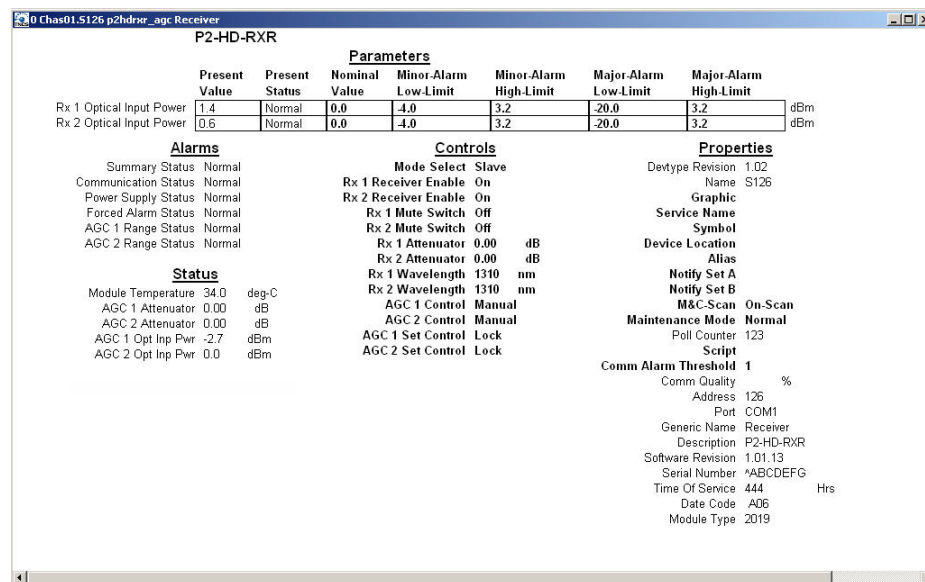
To Check Operating Status using LCI

Using the LCI, you can check the status of all operating parameters of this module.

- 1 In the module tree, right-click the module, and then click **Details**.



Result: The Module Details window appears. The monitored parameters are displayed under **Parameters** and **Status**.



- 2 Check the operating parameters.

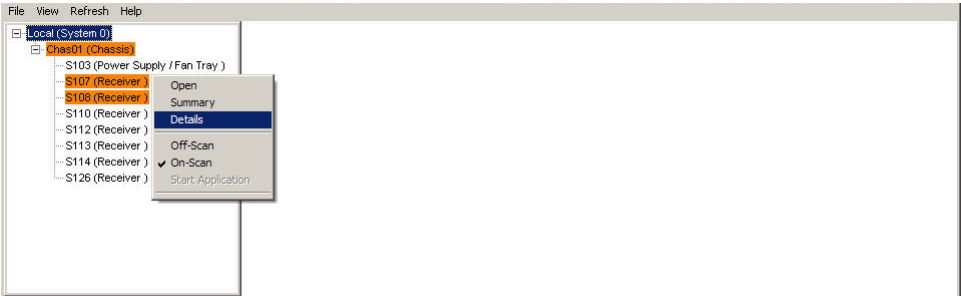
Note: For details on all operating status parameters, see *Module Parameter Descriptions* (on page 107).

Configuring the Module using LCI

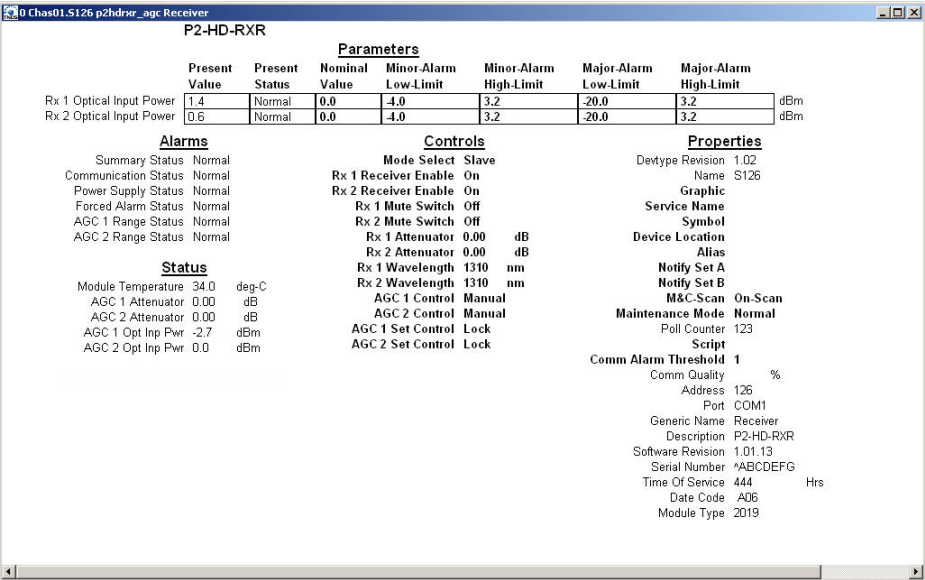
To Configure Parameters using LCI

Using LCI, you can configure the parameters of this module.

- 1 In the module tree, right-click the module, and then click **Details**.

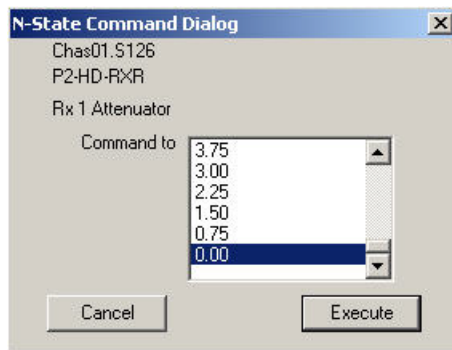


Result: The Module Details window appears.



- 2 Under **Controls**, double-click the parameter you want to configure.

Result: The Change Value dialog box appears. This example shows the dialog box for the Rx 1 Attenuator parameter.



- 3 Depending on the parameter you chose, select or type a new value.
- 4 Click **Execute**.

Result: The new value appears next to the parameter.

Note: For details on all configurable parameters, see *Module Parameter Descriptions* (on page 107).

Checking the Module Alarms using LCI

Using LCI, you can check the alarm status of various parameters. Alarms that you can check are listed below.

Alarms limits fall into one of the following categories.

- Major low
- Minor low
- Minor high
- Major high

To Check Alarms using LCI

Right-click the module, and then click **Details**.



Result: The Module Details window appears. The alarms are shown under **Parameters** and **Alarms**.

0 Chas01.5126 p2hdwr_agc Receiver

P2-HD-RXR

		Parameters						
	Present Value	Present Status	Nominal Value	Minor-Alarm Low-Limit	Minor-Alarm High-Limit	Major-Alarm Low-Limit	Major-Alarm High-Limit	
Rx 1 Optical Input Power	1.4	Normal	0.0	-4.0	3.2	-20.0	3.2	dBm
Rx 2 Optical Input Power	0.6	Normal	0.0	-4.0	3.2	-20.0	3.2	dBm

<p>Alarms</p> <p>Summary Status Normal</p> <p>Communication Status Normal</p> <p>Power Supply Status Normal</p> <p>Forced Alarm Status Normal</p> <p>AGC 1 Range Status Normal</p> <p>AGC 2 Range Status Normal</p> <p>Status</p> <p>Module Temperature 34.0 deg-C</p> <p>AGC 1 Attenuator 0.00 dB</p> <p>AGC 2 Attenuator 0.00 dB</p> <p>AGC 1 Opt Inp Pwr -2.7 dBm</p> <p>AGC 2 Opt Inp Pwr 0.0 dBm</p>	<p>Controls</p> <p>Mode Select Slave</p> <p>Rx 1 Receiver Enable On</p> <p>Rx 2 Receiver Enable On</p> <p>Rx 1 Mute Switch Off</p> <p>Rx 2 Mute Switch Off</p> <p>Rx 1 Attenuator 0.00 dB</p> <p>Rx 2 Attenuator 0.00 dB</p> <p>Rx 1 Wavelength 1310 nm</p> <p>Rx 2 Wavelength 1310 nm</p> <p>AGC 1 Control Manual</p> <p>AGC 2 Control Manual</p> <p>AGC 1 Set Control Lock</p> <p>AGC 2 Set Control Lock</p>	<p>Properties</p> <p>Devtype Revision 1.02</p> <p>Name S126</p> <p>Graphic</p> <p>Service Name</p> <p>Symbol</p> <p>Device Location</p> <p>Alias</p> <p>Notify Set A</p> <p>Notify Set B</p> <p>M&C-Scan On-Scan</p> <p>Maintenance Mode Normal</p> <p>Poll Counter 123</p> <p>Script</p> <p>Comm Alarm Threshold 1</p> <p>Comm Quality %</p> <p>Address 126</p> <p>Port COM1</p> <p>Generic Name Receiver</p> <p>Description P2-HD-RXR</p> <p>Software Revision 1.01.13</p> <p>Serial Number ^ABCDEFG</p> <p>Time Of Service 444 Hrs</p> <p>Date Code A06</p> <p>Module Type 2019</p>
---	---	--

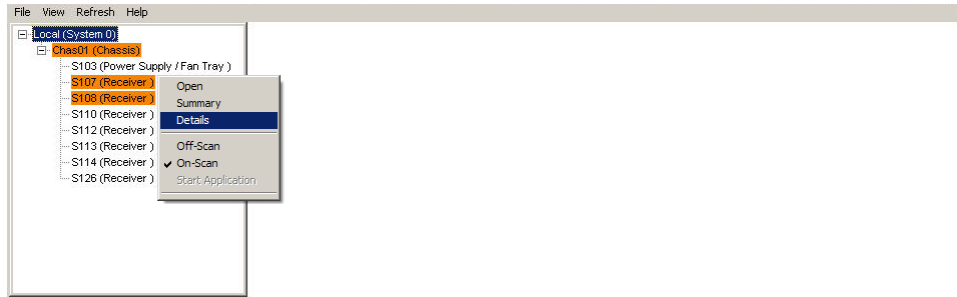
Note: For details on all alarm parameters, see *Module Parameter Descriptions* (on page 107).

Modifying Module Alarm Limits using LCI

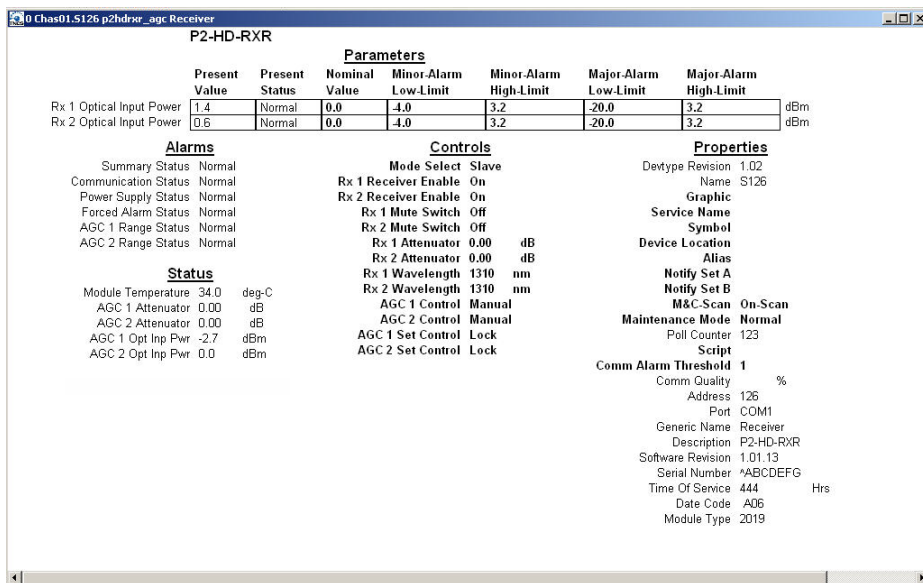
To Modify Alarm Limits using LCI

Using LCI, you can modify alarm limits for several parameters. Parameters whose alarm limits you can change are listed below.

- 1 In the module tree, right-click the module, and then click **Details**.

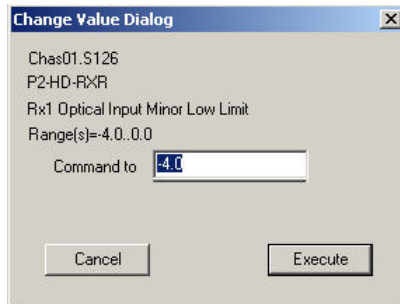


Result: The Module Details window appears. The alarm limits are shown under **Parameters**.



- 2 Double-click the limit you want to change.

Result: The Change Value dialog box appears. This example shows the dialog box for the Minor Low limit of the Rx 1 Optical Input Power parameter.



- 3 In the **Command to** box, type the value to use for the limit.
- 4 Click **Execute**.

Result: The new value appears in the alarm limit column.

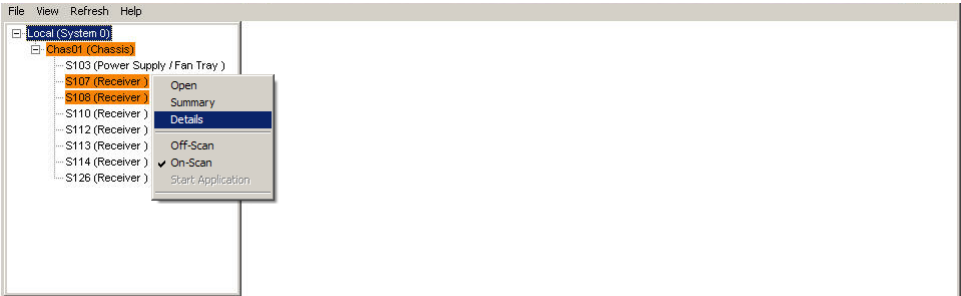
Note: For details on all alarm limits, see *Module Parameter Descriptions* (on page 107).

Checking Manufacturing Data using LCI

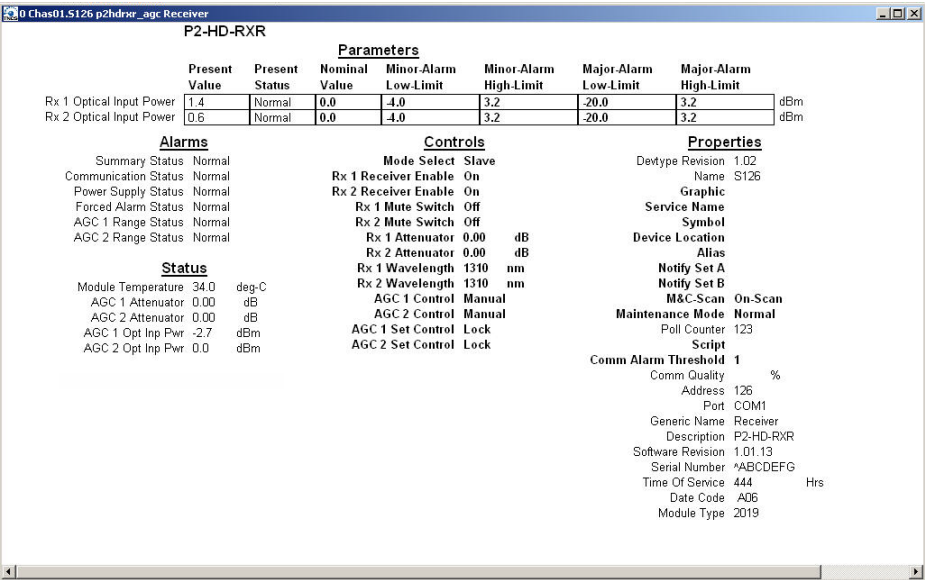
To Check Manufacturing Data using LCI

Using LCI, you can check the manufacturing data of the module.

- 1 In the module tree, right-click the module, and then click **Details**.



Result: The Module Details window appears. The manufacturing data is displayed under **Properties**.



- 2 Proceed with viewing the manufacturing data.

Note: For details on all manufacturing data parameters, see *Module Parameter Descriptions* (on page 107).

5

Maintenance and Troubleshooting

Introduction

This chapter describes the maintenance guidelines and troubleshooting procedures for this Prisma II module.

Qualified Personnel

Only appropriately qualified and skilled personnel should attempt to install, operate, maintain, and service this product.



WARNING:

Allow only qualified and skilled personnel to install, operate, maintain, and service this product. Otherwise, personal injury or equipment damage may occur.

In This Chapter

- Maintenance 102
- General Troubleshooting Information 103
- Troubleshooting Alarm Conditions 104

Maintenance

The following maintenance is recommended to ensure optimal performance.

Frequency	Maintenance Required
Yearly	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Check all parameters and test points. ■ Record data. ■ Make adjustments as needed. ■ Make sure all cables are mated properly. ■ Inspect cables for stress and chafing. ■ Make sure all retaining screws are tight. ■ Replace chassis air filter, if present. Depending on office environment cleanliness and filtration, the chassis air filter may require more frequent servicing.
When needed	Carefully clean the module with a soft cloth that is dampened with mild detergent.

Maintenance Record

It may be helpful to establish a maintenance record or log for this equipment. You may want to record laser power level, laser temperature readings, laser bias current, or power supply voltages, as well as the filter change dates.

Large variations in any of the parameters above should be investigated prior to failure.

General Troubleshooting Information

This troubleshooting information describes the most common alarms and gives typical symptoms, causes, and items to check before contacting Customer Service.

Equipment Needed

You may need the following equipment to troubleshoot these modules.

- Digital voltmeter
- Fiber connector cleaning materials

Additional Assistance

If you need additional assistance, telephone one of our Technical Service Centers or your local sales subsidiary. The chapter *Customer Support Information* (on page 105) contains a list of telephone numbers.

Troubleshooting

Refer to *Troubleshooting Alarm Conditions* (on page 104) to identify and correct faults.



WARNING:

Avoid electric shock and damage to this product! Do not open the enclosure of this product. There are no user-serviceable parts inside. Refer servicing to qualified and skilled personnel.

Troubleshooting Alarm Conditions

Module Alarm Conditions

If the red ALARM indicator is illuminated or is blinking, check the display on the front panel to determine the cause of the alarm.

Alarm	Function	Possible Causes	Possible Solutions
Rx 1 Optical Input Power	Optical input 1	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Broken fiber ■ Transmitter failure 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Check fiber ■ Transmitter failure
Rx 2 Optical Input Power	Optical input 2	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Broken fiber ■ Transmitter failure 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Check fiber ■ Transmitter failure
PsOk	Bus voltage status	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Power supply faulty 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Check power supply
AGC 1 Range Status	AGC 1 out-of-range alarm	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Broken fiber ■ Transmitter failure ■ Input power too high or too low for AGC setting 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Check fiber ■ Transmitter failure ■ Adjust AGC
AGC 2 Range Status	AGC 2 out-of-range alarm	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Broken fiber ■ Transmitter failure ■ Input power too high or too low for AGC setting 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Check fiber ■ Transmitter failure ■ Adjust AGC



CAUTION:

Some 1310 nm transmitters with serial numbers beginning with NN are not compatible with these receivers. Do not install these transmitters in any daisy chain with one or more of these receivers.

6

Customer Support Information

If You Have Questions

If you have technical questions, call Cisco Services for assistance. Follow the menu options to speak with a service engineer.

Access your company's extranet site to view or order additional technical publications. For accessing instructions, contact the representative who handles your account. Check your extranet site often as the information is updated frequently.

A

Module Parameter Descriptions

Introduction

This appendix provides manufacturing data, monitored parameters, configurable parameters, and alarms for the Prisma II High Density Dual Reverse Receiver module. The examples shown in the tables are for guidance only.



CAUTION:

The warranty may be voided and the equipment damaged if you operate the equipment above the specified temperature limits (131°F/55°C for post-amplifiers, 149°F/65°C for other products). Specification temperature limits are measured in the air stream at the fan tray inlet and may be higher than room ambient temperature.

In This Appendix

- Receiver Parameters 108

Receiver Parameters

Receiver Operating Status Parameters

Parameter Name (LCI)	ICIM Abbreviation	Function	Operating Range
Rx 1 Nominal Input	InPwr1	Displays optical input power for Rx1	-20 dBm to 3.0 dBm
Rx 2 Nominal Input	InPwr2	Displays optical input power for Rx2	-20 dBm to 3.0 dBm
Module Temperature	ModTemp	Displays module temperature	-40 °C to 100 °C
AGC 1 Attenuator	AGC1Attn	Attenuation used for AGC1 base settings	0 dB to 26.25 dB
AGC 2 Attenuator	AGC2Attn	Attenuation used for AGC2 base settings	0 dB to 26.25 dB
AGC 1 Opt Inp Pwr	AGC1OpIn	Optical input power used for AGC1 base settings	-18 dBm to 2.0 dBm
AGC 2 Opt Inp Pwr	AGC2OpIn	Optical input power used for AGC2 base settings	-18 dBm to 2.0 dBm
Receiver 1 Status	Rx1	Indicates the status of Rx1: Off = receiver disabled or in critical alarm Stby = receiver enabled with no alarms, but in Slave mode (no RF output) Active = receiver operating normally (RF output active)	Off (0) Stby (1) Active (2)
Receiver 2 Status	Rx2	Indicates the status of Rx2: Off = receiver disabled or in critical alarm Stby = receiver enabled with no alarms, but in Slave mode (no RF output) Active = receiver operating normally (RF output active)	Off (0) Stby (1) Active (2)

Parameter Name (LCI)	ICIM Abbreviation	Function	Operating Range
Redundant Receiver 1 Status ¹	RedRx1	Indicates the status of the redundant mate for Rx1: Off = receiver disabled or in critical alarm Stby = receiver enabled with no alarms, but in Slave mode (no RF output) Active = receiver operating normally (RF output active) Missing = redundant receiver not detected	Off (0) Stby (1) Active (2) Missing (3)
Redundant Receiver 2 Status ¹	RedRx2	Indicates the status of the redundant mate for Rx2: Off = receiver disabled or in critical alarm Stby = receiver enabled with no alarms, but in Slave mode (no RF output) Active = receiver operating normally (RF output active) Missing = redundant receiver not detected	Off (0) Stby (1) Active (2) Missing (3)

¹ Visible in LCI in Independent mode only.

Receiver Configurable Parameters

Parameter Name (LCI)	ICIM Abbreviation	Description	Values	Default
- -	NomPwr1 NomPwr2	Nominal Rx1 or Rx2 optical input power level. Input power alarms are calculated relative to this value.	Decimal number between -18.0 and 2 dBm in increments of 0.5 dBm	0 dBm
Mode Select	Mode	Module redundancy control. If set to Master, the unit is only controlled by the Enable control. If set to Slave, the unit is controlled by the Enable control and the external input CNT_IN. If set to Single, Rx1 and Rx2 will continue to operate (i.e. not switch) even if the optical input level falls below the major alarm threshold. If set to Independent, Rx1 and Rx2 are independently set to Master or Slave mode by Mode1 and Mode2.	Single, Master, Slave, or Independent	Single
Rx 1 Receiver Enable Rx 2 Receiver Enable	Enable1 Enable2	Enables or disables Rx1 or Rx2. If set to Off, the receiver is muted (RF amplifier turned off), alarms are inhibited, and redundancy is turned off.	OFF = Disabled ON = Enabled	ON
Rx 1 Mute Switch Rx 2 Mute Switch	Mute 1 Mute 2	Defines the initial status of the Rx1 or Rx2 RF Output mute control. If On, the output is muted. However, the alarm can override the initial status and change the mute setting.	OFF = Mute Off ON = Mute On	OFF
Rx 1 Attenuator Rx 2 Attenuator	Attn1 Attn2	Sets the attenuation level of the Rx1 or Rx2 RF Output signal.	0 dB to 26.25 dB in increments of 1.0 dB	0 dB
Manual Alarm ¹	Alarm	Force alarm if the Enable control is On.	ON = Alarm On OFF = Alarm Off	OFF
Rx 1 Wavelength Rx 2 Wavelength	Wavelen1 Wavelen2	Selects the Rx1 or Rx2 optical wavelength for proper calibration of input power measurements.	1310 nm or 1550 nm	1310 nm
AGC 1 Control AGC 2 Control	AGC1 AGC2	Enables (Auto) or disables (Manual) the Rx1 or Rx2 AGC function.	Manual or Auto	Manual

Parameter Name (LCI)	ICIM Abbreviation	Description	Values	Default
AGC 1 Set Control AGC 2 Set Control	AGC1set AGC2set	In the Set state, the Rx1 or Rx2 AGC functions as if in Manual mode. When the state is changed to Lock, the user attenuation setting and optical input power are locked into the cal settings for the AGC function.	Set or Lock ²	Lock
Receiver 1 Mode ³ Receiver 2 Mode ³	Mode1 Mode2	Independently selects Master or Slave mode operation for Rx1 (Mode1) and Rx2 (Mode2).	Slave or Master	Master
Receiver 1 Alarm ³ Receiver 2 Alarm ³	Alarm1 Alarm2	Forces an alarm on Rx1 (Alarm1) or Rx2 (Alarm2).	On or Off	Off
Receiver 1 Redundant ID Chassis ³ Receiver 2 Redundant ID Chassis ³	Red1Chas Red2Chas	Identifies the chassis in which the redundant mate for Rx1 (Red1Chas) or Rx2 (Red2Chas) is located.	1 to 99	1
Receiver 1 Redundant ID Slot ³ Receiver 2 Redundant ID Slot ³	Red1Slot Red2Slot	Identifies the slot in which the redundant mate for Rx1 (Red1Slot) or Rx2 (Red2Slot) is located.	1 to 32	1
Receiver 1 Redundant ID Rcvr ³ Receiver 2 Redundant ID Rcvr ³	Red1Sub Red2Sub	Identifies the receiver (1 or 2) that serves as the redundant mate for Rx1 (Red1Sub) or Rx2 (Red2Sub).	1 or 2	1

¹ Visible in LCI in Master mode only.

² In the Set state, the optical AGC functions as if in Manual mode. When the state is changed to Lock, the user Attn setting and optical input power are locked into calibration settings for the optical AGC function.

³ Visible in LCI in Independent mode only.

Receiver Alarm Data Parameters

Parameter Name (LCI)	ICIM Abbreviation	Nominal Value	Major Low Limit	Minor Low Limit	Minor High Limit	Major High Limit	Hysteresis	Operating Range
Rx 1 Nominal Input	InPwr1 ¹	-18.0 to 2.0 dBm in 0.5 step	-20	-4	3.2	3.2	1	OK or Alarm
Rx 2 Nominal Input	InPwr2 ¹	-18.0 to 2.0 dBm in 0.5 step	-20	-4	3.2	3.2	1	OK or Alarm
Power Supply Status	PsOk	-	-	-	-	-	-	OK or Alarm
Forced Alarm Status	Alarm	-	-	-	-	-	-	OK or Alarm
Forced Alarm Rx1 Status ²	Alarm1	-	-	-	-	-	-	OK or Alarm
Forced Alarm Rx2 Status ²	Alarm2	-	-	-	-	-	-	OK or Alarm
AGC 1 Range Status	AGC1Rng	-	-	-	-	-	-	OK or Alarm
AGC 2 Range Status	AGC2Rng	-	-	-	-	-	-	OK or Alarm
CAN Bus Status ²	CANBus	-	-	-	-	-	-	OK or Alarm
Redundant Receiver 1 Alarm ²	RedRx1	-	-	-	-	-	-	OK or Alarm
Redundant Receiver 2 Alarm ²	RedRx2	-	-	-	-	-	-	OK or Alarm

¹ InPwr1 and InPwr2 values are reported to five decimal places, but for practical purposes, only the first two digits should be regarded as significant.

² Visible in LCI in Independent mode only.

Receiver Manufacturing Data Parameter Examples

Parameter Name (LCI)	ICIM Abbreviation	Typical Values
Generic Name	-	Receiver
Description	Module	P2-HD-RXR-HG (High Gain) P2-HD-RXR (Standard Gain)
Software Revision	Sw Ver	1.01.15 (High Gain) 1.01.16 (Standard Gain)
-	Script Ver	CF_CCB3
Serial Number	Serial #	^ABCDEFG
Time of Service	In Service Hours (initial value)	0
-	Spec Data	Special data
Date Code	Date Code	A06
Module Type	Module Type	2022 (High Gain) 2023 (Standard Gain)

Glossary

ac, AC

alternating current. An electric current that reverses its direction at regularly recurring intervals.

AGC

automatic gain control. A process or means by which gain is automatically adjusted in a specified manner as a function of input level or other specified parameters.

CAN

cancel. The cancel character.

dc, DC

direct current. An electric current flowing in one direction only and substantially constant in value.

DFB laser

distributed feedback laser. An injection laser diode that has a Bragg reflection grating in the active region in order to suppress multiple longitudinal modes and enhance a single longitudinal mode.

DRR

dual reverse receiver.

EDFA

erbium doped fiber amplifier. Optical fibers doped with the rare earth element, erbium, which can amplify light in the 1550 nm region when pumped by an external light source.

EIA

Electronic Industries Association. A United States association that provides standards for use between manufacturers and purchasers of electronic products.

EMC

electromagnetic compatibility. A measure of equipment tolerance to external electromagnetic

Glossary

fields.

EMT

externally-modulated transmitter.

ESD

electrostatic discharge. Discharge of stored static electricity that can damage electronic equipment and impair electrical circuitry, resulting in complete or intermittent failures.

HD

high density.

I/O

input/output.

ICIM

intelligent communications interface module.

IP

Internet protocol. A standard that was originally developed by the United States Department of Defense to support the internetworking of dissimilar computers across a network. IP is perhaps the most important of the protocols on which the Internet is based. It is the standard that describes software that keeps track of the internetwork addresses for different nodes, routes, and outgoing/incoming messages on a network. Some examples of IP applications include email, chat, and Web browsers.

LCD

liquid crystal display. A display medium made of liquid crystal. Liquid crystal's reflectance changes when an electric field is applied. Commonly used in monitors, televisions, cell phones, digital watches, etc.

LCI

local craft interface.

LED

light-emitting diode. An electronic device that lights up when electricity passes through it.

MIB

management information base. SNMP collects management information from devices on the network and records the information in a management information base. The MIB

information includes device features, data throughput statistics, traffic overloads, and errors.

nm

nanometer. One billionth of a meter.

NMS

network management system. A software system designed specifically to monitor a network and to facilitate troubleshooting.

OMI

optical modulation index, expressed in decimal or percentage notation.

PLL

phase lock loop. An electronic servo system controlling an oscillator to maintain a constant phase angle relative to a reference signal.

QAM

quadrature amplitude modulation. An amplitude and phase modulation technique for representing digital information and transmitting that data with minimal bandwidth. Both phase and amplitude of carrier waves are altered to represent the binary code. By manipulating two factors, more discrete digital states are possible and therefore larger binary schemes can be represented.

RF

radio frequency. The frequency in the portion of the electromagnetic spectrum that is above the audio frequencies and below the infrared frequencies, used in radio transmission systems.

RMA

return material authorization. A form used to return products.

RT

remote terminal. Remote equipment of a supervisory system.

RX

receive or receiver.

SBS

stimulated Brillouin scattering. The easiest fiber nonlinearity to trigger. When a powerful lightwave travels through a fiber, it interacts with acoustical vibration modes in the glass. This causes a scattering mechanism to be formed that reflects some of the light back to the

Glossary

source.

SMC

status monitoring and control. The process by which the operation, configuration, and performance of individual elements in a network or system are monitored and controlled from a central location.

SNMP

simple network management protocol. A protocol that governs network management and the monitoring of network devices and their functions.

TEC

thermoelectric cooler. A device used to dissipate heat in electronic assemblies.

TNCS

Transmission Network Control System. A Cisco application that allows status monitoring and control of all transmission equipment located in headends and hubs plus optical nodes, power supplies, and amplifiers in the outside plant. TNCS provides access to and information on the entire network in an easy to understand, topology driven, graphical user display.

torque

A force that produces rotation or torsion. Usually expressed in lb-ft (pound-feet) or N-m (Newton-meters). The application of one pound of force on a lever at a point on the lever that is one foot from the pivot point would produce 1 lb-ft of torque.

TX

transmit or transmitter.

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Cisco Systems, Inc.
5030 Sugarloaf Parkway, Box 465447
Lawrenceville, GA 30042

678 277-1120
800 722-2009
www.cisco.com

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